VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2022

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (Continued)

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VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Education Visalia Unified School District Visalia, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Visalia Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Visalia Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Visalia Unified School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (Government Auditing Standards), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Visalia Unified School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Visalia Unified School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud
 or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of Visalia Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about Visalia Unified School District's ability to continue as a going concern for
 a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 to 14 and the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Schedule of Changes in the District's Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the District's Contributions on pages 56 to 61 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Visalia Unified School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, except for that portion marked "unaudited," was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, that information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The information marked "unaudited" has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2022 on our consideration of Visalia Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Visalia Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Visalia Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crowe LLP

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 14, 2022

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

This section of Visalia Unified School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement Number 34. The report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

District-Wide Statements

The *District-Wide Financial Statements* present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting, which is intended to be similar to those used by private sector companies. They provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately, though our District does not have any business-type activities at this time. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), as well as all liabilities (including long-term obligations). All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regard to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The District-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities The District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes and State formula aid (Local Control Funding Formula) finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The District does not have any activities included here, as fees the District
 may charge to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides (such as specific Adult School
 classes) do not constitute major reportable activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of the three categories of activities: governmental (basic services), and proprietary (business-type activities). They focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the District-wide statements which reports on the District as a whole.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term obligations) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like federal grants).

The District currently has two kinds of funds:

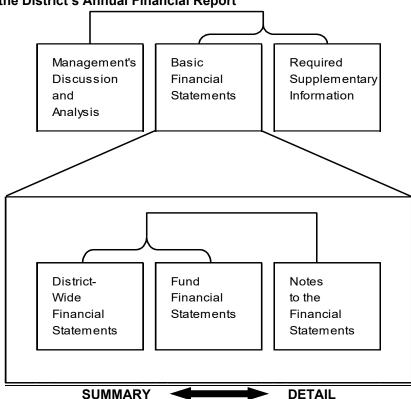
- Governmental funds These statements are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. They tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash, and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds Services for which the District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as the District-wide statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. They offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities that the District operates like a business.

Our District does not utilize enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) at this time, which are the same as business-type activities. We do, however, use internal service funds (the other kind of proprietary fund) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities. The District currently has one internal service fund – the employee health and welfare insurance fund.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information of the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year.

Figure A-1 on the next page shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1
Organization of the District's Annual Financial Report



Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS OF THE PAST YEAR

- For the 2021-22 fiscal year, Governor Gavin Newsom's "California Comeback Plan" included a mix of ongoing and one-time funding. For students, the state's focus was on in-person instruction. Beginning in 2021-22 LEA's must offer to at least all unduplicated pupils in K-6th grade, and must provide at least 50% of those students access to expanded learning opportunities. Governor Newsome supplemented additional monies to provide interventions for students focused on accelerated learning.
- The Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO) provides funding for supplemental instructions and support to students across seven targeted supplemental and support strategies. Assembly Bill (AB) 130 set forth additional requirements for students receiving instruction through Independent Study, including a requirement that students are provided with live interaction and synchronous instruction. The increased revenues expanded access to educational and support services to students including programs to accelerate and enrich academic learning.
- The following factors play a significant role in the economic recovery:
 - Decreased State and Local Unemployment Rates of 4.2% State, 7.3% Tulare County and 7.4% for Visalia, compared to 7.5% State, 9.3% Tulare County and 9.3% Visalia in the previous fiscal year.
 - UCLA Anderson says given a growing concern about the possibility of a recession caused by rising interest rates and a slowdown in housing, there is no doubt that parts of the U.S. economy continue to experience supply constraints and higher prices for raw materials. Consumers have begun to expect higher rates of inflation and the forecast expects that the Fed will significantly increase interest rates this year which will slow consumer demand. In California, the pandemic continues to be a major factor influencing the economy but is no longer the main influence. The California forecast calls for solid gains in employment.

Current data shows retail, health care, technology, and construction will have likely gains in the coming three years. For 2022 growth is expected to be 2.8%, down from the 4.3% previous forecast; for 2023, the projection is now 2.0%, down from the 2.8% previous forecast, and for 2024 1.9%, down from 2.3% from just a few months ago. The unemployment rate for third quarter of 2022 is expected to be 4.3%, with annual rates for 2022, 2023, and 2024 anticipated to be 4.5%, 4.1%, and 4.5%. In spite of the recession, the continued demand for a limited housing stock coupled with low interest rates leads to a forecast of a relatively rapid return of home building. The economists' expectation is for 124,000 net new units to be permitted in 2022, growing to 143,000 by 2024.

- Housing has seen an increase with permits up 19% and housing valuation up 61% from prior year.
- The District continues to budget using conservative revenue estimates and maintains a reserve and fund balance that enables the District to maintain fiscal solvency. The District maintains a reserve for economic uncertainty of 10.0% at the close of the 2021-22 fiscal year or \$40.5 million.
- The Districts overall financial condition improved with additional revenues from the LCFF funding formula. State revenues from the LCFF are up \$140.8 million from FY 2013-14, with \$54.6 million of those new revenues dedicated to improving services for our most needy students.
- Pension costs continue to limit the District's ability to restore and improve programs with \$30.2 million in new pension costs since 2013-14, projected to grow to \$36.3 in new costs by 2023-24.
- Valley Oak, Green Acres, Crowley, and Mineral King all received modernization during the 2021-22 year. This included new ceiling, wall, and floor finishes throughout all classroom and student spaces, technology, and next generation furniture.
- Overall, Governmental Fund revenues were \$500.8 million for the audit year, as compared to \$477.2 million in the prior year, up \$23.6 million or 4.95% due to increases in federal revenue for ESSER.
- General Fund revenues for the current year exceeded basic expenditures by \$29.4 million; \$436.1 million in revenues compared to \$406.7 million in basic expenditures with salaries and benefits accounting for 82.25% of basic expenditures compared to 81.68% for the prior year.
- Housing growth in the City of Visalia has shown steady growth for the past 5 years; which correlates
 to steady revenues from the Developer Fee Fund. The Developer Fee rate for 2021-22 was at the
 Level 2 rate at \$4.41 per square foot for residential development, an increase from 2020-21 which
 was at the Level 2 rate of \$4.16 per square foot. Total revenues increased for the year at \$7.6
 million for FY 2021-22 compared to \$6.9 million in 2020-21. The total revenue increase is mainly
 due increase in level rates.
- On February 10, 2022 the District issued 2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, total \$33,445,000. The proceeds of the Bonds were used to refund Series 2013 General Obligation Bonds. As a result of the refunding, the Districted reduced its debt service payments by \$6.0 million.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in it. Net position is the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's *operating results*. Since the governing board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, we report only the District's governmental activities, as the District does not have any business-type activities. All of the District's services are reported in this category, and include the education of kindergarten through grade twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, and the ongoing effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes; state income taxes; user fees; interest income; federal, state, and local grants; as well as general obligation bonds finance these activities.

A more detailed analysis of the District's net position and changes in net position follows:

Table A-1
Net Position

(Amounts in millions) Current and other assets	Governmental		2021 345.8	С	Dollar hange 22-2021 43.9	Total Percentage Change 2022-2021	
Capital assets (less depreciation)	Ψ	485.5	Ψ	469.4	Ψ	43.9 16.1	3.42%
Capital assets (less depleciation)		400.0		409.4	-	10.1	3.4270
Total Assets		875.2		815.3		59.9	7.35%
Current liabilities		91.2		85.6		5.6	6.55%
Long-term liabilities		396.5		582.2		(185.7)	-31.89%
Total Liabilities		487.7		667.8		(180.1)	-26.97%
Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources		71.5		85.0		(13.5)	-15.88%
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets		385.7		373.2		12.5	3.36%
Restricted		135.3		93.8		41.5	44.23%
Unrestricted		(205.0)		(234.5)		29.5	-12.58%
Total Net Position	\$	316.0	\$	232.5	\$	83.5	35.93%

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (continued)

Net position. The District's combined net position was \$232.5 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and \$316.0 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, an increase of \$83.5 million (Table A-1). This increase in the District's financial position came from its governmental activities, and was due primarily to the increase in cash from one-time funding received to mitigate the effects of the pandemic on student learning. The 31.89% decrease in long-term liabilities is related to the reduction in the District's proration of overall State's pension liability.

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities that can be found in the Basic Financial Statements Section of this document. Table A-2 takes the information from the statement, rounds the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so the reader can see the District's total revenues for the year.

Table A-2
Statement of Activities

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities 2022 2021				Total Dollar Change 2022-2021		Total Percentage Change 2022-2021
Revenues							
General revenues:							
Federal and State aid not restricted	\$	269.9	\$	254.2	\$	15.7	6.18%
Charges for services		8.4		8.2		0.2	2.44%
Operating grants and contributions		156.8		144.9		11.9	8.21%
Tax revenues		58.3		57.4		0.9	1.57%
Other local sources		2.9		15.6		(12.7)	-81.41%
Total Revenues		496.3		480.3		16.0	3.33%
Expenses							
Instruction-related		284.5		311.8		(27.3)	-8.76%
Student support services		45.8		41.0		4.8	11.71%
Administration		24.8		23.8		1.0	4.20%
Maintenance and operations		39.6		38.5		1.1	2.86%
Other		18.1		16.9		1.2	7.10%
Total Expenses		412.8		432.0		(19.2)	-4.44%
Excess of Revenues over Expenses		83.5		48.3		35.2	72.88%
Change in Net Position	\$	83.5	\$	48.3	\$	35.2	72.88%

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues increased from \$480.3 million at June 30, 2021, to \$496.3 million at June 30, 2022, an increase of 3.33 percent (Table A-2). As mentioned earlier, the increase in revenues was primarily due to the increase in revenues received in federal revenue for ESSER Funds.

The total cost of all programs and services decreased 4.4 percent from \$432.0 million at June 30, 2022, to \$412.8 million at June 30, 2022. The majority of the District's expenses relate to instruction (68.91 percent). The purely administrative activities of the District accounted for just 6.01 percent of total costs.

Overall, total revenues surpassed expenses, increasing net position \$83.5 million, an increase of \$35.2 million over last year's increase. With the cyclical challenges of the State's finances, the District will continue to work to strengthen our fiscal foundation for the years when budget reductions may be necessary and deficits may decrease the District's net position.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds – Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

In Table A-3, the net cost of each of the District's seven largest functions is presented below. The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

<u>Table A-3</u> Net Cost of Governmental Activities

(Amounts in millions)

	Net Cost of Services							
		2022		2021	\$ 0	Change	% Change	
Instruction	\$	137.4	\$	153.5	\$	(16.1)	-10.49%	
Instruction-related activities								
(supervision, library, and media)		35.5		43.8		(8.3)	-18.95%	
Other pupil services		17.5		19.1		(1.6)	-8.38%	
Food services		(3.8)		(0.1)		(3.7)	3700.00%	
Pupil transportation		6.5		6.6		(0.1)	-1.52%	
General administration		19.3		17.5		1.8	10.29%	
Maintenance and operations (plant services)		33.3		33.2		0.1	0.30%	
Other		1.9		5.3		(3.4)	-64.15%	
Totals	\$	247.6	\$	278.9	\$	(31.3)	-11.22%	

Proprietary Funds – When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the **Statement of Net Position** and the **Statement of Revenues**, **Expenses**, **and Changes in Fund Net Position**. In fact, the District's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities – such as the District's Self-Insurance Fund. The internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2021, the total net capital assets totaled \$469.4 million. At June 30, 2022, the total net capital assets totaled \$485.5 million. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$16.1 million, or 3.43 percent, from last year. The increase is related to construction and modernization projects in progress.

Table A-4
Capital Assets at Year-End
(Net of depreciation)

(Amounts in millions)

		Governmental Activities 2022 2021				Activities Change				Dollar hange	Total Percentage Change 2022-2021	
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Equipment	\$	27.5 28.6 412.3 17.1	\$	23.1 76.7 355.1 14.5	\$	4.4 (48.1) 57.2 2.6	19.05% -62.71% 16.11% 17.93%					
Totals	\$	485.5	\$	469.4	\$	16.1	3.43%					

Long-Term Obligations

At June 30, 2021, the District had \$582.2 million in long-term obligations outstanding versus \$396.5 million at June 30, 2022, a decrease of \$185.7 million or 31.9 percent. The decrease in long-term liabilities is related to the reduction in the District's proration of overall State's pension liability. Direct debt decreased by \$6.9 million in aggregate due to regular debt service payments. The Districts liabilities for retiree pensions and health insurance decreased by \$178.8 million which are attributed decreases in the Districts Net Pension Liability as well as accounting changes as it relates to the Other Postemployment Benefits.

Table A-5
Outstanding Debt at Year-end

(Amounts in millions)

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities 2022 2021					Cl	Fotal Pollar nange 12-2021	Total Percentage Change 2022-2021
General obligation bonds Certificates of participation Lease Liabilities	\$	93.0 32.7 0.6	\$	97.3 34.8 1.1		\$	(4.3) (2.1) (0.5)	-4.42% -6.03% -47.27%
Other postemployment benefits liability Net Pension Liability Compensated Absences		93.8 175.4 1.0		88.3 359.7 1.0	_		5.5 (184.3) -	6.23% -51.24% 0.00%
Totals	\$	396.5	\$	582.2	_	\$	(185.7)	-31.90%

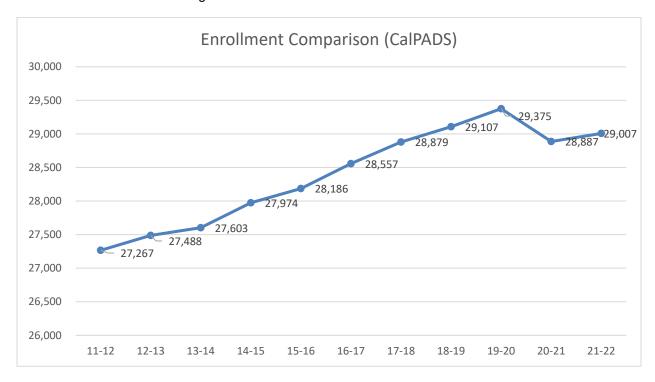
CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (continued)

The District's general obligation bond rating continues to be stable (currently AA-). The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that Districts can issue per Education Code Section 15106 to 2.5 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the District's boundaries. The District's outstanding general obligation debt of \$93.0 million is well below the statutorily-imposed limit of approximately \$350.0 million.

Other obligations include compensated absences payable, postemployment benefits (not including health benefits), and other long-term obligations. We present more detailed information regarding our long-term liabilities in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

STUDENT ENROLLMENT

The District has experienced some decline in enrollment as much of the nation has during the pandemic. The decline is primarily in Transitional Kindergarten and Kindergarten grade levels with continued growth in high school. Charter school enrollment also has grown during the pandemic as families search for options for non-classroom based attendance. The District recognized a slight enrollment increase of 916 students to 29,007 in 2021-22, from a total of 28,091 in 2020-21. Additionally, the District's CBEDS to P2 ADA ratio remains above the State average at 96.84%.



SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2021-22 ARE NOTED BELOW:

The 2021-22 fiscal year reflects the state's V-shaped recovery from the COVID-19 recession. The Governor's May Revision increased the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) provided in the Governor's Budget. First, the May Revision recognized the statutory COLA for 2021-22 at 1.70%, an increase of 0.2% from the Governor's original budget. Second, to help local educational agencies (LEA's) address ongoing fiscal pressures, additional Prop 98 monies were set aside to increase the COLA applicable to LCFF by an additional 1.0%, brining COLA to 2.70%. The 2.70% COLA compounded with the 2019-20 statutory COLA of 2.315%, resulted in an LCFF "mega" COLA of 5.015% for 2021-22. This "mega" COLA was designed to bring LCFF rates beyond where the 2020-21 statutory COLA had been funded. The base grants as well as supplemental concentration grant amounts increased from the 2019-20 amounts.

The certificated bargaining unit reached an agreement with the District to fund step and column movement for the 2021-22 school year. The agreement also provided a 4.5% increase to salary schedules as well as restoring the one (1) day that was furloughed last year. Certificated members also received a one-time off salary schedule payment meeting certain requirements. Certificated staff also began receiving their hourly rate (extra contracted rate) for any approved work outside/during their contracted day. Subsequently, the bargaining units reached an agreement in September 2021 to address the requirements of AB 130 to serve additional students through Independent Study. As a result of these requirements for AB 130, the salary schedule was increased by an additional 4.5%. The classified bargaining unit reached an agreement with the District to provide step movement and a 4.5% increase to the salary schedule for 2021-22. In addition, a one-time off salary schedule payment was provided to bargaining unit members meeting certain requirements. The percentage of salary contributed to STRS by the district on-behalf of its teachers had an increase from 16.155 in 2020-21 to 16.92% in 2021-22. California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) rates paid by the district for classified staff grew slightly going from 20.70% in 2020-21 to 22.91% in 2021-22.

At the end of 2021-22, VUSD maintained a reserve for economic uncertainties at 10.0% for FY 2021-22.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The last two years created a major disruption to schools and families across the nation. The learning recovery will take time and we look forward to the start of the 2022-23 school year without the distractions of the pandemic and a return to the foundational teaching and leadership practices that will move the district and student learning forward. The State budget for Education just two years ago projected a \$54 billion deficit and expectations of a global recession; however, over the course of these last two years we have seen historic budget surplus fueled by capital gains from the stock market, growth in equity in the housing market, and a return to low unemployment. The 2022-23 State budget for Proposition 98 is projected to be the highest ever and schools will benefit from additional revenues on an ongoing and one-time basis.

The VUSD General Fund budget is projected to be just over \$401 million in the budget year as a result of remaining State and Federal one-time funds used to establish and maintain the VUSD 3-year Expanded Learning Plan as well as address workplace safety and ventilation, provide infrastructure for technology and wireless needs, and maintain in-person instruction.

The VUSD budget uses the assumptions from the Governor's May Revision to build the 2022-23 budget and includes a Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) of 6.56%. Other non LCFF funding including Special Education, Adult School, State Preschool, Career Technical Education, and After School programs will receive the same COLA. The Governor has proposed many increases to new and one-time programs within the May Revise and many of those proposals have been adopted by the Legislature but in varying amounts. Most of these proposals are not included in the VUSD budget until such time as they are approved by the Legislature and adopted in the final State budget. This budget is a balanced budget and begins a rebuilding process placing a priority on creating the conditions for our schools to give our students the best learning environment, the most qualified teaching and classified staff, safe schools, and limitless opportunities for future success as we move forward together with the VUSD community.

While this is a balanced budget and there are significant one-time funds available, there are still reasons to be cautious with increases to ongoing spending including higher pension costs, declining enrollment projections in the future, and economic conditions signaling economic pressure ahead. We will continue to monitor these indicators closely.

Highlights of the VUSD 2022-23 Budget include:

- Implementation of the Local Control and Accountability Plan using supplemental and concentration (targeted) funds to improve services across the District by expanding student opportunities for learning, after-school enrichment and behavior support and intervention.
- Maintenance of the District Reserve for Economic Uncertainty of 10%.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES (continued)

The District continues to budget conservatively and the key assumptions in our revenue forecast are:

- 1. Regular Average Daily Attendance (ADA) from with zero projected growth for 2021-22 is budgeted at 26,611.90.
- 2. State Lottery is projected to be \$228.00 per ADA, of which \$65.00 is restricted to instructional materials, and \$163.00 is unrestricted.
- 3. One-time dollars are not budgeted until received.

Expenditures are based on the following assumptions:

- 1. Step increases for certificated, management, and classified are budgeted in full at \$2.41 million.
- 2. Health care costs per employee will be shared by the District and employee as negotiated. The annual cost of health care coverage will be \$16,681.80 per certificated employee, \$15,821.64 per management employee, and \$15,154.44 per classified employee. The District will pay \$14,466.50 per certificated employee, \$14,354.64 per management employee and \$15,154.44 per classified employee.
- 3. Routine Restricted Maintenance Account is funded at 3% of total General Fund expenditures.
- 4. Contributions to restricted programs to cover projected encroachment will be \$55.1 million.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Nathan Hernandez, Chief Business Officer, Administrative Services, at Visalia Unified School District, 5000 West Cypress Avenue, Visalia, California 93277, or e-mail at nhernandez@vusd.org.



VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and investments (Note 2) Receivables Stores inventory Prepaid expenditures Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 4) Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	\$ 326,740,465 60,535,558 523,442 1,956,411 56,023,830 429,501,710
Total assets	875,281,416
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (Notes 8 and 9) Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB (Note 10)	71,843,726 9,967,499
Total deferred outflows	81,811,225
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable Claims liability (Note 5) Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities: Due within one year (Note 6) Due after one year (Note 6)	68,575,863 7,414,510 15,211,819 7,863,815 388,695,008
Total liabilities	487,761,015
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (Notes 8 and 9) Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB (Note 10)	144,105,000 9,190,684
Total deferred inflows	153,295,684
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	385,700,410
Restricted: Legally restricted programs Capital projects Debt service Unrestricted Total net position	73,247,877 51,039,970 11,059,302 (205,011,617) \$ 316,035,942

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program I	Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenues and Change in Net Position
-			Charges	Operating	Capital	_
			for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental
	Expenses	3	Services	Contributions	Contributions	<u>Activities</u>
Governmental activities:						
Instruction	\$ 236,204,351	\$	1,271,286	\$ 74,756,436	\$ 22,803,204	\$(137,373,425)
Instruction-related services:						
Supervision of instruction	12,956,099		72,838	7,368,971	-	(5,514,290)
Instructional library, media and technolog	3,709,444		6,372	1,301,736	-	(2,401,336)
School site administration	31,591,216		732	4,020,920	-	(27,569,564)
Pupil services:						
Home-to-school transportation	6,903,804		206,011	167,122	-	(6,530,671)
Food services	12,892,223		249,099	16,477,827	-	3,834,703
All other pupil services	26,021,647		349,056	8,180,935	-	(17,491,656)
General administration:						
Data processing	10,261,302		1,137,530	331,277	-	(8,792,495)
All other general administration	14,524,859		49,757	3,951,973	-	(10,523,129)
Plant services	39,609,294		1,281,200	5,036,143	-	(33,291,951)
Ancillary services	10,857,634		354,570	11,604,600	-	1,101,536
Other outgo	2,852,138		3,406,475	824,624	-	1,378,961
Interest on long-term liabilities	4,439,528		-	-	-	(4,439,528)
Total governmental activities	\$ 412,823,539	\$	8,384,926	\$ 134,022,564	\$ 22,803,204	(247,612,845)
	General revenue					
	Taxes and sul		tions:			
			general pur	ooses		51,472,880
			debt service			5,550,919
			other specif			1,318,814
			•	d to specific purp	0000	269,905,213
				a to specific purp	0565	
	Interest and inve		•			(5,551,810)
	Interagency reve	enues	5			3,134,363
	Miscellaneous					5,328,258
	Total gen	eral ı	revenues			331,158,637
	Change in	n net	position			83,545,792
	Net positi	on, J	uly 1, 2021			232,490,150
	Net positi	on, J	une 30, 2022	2		\$ 316,035,942

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

		All	Total
	General	Non-Major	Governmental
	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Funds</u>
ASSETS			
Cook and inspetueoutes			
Cash and investments: Cash in County Treasury	\$ 181,399,005	\$ 81,030,553	\$ 262,429,558
Cash on hand and in banks	106,114	1,718,085	1,824,199
Cash in revolving fund	59,295	6,588	65,883
Cash with Fiscal Agent	6,820,695	-	6,820,695
Receivables	54,561,926	5,973,632	60,535,558
Due from other funds	667,247	31,691,951	32,359,198
Stores inventory	198,503	324,939	523,442
Prepaid expenditures	1,956,411		1,956,411
Total assets	\$ 245,769,196	\$ 120,745,748	\$ 366,514,944
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 62,145,850	\$ 4,140,095	\$ 66,285,945
Due to other funds	23,618,527	8,740,671	32,359,198
Unearned revenue	13,868,146	1,343,673	15,211,819
Total liabilities	99,632,523	14,224,439	113,856,962
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable	2,214,209	331,527	2,545,736
Restricted	55,379,158	106,189,782	161,568,940
Committed	37,315,297	-	37,315,297
Assigned	10,535,718	-	10,535,718
Unassigned	40,692,291		40,692,291
Total fund balances	146,136,673	106,521,309	252,657,982
Total liabilities			
and fund balances	\$ 245,769,196	\$ 120,745,748	\$ 366,514,944

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 252,657,982
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used for governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$729,696,516		
and the accumulated depreciation is \$244,170,976 (Note 4).		485,525,540
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2022 consisted of (Note 6): General Obligation Bonds Unamortized premiums Certificate of Participation Financing liabilities Net pension liability (Notes 8 and 9) Net OPEB liability (Note 10) Compensated absences In governmental funds, interest on long-term liabilities is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the	\$ (89,340,000) (3,717,981) (32,740,000) (580,466) (175,401,000) (93,828,128) (951,248)	(396,558,823)
the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred.		(1,485,680)
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pension are reported (Note 8 and 9). Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions	\$ 71,843,726 (144,105,000)	(72,261,274)
Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds. Assets and liabilities are reported within the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position		(72,261,274) 47,381,382
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported (Note 10): Deferred outflows of resources relating to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources relating to OPEB	\$ 9,967,499 (9,190,684)	776,815
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 316,035,942

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Revenues:	General <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF): State apportionment Local sources	\$ 266,250,116 49,246,129	\$ - 	\$ 266,250,116 49,246,129
Total LCFF	315,496,245		315,496,245
Federal sources Other state sources Other local sources	53,956,709 50,966,323 14,967,404	16,082,613 32,631,556 16,727,226	70,039,322 83,597,879 31,694,630
Total revenues	435,386,681	65,441,395	500,828,076
Expenditures: Current: Certificated salaries	168,580,163	3,107,216	171,687,379
Classified salaries	53,064,476	6,649,273	59,713,749
Employee benefits	112,823,962	5,318,150	118,142,112
Books and supplies	23,975,019	7,006,024	30,981,043
Contract services and			
operating expenditures	35,071,740	5,124,143	40,195,883
Other outgo	2,852,138	-	2,852,138
Capital outlay	10,022,160	26,581,488	36,603,648
Debt service: Principal retirement	505,704	7,310,000	7,815,704
Interest	16,906	4,024,725	4,041,631
Total expenditures	406,912,268	65,121,019	472,033,287
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	28,474,413	320,376	28,794,789
Other financing (uses) sources:			
Transfers in	834,619	34,515,909	35,350,528
Transfers out	(24,498,509)	(10,852,019)	(35, 350, 528)
Proceeds from the sale of land	-	2,390,000	2,390,000
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	33,445,000	33,445,000
Debt issuance premiums	-	252,523	252,523
Deposit to refunding escrow		(32,947,337)	(32,947,337)
Total other financing (uses) sources	(23,663,890)	26,804,076	3,140,186
Change in fund balances	4,810,523	27,124,452	31,934,975
Fund balances, July 1, 2021	141,326,150	79,396,857	220,723,007
Fund balances, June 30, 2022	\$ 146,136,673	<u>\$ 106,521,309</u>	\$ 252,657,982

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 31,934,975
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Acquisition of capital assets is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but increases capital assets in the statement of net position (Note 4).	38,090,827
Depreciation of capital assets is an expense that is not recorded in the governmental funds (Note 4).	(20,672,643)
If a planned capital project is canceled and will not be completed, costs previously capitalized must be written off to expense. Costs written off for canceled projects were:	(392,809)
In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported.	(939,749)
The proceeds from debt are recognized as other financing sources in the governmental funds, but are reported as increases to liabilities in the government-wide statements.	(33,445,000)
Repayment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but decreases the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (Note 6).	33,340,675
In governmental funds, debt issued at a premium is recognized as an other financing source. In the government-wide statements debt issued as a premium is amortized as interest over the life of the debt (Note 6).	1,856,737
Accreted interest is an expense that is not recorded in the government funds (Note 6).	5,008,460
In governmental funds, interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in	
the period that it is incurred.	44,582

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

In the statement of activities, expenditures related to compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (Note 6).	\$	58,080
In government funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis.		(3,094,131)
In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was.		25,410,678
Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost recovery basis. The change in net position for the Self-Insurance Fund was:	_	6,345,110
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	83,545,792

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND June 30, 2022

Δ	S	S	F٦	ΓS

('ach	and	investments:
Casii	anu	IIIVOSUIIOIUS.

Cash in County Treasury \$ 17,844,192
Cash with Fiscal Agent \$ 37,755,938

Total current assets 55,600,130

LIABILITIES

Current liabilities:

Accounts payable 804,238 Claims payable 7,414,510

Total liabilities 8,218,748

NET POSITION

Unrestricted \$ 47,381,382

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating revenues:	
Self-insurance premiums	\$ 49,944,760
Other state revenues	8,867
Other local revenues	10,228,396
Total operating revenues	60,182,023
Operating expenses:	
Certificated salaries	87,286
Classified salaries	272,533
Employee benefits	193,302
Contract services and other operating expenses	52,703,948
- J J I	
Total operating expense	53,257,069
Operating income	6,924,954
Non-operating revenue (expense)	
Interest income	112,816
Net decrease in fair value of Cash in County Treasury	(692,660)
Het decrease in fair value of dash in deality freastry	(002,000)
Total non-operating revenue (expense)	(579,844)
1 3 (1 /	(,,
Change in net position	6,345,110
Total net position, July 1, 2021	41,036,272
Total net position, June 30, 2022	\$ 47,381,382

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUND SELF-INSURANCE FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from self-insurance premiums Cash paid for employee claims benefits Cash paid for salaries and related benefits	\$	60,182,023 (52,002,503) (553,121)
Net cash provided by operating activities		7,626,399
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income received Change in Cash in County Treasury value		112,816 (692,660)
Net cash used in investing activities		(579,844)
Increase in cash and investments		7,046,555
Cash in County Treasury, July 1, 2021		48,553,575
Cash in County Treasury, June 30, 2022	\$	55,600,130
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Operating income Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities: Increase (decrease) in:	\$	6,924,954
Claims liability and accounts payable Due to other funds		796,743 (95,298)
Total adjustments	_	701,445
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	7,626,399

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Visalia Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the California Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

Reporting Entity: The Board of Education is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public school education in the District. The Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board since Board members have decision-making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities.

The District and the Visalia Unified School District Financing Corporation (the "Corporation") have a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100*, for inclusion of the Corporation as a blended component unit of the District. Accordingly, the financial activities of the Corporation have been included in the basic financial statements of the District.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District and the Corporation which satisfy Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, as amended:

A - Manifestation of Oversight

- The Corporation's Board of Directors were appointed by the District's Board of Education.
- The Corporation has no employees. The District's Superintendent and Assistant Superintendents function as agents of the Corporation. Neither receives additional compensation for work performed in this capacity.
- The District exercises significant influence over operations of the Corporation as it is anticipated that the District will be sole lessee of all facilities owned by the Corporation.

B - Accounting for Fiscal Matters

- All major financing arrangements, contracts, and other transactions of the Corporation must have the consent of the District.
- Any deficits incurred by the Corporation will be reflected in the lease payments of the District. Any surpluses of the Corporation revert to the District at the end of the lease period.
- It is anticipated that the District's lease payments will be the sole revenue source of the Corporation.
- The District has assumed a "moral obligation," and potentially a legal obligation, for any debt incurred by the Corporation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C - Scope of Public Service and Financial Presentation

- The Corporation was created for the sole purpose of financially assisting the District.
- The Corporation is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of California and recorded by the Secretary of State. The Corporation was formed to provide financing assistance to the District for construction and acquisition of major capital facilities. Upon completion the District intends to occupy all Corporation facilities. When the Corporation's Certificates of Participation have been paid with state reimbursements and the District's developer fees, title of all Corporation property will pass to the District for no additional consideration.
- The Corporation's financial activity is included in the basic financial statements as the Capital Facilities and Debt Service Funds. Certificates of Participation issued by the Corporation are included in the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Financial Statements</u>: The basic financial statements include a Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) section providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations, financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the District's activities, including infrastructure and a focus on the major funds.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements</u>: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Section (GASB Cod. Sec.) N50.118-.121.

Program revenues: Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses: The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term liabilities is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting: The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

A - Major Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

B - Other Funds

Special Revenue Funds - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. This classification includes the Student Activity, Adult Education, Child Development and Cafeteria Funds.

Capital Projects Funds - Capital Projects Funds are used to account for resources used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities by the District. This classification includes the Building, Capital Facilities, County School Facilities, and Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Funds.

Debt Service Funds - Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs. This classification includes the Bond Interest and Redemption and Debt Service Funds.

Self-Insurance Fund - The Self-Insurance Fund is an internal service fund used to account for the District's self- insured health and welfare plan.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the basic financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

<u>Accrual</u>: Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

<u>Modified Accrual</u>: The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term liabilities, if any, is recognized when due.

<u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>: By state law, the Board of Education must adopt a final budget by July 1. A public hearing is conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The Board of Education complied with these requirements.

<u>Receivables</u>: Receivables are made up principally of amounts due from the State of California. The District has determined that no allowance for doubtful accounts was necessary as of June 30, 2022.

<u>Stores Inventory</u>: Inventories in the General and Cafeteria Funds are valued at average cost and consist mainly of school supplies and consumable supplies. Inventories are recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are transferred from the warehouse to schools and offices.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets</u>: The District maintains a capitalization threshold of an original cost of \$5,000 for equipment and \$15,000 for buildings and improvements. When purchased, such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value for the contributed asset. Additions, improvements and other capital outlay that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives for the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements, 5 to 50 years; equipment 2 to 15 years.

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absences totaling \$951,248 are recorded as a liability of the District. The liability is for the earned but unused benefits.

<u>Accumulated Sick Leave</u>: Sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expenditure or expense in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits for certain STRP and PERF B employees, when the employee retires.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u>: Revenue from federal, state, and local special projects and programs is recognized when qualified expenditures have been incurred. Funds received but not earned are recorded as unearned revenue until earned.

<u>Interfund Activity</u>: Interfund activity is reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods, and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District has recognized deferred outflows of resources related to the recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liabilities.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has recognized deferred inflows of resources related to the recognition of the net pension and net OPEB liabilities.

<u>Pensions</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) and Public Employers Retirement Fund B (PERF B) and additions to/deductions from STRP's and PERF B's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by STRP and PERF B. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Certain investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The following is a summary of pension amounts in aggregate:

	<u>STRP</u>	PERF B			<u>Total</u>		
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 52,863,478	\$	18,980,248	\$	71,843,726		
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 111,900,000	\$	32,205,000	\$	144,105,000		
Net pension liability	\$ 101,284,000	\$	74,117,000	\$	175,401,000		
Pension expense	\$ 17,087,172	\$	10,159,635	\$	27,246,807		

Net Position: Net position is displayed in three components:

- 1. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consist of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding related debt and adjusted for unspent debt proceeds and deferred outflows/inflows resulting from refunding debt instruments.
- 2. Restricted Net Position Restrictions of the ending net position indicate the portions of net position not appropriable for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. The restriction for legally restricted programs represents the portion of net position restricted to specific program expenditures. The restriction for debt service represents the portion of net position which the District plans to expend on debt repayment. The restriction for capital projects represents the portion of net position restricted for capital projects. It is the District's policy to first spend restricted net position when allowable expenditures are incurred.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investments in capital assets".

<u>Fund Balance Classifications</u>: Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Sections 1300 and 1800, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800) implements a five-tier fund balance classification hierarchy that depicts the extent to which a government is bound by spending constraints imposed on the use of its resources. The five classifications, discussed in more detail below, are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

- A Nonspendable Fund Balance The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form, such as revolving fund cash, prepaid expenditures and stores inventory.
- B Restricted Fund Balance The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. These are the same restrictions used to determine restricted net position as reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.
- C Committed Fund Balance The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Board of Education. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. Formal action by the Board of Education is required to remove any commitment from any fund balance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

D - Assigned Fund Balance - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the District's Board of Education has approved to be used for specific purposes, based on the District's intent related to those specific purposes. The Board of Education can designate personnel with the authority to assign fund balances. At June 30, 2022, the Board of Education has designated the Chief Financial Officer with the authority to assign fund balances.

E - Unassigned Fund Balance - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

In any fund other than the General Fund, a positive unassigned fund balance is never reported because amounts in any other fund are assumed to have been assigned, at least, to the purpose of that fund. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

<u>Fund Balance Policy</u>: The District has an expenditure policy relating to fund balances. For purposes of fund balance classifications, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balances first, followed in order by committed fund balances (if any), assigned fund balances and lastly unassigned fund balances.

While GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do not require districts to establish a minimum fund balance policy or a stabilization arrangement, GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do require the disclosure of a minimum fund balance policy and stabilization arrangements, if they have been adopted by the Board of Education. At June 30, 2022, the District has not established a minimum fund balance policy nor has it established a stabilization arrangement.

<u>Property Taxes</u>: Secured property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are due in two installments on or before November 15 and March 15. Unsecured property taxes are due in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Tulare bills and collects taxes for the District. Tax revenues are recognized by the District when received.

<u>Encumbrances</u>: Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. All encumbrances are liquidated as of June 30.

<u>Eliminations and Reclassifications</u>: In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

New Accounting Pronouncements: In June 2017, the GASB issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB 87 requires the recognition of certain assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Under this statement a lease is required to be recognized as a lease liability and an intangible right to use lease asset and the lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources. This statement was originally effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019, but due to the adoption of GASB 95, the implementation date was extended to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. District management performed an analysis and determined that the implementation of GASB 87 did not have a material impact on the District's financial statements and there was no restatement to beginning net position.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Governmental <u>Funds</u>		Proprietary <u>Fund</u>	Total Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Pooled Funds: Cash in County Treasury	\$	262,429,558	#REF!	#REF!
Deposits: Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving fund		1,824,199 65,883	-	1,824,199 65,883
Investments: Cash with Fiscal Agent		6,820,695	37,755,938	44,576,633
Total cash and investments	\$	271,140,335	#REF!	#REF!

<u>Pooled Funds</u>: In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the interest bearing Tulare County Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund. The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

In accordance with applicable state laws, the Tulare County Treasurer may invest in derivative securities. However, at June 30, 2022, the Tulare County Treasurer has represented that the Treasurer's pooled investment fund contained no derivatives or other investments with similar risk profiles.

<u>Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk</u>: The District limits custodial credit risk by ensuring uninsured balances are collateralized by the respective financial institution. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are collateralized by the respective financial institution. At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's accounts was \$1,890,082 and the bank balances were \$2,014,967. The total uninsured bank balance at June 30, 2022 was \$953,344.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

<u>Investments</u>: The Cash with Fiscal Agent in the General Fund represents funds held for future pension costs. These amounts are held in a trust administered by the Public Agency Retirement Services ("PARS") and have been recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Cash with Fiscal Agent in the Governmental and Proprietary Funds represents cash segregated for the future payment of self-insurance benefits. These amounts are held by a third party custodian in the District's name, and are recorded on the amortized cost basis.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits cash and investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At June 30, 2022, the District had no significant interest rate risk related to cash and investments held.

<u>Credit Risk</u>: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u>: The District does not place limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2022, the District had no concentration of credit risk.

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

<u>Interfund Activity</u>: Transactions between funds of the District are recorded as interfund transfers, except for the Self-Insurance Fund activity which is recorded as income and expenditures of the Self-Insurance Fund and the funds which incur payroll costs, respectively. The unpaid balances at year end, as a result of such transactions, are shown as due to and due from other funds.

<u>Interfund Receivables/Payables</u>: Individual interfund receivable and payable represent short term timing differences in transfers of amounts from the fund receiving revenue to the fund incurring expense. Balances at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	Interfund <u>Receivables</u>			Interfund <u>Payables</u>	
Major Fund: General	\$	667,247	\$	23,618,527	
Non-Major Funds:					
Adult Education		161		116,727	
Child Development		3,513		104,145	
Cafeteria		407,637		445,008	
County School Facilities		232,221		8,073,419	
Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects		31,048,419		1,372	
Totals	\$	32,359,198	\$	32,359,198	

NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

<u>Transfers</u>: Transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended.

Transfers for the 2021-2022 fiscal year were as follows:

Transfer from the Adult Education Fund to the General Fund for indirect cost support.	\$	255,740
Transfer from the Child Development Fund to the General Fund for indirect cost support.		160,882
Transfer from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for indirect cost support.		417,997
Transfer from the Capital Facilities Fund to the County School Facilities Fund to provide a contribution to Sycamore Valley Academy construction costs.		232,221
Transfer from the General Fund to the Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Fund to support construction costs.		22,975,000
Transfer from the General Fund to the Debt Service Fund for Certificate of Participation payment.		1,523,509
Transfer from the Capital Facilities Fund to the Debt Service Fund for Certificate of Participation payment.		1,711,760
Transfer from the County School Facilities Fund to the Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Fund for the reimbursement of		0.070.440
previously incurred modernization project costs.	_	8,073,419
	\$	35,350,528

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A schedule of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2022 is shown below:

	Balance July 1,				Balance June 30,
	<u>2021</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>2022</u>
Governmental Activities					
Non-depreciable:					
Land	\$ 23,142,664	\$ 5,248,230	\$ 939,749	\$ -	\$ 27,451,145
Work-in-process	76,726,252	20,732,841	392,809	(68,493,599)	28,572,685
Depreciable:					
Buildings and improvements	552,709,465	6,907,115	-	68,293,297	627,909,877
Furniture and equipment	40,359,866	5,202,641	9,506	200,302	45,762,809
Totals, at cost	692,938,247	38,090,827	1,342,064		729,696,516
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	(197,588,964)	(17,966,451)	-	-	(215,555,415)
Furniture and equipment	(25,909,369)	(2,706,192)	(9,506)		(28,615,561)
Total accumulated					
depreciation	(223,498,333)	(20,672,643)	(9,506)		(244,170,976)
Capital assets, net	\$ 469,439,914	\$ 17,418,184	\$ 1,332,558	\$ -	\$ 485,525,540

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction	\$ 13,482,032
Instruction supervision and administration	743,188
Instruction library, media, and technology	151,927
School site administration	1,965,999
Home-to-school transportation	344,776
Food services	398,665
All other pupil services	1,467,590
Ancillary services	208,294
All other general administration	503,909
Data processing	264,571
Plant Services	1,141,692
Total depreciation expense	\$ 20,672,643

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT/CLAIMS LIABILITY

The District's risk management activities for employee health benefits are recorded in the Self-Insurance Fund. District exposure to workers' compensation claims and property/liability are provided for through the purchase of insurance from a joint powers entity, Self-Insured Schools of California III (see Note 11).

The District records an estimated liability for health care. Health and welfare liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims including future claim adjustment expenses and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported based on historical experience. The Self-Insurance fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. Coverage amounts over property and liability, \$250,000,000 and \$50,000,000 respectively, have remained unchanged. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The liabilities for unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses are as follows:

		June 30,	June 30,
		<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Unpaid claim and claim adjustment expenses, beginning of the year	\$	7,509,808	\$ 6,722,736
Total incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses		52,608,560	46,540,354
Total Payments	_	(52,703,858)	(45,753,282)
Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses at end of year	\$	7,414,510	\$ 7,509,808

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

General Obligation Bonds:

A summary of General Obligation Bonds payable as of June 30, 2022 follows:

		Current				
	Interest	Fiscal Year	Outstanding	Current Year	Current Year	Outstanding
<u>Series</u>	Rate %	<u>Maturity</u>	July 1, 2021	Issuance	Matured	June 30, 2022
Election 2012 - Series 2013	4.00-5.35%	2024	\$ 29,319,971	\$ -	\$ 26,694,971	\$ 2,625,000
Election 2012 - Series 2015	4.00-5.00%	2041	22,220,000	-	570,000	21,650,000
Election 2018 - Series 2020	2.00-5.00%	2045	35,170,000	-	3,550,000	31,620,000
2022 GO Refunding Bonds	2.65-3.50%	2044	-	33,445,000	-	33,445,000
			\$ 86,709,971	\$ 33,445,000	\$ 30,814,971	\$ 89,340,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

On April 25, 2013, the District issued Election of 2012, Series 2013 General Obligation Bonds totaling \$33,999,971. The Bonds were comprised of \$22,725,000 which were issued as Current Interest Bonds, and \$11,274,971 which were issued as Capital Appreciation Bonds. The proceeds of the Bonds are being used to update and construct District facilities. The Bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.35% and mature through August 2023.

On June 18, 2015, the District issued Election of 2012, Series 2015 General Obligation Bonds, totaling \$26,100,000. The proceeds of the Bonds are being used to fund the modernization of existing schools and construction of new facilities. The bonds bear interest at rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00% and are scheduled to mature through August 2040.

On July 9, 2020 the District issued Election of 2018, Series 2020 General Obligation Bonds, totaling \$35,170,000. The proceeds of the Bonds are being used to fund facility and technology upgrades, and school security measures. The Bonds mature through August 1, 2044 with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 5.0%.

On February 10, 2022 the District issued 2022 General Obligation Refunding Bonds, totaling \$33,445,000. The proceeds of the Bonds were used to refund certain maturities of the District's Election of 2012, Series 2013 General Obligation Bonds, as well as related accreted interest. As of June 30, 2022, \$25,524,971 of the refunded maturities remain outstanding, but are considered defeased and no longer reported as obligations of the District. The 2022 Refunding Bonds mature through August 1, 2043 with interest rates ranging from 2.65 - 3.50%.

As a result of the refunding, the District in effect reduced its aggregate debt service payments by \$6,005,803 and obtained an economic gain of \$3,882,643.

A summary of all future maturities of the District's General Obligation Bonds follows:

Year Ending			Total Debt
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Service
2023	\$ 5,165,000	\$ 2,848,282	\$ 8,013,282
2024	2,055,000	2,755,779	4,810,779
2025	1,540,000	2,674,704	4,214,704
2026	1,695,000	2,612,279	4,307,279
2027	1,765,000	2,544,229	4,309,229
2028-2032	10,935,000	11,532,016	22,467,016
2033-2037	14,970,000	9,267,533	24,237,533
2038-2042	33,745,000	5,447,321	39,192,321
2043-2045	 17,470,000	 735,615	 18,205,615
	\$ 89,340,000	\$ 40,417,757	\$ 129,757,757

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Certificates of Participation</u>: In June 2015, the District issued Certificates of Participation (2015 COPs) in the amount of \$18,435,000. The 2015 COPs bear interest at rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% and mature through September 1, 2038. Proceeds from the issuance of the 2015 COPs were used for the acquisition and improvement of District property and facilities and to refund on a current basis, the outstanding balance of the 2005 COPs.

Scheduled payments for the 2015 COPs are as follows:

Year Ending	COPs			
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Payments</u>			
2023	\$	1,338,413		
2024		1,386,163		
2025		1,341,663		
2026		1,297,163		
2027		1,355,138		
2028-2032		5,852,534		
2033-2037		4,718,072		
2038-2039		1,426,600		
Total payments		18,715,746		
Less amount representing interest		(4,395,746)		
Net present value of minimum payments		14,320,000		

In May 2018, the District issued Certificates of Participation (2018 COPs) in the amount of \$59,780,000. The 2018 COPs bear interest at rates ranging from 3.0% to 5.0% and mature through May 1, 2034. Proceeds from the issuance of the 2018 COPs were used for the acquisition, construction, modernization, and installation of school facilities improvements.

Scheduled payments for the 2018 COPs are as follows:

Year Ending		COPs
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>Payment</u>	
2023	\$	1,943,731
2024		1,942,631
2025		1,940,331
2026		1,941,831
2027		1,941,981
2028-2032		9,714,856
2033-2035		3,524,063
Total payments		22,949,424
Less amount representing interest		(4,529,424)
Net present value of minimum payments	\$	18,420,000

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Financing Liabilities:</u> The District purchased school buses under long-term financing agreements which provide the District with a purchase agreement upon expiration. At June 30, 2022, the assets reported with capital assets under these agreements totaled \$3,041,281, with the accumulated depreciation of \$1,448,299.

Future yearly payments on the financing liabilities are as follows:

Year Ending		
<u>June 30,</u>	<u>P</u> :	ayments
2023	\$	406,708
2024		126,196
2025		63,098
Total payments		596,002
Less amount representing interest		(15,536)
Net present value of minimum payments	\$	580,466

<u>Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>: A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is shown below:

					Amounts
	Balance			Balance	Due Within
	June 30, 2021	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2022	One Year
Governmental Activities					
Debt:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 86,709,971	\$ 33,445,000	\$ 30,814,971	\$ 89,340,000	\$ 5,165,000
Unamortized premiums	5,574,718	252,523	2,109,260	3,717,981	133,043
Accreted interest	5,008,460	791,965	5,800,425	-	-
Certificates of Participation	34,760,000	-	2,020,000	32,740,000	2,170,000
Financing liabilities	1,086,170	-	505,704	580,466	395,772
Other long-term liabilities:					
Net pension liability (Note 8 & 9)	359,752,000	-	184,351,000	175,401,000	-
Net OPEB Liability (Note 10)	88,278,149	5,549,979	-	93,828,128	-
Compensated absences	1,009,328		58,080	951,248	
	\$ 582,178,796	\$ 40,039,467	\$ 225,659,440	\$ 396,558,823	\$ 7,863,815

Payments on the General Obligation Bonds are made from the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. Payments on the Certificates of Participation are made from the Debt Service Fund. Payments on the lease liabilities are made from the General Fund. Payments towards on the net OPEB liability, net pension liability, and compensated absences are made from the fund for which the related employee worked.

NOTE 7 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances, by category, at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

		General <u>Fund</u>		All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>		<u>Total</u>
Nonspendable:						
Revolving cash fund	\$	59,295	\$	6,588	\$	65,883
Stores inventory		198,503		324,939		523,442
Prepaid expenditures	_	1,956,411		<u>-</u>	_	1,956,411
Subtotal nonspendable	_	2,214,209		331,527		2,545,736
Restricted:						
Legally restricted:						
Grants		55,379,158		-		55,379,158
Student body activities		-		2,144,048		2,144,048
Adult education program		-		7,665,887		7,665,887
Child development program		-		672,870		672,870
Cafeteria operations		-		7,054,386		7,054,386
Capital projects		-		77,593,289		77,593,289
Debt service	_		_	11,059,302	_	11,059,302
Subtotal restricted		55,379,158	_	106,189,782	_	161,568,940
Committed:						
Other postemployment benefits		27,903,632		-		27,903,632
Pension reserves		6,820,695		-		6,820,695
LCAP reserves	_	2,590,970		<u>-</u>		2,590,970
Subtotal committed		37,315,297	_	_	_	37,315,297
Assigned:						
LCAP Balances carry-over		9,845,215		_		9,845,215
Site donations carryover	_	690,503			_	690,503
Subtotal assigned		10,535,718	_		_	10,535,718
Unassigned:						
Designated for economic uncertainty		40,541,376		-		40,541,376
Unassigned		150,915	_		_	150,915
Subtotal unassigned		40,692,291	_	<u>-</u>	_	40,692,291
Total fund balances	\$	146,136,673	\$	106,521,309	\$	252,657,982

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN

General Information about the State Teachers' Retirement Plan

<u>Plan Description</u>: Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided with pensions through the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The Teachers' Retirement Law (California Education Code Section 22000 et seq.), as enacted and amended by the California Legislature, established this plan and CalSTRS as the administrator. The benefit terms of the plans may be amended through legislation. CalSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.calstrs.com.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The STRP Defined Benefit Program has two benefit formulas:

- CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.
- CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.

The Defined Benefit (DB) Program provides retirement benefits based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. In addition, the retirement program provides benefits to members upon disability and to survivors/beneficiaries upon the death of eligible members. There are several differences between the two benefit formulas which are noted below.

CalSTRS 2% at 60 - CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, up to the 2.4 maximum.

CalSTRS calculates retirement benefits based on a one-year final compensation for members who retired on or after January 1, 2001, with 25 or more years of credited service, or for classroom teachers with less than 25 years of credited service if the employer elected to pay the additional benefit cost prior to January 1, 2014. One-year final compensation means a member's highest average annual compensation earnable for 12 consecutive months calculated by taking the creditable compensation that a member could earn in a school year while employed on a fulltime basis, for a position in which the person worked. For members with less than 25 years of credited service, final compensation is the highest average annual compensation earnable for any 36 consecutive months of credited service.

CalSTRS 2% at 62 - CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

All CalSTRS 2% at 62 members have their final compensation based on their highest average annual compensation earnable for 36 consecutive months of credited service.

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

<u>Contributions</u>: Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Current contribution rates were established by California Assembly Bill 1469 (CalSTRS Funding Plan), which was passed into law in June 2014, and various subsequent legislation.

The CalSTRS Funding Plan established a schedule of contribution rate increases shared among members, employers, and the State of California to bring CalSTRS toward full funding by fiscal year 2046. California Senate Bill 90 and California Assembly Bill 84 (collectively the "Special Legislation") were signed into law in June 2019 and June 2020, respectively, and provided supplemental contributions to the DB Program along with supplemental contribution rate relief to employers through fiscal year 2021–22.

A summary of statutory contribution rates and other sources of contributions to the DB Program pursuant to the CalSTRS Funding Plan and the Special Legislation, are as follows:

Members - Under CalSTRS 2% at 60, the member contribution rate was 10.250 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2021-22.

Under CalSTRS 2% at 62, members contribute 50 percent of the normal cost of their retirement plan, which resulted in a contribution rate of 10.205 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2021-22. According to current law, the contribution rate for CalSTRS 2% at 62 members is adjusted if the normal cost increases or decreases by more than 1 percent since the last timethe member contribution rate was set. Based on the June 30, 2020, valuation adopted by the board in June 2021, the increase in normal cost was less than 1 percent. Therefore, the contribution rate for CalSTRS 2% at 62 members did not change effective July 1, 2021.

Employers – 16.920 percent of applicable member earnings. This rate reflects the original employer contribution rate of 19.10 percent resulting from the CalSTRS Funding Plan, and subsequently reduced for the 2.18 percent to be paid on behalf of employers pursuant to the Special Legislation.

Beginning in fiscal year 2021–22, the CalSTRS Funding Plan authorizes the board to adjust the employer supplemental contribution rate up or down by a maximum of 1% for a total rate of no higher than 20.25% and no lower than 8.25%. In June 2021, the CalSTRS board voted to keep the employer supplemental contribution rate the same for fiscal year 2021–22; it remained at 10.85% effective July 1, 2021.

Through the Special Legislation approved in June 2019 and June 2020, the State made supplemental contributions of approximately \$2.2 billion to CalSTRS on behalf of employers to supplant the amounts submitted by employers for fiscal years 2019–20 through 2021–22. Specifically, employers will remit 1.03%, 2.95% and 2.18% less than is required by the CalSTRS Funding Plan for fiscal years 2019–20, 2020–21 and 2021–22, respectively.

NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The CalSTRS employer contribution rate increases effective for fiscal year 2021-22 through fiscal year 2045-46 are summarized in the table below:

Effective <u>Date</u>	Base <u>Rate</u>	Supplemental Rate Per CalSTRS <u>Funding Plan</u>	Rate Adjustment Per Special <u>Legislation</u>	<u>Total</u>
July 1, 2021 July 1, 2022 to	8.250%	10.850%	(2.180%)	16.920%
June 30, 2046	8.250%	(1)	N/A	(1)
July 1, 2046	8.250%	Increase from AB	1469 rate ends in 2	2046-47

⁽¹⁾ The CalSTRS Funding Plan authorizes the board to adjust the employer contribution rate up or down by up to 1% each year, but no higher than 20.250% total and no lower than 8.250%.

The District contributed \$28,203,478 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

State – 10.828 percent of the members' creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year.

The state is required to contribute a base contribution rate set in statute at 2.017%. Pursuant to the CalSTRS Funding Plan, the state also has a supplemental contribution rate, which the board can increase by up to 0.5% each fiscal year to help eliminate the state's share of the CalSTRS unfunded actuarial obligation by 2046. In June 2021, the board approved an increase of 0.5% for fiscal year 2021–22, which will increase the state supplemental contribution rate to 6.311% effective July 1, 2021.

The CalSTRS state contribution rates effective for fiscal year 2021-22 and beyond are summarized in the table below:

Effective Date	Base <u>Rate</u>	Supplemental Rate Per CalSTRS <u>Funding Plan</u>	SBMA <u>Funding</u> ⁽¹⁾	<u>Total</u>
July 01, 2021 July 01, 2022 to	2.017%	6.311%	2.50%	10.828%
June 30, 2046 July 01, 2046	2.017% 2.017%	(2) (3)	2.50% 2.50%	(2) (3)

⁽¹⁾ The SBMA contribution rate excludes the \$72 million that is reduced from the required contribution in accordance with Education Code section 22954.

⁽²⁾ The board has limited authority to adjust the state contribution rate annually through June 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation. The board cannot increase the supplemental rate by more than 0.5% in a fiscal year, and if there is no unfunded actuarial obligation, the supplemental contribution rate imposed would be reduced to 0%.

⁽³⁾ From July 1, 2046, and thereafter, the rates in effect prior to July 1, 2014, are reinstated, if necessary, to address any remaining unfunded actuarial obligation.

NOTE 8 – NET PENSION LIABILITY – STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 101,284,000
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	60,262,000
Total	\$ 161,546,000

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school Districts and the State. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.223 percent, which was a decrease of 0.027 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$17,087,172 and revenue of \$16,919,757 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 254,000	\$	10,779,000
Changes of assumptions	14,351,000		-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments	-		80,118,000
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	10,055,000		21,003,000
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	 28,203,478	_	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 52,863,478	\$	111,900,000

\$28,203,478 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023.

NOTE 8 – NET PENSION LIABILITY – STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
<u>June 30,</u>	
2023	\$ (16,345,667)
2024	\$ (14,614,667)
2025	\$ (21,697,167)
2026	\$ (25,899,833)
2027	\$ (4,111,333)
2028	\$ (4,571,333)

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and changes in proportion are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 7 years as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earrings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>: The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Wage Growth	3.50%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% simple for DB
	Not applicable for DBS/CBB

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent, which was unchanged from the prior fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increase per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Mortality</u>: CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

NOTE 8 – NET PENSION LIABILITY – STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS investment staff and investment consultants as inputs to the process.

The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the CalSTRS board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset <u>Allocation</u>	Long-Term* Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Public Equity	42%	4.8%
Real Estate Assets	15	3.6
Private Equity	13	6.3
Fixed Income	12	1.3
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10	1.8
Inflation Sensitive	6	3.3
Cash / Liquidity	2	(0.4)

^{* 20-}year geometric average

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
		Decrease		Discount	Increase
		<u>(6.10%)</u>	<u>F</u>	Rate (7.10%)	<u>(8.10%)</u>
District's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability	<u>\$</u>	206,177,000	\$	101,284,000	\$ 14,224,000

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 9 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B

General Information about the Public Employer's Retirement Fund B

<u>Plan Description</u>: The schools cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (PERF B) is administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Plan membership consists of non-teaching and non-certified employees of public schools (K-12), community college districts, offices of education, charter and private schools (elective) in the State of California.

The Plan was established to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to non-teaching and noncertified employees in schools. The benefit provisions for Plan employees are established by statute. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at:

https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/acfr-2021.pdf

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: The benefits for the defined benefit plans are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years (10 years for State Second Tier members) of credited service.

<u>Contributions</u>: The benefits for the defined benefit pension plans are funded by contributions from members and employers, and earnings from investments. Member and employer contributions are a percentage of applicable member compensation. Member contribution rates are defined by law and depend on the respective employer's benefit formulas. Employer contribution rates are determined by periodic actuarial valuations or by state statute. Actuarial valuations are based on the benefit formulas and employee groups of each employer. Employer contributions, including lump sum contributions made when district's first join the PERF B, are credited with a market value adjustment in determining contribution rates.

The required contribution rates of most active plan members are based on a percentage of salary in excess of a base compensation amount ranging from zero dollars to \$863 monthly.

Required contribution rates for active plan members and employers as a percentage of payroll for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Members - The member contribution rate was 7.0 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2021-22.

Employers - The employer contribution rate was 22.91 percent of applicable member earnings.

The District contributed \$13,443,248 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$74,117,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school Districts. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.364 percent, which was a decrease of 0.017 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

NOTE 9 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$10,159,635. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows Resources	 ferred Inflows f Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,213,000	\$ 175,000
Changes of assumptions	-	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments	-	28,444,000
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	3,324,000	3,586,000
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	 13,443,248	
Total	\$ 18,980,248	\$ 32,205,000

\$13,443,248 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
<u>June 30,</u>	
2023	\$ (4,603,083)
2024	\$ (6,060,083)
2025	\$ (8,093,584)
2026	\$ (7,911,250)

Differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions, and changes in proportion are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 4 years as of the June 30, 2021, measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

NOTE 9 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>: The total pension liability for the Plan was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

June 30, 2020 Valuation Date June 30, 1997 through June 30, 2015 **Experience Study Actuarial Cost Method** Entry age normal Investment Rate of Return 7.15% Consumer Price Inflation 2.50% Wage Growth Varies by entry age and service Post-retirement Benefit Increases Contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.50% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries 90% of Scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found at CalPERS' website.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

Asset Class	Long -Term* Assumed Asset Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return Years of 1 - 10 ⁽¹⁾	Expected Real Rate of Return Years of 11+ ⁽²⁾
Clobal Equity	50%	4.80%	F 000/
Global Equity			5.98%
Fixed Income	28	1.00	2.62
Inflation Assets	-	0.77	1.81
Private Equity	8	6.30	7.23
Real Estate Assets	13	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1	-	(0.92)

^{* 10-}year geometric average

^{1.} An expected inflation rate of 2.00% used for this period

^{2.} An expected inflation rate of 2.92% used for this period

NOTE 9 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Plan. The results of the crossover testing for the Plan are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building- block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical and forecasted information for all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short term (first 10 years) and the long term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short term and long term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long- term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7,15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease		Discount	Increase
	<u>(6.15%)</u>	<u>R</u>	ate (7.15%)	(8.15%)
District's proportionate share of the				
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 124,971,000	\$	74,117,000	\$ 31,897,000

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u>: Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

General Information about the Other Postemployment Benefits Plan (OPEB)

<u>Plan Description</u>: In addition to the pension benefits described in Notes 8 and 9, the District provides healthcare benefits to eligible employees who retire from the District, as part of a single-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan (Plan). The Plan is administered by the District and allows employees who retire after having achieved retirement eligibility requirements to continue receiving medical insurance coverage. The District's Board of Education has the authority to establish or amend the benefit terms offered by the Plan. The District's Board of Education also retains the authority to establish the requirements for paying for the Plan's benefits as they come due.

The District has established an irrevocable trust through Public Agency Retirement Services (PARS), for the purpose of prefunding the costs of other postemployment benefits related to the District's net OPEB liability. The funds are held, and will be administered, by PARS as an agent multiple-employer trust (Trust). Assets contributed to the Trust are included in PARS' trust financial statements. Copies of PARS' independent financial statements may be obtained from the Public Agency Retirement Services – 4350 Von Karman Avenue, Newport Beach, CA 92660.

<u>Benefits Provided</u>: In accordance with contracts between the District and the respective employee groups, employees who retire on or after reaching age 55 with at least 15 years of service, are entitled to benefits through the Plan, up to age 65. Under the Plan, employees who retire from a full-time position receive District-paid medical benefits equal to the coverage provided to full-time active employees, excluding life insurance benefits. Employees who retire from the District having worked more than 50% but less than 75% of full-time are entitled to pro-rated benefits, which vary by employee group. Employees who retire from the District having worked less than 50% of full-time are not entitled to receive benefits under the Plan.

Certificated and Management Employees: Certificated and management employees who retire from the District having worked more than 50% but less than 75% of full-time, receive District contributions towards medical benefits equal to one-half of the coverage provided to employees who retire from a full-time position. Required contribution amounts for certificated and management retirees is \$1,260 and \$792 per year, respectively. Retirees must contribute \$756 per year for a covered spouse, in addition to \$192 per covered dependent, up to a maximum of three dependents.

Classified Employees: Classified employees who retire from the District having worked at least 3 hours but less than 4 hours per day receive contributions towards medical benefits equal to 25 percent of the coverage provided to classified employees who retire from a full-time position. Classified employees working at least 4 hours but less than 5 hours per day receive contributions towards medical benefits equal to 50 percent of the coverage provided to classified employees who retire from a full-time position. Classified employees working at least 5 hours but less than 6 hours per day receive contributions towards medical benefits equal to 50 percent of the coverage provided to classified employees who retire from a full-time position.

The District's premium rates being charged to these retirees are lower than the expected cost for a retiree population under age 65. Thus, an implicit subsidy exists as a result of this difference between the actual cost and the true retiree cost.

<u>Contributions</u>: California Government Code specifies that the District's contribution requirements for covered employees are established and may be amended by the Governing Board. District and retiree contributions to the cost of healthcare vary depending on employee group in which the retiree worked and percentage of full-time employment of the individual. Contributions paid through the Plan as benefits from the District were \$6,137,562 for the year ended June 30, 2022. District contributions to Trust are voluntary, and there were no contributions to the Trust for the year ended June 30, 2022. Employees are not required to contribute to the OPEB plan.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

<u>OPEB Plan Investments</u>: The discount rate of 5.00% was determined using the following asset allocation and assumed rate of return, adjusted for conservatism:

	Percentage	
<u>Asset Class</u>	of Portfolio	Rate of Return*
US Large Cap	40%	7.8%
US Mid Cap	20	7.8
Long-Term Corporate Bonds	20	5.3
Long-Term Government Bonds	15	4.5
Intermediate-Term Government Bonds	5	4.5

^{*} Geometric average

Rolling periods of time for all asset classes in combination we used to appropriately reflect correlation between asset classes. This means that the average returns for any asset class do not necessarily reflect the averages over time individually, but reflect the return for the asset class for the portfolio average. Additionally, the historic 30 year real rates of return for each asset class along with the assumed long-term inflation assumption was used to set the discount rate. The investment return was offset by assumed investment expenses of 25 basis points. It was further assumed that contributions to the plan would be sufficient to fully fund the obligation over a period not to exceed 30 years.

<u>Employees Covered by Benefit Terms</u>: The following is a table of plan participants included in the District's most recent actuarial valuation:

	Number of
	<u>Participants</u>
Inactive Plan members, covered spouses, or	
beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	286
Active employees	2,655
	2,941

Net OPEB Liability - The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 based on an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u>: The total OPEB liability in the District's actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Method	Entry Age actuarial cost method
Discount Rate	5.00%.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Long-Term Investment Rate of Return The long-term rate of return on investments was

determined to be 5.00% and is based on the PARS'

expected long-term mean rate of return.

Mortality Rates Mortality rates are taken from the 2021 CalPERS

OPEB Assumptions Model (for classified employees) and from the 2020 valuation of CalSTRS (for

certificated employees).

<u>Health Care Increases</u> Medical insurance premiums are assumed to

increase by 5.00% annually. Future retiree contributions are assumed to remain unchanged after

2018.

<u>Turnover/Retirement Rates</u>

Termination and retirement rates were taken from the

most recent experience studies for CalPERS (2021)

and CalSTRS (2020).

<u>Inflation Rate</u> 2.75% per year

Salary Increases 3.00% per year

Coverage Elections 100% of eligible employees are assumed to elect

coverage upon retirement, and to remain covered

under the District plans until age 65.

Medicare Coverage All current and future participating retirees and

spouses will qualify for Medicare coverage and enroll

in Parts A and B upon age 65.

Medical Claims Medical claims were estimated based on the true per

person costs of coverage. The age- specific rates were developed to reproduce the same aggregate premiums that would be paid to the carriers for all

current employee and retirees

<u>Age</u>	Cost
40	\$ 11,397
45	14,279
50	17,685
55	21,090
60	25,806
64	25,806

<u>Discount Rate</u>: All future benefit payments were discounted using a discount rate of 5.0%. As the plan is funded by an irrevocable trust, and the plans' projected contributions and net position are expected to fully cover future benefit payments, the discount rate has been set to equal the long-term rate of return on plan investments. The long-term mean rate of return on plan investments of 5.0% calculated based on the PARS expected long-term mean rate of return.

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)								
	7	otal OPEB <u>Liability</u> (a)		tal Fiduciary let Position (b)		Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)			
Balance at July 1, 2021	\$	90,978,628	\$	2,700,479	\$	88,278,149			
Changes for the year:									
Service cost		5,628,227		-		5,628,227			
Interest		4,395,492		-		4,395,492			
Differences between actual and									
expected experience		4,102,309		-		4,102,309			
Changes in assumptions		(1,561,731)		-		(1,561,731)			
Employer contributions		-		6,137,562		(6,137,562)			
Net investment income		-		876,756		(876,756)			
Benefits paid to retirees	_	(6,137,562)		(6,137,562)					
Net change		6,426,735		876,756		5,549,979			
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$	97,405,363	\$	3,577,235	\$	93,828,128			

Changes in assumptions included an update in the retirement and mortality assumptions. The June 30, 2019 valuation used the 2016 CalSTRS and 2017 CalPERS experience studies, and the June 30, 2021 valuation used the 2020 CalSTRS and 2021 CalPERS experience studies. There were no changes between the measurement date and the year ended June 30, 2022 which had a significant effect on the District's total OPEB liability.

Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the total OPEB liability, at June 30, 2022 3.67%

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the District, as well as what the District's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease		Discount	Increase
	<u>(4.0%)</u>	<u>R</u>	ate (5.0%)	<u>(6.0%)</u>
Net OPEB liability	\$ 103,242,709	\$	93,828,128	\$ 85,431,700

NOTE 10 - OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates: The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the District, as well as what the District's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage-point lower or one percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	1%	He	althcare Cost	1%
	Decrease	Т	rend Rates	Increase
	<u>(4.0%)</u>	<u>F</u>	Rate (5.0%)	<u>(6.0%)</u>
Net OPEB liability	\$ 83,536,730	\$	93,828,128	\$ 106,042,935

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$9,121,738. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources arose from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	 ferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 3,789,156	\$ 5,945,503
Changes in assumptions	-	2,628,058
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments	44,028	617,123
Benefits paid subsequent to measurement date	 6,134,315	
Total	\$ 9,967,499	\$ 9,190,684

\$6,134,315 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to benefits paid subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2023	\$ (729,727)
2024	\$ (705,989)
2025	\$ (707,557)
2026	\$ (721,190)
2027	\$ (572,842)
Thereafter	\$ (1,920,195)

Deferred inflows related to changes between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are recognized over the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees which is 12.3 years. Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments and changes in assumptions are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

NOTE 11 - JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of the Schools Association For Excess Risk (SAFER), Self-Insured Schools of California III (SISC III), Tulare County Schools Insurance Group (TCSIG), the Tulare County School's Self-Insurance Authority (TCSSIA), the Protected Insurance Program for Schools (PIPS), and Nor-Cal Relief (NCR) public entity risk polls. The District pays an annual premium to each entity for its excess health, worker's compensation, and property liability coverage. The relationship between the District and the pools is such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes. The District is also a member of the Visalia Civic Facilities Authority Joint Powers Authority (VCFJPA). No audited financial information is available for the VCFJPA as of June 30, 2022 however the financial activity of the JPA is not expected to be significant to the District. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage provided in the prior year.

Condensed audited financial information for the District's JPAs at June 30, 2021 for TCSIG, NCR, SAFER, PIPS and TCSSIA, September 30, 2021 (most recent information available) for SISC III are as follows:

	SAFE	<u>:R</u> <u>SI</u>	SC III	<u>TCSIG</u>	<u>TCSSIA</u>	<u>PIPS</u>	<u>NCR</u>
Total assets	\$ 43,77	9,353 \$ 1,02	1,448,838 \$	4,409,536	\$ 2,309,051	\$ 191,377,661	\$ 82,004,796
Total liabilities	\$ 41,87	3,705 \$ 23	1,863,981 \$	1,540,804	\$ 509,556	\$ 129,353,377	\$ 51,323,041
Net position	\$ 1,90	5,648 \$ 78	9,584,857 \$	2,868,732	\$ 1,799,495	\$ 62,024,284	\$ 30,681,755
Total revenues	\$ 101,92	3,130 \$ 2,72	5,489,512 \$	27,171,608	\$ 4,278,888	\$ 329,018,404	\$ 78,041,010
Total expenses	\$ 101,67	3,081 \$ 2,62	0,106,815 \$	25,615,119	\$ 3,865,528	\$ 309,066,485	\$ 63,589,183
Change in net position	\$ 25	0,049 \$ 10	5,382,697 \$	1,556,489	\$ 413,360	\$ 19,951,919	\$ 14,451,827

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

The District has received federal and state funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could result in expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is management's opinion that any required reimbursements of future revenue offsets subsequently determined will not have a material effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

<u>Construction Commitments</u>: As of June 30, 2022, the District has approximately \$18.2 million in outstanding commitments on construction contracts.



VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Buc	lget	<u> </u>			Variance		
		Original		Final		Actual		avorable favorable)	
Revenues:		<u>Origina.</u>		<u>- mai</u>		<u>/ totaal</u>	<u>(U.).</u>	<u>avorabioj</u>	
Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF):									
State apportionment	\$	262,519,615	\$	266,250,116	\$	266,250,116	\$	-	
Local sources		48,556,128	_	49,246,129	_	49,246,129		-	
Total LCFF		311,075,743		315,496,245		315,496,245			
Federal sources		111,292,943		53,956,709		53,956,709		-	
Other state sources		25,116,125		50,966,323		50,966,323		-	
Other local sources	_	14,579,179	_	14,967,404	_	14,967,404			
Total revenues	_	462,063,990	_	435,386,681	_	435,386,681			
Expenditures:									
Current: Certificated salaries		140 040 507		160 E00 160		168,580,163			
Classified salaries		149,219,507 51,972,675		168,580,163 53,064,476		53,064,476		-	
Employee benefits		106,981,977		112,823,962		112,823,962		-	
Books and supplies		110,981,977		23,975,019		23,975,019		-	
Contract services and		110,035,434		23,975,019		23,975,019		-	
operating expenditures		22,827,754		35,051,740		35,071,740		(20,000)	
Other outgo		2,443,050		2,852,138		2,852,138		(20,000)	
Capital outlay		296,747		10,022,160		10,022,160		_	
Debt service:				-,-		, , , , , ,			
Principal retirement		493,342		525,704		505,704		20,000	
Interest		22,122		16,906		16,906		<u> </u>	
Total expenditures		444,292,608		406,912,268	_	406,912,268			
Excess of revenues									
over expenditures		17,771,382	_	28,474,413		28,474,413			
Other financing (uses) sources:									
Transfers in		-		834,619		834,619		-	
Transfers out		(6,563,588)		(24,498,509)	_	(24,498,509)			
Total other financing									
(uses) sources		(6,563,588)	_	(23,663,890)		(23,663,890)		_	
Change in fund balance		11,207,794		4,810,523		4,810,523		-	
Fund balance, July 1, 2021		141,326,150		141,326,150		141,326,150	-		
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$	152,533,944	\$	146,136,673	\$	146,136,673	\$		

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S NET OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Last 10 Fi	scal Years						
		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	2020		<u>2021</u>		2022
Total OPEB liability Service cost Interest Differences between actual	\$	4,824,244 4,279,826	\$ 4,968,971 4,372,579	\$ 5,118,040 4,525,284	\$	5,464,298 4,224,719	\$	5,628,227 4,395,492
and expected experience Assumption changes Benefit payments	_	- (7,960,101)	 - (6,537,924)	 (7,863,406) (1,567,977) (6,036,957)		- (6,409,531)		4,102,309 (1,561,731) (6,137,562)
Net change in total OPEB liability		1,143,969	2,803,626	(5,825,016)		3,279,486		6,426,735
Total OPEB liability, beginning of year		89,576,563	 90,720,532	 93,524,158		87,699,142		90,978,628
Total OPEB liability, end of year (a)	\$	90,720,532	\$ 93,524,158	\$ 87,699,142	\$	90,978,628	\$	97,405,363
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Net investment income Benefit payments	\$	7,960,101 286,142 (7,960,101)	\$ 6,537,924 232,967 (6,537,924)	\$ 6,036,957 118,109 (6,036,957)	\$	6,409,531 63,677 (6,409,531)	\$	6,137,562 876,756 (6,137,562)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		286,142	232,967	118,109		63,677		876,756
Plan fiduciary net position, beginning of year		1,999,584	 2,285,726	 2,518,693		2,636,802	_	2,700,479
Plan fiduciary net position, end of year (b)	\$	2,285,726	\$ 2,518,693	\$ 2,636,802	\$	2,700,479	\$	3,577,235
Net OPEB liability, end of year (a) - (b)	\$	88,434,806	\$ 91,005,465	\$ 85,062,340	\$	88,278,149	\$	93,828,128
Covered employee payroll	\$1	169,274,768	\$ 180,359,723	\$ 191,626,869	\$2	205,437,892	\$2	211,321,328
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		1.35%	1.40%	1.38%		1.31%		1.69%
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		52.24%	50.46%	44.39%		42.97%		44.40%

⁽a) This is a 10 year schedule, however the information in this schedule is not required to be presented retrospectively. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the yearend that occurred one year prior. All years prior to 2018 are not available.

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

State Teachers' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years												
	<u>2015</u> <u>2016</u> <u>2017</u> <u>2018</u> <u>2019</u> <u>2020</u> <u>2021</u>											
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.220%	0.225%	0.230%	0.229%	0.239%	0.247%	0.250%	0.223%				
District's proportionate share of the net net pension liability	\$ 128,708,000	\$ 151,391,000	\$ 185,666,000	\$ 211,382,000	\$ 219,911,000	\$ 222,962,000	\$ 242,753,000	\$ 101,284,000				
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	77,720,000	80,069,000	105,706,000	125,053,000	125,910,000	121,642,000	132,663,000	60,262,000				
Total net pension liability	\$ 206,428,000	\$ 231,460,000	\$ 291,372,000	\$ 336,435,000	\$ 345,821,000	\$ 344,604,000	\$ 375,416,000	\$ 161,546,000				
District's covered payroll	\$ 98,100,000	\$ 104,372,000	\$ 114,403,000	\$ 121,141,000	\$ 128,590,000	\$ 135,001,000	\$ 135,255,000	\$ 119,538,000				
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	131.20%	145.05%	162.29%	174.49%	171.02%	165.16%	179.48%	84.73%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.52%	74.02%	70.04%	69.46%	70.99%	72.56%	71.82%	87.21%				

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Public Employer's Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years													
		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		2017		2018		2019	2020	2021	2022
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.285%		0.298%		0.312%		0.326%		0.349%	0.361%	0.381%	0.364%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	32,390,000	\$	43,931,000	\$	61,677,000	\$	77,748,000	\$	92,964,000	\$ 105,157,000	\$ 116,999,000	\$ 74,117,000
District's covered payroll	\$	29,950,000	\$	32,996,000	\$	37,465,000	\$	41,524,000	\$	45,957,000	\$ 50,023,000	\$ 54,927,000	\$ 52,293,000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		108.15%		133.14%		164.63%		187.24%		202.28%	210.22%	213.01%	141.73%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		83.38%		79.43%		73.89%		71.87%		70.85%	70.05%	70.00%	80.97%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

State Teachers' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	2018	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 9,268,239	\$ 12,275,486	\$ 15,239,531	\$ 18,555,488	\$ 21,978,106	\$ 24,695,088	\$ 23,692,415	\$ 28,203,478
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(9,268,239)	(12,275,486)	(15,239,531)	(18,555,488)	(21,978,106)	(24,695,088)	(23,692,415)	(28,203,478)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 104,372,000	\$ 114,403,000	\$ 121,141,000	\$ 128,590,000	\$ 135,001,000	\$ 135,255,000	\$ 119,538,000	\$ 147,662,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.88%	10.73%	12.58%	14.43%	16.28%	17.10% *	16.15% **	16.92%***

^{*} This rate reflects the original employer contribution rate of 18.13 percent under AB1469, reduced for the 1.03 percent to be paid on behalf of employers pursuant to SB 90.

^{**} This rate reflects the original employer contribution rate of 19.10 percent under AB1469, reduced for the 2.95 percent to be paid on behalf of employers pursuant to SB 90.

^{***} This rate reflects the original employer contribution rate of 19.10 percent under AB1469, reduced for the 2.18 percent to be paid on behalf of employers pursuant to SB 90.

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Public Employer's Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022

	<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>	2017		<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>		2021		2022
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,883,945	\$	4,438,484	\$ 5,767,704	\$	7,137,659	\$ 9,035,122	\$ 10,817,408	\$	11,294,635	\$	13,443,248
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(3,883,945	<u> </u>	(4,438,484)	 (5,767,704)	_	(7,137,659)	 (9,035,122)	 (10,817,408)	_	(11,294,635)	_	(13,443,248)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$ 32,996,000	\$	37,465,000	\$ 41,524,000	\$	45,957,000	\$ 50,023,000	\$ 54,927,000	\$	52,293,000	\$	58,679,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.77%		11.85%	13.89%		15.53%	18.06%	19.72%		20.70%		22.91%

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedule</u>: The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Education to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Schedule of Changes in Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability: The Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability is presented to illustrate the elements of the District's net OPEB liability. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10 year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available. The District has accumulated assets in a qualified trust for the purpose of paying the benefits related to the District's total OPEB Liability.

<u>Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability</u>: The Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability is presented to illustrate the elements of the District's net Pension liability. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of the District's Contributions: The Schedule of the District's Contributions is presented to illustrate the District's required contributions relating to the pensions. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10- year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

<u>Changes of Benefit Terms</u>: There are no changes in benefit terms reported in the Required Supplementary Information.

<u>Changes of Assumptions</u>: The 2017 CalPERS and 2016 CalSTRS experience studies were used for the probability assumptions of retirement, termination and mortality in the June 30, 2017 and 2019 actuarial valuation of the total OPEB liability. The 2021 CalPERS and 2020 CalSTRS experience studies were used for the probability assumptions of retirement, termination and mortality in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation of the total OPEB liability.

The discount rates used for the Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (PERF B) was 7.50, 7.65, 7.65, 7.15, 7.15, 7.15, 7.15 and 7.15 percent in the June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019 and 2020 actuarial reports, respectively.

The following are the assumptions for the State Teachers' Retirement Plan:

Measurement period

<u>Assumptions</u>	As of						
	June 30,	June 30	June 30	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,	June 30,
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Consumer price inflation	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	2.75%	3.00%	3.00%
Investment rate of return	7.10%	7.10%	7.10%	7.10%	7.10%	7.60%	7.60%
Wage growth	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.50%	3.75%	3.75%



VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS June 30, 2022

ASSETS	Student Activity <u>Fund</u>	Adult Education <u>Fund</u>	Child Develop- ment <u>Fund</u>	Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Building <u>Fund</u>	Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	County School Facilities <u>Fund</u>	Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and investments:											
Cash in County Treasury Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving fund Receivables	\$ 690,438 1,465,284 6,588	\$ 7,484,977 153,162 - 198,678	\$ 796,726 - - 1,390,099	\$ 3,909,714 99,639 - 3,164,655	\$ 27,275,678 - -	\$ 9,920,414 - - 1,220,200	\$ 20,319,026 - -	\$ (425,722) - -	\$ 11,059,302 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 81,030,553 1,718,085 6,588 5,973,632
Due from other funds Stores inventory	- - -	190,076	3,513	407,637 324,939	- -	-	232,221	31,048,419	- - -	- -	31,691,951 324,939
Total assets	\$ 2,162,310	\$ 7,836,978	\$ 2,190,338	\$ 7,906,584	\$ 27,275,678	\$ 11,140,614	\$ 20,551,247	\$ 30,622,697	\$ 11,059,302	<u> </u>	\$120,745,748
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$ 11,674	\$ 54,364		\$ 82,251	\$ 722,361	\$ 179,747	\$ 103,303	\$ 2,916,745	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,140,095
Unearned revenue Due to other funds		116,727	1,343,673 104,145	445,008	<u>-</u>		8,073,419	1,372			1,343,673 8,740,671
Total liabilities	11,674	171,091	1,517,468	527,259	722,361	179,747	8,176,722	2,918,117			14,224,439
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable	6,588	-	-	324,939	-	-	-	-	-	-	331,527
Restricted	2,144,048	7,665,887	672,870	7,054,386	26,553,317	10,960,867	12,374,525	27,704,580	11,059,302		106,189,782
Total fund balance	2,150,636	7,665,887	672,870	7,379,325	26,553,317	10,960,867	12,374,525	27,704,580	11,059,302		106,521,309
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,162,310	\$ 7,836,978	\$ 2,190,338	\$ 7,906,584	\$ 27,275,678	\$ 11,140,614	\$ 20,551,247	\$ 30,622,697	\$ 11,059,302	<u> </u>	\$120,745,748

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Student Activity <u>Fund</u>	Adult Education <u>Fund</u>	Child Develop- ment <u>Fund</u>	Cafeteria <u>Fund</u>	Building <u>Fund</u>	Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	County School Facilities <u>Fund</u>	Special Reserve for Capital Outlay Projects Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	Debt Service <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:											
Federal sources	\$ -	+,		\$ 15,394,353	\$ -	\$ -	•	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 16,082,613
Other state sources	-	5,782,896	3,157,877	887,579		-	22,803,204	-	-	-	32,631,556
Other local sources	2,589,726	453,318	9,088	263,179	298,994	7,372,844	71,867	34,208	5,634,002		16,727,226
Total revenues	2,589,726	6,667,863	3,423,576	16,545,111	298,994	7,372,844	22,875,071	34,208	5,634,002		65,441,395
Expenditures: Current:											
Certificated salaries	-	2,721,148	386,068	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,107,216
Classified salaries	-	752,889	1,498,836	4,397,548	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,649,273
Employee benefits	-	1,769,137	682,106	2,866,907	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,318,150
Books and supplies	994,461	321,784	472,096	4,865,775	-	17,676	36,287	297,945	-	-	7,006,024
Contract services and											
operating expenditures	992,023	399,161	155,791	349,450	41,115	1,304,778	495,583	636,056	750,186	-	5,124,143
Capital outlay Debt service:	46,180	614,877	31,525	43,470	5,565,084	323,774	2,701,825	17,254,753	-	-	26,581,488
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,290,000	2,020,000	7,310,000
Interest	-	=	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,809,456	1,215,269	4,024,725
Total expenditures	2,032,664	6,578,996	3,226,422	12,523,150	5,606,199	1,646,228	3,233,695	18,188,754	8,849,642	3,235,269	65,121,019
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	557,062	88,867	197,154	4,021,961	(5,307,205)	5,726,616	19,641,376	(18,154,546)	(3,215,640)	(3,235,269)	320,376
Other financing (uses) sources:	·										
Transfers in	-	-	_	-	_	-	232,221	31,048,419	_	3,235,269	34,515,909
Transfers out	=	(255,740)	(160,882)	(417,997)	-	(1,943,981)	(8,073,419)	, , , <u>-</u>	=	-	(10,852,019)
Proceeds from the sale of land	-	-	-	· -	-	-	-	2,390,000	-	-	2,390,000
Proceeds from issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33,445,000	-	33,445,000
Debt issuance premiums	-	-	-	-	=	-	-	=	252,523	-	252,523
Deposit to refunding escrow									(32,947,337)		(32,947,337)
Total other financing (uses) sources		(255,740)	(160,882)	(417,997)		(1,943,981)	(7,841,198)	33,438,419	750,186	3,235,269	26,804,076
Net change in fund balances	557,062	(166,873)	36,272	3,603,964	(5,307,205)	3,782,635	11,800,178	15,283,873	(2,465,454)	-	27,124,452
Fund balance, July 1, 2021	1,593,574	7,832,760	636,598	3,775,361	31,860,522	7,178,232	574,347	12,420,707	13,524,756		79,396,857
Fund balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 2,150,636	\$ 7,665,887	\$ 672,870	\$ 7,379,325	\$ 26,553,317	\$ 10,960,867	\$ 12,374,525	\$ 27,704,580	\$ 11,059,302	\$ -	\$106,521,309

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT ORGANIZATION June 30, 2022

Visalia Unified School District was organized in 1885 and consists of an area comprising approximately 177 square miles. The District operates 26 elementary schools, 5 middle schools, 4 high schools, an adult school, a continuation high school, a community day school, and 4 charter schools. There were no changes in District boundaries during the year.

The Board of Education at June 30, 2022 was comprised of the following members:

GOVERNING BOARD

<u>Name</u>	<u>Office</u>	Term Expires
Juan R. Guerrero	President	2022
Walta S. Gamoian	Clerk	2022
Catalina Blair	Member	2022
Megan Casebeer Soleno	Member	2024
Jacqueline A. Gaebe	Member	2024
Joy M. Naylor	Member	2022
Randy Villegas	Member	2022

ADMINISTRATION

Douglas V. Cardoza* Interim Superintendent

Dedi Somavia Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources Development

Mark Thompson,
Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

Nathan Hernandez Chief Business Officer

Erik Kehrer Chief Operations Officer

^{*} Mr. Kirk Shrum was hired as the permanent superintendent with a start date of July 1, 2022.

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE June 30, 2022

	Second Period Report	Annual <u>Report</u>
DISTRICT		
Certificate Number	2A54AF04	6F03E90E
Elementary: Transitional Kindergarten through Third Forth through Sixth Seventh and Eighth Special Education Community Day Total Elementary	7,301 5,750 3,794 8 2	7,387 5,801 3,816 8 5
Secondary: Ninth through Twelfth Continuation Total Secondary	7,453 307 7,760	7,393 296 7,689
District Totals	24,615	24,706
CHARTER SCHOOL - CLASSROOM BASED		
Visalia Technical Early College Certificate Number	D6EE06BC	8F9CE142
Ninth through Twelfth	204	203
Global Learning Charter School Certificate Number	63DE9026	<u>2A1F2FB2</u>
Transitional Kindergarten through Third Fourth through Sixth Seventh and Eighth	168 138 56	170 138 56
Subtotal Visalia Global Learning Charter School	362	364
Total Charter School Classroom Based	566	567

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE June 30, 2022

	Second Period <u>Report</u>	Annual <u>Report</u>
CHARTER SCHOOL - NON-CLASSROOM BASED		
Charter Home School Academy Certificate Number	206E8CC4	6D7AF2AC
Transitional Kindergarten through Third Fourth through Sixth Seventh and Eighth	70 37 33	70 36 36
Subtotal Charter Home School	140	142
Visalia Charter Independent Study Certificate Number	768795CE	<u>17DEA8DF</u>
Seventh through Eighth Ninth through Twelfth	83 469	83 482
Subtotal Visalia Charter Independent Study	552	565
Total Charter School Non-Classroom Based	692	707
Charter School Totals	1,258	1,274

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Grade Level	Minutes Require- <u>ment</u>	2021-2022 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	Number of Days Traditional <u>Calendar</u>	<u>Status</u>
DISTRICT				
Kindergarten Grade 1 Grade 2 Grade 3 Grade 4 Grade 5 Grade 6 Grade 7 Grade 8 Grade 9 Grade 10 Grade 11 Grade 12	36,000 50,400 50,400 50,400 54,000 54,000 54,000 54,000 64,800 64,800 64,800 64,800	50,295 51,945 51,945 51,945 58,705 58,705 64,209 64,209 65,370 65,370 65,370	180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180	In Compliance
	04,000	03,370	100	in Compliance
CHARTER SCHOOLS Visalia Technical Early College				
Grade 9 Grade 10 Grade 11 Grade 12	64,800 64,800 64,800 64,800	65,410 65,410 65,410 65,410	180 180 180 180	In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance In Compliance
Global Learning Charter School				
Kindergarten Grade 1 Grade 2 Grade 3 Grade 4 Grade 5 Grade 6 Grade 7 Grade 8	36,000 50,400 50,400 50,400 54,000 54,000 54,000 54,000	52,275 52,275 52,275 59,425 59,425 59,425 59,425 61,350 61,350	180 180 180 180 180 180 180 180	In Compliance

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through <u>Grantor/Program or Cluster Title</u> ent of Education - Passed through partment of Education	Pass- Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Federal Expend- <u>itures</u>
84.027 84.173	Special Education Cluster: IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B Sec. 611 IDEA Preschool Capacity Building, Part B Sec. 619	13379 13839	\$ 5,309,503 277,208
84.002 84.002A 84.002 84.002	Subtotal Special Education Cluster Adult Education Programs: Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education Adult Education: Adult Basic Education & ESL Adult Education: Institutionalized Adults Adult Education: English Literacy & Civics Education Subtotal Adult Education Programs	13978 14508 13971 14109	5,586,711 185,216 148,159 25,495 30,885 389,755
84.010 84.010	Title I, Part A Programs: ESSA: Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected ESSA School Improvement (CSI) Funding for LEAs Subtotal Title I, Part A Programs	14329 15438	14,139,160 155,383 14,294,543
84.048 84.048	Carl D. Perkins Programs: Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Secondary, Section 131 (Vocational Education) Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Adult, Section 132 (Vocational Education)	14894 14893	292,469 41,894
84.011 84.011 84.011	Subtotal Carl Perkins Programs Title I, Part C Programs: ESEA: Title I, Part C, Migrant Education Regular ESEA: Title I, Part C, Migrant Education Summer ESEA: Title I, Part C, Migrant Education (MESRP) Subtotal Title I, Part C Programs	14326 10005 10144	334,363 56,633 14,557 53,612 124,802

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title nt of Education - Passed through partment of Education (Continued)	Pass- Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Federal Expend- <u>itures</u>
California Dep	<u> </u>		
84.425	COVID-19: Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Programs: COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I) Fund	15536	\$ 5,195,888
84.425	COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund	15547	4,838,669
84.425C	COVID-19: Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund: Learning Loss Mitigation	15517	1,202,196
84.425	COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency		
84.425	Relief III (ESSER III) Fund COVID-19: Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO)	15559	12,109,791
84.425	Grant: ESSER II State Reserve COVID-19: Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO)	15618	2,503,486
84.425	Grant GEER II State Reserve COVID-19: Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO)	15619	185,489
84.425	Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs COVID-19: Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO)	15620	1,498,273
	Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss	15621	2,463,884
	Subtotal COVID-19: ESF Programs		29,997,676
84.060	Indian Education	10011	138,530
84.126A	Department of Rehabilitation: Workability II, Transitions Program	10006	142,611
84.184G	School Climate Transformation Program	N/A	750,000
84.365	ESEA: Title III, English Learner Student Program	14346	574,490
84.367 84.371	ESEA: Title II, Part A Supporting Effective Instruction	14341	1,486,626
84.424	ESEA: Title II, CLSD Grant ESEA: Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic	15493	47,370
	Enrichment Grants	15396	520,881
	Total U.S. Department of Education		54,388,358
	nt of Health and Human Services - Passed through rtment of Education		
Julionia Depa			
93.575	CCDF Cluster: COVID-19: Child Development: American Rescue Plan		
00.070	California State Preschool Program One-time Stipend	15640	178,015
93.575	Child Development: Federal Child Care, Center-based	15136	51,411
	Subtotal CCDF Cluster		229,426
	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		229,426

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Assistance Listing (AL) Number U.S. Departmen	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through <u>Grantor/Program or Cluster Title</u> nt of Agriculture - Passed through California Department	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expend- itures
of Education				
	Child Nutrition Cluster:			
10.555	National School Lunch Program (NSLP)	13396	\$	11,951,858
10.553	Basic Breakfast	13390		75,247
10.553	Especially Needy Breakfast	13526		2,180,846
10.555	COVID-19: SNP Emergency Operations Cost Reimbursement	15637	_	482,660
	Total Child Nutrition Cluster - U.S. Department of Agriculture			14,690,611
	Total Federal Programs		\$	69,308,395

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF UNAUDITED ACTUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

There were no adjustments proposed to any funds of the District.			

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

	(Budget) <u>2023</u>	2022	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
General Fund Revenues and other financing sources	\$ 414,292,689	\$ 436,221,300	\$ 415,981,847	\$ 368,855,507
Expenditures Other uses and transfers out	401,368,743 4,363,413	406,912,268 24,498,509	369,934,947 19,076,190	354,927,843 9,971,321
Total outgo	405,732,156	431,410,777	389,011,137	364,899,164
Change in fund balance	\$ 8,560,533	\$ 4,810,523	\$ 26,970,710	\$ 3,956,343
Ending fund balance	\$ 154,697,206	\$ 146,136,673	\$ 141,326,149	\$ 114,355,439
Available reserves	\$ 42,706,244	\$ 40,692,291	\$ 45,005,692	\$ 47,457,739
Designated for economic uncertainties	\$ 40,541,376	\$ 40,541,376	\$ 44,795,761	\$ 47,457,739
Undesignated fund balance	\$ 2,164,868	\$ 150,915	\$ 209,931	\$ -
Available reserves as percentages of total outgo	<u>10.5</u> %	<u>9.4</u> %	<u>11.6</u> %	<u>13.0</u> %
All Funds				
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 388,695,008	\$ 396,558,823	\$ 582,178,796	\$ 550,734,370
Average daily attendance at P-2, excluding Charter Schools	26,447	24,615	26,782	26,782

The fund balance of the General Fund has increased by \$35,737,576 over the past three years. The fiscal year 2022-2023 budget projects an increase of \$8,560,533. For a district this size, the State of California recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District has met this requirement.

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years, and anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the fiscal year 2022-2023.

Total long-term liabilities have decreased by \$154,175,547 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 2,167 over the past two years. The District anticipates an increase of 1,832 ADA for the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Included in District
Financial Statements, or
Separate Report

Charter Schools Chartered by District

1870 – Global Learning Charter School 0720 – Visalia Charter Independent Study 0250 – Charter Home School Academy 1128 – Visalia Technical Early College HS

Included in District Financial Statements Included in District Financial Statements Included in District Financial Statements Included in District Financial Statements

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

<u>Schedule of Average Daily Attendance</u>: Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

<u>Schedule of Instructional Time</u>: The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District, and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206.

Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards: The Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards includes the federal award activity of Visalia Unified School District, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Expenditures are recognized following the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed in the Uniform Guidance.

Reconciliation of Unaudited Actual Financial Report with Audited Financial Statements: This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

<u>Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis - Unaudited</u>: This schedule provides information on the District's financial condition over the past three years and its anticipated condition for the 2022-2023 fiscal year, as required by the State Controller's Office.

<u>Schedule of Charter Schools</u>: This schedule provides information for the California Department of Education to monitor financial reporting by Charter Schools.

NOTE 2 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM

Education Code Section 14502 required certain disclosure in the financial statements of districts which adopt Early Retirement Incentive Programs pursuant to Education Code Sections 22714 and 44929. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District did not adopt such a program.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Board of Education Visalia Unified School District Visalia, California

Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

We have audited Visalia Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (the "Audit Guide") applicable to the state laws and regulations listed below for the year ended June 30, 2022.

	Procedures
<u>Description</u>	<u>Performed</u>
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
	·
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	N/A, see reasoning
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	N/A, see reasoning
Middle or Early College High Schools	N/A, see reasoning
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship - Related and Supplemental Instruction	N/A, see reasoning
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	N/A, see reasoning
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	N/A, see reasoning
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course based	N/A, see reasoning
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
-	

<u>Description</u>	Procedures <u>Performed</u>
In Person Instruction Grant	Yes
Charter Schools - Attendance	Yes
Charter Schools - Mode of Instruction	Yes
Charter Schools - Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	Yes
Charter Schools - Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	Yes
Charter Schools - Annual Instructional Minutes-Classroom Based	Yes
Charter Schools - Charter School Facility Grant Program	Yes

We did not perform any procedures related to the Early Retirement Incentive because the District did not offer a qualifying Early Retirement Incentive program in the current audit year.

We did not perform any procedures related to Juvenile Court Schools because the District did not participate in this program in the current audit year.

We did not perform any procedures related to Middle or Early College High Schools because the District did not participate in this program in the current audit year.

We did not perform any procedures related to Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction because the District did not participate in this program in the current audit year.

We did not perform any procedures related to District of Choice because the District did not operate as a District of Choice in the current audit year.

We did not perform any procedures related to California Clean Energy Jobs Act because the District did not expend any funds from this project or complete any applicable projects in the current audit year.

We did not perform procedures related to Independent Study because the District did not report ADA for this program in the current audit year.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis of Qualified Opinion section of our report, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of the *2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* (Audit Guide). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Audit Guide are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Matters Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on State Laws and Regulations

As described in Finding 2022-001 in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs, Visalia Unified School District did not comply with the requirements regarding Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for Visalia Unified School District to comply with the requirements applicable to the state laws and regulations referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's government programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Audit Guide will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the government program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Audit Guide, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
 order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.
 Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matter

Visalia Unified School District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is included in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. Visalia Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of State Compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowo II D

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 14, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Visalia Unified School District Visalia, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Visalia Unified School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Visalia Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Visalia Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Visalia Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Visalia Unified School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Visalia Unified School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 14, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE AS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education Visalia Unified School District Visalia, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Visalia Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Visalia Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Visalia Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Visalia Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Visalia Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Visalia Unified School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Visalia Unified School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Visalia Unified School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Visalia Unified School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we,

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test
 basis, evidence regarding Visalia Unified School District's compliance with the compliance
 requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in
 the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of Visalia Unified School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
 the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
 purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Visalia Unified School District's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Crowe LLP

Sacramento, California December 14, 2022



SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes	X	No None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	X	No
FEDERAL AWARDS			
Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes	X	No None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes	X	No
Identification of major programs:			
AL Number(s)	Name of Federal Pro	gram or Clus	<u>ter</u>
10.553, 10.555 84.425, 84.425C	Child Nutrition Clusto COVID-19: ESF Pro		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$2,079,252		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes		No
STATE AWARDS			
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Qualified		

(Continued)

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.	

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.	

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2022-001 DEFICIENCY – STATE COMPLIANCE – UNDUPLICATED LOCAL CONTROL FUNDING FORMULA PUPIL COUNTS (40000)

<u>Criteria</u>: Any student who meets the federal income eligibility criteria or is deemed to be categorically eligible for FRPM under the National School Lunch Program (NSLP) will be counted as FRPM-eligible. Except for directly certified and foster students identified through a statewide match, LEAs must submit the appropriate student program (SPRG) records to CALPADS in order for the students to be counted as FRPM-eligible. Authority cited: Section 14502.1, Education Code. Reference: Sections 14502.1, 14503, 2574(b)(3)(C), 44238.02(b)(3)(B), and 41020, Education Code.

<u>Condition</u>: A total of 15 students were improperly identified as the Free and Reduced Priced Meal eligible in the District's CALPADS reporting for the 2021-22 school year for purposes of Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts.

Visalia Unified School District

Unduplicated pupil count based on:	Enrollment	FRPM	ELAS	<u>Both</u>	<u>TOTAL</u>
As certified on CALPADS	84,205	16,223	2,562	119	18,904
Audit Adjustments	-	(15)			(15)
Adjusted Counts	<u>-</u>	16,208	2,562	119	18,889

<u>Context</u>: We performed the specific audit procedures enumerated in the State of California 2021-22 *Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* and identified an initial error.

<u>Effect</u>: The District is out of compliance with state requirements for Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts.

<u>Cause</u>: The condition is the result of clerical errors in accounting and accumulation of date for unduplicated pupil counts in the CALPADS reporting system for certain students added in the current year. As the District is a participant of the Community Eligibility Provision, the errors were identified only as current year additions rather than an error which would result in an extrapolated total across all sites.

<u>Fiscal Impact</u>: The District's Unduplicated Pupil Percentage for the 2021-22 school year was originally reported at 68.42% and the revised School District Unduplicated Pupil Percentage is reported at 68.41%; the fiscal impact is a reduction of LCFF revenues of approximately \$17,052.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The District should ensure that all students are properly reflected in the CALPADS reporting under the appropriate free or reduced-price meal program status.

<u>Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action</u>: Management concurs with the recommendation and has implemented processes for ensuring accurate reporting of unduplicated pupil counts are reported in future years.

STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

VISALIA UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Year Ended June 30, 2022

No matters were reported.					