

## FACILITY ASSESSMENT

### A. EXISTING BUILDING INVENTORY

South Middle School is located at 1999 47th Avenue S in Grand Forks and is one of three middle schools in Grand Forks. The building was completed in 1997, with no major renovations or additions to make note of. The school has numerous soccer fields to the south and east and Ulland Park Softball Complex directly to the west.

South Middle School is accessible by 47th Avenue S to the north and S 20th Street to the west. There are parking lots at the northwest corner and south of the school for faculty and staff. Parent drop-off takes place at the north and south entrances of the school within the parking lots.



**MAIN FLOOR** 

## CILITY ASSESSMENT EXISTING BUILDING INVENTORY ARCHITECTURAL FINISHES

### **B. ARCHITECTURAL FINISHES**

### **SUMMARY**

South Middle School's construction was completed in 1997. There are issues with the skin of the building not being completely sealed which allows air to escape through many areas of the school. There are issues with certain materials in the school as they become more aged. The programming of the school is suitable for its needs, but reworking is needed for the resource room near the main office to better suit its function. The bathroom layouts are not ideal as much of the pipework runs along the exterior walls, causing them to freeze frequently in the winter. The lockers are aging and often experience issues with sticking and difficulty opening. The risers in Room 606 are not portable and should be replaced with ones that better serve the music department (001). The laminate trim on much of the casework throughout the school is peeling off and needs new adhesion (002, 003).

### SITE

A general patch and repair can be done for the sidewalk and asphalt on the site of the school (004). There is poor drainage near the north main entryway, which causes safety issues during as it freezes over and creates large ice patches.

### **MASONRY**

The exterior brick of the building is in overall good shape but could use cleaning for aesthetic purposes. The joints for the limestone cap need to be cleaned out and resealed to prevent future water damage from happening on the brick underneath (005). There are exterior drains near Doors 5 and 13 that need to be cleaned so that water can properly drain out, as it is currently going onto the brick and creating water spots (006). There is insulation of the brick wall exposed near Door 30 adjacent to the garage that needs a plate to be put on it to prevent future damage (007). There is unpainted, exterior concrete masonry unit (CMU) brick near the receiving doors that should be painted to stop moisture from entering the bricks (008).

### **ADDITIONAL EXTERIOR MATERIALS**

There is EIFS on the upper portions of the exterior walls that is cracking and peeling in many areas (009, 010). The EIFS on the building will keep needing repair and patching and replacement of the material should be considered.

### **ROOF**

There are no notable issues with the roof. It is still original to the school and has had patches repaired throughout the years.

### **OPENINGS**

The caulking around all windows of the school need resealing to secure the building membrane and to allow better temperature regulation inside. The curved, curtain wall window in the main office does not have the proper drainage in the flashing and is poorly sealed underneath, allowing cold air and moisture to enter the wall system (011). All the metal lintels in the school need new paint, as they are currently peeling and chipping (012). The weather stripping on numerous doors to the exterior is in poor shape and should be replaced.

### **CEILINGS**

The acoustical ceiling tile (ACT) is in good shape, but there is water damage in the cafeteria and replacement is advised (013). Another area of concern with ceiling is in the library where there is paint flaking from the steel deck paneling (014).

### ARCHITECTURAL FINISHES CONTINUED

### **WALLS**

The interior walls are mostly comprised of painted CMU and gypsum wall board with vinyl wall covering. Large portions of exterior walls are covered with vinyl covering on the interior side. It is recommended the vinyl wall covering be removed from the interior surface of exterior walls, as this could potentially create a double vapor barrier and trap moisture within the walls. Current code does not permit the use of vinyl wall covering on outside walls for this reason. There are several areas where the vinyl wall covering is releasing from the gypsum substrate (015, 016). There is horizontal cracking on the dry wall between many of the interior doors (017, 018).

### **FLOORING**

There is carpeting and various types of tiles for the flooring of the school. Most of the hallways have new carpeting, but many of the classrooms still have original carpeting which is getting older and isn't in great shape (019, 020). There are vinyl composite tiles (VCT) in most of the hallways which are showing signs of wear and tear and bubbling up in quite a few areas. The terrazzo tile in the hallways is beginning to crack (021, 022). The quarry and ceramic tiles in the kitchen and locker rooms could use general repair for problem spots, but do not have major issues (023, 024). The gym floor is in good condition, but there is paint peeling in a couple of spots. The volleyball pole holes are not flush with the surrounding floor, which creates a tripping hazard (025).

### **SECURITY**

Although security cameras are present at the doors, there is no direct visibility from the office to the main entrance. Ideally, all visitors should be directed into the office upon entry, before gaining access into the school.



### C. MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL ASSESSMENT

### **FIRE PROTECTION**

Fire sprinkler systems are installed throughout the building. Depending on the level of work performed in the building, sprinkler systems may need to be modified.

### **PLUMBING**

Plumbing piping throughout the building is concealed in the walls and above the ceilings in public areas. Piping that can be observed in exposed spaces appear to be in good condition. School maintenance staff reported that there have not been issues with the plumbing piping leaking or the piping deteriorating to the point of causing blockage.

The restroom plumbing fixtures throughout the building are white vitreous china fixtures for urinals and water closets with having sensor activated flush valves. Typical classroom wing restrooms have wash stations in the public space for hand washing with sensor activated faucets. Lavatories for locker rooms and common spaces are wall mounted china fixtures with metering faucets. The sinks in the classrooms and break rooms are stainless steel with manually operated faucets. Classroom sinks also have bubblers for drinking water.

Domestic hot water is produced by two (2) 285 MBH gas fired water heaters with integral storage tanks. Water heaters were installed in 2020 and are in good condition.

Science rooms have CPVC piping for acid waste/vent system. Neutralization tank for the system is located in the basement. The kitchen three compartment sink has a above grade grease interceptor installed to protect the waste piping system. The auto shop did not appear to have any oil/inflammable waste traps. The art rooms sinks are provided with solids interceptor/ traps to protect the waste piping system.

Thermostatic mixing valves meeting ASSE 1070 requirements should be added to public lavatories for scald protection.

### **HEATING**

Heating for the building is provided by three (3) condensing Thermal Solutions 3000 MBH boilers. Boilers, boiler pumps, and building circulating pumps were installed in 2020. A heating system bypass was added in the system at the time of the boiler and pump replacement to alleviate some existing system issues.

Existing piping throughout the building is concealed in the walls and above the ceilings in public areas. Piping that can be observed in mechanical spaces appears to be in relatively good condition. Victaulic grooved piping is used throughout the building and according to maintenance staff the joints are starting to leak.

Variable air volume (VAV) boxes with hot water reheat coils are used throughout the building for zoning. Hot water cabinet unit heater and suspended unit heaters provide heat for vestibules, stairwells, mechanical rooms, and other similar spaces. There is no perimeter finned tube radiation or other supplemental heat in the building. Staff reported issues of inadequate heat in some exterior spaces and offices due to this.

### MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL ASSESSMENT CONTINUED



### **VENTILATION AND EXHAUST**

The ventilation and exhaust systems in the school include various indoor air handling units, and various exhaust fans. Air handling units have hot water heating coils and chilled water cooling coils but hot water coils are upstream of the cooling coils for all units. This coil configuration limits the potential for dehumidification at the unit. For units with reheat coils in the ductwork, dehumidification can still be achieved by overcooling at the unit and reheating as required at the zone level. These units are original to the building and we recommend that unit replacements be considered as part of long term planning. Excessive air leakage was found around the access door for AHU-5 supply fan. This door/seals should be replaced to eliminate air loss and inefficiencies. Indoor Air Quality should be addressed throughout the building to meet ASHRAE 62.1 for controllable ventilation rates.

Air handling units are installed in mechanical penthouses throughout the building. The penthouses are accessed through alternating tread ladders which make moving parts and equipment in or out difficult. The mechanical penthouses have a lot of space and allow for a good duct layout and minimal sharp duct transitions.

Existing wood shop has a dust collection system located outside the building. The system does not appear to flame suppression or blast relief components. The distribution ductwork layout is efficient and in good condition. School district to determine if CTE spaces are still required in the school building and modify/update as needed. Art space kiln room has an exhaust hood over the kiln for heat and moisture removal. Food labs do not have exhaust hoods installed over the ranges. Ceiling exhaust operated through a wall switch is provided for general room exhaust. School kitchen has exhaust hoods installed for cooking equipment and dishwasher.

### **AIR CONDITIONING**

Air conditioning systems in the building is provided by an air-cooled chiller and chilled water distribution system. Chiller and associated circulating pumps were installed in 2020 and are in good condition. Existing piping throughout the building is concealed in the walls and above the ceilings in public areas. Piping that can be observed in mechanical spaces appears to be in relatively good condition. Victaulic grooved piping is used throughout the building and according to maintenance staff the joints are starting to leak.

Air handling units serving the gymnasium and locker rooms do not have cooling coils installed. Recommend that chilled water piping ran to the air handling units and cooling coils be installed in the units to meet the requirements of ASHRAE 62.1 for ventilation rates, and ASHREA Standard 55 for cooling and dehumidification.

### **AUTOMATIC TEMPERATURE CONTROLS**

Variable frequency drives (VFDs) for all air handling units are original to the building and past their useful life. Recommend that the VFDs be replaced with new to properly control the unit fans.

Controls throughout the building are electronic and Direct Digital Controls (DDC), original to the building. Some actuators, valves, and control components have been replaced as devices fail. There do not appear to be proper controls or air flow monitoring to control ventilation rates based on occupancies or to verify ASHRAE 62.1 requirements for recommended outdoor air are being met. Some units do not seem to be properly controlled with issues of fan surging and temperature swings being noted. An 2022/2023 project is currently underway to retro-commission controls throughout the building to verify proper operation and increase efficiency.

### MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL ASSESSMENT CONTINUED



### **ELECTRICAL SERVICE**

- Power is delivered to facility via electrical service provided by Nodak Electric Coop.
- The electrical service is provided via 750kVA 480/277V 3-phase padmount transformer located at exterior of the building. Power is routed from the transformer through a CT cabinet that is sitting adjacent to the transformer, and then underground to the main service entrance switchboard located directly to the south.
- Electrical service appears to be acceptable, as is. Capacity is more than adequate.

### **STANDBY POWER**

- A generator is not currently located on-site.
- No improvements are suggested for generator power. While emergency generator power is useful, it is not required.

### **POWER DISTRIBUTION**

- The building's main electrical service is delivered underground into a 480/277V 3-phase 2500A Siemens Type SB3 switchboard. Power to all areas of the building is supplied from this main switchboard. This includes various distribution panels, branch panels, and mechanical equipment.
- All electrical panels and distribution equipment were observed to be in adequate condition. No updates are suggested.
- It was noted that the interior of a branch panel within the wood shop area was filled with sawdust, creating a fire hazard. It is suggested that this panel is properly sealed to prevent the entrance of any dust.

### **LIGHTING**

- While some areas have been upgraded to LED light fixtures with renovations, the large majority of the building interior consists of fluorescent and incandescent lighting.
- An upgrade of all interior lighting to energy-efficient LED lighting is suggested. This would cut lighting energy usage by
- Lighting at exterior of building has been upgraded to energy-efficient LED lighting with either new light fixtures, or new LED bulbs within existing light fixtures.
- Emergency egress lighting provided via battery back lighting. Exit signage appeared to be adequate.
- The addition of building mounted exterior emergency egress lighting at each and every exit door is suggested.

### LIGHTING CONTROL SYSTEMS

- Lighting within large majority school was noted to be controlled via manual toggle switch. Various areas such as the locker room bathrooms were observed to have automatic lighting controls. Very few areas capable of dimming control.
- Upgrade of all lighting controls throughout to digital lighting management is suggested. This includes, but is not limited to, occupancy sensors, vacancy sensors, daylight sensors, dimming controls in majority of spaces, and digital monitoring of all controls via manufacturer provided software.
- All exterior lighting is controlled via centrally-located photocell.
- All exterior lighting control is suggested to be tied into digital lighting management, as outlined in interior lighting portion above.

### **COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS**

- Communication from data closet to data closet done via OM4 fiber. Majority of data cabling within school consists of Category 5 and 5e cabling, with all newly-installed cabling being Category 6. Several wireless access points were noted throughout building. Coverage seemed to be adequate for general use.
- Telecom service appears to be adequate and is being updated over time, internally.
- Intercom system consists of Simplex 5100 Series Building Communication System. System has the capability of paging specific zones, as desired. Recessed speakers were noted to be located all throughout circulation areas, in all classrooms, and in almost all "normally-occupied" spaces.
- IP phones are located in all classrooms for room-to-room communication.

### MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL ASSESSMENT CONTINUED



- Centrally-controlled clock system has been upgrade within past few years and is manufactured by American Time with clocks located all throughout school. All communication between clocks and central system is done via hardwiring.
   Large majority are analog clocks.
- It is suggested that the existing intercom system be updated to new IP system throughout entire school. This would provide the functionality to adjust the utilization and grouping of each individual speaker, as desired. This system would also include an upgraded wireless clock system. The intercom system and clock system would communicate with manufacturer provided software to set schedules, announcements, bells, etc.
- Classroom technology varied between classrooms. Technology observed consisted of projectors and classroom sound reinforcement.

### **SAFETY & SECURITY SYSTEMS**

- With the exception of a few select doors at the interior and exterior entrance doors, it was noted that electronic door security is present on very few doors within building. A buzz-in system consisting of a 2-way speaker and camera are located at the front entrance.
- It is suggested that additional door security is added to all exterior doors for the purposes of access control and monitoring.
- Security camera system has been updated throughout building over time to IP system.
- System appears to be adequate and can be easily added to by school's IT department, as necessary.
- An intrusion detection system consisting of motion detection throughout hallways was installed several years back, but has since been disconnected entirely because of false alarms.
- Fire alarm control panel is Simplex 4020. Pull stations noted to be located at each exit of building. Fire detection was observed throughout all corridors and was noted to be adequate throughout entire building. Notification consists of strobes and horn/strobe devices. Various areas that are required to have audio/visual notification, per International Building Code, were noted to not have any devices.
- It is suggested that the fire alarm system be upgraded to a voice-capable system as is currently required by the North Dakota Building Code This system would emit voice messages instructing occupants what to do in an emergency situation. This would be in lieu of a horn sounding in an emergency, as the system currently does.

### D. EXISTING DEFICIENCIES

The analysis of the existing South Middle School has been broken down into three categories: code compliance/Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) compliance, educational adequacy, and capital maintenance. The facility has been assessed for deficiencies as defined below:

1. Code Compliance/Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) Compliance

This includes evaluation of the current building codes required by the City of Grand Forks and the State of North Dakota. Non-compliant items within the building have been identified and are listed below.

- Traditional wire glass throughout the building is no longer to code as an acceptable type of safety glass. (026)
- Drinking fountains throughout the building do not meet the required ratio of wheelchair accessible fountains to standing person accessible fountains. (027)
- Door 25 is not protected with an enclosed vestibule, as required by energy code.
- Door hardware on doors to the stage is not accessible. (028)
- Handrails on the stairs up to the stage do not provide the code required extensions at the top and bottom of the stairs. (029)
- Guardrails for ramps in the cafeteria do not meet height requirements and are lacking a separate handrail. (030)
- The lower sink in the science lab is not accessible, as it exceeds reach range requirements and has no knee and toe clearance. (031)
- Showers in locker rooms do not have sufficient drains as required by code to prevent wastewater from one bather passing over areas occupied by other bathers.
- The shower in the PE staff locker room does not have sufficient clearances for accessibility. (032)
- Portions of exterior walls are covered with vinyl wall covering on the interior side, which is not to code. (033)



The risers in Room 606 are not portable and should be replaced with ones that better serve the music department.



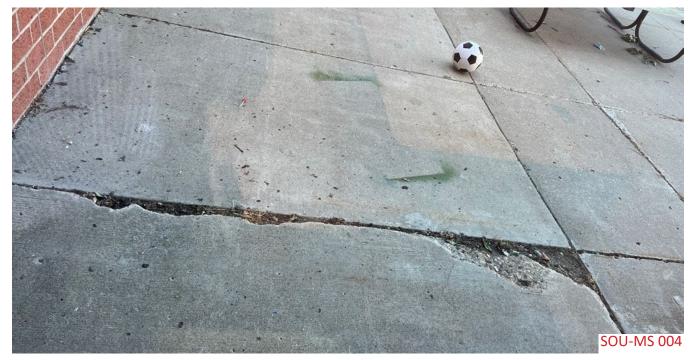
The laminate trim on much of the casework throughout the school is peeling off and needs new adhesion.



The laminate trim on much of the casework throughout the school is peeling off and needs new adhesion.



There are exterior drains near Doors 5 and 13 that need to be cleaned so that water can properly drain out as it is currently going onto the brick and creating water spots.



A general patch and repair can be done for the sidewalk and asphalt on the site of the school.

## MECH/ELEC ASSESSMENT **EXISTING DEFICIENCIES** COST ANALYSIS APPENDIX



The joints for the limestone cap need to be cleaned out and resealed to prevent future water damage from happening on the brick underneath



There is insulation of the brick wall exposed near Door 30 adjacent to the garage that needs a plate to be put on it to prevent future damage.



There is unpainted, exterior CMU brick near the receiving doors that should be painted to stop moisture from entering the bricks.



There is EIFS on the upper portions of the exterior walls that is cracking and peeling in many areas.



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The Acoustical Ceiling Tile (ACT) is in good shape, but there is water damage in the cafeteria and replacement is advised.

# **SOUTH MIDDLE SCHOOL**



The curved, curtain wall window in the main office does not have the proper drainage in the flashing and is poorly sealed underneath, allow cold air to enter in the winter.



All the metal lintels in the school need new paint as they are currently peeling and chipping.



Another area of concern with ceiling is in the library where there is paint flaking from the steel deck paneling.



There are several areas where the vinyl wall covering is releasing from the gypsum substrate.



There is horizontal cracking on the dry wall between many of the interior doors.



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There is horizontal cracking on the dry wall between many of the interior doors.



Most of the hallways have new carpeting, but many of the classrooms still have original carpeting which is getting older



The terrazzo tile in the hallways is beginning to crack



Most of the hallways have new carpeting, but many of the classrooms still have original carpeting which is getting older and isn't in great shape



The terrazzo tile in the hallways is beginning to crack

# **SOUTH MIDDLE SCHOOL**



The quarry and ceramic tiles in the kitchen and locker rooms could use general repair for problem spots, but do not have major issues.



The quarry and ceramic tiles in the kitchen and locker rooms could use general repair for problem spots, but do not have major issues



The volleyball pole holes are not flush with the floor surrounding, which creates a tripping hazard.

### INTERIOR AND EXTERIOR EXISTING DEFICIENCIES PHOTOS



Traditional wire glass throughout the building is no longer to code as an acceptable type of safety glass.



Door 25 is not protected with an enclosed vestibule, as required by energy code.

Door hardware on doors to the stage is not accessible.



Drinking fountains throughout the building do not meet the required ratio of wheelchair accessible fountains to standing person accessible fountains.



Handrails on the stairs up to the stage do not provide the code required extensions at the top and bottom of the stairs.



Guardrails for ramps in the cafeteria do not meet height requirements and are lacking a separate handrail.



The shower in the PE staff locker room does not have sufficient clearances for accessibility.



The lower sink in the science lab is not accessible, as it exceeds reach range requirements and has no knee and toe clearance.



Portions of exterior walls are covered with vinyl wall covering on the interior side, which is not to code.

### EXISTING DEFICIENCIES CONTINUED

### **EDUCATIONAL ADEQUACY**

This is a review of applicable Department of Public Instruction recommendations as they relate to Grand Forks Public Schools' curriculum. To understand educational space deficiencies, we have evaluated educational models, curriculum configurations, and quantity and quality of existing spaces in comparison to the option of a modern, purpose-built educational facility.

Area	Current Square Footage	DPI Recommended Square Footage	Difference
Administration	8,029 SF	5,920 SF	2,109
Art	3,394 SF	3,520 SF	-126
Athletics	16,428 SF	12,460 SF	3,968
Auditorium	2,107 SF	4,140 SF	-2,033
Circulation	26,523 SF	36,205 SF	-9,682
Classrooms	24,557 SF	23,800 SF	757
FACS	3,074 SF	2,900 SF	174
Food Service/Cafeteria	7,824 SF	12,550 SF	-4,726
Library/Media Center	5,373 SF	3,010 SF	2,363
Mechanical/Electrical	1,921 SF	9,051 SF	-7,130
Music	5,902 SF	6,575 SF	-673
Restrooms	1,897 SF	3,017 SF	-1,120
Science	3,084 SF	3,000 SF	84
Special Education	6,144 SF	6,500 SF	-356
Technical Education	3,360 SF	9,300 SF	-5,940

### **EXISTING DEFICIENCIES CONTINUED**

### ADMINISTRATION/PTO COMMENTS AND FEEDBACK

### LACK OF LEARNING/COLLABORATION/SUPPORT SPACES

- There is a need for more individual instruction and emotional support spaces.
- Specialists such as therapists do not have enough space.
- The gymnasium needs more space.
- There are areas throughout the school that are not used and could be repurposed into other spaces.
- There is a need for gender neutral restrooms.

### SECURITY/SAFETY

- There are not enough places for shelter in place/lockdown.
- The alert system needs to be updated.
- Secure entrances could be improved.

### PARKING/STUDENT DROP-OFF AND PICK-UP

• There are issues during student drop-off and pick-up.

### **TOP PRIORITIES**

- 1. Secure Entrance
- 2. Common Space/Collaboration Area and Social/Emotional Spaces
- 3. Outdoor Spaces

# E. COST ANALYSIS

South Middle School

**Grand Forks, ND** 

11/2/2022

CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERS

\$3,165 \$29,683 \$147,423 \$43,952 \$460,392 \$7,655 \$86,350 \$96,529 \$25,073 \$44,319 \$986,717 \$3,648,49 \$96,52 \$2,194,99 \$270,47 \$520,36 \$121,13 \$2,268,1 **Total Cost** Synergistic with other × \$96,529 \$0 \$986,717 \$12,220,663 \$44,319 \$2,194,995 \$121,138 \$3,648,497 \$270,478 \$520,365 \$2,268,100 \$2,166,055 Educational Adequacy \$0 \$ \$ 10 yrs Deferred Maint \$0 \$0 Ş 5 yrs Deferred Maint \$29,683 \$5,902 \$0 \$0 \$67,300 \$43,889 \$25,073 \$147,423 \$86,350 \$43,952 \$3,165 \$7,655 \$460,392 Critical / Ea. / Ea. \$101.40 / SF \$101.40 / SF / Ea. \$21,944.54 / Ea. \$3.52 / SF \$384.47 / SF Ea. / Ea. \$339.20 / SF \$394.37 / SF \$393.12 / SF Total Cost/Unit \$7,654.74 / \$401.90 \$307.85 \$29,683.02 \$983.61 \$348.24 \$7.16 \$351.74 \$376.82 \$376.83 \$376.82 \$393.12 \$395.63 \$340.28 \$485.35 \$431.99 \$381.83 \$131.89 \$464.61 \$43,951.64 \$458.33 Ea. Ea. SF S R SF 31,786 SF Takeoff Qty 952 (9 130,780 126 24 7,130 1,120 72 12,060 2,033 9,682 673 326 5,940 Number Item 11 13 15 17 20 22 24 27 29 m 10 12 14 19 56 28 2 9 ∞ 6 21 Replace the handrail on the stairs up to the stage so they will extend 12" past the end of the Replace the guardrails for ramps in the cafeteria that are not tall enough and are lacking the Remove vinyl wall coverings from the inside of exterior walls that is creating a double vapor Remove and replace concrete in locker rooms showers so each individual showerhead can Replace wire glass throughout the building that is no longer up to code (frame to remain) <u>barrier, skim coat existing sheetrock and paint</u> Remodel the shower in the PE staff locker room to meet clearances for accessibility Add accessible lower water fountains throughout the building Add interior vestibule at Door 25 as required by energy code Create an accessible sink and workstation in the science lab Jpgrade door hardware with ADA hardware at the stage Addition/Remodel (Educational Adequacy) **ADA and Building Code Compliance Facility Assessment Estimate** Administration Office Entry Remodel Total Code Compliance nave its own drain per code ood Service/Cafeteria **Technology Education** .ibrary/Media Center Mechanical/Electrical echnical Education **Business Education** Fotal Adequacy Special Education **Fotal Security** Common Spaces Administration Auditorium Classrooms Circulation Restrooms Security Athletics Music ACS

# COST ANALYSIS CONTINUED

South Middle School							Ē.		
11/2/2022							CONS	CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERS	l≅ <b>%</b>
Facility Assessment Estimate									
Dacorintina	Item	Takeoff Ott.	Total (725)	Critical	5 yrs Deferred Maint	10 yrs Deferred	Educational	Synergistic with other	Total Cost
Capital Maintenance		lakeoli Qty	lotal cost, offic	Cincal		1	Annhand	needs	Total Cost
Interior Upgrades		_							
Replace the lockers since are getting older and often experience issues with sticking and not opening up (788 student lockers in corridor, and 348 lockers in both boys and girls locker	30	1,136 Ea.	\$840.00 / Ea.	ri.		\$954,240			\$954,240
Repair the laminate trim on much of the casework throughout the school that peeling off and needs new adhesion	31	130,780 SF	\$0.34 / SF		\$44,465				\$44,465
Replace damaged ACT ceiling in the cafeteria and replacement	32	5,647 SF	\$9.54 / SF	\$53,845					\$53,845
Scrape off existing paint in the library and repaint	33	4,374 SF	/						\$38,622
Replace the weather stripping on numerous doors to the exterior that are in poor shape	34	48 Ea.	\$653.67 / Ea.	з. \$31,376					\$31,376
General sheetrock repair throughout the building	35	130,780 SF	\$0.24 / SF		\$31,387				\$31,387
Replace original carpet in the classrooms	36	30,466 SF	\$11.81 / SF		\$359,934				\$359,934
Replaced damaged and dated VCT throughout the building	37	5,000 SF	\$9.12 / SF		\$45,600				\$45,600
Repair or replace the terrazzo tile in the hallways where it is beginning to crack	38	5,000 SF	\$24.14 / SF		\$120,700				\$120,700
General repair of the quarry and ceramic tiles in the kitchen and locker rooms	39	8,641 SF	\$2.65 / SF		\$22,899				\$22,899
Repair the painting on the gym floor where the paint peeling in a couple of spots	40	1 Ea.	\$12,657.20 / Ea.	· ·	\$12,657				\$12,657
Repair the volleyball pole holes that are not flush with the floor surrounding, which creates a trinning hazard	41	1 Ea.	\$6,931.98 / Ea.	з. \$6,932					\$6,932
a cripping nazara Interior Upgrades Subtotal		130,780 SF	\$13.17 / SF						\$1,722,658
Exterior Upgrades									
Seal existing exterior brick to keep air from escaping through many areas of the school	42	130,780 SF	\$1.02 / SF	: \$133,396					\$133,396
Replaced damaged paving	43	500 SF	\$17.56 / SF	: \$8,780					\$8,780
Fix the bad drainage areas near the north main entryway, which causes safety issues during spring thaw as it freezes over and creates a large ice patch by regrading and landscaping	44	1 Ea.	\$21,494.12 // Ea.	\$21,494					\$21,494
Clean exterior brick of the building for aesthetic purposes	45	130,780 SF	\$0.37 / SF		\$48,389				\$48,389
Clean the joints for the limestone cap and resealed to prevent future water damage from hannening on the brick underneath	46	130,780 SF	\$0.34 / SF	\$44,465					\$44,465
Clean out exterior drains near doors 5 and 13 that so that water can properly drain out as it	47	1 Ea.	\$7,431.14 / Ea.	а. \$7,431					\$7,431
Is currently going unto the price and the process of the price and the area where there is insulation of the brick wall exposed near door 30 adjacent to the price and the	48	1 Ea.	\$2,341.85 / Ea.	з. \$2,342					\$2,342
Paint exposed exterior CMU brick near the receiving doors to stop moisture from entering the bricks.	49	1 Ea.	\$7,614.14 / Ea.	а. \$7,614					\$7,614
General EIFS repair	20	130,780 SF	\$0.57 / SF		\$74,545				\$74,545
Recaulk around all windows of the school	51	60 Ea.	\$501.24 / Ea.		\$30,074				\$30,074
Fix the curved, curtain wall window in the main office does where there is not the proper drainage in the flashing and is poorly sealed underneath that allow cold air to enter in the	52	1 <u>Ea</u> .	\$25,632.17 / Ea.	· ·	\$25,632				\$25,632
Replace the roof when it nears the end of its useable lifetime	53	130,780 SF	\$32.76 / SF		\$4,284,353				\$4,284,353
Paint all the metal lintels in the school since they are currently peeling and chipping	54	1 Ea.	\$11,274.99 / Ea.	œ.	\$11,275				\$11,275
Exterior Upgrades Subtotal		130,780 SF	\$35.94 / SF						\$4,699,790

# COST ANALYSIS CONTINUED

South Middle School Grand Forks, ND 11/2/2022

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Facility Assessment Estimate									
Description	Item Number	Takeoff Qty	Total Cost/Unit	Critical	5 yrs Deferred Maint	10 yrs Deferred Maint	Educational Adequacy	Synergistic with other needs	Total Cost
Electrical Upgrades It was noted that the interior of a branch nanel within the wood shon area was filled with	r.	- -	\$4 124 85 / 6	Fa \$4.125	72				\$4 125
swadust, creating afformation of a suggested that this panel is properly sealed to prevent the anti-arc afformation.	}		`		1				
Add egress lighting to doors to exterior as is required by Building Code	99	130,780 SF	/	SF \$158,244	14				\$158,244
Upgrade of all interior lighting controls throughout to digital lighting management	22	130,780 SF	\$2.51 // 8	SF	\$328,258				\$328,258
Upgrade of all exterior lighting controls throughout to digital lighting management	28	130,780 SF	\$0.25 / SF	ш	\$32,695				\$32,695
Update the existing intercom system with a new IP system throughout entire school.	59	130,780 SF	\$3.76 / S	SF	\$491,733				\$491,733
Add additional door security all exterior doors with access control and monitoring	09	130,780 SF	\$0.85 / \$	SF \$111,163	53				\$111,163
Upgrade the fire alarm system to a voice-capable system as is currently required by the	61	130,780 SF	\$0.69 / SF	F \$90,208	80				\$90,208
Electrical Upgrades Subtotal		130,780 SF	\$9.30 / SF	4					\$1,216,425
Mechanica Lourades									
The auto shop did not appear to have any oil/inflammable waste traps	62	1 Ea.	\$24,290.02 / E	Ea. \$24,290	90				\$24,290
ASSE 1070 thermostatic mixing valves should be added to public lavatories for scald protection in accordance with the uniform plumbine code.	63	130,780 SF	_		20				\$41,850
There is no perimeter finned tube radiation or other supplemental heat in the building. Staff reported issues of inadequate heat in some exterior spaces and offices due to this.	64	130,780 SF	\$3.48 / SF	ш	\$455,114				\$455,114
The ventilation and exhaust systems in the school include various indoor air handling units, and various exhaust fans. Air handling units have hot water heating coils and chilled water cooling coils but hot water coils are upstream of the cooling coils for all units. This coil configuration limits the potential for dehumidification at the unit. For units with reheat coils in the ductwork, dehumidification can still be achieved by overcooling at the unit and reheating as required at the zone level. These units are original to the building and we recommend that unit replacements be considered as part of long term planning. Excessive air leakage was found around the access door for AHU-5 supply fan. This door/seals should be replaced to eliminate air loss and inefficiencies. Indoor Air Quality should be addressed throughout the building to meet ASHRAE 62.1 for controllable ventilation rates.	65	130,780 SF	\$10.34 / SF	u.		\$1,352,265			\$1,352,265
Existing wood shop has a dust collection system located outside the building. The system does not appear to flame suppression or blast relief components	99	1 Ea.	\$15,624.15 / E	Ea. \$15,624	24				\$15,624
Air handling units serving the gymnasium and locker rooms do not have cooling coils installed. Recommend that chilled water piping ran to the air handling units and cooling coils be installed in the units to meet the requirements of ASHRAE 62.1 for ventilation rates, and ASHREA Standard 55 for cooling and dehumidification.	29	130,780 SF	\$2.35 / SF	ш	\$307,333				\$307,333
Variable frequency drives (VFDs) for all air handling units are original to the building and past their useful life. Recommend that the VFDs be replaced with new to properly control the unit fans.	89	130,780 SF	\$2.30 / SF	ш	\$300,794				\$300,794
Mechanical Upgrades Subtotal		130,780 SF	\$19.10 / SF	ш					\$2,497,270

# COST ANALYSIS CONTINUED

South Middle School Grand Forks, ND
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Item	South Middle School Grand Forks. ND								4		
Item	11/2/2022								CONS	CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERS	Z.S.
Number   Takeoff Qty   Total Cost/Unit   Critical   Syrs Deferred   Example   Exampl	Facility Assessment Estimate										
Naint		Item					yrs Deferred	10 yrs Deferred	Educational	Synergistic with other	
130,780   SF   \$77.51   SF   \$801,801   \$7,027,836   \$2,306,505   \$5   \$3   \$3   \$3   \$3   \$3   \$3   \$	Description	Number	Takeoff Qty	Total Cost/Uni		Critical	Maint	Maint	Adequacy	needs	Total Cost
rot total construction costs. These include general conditions, CM fees, permits, insurances, bonds, taxes         \$ \$1,262,193         \$ \$7,027,836         \$ \$2,306,505         \$ \$1,262,193         \$ \$2,306,505         \$ \$2,300,505         \$ \$2,300,505         \$ \$2,300,505         \$ \$2,300,505         \$ \$2,300,505         \$ \$2,300,505         \$ \$2,300,505         \$ \$2,300,505         \$ \$2,300,505         \$ \$2,300,505         \$ \$2,300,505         \$ \$2,300,505         \$ \$2,300,	Total Capital Maintenance		130,780 SF	\$77.51 /		\$801,801	\$7,027,836	\$2,306,505	0\$		\$10,136,143
construction costs. These include general conditions, CM fees, permits, insurances, bonds, taxes           construction costs. These include general conditions, CM fees, permits, insurances, bonds, taxes         \$63,109.63         \$351,391.82         \$115,325.26           construction costs. These include general conditions, CM fees, permits, insurances, bonds, and an appear in the construction of the constru	Total Construction Cost		163,518 SF	\$140.13			\$7,027,836	\$2,306,505	\$12,317,192		\$22,913,726
69   5.0%   \$63,109.63   \$351,391.82   \$115,325.26   \$63,109.63   \$351,391.82   \$115,325.26   \$63,109.63   \$351,391.82   \$115,325.26   \$63,109.63   \$351,391.82   \$115,325.26   \$63,109.63   \$351,391.82   \$115,325.26   \$60.00   \$0	*** All above estimated costs are total construction costs. These include general conc	litions, CN	1 fees, permits, insu	ırances, bonds, ta	sex						
tringency         69         5.0%         69         \$63,109,63         \$53,109,63         \$53,109,63         \$51,391,82         \$115,325.26           on Contingency         70         5.0%         6         \$63,109,63         \$351,391,82         \$115,325.26         \$0.00           ringency         71         0.0%         7         \$60,00         \$0.00         \$0.00           ringency         72         7.0%         7         \$48,353,48         \$491,948,55         \$161,455.36           ringency         73         2.0%         7         \$18,932.89         \$140,556.73         \$46,130.10           ringency         74         1.5%         1.5%         \$18,932.89         \$140,706         \$472,834         \$41,440,706<	Contingencies & Soft Costs										
on Contingency         70         5.0%         \$63,109.63         \$351,391.82         \$115,325.26         \$0.00           no Contingency         71         0.0%         \$0.00 <td< td=""><td>Design Contingency</td><td>69</td><td>2.0%</td><td></td><td></td><td>\$63,109.63</td><td>\$351,391.82</td><td>\$115,325.26</td><td>\$615,859.60</td><td></td><td>\$1,145,686</td></td<>	Design Contingency	69	2.0%			\$63,109.63	\$351,391.82	\$115,325.26	\$615,859.60		\$1,145,686
71         0.0%         \$0.00         \$0.	Construction Contingency	20	2.0%		-	\$63,109.63	\$351,391.82	\$115,325.26	\$615,859.60		\$1,145,686
12         7.0%         \$88,353.48         \$491,948.55         \$161,455.36           Itingency         73         2.0%         \$525,243.85         \$140,556.73         \$46,130.10           Itingency         74         1.5%         \$18,932.89         \$105,417.55         \$34,597.58           Itingencies & Soft Costs         \$61,536.74         \$1,520,942         \$4,440,706         \$472,834         \$1,520,942           Itingencies & Soft Costs         \$61,536.74         \$1,520,942         \$8,468,543         \$2,779,339         \$1,520,942	Escalation	71	%0.0			\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00		0\$
Contringency         73         2.0%         \$ \$25,243.85         \$ 140,556.73         \$ 46,130.10           Contingencies & Soft Costs         74         1.5%         8         \$ 18,932.89         \$ 105,417.55         \$ 34,597.58           Facility Assessment Cost Estimate         163,518         5F         \$ 1,520,942         \$ 8,468,543         \$ 2,779,339         \$ 1	A & E Fees	72	7.0%		0,	\$88,353.48	\$491,948.55	\$161,455.36	\$862,203.45		\$1,603,961
74       1.5%       \$18,932.89       \$105,417.55       \$34,597.58         403,000       \$1,500       \$1,500       \$258,749       \$258,749       \$258,749       \$25,779,339       \$1,500       \$25,779,339       \$3,779,339	FF & E	73	2.0%		0,	\$25,243.85	\$140,556.73	\$46,130.10	\$246,343.84		\$458,275
\$258,749 \$1,440,706 \$472,834 \$1,520,942 \$8,468,543 \$2,779,339	Owner Contingency	74	1.5%			\$18,932.89	\$105,417.55	\$34,597.58	\$184,757.88		\$343,706
163,518 SF \$168.86   SF \$1,520,942 \$8,468,543 \$2,779,339	Total Contingencies & Soft Costs					\$258,749	\$1,440,706	\$472,834	\$2,525,024		\$4,697,314
70 0019	Total Facility Assessment Cost Estimate		163,518 SF			,520,942	\$8,468,543	\$2,779,339	\$14,842,216		\$27,611,040
163,518 SF 310.00.	Total Critical & Educational Adequacy		163,518 SF	\$100.00	/SF						\$16,363,158