### District Accountability Committee Full DAC Committee Meeting

Thursday, May 13, 2021 6:00 – 8:00pm Via WebEx

- 1. Welcome/Introductions- Velvet Stepanek, DAC Chair- 5 minutes
- 2. Spotlight New Mitchell Administration 15 minutes
- 3. Equity Audit Update Alexis Knox-Miller/AIR Consultants 35 minutes
- 4. Membership Updates Joseph Mezzofante 10 minutes
- 5. Election for DAC Chair/Vice Chair Velvet Stepanek 5 minutes
- 6. DAC Charge Review Velvet Stepanek 10 minutes
- 7. Budget Subcommittee Update Michael Reyes 10 minutes
- 8. Training & SAC Support Subcommittee Update Lyman Kaiser 10 minutes
- 9. Accreditation Subcommittee Update Jane Tucker 10 minutes
- 10. Final DAC Report Update Velvet Stepanek 5 minutes
- 11. Closing Velvet Stepanek 5 minutes



# Colorado Springs School District 11

Equity Audit

Etai Mizrav | Dia Jackson, EdD

Findings From Co-interpretation Event | May 2021

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### **Meet the Presenters**





Dia Jackson, EdD

Etai Mizrav

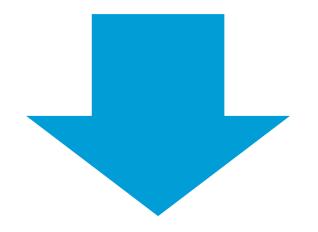


# Agenda

- 1. Review Equity Audit and Co-interpretation Process
- 2. Present Select Data Findings
- 3. Open Discussion



# The AIR Approach: Balancing Rigorous Research Base With Co-interpretation<sup>™</sup>



### **Research Base**

 Robust analysis of data and focus on the most critical research-based drivers of gaps

### **Co-interpretation<sup>sm</sup>**

 Participatory process whereby data are analyzed and prioritized through the twin filters of local context and diverse perspectives



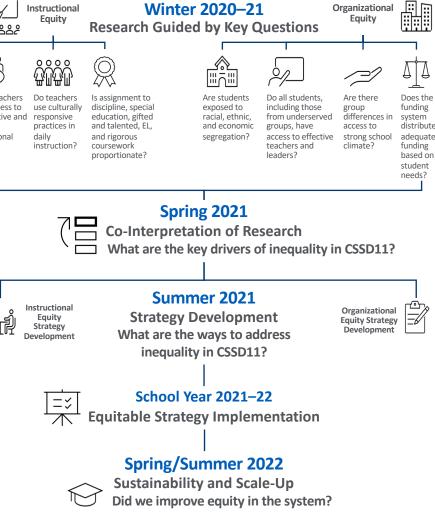


# **Diverse and Representative Interpretation of Data**





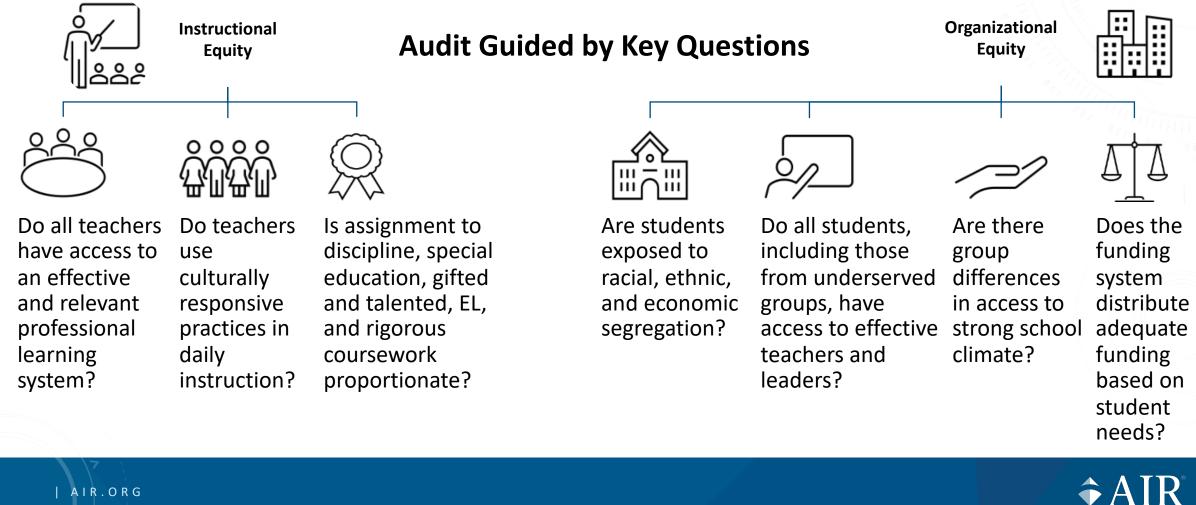
#### Instructional Equity Do all teachers Do teachers have access to use culturally an effective and responsive relevant practices in **The CSSD11 Equity Audit** professional daily learning instruction? system? **Process**



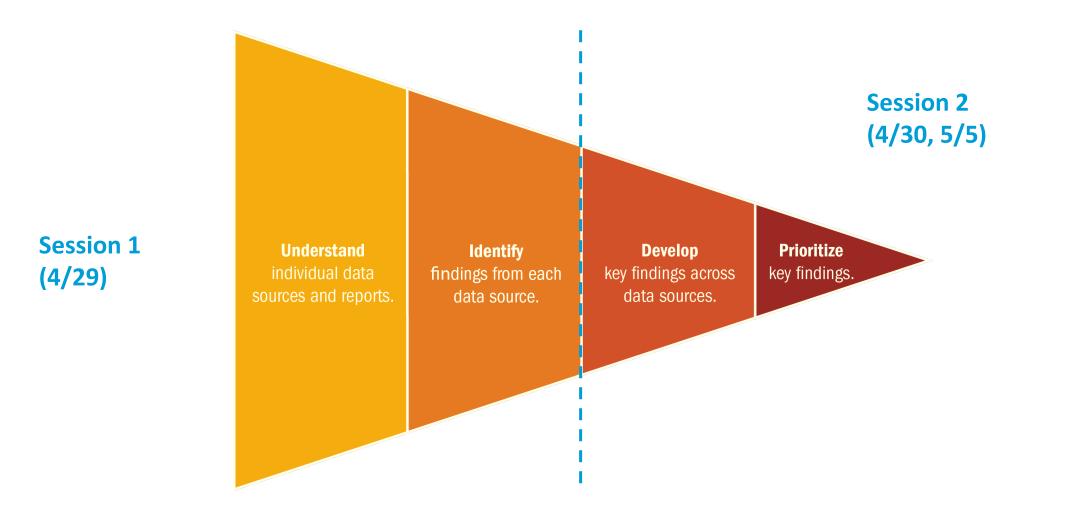
Summer/Fall 2020 Motivation for Audit and Planning

Are Student Outcomes Unequal?

# **Guiding Questions**



### **Co-Interpretation Activities**





Advancing Evidence. Improving Lives.

# **Review of Select Findings**

# **Co-interpretation Outcomes**

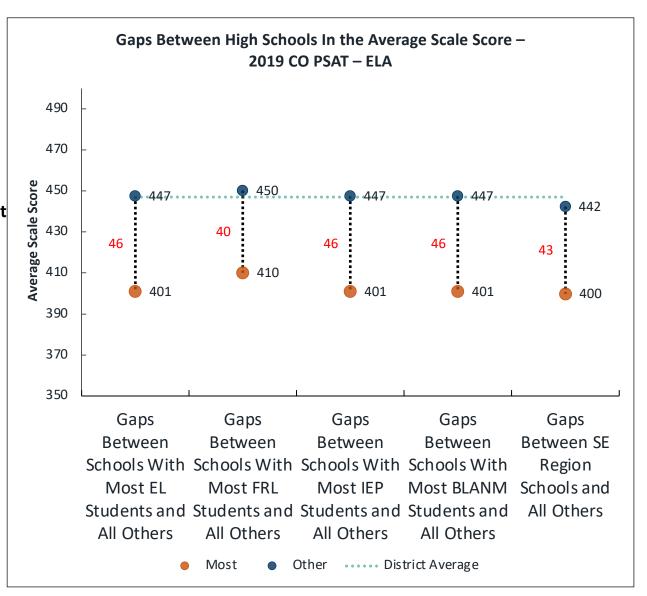
- 37 community stakeholders participated in the co-interpretation process.
- 44 key findings were developed and highlighted.

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# **Key Findings**

- The highest concentrations of students identified as BLANM, FRL, EL, and/or IEP attend schools in the southeast region of District 11.
- Declining enrollment in District 11 is disproportionally concentrated at the elementary level. The decline affects some schools more than others.
- Achievement results in math and ELA are consistently lower for all students at schools with the highest representation of students identified as BLANM, FRL, EL, and/or IEP compared to all other schools.
- Schools with higher enrollment of students identified as BLANM, IEP, EL, or FRL perform lower academically, spend more per student, and spend less on teacher salaries.
- Data from administrative records is incongruent with teachers' and students' reported perceptions of high levels of disrespect, disorder, and threats at schools with high FRL, BLANM, and EL populations.
  Note. Placeholder for notes, sources, and permissions (if needed). "Note." (including a period) is italicized.



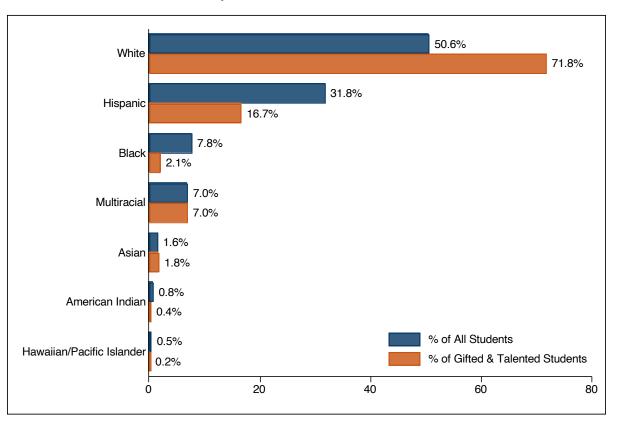


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# **Key Findings**

- BLANM students are referred to discipline more than other students.
- White students and Asian students are overrepresented in GT, while Black, Hispanic, students in the Southeast, and students at schools with the most FRL are underrepresented in GT.
- In comparison to other schools, teachers from schools the most students who belong to subgroups (students with IEPs, FRL, SE Region, and BLANM students) believe/agree that students are approximately 12 to 32 percentage points less prepared or likely to go to college.

# Percentage of All Students and Percentage of Gifted and Talented Students by Race

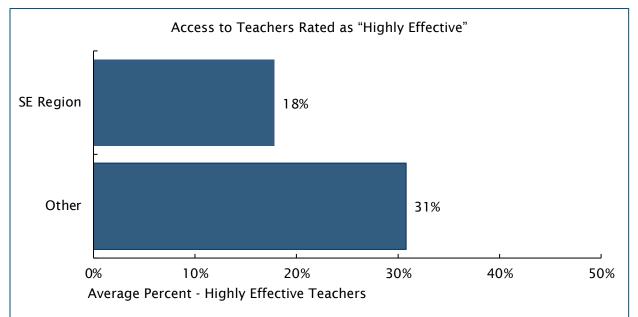


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# **Key Findings**

- Despite higher spending in schools with higher FRL, teachers, parents, and students identified issues in equality of access to resources.
- Teachers from the Southeast region, as well as teachers from schools with the highest percentage of FRL, EL, IEP, and BLANM populations, are from 10.8 to 16.8 percentage points less likely to agree that parents are partners in supporting the education of their child.
- ESL, IEP, FRL, and BLANM students have less access to highly effective teachers and college support compared to other schools in the district.



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