CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK

AUDIT REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 INCLUDING REPORT ON EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK JUNE 30, 2018 TABLE OF CONTENTS

SCHEDULE		
NUMBER	SCHEDULES	PAGE
	Independent Auditor's Report	1 - 3
	Management Discussion and Analysis	4 - 15
1	Statement of Net Position	16
2	Statement of Activities	17
3	Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	18
4	Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	19
5	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	20
6	Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	21
7	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	22
8	Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	23
	Notes to Financial Statements	24 - 65
	REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES	
SS-1	Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	66
SS-2	Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	67 – 68
SS-3	Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net	
CC 4	Pension Liability Saladula of District Contributions	69 70
SS-4	Schedule of District Contributions	70
	SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES	
SS-5	Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit - General Fund	71
SS-6	Schedule of Capital Projects Fund - Project Expenditures and Financing	
SS-7	Resources Net Investment in Capital Assets	72 73
<i>55</i> ,		, 5
	Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed	
	in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	74 - 75
	REPORT ON EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS	
	Independent Auditor's Report	76 - 77
	Statement of Assets, Liabilities and Fund Balance - Cash Basis	78
	Summary of Receipts and Disbursements - Cash Basis	79
	Notes to Financial Statements	80



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of Croton-Harmon Union Free School District Croton-on-Hudson, New York 101 Bracken Road Montgomery, New York 12549 Tel (845) 457-1100 Fax (845) 457-1160 e-mail: nh@nhcpas.com

Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA Norman M. Sassi, CPA Christopher E. Melley, CPA Gary C. Theodore, CPA Julia R. Fraino, CPA William T. Trainor, CPA Mark M. Levy, CPA, CFP Thomas R. Busse, Jr., CPA Brent T. Napoleon, CPA Jennifer L. Capicchioni, CPA Patrick M. Bullis, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA

Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

eWe believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Croton-Harmon Union Free School District

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, management has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to that matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information on pages 4 through 15 and 66 through 70 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District's basic financial statements. The supplemental schedules on pages 71 through 73 were required by the New York State Education Department and are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental schedules on pages 71 through 73 are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental schedules on pages 71 through 73 are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Croton-Harmon Union Free School District

Mugant + Hauseler, P.C.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 28, 2018, on our consideration of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to solely describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide and opinion on the effectiveness of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Croton-Harmon Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Montgomery, New York September 28, 2018

Management Discussion and Analysis

Introductory Section

The following is a discussion and analysis of Croton-Harmon Union Free School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The section is a summary of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the district-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are as follows:

- The District's actual expenditures and encumbrances were less than the revised budgeted expenditures by \$2,272,923. This was due to the following key factors:
 - Savings due to the continuation of the Flexible Support Program at the secondary level as the district was able to meet the needs of more students in-house rather than having to to pay for expensive out of district programs. This program saves both tuition costs and transportation expenses and allows our students to stay in their home district.
 - The costs for utilities including fuel oil and natural gas to heat our buildings, as well as diesel fuel and gasoline for the buses, remained lower than budgeted.
 - The district continues to train in-house personnel in order to avoid paying for expensive repairs and maintenance when outside vendors are hired. Our custodial, maintenance and grounds crews have taken over much of the work that had previously been done by outside contractors such as minor boiler repairs and maintenance and athletic field maintenance.
 - Our instructional staff continues to provide staff development for the faculty thus eliminating the need to hire expensive outside consultants. In this way, the district is able to train more staff members for less money.
 - The district belongs to the Putnam-Northern Westchester Health Insurance Consortium which helps to contain the costs of health insurance premium rate increases. The rate increase for 2017-2018 was 8.0% which was far below the average increase of other health insurance plans. Looking ahead, the Health Insurance Consortium has added a new tier for the 2018-2019 school year which will be for Employee + 1. This will also save the district money since we will not have to pay for a family plan for two people.
 - The Transportation Department continues to belong to a consortium of school districts which was formed to share information regarding bus runs. This sharing of information has resulted in districts partnering with neighboring districts to consolidate bus runs and reduce the costs of out of district transportation.
 - Several years ago, the Croton-Harmon School District entered into a contract with Balog Consulting. The
 district was successful in reducing the taxable assessment of the Croton-Harmon High School which will
 substantially reduce the annual payment for the sewer tax in years to come.
 - The Croton-Harmon School District was able to save money due to the reduction in pension costs. The contribution rates for both the Teachers' Retirement System and the Employees' Retirement System were lower than the rates charged in 2016-2017.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: MD&A (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *district-wide* financial statements that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the district-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

The following table summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of MD&A highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Мај	or reatures of the District-Wi	de and Fund Financial Statem	
		Fund Financi	al Statements
	District-Wide	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	 Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/liability/deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities are included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if any), liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (if any) both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
Type of inflow/out flow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

• Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial

position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

District-Wide Financial Statements (Continued)

• To assess the District's overall health, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as *Governmental activities*: Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and to manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (such as Federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental Funds: Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, additional information provided in the notes to the financial statements explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary Funds: The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as the scholarship fund and the student activities funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the district-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District restated its beginning of year net position as a requirement of implementing GASB Statement No. 75. Beginning of year net position was decreased by \$35,046,726 from \$60,141,720 to \$25,094,994. For more information, see Note 17. For the year ended June 30, 2018, net position increased by \$1,721,707. The District's net position at June 30, 2018 is 26,816,801. The following table provides a summary of the District's net position:

Summary of Net Position

	School District Activities								
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	% Change						
Current Assets	\$ 28,942,776	21,228,061	36.34%						
Non-Current Assets	52,732,153	52,959,784	-0.43%						
Total Assets	81,674,929	74,187,845	10.09%						
		_							
Deferred Outflows of Resources	12,836,549	12,902,525	-0.51%						
Current Liabilities	15,116,443	8,284,733	82.46%						
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	48,254,750	52,926,618	-8.83%						
Total Liabilities	63,371,193	61,211,351	3.53%						
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,323,484	784,025	451.45%						
Net Position:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	33,939,013	38,692,802	-12.29%						
Restricted	23,471,090	22,365,862	4.94%						
Unrestricted	(30,593,302)	(35,963,670)	14.93%						
Total Net Position	\$ 26,816,801	\$ 25,094,994	6.86%						

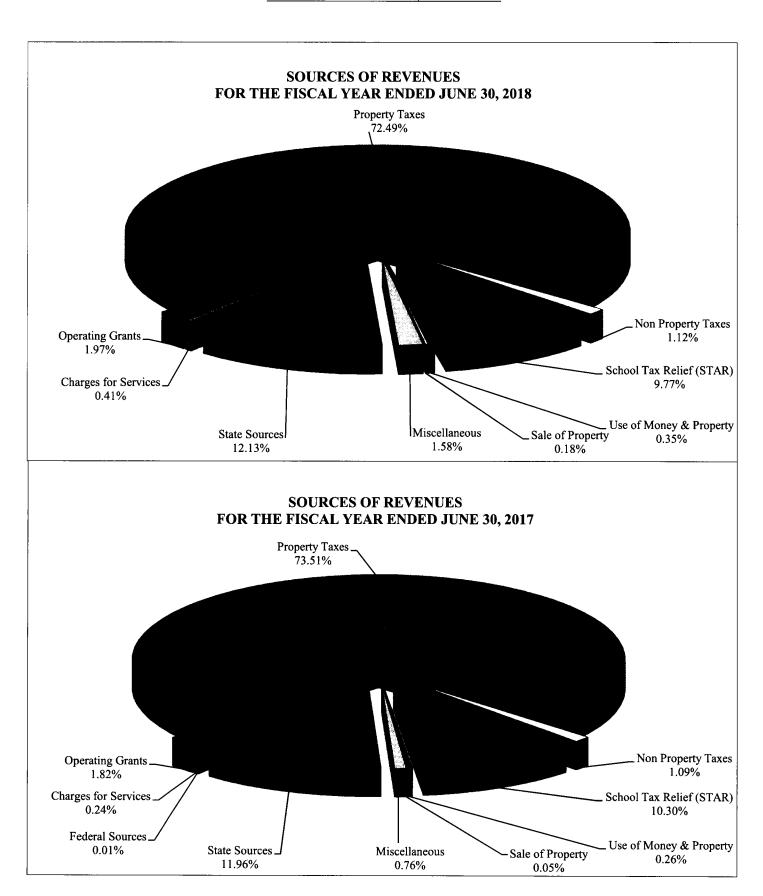
The prior year information provided above has been adjusted to include the restatement of net position to provide a more meaningful comparison of net position.

The following table and supporting graphs provide a summary of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the year ended June 30, 2018:

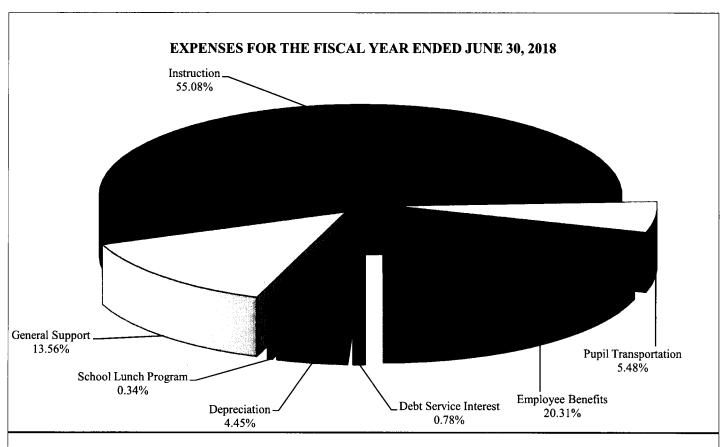
CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES SUMMARY OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

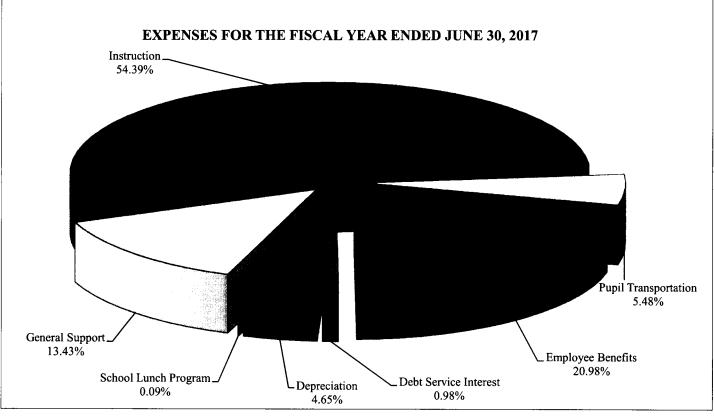
	JUNE 30, 2018	%	JUNE 30, 2017	%	\$ Change	<u>%</u>
<u>REVENUES</u>						
PROGRAM REVENUES:						
Charges for Services	\$ 191,509	0.41%	\$ 111,087	0.24%	\$ 80,422	72.40%
Operating Grants	924,821	1.97%	838,663	1.82%	86,158	10.27%
GENERAL REVENUES:						
Property Taxes	34,035,985	72.49%	33,826,743	73.51%	209,242	0.62%
Non Property Taxes	526,124	1.12%	501,661	1.09%	24,463	4.88%
School Tax Relief (STAR)	4,587,150	9.77%	4,741,672	10.30%	(154,522)	-3.26%
Use of Money & Property	166,548	0.35%	119,338	0.26%	47,210	39.56%
Sale of Property	86,311	0.18%	24,808	0.05%	61,503	247.92%
Miscellaneous	742,903	1.58%	348,155	0.76%	394,748	113.38%
State Sources	5,696,390	12.13%	5,504,727	11.96%	191,663	3.48%
Federal Sources	877	0.00%	6,855	0.01%	(5,978)	-87.21%
TOTAL REVENUES	46,958,618	100.00%	46,023,709	100.00%	934,909	2.03%
<u>EXPENSES</u>						
General Support	6,132,635	13.56%	5,807,338	13.43%	325,297	5.60%
Instruction	24,918,596	55.08%	23,522,542	54.39%	1,396,054	5.93%
Pupil Transportation	2,476,939	5.48%	2,368,531	5.48%	108,408	4.58%
Employee Benefits	9,188,508	20.31%	9,070,177	20.98%	118,331	1.30%
Debt Service Interest	353,857	0.78%	425,801	0.98%	(71,944)	-16.90%
Depreciation	2,011,018	4.45%	2,010,418	4.65%	600	0.03%
School Lunch Program	155,258	0.34%	37,285	0.09%	117,973	316.41%
TOTAL EXPENSES	45,236,811	100.00%	43,242,092	100.00%	1,994,719	4.61%
CHANGE IN						
NET POSITION	\$ 1,721,807		\$ 2,781,617		\$ (1,059,810)	-38.10%

<u>CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT</u> <u>CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK</u>



CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK

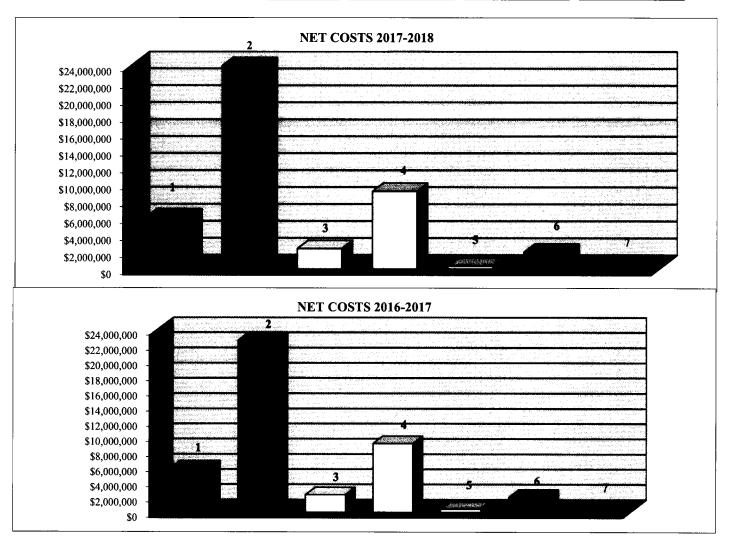




CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES NET COSTS

The following information is provided to disclose the net cost of governmental activities:

		OF	OTAL COST S SERVICES 2017-2018	OF	NET COST F SERVICES 2017-2018	OF	OTAL COST SERVICES 2016-2017	OI	NET COST S SERVICES 2016-2017
General Support		\$	6,132,635	\$	6,132,635	\$	5,807,338	\$	5,807,338
Instruction			24,918,596		23,995,117		23,522,542		22,662,044
Pupil Transportation	3	1	2,476,939		2,405,061		2,368,531		2,309,961
Employee Benefits	4	1	9,188,508		9,188,508		9,070,177		9,070,177
Debt Service - Interest			353,857		353,857		425,801		425,801
Depreciation			2,011,018		2,011,018		2,010,418		2,010,418
School Lunch Program			155,258		34,285		37,285		6,603
		\$	45,236,811	\$	44,120,481	\$	43,242,092	\$	42,292,342



Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As discussed, the District's governmental funds are reported in the fund statements with a modified accrual basis that uses a short-term, inflow and outflow of spendable resources focus. This information is useful in assessing resources available at the end of the year in comparison with upcoming financial requirements. The major governmental funds of the District consist of the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. The total fund balances allocated between nonspendable, restricted, assigned, and unassigned fund balance for each of these funds is as follows:

				June 30, 2018		_
	Nons	pendable	Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Total
General	\$	0	\$ 14,677,371	\$1,727,090	\$ 1,885,051	\$ 18,289,512
Special Aid		0	70,838	0	0	70,838
School Lunch		1,069	55,226	0	0	56,295
Capital Projects		0	0	0	(1,419,004)	(1,419,004)
Debt Service		0	157,781	0	0	157,781
Total	\$	1,069	\$ 14,961,216	\$1,727,090	\$ 466,047	\$ 17,155,422
				June 30, 2017		
	Nons	pendable	Restricted	Assigned	Unassigned	Total
General	\$	0	\$ 13,419,655	\$1,536,428	\$ 1,850,961	\$ 16,807,044
Special Aid		0	70,838	0	0	70,838
School Lunch		0	5,821	0	0	5,821
Capital Projects		0	0	0	(845,385)	(845,385)
Debt Service		0	86,676	0	0	86,676
	\$	0	\$ 13,582,990	\$1,536,428	\$ 1,005,576	\$ 16,124,994

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The original budget for the General Fund was revised by \$293,805 during the year. The supplemental appropriations consisted of appropriations of \$12,800 from the Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve for Retirement Benefits, and \$229,496 from the Tax Certiorari Reserve. A budget revision was also made for an insurance reimbursement of \$51,509.

In the General Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, actual revenues were more than revised budgeted revenues by \$786,179 (1.75%). Actual expenditures and encumbrances were less than the revised budgeted expenditures by \$2,272,923 (4.82%). Once again, the District kept fiscal restraints on purchases.

For fiscal year 2018-2019, the District has appropriated \$1,125,000 of fund balance to reduce the tax levy.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (Continued)

Factors that continue to affect the budget process are as follows:

- Variances between estimated revenues and amounts actually received from New York State Aid
- The tax levy cap legislation
- Low interest rates being paid on District investments
- High costs of employee benefits such as health insurance, workers compensation insurance, teachers' and employees' retirement
- The uncertainty in costs of utilities electric, gasoline, diesel fuel and heating oil

The New York State Legislature enacted legislation, Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 that establishes a "property tax cap" on the amount that a school district's property tax levy can increase each year. This legislation specifies that property taxes levied by a school district generally cannot increase by more than two percent, or the rate of inflation, whichever is less. The law does allow school districts to levy an additional amount for certain excludable expenditures. School districts can adopt a tax levy that exceeds the statutory limit, if the budget that is presented to the public is approved by sixty percent of the votes cast.

Management believes that the budget adopted for 2018-2019 is reasonably adaptable to any adverse changes that may arise based on the above factors.

Other Fund Highlights

The Special Aid Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$70,838. These funds will be appropriated in subsequent years to offset necessary transfers from the General Fund.

The School Lunch Program Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$56,295. Revenues exceeded expenditures by \$50,474.

The Capital Projects Fund ended the year with a fund balance deficit of (\$1,419,004). The deficit is due to BANS used to finance the purchase of buses and district building improvements. Funding for the buses and building improvements will be provided as the BANS are redeemed from General Fund Appropriations.

Debt Service Fund ended the year with a fund balance of \$157,781. This fund balance will be appropriated in future years to offset principal and interest payments. The \$157,781 includes a premium payment of \$90,333 in the 2017-2018 year on a \$7,880,000 BAN which will be used to offset the BAN payment due on the BAN in June 2019.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2018, was \$51,915,442. The total change in this net investment was a decrease of 1.97% for the District as a whole (see schedule below). The District's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2017 was \$52,959,784. The District expended 971,081 to acquire and construct capital assets during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. Assets retired from service had a net basis of \$4,405 and depreciation expense for the fiscal year was 2,011,018.

Management Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

Capital Assets (Continued)

<u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u> Net of Accumulated Depreciation

		School Distr	tivities				
	Jui	ne 30, 2018	Jun	e 30, 2017	% Change		
Non-Depreciable Assets:							
Land	\$	810,100	\$	810,100	0.00%		
Construction in Progress		1,008,938		419,670	140.41%		
Depreciable Assets:							
Land Improvements		397,013		459,095	-13.52%		
Building and Improvements		48,108,807	4	9,753,873	-3.31%		
Furniture and Equipment		380,304		413,792	-8.09%		
Vehicles		1,210,280		1,103,254	9.70%		
TOTALS	\$	51,915,442	\$ 5	2,959,784	-1.97%		

Long-Term Debt

At the end of the fiscal year, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$6,915,000. This amount is backed by the full faith and credit of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District with debt service fully funded by voter approved property taxes. Activity in bonded debt outstanding during the fiscal year was as follows:

				Ending			
	Balance		Issued		Paid		 Balance
Serial Bond -2006	\$	1,800,000	\$	0	\$	575,000	\$ 1,225,000
Serial Bond - 2011 Refunding		4,310,000		0		1,025,000	3,285,000
Serial Bond - 2013 Refunding	~	3,540,000		0		1,135,000	2,405,000
Total Bonded Debt Outstanding	\$	9,650,000	\$	0	\$	2,735,000	\$ 6,915,000

Bond Ratings

Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") has assigned a rating of "Aa2" to outstanding uninsured bonds of the District. This rating reflects only the view of such rating agency and an explanation of the significance of such rating should be obtained from Moody's Investors Service. There can be no assurance that such rating will not be revised or withdrawn, if in the judgment of Moody's circumstances so warrant. Any change or withdrawal of such rating may have an adverse effect on the market price of the Notes or the availability of a secondary market for the Notes.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Diane L. Chaissan, Assistant Superintendent for Business, at the District's business offices at 10 Gerstein Street, Croton-on-Hudson, New York 10520.

CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2018

<u>ASSETS</u>		
Unrestricted Cash	\$	13,387,259
Restricted Cash		14,834,539
State & Federal Aid Receivable		409,547
Due from Other Governments		287,557
Due from Fiduciary Funds		3,780
Other Receivables, Net		19,024
Inventories		1,069
Capital Assets, Net		51,915,442
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share		816,711
TOTAL ASSETS		81,674,928
DEFENDED OUTELOWS OF DESOLINGES		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		202 405
Deferred Amount on Refunding		203,405
Pension TOTAL DEFENDED OUTEL OWG OF DEGOLD GEG		12,633,144
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		12,836,549
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable		706,137
Accrued Liabilities		350,891
Due to Other Governments		7,416
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		1,876,941
Due to Employees' Retirement System		225,714
Deferred Revenues		3,906
Retainage Payable		19,211
Bond Anticipation Notes		8,694,292
Long-term Liabilities:		
Due and Payable Within One Year:		
Bonds Payable (Including Deferred Premium on Refunding of \$157,961)		2,997,961
Installment Purchase Debt		233,973
Due and Payable In More Than One Year:		
Bonds Payable (Including Deferred Premium on Refunding of \$111,796)		4,186,796
Installment Purchase Debt		2,066,812
Compensated Absences		489,007
Other Postemployment Benefits		40,895,638
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share		616,497
TOTAL LIABILITIES		63,371,192
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension		1 222 181
I CHSIOH		4,323,484
<u>NET POSITION</u>		
Net Investment in Capital Assets		33,939,013
Restricted		23,471,090
Unrestricted		(30,593,302)
TOTAL NET POSITION	¢	26 816 901
TOTAL NET TOSTION	\$	26,816,801

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	EXPENSES	HARGES FOR RVICES	ERATING RANTS	R) CI	F (EXPENSE) EVENUE & HANGES IN T POSITION
FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS					
General Support Instruction Pupil Transportation Debt Service - Interest	\$ (7,836,980) (33,445,034) (3,400,220) (353,857)	\$ 0 81,621 0 0	\$ 0 841,858 71,878 0	\$	(7,836,980) (32,521,555) (3,328,342) (353,857)
School Lunch Program	(200,719)	 109,888	 11,085		(79,746)
TOTAL FUNCTIONS & PROGRAMS GENERAL REVENUES	\$ (45,236,811)	\$ 191,509	\$ 924,821		(44,120,481)
GENERAL REVENUES					
Real Property Taxes					34,035,985
Other Tax Items					4,587,150
Non Property Taxes					526,124
Use of Money & Property					166,548
Sale of Property & Compensation	n for Loss				86,311
Miscellaneous State Sources					742,903
Federal Sources					5,696,390 877
rederal Sources					877
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES	S				45,842,288
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					1,721,807
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF Y	EAR (As Restated)				25,094,994
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR				\$	26,816,801

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS	GENERAL		GENERAL		GENERAL		GENERAL		GENERAL		s	PECIAL AID		CHOOL UNCH		CAPITAL ROJECTS	s	DEBT ERVICE	GO	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
Unrestricted Cash	\$	5,840,505	\$	0	\$	58,486	\$	7,488,268	\$	0	\$	13,387,259								
Restricted Cash	J	14,677,371	J	0	Ð	0 30,460	J	7,400,200	Ð	157,168	Þ	14,834,539								
State & Federal Aid Receivable		112,504		296,211		832		0		157,100		409,547								
Due from Other Governments		287,557		0		0		0		0		287,557								
Due from Other Funds		200,602		0		0		0		613		201,215								
Due from Fiduciary Funds		3,780		0		0		0		0		3,780								
Other Receivables, Net		17,402		1,525		97		0		0		19,024								
Inventories		0		0		1,069		0		0		1,069								
TOTAL ASSETS	-\$	21,139,721	\$	297,736	\$	60,484	-\$	7,488,268	-\$	157,781	\$	29,143,990								
					<u> </u>			.,,,	Ť	,	<u> </u>									
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES																				
<u>LIABILITIES</u>																				
Accounts Payable	\$	488,007	\$	5,513	\$	0	\$	212,617	\$	0	\$	706,137								
Accrued Liabilities		257,883		13,832		1,232		0		0		272,947								
Due to Other Governments		321		6,951		144		0		0		7,416								
Due to Other Funds		250		200,602		0		363		0		201,215								
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		1,876,941		0		0		0		0		1,876,941								
Due to Employees' Retirement System		225,714		0		0		0		0		225,714								
Deferred Revenues		1,093		0		2,813		0		0		3,906								
Bond Anticipation Notes		0		0		0		8,694,292		0		8,694,292								
TOTAL LIABILITIES		2,850,209		226,898		4,189		8,907,272		0		11,988,568								
FUND BALANCES																				
Nonspendable		0		0		1,069		0		0		1,069								
Restricted		14,677,371		70,838		55,226		0		157,781		14,961,216								
Assigned		1,727,090		0		0		0		0		1,727,090								
Unassigned		1,885,051		0		0		(1,419,004)		0		466,047								
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		18,289,512		70,838		56,295		(1,419,004)		157,781		17,155,422								
TOTAL LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCES	\$	21,139,721	\$	297,736	\$	60,484	\$	7,488,268	\$	157,781	\$	29,143,990								

CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2018

	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			ONG-TERM ASSETS & LIABILITIES	RECLASSIFICATIONS & ELIMINATIONS		STATEMENT OF NET POSITION	
ASSETS	•			•	•			10.005.050
Unrestricted Cash	\$	13,387,259	\$	0	\$	0	\$	13,387,259
Restricted Cash		14,834,539		0		0		14,834,539
State & Federal Aid Receivable		409,547		0		0		409,547
Due from Other Governments		287,557		0		0		287,557
Due from Other Funds		201,215		0		(201,215)		0
Due from Fiduciary Funds		3,780		0		0		3,780
Other Receivables, Net		19,024		0		0		19,024
Inventories		1,069		0		0		1,069
Capital Assets, Net		0		51,915,442		0		51,915,442
Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share		0		816,711		0		816,711
TOTAL ASSETS		29,143,990		52,732,153		(201,215)		81,674,928
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred Amount on Refunding		0		203,405		0		203,405
Pension		0		12,633,144		0		12,633,144
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		0		12,836,549		0		12,836,549
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	29,143,990	\$	65,568,702	\$	(201,215)	\$	94,511,477
LIABILITIES								
Accounts Payable	\$	706,137	\$	0	\$	0	\$	706,137
Accrued Liabilities	•	272,947	•	77,944	•	0	•	350,891
Due to Other Governments		7,416		0		0		7,416
Due to Other Funds		201,215		0		(201,215)		0
Due to Teachers' Retirement System		1,876,941		0		0		1,876,941
Due to Employees' Retirement System		225,714		0		0		225,714
Deferred Revenues		3,906		0		0		3,906
Retainage Payable		0,500		19,211		0		19,211
Bond Anticipation Notes		8,694,292		19,211		0		8,694,292
Bonds Payable		0,094,292		7,184,757		0		7,184,757
Installment Purchase Debt		0		2,300,785		0		2,300,785
		0				0		
Compensated Absences		0		489,007				489,007
Other Postemployment Benefits		0		40,895,638		0		40,895,638
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share TOTAL LIABILITIES		11,988,568		51,583,839		(201,215)		616,497
		11,700,500		31,303,033		(201,210)		00,511,122
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension		0		4,323,484		0		4,323,484
TOTAL LIABILITIES & DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		11,988,568		55,907,323		(201,215)		67,694,676
FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION		17,155,422		9,661,379		0		26,816,801
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES & FUND BALANCES / NET POSITION	\$	29,143,990	\$	65,568,702	\$	(201,215)	<u>\$</u>	94,511,477

CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			SPECIAL AID		SCHOOL LUNCH		CAPITAL PROJECTS		DEBT SERVICE		TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES Parl Proports Tours	Ф 24.025.095	¢	0	•	0	d.	0	¢.	0	ø	24.025.095
Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items	\$ 34,035,985	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0 0	\$	34,035,985
	4,587,150 526,124		0		0		0		0		4,587,150 526,124
Non Property Taxes Charges for Services	81,621		0		0		0		0		81,621
č	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		0		0		0		772		•
Use of Money & Property	165,776		0		0		0		0		166,548 86,311
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss Miscellaneous	86,311		•		0		0		0		•
State Sources	652,570		83,869		0		Ū		0		736,439
Federal Sources	5,656,100		239,793		•		187,200		0		6,083,093
Sales	877		443,164		11,085		0		0		455,126
	45 702 514		0		109,888						109,888
TOTAL REVENUES	45,792,514		766,826		120,973		187,200		772		46,868,285
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>											
General Support	6,117,303		0		66,809		0		0		6,184,112
Instruction	24,062,128		698,127		0		0		0		24,760,255
Pupil Transportation	2,387,092		89,847		0		0		0		2,476,939
Employee Benefits	7,969,451		38,800		5,241		0		0		8,013,492
Debt Service:											
Principal	3,236,616		0		0		0		0		3,236,616
Interest	407,508		0		0		0		0		407,508
Cost of Sales	0		0		88,449		0		0		88,449
Capital Outlay	0		0		0		1,063,927		0		1,063,927
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	44,180,098		826,774		160,499		1,063,927		0		46,231,298
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	1,612,416		(59,948)		(39,526)		(876,727)		772		636,987
OTHER SOURCES & USES											
Bond Anticipation Notes Paid from Current Appropriations	0		0		0		303,108		0		303,108
Premium on Obligation	0		0		0		0		90,333		90,333
Operating Transfers In	20,000		59,948		90,000		0		0		169,948
Operating Transfers (Out)	(149,948)		. 0		0		0		(20,000)		(169,948)
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES	(129,948)		59,948		90,000		303,108		70,333		393,441
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES & OTHER SOURCES											
OVER EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES	1,482,468		0		50,474		(573,619)		71,105		1,030,428
FUND BALANCES, BEGINNING OF YEAR	16,807,044		70,838		5,821		(845,385)		86,676		16,124,994
FUND BALANCES, END OF YEAR	\$ 18,289,512	\$	70,838	\$	56,295	\$	(1,419,004)	\$	157,781	\$	17,155,422

CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK

RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS	REVE	G-TERM ENUE & ENSES	CAPITAL RELATED ITEMS	ONG-TERM DEBT NSACTIONS	RECLASSIFICATIONS & ELIMINATIONS	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	
<u>REVENUES</u>									
Real Property Taxes	\$	34,035,985	\$	0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$	34,035,985
Other Tax Items		4,587,150		0	0	0	0		4,587,150
Non Property Taxes		526,124		0	0	0	0		526,124
Charges for Services		81,621		0	0	0	0		81,621
Use of Money & Property		166,548		0	0	0	0		166,548
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss		86,311		0	0	0	0		86,311
Miscellaneous		736,439		0	0	0	90,333		826,772
State Sources		6,083,093		0	0	0	0		6,083,093
Federal Sources		455,126		0	0	0	0		455,126
Sales		109,888		0	0	0	0		109,888
TOTAL REVENUES		46,868,285		0	0	 0	90,333		46,958,618
EXPENDITURES									
General Support		6,184,112		15,332	20,110	0	1,617,426		7,836,980
Instruction		24,760,255		41,879	1,713,770	0	6,929,130		33,445,034
Pupil Transportation		2,476,939		0	241,322	0	681,959		3,400,220
Employee Benefits		8,013,492	1,	175,016	0	0	(9,188,508)		0
Debt Service:									
Principal		3,236,616		0	0	(2,933,508)	(303,108)		0
Interest		407,508		(12,256)	0	(41,395)	0		353,857
Cost of Sales		88,449		0	40,220	0	72,050		200,719
Capital Outlay		1,063,927		19,211	(971,081)	0	(112,057)		0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		46,231,298	1,	239,182	1,044,342	 (2,974,903)	(303,108)		45,236,811
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		636,987	(1,	239,182)	(1,044,342)	 2,974,903	393,441		1,721,807
OTHER SOURCES & USES									
Bond Anticipation Notes Paid from Current Appropriations		303,108		0	0	0	(303,108)		0
Premium on Obligation		90,333		0	0	0	(90,333)		0
Operating Transfers In		169,948		0	0	0	(169,948)		0
Operating Transfers (Out)		(169,948)		0	0	0	169,948		0
TOTAL OTHER SOURCES & USES		393,441		0	0	 0	(393,441)		0
NET CHANGE FOR THE YEAR	\$	1,030,428	\$ (1,	239,182)	\$(1,044,342)	\$ 2,974,903	\$ 0	\$	1,721,807

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

ACCETC	PU	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS		AGENCY		
ASSETS						
Cash Other Receivables	\$	77,696 0	\$	127,982 1,089		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	77,696	\$	129,071		
LIABILITIES & NET POSITION						
<u>LIABILITIES</u>						
Due to Other Funds	\$	0	\$	3,780		
Due to Other Governments		0		1,852		
Extraclassroom Activity Balances		0		100,929		
Other Liabilities	······	0		22,510		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		0		129,071		
NET POSITION						
Held in Trust for Endowment, Scholarship and Gift Funds		77,696				
TOTAL LIABILITIES & NET POSITION	\$	77,696				

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS	
ADDITIONS		
Gifts and Contributions Investment Earnings	\$ 53,4	100 207
TOTAL ADDITIONS	53,0	507
DEDUCTIONS		
Scholarships & Awards	55,2	200_
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,5	593)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	79,2	289
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 77,6	<u> 596</u>

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

The financial statements of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. Those principles are prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), which is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

The Croton-Harmon Union Free School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, <u>The Financial Reporting Entity</u>, as amended by GASB Statement 39, <u>Component Units</u>. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief description of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds have been included in this report. The District accounts for assets held as an agent for various student organizations in an agency fund.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district in the Putnam/Northern Westchester Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

B. Joint Venture (Continued)

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. In the Putnam/Northern Westchester BOCES, each component district's share of administrative and capital cost may be determined by using the weighted average daily attendance for a certain percentage and the true valuation for a certain percentage, as defined in the New York State Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District was billed \$2,525,249 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$618,343. Financial statements for BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office at 200 BOCES Drive, Yorktown Heights, New York 10598.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. District-Wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, State aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at June 30, 2018. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended in those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

2. Funds Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Special Aid Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>School Lunch Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the school lunch operations. The school lunch operation is supported by federal and state grants and charges participants for its services.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities.

The District reports the following fiduciary funds:

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u>: Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

Private purpose trust funds: These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefits annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Agency funds: These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 90 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1st and became a lien on August 3, 2017. Taxes were collected by the Town of Cortlandt and the Town of Yorktown during the period September 1, 2017 through October 31, 2017.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Westchester County. The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to Westchester County for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the district-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds, with the exception of those due from or to the fiduciary funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 10 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

Investments are stated at fair value.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

J. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Purchases of inventoriable items are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond yearend. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the district-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

L. Other Assets/Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds from serial bonds and bond anticipation notes, as well as resources set aside for their repayment are classified as restricted assets in the district-wide financial statements and their use is limited by applicable bond covenants

M. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at cost for acquisitions. For assets acquired prior to June 30, 2002, estimated historical costs based on appraisals conducted by independent third-party professionals were used. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

	Capitalization <u>Threshold</u>		Depreciation	Estimated
			Method	Useful Life
Land Improvements	\$	10,000	Straight Line	50 years
Buildings and Improvements		10,000	Straight Line	50 years
Furniture and Equipment		10,000	Straight Line	5 - 20 years
Vehicles		10,000	Straight Line	5 - 20 years

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The District reports deferred outflows of resources related to pensions. For additional information on deferred outflows related to pensions, see Note 9. The District also reports deferred outflows of resources related to deferred amounts on bond refunding.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. This item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide financial statements. For additional information on deferred inflows related to pensions, see Note 9.

O. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues are reported when potential revenues do not meet both the measurable and available criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when the District receives resources before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurring qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenues is removed and revenues are recorded.

Statute provides the authority for the District to levy taxes to be used to finance expenditures within the first 120 days of the succeeding fiscal year. Consequently, such amounts are recognized as revenue in the subsequent fiscal year, rather than when measurable and available.

Unearned revenues recorded in governmental funds are typically adjusted prior to inclusion in the District-wide statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

P. Vested Employee Benefits

1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical/personal time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken in varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the funds statements, only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you go basis.

2. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits to retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement.

Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and most of the retired employees. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

Q. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RAN's and TAN's represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

Q. Short-Term Debt (Continued)

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BAN's issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the year following the year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the year following the year in which they were issued.

R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payableand compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

S. Equity Classifications

1. District-wide Statements

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

- S. Equity Classifications (Continued)
 - 1. District-wide Statements (Continued)

Restricted net position - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

2. Funds Statements

In the governmental fund statements, there are five classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable: Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u>: Constraints have been imposed on the use of these amounts either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General fund are classified as restricted fund balances. The District has established the following reserves that have been included in restricted fund balance:

Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. This reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

- S. Equity Classifications (Continued)
 - 2. Funds Statements (Continued)

Reserve for Debt Service

Mandatory Reserve for Debt Service (GML §6-1) is used to establish a reserve for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement. The reserve is accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve

Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve (Education Law §1709(8) (c)) are used to pay for property loss and liability claims incurred. Separate funds for property loss and liability claims are required, and these reserves may not in total exceed 3% of the annual budget or \$15,000, whichever is greater. This type of reserve fund may be utilized only by school districts, except city school districts with a population greater than 125,000. These reserves are accounted for in the General Fund.

Tax Certiorari Reserve

Tax Certiorari Reserve (Education Law §3651.1-a) is used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceedings in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies. The reserve is accounted for in the General fund.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Reserve for Employee Benefit Accrued Liability (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund.

Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

Workers' Compensation Reserve

According to General Municipal Law §6-j must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. The reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under Restricted Fund Balance.

Restricted fund balance at June 30, 2018 consisted of:

General Fund:

Capital Reserves	\$ 7,096,936
Workers' Compensation Reserve	400,000
Unemployment Insurance Reserve	246,969
Property Loss Reserve and Liability Reserve	198,061
Tax Certiorari Reserve	5,000,944
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	489,008
Retirement Contribution Reserve	 1,245,453
	14,677,371
Special Aid Fund	70,838
School Lunch Fund	55,226
Debt Service Fund	 157,781
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 14,961,216

<u>Committed</u>: Includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The District did not classify any of its fund balances as committed as of June 30, 2018.

Assigned: Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The purpose of the constraint must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance also includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

S. Equity Classifications (Continued)

2. Funds Statements (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u>: Includes fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, negative unassigned fund balance is reported.

Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District considers that committed amounts are reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications can be used.

Limitation on Unexpended Surplus Funds:

NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds the District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's General Fund budget for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

T. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2018, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

- GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, effective for the year ending June 30, 2018.
- GASB Statement 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2018.
- GASB Statement 82, Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, effective for the year ending June 30, 2018.
- GASB Statement 85, Omnibus 2017, effective for the year ending June 30, 2018.
- GASB Statement 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, effective for the year ending June 30, 2018.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued)

T. New Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB has issued Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions. It also improves the information provided by state and local governmental employers about support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. The District has implemented Statement 75, as required.

GASB has issued Statement 81, Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements, which improves accounting and financial reporting for irrevocable split-interest agreements by providing recognition and measurement guidance for situations in which a government is a beneficiary of the agreement. The District has implemented Statement 81, as required.

GASB has issued Statement 82, Pension Issues—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73, which addresses certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, 68, and 73. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information, (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The District has implemented Statement 82, as required.

GASB has issued Statement 85, Omnibus 2017, which will enhance consistency in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits (OBEB)). The District has implemented Statement 85, as required.

GASB has issued Statement 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, which will increase consistency in accounting and financial reporting for debt extinguishments by establishing uniform guidance for derecognizing debt that is defeased in substance, regardless of how cash and other monetary assets placed in an irrevocable trust for the purpose of extinguishing that debt were acquired. The requirements of this Statement also will enhance consistency in financial reporting of prepaid insurance related to debt that has been extinguished. The District has implemented Statement 86, as required.

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, which will enhance comparability of governments by establishing uniform criteria for governments to recognize and measure certain asset retirement obligations (AROs), including obligations that may not have been previously reported. An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans on adoption if and when required, which will be for the June 30, 2019 financial statements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES. (Continued) U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards (Continued)

GASB has issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The focus of the criteria is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans on adoption if and when required, which will be for the June 30, 2020 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will increase the usefulness of government's financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were not classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use and underlying asset. Under, this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans on adoption if and when required, which will be for the June 30, 2021 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, which will improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans on adoption if and when required, which will be for the June 30, 2019 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, which will improve financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with more relevant information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period. The resulting information also will enhance the comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period for both governmental activities and business-type activities. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans on adoption if and when required, which will be for the June 30, 2021 financial statements.

GASB has issued Statement 90, Majority Equity Interests—an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61, which will improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information of certain component units. The District is currently studying the Statement and plans on adoption if and when required, which will be for the June 30, 2020 financial statements.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS.

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the district-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic focus of the Statement of Activities, compared with the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds.

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

1. The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings and equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, with their original costs capitalized and depreciation expensed annually over their useful lives. The balances at June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Original Cost of Capital Assets	\$ 76,055,535
Accumulated Depreciation	 (24,140,093)
	\$ 51,915,442

2. In a debt refunding, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old bonds is recorded as the deferred amount on refunding and included as a deferred outflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position. However, this amount is not included on the Balance Sheet as it was recorded as an expenditure when due, and thus required the use of current financial resources. The balances at June 30, 2018 were:

Amount Due on Refunding \$ 203,405

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities: (Continued)

3. In the Statement of Net Position, a liability is recognized for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability attributable to each defined benefit pension plan in which the District participates. A net pension liability is measured as the proportionate share of the portion of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that is attributed to past periods of employee service (proportionate share of total pension liability), net of the proportionate share of that pension plan's fiduciary net position. If a pension plan's fiduciary net position exceeds its total pension liability, the District's proportionate share of the pension plan's net pension asset is recognized. Also, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions primarily result from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, as well as changes in the components of the net pension liability or asset. However, none of these amounts are included on the Balance Sheet as they are only recognized to the extent the pension liability is normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. These balances at June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Net Pension Asset - Proportionate Share	\$ 816,711
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions	12,633,144
Net Pension Liability - Proportionate Share	(616,497)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions	(4,323,484)
	\$ 8,509,874

4. Interest is accrued in the Statement of Net Position, regardless of when it is due. This liability does not appear on the Balance Sheet because interest is expended when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. This liability at June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Accrued Interest <u>\$ 77,944</u>

5. Long-term liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows are reported in the Statement of Net Position, but not in the Balance Sheet, because the liabilities are not due and payable in the current period. The balances at June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Bonds Payable	\$ 6,915,000
Installment Purchase Debt	2,300,785
Compensated Absences	489,007
Other Postemployment Benefits	 40,895,638
	\$ 50,600,430

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

- A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities: (Continued)
 - 6. In a debt refunding, a premium on obligation is recorded as the deferred amount on refunding and included as a deferred inflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position. The balance at June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Deferred Amount on Advanced Refunding

\$ 269,757

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities:

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of five broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

1. Long-Term Revenue Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities.

2. Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

3. Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

4. Pension Plan Transaction Differences

Pension plan transaction differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and differences between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension systems.

5. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Related Differences

OPEB differences occur as a result of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and differences between the District's contributions and OPEB expense.

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities(Continued):

Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities

Total Revenues and Other Funding Sources

\$ 46,868,285
90,333
\$ 46,958,618

Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses

Total expenditures reported in governmental funds (Schedule 5)

\$ 46,231,298

When the purchase or construction of capital assets is financed through governmental funds, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in the years they are incurred. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation. This is the amount by which capital expenditures of \$971,081 were less than depreciation of \$2,011,018 in the current year and the remaining depreciation on disposed assets of \$4,405 in the current year.

1,044,342

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses (compensated absences and special termination benefits) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amount actually paid). The amount by which compensated absences earned exceeded the amount paid during the year was \$57,211

57,211

In the Statement of Activities, the expense for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) includes changes in the OPEB liability such as service cost, interest cost and changes in benefit terms, as well as amortization of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. In the governmental funds, however, OPEB expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts actually paid). This is the amount by which the OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities exceeded the amount of financial resources used during the year.

902,018

NOTE 2. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS. (Continued)

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities (Continued):

<u>Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Operating Statement and the Statement of Activities</u>(Continued)

Total Expenditures & Other Uses/Expenses (Continued)

Interest payable is recognized as an accrued liability in the entity wide statements under full accrual accounting whereas it is not in the governmental fund statements. This is the amount by which interest payable was less than the prior year. (12,256)Retainage payable is recognized as a liability in the entity wide statements under full accounting whereas it is not in the governmental fund statements. This is the amount by which retainage payable was more than the prior year. 19,211 In the Statement of Activities pension expense related to the ERS and TRS defined benefit pension plans is measured as the change in the District's proportionate shares of the net pension assets and liabilities as of the measurement dates for each plan. In the governmental funds, however; these expenditures are recognized equal to the total of (1) amounts paid by the employer to the pension plan and (2) the change between the beginning and ending balances of amounts normally expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. This is the amount by which pension expense was exceeded by the amount of financial resources expended during the year. 272,998 Premiums and discounts on long-term debt issuances, bond issuance costs and deferred amounts from debt refundings are recognized in the fiscal year in which the transactions occur in the governmental fund statements. These amounts are amortized in the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. This is the amount that was amortized during the fiscal year. (41,395)Repayment of bond and other debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental fund but reduces liabilities in the Statement of Net Position, and does not affect the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position. (3,236,616)Total expenses in the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position (Schedule 2) \$ 45,236,811

NOTE 3. CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District implemented GASB Statement #75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. The implementation of the statement requires District's to report Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) liabilities, OPEB expenses, deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB. See note 17 for the financial statement impact of the implementation of the statement.

NOTE 4. STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted:

• The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the General Fund.

Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These Supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Supplemental appropriations made during the current fiscal year are shown in Supplemental Schedule #5. Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. The General Fund is the only fund with a legally approved budget for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as restrictions or assignments of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

NOTE 4. STEWARDSHIP AND COMPLIANCE. (Continued)

C. Other Stewardship and Compliance Matters

The District was in compliance with all legal and contractual provisions for the fiscal year. The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$1,419,004. This will be funded when the District obtains permanent financing for its current construction projects.

NOTE 5. CASH - CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE, FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS AND INVESTMENT POOL.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these Notes.

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year-end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized \$ 0.

Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name

\$ 24,261,675

Restricted cash represents cash and cash equivalents where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$14,834,539 within the governmental funds.

The District does not typically purchase investments for a long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk. The District also does not typically purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreements pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents.

Total investments of the New York Liquid Asset Fund cooperative as of year-end are \$87,140,760, which consisted of \$43,076,015 in Money Market and Cash and 44,064,745 in U. S. Treasury Securities with various interest rate and due dates.

The following amounts invested in this cooperative are included as unrestricted and restricted cash:

Fund Bank Balance Carrying Amount
General Fund \$ 4,777,067 \$ 4,777,067

The above amounts represent the cost of the investment pool shares, and are considered to approximate market value. The investment pool is categorically exempt from the New York State collateral requirements. Additional information concerning the cooperative is presented in the annual report of New York Liquid Asset Fund.

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS.

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, were as follows:

]	Beginning Balance	Ad	Additions		Retirements/ Reclassifications		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets that are not								
depreciated:								
Land	\$	810,100	\$	0	\$	0	\$	810,100
Construction in Progress		419,670		589,268		0		1,008,938
Total Nondepreciable								
Assets		1,229,770	:	589,268		0		1,819,038
Capital assets that are								
depreciated:		1 245 296		0		0		1 245 296
Land Improvements		1,245,386		0		0		1,245,386
Buildings and Improvements		68,722,597		0		0	-	8,722,597
Furniture & Equipment		1,018,205		42,597		(325,899)	C	734,903
Vehicles		3,194,395	,	42,397 339,216		(323,899)		734,903 3,533,611
Total Depreciable Assets		74,180,583		381,813		(325,899)		4,236,497
Total Deplectable Assets		74,160,363		301,013		(323,699)		4,230,497
Less: Accumulated								
Depreciation		(22,450,569)	(2,0	011,018)		321,494	(2	4,140,093)
Capital Assets, Net	\$	52,959,784	\$(1,	039,937)	\$	(4,405)	\$ 5	1,915,442
Depreciation expense was cha	arged	to governmenta	l func	tions as f	ollows	:		
General Support	\$	20,110						
Instruction		1,709,365						
Transportation		241,322						
Cost of Sales		40,220						
Total Depreciation	\$	2,011,018						

NOTE 7. SHORT-TERM DEBT.

Transactions in short-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2018 are summarized below:

Beginning

	Degining		1 ala	Jui	10 30, 2010
	Balance	Issued	Redeemed	End	ing Balance
BAN maturing 10/19/18 at 1.50%	\$ 809,942	\$ 287,458	\$ 283,108	\$	814,292
BAN maturing 6/14/19 at 3.00%	1,200,000	9,780,000	3,100,000		7,880,000
Total Short-Term Debt	\$2,009,942	\$ 10,067,458	\$3,383,108	\$	8,694,292
Interest on short-term debt for the y	ear was compo	sed of:			
Interest Paid			\$ 33,022		
			,		
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior	Year		(11,080)		
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Curre	ent Year		18,863		
Interest Expense			\$ 40,805		

Paid/

June 30, 2018

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Paid/ Redeemed	June 30, 2018 Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:	Dumino	155404	Rodocined		One rear
Bonds and Notes Payable					
Bonds Payable	\$ 9,650,000	\$ 0	\$ 2,735,000	\$ 6,915,000	\$2,840,000
Deferred Amount on Refunding	427,718	0	157,961	269,757	157,961
Installment Purchase Debt	2,499,293	0	198,508	2,300,785	233,973
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	12,577,011	0	3,091,469	9,485,542	3,231,934
Other Liabilities:					
Compensated Absences	431,796	57,211	0	489,007	0
Other Postemployment Benefits	39,993,620	1,952,348	1,050,330	40,895,638	0
Net Pension Liability -					
Proportionate Share	3,015,657	0	2,399,160	616,497	0
Total Other Liabilities	43,441,073	2,009,559	3,449,490	42,001,142	0
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$56,018,084	\$2,009,559	\$ 6,540,959	\$51,486,684	\$3,231,934

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

NOTE 8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES. (Continued)

Existing serial bond and installment purchase obligations are as follows:

	Issue	Final	Interest	June 30, 2018
Description of Issue	Date	Maturity	Rate	Balance
Serial Bond - 2006	07/15/06	11/01/19	4% - 6%	1,225,000
Energy Performance Contract	12/21/10	05/15/26	2.84%	2,300,785
Serial Bond - 2011 Refunding	07/11/11	10/15/20	2% - 4%	3,285,000
Serial Bond - 2013 Refunding	02/20/13	10/15/19	2% - 4%	2,405,000
				\$ 9,215,785

The following is a summary of maturing debt service requirements

	Bonds and Notes Payable				
For the Year Ended June 30,	Principal]	Interest		
2019	\$ 3,073,973	\$	268,284		
2020	3,210,876		155,929		
2021	1,413,624		71,740		
2022	286,593		41,071		
2023	294,790		32,874		
2024 - 2027	935,929		47,062		
TOTAL	\$ 9,215,785	\$	616,960		

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$ 374,486
Less: Interest accrued in the prior year	(79,120)
Plus: Interest accrued in the current year	59,081
Less: Amortization of premiums, deferred amounts	
on bond refunding and issuance costs.	 (41,395)
Total interest expense	\$ 313,052

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS.

Employees' Retirement System Plan Description

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). ERS and the New York State and Local Police and Fire Retirement System (PFRS) are collectively referred to as New York State and Local Retirement System (the ERS System). These are cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit retirement systems. The net position of the ERS System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in fiduciary net position allocated to the ERS System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS System. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four-year term. Thomas P. DiNapoli has served as Comptroller since February 7, 2007. In November, 2014, he was elected for a new term commencing January 1, 2015. System benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL). Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

Teachers' Retirement System Plan Description

The New York State Teachers Retirement System (the TRS System) was created and exists pursuant to Article 11 of the New York State Education Law. The System is the administrator of a cost-sharing, multiple-employer public employee retirement system (PERS), administered by a 10-member Board to provide pension and ancillary benefits to teachers employed by participating employers in the State of New York, excluding New York City. For additional Plan information please refer to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website located at www.nystrs.org.

ERS Benefits Provided

The ERS System provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits.

Tiers 1 and 2

Eligibility: Tier 1 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. There is no minimum service requirement for Tier 1 members. Tier 2 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The age at which full benefits may be collected for Tier 1 is 55, and the full benefit age for Tier 2 is 62.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Tiers 1 and 2 (Continued)

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If the member retires with 20 or more years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. Tier 2 members with five or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 2 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits. As a result of Article 19 of the RSSL, Tier 1 and Tier 2 members who worked continuously from April 1, 1999 through October 1, 2000 received an additional month of service credit for each year of credited service they have at retirement, up to a maximum of 24 additional months.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 1 members who joined on or after June 17, 1971, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the previous year. For Tier 2 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 20 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tiers 3, 4, and 5

Eligibility: Tier 3 and 4 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have five years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. Tier 5 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tiers 3, 4 and 5 is 62.

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with between 20 and 30 years of service, the benefit is 2 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 30 years of service, an additional benefit of 1.5 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 30 years. Tier 3 and 4 members with five or more years of service and Tier 5 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits. Tier 3 and 4 members age 55 or older with 30 or more years of service can retire with no reduction in benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the three highest consecutive years. For Tier 3, 4 and 5 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous two years.

Tier 6

Eligibility: Tier 6 members, with the exception of those retiring under special retirement plans, must have 10 years of service and be at least age 55 to be eligible to collect a retirement benefit. The full benefit age for Tier 6 is 63 for ERS members and 62 for PFRS members.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Tier 6 (Continued)

Benefit Calculation: Generally, the benefit is 1.67 percent of final average salary for each year of service if the member retires with less than 20 years. If a member retires with 20 years of service, the benefit is 1.75 percent of final average salary for each year of service. If a member retires with more than 20 years of service, an additional benefit of 2 percent of final average salary is applied for each year of service over 20 years. Tier 6 members with 10 or more years of service can retire as early as age 55 with reduced benefits.

Final average salary is the average of the wages earned in the five highest consecutive years. For Tier 6 members, each year of final average salary is limited to no more than 10 percent of the average of the previous four years.

Special Plans

The 25-Year Plans allow a retirement after 25 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary, and the 20-Year Plans allow a retirement after 20 years of service with a benefit of one-half of final average salary. These plans are available to certain PFRS members, sheriffs, and correction officers.

Disability Retirement Benefits

Disability retirement benefits are available to ERS and PFRS members unable to perform their job duties because of permanent physical or mental incapacity. There are three general types of disability benefits: ordinary, performance of duty, and accidental disability benefits. Eligibility, benefit amounts, and other rules such as any offsets or other benefits depend on a members tier, years of service, and plan.

Ordinary Death Benefits

Death benefits are payable upon the death, before retirement, of a member who meets eligibility requirements as set forth by law. The first \$50,000 of an ordinary death benefit is paid in the form of group term life insurance. The benefit is generally three times the member's annual salary. For most members, there is also a reduced post-retirement ordinary death benefit available.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

ERS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases

A cost-of-living adjustment is provided annually to: (i) all pensioners who have attained age 62 and have been retired for five years; (ii) all pensioners who have attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years; (iii) all disability pensioners, regardless of age, who have been retired for five years; (iv) ERS recipients of an accidental death benefit, regardless of age, who have been receiving such benefit for five years and (v) the spouse of a deceased retiree receiving a lifetime benefit under an option elected by the retiree at retirement. An eligible spouse is entitled to one-half the cost-of-living adjustment amount that would have been paid to the retiree when the retiree would have met the eligibility criteria. This cost-of-living adjustment is a percentage of the annual retirement benefit of the eligible member as computed on a base benefit amount not to exceed \$18,000 of the annual retirement benefit. The cost-of-living percentage shall be 50 percent of the annual Consumer Price Index as published by the U.S. Bureau of Labor, but cannot be less than 1 percent or exceed 3 percent.

TRS Benefits Provided

The benefits provided to members of the TRS System are established by New York State and may be amended only by the Legislature with the Governor's approval. Benefit provisions vary depending on date of membership and are subdivided into the following six classes:

Tier 1

Members who last joined prior to July 1, 1973 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law.

Tier 2

Members who last joined on or after July 1, 1973 and prior to July 27, 1976 are covered by the provisions of Article 11 of the Education Law and Article 11 of the Retirement and Social Security Law (RSSL).

Tier 3

Members who last joined on or after July 27, 1976 and prior to September 1, 1983 are covered by the provisions of Article 14 and Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 4

Members who last joined on or after September 1, 1983 and prior to January 1, 2010 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Tier 5

Members who joined on or after January 1, 2010 and prior to April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Tier 6

Members who joined on or after April 1, 2012 are covered by the provisions of Article 15 of the RSSL.

Service Retirements

Tier 1 members are eligible, beginning at age 55, for a service retirement allowance of approximately 2% per year of credit service times final average salary.

Under Article 19 of the RSSL, eligible Tiers 1 and 2 members can receive additional service credit of one-twelfth of a year for each year of retirement credit as of the date of retirement or death up to a maximum of two additional years.

Tiers 2 through 5 are eligible for the same but with the following limitations: (1) Tiers 2 through 4 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 55 through 61 with 30 years of service or a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 through 61 with less than 30 years of service. (2) Tier 5 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 62 or retirement at ages 57 through 61 with 30 years of service. They receive a reduced benefit for retirement at ages 55 and 56 regardless of service credit, or ages 57 through 61 with less than 30 years of service.

Tier 6 members are eligible for a service retirement allowance of 1.75% per year of credited service years of service plus 2% per year for years of service in excess of 20 years times final average salary. Tier 6 members receive an unreduced benefit for retirement at age 63. They receive a reduced benefit at ages 55 through 62 regardless of service credit.

Vested Benefits

Retirement benefits after 5 years of credited service except for Tiers 5 and 6 where 10 years of credited service are required. Benefits are payable at age 55 or greater with the limitations noted for service requirements above.

Disability Retirement

Members are eligible for disability retirement benefits after 10 years of credited New York State service except for Tier 3 where disability retirement is permissible after 5 years of credited New York State service pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL. The Tier 3 benefit is integrated with Social Security.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

TRS Benefits Provided (Continued)

Death Benefits

Death benefits are paid to the beneficiary of active members who die in service. The benefit is based on final salary and the number of years of credited service.

Prior Service

After 2 years of membership, members of all tiers may claim and receive credit for prior New York State public or teaching service. Only Tiers 1 and 2 members may, under certain conditions, claim out of state service.

Tier Reinstatement

In accordance with Chapter 640 of the Laws of 1998, any active member who had a prior membership may elect to be reinstated to their original date and Tier of membership.

Permanent Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA)

Section 532-a of the Education Law provides a permanent cost-of-living benefit to both current and future retired members. This benefit will be paid commencing September of each year to retired members who have attained age 62 and have been retired for 5 years or attained age 55 and have been retired for 10 years. Disability retirees must have been retired for 5 years, regardless of age, to be eligible. The annual COLA percentage is equal to 50% of the increase in the consumer price index not to exceed 3% nor be lower than 1%. It is applied to the first eighteen thousand dollars of the annual benefit. The applicable percentage payable beginning September 2016 is 1.0%.

Members who retired prior to July 1, 1970 are eligible for a minimum benefit of seventeen thousand five hundred dollars for 35 years of credited full-time New York State service. Certain members who retire pursuant to the provisions of Article 14 of the RSSL are eligible for automatic cost-of-living supplementation based on the increase in the consumer price index with a maximum per annum increase of 3%.

Contributions

The System is noncontributory except for employees who joined the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Contributions (Continued)

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100 percent of the contributions required, and were as follows:

Year	NYSTRS_	N	IYSERS
2017 - 2018	\$ 1,741,556	\$	799,607
2016 - 2017	2,000,740		817,372
2015 - 2016	2,216,682		837,997

ERS has provided additional disclosures through entities that elected to participate in Chapter 260, 57 and 105.

<u>Pension Liabilities</u>, <u>Pension Expense</u>, and <u>Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2018, the District reported the following asset/ (liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability/ (asset) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/ (liability) was measured as of March 31, 2018 for ERS and June 30, 2017 for TRS. The total pension asset/ (liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/ (liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. District's proportion of the net pension asset/ (liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the ERS and TRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

		ERS	TRS		
Actuarial Valuation Date	March 31, 2018		June 30, 2017		
Net pension asset/(liability)	\$	(616,497)	\$	816,711	
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability)		0.0191017%		0.107448%	

At March 31, 2018, the District's proportion of the NYSERS net pension asset/ (liability) was a decrease of 0.0006335% from its proportion measured as of March 31, 2017.

At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion of the NYSTRS net pension asset/ (liability) was a decrease of 0.000979%, from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District's recognized pension expense of \$775,883 for ERS and \$2,048,445 for TRS. At June 30, 2018 the District's reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions for the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows			
		of Resources		
	ERS	TRS	Total	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 219,884	\$ 671,952	\$ 891,836	
Changes of Assumptions	408,788	8,310,191	8,718,979	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	895,413	0	895,413	
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	93,477	59,615	153,092	
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	225,714	1,748,110	1,973,824	
Total	\$1,843,276	\$ 10,789,868	\$ 12,633,144	
		Deferred Inflow	s	
		Deferred Inflow of Resources	s	
	ERS		s Total	
Differences between expected and actual experience	ERS \$ 181,704	of Resources		
-		of Resources TRS	Total	
experience	\$ 181,704	of Resources TRS \$ 318,426	Total \$ 500,130	
experience Changes of Assumptions Net difference between projected and actual	\$ 181,704 0	TRS \$ 318,426 0	Total \$ 500,130 0	
experience Changes of Assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and proportionate	\$ 181,704 0 1,767,455	of Resources TRS \$ 318,426 0 1,923,590	Total \$ 500,130 0 3,691,045	

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended:	ERS		 TRS
2019	\$	162,543	\$ 184,133
2020		120,770	2,193,758
2021		(438,204)	1,568,505
2022		(207,711)	385,725
2023		0	1,563,928
Thereafter		0	802,388

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuation used the following actuarial assumptions.

Significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuations were as follows:

	ERS	TRS
Measurement Date	March 31, 2018	June 30, 2017
Inflation Rate	2.5%	2.5%
Projected Salary Increases	3.8%	1.90% - 4.72% Rates of increase differ based on age and gender. Calculations have been based upon recent NYSTRS member experience
Investment Rate of Return	7.00% compounded annually, net of investment expense including inflation	7.25% compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense including inflation
Decrement Tables	April 1, 2010 - March 31, 2015 System's Experience	July 1, 2009 - June 30, 2014 System's Experience
Mortality Improvement	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized below:

	ERS			TRS		
Measurement Date	March 31, 2018		Measurement Date	June 1	30, 2017	
	Target Allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return		Target Allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return	
Asset Class:	111100411011	1410 01101411	Asset Class:	- Into Garren	10001100	
Domestic Equity	36%	4.55%	Domestic Equities	35%	5.90%	
International Equity	14%	6.35%	International Equities	18%	7.40%	
Private Equity	10%	7.50%	Real Estate	11%	4.30%	
Real Estate	10%	5.55%	Alternative investments	8%	9.00%	
Absolute Return Strategie	2%	3.75%	Domestic fixed income securities	16%	1.60%	
Opportunistic Portfolio	3%	5.68%	Global fixed income securities	2%	1.30%	
Real Assets	3%	5.29%	High-yield fixed income securities	1%	3.90%	
Bonds and Mortgages	17%	1.31%	Mortgages	8%	2.80%	
Cash	1%	-0.25%	Short-term	1%	0.60%	
Inflation-indexed bonds	4%	1.25%				
Total	100%		Total	100%		

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.0% for ERS and 7.25% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the ERS and TRS net pension liability calculated using the discount rates referred to above, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset / (liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate referred to above:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
ERS	6.00%	7.00%	8.00%
Employer's Proportionate Share			
of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	\$ (4,664,582)	\$ (616,497)	\$ 2,808,021
	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Assumption	Increase
TRS	6.25%	7.25%	8.25%
Employer's Proportionate Share			
of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)	(14,069,507)	816,711	13,283,179

Pension plan fiduciary net position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of the measurement dates indicated below were as follows:

	(Dollars in Thousands)					
	ERS			TRS		
Measurement Date		larch 31, 2018	June 30, 2017			
Employers' total pension asset/(liability)	\$	(183,400,590)	\$	(114,708,261)		
Plan net position		180,173,145		115,468,360		
Employer's net pension asset/(liability)	\$	(3,227,445)	\$	760,099		
Ratio of plan net position to the						
employers' total pension asset/(liability)		98.24%		100.66%		
Payables to the Pension Plan						

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2018 represent the projected employer contributions for the period of April 1, through June 30, 2018 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2018 amounted to \$225,714.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLANS. (Continued)

Payables to the Pension Plan (Continued)

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 are paid to the System in September, October and November, 2018 through state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2018 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS system. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2018 amounted to \$1,876,941.

NOTE 10. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY.

Interfund balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2018, were as follows:

	Interfund				Interfund					
	Re	eceivable	ole Payable		eivable Payable Revenues			evenues	Exp	enditures
General Fund	\$	204,382	\$	250	\$	20,000	\$	149,948		
Special Aid Fund		0		200,602		59,948		0		
School Lunch Fund		0		0		90,000		0		
Capital Fund		0		363		0		0		
Debt Service Fund		613		0		0		20,000		
Total Governmental Activities		204,995		201,215		169,948		169,948		
Fiduciary Agency Fund		0	·····	3,780		0		0		
Totals	\$	204,995	\$	204,995	\$	169,948	\$	169,948		

Interfund receivables and payables, other than between governmental activities and fiduciary funds, are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

The District typically transfers from the General Fund to the Special Aid Fund to fund the portion of the Summer Handicapped Program not funded by aid from New York State.

NOTE 11. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan ("the District's OPEB plan"), provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The District's OPEB plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District.

NOTE 11. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Benefits Provided – The District's OPEB plan provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. Minimum eligibility requirements for post-employment benefits are as follows:

- The retiree has attained age 55 years while in the employment of the District and meets the follow service requirements:
 - o 10 years of full-time service for Administrative employees
 - o 10 years of full-time service for Teachers
 - o 8 years of full-time service for Civil Service employees
- The retiree is receiving retirement benefits from the NYS Employees' Retirement System or the NYS Teachers' Retirement System

The retiree is required to make a contribution towards the cost of coverage; contributions vary not only according to employment category (contract), but also depend on the number of accumulated sick days at retirement. The District reimburses Medicare Part B premiums for many current retirees who met the eligibility requirements at the time of retirement. In addition, the District will reimburse Medicare Part B premiums for some future retirees (depending on their hire date and other eligibility requirements). Reimbursement of Medicare Part B premiums has been discounted for most future retirees who were hired on or after July 1, 2005.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	109
Active employees	229
Total Employees Covered by Benefit Terms	338

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$40,895,638 was measured as of June 30, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

NOTE 11. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Projected Salary Increases 3.00%
Discount Rate 3.7%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Pre-65: 7.00% for 2019, decreasing to

an ultimate rate of 4.00% for 2025 and

later years

Post-65: 7.00% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.00% for 2025 and

later years

Future Retirees' Share of Benefit Related

Costs Contributions vary by bargaining unit.

The discount rate was based on an average of three 20-year bond indices (e.g., Bond Buyer-20 Bond GO, S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index, Fidelity GA AA 20 Years).

Mortality rates were based on the RP 2014 Healthy Male and Female Tables based on the Employee and Health Annuitant Tables for both pre & post retirment projected with mortality improvements using Projection Scale AA for 3.50 years (i.e. from the date of table to the valuation date), plus ten years additional mortality improvement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2017 - June 30, 2018.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2017	\$ 39,993,620
Changes for the Year:	
Service cost	492,015
Interest	1,460,333
Benefit payments	(1,050,330)
Net Changes	902,018
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 40,895,638

NOTE 11. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS. (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.70 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.70 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount Rate	Increase
	(2.7%)	(3.7%)	(4.7%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 50,243,652	\$ 40,895,638	\$ 34,032,612

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	7	Trend Rate			Γ	rend Rate
		Less 1%			Plus 1%	
Total OPEB Liability	\$	33,310,552	\$	40,895,638	\$	52,162,783

NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT.

General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

Pool, Non-Risk Retained

The District participates in Putnam/Northern Westchester Health Consortium, a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its employee health and accident insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of 14 individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members. The District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

Self-Insurance Plan

The District participates in the Putnam Northern Westchester School Cooperative Workers Compensation Self-Insurance Plan, a risk-sharing pool, to insure Workers' Compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to Workers' Compensation claims. The total undiscounted liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2018, was \$26,379,861. For June 30, 2018, the plan had assets in excess of the liability.

NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT. (Continued)

Other Contingencies

The District has several claims that are currently being litigated with the support of legal counsel. The results of this litigation are unknown at this time.

NOTE 13. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES.

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE 14. ENCUMBRANCES.

Encumbrances represent contracts, purchase orders, payroll commitments, tax payables, or legal penalties that are chargeable to an account. They cease to be encumbrances when paid or when the actual liability amount is determined and recorded as an expenditure. As discussed in Note 1, encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At June 30, 2018 the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the subsequent year were as follows:

General Fund	\$ 602,090
Capital Fund	 3,338,425
Total	\$ 3,940,515

NOTE 15. DONOR-RESTRICTED ENDOWMENTS.

The District administers endowment funds, which are restricted by the donor for the purpose of student scholarships and awards. The District authorizes expenditures from donor-restricted endowments in compliance with the wishes expressed by the donor, which varies among the unique endowments administered by the District.

NOTE 16. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS.

The District has evaluated subsequent events through September 28, 2018 the date that the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant subsequent events have been identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

NOTE 17. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the District implemented GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. GASB Statement 75 requires the liability of employers and nonemployer contributing entities to employees for defined benefit OPEB (net OPEB liability) to be measured as the portion of the present value of projected benefit payments to be provided to current active and inactive employees that is attributed to those employees' past periods of service (total OPEB liability), less the amount of the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position (if any). The District's net position has been restated as follows:

Net Positon Beginning of Year, as Previously Stated	\$ 60,141,720
GASB Statement 75 Implementation	
Removal of Total OPEB Liability under Statement 45	4,946,894
Restated Total OPEB Liability under Statement 75	(39,993,620)
Net Change in Net Position for Statement 75 Implementation	(35,046,726)
Net Position Beginning of Year, As Restated	\$ 25,094,994

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK ANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPER LIABILITY AND RE

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 06/30/18
Total OPEB Liability	
Service cost	\$ 492,015
Interest	1,460,333
Changes of benefit terms	0
Differences between expected and actual experience	0
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	0
Benefit payments	 (1,050,330)
Net change in total OPEB liability	902,018
Total OPEB liability-beginning	 39,993,620
Total OPEB liability-ending	\$ 40,895,638
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 21,627,861
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	189.09%

Notes to Schedule:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75 to pay related benefits.

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

^{*} GASB 75 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2018, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 75.

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

DEVENUES	ORIGINAL BUDGET		REVISED BUDGET		CURRENT YEAR'S REVENUES		OVER (UNDER) EVISED BUDGET	
REVENUES								
LOCAL SOURCES:						•		
Real Property Taxes	\$ 34,036,315	\$	34,036,315	\$	34,035,985	\$	(330)	
Other Tax Items	4,587,150		4,587,150		4,587,150		0	
Non Property Taxes	508,500		508,500		526,124		17,624	
Charges for Services	40,000		40,000		81,621		41,621	
Use of Money & Property	64,000		64,000		165,776		101,776	
Sale of Property & Compensation for Loss	0		51,509		86,311		34,802	
Miscellaneous	100,000		100,000		652,570		552,570	
STATE SOURCES	5,613,861		5,613,861		5,656,100		42,239	
FEDERAL SOURCES	5,000		5,000		877		(4,123)	
OTHER SOURCES:								
Operating Transfers In	 20,000		20,000		20,000		0	
TOTAL REVENUES	44,974,826		45,026,335	\$	45,812,514	\$	786,179	
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	 1,936,428		2,178,724					
TOTAL REVENUES & APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	\$ 46,911,254	\$	47,205,059					

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT

CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

				(CURRENT				
	ORIGINAL		REVISED	Dire	YEAR'S				NCUMBERED
EXPENDITURES		BUDGET	 BUDGET	EXI	PENDITURES	ENCUMBRANCES		B	ALANCE
ENDITORES									
GENERAL SUPPORT:									
Board of Education	\$	60,800	\$ 71,013	\$	55,038	\$	0	\$	15,975
Central Administration		359,959	359,899		352,693		921		6,285
Finance		636,968	622,786		570,309		1,800		50,677
Staff		625,892	608,610		559,585		0		49,025
Central Services		4,128,616	4,338,787		3,829,887		457,703		51,197
Special Items		573,336	757,797		749,791		0		8,006
INSTRUCTIONAL:									
Instruction, Administration & Improvement		1,950,876	1,915,405		1,813,759		9,045		92,601
Teaching - Regular School		13,376,111	13,595,698		13,144,812		5,196		445,690
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions		5,361,435	5,118,260		4,790,768		0		327,492
Occupational Education		286,311	286,311		286,311		0		0
Teaching - Special Schools		57,500	57,500		48,164		0		9,336
Instructional Media		1,624,546	1,773,572		1,614,329		92,061		67,182
Pupil Services		2,624,374	2,604,973		2,363,985		25,074		215,914
PUPIL TRANSPORTATION		2,536,989	2,569,654		2,387,092		10,290		172,272
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		8,924,743	8,706,165		7,969,451		0		736,714
DEBT SERVICE:									
Debt Service - Principal		3,221,119	3,241,119		3,236,616		0		4,503
Debt Service - Interest		391,679	407,510		407,508		0		2
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		46,741,254	 47,035,059		44,180,098		602,090		2,252,871
OTHER USES:									
Operating Transfers Out		170,000	 170,000		149,948		0		20,052
TOTAL EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES	\$	46,911,254	\$ 47,205,059		44,330,046	\$	602,090	\$	2,272,923
EXCESS OF REVENUES & OTHER SOURCES									
OVER EXPENDITURES & OTHER USES				\$	1,482,468				

See paragraph on supplementary schedules included in auditor's report.

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	3	3/31/2018		3/31/2018 3		3/31/2017	3/31/2016	3/31/2015	3/31/2014
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)		0.0191017%		0.0197352%	0.0189940%	0.0192853%	0.0192853%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$	(616,497)	\$	(1,854,364)	\$ (3,048,584)	\$ (651,504)	\$ (871,475)		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,532,627	\$	5,432,392	\$ 5,024,641	\$ 5,406,703	\$ 5,187,625		
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		-11.14%		-34.14%	-60.67%	-12.05%	-16.80%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		98.24%		94.70%	90.68%	97.95%	97.15%		
	NYSTRS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*								
		6/30/2017		6/30/2016	6/30/2015	6/30/2014	6/30/2013		
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)		0.107448%		0.108427%	0.106759%	0.106184%	0.104744%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$	816,711	\$	(1,161,293)	\$ 11,088,831	\$ 11,828,204	\$ 689,482		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	17,026,952	\$	16,731,299	\$ 16,036,612	\$ 15,684,989	\$ 15,342,745		
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		4.80%		-6.94%	69.15%	75.41%	4.49%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		100.66%		99.01%	110.46%	111.48%	100.70%		

^{*} GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2015, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

NYSERS Pension Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	3/31/2018		3/31/2017		3/31/2016		3/31/2015		3/31/2014	
Contractually required contribution	\$	787,973	\$	801,828	\$	892,278	\$	986,549	\$	975,049
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		787,973		801,828		892,278		986,549		975,049
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	•			\$	-
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	5,532,627	\$	5,432,392	\$	5,024,641	\$	5,406,703	\$	5,187,625
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		14.24%		14.51%		17.76%		18.25%		18.80%
	NYSTRS Pension I Last 10 Fiscal Yea									
		6/30/2017	6	/30/2016		6/30/2015	6	/30/2014	6,	/30/2013
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,995,559	\$	2,218,570	\$	2,811,218	\$	2,548,811	\$	1,816,581
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,995,559		2,218,570		2,811,218	_	2,548,811		1,816,581
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-		-		-	\$	-	\$	-
Covered Employee Payroll	\$	17,026,952	\$1	6,731,299	\$	16,036,612	\$ 1	5,684,989	\$ 1	5,342,745
Contributions as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		11.72%		13.26%		17.53%		16.25%		11.84%

^{*} GASB 68 requires that the past 10 years of information be presented. Due to the fact that this statement was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2015, prior year information is not available for 10 years. The data will be accumulated over time and presented according to GASB 68.

CROTON ON HUDSON NEW YORK

<u>CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK</u> SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT - GENERAL FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED TO FINAL BUDGET

ADOPTED BUDGET			\$ 46,499,826
ADDITIONS:			
Encumbrances from Prior Year			411,428
ORIGINAL BUDGET			46,911,254
BUDGET REVISIONS:			
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability			12,800
Tax Certiorari			229,496
Insurance Reimbursement			 51,509
FINAL BUDGET			\$ 47,205,059
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION			
2018–2019 Voter-approved expenditure budget maximum allowed			
(4% of 2018–2019 budget, \$47,172,204)			\$ 1,886,888
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law			
Unrestricted Fund Balance:			
Assigned Fund Balance	\$	1,727,090	
Unassigned Fund Balance		1,885,051	
Total Unrestricted Fund Balance	\$	3,612,141	
Less:			
Appropriated Fund Balance	\$	1,125,000	
Encumbrances Included in Assigned Fund Balance		602,090	
Total Adjustments		1,727,090	
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax	Law		\$ 1,885,051
Actual Percentage			4.00%

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND - PROJECT EXPENDITURES AND FINANCING RESOURCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

			EXPE	NDITURES TO	DATE			METHODS O	F FINANCING		FUND
	ORIGINAL	REVISED	PRIOR	CURRENT		UNEXPENDED	PROCEEDS	STATE	LOCAL		BALANCE
	APPROPRIATION	APPROPRIATION	YEARS	YEAR	TOTAL	BALANCE	FROM DEBT	SOURCES	SOURCES	TOTAL	JUNE 30, 2018
Science Labs	400,000	797,947	787,872	0	787,872	10,075	0	0	797,947	797,947	10,075
Roof Projects &											
Related Asbestos	3,600,000	3,212,988	3,212,988	0	3,212,988	0	0	0	3,587,142	3,587,142	374,154
12-13 Building Improvements	3,400,000	5,402,795	3,443,653	0	3,443,653	1,959,142	0	0	3,689,660	3,689,660	246,007
13-15 Building Improvements	34,000	4,514,713	4,514,713	0	4,514,713	0	0	0	4,268,706	4,268,706	(246,007)
18-20 Building Improvements	1,200,000	7,900,000	419,670	589,268	1,008,938	6,891,062	0	0	20,000	20,000	(988,938)
12/13 Bus Purchases*	317,063	317,063	317,063	0	317,063	0	0	0	317,063	317,063	0
13/14 Bus Purchases*	314,243	314,243	314,243	0	314,243	0	0	0	251,392	251,392	(62,851)
14/15 Bus Purchases*	310,000	281,000	281,000	0	281,000	0	0	0	168,600	168,600	(112,400)
15/16 Bus Purchases*	255,000	255,000	255,000	0	255,000	0	0	0	102,000	102,000	(153,000)
16/17 Bus Purchases*	248,232	248,232	248,232		248,232	0	0	0	49,646	49,646	(198,586)
17/18 Bus Purchases*	287,458	287,458	0	287,458	287,458	0	0	0	0	0	(287,458)
Smart Schools	187,200	187,200	0	187,200	187,200	0	0	187,200	0	187,200	0
	\$ 10,553,196	\$ 23,718,639	\$ 13,794,434	\$ 1,063,926	\$14,858,360	\$ 8,860,279	\$ 0	\$ 187,200	\$ 13,252,156	\$ 13,439,356	\$ (1,419,004)
	Ψ 10,333,130	23,718,039	Ψ 13,734,434	# 1,003,920	Ψ17,030,300	9 0,800,279	y 0	107,200	Ψ 13,232,130	₩ 1J, 1 J9,JJ0	ψ (1, 4 19,00 4)

^{*} Funding for these projects will be provided when bond anticipation notes are redeemed from General Fund appropriations.

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

CAPITAL ASSETS, NET			\$ 51,915,442
ADDITIONS:			
Deferred Amount of Refunding			203,405 52,118,847
DEDUCTIONS:			32,110,047
Bond Anticipation Notes	\$	8,694,292	
Short-term Portion of Bonds Payable (including an unamortized bond premium of \$157,961)		2,997,961	
Long-term Portion of Bonds Payable (including an unamortized bond premium of \$111,796)		4,186,796	
Short-term Portion of Installment Debt		233,973	
Long-term Portion of Installment Debt	····	2,066,812	
Total Deductions			18,179,834
NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS			\$ 33,939,013



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING
AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON
AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

101 Bracken Road Montgomery, New York 12549 Tel (845) 457-1100 Fax (845) 457-1160 e-mail: nh@nhcpas.com

Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA Norman M. Sassi, CPA Christopher E. Melley, CPA Gary C. Theodore, CPA Julia R. Fraino, CPA William T. Trainor, CPA Mark M. Levy, CPA, CFP Thomas R. Busse, Jr., CPA Brent T. Napoleon, CPA Jennifer L. Capicchioni, CPA Patrick M. Bullis, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA

Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District Croton-on-Hudson, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Croton-Harmon Union Free School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 28, 2018.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Croton-Harmon Union Free School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Croton-Harmon Union Free School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Croton-Harmon Union Free School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District

Page 2

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Croton-Harmon Union Free School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Montgomery, New York September 28, 2018

Jugant + Hauseler, P.C.

-75-



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District Croton-on-Hudson, New York 101 Bracken Road Montgomery, New York 12549 Tel (845) 457-1100 Fax (845) 457-1160 e-mail: nh@nhcpas.com

Peter J. Bullis, CPA, FACFEI, DABFA Norman M. Sassi, CPA Christopher E. Melley, CPA Gary C. Theodore, CPA Julia R. Fraino, CPA William T. Trainor, CPA Mark M. Levy, CPA, CFP Thomas R. Busse, Jr., CPA Brent T. Napoleon, CPA Jennifer L. Capicchioni, CPA Patrick M. Bullis, CPA Justin B. Wood, CPA

Richard P. Capicchioni, CPA Walter J. Jung, CPA Jennifer A. Traverse, CPA

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statement of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District's extraclassroom activity funds, which comprise the statement of assets, liabilities, and fund balance-cash basis as of June 30, 2018, and the related statement of receipts and disbursements-cash basis for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the cash basis of accounting described in Note 1; this includes determining that the cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

To the President and Members of the Board of Education of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District

Jugant + Hameler, P.C.

Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the assets liabilities and fund balance-cash basis of the extraclassroom activity funds of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District as of June 30, 2018, and its cash receipts and cash disbursements for the year then ended, on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis of Accounting

We draw your attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to the matter.

Montgomery, New York September 28, 2018

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUND ENT OF ASSETS LIABILITIES AND FUND DALLANCE. CASH

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE - CASH BASIS}}{\text{JUNE 30, 2018}}$

ASSETS

Cash in Checking \$ 102,781

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE

LIABLITIES

Sales Tax Payable \$ 1,852

FUND BALANCE

Fund Balance, Beginning of Year \$ 85,636 Excess of Receipts over Disbursements 15,293

Fund Balance, End of Year 100,929

TOTAL LIABLITIES AND FUND BALANCE \$ 102,781

<u>CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT</u> <u>CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK</u>

EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS

SUMMARY OF RECEIPTS AND DISBURSEMENTS - CASH BASIS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2017	RECEIPTS	DISBURSEMENTS	FUND BALANCE JUNE 30, 2018
Art Club	\$ 878	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 878
Book Club	474	0	0	474
Cacti	415	0	100	315
Chinese Club	185	500	145	540
Chorus	273	0	0	273
Class Of 2017	2,061	0	2,061	0
Class Of 2018	478	18,647	17,925	1,200
Class Of 2019	597	10,190	10,665	122
Class Of 2020	334	9,964	9,853	445
Class Of 2021	0	223	0	223
Community Service & Interact	1,354	0	0	1,354
Drama Club	4,056	2,033	428	5,661
Explorer Club	413	977	1,239	151
Fourth Floor Literary Magazine	171	60	40	191
French Club	1,306	0	0	1,306
Green Team	622	0	0	622
GSA	383	0	0	383
Humans Rights Task Force	380	0	0	380
La Rochelle	6,193	52,458	50,871	7,780
National Honor Society	2,081	200	200	2,081
Model UN	0	570	570	0
PI Squad	84	0	0	84
Teen Leadership Council	3,250	0	142	3,108
Shakespeare Club	1,965	1,342	583	2,724
Spanish Club	497	0	0	497
Spanish Exchange	2,765	2,530	0	5,295
Spirit Club	517	0	0	517
Spring Musical	6,023	9,455	10,862	4,616
Star Club	0	223	223	0
Tiger Tales	1,828	9,369	156	11,041
Student Faculty Congress	4,804	25	200	4,629
PVC Destination Imagination	23,389	26,460	23,885	25,964
PVC Drama Club	7,127	3,846	3,487	7,486
PVC Social Action	96	598	610	84
PVC Student Council	2,308	1,261	1,072	2,497
PVC Yearbook	7,470	1,522	1,856	7,136
PVC School Store	602	0	0	602
PVC Math II Club	77	0	0	77
PVC International Club	180	0	180	0
PVC Quebec Club	0	1,226	1,135	91
PVC Ski Club	0	2,829	2,727	102
	\$ 85,636	\$ 156,508	\$ 141,215	\$ 100,929

CROTON-HARMON UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT CROTON-ON-HUDSON, NEW YORK EXTRACLASSROOM ACTIVITY FUNDS NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES.

- (a) The transactions of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds are considered part of the reporting entity of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District. We have included the Extraclassroom Activity Fund balances within the fiduciary funds of the financial statements. The separate audit report of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds is required due to the fact that the transactions of this fund are controlled by student management.
- (b) The books and records of the Croton-Harmon Union Free School District's Extraclassroom Activity Funds are maintained on the cash basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when cash is received and expenditures recognized when cash is disbursed.
- (c) The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are used to record the activity of all student-related activities within the District. These funds are under the control of an appointed central treasurer who maintains cash receipts and cash disbursement books. All receipts are collected by the student activity treasurer and disbursements must be approved by the student management.