ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Maypearl Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended August 31, 2018

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

<u>Ellis</u>

County

070-915

Co.-Dist. Number

Maypearl Independent School District Name of School District

(attach list as necessary)

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and (check one)approveddisapproved for the year ended August 31, 2018, at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district on theday ofday of
Signature of Board Secretary Signature of Beard President

If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are):



Anderson, Marx & Bohl, p.c.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUDSON ANDERSON, CPA FRANK MARX, III, CPA DORI BOHL, CPA & CFE

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Trustees Maypearl Independent School District P. O. Drawer 40 Maypearl, Texas 76064

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Maypearl Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Maypearl Independent School District as of August 31, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2018, Maypearl Independent School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in 2018, Maypearl Independent School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, net OPEB liability, schedule of District pension and OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Maypearl Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 18, 2018 on our consideration of Maypearl Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Maypearl Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

Anderson, Marx & Bohl, P.C.
Anderson, Marx & Bohl, P.C.

Corsicana, TX October 18, 2018



"A Superior Learning Community"

Superintendent Ritchie Bowling

Business Manager Leighanne McAlister

Special Programs
Director
Enid Johnson

Technology Director
Debbie Griffin

Athletic Director
Tal D. Sanders

Support Services
Director
Dale Cheek

Child Nutrition
Director
Robin Leal



Elementary Principal Lisa Hyles

Intermediate Principal Cristin Votaw

Junior High Principal Dennis Mitchell

High School Principal Lesley Austin



Board of Trustees

Tricia Ikard
James Eubank
Brad Roesler
Heath Daniel
Charles Frame
Shane Gravens
Justin Stinson

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Maypearl Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended August 31, 2018. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position on financial statement exhibit A-1 was \$7,779,114 at August 31, 2018.
- During the year, the District's primary government expenses on financial statement exhibit B-1 were \$2,472,958 less than the \$10,758,768 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs on financial statement exhibit C-2 increased \$1,104,026 from last year. Increases in instruction, facilities maintenance, security and monitoring services, and capital outlay accounted for this increase.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year on financial statement exhibit C-1 of \$5,522,498. The
 District began the current year with a fund balance in the amount of \$5,558,389.

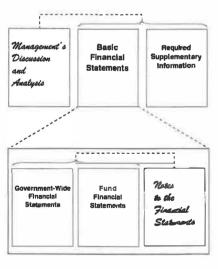
OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status,
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report





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Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *Governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Fiduciary funds—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. It is also responsible for other assets that—because of a trust arrangement—can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net position. The District's combined net position was \$7.8 million at August 31, 2018. (See Table A-1).

Table A-1
Maypearl Independent School District's Net Position
(In million dollars)

(ilinion donard,		-
	Governmenta Activities	al	Total Percentage Change
	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018-2017
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$5.5	\$5.5	0
Investments	1.0	.9	11
Due from other governments	.6	.5	20
Due from other funds	.0	.0	
Other receivables	.1 .0	.1 0	0
Inventories – supplies and materials Total current assets:	7.2	7.0	3
Noncurrent assets:	1.2	7.0	3
Land, furniture and equipment	36.7	35.3	4
Less accumulated depreciation	(13.4)	(12.5)	-7
Total noncurrent assets	23.3	22.8	2
Total Assets	30.5	29.8	2
Deferred Outflows of Resources	.6	.8	-25
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	.6	.5	20
Claims payable	.0	.0	**
Due to other funds	.0	.0	**
Deferred revenue	.0	.0	**
Total current liabilities	6	.5	20
Long-term liabilities:	•	_	
Noncurrent liabilities due in one year	.8	.7	14 -5
Noncurrent liabilities due more than 1 yr Net pension liability	15.0 1.5	15.8 1.8	-ე -17
Net OPEB liability	3.6	0.0	-17
Total Liabilities	21.5	18.8	14
Total Liabilities	21.0	10.0	17
Deferred Inflows of Resources	1.8	.1	700
Net Position:			
Net Invested in capital assets	7.5	6.6	14
Restricted	1.0	.8	25
Unrestricted	(.7)	4.3	-116
Total Net Position	\$7.8	\$11.7	33

The District has \$962,371 in restricted net position that represents proceeds from debt service of \$913,120 and state and federal programs of \$49,251. These proceeds when spent are restricted for the above purposes. The \$(713,703) of unrestricted net position represents a deficit of resources to be available to fund the programs of the District next year.

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues were \$10,758,768. A significant portion, 38 percent, of the District's revenue comes from taxes. (See Table A-2.) 46 percent comes from state aid – formula grants, while only 2 percent relates to charges for services.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$8,285,810; 83 percent of these costs are for governmental activities associated with instructional and student services.

Governmental Activities

Property tax rates decreased. Tax revenues increased by \$219,332 or 6%.

Table A-2Changes in Maypearl Independent School District's Net Position (In million dollars)

	Governr Activi 2018		Total % Change
Program Revenues: Charges for Services Operating Grants and Contributions Capital Grants and Contributions	\$.2 1.2 .0	\$.1 1.3 .0	100 -8 **
General Revenues Property Taxes State Aid – Formula Investment Earnings Extraordinary Item Inflow – Lawsuit Settlement Other Total Revenues	4.1 5.0 .1 .0 .1	3.9 6.1 .1 1.4 .3	5 -18 0 ** -6 7 -19
Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum Dev. And Instructional Staff Dev.	4.0 .1 .0	5.8 .1 .0	-31 0 **
Instructional Leadership School Leadership Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services Social Work Services	.1 .5 .3 .0	.1 .8 .3 .0	0 -38 0
Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation Food Services Curricular/Extracurricular Activities General Administration	.1 .2 .3 .4 .3	.1 .3 .4 .5	0 -33 -25 -20 -25
Plant Maintenance & Oper. Security & Monitoring Svcs. Data Processing Services Community Services	.3 1.1 .0 .3 .0	.4 1.4 .0 .5 .0	-25 -21 ** -40 **
Debt Services Facilities Acquisition and Construction Contracted Instr. Services Between Public Schools Increment Costs Associated Chapter 41 (WADA)	.5 .0 .0	.5 .0 .0	0 ** ** **
Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Dist SSA Public Education Grant Progr. Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Program Payments to Charter Schools	.0 .0 .0	.0 .0 .0	**
Payments to Tax Increment Fund Total Expenses Excess (Deficiency) Before Other Resources,	.0 8.2	11.2	** -27
Uses & Transfers Other Resources (Uses) Transfers In (Out) Prior Period Adjustment	2.5 .0 .0 .0 (6.4)	2.0 .0 .0 .0	25 ** ** **
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$(3.9)	\$2.0	-295

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions as well as each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$8.2 million.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was only \$4.1 million.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$.17 million, or
- By grants and contributions \$1.2 million.

Table A-3
Net Cost of Selected District Functions
(in millions of dollars)

	Total Cost of Services		% Change	Net C Serv	% Change	
	2018	2017		2018	2017	
Instruction	4.0	5.8	-31	3.5	5.3	-34
School administration	.3	.4	-25	.3	.4	-25
Plant Maintenance & Operations	1.1	1.4	-21	1.1	1.4	-21
Debt Service – Interest & Fiscal Charges	.5	.5	0	.3	.3	0

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$12.5 million, while the previous year it was \$11.8 million. The increase in local revenues is mainly a result of increased tax collections and donations. The increase in state revenues is a result of an increase in the number of students in average daily attendance and state funding formulas. The change in federal revenues is based on federal programs distributed through other agencies.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised its budget 18 times. Actual expenditures were \$203,887 below final budget amounts in the General Fund.

On the other hand, resources available were \$694,424 above the final budgeted amount as tax and state revenue were more than anticipated.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At the end of 2018, the District had invested \$36,726,345 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles. (See Table A-4.) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$1,433,442 or 4 percent over last year.

Table A-4
District's Capital Assets
(In millions of dollars)

		Total Percentage Change
2018	2017	2018-2017
.767	.767	0
0.000	0.000	**
30.585	29.711	3
2.028	2.013	1
3.277	2.732	20
.069	.069	0
36.726	35.292	4
		-8
23.296	22.837	2
	.767 0.000 30.585 2.028 3.277 .069	.767 .767 0.000 0.000 30.585 29.711 2.028 2.013 3.277 2.732 .069 .069 36.726 35.292 (13.430) (12.455)

The District's fiscal year 2019 capital budget projects no major projects. More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Long Term Debt

At year-end, the District had \$20.93 million in bonds, leases, pension and OPEB liability, and notes outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

Table A-5District's Long Term Debt (In millions of dollars)

		nmental	Total Percentage Change
	2018	2017	2018-2017
Leases payable	.018	.032	-44
Bonds payable	14.253	14.879	-4
Notes payable	1.473	1.569	-6
Pension liability	1.540	1.824	-16
OPEB liability	3.645	6.435*	-43
Less deferred amount			
On refundings	(0)	(0)	**
Total bonds & notes payable	20.929	24.739	-15
*Part of Prior Period Adjustment			

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Appraised value used for the 2019 budget preparation is \$315,270,199, an increase of 7.3% from 2018.
- General operating fund spending per student increased in the 2019 budget from \$9,039 to \$9,598. This is a 6% increase.
- The District's 2019 refined average daily attendance is expected to be 1,095, a slight decrease.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the general fund budget for 2019. Amounts available for appropriation in the general fund budget are \$10,509,542, a decrease of 2.0 percent under the final 2018 budget.

If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary general fund fund balance is not expected to change appreciably by the close of 2019.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Maypearl Independent School District's Business Services Department at P. O. Box 40, Maypearl, Texas 76064 or phone number 972-435-1000.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2018

			1
Data Control		c	Sovernmental
Codes		C	Activities
00000	ASSETS:		71011711100
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,512,830
1120	Current Investments		969,221
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)		101,112
1240	Due from Other Governments		593,828
	Capital Assets:		
1510	Land		767,106
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net		20,672,871
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		1,826,232
1550	Capital Lease Assets, Net		29,794
1000	Total Assets		30,472,994
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions		570,966
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB		63,017
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		633,983
	LIABILITIES:		
2110	Accounts Payable		112,964
	Interest Payable		21,077
2165	Accrued Liabilities		458,822
2300	Unearned Revenue		40,845
	Noncurrent Liabilities:		10,010
2501	Due Within One Year		762,278
2502	Due in More Than One Year		14,982,202
2540	Net Pension Liability		1,540,225
2545	Net OPEB Liability		3,645,175
2000	Total Liabilities		21,563,588
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
2605	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions		239,491
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB		1,524,784
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,764,275
2000	NET POSITION:		7 500 446
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted For:		7,530,446
3820	State and Federal Programs		49,251
3850	Debt Service		913,120
3900	Unrestricted		(713,703)
3000	Total Net Position	\$	7,779,114

Net (Expense)

MAYPEARL INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

			1		3		4		Revenue and Changes in
					Program	Revenue	es		Net Position
Data					<u> </u>		Operating		
Control					harges for	G	rants and	G	lovernmental
Codes	Functions/Programs	_	Expenses		Services	Co	ntributions		Activities
	Governmental Activities:								
11	Instruction	\$	4,001,048	\$		\$	478,391	\$	(3,522,657)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		83,808		22		4,553		(79,255)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		42,508		-		2		(42,508)
21	Instructional Leadership		120,517				8,810		(111,707)
23	School Leadership		449,540		; , =		32,625		(416,915)
31	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		274,763				9,544		(265,219)
33	Health Services		87,629		(55)		128,974		41,345
34	Student Transportation		211,633		(22)		8,855		(202,778)
35	Food Service		347,585		138,606		248,528		39,549
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		389,543		29,387		13,452		(346,704)
41	General Administration		340,794				9,194		(331,600)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,077,189				26,694		(1,050,495)
52	Security and Monitoring Services		(4,534)				1,060		5,594
53	Data Processing Services		320,971				20,544		(300,427)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		538,660				256,534		(282,126)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		4,156		7		79-		(4,156)
TG	Total Governmental Activities		8,285,810		167,993		1,247,758		(6,870,059)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	8,285,810	\$	167,993	\$	1,247,758	4	(6,870,059)
		General Reve	enues:						
MT		Property Ta.	xes, Levied for G	eneral Pu	ırposes				3,270,693
DT		Property Ta.	xes, Levied for De	ebt Servid	ce				826,438
ΙE		Investment i	Earnings						148,859
GC		Grants and	Contributions Not	Restricte	ed to Specific F	Programs			4,993,144
MI		Miscellaneo	us						103,883
TR		Total Gene	eral Revenues						9,343,017
CN		Change in	Net Position						2,472,958
NB		Net Position -	Beginning						11,697,949
PA		Prior Period A	Adjustment						(6,391,793)
		Net Position -	Beginning, as Re	estated					5,306,156
NE		Net Position -	Ending					\$	7,779,114

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2018

Data Contro			10 General Fund		50 Debt Service Fund	G	Other overnmental Funds	G	98 Total iovernmental Funds
4440	ASSETS:	•	5 000 010	•	4.57	•	101 751	•	5 540 000
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	5,390,919	\$	157	\$	121,754	\$	5,512,830
1120	Current Investments		77,879		891,342		H-1		969,221
1225	Taxes Receivable, Net		79,491		21,621		10.000		101,112
1240	Due from Other Governments		580,889				12,939		593,828
1260	Due from Other Funds	_	10,634	_	010100	_	7,580		18,214
1000	Total Assets	\$	6,139,812	\$_	913,120	\$	142,273	\$	7,195,205
	LIABILITIES:								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	112,964	\$		\$		\$	112,964
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		405,238		##S		38,384		443,622
2170	Due to Other Funds		7,580				10,634		18,214
2200	Accrued Expenditures		12,041		44%		3,159		15,200
2300	Unearned Revenue				H-107		40,845		40,845
2000	Total Liabilities		537,823			=	93,022		630,845
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:								
	Deferred Revenue-Property Taxes		79,491		21,621				101,112
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		79,491		21,621		75		101,112
	FUND BALANCES: Restricted Fund Balances:								
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions		170		270 0		49,251		49,251
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		23		891,499				891,499
	Assigned Fund Balances:								
3550	Construction		1,300,000		350		77.		1,300,000
3600	Unassigned		4,222,498				1		4,222,498
3000	Total Fund Balances		5,522,498		891,499		49,251		6,463,248
	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow								
4000	of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	6,139,812	\$	913,120	\$	142,273	\$	7,195,205
		-		=		-			

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2018

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	6,463,248
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		23,296,003
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		101,112
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(12,772,570)
Payables for capital leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(18,185)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(21,077)
Payables for notes which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(1,473,404)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.		(1,540,225)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		(239,491)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		570,966
The accumulated accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.		(1,480,321)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.		(3,645,175)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		(1,524,784)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		63,017
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$_	7,779,114

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Data Contro Codes		-	10 General Fund	_	50 Debt Service Fund	18	Other Governmental Funds		98 Total Governmental Funds
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	3,651,681	\$	854,116	\$	142,481	\$	4,648,278
5800	State Program Revenues		6,871,648		256,534		42,020		7,170,202
5900	Federal Program Revenues		121,877		17 at 2 at		581,373		703,250
5020	Total Revenues		10,645,206		1,110,650	- 3	765,874		12,521,730
	EVDENDITUDES.								
	EXPENDITURES:								
0011	Current:		E 070 4E0				0.40.000		E E00 4E0
0011	Instruction		5,273,453				246,699		5,520,152
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		100,496		 :				100,496
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		38,636		##.X				38,636
0021	Instructional Leadership		162,416		<u>#2</u>		, 15		162,416
0023	School Leadership		622,944		229		400 400		622,944
0031	Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services		232,026				128,166		360,192
0033	Health Services		120,982		273		-		120,982
0034	Student Transportation		257,088		578		200 700		257,088
0035	Food Service		454 004		-		396,708		396,708
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		451,291				-		451,291
0041	General Administration		384,286		100				384,286
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		1,788,959				-		1,788,959
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		251,630		7		155		251,630
0053	Data Processing Services		409,727		92)				409,727
	Principal on Long-term Debt		369,485		345,878				715,363
	Interest on Long-term Debt		55,220		637,923				693,143
0073			2,129		2,027		100		4,156
0081	Capital Outlay		W.W.		225		295,649	_	295,649
6030	Total Expenditures		10,520,768		985,828		1,067,222		12,573,818
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures		124,438		124,822		(301,348)		(52,088)
	•	5				58			, ,
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
7914	Issuance of Non-Current Debt		135,320		570		5.70		135,320
7915	Transfers In		<u> 164</u>		224		295,649		295,649
8911	Transfers Out		(295,649)				140 ·		(295,649)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		(160,329)		-	13	295,649	-	135,320
	Net Change in Fund Balances	_	(35,891)		124,822		(5,699)		83,232
0100	Fund Palaness Paginning		5,558,389		766,677		E4.0E0		6 390 016
	Fund Balances - Beginning	Φ_		\$		a	54,950 49,251	Φ_	6,380,016
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	5,522,498	$\Phi^{=}$	891,499	\$	49,251	\$_	6,463,248

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	83,232
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.		1,433,442
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.		(974,901)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		(27,438)
Revenues in the SOA not providing current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		(135,320)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		470,878
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		13,966
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		230,519
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.		155,221
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.		(738)
Implementing GASB 68 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.		(60,754)
Implementing GASB 75 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	_	1,284,851
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	\$	2,472,958

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2018

	Agency Fund
Data	-
Control	Student
Codes	Activity
ASSETS:	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 130,615
1120 Current Investments	62,394
1000 Total Assets	193,009
LIABILITIES:	
Current Liabilities:	
2190 Due to Student Groups	193,009
2000 Total Liabilities	193,009
NET POSITION:	
3000 Total Net Position	\$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Maypearl Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for the collection of dedicated tax revenues for payment on bonded debt.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period. There is an allowance for uncollectible taxes of \$15,296 included.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

b. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	5-10
Equipment	3-15

d. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of certain assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures, expenses, and other disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

i. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

j. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

k. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

I. Negative Operating Grants and Contributions - Statement of Activities

Expense activity is required to be recorded by districts who are participants in cost-sharing pension and OPEB benefit plans with a special funding situation where non-employer contributing entities (NECE) also participate in contributions to the plans. TRS-retirement and TRS-care benefit plans are both cost-sharing plans with special funding situations. Therefore, on-behalf expense activity of the NECE must be recorded at the government-wide level of reporting on the Statement of Activities in accordance with GASB 68 and 75.

During the year under audit, the NECE expense was negative due to changes in benefits within the TRS-care plan. The accrual for the proportionate share of that expense was a negative on-behalf revenue and negative on-behalf expense. This resulted in negative revenue for operating grants and contributions on the Statement of Activities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Following are the effects on the Statement of Activities as a result of the negative on-behalf accruals recorded:

	-	Operating Grants and Contributions As Reported	Negative On-Behalf Accruals	Operating Grants and Contributions (Excluding On- Behalf Accruals)
11 - Instruction	\$	478,391 \$	(941,057)\$	1,419,448
12 - Instructional Resources and Media Services		4,553	(17,266)	21,819
21 - Instructional Leadership		8,810	(33,406)	42,216
23 - School Leadership		32,625	(123,710)	156,335
31 - Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		9,544	(36,191)	45,735
33 - Health Services		128,974	(26,913)	155,887
34 - Student (Pupil) Transportation		8,855	(33,576)	42,431
35 - Food Services		248,528	(37,264)	285,792
36 - Extracurricular Activities		13,452	(51,007)	64,459
41 - General Administration		9,194	(34,864)	44,058
51 - Facilities Maintenance and Operations		26,694	(101,220)	127,914
52 - Security and Monitoring Service		1,060	(4,020)	5,080
53 - Data Processing Services		20,544	(77,898)	98,442
72 - Interest on Long Term Debt		256,534	-	256,534
	\$	1,247,758 \$	(1,518,392)	2,766,150

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS' fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

5. New Accounting Standards Adopted

In fiscal year 2018, the District adopted two new statements of financial accounting standards Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB):

Statement No. 75-Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Statement No. 85-Omnibus 2017.

a. The primary objective of Statement No. 75 is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about support for OPEB that is provided by other entities.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB.

b. The requirements of Statement No. 85 will enhance consistency in the application of accounting and financial reporting requirements. Consistent reporting will improve the usefulness of information for users of state and local government financial statements.

The financial statements and note disclosures have been updated for the effects of the adoption of GASB Statements No. 75 and No. 85.

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation None reported Action Taken
Not applicable

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Deficit

Fund Name None reported Amount Remarks
Not applicable
Not applicable

C. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2018, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$6,660,481 and the bank balance was \$6,893,291. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2018 and during the year ended August 31, 2018, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

The District's investments at August 31, 2018 are shown below.

Investment or Investment Type	<u>aturity</u> Fair Value
Certificates of Deposit included in cash above N	/A \$ 62,394
Bank Money Market Investment Account N	′A
Included in cash above N	/A 954,642
Lone Star Investments-Investments N	/A 14,579
Total Investments	\$ 1,031,615

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

At August 31, 2018, the District's investments, other than those which are obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. Government, have no credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA- or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAA by Standard and Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of one dollar. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net asset value of 50 cents.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2018, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:	707 400 0		•	Φ 707.400
Land \$	767,106 \$	***	\$	\$ 767,106
Total capital assets not being depreciated	767,106		- -	767,106
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	29,711,179	873,918	-	30,585,097
Equipment	2,732,331	544,674		3,277,005
Vehicles	2,012,765	14,850		2,027,615
Capital Leases	69,522	77.		69,522
Total capital assets being depreciated	34,525,797	1,433,442	<u> </u>	35,959,239
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(9,232,092)	(680,134)		(9,912,226)
Equipment	(1,961,525)	(163,028)	an)	(2,124,553)
Vehicles	(1,232,028)	(121,807)	22	(1,353,835)
Capital Leases	(29,796)	(9,932)		(39,728)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,455,441)	(974,901)		(13,430,342)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	22,070,356	458,541	**	22,528,897
Governmental activities capital assets, net \$	22,837,462 \$	458,541	\$	\$ 23,296,003

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 531,945
Instructional Resources and Media Services	10,072
Curriculum and Staff Development	3,872
Instructional Leadership	16,277
School Leadership	62,431
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	36,098
Health Services	12,125
Student Transportation	24,277
Food Services	39,758
Extracurricular Activities	44,518
General Administration	38,513
Plant Maintenance and Operations	114,020
Security and Monitoring Services	2,373
Data Processing Services	38,622
	\$ 974,901

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2018, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	 Amount	Purpose	_
General Fund Other Governmental Funds	Other Governmental Funds General Fund	\$ 10,634 7,580	Short-term loans Short-term loans	
	Total	\$ 18,214		

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2018, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To		Amount	Reason
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds Total	\$ \$	295,649 295,649	Supplement other funds sources

F. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2018, are as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:	•	11.075.000	•		•	000 000 #	44 755 000 0	0.15.000
General obligation bonds	\$	11,975,000	\$	100	\$	220,000 \$	11,755,000 \$	245,000
General obligation bonds-								
Capital appreciation bonds		238,448		- A		125,878	112,570	99,893
QCCB construction bond		1,030,000		-		125,000	905,000	125,000
Capital leases		32,151		C(##))		13,966	18,185	14,888
Tax maintenance notes		1,155,000				95,000	1,060,000	95,000
Notes at Bank		413,603		135,320		135,519	413,404	182,497
Accretion on capital app bnd		1,635,542		133,901		289,122	1,480,321	724 F
Net OPEB Liability * z		6,435,373		(2,746,618))	43,580	3,645,175	-
Net Pension Liability *		1,824,444		(126,345))	157,874	1,540,225	457
Total governmental activities	\$_	24,739,561	\$	(2,603,742)	\$	1,205,939 \$	20,929,880 \$	762,278

^{*} Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Net Pension Liability *	Governmental	General Fund
Net OPEB Liability *	Governmental	General Fund

z Part of Prior Period Adjustment of \$6,391,793

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

General Obligation Bonds

General obligation school building bonds payable at August 31, 2018, with their outstanding balance are comprised of the following individual issues.

The District issued \$7,224,000 of Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 during the year ended August 31, 2013 for the purposes of lowering interest rates. Interest rates vary from 2.625% to 3.0% with installments varying from \$209,321 to \$898,006. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2018 is \$7,102,677 with \$12,677 considered capital appreciation bonds.

The District issued \$719,995 of Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds, Series 2012A during the year ended August 31, 2013 for the purposes of lowering interest rates. Interest rates vary from 1.0% to 3.0% with installments varying from \$35,727 to \$93,150. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2018 is \$390,000.

The District issued \$1,367,099 of Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds, Series 2013 during the year ended August 31, 2013 for the purposes of lowering interest rates. Interest rates are opproximately 2.0% with installments varying from \$24,738 to \$454,500. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2018 is \$979,893 with \$99,893 considered capital appreciation bonds.

The District issued \$1,539,999 of Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A during the year ended August 31, 2013 for the purposes of lowering interest rates. Interest rates vary from 1.5% to 4.0% with installments varying from \$31,841 to \$185,700. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2018 is \$1,305.000.

The District issued \$2,580,000 of Unlimited Tax School Refunding Bonds, Series 2014 during the year ended August 31, 2015 for the purposes of lowering interest rates. Interest rates vary from 2.0% to 4.0% with installments varying from \$110,686 to \$306,620. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2018 is \$2,090,000.

Qualified School Construction Bond

The District issued \$2,000,000 of Qualified School Construction Maintenance Tax Note Bonds during the year ended August 31, 2010 for the purposes of construction. Interest rate is fixed at .94% with installments varying from \$115,000 to \$130,000. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2018 is \$905,000 with a final maturity date of 2025.

Tax Maintenance Notes and Bank Notes

The District issued \$1,490,000 of Maintenance Tax Notes, Series 2013 during the year ended August 31, 2013 for the purposes of construction. Interest rates vary from 1.0% to 3.5% with installments varying from \$122,100 to \$127,050. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2018 is \$1,060,000 with a final maturity date of 2028.

The District issued a \$272,681 bank note during the year ended August 31, 2017 for the purpose of purchasing buses. The interest rate is 3.0% with installments of \$96,404 for three years. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2018 is \$184,087 with a final maturity date of 2020.

The District issued a \$140,922 bank note during the year ended August 31, 2017 for the purpose of purchasing furniture. The interest rate is 3.0% with installments of \$49,126 for three years. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2018 is \$93,997 with a final maturity date of 2020.

The District issued a \$135,320 bank note during the year ended August 31, 2018 for the purpose of purchasing laptop computers. The interest rate is 4.0% with installments of \$45,601 for three years. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2018 is \$135,320 with a final maturity date of 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Leases

The District issued a \$69,522 lease obligation during fiscal year 2015 to purchase electronic equipment, with an interest rate of 6.3% and monthly installments of \$1,340 per month. The total balance on this issue at August 31, 2018 is \$18,185 with a final maturity date of 2020.

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2018, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities-Bonds					
Year Ending August 31,		Principal		Interest	Total	
2019	\$	344,893	\$	664,258 \$	1,009,151	
2020		695,000		334,101	1,029,101	
2021		715,000		318,701	1,033,701	
2022		275,518		746,733	1,022,251	
2023		278,517		751,384	1,029,901	
2024-2028		3,203,642		2,215,939	5,419,581	
2029-2033		5,180,000		450,057	5,630,057	
2034-2038		1,175,000		16,676	1,191,676	
Totals	\$	11,867,570	\$	5,497,849 \$	17,365,419	
	(Governmental	Activ	vities-Tax Note &	QCCB Bonds	
Year Ending August 31,		Principal		Interest	Total	
2019	\$	220,000	\$	40,332 \$	260,332	
2020		220,000		36 782	256 782	

dovernmental Activities Tax Note a QOOD Bonds					
Principal	Interest	Total			
220,000	\$ 40,332	\$ 260,332			
220,000	36,782	256,782			
230,000	32,682	262,682			
230,000	28,460	258,460			
235,000	24,163	259,163			
830,000	53,947	883,947			
1,965,000	\$ 216,366	\$ 2,181,366			
	Principal 220,000 220,000 230,000 230,000 235,000 830,000	Principal Interest 220,000 \$ 40,332 220,000 36,782 230,000 32,682 230,000 28,460 235,000 24,163 830,000 53,947			

Year Ending August 31,	Governmental Activities-Bank Notes					
		Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$	182,497	\$	11,234	\$	193,731
2020		185,505		7,854		193,359
2021		45,402		1,818		47,220
Totals	\$	413,404	\$	20,906	\$	434,310

		Governmental-type Activities-Leases				
Year Ending August 31,		Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$	14,888	\$	937	\$	15,825
2020		3,297		97		3,394
Totals	\$_	18,185	\$	1,034	\$	19,219

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

3. Capital Leases

Commitments under capitalized lease agreements for facilities and equipment provide for minimum future lease payments as of August 31, 2018, as follows:

		Governme	ental Activities	-Lea:	ses
Year Ending August 31,		Principal	Interest		Total
2019	\$	14,888	937	\$	15,825
2020		3,297	97		3,394
Totals	\$	18,185 \$	1,034	\$	19,219
Lease expenditures in fisca	l year 2	2018		\$	17,298

The effective interest rate on capital leases is 3.0%.

G. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2018, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

H. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs, can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1.) above.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2016 and 2017.

Contribution Rates

	2017	2018
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (NECE - State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
District's 2018 Employer Contributions	\$ 166,040	
District's 2018 Member Contributions	\$ 461,886	
NECE 2017 On-Behalf Contributions to District	\$ 316,582	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- --- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- --- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial evaluation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2017

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return
Inflation
Salary Increases including inflation
Payroll Growth Rate
Benefit Changes during the year
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes
None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

6. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2017 are summarized below:

		Long-term Expected	Expected Contribution
		Geometric	to Long-term
	Target	Real Rate of	Portfolio
Asset Class	Allocation*	Return	Returns **
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	0.7%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.0%	0.1%
Cash	1%	-0.2%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.9%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	5.1%	1.1%
Energy & Natural Resources	3%	6.6%	0.2%
Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%
Risk Parity	F0/	0.70/	0.004
Risk Parity	5%	6.7%	0.3%
Inflation Expectation			2.2%
Alpha Total	100%		1.0% 8.7%

^{*} Target allocations are based on the FY2014 policy model. Infrastructure was moved from Real Assets to Energy and Natural Resources in FY2017, but the reallocation does not affect the long term expected geometric real rate of return or expected contribution to long-term portfolio returns.

** The expected contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

		1%		1%
	Į.	Decrease in	Discount	Increase in
	D	iscount Rate	Rate	Discount Rate
		7%	8%	9%
District's proportionate				
share of the net pension liability	\$	2,596,516 \$	1,540,225 \$	660,692

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At August 31, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$1,540,225 for its proportionate share of the TRS' net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 1,540,225
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	3,095,084
Total	\$ 4,635,309

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017.

At August 31, 2017 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0048170%. which was a decrease of -0.0000110123% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2016.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions of other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$462,875 and revenue of \$236,081 for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

At August 31, 2018, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined).

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 22,534 \$	83,062
Changes in actuarial assumptions	70,160	40,165
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	<u> </u>	112,248
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	312,232	4,016
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	166,040	
Total	\$ 570,966 \$	239,491

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ended	Expense
August 31	Amount
2019	\$ 26,601
2020	\$ 124,918
2021	\$ 19,049
2022	\$ (10,807)
2023	\$ 7,620
Thereafter	\$ (1,946)

I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefitg (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2017 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability: Total

Total OPEB liability \$43,885,784,621

Less: plan fiduciary net position 399,535,986

Net OPEB liability \$ 43,486,248,635

Net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability 0.91%

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retires from public schools, charter schools, regional education service cednters and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. there are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for the average retiree with Medicare Parts A&B coverage, with 20 to 29 years of service for the basic plan and the two optional plans:

Monthly TRS-Care Plan Premium Rates Effective September 1, 2016 - December 31, 2017						
TRS-Care 1 TRS-Care 2 TRS-Care 3 Basic Plan Optional Plan Optional Plan						
Retiree*	\$	\$ 70	\$ 100			
Retiree and Spouse	20	175	255			
Retiree* and Children	41	132	182			
Retiree and Family	61	237	337			
Surviving Children Only	28	62	82			

^{*} or surviving spouse

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the State, active employees and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.0% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		
	2017	2018
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (NECE) - State	1.00%	1.25%
Employers	0.55%	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.00%	1.25%

Current fiscal year District contributions	\$	62,447
Current fiscal year Member contributions	\$	38,991
2017 measurement year NECE contributions	\$ 54,249	

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to, regardless of whether they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program. When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the NECE in the amount of \$15.6 million in fiscal year 2017 and \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including mortality, and most of the economic assumptions are identical to those adopted by the Board in 2015 and are based on the 2014 actuarial experience study of TRS.

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2015 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2017 TRS pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation

Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.50%
Discount Rate *	3.42% *
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Payroll Growth Rate	2.50%
Projected Salary Increases **	3.50% to 9.50% **
Healthcare Trend Rates ***	4.50% to 12.00% ***
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and 75% participation after age 65
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

^{*}Source: Fixed income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Indes" as of August 31, 2017.

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.42% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of 0.44% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, there are no investments and the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected not to be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The source of the municipal bond rate was fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2017.

^{**}Includes inflation at 2.50%

^{***}Initial trend rates are 7.00% for non-Medicare retirees; 10.00% for Medicare retirees and 12.00% for prescriptions for all retirees. Initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50% over a period of 10 years.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact on the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1%Decrease in	1% Increase in	
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(2.42%)	(3.42%)	(4.42%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 4,302,212	\$ 3,645,175	\$ 3,117,066

8. Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

		Current	
		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 3,034,973	\$ 3,645,175	\$ 4,445,838

9. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs.

At August 31, 2018, the District reported a liability of \$3,645,175 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

State's proportionate share that is associated with the District \$	4.537.570
	8,182,745

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an acturial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to ther OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2016 through August 31, 2017.

At August 31, 2017 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0083824%. Since this is the first year of implementation, the District does not have the proportion measured as of August 31, 2016. The Notes to the Financial Statements for August 31, 2016 for TRS stated that the change in proportion was immaterial and, therefore, disregarded this year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

10. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation.

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- a. Significant plan changes were adopted during the fiscal year ending August 31, 2017. Effective January 1, 2018, only one health plan option will exist (instead of three), and all retirees will be required to contribute monthly premiums for coverage. The health plan changes triggered changes to several of the assumptions, including participation rates, retirement rates, and spousal participation rates.
- b. The August 31, 2016 valuation had assumed that the savings related to the Medicare Part D reimbursements would phase out by 2022. This assumption was removed for the August 31, 2017 valuation. Although there is uncertainty regarding these federal subsidies, the new assumption better reflects the current substantive plan. This change was unrelated to the plan amendment and its impact was included as an assumption change in the reconciliation of the total OPEB liability. This change significantly lowered the OPEB liability.
- c. The discount rate changed from 2.98% as of August 31, 2016 to 3.42% as of August 31, 2017. This change lowered total OPEB liability.

The Affordable Care Act includes a 40% excise tax on high-cost health plans known as the "Cadillac tax." In this valuation the impact of this tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- a. 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50%.
- b. Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- c. There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis-point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements; and changes in plan provision or applicable law.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of (2,740,796) and revenue of (1,518,392) for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

At August 31, 2018, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	7=	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$		\$ 76,096
Changes in actuarial assumptions		25	1,448,688
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		554	723
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's congtributions and the proportionate share of contributions		16	æ
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	{) <u>-</u>	62,447	
	\$_	63,017	1,524,784

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	Amount
2019	\$ (201,121)
2020	\$ (201,121)
2021	\$ (201,121)
2022	\$ (201,121)
2023	\$ (201,259)
Thereafter	\$ (518,471)

J. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2018, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$275 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third party administrator is renewable September 1, 2018, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the TRS Active Care are available for the year ended December 31, 2017, have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

K. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2018.

Self Funded Workman's Compensation Insurance

On September 1, 1991 the District joined a self-funded workers compensation plan known as East Texas Educational Insurance Association along with other Texas School Districts. The District pays an administrative fee based on total payroll costs multiplied by an experience modifier. The service agreement provides that the association will be self-sustaining through member premiums. Excess worker's compensation insurance is carried by Midwest Employers Casualty Co.. The specific retention is \$225,000, aggregate limit \$5,000,000. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has been incurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Statement of Change in Liability	2018	2017
Unpaid (overpayment) claims at September 1	\$ 49,101 \$	61,896
Net claims incurred or (adjusted) during the year	67,348	22,864
Payments of claims during the year	(19,582)	(35,659)
Unpaid claims at August 31	\$ 96,867 \$	49,101

The above amount is reflected as a liability on the financial statements as of August 31, 2018.

M. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Personal Leave Benefits

At August 31, 2018, the District had no liability for accrued sick leave or vacation leave.

District employees accumulate personal leave at the rate of 5 days per year with no accumulation limit.

The District has non vested sick and personal leave benefits at August 31, 2018 which are not recorded on the financial statements in the amount of \$757,206. These benefits are recorded as expenditures as used.

N. Prior Period Adjustment

During fiscal year 2018, the District adopted GASB No. 75 for Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. With GASB 75, the District must assume their proportionate share of the Net OPEB liability of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. Adoption of GASB 75 required a prior period adjustment to report the effect of GASB 75 retroactively. The prior period adjustment totaled (\$6,391,793) which resulted in a restated beginning net position balance of \$5,306,156.

Required supplementary informa		mentary Information	Governmental
Accounting Standards Board but n	ot considered a part of the	basic financial statements	

MAYPEARL INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Data			1		2		3		Variance with Final Budget
Control			Budgete	d A	mounts				Positive
Codes		-	Original	<u>.</u>	Final		Actual		(Negative)
5700 5800 5900	REVENUES: Local and Intermediate Sources State Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues Total Revenues	\$	3,331,167 6,410,819 45,000	\$	3,364,663 6,410,819 175,300	\$	3,651,681 6,871,648 121,877	\$	287,018 460,829 (53,423)
5020	I otal Revenues	-	9,786,986		9,950,782		10,645,206	_	694,424
0011 0012 0013	EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction & Instructional Related Services: Instruction Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum and Staff Development		4,993,637 96,415 45,000		5,289,838 103,849 40,000		5,273,453 100,496 38,636		16,385 3,353 1,364
	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services		5,135,052		5,433,687	-	5,412,585	_	21,102
0021 0023	Instructional and School Leadership: Instructional Leadership School Leadership Total Instructional & School Leadership		191,220 658,626 849,846		191,221 635,716 826,937		162,416 622,944 785,360		28,805 12,772 41,577
0031 0033 0034 0036	Support Services - Student (Pupil): Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)		223,146 135,767 299,296 431,812 1,090,021		235,206 135,767 299,296 452,242 1,122,511		232,026 120,982 257,088 451,291 1,061,387		3,180 14,785 42,208 951 61,124
0041	Administrative Support Services: General Administration Total Administrative Support Services	_	3 7 7,367 377,367		390,367 390,367	-	384,286 384,286		6,081 6,081
0051 0052 0053	Support Services - Nonstudent Based: Plant Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based		1,409,556 38,000 451,037 1,898,593		1,842,589 256,665 422,937 2,522,191		1,788,959 251,630 409,727 2,450,316	-	53,630 5,035 13,210 71,875
0071 0072 0073	Debt Service: Principal on Long-Term Debt Interest on Long-Term Debt Bond Issuance Costs and Fees Total Debt Service		428,961 428,961		369,492 56,019 3,450 428,961	-	369,485 55,220 2,129 426,834		7 799 1,321 2,127
6030	Total Expenditures		9,779,840		10,724,655	=	10,520,768	=	203,887
1100 1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		7,146		(773,873)		124,438		898,311
7914 8911 7080 1200	Other Financing Sources (Uses): Issuance of Non-Current Debt Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balance	-	 7,146		135,320 (295,649) (160,329) (934,202)		135,320 (295,649) (160,329) (35,891)	-	 898,311
0100 3000	Fund Balance - Beginning Fund Balance - Ending	\$	5,558,389 5,565,535	\$	5,558,389 4,624,187	\$	5,558,389 5,522,498	\$	 898,311

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

						F	iscal Ye	ear				
		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013		2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.005%	0.005%	0.005%	0.003%	o ne s		**	5 55 5	:75	55 -5	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,540,225 \$	1,824,444 \$	1,711,583 \$	830,296 \$	1221	\$	22	\$ 1220	\$ 	\$ 507	\$ 3
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		3,095,084	3,849,256	4,028,773	3,248,562	100 1000 1000 1000		E	÷.	<u>:</u>	350 h	
Total	\$_	4,635,309 \$	5,673,700 \$	5,740,356 \$	4,078,858 \$	1,57,0	\$:55	\$ 1551	\$.75	\$ 77.1	\$ 25
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,743,983 \$	5,669,931 \$	5,747,270 \$	5,455,302 \$	(44)	\$	32	\$ (44)	\$ 321	\$	\$ 320
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentag of its covered-employee payroll		26.81%	32.18%	29.78%	15.22%	(<u>111</u> 5		_	1226		220	100
Plan fiduciary net position as a percent of the total pension liability	tage	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%	- 55		-	(**)	:==	55 /4	

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

						F	iscal Y	ear				
		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014		2013	 2012	2011	 2010	2009
Contractually required contribution	\$	166,682 \$	153,062 \$	148,723 \$	86,404 \$	15.TTP	\$	573	\$ 755	\$ 5.5	\$ -	\$ 7.7%
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(166,682)	(153,062)	(148,723)	(86,404)	944		-	344		144	<u>121</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$_	\$	\$_	\$	\$	- 44	\$	447	\$ 146	\$ 	\$ -	\$ 92°
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	6,381,154 \$	5,743,983 \$	5,669,931 \$	5,747,270 \$	int.	\$	e-	\$ 	\$ tt.	\$ i co	\$ ***
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		2.61%	2.66%	2.62%	1.50%	F			122	227		

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACTIVE CARE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

									Measurer	nent Ye	ear Ended								
	-	2017	2016		2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability		0.008%	eee.		(550		See.		150 1		3 -17		ia-s		:: :		
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$	3,645,175 \$	146	\$	4	\$		\$	9 <u>54</u>	\$	÷	\$	2	\$	**	\$		\$	-
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$ \$	4,537,570 \$ 8,182,745 \$		1 \$ \$	(And)	1 \$ \$	**	\$\$	÷	\$ \$	<u>.</u>	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	# 	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,743,983 \$		\$	-	\$		\$	344	\$		\$	144	\$	(24)	\$		\$	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		63.46%			3 24 3		220		144		-		344				(144)		2
Plan fiduciary net position as a percer of the total OPEB liability	ntage	0.91%			(200)		250		388		_		337		, ;		20 00 0		**

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM ACTIVE CARE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

							Fisca	l Year E	Ended					
	2018	201	7	2016	- /-	2015	 2014	-	2013	_	2012	 2011	2010	 2009
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	\$ 61,911 \$	**	\$	 7	\$	**	\$ (44)(\$	-	\$:=00	\$ 	\$ (44)	\$
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution	61,911	-		227		1421 1421	((عنو ر		<u></u>		News:	_	// ==	227
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ \$		\$_	***	\$: * **	\$ \$ -	\$	**	\$	800	\$ **	\$ ()##()	\$ (##)
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,381,154 \$	-	\$	(**)	\$	-	\$ 940	\$		\$	(\$ -	\$ 6. 88 2	\$ 255
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.97%	32		D29		ův.			(200) 1888		3547	22	74 4 0	22

^{*} This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the General Fund, National School Breakfast and Lunch Program, Capital Projects Fund and Debt Service Fund. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

- a. Prior to August 21 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during

EXHIBIT H-1

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Data Control Codes			1 Budget		2 Actual	3 Variance Positive (Negative)
-0000	REVENUES:		Daugot		7101441	(regulivo)
5020	Total Revenues	\$	**	\$	-	\$ (555)/
	EXPENDITURES:					
	Capital Outlay:					
0081	Capital Outlay		295,649		295,649	-
	Total Capital Outlay	_	295,649		295,649	**
6030	Total Expenditures		295,649		295,649	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)					
1100	Expenditures		(295,649)	_	(295,649)	
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
7915	Transfers In		295,649		295,649	2552
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)		295,649		295,649	(407)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		###		**	5 ,000 75
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	557 5	\$	NT4	\$ NEALE .

Other Supplementary Information This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standard	ırd
Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which required by other entities.	is

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

		1		2	As	3 sessed/Appraised
Year Ended	_		ax Rat			alue For School
August 31		Maintenance		Debt Service	>	Tax Purposes
2009 and Prior Years	\$	Various	\$	Various	\$	Various
2010		1.04		.319		245,800,589
2011		1.04		.319		259,003,311
2012		1.04		.319		264,796,836
2013		1.04		.319		266,902,134
2014		1.04		.306		272,482,201
2015		1.04		.306		273,290,712
2016		1.04		.306		270,385,067
2017		1.04		.277		287,707,593
2018 (School Year Under Audit)		1.04		.2621		310,640,888
1000 Totals						

10 Beginning Balance 9/1/17	 20 Current Year's Total Levy	31 Naintenance Collections	32 Debt Service Collections	Ad	40 Entire Year's djustments	50 Ending Balance 8/31/18
\$ 13,990	\$ (***)	\$ ()==()	\$ (44)	\$	(8,716)	\$ 5,274
4,965		25)	-		(2,165)	2,800
3,981	20 44 1	129	40		(1,740)	2,072
11,882	UNITS 1	5,071	1,555		(1,434)	3,822
14,079	5 22 5	7,096	2,177		2,909	7,715
13,341	177.	6,250	1,839		8,111	13,363
19,707	9 <u>00</u> 8	10,779	3,172		8,283	14,039
19,568	(**)	10,157	2,989		7,825	14,247
46,484	3 22 3	23,092	6,151		911	18,152
: -:	4,044,855	3,202,770	807,160		(1)	34,924
\$ 147,997	\$ 4,044,855	\$ 3,265,344	\$ 825,083	\$	13,983	\$ 116,408

MAYPEARL INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICTFUND BALANCE AND CASH FLOW CALCULATION WORKSHEET (UNAUDITED) GENERAL FUND AS OF AUGUST 31, 2018

Data			
Control Codes	Explanation		Amount
4	Total General Fund Fund Balance as of August 31, 2018 (Exhibit C-1 object 3000 for the General Fund only)	\$	5,522,498
2	Total General Fund Nonspendable Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 341X-344X for the General Fund only))(# *)
3	Total General Fund Restricted Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 345X-349X for the General Fund only)	_	324
4	Total General Fund Committed Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 351X-354X for the General Fund only)	1	#
5	Total General Fund Assigned Fund Balance (from Exhibit C-1 - total of object 355X-359X for the General Fund only)	_	1,300,000
6	Estimated amount needed to cover fall cash flow deficits in the General Fund (net of borrowed funds and funds representing deferred revenues)	\ <u>-</u>	1841:
7	Estimate of two months' average cash disbursements during the fiscal year		1,840,000
8	Estimate of delayed payments from state sources (58XX)	_	が (And And And And And And And And And And
9	Estimate of underpayment from state sources equal to variance between Legislative Payment Estimate (LPE) and District Planning Estimate (DPE) or District's calculated earned state aid amount		F24 F
10	Estimate of delayed payments from federal sources (59XX)		100
11	Estimate of expenditures to be reimbursed to General Fund from Capital Projects Fund (uses of General Fund cash after bond referendum and prior to issuance of bonds)		(58)
12	General Fund Optimum Fund Balance and Cash Flow (Lines 2+3+4+5+6+7+8+9+10+11)		3,140,000
13	Excess (Deficit) Unassigned General Fund Fund Balance (1-12)	\$	2,382,498

Above amount to be used for equipment and building improvements.

EXHIBIT J-3

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

		1		2	3
Data Control					Variance Positive
Codes		Budget		Actual	(Negative)
	REVENUES:	 	-		
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 151,000	\$	142,481	\$ (8,519)
5800	State Program Revenues	12,200		11,670	(530)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	243,850		236,858	(6,992)
5020	Total Revenues	407,050		391,009	(16,041)
	EXPENDITURES:				
	Current:				
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):				
0035	Food Services	407,050		396,708	10,342
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	407,050		396,708	10,342
6030	Total Expenditures	407,050		396,708	10,342
1100	Fundamental (Definition on) of Parameter (United St.)				
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			(5.000)	(5.000)
1100	Expenditures	 ***		(5,699)	(5,699)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	₹₹ 2		(5,699)	(5,699)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	 54,950		54,950	344)
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 54,950	\$	49,251	\$ (5,699)

EXHIBIT J-4

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Data		1	2	3 Variance
Control				Positive
Codes		Budget	Actual	(Negative)
-	REVENUES:			(3 3 4 4 7
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 782,548	\$ 854,116	\$ 71,568
5800	State Program Revenues	211,091	256,534	45,443
5020	Total Revenues	993,639	1,110,650	117,011
	EXPENDITURES:			
	Debt Service:			
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	345,878	345,878	(##)
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	637,923	637,923	(88)
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	9,838	2,027	7,811
	Total Debt Service	 993,639	985,828	7,811
6030	Total Expenditures	993,639	985,828	7,811
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
1100	Expenditures	22	124,822	124,822
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance		124,822	124,822
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	766,677	766,677	.EE.
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 766,677	\$ 891,499	\$ 124,822

ANDERSON, MARX & BOHL, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HUDSON ANDERSON, CPA FRANK MARX, III, CPA DORI BOHL, CPA & CFE

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements

Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Board of Trustees Maypearl Independent School District P. O. Drawer 40 Maypearl, Texas 76064

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Maypearl Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Maypearl Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 18, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Maypearl Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Maypearl Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Maypearl Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Maypearl Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

anderson, Marx & Bohl, P.C.

Anderson, Marx & Bohl, P.C.

Corsicana, TX October 18, 2018

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Α.	Sun	nmary of Auditors' Results			
	1.	Financial Statements			
		Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified		
		Internal control over financial reporting:			
		One or more material weaknesses identified?	Yes	<u>X</u>	No
		One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes	X_	None Reported
		Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X	No
В.	Fina	ancial Statement Findings			

None noted

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	Management's Explanation If Not Implemented
None Noted		

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2018

None noted so none required

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF AUGUST 31, 2018

Data Control Codes		 Responses
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report?	Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other governmental agencies?	Yes
SF8	Did the school district <u>not</u> receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?	Yes
SF10	What was the total accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds (CABs) included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end?	\$ 1,480,321
SF11	Net Pension Assets (object 1920) at fiscal year-end.	\$ -
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (object 2540) at fiscal year-end.	\$ 1,540,225
SF13	Net OPEB Liabilities (object 2545) at fiscal year-end.	\$ 3,645,175