# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants
2802 Washington Street
Greenville, Texas 75401
(903) 455-6252

## LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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# CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Lone Oak Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Hunt</u> County	116-906 CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached a	auditor's report of the above na	med school district was reviewed and
	VII.	6, at a meeting of the board of school
trustees of such school district on October	W 17, 2016.	
	1	
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Boar	od President
The Company of the Co		

If the auditor's report was checked above as disapproved, the reasons(s) therefore is/are (attached list if necessary):

FINANCIAL SECTION

# RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

2802 Washington Street	Greenville, Texas 75401	(903) 455-6252	Fax (903) 455-6667
	TOR'S REPORT		

Members of the Board:

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lone Oak Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lone Oak Independent School District as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Independent Auditor's Report – Continued

#### **Change in Accounting Principle**

As discussed in Note Q to the financial statements, in 2016 the District adopted various accounting pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as a whole. The schedules identified in the table of contents as other supplementary information are presented for the purpose of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. These other supplementary information schedules have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Rutherford, Taylor & Cayang PL

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 30, 2016, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

September 30, 2016 Greenville, Texas

# RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

#### Members of the Board:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lone Oak Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 30, 2016.

#### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Report on Internal Control - Continued

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

September 30, 2016 Greenville, Texas

Rutherford, Taylor & Carpany PL

#### LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Financial Statement Findings (Section I
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NONE

## LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Prior Year Findings (Section II)	
Prior Year Findings (Section II)	

NONE

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Corrective Action Plans (Section III)	

NONE

This section of Lone Oak Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

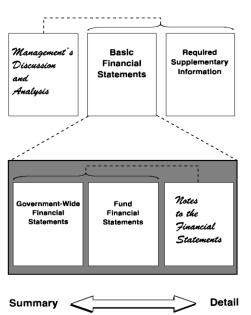
- The District's total combined net position was \$ 8,721,119 at June 30, 2016.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$ 243,549 less than the \$ 11,192,268 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs increased 8.34% from last year, and no new programs were added this
  year.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$ 3,925,669.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the print shop.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the basic financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

# GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's

			Fund Statements	
Type of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire Agency's government (except fiduciary funds) and the Agency's component units	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses: self insurance	Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets     Statement of activities	Balance sheet     Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	Statement of net assets  Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets  Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets     Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus  Type of asset/liability information	short-term and long-term	that come due during the	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus  All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long- term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	they can All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position were an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base and student population.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

#### **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

• Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

- Proprietary funds—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and shortterm financial information. We use internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The District is responsible for
  ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's
  fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities
  from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to
  finance its operations.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position was \$8,721,119 at June 30, 2016.

s combined her position was \$ 6,721,119 a		,			Table A-1
Lone Oak Independent					
	Total				
		Govern			Percentage
		Activ	Change		
		2016		2015	2015-2016
Assets:	_		_		
Cash and Investments	\$	4,037,023	\$	3,031,699	33.16%
Other Current Assets		2,528,075		2,974,313	-15.00%
Capital Assets less Accumulated Depreciation		14,206,337		14,679,507	-3.22%
Total Assets	\$	20,771,435	\$	20,685,519	0.42%
Deferred Net Outflows of Resources:					
Deferred Net Outflows of Resources	\$	1,609,694	\$	808,063	99.20%
Total Deferred Net Outflows of Resources	\$	1,609,694	\$	808,063	99.20%
1010. 2010.104 110. 24		.,000,001	Ψ	300,000	00.2070
Liabilities:					
Current Liabilities	\$	905,433	\$	761,900	18.84%
Long-term Liabilities		12,473,133		12,091,032	3.16%
Total Liabilities	\$	13,378,566	\$	12,852,932	4.09%
Deferred Net Inflows of Resources:					
Deferred Net Inflows of Resources	\$	281,444	\$	163,080	72.58%
Total Deferred Net Inflows of Resources	\$	281,444	\$	163,080	72.58%
N . B . W					
Net Position:	•	0.470.400	•	0.570.075	0.040/
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	-,,	\$	3,570,675	-2.81%
Restricted		1,224,968		1,104,376	10.92%
Unrestricted		4,025,713		3,802,519	5.87%
Total Net Position	\$	8,721,119	\$	8,477,570	2.87%

Approximately \$ 1,141,118 of the District's restricted net position represent amounts restricted for debt retirement. Unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District in the coming year.

#### **CHANGES IN NET POSITION**

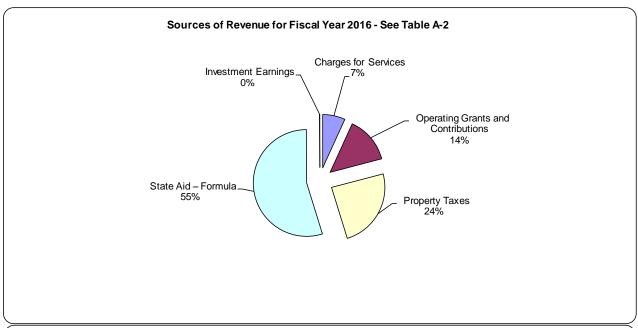
The District's total revenues were \$ 11,192,268. 24% of the District's revenue comes from local property taxes (See Table A-2). 69% of revenues come from state aid and federal grants while only 7% relates to charges for services and other sources.

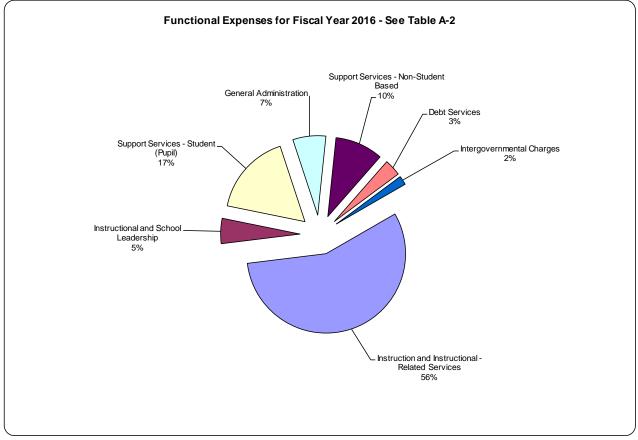
The total cost of all programs and services was \$ 10,948,719. 56% of these costs were for instruction and instructional related student services.

The District's current tax collection rate (base tax only – current and delinquent) was 99.45%. The total collection rate (base tax and penalty and interest) was 101.97%.

#### **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES**

					Table A-2
Changes in Lone Oak Independent Sch	nool	District's Ne	t P	osition	
		Governi		.41	Total
		Percentage			
		Activi 2016	ties		Change
		2016		2015	2015-2016
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	762,140	\$	711,217	7.16%
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,576,333		1,173,946	34.28%
General Revenues:					
Property Taxes		2,717,107		2,864,735	-5.15%
State Aid – Formula		6,113,942		6,252,507	-2.22%
Investment Earnings		10,360		4,436	133.54%
Other		12,386		3,526	251.28%
Total Revenues	\$	11,192,268	\$	11,010,367	1.65%
Expenses:	_		_		
Instruction	\$	5,897,070	\$	5,253,479	12.25%
Instructional Resources and Media Services		239,740		265,006	-9.53%
Curriculum and Staff Development		20,441		15,784	29.50%
Instructional Leadership		28,946		-	100.00%
School Leadership		561,784		499,607	12.45%
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		288,726		232,511	24.18%
Health Services		194,467		188,292	3.28%
Student (Pupil) Transportation		220,789		260,796	-15.34%
Food Services		600,295		591,824	1.43%
Cocurricular /Extracurricular Activities		522,818		442,332	18.20%
General Administration		734,437		608,074	20.78%
Plant Maintenance and Operations		1,063,068		844,486	25.88%
Security and Monitoring Services		6,635		6,023	10.16%
Debt Service		369,936		688,506	-46.27%
Payments for Shared Service Arrangements		135,080		145,159	-6.94%
Other Intergovernmental Charges		64,487		63,669	1.28%
Total Expenses	\$	10,948,719	\$	10,105,548	8.34%
Evenes (Deficiency) Peters Other Personnes					
Excess (Deficiency) Before Other Resources,	Φ	040 540	Φ	004.040	70.000/
Uses and Transfers	_\$_	243,549	\$	904,819	-73.08%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	_\$_	243,549	\$	904,819	-73.08%
Net Position - Beginning (July 1)	\$	8,477,570	\$	8,450,653	0.32%
Prior Period Adjustment	*	-, -,	*	(877,902)	-100.00%
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$	8,477,570	\$	7,572,751	11.95%
<b>.</b>			-		
Net Position - Ending (June 30)	\$	8,721,119	\$	8,477,570	2.87%





- Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total
  cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded
  by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.
- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 10,948,719.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$2,717,107.
- Some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$ 762,140, or
- By grants and contributions \$ 1,576,333.

Lone Oak Independent School District Net Cost of Selected District Functions						Table A-
	Total Cost	of Services	%	Net Cost of	Services	%
	2016	2015	Change	2016	2015	Change
nstruction	\$ 5,897,070	\$ 5,253,479	12.25%	\$ 5,053,777	\$ 4,622,817	9.32%
School Leadership	561,784	499,607	12.45%	556,728	499,607	11.43%
General Administration	734,437	608,074	20.78%	420,735	446,437	-5.76%
Plant Maintenance and Operations	1,063,068	844,486	25.88%	1,049,044	844,486	24.22%
Debt Service	369,936	688,506	-46.27%	600	422,636	-99.86%

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues in the governmental funds totaled \$ 10,982,893. This represents a decrease of \$ 27,474, or 0.25% from the prior period revenues of \$ 11,010,367. The change represents decreased collections of local revenues including property taxes.

Expenditures in the governmental funds totaled \$ 10,473,086. This represents an increase of \$ 367,538, or 3.6%, from the prior period expenditures of \$ 10,105,548. This increase primarily represents increased operating costs for programs in the District.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

Over the course of the year, the District revised its General Fund budget several times. With these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$ 256,353 below final budget amounts. The largest variance occurred in the areas of Instruction and Pupil Transportation.

General Fund resources available were \$ 238,402 above the final budgeted amount. The favorable variance was due to better than anticipated state aid due to increases in student enrollment and attendance and various federal reimbursements.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

As of June 30, 2016, the District had invested \$ 23,838,208 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings and vehicles (See Table A-4).

Lone Oak Independent S	chool	District's Cap	ital	Assets	Table A-4  Total Percentage	
	Governmental Activities					
	2016 2015				Change 2015-2016	
Land	\$	147,370	\$	147,370	0.00%	
Buildings and Improvements	*	21,958,895	Ψ	21,958,895	0.00%	
Equipment		1,535,759		1,431,898	7.25%	
Vehicles		196,184		204,013	-3.84%	
Totals at Historical Cost	\$	23,838,208	\$	23,742,176	0.40%	
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(9,631,871)	-	(9,062,669)	6.28%	
Net Capital Assets	\$	14,206,337	\$	14,679,507	-3.22%	

#### **DEBT**

At year end, the District had \$ 10,880,004 in debt outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

## **Bond Ratings**

The District's bonds presently carry "AAA" ratings.

Lone Oak Independe	ent School District's Debt	Table A-5
	Governmental Activities 2016 2015	Total Percentage Change 2015-2016
Bonds Payable Other Debt Payable	\$ 10,165,000 \$ 10,506,250 715,004 874,125	-3.25% 18.20%
Total Debt Payable	\$ 10,880,004 \$ 11,380,375	-4.40%

#### **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The District's property valuation has dropped significantly due to housing development bankruptcies and foreclosures. Local property tax rates are restricted by state statute, without local elections, to \$ 1.04 for maintenance and operations. The state funding formula was changed to provide state funds to replace the lost local property tax revenue. This change in funding and other legislative changes could impact the District's financial operations, including cash flows.

Student population has remained at a steady historical growth rate in the District. The economic outlook for the area is for growth to be relatively slow, as indicated by a drop in property values from prior year. Housing has not expanded at the rate of other north central Texas communities. These economic conditions allow the District to maintain constant funding and staffing levels.

The State has increased funding levels for the 2013-2015 biennium, which will affect the revenue levels of the District. With these increases in funding, the District anticipates monitoring expenditure levels to ensure financial stability remains strong.

A challenge to the State's funding system resulted in the system being held constitutional. Future legislative sessions could produce minor changes to funding for student populations. The legal process ended the challenges by the various interested parties including the State. State funding will continue under the present system until legislative changes occur.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Donna Scoggins, Business Manager for the District.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

1

Data			ı
Control		G	overnmental
Codes		_	Activities
,	- ASSETS		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	4,037,023
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net	Φ	565,841
1240	Due from Other Governments		1,961,676
1250	Accrued Interest		558
1230	Capital Assets:		330
1510	Land		147,370
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		13,537,416
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		521,551
1000	Total Assets	\$	20,771,435
			20,111,100
1701	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Outflows - Related to Refundings	\$	621,125
1701	Deferred Outflows - Pensions	Φ	988,569
1703 1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	1,609,694
1700	LIABILITIES	<u> </u>	1,009,094
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	86,817
2110	Interest Payable	Ψ	132,343
2140	Accrued Liabilities		679,194
2300	Unearned Revenue		7,079
2300	Noncurrent Liabilities:		7,079
2501	Due within one year		270,000
2502	Due in more than one year		10,610,004
2540	Net Pension Liability		1,593,129
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	13,378,566
			10,010,000
0005	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Φ	004 444
2605	Deferred Inflows - Pensions	<u>\$</u> <b>\$</b>	281,444
2600	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u> </u>	281,444
	NET POSITION	•	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	3,470,438
0000	Restricted For:		0.470
3820	Federal and State Programs		2,172
3850	Debt Service		1,141,118
3890	Other Purposes		81,678
3900	Unrestricted		4,025,713
3000	Total Net Position	\$	8,721,119

Net (Expense)

#### LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

1 3 4

					Program	Reven	ues		evenue and anges in Net Position
Data Control				Ch	narges for	(	Operating Grants and	G	overnmental
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses	S	Services	Co	ontributions		Activities
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	5,897,070	\$	8,051	\$	835,242	\$	(5,053,777)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	Ψ	239,740	Ψ	0,001	Ψ	1,975	Ψ	(237,765)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		20,441		_		5,513		(14,928)
21	Instructional Leadership		28,946		_		269		(28,677)
23	School Leadership		561,784		_		5,056		(556,728)
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		288,726		_		2,678		(286,048)
33	Health Services		194,467		117,587		814		(76,066)
34	Student (Pupil) Transportation		220,789		-		1,398		(219,391)
35	Food Services		600,295		235,402		312,054		(52,839)
36	Cocurricular /Extracurricular Activities		522,818		87,389		26,624		(408,805)
41	General Administration		734,437		309,776		3,926		(420,735)
51	Plant Maintenance and Operations		1,063,068		3,935		10,089		(1,049,044)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		6,635		-		63		(6,572)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		367,861		_		369,336		1,475
73	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		2,075		_		-		(2,075)
93	Payments for Shared Service Arrangements		135,080		_		1,296		(133,784)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		64,487		_		-,		(64,487)
	Outer intergerenmental ortaliges		0 1, 101						-
TG	Total Governmental Activities	\$	10,948,719	\$	762,140	\$	1,576,333	\$	(8,610,246)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	10,948,719	\$	762,140	\$	1,576,333	\$	(8,610,246)
		Ge	neral Revenues						
MT			roperty Taxes,		or General Pu	ırnose		\$	2,142,830
DT			roperty Taxes,			•		Ψ	574,277
IE.			vestment Earni		0. 202. 00	, ,			10,360
GC				•	Not Restricte	d to S	pecific Program	s	6,113,942
MI			liscellaneous				,	-	12,386
TR			Total General	Revenu	es			\$	8,853,795
CN		Ch	ange in Net Po	sition					243,549
NB			t Position - Beg		July 1)			\$	8,477,570
NE			t Position - End					\$	8,721,119
		. 10	Johnson End	ig (5ui	50,			Ψ	5,721,110

## LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

			10		50				98
Data					Debt		Other		Total
Control			General		Service	Gov	ernmental	Go	vernmental
Codes			Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
	_								
	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	2,686,118	\$	1,140,350	\$	144,024	\$	3,970,492
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net		449,335		116,506		-		565,841
1240	Due from Other Governments		1,929,913		899		30,864		1,961,676
1250	Accrued Interest		524		34		-		558
1260	Due from Other Funds		<u> </u>		15,672		<u>-</u>		15,672
								\$	-
1000	Total Assets	\$	5,065,890	\$	1,273,461	\$	174,888	\$	6,514,239
	LIABILITIES								
0440	Current Liabilities:	Φ.	40.004	Φ.		•	400	Φ.	40.004
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	43,801	\$	-	\$	120	\$	43,921
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		592,449		-		41,329		633,778
2170	Due to Other Funds		15,672		-		- 450		15,672
2200	Accrued Expenditures		38,964		-		6,452		45,416
2300	Unearned Revenues						7,079		7,079
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	690,886	\$		\$	54,980	\$	745,866
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
2600	Deferred Inflows of Resources		440 22E	\$	116 F06	\$		ď	EGE 941
2600	Deletted filliows of Resources	\$	449,335	Φ	116,506	Φ	<u> </u>	\$	565,841
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	449,335	\$	116,506	\$		\$	565,841
	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balances:								
3450	Federal and State Grants	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,172	\$	2,172
3480	Retirement of Long Term Debt	•	_	Ť	1,156,955	•	, -	•	1,156,955
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balances		_		· · ·		81,678		81,678
	Committed Fund Balances:						- ,		- ,
3545	Other Committed Fund Balances		_		_		36,058		36,058
3600	Unassigned		3,925,669		_		-		3,925,669
	5								· · · · · ·
3000	Total Fund Balances	\$	3,925,669	\$	1,156,955	\$	119,908	\$	5,202,532
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
4000	•	\$	5,065,890	\$	1,273,461	\$	174,888	\$	6,514,239

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS) TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2016

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$ 5,202,532
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of net position ("SNP") are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	14,206,337
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	565,841
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP.	23,635
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(10,165,000)
Payables for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(132,343)
Other long-term liabilities which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	31,683
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds.	621,125
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(1,593,129)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(281,444)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	988,569
The accumulated accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	(144,105)
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.	 (602,582)
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 8,721,119

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Data		10	50 Debt		Other		98 Total
Control		General	Service	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental
Codes	-	 Fund	Fund		Funds		Funds
	REVENUES						
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 2,208,655	\$ 580,370	\$	744,112	\$	3,533,137
5800	State Program Revenues	6,459,110	369,336		102,172		6,930,618
5900	Federal Program Revenues	 79,002	 		440,136		519,138
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 8,746,767	\$ 949,706	\$	1,286,420	\$	10,982,893
	EXPENDITURES						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction	\$ 4,864,463	\$ -	\$	226,622	\$	5,091,085
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	206,476	-		-		206,476
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	13,615	-		5,388		19,003
0021	Instructional Leadership	28,317	-		-		28,317
0023	School Leadership	528,432	-		-		528,432
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	279,701	-		-		279,701
0033	Health Services	84,641	-		104,016		188,657
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	310,602	-		-		310,602
0035	Food Services	-	-		573,815		573,815
0036	Cocurricular /Extracurricular Activities	431,123	-		54,216		485,339
0041	General Administration	410,326	-		313,507		723,833
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	1,062,614	-		-		1,062,614
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	6,635	-		-		6,635
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	-	341,250		-		341,250
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	-	425,685		-		425,685
0073	Debt Issuance Cost and Fees	-	2,075		-		2,075
0093	Payments for Shared Service Arrangements	135,080	-		-		135,080
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	 64,487	 <u> </u>				64,487
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 8,426,512	\$ 769,010	\$	1,277,564	\$	10,473,086
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
	Expenditures	\$ 320,255	\$ 180,696	\$	8,856	\$	509,807
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property	\$ 9,128	\$ -	\$	-	\$	9,128
7915	Transfers In	-	-		10,000		10,000
8911	Transfers Out	 (10,000)	 		-		(10,000)
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (872)	\$ 	\$	10,000	\$	9,128
1200	Net Changes in Fund Balances	\$ 319,383	\$ 180,696	\$	18,856	\$	518,935
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning (July 1)	 3,606,286	 976,259		101,052		4,683,597
3000	Fund Balances - Ending (June 30)	\$ 3,925,669	\$ 1,156,955	\$	119,908	\$	5,202,532

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

243,549

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds \$	518,935
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	
of activities ("SOA") are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	180,656
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(653,826)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.	9,128
All proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	(9,128)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(8,641)
Revenues in the SOA not providing current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	208,888
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	(7,996)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	341,250
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	127,438
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest expense from beginning of year to end of year.	(61,618)
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(33,123)
Implementing GASB 68 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	133,451
Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended and reduced NPL.	26,998
The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension plan was amortized.	44,707
Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	(573,570)

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

Data		Inte	nal
Control		Ser	ice
Codes	_	Fu	nd
	ASSETS		
	Current Assets:		
1110	Cash and Investments	_\$	66,531
	Total Current Assets	\$	66,531
1000	Total Assets	\$	66,531
	LIABILITIES		
	Current Liabilities:		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	42,896
	T. 10	•	40.000
	Total Current Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	42,896
2000	Total Liabilities	\$	42,896
2000	Total Liabilities	Ψ	42,090
	NET POSITION		
3900	Unrestricted Net Position	\$	23,635
3000	Total Net Position	\$	23,635

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Data Control Codes			Internal Service Fund
	OPERATING EXPENSES		
6400	Other Operating Costs	\$	33,123
6030	Total Expenses	\$	33,123
	Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(33,123)
	Income (Loss) before Contributions and Transfers	\$	(33,123)
1300	Change in Net Position	\$	(33,123)
0100	Net Position - Beginning (July 1)	-	56,758
3000	Net Position - Ending (June 30)	\$	23,635

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		Internal Service Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Receipts from Quasi-external Interfund Transfers Cash Payments for Reinsurance and Administration Cash Payments for Claims	\$	(21,458) (7,664)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	(29,122)
Cash Flows from Capital and Other Related Financing Activities:		
NONE		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities:		
NONE		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
NONE		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	\$	(29,122)
Cash and Investments - Beginning (July 1)		95,653
Cash and Investments - Ending (June 30)	<u>\$</u>	66,531
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(33,123)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Increase (Decrease) in Claims Payable		4,001
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	_\$	(29,122)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

		A	gency
Data			-und
Control		Si	tudent
Codes	_	A	ctivity
	ASSETS		
	Current Assets:		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$	58,882
1000	Total Assets	\$	58,882
	LIABILITIES		
	Current Liabilities:		
2190	Due to Student Groups	\$	58,882
2000	Total Liabilities	<u></u> \$	58,882
	NET POSITION		
3000	Total Net Position	_\$	

#### A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The basic financial statements of the Lone Oak Independent School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's <u>Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (Guide)</u>. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### 1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees (Board), a seven member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and as a body corporate has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity."

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the District (primary government) and its component units. The component unit discussed below is included in the District reporting entity because of the significance of the financial relationship with the District.

Component Unit – As required by GAAP, the financial statements of the Lone Oak Independent School District Public Facility Corporation (PFC) have been blended with the primary government to present the financial information of the reporting entity. The PFC, an entity legally separate from the District, is governed by a seven member board comprised of the District's board of trustees. The purpose of the PFC is to finance real property improvements for the District's use.

The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

#### 2. Basis of Presentation – Basis of Accounting

#### a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position (SNP) and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities (SOA) presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most federal and some state financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. The board can commit specific types of resources to specific purposes which are included as special revenue funds.

Internal Service Funds – These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Agency Funds – These funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equity liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

#### b. Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

#### A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

#### 3. Budgetary Data

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the general, food service and debt service funds. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1.
- b. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget with public notice given at least 10 days prior to the meeting.
- c. Prior to the expenditure of funds, the budget is adopted by the Board.

After adoption, the budget may be amended through action by the Board. Budget amendments are approved at the functional expenditure level. All amendments are before the fact and reflected in the official minutes of the Board. Budgets are controlled at the function level by personnel responsible for organizational financial reporting. All budget appropriations lapse at the year end. Budget amendments throughout the year were not significant.

#### A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

#### 5. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. End-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget are:

General Fund	\$ -0-
Special Revenue Fund	-0-
Debt Service Fund	-0-
Capital Projects Fund	 -0-
Total	\$ -0-

#### 6. Financial Statement Amounts

#### Cash and Investments

The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as a part of the District's cash and temporary investments.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

#### **Inventories**

The purchase method is used to account for inventories of school supplies, athletic equipment and food products. Under this method supplies and materials are debited as expenditures when purchased.

#### Fund Balance

Governmental funds utilize a fund balance presentation for equity. Fund balance is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

#### A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

#### Fund Balance (continued)

Assigned fund balance – represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance – represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The following schedule provides information about the specific fund balance classification by fund:

			D	ebt Service	Gov	Other vernmental	
	G	eneral Fund	Fund			Funds	 Total
Restricted							
Child Nutrition Program	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,172	\$ 2,172
Retirement of Long Term Debt		-		1,156,955		-	1,156,955
State Textbook Fund		-		-		-	-
Hunt County Coop		-		-		81,678	81,678
Committed							
Campus Activity Funds		-		-		36,058	36,058
Unassigned		3,925,669		-			 3,925,669
Totals	\$	3,925,669	\$	1,156,955	\$	119,908	\$ 5,202,532

#### Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements	15-50
Vehicles	5-10
Other Equipment	3-15

#### A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The District implemented GASB Statement Number 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports certain deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. At the governmental fund level, earned but unavailable revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources. To the extent practical, this change in accounting principle is required to be reported as an adjustment to prior periods.

The District also implemented GASB Statement Number 71, *Pension Transition For Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, which amends the transition provisions of GASB 68. GASB 71 requires that, at transition, governments recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resource for pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning Net Pension Liability. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the prior period adjustment.

#### 8. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

#### 9. Interfund Activities

Interfund activity results from loans, service provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfer" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

#### 10. Vacation, Personal Leave and Other Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Personal leave accrues at various rates established by the State and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Personal leave does not vest, but accumulates and is recorded as an expenditure as it is paid.

# A. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

#### 11. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TES. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### 12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### 13. Data Control Codes

Data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Agency in the *Guide*. The Agency requires the District to display these codes in its financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

#### Accounting System

In accordance with Texas Education Code, Chapter 44, Subchapter A, the District adopted and implemented an accounting system which at least meets the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. The District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the accounting code section of the *Guide*. Mandatory codes are utilized in the form provided in that section.

#### B. Deposits, Securities and Investments

The District's funds are deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The contract requires the depository to pledge approved securities in an amount significant to protect the District's day-to-day balances. The pledge is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance. At year end, all District cash deposits appear to be covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the name of the District. The District's deposits appear to have been properly secured throughout the fiscal year.

The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act. The Act requires specific training, reporting and establishment of local policies. The District appears to have been in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act.

# B. Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)

State statutes and local policy authorize the District to invest in the following types of investment goods:

- a. obligations of the U.S. or its agencies or instrumentalities,
- b. obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies.
- c. obligations guaranteed by the U.S. or State of Texas or their agencies or instrumentalities,
- d. obligations of other states, agencies or political subdivisions having a national investment rating of "A" or greater,
- e. guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by a bank domiciled in the State of Texas, or
- f. fully collateralized repurchase agreements.

District investments include investments in external investment pools, such as TexPool and Lone Star Investment Pool. All TexPool and Lone Star Investment Pool investments are reported at share price (fair value).

Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool) has been organized in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. These two acts provide for the creation of public funds investment pools and permit eligible governmental entities to jointly invest their funds in authorized investments.

The Comptroller of Public Accounts (Comptroller) is the sole officer, director and shareholder of the Texas Treasury Safekeeping Trust Company, (Trust Company), which is authorized to operate TexPool. Pursuant to the TexPool Participation Agreement, administrative and investment services to TexPool are provided by Federated Investors, Inc. (Federated), under an agreement with the Comptroller, acting on behalf of the Trust Company.

The Comptroller maintains oversight of the services provided to TexPool by Federated. In addition, the TexPool Advisory Board advises on TexPool's Investment Policy and approves any fee increases. As required by the Public Funds Investment Act, the Advisory Board is composed equally of participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool who are qualified to advise TexPool.

The fund is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's rating agency. This rating is the highest principal stability fund rating assigned by Standard & Poor's. This rating as well as the operational policies and procedures allow the fund to comply with the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act. The Lone Star Investment Pool is an investment pool available to governmental entities. The pool was established under the guidance of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. A board of directors made up of members of the pool is responsible for the overall operation of the pool. The Board has employed various third party organizations to assist in the operations. These third parties are as follows: American Beacon Advisors and BNY Mellon Cash Investment Strategies – Investment Managers, RBC Wealth Management – Investment Consultant, Bank of New York Mellon – Custodian, First Public – Administration. In combination with these third party organizations, the pool has received a AAAm rating from Standard and Poor's. This rating allows the pool to meet the standards required by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

# B. <u>Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)</u>

The following lists the District's investment at year end:

	Credit Risk Rating		Fair Value
Lone Star Investment Pool	AAAm	\$	11,707
TexPool	AAAm		2,020,036
Certificates of Deposit	N/A		1,572,699
Total		_\$	3,604,442

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined cash balances on the date of highest balance:

- a. Name of bank: American National Bank, Terrell, Texas.
- b. Amount of bond and/or security pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$ 3,729,621.
- c. Largest cash, savings and time deposit combined account balances amounted to \$1,619,506 and occurred during the month of December 2015.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$ 358,655.

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at period end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

#### a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At period end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

# b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Districts' name. At year end, the District did not appear to be exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District did not appear to be exposed to concentration of credit risk.

#### d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District did not appear to be exposed to interest rate risk.

# B. <u>Deposits, Securities and Investments (Continued)</u>

# e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District did not appear to be exposed to foreign currency risk.

#### C. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1, of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Property taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowance for uncollectibles within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Section 33.05, Property Tax Code, requires the tax collector for the District to cancel and remove from the delinquent tax rolls a tax on real property that has been delinquent for more than 20 years or a tax on personal property that has been delinquent for more than 10 years. Delinquent taxes meeting these criteria may not be canceled if litigation concerning these taxes is pending.

The District levied taxes on property within the District at \$ 1.04000 to fund general operations and \$ 0.27895 for the payment of principal and interest on long term debt. The rates were levied on property assessed totaling \$ 202,658,023.

#### D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activities during the year ended were as follows:

		Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental Activities:	_	Dalalices	IIICIEases	Decreases	Dalances
Capital Assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$	147,370	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 147,370
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$	147,370	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 147,370
Capital Assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and Improvements	\$	21,958,895	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 21,958,895
Vehicles		1,431,898	164,686	60,825	1,535,759
Equipment		204,013	15,970	23,799	196,184
Total Capital Assets being depreciated	\$	23,594,806	\$ 180,656	\$ 84,624	\$ 23,690,838
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Buildings and Improvements	\$	7,870,676	\$ 550,803	\$ -	\$ 8,421,479
Vehicles		1,028,372	91,866	60,825	1,059,413
Equipment		163,621	11,157	23,799	150,979
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	9,062,669	\$ 653,826	\$ 84,624	\$ 9,631,871
•					
Total Capital Assets being depreciated, net	\$	14,532,137	\$ (473,170)	\$ -	\$ 14,058,967
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$	14,679,507	\$ (473,170)	\$ -	\$ 14,206,337

# D. <u>Capital Assets (Continued)</u>

Depreciation was charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

Instruction	\$	447,269
Instructional Resources and Media Services		30,951
Staff Development		1,438
School Leadership		25,050
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		4,741
Health Services		3,262
Student (Pupil) Transportation		73,204
Food Services		27,103
Cocurricular / Extracurricular Activities		33,202
General Administration		1,438
Plant Maintenance and Operations		6,168
Total	_\$	653,826

# E. <u>Long Term Obligations</u>

# **Long-Term Obligation Activity**

Long-term obligations activities during the year ended were as follows:

						Amounts
	Beginning			Ending	[	Due Within
	 Balance	Increases	Decrease	Balance		One Year
Governmental Activities:						
Bond Obligations Payable	\$ 10,506,250	\$ -	\$ 341,250	\$ 10,165,000	\$	270,000
Bond Premium (Discount)	602,582	-	31,683	570,899		-
Accreted Interest Payable	271,543	2,562	130,000	144,105		
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 11,380,375	\$ 2,562	\$ 502,933	\$ 10,880,004	\$	270,000

#### **Bonds**

The District has issued various series of general obligation bonds to fund facility construction and improvements. Bonds mature at various times with varying rates of interest. The bonds issued require the District to levy an ad valorem tax annually to retire the current maturities.

The following issues are outstanding at year end:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Amount	C	Outstanding Balance
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2006 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2008 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	4.19% 3.93% 3.93% 3.427%	\$ 6,000,000 2,500,000 3,285,000 4,865,000	\$	135,000 2,005,000 3,160,000 4,865,000
Totals			\$	10,165,000

# E. Long Term Obligations (continued)

Debt service requirements on bonded debt at year end, are as follows:

Year Ending				Total
June 30	Principal	Interest	R	equirements
2017	\$ 270,000	\$ 491,365	\$	761,365
2018	410,000	332,528		742,528
2019	425,000	317,640		742,640
2020	440,000	302,955		742,955
2021	455,000	288,455		743,455
2022 - 2026	2,525,000	1,172,732		3,697,732
2027 - 2031	3,025,000	661,174		3,686,174
2032 - 2036	 2,615,000	176,351		2,791,351
Totals	\$ 10,165,000	\$ 3,743,200	\$	13,908,200

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indentures. The District appears to be in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions as of year end.

# F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan</u>

#### 1. Plan Description

The District contributes to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan. TRS's defined benefit pension plan operates primarily under the provision of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Sec. 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. TRS also administers proportional retirement benefits and service credit transfer under Texas Government Code, Title 8, chapter 803 and 805, respectively. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas State Legislature has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions of the pension plan and may, under certain circumstances, grant special authority to the TRS Board of Trustees. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the defined benefit pension plan. That report may be obtained by downloading the report from the TRS internet website, www.trs.state.tx.us.

#### 2. Benefits Provided

TRS administers retirement and disability annuities, and death survivor benefits to employees and beneficiaries of employees of the public school systems of Texas. Benefits are established or amended primarily under the authority of the provisions of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and by the Legislature in the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. the pension's board of trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefits. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times year of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals or exceed 80 years. Reduced service retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of credited service and any age below 50 with 30 years of credited service. A member is fully vested after 5 years of creditable service and entitled to any benefit for which eligibility requirements have been met. The plan does not provide automatic cost of living adjustments (COLA's). ad hoc post-employment benefits changes, including ad hoc COLA's can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan Description above.

# F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

#### 3. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to the following state laws: (1) Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution requires the legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the system's actuary. As the non-employer contributing entity, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part of all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, when employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge. Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rate for fiscal years 2015 thru 2017. It also added a 1.5% contribution for employers not paying Old Age Survivor and Disability Insurance (OASDI) on certain employees effective for fiscal year 2015. The 83<sup>rd</sup> Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2015 and 2016. Contributions amounts for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

	 itributions ed and Made
Member (Employee)	\$ 133,451
Non-Employer Contributing Agency (State On Behalf)	\$ 357,438
District (Employer)	\$ 308,063

Contribution rates for the Plan fiscal year (September to August) 2014 and 2015 are as follows:

		ion Rates cal Year
	2015	2016
Member (Employee)	6.7%	7.2%
District (Employer)	6.8%	6.8%
Non-Employer Contributing Agency (State On Behalf)	6.8%	6.8%

# F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

4. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2015, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,593,129
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	 3,676,537
Total	\$ 5,269,666

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At August 31, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.0045069% which was an increase of 0.0018464% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2014.

For the year ended August 31, 2015, the District recognized pension expense of \$ 523,847 and revenue of \$ 523,847 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2015, the District report deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 ed Outflows esources	 red Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 9,141	\$ 61,225
Changes of acturial assumptions	38,417	56,836
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	392,352	162,904
Changes in proportion and differents between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	 421,960	 479
Total	\$ 861,870	\$ 281,444

At June 30, 2016, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	ed Outflows Resources	red Inflows Resources
Total amounts per August 31, 2015 measurement date Contribution paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	\$ 861,870 126,699	\$ 281,444
Total Financial Statement Amounts	\$ 988,569	\$ 281,444

# F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

The \$ 126,699 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30	 Amount
2017	\$ 104,810
2018	104,810
2019	104,812
2020	159,112
2021	60,452
Thereafter	46,430

#### 5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The active mortality rates were based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back 6 years for both males and females. The Post-retirement mortality rates were based on client specific tables multiplied by 80%. The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the four-year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015. With the exception of the post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives and a minor change to the expected retirement age for inactive vested members stemming from the actuarial audit performed in the Summer of 2015, the assumptions and methods are the same as used in the prior valuation. When the mortality assumptions were adopted in 2015 they contained significant erosion of this margin to the point that the margin has been eliminated. Therefore, the post-retirement mortality rate for current and future retirees has decreased to add additional margin for future improvement in mortality in accordance with the Actuarial Standards Practice No. 35.

The following assumptions were applied to this measurement period:

Valuation Date
Actuarial Cost Method
Amortization Method
Remaining Amortization Period
Asset Valuation Method
Actuarial Assumption:
Discount Rate
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return \*
Salary Increases \*
Payroll Growth Rate

August 31, 2015 Individual Entry Age Normal Level Percentage of Payroll, Open 30 years 5 year Smoothed Market

8.00% 8.00% 3.50% to 9.50% 2.50%

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Inflation of 2.50%

# F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

#### 6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary new position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 8.0%. the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2015 are summarized below:

			Long-Term Expected
	Target	Real Return	Portfolio Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Geometric Basis	Rate of Return *
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	0.7%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.0%	0.1%
Cash	1%	-0.2%	0.0%
Real Return	3%		
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	16%	0.9%	0.0%
Real Assets	3%	5.1%	1.1%
Energy and Natural Resources	0%	6.6%	0.2%
Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Paritiy	5%	6.7%	0.3%
Inflation Expectation			2.2%
Alpha			1.0%
Total	100%		8.7%

<sup>\*</sup> The expected contribution to returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between artithmetic and geometric mean returns.

# F. <u>Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)</u>

#### 7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the District's share of the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 8%, as well as what the District's share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 – percentage point lower (7%) or 1 – percentage point higher (9%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Rate	1% Increase
District's proportional share of the net pension liability	\$ 2,496,133	\$ 1,593,129	\$ 840,983

#### 8. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR">http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2015.

Net Pension Liability		August 31, 2014	August 31, 2015			
Total Pension Liability	\$	159,496,075,886	\$	163,887,375,172		
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(132,779,243,085)		(128,538,706,212)		
Net Pension Liability	\$	26,716,832,801	\$	35,348,668,960		
Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability		83.25%		78.43%		

#### G. School District Retiree Health Plan

# 1. Plan Description

The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS website at <a href="https://www.trs.state.tx.us">www.trs.state.tx.us</a> under the TRS Publications heading, by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

# G. <u>School District Retiree Health Plan (Continued)</u>

#### 2. Funding Policy

Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code, Sections 1575.202, 203 and 204 establish state, active employee and public school contributions, respectively. Funding for free basic coverage is provided by the program based upon public school district payroll. The State of Texas and active public school employee contribution rates were 1.0% and 0.65% of public school payroll, respectively, with school districts contributing a percentage of payrolls set at 0.55% for fiscal years 2015, 2014 and 2013. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapters 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. Funding for optional coverage is provided by those participants selecting the optional coverage. Contribution rates are shown in the table below for fiscal years 2015-2013.

#### **Contribution Rates**

Year	Active Member	State	District
2016	0.65%	1.00%	0.55%
2015	0.65%	1.00%	0.55%
2014	0.65%	1.00%	0.55%

#### 3. On Behalf Payments

In accordance with GASB Statement 24, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance," on-behalf payments (payments made by the State) of \$ 44,020 are reflected in the basic financial statements for Retiree Health Plan contributions. Additionally, the District benefited from payments made by the State totaling \$ 17,308 for subsidies for Medicare Part D and participation in the Early Retirement Reinsurance Program.

#### H. Risk Management

#### Health Care

During the year ended, employees of the Lone Oak Independent School District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$ 250 per month per employee and employees, at their opinion, authorized payroll withholdings to provide dependents coverage under the Plan. All premiums were paid to TRS – Active Care (Aetna). The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the Lone Oak Independent School District and TRS – Active Care (Aetna) is renewable September 1 of each year and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Aetna are available for the year ended December 31, 2015, and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

# Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the year ended, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Local Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

# H. Risk Management, (Continued)

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool members

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2015, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

# Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the East Texas Educational Insurance Association Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Joint Fund. The District is partially self-funded to a loss fund maximum of \$49,427 for the 15-16 fiscal year. Additionally, the District incurred fixed costs of \$20,231 for their share of claims administration, loss control, record keeping and cost of excess insurance.

Claims administration is provided by Claims Administrative Services, Inc. Reinsurance is provided for aggregate claim losses exceeding \$ 225,000. The fixed cost charge is based on total payroll paid by the District. Increases or decreases in the fixed costs will adjust subsequent year charges.

The accrued liability for workers' compensation self-insurance of \$ 42,896 includes \$ 30,222 of incurred but not reported claims. This liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," which require that a liability for claims be reported if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability recorded is an undiscounted actuary calculation.

Changes in the workers' compensation claims liability amounts in the periods of 2016 and 2015 are represented below:

	2016	2015
Claims Liability - Beginning	\$ 38,695	\$ 36,109
Claims Incurred (Reduced)	11,142	19,153
Claim Payments	(6,941)	(16,567)
Claims Liability - Ending	\$ 42,896	\$ 38,695

# Other Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover these liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

# I. <u>Litigation</u>

The District does not appear to be involved in any litigation as of year end.

# J. <u>Commitments and Contingencies</u>

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at year end may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

# K. Interfund Balances and Activities

#### Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of year end, is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount	Purpose		
	•		•		
Debt Service Fund	General Fund	\$ 15,672	State Funding		

# Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds during the year ended, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To	Α	mount	Reason
General Fund	Food Service Fund	\$	10,000	Annual Deficit
Totals		\$	10,000	

#### L. Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in cooperative programs with other local districts. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures of these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements.

Shared Service Arrangements	Fiscal Agent	Service
Tri-County Cooperative	Commerce Independent School District	Special Education
NetCat Cooperative	Commerce Independent School District	Vocational Programs

# M. <u>Local and Intermediate Revenue Sources</u>

During the year ended, the District received revenue from local and intermediate sources consisting of the following:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Go	Other overnmental Funds	Total
Property Tax Collections	\$ 2,147,532	\$ 578,215	\$	_	\$ 2,725,747
Investment Income	8,085	2,155		120	10,360
Food Service Income	-	-		235,402	235,402
Gifts and Bequests	7,375	-		24,256	31,631
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	30,418	-		56,972	87,390
Tuition and Fees	8,050	-		-	8,050
Other	7,195	-		427,362	434,557
Totals	\$ 2,208,655	\$ 580,370	\$	744,112	\$ 3,533,137

# N. Receivables

Receivables at year end, for the District's individual major funds and aggregate nonmajor funds, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible amounts are as follows:

	General Fund		Debt Service Fund	Other Nonmajor			Total	
Due from Other Governments Accrued Interest Property Taxes Less Allowance for Uncollectible	\$ 1,929,91 52 499,26	4	899 34 129,451	\$	30,864 - -	\$	1,961,676 558 628,712	
Property Taxes	(49,92	6)	(12,945)		-		(62,871)	
Net Receivables	\$ 2,379,77	2 \$	117,439	\$	30,864	\$	2,528,075	

# O. Subsequent Events

The District's management has evaluated subsequent events through September 30, 2016, the date which the financial statements were available for use.

# P. <u>State Aid Reconciliation</u>

The State provides various types of funding for local school districts as provided for in state statute. The following reconciliation presents funding earned by the District in each category presented. Because of the State's delay in reconciling the funding to local districts, the summary below represents an estimate of earnings. The settle-up with the State will occur some 9 to 10 months following the fiscal year end.

Funding is earned for: 1) Available – annual allocation based on prior year enrollment; 2) Foundation – annual allocation based on student attendance, property tax collections and valuations, and special student populations; 3) Instructional Facilities Allotment – based on property wealth; and 4) Existing Debt Allotment – based on eligible debt, student attendance and property wealth. Various other sources are received but not reconciled here as these are the major sources of funding.

	 Available	Foundation		 IFA	EDA		
Current Year Earnings Prior Year Settle Ups	\$ 168,433 5,738	\$	6,163,698 (223,927)	\$ 72,255 (3)	\$	250,010 47,074	
Financial Statement Earnings	\$ 174,171	\$	5,939,771	\$ 72,252	\$	297,084	
Amounts Received	 126,429		4,057,600	 72,050		296,387	
Receivable (Overpayment) *	\$ 47,742	\$	1,882,171	\$ 202	\$	697	

<sup>\*</sup> Overpayments are represented in the financial statements as Unearned Revenue (government-wide and governmental).

# Q. Change in Accounting Principles

In fiscal year 2016, the District adopted three new statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

- Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application
- Statement No. 76, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Government
- Statement No. 77, Tax Abatement Disclosures
- a) Statement No. 72 requires state and local governments to measure investments at fair value using a consistent definition and valuation techniques; also defines what assets and liabilities governments should measure at fair value and expands fair value disclosures in financial disclosure notes. While the Statement generally requires restatement of prior period balances in the year of implementation, the nature of the District's investments was such that their carrying amount was not affected.
- b) The GAAP hierarchy prioritizes guidance governments follow when preparing U.S. GAAP financial statements. Statement No. 76 reduces authoritative GAAP hierarchy from four categories to two and lists the order of priority for pronouncements to which a government should look for guidance.
- c) Statement No. 77 requires governments granting tax abatements to individuals and businesses to disclose program information in the notes to the financial statements through the agreement's duration and also requires disclosures about tax abatements entered into by other governments that reduce the reporting government's tax revenue. Prior year balances were not restated because there are no tax abatements associated with the District or any other government which affect the District's tax revenue.

# R. Compliance, Stewardship and Accountability

Expenditures over Appropriations

The following individual funds incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations at functional expenditure levels:

	 Budget	Actual	Excess		
General Fund:					
Plant Maintenance and Operations	\$ 1,037,392	\$ 1,062,614	\$	25,222	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	YEAR	ENDE	ED JUNE 30, 2	2016				\/o.=	i a a a a i tha
Data									iance with al Budget
Contro	ol		Budgeted	l Amo	unts				Positive
Codes			Original		Final		Actual	<u>(N</u>	legative)
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	2,141,600	\$	2,152,126	\$	2,208,655	\$	56,529
5800	State Program Revenues		6,356,239		6,356,239		6,459,110		102,871
5900	Federal Program Revenues						79,002		79,002
5020	Total Revenues	\$	8,497,839	\$	8,508,365	\$	8,746,767	\$	238,402
	EXPENDITURES					-			
	Instruction and Instructional Related Services:								
0011	Instruction	\$	5,104,421	\$	4,986,988	\$	4,864,463	\$	122,525
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		221,554		218,554		206,476		12,078
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	_	22,050		22,050		13,615		8,435
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	\$_	5,348,025	\$	5,227,592	\$	5,084,554	\$	143,038
	Instructional and School Leadership:								
0021	Instructional Leadership	\$	30,732	\$	30,732	\$	28,317	\$	2,415
0023	School Leadership	<u> </u>	534,531	-	532,281	<u> </u>	528,432	70	3,849
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	\$	565,263	\$	563,013	\$	556,749	\$	6,264
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	\$	332,221	\$	323,431	\$	279,701	\$	43,730
0033 0034	Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation		88,927 363,465		88,927 363,465		84,641 310,602		4,286 52,863
0034	Cocurricular /Extracurricular Activities		439,183		431,683		431,123		560
0000	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$	1,223,796	\$	1,207,506	\$	1,106,067	\$	101,439
			.,220,.00		.,20.,000		.,,		,
0041	Administrative Support Services: General Administration	\$	391,592	\$	411,592	\$	410,326	¢	1,266
0041	Total Administrative Support Services	\$	391,592	\$	411,592	\$	410,326	<u>\$</u> \$	1,266
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Ψ_	391,392	Ψ_	411,592	Ψ_	410,320	Ψ	1,200
0054	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:	•	0.45.407	•	4 007 000	•	4 000 04 4	•	(05.000)
0051 0052	Plant Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services	\$	845,487 11,300	\$	1,037,392 11,300	\$	1,062,614 6,635	\$	(25,222) 4,665
0032	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	\$	856,787	\$	1,048,692	\$	1,069,249	\$	(20,557)
	• •	Ψ_	030,707	Ψ	1,040,032	Ψ	1,003,243	Ψ	(20,551)
0070	Debt Service:	æ	740	<b>c</b>	740	ф		æ	740
0072 0073	Interest on Long-term Debt Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	\$	713 2,500	\$	713 2,500	\$	-	\$	713 2,500
0070	Total Debt Service	\$	3,213	\$	3,213	\$		\$	3,213
		Ψ_	0,210	Ψ_	0,210	Ψ_		Ψ	0,210
0003	Intergovernmental Charges:	<b>c</b>	127,757	ď	125 257	Ф	125.000	¢.	177
0093 0099	Payments for Shared Service Arrangements Other Intergovernmental Charges	\$	86,000	\$	135,257 86,000	\$	135,080 64,487	\$	177 21,513
0000	Total Intergovernmental Charges	\$	213,757	\$	221,257	\$	199,567	\$	21,690
6030	Total Expenditures	\$	8,602,433	\$	8,682,865	\$		\$	
0030	Total Experiultures	Ψ_	0,002,433	Ψ_	0,002,003	Ψ_	8,426,512	Ψ	256,353
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
	Expenditures	\$	(104,594)	_\$_	(174,500)	_\$_	320,255	\$	494,755
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,128	\$	9,128
8911	Operating Transfers Out		(50,000)		(50,000)		(10,000)		40,000
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(50,000)	\$	(50,000)	\$	(872)	\$	49,128
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(154,594)	\$	(224,500)	\$	319,383	\$	543,883
	ŭ	Φ	,	Ф	,	Ф		Φ	J <del>4</del> J,00J
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)		3,606,286		3,606,286		3,606,286		-
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$	3,451,692	\$	3,381,786	\$	3,925,669	\$	543,883

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0045069%	0.0026605%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,593,129	\$ 710,657
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	3,676,537	3,176,470
Total	\$ 5,269,666	\$ 3,887,127
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 5,334,895	\$ 5,246,626
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	29.86%	13.55%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	78.43%	83.25%

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS

	2016			2015	
Contractually required contributions	\$	146,220		\$ 106,736	
Contributions in relations to the contractual					
required contributions		(146,220)	_	(106,736)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	=	\$ 	
District's covered employee payroll	\$	5,551,740		\$ 5,360,390	
Contributions as a percentage of covered		2.63%		1.99%	
employee payroll					

GASB Statement 68, paragraph 81.2.b requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's current fiscal year as opposed to the time period date of September 1, 2013 to August 31, 2014.covered by the measurement

Only two years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 68, paragraph 138. "The informamation for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include inforamtion that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

# A. Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Government Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

#### B. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u>

#### A. Changes of Assumptions

# Economic Assumptions

- a) The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%.
- The ultimate merit assumption for long-service employees was decreased from 1.25% to 1.00%.
- c) In accordance with the observed experience, there were small adjustments in the service-based promotional/longevity component of the salary scale.
- d) The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 2.50%.

#### Mortality Assumptions

- a) The post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- b) The post-retirement mortality tables for disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
- c) The pre-retirement mortality tables for active employees were updated to use 90% of the recently published RP-2014 mortality table for active employees. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

# A. Changes of Assumptions (Continued)

# Other Demographic Assumptions

- e) Previously, it was assumed 10% of all members who had contributed in the past 5 years to be an active member. This was an implicit rehire assumption because teachers have historically had a high incidence of terminating employment for a time and then returning to the workforce at a later date. This methodology was modified to add a more explicit valuation of the rehire incidence in the termination liabilities, and therefore these 10% are no longer being counted as active members.
- f) There were adjustments to the termination patters for members consistent with experience and future expectations. The termination patterns were adjusted to reflect the rehire assumption. The timing of termination decrement was also changed from the middle of the year to the beginning to match the actual pattern in the data.
- g) Small adjustments were made to the retirement patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations.
- h) Small adjustments to the disability patterns were made for members consistent with experience and future expectations. Two separate patterns were created based on whether the member has 10 years of service or more.
- i) For members that become disabled in the future, it is assumed 20% of them will choose a 100% joint and survivor annuity option.

#### Actuarial Methods and Policies

j) The method of using celled data in the valuation process was changed to now using individual data records to allow for better reporting of some items, such as actuarial gains and losses by source.

# B. Changes of Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		1	2	3	10	20	30	30a	40	50
Tax		Tax R	ates	_ Assessed/Appraised	Beginning	Current			Entire	Ending
Roll	Last Ten Years Ended		Debt	Value For School	Balance	Year's	Maintenance	Debt Service	Year's	Balance
Year	June 30	Maintenance	Service	Tax Purposes	7/1/2015	Total Levy	Tax Collections	Tax Collections	Adjustments	6/30/2016
XXXX	2007 and Prior Years	Various	Various	Various	\$ 45,739	\$ -	\$ 4,536	\$ 550	\$ (2)	\$ 40,651
2007	2008	1.039020	0.205000	184,959,478	25,599	-	1,225	249	1	24,126
2008	2009	1.039020	0.247100	225,637,960	64,802	-	1,792	426	-	62,584
2009	2010	1.039020	0.239000	240,443,720	101,467	-	4,480	1,031	1	95,957
2010	2011	1.039020	0.266960	216,345,950	78,300	-	2,876	739	1	74,686
2011	2012	1.039000	0.327000	202,442,018	58,887	-	5,873	1,848	(667)	50,499
2012	2013	1.039000	0.327000	205,599,955	61,767	-	7,457	2,345	(1,984)	49,981
2013	2014	1.040005	0.322246	200,709,740	59,188	-	12,969	4,031	(2,648)	39,540
2014	2015	1.040050	0.322000	209,326,301	142,565	-	53,027	16,458	(6,837)	66,243
2015	2016	1.040000	0.278950	202,658,023	-	2,672,958	1,999,990	536,264	(12,259)	124,445
1000	TOTALS			=	\$ 638,314	\$ 2,672,958	\$ 2,094,225	\$ 563,941	\$ (24,394)	\$ 628,712

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Data Control		 1 2 Budgeted Amounts			3		Variance with Final Budget Positive	
Codes		 Original		Final		Actual	(N	legative)
	REVENUES							
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 237,720	\$	239,476	\$	237,167	\$	(2,309)
5800	State Program Revenues	2,600		2,600		2,556		(44)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	 280,000		280,000		307,742		27,742
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 520,320	\$	522,076	\$	547,465	\$	25,389
	EXPENDITURES							
	Current:							
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):							
0035	Food Service	\$ 570,320	\$	576,076	\$	573,815	\$	2,261
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$ 570,320	\$	576,076	\$	573,815	\$	2,261
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 570,320	\$	576,076	\$	573,815	\$	2,261
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (50,000)	\$	(54,000)	\$	(26,350)	\$	27,650
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
7915	Transfers In	\$ 50,000	\$	50,000	\$	10,000	\$	(40,000)
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ 50,000	\$	50,000	\$	10,000	\$	(40,000)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$	(4,000)	\$	(16,350)	\$	(12,350)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)	 18,522		18,522		18,522		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$ 18,522	\$	14,522	\$	2,172	\$	(12,350)

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Data									riance with
Contro	N.		Budgeted	ΙΛωου	ınte				Positive
Codes			Original	AIIIOU	Final		Actual	(Negative)	
Codes		<u>'</u>	Original		ГПа		Actual	(I	vegative)
	REVENUES								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	509,957	\$	509,957	\$	580,370	\$	70,413
5800	State Program Revenues		285,900		285,900		369,336		83,436
5020	Total Revenues	_\$	795,857	\$	795,857	\$	949,706	\$	153,849
	EXPENDITURES								
0074	Debt Service:	•	400.000	•	400.000	•	044.050	•	50.750
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	\$	400,000	\$	400,000	\$	341,250	\$	58,750
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt		391,857		391,857		425,685		(33,828)
0073	Debt Issuance Costs and Fees		4,000	_	4,000	_	2,075	_	1,925
	Total Debt Service	_\$	795,857	\$	795,857	\$	769,010	_\$	26,847
6030	Total Expenditures	_\$	795,857	\$	795,857	\$	769,010	\$	26,847
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
	Expenditures	\$		\$		\$	180,696	\$	180,696
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	-	\$	180,696	\$	180,696
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)		976,259		976,259		976,259		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$	976,259	\$	976,259	\$	1,156,955	\$	180,696

# LONE OAK INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF JUNE 30, 2016

Data Control Codes		Re	esponse
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other Sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt Agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the annual Financial Report on the Financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material Weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance For local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?		Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more Than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?		Yes
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial Statements at fiscal year-end.	\$	144,105
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$	-0-
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$	1,593,129
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year-end.	\$	784,908