ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Maypearl Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2022

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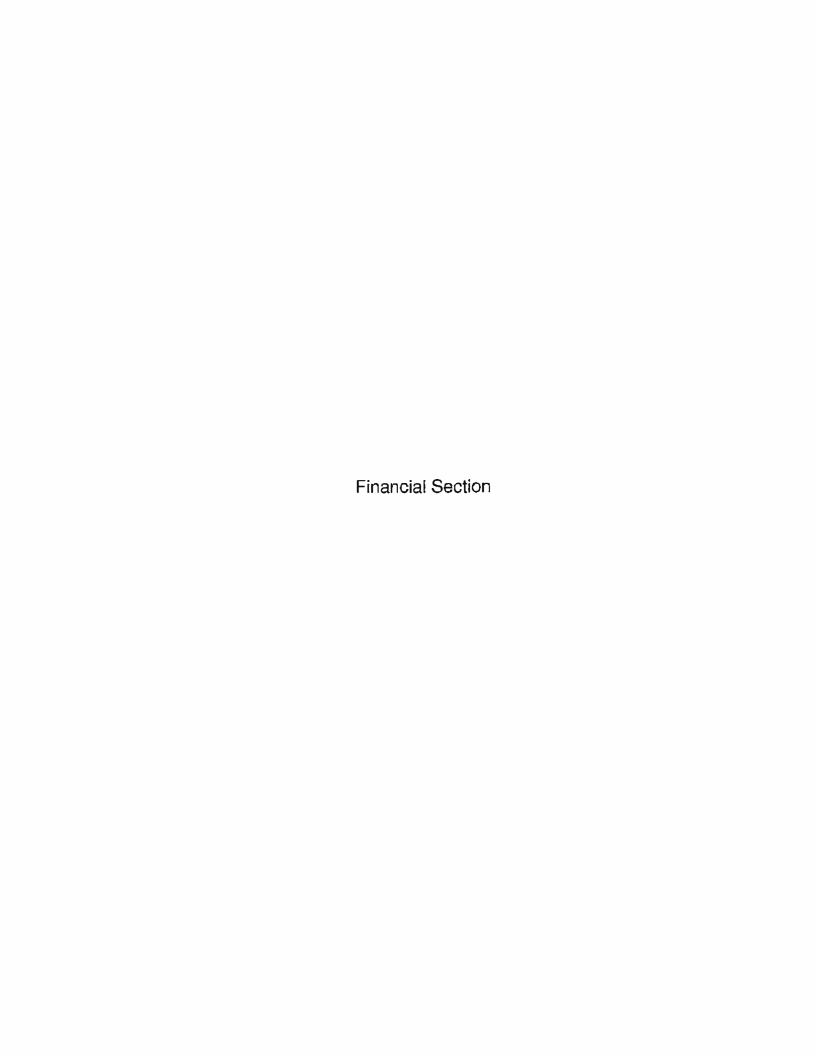
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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Maypearl Independent School District Name of School District	Ellis County	<u>070-915</u> CoDist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual fin	ancial reports of the above i	named school district
were reviewed and (check one) $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}^{\hspace{1cm}X}$ approved $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$	_disapproved for the year end	led August 31, 2022,
at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district of	on the $\frac{27 \text{th}}{2}$ day of $\frac{27 \text{th}}{2}$	
Mich Skard Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board P	resident
If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the (attach list as necessary)	ne reason(s) for disapproving i	t is (are):



Anderson, Marx & Bohl, p.c.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUDSON ANDERSON, CPA FRANK MARX, III, CPA DORI BOHL, CPA & CFE

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Trustees Maypearl Independent School District P. O. Drawer 40 Maypearl, Texas 76064

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maypearl Independent School District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Maypearl Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Maypearl Independent School District as of August 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Maypearl Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2022, Maypearl Independent School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Maypearl Independent School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Maypearl Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

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Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Maypearl Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Maypearl Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and the Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Maypearl Independent School District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information, unless indentified as unaudited in the table of contents, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information Included in the Annual Report

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section and the Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statement, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 27, 2022 on our consideration of Maypearl Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Maypearl Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Anderson, Marx & Bohl, P.C.

anderson, Marx & Bohl, Ec.

Corsicana, TX October 27, 2022



"A Superior Learning Community"

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Maypearl Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended August 31, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position on financial statement exhibit A-1 was \$11,299,830 on August 31, 2022.
- During the year, the District's primary government expenses on financial statement exhibit B-1 were \$1,670,239 less than the \$15,961,559 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs on financial statement exhibit C-2 increased \$2,518,693 from last year. Increases in instruction and capital outlay costs primarily accounted for this increase.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year on financial statement exhibit C-1 of \$5,053,610. The District began the current year with a fund balance in the amount of \$5,150,642.

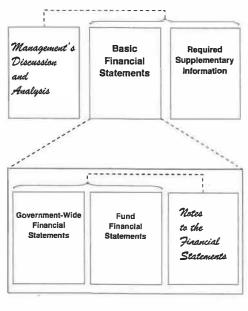
OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



Detail

Summary

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other
 assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is
 responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of
 the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement
 of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial
 statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position. The District's combined net position was \$11.3 million on August 31, 2022. (See Table A-1).

Table A-1
Maypearl Independent School District's Net Position
(In million dollars)

,	Governmental Activities		Total Percentage Change
	2022	<u>2021</u>	2022-2021
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other governments Due from other funds Other receivables Inventories – supplies and materials Total current assets: Noncurrent assets: Land, furniture and equipment Less accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets Total Assets	\$4.9 1.0 1.3 .0 .3 .0 7.5 40.7 (16.4) 24.3 31.8	\$5.5 1.0 .5 .0 .1 .0 7.1 39.1 (15.7) 23.4 30.5	-11 0 160 ** 200 ** 6 4 -4 4
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2.0	2.3	-13
Current liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Claims payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total current liabilities Long-term liabilities:	.9 .0 .0 .0	.8 .0 .0 .0	13 ** ** 13
Noncurrent liabilities due in one year Noncurrent liabilities due more than 1 yr Net pension liability Net OPEB liability Total Liabilities	.7 11.7 1.3 3.3 17.9	.6 12.1 3.0 3.5 20.0	17 -3 -57 -6 -11
Deferred Inflows of Resources	4.6	3.2	44
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total Net Position	11.9 1.3 (1.9) <u>\$</u> 11.3	10.6 1.1 (2.1) \$9.6	12 18 10 18

The District has \$1,277,015 in restricted net position that represents proceeds from debt service of \$986,906 and state and federal programs of \$290,109. These proceeds when spent are restricted for the above purposes. The \$(1,869,254) of unrestricted net position represents a deficit of resources to be available to fund the programs of the District next year.

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues were \$15,961,559. A significant portion, 38 percent, of the District's revenue comes from taxes. (See Table A-2.) 42 percent comes from state aid – formula grants, while less than 1 percent relates to charges for services.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$14,291,320; 81 percent of these costs are for governmental activities associated with instructional and student services.

Governmental Activities

 Property tax rates decreased. However, due to increased valuations, tax revenues increased by \$667,731 or 12%.

Table A-2Changes in Maypearl Independent School District's Net Position (In million dollars)

		Governmental Activities 2022 2021				
Program Revenues: Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions General Revenues	\$.1 2.6 .0	\$.1 1.8 .0	0 44 **			
Property Taxes State Aid – Formula Investment Earnings Other Total Revenues	6.1 6.8 .1 .2 15.9	5.5 7.4 .1 .1	11 -8 0 100 6			
Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum Dev. And Instructional Staff Dev. Instructional Leadership School Leadership Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services Social Work Services Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation Food Services Curricular/Extracurricular Activities General Administration Plant Maintenance & Oper. Security & Monitoring Svcs.	7.1 .1 .2 .8 .6 .0 .2 .4 .7 .5 .5 .5	7.2 .1 .1 .2 .8 .6 .0 .2 .3 .5 .5 .5	-1 0 0 0 0 0 0 ** 0 33 40 0			
Data Processing Services Community Services Debt Services Facilities Acquisition and Construction Contracted Instr. Services Between Public Schools Increment Costs Associated Chapter 41 (WADA) Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Dist SSA Public Education Grant Progr. Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Program Payments to Charter Schools Payments to Tax Increment Fund Total Expenses	.5 .0 .9 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0	.5 .0 .5 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0	0 ** 80 ** ** ** ** ** ** 5			
Excess (Deficiency) Before Other Resources, Uses & Transfers Other Resources (Uses) Transfers In (Out) Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	1.6 .0 .0 \$1.6	1.4 .0 .0 \$1.4	14 ** ** 14			

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$14.3 million.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was only \$6.1 million.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$.14 million, or
- By grants and contributions \$2.6 million.

Table A-3Net Cost of Selected District Functions (in millions of dollars)

		Cost of vices	% Change	Net C Sen	% Change	
	2022	2021		2022	2021	J
Instruction	7.1	7.2	-1	5.9	6.4	-8
School administration	.5	.5	0	.5	.5	0
Plant Maintenance & Operations	1.5	1.4	7	1.5	1,4	7
Debt Service – Interest & Fiscal Charges	.9	.5	80	.9	.5	80

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$16.6 million, while the previous year it was \$14.9 million. The increase in local revenues is mainly a result of increased tax collections. The increase in state revenues is a result of student population changes and state funding formulas. The change in federal revenues is based on federal programs distributed through other agencies.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget 8 times. Actual expenditures were \$6,268 above final budget amounts in the General Fund.

On the other hand, resources available were \$728,545 above the final budgeted amount as state revenues were more than anticipated.

CAPITAL AND RIGHT TO USE ASSETS, AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital and Right to Use Assets

At the end of 2022, the District had invested \$40,688,048 in a broad range of capital and right to use assets, including land, equipment, buildings, vehicles, and right to use lease assets. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$1,623,261 or 4 percent over last year.

Table A-4
District's Capital and Right to Use Assets
(In millions of dollars)

		Total Percentage Change
2022	2021	2022-2021
.767	.767	0
.992	.000	**
33.168	32.663	2
2.133	2.421	-12
3.517	3.214	9
111	.000	**
40.688	39.065	4
(16.386)	(15.657)	-5
24.302	23.408	4
	.767 .992 33.168 2.133 3.517 .111 40.688 (16.386)	.767 .767 .992 .000 33.168 32.663 2.133 2.421 3.517 3.214 .111 .000 40.688 39.065 (16.386) (15.657)

The District's fiscal year 2023 capital budget anticipates spending approximately \$495,000 for three more buses, as well as \$290,000 to complete the track and Ag facility. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Long Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$17,009,464 in bonds, pension and OPEB liability, notes outstanding, and right of use lease activities as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table A-5
District's Long-Term Debt
(In millions of dollars)

			Total
	Gover	nmental	Percentage
	Act	ivities	Change
	2022	2021	2022-2021
Right of use lease activities	.097	.000	**
Bonds payable	9.097	10.043	-9
Notes payable	1.608	1.227	31
Pension liability	1.326	2.965	- 55
OPEB liability	3.335	3.544	-6
Accreted interest on			
cap apprec bond	1.546	1.454	6
Less deferred amount			
On refundings	(0)	(0)	**
Total bonds & notes payable	17.009	19.233	-12

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Appraised value used for the 2023 budget preparation is \$609,739,553, an increase of 32.0% from 2022.
- General operating fund spending per student decreased in the 2023 budget from \$12,511 to \$11,533. This is a 7.8% decrease.
- The District's 2023 refined average daily attendance is expected to be 1,130, an increase from 2022.

These indicators were considered when adopting the general fund budget for 2023. Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund budget are \$13,032,813, a decrease of 6.5 percent from the final 2022 budget.

If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary general fund fund balance is not expected to change appreciably by the close of 2023.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Maypearl Independent School District's Business Services Department at P. O. Box 40, Maypearl, Texas 76064 or phone number 972-435-1000.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

		1
Data		
Control		Governmental
Codes		Activities
	ASSETS:	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,870,528
1120	Current Investments	1,023,415
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)	151,531
1240	Due from Other Governments	1,336,301
	Other Receivables (Net):	, .
1290	Current Portion	10,329
1290	Noncurrent Portion	159,524
	Capital and Right to Use Assets:	
1510	Land	767,106
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net	20,513,381
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	1,931,764
1550	Right to Use Assets, Net	97,861
1580	Construction in Progress	991,797
1000	Total Assets	31,853,537
1000	Total Assets	31,033,337
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	897,076
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions Deferred Outflow Related to OPER	1,121,239
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	
1700	Total Deletred Outliows of Resources	2,018,315
	LIABILITIES:	
2110	Accounts Payable	100 272
2110	Interest Payable	182,373
	· ·	61,068
2165	Accrued Liabilities	682,679
2300	Unearned Revenue	8,400
0504	Noncurrent Liabilities:	057.040
2501	Due Within One Year	657,043
2502	Due in More Than One Year	11,691,729
2540	Net Pension Liability	1,325,686
2545	Net OPEB Liability	3,335,006
2000	Total Liabilities	17,943,984
	DEFENDED INITIONIC OF DECOMPOSE.	
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	100 100
	Deferred Inflow - Leases	166,428
	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	1,540,456
	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	2,921,154
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,628,038
	NET POSITION:	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	11,892,069
	Restricted For:	
3820	State and Federal Programs	290,109
3850	Debt Service	986,906
3900	Unrestricted	(1,869,254)
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 11,299,830

MAYPEARL INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data			Ī		3 Program		Operating		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Control Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses	1	Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions	(Governmental Activities
Codes	Governmental Activities:		Lxperises	-	Gervices	_	Donanda		Activities
11	Instruction	\$	7,050,445	\$	227	\$	1,188,594	\$	(5,861,851)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	*	142,246	•	en:	•	12,169	Ψ	(130,077)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		66,022		224		490		(65,532)
21	Instructional Leadership		218,894				13,415		(205,479)
23	School Leadership		830,742		241		64,609		(766,133)
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		605,570		**		320,277		(285,293)
33	Health Services		219,654		** ()		150,408		(69,246)
34	Student Transportation		384,051		225		19,646		(364,405)
35	Food Service		653,107		94,317		691,337		132,547
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		506,982		41,186		18,007		(447,789)
41	General Administration		514,040		**		19,377		(494,663)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,532,212		100 p		67,119		(1,465,093)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		159,497		750)		11,229		(148,268)
53	Data Processing Services		535,341		200		30,671		(504,670)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		865,102				250		(865, 102)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		7,415		**.		44.		(7,415)
TG	Total Governmental Activities		14,291,320		135,503		2,607,348		(11,548,469)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	14,291,320	\$	135,503	\$	2,607,348		(11,548,469)
MT DT IE GC MI TR CN		Property Tax Investment E Grants and O Miscellaneou Insurance R Total Gene Change in	kes, Levied for Ge kes, Levied for De Earnings Contributions Not us ecovery eral Revenues Net Position	ebt Sen	vice	Program	s		4,559,705 1,566,034 102,135 6,757,921 113,242 119,671 13,218,708 1,670,239
NB		Net Position -							9,629,591
NE		Net Position -	Ending					\$	11,299,830

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Contro Codes			10 General Fund		50 Debt Service Fund	G	Other Governmental Funds	G	98 Total overnmental Funds
	ASSETS:								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	4,598,907	\$	163	\$	271,458	\$	4,870,528
1120	Current Investments		73,334		950,081		G ************************************		1,023,415
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net		114,869		36,662		785		151,531
1240	Due from Other Governments		1,146,073		575		190,228		1,336,301
1260	Due from Other Funds		25,359				46,646		72,005
	Other Receivables, Net:								
1290	Current Portion		10,329		***		0200		10,329
1290	Noncurrent Portion		159,524		**		13.000 C		159,524
1000	Total Assets	\$	6,128,395	\$	986,906	\$	508,332	\$	7,623,633
	LIABILITIES:								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	130,158	\$	220	\$	52,215	\$	182,373
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		13,444		***		(mm)		13,444
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		586,116		***		64,000		650,116
2170	Due to Other Funds		50,840		**		21,165		72,005
2200	Accrued Expenditures		12,930				6,189		19,119
2300	Unearned Revenue				MA:		8,400		8,400
2000	Total Liabilities		793,488				151,969		945,457
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		114,869		36,662		C+++1		151,531
	Unavailable Revenue - Leases	_	166,428	_			3550		166,428
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	_	281,297		36,662		9448		317,959
	FUND BALANCES: Restricted Fund Balances:								
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions				22:		290,109		290,109
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		**		950,244				950,244
	Assigned Fund Balances:								
3550	Construction		2,000,000				***		2,000,000
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance-Campus Activitie	S	44		22		66,254		66,254
3600	Unassigned		3,053,610						3,053,610
3000	Total Fund Balances		5,053,610		950,244		356,363		6,360,217
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow	Φ	0.400.005	Ф	000 000	Φ.	500.000	Φ.	7.000.000
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	6,128,395	\$	986,906	\$	508,332	\$	7,623,633

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$ 6,360,217
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds. Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds. Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for right-to-use leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Payables for notes which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds. Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds. The accumulated accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds. Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds. Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	24,301,909 151,531 (8,702,159) (96,770) (61,068) (2,003,398) (1,325,686) (1,540,456) 897,076 (1,546,445) (3,335,006) (2,921,154) 1,121,239
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$ 11,299,830

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data		0.	10		50 Debt		Other	,	98 Total
Contro Codes	; }		eneral Fund		Service Fund	_	Sovernmental Funds	(Sovernmental Funds
	REVENUES:								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources		,771,659	\$	1,569,020	\$	151,296	\$	6,491,975
5800	State Program Revenues	8	,023,274				73,509		8,096,783
5900	Federal Program Revenues		220,163				1,765,795		1,985,958
5020	Total Revenues	13	3,015,096		1,569,020	-	1,990,600		16,574,716
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:	_							
0011	Instruction	6	,435,543		:		797,438		7,232,981
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		139,234		1 55		2,034		141,268
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		60,344				57		60,344
0021	Instructional Leadership		217,093				508		217,601
0023	School Leadership		832,960		**		4,589		837,549
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		324,528		S 27		268,120		592,648
0033	Health Services		217,471				1,525		218,996
0034	Student Transportation		510,845		244		51,243		562,088
0035	Food Service				**		642,492		642,492
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		455,923		10 0.0		38,749		494,672
0041	General Administration		494,711		22		1,017		495,728
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1	,758,549				17,118		1,775,667
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		234,657				1,031		235,688
0053	Data Processing Services		665,107		1977 1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -		3,052		668,159
0071			363,122		815,518		-		1,178,640
0072	3		48,894		721,927		240		770,821
0073			5,775		1,640				7,415
0081			,178,697		-27		nn .		1,178,697
6030	Total Expenditures	13	3,943,453		1,539,085	-	1,828,916		17,311,454
	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures	-	(928,357)	-	29,935	-	161,684	_	(736,738)
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
7913	Issuance of Right to Use Leased Assets		110,786		:		100 to 10		110,786
7914	Issuance of Non-Current Debt		600,868				37772		600,868
7949	Other Resources - Insurance Proceeds		119,671		744		22		119,671
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		831,325				900		831,325
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		(97,032)		29,935		161,684		94,587
	Fund Balances - Beginning		5,150,642		920,309		194,679		6,265,630
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 5	,053,610	\$	950,244	\$	356,363	\$	6,360,217

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	94,587		
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:				
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA. The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds. Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. Repayment of right-to-use lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA. The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds. (Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period. Proceeds of notes do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds. Proceeds of right to use leases do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources		2,131,168 (1,237,519) 9,021 815,518 14,016 349,106 (91,960) (2,321) (600,868)		
in the funds Implementing GASB 68 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and recorded as		(110,786)		
deferred resource outflows. Implementing GASB 75 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and recorded as		130,043		
deferred resource outflows.	_	170,234		
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities				

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AUGUST 31, 2022 Private-purpose Trust Custodial Funds Funds Private Data Purpose Control Student Trust Funds Codes Activity ASSETS: 1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents \$ 11,100 \$ 85,565 1120 Current Investments 60,632 1000 **Total Assets** 71,732 85,565 LIABILITIES: 2000 **Total Liabilities** ----**NET POSITION:** 3800 Held in Trust 71,732 3800 Restricted for Indiv., Org., and Other Gov. 85,565 3000 **Total Net Position** 71,732 85,565

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		Private-purpose Trust Funds		Custodial Funds
	T	rust Funds		Student Activity
ADDITIONS:	\$		\$	
Investment Income		736		:e=c
Contributions from Foundations, Gifts and Bequests		2,025		1 ***
Student Group Fundraising Activities		7223		132,134
Total Additions		2,761		132,134
DEDUCTIONS:				
Scholarship Awards		4,920		
Benefits to Student Groups				114,127
Total Deductions		4,920		114,127
Change in Fiduciary Net Position		(2,159)		18,007
Net Position-Beginning of the Year		73,891		67,558
Net Position-End of the Year	\$	71,732	\$	85,565

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Maypearl Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for all dedicated revenues for bonded debt along with the corresponding debt payments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds: These funds account for the resources restricted or committed for specific purposes. Federal revenues are generally accounted for in special revenue funds, as is some state assistance. Amounts unspent may be returned to the grantor agency at the close of the applicable project period.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds: These funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments not reported in other fiduciary fund types.

Custodial Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity. Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of the fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District does not consider revenues collected after its year-end to be available in the current period. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. There is an allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$22,923 as of August 31, 2022.

b. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

c. Capital and Right to Use Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Right to use assets are measured at the amount of the initial measurement of the related lease liability, plus any payments made to the lessor at or before lease term commencement, and certain direct costs. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital and right to use assets are being depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	Useful Lives
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	5-10
Equipment	3-15

d. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end except for the noncurrent portion of leases receivable reported in the financial statements.

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets, deferred resource outflows, liabilities, deferred resource inflows, revenues, and expenditures, expenses, and other disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

h. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

i. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

j. Net Position

Net position in the government-wide financial statements is classified as Net Investment in Capital Assets, Restricted, and unrestricted. Net Investment in Capital Assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt attributed to the acquisition of these assets. Restricted Net Position consists of assets and deferred resource outflows, net of any related liabilities and deferred resource inflows, which have had restrictions imposed on them by external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first then unrestricted resources, as they are needed. Unrestricted Net Position consists of amounts that do not meet the definition of Net Investment in Capital Assets or Restricted Net Position.

k. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

I. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

6. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented the following new standards. The applicable provisions of the new standards are summarized below. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases

The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain leases assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. All existing leases have been re-valued at the beginning of the fiscal year to reflect the change, and future leases will be reported in accordance with the provisions of this statement.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period

GASB No. 89 requires that interest costs incurred during a construction period be recognized as an expense for business- type activity. The management of the District does not expect the implementation of this standard to have a material effect on the financial statements of the District. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020. There is no current year impact to the District related to the statement.

GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations

This statement requires issuers of Conduit Debt Obligations to disclose general information organized by type of commitment, including the aggregate outstanding principal amount of the issuers' debt obligations and a description of each type of commitment. Issuers that recognize liabilities related to supporting the debt service of conduit debt obligations also should disclose information about the amount recognized and how the liabilities changed during the reporting period. There is no current year impact to the District related to this statement.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020

Although the effective date for the majority of GASB Statement No. 92, Omnibus 2020 has been postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 for one year, the District has adopted paragraph 11 of Statement 92 with respect to reinsurance recoveries. Paragraph 11 states that "amounts that (a) are recoverable from reinsurers or excess insurers and (b) relate to paid claims and claim adjustment expenses may be reported as reductions of expenses but are not required to be. The District has also adopted paragraph 13 of Statement 92 in regards to changing all uses of the terms derivative and derivatives in existing standards to derivative instrument and derivative instruments, respectively. The provisions in paragraphs 11 and 13 were excluded from the scope of Statement 95 because paragraph 11 retains the reporting option, and thus only clarifies that an option exists, and paragraph 13 imposes no burden on the District. As such, this statement does not impact the District.

GASB Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates

Some governments have entered into agreements in which variable payments made or received depend on an interbank offered rate (IBOR) - most notably, the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). As a result of global reference rate reform, LIBOR is expected to cease to exist in its current form at the end of 2021, prompting governments to amend or replace financial instruments for the purpose of replacing LIBOR with other reference rates, by either changing the reference rate or adding or changing fallback provisions related to the reference rate.

Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, as amended, requires a government to terminate hedge accounting when it renegotiates or amends a critical term of a hedging derivative instrument, such as the reference rate of a hedging derivative instrument's variable payment. In addition, in accordance with Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, replacement of the rate on which variable payments depend in a lease contract would require a government to apply the provisions for lease modifications, including remeasurement of the lease liability or lease receivable.

The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. Earlier application is encouraged. There is no significant current year impact to the District.

GASB Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement No. 32.

The District has adopted paragraphs 4 and 5 of GASB Statement No. 92. Paragraph 4 states that for purposes of determining whether a primary government is financially accountable for a potential component unit, except for a potential component unit that is a defined contribution pension plan, a defined contribution OPEB plan, or an other employee benefit plan (for example, certain Section 457 plans), if the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform, the absence of a governing board should be treated the same as the appointment of a voting majority of a governing board. Paragraph 5 states that the financial burden criterion in paragraph 7 of Statement 84 is applicable to only defined benefit pension plans and defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 3 of Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, or paragraph 3 of Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, respectively. The requirements in paragraphs 6 - 9 of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021. All other requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The provisions of this Statement have no significant impact to the District in the current year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

GASB Statement No. 98, The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

This statement was issued in October 2021 and establishes the term Annual Comprehensive Financial Report and its acronym, ACFR. This new term and acronym replace instances of Comprehensive Annual Financial Report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The District implemented this Statement in the current fiscal year with no significant impact.

GASB Statement No. 99. Omnibus 2022

The objectives of this Statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The practice issues addressed by this Statement are as follows:

- Classification and reporting of derivative instruments that do not meet the definition of either an investment or a hedge
- Guidance clarification for short-term leases when there is a modification of terms
- Considerations for public-private partnerships (PPP) terminology as well as recognizing installment payments and transferring underlying PPP assets
- Clarifications of subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) terms, and liability measurement and recognition
- Disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions
- Certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 34
- Pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government
- Terminology updates related to deferred inflows and outflows of resources and net position
- Resource flows statements terminology related to GASB Statement No. 53
- Accounting for SNAP distributions
- Requirements related to the extension of the use of LIBOR

The requirements of GASB Statement No. 99 that relate to the extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures for nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarifications of certain provisions in Statement 34, and terminology updates took effect upon issuance, and were implemented during the District's current fiscal year, with no significant impact.

The requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022, and all reporting periods thereafter.

The requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

7. Future Implementation of New Standards

The District is currently evaluating the impact related to the implementation of the following GASB Statements, scheduled to become effective in fiscal years 2023, 2024 and 2025:

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62

Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

<u>Violation</u> Action Taken

Budget Overages The District will review and adhere to budget requirements

in the future.

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Deficit

Fund Name Amount Remarks
None reported Not applicable Not applicable

C. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$6,047,159 and the bank balance was \$6,200,103. Certificates of deposits and money market accounts of \$1,079,966, reported as investments, are included in this amount. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2022 and during the year ended August 31, 2022, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The District's investments at August 31, 2022 are shown below.

Investment or Investment Type	<u>Maturity</u>	Fair Value
Lone Star Investments	N/A	\$ 4,081
Certificates of Deposit	<3 years	131,103
Bank Money Market Investment Account	N/A	948,863
Total Investments		\$ 1,084,047

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

At August 31, 2022, the District's investments, other than those which are obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. Government, have no credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio.

Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of one dollar. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight Plus maintain a net asset value of one dollar.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

D. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2022, was as follows:

		Beginning Balances	Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental activities:							
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized:	•	707.400.0		•		_	
Land	\$	767,106 \$	004 707	\$		\$	767,106
Construction in progress			991,797				991,797
Total capital assets not being depreciated/amortized		767,106	991,797		-	-	1,758,903
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:							
Buildings and improvements		32,662,915	505,803				33,168,718
Equipment		3,213,895	332,965		(29,975)		3,516,885
Vehicles		2,420,871	189,817		(477,932)		2,132,756
Right-to-Use Assets		**	110,786				110,786
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized		38,297,681	1,139,371		(507,907)		38,929,145
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:		-					
Buildings and improvements		(11,829,148)	(826,189)		922		(12,655,337)
Equipment		(2,268,037)	(265,359)		29,975		(2,503,421)
Vehicles		(1,559,342)	(133,046)		477,932		(1,214,456)
Right-to-Use Assets		- man	(12,925)		(4172) (4172)		(12,925)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization		(15,656,527)	(1,237,519)		507,907		(16,386,139)
Total capital assets being depre./amort., net		22,641,154	(98,148)				22,543,006
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	23,408,260 \$	893,649	\$		\$	24,301,909

Depreciation/amortization was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$	661,581
Instructional Resources and Media Services	•	13,292
Curriculum and Staff Development		5,678
Instructional Leadership		20,474
School Leadership		78,805
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		55,762
Health Services		20,605
Student Transportation		35,027
Food Services		59,231
Extracurricular Activities		38,058
General Administration		46,643
Plant Maintenance and Operations		138,359
Security and Monitoring Services		14,920
Data Processing Services		49,084
	\$	1,237,519

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2022, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 Amount	Purpose	
General Fund Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds General Fund	\$ 21,165 46.646	Short-term loans Short-term loans	
Other Governmental Funds	Total	\$ 67,811	Short-term loans	

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

Transfers To and From Other Funds

There were no transfers to and from other funds during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022.

F. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2022, are as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:			=					
General obligation bonds	\$	9,505,000	\$. :	\$	810,000 \$	8,695,000 \$	275,000
General obligation bonds -								
Capital Appreciation Bonds Z		12,677		22		5,518	7,159	3,517
QCCB Construction Bonds		525,000		***		130,000	395,000	130,000
Tax Maintenance Notes		770,000		3 200 3		95,000	675,000	105,000
Notes from Direct Borrowings		456,636		600,868		124,106	933,398	122,387
Accretion on Capital App Bond	b	1,454,485		91,960			1,546,445	-
Right of Use Lease Activities		104405		110,786		14,016	96,770	21,139
Net Pension Liability *		2,965,399		(1,417,565)		222,148	1,325,686	94
Net OPEB Liability *		3,543,728		(141,180)		67,542	3,335,006	-
Total governmental activities	\$	19,232,925	\$	(755,131)	\$_	1,468,330 \$	17,009,464 \$	657,043

Z The paydown on the Capital Appreciation Bond's balance occurs for the next three fiscal years.

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Net Pension Liability *	Governmental	General Fund
Net OPEB Liability *	Governmental	General Fund

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation school building bonds payable at August 31, 2022, with their outstanding balance are comprised of the following individual issues.

^{*} Other long-term liabilities

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

The District issued \$7,224,000 of Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 during the year ended August 31, 2013 for the purposes of lowering interest rates. Interest rates vary from 2.625% to 3.0% with installments varying from \$209,321 to \$898,006. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2022 is \$5,962,159 with \$7,159 considered capital appreciation bonds.

The District issued \$719,995 of Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A during the year ended August 31, 2013 for the purposes of lowering interest rates. Interest rates vary from 1.0% to 3.0% with installments varying from \$35,727 to \$93,150. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2022 is \$175,000.

The District issued \$1,539,999 of Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A during the year ended August 31, 2013 for the purposes of lowering interest rates. Interest rates vary from 1.5% to 4.0% with installments varying from \$31,841 to \$185,700. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2022 is \$985,000.

The District issued \$2,580,000 of Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 during the year ended August 31, 2015 for the purposes of lowering interest rates. Interest rates vary from 2.0% to 4.0% with installments varying from \$110,686 to \$306,620. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2022 is \$1,580,000.

Qualified School Construction Bond

The District issued \$2,000,000 of Qualified School Construction Maintenance Tax Note Bonds during the year ended August 31, 2010 for the purposes of construction. Interest rate is fixed at .94% with installments varying from \$115,000 to \$130,000. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2022 is \$395,000 with a final maturity date of 2025.

Tax Maintenance Notes

The District issued \$1,490,000 of Maintenance Tax Notes, Series 2013 during the year ended August 31, 2013 for the purposes of construction. Interest rates vary from 1.0% to 3.5% with installments varying from \$122,100 to \$127,050. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2022 is \$675,000 with a final maturity date of 2028.

Bank Notes from Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

The District issued a \$308,388 bank note during the year ended August 31, 2021 for the purpose of refinancing the bus note taken out in 2020. The interest rate is 3.75% with installments of \$107,702 for three years. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2022 is \$99,392 and the buses serve as collateral on the loan. In the event of default, the note balance becomes immediately due and payable.

The District issued a \$255,474 bank note during the year ended August 31, 2021 for the purpose of a campus wide LED retrofit. The interest rate is 2.95% with installments of \$29,873 for 10 years. The retrofits serve as collateral. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2022 is \$233,138 with a final maturity date of 2031 In the event of default, the note balance becomes immediately due and payable.

The District issued a \$600,868 bank note during the year ended August 31, 2022 for the purpose of purchasing four new buses. The interest rate is 3.75% with installments of \$114,584 for 6 years. The buses serve as collateral. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2022 is \$600,868 with a final maturity date of 2028. The first payment on the debt is not due until fiscal year 2023. In the event of default, the note balance becomes immediately due and payable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

2. Debt Service Requirements

		Governm	nenta	al Activities - B	ond	ls
Year Ending August 31,		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	278,517	\$	718,478	\$	996,995
2024		302,217		716,578		1,018,795
2025		301,425		722,620		1,024,045
2026		715,000		232,570		947,570
2027		785,000		209,020		994,020
2028-2032		4,615,000		635,108		5,250,108
2033-2037		1,705,000		51,210		1,756,210
Totals	\$	8,702,159	\$	3,285,584	\$	11,987,743
Year Ending August 31,	Go	overnmental A Principal	ctivi	ties - Tax Note	e & (QCCB Bonds Total
2023	\$	235.000	\$	24,163	\$	259.163
2024	Ψ	235,000	Ψ	19,791	Ψ	254,791
2025		245,000		15,344		260,344
2026		115,000		10,413		125,413
2027		120,000		6,300		126,300
2028-2032		120,000		2,100		122,100
Totals	\$	1,070,000	\$	78,111	\$	1,148,111
	Go	vernmental A	ctivi	ties - Bank No	tes-	Direct Borrowings
Year Ending August 31.		Principal		Interest		Total
2023	\$	122,387	\$	10,770	\$	133,157
2024		110,804		33,652		144,456
2025		119,701		24,756		144,457
2026		123,993		20,464		144,457
2027		128,440		16,017		144,457
2028-2032		328,073		20,587		348,660
Totals	\$	933,398	\$	126,246	\$	1,059,644

G. Leases

Lease activity for the year ended August 31, 2022, was as follows:

Lease Liabilities

The District entered into a sixty-month leasing arrangement for copier/printer/scanner equipment in January, 2022, totaling \$110,786, payable in monthly installments of \$1,998 at an interest rate of 3.25 percent. There are no variable payments not included in the measurement of the leases.

Year ended August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 21,139 \$	2,832 \$	23,971
2024	21,836	2,135	23,971
2025	22,557	1,414	23,971
2026	23,301	670	23,971
2027	7,937	54	7,991
	\$ 96,770 \$	7,105 \$	103,875

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Lease Receivables and Deferred Inflows

The District previously entered into a sixty-month leasing arrangement with three sixty-month renewal options for tower rental which was revalued to a nineteen year leasing arrangement at September 1, 2021 under GASB 87, totaling \$85,201, receivable in monthly installments of \$374 at an interest rate of 3.25 percent. In lieu of payments, the District receives internet and storage services. The financial statements include \$81,684 lease receivables, \$4,484 lease revenue, and \$2,483 interest income related to this agreement.

Future lease revenue maturity schedule reported as deferred resource inflows is as follows:

Year ended August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 4,485 \$	2,604 \$	7,089
2024	4,485	2,492	6,977
2025	4,484	2,377	6,861
2026	4,484	2,257	6,741
2027	4,484	2,134	6,618
2028-2032	22,421	8,669	31,090
2033-2037	22,421	4,911	27,332
2038-2040	13,453	872	14,325
	\$ 80,717 \$	26,316 \$	107,033

The District previously entered into a ten year leasing arrangement with three five year renewal options for tower rental which was revalued to a ten year leasing arrangement at September 1, 2021 under GASB 87, totaling \$91,555, receivable in monthly installments ranging from \$500 to \$779 at an interest rate of 3.25 percent. The financial statements include \$88,169 lease receivables, \$5,844 lease revenue, and \$2,674 interest income related to the agreement.

Future lease revenue maturity schedule reported as deferred resource inflows is as follows:

Year ended August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 5,844 \$	2,815 \$	8,659
2024	5,844	2,700	8,544
2025	5,844	2,574	8,418
2026	5,844	2,437	8,281
2027	5,844	2,289	8,133
2028-2032	29,219	8,802	38,021
2033-2037	27,272	3,095	30,367
	\$ 85.711 \$	24,712 \$	110,423

H. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

I. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about%20publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the System during the fiscal year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rate	es	
	2021	2022
Member	7.7%	8.0%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.5%	7.75%
Employers	7.5%	7.75%
District's 2022 Employer Contributions		\$ 272,394
District's 2022 Member Contributions		\$ 650,205
2021 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)		\$ 451,417

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute
 to the retirement system an amount equal to 50 percent of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or
 administrative employees; and 100 percent of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.6 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2021, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2020 rolled forward to

August 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Fair Value
Single Discount Rate 7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2020 1.95% *
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period 2120
Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases including inflation 3.05% to 9.05%

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2020.

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

^{*} The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below:

Asset Class *	Target Allocation **	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return ***	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.0%	3.6%	0.94%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	4.4%	0.83%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	4.6%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.0%	6.3%	1.36%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.0%	(0.2)%	0.01%
Absolute Return	0.0%	1.1%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.0%	2.2%	0.12%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.0%	4.5%	1.00%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6.0%	4.7%	0.35%
Commodities	0.0%	1.7%	0.00%
Risk Parity	8.0%	2.8%	0.28%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.0%	(0.7)%	(0.01)%
Asset Allocation Leverage	(6.0%)	(0.5)%	0.03%
Inflation Expectation			2.20%
Volatility Drag ****	(70)		(0.95)%
Expected Return	100.0%		6.90%

^{*} Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

^{**} Target allocations are based on the FY2021 policy model.

^{***} Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2021)

^{****} The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using a discount rate of 7.25 percent, and what the net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

1%		1%
Decrease in	Discount	Increase in
Discount Rate (6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	Discount Rate (8.25%)
\$ 2,896,835	\$ 1,325,686	\$ 51,008

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,325,686 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	1,325,686
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	_	2,693,860
Total	\$	4,019,546

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0052056162 percent which was an increase (decrease) of -0.0003311867 percent from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$153,121 and revenue of \$10,770 for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Actuarial Experience	\$ 2,218 \$	93,329
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	468,604	204,271
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	See 3	1,111,571
Changes in Proportion and Difference between District's Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions	153,860	131,285
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability	272,394	See 1
Total	\$ 897,076 \$	1,540,456

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	Pension Expense Amount		
2023	\$	(137,001)	
2024	\$	(150,701)	
2025	\$	(245,349)	
2026	\$	(340,976)	
2027	\$	(31,636)	
Thereafter	\$	(10,111)	

J. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin. TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Mor	nthly Premio	ım Rates		
	N	/ledicare	Non-N	ledicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse				
and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public or charter school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Contribution Rates	
	2022
Active Employee	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%
Employers	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%

District's 2022 Employer Contributions	\$ 77,254
District's 2022 Member Contributions	\$ 52,829
2021 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	\$ 90,491

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether they participate in the TRS Care OPEB Program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$5,520,343 in fiscal year 2021 for consumer protections against medical and health care billing by certain out-of-network providers.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2021. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2020 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2021:

Rates of Mortality
Rates of Retirement
Rates of Termination

Rates of Disability
General Inflation
Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2018.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	1.95% as of August 31, 2021
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Health Care Trend Rates	8.5% to 4.25%
Election Rates	Normal Retirement - 65% participation rate prior to age 65 and 40% participation rate after age 65. Pre-65 retirees - 25% are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50 percent for Medicare retirees and 7.10 percent for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.50 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an an ultimate trend rate of 4.25 percent over a period of 12 years.

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 1.95 percent was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. This was a decrease of 0.38 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to **not be able** to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/ Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1 percentage point lower than and 1 percentage point higher than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:

1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
(0.95%)	(1.95%)	(2.95%)
\$ 4,022,785	3,335,006	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$3,335,006 for its proportionate share of the TRS' Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the Net OPEB Liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District

7,803,170

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0086456293 percent, which was an increase (decrease) of -0.0006764084 percent from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1 percent less than and 1 percent greater than the health trend rates assumed.

District's proportionate share of Net OPEB Liability:

1%	% Decrease in		Current Single		1%	ncrease	ein
Healthcare Trend		Healthcare Trend		Healthcare Trend		rend	
	Rate		Rate		_	Rate	
\$	2,701,244	\$	3,335,0	06	\$	4,185,	356

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate was changed from 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

At August 31, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	143,588	\$ 1,614,376	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		369,391	705,292	
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		3,620		
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		527,386	601,486	
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		77,254		
Total	\$	1,121,239	\$ 2,921,154	

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense	e Amount
2023	\$	(333,010)
2024	\$	(333,094)
2025	\$	(333,073)
2026	\$	(245,285)
2027	\$	(126,437)
Thereafter	\$	(506,270)

For the year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(257,889) and revenue of \$(164,909) for support provided by the State.

10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$34,065, \$32,967, and \$30,349.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

K. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2022, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$300 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third party administrator is renewable September 1, 2022, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the TRS Care are available for the year ended December 31, 2021, have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

L. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Commitments

In fiscal year 2022, the District issued a note in the amount of \$600,868 to purchase four buses. As of August 31, 2022, the District has only purchased one bus in the amount of \$104,129. The remaining buses are to be purchased in fiscal year 2023.

As of August 31, 2022, approximately \$290,000 in obligations remained to complete the track and Ag facility. The projects are expected to be completed during fiscal year 2023.

Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2022.

M. Shared Services Arrangements

Shared Services Arrangement - Membership

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for Title III, Part A, English Language Acquisition with the following school districts:

Member	Districts	

84 Districts in Region 10

The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Region 10, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

N. Self Funded Workman's Compensation Insurance

On September 1, 1991 the District joined a self-funded workers compensation plan known as East Texas Educational Insurance Association along with other Texas School Districts. The District pays an administrative fee based on total payroll costs multiplied by an experience modifier. The service agreement provides that the association will be self-sustaining through member premiums. Excess worker's compensation insurance is carried by Midwest Employers Casualty Co.. The specific retention is \$225,000, aggregate limit \$5,000,000. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. In fiscal year 2022, the District joined a second workers compensation plan through TASB Risk Fund.

Statement of Change in Liability	2022	2021
Unpaid (overpayment) claims at September 1	\$ 81,305 \$	65,397
Net claims incurred or (adjusted) during the year	(11,929)	68,172
Payments of claims during the year	(29,517)	(52,264)
Unpaid claims at August 31	\$ 39,859 \$	81,305

The above amount less \$1,212 in cash, \$38,647, is reflected as a liability on the financial statements as of August 31, 2022.

O. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Personal Leave Benefits

At August 31, 2022, the District had no liability for accrued sick leave or vacation leave.

District employees accumulate personal leave at the rate of 5 days per year with no accumulation limit.

The District has non vested sick and personal leave benefits at August 31, 2022 which are not recorded on the financial statements in the amount of \$542,942. These benefits are recorded as expenditures as used.

P. Insurance Recovery

The District suffered damage to its gymnasium floor, accounted for in the buildings and improvements section of the governmental activities, in the prior year. The District received \$119,671 in insurance recovery in the current fiscal year to replace the damaged floor. The recovery is listed in the other financing sources section of the financial statements.

		nentary Informatior	
Required supplementary inform Accounting Standards Board but	ation includes financial ir not considered a part of the	normation and disclosures basic financial statements.	required by the Governmental

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Capital Outlay:

Capital Outlay

Expenditures

Total Capital Outlay

Total Expenditures

Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)

0081

6030

1100

1100

1 2 3 Variance with Final Budget Data Control **Budgeted Amounts** Positive Original Actual Codes Final (Negative) **REVENUES:** 5700 Local and Intermediate Sources 4,681,061 4,816,242 4,771,659 (44,583)State Program Revenues 7,406,310 7,406,309 8,023,274 5800 616.965 Federal Program Revenues 64,000 64,000 220,163 5900 156,163 **Total Revenues** 12,151,371 12,286,551 13,015,096 5020 728,545 **EXPENDITURES:** Current: Instruction and Instructional Related Services: 0011 6,397,432 6,396,662 6.435.543 (38.881)Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 132,808 140,004 139.234 770 0013 Curriculum and Staff Development 60,500 61,250 60,344 906 6,597,916 Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services 6,590,740 6,635,121 (37,205)Instructional and School Leadership: 0021 Instructional Leadership 218,339 218,339 217,093 1,246 0023 School Leadership 820,524 833,524 832,960 564 1,038,863 1,051,863 Total Instructional and School Leadership 1,050,053 1,810 Support Services - Student (Pupil): Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services 333,284 324,528 0031 318,138 8,756 **Health Services** 222,537 0033 210,537 217,471 5,066 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 407,246 540,179 510,845 29,334 **Food Services** 5.750 0035 456,907 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities 443,907 455,923 984 0036 Total Support Services - Student (Pupil) 1,552,907 1,385,578 1,508,767 44,140 Administrative Support Services: 451,972 494,722 0041 **General Administration** 494,711 11 **Total Administrative Support Services** 451,972 494,722 494,711 11 Support Services - Nonstudent Based: 1,854,457 0051 Plant Maintenance and Operations 1,458,977 1,758,549 95,908 Security and Monitoring Services 230,166 240,241 234,657 0052 5,584 **Data Processing Services** 578,889 0053 573,181 665,107 (86.218)Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based 2,262,324 2,673,587 2,658,313 15,274 **Debt Service:** Principal on Long-Term Debt 409,896 385,099 363,122 0071 21,977 Interest on Long-Term Debt 46,496 48,894 (2,398)Bond Issuance Costs and Fees 0073 6,300 5,775 525 Total Debt Service 409,896 437,895 417,791 20,104

12,139,373

11,998

1,128,295

1,128,295

13,937,185

(1,650,634)

1,178,697

1,178,697

13,943,453

(928, 357)

(50.402)

(50,402)

(6,268)

722,277

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022 EXHIBIT G-1 Page 2 of 2

Data		16		2	3	/ariance with Final Budget
Control		Budgete	d An	nounts		Positive
Codes	_	Original		Final	Actual	(Negative)
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
7913	Issuance of Right to Use Leased Assets	44.			110,786	110,786
7914	Issuance of Non-Current Debt	171 /		36,857	600,868	564,011
7949	Other Resources - Insurance Proceeds	77.T.		**	119,671	119,671
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	441		36,857	831,325	794,468
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	11,998		(1,613,777)	(97,032)	1,516,745
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	5,150,642		5,150,642	5,150,642	-
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 5,162,640	\$	3,536.865	\$ 5,053,610	\$ 1,516,745

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

		Measurement Year Ended August 31,										
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		2012
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.005%	0.006%	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.003%	·		-
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,325,686 \$	2,965,399 \$	2,832,834 \$	2,710,827 \$	1,540,225 \$	1,824,444 \$	1,711,583 \$	830,296 \$	255	\$	170
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		2,693,860	5,498,693	5,206,098	5,349,995	3,095,084	3,849,256	4,028,773	3,248,562	:57)		-
Total	\$	4,019,546 \$	8,464,092 \$	8,038,932 \$	8,060,822 \$	4,635,309 \$	5,673,700 \$	5,740,356 \$	4,078,858 \$	155)	\$	255
District's covered payroll	\$	7,352,990 \$	7,058,606 \$	6,529,671 \$	6,381,154 \$	5,743,983 \$	5,669,931 \$	5,747,270 \$	5,455,302 \$	1944	\$	-
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		18.03%	42.01%	43.38%	42.48%	26.81%	32.18%	29.78%	15.22%	-		-
Plan fiduciary net position as a percenta of the total pension liability	ige	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%			

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,											
		2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		2013
Contractually required contribution	\$	272,394 \$	222,148 \$	228,224 \$	187,132 \$	166,682 \$	153,062 \$	148,723 \$	86,404 \$	2224	\$	G22
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(272,394)	(222,148)	(228,224)	(187,132)	(166,682)	(153,062)	(148,723)	(86,404)	=		:=:
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	- \$_	\$	\$	\$_	\$	\$	**	\$	100
District's covered payroll	\$	8,127,555 \$	7,352,990 \$	7,058,606 \$	6,529,671 \$	6,381,154 \$	5,743,983 \$	5,669,931 \$	5,747,270 \$	22	\$	22
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		3.35%	3.02%	3.23%	2.87%	2.61%	2.66%	2.62%	1.50%			

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACTIVE CARE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

			Measurement Year Ended August 31,												
		2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016		2015		2014		2013		2012
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.009%	0.010%	0.010%	0.009%	0.008%	-20				22		124		8417
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	3,335,006 \$	3,543,728 \$	4,631,216 \$	4,593,945 \$	3,645,175 \$	2005	\$: 	\$.	\$	9 75	\$). ;
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District		4,468,164	4,761,920	6,153,851	5,183,821	4,537,570	-		(**)		**				(Care)
Total	\$	7,803,170 \$	8,305,648 \$	10,785,067 \$	9,777,766 \$	8,182,745 \$	720	\$		\$		\$		\$	1/22
District's covered payroll	\$	7,352,990 \$	7,058,606 \$	6,529,671 \$	6,381,154 \$	5,743,983 \$	942	\$	-	\$	22	\$		\$	-
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		45.36%	50.20%	70.93%	71.99%	63.46%			lad i		••				in the second
Plan fiduciary net position as a percen of the total OPEB liability	tage	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%	355						:55		277.)

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

MAYPEARL INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACTIVE CARE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Fiscal Year Ended August 31,														
	2022		2021		2020	2019	2018	2016		2016		2015		2014	2013
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	\$ 77,254	\$	67,542	\$	70,812 \$	70,612 \$	61,911 \$	#3	\$	-	\$	3.5	\$	77	\$ 277)
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution	77,254		67,542		70,812	70,612	61,911	22 0		92		765		227	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$	\$	\$_	\$	##31	\$		\$	(9)	\$\$	***	\$ 355
District's covered payroll	\$ 8,127,555	\$	7,352,990	\$	7,058,606 \$	6,529,671 \$	6,381,154 \$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$ -
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.95%		0.92%		1.00%	1.08%	0.97%	-		-					

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the General Fund, National School Breakfast and Lunch Program, and Debt Service Fund. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data::

- a. Prior to August 21 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

The District failed to maintain proper budget procedures during the fiscal year 2022 in the General Fund and the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Other Post-Benefit Plans

Changes in actuarial assumptions and inputs

				et OPEB
	Net Pension	Liability		Liability
	Discount	Expected	[Discount
Measurement Date August 31,	Rate	Rate of Return		Rate
2021	7.25%	7.25%		1.95%
2020	7.25%	7.25%		2.33%
2019	7.25%	7.25%		2.63%
2018	6.91%	7.25%		3.69%
2017	8.00%	8.00%		3.42%
2016	8.00%	8.00%	-	
2015	8.00%	8.00%	-	
2014	8.00%	8.00%	(27152)	

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Changes in demographic and economic assumptions

For measurement date August 31, 2018 - Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability:

Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement and economic assumptions, including rates of salary increase for individual participants were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

For measurement date August 31, 2020 - Net OPEB Liability:

The participant rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 50% to 40%. This change decreased the total OPEB liability.

The ultimate health care trend assumption was lowered from 4.50% to 4.25% as a result of Congress' repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans in December 2019. This change decreased the total OPEB liability.

	Supplementary Informa	ıtion
This section includes financial informati	on and disclosures not required	by the Governmental Accounting Standards may, however, include information which is

MAYPEARL INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

		1		2	As	3 sessed/Appraised
Year Ended	_		ax Rat		٧	alue For School
August 31	-	Maintenance	-13	Debt Service	_	Tax Purposes
2013 and Prior Years	\$	Various	\$	Various	\$	Various
2014		1.04		.306		272,482,201
2015		1.04		.306		273,290,712
2016		1.04		.306		270,385,067
2017		1.04		.277		287,707,593
2018		1.04		.2621		310,640,888
2019		1.04		.249		346,424,363
2020		.97		.2498		394,693,296
2021		.8747		.2997		458,325,102
2022 (School Year Under Audit)		.872		.2997		514,850,986
1000 Totals						

10 20 Beginning Current Balance Year's 9/1/21 Total Levy		Current Year's		Current Year's		Current Year's		31 faintenance Collections	32 Debt Service Collections	40 Entire Year's Adjustments	50 Ending Balance 8/31/22
\$ 14,895	\$,	\$	9,526	\$ 1,516	\$ (1,574)	\$ 2,279				
2,508				1,328	391	Ĩ	790				
3,499		70 :		2,082	613	(2)	802				
2,737		**		1,928	567	141	383				
3,746				1,898	506	(44)	1,298				
6,441				4,241	1,069	29	1,160				
15,135		577		5,732	1,372	6,849	14,880				
26,945		**		8,180	2,106	3,304	19,963				
88,162		pe.		45,920	15,733	1,759	28,268				
		6,032,509		4,411,632	1,516,246	SEE	104,631				
\$ 164,068	\$	6,032,509	\$	4,492,467	\$ 1,540,119	\$ 10,463	\$ 174,454				

FUND BALANCE AND CASH FLOW CALCULATION WORKSHEET (UNAUDITED) GENERAL FUND AS OF AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control	Fundamentary		^
Codes	Explanation		Amount
1	Total General Fund Fund Balance as of August 31, 2022 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund only)	\$	5,053,610
2	Total General Fund Nonspendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 341X-344X for the General Fund only)		1050
3	Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 345X-349X for the General Fund only)		1992
4	Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 351X-354X for the General Fund only)		**
5	Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 355X-359X for the General Fund only)		2,000,000
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in the General Fund (net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues)		
7	Estimate of two months' average cash disbursements during the fiscal year		2,370,000
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58XX)	_	24
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and District Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount		FLC
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59XX)		(##.
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)		2-2
12	General Fund Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (Lines 2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11)		4,370,000
13	Excess (Deficit) Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance (1-12)	\$	683,610

The above amount is anticipated to be used for future capital projects.

USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAM AS OF AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control Codes		F	Responses
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	668,831
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28 29, 30, 34)	\$	663,817
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$	46,913
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$	32,331

EXHIBIT J-4

MAYPEARL INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control		1	2	3 Variance Positive
Codes		Budget	Actual	(Negative)
-00000	REVENUES:	Baagot	, totad.	(Negative)
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 75,000	\$ 99,317	\$ 24,317
5800	State Program Revenues	15,000	18,035	3,035
5900	Federal Program Revenues	407,818	673,594	265,776
5020	Total Revenues	497,818	790,946	293,128
	EXPENDITURES: Current: Support Services - Student (Pupil):			
0035	Food Services	497,818	642,492	(144,674)
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	497,818	642,492	(144,674)
6030	Total Expenditures	497,818	642,492	(144,674)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
1100	Expenditures	**	148,454	148,454
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(K.T .)	148,454	148,454
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	141,655	141,655	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 141,655	\$ 290,109	\$ 148,454

EXHIBIT J-5

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Data			1		2		3 Variance	
Control							Positive	
Codes			Budget		Actual		(Negative)	
	REVENUES:			•				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	1,544,288	\$	1,569,020	\$	24,732	
5020	Total Revenues		1,544,288		1,569,020	;	24,732	
	EXPENDITURES:							
	Debt Service:							
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		1,184,706		1,176,506		8,200	
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		530,027		360,939		169,088	
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		744		1,640		(1,640)	
	Total Debt Service		1,714,733		1,539,085		175,648	
6030	Total Expenditures		1,714,733		1,539,085		175,648	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)							
1100	Expenditures		(170,445)		29,935		200,380	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		(170,445)		29,935		200,380	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		920,309		920,309		1550	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	749,864	\$	950,244	\$	200,380	

Overall Compliance, Internal Control Section and Federal Awards

ANDERSON, MARX & BOHL, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUDSON ANDERSON, CPA FRANK MARX, III, CPA DORI BOHL, CPA & CFE

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Maypearl Independent School District P. O. Drawer 40 Maypearl, Texas 76064

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Maypearl Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Maypearl Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 27, 2022.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Maypearl Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Maypearl Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Maypearl Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe that a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001 to be a material weakness.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Maypearl Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion

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on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001.

Maypearl Independent School District's Response to Findings

Maypearl Independent School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Maypearl Independent School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Anderson, Marx & Bohl, P.C.

anderson, Marx + Bohl, Ec.

Corsicana, TX October 27, 2022

ANDERSON, MARX & BOHL, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUDSON ANDERSON, CPA FRANK MARX, III, CPA DORI BOHL, CPA & CFE

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees Maypearl Independent School District P.O. Drawer 40 Maypearl, Texas 76064

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Progam

We have audited Maypearl Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Maypearl Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022. Maypearl Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Maypearl Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Progam

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards Administrative (Uniform Guidance), Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Maypearl Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Maypearl Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above,

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Maypearl Independent School District's federal programs.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Maypearl Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Maypearl Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding Maypearl Independent School District's compliance with the
 compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we
 considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Maypearl Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Maypearl Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Anderson, Marx & Bohl, P.C.

Corsicana, TX October 27, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

A. Summary of Auditors' Results

1.	Financial Statements				
	Type of auditors' report issue	d:	Unmodified		
	Internal control over financial	reporting:			
	One or more material w	eaknesses identified?	X Yes	·	No
	One or more significant are not considered to be	deficiencies identified that material weaknesses?	Yes	X	None Reported
	Noncompliance material to fit statements noted?	nancial	X Yes		No
2.	Federal Awards				
	Internal control over major programs:				
	One or more material weaknesses identified?		Yes	X_	No
	One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?		Yes	X	None Reported
	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Version of compliance supplement used in audit:		Unmodified		
			April 2022		
	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, para. 200.516(a)??		Yes	X	No
	Identification of major programs:				
CFDA Number(s) 84.425D 84.425D COVID-19 ESSER Fund I of the CARES Act 84.425D COVID-19 ESSER Fund II of the CRRSA Act 84.425U COVID-19 Supplemental ESSER Fund of the America 84.425U COVID-19 ESSER Fund III of the American Rescue P 84.027A IDEA - Part B, Formula 84.027A IDEA - Part B, Formula - American Rescue Plan Act 84.173A IDEA - Part B, Preschool			cue Plar		
	Dollar threshold used to distitype A and type B programs	•	\$750,000		
	Auditee qualified as low-risk	auditee?	Yes	Х	No

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

B. Financial Statement Findings

2022-001 Budget Overages

Condition: The District failed to maintain budgeting controls over expenditures by exceeding its budget in various functions in the General Fund and in the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program.

Criteria: The District is required to maintain proper budgeting procedures in order to ensure adequate oversight of its expenditure approvals and must approve budget amendments before approving expenditures.

Effect: The District did not amend its budget properly causing overexpenditures.

Casue: The District failed to properly amend its budget.

Recommendation: The District should ensure procedures are in place to provide for proper budget amendments.

District's Response: The District will review existing procedures and adjust its budget accordingly.

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	Management's Explanation If Not Implemented		
None noted				



"A Superior Learning Community"

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

The District will monitor its budget procedures and amend the budget as needed throughout the year. Joshua Boone at 972-435-1000 will be responsible for this and will complete the necessary actions by August 31, 2023.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

EXHIBIT K-1 Page 1 of 2

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal ALN Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER: U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program	10.553	070-915	\$:	\$ 125,385
National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program National School Lunch Program (Non-cash) Total ALN Number 10.555 Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Agriculture Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555 10.555 10.555	070-915 070-915 070-915	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	614 517,546 30,049 548,209 673,594 673,594 673,594
HEAD START CLUSTER: U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through State Department of Education: Head Start Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Total Head Start Cluster	93.600	06CH010655	42 42	38,398 38,398 38,398
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER: U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: COVID 19-IDEA - Part B, Formula - Amer. Rescue Plan (ARP IDEA-Part B, Formula Total ALN Number 84.027A	•	225350010709155350 226600010709156600		49,701 244,664 294,365
IDEA-Part B, Preschool Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.173A	226610010709156610		3,556 297,921 297,921 297,921

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

EXHIBIT K-1 Page 2 of 2

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title		Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipient	Federal s Expenditures
OTHER PROGRAMS:				
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA Title I Part A - School Improvement Total ALN Number 84.010A	84.010A 84.010A	22610101070915 22610141070915	\$	\$ 78,785 42,904 121,689
Title III, Part A-English Language Acq. & Language Enhancement	84.365A	22671001057950	2 I	1,688
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367A	22694501070915		21,918
Title IV, Part A, Subpart I	84.424A	22680101070915		11,412
COVID 19-Coronavirus Aid, Relief, & Eco. Security (CARES) Act COVID 19-ESSER Fund II of the CRRSA Act Total ALN Number 84.425D COVID 19-ESSER Fund III of the American Rescue Plan Act COVID 10 Suppl. ESSER Fund of the American Rescue Plan Act	84.425D 84.425U	20521001070915 21521001070915 21528001070915		3,672 192,617 196,289 257,013
COVID 19-Suppl. ESSER Fund of the Amer. Rescue Plan Act Total ALN Number 84.425U	84.425U	21528043070915		260,938 517,951
Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education				870,947 870,947
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	\$ 1.880.860

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2021

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Maypearl Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Maypearl Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Reconciliation of Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards to Exhibit C-2:

Total Expenditures of Federal Awards per Exhibit K-1	\$ 1,880,860
SHARS Program	134,161
E-Rate	86,002
ESSER II Funds Expended in Prior Year but Award	
not Issued until Current Fiscal Year	(28,585)
ESSER III Funds Expended in Prior Year but Award	
not Issued until Current Fiscal Year	(86,480)
Total per Exhibit C-2	\$ 1,985,958



MAYPEARL INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2022

Data Control Codes		_F	Responses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?		Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?		No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.)		Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 daysfrom the date the warrant hold was issued.		
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.		
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.		No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?		Yes
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		Yes
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year-end?		Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?		Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end	\$	1,546,445