

Ch. 3 Reading Guide: Settling the Northern Colonies (pg. 42-59)

Learning Targets:

Target # 1: I can identify differences in various European colonization patterns; List factors of a strong British-Colonial relationship as well as early resistance to British control; Identify examples of European conflict among one another and native groups; AND list similarities and differences among British colonial regions in North America.

Target # 2: I can describe differences in colonization patterns and interactions among various colonial European powers and native groups (using historical thinking skills); explain factors of a strong British-Colonial relationship as well as early resistance to British control; And analyze similarities and differences among various regions of British colonies in North America.

Big Ideas:

- The New England Colonies were founded by primarily Puritans who used religion as a basis for self-government
- The Middle colonies of Pennsylvania, New York, New Jersey, and Delaware were religiously, economically and politically diverse.
- Competition over resources created conflict between countries and American Indians
- Environment and Geography contributed to regional differences in the British colonies
- Britain at first neglected the colonies (salutary neglect) but then reasserted control for mercantilist purposes

Prediction Statement (50 words or less): What is one prediction you have about what you will learn based on the big ideas above?

Key Questions:

Protestant Reformation Produces

Puritanism (pg. 42-43)

Know: Protestant Reformation, Predestination, Puritans, Separatists

1. Briefly describe the complaints of the following groups in regards to the Anglican (English Church).

A. Puritans

B. Separatists

Pilgrims End Their Pilgrimage at

Plymouth (pg. 43-44)

Know: "Pilgrims", New England, Mayflower Compact

2. While the Mayflower was not a constitution of laws, why was it so significant to the (eventual) survival of the Plymouth colony?

<p><u>The Bay Colony Bible Commonwealth</u> <u>(p. 44-45)</u> Know: Massachusetts Bay Colony, John Winthrop</p> <p>3. What industries flourished in the Massachusetts Bay Colony?</p> <p>4. Why did New England colonies develop different industries than those found in the Southern colonies?</p>	
<p>5. Considering John Winthrop's message in his speech, "A City Upon a Hill," why would it be inaccurate to say that Massachusetts Bay (and much of New England) was founded on the basis of the freedom to practice religion.</p>	
<p><u>Building the Bay Colony (pg.45-46)</u> Know: Town meetings, democracy</p> <p>6. How democratic was the Massachusetts Bay Colony? Explain your answer by describing voting rights and restrictions.</p>	
<p><u>Trouble in the Bible Commonwealth</u> <u>(pg.46-47)</u> Know: Anne Hutchinson, Roger Williams, heresy</p> <p>7. What arguments/complaints did Anne Hutchinson & Roger Williams make against Puritan authority?</p>	
<p><u>The Rhode Island "Sewer"(pg. 47)</u> Know: Roger Williams, tolerance</p> <p>8. Why might the author's description of the Rhode Island colony as "a sewer" be accurate?</p>	
<p><u>Puritans versus Indians (pg. 48-49)</u> Know: Pequot War, King Philip's War, Metacom (King Philip), Squanto, Thanksgiving</p> <p>9. How was English-native relations in New England <u>similar</u> to that of Spanish colonies in the Americas?</p> <p>10. What was the significance of the end of the Pequot War and King Philip's War?</p>	

Seeds of Colonial Unity & Independence
+ Andros Promotes First American Rev.
(pg. 49-51)

Know: New England Confederation, Dominion of New England, English Civil War, Glorious Revolution, Salutary (Benign) Neglect, Navigation Laws, Mercantilism

11. What factors played a significant role in creating a general time period of 'salutary neglect' (1607-1763) between the English Crown and its American colonies?

12. What was the purpose of the Navigation Acts...and why were these not well-received by the colonists?

13. Provide at least 2 examples of the Dominion of New England under Andros enacting greater control over the colonists in the north.

14. In what ways did the Glorious Revolution in England (1688-89) impact the English colonies?

- A. Positive impacts
- B. Negative impacts

Quaker Pennsylvania and Its Neighbors
(pg.55-57)

Know: William Penn, New England, Blue laws

15. Explain how the Pennsylvania colony differed from other English colonies in North America? (use the following to guide your responses)

- A. Relations with native neighbors
- B. Religion
- C. Government
- D. Agriculture

The Middle Way in the Middle Colonies

Know: Middle Colonies, Benjamin Franklin

16. According to the author's, the Middle Colonies were the most American of the British colonies. What evidence supports this claim?

Summary Exit Ticket:

Compare & Contrast (3 parts)

#1. In this chapter, the authors highlight the establishment of the northern and middle colonies. Briefly describe the founding of two colonies discussed in chapter 3.

#2. Using specific colonies from the chapter as example, explain how/why the middle colonies' economies differed from their northern neighbors in New England.

#3. Choose two colonies discussed in chapter 3 to explain at least one similarity that existed between them (consider colonial life, population, economics, government).
