

TO: Members, Calcasieu Parish School Board

FROM: Robert Barrentine, Chief Operations Officer

DATE: December 15, 2002 – 5:00 p.m.

SUBJECT: Administrative and Personnel Committee Meeting

3310 Broad Street, Lake Charles, LA 70615

AGENDA

A & P Committee Meeting Items

- Dismissal of Employees GBN
- Military Leave GBRID
- SPED Advisory Council IDDFA
- Public School Choice JBCE
- Child Abuse JGCE
- Patriotic Organizations LEH
- Bids & Quotations DJED
- School Bus Scheduling & Routing EDD
- Equal Opportunity Employment GAAA, Equal Education Opportunities JAA, Employee Dress Code – GAMB, Student Dress Code – JCDB
- Bullying & Hazing JCDAF
- Discipline JD, Expulsion JDE
- Expectant & Parenting Students JQE, Student Absences & Excuses JBD
- Student Health Services JGC
- Administration of Medication JGCD
- Student Voter Registration JM
- Cameras in SPED Classrooms IDDFC
- Sick Leave GBRIB (information will be available at Board Meeting)

A & P Committee Members:

Bliss Bujard Russell Castille Mack Dellafosse John Duhon, Chair Glenda Gay Damon Hardesty

Fred Hardy
Aaron Natali
Dean Roberts
Alvin Smith
Desmond Wallace, Vice Chair

Board Members:

Annette Ballard Billy Breaux Eric Tarver Mark Young

Item 1

Dismissal of Employees

Act 332 addresses dismissal of bus operators; within the policy on page 4 the wording is changed from "written notice of charges" to "receipt of the Superintendent's disciplinary action, if any." The policy Dismissal of Employees has been revised to include the new language.

DISMISSAL OF EMPLOYEES

With the exception of lay-offs caused by programmatic changes, budget cuts, staff reorganizations, and/or other personnel actions reducing numbers of employees, no Calcasieu Parish School Board employee shall be dismissed except as provided by state law and this policy.

CRIMINAL OFFENSES

The Superintendent, on behalf of the School Board, shall dismiss:

 An administrator, teacher, or substitute teacher upon final conviction or submission of plea of nolo contendere to any crime listed in La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §15:587.1, even if adjudication was withheld or a pardon or expungement was granted, in accordance with statutory provisions for dismissal applicable to the employee.

However, if the person has obtained tenure, such dismissal shall occur only after a hearing held pursuant to hearing procedures outlined in policy GBK, Employee Discipline.

- An administrator, teacher, or substitute teacher who is found to have submitted fraudulent documentation to the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE) or the Louisiana Department of Education (LDOE) as part of an application for a Louisiana teaching certificate or other teaching authorization.
 - An administrator, teacher, or substitute teacher who is found to have facilitated cheating on any state assessment as determined by BESE.
 - Any other school employee if such employee is convicted of or pleads nolo contendere to crimes enumerated in La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §15:587.1, except La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §14:74.

The Superintendent shall notify the State Superintendent of Education of any employee's dismissal for the criminal offenses above no later than thirty (30) days after such dismissal.

In addition, employees shall be subject to removal for failure to properly report arrests for certain offenses enumerated in La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:16.

ABANDONMENT OF POSITION

If an employee is absent for ten (10) or more days without explanation or approved leave,

the School Board may consider the job as abandoned and the employee may be terminated, unless the employee can provide acceptable and verifiable evidence of extenuating circumstances. The Superintendent or his/her designee shall be responsible for determining acceptability of evidence of extenuating circumstances.

CERTIFICATED EMPLOYEES

Non-tenured Teachers

The Superintendent may terminate the employment of any non-tenured teacher after providing such teacher with the written reasons therefor and providing the teacher the opportunity to respond. The teacher shall have seven (7) days to respond, and such response shall be included in the teacher's personnel file. The Superintendent shall notify the teacher in writing of his/her final decision. The teacher shall not be entitled to a hearing before the School Board.

Within sixty (60) days of such notice, the teacher may seek summary review in district court of whether or not the Superintendent's action was arbitrary or capricious.

Tenured Teachers

A tenured teacher shall not be removed from office except upon written and signed charges by the Superintendent or his/her designee of poor performance, willful neglect of duty, incompetency, dishonesty, immorality, or of being a member of or contributing to any group, organization, movement, or corporation that is by law or injunction prohibited from operating in the state of Louisiana, and then only if furnished with a copy of such written charges and given the opportunity to respond. Dismissal of a teacher with tenure shall be governed by the provisions for discipline of tenured teachers as included in policy GBK, Employee Discipline.

Contract Appointees

Personnel who have entered into promotional employment contracts with the School Board, pursuant to La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:444, may be removed from their positions by non-renewal of their contracts or by termination of their contracts. Contracts may be non-renewed by the School Board for any of the following reasons:

- The Superintendent has recommended against renewal of the contract based on an evaluation of the employee's performance;
- The failure to offer a new contract is based on a cause sufficient to support a mid-contract termination;
- The position in question has been discontinued; or

 The position in question has been eliminated as a result of district reorganization.

In a non-renewal situation, the employee shall not be entitled to a hearing before the School Board.

For mid-contract termination of promotional employment contracts, the employee shall have the right to written charges and a hearing before a disciplinary hearing officer in the manner provided in La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:443. A contract may be terminated if the employee is found guilty of being incompetent or inefficient or is found to have failed to fulfill the terms and performance objectives of his/her contract, or other reasons provided for by state law.

NON-CERTIFICATED EMPLOYEES

Non-Tenured Bus Operators

No bus operator hired after July 1, 2012 shall earn tenure.

A non-tenured bus operator shall be immediately dismissed if he/she is convicted of or has pled nolo contendere to violations of local or existing state law prohibiting operating a vehicle while intoxicated regardless of whether the violation occurred while performing in his/her official capacity as a school bus operator at the time of the offense.

Each school bus operator shall serve a probationary term of three (3) years reckoned from the date of his/her first employment with the School Board. During such probationary term, any bus operator may be dismissed by the School Board upon the written recommendation of the Superintendent. Any bus operator employed on or after July 1, 2012, who has successfully completed his/her probationary term, may be dismissed by the Superintendent after providing such bus operator with written reasons therefor and providing the bus operator with the opportunity to respond. The bus operator shall have seven (7) days to respond, and such response shall be included in the bus operator's personnel file. Regardless of the date of his/her employment, a non-tenured bus operator shall not be entitled to a hearing before the School Board prior to termination.

Tenured Bus Operators

A tenured bus operator may be dismissed for willful neglect of duty, or incompetence, or immorality, or drunkenness while on duty, or failure to comply with requirements of La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:491.3 relative to being arrested for one or more of the specified offenses, or physical disability to perform his/her duties, or failure to keep his/her transfer equipment in a safe, comfortable, and practical operating condition, or of being a member of or contributing to any group, organization, movement, or corporation that is prohibited by law or injunction from operating in the state.

Additional grounds for the removal from office of any school bus operator shall be:

- the abolition, discontinuance, or consolidation of routes, but then only if it is found as a fact, based upon a determination by the Superintendent that it is in the best interests of the school system to abolish, discontinue, or consolidate said route or routes. If abolition, discontinuance, or consolidation of bus routes is approved, the principle of seniority shall apply, so that the last school bus operator hired to serve within the school system to be affected shall be the first to be removed.
- 2. conviction of or plea of nolo contendere to a violation of a parish or municipal ordinance that prohibits operating a vehicle while intoxicated or any of the existing state offenses relative to operating a vehicle while intoxicated, as enumerated in La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:493, regardless of whether the violation occurred while performing in his/her official capacity as a school bus operator at the time of the offense.

A tenured bus operator shall not be removed from his/her position except upon written and signed charges against the bus operator, and the bus operator having been furnished with a copy of such written charges and given the opportunity to respond, in person or in writing, within ten (10) calendar days from written notice of the charges.

The Superintendent shall have ten (10) calendar days to review the school bus operator's response and to provide written notice to the bus operator of the *interim disciplinary action*, which may include placing the bus operator on paid administrative leave. If the bus operator has been arrested for a violation of any of the following: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§14:42 through 14:43.5, §§14:80 through 14:81.5, any other sexual offense affecting minors, any of the crimes provided in La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §15:587.1, or any justified complaint of child abuse or neglect on file in the central registry pursuant to Children's Code Article 615, the administrative leave shall be without pay. Paid administrative leave shall not exceed fifty (50) days from notice of the Superintendent's interim decision.

Within twenty (20) calendar days after written notice of the charges, receipt of the Superintendent's interim disciplinary action, if any, the bus operator may request a hearing before a disciplinary hearing officer, following the hearing procedures for tenured teachers found in policy GBK, Employee Discipline. If the bus operator fails to timely request a hearing, the disciplinary action shall become final.

School Employees

The Superintendent may terminate the employment of any school employee whose dismissal is not governed by the provisions of La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§17:441-446, or by the provisions of La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§17:491-494, or other School Board policy, after providing such employee with the written reasons therefor and providing the employee the opportunity to respond. The employee shall have ten (10) days from the date of the

Superintendent's written reasons for termination to respond, and such response shall be included in the employee's personnel file. If the employee chooses to respond, the Superintendent shall make a final determination regarding dismissal and will send notice thereof to the employee. If no response is received by the Superintendent within ten (10) days from the date of the Superintendent's written reasons for termination, the Superintendent's action shall be considered final with no further review or notice to the employee. If circumstances require immediate removal of an employee from employment the Superintendent may terminate employment without following the above procedure. but the employee will as soon as practicable thereafter be informed of the reasons for termination and be given an opportunity to respond. Such employee may file a request for review of the termination by the Superintendent within ten (10) days from the date of termination. The request shall provide the employee's response to the reasons for termination given by the Superintendent. The Superintendent will respond to the request in writing, and if the employee is fully reinstated, the employee may, in the discretion of the Superintendent, be paid for work time during which he or she was removed from the employment. No employee who is terminated pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph shall be entitled to a hearing before the School Board.

Revised: November, 1985 Revised: December, 1990 Revised: December, 1992 Revised: November, 2003

Combined with GCN: December, 2006

Revised: September, 2010
Revised: October 2, 2012
Revised: October 8, 2013
Revised: September 9, 2014

Revised: February 14, 2017 Revised: December 11, 2018 Revised: February 9, 2021 Revised: August, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§3:3204, 15:587.1, 17:15, 17:16, 17:81.5, 17:442, 17:443, 17:444, 17:492, 17:493, 17:493.1; La. Code of Civil Procedure, Art. 2592; Rouselle v. Plaquemines Parish School Board, 633 So2d 1235 (La. 2/28/94); Board minutes, 2-19-91, 4-20-93, 5-21-96, 6-3-03, 5-11-04, 2-8-11, 10-2-12, 10-8-13, 9-9-14, 2-14-17, 12-11-18, 2-9-21.

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Superintendent's written reasons for termination to respond, and such response shall be included in the employee's personnel file. If the employee chooses to respond, the Superintendent shall make a final determination regarding dismissal and will send notice thereof to the employee. If no response is received by the Superintendent within ten (10) days from the date of the Superintendent's written reasons for termination, the Superintendent's action shall be considered final with no further review or notice to the employee. If circumstances require immediate removal of an employee from employment the Superintendent may terminate employment without following the above procedure. but the employee will as soon as practicable thereafter be informed of the reasons for termination and be given an opportunity to respond. Such employee may file a request for review of the termination by the Superintendent within ten (10) days from the date of termination. The request shall provide the employee's response to the reasons for termination given by the Superintendent. The Superintendent will respond to the request in writing, and if the employee is fully reinstated, the employee may, in the discretion of the Superintendent, be paid for work time during which he or she was removed from the employment. No employee who is terminated pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph shall be entitled to a hearing before the School Board.

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Item #2

Military Leave

Act 373 provides that a teacher whose employment was interrupted by military service be placed, upon return to employment as a teacher, on the step of the salary which he/she would have been placed if his/her employment had not been interrupted. Military service is defined by the Act as service as a member of the United States Armed forces during a war declared by the United States Congress or in a peacetime campaign or expedition for which campaign badges are authorized. Also, additional information has been added to the new statutory language, addressing active duty and participation in the National Guard or military reserves.

MILITARY LEAVE

The Calcasieu Parish School Board shall grant military leave to employees of the Board upon proper submission of application for such leave. Leave with pay for military purposes shall be granted when leave is not to exceed fifteen (15) days in one calendar year. Leave without pay shall be granted when leave is for more than fifteen (15) days. All requests for military leave shall be presented to the Board for approval and must be accompanied by proper documents attesting to call to duty.

An employee on extended military leave (longer than fifteen (15) days) may be required to apply for reinstatement of his/her former position within thirty (30) days after end of leave; the employee shall then be reinstated at the salary then in force in the salary schedule. The Board may transfer the employee to a position of comparable status if, in the opinion of the Board, such action is beneficial to the school system.

ACTIVE DUTY

Any regular employee of the Calcasieu Parish School Board who is serving in the military service or in the armed forces of the United States shall be granted a leave of absence for the period dating from his/her induction, enlistment, enrollment, or call to service. Such leave shall not affect tenure rights acquired prior thereto. An employee, upon return, must apply for reinstatement to the former position within thirty (30) days after discharge or release from active duty.

An employee who is ordered to duty shall notify the immediate supervisor as early as possible so that scheduling arrangements can be made. The employee shall also notify the Human Resources Department within three (3) days of receipt of orders and shall submit to the Human Resources Department a copy of the official orders. While on military leave, employees shall continue to accrue leave and other benefits which they are entitled to receive in their normal assignment.

In the event of a national emergency, the School Board shall pay the employee an amount which when combined with the base pay for military service shall equal but not exceed the employee's regular School Board salary. This arrangement shall remain in effect for the duration of the period of deployment. As long as the employee continues to pay the employee's contribution, the School Board shall continue to pay the employer's contribution to the Teachers' Retirement System or Louisiana School Employees' Retirement System for these employees during the duration of the period of deployment.

The employee also has the option of continuing his/her dependent health insurance coverage by paying the regular monthly dependent coverage provisions.

An individual whose employment as a teacher is interrupted by induction into military service shall be placed, upon return to employment as a teacher, on the step of the salary

schedule that he would have been on if his/her employment had not been interrupted.

Military service means service as a member of the United States Armed Forces during a war declared by the United States Congress or in a peacetime campaign or expedition for which campaign badges are authorized.

RESERVE, NATIONAL GUARD, OR SIMILAR DUTY

All employees of the School Board who are members of the Officers' Reserve Corps of the Army of the United States, the National Guard of the United States, the Naval Reserve Corps, the Marine Corps Reserve, the Air Force Reserve, the Citizens' Military Training Corps, or the Civil Air Patrol, either as officers or enlisted persons, are entitled to a leave of absence without loss of pay, time, annual leave, or efficiency rating, on all days which they are ordered to duty with troops, or at field experiences, or for instruction, not to exceed fifteen (15) days in any one calendar year, and when relieved from duty, are to be restored to the positions held by them when ordered to duty.

As professional educators interested in maintaining excellence in the educational system, it is expected that all teachers shall make every possible effort to schedule such military leaves during vacation periods. This effort shall be considered as one of the specified duties of all teachers.

Except in the event of a declared national emergency, such leave in excess of fifteen (15) days in any one calendar year shall be leave without pay, unless the employee or teacher affected applies for, qualifies for, and is granted one of the other forms of leave provided by the School Board.

Revised: October, 2000 Revised: August, 2022

Ref: 38 USC §4301-4333 (Employment and Re-employment Rights of Members of the Uniformed Services); La. Rev. Stat. Ann. 17:17:423.1,17:1215, 29:401, 29:402, 29:403, 29:404, 29:405, 29:406, 29:407, 29:410, 42:394, 42:401, et seq. 42:402, 42:403; Board minutes, 4-3-01.

MILITARY LEAVE

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they are ordered to duty with troops, or at field experiences, or for instruction, not to exceed fifteen (15) days in any one calendar year, and when relieved from duty, are to be restored to the positions held by them when ordered to duty.

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Item #3

Special Education Advisory Council

Legislation from 2019 mandated that each Superintendent create a Special Education Advisory Council by January 1, 2020 and included statutory requirements for the components of the council. Act 576, effective August 1, 2022, was revised to change the make-up of the council. In addition to changing the percentages of certain members to be included, the Act now mandates that a council shall be comprised of at least eight (8) members. The annual written report of the council which was already mandated is now also to be posted on the School Board's website and reported to the State Department of Education.

SPECIAL EDUCATION ADVISORY COUNCIL

The Superintendent, prior to January 1, 2020, shall create a Calcasieu Parish School Board Special Education Advisory Council, which shall provide advice and recommendations regarding special education policies, procedures, and resources. The council shall also engage in outreach activities to the community at large to increase the level of knowledge, support, and collaboration with respect to special education.

The number of council members and composition of the council shall be determined by the Superintendent. The Superintendent shall appoint the council members in accordance with the following statutory requirements:

- 1 Except as included herein, fifty percent (50%) of the membership shall be parents or legal guardians of students with an exceptionality, other than gifted and talented, who are enrolled in a school under the jurisdiction of or who are receiving special education services from the public school governing authority School Board, none of whom shall be employees of the School Board. One high school student with an exceptionality, other than gifted and talented, and one person who represents an entity that serves students with disabilities or families of students with disabilities and who is not an employee of the School Board may be counted to meet the requirement.
- Twenty five percent (25%) of the membership shall be teachers, principals, or paraprofessionals.
- Twenty five percent (25%) At least ten percent (10%) of the membership shall be other special education stakeholders who are not represented by council members selected under the provisions of 1 and 3 hereof.
- At least one member shall be a teacher, principal, or paraprofessional who serves students with disabilities and who works in a school under the jurisdiction of the School Board.

In selecting council members, an effort shall be made to include parents of students in elementary, middle, and high school grades.

A council should be comprised of at least eight (8) members. If a council has fewer than eight members, the Superintendent shall provide an explanation of his/her decision to establish a council with fewer than eight (8) members. The explanation shall be provided to the council, and the council shall include it as an addendum to the report required below.

The Superintendent shall designate the chairperson of the council. The chairperson shall be responsible for calling the council's meetings, preside over the meetings, and establish

the agendas for the meetings, all in consultation with the Superintendent.

The Special Education Advisory Council shall meet at least three (3) times during a school year. All meetings of the Special Education Advisory Council shall be subject to the same policies and statutory provisions as regular, special, and committee meetings of the School Board. All meetings shall be open to the public, except in those instances allowed as provided by state law. A majority of the committee membership shall constitute a quorum for holding a meeting and making recommendations. Minutes shall be taken of the proceedings of all Special Education Advisory Council meetings. A written report shall be prepared by the Special Education Advisory Council and submitted to the Superintendent in May of each year regarding its activities. The Superintendent shall ensure that the report is posted on the School Board's website, and all such reports shall be submitted to the state Department of Education.

No liability or cause of action against the public school district, public charter school or other public school, or any officer or employee thereof for any action taken by members of the Special Education Advisory Council.

New policy: September 10, 2019

Revised: August, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§17:81, 17:1944.1, 42:12, 42:13, 42:14, 42:15, 42:16, 42:17, 42:19, 42:20 42:24, 42:25; Board minutes, 9-10-19.

SPECIAL EDUCATION ADVISORY COUNCIL

The Calcasieu Parish School Board Special Education Advisory Council shall provide advice and recommendations regarding special education policies, procedures, and resources. The council shall also engage in outreach activities to the community at large to increase the level of knowledge, support, and collaboration with respect to special education.

The number of council members and composition of the council shall be determined by the Superintendent. The Superintendent shall appoint the council members in accordance with the following statutory requirements:

- 1 Except as included herein, fifty percent (50%) of the membership shall be parents or legal guardians of students with an exceptionality, other than gifted and talented. who are enrolled in a school under the jurisdiction of or who are receiving special education services from the School Board, none of whom shall be employees of the School Board. One high school student with an exceptionality, other than gifted and talented, and one person who represents an entity that serves students with disabilities or families of students with disabilities and who is not an employee of the School Board may be counted to meet the requirement.
- 2. At least ten percent (10%) of the membership shall be special education stakeholders who are not represented by council members selected under the provisions of 1 and 3 hereof.
- 3. At least one member shall be a teacher, principal, or paraprofessional who serves students with disabilities and who works in a school under the jurisdiction of the School Board

In selecting council members, an effort shall be made to include parents of students in elementary, middle, and high school grades.

A council should be comprised of at least eight (8) members. If a council has fewer than eight members, the Superintendent shall provide an explanation of his/her decision to establish a council with fewer than eight (8) members. The explanation shall be provided to the council, and the council shall include it as an addendum to the report required below.

The Superintendent shall designate the chairperson of the council. The chairperson shall be responsible for calling the council's meetings, preside over the meetings, and establish the agendas for the meetings, all in consultation with the Superintendent.

The Special Education Advisory Council shall meet at least three (3) times during a school year. All meetings of the Special Education Advisory Council shall be subject to the same

policies and statutory provisions as regular, special, and committee meetings of the School Board. All meetings shall be open to the public, except in those instances allowed as provided by state law. A majority of the committee membership shall constitute a quorum for holding a meeting and making recommendations. Minutes shall be taken of the proceedings of all Special Education Advisory Council meetings. A written report shall be prepared by the Special Education Advisory Council and submitted to the Superintendent in May of each year regarding its activities. The Superintendent shall ensure that the report is posted on the School Board's website, and all such reports shall be submitted to the state Department of Education.

No liability or cause of action against the public school district, public charter school or other public school, or any officer or employee thereof for any action taken by members of the Special Education Advisory Council.

New policy: September 10, 2019

Revised: August, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§17:81, 17:1944.1, 42:12, 42:13, 42:14, 42:15, 42:16, 42:17, 42:19, 42:20 42:24, 42:25; Board minutes, 9-10-19.

Item 4

Public School Choice

Act 533 allows for students to enroll in a "program of choice" in his or her school system without regard to attendance zones under certain conditions. A program of choice is defined as a public high school program that allows a student to concurrently pursue a high school diploma and one of the following: (1) a postsecondary degree, credential, or certificate or (2) a state-registered apprenticeship or preapprenticeship. The program of choice must not be offered at the public high school in which the student was most recently enrolled or would otherwise attend, and the high school and program of choice have the available capacity at the appropriate grade level.

FILE: JBCE



PUBLIC SCHOOL CHOICE

PUBLIC SCHOOL CHOICE

The Calcasieu Parish School Board is required by both Federal law and the Louisiana School Accountability Program to develop and maintain a *Public School Choice* policy for any school with a *School Performance Score* (SPS) below levels set by the Louisiana Board of Elementary and Secondary Education (BESE). *School Choice* allows eligible students to transfer to an academically acceptable school.

Once schools eligible to receive students have been identified, a school-site utilization study shall be conducted as needed in all schools to determine the extent to which capacity exists to possibly accommodate students from schools offering choice, including students with special needs and/or students with disabilities. Only those schools that are labeled academically acceptable shall be considered eligible to receive students.

The Superintendent and staff shall be responsible for developing and managing a School Choice Plan, which shall determine the schools to which students may transfer, which students shall have priority in transferring, and all other regulations and procedures for supervising school choice within the school district.

Notification

Notification of parents of their school choice options shall be sent as early as possible, but not later than the first day of the school year for the schools that are required to offer choice. If there are no choice options available, this information shall be included in the notification sent to parents.

Eligibility of Students

All students in a school required to offer choice shall be eligible to transfer. However, the School Board shall give priority to students from the lowest performing schools.

LOUISIANA PUBLIC SCHOOL CHOICE

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Unless a violation of a court order, the parent or legal guardian of any student may seek to enroll his/her child in the public school of his/her choice, without regard to residence, school system geographic boundaries, or attendance zones, provided that:

- The public school in which the student was most recently enrolled, or would otherwise attend, received a school performance letter grade of D or F for the most recent school year, and
- The school to which the student seeks to enroll received a school performance letter grade of A, B, or C, for the most recent school year, and has sufficient capacity at the appropriate grade level.
- 3. A transfer request was received from the parent between March 1st and end during the second week of May, annually.

As used in this policy, the term "capacity" for each school means that such school has an anticipated enrollment of less than 80% of its optimal total student capacity in the grade in which the student seeks to enroll, provided that a school utilizing portable or modular buildings shall be considered at capacity. Capacity determinations may also be adjusted downward due to COVID-19 social distancing requirements, damage resulting from natural disasters, or other factors of a similar nature.

NOTICE

School choice is governed by the provisions of La. Rev. Stat. §17:4035.1 which may be viewed at https://legis.la.gov/Legis/Law.aspx?d=920128

Prior to March 1 of each year, the School Board shall post on its website a listing of those schools which received a D or F school performance letter grade. Transfer applications which also set out the transfer request process may be obtained at the front desk of the Central Office during normal business hours. School performance data may be accessed at https://www.louisianabelieves.com/resources/library/performance-scores.

OTHER PROVISIONS

Transportation shall not be provided to a student who enrolls in a public school that is located outside the geographic boundaries of the School Board in which

FILE: JBCE

the student resides, if providing such transportation will result in additional cost to the School Board.

The Superintendent shall be authorized to develop pertinent administrative regulations and procedures governing students seeking enrollment under the *Louisiana Public School Choice* section of this policy. Such regulations and procedures shall include entering into interdistrict agreements with other city, parish, or local School Boards to provide for the admission of students, and the transfer of school funds or other payments by one School Board to another for, or on account of, such attendance.

Enrollment under Louisiana Public School Choice shall only be for one school year, or applicable portion thereof if a student enrolls after the start of the school year.

Revised: February 10, 2015

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§17:105, 17:4035.1

Louisiana School, District, and State Accountability System, Bulletin

111, Louisiana Department of Education

Board minutes, 12-7-04, 2-10-15

Calcasieu Parish School Board

Item #5

Child Abuse

Act 180 amended the Child Abuse policy. The Act reflects language that age- and grade- appropriate classroom instruction be provided to all students relative to child assault awareness and prevention, and new language requiring that the instruction include how students may report abuse or assault to the Department of Children and Family Services hotline (and where on the school's website the number for the hotline is located). Each public school is required to post the hotline information in a prominent location on its website.

CHILD ABUSE

The Calcasieu Parish School Board shall endeavor to ensure that all instances of child abuse and/or neglect are reported in accordance with appropriate state and local laws and regulations. Therefore, the School Board directs that all school personnel be informed of their responsibilities under law as mandatory reporters when performing their occupational duties.

Students shall be provided age- and grade-appropriate instruction relative to child assault awareness and prevention, and how students may report abuse or assault to the child protection toll-free hotline operated by the State Department of Children and Family Services, and where students may locate the number for the hotline.

Each public school shall post the hotline number in a prominent location on its website.

DEFINITIONS

Abuse means any one of the following acts which seriously endanger the physical, mental, or emotional health of the child:

- The infliction, attempted infliction, or, as a result of inadequate supervision, the allowance of the infliction or attempted infliction of physical or mental injury upon the child by a parent or any other person.
- 2. The exploitation or overwork of a child by a parent or any other person, including but not limited to commercial sexual exploitation of the child.
- 3. The involvement of the child in any sexual act with a parent or any other person, or the aiding or toleration by the parent, caretaker or any other person of the child's involvement in (i) any sexual act with any other person; (ii) pornographic displays; (iii) any sexual activity constituting a crime under Louisiana law; or (iv) a coerced abortion conducted upon a child. Many state criminal laws prohibit the involvement of a child in sexual activity. By way of example but without limitation, some of these crimes include sexual touching or fondling a child, voyeurism, exposing a child to sexual acts or pornography, permitting a child to perform any sexually immoral acts, sexual intercourse with a child, sexual conduct between an educator and a student, lewd or lascivious acts upon or in the presence of a child, solicitation of sexual conduct from a child, rape, and communication to a child of lewd images or words.

Child, for purposes of child abuse, means a person under eighteen (18) years of age, who prior to juvenile proceedings, has not been judicially emancipated or emancipated by marriage.

A mandatory reporter means any person who provides or assists in the teaching, training, or supervision of a child, including any public or private teacher, teacher's aide,

instructional aide, school principal, school staff member, bus operator, coach, professor, technical or vocational instructor, technical or vocational school staff member, college or university administrator, college or university staff member, social worker, probation officer, foster home parent, group home or other child care institutional staff member, personnel of residential home facilities, a licensed or unlicensed day care provider, or any individual who provides such services to a child in a voluntary or professional capacity.

Neglect means the refusal or willful failure of a parent or caretaker to supply the child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, care, treatment, or counseling for any injury, illness, or condition of the child, as a result of which the child's physical, mental, or emotional health is substantially threatened or impaired. Neglect includes prenatal neglect. In accordance with statutory provisions, the inability of a parent or caretaker to provide for a child due to inadequate financial resources shall not, for that reason alone, be considered neglect. Whenever, in lieu of medical care, a child is being provided treatment in accordance with the tenets of a well-recognized religious method of healing which has a reasonable, proven record of success, the child shall not, for that reason alone, be considered to be neglected or maltreated. However, nothing herein shall prohibit the court from ordering medical services for the child when there is substantial risk of harm to the child's health or welfare.

PROCEDURE FOR REPORTING CHILD ABUSE/NEGLECT

Any mandatory reporter, notwithstanding any claim of privileged communication, who has cause to believe that a child's physical or mental health or welfare is endangered as a result of abuse or neglect, or that abuse or neglect was a contributing factor in a child's death, in accordance with statutory provisions, shall immediately report suspected abuse/neglect in accordance with the following guidelines:

- 1. Reports in which the abuse or neglect is believed to be perpetrated by a parent or caretaker, a person who maintains an interpersonal dating or engagement relationship with the parent or caretaker or a person living in the same residence with the parent or caretaker as a spouse whether married or not, the mandatory reporter shall make the report to the Department of Children and Family Services through the designated state child protection reporting hotline telephone number, via the Department of Children and Family Services Mandated Reporter Portal online, or in person at any child welfare office.
- 2. Reports in which the abuse or neglect is believed to be perpetrated by someone other than a caretaker, a person who maintains an interpersonal dating or engagement relationship with the parent or caretaker, or a person living in the same residence with the parent or caretaker as a spouse whether married or not, and the caretaker is not believed to have any responsibility for the abuse or neglect shall be made immediately to a local or state law enforcement agency.
- Dual reporting to both agencies is permitted.
- 4. A report made to the Department of Children and Family Services by facsimile

does not relieve the reporter of his/her duty to report in accordance with the applicable requirements.

Reporting Procedure

- 1. If the initial report was in oral form, it shall be followed by a written report made within five (5) days via the online Mandated Reporter Portal of the Department of Children and Family Services, or by mail to the centralized intake unit of the Department at the address provided on the website of the Department, or, if necessary, to the local law enforcement agency to whom the initial report was made.
- 2. The report shall contain the following information if known by the reporter:
 - A. The name, address, age, sex, and race of the child.
 - B. The nature, extent, and cause of the child's injuries or endangered condition, including any previous known or suspected abuse to this child or the child's siblings.
 - C. The name and address of the child's parent(s) or other caretaker.
 - D. The names and all the ages of all other members of the child's household.
 - The name and address of the reporter.
 - F. An account of how this child came to the reporter's attention.
 - G. Any explanation of the cause of the child's injury or condition offered by the child, the caretaker, or any other person.
 - H. The number of times the reporter has filed a report on the child or the child's siblings.
 - Any other information which the reporter believes might be important or relevant.
- The report shall also name the person or persons who are thought to have caused or contributed to the child's condition, if known, and the report shall contain the name of such person if he/she is named by the child.
- 4. The reporter shall also immediately notify the principal or his/her designee of the school attended by the child of the fact that a report has been filed and the agency(ies) to which it was reported.

INVESTIGATION OF REPORTS

Admission of the investigator on school premises or access to the child in school shall not be denied by school officials.

ALLEGATION AGAINST SCHOOL EMPLOYEES OR VOLUNTEERS

When an employee is accused of the use of impermissible corporal punishment or moral offenses involving students, the principal shall immediately notify the Superintendent and initiate an investigation (see procedures under policy *GAMC*, *Investigations*). If the offender is a central office employee, or principal, the immediate supervisor will initiate an investigation.

Upon any school employee receiving a report of, or information about, child abuse, against another school employee or volunteer, and the employee receiving said information has cause to believe the truthfulness thereof, the reporting procedure as outlined in this policy shall be followed, depending upon whether the employee or volunteer is considered a caretaker or someone other than a caretaker.

The school employee shall also, as soon as reasonably possible, notify the appropriate immediate supervisor of the accused individual, and that supervisor in turn will as soon as reasonably possible, notify the Superintendent or his/her designee. The Superintendent and the School Board's attorney will determine what appropriate action the school system may take over and above the investigation being conducted by the appropriate state agency. In any incident involving an employee or volunteer which is reported to the Superintendent or designee, the person shall be removed from all activities involving direct contact with students until the matter is resolved.

ALLEGATIONS OF SEXUAL OFFENSES

The Superintendent or his/her designee shall be required to notify the local law enforcement agency of any allegation made by a student of the commission of a sex offense as defined by La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §15:541. Such notification shall be made by the Superintendent or his/her designee within twenty-four (24) hours of the time the student notified the Superintendent or other appropriate personnel. Any school employee who receives information from a student concerning the possible commission of a sexual offense shall immediately comply with the reporting procedure outlined in this policy and inform the Superintendent and/or his/her designee.

CONFIDENTIALITY

The circumstances and information of the initial report, the fact that a report was made to an agency, and the written report shall be held in confidence and shall not be disseminated to third parties other than those persons or agencies designated by this policy or required by state law. Any written report or other written information regarding the report shall be kept in a confidential file separate from the child's routine school records and accessible only by the principal/designee/supervisory employee or by court

order.

INSERVICE TRAINING

At the beginning of each school year, each principal shall provide mandated inservice training for mandatory reporters and other school personnel and volunteers on how to recognize and report suspected child abuse or child neglect. Each employee and volunteer shall sign a form indicating he/she has received and understands the guidelines for reporting child abuse/neglect.

Teaching or child care providers shall be required to complete an online training course provided by the Department of Children and Family Services between June first and August thirty-first annually. A record of completion of the course by the teaching or child care provider shall be provided to and retained by the School Board. The School Board shall retain a list of all teaching or child care providers who have not complied with the training requirements provided by State law.

IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY

Any person who in good faith makes a report, cooperates in any investigation arising as a result of such report, or participates in judicial proceedings authorized under the Louisiana Children's Code shall have immunity from civil or criminal liability that otherwise might be incurred or imposed. This immunity, however, does not extend to (1) a person who participates in or conspires with a participant or an accessory to an offense involving the abuse or neglect of a child; (2) any person who makes a report known to be false or with reckless disregard for the truth of the report.

LIABILITY

The Louisiana Children's Code and Louisiana criminal law provide substantial penalties for mandatory reporters who fail to report facts which would support a reasonable belief that child abuse or neglect has occurred. Additionally, educators or other employees of the Calcasieu Parish School Board who fail or refuse to report child abuse/neglect as provided by law or by this policy may be subject to disciplinary and/or dismissal proceedings for neglect of duty.

Revised: September, 2004
Revised: November, 2007
Revised: February 5, 2013
Revised: September 12, 2017
Revised: December 11, 2018
Revised: August 2020

Revised: August, 2020 Revised: August, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§14:403, 15:539, 15:541, <u>17:81</u>, 17:81.6; La. Children's Code, Title VI, Art. 601, 603, 609, 610; Board minutes, 4-2-93, 5-11-04, 12-7-04, 4-8-08, 2-5-13, 9-12-17, 12-11-18.

CHILD ABUSE

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Students shall be provided age- and grade-appropriate instruction relative to child assault awareness and prevention, and how students may report abuse or assault to the child protection toll-free hotline operated by the State Department of Children and Family Services, and where students may locate the number for the hotline.

Each public school shall post the hotline number in a prominent location on its website.

DEFINITIONS

Abuse means any one of the following acts which seriously endanger the physical, mental, or emotional health of the child:

- The infliction, attempted infliction, or, as a result of inadequate supervision, the allowance of the infliction or attempted infliction of physical or mental injury upon the child by a parent or any other person.
- The exploitation or overwork of a child by a parent or any other person, including but not limited to commercial sexual exploitation of the child.
- The involvement of the child in any sexual act with a parent or any other person, or the aiding or toleration by the parent, caretaker or any other person of the child's involvement in (i) any sexual act with any other person; (ii) pornographic displays; (iii) any sexual activity constituting a crime under Louisiana law; or (iv) a coerced abortion conducted upon a child. Many state criminal laws prohibit the involvement of a child in sexual activity. By way of example but without limitation, some of these crimes include sexual touching or fondling a child, voyeurism, exposing a child to sexual acts or pornography, permitting a child to perform any sexually immoral acts, sexual intercourse with a child, sexual conduct between an educator and a student, lewd or lascivious acts upon or in the presence of a child, solicitation of sexual conduct from a child, rape, and communication to a child of lewd images or words.

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A mandatory reporter means any person who provides or assists in the teaching, training, or supervision of a child, including any public or private teacher, teacher's aide,

instructional aide, school principal, school staff member, bus operator, coach, professor, technical or vocational instructor, technical or vocational school staff member, college or university administrator, college or university staff member, social worker, probation officer, foster home parent, group home or other child care institutional staff member, personnel of residential home facilities, a licensed or unlicensed day care provider, or any individual who provides such services to a child in a voluntary or professional capacity.

Neglect means the refusal or willful failure of a parent or caretaker to supply the child with necessary food, clothing, shelter, care, treatment, or counseling for any injury, illness, or condition of the child, as a result of which the child's physical, mental, or emotional health is substantially threatened or impaired. Neglect includes prenatal neglect. In accordance with statutory provisions, the inability of a parent or caretaker to provide for a child due to inadequate financial resources shall not, for that reason alone, be considered neglect. Whenever, in lieu of medical care, a child is being provided treatment in accordance with the tenets of a well-recognized religious method of healing which has a reasonable, proven record of success, the child shall not, for that reason alone, be considered to be neglected or maltreated. However, nothing herein shall prohibit the court from ordering medical services for the child when there is substantial risk of harm to the child's health or welfare.

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Any mandatory reporter, notwithstanding any claim of privileged communication, who has cause to believe that a child's physical or mental health or welfare is endangered as a result of abuse or neglect, or that abuse or neglect was a contributing factor in a child's death, in accordance with statutory provisions, shall immediately report suspected abuse/neglect in accordance with the following guidelines:

- 1. Reports in which the abuse or neglect is believed to be perpetrated by a parent or caretaker, a person who maintains an interpersonal dating or engagement relationship with the parent or caretaker or a person living in the same residence with the parent or caretaker as a spouse whether married or not, the mandatory reporter shall make the report to the Department of Children and Family Services through the designated state child protection reporting hotline telephone number, via the Department of Children and Family Services Mandated Reporter Portal online, or in person at any child welfare office.
- 2. Reports in which the abuse or neglect is believed to be perpetrated by someone other than a caretaker, a person who maintains an interpersonal dating or engagement relationship with the parent or caretaker, or a person living in the same residence with the parent or caretaker as a spouse whether married or not, and the caretaker is not believed to have any responsibility for the abuse or neglect shall be made immediately to a local or state law enforcement agency.
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- 2. The report shall contain the following information if known by the reporter:
 - A. The name, address, age, sex, and race of the child.
 - B. The nature, extent, and cause of the child's injuries or endangered condition, including any previous known or suspected abuse to this child or the child's siblings.
 - C. The name and address of the child's parent(s) or other caretaker.
 - D. The names and all the ages of all other members of the child's household.
 - E. The name and address of the reporter.
 - F. An account of how this child came to the reporter's attention.
 - G. Any explanation of the cause of the child's injury or condition offered by the child, the caretaker, or any other person.
 - H. The number of times the reporter has filed a report on the child or the child's siblings.
 - Any other information which the reporter believes might be important or relevant.
- The report shall also name the person or persons who are thought to have caused or contributed to the child's condition, if known, and the report shall contain the name of such person if he/she is named by the child.
- 4. The reporter shall also immediately notify the principal or his/her designee of the school attended by the child of the fact that a report has been filed and the agency(ies) to which it was reported.

FILE: JGCE Cf: GAMC, JDA, JG

INVESTIGATION OF REPORTS

Admission of the investigator on school premises or access to the child in school shall not be denied by school officials.

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When an employee is accused of the use of impermissible corporal punishment or moral offenses involving students, the principal shall immediately notify the Superintendent and initiate an investigation (see procedures under policy *GAMC*, *Investigations*). If the offender is a central office employee, or principal, the immediate supervisor will initiate an investigation.

Upon any school employee receiving a report of, or information about, child abuse, against another school employee or volunteer, and the employee receiving said information has cause to believe the truthfulness thereof, the reporting procedure as outlined in this policy shall be followed, depending upon whether the employee or volunteer is considered a caretaker or someone other than a caretaker.

The school employee shall also, as soon as reasonably possible, notify the appropriate immediate supervisor of the accused individual, and that supervisor in turn will as soon as reasonably possible, notify the Superintendent or his/her designee. The Superintendent and the School Board's attorney will determine what appropriate action the school system may take over and above the investigation being conducted by the appropriate state agency. In any incident involving an employee or volunteer which is reported to the Superintendent or designee, the person shall be removed from all activities involving direct contact with students until the matter is resolved.

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The Superintendent or his/her designee shall be required to notify the local law enforcement agency of any allegation made by a student of the commission of a sex offense as defined by La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §15:541. Such notification shall be made by the Superintendent or his/her designee within twenty-four (24) hours of the time the student notified the Superintendent or other appropriate personnel. Any school employee who receives information from a student concerning the possible commission of a sexual offense shall immediately comply with the reporting procedure outlined in this policy and inform the Superintendent and/or his/her designee.

CONFIDENTIALITY

The circumstances and information of the initial report, the fact that a report was made to an agency, and the written report shall be held in confidence and shall not be disseminated to third parties other than those persons or agencies designated by this policy or required by state law. Any written report or other written information regarding the report shall be kept in a confidential file separate from the child's routine school records and accessible only by the principal/designee/supervisory employee or by court

FILE: JGCE Cf: GAMC, JDA, JG

order.

INSERVICE TRAINING

Teaching or child care providers shall be required to complete an online training course provided by the Department of Children and Family Services between June first and August thirty-first annually. A record of completion of the course by the teaching or child care provider shall be provided to and retained by the School Board. The School Board shall retain a list of all teaching or child care providers who have not complied with the training requirements provided by State law.

IMMUNITY FROM LIABILITY

Any person who in good faith makes a report, cooperates in any investigation arising as a result of such report, or participates in judicial proceedings authorized under the Louisiana Children's Code shall have immunity from civil or criminal liability that otherwise might be incurred or imposed. This immunity, however, does not extend to (1) a person who participates in or conspires with a participant or an accessory to an offense involving the abuse or neglect of a child; (2) any person who makes a report known to be false or with reckless disregard for the truth of the report.

LIABILITY

The Louisiana Children's Code and Louisiana criminal law provide substantial penalties for mandatory reporters who fail to report facts which would support a reasonable belief that child abuse or neglect has occurred. Additionally, educators or other employees of the Calcasieu Parish School Board who fail or refuse to report child abuse/neglect as provided by law or by this policy may be subject to disciplinary and/or dismissal proceedings for neglect of duty.

Revised: September, 2004 Revised: November, 2007 Revised: February 5, 2013 Revised: September 12, 2017 Revised: December 11, 2018

Revised: August, 2020 Revised: August, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§14:403, 15:539, 15:541, 17:81, 17:81.6; La. Children's Code, Title VI, Art. 601, 603, 609, 610; Board minutes, 4-2-93, 5-11-04, 12-7-04, 4-8-08, 2-5-13, 9-12-17, 12-11-18.

item #6

Patriotic Organizations

Act 485 cited as the "Patriotic Access of Students in Schools Act" or "PASS Act,". Patriotic organization means a youth group that is listed as a patriotic society in Title 36 of the United States Code. The list includes organizations such as Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, Boys and Girls Clubs, and Big Brothers and Big Sisters. New policy Patriotic Organizations allows patriotic organizations to use public school facilities for student participation in activities at times other than instructional time during the school day. Principals are required to grant representatives of such organizations the opportunity to speak with and recruit students to participate during school hours for the purpose of informing them how the organization may further the students' educational interests and civic involvement. Organizations shall provide verbal or written notice to the principal of intent to speak and proof of liability insurance. The principal shall provide verbal or written approval of the specific day and time.

FILE: LEH Cf: KG

PATRIOTIC ORGANIZATIONS

Any patriotic organization may use any Calcasieu Parish School Board public school building or property for student participation in its activities at times other than instructional time during the school day. *Patriotic organization* means a youth group that is listed as a patriotic society in Title 36 of the United States Code.

Each principal shall grant representatives of any patriotic organization the opportunity to speak with and recruit students to participate in the organization during school hours for the purpose of informing students of how the organization may further the students' educational interests and civic involvement in order to better their schools, their communities, and themselves.

The organization shall provide verbal or written notice to the principal of its intent to speak to the students and submit proof of liability insurance for the organization. The principal shall provide verbal or written approval of the specific day and time for the organization to address the students.

New policy: August, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:2119.

Item #7

Bids and Quotations

Act 204 of the Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature raised the limits for bids on materials and supplies. The Act now provides that the threshold for requiring advertising and let by contract to the lowest responsible bidder from \$30,000, to \$60,000.

Purchases exceeding \$30,000, but lower than \$60,000, shall be made by obtaining quotes, raising the threshold from \$10,000 and \$30,000 respectively.

BIDS AND QUOTATIONS

Public Works

The Calcasieu Parish School Board shall advertise and let by contract, except in cases of emergencies, as provided below, all public work exceeding \$250,000 per project. The contract shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder who has bid according to the contract, plan, and specifications advertised, unless stipulated otherwise by the School Board.

As an evidence of good faith, each bidder for public works project shall attach to its bid, a bid bond, certified check, or cashier's check in an amount equal to five percent (5%) of the bid amount.

When using state or locally generated funds, under no circumstances shall there be a division or separation of any public work project into smaller projects, which division or separation would have the effect of avoiding the requirement that public work be advertised and let by contract to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with statutory provisions.

All advertisements for bids shall appear in the newspaper selected as the official journal for the School Board, except in emergencies as may be declared by the School Board, or designee. The advertisement, when published, shall appear once a week for three (3) different weeks, the first advertisement to appear at least twenty-five (25) days prior to the opening of bids. In addition to newspaper advertisements, the School Board may also publish advertisements and accept bids by electronic media available to the general public in accordance with uniform standards promulgated by the state. In any advertisement, the first publication shall not occur on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

All bids shall be opened in public in the presence of one or more witnesses at the time and place designated in the invitation for bids. Each bid, together with the name of the bidder, shall be recorded and open to public inspection. The Superintendent and/or other appropriate administrators shall review, summarize and report bids to the School Board with recommendations for final action.

Contracts for public works aggregating \$250,000 or less shall be subject to the following:

A. \$10,000 - \$250,000

Contracts for public works aggregating \$10,000.00 or more, but less than \$250,000 shall be made by obtaining no fewer than three (3) documented written, facsimile, or electronic quotations. A written confirmation of the

accepted offers shall be obtained and made part of the purchase file. If quotations lower than the accepted quotation are received, the reasons for their rejection shall be recorded in the purchase file.

B. \$0.00 - \$9,999.99

Competitive quotations may be received at the discretion of the purchasing department head (quotes recommended).

The School Board shall retain the option of requiring all bids that are let out for public works be submitted electronically.

2. Supplies, Materials and Equipment

The School Board shall advertise and let by contract all purchases of supplies, materials and equipment aggregating \$30,000 60,000 or more. All advertisements for bids shall appear in the newspaper selected as the official journal for the School Board. The advertisement, when published, shall appear at least fifteen (15) days prior to the date set forth therein for the opening of bids. In addition, the School Board shall also publish an advertisement by electronic media available to the general public. Notice shall also be given in writing to persons in a position to furnish the supplies, materials and equipment as shown by the purchasing department's records.

When using state or locally generated funds, purchases cannot be divided by departments or by a school if the effect is to evade the state's public bid law. Purchases of commodities that are bought in small but recurring amounts through the year shall be bid on an annual basis.

All bids shall be opened in public in the presence of one or more witnesses, at the time and place designated in the invitation for bids. Each bid, together with the name of the bidder, shall be recorded and open to public inspection.

The School Board may require, as evidence of good faith that each bidder for the purchase of supplies, materials or equipment, attach to its bid a bid bond, certified check or cashier's check in an amount equal to five percent (5%) of the bid amount.

Purchases of supplies, material and equipment aggregating less than \$30,000 60,000 shall be subject to the following:

A. Purchases of \$10,000 30,000 or more, but less than \$30,000 60,000 shall be made by obtaining no fewer than three (3) documented quotations. A written confirmation of the accepted offers shall be obtained and made part of the purchase file. If quotations lower than the accepted quotation are received, the reasons for their rejection shall be recorded in the purchase

file

B. \$0.00 - \$9.999.99 29,999.99 Competitive quotations may be received at the discretion of the purchasing department head (quotes recommended).

The School Board shall retain the option of requiring all bids that are let out for materials and supplies be submitted electronically.

In lieu of formal bids, the School Board may use a *reverse auction* for the purchase of equipment, supplies, and other materials or consulting services, as outlined in policy *DJE*, *Purchasing*.

Bid Award

In order to protect the integrity of the competitive bidding process, the determination of responsiveness by the bidder must be made from the bid documents at the time of the bid opening. Any deviation from or failure to supply information required by the bid documents, may result in the bid being rejected as non-responsive.

The Superintendent and/or other appropriate administrators shall review, summarize and report bids to the School Board with recommendations for bid award unless the School Board grants permission for staff to evaluate, award, and notify the School Board at a later date.

Disqualification of Bidder for Non-Responsibility

If the School Board proposes to disqualify any bidder for non-responsibility (the possibility that the bidder may not satisfactorily fulfill the contract being bid), the School Board shall:

- Give written notice of the proposed disqualification to such bidder, and include in the written notice all reasons for the proposed disqualification;
- Give such bidder, who is proposed to be disqualified, the opportunity to be heard at an informal hearing to be conducted not later than five (5) business days after the issuance of the notice of the proposed disqualification, at which such bidder is afforded the opportunity to refute the reasons for the disqualification; and
- Conduct the informal hearing prior to the award of the public work.

No award of the contract for the public work shall be made by the School Board prior to the expiration of at least five (5) working days following the date of issuance of the written ruling from the informal hearing.

5. Exclusion/Rejection of Bids

The School Board, after the opening of bids, shall require each bidder or bidding entity to attest or submit an attestation that the sole proprietor, partner, incorporator, director, manager, officer, or other like individual who owns at least ten percent (10%) of the bidding entity, has not been convicted of, or has not entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere (no contest) to any of the crimes or equivalent federal crimes listed in La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §38:2227.

In awarding bids or contracts, the School Board shall be authorized to reject the lowest bid from a business in which any individual with ownership interest of five percent (5%) or more has been convicted of, pled guilty or nolo contendere to any a state felony crime or equivalent federal crime committed in the solicitation or execution of a contract or bid under the state laws governing public contracts; professional, personal, consulting, and social services procurement; or the Louisiana Procurement Code.

Any contract between the School Board and a person or entity entered into as a result of fraud, bribery, corruption, or other criminal acts, for which a final conviction has been obtained, shall be null and void.

Any person whose conviction causes the nullity of a contract shall be responsible for payment of all costs, attorney fees, and damages incurred in the rebidding of the contract.

In cases of an emergency or extreme emergency when time is not sufficient to advertise for bids for public works or purchase of materials, the School Board or designee is permitted by law to declare through resolution that a public emergency or extreme public emergency exists and extend a contract for more than the sums mentioned without going out to bid. However, in such cases every effort shall be made by School Board personnel to secure competitive quotations. The accepted quote shall be confirmed and documented in writing. State law permits a person designated by the School Board to declare the existence of an extreme public emergency. This designated person shall be the Superintendent and/or his/her designee. Notices of an emergency or extreme emergency shall be published in the School Board's official journal within ten (10) days of the emergency being certified by the School Board or designee.

An emergency is defined by La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §38:2211 as

"An unforeseen mischance bringing with it destruction or injury of life or property or the imminent threat of such destruction or injury or as the result of an order from any judicial body to take any immediate action which requires construction or repairs absent compliance with the formalities of this Part, where the mischance or court order will not admit of the delay incident to advertising as provided in this

Part."

An extreme public emergency is defined by La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §38:2211 as

"A catastrophic event which causes the loss of ability to obtain a quorum of the members necessary to certify the emergency prior to making the expenditure to acquire materials or supplies or to make repairs necessary for the protection of life, property, or continued function of the public entity."

Revised: November, 1987
Revised: November, 1989
Revised: December, 1991
Revised: December, 1992
Revised: June, 1995
Revised: December, 1995
Revised: November, 1997
Revised: August, 1999
Revised: December, 1999
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Revised: November, 2001
Revised: June, 2002

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Revised: November, 2006
Revised: June, 2010
Revised: November, 2010
Revised: November, 2011
Revised: May, 2017
Revised: February 9, 2021
Revised: May 10, 2022
Revised: August, 2022

Ref: 2 CFR 200 (*Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*), 48 CFR 2.101 (*Definitions*); La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§9:2716, 9:2717, 38:2181, 38:2182, 38:2211, 38:2212, 38:2212.1, 38:2212.9, 38:2214, 38:2218, 38:2227, 38:2241, 38:2251, 38:2271, 39:1551, 39:1552, 39:1553, 39:1554, 39:1554.1, 39:1556, 39:1557, 39:1558, 39:1597, 39:1710; Board minutes, 10-17-89, 3-17-92, 3-7-95, 1-16-96, 5-7-02, 9-17-02, 5-11-04, 2-6-07, 5-11-10, 2-8-10, 2-7-12, 2-9-21, 5-10-22.

BIDS AND QUOTATIONS

Public Works

The Calcasieu Parish School Board shall advertise and let by contract, except in cases of emergencies, as provided below, all public work exceeding \$250,000 per project. The contract shall be awarded to the lowest responsible bidder who has bid according to the contract, plan, and specifications advertised, unless stipulated otherwise by the School Board.

As an evidence of good faith, each bidder for public works project shall attach to its bid, a bid bond, certified check, or cashier's check in an amount equal to five percent (5%) of the bid amount.

When using state or locally generated funds, under no circumstances shall there be a division or separation of any public work project into smaller projects, which division or separation would have the effect of avoiding the requirement that public work be advertised and let by contract to the lowest responsible bidder in accordance with statutory provisions.

All advertisements for bids shall appear in the newspaper selected as the official journal for the School Board, except in emergencies as may be declared by the School Board, or designee. The advertisement, when published, shall appear once a week for three (3) different weeks, the first advertisement to appear at least twenty-five (25) days prior to the opening of bids. In addition to newspaper advertisements, the School Board may also publish advertisements and accept bids by electronic media available to the general public in accordance with uniform standards promulgated by the state. In any advertisement, the first publication shall not occur on a Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday.

All bids shall be opened in public in the presence of one or more witnesses at the time and place designated in the invitation for bids. Each bid, together with the name of the bidder, shall be recorded and open to public inspection. The Superintendent and/or other appropriate administrators shall review, summarize and report bids to the School Board with recommendations for final action.

Contracts for public works aggregating \$250,000 or less shall be subject to the following:

A. \$10.000 - \$250,000

Contracts for public works aggregating \$10,000.00 or more, but less than \$250,000 shall be made by obtaining no fewer than three (3) documented written, facsimile, or electronic quotations. A written confirmation of the

accepted offers shall be obtained and made part of the purchase file. If quotations lower than the accepted quotation are received, the reasons for their rejection shall be recorded in the purchase file.

B. \$0.00 - \$9,999.99

Competitive quotations may be received at the discretion of the purchasing department head (quotes recommended).

The School Board shall retain the option of requiring all bids that are let out for public works be submitted electronically.

Supplies, Materials and Equipment

The School Board shall advertise and let by contract all purchases of supplies, materials and equipment aggregating \$30,000 60,000 or more. All advertisements for bids shall appear in the newspaper selected as the official journal for the School Board. The advertisement, when published, shall appear at least fifteen (15) days prior to the date set forth therein for the opening of bids. In addition, the School Board shall also publish an advertisement by electronic media available to the general public. Notice shall also be given in writing to persons in a position to furnish the supplies, materials and equipment as shown by the purchasing department's records.

When using state or locally generated funds, purchases cannot be divided by departments or by a school if the effect is to evade the state's public bid law. Purchases of commodities that are bought in small but recurring amounts through the year shall be bid on an annual basis.

All bids shall be opened in public in the presence of one or more witnesses, at the time and place designated in the invitation for bids. Each bid, together with the name of the bidder, shall be recorded and open to public inspection.

The School Board may require, as evidence of good faith that each bidder for the purchase of supplies, materials or equipment, attach to its bid a bid bond, certified check or cashier's check in an amount equal to five percent (5%) of the bid amount.

Purchases of supplies, material and equipment aggregating less than \$60,000 shall be subject to the following:

A. Purchases of \$30,000 or more, but less than \$60,000 shall be made by obtaining no fewer than three (3) documented quotations. A written confirmation of the accepted offers shall be obtained and made part of the purchase file. If quotations lower than the accepted quotation are received, the reasons for their rejection shall be recorded in the purchase file.

B. \$0.00 - \$29,999.99 Competitive quotations may be received at the discretion of the purchasing department head (quotes recommended).

The School Board shall retain the option of requiring all bids that are let out for materials and supplies be submitted electronically.

In lieu of formal bids, the School Board may use a *reverse auction* for the purchase of equipment, supplies, and other materials or consulting services, as outlined in policy *DJE*, *Purchasing*.

Bid Award

In order to protect the integrity of the competitive bidding process, the determination of responsiveness by the bidder must be made from the bid documents at the time of the bid opening. Any deviation from or failure to supply information required by the bid documents, may result in the bid being rejected as non-responsive.

The Superintendent and/or other appropriate administrators shall review, summarize and report bids to the School Board with recommendations for bid award unless the School Board grants permission for staff to evaluate, award, and notify the School Board at a later date.

4. Disqualification of Bidder for Non-Responsibility

If the School Board proposes to disqualify any bidder for *non-responsibility* (the possibility that the bidder may not satisfactorily fulfill the contract being bid), the School Board shall:

- Give written notice of the proposed disqualification to such bidder, and include in the written notice all reasons for the proposed disqualification;
- Give such bidder, who is proposed to be disqualified, the opportunity to be heard at an informal hearing to be conducted not later than five (5) business days after the issuance of the notice of the proposed disqualification, at which such bidder is afforded the opportunity to refute the reasons for the disqualification; and
- Conduct the informal hearing prior to the award of the public work.

No award of the contract for the public work shall be made by the School Board prior to the expiration of at least five (5) working days following the date of issuance of the written ruling from the informal hearing.

5. Exclusion/Rejection of Bids

The School Board, after the opening of bids, shall require each bidder or bidding entity to attest or submit an attestation that the sole proprietor, partner, incorporator, director, manager, officer, or other like individual who owns at least ten percent (10%) of the bidding entity, has not been convicted of, or has not entered a plea of guilty or nolo contendere (no contest) to any of the crimes or equivalent federal crimes listed in La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §38:2227.

In awarding bids or contracts, the School Board shall be authorized to reject the lowest bid from a business in which any individual with ownership interest of five percent (5%) or more has been convicted of, pled guilty or nolo contendere to any a state felony crime or equivalent federal crime committed in the solicitation or execution of a contract or bid under the state laws governing public contracts; professional, personal, consulting, and social services procurement; or the Louisiana Procurement Code.

Any contract between the School Board and a person or entity entered into as a result of fraud, bribery, corruption, or other criminal acts, for which a final conviction has been obtained, shall be null and void.

Any person whose conviction causes the nullity of a contract shall be responsible for payment of all costs, attorney fees, and damages incurred in the rebidding of the contract.

In cases of an emergency or extreme emergency when time is not sufficient to advertise for bids for public works or purchase of materials, the School Board or designee is permitted by law to declare through resolution that a public emergency or extreme public emergency exists and extend a contract for more than the sums mentioned without going out to bid. However, in such cases every effort shall be made by School Board personnel to secure competitive quotations. The accepted quote shall be confirmed and documented in writing. State law permits a person designated by the School Board to declare the existence of an extreme public emergency. This designated person shall be the Superintendent and/or his/her designee. Notices of an emergency or extreme emergency shall be published in the School Board's official journal within ten (10) days of the emergency being certified by the School Board or designee.

An emergency is defined by La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §38:2211 as

"An unforeseen mischance bringing with it destruction or injury of life or property or the imminent threat of such destruction or injury or as the result of an order from any judicial body to take any immediate action which requires construction or repairs absent compliance with the formalities of this Part, where the mischance or court order will not admit of the delay incident to advertising as provided in this

Part."

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"A catastrophic event which causes the loss of ability to obtain a quorum of the members necessary to certify the emergency prior to making the expenditure to acquire materials or supplies or to make repairs necessary for the protection of life, property, or continued function of the public entity."

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Revised: June, 2010
Revised: November, 2010
Revised: November, 2011
Revised: May, 2017
Revised: February 9, 2021
Revised: May 10, 2022
Revised: August, 2022

Ref: 2 CFR 200 (*Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*), 48 CFR 2.101 (*Definitions*); La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§9:2716, 9:2717, 38:2181, 38:2182, 38:2211, 38:2212, 38:2212.1, 38:2212.9, 38:2214, 38:2218, 38:2227, 38:2241, 38:2251, 38:2271, 39:1551, 39:1552, 39:1553, 39:1554, 39:1554.1, 39:1556, 39:1557, 39:1558, 39:1597, 39:1710; Board minutes, 10-17-89, 3-17-92, 3-7-95, 1-16-96, 5-7-02, 9-17-02, 5-11-04, 2-6-07, 5-11-10, 2-8-10, 2-7-12, 2-9-21, 5-10-22.

Item 8

School Bus Scheduling and Routing

Act 640 removed certain restrictions requiring the loading and unloading of students on shoulders of the roads when near their homes. Bus operators shall be prohibited from loading or unloading students at or near their homes while the bus is in a lane of traffic unless the bus is in the lane farthest to the right side of the road so that there is not a lane of traffic between the bus and the right-side curb or other edge of the road.

SCHOOL BUS SCHEDULING AND ROUTING

The Calcasieu Parish School Board shall provide school bus transportation for all students living more than one mile from the school that they are assigned to attend. Students living within one mile of the school may be allowed to ride a school bus when the School Board determines that conditions exist to warrant such transportation. Other students may be provided with school bus transportation in accordance with regulations of the Louisiana Department of Education.

A reasonable time shall be established for each route and the bus operator shall be expected to adhere to this schedule. By the same token, students shall be expected to be at their respective bus stop when the bus arrives. Once a bus route has been established, the bus operator shall not alter or change assigned routes without order of the Superintendent or his/her designee. Any bus operator who feels a road is unsafe or dangerous shall report such dangerous condition to the Superintendent or his/her designee, and the bus operator may be allowed not to travel the road with the prior approval of the Transportation Administrator, until the Superintendent or his/her designee determines said road is safe or improved, or the situation has been rectified.

Buses must be routed so that no more than one bus will travel the same route, except in cases of definite apparent necessity. Each scheduled route will be planned in full consideration of the established limits for individual schools.

During inclement weather, bus operators may make more frequent stops.

LOADING AND UNLOADING OF STUDENTS

The loading and unloading of students onto and from school buses being utilized to transport students shall be conditional on the following:

- Bus operators shall be prohibited from loading or unloading students at 1. school while the bus is in a traffic lane of any type of street as defined in state law and require that students be loaded or unloaded on a shoulder. in a school parking lot, or at other appropriate off-road location at the school as determined by the School Board. This requirement shall not apply if the shoulder of a municipal road is the only available alternative and the municipality has not made the shoulder available by designating that area for loading and unloading students during designated school zone hours.
- Bus operators shall be prohibited from loading or unloading students at or 2. near their homes while the bus in in a traffic lane of any type of street as defined by state law and it shall be required that students be loaded or unloaded on a shoulder, unless the School Board determines the unloading on a shoulder is less safe for the student. However, if there is no shoulder.

or if the shoulder is determined to be less safe, a bus operator may load and unload a student while the bus is in a lane of traffic but only if unless the bus is in the lane farthest to the right side of the road so that there is not a lane of traffic between the bus and the right-side curb or other edge of the road.

3. Bus operators shall be prohibited from loading or unloading a student in a location on a divided highway such that a student, in order to walk between the bus and his/her home or school, would be required to cross a roadway of the highway on which traffic is not controlled by the visual signals on the school bus.

Street or highway means the entire width between the boundary lines of every way or place of whatever nature publicly maintained and open to the use of the public for the purpose of vehicular travel, including bridges, causeways, tunnels, and ferries.

New Policy: October 5, 2010 Revised: December 8, 2015

Revised: July, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. "17:158, 32:1; Board minutes, 10-5-10, 12-8-15.

SCHOOL BUS SCHEDULING AND ROUTING

The Calcasieu Parish School Board shall provide school bus transportation for all students living more than one mile from the school that they are assigned to attend. Students living within one mile of the school may be allowed to ride a school bus when the School Board determines that conditions exist to warrant such transportation. Other students may be provided with school bus transportation in accordance with regulations of the Louisiana Department of Education.

A reasonable time shall be established for each route and the bus operator shall be expected to adhere to this schedule. By the same token, students shall be expected to be at their respective bus stop when the bus arrives. Once a bus route has been established, the bus operator shall not alter or change assigned routes without order of the Superintendent or his/her designee. Any bus operator who feels a road is unsafe or dangerous shall report such dangerous condition to the Superintendent or his/her designee, and the bus operator may be allowed not to travel the road with the prior approval of the Transportation Administrator, until the Superintendent or his/her designee determines said road is safe or improved, or the situation has been rectified.

Buses must be routed so that no more than one bus will travel the same route, except in cases of definite apparent necessity. Each scheduled route will be planned in full consideration of the established limits for individual schools.

During inclement weather, bus operators may make more frequent stops.

LOADING AND UNLOADING OF STUDENTS

The loading and unloading of students onto and from school buses being utilized to transport students shall be conditional on the following:

- Bus operators shall be prohibited from loading or unloading students at school while the bus is in a traffic lane of any type of street as defined in state law and require that students be loaded or unloaded on a shoulder, in a school parking lot, or at other appropriate off-road location at the school as determined by the School Board. This requirement shall not apply if the shoulder of a municipal road is the only available alternative and the municipality has not made the shoulder available by designating that area for loading and unloading students during designated school zone hours.
- Bus operators shall be prohibited from loading or unloading students at or near their homes while the bus is in a lane of traffic unless the bus is in the lane farthest to the right side of the road so that there is not a lane of traffic between the bus and the right-side curb or other edge of the road.

3. Bus operators shall be prohibited from loading or unloading a student in a location on a divided highway such that a student, in order to walk between the bus and his/her home or school, would be required to cross a roadway of the highway on which traffic is not controlled by the visual signals on the school bus.

Street or highway means the entire width between the boundary lines of every way or place of whatever nature publicly maintained and open to the use of the public for the purpose of vehicular travel, including bridges, causeways, tunnels, and ferries.

New Policy: October 5, 2010 Revised: December 8, 2015

Revised: July, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. "17:158, 32:1; Board minutes, 10-5-10, 12-8-15.

Item 9

Equal Opportunity Employment, Equal Education Opportunities, Employee Dress Code, Student Dress Code

Four policy revisions are recommend based on the passage of Act 529. The Act prohibits discrimination based on natural, protective, or cultural hairstyle. Natural, protective, or cultural hairstyle is defined as including, but is not limited to, afros, dreadlocks, twists, locs, braids, cornrow braids, Bantu knots, curls, and hair styled to protect hair texture or for cultural significance.

FILE: GAAA Cf: GAEAA, GAMC Cf: JCED, JCED-AP

EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYMENT

It is the policy of the Calcasieu Parish School Board that no person in the school district shall, on the basis of age, race, color, disability, religion, national origin, <u>natural</u>, <u>protective</u>, <u>or cultural hairstyle</u>, sex, or similar personal distinction be denied the benefits of, or be subject to discrimination in regard to employment, retention, promotion, transfer, evaluation, or dismissal in any educational program or activity under the jurisdiction of the School Board.

The Superintendent and/or his/her representative shall investigate any and all complaints of prohibited discriminatory action. When School Board Policies do not provide the method by which or to whom complaints are to be made, complaints may be submitted to either the School Board's Chief Operating Officer or to the Chief Academic Officer, 3310 Broad Street, Lake Charles, Louisiana 70615, (337) 217-4008. Except with respect to allegations of sexual harassment of students, employees, and applicants for admission or employment, the investigation shall be in accordance with the procedures set forth in School Board policy GAMC, Investigations. Sexual harassment investigation procedures are contained in policies JCED, Title IX and Sexual Harassment, and JCED-AP, Title IX and Sexual Harassment Administrative Procedures.

Revised: March 9, 2021 Revised: July, 2022

Ref: U.S. Constitution, Amend. XIV, Sec. 1; 20 USC 1681 et seq.; 29 USC 621 et seq.; 42 USC 2003-1 to 1017; <u>La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:111; Griggs v. Duke Power Company</u>, 91 S.Ct. 849 (1979); <u>Singleton v. Jackson Municipal Separate School District</u>, 419 F.2d 1211 (5th Cir. 1979); Board minutes, 3-9-21.

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EQUAL OPPORTUNITY EMPLOYMENT

It is the policy of the Calcasieu Parish School Board that no person in the school district shall, on the basis of age, race, color, disability, religion, national origin, natural, protective, or cultural hairstyle, sex, or similar personal distinction be denied the benefits of, or be subject to discrimination in regard to employment, retention, promotion, transfer, evaluation, or dismissal in any educational program or activity under the jurisdiction of the School Board.

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FILE: JAA

EQUAL EDUCATION OPPORTUNITIES

It shall be the policy of the Calcasieu Parish School Board that the school district shall place an equal emphasis upon the nondiscriminatory provision of educational opportunities for children and no person shall be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or subject to discrimination in any education program or activity on the basis of race, color, disability, religion, national origin, natural, protective, or cultural hairstyle, age, or sex. All programs offered by schools within the school district shall be open to all students in compliance with statutory and judicial requirements.

The Superintendent and/or his/her representative shall investigate any and all complaints of prohibited discriminatory action. When School Board policies do not provide the method by which or to whom complaints are to be made, complaints may be submitted to either the School Board's Chief Operating Officer or to the Chief Academic Officer, 3310 Broad Street, Lake Charles, Louisiana 70615, (337) 217-4008. Except with respect to allegations of sexual harassment of students, employees, and applicants for admission or employment, the investigation shall be in accordance with the procedures set forth in School Board policy GAMC, Investigations. Sexual harassment investigation procedures are contained in policies JCED, Title IX and Sexual Harassment, and JCED-AP, Title IX and Sexual Harassment Administrative Procedures.

Revised: March 9, 2021 Revised: July, 2022

Ref: 20 USC 1401 et seq.; 20 USC 1681 et seq.; 29 USC 621 et seq.; 29 USC 794; 42 USC 1983; 42 USC 2000c (1-9); 42 USC 2000d (1-6); La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:111; Singleton v. Jackson Municipal Separate School District, 419 F.2d 1211 (5th Cir. 1969); San Antonio Independent School District v. Rodriguez, 93 S.Ct. 1278 (1973); Ross v. Moffitt, 94 S.Ct. 437 (1974); Regents of University of California v. Bakke, 98 S.Ct. (1978); Board minutes, 3-9-21.

FILE: JAA

EQUAL EDUCATION OPPORTUNITIES

It shall be the policy of the Calcasieu Parish School Board that the school district shall place an equal emphasis upon the nondiscriminatory provision of educational opportunities for children and no person shall be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or subject to discrimination in any education program or activity on the basis of race, color, disability, religion, national origin, natural, protective, or cultural hairstyle, age, or sex. All programs offered by schools within the school district shall be open to all students in compliance with statutory and judicial requirements.

The Superintendent and/or his/her representative shall investigate any and all complaints of prohibited discriminatory action. When School Board policies do not provide the method by which or to whom complaints are to be made, complaints may be submitted to either the School Board's Chief Operating Officer or to the Chief Academic Officer, 3310 Broad Street, Lake Charles, Louisiana 70615, (337) 217-4008. Except with respect to allegations of sexual harassment of students, employees, and applicants for admission or employment, the investigation shall be in accordance with the procedures set forth in School Board policy GAMC, Investigations. Sexual harassment investigation procedures are contained in policies JCED, Title IX and Sexual Harassment, and JCED-AP, Title IX and Sexual Harassment Administrative Procedures.

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Ref: 20 USC 1401 et seq.; 20 USC 1681 et seq.; 29 USC 621 et seq.; 29 USC 794; 42 USC 1983; 42 USC 2000c (1-9); 42 USC 2000d (1-6); La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:111; Singleton v. Jackson Municipal Separate School District, 419 F.2d 1211 (5th Cir. 1969); San Antonio Independent School District v. Rodriguez, 93 S.Ct. 1278 (1973); Ross v. Moffitt, 94 S.Ct. 437 (1974); Regents of University of California v. Bakke, 98 S.Ct. (1978); Board minutes, 3-9-21.

EMPLOYEE DRESS CODE

The Calcasieu Parish School Board recognizes that teachers and administrators have traditionally upheld high standards of professionalism, including that of appropriate, professional attire. In accordance with that tradition, the Calcasieu Parish School Board embraces the following standards as they relate to employee dress.

DRESS AND PERSONAL GROOMING

Employees on a daily basis shall dress as professionals, in businesslike attire in order to set a good example for co-employees, students and the general public. Employee dress and grooming shall not detract from the learning/educational environment of students' participation in classes, school programs or other school-related activities. Extremes in style and fit in employee dress and extremes in style of grooming shall not be permitted. Administrators shall be authorized to use their discretion in determining extremes in styles of dress and grooming and what is appropriate and suitable for School Board employees. No employee shall wear, possess, use, distribute, display, or sell any clothing, jewelry, emblem, blade, symbols, sign, or other things which are affiliated with drugs, alcohol, violence, or gang-related activities. Policies regarding dress and grooming stress the importance of reducing distractions that inhibit learning and are addressed in an attempt to enhance the learning environment.

The School Board shall not discriminate against an employee on the basis of a natural, protective or cultural hairstyle. Natural, protective, or cultural hairstyle shall include, but is not limited to, afros, dreadlocks, twists, locs, braids, cornrow braids, Bantu knots, curls, and hair styled to protect hair texture or for cultural significance.

GUIDELINES FOR EMPLOYEES, INCLUDING SUBSTITUTES

Women

Acceptable	Unacceptable
Sleeveless dresses or tops	Bare midriff tops, spaghetti straps or tank tops
Undergarments must be worn and not showing	See-through or tight-fitting tops/pants/skirts **
Pants (belts if loops), pantsuits	Blue denim jeans (except on designated "spirit" or "casual" days
Skirts/dresses/jumpers/culottes/ split skirts (no shorter than 2" above knee)	Stonewashed/faded/frayed/holes in jeans

Cropped pants/capris

Windsuits/sweatsuits/jogging suits/overalls/

shorts/skorts

Blazer or jacket, optional School-related tee-shirts Leggings/tights/spandex (as pants)
Low necklines/suggestive clothing

Shirts (blouses must be tucked in or at an appropriate length so as not to expose the midriff at any time Tee-shirts

Pierced ears

Visible body piercing/facial piercing other than

ears

Distracting tattoos **

Thongs/flip-flops/crocs/shower shoes/slippers

Caps (indoors)

Men

Acceptable

Unacceptable

Slacks/trousers/dress pants (belt, if loops, or suspenders worn at waist)

Blue denim jeans (except designated "spirit" or "casual" days)

Shirts: polo, oxford, sweater

Sleeveless shirts/tank tops/tee-shirts

2.76

Stonewashed/faded/frayed/holes in jeans

Blazer, jacket or ties optional

School-related tee-shirts

Windsuits/sweatsuits/jogging suits/overalls/

shorts

Tight-fitting tops/pants **

Pierced ears

Visible body piercing/facial piercing other than

ears

Distracting tattoos **

Caps (indoors)

^{**} Discretion of Supervisor

Exceptions

- "Spirit or "casual days are as announced or designated by the principal.
- 2. T&I teachers or agriculture and industrial arts teachers may wear denim jeans
- Scrubs may be worn only by those working with medically impaired students and Pre-K elementary teachers and aides through grade 5.
- Physical Education Teachers

Physical education teachers may wear windsuits and walking shorts/coaching shorts (no shorter than 2" above the knee.) Stretch shorts/short shorts and tee shirts are unacceptable. Physical education instructors attire is only acceptable in gym and during physical education classes. If a physical education instructor teaches any other class during the day, he/she will change clothes or cover clothing.

Support Personnel

Support personnel will dress according to their job description requirements with approval of the principal/immediate supervisor.

Clerical workers/secretaries/aides, and others who work with children and/or inside the school plant, central office or other central locations will comply with the certified dress code.

Cafeteria workers will follow the policy designed by Food Service.

Bus operators/bus aides may wear jeans or knee-length shorts with tee-shirts due to the heat. They must wear shoes secured to their feet by either ties or straps.

Custodial employees may wear jeans and tee-shirts during the school year.

Tee-shirts may not have profane/suggestive/obscene/language or pictures or advertising of alcohol, drug paraphernalia, or illegal substances or be political in nature.

Warehouse, custodial, and maintenance employees must wear close-toed shoes, and knee-length shorts are optional during summer months.

CONSEQUENCES FOR DRESS CODE VIOLATIONS

1st violation Documented conference with employee and immediate supervisor, an evaluation form be placed in employee school folder

2nd violation Documented conference with employee, Immediate supervisor and

school folder and Personnel folder in Personnel department

3rd violation Administrative hearing held with employee, immediate supervisor,

appropriate Personnel Supervisor and Assistant Superintendent - make

recommendation to the Superintendent which could lead to termination

New policy: October, 2010

Revised: July, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§17:81, 23:332; Board minutes, 7-13-10.

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Skirts/dresses/jumpers/culottes/ split skirts (no shorter than 2" above knee)	Stonewashed/faded/frayed/holes in jeans

Cropped pants/capris

Windsuits/sweatsuits/jogging suits/overalls/

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Blazer or jacket, optional School-related tee-shirts Leggings/tights/spandex (as pants) Low necklines/suggestive clothing

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Tee-shirts

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Visible body piercing/facial piercing other than

ears

Distracting tattoos **

Thongs/flip-flops/crocs/shower shoes/slippers

Caps (indoors)

Men

Acceptable

Unacceptable

Slacks/trousers/dress pants (belt, if loops, or suspenders worn at waist)

Blue denim jeans (except designated "spirit" or

"casual" days)

Shirts: polo, oxford, sweater

Sleeveless shirts/tank tops/tee-shirts

Blazer, jacket or ties optional

Stonewashed/faded/frayed/holes in jeans

School-related tee-shirts

Windsuits/sweatsuits/jogging suits/overalls/

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Tight-fitting tops/pants **

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Caps (indoors)

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FILE: JCDB

STUDENT DRESS CODE

Guidelines for acceptable, normal, good grooming should be taught and enforced in the home by the parents as part of their responsibility in training their children for responsible citizenship.

All students are expected to be responsible in their dress and grooming by avoiding extremes and manifesting self-discipline with regards to these regulations. Cooperation of parents is expected.

The policy of the Calcasieu Parish School Board shall be that no mode of attire shall be considered proper for school wear that distracts or disrupts classroom and school decorum. The School Board feels it is the responsibility of each student to use good judgment in one's total appearance so that the attention of others is not distracted from the purpose of school. Cleanliness shall be a basic consideration. For health and safety reasons, students must wear shoes to school.

DRESS AND PERSONAL GROOMING

Student dress and grooming are not to adversely affect the students' participation in classes, school programs, other school-related activities or detract from the learning environment of the school. Extremes in style and fit in student dress and extremes in style of grooming will not be permitted. Administrators are authorized to use their discretion in determining extremes in styles of dress and grooming and what is appropriate and suitable for school wear. No student shall wear, possess, use, distribute, display or sell any clothing, jewelry, emblem, blade, symbols, sign or other things which are evidence of affiliation with drugs, alcohol, violence or gang related activities or exhibits profane or obscene language/gestures. Policies regarding dress and grooming stress the importance of reducing distractions that inhibit learning and are addressed as an attempt to enhance the learning environment.

The School Board shall not exclude a student on account of a natural, protective or cultural hairstyle. Natural, protective, or cultural hairstyle shall include, but is not limited to, afros, dreadlocks, twists, locs, braids, cornrow braids, Bantu knots, curls, and hair styled to protect hair texture or for cultural significance.

In questions regarding student dress and grooming, the principal or his/her designee of each school shall make the final decision as to what is considered proper or improper dress according to the guidelines provided.

NOTIFICATION

The School Board shall notify the parent or guardian of each student of the dress code specifications and their effective date. The dress code shall be distributed in written form

FILE: JCDB

or posted on the school's website annually.

If the School Board modifies the existing uniform policy, it shall notify, in writing, the parent or guardian of each student of the policy adoption or uniform policy modification at least sixty (60) days prior to the effective date of the new or revised policy. Each school shall display any uniform selected for a reasonable period prior to the proposed effective date for wearing of the uniform.

However, nothing shall prohibit the School Board from requiring a new or revised dress code or uniform policy without the required notice in the event of an emergency. For the purposes of this policy, *emergency* shall mean an actual or imminent threat to health or safety which may result in loss of life, injury, or property damage.

BODY ARMOR

It shall be unlawful and against School Board policy for any student or non-student to wear or possess on his/her person, at any time, body armor on any School Board property, school campus, at a school-sponsored function, on a school bus or other school transportation, or in a firearm-free zone, with limited exceptions as enumerated in La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §14:95.9, which includes permitting a student to wear, carry, or possess a backpack on school property or a school bus that has bullet-resistant metal or other material intended to provide protection from weapons or bodily injury.

School-sponsored functions shall include, but not be limited to, athletic competitions, dances, parties, or any extracurricular activities. A firearm-free zone means any area inclusive of any school campus and within 1,000 feet of any such school campus, and within a school bus, wherein the possession of firearms is prohibited, except as specifically set forth in La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§14:95.2(C) and 14:95.6(B).

Body armor shall mean bullet-resistant metal or other material intended to provide protection from weapons or bodily injury.

The School Board shall notify all students of the provisions of this policy.

SCHOOL UNIFORMS

Students attending Pre-K-12 schools in Calcasieu Parish shall be required to wear official school uniforms. Uniforms shall be the same for all schools, as follows:

 Uniform shirts will be white, hunter green or navy blue polo/golf style shirts (short or long sleeves with a collar) or shirts that button down the front with a collar. No emblem, logo, decoration, or decorative trim is allowed. High school and middle school administrators have the option to choose a uniform shirt in one of the school's colors.

FILE: JCDB

 White, hunter green or navy blue, turtlenecks with no emblem, logo, decoration, or decorative trim are acceptable. Turtlenecks can be worn separately or under uniform shirt.

- T-shirts (solid white, hunter green, or navy blue) will be allowed under the uniform shirt.
- Spirit shirt/club shirt may be worn on day/s determined by the school administrator.
- Administrators may option to have students wear the official school logo on the school's designated shirt.
- Shirts must be tucked in at all times.
- Khaki (shades may vary) or navy blue pants, skirts, shorts, skorts, or jumpers must be uniform style and color (no blue jeans, no corduroy or wind-suit materials, no sweat pants, no stretch pants or leggings, no spandex, no baggy pants, no bell-bottoms, no carpenter or cargo styles, no hip-huggers, no side-knee pockets). Emblems, logos, or decorations are not allowed.
- Shorts and skorts must measure (front and back) no shorter than three inches above the knee and no longer than mid-knee. Skirts and jumpers must measure no shorter than three inches above the knee.
- Belts should be black, brown, navy blue, hunter green, or khaki with no emblem, logo or decoration and must be worn with slacks and shorts that are designed to have belt loops. Belts must be visible and worn around the waist. Belts are optional for pre-k, kindergarten, and first grade students.
- Socks (or stockings for girls) are required and should be hunter green, navy blue, khaki, black, or white with no emblem, logo or decoration and must cover ankle and be visible. Middle and high school students are not required to wear socks or stockings with sandals.
- Appropriate shoes must be worn and not include thongs. Sandals are not allowed in elementary grades.
- Acceptable outerwear for classroom is limited to include sweater, sweater vest, sweatshirt, and light jacket. During class time, jackets are to remain open, not zipped or buttoned. Colors for classroom outerwear include khaki, navy blue, hunter green and white. No emblem, logo, or decoration is allowed on classroom outerwear. The uniform shirt must be worn under outerwear.

 Heavy coats and jackets worn to and from school and/or outdoors are not restricted, but recommended to colors of navy blue, white, khaki and hunter green.

 No headwear shall be worn on campus with the exception of knit caps in extremely cold weather.

Other Dress Code Regulations:

- Prohibited items include bandannas, hair rollers, extremes in hair styles, psychedelic hair colors, lines, letters, or designs shaved in the head.
- Sunglasses, nose rings, visible body piercing, and excessive or inappropriate jewelry are prohibited.
- Prohibited items include excessive and inappropriate makeup, painted faces, inappropriate tattoos, and stick-on tattoos.
- Clothing worn is not to be suggestive or indecent.
- Clothing, jewelry, and general appearance are not to be of the type that would cause a disturbance or distract or interfere with the instructional programs.
- Clothing, jewelry, and general appearance are to be such as not to constitute a health or safety hazard.

Principals may declare spirit or club days and allow students to wear school spirit shirts, or dress up days (i.e., when school pictures are scheduled) or allow students to wear other uniforms such as Boy Scouts, Girl Scouts, cheerleaders, band, chorus, etc. Other questions about uniforms should be referred first to the school authorities, then to the central office staff.

DRESS CODE VIOLATIONS

All Pre-K - 12 schools in Calcasieu Parish shall strive to achieve full compliance of the Dress Code Policy and should resort to disciplinary measures only when positive measures fail. Students who violate the dress code shall be disciplined in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct.

A student enrolled in grades prekindergarten through five shall not be suspended or expelled from school or suspended from riding on any school bus for a uniform violation that is not tied to willful disregard of school policies.

EXEMPTIONS

Parent(s) or guardian(s) may request an exemption from the School Uniform Policy by submitting a written request to the school principal. Exemptions may be granted for religious reasons, medical reasons, or other justifiable reasons.

Revised: June, 1999

Revised: August, 2010

Revised: December 8, 2015

Revised: September, 2000 Revised: June 14, 2016
Revised: September, 2001 Revised: September 11, 2018

Revised: September, 2001 Revised: September 11, 2018 Revised: July, 2002 Revised: July, 2022

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- Shirts must be tucked in at all times.
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- Sunglasses, nose rings, visible body piercing, and excessive or inappropriate jewelry are prohibited.
- Prohibited items include excessive and inappropriate makeup, painted faces, inappropriate tattoos, and stick-on tattoos.
- Clothing worn is not to be suggestive or indecent.
- Clothing, jewelry, and general appearance are not to be of the type that would cause a disturbance or distract or interfere with the instructional programs.
- Clothing, jewelry, and general appearance are to be such as not to constitute a health or safety hazard.

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Item 10

Bullying and Hazing

Act 697 requires each elementary and high school to institute a program to prohibit and prevent bullying. The Act: defines bullying; requires employees and volunteers to be made aware of their responsibilities regarding bullying; and provides a reporting process, disciplinary measures, remedies, and procedures for investigating and failure to act. The specifics of the program requirements and a new section on failure to act have been added to the policy.

BULLYING AND HAZING

The Calcasieu Parish School Board is committed to maintaining a safe, orderly, civil and positive learning environment so that no student is subject to bullying, hazing, or similar behavior while in school or participating in school-related activities. Students and their parents or legal guardians shall be notified that the school, school bus, and all other school environments are to be safe and secure for all. Therefore, all statements or actions of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior made on campus, at school-sponsored activities, or events, on school buses, at school bus stops, and on the way to and from school shall not be tolerated. Even if made in a joking manner, these statements or actions of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior towards other students or school personnel shall be unacceptable.

All students, teachers, and other school employees shall take responsible measures within the scope of their individual authority to prevent violations of this policy.

BULLYING

Bullying shall mean:

- A pattern of any one or more of the following:
 - Gestures, including but not limited to obscene gestures and making faces.
 - B. Written, electronic, or verbal communications, including but not limited to calling names, threatening harm, taunting, malicious teasing, or spreading untrue rumors. Electronic communication includes but is not limited to a communication or image transmitted by email, instant message, text message, blog, or social networking website through the use of a telephone, mobile phone, pager, computer, or other electronic device.
 - C. Physical acts, including but not limited to hitting, kicking, pushing, tripping, choking, damaging personal property, or unauthorized use of personal property.
 - D. Repeatedly and purposefully shunning or excluding from activities.
- Where the pattern of behavior as enumerated above is exhibited toward a student, more than once, by another student or group of students and occurs, or is received by, a student while on school property, at a school-sponsored or school-related function or activity, in any school bus or van, at any designated school bus stop, in any other school bus or any other school or private vehicle used to transport students to and from schools, or any school-sponsored activity or event.
- 3. The pattern of behavior as provided above must shall have the effect of physically

harming a student, placing the student in reasonable fear of physical harm, damaging a student's property, placing the student in reasonable fear of damage to the student's property, or <u>must shall</u> be sufficiently severe, persistent, and pervasive enough to either create an intimidating or threatening educational environment, have the effect of substantially interfering with a student's performance in school, or have the effect of substantially disrupting the orderly operation of the school.

Each elementary and secondary school shall institute a program to prohibit and prevent bullying. The program shall:

- 1. Define bullying as provided above.
- Ensure each student, each student's parent or legal guardian, and each school administrator, teacher, counselor, bus operator, school employee, and volunteer is aware of his/her duties and responsibilities relative to preventing and stopping bullying.
- 3. Provide for a process for reporting and investigating alleged incidents of bullying.
- 4. Provide for appropriate discipline of a student found guilty of bullying.
- 5. Provide for appropriate remedies for a student found to have been bullied.
- Provide for procedures for investigating and reporting each school administrator, teacher, counselor, bus operator, and school employee for failure to act as provided.

HAZING

Hazing shall mean any knowing behavior, whether by commission or omission, of any student to encourage, direct, order, or participate in any activity which subjects another student to potential physical, mental, or psychological harm for the purpose of initiation or admission into, affiliation with, continued membership in, or acceptance by existing members of any organization or extracurricular activity at a public elementary or secondary school, whether such behavior is planned or occurs on or off school property, including any school bus and school bus stop. Hazing does not mean any adult-directed and school-sanctioned athletic program practice or event or military training program.

Any solicitation to engage in hazing, and the aiding and abetting another person who engages in hazing shall be prohibited. The consent, stated or implied, of the hazing victim shall not be a defense in determining disciplinary action.

NOTICE TO STUDENTS AND PARENTS

The School Board shall inform each student, orally and in writing, at the required orientation conducted at the beginning of each school year, of the prohibition against bullying, hazing, or similar behavior of a student by another student; the nature and consequences of such actions; including the potential criminal consequences and loss of driver's license, and the proper process and procedure for reporting any incidents involving such prohibited actions. A copy of the written notice shall also be delivered to each student's parent or legal guardian.

REPORTING

The principal or his/her designee shall be authorized to receive complaints alleging violation of this policy. All employees, parents, volunteers, or any other school personnel shall report alleged violations to the principal or his/her designee. Any written or oral report of an act of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior shall be considered an official means of reporting such act(s). Complaints, reports, and investigative reports of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior shall remain *confidential*, with limited exception of state or federal law.

The reporting of incidents of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior shall be made on the Bullying Report form, which shall include an affirmation of truth. Any bullying, hazing, or similar behavior report submitted, regardless of recipient, shall use this form, but additional information may be provided. The form shall be available on the website of each public elementary and secondary school.

Students and Parents

Any student who believes that he/she has been, or is currently, the victim of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior, or any student, or any parent or <u>legal</u> guardian, who witnesses bullying, hazing, or similar behavior or has good reason to believe bullying, hazing, or similar behavior is taking place, may report the situation to a school official, who in turn shall report the situation to the principal or his/her designee. A student, or parent or <u>legal</u> guardian, may also report concerns regarding bullying, hazing, or similar behavior to a teacher, counselor, other school employee, or to any <u>parent chaperoning or chaperone</u> supervising a school function or activity. Any report shall remain *confidential*.

School Personnel

Any school employee, whether full- or part-time, and any parent/volunteer chaperoning or chaperone supervising a school function or activity, who witnesses or learns of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior from a student or parent, immediately shall report the incident to the principal or his/her designee. Verbal reports shall be submitted by the employee or parent/volunteer chaperone on the same day as the employee or parent/volunteer chaperone witnessed or otherwise learned of the incident, and a written report shall be filed no later than two (2) days thereafter.

All other members of the school community, including students, parents or legal guardians, volunteers, and visitors shall be encouraged to report any act that may be a violation of this policy to the principal or his/her designee.

False Reports

Intentionally making false reports about bullying, hazing, or similar behavior to school officials shall be prohibited conduct and shall result in appropriate disciplinary measures as determined by the School Board.

INVESTIGATION PROCEDURE

Investigations of any reports of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior of a student shall be in accordance with the following:

Timing

The school shall begin an investigation of any complaint that is properly reported and that alleges the prohibited conduct the next business or school day after the report is received by the principal or his/her designee. The investigation shall be completed as expeditiously as possible, but not later than ten (10) school days after the date the written report of the incident is submitted to the principal or his/her designee. If additional information is received after the end of the ten-day period, the school principal or his/her designee shall amend all documents and reports required to reflect such information.

Scope of Investigation

An investigation shall include documented interviews of the reporter, the alleged victim, the alleged bully or offender, and any witnesses, and shall include obtaining oral, visual or written evidence, including, but not limited to statements, writings, recordings, electronic messages, and photographs. Interviews shall be conducted privately, separately, and confidentially. Unless necessary for the purpose of the investigation, the alleged offender and alleged victim shall not be interviewed together.

The principal or his/her designee shall collect and evaluate all facts using the Bullying Investigation form.

Parental Notification

Upon receiving a report of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior, the school shall notify the parents or legal guardians of the alleged offender and the alleged victim each involved student no later than the following business or school day. Delivery of notice to the parents or legal guardians by an involved student shall not constitute the required parental notice.

Before any student under the age of eighteen (18) is interviewed, his/her parent or legal guardian shall be notified by the principal or his/her designee of the allegations made and shall have the opportunity to attend any interviews with their child conducted as part of the investigation.

All meetings with the parents or legal guardians of the alleged victim and the parents or legal guardians of the alleged offender perpetrator shall be in compliance with the following:

- A. Separate meetings shall be held with the parents or legal guardians of the alleged victim and the parents or legal guardians of the alleged <u>offender</u> <u>perpetrator</u>.
- B. Parents or legal guardians of the alleged victim and of the alleged <u>offender</u> <u>perpetrator</u> shall be informed of the potential consequences, penalties, and counseling options.

In any case where a teacher, principal, or other school employee is authorized to require the parent or legal guardian of a student who is under the age of eighteen (18) and not judicially emancipated or emancipated by marriage to attend a conference or meeting regarding the student's behavior and, after notice, the parent, tutor, or legal guardian willfully refuses to attend, the principal or his/her designee shall file a complaint, pursuant to Louisiana Children's Code, Article 730 or 731, with a court exercising juvenile jurisdiction. The principal may also file a complaint on the grounds the student is a truant or has willfully and repeatedly violated school rules, or any other applicable ground when, in his/her judgment, doing so is in the best interests of the student.

Documentation

At the conclusion of an investigation of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior, and after meeting with the parents or legal guardians of each involved student, the principal or his/her designee or School Board shall:

- A. Prepare a written report containing the findings of the investigation, including input from <u>the involved</u> students' parents or legal guardians, and the decision by the principal or his/her designee or school system official. The document shall be placed in the school records of <u>both students each involved students</u>.
- B. Promptly notify the reporter/complainant of the findings of the investigation and whether remedial action has been taken, if such release of information does not violate the law.
- Keep reports/complaints and investigative reports confidential, except where disclosure is required to be made by applicable federal laws, rules,

or regulations or by state law.

- Maintain reports/complaints and investigative reports for three (3) years.
- E. As applicable, provide a copy of any reports and investigative documents to the School Board for disciplinary measures, or to the Louisiana Department of Education, as necessary.
- F. As applicable, provide a copy of any reports and investigative documents to the appropriate law enforcement officials.

During the pendency of an investigation, the school district may take immediate steps, at its discretion, to protect the alleged victim, students, teachers, administrators or other school personnel pending completion of the investigation.

Handling Evidence

Whenever an employee/administrator receives notice of a bullying or hazing, or similar behavior, any physical evidence of the act/communication shall be secured in the building administrator's office with as little physical contact as possible. If the act/communication is in the form of graffiti, the area shall be sealed off by the building administrator. Photographs shall be taken as soon as possible. Student/public exposure shall be as minimal as possible. Graffiti shall not be removed until law enforcement has properly examined the area.

APPEAL

If the school principal or his/her designee does not take timely and effective action in any bullying incident, the student, parent or legal guardian, or school employee may report, in writing, the incident to the School Board. The School Board shall begin an investigation of any properly reported complaint that alleges prohibited conduct the next business day during which school is in session after the report is received by the School Board.

If the School Board does not take timely and effective action, the student, parent or legal guardian, or other school employee may report any bullying incident to the Louisiana Department of Education.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION

Once a report has been received at a school, and a school principal or his/her designee has determined that an act of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior has occurred, and after having met with the parent or legal guardian of the student involved, the principal or his/her designee, or applicable school official shall take prompt and appropriate disciplinary action against the student, and report criminal conduct to law enforcement. Counseling and/or other interventions may also be recommended.

FILE: JCDAF Cf: EBBB, EFA, JAA Cf: JCD, JCDAG, JCED

Students may be disciplined for off-campus bullying, hazing, or similar behavior the same as if the improper conduct occurred on campus, if the actions of the offender substantially interfere with the education opportunities or educational programs of the student victim and/or adversely affects the ability of the student victim to participate in or benefit from the school's education programs or activities.

PARENTAL RELIEF

If a parent, legal guardian, teacher, or other school official has made four (4) or more reports of separate instances of bullying, and no investigation pursuant to state law or this policy has occurred, the parent or legal guardian of the alleged victim may request that the student be transferred to another school operated by the School Board.

Such request shall be filed with the Superintendent. Upon receipt of the request to transfer the student to another school, the School Board shall make a seat available at another school under its jurisdiction within ten (10) school days of the parent or legal guardian's request for a transfer. If the School Board has no other school under its jurisdiction serving the grade level of the <u>alleged</u> victim, within fifteen (15) school days of receiving the request, the Superintendent shall:

- Inform the student and his/her parent or legal guardian and facilitate the student's enrollment in a statewide virtual school.
- Offer the student a placement in a full-time virtual program or virtual school under the School Board's jurisdiction.
- Enter into a memorandum of understanding with the Superintendent or director of another governing authority to secure a placement and provide for the transfer of the student to a school serving the grade level of the student, in accordance with statutory provisions.

If no seat or other placement is made available within thirty (30) calendar days of the receipt of the request by the Superintendent, the parent or legal guardian may request a hearing with the School Board, which shall be public or private at the option of the parent or legal guardian. The School Board shall grant the hearing at the next scheduled meeting or within sixty (60) calendar days, whichever is sooner.

At the end of any school year, the parent or legal guardian may make a request to the School Board to transfer the student back to the original school. The School Board shall make a seat available at the original school that the student attended. No other schools shall qualify for transfer under this provision.

FAILURE TO ACT

Any teacher, counselor, bus operator, administrator, or other school employee, whether full- or part-time, who witnesses bullying or who receives a report of bullying from an

alleged victim, and who fails to report the incident to a school official shall be investigated by the School Board. Upon finding a reasonable expectation that the individual failed to act, the School Board shall suspend the individual without pay. The length of the suspension shall be determined by the School Board based on the severity of the bullying inflicted on the victim. The School Board shall report each finding of a failure to report and the length of suspension issued to each employee who failed to report to the State Department of Education.

Any school administrator or official who fails to notify a parent or legal guardian of a report of bullying, timely investigate a report of bullying, take prompt and appropriate disciplinary action against a student that was determined to have engaged in bullying, or report criminal conduct to the appropriate law enforcement official shall be investigated by the School Board. Upon finding a reasonable expectation that the individual failed to act, the School Board shall suspend the individual without pay. The length of the suspension shall be determined by the School Board based on the severity of the bullying inflicted on the victim. The School Board shall report each finding of a failure to report bullying and the length of suspension issued to the employee who failed to report to the State Department of Education. The report shall be submitted by August first annually.

TRAINING

The School Board shall provide a minimum of four (4) hours of training for all new employees who have contact with students and two (2) hours of training each subsequent year for all school employees who have contact with students, including bus drivers, with respect to bullying, in accordance with state statutory provisions.

RETALIATION

Retaliation against any person who reports bullying, hazing, or similar behavior in good faith, who is thought to have reported such conduct, who files a complaint, or who otherwise participates in an investigation or inquiry concerning allegations of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior is prohibited conduct and subject to disciplinary action.

CHILD ABUSE

The provisions of this policy shall not be interpreted to conflict with or supersede the provisions requiring mandatory reporting pursuant to Louisiana Children's Code, Art. 609 and as enforced through La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §14:403.

Revised: July, 2004 Revised: July, 2022

Revised: August, 2010 Revised: November, 2012 Revised: October 8, 2013 Revised: December 11, 2018

Ref: 20 USC 1232(g-i), (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act); La. Rev. Stat. Ann. "14:40.3, 14:40.7, 14:40.8, 14:403, 17:105, 17:105.1, 17:183, 17:416, 17:416.1, 17:416.13, 17:416.14; La. Children's Code, Art. 609, 730, 731; Davis v. Monroe County Board of Education, 119 S. Ct. 1661 (1991); Board minutes, 8-5-03, 12-7-04, 10-5-10, 2-5-13, 10-8-13, 12-11-18.

BULLYING AND HAZING

The Calcasieu Parish School Board is committed to maintaining a safe, orderly, civil and positive learning environment so that no student is subject to bullying, hazing, or similar behavior while in school or participating in school-related activities. Students and their parents or legal guardians shall be notified that the school, school bus, and all other school environments are to be safe and secure for all. Therefore, all statements or actions of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior made on campus, at school-sponsored activities, or events, on school buses, at school bus stops, and on the way to and from school shall not be tolerated. Even if made in a joking manner, these statements or actions of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior towards other students or school personnel shall be unacceptable.

All students, teachers, and other school employees shall take responsible measures within the scope of their individual authority to prevent violations of this policy.

BULLYING

Bullying shall mean:

- A pattern of any one or more of the following:
 - A. Gestures, including but not limited to obscene gestures and making faces.
 - B. Written, electronic, or verbal communications, including but not limited to calling names, threatening harm, taunting, malicious teasing, or spreading untrue rumors. *Electronic communication* includes but is not limited to a communication or image transmitted by email, instant message, text message, blog, or social networking website through the use of a telephone, mobile phone, pager, computer, or other electronic device.
 - C. Physical acts, including but not limited to hitting, kicking, pushing, tripping, choking, damaging personal property, or unauthorized use of personal property.
- D. Repeatedly and purposefully shunning or excluding from activities.
- Where the pattern of behavior as enumerated above is exhibited toward a student, more than once, by another student or group of students and occurs, or is received by, a student while on school property, at a school-sponsored or school-related function or activity, at any designated school bus stop, in any other school bus or any other school or private vehicle used to transport students to and from schools, or any school-sponsored activity or event.
- 3. The pattern of behavior as provided above shall have the effect of physically

harming a student, placing the student in reasonable fear of physical harm, damaging a student's property, placing the student in reasonable fear of damage to the student's property, or shall be sufficiently severe, persistent, and pervasive enough to either create an intimidating or threatening educational environment, have the effect of substantially interfering with a student's performance in school, or have the effect of substantially disrupting the orderly operation of the school.

Each elementary and secondary school shall institute a program to prohibit and prevent bullying. The program shall:

- Define bullying as provided above.
- Ensure each student, each student's parent or legal guardian, and each school administrator, teacher, counselor, bus operator, school employee, and volunteer is aware of his/her duties and responsibilities relative to preventing and stopping bullying.
- Provide for a process for reporting and investigating alleged incidents of bullying.
- 4. Provide for appropriate discipline of a student found guilty of bullying.
- 5. Provide for appropriate remedies for a student found to have been bullied.
- Provide for procedures for investigating and reporting each school administrator, teacher, counselor, bus operator, and school employee for failure to act as provided.

HAZING

Hazing shall mean any knowing behavior, whether by commission or omission, of any student to encourage, direct, order, or participate in any activity which subjects another student to potential physical, mental, or psychological harm for the purpose of initiation or admission into, affiliation with, continued membership in, or acceptance by existing members of any organization or extracurricular activity at a public elementary or secondary school, whether such behavior is planned or occurs on or off school property, including any school bus and school bus stop. Hazing does not mean any adult-directed and school-sanctioned athletic program practice or event or military training program.

Any solicitation to engage in hazing, and the aiding and abetting another person who engages in hazing shall be prohibited. The consent, stated or implied, of the hazing victim shall not be a defense in determining disciplinary action.

NOTICE TO STUDENTS AND PARENTS

The School Board shall inform each student, orally and in writing, at the required

orientation conducted at the beginning of each school year, of the prohibition against bullying, hazing, or similar behavior of a student by another student; the nature and consequences of such actions; including the potential criminal consequences and loss of driver's license, and the proper process and procedure for reporting any incidents involving such prohibited actions. A copy of the written notice shall also be delivered to each student's parent or legal guardian.

REPORTING

The principal or his/her designee shall be authorized to receive complaints alleging violation of this policy. All employees, parents, volunteers, or any other school personnel shall report alleged violations to the principal or his/her designee. Any written or oral report of an act of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior shall be considered an official means of reporting such act(s). Complaints, reports, and investigative reports of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior shall remain *confidential*, with limited exception of state or federal law.

The reporting of incidents of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior shall be made on the Bullying Report form, which shall include an affirmation of truth. Any bullying, hazing, or similar behavior report submitted, regardless of recipient, shall use this form, but additional information may be provided. The form shall be available on the website of each public elementary and secondary school.

Students and Parents

Any student who believes that he/she has been, or is currently, the victim of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior, or any student, or any parent or legal guardian, who witnesses bullying, hazing, or similar behavior or has good reason to believe bullying, hazing, or similar behavior is taking place, may report the situation to a school official, who in turn shall report the situation to the principal or his/her designee. A student, or parent or legal guardian, may also report concerns regarding bullying, hazing, or similar behavior to a teacher, counselor, other school employee, or to any chaperone supervising a school function or activity. Any report shall remain confidential.

School Personnel

Any school employee, whether full- or part-time, and any chaperone supervising a school function or activity, who witnesses or learns of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior, immediately shall report the incident to the principal or his/her designee. Verbal reports shall be submitted by the employee or chaperone on the same day as the employee or chaperone witnessed or otherwise learned of the incident, and a written report shall be filed no later than two (2) days thereafter.

All other members of the school community, including students, parents or legal guardians, volunteers, and visitors shall be encouraged to report any act that may be a violation of this policy to the principal or his/her designee.

False Reports

Intentionally making false reports about bullying, hazing, or similar behavior to school officials shall be prohibited conduct and shall result in appropriate disciplinary measures as determined by the School Board.

INVESTIGATION PROCEDURE

Investigations of any reports of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior of a student shall be in accordance with the following:

Timing

The school shall begin an investigation of any complaint that is properly reported and that alleges the prohibited conduct the next business or school day after the report is received by the principal or his/her designee. The investigation shall be completed as expeditiously as possible, but not later than ten (10) school days after the date the written report of the incident is submitted to the principal or his/her designee. If additional information is received after the end of the ten-day period, the school principal or his/her designee shall amend all documents and reports required to reflect such information.

Scope of Investigation

An investigation shall include documented interviews of the reporter, the alleged victim, the alleged bully or offender, and any witnesses, and shall include obtaining oral, visual or written evidence, including, but not limited to statements, writings, recordings, electronic messages, and photographs. Interviews shall be conducted privately, separately, and confidentially. Unless necessary for the purpose of the investigation, the alleged offender and alleged victim shall not be interviewed together.

The principal or his/her designee shall collect and evaluate all facts using the Bullying Investigation form.

Parental Notification

Upon receiving a report of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior, the school shall notify the parent or legal guardian of each involved student no later than the following business or school day. Delivery of notice to the parents or legal guardians by an involved student shall **not** constitute the required parental notice.

Before any student under the age of eighteen (18) is interviewed, his/her parent or legal guardian shall be notified by the principal or his/her designee of the allegations made and shall have the opportunity to attend any interviews with their child conducted as part of the investigation.

All meetings with the parents or legal guardians of the alleged victim and the parents or legal guardians of the alleged perpetrator shall be in compliance with the following:

- A. Separate meetings shall be held with the parents or legal guardians of the alleged victim and the parents or legal guardians of the alleged perpetrator.
- B. Parents or legal guardians of the alleged victim and of the alleged perpetrator shall be informed of the potential consequences, penalties, and counseling options.

In any case where a teacher, principal, or other school employee is authorized to require the parent or legal guardian of a student who is under the age of eighteen (18) and not judicially emancipated or emancipated by marriage to attend a conference or meeting regarding the student's behavior and, after notice, the parent, or legal guardian willfully refuses to attend, the principal or his/her designee shall file a complaint, pursuant to Louisiana Children's Code, Article 730 or Article 731, with a court exercising juvenile jurisdiction. The principal may also file a complaint on the grounds the student is a truant or has willfully and repeatedly violated school rules, or any other applicable ground when, in his/her judgment, doing so is in the best interests of the student.

Documentation

At the conclusion of an investigation of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior, and after meeting with the parents or legal guardians of each involved student, the principal or his/her designee or School Board shall:

- A. Prepare a written report containing the findings of the investigation, including input from the involved students' parents or legal guardians, and the decision by the principal or his/her designee or school system official. The document shall be placed in the school records of each involved student.
 - B. Promptly notify the reporter/complainant of the findings of the investigation and whether remedial action has been taken, if such release of information does not violate the law.
 - C. Keep reports/complaints and investigative reports confidential, except where disclosure is required to be made by applicable federal laws, rules, or regulations or by state law.
 - D. Maintain reports/complaints and investigative reports for three (3) years.
 - E. As applicable, provide a copy of any reports and investigative documents to the School Board for disciplinary measures, or to the Louisiana

Department of Education, as necessary.

F. As applicable, provide a copy of any reports and investigative documents to the appropriate law enforcement officials.

During the pendency of an investigation, the school district may take immediate steps, at its discretion, to protect the alleged victim, students, teachers, administrators or other school personnel pending completion of the investigation.

Handling Evidence

Whenever an employee/administrator receives notice of a bullying or hazing, or similar behavior, any physical evidence of the act/communication shall be secured in the building administrator's office with as little physical contact as possible. If the act/communication is in the form of graffiti, the area shall be sealed off by the building administrator. Photographs shall be taken as soon as possible. Student/public exposure shall be as minimal as possible. Graffiti shall not be removed until law enforcement has properly examined the area.

APPEAL

If the school principal or his/her designee does not take timely and effective action in any bullying incident, the student, parent or legal guardian, or school employee may report, in writing, the incident to the School Board. The School Board shall begin an investigation of any properly reported complaint that alleges prohibited conduct the next business day during which school is in session after the report is received by the School Board.

If the School Board does not take timely and effective action, the student, parent or legal guardian, or other school employee may report any bullying incident to the Louisiana Department of Education.

DISCIPLINARY ACTION

Once a report has been received at a school, and a school principal or his/her designee has determined that an act of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior has occurred, and after having met with the parent or legal guardian of the student involved, the principal or his/her designee, or applicable school official shall take prompt and appropriate disciplinary action against the student, and report criminal conduct to law enforcement. Counseling and/or other interventions may also be recommended.

Students may be disciplined for off-campus bullying, hazing, or similar behavior the same as if the improper conduct occurred on campus, if the actions of the offender substantially interfere with the education opportunities or educational programs of the student victim and/or adversely affects the ability of the student victim to participate in or benefit from the school's education programs or activities.

PARENTAL RELIEF

If a parent, legal guardian, teacher, or other school official has made four (4) or more reports of separate instances of bullying, and no investigation pursuant to state law or this policy has occurred, the parent or legal guardian of the alleged victim may request that the student be transferred to another school operated by the School Board.

Such request shall be filed with the Superintendent. Upon receipt of the request to transfer the student to another school, the School Board shall make a seat available at another school under its jurisdiction within ten (10) school days of the parent or legal guardian's request for a transfer. If the School Board has no other school under its jurisdiction serving the grade level of the alleged victim, within fifteen (15) school days of receiving the request, the Superintendent shall:

- Inform the student and his/her parent or legal guardian and facilitate the student's enrollment in a statewide virtual school.
- Offer the student a placement in a full-time virtual program or virtual school under the School Board's jurisdiction.
- Enter into a memorandum of understanding with the Superintendent or director of another governing authority to secure a placement and provide for the transfer of the student to a school serving the grade level of the student, in accordance with statutory provisions.

If no seat or other placement is made available within thirty (30) calendar days of the receipt of the request by the Superintendent, the parent or legal guardian may request a hearing with the School Board, which shall be public or private at the option of the parent or legal guardian. The School Board shall grant the hearing at the next scheduled meeting or within sixty (60) calendar days, whichever is sooner.

At the end of any school year, the parent or legal guardian may make a request to the School Board to transfer the student back to the original school. The School Board shall make a seat available at the original school that the student attended. No other schools shall qualify for transfer under this provision.

FAILURE TO ACT

Any teacher, counselor, bus operator, administrator, or other school employee, whether full- or part-time, who witnesses bullying or who receives a report of bullying from an alleged victim, and who fails to report the incident to a school official shall be investigated by the School Board. Upon finding a reasonable expectation that the individual failed to act, the School Board shall suspend the individual without pay. The length of the suspension shall be determined by the School Board based on the severity of the bullying inflicted on the victim. The School Board shall report each finding of a failure to report and the length of suspension issued to each employee who failed to report to the State Department of Education.

Any school administrator or official who fails to notify a parent or legal guardian of a report of bullying, timely investigate a report of bullying, take prompt and appropriate disciplinary action against a student that was determined to have engaged in bullying, or report criminal conduct to the appropriate law enforcement official shall be investigated by the School Board. Upon finding a reasonable expectation that the individual failed to act, the School Board shall suspend the individual without pay. The length of the suspension shall be determined by the School Board based on the severity of the bullying inflicted on the victim. The School Board shall report each finding of a failure to report bullying and the length of suspension issued to the employee who failed to report to the State Department of Education. The report shall be submitted by August first annually.

TRAINING

The School Board shall provide a minimum of four (4) hours of training for all new employees who have contact with students and two (2) hours of training each subsequent year for all school employees who have contact with students, including bus drivers, with respect to bullying, in accordance with state statutory provisions.

RETALIATION

Retaliation against any person who reports bullying, hazing, or similar behavior in good faith, who is thought to have reported such conduct, who files a complaint, or who otherwise participates in an investigation or inquiry concerning allegations of bullying, hazing, or similar behavior is prohibited conduct and subject to disciplinary action.

CHILD ABUSE

The provisions of this policy shall not be interpreted to conflict with or supersede the provisions requiring mandatory reporting pursuant to Louisiana Children's Code, Art. 609 and as enforced through La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §14:403.

Revised: July, 2004 Revised: July, 2022

Revised: August, 2010 Revised: November, 2012 Revised: October 8, 2013 Revised: December 11, 2018

Ref: 20 USC 1232(g-i), (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act); La. Rev. Stat. Ann. "14:40.3, 14:40.7, 14:40.8, 14:403, 17:105, 17:105.1, 17:183, 17:416, 17:416.1, 17:416.13, 17:416.14; La. Children's Code, Art. 609, 730, 731; Davis v. Monroe County Board of Education, 119 S. Ct. 1661 (1991); Board minutes, 8-5-03, 12-7-04, 10-5-10, 2-5-13, 10-8-13, 12-11-18.

Item 11

Discipline, Expulsion

Among the many technical changes of Act 374 were minor wording changes.

These changes have been included in the Discipline and Expulsion policies.

Example: The word **must** has been changed to **shall** in both policies.

FILE: JD

Cf: BD, IDDF, IHAD, JBE Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

DISCIPLINE

It is the purpose of the Calcasieu Parish School Board to operate the schools in a manner that will provide an orderly process of education and that will provide for the welfare and safety of all students who attend these schools. The school's primary goal is to educate. not discipline; however, when the behavior of the individual student comes in conflict with rights of others, corrective actions may be necessary both for the benefit of that individual and the school as a whole.

The Calcasieu Parish School Board shall endeavor to address student behavior with a focus on evidence-based interventions and supports, and to prioritize classroom- and school-based interventions in lieu of out-of-school disciplinary removals to address student misconduct in order to minimize the loss of academic instructional time. Every teacher and other school employee shall endeavor to hold each accountable for his/her behavior in school, or on the playgrounds of the school, on any school bus, on the street or while going to or returning from school, during intermission or recess, or at any school sponsored activity or function.

To assist the teacher, the School Board shall establish regulations for the use of disciplinary measures within the schools and continually monitor and appraise their usefulness. Discipline shall be administered uniformly, consistently, and in a nondiscriminatory manner, in accordance with the School Board's Student Code of Conduct

Principals shall have both the authority and the duty to take disciplinary action whenever the behavior of any student(s) materially interferes with or substantially disrupts the maintenance of a proper atmosphere for learning within the classroom or other parts of the school. However, no student shall be disciplined in any manner by the School Board or school administrator, teacher, or other school employee for the use of force upon another person when it can be reasonably concluded that the use of such force more probably than not was committed solely for the purpose of preventing a forcible offense against the student or a forcible offense provided that the force used must shall be reasonable and apparently necessary to prevent such offense. A student who is the aggressor or who brings on a difficulty cannot claim the right stated above to defend himself/herself

Each teacher may take disciplinary action to correct a student who violates school rulesor who interferes with an orderly education process. The disciplinary action taken by the teacher shall be in accordance with such regulations and procedures established by the School Board.

Disciplinary action by a school employee may include, but is not limited to:

FILE: JD Cf: BD, IDDF, IHAD, JBE Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

- Oral or written reprimands.
- Referral for a counseling session which shall include but shall not be limited to conflict resolution, social responsibility, family responsibility, peer mediation, and stress management.
- Written notification of parents of disruptive or unacceptable behavior, a copy of which shall be provided to the principal.
- Other disciplinary measures approved by the principal and faculty of the school and in compliance with School Board policy.

VIRTUAL INSTRUCTION

The School Board has made virtual classes available to students in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Such virtual instruction may be continued thereafter and when school is closed due to inclement weather, disasters, and other emergencies. The provisions of this Policy and those of all student handbooks and codes of conduct shall be applicable to misconduct, whether on-campus, during virtual instruction, on a school bus, on the streets to and from school, or at a school event or activity.

The School Board has extended its on-campus conduct expectations to the virtual classroom, with a few modifications that factor in the home setting. Conduct that is unacceptable and which would lead to the imposition of discipline in the regular classroom is typically unacceptable in the virtual classroom as well. Regardless of the model of instruction, student conduct is governed by La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:416 and the Student Code of Conduct and/or Student Handbook. At the same time, for alleged misconduct which occurs during virtual instruction, school-based administrators shall consider the need for maintaining order and appropriate conduct, the school's interest being impacted, and the student's and family's right to privacy and constitutional rights while at home or in a location that is not school property.

A student and his family shall not waive their constitutional rights by electing virtual instruction. At the same time, students engaging in virtual instruction shall insure that, prior to logging into and during any virtual classroom, the view from their location is free of any object, writing, picture, or other display which, if possessed on school buses, in the classroom, or on school property, would subject the student to disciplinary action.

Students are cautioned that the virtual classroom is for instruction and for engaging with peers and teachers for educational purposes. Students must not handle or display items, toys, messages, images, or personal property or engage in conduct unrelated to the lessons taking place. Students who engage in conduct in the virtual classroom that violates the *Student Code of Conduct* and this Virtual Discipline policy may be subject to discipline in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct and this policy.

FILE: JD Cf: BD, IDDF, IHAD, JBE Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

The following non-exclusive list of behaviors are prohibited in the virtual classroom and may result in disciplinary action:

- Bullying and/or cyberbullying
- The use of harassing or discriminatory language
- Use of obscene language, profanity, inappropriate language, writing or
- drawings
- Displaying obscene gestures, drawings, images, audios, videos, etc.
- Displaying pornography or nudity whether in a printed or digital context
- Committing lewd or sexual acts or simulations*
- Repeated disruptions of the classroom
- Display of nudity, indecent dress, disrobing, etc.
- Exhibiting disrespect for the teacher or other school personnel
- Interference with the instructional audio or video
- The handling or display of weapons or facsimile weapons
- Use or display of drugs, alcohol, tobacco, or vaping devices
- Cheating on assignments, i.e., sharing work, answers, etc.
- Divulging confidential information
- Violation of computer/password security
- Violations of the Board's/School's Acceptable Use Policy or Device Contract
- * School and/or district officials may be required, as mandatory reporters, to alert local law enforcement and/or the Department of Children and Family Services if they observe conduct, messages, images, or objects that raise legitimate concern for the safety and well-being of students in the virtual classroom. This may include students handling weapons in the virtual classroom, even if it is subsequently learned that the weapon is a toy or facsimile, as it is not always possible to determine remotely whether the weapon is real or not

The context in which student behavior occurs is important, however, and will be taken into consideration by School and District administrators in determining whether there has been a violation of the Code of Conduct. As with all other forms of misconduct, the level of discipline, if any, for violations in a virtual setting will depend upon the age of the student, seriousness of the offense, the disruptive nature of the misconduct, whether the conduct involved violence or the threat of violence, whether the misconduct impacted the safety or orderly environment of the classroom, the student's prior disciplinary record, etc.

STUDENT REMOVAL FROM CLASSROOM

When a student's behavior prevents the orderly instruction of other students, poses an immediate threat to the safety of students or the teacher, or when a student violates the school's code of conduct-the teacher may have the student immediately removed from his/her classroom and placed in custody of the principal or his/her designee.

FILE: JD Cf: BD, IDDF, IHAD, JBE

Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

Any student removed from class in kindergarten through grade five shall not be permitted to return to class for at least thirty (30) minutes unless agreed to by the teacher <u>initiating the disciplinary action</u>. A student removed from class in grades six through twelve shall not be permitted to return to class during the same class period, unless agreed to by the teacher initiating the disciplinary action.

Whenever a teacher is struck by a student, the student, in addition to any other discipline given, shall be permanently removed from the teacher's classroom, unless the teacher objects, or unless the principal, with the concurrence of the building level committee, finds the striking incident to be entirely inadvertent.

Upon the student being removed from class and sent to the principal's office, the principal or designee shall advise the student of the particular misconduct of which he is accused as well as the basis for such accusation, and the student shall be given an opportunity at that time to explain his/her version of the facts. The principal or his/her designee then shall conduct a counseling session with the student as may be appropriate to establish a course of action, consistent with School Board policy to identify and correct the behavior for which the student is being disciplined.

Once removed, the student shall not be readmitted to the classroom until the principal has implemented at least one of the following disciplinary measures:

- Conferencing with the principal or his/her designee.
 - Referral to counseling.
 - Peer mediation.
- Referral to the school building level committee.
 - Restorative justice practices.
- 6. Loss of privileges
- Detention
 - In-school suspension
 - Out-of-school suspension
 - Initiation of expulsion hearings
 - Referral for assignment to an alternative setting
 - Requiring the completion of all assigned school work and homework that would have been assigned and completed by the student during the period of out-of-school suspension.
- Any other disciplinary measure authorized by the principal with the concurrence of the teacher or building level committee.

Parental Notification

The principal or his/her designee shall provide oral or written notification to the parent or legal guardian of any student removed from the classroom. Such notification shall include a description of any disciplinary action taken.

FILE: JD Cf: BD, IDDF, IHAD, JBE Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

When a student has been removed from a classroom, the teacher or the principal or his/her designee may require the parent, or legal guardian of the student to have a conference with the teacher or the principal or his/her designee before the student is readmitted. Such conference may be in person or by telephone or other virtual means.

Upon the student's *third* removal from the same classroom, the teacher and principal shall discuss the disruptive behavior patterns of the student and the potentially appropriate disciplinary measure before the principal implements a disciplinary measure. In addition, a conference between the teacher or other appropriate school employee and the student's parent, or legal guardian may be required prior to the student being readmitted to that same classroom. Such conference may be in person or by telephone or other virtual means. If such conference is required by the school, the school shall give written notice to the parent.

For students who experience multiple behavioral incidents or disciplinary referrals, a principal or his designee shall consider a referral of the matter to an appropriate school building level committee. If the disruptive behavior persists, the teacher may request that the principal transfer the student into another setting.

PARENT CONFERENCES

In any case where a teacher, principal, or other school employee is authorized to **require** the parent or legal guardian of a student to attend a conference or meeting regarding the student's behavior, and after notice, the parent or legal guardian willfully refuses to attend, the principal, or his/her designee, shall file a complaint, in accordance with statutory provisions, with a court exercising juvenile jurisdiction. *Notice* of the conference, specifying the time and date of the conference, shall be given by contacting the parent or legal guardian by telephone at the telephone number shown on the student's registration card or by sending a certified letter to the address shown on the student's registration card.

REPORTS TO PRINCIPAL

Any teacher or other school employee may report to the principal any student who acts in a disorderly manner or is in violation of school rules, or any misconduct or violation of school rules by a student who may or may not be known to the teacher or employee. Incidents of alleged discipline violations shall be reported on the *School Behavior Report/School Bus Behavior Report* form provided by the Louisiana Department of Education. The forms shall be submitted in accordance with procedures outlined by the School District, the Superintendent, and school system personnel. The principal shall review and act upon such information submitted, to determine if suspension or other disciplinary action is necessary.

Should the principal fail to act on any report of misconduct or school violation, he/she shall explain the reasons for doing so to the Superintendent or his/her designee and to

Cf: BD, IDDF, IHAD, JBE Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

the teacher or school employee, student, parent, or legal guardian reporting the violation.

DELINQUENT STUDENTS

Students who regularly disrupt the normal school environment shall be considered as delinquent, and may be reported by appropriate school personnel to the juvenile court. Any student that exhibits disruptive behavior, an incorrigible attitude, or any other discipline problems in general may be recommended by the principal for expulsion, assignment to an appropriate alternative educational placement, or transfer to adult education if the student is:

- Seventeen (17) years of age or older with less than five (5) units of credit toward graduation;
- Eighteen (18) years of age or older with less than ten (10) units of credit toward graduation; or
- Nineteen (19) years of age or older with less than fifteen (15) units of credit toward graduation.

RECUSAL OF ADMINISTRATOR IN DISCIPLINE MATTERS

Any school administrator or administrator's designee who is required to make a recommendation, decide an issue, or take action in a matter involving the discipline of a student shall recuse himself/herself whenever a member of the immediate family of the administrator or administrator's designee is involved in any manner in the discipline matter. In case of recusal, the action to be taken shall be done so by the Superintendent or an impartial designee of the Superintendent.

Immediate family means the individual's children, brothers, sisters, parents, and spouse and the children, brothers, sisters, and parents of the spouse.

DISCIPLINE OF STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES OR EXCEPTIONALITIES

Discipline of students with disabilities or exceptionalities, or an Individualized Education Program or Section 504 Individualized Accommodation Plan, shall be to the extent allowed by applicable state or federal law and regulations or the provisions of the student's specific plan.

DEFINITIONS

Out-of-school suspension means the removal of a student from all classes of instruction on public school grounds and all other school-sponsored activities.

In-school suspension means removing a student from his/her normal classroom setting but maintaining him under supervision within the school. Students participating in in-

FILE: JD Cf: BD, IDDF, IHAD, JBE Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

school suspension shall receive credit for work performed during the in-school suspension. However, any student who fails to comply fully with the rules for in-school suspension may be subject to immediate out-of-school suspension.

Detention shall mean activities, assignments, or work held before the normal school day, after the normal school day, or on weekends. Failure or refusal by a student to participate in assigned detention may subject the student to immediate out-of-school suspension. Assignments, activities, or work which may be assigned during detention include, but are not limited to, counseling, homework assignments, behavior modification program, or other activities aimed at improving the behavior and conduct of the student.

Expulsion (unless otherwise defined as a permanent expulsion by law) shall mean the removal of a student from school for at least one school semester. During an expulsion the Superintendent shall place the student in an alternative school or in an alternative educational placement.

Firearm means any pistol, revolver, rifle, shotgun, machine gun, submachine gun, blackpowder weapon, or assault rifle that is designed to fire or is capable of firing fixed cartridge ammunition or from which a shot or projectile is discharged by an explosive.

Virtual instruction means instruction provided to a student through an electronic delivery medium, including, but not limited to, electronic learning platforms that connect to a student in a remote location to classroom instruction.

Revised: December, 1990 Revised: December, 1992 Revised: November, 1993 Revised: August, 1994

Revised: September, 1997 Revised: August, 1999

Revised: August, 1999 Revised: August, 2003 Revised: September, 2009 Revised: November, 2012

Revised: February 9, 2021 Revised: November 9, 2021

Revised: July, 2022

Ref: 42 USC 12112 et seq. (Equal Opportunity for Individuals with Disabilities); La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§17:223, 17:224, 17:233, 17:239, 17:252, 17:416, 17:416.1, 17:416.13; Regulations for Implementation of the Exceptional Children's Act, Bulletin 1706, Louisiana Department of Education; Board minutes, 10-14-03, 1-12-10, 2-5-13, 2-9-21, 11-9-21.

Cf: BD, IDDF, IHAD, JBE Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

DISCIPLINE

It is the purpose of the Calcasieu Parish School Board to operate the schools in a manner that will provide an orderly process of education and that will provide for the welfare and safety of all students who attend these schools. The school's primary goal is to educate, not discipline; however, when the behavior of the individual student comes in conflict with rights of others, corrective actions may be necessary both for the benefit of that individual and the school as a whole.

The Calcasieu Parish School Board shall endeavor to address student behavior with a focus on evidence-based interventions and supports, and to prioritize classroom- and school-based interventions in lieu of out-of-school disciplinary removals to address student misconduct in order to minimize the loss of academic instructional time. Every teacher and other school employee shall endeavor to hold each accountable for his/her behavior in school, or on the playgrounds of the school, on any school bus, on the street or while going to or returning from school, during intermission or recess, or at any school sponsored activity or function.

To assist the teacher, the School Board shall establish regulations for the use of disciplinary measures within the schools and continually monitor and appraise their usefulness. Discipline shall be administered uniformly, consistently, and in a nondiscriminatory manner, in accordance with the School Board's Student Code of Conduct.

Principals shall have both the authority and the duty to take disciplinary action whenever the behavior of any student(s) materially interferes with or substantially disrupts the maintenance of a proper atmosphere for learning within the classroom or other parts of the school. However, no student shall be disciplined in any manner by the School Board or school administrator, teacher, or other school employee for the use of force upon another person when it can be reasonably concluded that the use of such force more probably than not was committed solely for the purpose of preventing a forcible offense against the student or a forcible offense provided that the force used shall be reasonable and apparently necessary to prevent such offense. A student who is the aggressor or who brings on a difficulty cannot claim the right stated above to defend himself/herself.

Each teacher may take disciplinary action to correct a student who violates school rules, or who interferes with an orderly education process. The disciplinary action taken by the teacher shall be in accordance with such regulations and procedures established by the School Board.

Disciplinary action by a school employee may include, but is not limited to:

Oral or written reprimands.

FILE: JD

Cf: BD, IDDF, IHAD, JBE Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

 Referral for a counseling session which shall include but shall not be limited to conflict resolution, social responsibility, family responsibility, peer mediation, and stress management.

- Written notification of parents of disruptive or unacceptable behavior, a copy of which shall be provided to the principal.
- Other disciplinary measures approved by the principal and faculty of the school and in compliance with School Board policy.

VIRTUAL INSTRUCTION

The School Board has made virtual classes available to students in response to the COVID-19 pandemic. Such virtual instruction may be continued thereafter and when school is closed due to inclement weather, disasters, and other emergencies. The provisions of this Policy and those of all student handbooks and codes of conduct shall be applicable to misconduct, whether on-campus, during virtual instruction, on a school bus, on the streets to and from school, or at a school event or activity.

The School Board has extended its on-campus conduct expectations to the virtual classroom, with a few modifications that factor in the home setting. Conduct that is unacceptable and which would lead to the imposition of discipline in the regular classroom is typically unacceptable in the virtual classroom as well. Regardless of the model of instruction, student conduct is governed by La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:416 and the *Student Code of Conduct* and/or *Student Handbook*. At the same time, for alleged misconduct which occurs during virtual instruction, school-based administrators shall consider the need for maintaining order and appropriate conduct, the school's interest being impacted, and the student's and family's right to privacy and constitutional rights while at home or in a location that is not school property.

A student and his family shall not waive their constitutional rights by electing virtual instruction. At the same time, students engaging in virtual instruction shall insure that, prior to logging into and during any virtual classroom, the view from their location is free of any object, writing, picture, or other display which, if possessed on school buses, in the classroom, or on school property, would subject the student to disciplinary action.

Students are cautioned that the virtual classroom is for instruction and for engaging with peers and teachers for educational purposes. Students must not handle or display items, toys, messages, images, or personal property or engage in conduct unrelated to the lessons taking place. Students who engage in conduct in the virtual classroom that violates the *Student Code of Conduct* and this Virtual Discipline policy may be subject to discipline in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct and this policy.

The following non-exclusive list of behaviors are prohibited in the virtual classroom

FILE: JD

Cf: BD, IDDF, IHAD, JBE Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

and may result in disciplinary action:

- Bullying and/or cyberbullying
- The use of harassing or discriminatory language
- Use of obscene language, profanity, inappropriate language, writing or
- drawings
- Displaying obscene gestures, drawings, images, audios, videos, etc.
- Displaying pornography or nudity whether in a printed or digital context
- Committing lewd or sexual acts or simulations*
- Repeated disruptions of the classroom
- Display of nudity, indecent dress, disrobing, etc.
- Exhibiting disrespect for the teacher or other school personnel
- Interference with the instructional audio or video
- The handling or display of weapons or facsimile weapons
- Use or display of drugs, alcohol, tobacco, or vaping devices
- Cheating on assignments, i.e., sharing work, answers, etc.
- Divulging confidential information
- Violation of computer/password security
- Violations of the Board's/School's Acceptable Use Policy or Device Contract
- * School and/or district officials may be required, as mandatory reporters, to alert local law enforcement and/or the Department of Children and Family Services if they observe conduct, messages, images, or objects that raise legitimate concern for the safety and well-being of students in the virtual classroom. This may include students handling weapons in the virtual classroom, even if it is subsequently learned that the weapon is a toy or facsimile, as it is not always possible to determine remotely whether the weapon is real or not

The context in which student behavior occurs is important, however, and will be taken into consideration by School and District administrators in determining whether there has been a violation of the Code of Conduct. As with all other forms of misconduct, the level of discipline, if any, for violations in a virtual setting will depend upon the age of the student, seriousness of the offense, the disruptive nature of the misconduct, whether the conduct involved violence or the threat of violence, whether the misconduct impacted the safety or orderly environment of the classroom, the student's prior disciplinary record, etc.

STUDENT REMOVAL FROM CLASSROOM

When a student's behavior prevents the orderly instruction of other students, poses an immediate threat to the safety of students or the teacher, or when a student violates the school's code of conduct-the teacher may have the student immediately removed from his/her classroom and placed in custody of the principal or his/her designee.

Any student removed from class in kindergarten through grade five shall not be permitted

Cf: BD, IDDF, IHAD, JBE Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

to return to class for at least thirty (30) minutes unless agreed to by the teacher initiating the disciplinary action. A student removed from class in grades six through twelve shall not be permitted to return to class during the same class period, unless agreed to by the teacher initiating the disciplinary action.

Whenever a teacher is struck by a student, the student, in addition to any other discipline given, shall be permanently removed from the teacher's classroom, unless the teacher objects, or unless the principal, with the concurrence of the building level committee, finds the striking incident to be entirely inadvertent.

Upon the student being removed from class and sent to the principal's office, the principal or designee shall advise the student of the particular misconduct of which he is accused as well as the basis for such accusation, and the student shall be given an opportunity at that time to explain his/her version of the facts. The principal or his/her designee then shall conduct a counseling session with the student as may be appropriate to establish a course of action, consistent with School Board policy to identify and correct the behavior for which the student is being disciplined.

Once removed, the student shall not be readmitted to the classroom until the principal has implemented at least one of the following disciplinary measures:

- Conferencing with the principal or his/her designee.
- Referral to counseling.
 Peer mediation. 2.
- Peer mediation.
 - Referral to the school building level committee. 4.
 - 5. Restorative justice practices.
 - 6. Loss of privileges
 - 7. Detention
- 8. In-school suspension
 - Out-of-school suspension 9.
- 10. Initiation of expulsion hearings
 - Referral for assignment to an alternative setting 11.
 - 12. Requiring the completion of all assigned school work and homework that would have been assigned and completed by the student during the period of out-of-school suspension.
 - Any other disciplinary measure authorized by the principal with the 13. concurrence of the teacher or building level committee.

Parental Notification

The principal or his/her designee shall provide oral or written notification to the parent or legal guardian of any student removed from the classroom. Such notification shall include a description of any disciplinary action taken.

When a student has been removed from a classroom, the teacher or the principal or

Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

his/her designee may require the parent, or legal guardian of the student to have a conference with the teacher or the principal or his/her designee before the student is readmitted. Such conference may be in person or by telephone or other virtual means.

Upon the student's *third* removal from the same classroom, the teacher and principal shall discuss the disruptive behavior patterns of the student and the potentially appropriate disciplinary measure before the principal implements a disciplinary measure. In addition, a conference between the teacher or other appropriate school employee and the student's parent, or legal guardian may be required prior to the student being readmitted to that same classroom. Such conference may be in person or by telephone or other virtual means. If such conference is required by the school, the school shall give written notice to the parent.

For students who experience multiple behavioral incidents or disciplinary referrals, a principal or his designee shall consider a referral of the matter to an appropriate school building level committee. If the disruptive behavior persists, the teacher may request that the principal transfer the student into another setting.

PARENT CONFERENCES

In any case where a teacher, principal, or other school employee is authorized to **require** the parent or legal guardian of a student to attend a conference or meeting regarding the student's behavior, and after notice, the parent or legal guardian willfully refuses to attend, the principal, or his/her designee, shall file a complaint, in accordance with statutory provisions, with a court exercising juvenile jurisdiction. *Notice* of the conference, specifying the time and date of the conference, shall be given by contacting the parent or legal guardian by telephone at the telephone number shown on the student's registration card or by sending a certified letter to the address shown on the student's registration card.

REPORTS TO PRINCIPAL

Any teacher or other school employee may report to the principal any student who acts in a disorderly manner or is in violation of school rules, or any misconduct or violation of school rules by a student who may or may not be known to the teacher or employee. Incidents of alleged discipline violations shall be reported on the *School Behavior Report/School Bus Behavior Report* form provided by the Louisiana Department of Education. The forms shall be submitted in accordance with procedures outlined by the School District, the Superintendent, and school system personnel. The principal shall review and act upon such information submitted, to determine if suspension or other disciplinary action is necessary.

Should the principal fail to act on any report of misconduct or school violation, he/she shall explain the reasons for doing so to the Superintendent or his/her designee and to the teacher or school employee, student, parent, or legal guardian reporting the violation.

FILE: JD Cf: BD, IDDF, IHAD, JBE Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

DELINQUENT STUDENTS

Students who regularly disrupt the normal school environment shall be considered as delinquent, and may be reported by appropriate school personnel to the juvenile court. Any student that exhibits disruptive behavior, an incorrigible attitude, or any other discipline problems in general may be recommended by the principal for expulsion, assignment to an appropriate alternative educational placement, or transfer to adult education if the student is:

- Seventeen (17) years of age or older with less than five (5) units of credit toward graduation;
- Eighteen (18) years of age or older with less than ten (10) units of credit toward graduation; or
- Nineteen (19) years of age or older with less than fifteen (15) units of credit toward graduation.

RECUSAL OF ADMINISTRATOR IN DISCIPLINE MATTERS

Any school administrator or administrator's designee who is required to make a recommendation, decide an issue, or take action in a matter involving the discipline of a student shall recuse himself/herself whenever a member of the immediate family of the administrator or administrator's designee is involved in any manner in the discipline matter. In case of recusal, the action to be taken shall be done so by the Superintendent or an impartial designee of the Superintendent.

Immediate family means the individual's children, brothers, sisters, parents, and spouse and the children, brothers, sisters, and parents of the spouse.

DISCIPLINE OF STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES OR EXCEPTIONALITIES

Discipline of students with disabilities or exceptionalities, or an Individualized Education Program or Section 504 Individualized Accommodation Plan, shall be to the extent allowed by applicable state or federal law and regulations or the provisions of the student's specific plan.

DEFINITIONS

Out-of-school suspension means the removal of a student from all classes of instruction on public school grounds and all other school-sponsored activities.

In-school suspension means removing a student from his/her normal classroom setting but maintaining him under supervision within the school. Students participating in inschool suspension shall receive credit for work performed during the in-school suspension. However, any student who fails to comply fully with the rules for in-school

FILE: JD Cf: BD, IDDF, IHAD, JBE Cf: JCD, JD-R, JDD, JDE

suspension may be subject to immediate out-of-school suspension.

Detention shall mean activities, assignments, or work held before the normal school day, after the normal school day, or on weekends. Failure or refusal by a student to participate in assigned detention may subject the student to immediate out-of-school suspension. Assignments, activities, or work which may be assigned during detention include, but are not limited to, counseling, homework assignments, behavior modification program, or other activities aimed at improving the behavior and conduct of the student.

Expulsion (unless otherwise defined as a permanent expulsion by law) shall mean the removal of a student from school for at least one school semester. During an expulsion the Superintendent shall place the student in an alternative school or in an alternative educational placement.

Firearm means any pistol, revolver, rifle, shotgun, machine gun, submachine gun, blackpowder weapon, or assault rifle that is designed to fire or is capable of firing fixed cartridge ammunition or from which a shot or projectile is discharged by an explosive.

Virtual instruction means instruction provided to a student through an electronic delivery medium, including, but not limited to, electronic learning platforms that connect to a student in a remote location to classroom instruction.

Revised: December, 1990
Revised: December, 1992
Revised: November, 1993
Revised: November, 1993
Revised: November, 1994
Revised: August, 1994
Revised: September, 1997
Revised: July, 2022
Revised: September, 1997

Revised: August, 1999 Revised: August, 2003

Ref: 42 USC 12112 et seq. (Equal Opportunity for Individuals with Disabilities); La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§17:223, 17:224, 17:233, 17:239, 17:252, 17:416, 17:416.1, 17:416.13; Regulations for Implementation of the Exceptional Children's Act, Bulletin 1706, Louisiana Department of Education; Board minutes, 10-14-03, 1-12-10, 2-5-13, 2-9-21, 11-9-21.

EXPULSION

The Calcasieu Parish School Board may expel a student from school if an offense committed by the student is serious enough to warrant such action or is in violation of state law or the School Board's code of conduct. Prior to any expulsion the school principal or his/her designee shall advise the student of the particular misconduct of which he/she is accused as well as the basis for such accusation, and the student shall be given an opportunity at that time to explain his/her version of the facts. The principal/designee shall contact the parent or legal guardian of the student to notify them of the expulsion, and establish a date and time for a conference with the principal or designee as a requirement for readmitting the student. Notice shall be given by contacting the parent or legal guardian by telephone at the telephone number shown on the student's registration card, or by electronic communication and additionally by a certified letter sent to the address shown on the student's registration card. If the parent or legal guardian fails to attend the required conference within five (5) school days of notification, the truancy laws shall be effective.

Upon the recommendation for expulsion of a student by the principal a hearing shall be conducted by the Superintendent or his/her designee within fifteen (15) school days to determine the facts of the case and make a finding of whether or not the student is guilty of conduct warranting a recommendation of expulsion. The School Board must shall provide written notice of the hearing to the student and his/her parent or legal guardian, and the notice shall advise the student and his/her parent or legal guardian of their rights. Notification of the time, date, and place of the expulsion hearing shall be mailed to the parents. Following the hearing, the Superintendent or his/her designee shall notify the parents of the decision rendered.

At the hearing, the principal and/or teacher concerned may be represented by any person appointed by the Superintendent and the concerned teacher shall be permitted to attend and present any relevant information. Until the hearing, the student shall remain suspended with access to classwork and the opportunity to earn academic credit. A student who is expelled for longer than ten (10) days shall be provided with academic instruction at an alternative setting in accordance with La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:416.2.

Upon the conclusion of the hearing and upon finding the student guilty of conduct warranting expulsion, the Superintendent shall determine whether such student shall be expelled and the specified period of expulsion, or if other disciplinary action shall be taken. Unless otherwise stipulated by state statutes, the period of expulsion shall not be less than one school semester and may carry over into the next school year, if necessary. During an expulsion, the Superintendent shall place the student in an alternative school or in an alternative educational placement.

APPEALS

The parent or legal guardian who has been recommended for expulsion in accordance with state law may, within five (5) days after the decision to expel has been rendered, submit a request to the School Board to review the findings of the Superintendent or designee at a time set by the School Board; otherwise the decision of the Superintendent shall be final. Such review shall also be available to the parent or legal guardian of a student who was recommended for expulsion but whose discipline was reduced to a suspension. After reviewing the findings of the Superintendent or designee, the School Board may affirm, modify, or reverse the action of the Superintendent or designee.

The parent or legal guardian of the student who has been recommended for expulsion in accordance with state law may, within ten (10) school days, appeal to the district court for the parish in which the student's school is located, an adverse ruling of the School Board in upholding the action of the Superintendent or his/her designee. The court may reverse or revise the ruling of the School Board upon a finding that the ruling of the School Board was based on an absence of any relevant evidence in support thereof. The parent or legal guardian of the student shall have such right to appeal to the district court even if the recommendation for expulsion is reduced to a suspension.

EXPULSION INVOLVING FIREARMS

Any student, age sixteen (16) or older, or under sixteen (16) and in grades six (6) through twelve (12), who is found guilty of being in possession of a firearm on school property, on a school bus or in actual possession at a school-sponsored event, pursuant to a hearing, shall be expelled from school for a minimum period of four (4) complete school semesters and shall be referred to the district attorney for appropriate action.

Any student in kindergarten through grade five (5) who is found guilty of being in possession of a firearm on school property, on a school bus, or in actual possession at a school-sponsored event, pursuant to a hearing, shall be expelled from school for a minimum period of two (2) complete school semesters and shall be referred to the district attorney for appropriate action.

However, the Superintendent may modify the length of the minimum expulsion required in the above paragraphs on a case-by-case basis, provided such modification is in writing.

EXPULSION INVOLVING DRUGS

Any student, sixteen (16) years of age or older, found guilty of possession of, or knowledge of and intentional distribution of or possession with intent to distribute any illegal narcotic, drug, or other controlled substance on school property, on a school bus or at a school-sponsored event, pursuant to a hearing, shall be expelled from school for a minimum period of four (4) complete school semesters.

Any student who is under sixteen (16) years of age and in grades six (6) through twelve (12) and who is found guilty of possession of, or knowledge of and intentional distribution of or possession with intent to distribute any illegal narcotic, drug, or other controlled substance on school property, on a school bus, or at a school-sponsored event pursuant to a hearing shall be expelled from school for a minimum period of two (2) complete school

Any case involving a student in kindergarten through grade five (5) found guilty of possession of, or knowledge of and intentional distribution of or possession with intent to distribute any illegal narcotic, drug, or other controlled substance on school property, on a school bus, or at a school-sponsored event, pursuant to a hearing, shall be referred to the School Board through a recommendation for action from the Superintendent.

VIRTUAL INSTRUCTION

semesters.

The provisions related to mandatory recommendation for expulsion shall not be applied to virtual instruction received by a student in the student's home.

ADDITIONAL REASONS FOR EXPULSION

Students may also be expelled for any of the following reasons:

- Any student, after being suspended for committing violations of any discipline policies or other rule infractions, depending on the severity of the behavior, may be expelled upon recommendation to the Superintendent by the principal and after an appropriate hearing is held by the Superintendent or designee.
- 2. Any student who is found carrying or possessing a knife with a blade which equals or exceeds two and one-half (2 ½) inches in length.
- In accordance with federal regulations, a student determined to have brought a weapon to a school under the School Board's jurisdiction shall be expelled for a minimum of one calendar year. The Superintendent may modify the expulsion requirement on a case-by-case basis. A weapon, in accordance with federal statutes, means a firearm or any device which is designed to expel a projectile or any destructive device, which in turn means any explosive, incendiary or poison gas, bomb, grenade, rocket, missile, mine or similar device.
- 4. Any student, after being suspended on three (3) occasions for committing drugs or weapons offenses during the same school year, shall, upon committing the fourth offense, be expelled from all the public schools of the system until the beginning of the next regular school year, and the student's reinstatement shall be subject to the review and approval of the School Board.
- 5. The conviction of any student of a felony or the incarceration of any student in a

Cf: IDDG, IHAD, JBC, JCD

Cf: JCDAB, JD, JDD

juvenile institution for an act which had it been committed by an adult, would have constituted a felony, may be cause for expulsion of the student for a period of time as determined by the School Board; such expulsions shall require the vote of two-thirds ¾ of the elected members of the School Board, shall not be for a period of time longer than the student's period of adjudication as determined by the applicable court presiding over the student's criminal matter, and shall run concurrent to the student's period of disposition. If the student was serving an expulsion period when the student was incarcerated for a separate offense and the student completes the period of incarceration with time left in the expulsion period, the Superintendent or his/her designee may require the student to serve the time left in the expulsion period.

EXPULSION NOT APPLICABLE

Expulsion shall not apply to the following:

- A student carrying or possessing a firearm or knife for purposes of involvement in a school class, course, or school approved cocurricular or extracurricular activity or any other activity approved by appropriate school officials.
- 2. A student possessing any controlled dangerous substance that has been obtained directly or due to a valid prescription or order from a licensed medical provider. However, the student shall carry evidence of the prescription or medical provider's order on his/her person at all times when in possession of any controlled dangerous substance which shall be subject to verification. Evidence of the prescription or medical provider's order includes possession of the controlled dangerous substance in its original packaging as received from the pharmacy.

In addition, school officials, in accordance with statutory provisions, shall have total discretion and shall exercise such discretion in imposing on a student any disciplinary actions authorized by state law for possession by a student of a firearm or knife on school property when such firearm or knife is stored in a motor vehicle and there is no evidence of the student's intent to use the firearm or knife in a criminal manner.

DRESS CODE VIOLATIONS

A student enrolled in grades prekindergarten through five shall not be expelled from school for a uniform violation that is not tied to willful disregard of school policies.

READMITTANCE FOLLOWING EXPULSION

Required Parent Conference

In each case of expulsion, the school principal, or his or her designee, shall contact the

parent or legal guardian of the student to notify them of the expulsion, and establish a date and time for a conference with the principal or designee as a requirement for readmitting the student. Notice shall be given by sending a certified letter to the address shown on the student's registration card. Also, additional notification may be made by contacting the parent or legal guardian by telephone at the telephone number shown on the student's registration card.

If the parent, or legal guardian fails to attend the required conference within five (5) school days of notification, the student may be considered a truant and dealt with according to all applicable statutory provisions. On not more than one occasion each school year when the parent or legal guardian refuses to respond, the principal may determine whether readmitting the student is in the best interest of the student. On any subsequent occasions in the same school year, the student shall not be readmitted unless the parent or legal guardian, court, or other appointed representative responds.

In any case where a teacher, principal, or other school employee is authorized to require the parent or legal guardian of a student to attend a conference or meeting regarding the student's behavior and after notice, the parent or legal guardian willfully refuses to attend, the principal or his or her designee shall file a complaint, in accordance with statutory provisions, with a court exercising juvenile jurisdiction.

Readmittance After All Expulsions

Any student expelled may be readmitted to school on a probationary basis at any time during the expulsion period on such terms and conditions as may be stipulated by the School Board. Readmission to school on a probationary basis shall be contingent on the student and legal guardian or custodian agreeing in writing to the conditions stipulated. Any such agreement shall contain a provision for immediate removal of the student from school premises and returned to the school system's alternative school setting without benefit of a hearing or other procedure upon the principal or Superintendent determining the student has violated any term or condition of the agreement. Immediately thereafter, the principal or designee shall provide proper notification in writing of the determination and reasons for removal to the Superintendent and the student's parent or legal guardian.

Readmittance After Expulsion for Firearms, Knives, Weapons, or Drugs

In addition to the readmittance provisions for all expulsions stated above, a student that has been expelled for possessing on school property or on a bus, a firearm, knife, or other dangerous weapon, or possessing or possession with intent to distribute or distributing, selling, giving, or loaning while on school property or a school bus any controlled dangerous substance shall not be enrolled or readmitted to any regular public school of the school system on a probationary basis prior to the completion of the period of expulsion at the school system's alternative education setting until the student produces written documentation that he/she and his/her parent or legal guardian have enrolled and participated or is participating in an appropriate rehabilitation or counseling program

Cf: IDDG, IHAD, JBC, JCD

Cf: JCDAB, JD, JDD

related to the reason(s) for the student's expulsion. The rehabilitation or counseling programs shall be provided by such programs approved by the juvenile or family court having jurisdiction, if applicable, or by the School Board. The requirement for enrollment and participation in a rehabilitation or counseling program shall be waived only upon a documented showing by the student that no appropriate program is available in the area or that the student cannot enroll or participate due to financial hardship.

Review of Records

A student who has been expelled from any school in or out of state shall not be admitted to a school in the school system except upon the review and approval of the School Board following the request for admission. To facilitate the review and approval for readmittance, the student shall provide to the School Board information on the dates of any expulsions and the reasons therefor. Additionally, the transfer of student records to any school or system shall include information on the dates of any expulsions and the reasons therefor.

CREDIT FOR SCHOOL WORK MISSED

A student who is expelled and receives educational services at an alternative school site shall be assigned work by a certified teacher and shall receive credit for school work if it is completed satisfactorily and timely as determined by the teacher. Such work shall be aligned with the curriculum used at the school from which the student was expelled.

RECUSAL OF ADMINISTRATOR IN DISCIPLINE MATTERS

Any school administrator or administrator's designee who is required to make a recommendation, decide an issue, or take action in a matter involving the discipline of a student shall recuse himself/herself whenever a member of the immediate family of the administrator or administrator's designee is involved in any manner in the discipline matter. In case of recusal, the action to be taken shall be done so by the Superintendent or an impartial designee of the Superintendent.

Immediate family means the individual's children, brothers, sisters, parents, and spouse and the children, brothers, sisters, and parents of the spouse.

EXPULSION OF STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES OR EXCEPTIONALITIES

Expulsion of students with disabilities or exceptionalities, or an Individualized Education Program or Section 504 Individualized Accommodation Plan, shall be to the extent allowed by applicable state or federal law and regulations or the provisions of the student's specific plan.

DEFINITIONS

Definitions of terms used herein shall have the meaning set forth in policy JD, Discipline.

Revised: October, 1995
Revised: July, 1996
Revised: September, 2009
Revised: September, 1997
Revised: August, 2003
Revised: August, 2007
Revised: August, 2007
Revised: September, 2008
Revised: Revised: November 9, 2021
Revised: September, 2008
Revised: July, 2022

Revised: September, 2008 Revised: September, 2009

Ref: 18 USC 921 (Firearms – Definitions); 20 USC 7151 (Gun-Free Schools Act); La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§17:223, 17:416, 17:416.1, 17:416.2, 17:2092; Goss v. Lopez, 95. S. Ct. 729 (1973); Regulations for Implementation of the Exceptional Children's Act, Bulletin 1706, Louisiana Department of Education); Board minutes, 10-14-03, 9-4-07, 10-7-08, 1-12-10, 2-5-13, 12-8-15, 2-9-21, 11-9-21.

EXPULSION

The Calcasieu Parish School Board may expel a student from school if an offense committed by the student is serious enough to warrant such action or is in violation of state law or the School Board's code of conduct. Prior to any expulsion the school principal or his/her designee shall advise the student of the particular misconduct of which he/she is accused as well as the basis for such accusation, and the student shall be given an opportunity at that time to explain his/her version of the facts. The principal/designee shall contact the parent or legal guardian of the student to notify them of the expulsion, and establish a date and time for a conference with the principal or designee as a requirement for readmitting the student. Notice shall be given by contacting the parent or legal guardian by telephone at the telephone number shown on the student's registration card, or by electronic communication and additionally by a certified letter sent to the address shown on the student's registration card. If the parent or legal guardian fails to attend the required conference within five (5) school days of notification, the truancy laws shall be effective.

Upon the recommendation for expulsion of a student by the principal a hearing shall be conducted by the Superintendent or his/her designee within fifteen (15) school days to determine the facts of the case and make a finding of whether or not the student is guilty of conduct warranting a recommendation of expulsion. The School Board shall provide written notice of the hearing to the student and his/her parent or legal guardian, and the notice shall advise the student and his/her parent or legal guardian of their rights. Notification of the time, date, and place of the expulsion hearing shall be mailed to the parents. Following the hearing, the Superintendent or his/her designee shall notify the parents of the decision rendered.

At the hearing, the principal and/or teacher concerned may be represented by any person appointed by the Superintendent and the concerned teacher shall be permitted to attend and present any relevant information. Until the hearing, the student shall remain suspended with access to classwork and the opportunity to earn academic credit. A student who is expelled for longer than ten (10) days shall be provided with academic instruction at an alternative setting in accordance with La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:416.2.

Upon the conclusion of the hearing and upon finding the student guilty of conduct warranting expulsion, the Superintendent shall determine whether such student shall be expelled and the specified period of expulsion, or if other disciplinary action shall be taken. Unless otherwise stipulated by state statutes, the period of expulsion shall not be less than one school semester and may carry over into the next school year, if necessary. During an expulsion, the Superintendent shall place the student in an alternative school or in an alternative educational placement.

Cf: IDDG, IHAD, JBC, JCD Cf: JCDAB, JD, JDD

APPEALS

The parent or legal guardian who has been recommended for expulsion in accordance with state law may, within five (5) days after the decision to expel has been rendered, submit a request to the School Board to review the findings of the Superintendent or designee at a time set by the School Board; otherwise the decision of the Superintendent shall be final. Such review shall also be available to the parent or legal guardian of a student who was recommended for expulsion but whose discipline was reduced to a suspension. After reviewing the findings of the Superintendent or designee, the School Board may affirm, modify, or reverse the action of the Superintendent or designee.

The parent or legal guardian of the student who has been recommended for expulsion in accordance with state law may, within ten (10) school days, appeal to the district court for the parish in which the student's school is located, an adverse ruling of the School Board in upholding the action of the Superintendent or his/her designee. The court may reverse or revise the ruling of the School Board upon a finding that the ruling of the School Board was based on an absence of any relevant evidence in support thereof. The parent or legal guardian of the student shall have such right to appeal to the district court even if the recommendation for expulsion is reduced to a suspension.

EXPULSION INVOLVING FIREARMS

Any student, age sixteen (16) or older, or under sixteen (16) and in grades six (6) through twelve (12), who is found guilty of being in possession of a firearm on school property, on a school bus or in actual possession at a school-sponsored event, pursuant to a hearing, shall be expelled from school for a minimum period of four (4) complete school semesters and shall be referred to the district attorney for appropriate action.

Any student in kindergarten through grade five (5) who is found guilty of being in possession of a firearm on school property, on a school bus, or in actual possession at a school-sponsored event, pursuant to a hearing, shall be expelled from school for a minimum period of two (2) complete school semesters and shall be referred to the district attorney for appropriate action.

However, the Superintendent may modify the length of the minimum expulsion required in the above paragraphs on a case-by-case basis, provided such modification is in writing.

EXPULSION INVOLVING DRUGS

Any student, sixteen (16) years of age or older, found guilty of possession of, or knowledge of and intentional distribution of or possession with intent to distribute any illegal narcotic, drug, or other controlled substance on school property, on a school bus or at a school-sponsored event, pursuant to a hearing, shall be expelled from school for a minimum period of four (4) complete school semesters.

Cf: IDDG, IHAD, JBC, JCD

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Any student who is under sixteen (16) years of age and in grades six (6) through twelve (12) and who is found guilty of possession of, or knowledge of and intentional distribution of or possession with intent to distribute any illegal narcotic, drug, or other controlled substance on school property, on a school bus, or at a school-sponsored event pursuant to a hearing shall be expelled from school for a minimum period of two (2) complete school semesters.

Any case involving a student in kindergarten through grade five (5) found guilty of possession of, or knowledge of and intentional distribution of or possession with intent to distribute any illegal narcotic, drug, or other controlled substance on school property, on a school bus, or at a school-sponsored event, pursuant to a hearing, shall be referred to the School Board through a recommendation for action from the Superintendent.

VIRTUAL INSTRUCTION

The provisions related to mandatory recommendation for expulsion shall not be applied to virtual instruction received by a student in the student's home.

ADDITIONAL REASONS FOR EXPULSION

Students may also be expelled for any of the following reasons:

- Any student, after being suspended for committing violations of any discipline policies or other rule infractions, depending on the severity of the behavior, may be expelled upon recommendation to the Superintendent by the principal and after an appropriate hearing is held by the Superintendent or designee.
- Any student who is found carrying or possessing a knife with a blade which equals or exceeds two and one-half (2 ½) inches in length.
- 3. In accordance with federal regulations, a student determined to have brought a weapon to a school under the School Board's jurisdiction shall be expelled for a minimum of one calendar year. The Superintendent may modify the expulsion requirement on a case-by-case basis. A weapon, in accordance with federal statutes, means a firearm or any device which is designed to expel a projectile or any destructive device, which in turn means any explosive, incendiary or poison gas, bomb, grenade, rocket, missile, mine or similar device.
- 4. Any student, after being suspended on three (3) occasions for committing drugs or weapons offenses during the same school year, shall, upon committing the fourth offense, be expelled from all the public schools of the system until the beginning of the next regular school year, and the student's reinstatement shall be subject to the review and approval of the School Board.
- 5. The conviction of any student of a felony or the incarceration of any student in a

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juvenile institution for an act which had it been committed by an adult, would have constituted a felony, may be cause for expulsion of the student for a period of time as determined by the School Board; such expulsions shall require the vote of two-thirds % of the elected members of the School Board, shall not be for a period of time longer than the student's period of adjudication as determined by the applicable court presiding over the student's criminal matter, and shall run concurrent to the student's period of disposition. If the student was serving an expulsion period when the student was incarcerated for a separate offense and the student completes the period of incarceration with time left in the expulsion period, the Superintendent or his/her designee may require the student to serve the time left in the expulsion period.

EXPULSION NOT APPLICABLE

Expulsion shall not apply to the following:

- A student carrying or possessing a firearm or knife for purposes of involvement in a school class, course, or school approved cocurricular or extracurricular activity or any other activity approved by appropriate school officials.
- 2. A student possessing any controlled dangerous substance that has been obtained directly or due to a valid prescription or order from a licensed medical provider. However, the student shall carry evidence of the prescription or medical provider's order on his/her person at all times when in possession of any controlled dangerous substance which shall be subject to verification. Evidence of the prescription or medical provider's order includes possession of the controlled dangerous substance in its original packaging as received from the pharmacy.

In addition, school officials, in accordance with statutory provisions, shall have total discretion and shall exercise such discretion in imposing on a student any disciplinary actions authorized by state law for possession by a student of a firearm or knife on school property when such firearm or knife is stored in a motor vehicle and there is no evidence of the student's intent to use the firearm or knife in a criminal manner.

DRESS CODE VIOLATIONS

A student enrolled in grades prekindergarten through five shall not be expelled from school for a uniform violation that is not tied to willful disregard of school policies.

READMITTANCE FOLLOWING EXPULSION

Required Parent Conference

In each case of expulsion, the school principal, or his or her designee, shall contact the

Cf: IDDG, IHAD, JBC, JCD

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parent or legal guardian of the student to notify them of the expulsion, and establish a date and time for a conference with the principal or designee as a requirement for readmitting the student. Notice shall be given by sending a certified letter to the address shown on the student's registration card. Also, additional notification may be made by contacting the parent or legal guardian by telephone at the telephone number shown on the student's registration card.

If the parent, or legal guardian fails to attend the required conference within five (5) school days of notification, the student may be considered a truant and dealt with according to all applicable statutory provisions. On not more than one occasion each school year when the parent or legal guardian refuses to respond, the principal may determine whether readmitting the student is in the best interest of the student. On any subsequent occasions in the same school year, the student shall not be readmitted unless the parent or legal guardian, court, or other appointed representative responds.

In any case where a teacher, principal, or other school employee is authorized to require the parent or legal guardian of a student to attend a conference or meeting regarding the student's behavior and after notice, the parent or legal guardian willfully refuses to attend, the principal or his or her designee shall file a complaint, in accordance with statutory provisions, with a court exercising juvenile jurisdiction.

Readmittance After All Expulsions

Any student expelled may be readmitted to school on a probationary basis at any time during the expulsion period on such terms and conditions as may be stipulated by the School Board. Readmission to school on a probationary basis shall be contingent on the student and legal guardian or custodian agreeing in writing to the conditions stipulated. Any such agreement shall contain a provision for immediate removal of the student from school premises and returned to the school system's alternative school setting without benefit of a hearing or other procedure upon the principal or Superintendent determining the student has violated any term or condition of the agreement. Immediately thereafter, the principal or designee shall provide proper notification in writing of the determination and reasons for removal to the Superintendent and the student's parent or legal guardian.

Readmittance After Expulsion for Firearms, Knives, Weapons, or Drugs

In addition to the readmittance provisions for all expulsions stated above, a student that has been expelled for possessing on school property or on a bus, a firearm, knife, or other dangerous weapon, or possessing or possession with intent to distribute or distributing, selling, giving, or loaning while on school property or a school bus any controlled dangerous substance shall not be enrolled or readmitted to any regular public school of the school system on a probationary basis prior to the completion of the period of expulsion at the school system's alternative education setting until the student produces written documentation that he/she and his/her parent or legal guardian have enrolled and participated or is participating in an appropriate rehabilitation or counseling program

Cf: JCDAB, JD, JDD

related to the reason(s) for the student's expulsion. The rehabilitation or counseling programs shall be provided by such programs approved by the juvenile or family court having jurisdiction, if applicable, or by the School Board. The requirement for enrollment and participation in a rehabilitation or counseling program shall be waived only upon a documented showing by the student that no appropriate program is available in the area or that the student cannot enroll or participate due to financial hardship.

Review of Records

A student who has been expelled from any school in or out of state shall not be admitted to a school in the school system except upon the review and approval of the School Board following the request for admission. To facilitate the review and approval for readmittance, the student shall provide to the School Board information on the dates of any expulsions and the reasons therefor. Additionally, the transfer of student records to any school or system shall include information on the dates of any expulsions and the reasons therefor.

CREDIT FOR SCHOOL WORK MISSED

A student who is expelled and receives educational services at an alternative school site shall be assigned work by a certified teacher and shall receive credit for school work if it is completed satisfactorily and timely as determined by the teacher. Such work shall be aligned with the curriculum used at the school from which the student was expelled.

RECUSAL OF ADMINISTRATOR IN DISCIPLINE MATTERS

Any school administrator or administrator's designee who is required to make a recommendation, decide an issue, or take action in a matter involving the discipline of a student shall recuse himself/herself whenever a member of the immediate family of the administrator or administrator's designee is involved in any manner in the discipline matter. In case of recusal, the action to be taken shall be done so by the Superintendent or an impartial designee of the Superintendent.

Immediate family means the individual's children, brothers, sisters, parents, and spouse and the children, brothers, sisters, and parents of the spouse.

EXPULSION OF STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES OR EXCEPTIONALITIES

Expulsion of students with disabilities or exceptionalities, or an Individualized Education Program or Section 504 Individualized Accommodation Plan, shall be to the extent allowed by applicable state or federal law and regulations or the provisions of the student's specific plan.

DEFINITIONS

Definitions of terms used herein shall have the meaning set forth in policy JD, Discipline.

Cf: IDDG, IHAD, JBC, JCD Cf: JCDAB, JD, JDD

Revised: October, 1995
Revised: July, 1996
Revised: September, 2009
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Ref: 18 USC 921 (Firearms – Definitions); 20 USC 7151 (Gun-Free Schools Act); La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§17:223, 17:416, 17:416.1, 17:416.2, 17:2092; Goss v. Lopez, 95. S. Ct. 729 (1973); Regulations for Implementation of the Exceptional Children's Act, Bulletin 1706, Louisiana Department of Education); Board minutes, 10-14-03, 9-4-07, 10-7-08, 1-12-10, 2-5-13, 12-8-15, 2-9-21, 11-9-21.

Item 12

Expectant and Parenting Students, Student Absences and Excuses

The Act 472 provides additional support for expectant and parenting mothers and fathers. Absences are required to be excused if related to pregnancy and parenting and that at least ten (10) days of excused absences are provided for both parents after the birth of a child. Schools are to allow the parenting students to make up work in an amount of time no less than the number of days absent, with options such as repeating a semester, online course recovery, or receiving home-based instruction. Documentation for absences can be from a physician or parent or legal guardian. The Act also requires high schools to provide accommodations for breastfeeding mothers, and to inform parenting students about the availability of childcare within the schools, if available, or outside the school system. Because the Act provides for excused absences, the Student Absences and Excuses policy has been revised as well as to include a reference to the provisions of the Expectant and Parenting Students policy.

EXPECTANT AND PARENTING STUDENTS

The Calcasieu Parish School Board is cognizant of the problems of marriage, pregnancy and parenthood among students prior to their graduation from high school. The School Board authorizes the Superintendent to assure that such students have the opportunity to earn the education which they deserve.

It is recommended that a student who becomes pregnant notify the principal in writing immediately upon knowledge of the condition. Pregnant students will be permitted to continue in school in all instances when continued attendance has the sanction of the expectant mother's physician. A physician's statement shall be submitted stating the student's medical condition, approval for continued attendance, and activities in which the pupil may not participate. The student shall keep the school administration continually apprised of her progress. The school shall not be held responsible for any medical problems that may arise with a pregnant student while she is in school.

Should the student need to be absent from school for a prolonged period of time, the student may enroll in the School Board's homebound instruction program until released by her physician to return to regular classes. Any student who is not able to return to regular classes shall be encouraged to enroll in an appropriate alternative education program.

Marital, maternal, or paternal status shall not affect the rights and privileges of students to receive a public education nor to take part in any extracurricular activity offered by the schools.

After delivery, the student shall be permitted to return to school as soon as she is physically able, upon certification by her physician.

In regard to each expectant and parenting student, each school and the Calcasieu Parish School Board shall:

- Maintain confidentiality in regard to the student.
- Ensure a safe and supportive learning environment for the student.
- Promote academic success for the student.
- Utilize sensible attendance policies, taking into account all necessary factors and...
- Provide a supportive school environment that promotes high school graduation.

6. Excuse absences due to conditions related to pregnancy or parenting, including but not limited to labor, delivery, and recovery; prenatal and postnatal medical appointments and other medically necessary pregnancy-related absences; a child's illness or medical appointment; and legal appointments related to pregnancy or parenting, including but not limited to adoption, custody, and visitation.

- Provide at least ten (10) days of excused absences for both a parenting mother and a parenting father after the birth of a child.
- At the conclusion of any pregnancy-related or parenting-related period of absence, allow a student to make up missed work in a reasonable amount of time that shall not be less than the number of days the student was absent and choose from various options to make up the work, including retaking a semester, participating in an online course credit recovery program, being granted six (6) weeks to continue at the same pace and finish at a later date, or receiving home-based instruction services.
- Provide that for absences or checkouts for reasons provided above, a school shall accept either of the following:
 - Documentation from a physician.
 - Permission from a parent or legal guardian.

BREASTFEEDING

The high schools of the Calcasieu Parish School Board shall:

- Provide for reasonable accommodations for a lactating student on a school campus to express breast milk, breastfeed, or address other breastfeeding needs, which shall include, at a minimum:
 - A. Access to a private and secure room other than a restroom to express breast milk or breastfeed a child.
 - B. Permission to bring a breast pump and any other equipment used to express breast milk to school.
 - C. Access to a power source for a breast pump or any other equipment used to express breast milk.
 - Access to a place to store breastmilk safely.
- 2. Provide that a lactating student shall be provided a reasonable amount of

time to accommodate the need to express breast milk or breastfeed a child while at school.

 Provide that a student shall not incur an academic penalty as a result of use, during the school day, of the reasonable accommodations specified herein and shall be provided the opportunity to make up any work missed due to such use.

CHILD CARE

The Calcasieu Parish School Board shall provide both high school student mothers and student fathers information regarding availability of child care options within (if available) and outside the school system, and shall provide them assistance in identifying child care providers.

Revised: February 14, 2017

Revised: July, 2022

Ref: US Constitution, Amend. XIV, '1, 20 USC '1681 et seq. (Discrimination Based on Sex or Blindness); La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:221.7; 17:221.8, Cleveland Board of Education v. LaFleur, 94 S.Ct. 791 (1974); Davis v. Meeks, 344 F.Supp. 298 (N.D. Ohio 1972); Holt v. Shelton, 371 F.Supp. 821 (M.D. Tenn. 1972); Board minutes, 2-14-17.

EXPECTANT AND PARENTING STUDENTS

The Calcasieu Parish School Board is cognizant of the problems of marriage, pregnancy and parenthood among students prior to their graduation from high school. The School Board authorizes the Superintendent to assure that such students have the opportunity to earn the education which they deserve.

It is recommended that a student who becomes pregnant notify the principal in writing immediately upon knowledge of the condition. Pregnant students will be permitted to continue in school in all instances when continued attendance has the sanction of the expectant mother's physician. A physician's statement shall be submitted stating the student's medical condition, approval for continued attendance, and activities in which the pupil may not participate. The student shall keep the school administration continually apprised of her progress. The school shall not be held responsible for any medical problems that may arise with a pregnant student while she is in school.

Should the student need to be absent from school for a prolonged period of time, the student may enroll in the School Board's homebound instruction program until released by her physician to return to regular classes. Any student who is not able to return to regular classes shall be encouraged to enroll in an appropriate alternative education program.

Marital, maternal, or paternal status shall not affect the rights and privileges of students to receive a public education nor to take part in any extracurricular activity offered by the schools.

After delivery, the student shall be permitted to return to school as soon as she is physically able, upon certification by her physician.

In regard to each expectant and parenting student, each school and the Calcasieu Parish School Board shall:

- Maintain confidentiality in regard to the student.
- Ensure a safe and supportive learning environment for the student.
- Promote academic success for the student
- Utilize sensible attendance policies, taking into account all necessary factors.
- Provide a supportive school environment that promotes high school graduation.

6. Excuse absences due to conditions related to pregnancy or parenting, including but not limited to labor, delivery, and recovery; prenatal and postnatal medical appointments and other medically necessary pregnancy-related absences; a child's illness or medical appointment; and legal appointments related to pregnancy or parenting, including but not limited to adoption, custody, and visitation.

- 7. Provide at least ten (10) days of excused absences for both a parenting mother and a parenting father after the birth of a child.
- 8. At the conclusion of any pregnancy-related or parenting-related period of absence, allow a student to make up missed work in a reasonable amount of time that shall not be less than the number of days the student was absent and choose from various options to make up the work, including retaking a semester, participating in an online course credit recovery program, being granted six (6) weeks to continue at the same pace and finish at a later date, or receiving home-based instruction services.
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 - D. Access to a place to store breastmilk safely.
- 2. Provide that a lactating student shall be provided a reasonable amount of

time to accommodate the need to express breast milk or breastfeed a child while at school.

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3. Provide that a student shall not incur an academic penalty as a result of use, during the school day, of the reasonable accommodations specified herein and shall be provided the opportunity to make up any work missed due to such use

CHILD CARE

The Calcasieu Parish School Board shall provide both high school student mothers and student fathers information regarding availability of child care options within (if available) and outside the school system, and shall provide them assistance in identifying child care providers.

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Cf: JDD, JGFC, JQE

STUDENT ABSENCES AND EXCUSES

The Calcasieu Parish School Board recognizes that the fundamental right to attend the public schools places upon students the accompanying responsibility to be faithful in attendance. Regular attendance can be assumed to be essential for a student's successful progress in the instructional program.

The parent or legal guardian shall enforce the attendance of the student at the school to which the student is assigned.

The principal of a school, or his/her designee, shall notify the parent or legal guardian in writing on or before a student's *third* unexcused absence or unexcused occurrence of being tardy, and shall hold a conference with such student's parent or legal guardian. This notification shall include information relative to the parent or legal guardian's legal responsibility to enforce the student's attendance at school and the civil penalties that may be incurred if the student is determined to be habitually absent or habitually tardy. The student's parent or legal guardian shall sign a receipt for such notification.

Each school shall attempt to provide verbal notification to a child's parent, tutor, or legal guardian, and, if such verbal notification cannot be provided, then the school shall provide written notification to a child's parent, tutor, or legal guardian when that child has been absent from school for five (5) school days in schools operating on a semester basis, and for ten (10) days in schools not operating on a semester basis. The accumulation of days absent need not be consecutive.

No public elementary or secondary school pupil shall be permitted for any reason to absent himself/herself from school attendance during the school day upon his/her own authority, unless legally emancipated. The principal or designee shall make all reasonable efforts to verbally notify the parent or other person responsible for the pupil's school attendance of any such prohibited absence by a pupil.

TYPES OF ABSENCES

The days absent for elementary and secondary school students shall include non-exempted excused absences, exempted excused absences, unexcused absences, and suspensions.

- Non-exempted excused absences are absences incurred due to personal illness
 or serious illness in the family (documented by acceptable excuses, including a
 parental note) which are not considered for purposes of truancy, but which are
 considered when determining whether or not a student is eligible to make up work
 and tests, receive credit for work completed, and receive credit for a course and/or
 school year completed.
- 2. Exempted excused absences are absences which are not considered for purposes

Cf: JDD, JGFC, JQE

of truancy and which are not considered when determining whether or not a student is eligible to make up work and tests, receive credit for work completed, and receive credit for a course and/or school year completed.

- 3. Unexcused absences are any absences not meeting the requirements set forth in the excused absences and extenuating circumstances definitions, including but not limited to absences due to any job (including agriculture and domestic services, even in the student's own home or for their own parents or tutors) unless it is a part of an approved instructional program. Students shall be given failing grades for those days missed and shall not be given an opportunity to make up work.
- 4. Suspensions are non-exempted absences for which a student is allowed to make up his/her work and is eligible for consideration for credit provided it is completed satisfactorily and in a timely manner. The absence shall be considered when determining whether or not a student may or may not be promoted, but shall not be considered for purposes of truancy. Students absent from school as a result of any suspension shall be counted as absent.

EXTENUATING CIRCUMSTANCES

Exceptions to the attendance regulation shall be the enumerated extenuating circumstances below that are verified by the Supervisor of Child Welfare and Attendance or the school principal/designee where indicated. These exempted absences do not apply in determining whether a student meets the minimum minutes of instruction required to receive credit.

- Extended personal physical or emotional illness as verified by a physician or nurse practitioner licensed in the state.
- Extended hospital stay in which a student is absent as verified by a physician or dentist.
- Extended recuperation from an accident in which a student is absent as verified by a physician, dentist, or nurse practitioner licensed in the state.
- Extended contagious disease within a family in which a student is absent as verified by a physician or dentist licensed in the state.
- Quarantine due to prolonged exposure to or direct contact with a person diagnosed with a contagious, deadly, disease, as ordered by state or local health officials.
- Observance of special and recognized holidays of the student's own faith.
- Visitation with a parent who is a member of the United States Armed Forces or the National Guard of a state and such parent has been called to duty for or is on leave from overseas deployment to a combat zone or combat support posting. Excused

FILE: JBD Cf: JB, JBA Cf: JDD, JGFC, JQE

absences in this situation shall not exceed five (5) school days per school year.

- 8. Absences as verified by the principal or his/her designee as stated below:
 - A. Prior school system-approved travel for education;
 - B. Death in the immediate family (not to exceed one week); or,
 - Natural catastrophe and/or disaster.
- Expectant and parenting high school students shall be granted excused absences as delineated in policy JQE, Expectant and Parenting Students.

For any other extenuating circumstances, the student's parents or legal guardian must make a formal appeal in accordance with the due process procedures established by the school system.

Students who are verified as meeting extenuating circumstances, and therefore eligible to receive grades shall not receive those grades if they are unable to complete makeup work or pass the course.

SCHOOL-APPROVED ACTIVITIES

Students participating in school-approved field trips or other instructional activities that necessitate their being away from school shall be considered to be present and shall be given the opportunity to make up work.

CHILD PERFORMERS

Minors employed to perform or render artistic or creative services under a contract or employment arrangement for two (2) or more days within a 30-day period must receive instruction pursuant to statutory provisions.

MAKE UP WORK

A student who is absent five (5) or more days in any nine-weeks period shall receive an incomplete grade in all subjects involved if the grade is not made up before the end of the grading period. The student can make up the work during the next nine-weeks period. If he/she fails to do so, the incomplete grade automatically becomes a "U". It shall be the responsibility of the teacher to inform the student of the deadline for any makeup work.

WRITTEN EXCUSES

For a student to be eligible to receive credit and make up work following an absence, the student shall be required in each instance to submit parental confirmation of the reasons for the absence. If a student is tardy or absent, the parent or guardian must submit a written excuse, signed and dated, to school authorities upon the student's return to classes, stating the reason for the student's absence from school. All excuses for a

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The following procedures shall be followed for excuses:

- Students who are absent from any class or from school for any cause will need a note from their parents or guardian. This note, dated and signed by a parent or guardian, shall state the cause for absence and the date/s of absence. The student must take the note to the appropriate school office or to a designated representative to secure an admit-to-class slip. Every absence will be recorded as temporarily excused or unexcused, based on the reason for the absence.
- A forged excuse will be dealt with by the student's principal.
- If after investigation by the teachers and principal, there is still a question as to the validity of the absence the case shall be reported to the Supervisor of Child Welfare and Attendance.

REPORTING ABSENCES

The attendance of all school pupils shall be checked each school day and at the beginning of each class period and shall be verified by the teacher keeping such record, which shall be open to inspection by the Supervisor of Child Welfare and Attendance or duly authorized representative at all reasonable times. All schools shall immediately report to the Supervisor of Child Welfare and Attendance any unexplained, unexcused, or illegal absence, or habitual tardiness.

The Supervisor of Child Welfare and Attendance shall, after written notice to the parent or legal guardian of a child, or a personal visit of notification, report any such child who is habitually absent or who is habitually tardy to the family or juvenile court of the parish as a truant child, there to be dealt with in such manner as the court may determine.

The following procedures shall be followed for the reporting of unexcused absences:

- Any unexplained, unexcused, or illegal absence, or habitual tardiness, shall be reported to the visiting teacher and/or Supervisor of Child Welfare and Attendance when necessary.
- The Supervisor of Child Welfare and Attendance may visit the residence of a student or any other place in order to ensure that a student is in attendance during the hours of a school day.
- In the discharge of the duties of their office, Supervisors of Child Welfare and Attendance shall cooperate fully with the State Departments of Public Welfare,

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Labor, Health and Human Resources (DHHR), and other state and local agencies, and may serve such writs and process in law relating to compulsory attendance as may be necessary for the enforcement.

4. Violations of the compulsory attendance law shall be investigated and, when necessary, shall include written notice, either in person or by registered mail, to the parent, tutor, or other person having control or charge of a student within the compulsory school attendance age.

APPEAL OF ABSENCES

When a student exceeds the maximum number of absences allowed the parents or student may make a formal appeal to the principal if they feel any of the absences are because of extenuating circumstances. If they feel that the decision is unfavorable, they shall appeal to the Superintendent or his/her designee. After a review by the Superintendent or his/her designee, a decision shall be made and communicated to the parents or legal guardian by letter.

High school students in danger of failing due to excessive absences may be allowed to make up missed time in class sessions held outside the regular class time. The make-up sessions must be completed before the end of the current semester and all other applicable policies must also be met.

TARDINESS

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Revised: December, 1995 Revised: August, 2010 Revised: March, 1999 Revised: May, 2011

Revised: July, 1999 Revised: December 8, 2015

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Item 13

Student Health Services

Act 562 includes provisions for seizure treatment and training. Parents or legal guardians of a student with a seizure disorder may submit a seizure management and treatment plan to the school administration for use by employees who have regular interaction with the student. The Department of Education is required to develop two courses of instruction, one for nurses and one for other employees who have regular interaction with students who have a seizure management and treatment plan. Those employees would be required to take and successfully complete the course biennially.

STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES

HEALTH CARE CENTERS

In order to provide adequate health care and services to students, the Calcasieu Parish School Board may authorize the establishment of student health care centers in the schools of the parish. Any health clinic established shall be supervised by a school nurse, who shall be licensed in accordance with state law. Health care centers shall provide services which include, but are not limited to the following: treatment of minor illness and injury, routine physical examinations, immunizations, referrals to alcohol and drug abuse prevention program counselors, and mental health services. No student shall receive any type of service unless the required standardized school health forms as outlined in *Health and Safety*, Bulletin 135, Louisiana Department of Education, have been signed, returned to school, and have been filed in the clinic.

HEARING AND VISION SCREENING

The School Board, during the first semester of the school year, or within thirty (30) days after the admission of students entering school late in the session, shall test the sight, including color screening for all first grade students, and hearing of students according to the schedule outlined by the American Academy of Pediatrics, except those students whose parents or guardians may object to such tests. Students may also be tested upon referral or requests of teachers and/or parents.

A record of such examination shall be kept and the administrators shall be required to follow up on the deficiencies within sixty (60) days, and shall notify in writing the parent or tutor of every student found to have any defect of sight or hearing.

EDUCATIONAL SCREENING AND EVALUATION

Every student in grades kindergarten through third shall be screened, at least once, for the existence of impediments to a successful school experience. No student shall be screened if his/her parent or guardian objects to such screening. Such impediments shall include:

- dyslexia and related disorders;
- attention deficit disorder; and
- social and environmental factors that put a student "at risk."

Students in need of services and/or assistance shall have it provided to them. The screenings shall be done directly by elementary school counselors, pupil appraisal personnel, teachers, or any other professional employees of the School Board who have been appropriately trained, all of whom shall operate as advocates for the students

identified as needing services or assistance. No screenings shall be done by persons who have not been trained to do such screenings.

The School Board shall ensure that educational screening activities, conducted by a committee at the school level, shall be completed before a student is referred for an individual evaluation through pupil appraisal services.

Students who are experiencing learning or adjustment difficulties in a regular program, but are not thought to be exceptional, may receive support services from pupil appraisal by a referral from a committee at the school level.

Testing for Dyslexia

Upon the request of a parent, student, school nurse, classroom teacher, or other school personnel who has reason to believe that a student has a need to be tested for dyslexia and related disorders, that student shall be referred to the school building level committee for additional testing. The School Board shall provide remediation for students with dyslexia or related disorders in an appropriate education program.

For purposes of this policy, *dyslexia* shall be defined as difficulty with the alphabet, reading, reading comprehension, writing, and spelling in spite of adequate intelligence, exposure, and cultural opportunity an unexpected difficulty in reading for an individual who has the intelligence to be a much better reader, most commonly caused by a difficulty in phonological processing, which affects the ability of an individual to speak, read, and spell. *Phonological processing* means the appreciation of the individual sounds of spoken and written language.

OTHER HEALTH CONSIDERATIONS

The School Board acknowledges that only properly trained personnel shall make recommendations regarding certain health issues of students.

The School Board shall prohibit, in accordance with statutory provisions, any teacher employed by the School Board from recommending that a student be administered a psychotropic drug, specifying or identifying any specific mental health diagnosis for a student, or using a parent's or guardian's refusal to consent to the administration of a psychotropic drug to a student or to a psychiatric evaluation, screening, or examination of a student as grounds for prohibiting the student from attending any class or participating in any school-related activity or as the sole basis of accusations of child abuse or neglect against the parent or guardian.

The provisions of the above paragraph shall not be construed so as to prohibit any of the following:

1. An employee of the School Board who is a registered nurse, nurse

practitioner, physician, or an appropriately credentialed mental health professional or teacher from recommending that a student be evaluated by an appropriate medical practitioner.

- A teacher or other certified employee of the School Board from suggesting a student be assessed or evaluated by qualified employees of the School Board who perform such function.
- A teacher assessing or evaluating any element of a student's academic readiness, performance, or achievement.
- Any employee of the School Board from discussing any aspect of a student's behavior or academic progress with the student's parent or guardian or any other employee of the School Board.

Definitions

Psychotropic drug shall mean a substance that is used in the diagnosis, treatment, or prevention of a disease or as a component of a medication and is intended to have an altering effect on perception, emotion, or behavior.

Teacher, for purposes of this section of the policy, shall mean any person employed by the School Board, who, as a condition of employment, is required to hold a valid teaching certificate issued by the Louisiana Department of Education and any person employed by the School Board as a substitute teacher.

SEIZURE TREATMENT AND TRAINING

The parent or guardian of a student with a seizure disorder may submit to the administration of the student's school a seizure management and treatment plan developed by the student's parent and treating physician for review and use by school employees with whom the student has regular interaction. The plan shall include the following:

- The health care services the student may receive at school or while participating in a school activity.
- Evaluation of the student's ability to manage and understand his/her seizure disorder.
- Signatures from the student's parent or guardian and from the treating physician.

School nurses and such school employees and school bus operators who have regular interactions with a student for whom there is a seizure management and treatment plan

shall be required to biennially successfully complete instruction provided by the Department of Education.

ADMINISTERING CATHETERS

The School Board shall not require any employee other than a registered nurse or a licensed medical physician to catheterize any student until all of the following conditions have been met:

- A registered nurse or licensed medical physician, employed by the School Board, has assessed the health status of the specific child in his/her specific educational setting. The registered nurse has determined that the procedure could be safely performed, the results are predictable and could be delegated to someone other than a registered nurse following documented training.
- The registered nurse or licensed medical physician shall train at least two

 (2) employees to catheterize the specific child in his/her educational setting.
 The employees shall be given not less than eight (8) hours of training in the area of catheterization of students.
- Following the training provided for in #2, no catheterization may be performed unless prescribed in writing by a licensed medical physician. The employee, other than the registered nurse or licensed medical physician, shall be required to complete, under the direct supervision of a registered nurse, a minimum of five (5) catheterizations. Upon one hundred percent (100%) successful completion of these catheterizations, the registered nurse or licensed medical physician and the trainee shall sign a standard form indicating that the trainee has attained the prescribed level of competency. A copy of this form shall be kept on file by the school system.
- 4. Individuals who are required to perform catheterizations and have been trained according to statutory provisions, may not decline to perform such service except as exempted by a licensed medical physician or a registered nurse. The reasons for such exemption shall be documented and certified by the licensed medical physician or a registered nurse within seventy-two (72) hours.
- 5. Any employee shall have the right to request that another School Board employee be present while catheterizing the student, to serve as a witness to the procedure. After making such a request, the employee shall not be required to catheterize a student without such a witness.

The provisions of this part of the policy shall be restricted to those students who have had intermittent catheterization prescribed as a treatment for urinary or neurologic dysfunction

and not for continuous bladder drainage or to obtain urine specimens for diagnostic purposes. No employee shall be requested to catheterize any student for continuous bladder drainage or to obtain urine specimens for diagnostic purposes.

PERFORMING NONCOMPLEX HEALTH PROCEDURES

The term *noncomplex health procedure* shall mean a task which is safely performed according to exact directions, with no need to alter the standard procedure, and which yields predictable results. It shall include the following:

- Modified activities of daily living which require special instruction such as toileting/diapering, bowel/bladder training, toilet training, oral/dental hygiene, lifting/positioning, and oral feeding.
 - Health maintenance procedures such as postural drainage, percussion, tracheostomy suctioning, gastrostomy feeding and monitoring of these procedures.
 - 3. Screenings such as growth, vital signs, hearing, vision, and scoliosis.

The School Board shall not require any employee other than a registered nurse, licensed medical physician, an appropriate licensed health professional, or, in the case of tracheostomy suctioning procedure, any hired and trained unlicensed nursing personnel or unlicensed assistive personnel as defined by the Louisiana State Board of Nursing, to perform noncomplex health procedures until all the following conditions have been met:

- A registered nurse or a licensed medical physician and, when appropriate, another licensed health professional employed by the School Board, has assessed the health status of the specific child in his/her specific educational setting and has determined that, according to the legal standards of the respective licensed health professional performing such procedure, the procedure can be safely performed, the results are predictable, and the procedure can be delegated to someone other than a licensed health professional following documented training.
- 2. The registered nurse or the licensed medical physician and, when appropriate, another licensed health professional shall train, in his or her area of expertise, at least two (2) such employees to perform noncomplex health procedures on the specific child in his/her educational setting. The employees shall be given not less than four (4) hours of training in the area of noncomplex health procedures.
- Following the training provided for in #2, no noncomplex health procedure, except screenings and activities of daily living such as toileting/diapering, toilet training, oral/dental hygiene, oral feeding, lifting, and positioning may

be performed unless prescribed in writing by a physician licensed to practice medicine in the state of Louisiana or an adjacent state.

The employee, other than the registered nurse, licensed medical physician, or appropriate licensed health professional shall be required to complete, under the direct supervision or coordination of a registered nurse, a minimum of three (3) satisfactory demonstrations. Upon satisfactory completion of these noncomplex health procedures, the registered nurse, licensed medical physician, or appropriate licensed health professional and the trainee shall sign a standard form indicating that the trainee has attained the prescribed level of competency. A copy of this form shall be kept on file by the school system.

- 4. Individuals who are required to perform noncomplex health procedures and have been trained according to the provisions of state law and this policy may not decline to perform such service at the time indicated except as exempted for reasons as noted by the licensed medical physician or registered nurse. The reasons for such exemption shall be documented and certified by the licensed medical physician or a registered nurse within seventy-two (72) hours.
- 5. An employee shall have the right to request that another School Board employee be present while he/she is performing noncomplex health procedures for a student, to serve as a witness to the procedure. After making such a request, the employee shall not be required to perform noncomplex health procedures without such a witness.
 - 6. Employees who have volunteered to perform a tracheostomy suctioning procedure and who comply with the training and demonstration requirements outlined in #2 and #3 above may be allowed to perform such procedure on a child in an educational setting.

The School Board shall provide the necessary safety equipment, materials, and supplies to each employee who performs noncomplex health procedures. Such safety equipment, materials, and supplies shall include but not be limited to gloves, anti-bacterial soaps and wipes, paper towels and masks.

For the purposes of this section of the policy, *employee* means any appropriate member of the education staff, and *appropriate licensed health professional* shall include a licensed practical nurse.

SCOLIOSIS SCREENING

Scoliosis screening is done to detect early spinal deviations in children. This screening is done on all sixth, seventh, and eighth grade students. Rescreening is done by the school

nurse in conjunction with local orthopedic physicians/family practitioner. If the student should be referred for further examination, the parents are notified.

BREAST SELF-EXAMINATION

All girls in public junior and senior high schools shall be taught the proper procedure for breast self-examination and the need for an annual pap test for cervical cancer, in accordance with state law.

The following guidelines will govern instructions regarding breast self-examination and the pap test for cervical cancer:

- 1. A letter explaining the procedures to parents will be given to girls to take to their parents. A rejection slip allowing the parents to reject the instruction will be included. The girls will sign a roster stipulating receipt of the letter and will be responsible for returning any rejection slips to the schools where the slips will be filed with the roster. Girls with rejection slips will not receive the instruction. All girls without rejection slips on file shall be instructed provided that they receive the original letter. The school nurse will provide the letters for the parents and the class roster sheets to the schools.
- Only a female school nurse will teach breast self-examination and the need for an annual pap test for cervical cancer.
- Where practical, the class will be taught as a part of the health and physical education class. When this is not feasible, other arrangements will be made with the principal.
- 4. The classes will be taught to all girls in eighth and tenth grades.
- A film showing the procedure for breast self-examination and the cervical pap test will be shown. The nurses will not use a live model. The film used in teaching does show exposed female breasts. A "Breast Self-Examination Model" will be used to demonstrate examinations procedures. Girls will not expose themselves for purposes of this class.
- 6. The nurse will emphasize that this is precautionary and that girls should see their doctors immediately if they notice anything unusual.
- The nurses will not examine any girl requesting an examination, but will direct her to see her doctor.
- A pamphlet on "Breast Self-Examination" will be given to each girl after the class is completed.

KNOWN HEALTH PROBLEMS

If a child has a known problem that is potentially serious and there is a method of helping the child and the school is denied an opportunity to help the child because the necessary materials are not made available, then the school cannot be held responsible to assist the child. Therefore, if the presence of the child at school without necessary materials presents a risk to the safety or health of the child, the child may be temporarily excluded from the school.

Revised: December, 1990 Revised: December, 1995 Revised: December, 1997 Revised: March, 1999 Revised: August, 2003 Revised: September, 2006

Revised: June, 2008

Revised: July 16, 2013
Revised: October 8, 2013
Revised: November 1, 2016
Revised: July 10, 2018
Revised: August, 2020
Revised: July, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§14:403, 17:170, 17:392.1, 17:435, 17:436, 17:436.2, 17:436.4, 17:2112, 40:31.3; Irving Independent School District v. Tatro, 104 S. Ct. 33371 (1984); Health and Safety, Bulletin 135, Louisiana Department of Education; Board minutes, 10-14-03, 2-6-07, 8-5-08, 7-16-13, 10-8-13, 11-1-16, 7-10-18.

STUDENT HEALTH SERVICES

HEALTH CARE CENTERS

In order to provide adequate health care and services to students, the Calcasieu Parish School Board may authorize the establishment of student health care centers in the schools of the parish. Any health clinic established shall be supervised by a school nurse, who shall be licensed in accordance with state law. Health care centers shall provide services which include, but are not limited to the following: treatment of minor illness and injury, routine physical examinations, immunizations, referrals to alcohol and drug abuse prevention program counselors, and mental health services. No student shall receive any type of service unless the required standardized school health forms as outlined in *Health and Safety*, Bulletin 135, Louisiana Department of Education, have been signed, returned to school, and have been filed in the clinic.

HEARING AND VISION SCREENING

The School Board, during the first semester of the school year, or within thirty (30) days after the admission of students entering school late in the session, shall test the sight, including color screening for all first grade students, and hearing of students according to the schedule outlined by the American Academy of Pediatrics, except those students whose parents or guardians may object to such tests. Students may also be tested upon referral or requests of teachers and/or parents.

A record of such examination shall be kept and the administrators shall be required to follow up on the deficiencies within sixty (60) days, and shall notify in writing the parent or tutor of every student found to have any defect of sight or hearing.

EDUCATIONAL SCREENING AND EVALUATION

Every student in grades kindergarten through third shall be screened, at least once, for the existence of impediments to a successful school experience. No student shall be screened if his/her parent or guardian objects to such screening. Such impediments shall include:

- dyslexia and related disorders;
- 2. attention deficit disorder; and
- social and environmental factors that put a student "at risk."

Students in need of services and/or assistance shall have it provided to them. The screenings shall be done directly by elementary school counselors, pupil appraisal personnel, teachers, or any other professional employees of the School Board who have been appropriately trained, all of whom shall operate as advocates for the students

identified as needing services or assistance. No screenings shall be done by persons who have not been trained to do such screenings.

The School Board shall ensure that educational screening activities, conducted by a committee at the school level, shall be completed before a student is referred for an individual evaluation through pupil appraisal services.

Students who are experiencing learning or adjustment difficulties in a regular program, but are not thought to be exceptional, may receive support services from pupil appraisal by a referral from a committee at the school level.

Testing for Dyslexia

Upon the request of a parent, student, school nurse, classroom teacher, or other school personnel who has reason to believe that a student has a need to be tested for dyslexia and related disorders, that student shall be referred to the school building level committee for additional testing. The School Board shall provide remediation for students with dyslexia or related disorders in an appropriate education program.

For purposes of this policy, *dyslexia* shall be defined as an unexpected difficulty in reading for an individual who has the intelligence to be a much better reader, most commonly caused by a difficulty in phonological processing, which affects the ability of an individual to speak, read, and spell. *Phonological processing* means the appreciation of the individual sounds of spoken and written language.

OTHER HEALTH CONSIDERATIONS

The School Board acknowledges that only properly trained personnel shall make recommendations regarding certain health issues of students.

The School Board shall prohibit, in accordance with statutory provisions, any teacher employed by the School Board from recommending that a student be administered a psychotropic drug, specifying or identifying any specific mental health diagnosis for a student, or using a parent's or guardian's refusal to consent to the administration of a psychotropic drug to a student or to a psychiatric evaluation, screening, or examination of a student as grounds for prohibiting the student from attending any class or participating in any school-related activity or as the sole basis of accusations of child abuse or neglect against the parent or guardian.

The provisions of the above paragraph shall not be construed so as to prohibit any of the following:

 An employee of the School Board who is a registered nurse, nurse practitioner, physician, or an appropriately credentialed mental health professional or teacher from recommending that a student be evaluated by

an appropriate medical practitioner.

- A teacher or other certified employee of the School Board from suggesting a student be assessed or evaluated by qualified employees of the School Board who perform such function.
- A teacher assessing or evaluating any element of a student's academic readiness, performance, or achievement.
- Any employee of the School Board from discussing any aspect of a student's behavior or academic progress with the student's parent or guardian or any other employee of the School Board.

Definitions

Psychotropic drug shall mean a substance that is used in the diagnosis, treatment, or prevention of a disease or as a component of a medication and is intended to have an altering effect on perception, emotion, or behavior.

Teacher, for purposes of this section of the policy, shall mean any person employed by the School Board, who, as a condition of employment, is required to hold a valid teaching certificate issued by the Louisiana Department of Education and any person employed by the School Board as a substitute teacher.

SEIZURE TREATMENT AND TRAINING

The parent or guardian of a student with a seizure disorder may submit to the administration of the student's school a seizure management and treatment plan developed by the student's parent and treating physician for review and use by school employees with whom the student has regular interaction. The plan shall include the following:

- The health care services the student may receive at school or while participating in a school activity.
- Evaluation of the student's ability to manage and understand his/her seizure disorder.
- Signatures from the student's parent or guardian and from the treating physician.

School nurses and such school employees and school bus operators who have regular interactions with a student for whom there is a seizure management and treatment plan shall be required to biennially successfully complete instruction provided by the Department of Education.

ADMINISTERING CATHETERS

The School Board shall not require any employee other than a registered nurse or a licensed medical physician to catheterize any student until all of the following conditions have been met:

- A registered nurse or licensed medical physician, employed by the School Board, has assessed the health status of the specific child in his/her specific educational setting. The registered nurse has determined that the procedure could be safely performed, the results are predictable and could be delegated to someone other than a registered nurse following documented training.
- The registered nurse or licensed medical physician shall train at least two

 (2) employees to catheterize the specific child in his/her educational setting.

 The employees shall be given not less than eight (8) hours of training in the area of catheterization of students.
- 3. Following the training provided for in #2, no catheterization may be performed unless prescribed in writing by a licensed medical physician. The employee, other than the registered nurse or licensed medical physician, shall be required to complete, under the direct supervision of a registered nurse, a minimum of five (5) catheterizations. Upon one hundred percent (100%) successful completion of these catheterizations, the registered nurse or licensed medical physician and the trainee shall sign a standard form indicating that the trainee has attained the prescribed level of competency. A copy of this form shall be kept on file by the school system.
- 4. Individuals who are required to perform catheterizations and have been trained according to statutory provisions, may not decline to perform such service except as exempted by a licensed medical physician or a registered nurse. The reasons for such exemption shall be documented and certified by the licensed medical physician or a registered nurse within seventy-two (72) hours.
 - 5. Any employee shall have the right to request that another School Board employee be present while catheterizing the student, to serve as a witness to the procedure. After making such a request, the employee shall not be required to catheterize a student without such a witness.

The provisions of this part of the policy shall be restricted to those students who have had intermittent catheterization prescribed as a treatment for urinary or neurologic dysfunction and not for continuous bladder drainage or to obtain urine specimens for diagnostic purposes. No employee shall be requested to catheterize any student for continuous

bladder drainage or to obtain urine specimens for diagnostic purposes.

PERFORMING NONCOMPLEX HEALTH PROCEDURES

The term *noncomplex health procedure* shall mean a task which is safely performed according to exact directions, with no need to alter the standard procedure, and which yields predictable results. It shall include the following:

- Modified activities of daily living which require special instruction such as toileting/diapering, bowel/bladder training, toilet training, oral/dental hygiene, lifting/positioning, and oral feeding.
- Health maintenance procedures such as postural drainage, percussion, tracheostomy suctioning, gastrostomy feeding and monitoring of these procedures.
- 3. Screenings such as growth, vital signs, hearing, vision, and scoliosis.

The School Board shall not require any employee other than a registered nurse, licensed medical physician, an appropriate licensed health professional, or, in the case of tracheostomy suctioning procedure, any hired and trained unlicensed nursing personnel or unlicensed assistive personnel as defined by the Louisiana State Board of Nursing, to perform noncomplex health procedures until all the following conditions have been met:

- 1. A registered nurse or a licensed medical physician and, when appropriate, another licensed health professional employed by the School Board, has assessed the health status of the specific child in his/her specific educational setting and has determined that, according to the legal standards of the respective licensed health professional performing such procedure, the procedure can be safely performed, the results are predictable, and the procedure can be delegated to someone other than a licensed health professional following documented training.
- The registered nurse or the licensed medical physician and, when appropriate, another licensed health professional shall train, in his or her area of expertise, at least two (2) such employees to perform noncomplex health procedures on the specific child in his/her educational setting. The employees shall be given not less than four (4) hours of training in the area of noncomplex health procedures.
- Following the training provided for in #2, no noncomplex health procedure, except screenings and activities of daily living such as toileting/diapering, toilet training, oral/dental hygiene, oral feeding, lifting, and positioning may be performed unless prescribed in writing by a physician licensed to practice medicine in the state of Louisiana or an adjacent state.

The employee, other than the registered nurse, licensed medical physician, or appropriate licensed health professional shall be required to complete, under the direct supervision or coordination of a registered nurse, a minimum of three (3) satisfactory demonstrations. Upon satisfactory completion of these noncomplex health procedures, the registered nurse, licensed medical physician, or appropriate licensed health professional and the trainee shall sign a standard form indicating that the trainee has attained the prescribed level of competency. A copy of this form shall be kept on file by the school system.

- 4. Individuals who are required to perform noncomplex health procedures and have been trained according to the provisions of state law and this policy may not decline to perform such service at the time indicated except as exempted for reasons as noted by the licensed medical physician or registered nurse. The reasons for such exemption shall be documented and certified by the licensed medical physician or a registered nurse within seventy-two (72) hours.
- 5. An employee shall have the right to request that another School Board employee be present while he/she is performing noncomplex health procedures for a student, to serve as a witness to the procedure. After making such a request, the employee shall not be required to perform noncomplex health procedures without such a witness.
 - Employees who have volunteered to perform a tracheostomy suctioning procedure and who comply with the training and demonstration requirements outlined in #2 and #3 above may be allowed to perform such procedure on a child in an educational setting.

The School Board shall provide the necessary safety equipment, materials, and supplies to each employee who performs noncomplex health procedures. Such safety equipment, materials, and supplies shall include but not be limited to gloves, anti-bacterial soaps and wipes, paper towels and masks.

For the purposes of this section of the policy, *employee* means any appropriate member of the education staff, and *appropriate licensed health professional* shall include a licensed practical nurse.

SCOLIOSIS SCREENING

Scoliosis screening is done to detect early spinal deviations in children. This screening is done on all sixth, seventh, and eighth grade students. Rescreening is done by the school nurse in conjunction with local orthopedic physicians/family practitioner. If the student should be referred for further examination, the parents are notified.

BREAST SELF-EXAMINATION

All girls in public junior and senior high schools shall be taught the proper procedure for breast self-examination and the need for an annual pap test for cervical cancer, in accordance with state law.

The following guidelines will govern instructions regarding breast self-examination and the pap test for cervical cancer:

- 1. A letter explaining the procedures to parents will be given to girls to take to their parents. A rejection slip allowing the parents to reject the instruction will be included. The girls will sign a roster stipulating receipt of the letter and will be responsible for returning any rejection slips to the schools where the slips will be filed with the roster. Girls with rejection slips will not receive the instruction. All girls without rejection slips on file shall be instructed provided that they receive the original letter. The school nurse will provide the letters for the parents and the class roster sheets to the schools.
- Only a female school nurse will teach breast self-examination and the need for an annual pap test for cervical cancer.
 - Where practical, the class will be taught as a part of the health and physical education class. When this is not feasible, other arrangements will be made with the principal.
 - The classes will be taught to all girls in eighth and tenth grades.
 - 5. A film showing the procedure for breast self-examination and the cervical pap test will be shown. The nurses will not use a live model. The film used in teaching does show exposed female breasts. A "Breast Self-Examination Model" will be used to demonstrate examinations procedures. Girls will not expose themselves for purposes of this class.
 - The nurse will emphasize that this is precautionary and that girls should see their doctors immediately if they notice anything unusual.
 - The nurses will not examine any girl requesting an examination, but will direct her to see her doctor.
 - A pamphlet on "Breast Self-Examination" will be given to each girl after the class is completed.

KNOWN HEALTH PROBLEMS

If a child has a known problem that is potentially serious and there is a method of helping the child and the school is denied an opportunity to help the child because the necessary materials are not made available, then the school cannot be held responsible to assist the child. Therefore, if the presence of the child at school without necessary materials presents a risk to the safety or health of the child, the child may be temporarily excluded from the school.

Revised: December, 1990
Revised: December, 1995
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Revised: December, 1997
Revised: March, 1999
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Revised: August, 2003
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Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§14:403, 17:170, 17:392.1, 17:435, 17:436, 17:436.2, 17:436.4, 17:2112, 40:31.3; <u>Irving Independent School District v. Tatro</u>, 104 S. Ct. 33371 (1984); <u>Health and Safety</u>, Bulletin 135, Louisiana Department of Education; Board minutes, 10-14-03, 2-6-07, 8-5-08, 7-16-13, 10-8-13, 11-1-16, 7-10-18.

Item 14

Administration of Medication

The Administration of Medication policy already includes information regarding self-administration of epinephrine. Act 315 now requires a policy for maintaining a supply of auto-injectable epinephrine in a secure location in each classroom assigned to a student who is deemed by his/her physician to be at high risk for anaphylactic reaction and incapable of self-administration. Also required are authorization from the parent; a physician certification; and, providing each impacted teacher with information regarding signs and symptoms of anaphylactic reactions, accessing and administering the drug, and other specific information. Each school is required to include this information in its student handbook and to post the information on the school's website. The policy is also to be provided to any parent or legal guardian who informed the school in writing that the student has a risk of anaphylaxis.

ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION

It is the policy of the Calcasieu Parish School Board that the administration of medication to students at school shall meet the following conditions and limitations. As used in this policy, the term *medication* shall include all prescription and non-prescription drugs.

- WRITTEN ORDERS, APPROPRIATE CONTAINERS, LABELS, AND INFORMATION
 - A. Medication shall not be administered to any student without a completed Medication Order from a physician or dentist licensed to practice medicine in Louisiana or an adjacent state, or any other authorized prescriber authorized in the state of Louisiana to prescribe medication or devices, and a letter of request and authorization from the student's parent or guardian. The following information shall be included:
 - 1) the student's name
 - the name and signature of the physician/dentist/other authorized prescriber
 - physician's/dentist's/other authorized prescriber's business address, office phone number, and emergency phone numbers
 - relevant diagnosis
 - 5) name, amount of each school dose, frequency and time of school administration, route of medication, and reason for use of medication
 - a written statement of the desired effects and the child specific potential adverse effects
- B. Medication shall be provided to the school by the parent/legal guardian in the container that meets acceptable pharmaceutical standards and shall include the following information:
- 1) name of pharmacy
 - 2) address and telephone number of pharmacy
 - prescription number
 - date dispensed
 - name of student
 - clear directions for use, including the route, frequency, and other as indicated
 - drug name and strength
 - 8) last name and initial of pharmacist
 - 9) cautionary auxiliary labels, if applicable
 - 10) physician's/dentist's/other authorized prescriber's name

Labels of prepackaged medications, when dispensed, shall contain the following information in addition to the regular pharmacy label:

- drug name
- dosage form
- strength
- 4) quantity
- 5) name of manufacturer and/or distributor
- 6) manufacturer's lot or batch number

2. ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION: GENERAL PROVISIONS

- A. Once trained, the school employee who administers medication may not decline to perform such service at the time indicated, unless exempted in writing by the MD or RN.
- B. During the period when the medication is administered the person administering medication must be relieved of all other duties. This requirement does not include the observation period required in 2.-F below.
- C. Except in the case of a trained unlicensed diabetes care assistant administering diabetes medications (if applicable) or in life-threatening situations, trained unlicensed school personnel may not administer injectable medications.
- D. All medications must be stored in a secured locked area or locked drawer with limited access except by authorized trained school personnel.
- E. Only oral, inhalant, topical ointment for diaper rash, and emergency medications may be administered at school by unlicensed, but trained, school personnel. Under special circumstances, other medications not mentioned above may be administered as necessary, as approved by the school nurse.
- F. Each student must be observed by a school employee for a period of 45 minutes following the administration of medication. This observation may occur during instruction time.
- G. School medication orders shall be limited to medication which cannot be administered before or after school hours.
- H. Any employee shall have the right to request that another school board employee be present while he is administering the medication to a student to serve as a witness.

PRINCIPAL

The principal shall designate at least two (2) employees to receive training and

administer medications in each school. In addition, two (2) employees are recommended per grade for field trip purposes.

4. TEACHER

The classroom teacher who is not otherwise previously contractually required shall not be assigned to administer medications to students. A teacher may request in writing to volunteer to administer medications to his/her own students. The administration of medications shall not be a condition of employment of teachers employed subsequent to July 1, 1994. A regular education teacher who is assigned an exceptional child shall not be required to administer medications.

SCHOOL NURSE

- A. The school nurse, in collaboration with the principal, shall supervise the implementation of the school policies for the administration of medications in schools to ensure the safety, health and welfare of the students.
 - B. The school nurse shall be responsible for the training of non-medical personnel who have been designated by each principal to administer medications in each school. The training must be at least six (6) hours and include but not be limited to the following provisions:
 - Proper procedures for administration of medications including controlled substances
 - Storage and disposal of medications
 - Appropriate and correct record keeping including documentation of the color, shape and imprint of a tablet/pill on the medication log.
 - Appropriate actions when unusual circumstances or medication reactions occur
 - Appropriate use or resources

PARENT/LEGAL GUARDIAN

- A. The parent/legal guardian who wishes medication administered to his/her child shall provide the following:
 - A letter of request and authorization that contains the following information:
 - a. the student's name;
 - clear instructions for school administration;
 - c. prescription number, if any;
 - d. current date;
 - e. relevant diagnosis;
 - f. name, amount of each school dose, frequency and time of

school administration, route of medication, and reason for use of medication:

- g. physician's/dentist's/other authorized prescriber's name;
- the parent's/legal guardian's printed name and signature;
- parent's/legal guardian's emergency phone number;
- statement granting or withholding release of medical information;
- A written order for each medication to be given at school, including annual renewals at the beginning of the school year. The new orders dated before July of that school year shall not be accepted. No corrections shall be accepted on the physician's *Medication Order* form. Alteration of this form in any way or falsification of the signature is grounds for prosecution. Orders for multiple medications on the same form, an incomplete form, or a form with a physician's/dentist's/ other authorized prescriber's stamp shall not be accepted. Electronic signatures are accepted. Faxed orders may be accepted; original orders must be received within five (5) business days.
- A prescription for all medications to be administered at school, including medications that might ordinarily be available over-the-counter. Only the physician/dentist/other authorized prescriber or his/her staff may write on the Medication Order form. This form must be signed by the physician/dentist/other authorized prescriber.
 - 4) A list of all medications that the student is currently receiving at home and school, if that listing is not a violation of confidentiality or contrary to the request of the parent/legal guardian or student.
 - A list of names and telephone numbers of persons to be notified in case of medication emergency in addition to the parent/legal guardian and licensed physician/dentist/other authorized prescriber.
 - Arrangements for the safe delivery of the medication to and from school in the properly labeled container as dispensed by the pharmacist; the medication must be delivered by a responsible adult. The parent/ legal guardian will need to get two (2) containers for each prescription from the pharmacist in order that the parent/legal guardian, as well as the school, will have a properly labeled container. If the medication is not properly labeled and does not match the physician's order exactly, it will not be given.
- All aerosol medications shall be delivered to the school in pre-measured dosage.

C. Provide no more than a twenty (20) school day supply of medication in a properly labeled container to be kept at school.

- D. The initial dose of a medication shall be administered by the student's parent/legal guardian outside the school jurisdiction with sufficient time for observation for adverse reactions.
- E. The parent/legal guardian shall work with those personnel designated to administer medication as follows:
 - Cooperate in counting the medication with the designated school personnel who receives it and sign the *Drug Receipt* form.
 - Cooperate with school staff to provide for safe, appropriate administration of medications to students, such as positioning, and suggestions for liquids or foods to be given with the medication.
 - 3) Assist in the development of the emergency plan for each student.
 - Comply with written and verbal communication regarding school policies.
 - Grant permission for school nurse/physician/ dentist/other authorized prescriber consultation.
 - Remove or give permission to destroy unused, contaminated, discontinued, or out-of-date medications according to the school guidelines.

STUDENT SELF-MEDICATION

Only those medical conditions which require immediate access to medications to prevent a life threatening or potentially debilitating situation shall be considered for self-administration of medication. Compliance with the school policy for a drug-free zone shall also be met if possible.

If a child has a known problem that is potentially serious and there is a method of helping the child and the school is denied an opportunity to help the child because the necessary materials are not made available, then the school cannot be held responsible to assist the child. Therefore, if the presence of the child at school without necessary materials presents a risk to the safety or health of the child, the child may be temporarily excluded from the school.

Asthma, Diabetes, or the Use of Auto-Injectable Epinephrine

Self-administration of medications by a student with asthma or diabetes or the use

of auto-injectable epinephrine by a student at risk of anaphylaxis shall be permitted by the School Board, provided the student's parent or other legal guardian provides the school in which the student is enrolled with the following documentation:

- Written authorization for the student to carry and self-administer such prescribed medications.
- B. Written certification from a licensed medical physician or other authorized prescriber that the student:
 - has asthma, diabetes, or is at risk of having anaphylaxis
 - has received instruction in the proper method of self-administration of the student's prescribed medications to treat asthma, diabetes, or anaphylaxis
- C. A written treatment plan from the student's licensed physician or authorized prescriber for managing asthma, diabetes, or anaphylactic episodes. The treatment plan shall be signed by the student, the student's parent or other legal guardian, and the student's physician or other authorized prescriber. The treatment plan shall contain the following information:
 - The name, purpose, and prescribed dosage of the medications to be self-administered.
 - The time or times the medications are to be regularly administered and under what additional special circumstances the medications are to be administered.
 - 3) The length of time for which the medications are prescribed.
- Any other documentation required by the School Board.

The required documentation shall be maintained in the office of the school nurse or other designated school official.

The School Board shall inform the parent or other legal guardian of the student in writing that the school and its employees shall incur no liability as a result of any injury sustained by the student from the self-administration of medications used to treat asthma, diabetes, or anaphylaxis. The parent or other legal guardian of the student shall sign a statement acknowledging that the school shall incur no liability and that the parent or other legal guardian shall indemnify and hold harmless the school and its employees against any claims that may arise relating to the self-administration of medications used to treat asthma, diabetes, or anaphylaxis.

A student who has been granted permission to self-administer medication by the School Board shall be allowed to carry and store with the school nurse or other

designated school official an inhaler, auto-injectable epinephrine, or insulin, at all times.

Permission for the self-administration of asthma or diabetes medications or use of auto-injectable epinephrine by a student shall be effective only for the school year in which permission is granted. Permission for self-administration of asthma or diabetes medications or the use of auto-injectable epinephrine by a student shall be granted by the School Board each subsequent school year, provided all of the requirements of this part of the policy are fulfilled.

Upon obtaining permission to self-administer asthma or diabetes medication or to use auto-injectable epinephrine, a student shall be permitted to possess and self-administer such prescribed medication at any time while on school property or while attending a school sponsored activity. A student who uses any medication permitted by this policy in a manner other than as prescribed shall be subject to disciplinary action; however, such disciplinary action shall not limit or restrict such student's immediate access to such prescribed medication.

Auto-injectable epinephrine means a medical device for the immediate self-administration of epinephrine by a person at risk for anaphylaxis.

Glucagon means a hormone that raises the level of glucose in the blood. Glucagon, given by injection is used to treat severe hypoglycemia.

Inhaler means a medical device that delivers a metered dose of medication to alleviate the symptoms of asthma.

Insulin Pen means a pen-like device used to put insulin into the body.

Insulin Pump means a computerized device that is programmed to deliver small, steady, doses of insulin.

Other Permitted Medications

Self-administration of other medications by a student may be permitted by the School Board, provided that:

- A. Medication Order from the physician or authorized prescriber and from the student's parent or guardian shall be on file and communication with the prescriber has been established.
- B. The school nurse has evaluated the situation and deemed it to be safe and appropriate, and has developed a medical administration plan for general supervision. The administration plan may include observation of the procedure, student health counseling and health instruction regarding the principles of self-care.

C. The principal and appropriate staff are informed that the student is self-administering the prescribed medication.

- D. The medication is handled in a safe, appropriate manner.
- E. The school principal and the school employed registered nurse determine a safe place for storing the medication.

The medication must be accessible if the student's health needs require it; this information is included in the medication administration plan.

- F. Some medication should have a backup supply readily available.
- G. The student records the medication administration and reports unusual circumstances (as a general rule the student must record all dates and times he/she is self-medicating during school hours. The medication log shall be kept in the main office where the student shall record this information unless otherwise noted on the student's *Individual Administration Plan*).
- H. The school employed registered nurse, and/or the designated employee monitors the student.

8. ACCEPTABLE SCHOOL MEDICATIONS

School medication orders shall be limited to medication which cannot be administered before or after school hours. Parents may come to school and administer medication to their children at any time during the school day.

Medications which may be considered as acceptable under this policy:

- Medication to modify behavior (e.g., Ritalin, when the sustained action form of this medication is not effective.)
- Severe allergic reactions must have specific written instructions from a physician.
- Anticonvulsive medication.
- D. Medication for asthma or diabetes.
- Medication given in extenuating circumstances.
- F. Non-prescription (over-the-counter) drugs will only be given if medical certification of extenuating circumstances and prescription is obtained.

G. Antibiotics and other short-term medications will not be given at school, unless so ordered by a physician, dentist, or authorized prescriber.

- H. The school nurse or trained school employee shall have the authority to administer auto-injectable epinephrine, as defined elsewhere in this policy, to a student who the school nurse or trained school employee believes is having an anaphylactic reaction, whether or not the student has a prescription for epinephrine. At least one employee at each school shall receive training from a registered nurse or licensed medical physician in the administration of epinephrine.
- Other specific illnesses that require medication.

DIABETES

Each student with diabetes who seeks care for his/her diabetes while at school or while participating in a school-related activity shall submit a diabetes management and treatment plan on an annual basis. Such plan shall be developed by a physician licensed in Louisiana or adjacent state, or other authorized health care prescriber licensed in Louisiana who is selected by the parent or legal guardian to be responsible for such student's diabetes treatment. School-related activities include, but are not limited to, extracurricular activities and sports.

A student's diabetes management and treatment plan shall be kept on file in the school in which the student is enrolled and shall contain:

- A. A detailed evaluation of the student's level of understanding of his/her condition and his/her ability to manage his/her diabetes.
- B. The diabetes-related healthcare services the student may receive or selfadminister at school or during a school-related activity.
- C. A timetable, including dosage instructions, of any diabetes medications to be administered to the student or self-administered by the student.
- D. The signature of the student (if age appropriate), the student's parent or legal guardian, and the physician or other authorized health care prescriber responsible for the student's diabetes treatment.

The parent or legal guardian of a student with diabetes shall annually submit a copy of the student's diabetes management and treatment plan to the principal or appropriately designated school personnel of the school where the student is enrolled. The plan shall be reviewed by appropriate school personnel either prior to or within five (5) days after the beginning of each school year, or upon enrollment if the student enrolls after the beginning of the school year or as soon as practicable following the student being diagnosed with diabetes, or as warranted

by changes in the student's medical condition.

Upon receipt of the student's diabetes management and treatment plan, the school nurse shall conduct a nursing assessment of the student's condition and develop an *Individualized Healthcare Plan* (IHP). The school nurse shall be given not less than five (5) school days to develop the IHP and shall implement the IHP within ten (10) school days of receipt of the diabetes treatment plan. The school nurse must assess the stability of the student's diabetes both at home and in the school setting prior to the development of the IHP for care in the school setting.

The parent or legal guardian shall be responsible for all care related to the student's diabetes management and treatment plan until the IHP is developed, the parents or legal guardian have agreed to and signed the IHP, and the diabetes management and treatment plan is put into place by the school nurse.

The School Board may utilize an unlicensed diabetes care assistant to provide appropriate care to a diabetic student, or assist a student with self-care of his/her diabetes, in accordance with the student's diabetes management and treatment plan, the student's IHP, and regulations contained in *Health and Safety*, Bulletin 135. An *unlicensed diabetes care assistant* is defined as a school employee who is not a healthcare professional, who is willing to complete training requirements established by BESE, and is determined competent by the school nurse to provide care and treatment to students with diabetes. An *unlicensed diabetes care assistant* also means an employee of an entity that contracts with the school or school system to provide school nurses who are responsible for providing health care services required by law or the Department of Education.

In accordance with the student's diabetes management and treatment plan, the student shall be permitted to self-manage his/her diabetes care as outlined in the student's management and treatment plan.

With written permission of a student's parent or legal guardian, a school may provide a school employee with responsibility for providing transportation for a student with diabetes, or supervising a student with diabetes with an off-campus activity. An information sheet with pertinent information about the student's condition and contact information in cases of emergency shall be provided the employee.

10. CLASSROOM STORAGE AND ADMINISTRATION OF AUTO-INJECTABLE EPINEPHRINE BY TEACHERS

The School Board shall allow a supply of auto-injectable epinephrine, as defined above, to be maintained in a secure location in each classroom assigned to a student who is deemed by his/her physician to be at high risk for anaphylactic reaction and incapable of self-administration of auto-injectable epinephrine.

The student's parent or other legal guardian shall annually provide the school in which the student is enrolled with all of the following:

- A. The supply of auto-injectable epinephrine to be kept in each classroom.
 - B. Written authorization for the student to be administered the medication.
 - C. Written certification from the student's licensed medical physician or other authorized prescriber that the student is at high risk of having anaphylaxis and is not capable of self-administration of auto-injectable epinephrine.
 - D. A written treatment plan, as defined above from the student's licensed medical physician or other authorized prescriber for managing anaphylactic episodes.

The required documentation required shall be kept on file in the office of the school nurse or other designated school official.

The teacher in each classroom where auto-injectable epinephrine is stored shall be provided information regarding accessing and administering auto-injectable epinephrine, the signs and symptoms of anaphylactic reactions and specific information regarding condition, care, and treatment of the student assigned to the classroom who is at high risk of anaphylactic reaction.

The School Board shall inform the parent or other legal guardian of the student in writing that the school and its employees shall incur no liability as a result of any injury sustained by the student from the good faith administration of auto-injectable epinephrine. The parent or other legal guardian of the student shall sign a statement acknowledging that the school shall incur no liability and that the parent or other legal guardian shall indemnify and hold harmless the school and its employees against any claims that may arise relating to the good faith administration of auto-injectable epinephrine.

This information shall be included in the student handbook of each school and posted on each school's website. Such policy shall also be disclosed to any parent or other legal guardian who notifies the school in which the student is enrolled, in writing, that the student has a condition which puts him at risk of anaphylaxis.

11. ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION ON FIELD TRIPS AND OTHER EXTRA-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

If a student with an identified medical need is to attend a field trip or other school-sponsored activity, the parents shall be notified to ascertain if any medication must be administered on the field trip or school-sponsored activity away from school. If so, the parent/legal guardian shall accompany the student to the activity to administer any medication.

If the parent/legal guardian cannot attend the field trip/activity with his/her child, the parent/legal guardian shall request in writing that the medication be administered on a pending field trip/activity by a non-School Board employee designated by the parent, or another trained person designated by the School Board. Such request shall include supporting documentation as outlined in this policy. The request shall state that the parent/legal guardian gives permission for the designee or another trained person to administer the medication. If the parent does not designate a non-School Board employee to attend the field trip/activity, once the proper documentation has been submitted, the School Board shall assign a trained School Board employee to accompany the student on the field trip or other school-sponsored activity.

The Protocol on Field Trips for Students with Diabetes shall be followed for students with diabetes.

12. EXTENDED DAY CARE

In the event that a student attends extended day care and requires medication outside school hours (before or after school), medication orders that include the dosage(s), time(s), and medication(s), shall be obtained from the physician/dentist/ other authorized prescriber before any administration of medication may be administered by properly trained personnel.

SUNSCREEN

In accordance with statutory provisions, *sunscreen* means a compound topically applied to prevent sunburn, and for the purpose of this policy shall not be considered medication. A student may possess and self-apply sunscreen at school, on a school bus, or at a school-sponsored function or activity without parental consent or the authorization of a physician.

If a student is unable to self-apply sunscreen, a school employee may volunteer to apply the sunscreen to the student. However, a school employee may apply sunscreen to a student *only* if his/her parent or legal guardian has provided *written consent* for this application. Neither the School Board nor the school employee shall be held liable for any adverse reaction relating to the employee's application of the sunscreen or his/her cessation of such application.

14. STUDENT CONFIDENTIALITY

All student information shall be kept confidential. The parent/legal guardian shall be required to sign the *Authorization for Release of Confidential Information* form, so that health information can be shared between the School Board and health care providers, such as hospitals, physician, service agency, school nurse, and/or other health provider.

Revised: December, 1995 Revised: February, 1996 Revised: September, 2001 Revised: July, 2022 Revised: June. 2008

Revised: September, 2009 Revised: December, 2012

Revised: May, 2013

Revised: November 1, 2016 Revised: February 14, 2017 Revised: August, 1997 Revised: December 12, 2017

La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§17:81, 17:436.1, 17:436.3; Health and Safety, Bulletin 135, Ref: Louisiana Department of Education; Board minutes 10-17-95, 6-17-97, 6-5-01, 8-5-08, 1-12-10, 11-1-16, 2-14-17, 12-12-17.

ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION

It is the policy of the Calcasieu Parish School Board that the administration of medication to students at school shall meet the following conditions and limitations. As used in this policy, the term *medication* shall include all prescription and non-prescription drugs.

- WRITTEN ORDERS, APPROPRIATE CONTAINERS, LABELS, AND INFORMATION
 - A. Medication shall not be administered to any student without a completed Medication Order from a physician or dentist licensed to practice medicine in Louisiana or an adjacent state, or any other authorized prescriber authorized in the state of Louisiana to prescribe medication or devices, and a letter of request and authorization from the student's parent or guardian. The following information shall be included:
 - the student's name
 - the name and signature of the physician/dentist/other authorized prescriber
 - physician's/dentist's/other authorized prescriber's business address, office phone number, and emergency phone numbers
 - relevant diagnosis
 - name, amount of each school dose, frequency and time of school administration, route of medication, and reason for use of medication
 - a written statement of the desired effects and the child specific potential adverse effects
 - B. Medication shall be provided to the school by the parent/legal guardian in the container that meets acceptable pharmaceutical standards and shall include the following information:
 - name of pharmacy
 - 2) address and telephone number of pharmacy
 - 3) prescription number
 - 4) date dispensed
 - 5) name of student
 - clear directions for use, including the route, frequency, and other as indicated
 - 7) drug name and strength
 - 8) last name and initial of pharmacist
 - 9) cautionary auxiliary labels, if applicable
 - 10) physician's/dentist's/other authorized prescriber's name

Labels of prepackaged medications, when dispensed, shall contain the following information in addition to the regular pharmacy label:

- drug name
- dosage form
- strength
- 4) quantity
- 5) name of manufacturer and/or distributor
- manufacturer's lot or batch number

2. ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION: GENERAL PROVISIONS

- A. Once trained, the school employee who administers medication may not decline to perform such service at the time indicated, unless exempted in writing by the MD or RN.
- B. During the period when the medication is administered the person administering medication must be relieved of all other duties. This requirement does not include the observation period required in 2.-F below.
- C. Except in the case of a trained unlicensed diabetes care assistant administering diabetes medications (if applicable) or in life-threatening situations, trained unlicensed school personnel may not administer injectable medications.
- D. All medications must be stored in a secured locked area or locked drawer with limited access except by authorized trained school personnel.
- E. Only oral, inhalant, topical ointment for diaper rash, and emergency medications may be administered at school by unlicensed, but trained, school personnel. Under special circumstances, other medications not mentioned above may be administered as necessary, as approved by the school nurse.
 - F. Each student must be observed by a school employee for a period of 45 minutes following the administration of medication. This observation may occur during instruction time.
 - G. School medication orders shall be limited to medication which cannot be administered before or after school hours.
 - H. Any employee shall have the right to request that another school board employee be present while he is administering the medication to a student to serve as a witness.

PRINCIPAL

The principal shall designate at least two (2) employees to receive training and administer medications in each school. In addition, two (2) employees are

recommended per grade for field trip purposes.

TEACHER

The classroom teacher who is not otherwise previously contractually required shall not be assigned to administer medications to students. A teacher may request in writing to volunteer to administer medications to his/her own students. The administration of medications shall not be a condition of employment of teachers employed subsequent to July 1, 1994. A regular education teacher who is assigned an exceptional child shall not be required to administer medications.

SCHOOL NURSE

- A. The school nurse, in collaboration with the principal, shall supervise the implementation of the school policies for the administration of medications in schools to ensure the safety, health and welfare of the students.
- B. The school nurse shall be responsible for the training of non-medical personnel who have been designated by each principal to administer medications in each school. The training must be at least six (6) hours and include but not be limited to the following provisions:
 - Proper procedures for administration of medications including controlled substances
 - 2) Storage and disposal of medications
 - Appropriate and correct record keeping including documentation of the color, shape and imprint of a tablet/pill on the medication log.
 - 4) Appropriate actions when unusual circumstances or medication reactions occur
 - 5) Appropriate use or resources

PARENT/LEGAL GUARDIAN

- A. The parent/legal guardian who wishes medication administered to his/her child shall provide the following:
 - A letter of request and authorization that contains the following information:
 - a. the student's name;
 - b. clear instructions for school administration;
 - prescription number, if any:
 - d. current date;
 - e. relevant diagnosis;
 - f. name, amount of each school dose, frequency and time of school administration, route of medication, and reason for use

of medication;

- g. physician's/dentist's/other authorized prescriber's name;
- the parent's/legal guardian's printed name and signature;
- parent's/legal guardian's emergency phone number;
- j. statement granting or withholding release of medical information;
- A written order for each medication to be given at school, including annual renewals at the beginning of the school year. The new orders dated before July of that school year shall not be accepted. No corrections shall be accepted on the physician's *Medication Order* form. Alteration of this form in any way or falsification of the signature is grounds for prosecution. Orders for multiple medications on the same form, an incomplete form, or a form with a physician's/dentist's/ other authorized prescriber's stamp shall not be accepted. Electronic signatures are accepted. Faxed orders may be accepted; original orders must be received within five (5) business days.
- A prescription for all medications to be administered at school, including medications that might ordinarily be available over-the-counter. Only the physician/dentist/other authorized prescriber or his/her staff may write on the Medication Order form. This form must be signed by the physician/dentist/other authorized prescriber.
- 4) A list of all medications that the student is currently receiving at home and school, if that listing is not a violation of confidentiality or contrary to the request of the parent/legal guardian or student.
- 5) A list of names and telephone numbers of persons to be notified in case of medication emergency in addition to the parent/legal guardian and licensed physician/dentist/other authorized prescriber.
 - Arrangements for the safe delivery of the medication to and from school in the properly labeled container as dispensed by the pharmacist; the medication must be delivered by a responsible adult. The parent/ legal guardian will need to get two (2) containers for each prescription from the pharmacist in order that the parent/legal guardian, as well as the school, will have a properly labeled container. If the medication is not properly labeled and does not match the physician's order exactly, it will not be given.
 - B. All aerosol medications shall be delivered to the school in pre-measured dosage.
 - C. Provide no more than a twenty (20) school day supply of medication in a properly labeled container to be kept at school.

D. The initial dose of a medication shall be administered by the student's parent/legal guardian outside the school jurisdiction with sufficient time for observation for adverse reactions.

- E. The parent/legal guardian shall work with those personnel designated to administer medication as follows:
 - Cooperate in counting the medication with the designated school personnel who receives it and sign the *Drug Receipt* form.
 - Cooperate with school staff to provide for safe, appropriate administration of medications to students, such as positioning, and suggestions for liquids or foods to be given with the medication.
 - Assist in the development of the emergency plan for each student.
 - Comply with written and verbal communication regarding school policies.
 - Grant permission for school nurse/physician/ dentist/other authorized prescriber consultation.
 - Remove or give permission to destroy unused, contaminated, discontinued, or out-of-date medications according to the school guidelines.

7. STUDENT SELF-MEDICATION

Only those medical conditions which require immediate access to medications to prevent a life threatening or potentially debilitating situation shall be considered for self-administration of medication. Compliance with the school policy for a drug-free zone shall also be met if possible.

If a child has a known problem that is potentially serious and there is a method of helping the child and the school is denied an opportunity to help the child because the necessary materials are not made available, then the school cannot be held responsible to assist the child. Therefore, if the presence of the child at school without necessary materials presents a risk to the safety or health of the child, the child may be temporarily excluded from the school.

Asthma, Diabetes, or the Use of Auto-Injectable Epinephrine

Self-administration of medications by a student with asthma or diabetes or the use of auto-injectable epinephrine by a student at risk of anaphylaxis shall be permitted by the School Board, provided the student's parent or other legal guardian provides the school in which the student is enrolled with the following documentation:

A. Written authorization for the student to carry and self-administer such prescribed medications.

- B. Written certification from a licensed medical physician or other authorized prescriber that the student:
 - 1) has asthma, diabetes, or is at risk of having anaphylaxis
 - has received instruction in the proper method of self-administration of the student's prescribed medications to treat asthma, diabetes, or anaphylaxis
- C. A written treatment plan from the student's licensed physician or authorized prescriber for managing asthma, diabetes, or anaphylactic episodes. The treatment plan shall be signed by the student, the student's parent or other legal guardian, and the student's physician or other authorized prescriber. The treatment plan shall contain the following information:
 - The name, purpose, and prescribed dosage of the medications to be self-administered.
 - 2) The time or times the medications are to be regularly administered and under what additional special circumstances the medications are to be administered.
 - 3) The length of time for which the medications are prescribed.
- Any other documentation required by the School Board.

The required documentation shall be maintained in the office of the school nurse or other designated school official.

The School Board shall inform the parent or other legal guardian of the student in writing that the school and its employees shall incur no liability as a result of any injury sustained by the student from the self-administration of medications used to treat asthma, diabetes, or anaphylaxis. The parent or other legal guardian of the student shall sign a statement acknowledging that the school shall incur no liability and that the parent or other legal guardian shall indemnify and hold harmless the school and its employees against any claims that may arise relating to the self-administration of medications used to treat asthma, diabetes, or anaphylaxis.

A student who has been granted permission to self-administer medication by the School Board shall be allowed to carry and store with the school nurse or other designated school official an inhaler, auto-injectable epinephrine, or insulin, at all times.

Permission for the self-administration of asthma or diabetes medications or use of

auto-injectable epinephrine by a student shall be effective only for the school year in which permission is granted. Permission for self-administration of asthma or diabetes medications or the use of auto-injectable epinephrine by a student shall be granted by the School Board each subsequent school year, provided all of the requirements of this part of the policy are fulfilled.

Upon obtaining permission to self-administer asthma or diabetes medication or to use auto-injectable epinephrine, a student shall be permitted to possess and self-administer such prescribed medication at any time while on school property or while attending a school sponsored activity. A student who uses any medication permitted by this policy in a manner other than as prescribed shall be subject to disciplinary action; however, such disciplinary action shall not limit or restrict such student's immediate access to such prescribed medication.

Auto-injectable epinephrine means a medical device for the immediate selfadministration of epinephrine by a person at risk for anaphylaxis.

Glucagon means a hormone that raises the level of glucose in the blood. Glucagon, given by injection is used to treat severe hypoglycemia.

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Insulin Pump means a computerized device that is programmed to deliver small, steady, doses of insulin.

Other Permitted Medications

Self-administration of other medications by a student may be permitted by the School Board, provided that:

- A. Medication Order from the physician or authorized prescriber and from the student's parent or guardian shall be on file and communication with the prescriber has been established.
- B. The school nurse has evaluated the situation and deemed it to be safe and appropriate, and has developed a medical administration plan for general supervision. The administration plan may include observation of the procedure, student health counseling and health instruction regarding the principles of self-care.
- C. The principal and appropriate staff are informed that the student is selfadministering the prescribed medication.

- D. The medication is handled in a safe, appropriate manner.
- E. The school principal and the school employed registered nurse determine a safe place for storing the medication.

The medication must be accessible if the student's health needs require it; this information is included in the medication administration plan.

- F. Some medication should have a backup supply readily available.
- G. The student records the medication administration and reports unusual circumstances (as a general rule the student must record all dates and times he/she is self-medicating during school hours. The medication log shall be kept in the main office where the student shall record this information unless otherwise noted on the student's Individual Administration Plan).
- H. The school employed registered nurse, and/or the designated employee monitors the student.

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School medication orders shall be limited to medication which cannot be administered before or after school hours. Parents may come to school and administer medication to their children at any time during the school day.

Medications which may be considered as acceptable under this policy:

- Medication to modify behavior (e.g., Ritalin, when the sustained action form of this medication is not effective.)
- Severe allergic reactions must have specific written instructions from a physician.
- C. Anticonvulsive medication.
- D. Medication for asthma or diabetes.
 - Medication given in extenuating circumstances.
- F. Non-prescription (over-the-counter) drugs will only be given if medical certification of extenuating circumstances and prescription is obtained.
 - G. Antibiotics and other short-term medications will not be given at school, unless so ordered by a physician, dentist, or authorized prescriber.

H. The school nurse or trained school employee shall have the authority to administer auto-injectable epinephrine, as defined elsewhere in this policy, to a student who the school nurse or trained school employee believes is having an anaphylactic reaction, whether or not the student has a prescription for epinephrine. At least one employee at each school shall receive training from a registered nurse or licensed medical physician in the administration of epinephrine.

Other specific illnesses that require medication.

9. DIABETES

Each student with diabetes who seeks care for his/her diabetes while at school or while participating in a school-related activity shall submit a diabetes management and treatment plan on an annual basis. Such plan shall be developed by a physician licensed in Louisiana or adjacent state, or other authorized health care prescriber licensed in Louisiana who is selected by the parent or legal guardian to be responsible for such student's diabetes treatment. School-related activities include, but are not limited to, extracurricular activities and sports.

A student's diabetes management and treatment plan shall be kept on file in the school in which the student is enrolled and shall contain:

- A. A detailed evaluation of the student's level of understanding of his/her condition and his/her ability to manage his/her diabetes.
- B. The diabetes-related healthcare services the student may receive or selfadminister at school or during a school-related activity.
- C. A timetable, including dosage instructions, of any diabetes medications to be administered to the student or self-administered by the student.
- D. The signature of the student (if age appropriate), the student's parent or legal guardian, and the physician or other authorized health care prescriber responsible for the student's diabetes treatment.

The parent or legal guardian of a student with diabetes shall annually submit a copy of the student's diabetes management and treatment plan to the principal or appropriately designated school personnel of the school where the student is enrolled. The plan shall be reviewed by appropriate school personnel either prior to or within five (5) days after the beginning of each school year, or upon enrollment if the student enrolls after the beginning of the school year or as soon as practicable following the student being diagnosed with diabetes, or as warranted by changes in the student's medical condition.

Upon receipt of the student's diabetes management and treatment plan, the school

nurse shall conduct a nursing assessment of the student's condition and develop an *Individualized Healthcare Plan* (IHP). The school nurse shall be given not less than five (5) school days to develop the IHP and shall implement the IHP within ten (10) school days of receipt of the diabetes treatment plan. The school nurse must assess the stability of the student's diabetes both at home and in the school setting prior to the development of the IHP for care in the school setting.

The parent or legal guardian shall be responsible for all care related to the student's diabetes management and treatment plan until the IHP is developed, the parents or legal guardian have agreed to and signed the IHP, and the diabetes management and treatment plan is put into place by the school nurse.

The School Board may utilize an unlicensed diabetes care assistant to provide appropriate care to a diabetic student, or assist a student with self-care of his/her diabetes, in accordance with the student's diabetes management and treatment plan, the student's IHP, and regulations contained in *Health and Safety*, Bulletin 135. An *unlicensed diabetes care assistant* is defined as a school employee who is not a healthcare professional, who is willing to complete training requirements established by BESE, and is determined competent by the school nurse to provide care and treatment to students with diabetes. An *unlicensed diabetes care assistant* also means an employee of an entity that contracts with the school or school system to provide school nurses who are responsible for providing health care services required by law or the Department of Education.

In accordance with the student's diabetes management and treatment plan, the student shall be permitted to self-manage his/her diabetes care as outlined in the student's management and treatment plan.

With written permission of a student's parent or legal guardian, a school may provide a school employee with responsibility for providing transportation for a student with diabetes, or supervising a student with diabetes with an off-campus activity. An information sheet with pertinent information about the student's condition and contact information in cases of emergency shall be provided the employee.

10. CLASSROOM STORAGE AND ADMINISTRATION OF AUTO-INJECTABLE EPINEPHRINE BY TEACHERS

The School Board shall allow a supply of auto-injectable epinephrine, as defined above, to be maintained in a secure location in each classroom assigned to a student who is deemed by his/her physician to be at high risk for anaphylactic reaction and incapable of self-administration of auto-injectable epinephrine.

The student's parent or other legal guardian shall annually provide the school in which the student is enrolled with all of the following:

A. The supply of auto-injectable epinephrine to be kept in each classroom.

- B. Written authorization for the student to be administered the medication.
- C. Written certification from the student's licensed medical physician or other authorized prescriber that the student is at high risk of having anaphylaxis and is not capable of self-administration of auto-injectable epinephrine.
- D. A written treatment plan, as defined above from the student's licensed medical physician or other authorized prescriber for managing anaphylactic episodes.

The required documentation required shall be kept on file in the office of the school nurse or other designated school official.

The teacher in each classroom where auto-injectable epinephrine is stored shall be provided information regarding accessing and administering auto-injectable epinephrine, the signs and symptoms of anaphylactic reactions and specific information regarding condition, care, and treatment of the student assigned to the classroom who is at high risk of anaphylactic reaction.

The School Board shall inform the parent or other legal guardian of the student in writing that the school and its employees shall incur no liability as a result of any injury sustained by the student from the good faith administration of auto-injectable epinephrine. The parent or other legal guardian of the student shall sign a statement acknowledging that the school shall incur no liability and that the parent or other legal guardian shall indemnify and hold harmless the school and its employees against any claims that may arise relating to the good faith administration of auto-injectable epinephrine.

This information shall be included in the student handbook of each school and posted on each school's website. Such policy shall also be disclosed to any parent or other legal guardian who notifies the school in which the student is enrolled, in writing, that the student has a condition which puts him at risk of anaphylaxis.

 ADMINISTRATION OF MEDICATION ON FIELD TRIPS AND OTHER EXTRA-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES

If a student with an identified medical need is to attend a field trip or other schoolsponsored activity, the parents shall be notified to ascertain if any medication must be administered on the field trip or school-sponsored activity away from school. If so, the parent/legal guardian shall accompany the student to the activity to administer any medication.

If the parent/legal guardian cannot attend the field trip/activity with his/her child, the parent/legal guardian shall request in writing that the medication be

administered on a pending field trip/activity by a non-School Board employee designated by the parent, or another trained person designated by the School Board. Such request shall include supporting documentation as outlined in this policy. The request shall state that the parent/legal guardian gives permission for the designee or another trained person to administer the medication. If the parent does not designate a non-School Board employee to attend the field trip/activity, once the proper documentation has been submitted, the School Board shall assign a trained School Board employee to accompany the student on the field trip or other school-sponsored activity.

The Protocol on Field Trips for Students with Diabetes shall be followed for students with diabetes

12. EXTENDED DAY CARE

In the event that a student attends extended day care and requires medication outside school hours (before or after school), medication orders that include the dosage(s), time(s), and medication(s), shall be obtained from the physician/dentist/ other authorized prescriber before any administration of medication may be administered by properly trained personnel.

SUNSCREEN

In accordance with statutory provisions, *sunscreen* means a compound topically applied to prevent sunburn, and for the purpose of this policy shall not be considered medication. A student may possess and self-apply sunscreen at school, on a school bus, or at a school-sponsored function or activity without parental consent or the authorization of a physician.

If a student is unable to self-apply sunscreen, a school employee may volunteer to apply the sunscreen to the student. However, a school employee may apply sunscreen to a student *only* if his/her parent or legal guardian has provided *written consent* for this application. Neither the School Board nor the school employee shall be held liable for any adverse reaction relating to the employee's application of the sunscreen or his/her cessation of such application.

14. STUDENT CONFIDENTIALITY

All student information shall be kept confidential. The parent/legal guardian shall be required to sign the *Authorization for Release of Confidential Information* form, so that health information can be shared between the School Board and health care providers, such as hospitals, physician, service agency, school nurse, and/or other health provider.

Revised: August, 1997 Revised: September, 2001

Revised: June. 2008

Revised: September, 2009 Revised: December, 2012

Revised: May, 2013

Revised: December, 1995 Revised: November 1, 2016 Revised: February, 1996 Revised: February 14, 2017 Revised: December 12, 2017

Revised: July, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §§17:81, 17:436.1, 17:436.3; Health and Safety, Bulletin 135, Louisiana Department of Education; Board minutes 10-17-95, 6-17-97, 6-5-01, 8-5-08, 1-12-10, 11-1-16, 2-14-17, 12-12-17.

Item 15

Student Voter Registration

Act 624 requires that School Boards provide an opportunity for each high school senior who is at least seventeen (17) years old to register to vote by using a high school computer to fill out an electronic voter registration application or by using the state mail voter registration application form. This has been reflected in a new Student Voter Registration policy.

FILE: JM

STUDENT VOTER REGISTRATION

The Calcasieu Parish School Board shall provide an opportunity for each high school senior who is at least seventeen (17) years old to register to vote by using a school computer to fill out an electronic voter registration application or by using the state mail voter registration application form.

No political or partisan group or organization shall be allowed to participate in the registration process.

New policy: July, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. '17:2119.

Item 16

Cameras in Special Education Classrooms

In 2021 legislation was passed relative to parental requests for cameras to be placed in certain classrooms. Act 588 revised the statute making it mandatory for each School Board to adopt policies relative to the installation and operation of cameras that record both video and audio in a classroom no later than December 31, 2022 and submit the policies to the state Department of Education no later than January 15, 2023. The policy Cameras in Special Education Classrooms includes references to the required procedures, including how parents can request the installation and operation of cameras, a procedure for approval or denial of a request, and procedures for parents who request to review a recording. These procedures need to be developed and approved by each School Board prior to the December 31st deadline.

FILE: IDDFC Cf: EBCB, IDDF

CAMERAS IN SPECIAL EDUCATION CLASSROOMS

The Calcasieu Parish School Board shall develop procedures pursuant to this policy, and upon approval of requests for installation of cameras in special education classrooms, and receipt of funding, shall install and operate the cameras that record both video and audio in special education classrooms, in accordance with state law, and the administrative procedures of the School Board and the Superintendent.

For purposes of this policy, *classroom* shall mean a self-contained classroom or other special education setting in which a majority of students in regular attendance are provided special education and related services and are assigned to one or more self-contained classrooms or other special education settings for at least fifty percent (50%) of the instructional day and for which a Parent has requested (in writing) that a camera be installed. *Parent*, for purposes of Calcasieu Parish School Board policies and procedures regarding cameras in special education classrooms, means a person having legal parental authority, legal custody or tutorship, and who is authorized to make educational decisions for the student, and includes a legally competent student who is eighteen (18) years of age or older. Classroom *shall not* mean special education classrooms and other special education settings where the only students with exceptionalities receiving special education and related services are those who have been deemed to be gifted or talented under Louisiana Department of Education Bulletin 1508, and have not been identified as also having a disability.

The School Board shall ensure that the policies and administrative procedures of the School Board and the Superintendent provide:

- Proper location and placement of cameras. The recording of the interior of a restroom or any area designated for students to change or remove clothing shall be prohibited.
- Written notice of the placement of the cameras shall be provided to persons who
 enter a classroom where a camera is installed, including teachers and other school
 employees, students in the classroom, the students' Parents and authorized
 visitors.
- 3 Training concerning the provisions of this policy for any teacher or other school employee who provides services in a classroom where cameras are installed.
- Procedures for proper retention, storage, and disposal of the video and audio data recorded. Recordings shall be retained for at least one month from the recording date.
- Protection of student privacy and development of procedures for determining to whom and under what circumstances the recordings may be disclosed including:

NEW POLICY

FILE: IDDFC

Cf: EBCB. IDDF

A. Limiting viewing of the recordings to the Superintendent or his/her designee, upon request by the Parent of a recorded student or law enforcement officials as part of an investigation regarding suspected violations of state or federal laws; and

- B. Requiring any person who views a recording and who suspects the recording shows a violation of state or federal law to report the suspected violation to the appropriate law enforcement agency and to the school principal or the Chief Operating Officer (COO) of the Calcasieu Parish School Board.
- Each camera installed shall be in compliance with the National Fire Protection Association's Life Safety Code.
- Procedures for the approval or disapproval of a request for the installation and operation of cameras in a classroom.
- Procedures regarding how a Parent may request to review a recording, under what circumstances a request may be made and granted, and any limitations to a request.
- Procedures regarding how a Parent may request the installation and operation of cameras in a student's classroom.

Recordings made pursuant to this policy shall be confidential and shall not be public record. However, a recording may be viewed by the Superintendent or his/her designee, the Parent of a recorded student, or by law enforcement officials as provided in the policies/procedures required by item number five (5) above.

The recordings shall not be considered "personally identifiable information" as defined in La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:3914.

New policy: December, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:1948.

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURES

SUBJECT: CAMERAS IN SPECIAL EDUCATION CLASSROOMS

Requests for placement of camera(s) in special education classroom(s) as defined in Policy IDDFC shall be submitted by a Parent in writing to the School Board's Chief Operating Officer (COO). These requests must contain the name, telephone number, email address, mailing address, and relationship to student of the Parent who is making the request, the name, date of birth of the special education student, grade and school attended, the classroom in which the camera is requested to be placed, and a detailed explanation of the reasons why a camera in this classroom is needed. Requests should also specify the activities in the classroom which the Parent believes justify the placement of a camera, and the source of funds which are available to pay for the installation and operation of the camera. Each request must be signed by all Parents of the student in question.

The Superintendent is authorized to prepare administrative procedures regarding cameras and viewing of recordings, and an application form which shall be used by the Parent who requests the installation of a camera(s), as well as appropriate notices to Parents, students, employees, and others who may be present in the room in which a camera(s) is installed.

The Superintendent hereby appoints the School Board's COO as his/her designee who shall determine whether to grant a request to have a camera(s) installed in a classroom. Written notice of the provisional determination of the COO will be sent to the applicant within ten (10) school business days of receipt of the written request. Written notice of final approval or denial will be sent within ten (10) school business days of the completion of conditions of provisional determination. The determination is within the discretion of the COO who shall consider the following:

- Reasons given for the proposed Installation of a camera or cameras;
- The building and room where the installation is proposed, as well as feasibility of installation and operation at that location;
- C. The location of the camera(s) within the room in which the camera(s) is to be installed, so as to minimize disclosure of protected information and protect privacy of students and employees;
- Privacy interests of students and employees;
- E. Activities which take place at the site of the proposed installation;

- F. Cost of installation, operation, and maintenance;
- G. Availability of funds; and
- H. Whether such installation will further the educational mission of the School Board, interfere with or negatively impact students or staff.

Initial written requests for camera installation may be provisionally approved pending review by the Calcasieu Parish School Board's technology, maintenance, and construction departments, and the school principal. The Chief Operating Officer may grant such requests with or without conditions or modifications, or may deny any such requests for written reasons which are to be provided to the Parent, and if the request is initially granted, may reverse his/her decision and have the camera removed, or location changed. Appeals of his/her decision may be taken within five (5) days of the COO's final determination by written request directed to the Superintendent who shall review the decision of the COO.

Unless prevented from doing so by an unforeseen event or technical problems, or *force majeure* event, the School Board will continue to operate and maintain the approved video/audio device(s) in the self-contained classroom or other special education setting for the remainder of the regular school year, or for the remainder of extended school year services for that specific year and for which the school or campus received the request, as long as the classroom or setting continues to meet the definition of a self-contained classroom or other special educational setting.

Request(s) for installation of a camera(s) in a special education classroom(s) must be made at the beginning of each school year. School Board approval expires at the end of each regular school year or at the end of extended school year services for that specific year.

If the person making the request withdraws the request in writing, or if the make-up of the classroom or setting changes such that the location no longer meets the definition of a self-contained classroom or other special education setting, the video/audio recording may be discontinued. Written notice of the discontinuation of video/audio monitoring, along with notice of the opportunity to request continued video and audio recording, will be provided to the Parents of the students assigned to the self-contained classroom or other special education setting and all campus staff prior to the discontinuation.

Since cameras and recordings can substantially intrude upon the privacy interests of students and employees, the COO will weigh the reasons given in the request and expressed need for recordings against the privacy interests of students and employees.

District personnel or contractors whose job duties involve installation, operation, or maintenance of the audio/video equipment or the retention of the recordings shall have access to the equipment and recordings only to the extent necessary to fulfill their

assigned responsibilities. Continual monitoring of an audio/video feed is prohibited. Standing or on-going requests for viewing recordings are not authorized.

The Calcasieu Parish School Board expects its staff members to be vigilant in their observation and protection of all students. If a staff member suspects that an audio/video recording shows a violation of federal or state law, the mandatory reporter must report the suspected violation to the Louisiana Department of Children and Family Services (DCFS) or the appropriate law enforcement agency in accordance with state law.

Recordings shall be stored and retained by the school for two (2) months from the recording date, after which time the recordings shall be transferred to the Calcasieu Parish School Board Risk Manager who shall be responsible for disposal.

Parents who meet the eligibility criteria noted hereafter (Eligible Requesters) may submit to the COO requests to review recordings. The COO may permit review, or shall limit or deny such requests in his/her discretion so as to protect the privacy interests of students and staff, and shall consider the extent to which said requests affect Calcasieu Parish School Board's available resources and the educational mission of the Calcasieu Parish School Board.

The location and placement of a camera(s) shall not record the interior of a restroom or any area designated for students to change or remove clothing.

Written notice, whether by posted signs or otherwise, of the placement of the camera(s) will be provided to persons who enter a classroom where a camera(s) is installed, including teachers and other school employees, students in the classroom, the students' Parents, and authorized visitors.

Recordings made pursuant to policy IDDFC shall be confidential and shall not be public record. However, a recording may be viewed by the Superintendent or the COO, and with permission of the COO, by the Parent of a recorded student, or by law enforcement officials.

Requests for installation of a camera(s) in a special education classroom(s) may be made by a Parent whose child receives special education and related services in one (1) or more self-contained classrooms or other special education settings in the district.

Eligible Requesters are those Parents who have reported in writing to the school principal or the COO the occurrence of an incident, in the classroom in which a camera has been installed, of a violation of state or federal law involving abuse, neglect of, or sexual misconduct which involved a student.

The COO will determine whether the recording contains evidence of sexual or other abuse or neglect of a student by a staff member of the district, or physical abuse or sexual abuse of a student by another student, as defined in the Louisiana Children's Code or

Louisiana Revised Statutes, and shall determine whether the Eligible Requester shall be allowed to view the recording.

The opportunity to view a video recording does not equate to the opportunity to receive a copy of the video recording(s). For purposes of these procedures, "access" shall mean the opportunity to view the video recording(s) in accordance with these procedures. A district representative must be present at all times during the viewing. No person other than the Eligible Requester and the district representative may be present during the viewing. If the Eligible Requester brings representatives or other individuals to the viewing appointment, those individuals must remain outside the room during the viewing, unless the other individual is the student's other Parent. No cell phones or other electronic devices will be permitted during an approved viewing of video/audio recording clip. Recording is strictly prohibited during the viewing. The district representative will monitor for unauthorized recording during the viewing and shall immediately stop the viewing appointment if an Eligible Requester attempts to record the video during the viewing appointment.

Any information, the identities of individuals (whether teacher, student, or visitor), or activities recorded, derived from the viewing of a recording(s) are to be kept confidential and may not be disclosed unless the recording shows a violation of state or federal law which is to be reported to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

New policy: December, 2022

Ref: La. Rev. Stat. Ann. §17:1948.

APPLICATION FOR CAMERA TO BE INSTALLED IN A CLASSROOM

Date:						
Name of Applicant	Telephone Number (Include Home, Cell, and Work)					
Relationship to Student:	Email Address:					
Mailing Address						
Student=s Name	Student=s DOB	Grade and School in Which Student is Enrolled				
Building, Classroom, and Location(s) Cam	nera(s) Requested to b	e Installed				
of a camera(s) in the classroom noted	above, and the so	h you believe justifies your request for placement ource of funding of the cost of installation:				
Applicant=s Signature	App	licant's Printed Name				
Applicant=s Signature	Applicant's Printed Name					
shared with law enforcement, and if	you view a recording spected violation to the	ial, are not public records, may be viewed and/or and suspect it shows a violation of state or federal e appropriate law enforcement agency and to the Officer.				
FC	OR OFFICIAL USE	ONLY				
	ssessment of the prem availability, and tech	ises, installation requirements, costs, funds, nology review				
Fully Approved						
Date:	Chief Open	ting Officer				

Chief Operating Officer
Calcasieu Parish School Board

NOTICE

Please take notice that a camera has been installed in this classroom. Audio and video recording is taking place.

(To Be Placed at Each Entrance to Classroom)

NOTICE OF AUDIO/VIDEO RECORDING

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

Notice of Installation and Operation of Audio/Video Recording Equipment
Date:
Before the Calcasieu Parish school Board installs and begins operation of audio/video recording equipment in a self-contained classroom or other special education setting as permitted under La. R.S. 17:1948, the Board is required to provide written notice to all staff assigned to the applicable classroom and to the students and parents of the students in regular attendance in the classroom or setting.
As required by law, this letter serves as notice that the School Board has approved a request to install and begin operation of audio/video recording equipment as follows:
Anticipated Date of Camera Activation:
School Name:
Classroom(s):
The sole purpose of audio/video recording authorized by La. R.S. 17:1948 is to promote the safety of students receiving special education services. The audio/video recordings may not be used for any other purpose. Regular or continual monitoring of these recordings is prohibited.
The School Board will maintain the footage from these recordings for at least two (2) months.
Please contact your student's school principal or the School Board's Chief Operating Officer if you have any questions.
Name:
Title:
Telephone Number:

CALCASIEU PARISH SCHOOL BOARD

INCIDENT REPORT AND REQUEST TO VIEW VIDEO OF SPECIAL EDUCATION CLASSROOM RECORDING Incident reports should be filed with the school principal or the Calcasieu Parish School Board's Chief Operating Officer as soon as feasible after the individual submitting the report suspects an incident has occurred. Incident reports should be submitted within 48-hours after the event or circumstance giving rise to the allegation. I am a student age eighteen (18) or older, a Parent/Legal Guardian of a student involved in an alleged incident believed to be documented by a video recording. Requester's Name: Requester's Email Address: Requester's Telephone Number: Student's Name: Student's School: My report pertains to an event or circumstance involving alleged (please check all that apply): Abuse of a student by a district employee Neglect of a student by a district employee Physical abuse of a student by another student Sexual abuse of a student by another student Other Location of the self-contained classroom or other special education setting where the alleged incident occurred: Date and time of the alleged incident (please be specific and identify the date and time within a 48-hour window, if possible):_____

Please describe with specificity the nature of your report, including the events or circumstances giving rise to your report and the name of any staff member/employee or student that may be involved in the alleged incident (please attach additional pages if necessary):						
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Please provide any additional informa	ation that you w	ould like to shar	e in connecti	on with your report:		
In conjunction with this report, I am re	equesting to vie					
Yes						
No						
Printed Name:						
Signature:		-				
Date:						

Please submit the completed form to the school/campus Principal or the Calcasieu Parish School Board's Chief Operating Officer. A School Board representative will contact you regarding the status of your report/request.