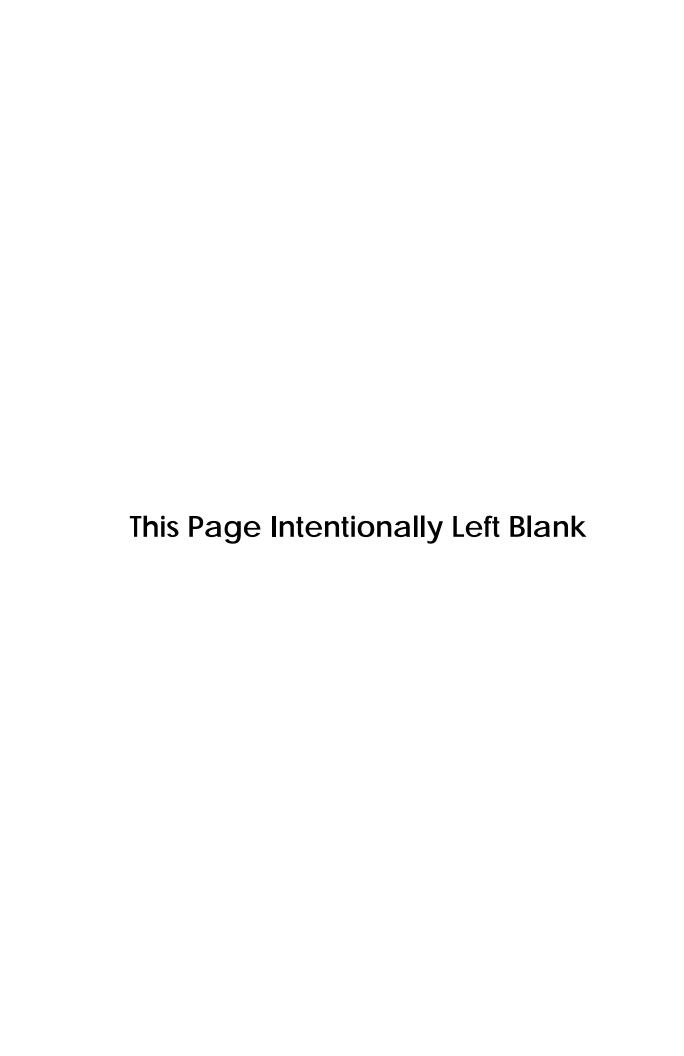


Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Year Ending June 30, 2022



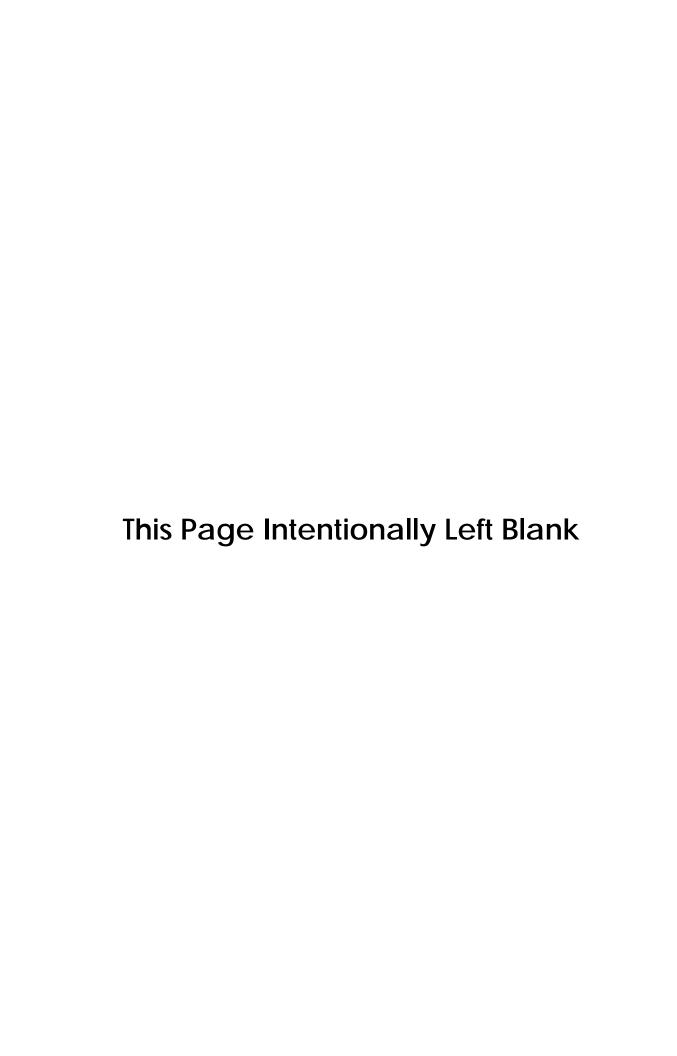
Duncanville Independent School District
Duncanville, Texas



Duncanville Independent School District

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by Duncanville ISD Finance Department Duncanville, Texas



Duncanville Independent School District Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Table of Contents

	Page	Exhibit
Introductory Costion		
Introductory Section Mission, Vision, and Values	vi	
Letter of Transmittal	vii vii	
Board of Trustees	XV	
Administrators and Consultants	xvi	
Senior Leadership Team Organizational Chart	xviii	
GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	xix	
ASBO Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting	XX	
Certificate of Board	xxi	
Confidence of Board	~~!	
Financial Section		
Independent Auditor's Report	3	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	7	
Basic Financial Statements		
Government-Wide Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	17	A-1
Statement of Activities	18	B-1
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:		
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	19	C-1
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the		
Statement of Net Position	22	C-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in		
Fund Balance – Governmental Funds	23	C-3
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues,		
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	25	C-4
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	26	D-1
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in		
Net Position – Proprietary Funds	27	D-2
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund	28	D-3
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds	29	E-1
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds	30	E-2
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	32	
Required Supplementary Information		
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance		
Budget and Actual – General Fund	63	G-1
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – TRS	64	G-2
Schedule of District's Contributions to the TRS	65	G-3
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability of a	20	2 0
Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer OPEB Plan – TRS	66	G-4
Schedule of the District's Contributions to the OPEB Plan – TRS	67	G-5
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	68	

Duncanville Independent School DistrictAnnual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Table of Contents – Continued

	Page	Exhibit
Other Supplementary Information - Combining Statements and Schedules:		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	71	H-1
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes		
in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	75	H-2
Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds	78	H-3
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes	79	H-4
in Net Position – Internal Service Funds		
Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds	80	H-5
Required Texas Education Agency Schedules		
Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	82	J-1
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Child Nutrition Fund	84	J-2
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Debt Service Fund	85	J-3
Use of Funds Report - Select State Allotment	86	J-4
Statistical Section (Unaudited)		
Financial Trend Information		
Net Position by Component	90	S-1
Expenses, Program Revenues, and Change in Net (Expense) Revenue	92	S-2
General Revenues and Changes in Net Position	94	S-3
Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	96	S-4
Governmental Funds Revenues	98	S-5
Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio	100	S-6
Other Financing Sources and Uses and Changes in Fund Balance	102	S-7
Revenue Capacity Information		
Assessed and Actual Value – Real and Personal Property	107	S-8
Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments	108	S-9
Property Tax Levies and Collections	110	S-10
Principal Property Taxpayers	111	S-11
Debt Capacity Information		
Legal Debt Margin Information	114	S-12
Outstanding Debt by Type	115	S-13
Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Taxable Assessed Valuation and Net Bonded Per Capita	116	S-14
Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	118	S-15
Demographic and Economic Information		
Demographic and Economic Statistics	120	S-16
Principal Employers	121	S-17

Duncanville Independent School DistrictAnnual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 Table of Contents – Continued

	Page	Exhibit
Operating Information		
Total Enrollment and Average Daily Attendance Data Chart	125	S-18
Full Time Equivalent District Employees by Type	126	S-19
Teacher Base Salaries	127	S-20
Operating Statistics	128	S-21
School Building Information – Campus	130	S-22
School Building Information – Other Buildings	131	S-23
District Map	132	S-24
Overall Compliance and Internal Control Section Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	135	
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with		
the Uniform Guidance	137	
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	140	
Corrective Action Plan	143	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	144	K-1
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	145	
Other Information		
Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators (Unaudited)	146	L-1

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Introductory Section



WRITING SUCCESS STORIES, ONE STUDENT AT A TIME

Our Mission

We engage, equip, and empower all scholars to achieve their unique potential

Our Vision

Where dreams are inspired and excellence is acheived

Our Values

Professionalism

Accountability and excellence

Nurturing, safe environments

Transparent communication

Honesty, integrity, and ethics

Everyone contributing to student success

Relationships, equity, and inclusion

Students as our top priority



Administration 710 S. Cedar Ridge Dr. Duncanville, Texas 75137 p. 972.708.2000 f. 972.708.2020

November 14, 2022

Formal Transmittal of the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

To the Citizens and Board of Trustees of the Duncanville Independent School District:

The ACFR of the Duncanville Independent School District (the District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, is hereby submitted. The report includes the unmodified opinion of our independent auditors, Weaver and Tidwell, LLP. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data, and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the District. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respect; that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and the results of operations of the District as measured by the financial activity of its various funds; and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the District's financial activities have been included. This report includes all funds of the District. The ACFR for the year end June 30, 2022, is presented in conformance with the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in their statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, issued in June 1999. The ACFR also adheres to guidelines recommended by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United State and Canada (GFOA) and the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO).

Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). MD&A is intended to give the reader an easy-to-understand overview of the school district's financial position and results of operations for the year. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the Independent Auditors Report.

The remainder of this transmittal highlights the governance structure, the mission, the accomplishments and initiatives, the economic conditions and outlook, and the financial activities of the District.

Copies of this report will be provided to the City Library, Moody's Investment Service, Fitch Investor Service, Standard and Poor's and any other interested parties.

PROFILE OF THE DISTRICT

As its mission states, Duncanville Independent School District provides each individual student with the necessary skills to achieve lifelong success and contribute to a global society.

COVID-19

Due to COVID-19, the district closed the 2019-2020 school year in March and did not open again during the school year. Technology upgraded to handle students educational needs from home with added computers and hot spots. The Curriculum Department quickly installed lessons and had teachers conducting virtual classes to continue the school year from home. Physical education classes continued to keep our students active. Our Child Nutrition Department continued serving meals with a parent pickup process. To prepare for the start the 2020-2021 school year the Board of Trustees gave parents the option to start school either virtual or in person. 70% chose to go virtual starting September 8, 2020 and 30% chose in person instruction for the first nine weeks ending November 6, 2020. The 2021-2022 school year started August 2, 2021 with all in person instruction with no mask mandate. September 7, 2021 we went to a temporary mask mandate to hold off the spread after the Labor Day holiday. This mandate was lifted later in the year.

General Education

The District provides a fully comprehensive instructional program in grades K-12 with a pre-kindergarten program. The District will be starting a Head-Start the 2019-2020 school year for children who qualify. The District is committed to

quality schools that encourage and sustain quality of life, freedom, democracy, and economic growth. In addition to the regular curriculum, the District provides a comprehensive Career and Technology Education (CTE) program in several areas:

- Agriculture, Food and Natural Resources
- Architecture and Construction
- Arts, A/V Technology and Communications
- Business Management and Administration
- Education and Training
- Finance
- Health Science
- Hospitality and Tourism
- Human Services
- Information Technology
- Marketing
- Manufacturing
- Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics
- Transportation, Distribution and Logistics

The District has other programs such as Gifted & Talented Education (GATE) Program which is designed to meet the diverse and unique needs of the gifted population. The GATE curriculum is designed to be a springboard to learning through interdisciplinary themes and higher-level thinking skills that will incorporate the four core areas of language arts, mathematics, social studies, and science. Gifted and Talented students will be offered learning opportunities designed to enrich and stimulate thinking skills, maximize intellectual and artistic growth, promote creativity, and expand leadership abilities to prepare the student for lifelong success. GATE is a K-12 program in the District.

The District offers Bilingual Education for Limited English Proficiency (LEP) students whose native language is Spanish in grades PK through 6th. The goal of our bilingual education program is to enable students with limited English proficiency to become competent in comprehension, speaking, reading, and composition of the English language through the development of literacy and academic skills in their primary language and English. The district also offers a Transitional/Early exit program model. Students are instructed in their primary language to establish a strong foundation that will lead to successful transition into English. The child's language of instruction in English gradually increases as he/she gains proficiency according to the state's English Language Proficiency Standards. This program also offers English as a Second Language (ESL) to LEP students who speak other languages in grades PK through 6th as well as for all LEP students in grades 7th through 12th. The goal of our ESL language program is to enable limited English proficient students to become competent in the comprehension, speaking, reading, and composition of the English language through the integrated use of second language methods.

The District provides Special Education Program, a comprehensive educational program with complete educational opportunities essential to the full intellectual and social development of students with disabilities between the ages of 3 and 21. The needs of such students require resources and assistance beyond those available within the regular classroom. The District believes in educating students in the least restrictive environment. A full continuum of instructional and related services is available to eligible students, with initial consideration given to provision of services in the general education classroom to the greatest extent possible. The emphasis will be on flexibility, with an individually tailored education to be provided on campus and/or within a centralized program to address communication, cognitive, developmental, socio/emotional, physical, and/or medical challenges.

The District's goal is to assist students in developing skills that will enable them to participate successfully in society by improving outcomes, both in learning and social situations.

DESCRIPTION OF THE ENTITY

The Duncanville Independent School District is an independent public educational agency operating under applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. A seven-member Board of Trustees, elected at large to staggered three-year terms by the District's residents, autonomously governs the District. The Board is the level of government which has oversight responsibility and control over all activities related to public school education within the District. Dallas County Appraisal District is used to place a value on the property and Dallas County Tax Office is used to collect the District's portion of taxes. The District receives funding from local, state and federal governments sources and must comply with all the requirements of these funding sources entities.

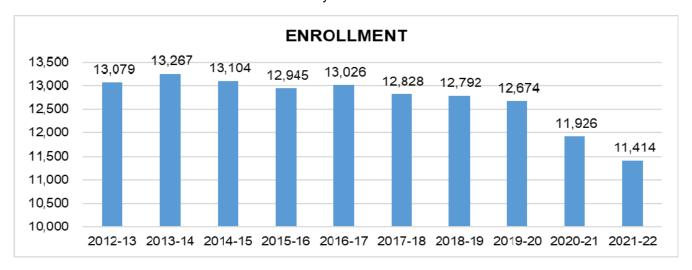
The District consists of twelve Elementary Schools. The oldest being Central Elementary built in 1939 up to our newest Acton Elementary built in 2018. We have three Middle Schools. The oldest being Byrd Middle School built in 1970 and the newest Kennemer Middle School built in 1991. Our one High School was built in 1965 and renovated with a Bond Election in 2001 enclosing the building from a college campus design.

In 2021 the District opened a Police Station using 2014 Bond money to renovate the old Administration Building. The Police Department not only keeps the peace but they have befriended many students, giving the students a feeling that the Police Officers are interested in their wellbeing, education and activities.

The District used TRE (Penny Swap) funds and additional funding to renovate one of our old campuses to develop a Teacher Training Center for future professional development, the building opened in March 2022.

There are five charter schools, A.W. Brown Charter School, Advantage Academy Public Charter School, Village Tech Schools, UME Preparatory Academy, Zoe Learning Academy and Harmony Schools of Excellence in the District that their primary source of funding comes from publicly funded by local, state, and federal tax dollars similar to districts—or traditional—schools. This funding ensures that charter schools are free, public, and open to all. Also the Foundation School Program (FSP) which is based on the number and types of students attending school (what the agency calls average daily attendance (ADA)). Schools that choose to provide transportation to students receive additional state funds. Charter schools are not entitled to participate in the Instructional Facilities Allotment program or the Existing Debt Allotment program.

The Texas Education Agency and Southern Association of Colleges and Schools provide the District's K-12 education accreditation. The District is home to approximately 74,536 residents within an area of 29.4 square miles and serves four communities, the entire city of Duncanville and portions of Dallas, Cedar Hill, and Desoto. Enrollment in the District's eighteen campuses, these include nine elementary, three intermediate and three middle schools, one high school, and two alternative campuses, was 11,620 for the 2021-2022 fiscal year, of which 38% were enrolled at the high school level, 18% at the middle school level and 44% at the elementary level.



The District has an extensive Internet website with individual home pages for all departments and campuses. At http://www.duncanvilleisd.org/ families can locate a wealth of information, including an Edulog bus transportation package that identifies the schools which serve their addresses.

The class of 1936 was the first class to graduate from a fully-accredited school in Duncanville. Since the first class left Duncanville ISD as graduates, the community has evolved and changed in the past 85 years. Since the first building in 1936 we have continued to build and improve school buildings with the most current funding from the Bond Construction Program of 2014. Also, in 2018 we had a TRE (Penny Swap) which gave the district additional funds for aging facilities, buses, athletic fields and renovation to an old school building. Currently, a culturally and ethnically diverse population offers the benefit of a "real world setting" to the patrons of the District. By embracing change and progress, Duncanville schools represent the ideal environment for families who place education as a top priority in their lives and the lives of their children.

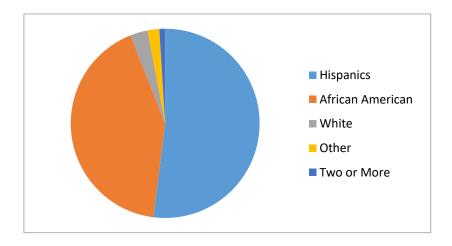
Statistics

Student Demographics

Hispanics – 52%
African American – 42%
White – 3%
Other – 2%
Two or more - 1%
Economically Disadvantaged – 78.3%
Limited English Proficient – 45.4

Staff Demographics

Teachers – 46.2% Professional Support – 12.2% School Leadership – 3.4% Central Administration – 1.1% Educational Staff – 9.5% Auxiliary Staff – 27.6%



State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness

The State of Texas Assessments of Academic Readiness (STAAR) assessment replaced the Texas Assessment of Knowledge and Skills (TAKS), beginning in the 2011-2012 school year. Beginning in the Spring of 2016, STARR English III and Algebra II will be available for districts to administer as optional assessments.

STAAR will be used for the twelve (12) end-of-course assessments mandated by SB 1031 in 2007 and the new grade 3-8 assessments mandated by HB 3 in the 2009 legislative session. The new tests are significantly more rigorous than previous tests and will measure a child's performance as well as academic growth. Ratings were suspended for 2019 and 2020 and were resumed in 2021.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Introduction

Nestled in the wooded rolling hills of southwest Dallas County, among the most attractive scenery North Texas has to offer, is the city of Duncanville in Dallas County, Texas (USA). Duncanville is a suburb of Dallas and is part of the Best Southwest area, which includes Duncanville, Cedar Hill, Desoto, and Lancaster. The estimated population for 2022 of Duncanville is 39,790 with 4.4% unemployment rate. The job growth market has decreased by -3.6% with future job growth over the next ten years is predicted to be 39.4%. The median home value in Duncanville is \$289,950. Home appreciation is up 22.9% over the last year. The median age of Duncanville real estate is 36 years. Renters make up 36.1% of the Duncanville population. 1.4% of houses and apartments in Duncanville are available to rent. 7.2% of houses and apartments in Duncanville are unoccupied. Overall Cost of Living in Duncanville is 97.6% compared to the United States average. Economic development activities in Duncanville over the last 5-7 years indicate that our community remains on a very slow rise. New businesses have started coming to the area.

Local Economy/Access

Duncanville provides businesses with a mature transportation infrastructure and convenient access to major freeways, railways and airports. Duncanville is literally minutes from Love Field (Southwest Airlines main hub), and DFW International Airport (American Airlines headquarters and one of the largest airports in the nation) is only twenty minutes away. The city sits just west of I-35E, a primary north & south highway in the center of Dallas county, while Interstate 20 crosses the north side of the city and Highway 67 runs through the east side. By providing companies with multiple means of access, Duncanville offers convenient and cost effective business opportunities at local, regional, national and international levels. The Duncanville Community & Economic Development Corporation (CEDC) continues to successfully recruit and retain dozens of businesses and further beautify this thriving city. In November 2005 the City broke ground on a 28 plus acre mixed use development that will consist of retail space, a financial institution, quality multi-family residential units, walking trails, fountains, and a five acre city park.

An example of a long-lasting sense of community spirit is the magical Kidsville playground. Over 5,000 citizens made it a reality by donating 36,000 hours of volunteer time, while Duncanville ISD students collected money for the project and local retailers supplied equipment, tools and materials. Attracting kids of all ages, it is still one of the largest volunteer-built creative wooden playgrounds in the United States, and is a monument to the community spirit of Duncanville. In 2018 Duncanville elected to add a splash pad to the park. Kidsville along with 10 other parks in the city add to the charm and family atmosphere of our community.

Duncanville is next door to several exciting North Texas attractions. The Cedar Ridge Preserve (formerly Dallas Nature Center) is a 360-acre park that offers seven miles of hiking trails for enjoying scenic views, native trees, wildflowers, butterflies, birds, insects and other wildlife. Joe Pool Lake and Cedar Hill State Park, encompassing 30,000 acres, create a boating, fishing and camping paradise encircled by mountain biking and walking trails. The Penn Farm Agricultural History Center located within the park shows the evolution of buildings constructed by the Penn family as they updated their farm with modern conveniences. Art from other cultures comes to life in the renowned International Museum of Cultures on the campus of the International Linguistics Center. Visitors gain a greater understanding of different ways of life of the culturally diverse peoples living today.

Duncanville is just minutes away from downtown Dallas, the Arts District, the Bishop Arts District, the new \$185,000,000 Perot Museum of Nature and Science, Klyde Warren Park over Woodall Rodgers, one of the few parks in the United States that is over a highway, which the sustainable landscaping includes 37 native plant species and 322 trees. Transforming a former freeway to a beautiful urban oasis. Dallas also includes the Meyerson Symphony Center, the American Airlines Arena (home of the Dallas Stars and Dallas Mavericks), AT&T Stadium in Arlington (home of the Dallas Cowboys), and the new Ballpark in Arlington (new home of the Texas Rangers which opened in March 2020). The former home of the Texas Rangers called Globe Life Park will be used for concerts in the future.

In addition to educational facilities provided by Duncanville Independent School District, the city of Duncanville also offers many quality childcare centers. There are seventeen institutions of higher education in Dallas County, including Southern Methodist University, University of Texas at Dallas, University of North Texas System Center at Dallas, the Dallas County Community College District and the University of Dallas.

FINANCIAL POLICIES

Internal and Budgetary Controls: The management of the District follows certain methods and procedures of accounting for revenues and disbursements as required by Texas Education Code. These methods and procedures are outlined by TEA Financial Accountability System Resources Guide. The business and purchasing operations of the District are under the direction of the Chief Financial Officer and Operation Officer.

The District contracts with Skyward for computer services, which records all revenues realized and all expenditures made during the fiscal year. The records include a statement showing total receipts from each fund, itemized according to source; total disbursements, itemized according to the nature of expenditures; and the balance on hand in each fund. The records are kept in the business office under the direction of the Chief Financial Officer.

The annual operating budget is a site-based decision making process. This process is designed to allow schools and central office departments to plan future operations in a manner which best serves the needs of students. Each principal/director works with a total appropriation. Individual allocations will be determined at the campus level and site-based shared decision-making requires input from the faculty.

Budget and Tax Rate

The Board of Trustees is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year, June 30. Annual budgets for the General Operating Fund, Debt Service Fund and Child Nutrition Fund were adopted by the Board of Trustees on or before June 29. The budget is prepared by fund and function. Site based decisions are made throughout the year as campuses and departments manage their budgets. Budget transfer between functions, however, require approval from the Board of Trustees. The District operates a tightly controlled budget in all areas of operation while maintaining a high quality educational program. All purchases over \$10K must go through eight approvals process ending with the Superintendent approval prior to going to Purchasing. Any purchases over \$50K must go through eight approvals including approval by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees is also required to adopt the tax rate for the current fiscal year which was adopted September 20, 2021 for the 2022 year.

State Funding Components

- Maintenance and Operations Tax Rate \$0.9796
- Interest and Sinking Tax Rate \$0.3400
- Basic Allotment \$6,160
- Revenue at Compressed Rate per WADA \$3,451
- Student transportation provides additional state funds

Long-Term Financial Planning

The District has maintained its fund balance to insure that the needed resources are available to provide for current operations and unexpected situations:

- With the 2018 TRE(Penny Swap) passing it has helped the District with many updates that were not included in the 2014 Bond Election. The District has purchased 14 new buses to add to the Transportation Fleet and working on a new Administration Office and Training Center in one of our old elementary buildings.
- For the future, the District is seeking to pay off outstanding financial obligations.

Major Initiatives

Capital Projects The District opened our new Police Department in January 2021 using funds from the community approved \$102,545 million, November 2, 2014 Bond Program. The Police Department houses our Police Chief, Assistant Chief, four officers and Dispatch. The current active Capital Project using TRE(penny swap) started with renovation in June of 2020 to the old Acton Campus that is being renovated into a Teacher Learning Center. This houses the Curriculum and Instruction Department with meeting rooms for Professional Development.

Independent Audit

A financial audit is required annually for each school district, and is to be made on an organization-wide basis, including all fund types and account groups that are the accounting responsibility of the school district. The Board of Trustees selected the accounting firm Weaver and Tidwell, LLP, for the 2016-2017 financial audit and has continued each year since.

Summary of Achievements

- Senate Bill (SB) 218 of the 77th Legislature (2001) authorized the implementation of a financial accountability rating system called school FIRST (Financial Integrity Rating System of Texas). The District received the highest rating of Superior Achievement. This rating shows that the District's schools are accountable not only for student learning, but also for achieving those results cost effectively and efficiently. This rating is based upon an analysis of staff and student data reported for the 2018-2019 school year and budgetary and actual financial data for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019. The District has received a Superior Achievement rating for the past seventeen years.
- According to the No Child Left Behind Act, school districts are required to meet the state's measurable highly qualified requirements. For the seventeenth year in a row, the District has 100% of the core academic subjects taught by highly qualified teachers.
- Fifteen of the District's campuses Met TEA School Accountability Standards for TEA School Accountability Standards for 2021.
- The Texas Comptroller's Office awarded a Fifth Year Platinum Award to the District for the Texas Comptroller Leadership Circle Program 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015. This award is given to local governments across the state of Texas striving to meet a high standard for financial transparency online.

• The Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. As of the date of this letter, the District has not yet received the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 as it is still under review by ASBO. The District has earned this recognition since 2012. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Excellence, a school district must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Excellence is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Excellence's requirements and we are submitting it to the ASBO to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

• The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. As of the date of this letter, the District has not yet received the Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 as it is still under review by GFOA. The District has earned this recognition since 2014. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgements

The presentation and development of this report would not be possible without the special efforts of Edd Bigbee, and other Finance Department staff members. We would also like to express our appreciation to the Board of Trustees for their interest and support regarding the District's financial operations and the continual guidance through COVID 19 and rebuilding attendance for the 2021-2022 school years.

Sincerely,

Superintendent

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Board of Trustees



Phil McNeely
President
Place 2
Term Expires 2025



Cassandra Phillips Vice President Place 5 Term Expires 2023



Carla Fahey Secretary Place 7 Term Expires 2024



Janet Veracruz Trustee Place 7 Term Expires 2025



Dr. LaSonja Ivory Trustee Place 7 Term Expires 2023



Janice Savage-Martin Trustee Place 6 Term Expires 2024



Jacqueline Culton Place 1 Term Expires 2025



Administrators and Consultants Administrative Staff

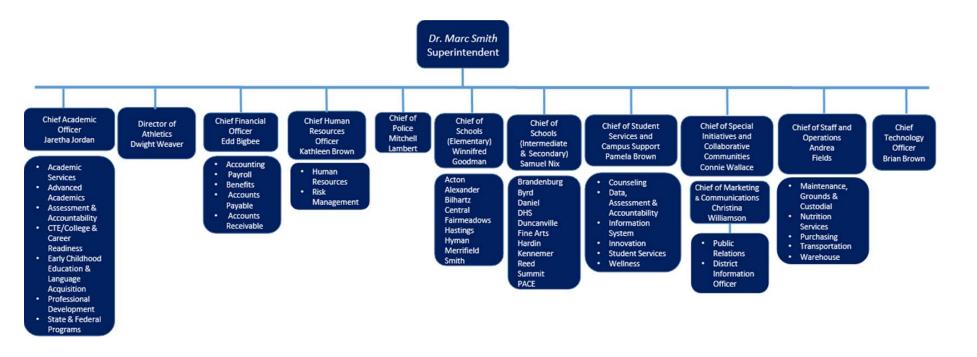


Dr. Marc Smith Superintendent of School

Andrea Fields	Chief of Staff			
Mari Zamora	Chief Operations Officer			
Dr. Samiel Nix	Chief of Schools: Intermediate/Secondary			
Dr. Winnifred Goodman	Chief of Schools: Elementary			
Kathleen Brown	Chief of Human Resources Officer			
Dr. Edd Bigbee	Interim Chief Financial Officer			
Dr. Jaretha Jordan	Chief Academic Officer			
Pamela Brown	Chief of Student Services and Campus Support			
Connie Wallace	Chief of Special Initiatives and Collaborative Communities			
Christina Williamson	Chief of Marketing and Communications			
Dr. Brian Brown	Chief Technology Officer			
Dwight Weaver				
Mitchell Lambert				
Dr. Karin Holacka	Chief of Special Projects			
Consultants and Advisors				
Weaver & Tidwell	Independent Auditor			
Leasor Crass	Legal Counsel			
BOK, Inc	Financial Advisor			
McCall, Parkhurst & Horton	Bond Counsel			

District Leadership Organization Chart

Support and Serve



GFOA

Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate

(PLACEHOLDER)

ASBO

Association of School Business Officials International

Certificate

(PLACEHOLDER)



Certificate of Board

Duncanville Independent School District	<u>Dallas</u>	<u> 057-907</u>
Name of School District	County	Co Dist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attach school district were reviewed and (check one year ended June 30, 2022 at a meeting of the 14th day of November 14, 2022.	e) approved	disapproved for the
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board Presid	dent
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the are:	auditors' report, the reas	on(s) for disapproving

Financial Section

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees of Duncanville Independent School District Duncanville, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Duncanville Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note1 to the basic financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information and the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Board of Trustees of Duncanville Independent School District

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information Included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR)

Management is responsible for the other information included in the ACFR. The other information comprises the introductory section, statistical section and schedule of required responses to selected school FIRST indicators but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Districts internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Weaver and Siduell, L.S.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas November 14, 2022 This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of Duncanville Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

On a Government-Wide Basis

The District's assets and deferred outflows of resources were exceeded by its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$20,520,352 (net deficit). Of this amount, (\$20,240,281) is unrestricted and was in a deficit due to the implementation of GASB 68 and GASB 75 in prior years.

The District's total net position increased by \$7,306,278 during the fiscal year.

The total cost of the District's programs was \$159,490,906 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

In Accordance with Fund Accounting

The District's governmental funds financial statements reported a combined ending fund balance of \$78,186,678. Of this amount, the General Fund includes \$472,909 of nonspendable funds, \$0 of assigned fund balance, and \$62,393,076 of unassigned fund balance available for spending at the District's discretion. The Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds reported a fund balance of \$2,681,417, all restricted or committed. Fund balance of \$12,639,276 is restricted for use by the Debt Service Funds.

The District's General Fund reported an unassigned fund balance of \$62,393,076 or 50.9% of the total General Fund expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Financial Section of this annual comprehensive financial report consists of the *independent* auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the government-wide statements.
- Governmental fund statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- *Proprietary fund* statements offer *short* and *long-term* financial information about the activities the government operates *like businesses*.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements. The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets, liabilities and deferred inflows and outflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements, statement of net position and statement of activities, report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position – the difference of the District's assets, and deferred outflows and resources; less liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *governmental activities*. These statements recognize the District's functions, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, and general administration as being primarily supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The government-wide financial statements can be found on Exhibits A-1 and B-1 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant *funds*, not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.

The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

All of the District's funds can be divided into three categories:

Governmental Funds. Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because the focus of the governmental funds is shorter-term than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's short-term financing decisions. In addition, reconciliations are provided following the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances to aid in the comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits C-1, C-2, C-3, and C-4 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-and short-term financial information. There are two types of proprietary funds:

<u>Internal Service Funds</u> are used to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities, such as the District's Worker's Compensation Self Insurance Fund.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District does not maintain any enterprise funds.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on Exhibits D-1, D-2, and D-3 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. The District is the custodian, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position that can be found on Exhibits E-1 and E-2 of this report. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found beginning on page 32 of this report.

Other Information. This report also presents certain required supplementary information, combining schedules, and other information required by the Texas Education Agency that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The required supplementary information, combining schedules, and other TEA required information can be found on pages 63-86 of this report.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Net Position. The District's combined net position was a deficit of (\$20,520,352) at June 30, 2022. (See Table A-1).

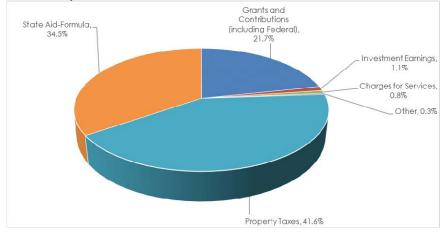
Table A-1
Duncanville Independent School District's Net Position

	 2022	 2021	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 97,528,705 195,416,305	\$ 97,653,704 200,670,301	
Total assets	292,945,010	298,324,005	
Deferred outflows of resources	19,016,435	23,486,206	
Current liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	25,894,749 257,806,414	 27,825,294 286,933,367	
Total liabilities	283,701,163	314,758,661	
Deferred inflows of resources	48,780,634	34,878,180	
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	(13,146,889) 12,866,818 (20,240,281)	 (12,588,911) 7,027,928 (22,265,647)	
Total net position	\$ (20,520,352)	\$ (27,826,630)	

Net investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture, and equipment) is (\$13,146,889). Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional amount, \$12,866,818 (restricted net position), represents resources that are subject to external limitations on how they may be used. The remaining deficit net position of (\$20,240,281) (unrestricted net position) resulted from the implementation of GASB 68 for pensions and GASB 75 for other postemployment benefits (retiree health care provided through TRS-CARE) in prior years.

Change in Net Position. The District's total revenues were \$166,797,184. 34.5% of the District's revenues comes from state allocations – formula grants and 41.6% from property taxes. (See Figure A-1) 21.7% relates to grants and contributions (including federal funds).

Figure A-1
Duncanville Independent School District's Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2022



Governmental Activities. The total cost of all programs and services was \$159,490,906 (See Table A-2); 59.0% of these costs are for instruction and instructional related services.

Table A-2
Duncanville Independent School District's Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities

	Activities				
	2022			2021	Total % Change
Revenues	•				
Program revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	1,136,968	\$	942.817	21%
Operating grants and contributions	Ψ	34,196,421	Ψ	31,947,106	7%
General revenues:		.,,		.,, .,,,,,	. , ,
Property taxes		73,483,579		73,345,005	0%
State aid - formula		56,315,372		58,277,761	-3%
Investment earnings		134,128		62,868	113%
Other		1,530,716		519,838	194%
	-				
Total revenues		166,797,184		165,095,395	1%
Expenses					
Instruction		75,001,727		84,407,706	-11%
Instructional resources and media services		1,760,796		1,848,184	-5%
Curriculum and staff development		4,238,118		5,041,958	-16%
Instructional leadership		4,300,277		4,652,106	-8%
School leadership		8,741,815		9,657,049	-9%
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		5,806,401		6,369,121	-9%
Social work services		182,463		190,785	-4%
Health services		1,143,792		1,453,713	-21%
Student (pupil) transportation		4,484,216		4,124,300	9%
Food services		7,452,274		6,165,833	21%
Extracurricular activities		4,656,640		4,398,823	6%
General administration		5,574,483		6,088,217	-8%
Plant maintenance and operations		17,005,309		14,273,594	19%
Security and monitoring services		2,088,477		2,064,208	1%
Data processing services		4,995,182		7,510,275	-33%
Community services		704,511		811,999	-13%
Debt service - interest on long term debt		11,071,661		7,772,448	42%
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative					
Education Program		14,970		45,066	-67%
Other intergovernmental charges		267,794		264,490	1%
Total expenses		159,490,906		167,139,875	-5%
Increase (decrease) in net position		7,306,278		(2,044,480)	-457%
Net position, beginning	<u> </u>	(27,826,630)		(25,782,150)	8%
Net position, ending	\$	(20,520,352)	\$	(27,826,630)	-26%

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest functions, as well as, each function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by general state revenues as well as local tax dollars.

- The cost of all governmental activities for the year was \$159,490,906;
- The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was \$73,483,579;
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$1,136,968; or by operating grants and contributions \$34,196,421.

Table A-3

Duncanville Independent School District's Cost of Functions

	Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost of Services			
•	2022	2021	% Change	2022	2021	% Change
Instruction	\$ 75,001,727	\$ 84,407,706	-11.1%	\$ (63,280,972)	\$ (68,876,694)	-8.1%
Plant maintenance						
and operations	17,005,309	14,273,594	19.1%	(11,758,622)	(11,716,317)	0.4%
Debt service	11,071,661	7,772,448	42.4%	(10,585,909)	(7,343,822)	44.1%
Data processing services	4,995,182	7,510,275	-33.5%	(3,842,784)	(4,975,764)	-22.8%
Guidance, counseling						
and evaluation services	5,806,401	6,369,121	-8.8%	(4,969,358)	(5,348,422)	-7.1%
School leadership	8,741,815	9,657,049	-9.5%	(7,903,850)	(8,502,737)	-7.0%

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

Revenues of the General Fund totaled \$121,687,256, a decrease of -0.8% compared to the preceding period's General Fund revenues. Local revenues increased by 1.9% primarily due to an increase in property taxes, state revenues decreased -2.9% due to decreases in state aid from state aid due to decreases in enrollment. Federal revenues in the General Fund decreased by -6.5% related to less COVID related grant money in the General Fund received in the current year.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$78.2 million. Approximately 80% of this total amount or \$62.4 million constitutes the unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable, restricted, or assigned to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been: 1) restricted for retirement of long-term debt \$12.6 million, 2) restricted for capital projects \$105 thousand, 3) restricted for federal and state grants \$1.9 million, 4) committed or assigned for other purposes \$428 thousand, and 5) nonspendable \$696 thousand.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$62.9 million.

The general fund reported an ending fund balance of \$62.9 million. The net change in fund balance resulted in a decrease in the general fund balance from the prior year in the amount of (\$422) thousand. The decrease in fund balance was the result of a one-time stipend to all full time employees, funding of the Old Acton Elementary School Conversion with the General Fund, and a transfer of \$2.2M to the Child Nutrition Fund to cover losses in the Child Nutrition Fund. \$1.3 million in proceeds from right-to-use (RTU) leased assets in current year was due to implementation of GASB 87 Leases in the current year.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$12.6 million, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net decrease in fund balance during the period in the debt service fund was (\$490) thousand. The decrease is due to increased debt payments in the current year. The District also issued \$13M and \$107M in 2022 A and B refunding bonds in fiscal year 2022. See Note 9 for additional information.

The nonmajor governmental funds has a total fund balance of \$2.6 million which represents a decrease of \$308 thousand. This decrease is mainly due to the capital projects fund spending \$612 thousand on various projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the fiscal period, the District amended its budget several times. The most significant budget amendments were as follows:

- A decrease to the instructional expenditure budget of \$2.1M mainly due to lower than anticipated expenses required to respond to COVID-19;
- An increase to the facilities acquisition and construction expenditure budget of \$4.4M due to funding the Old Acton Elementary conversion through the General Fund.

After appropriations were amended as described above, actual expenditures were \$8,340,198 below final budgeted amounts. The difference was due to the District having less expenditures than anticipated to respond to operating under COVID-19.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. As of June 30, 2022, the District had invested \$414,027,622 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, land improvements, buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment (See Table A-4). This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$5,780,087 or 1.4% more than last year.

Table A-4
Duncanville Independent School District's Capital Assets

	 2022	2021	Total % Change
Land	\$ 5,151,359	\$ 5,151,359	0.0%
Construction in progress	9,807,317	5,863,596	67.3%
Buildings and improvements	367,117,076	366,392,804	0.2%
Furniture and equipment	30,956,126	30,839,776	0.4%
Furniture and equipment, RTU asset	 995,744	 -	0.0%
Totals at historical cost	414,027,622	408,247,535	1.4%
Total accumulated depreciation	 (218,611,317)	 (207,577,234)	5.3%
Net capital assets	\$ 195,416,305	\$ 200,670,301	-2.6%

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$213,632,474 in bonds payable as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in Note 9 to the financial statements.

Table A-5
Duncanville Independent School District's Long-Term Debt

	 2022	 2021	Total % Change
General obligation bonds Accreted interest Bond premium & CAB Premium Leases payable	\$ 189,615,000 17,363 22,994,281 1,005,830	\$ 195,310,000 3,828,830 22,138,433	-2.9% -99.5% 3.9% 0.0%
Total long-term debt	\$ 213,632,474	\$ 221,277,263	-3.5%

Bond Ratings

The District's bonds presently carry "AAA" ratings with underlying ratings as follows: Moody's Investor Services "Aa3" and Standard & Poor's "AA-".

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- 2022 budget is based on an overall 0.3% increase from the prior year
- The District's refined average daily attendance (ADA) was based on no student growth
- Tax rates set for 2021-2022:
 - o M & O Rate from \$1.0176 to \$0.9859
 - o 1 & S Rate reduced from \$0.35 to \$0.34

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact the District's Financial Services Department.

Basic Financial Statements

Duncanville Independent School District Statement of Net Position

Exhibit A-1

June 30, 2022

Data Control		Primary Government Governmental
Codes		Activities
	ASSETS	
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 81,876,068
1220	Property taxes receivable	3,230,007
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes (credit)	(161,501)
1240	Due from other governments	11,887,537
1300	Inventories	400,179
1410	Prepaid items	296,415
	Capital assets:	
1510	Land	5,151,359
1520	Buildings and improvements, net	175,810,631
1530	Furniture and equipment, net	3,651,254
1559	Right-to-use leased equipment, net	995,744
1580	Construction in progress	9,807,317
1000	Total assets	292,945,010
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1701	Deferred charges on bond refundings	1,901,366
1705	Deferred outflows - pension	9,002,229
1706	Deferred outflows - OPEB	8,112,840
1700	Total deferred outflows of resources	19,016,435
	LIABILITIES	
2110	Accounts payable	149,183
2140	Accrued interest payable	2,508,823
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings	2,896,159
2160	Accrued wages payable	10,118,212
2180	Due to other governments	-
2200	Accrued expenses	58,181
2300	Unearned revenue	1,700
2501	Due within one year	10,162,491
	Noncurrent liabilities:	
2502	Due in more than one year	203,469,983
2540	Net pension liability (District's share)	17,332,445
2545	Net OPEB liability (District's share)	37,003,986
2000	Total liabilities	283,701,163
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2601	Deferred charges on bond refundings	370,665
2605	Deferred inflows - pension	20,597,765
2606	Deferred inflows - OPEB	27,812,204
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources	48,780,634
	NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
3200	Net investment in capital assets	(13,146,889)
3820	Restricted for federal and state programs	1,928,281
3850	Restricted for debt service	10,938,537
3900	Unrestricted	(20,240,281)
3000	TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$ (20,520,352)

Net (Expense)

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Revenue and
			Program I	Revenues	Changes in Net Position
		1	3	4	6
Data Control		Funance	Charges for	Operating Grants and	Governmental
Codes	COMEDNIMENTAL ACTIVITIES	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities
11	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Instruction	\$ 75,001,727	\$ 113,330	\$ 11,607,425	¢//2 200 072)
12	Instructional resources and media services	1,760,796	р 113,330	192,718	\$(63,280,972) (1,568,078)
13	Curriculum and staff development	4,238,118	_	1,712,039	(2,526,079)
21	Instructional leadership	4,300,277	_	926,550	(3,373,727)
23	School leadership	8,741,815	_	837,965	(7,903,850)
31	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	5,806,401	_	837,043	(4,969,358)
32	Social work services	182,463	_	18,804	(163,659)
33	Health services	1,143,792	_	112,141	(1,031,651)
34	Student (pupil) transportation	4,484,216	_	800,344	(3,683,872)
35	Food services	7,452,274	687,217	8,203,656	1,438,599
36	Extracurricular activities	4,656,640	223,396	953,017	(3,480,227)
41	General administration	5,574,483		558,077	(5,016,406)
51	Facilities maintenance and operations	17,005,309	113,025	5,133,662	(11,758,622)
52	Security and monitoring services	2,088,477	-	291,124	(1,797,353)
53	Data processing services	4,995,182	-	1,152,398	(3,842,784)
61	Community services	704,511	-	357,753	(346,758)
72	Debt service - interest on long-term debt	11,071,661	-	485,752	(10,585,909)
95	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative				
	Education Program	14,970	-	845	(14,125)
99	Other intergovernmental charges	267,794		15,108	(252,686)
TP	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	159,490,906	1,136,968	34,196,421	(124,157,517)
	General revenues Taxes				
MT	Property taxes, levied for go	• •			54,483,771
DT	Property taxes, levied for de	ebt service			18,999,808
SF	State aid - formula grants				56,315,372
ΙE	Investment earnings				134,128
MI	Miscellaneous local and inte	rmediate revenu	Je		1,530,716
TR	Total general revenues				131,463,795
CN	Change in net position				7,306,278
NB	Net position (deficit), beginning)			(27,826,630)
NE	NET POSITION (DEFICIT), ending				\$(20,520,352)

Duncanville Independent School DistrictBalance Sheet – Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022

1220				10		50
Codes Fund Fund ASSETS 1110 Cash and cash equivalents \$ 64,906,058 \$ 12,63 1220 Properly taxes receivable 2,379,392 85 1230 Allowance for uncollectable taxes (credit) (118,770) (4 1240 Due from other governments 9,751,513						
ASSETS					De	
1110	Codes	- ACCETC		Fund		Fund
1220	1110		\$	44 904 058	¢	12,632,576
1230		·	Ψ		Ψ	850,615
1240 Due from other governments 9,751,513 1260 Due from other funds 1,432,186 1300 Inventories 176,494 1410 Prepaid items 296,415		• •				(42,531)
1260 Due from other funds 1,432,186 1300 Inventories 176,494 1410 Prepaid items 296,415 296,415		, ,				6,700
1300 Inventories 176,494 1410 Prepaid items 296,415		-				-
1410 Prepaid items 296,415						_
Total assets \$ 78,823,088 \$ 13,44				•		_
LIABILITIES	1410	ттераю петь		270,410	-	
2110 Accounts payable \$ 72,626 \$ 2150 Payroll deductions and withholdings payable 2,814,322 2 2160 Accrued wages payable 9,466,690 9 2170 Due to other funds - - 2300 Unearned revenue 1,700 - 2000 Total liabilities 12,355,338 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2601 Unavailable revenue 3,601,765 80 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable fund balance: FUND BALANCES Nonspendable fund balance: 176,494 3410 Inventories 176,494 3430 Prepaid items 296,415 Restricted fund balance: - 3450 Federal or state funds grant restriction - 3470 Capital acquisition and contractual obligation - 3480 Retirement of long-term debt - 12,63 Committed fund balance: - - 3545 Other committed fund	1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	78,823,088	\$	13,447,360
2150 Payroll deductions and withholdings payable 2,814,322 2160 Accrued wages payable 9,466,690 2170 Due to other funds - 2300 Unearned revenue 1,700 2000 Total liabilities 12,355,338 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2601 Unavailable revenue 3,601,765 80 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable fund balance: 3,601,765 80 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable fund balance: 176,494 44 3430 Prepaid items 296,415 80 Restricted fund balance: - - 3450 Federal or state funds grant restriction - - 3470 Capital acquisition and contractual obligation - - 3480 Retirement of long-term debt - 12,63 Committed fund balance - - 3545 Other committed fund balance - 3545 Other committed fund balance - 3600		LIABILITIES				
2160 Accrued wages payable 9,466,690 2170 Due to other funds - 2300 Unearned revenue 1,700 2000 Total liabilities 12,355,338 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2601 Unavailable revenue 3,601,765 80 2600 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,601,765 80 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable fund balance: 3410 Inventories 176,494 3430 Prepaid items 296,415 Restricted fund balance: - 3450 Federal or state funds grant restriction - 3470 Capital acquisition and contractual obligation - 3480 Retirement of long-term debt - 12,63 Committed fund balance: - - 3545 Other committed fund balance - 3600 Unassigned fund balance 62,393,076 3000 Total fund balances 62,865,985 12,63	2110	Accounts payable	\$	72,626	\$	-
2170 Due to other funds	2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings payable		2,814,322		-
2300 Unearned revenue 1,700	2160	Accrued wages payable		9,466,690		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 2601 Unavailable revenue 3,601,765 80 2600 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,601,765 80 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable fund balance: 3410 Inventories 176,494 3430 Prepaid items 296,415 Restricted fund balance: - 3450 Federal or state funds grant restriction - 3470 Capital acquisition and contractual obligation - 3480 Retirement of long-term debt - 12,63 Committed fund balance: - - 3545 Other committed fund balance - - 3600 Unassigned fund balance 62,393,076 - 3000 Total fund balances 62,865,985 12,63	2170	Due to other funds		-		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenue 3,601,765 80 2600 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,601,765 80 FUND BALANCES Nonspendable fund balance: 1176,494 3430 Prepaid items 296,415 Restricted fund balance: 3450 Federal or state funds grant restriction	2300	Unearned revenue		1,700		-
2601 Unavailable revenue 3,601,765 80 2600 Total deferred inflows of resources 3,601,765 80 FUND BALANCES	2000	Total liabilities		12,355,338		-
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable fund balance: Inventories Restricted fund balance: 3450 Federal or state funds grant restriction Capital acquisition and contractual obligation Retirement of long-term debt Committed fund balance: 3545 Other committed fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total fund balances 3600 Total fund balances Total fund balances 3600 Total fund balances		DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable fund balance: 3410 Inventories 176,494 3430 Prepaid items 296,415 Restricted fund balance: 3450 Federal or state funds grant restriction - 3470 Capital acquisition and contractual obligation - 12,63 Committed fund balance: 3545 Other committed fund balance 3600 Unassigned fund balance 62,393,076 3000 Total fund balances 62,865,985 12,63	2601	Unavailable revenue		3,601,765		808,084
Nonspendable fund balance: 3410 Inventories 176,494 3430 Prepaid items 296,415 Restricted fund balance: 3450 Federal or state funds grant restriction - 3470 Capital acquisition and contractual obligation - 3480 Retirement of long-term debt - 12,63 Committed fund balance: 3545 Other committed fund balance - 3600 Unassigned fund balance 62,393,076 3000 Total fund balances 62,865,985 12,63	2600	Total deferred inflows of resources		3,601,765		808,084
3410 Inventories 176,494 3430 Prepaid items 296,415 Restricted fund balance: 3450 Federal or state funds grant restriction - 3470 Capital acquisition and contractual obligation - 3480 Retirement of long-term debt - 12,63 Committed fund balance: - - 3545 Other committed fund balance - - 3600 Unassigned fund balance 62,393,076 3000 Total fund balances 62,865,985 12,63		FUND BALANCES				
3430 Prepaid items Restricted fund balance: 3450 Federal or state funds grant restriction 3470 Capital acquisition and contractual obligation 3480 Retirement of long-term debt Committed fund balance: 3545 Other committed fund balance 3600 Unassigned fund balance Total fund balances 62,393,076 12,63		Nonspendable fund balance:				
Restricted fund balance: 3450 Federal or state funds grant restriction 3470 Capital acquisition and contractual obligation 3480 Retirement of long-term debt Committed fund balance: 3545 Other committed fund balance 3600 Unassigned fund balance Total fund balances 62,393,076 12,63	3410	Inventories		176,494		-
3450 Federal or state funds grant restriction	3430	Prepaid items		296,415		-
3470 Capital acquisition and contractual obligation 3480 Retirement of long-term debt Committed fund balance: 3545 Other committed fund balance 3600 Unassigned fund balance Total fund balances 62,393,076 12,63		Restricted fund balance:				
3480 Retirement of long-term debt - 12,63 Committed fund balance: 3545 Other committed fund balance - 5,3600 Unassigned fund balance 62,393,076 3000 Total fund balances 62,865,985 12,63	3450	Federal or state funds grant restriction		-		-
Committed fund balance: 3545 Other committed fund balance 3600 Unassigned fund balance 3000 Total fund balances 62,393,076 12,63	3470	Capital acquisition and contractual obligation		-		-
3545 Other committed fund balance - 3600 Unassigned fund balance 62,393,076 3000 Total fund balances 62,865,985 12,63	3480	Retirement of long-term debt		-		12,639,276
3600 Unassigned fund balance 62,393,076 3000 Total fund balances 62,865,985 12,63		Committed fund balance:				
3000 Total fund balances 62,865,985 12,63	3545	Other committed fund balance		-		-
	3600	Unassigned fund balance		62,393,076		-
4000 TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES \$ 78,823,088 \$ 13,44	3000	Total fund balances		62,865,985		12,639,276
	4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	78,823,088	\$	13,447,360

onmajor ernmental Funds	Go	98 Total overnmental Funds
\$ 3,663,471 - - 2,129,324 - 223,685 -	\$	81,202,105 3,230,007 (161,501) 11,887,537 1,432,186 400,179 296,415
\$ 6,016,480	\$	98,286,928
\$ 76,557 81,837 651,522 2,525,147	\$	149,183 2,896,159 10,118,212 2,525,147 1,700
3,335,063		15,690,401
 		4,409,849
-		4,409,849
223,685 -		400,179 296,415
1,928,281 105,025 -		1,928,281 105,025 12,639,276
 428,153 (3,727)		428,153 62,389,349
 2,681,417		78,186,678
\$ 6,016,480	\$	98,286,928

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Duncanville Independent School District Exhibit C-2 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022 TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS \$ 78,186,678 The District uses internal service funds to charge the cost of certain activities, such as self-insurance, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. 1,708,743 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and 413,031,878 therefore are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. Accumulated depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements. (218,611,317)Right-to-use assets in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements. 1,340,680 Accumulated amortization is not reported in the fund financial statements. (344,936)Bonds payable are not reported in the fund financial statements. (189,615,000) Capital appreciation bond premiums are not reported in the fund financial statements. (3,416,191)Accreted interest payable for capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the fund financial statements. (17,363)Bond premiums are not recognized in the fund financial statements. (19,578,090)Leases are not reported in the fund financial statements. (1,005,830)Interest on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due. (2,508,823)Deferred charges on bond refundings are not recognized in the fund financial statements 1,530,701 Revenue reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental fund financial statements was recorded as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. 4,409,849 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$17,332,445, deferred inflows of resources related to TRS in the amount of \$20,597,765, and deferred outflows of resources related to TRS in the amount of \$9,002,229. This results in a decrease in net position in the amount of \$28,927,981. (28,927,981) Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$37,003,986, deferred inflows of resources related to TRS-Care in the amount of \$27,812,204, and deferred outflows of resources related to TRS-Care in the amount of \$8,112,840. This results in a decrease in net position in the amount of \$56,703,350. (56,703,350)(20,520,352)TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Duncanville Independent School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

> 10 50

Data Control Codes			General Fund	De	ebt Service Fund
Codes	REVENUES		Tuliu		Turiu
5700	Total local and intermediate sources	\$	56,590,410	\$	19,026,851
5800	State program revenues	т.	62,759,721	*	485,752
5900	Federal program revenues		2,337,125		-
5020	Total revenues		121,687,256		19,512,603
	EXPENDITURES				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction		62,738,358		-
0012	Instructional resources and media services		1,513,711		-
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		2,934,750		-
0021	Instructional leadership		3,449,212		-
0023	School leadership		8,598,129		=
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		5,432,231		-
0032	Social work services		178,736		-
0033	Health services		1,137,625		-
0034	Student (pupil) transportation		3,328,084		-
0035	Food services		2.005.204		-
0036	Extracurricular activities		3,985,324		-
0041	General administration		5,162,482		-
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		12,492,097		-
0052 0053	Security and monitoring services		1,850,424		-
	Data processing services		3,477,380 377,480		-
0061	Community services Debt service:		3/7,400		-
0071	Principal on long-term debt		334,850		2,395,000
0071			45,940		17,289,265
	Interest and issuance costs on long-term debt Capital outlay:		•		17,207,203
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction		5,308,504		-
	Intergovernmental:				
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Program		14,970		-
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	_	267,794		
6030	Total expenditures		122,628,081		19,684,265
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(940,825)		(171,662)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
<i>7</i> 911	Issuance of refunding bonds		-		120,235,000
7913	Proceeds from RTU leased assets		1,340,680		-
7915	Transfers in		1,452,900		-
7916	Premium on issuance of bonds		-		14,332,307
8911	Transfers out		(2,274,861)		(1,452,900)
8940	Payment to refunded bonds escrow agent				(133,432,431)
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)		518,719		(318,024)
1200	Net change in fund balances		(422,106)		(489,686)
0100	Fund balances, beginning		63,288,091		13,128,962
3000	FUND BALANCES, ending	\$	62,865,985	\$	12,639,276

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 1,165,469 837,230 25,482,415	\$ 76,782,730 64,082,703 27,819,540
27,485,114	168,684,973
8,054,522 105,485 1,587,710 736,092	70,792,880 1,619,196 4,522,460 4,185,304
352,682 530,576 8,720	8,950,811 5,962,807 187,456
47,960 612,585 7,435,891 707,231	1,185,585 3,940,669 7,435,891 4,692,555
245,345 4,214,249 211,613 956,217 350,550	5,407,827 16,706,346 2,062,037 4,433,597 728,030
	2,729,850 17,335,205
612,564	5,921,068
- -	14,970 267,794
26,769,992	169,082,338
715,122	(397,365)
-	120,235,000 1,340,680
2,274,861 -	3,727,761 14,332,307
- -	(3,727,761) (133,432,431)
2,274,861	2,475,556
2,989,983	2,078,191
(308,566)	76,108,487
\$ 2,681,417	\$ 78,186,678

Exhibit C-4

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS \$ 2,078,191

The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of self-insurance to appropriate functions in other funds. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase net position.

(3,631)

Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing capital outlays is to increase net position.

4,784,343

Depreciation and amortization is not recognized as an expenditure in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position in the government-wide financial statements.

(11,379,019)

Current year long-term debt principal payments on bonds payable and lease payments on leases are expenditures in fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.

2,729,850

Current year decrease in capital appreciation bond premiums is not reflected in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a decrease in long-term debt on the government-wide financial statements.

(381,324)

Current year decrease in accretion on capital appreciation bonds is not reflected in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a decrease in long-term debt on the government-wide financial statements.

3.811.467

Current year amortization of the premium on bonds and deletions related to refunding bonds is not recorded in the fund financial statements, but are shown as a decrease in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.

2.519.932

Revenues from property taxes are not recognized in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, in the government-wide financial statements.

(179,354)

Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due. This amount represents the current year decrease in interest payable.

814,134

Current year amortization of the deferred charges on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charges in the government-wide financial statements.

Amortization

(500,665)

Proceeds from debt issued through bond proceeds are reflected as other financing sources on the governmental fund financial statements, but are shown as a long-term liability in the government-wide financial statements.

(120,235,000)

The premiums on the current year issuance of refunding bonds and regular bonds are recorded as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.

(14,332,307)

Current year payment to escrow agent for refunded debt are other financing uses in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.

133,432,431

The net change in net pension liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The net change consists of a decrease in deferred outflows (\$3,966,825); increase in deferred inflows (\$13,551,999); and decrease in net pension liability \$19,756,638.

2.237.814

The net change in net OPEB liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The net change consists of an increase in deferred outflows \$1,067,474; decrease in deferred inflows \$20,210; and a decrease in net OPEB liability \$821,732.

1,909,416

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 7,306,278

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Exhibit D-1

Duncanville Independent School DistrictStatement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

	Governmental
	Activities
	Total
	Internal
	Service Funds
ASSETS	
Current assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 673,963
Due from other funds	1,092,961
Total assets	1,766,924
LIABILITIES	
Current liabilities:	
Accrued expenses	58,181_
Total liabilities	58,181
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted net position	1,708,743
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 1,708,743

Exhibit D-2

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmen Activities Total Internal Service Fur	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Total local and intermediate sources	\$	134,548
State program revenues		7,119
Total operating revenues		141,667
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Payroll costs		94,952
Supplies and materials		50,419
Total operating expenses		145,371
Operating loss before nonoperating revenue (expenses) and transfers		(3,704)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Earnings from temporary deposits and investments		73
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		73
Change in net position		(3,631)
Total net position, beginning		1,712,374
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	1,708,743

Exhibit D-3

Duncanville Independent School District Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities Total Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Internal activity - payment to other funds Cash payments to employees for services Cash receipts from insurance claims Cash payments for suppliers	\$ (835,064) (87,833) 1,069 (50,419)
Net cash used in operating activities	(972,247)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest and dividends on investments	73
Net cash provided by investing activities	73
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(972,174)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,646,137
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	\$ 673,963
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating loss: Effect of increases and decreases in current	\$ (3,704)
assets and liabilities: Decrease in due from other funds Decrease in accrued expenses	(947,785) (20,758)
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (972,247)

Exhibit E-1

Duncanville Independent School DistrictStatement of Fiduciary Net Position – Custodial Funds June 30, 2022

	Custodial Funds	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	 163,574	
Total assets	163,574	
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	 35,963	
Total liabilities	35,963	
NET POSITION		
Restricted for other purposes	 127,611	
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 127,611	

Exhibit E-2

Duncanville Independent School DistrictStatement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – **Custodial Funds** For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Custodial				
ADDITIONS	Fund				
ADDITIONS Local and intermediate sources	\$	6,150			
Miscellaneous revenue from student groups	Ψ	173,040			
Total additions		179,190			
DEDUCTIONS					
Scholarships and awards granted		1,200			
Student activities		172,077			
Total deductions		173,277			
Change in net position		5,913			
Total net position, beginning	_	121,698			
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	127,611			

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Duncanville Independent School District (the District) is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the Board) elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other authoritative sources; and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (the Resource Guide) and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies of the District.

Reporting Entity

The Board of Trustees (the Board) is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. There are no component units included within the reporting entity and the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Duncanville Independent School District non-fiduciary activities with most of the inter-fund activities removed. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, state foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are non-operating.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible to accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amounts.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included in the proprietary funds Statement of Net Position. Net position is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

Fund Accounting

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is utilized to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs arising from general obligation bonds.

Additionally, the District reports the following nonmajor fund type(s):

Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund is utilized to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. Such resources are derived from proceeds of General Obligation Bonds and interest earned on such monies and local sources designated for such purpose.

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds

Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The District's Internal Service Funds are for transportation and the District's Worker's Compensation Self-Insurance Fund.

Fiduciary Funds

Custodial Funds

The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in custodial funds. The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in a custodial fund. The District's custodial fund are the student activity fund and various scholarship funds. The fund is used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for student and other organizations. The student activity fund was previously reported in an agency fund, and the scholarship funds were previously reported in a private purpose trust fund. This change resulted in reporting more detail of additions to and deductions from custodial funds than was reported for agency funds. See Note 13 for additional information.

Financial Statement Accounts

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary and similar fund types, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement Nos. 31 and 72, the District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Inventories of Supplies and Materials

Supplies and materials to be utilized in governmental funds are recorded as expenditures under the consumption method. Under the consumption method, cost is recorded as an expenditure in the period supplies and materials are utilized. Supplies and materials purchased for the subsequent year are recorded by specific identification. All inventories are capitalized at cost using the first-in, first-out valuation method.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1, on the assessed value listed as of January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	50
Building improvements	7-30
Vehicles	5-10
Office equipment	5-20
Computer equipment	5

Leases - Lessee

The District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of property and equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability, reported with long-term debt, and a right-to-use lease asset (lease asset), reported with other capital assets, in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$10,000 or more.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments, variable payments fixed in substance or that depend on an index or a rate, purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise, lease incentives receivable from the lessor, and any other payments that are reasonably certain of being required based on an assessment of all relevant factors.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows: Deferred outflows/inflows from pension and OPEB activities are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan and OPEB except for projected and actual earnings differences on investments which are amortized on a closed basis over a five-year period. District contributions to the pension and OPEB plans after the measurement date of each plan are recognized in the subsequent fiscal year. Deferred charge/gain on refunding is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. Property taxes are recognized in the period the amount becomes available.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets, and adding back unspent long-term debt proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation's adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is available for the general use of the District.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, restricted net position is expended before unrestricted net position if such use is consistent with the restricted purpose.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation until expended or accrued as a liability of the fund, is employed as an integral part of the accounting system. There were no material encumbrances outstanding as of year-end.

Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

The amount of state foundation revenue a school district earns for a year can and does vary until the time when final values for each of the factors in the formula become available. Availability can be as late as midway into the next fiscal year. It is at least reasonably possible that the foundation revenue estimate as of June 30, 2022 will change.

Pension

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

GASB Pronouncements implemented by the District

GASB Statement No. 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report* was issued in October 2021 and establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR. That new term and acronym replace instances of comprehensive annual financial report and its acronym in generally accepted accounting principles for state and local governments. The implementation of this standard changed the report name to the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87) was issued in June 2017 and establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this statement were originally effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019; however, issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance (GASB 95), extended the effective date of GASB 87 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021, with earlier application encouraged.

Note 2. Fund Balances

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable

This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has classified inventories and prepaid items as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted

This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Capital projects resources are restricted for future capital outlay. Federal and State grant resources are restricted because their use is restricted pursuant to the grant requirements.

Committed

This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This can also be done through adoption and amendment of the budget. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Board of Trustees has committed resources as of June 30, 2022 for campus activities.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Assigned

This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or through the Board of Trustees delegating this responsibility to other individuals in the District. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board of Trustees may assign amounts for specific purposes. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund.

Unassigned

This classification includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications, including the residual fund balance of the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and are described below:

General Fund

The General Fund has nonspendable fund balance of \$472,909, consisting of inventories of \$176,494 and prepaid items of \$296,415. The General Fund has unassigned fund balance of \$62,393,076 at June 30, 2022. The General Fund did not have Assigned fund balance at June 30, 2022:

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund has restricted funds of \$12,639,276 at June 30, 2022 consisting primarily of property tax collections that are restricted for debt service payments on bonded debt.

Other Governmental Funds

The Child Nutrition Fund has a nonspendable fund balance of \$223,685 consisting of inventories. The Child Nutrition Fund has a fund balance of \$1,961,258 due to a transfer from the General Fund in the current year to cover operational losses. The fund balance of \$428,153 of the Campus Activity Funds (a special revenue fund) is shown as committed due to Board policy committing those funds to campus activities. The Capital Projects Fund has restricted funds of \$717,435 at June 30, 2022 consisting primarily of remaining bond issuance proceeds that are restricted for construction and other capital outlay expenditures. The remaining other governmental funds has restricted funds of \$232,608 and are restricted for various federal and state grants.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Data

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Child Nutrition Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Funds). The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budgetary Comparison and Schedule and Child Nutrition Budgetary Comparison and Schedule appear as required supplementary information (Exhibits G-1 and G-2, respectively) and the Debt Service Budgetary Comparison and Schedule is reflected as other supplementary information (Exhibit J-2).

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by the approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. The following amendments were significant.
 - a. The Instruction budget was decreased by \$2,100,000
 - b. The Facilities acquisition and construction budget was increased by \$4,400,000
- 4. The Texas Education Agency requires these budgets to be filed with the Texas Education Agency. The budget should not be exceeded in any functional expenditure category under TEA requirements. The original and final amended versions of these budgets are used in this report.

Note 4. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust, with the District's agent bank, approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (checking accounts and interest-bearing demand accounts) was \$11,250,341 and the bank balance was \$12,579,434. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2022 and during the year ended June 30, 2022 were covered by the FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

- Depository: J.P. Morgan Chase Bank
- The fair value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$21,298,691.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

- The highest combined balances of cash, savings, and time deposit accounts amounted to \$18,645,983 and occurred on June 23, 2022. The District's combined deposits on June 30, 2022, and during the year ending June 30, 2022, were fully insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities pledged to the District and held by the District's agent.
- Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$250,000.

Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

The following table categorizes the District's investments at June 30, 2022:

Name		Amount	Minimum Legal Rating	Minimum Legal Rating
Lone Star Investment Pool	\$	26,941,874	AAA/AAAm	AAA
LOGIC Investment Pool		112,464	AAA/AAAm	AAAm
MBIA Texas CLASS Investment Pool		1,391,216	AAA/AAAm	AAA
TexPool Investment Pool		42,335,465	AAA/AAAm	AAAm
Money Market		506	N/A	N/A
	\$	70,781,525		

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application provides a framework for measuring fair value which establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs that are used to measure assets and liabilities.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Municipal Bonds, U.S. Treasury Notes and U.S. Agency Securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

The District's investments are in investment pools that are measured either at net asset value or at amortized cost and are exempt for fair value reporting.

The TexPool and Lone Star investment pools are external investment pools measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, investment pools must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity and diversification requirements within the investment pool. The investment pools transact at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, have weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and weighted average life of 120 days or less, investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organization, have no more than 5% of portfolio with one issuer (excluding US government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. TexPool and Lone Star have a redemption notice period of one day and no maximum transaction amounts. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

Public funds investment pools in Texas (Pools) are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the Act), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the fair value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The Lone Star Investment Pool is an investment pool available to governmental entities. The pool was established under the guidance of the Texas Public Funds Investment Act. A board of directors made up of members of the pool is responsible for the overall operation of the pool. The Board has employed various third party organizations to assist in the operations. These third parties are as follows: American Beacon Advisors- Investment Managers, CAPTRUST Financial Advisors- Investment Consultant, State Street Bank- Custodian, and First Public- Administration. In combination with these third party organizations, the pool has received an AAA rating from Standard & Poor's. This rating allows the pool to meet the standards required by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

LOGIC is duly chartered by the State of Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act, is administered by First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. and J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. (JPMIM), and managed by JPMIM. J.P. Morgan Chase provides custody, fund accounting and transfer agency services. LOGIC may invest in obligations of the U.S. or its agencies and instrumentalities; repurchase agreements; SEC-registered money market funds rated in the highest rating category by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO); and commercial paper rated A-1, P-1 or equivalent by on NRSRO and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit.

Furthermore, Public Trust Advisors, LLC provides specialized investment opportunities and a broad range of services to state and local governments, academic institutions, and other public and private-sector investors.

The Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust (Texas CLASS) was created as an investment pool for its participants pursuant to Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code. The Texas CLASS Trust Agreement (Trust) is an agreement of indefinite term regarding the investment, reinvestment and withdrawal of local government funds. The parties to the Trust Agreement are Texas local government entities that choose to participate (the Participants), MBIA Municipal Investors Service Corporation as Program Administrator (the Program Administrator) and Wells Fargo Bank Texas, NA as Custodian (the Custodian).

Texas CLASS is supervised by a Board of Trustees who are elected by the Participants. The Board of Trustees supervises the Trust and its affairs and acts as the liaison between the Participants, the Custodian, and the Program Administrator. The Board administers the affairs of the Trust. It also selects the consultants for Texas CLASS, including the Program Administrator and the Custodian. The Board of Trustees has appointed an Advisory Board composed of Participants and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the Trust and are qualified to advise the Trust. The Advisory Board provides advice to the Board of Trustees and the Program Administrator about the investment policy and investment strategy of the Trust and about other matters as requested by the Board of Trustees and the Program Administrator. The Fund is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's rating agency. This rating is the highest principal stability fund rating assigned by Standard & Poor's.

The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters.

Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than the fair value to report net position to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares. TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's rating agency. This rating is the highest principal stability fund rating assigned by Standard & Poor's.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2022 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position: Cash and cash equivalents	\$	81.876.068
Fiduciary funds:	Ψ	01,070,000
Cash and cash equivalents		163,574
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	82,039,642
Cash on hand	\$	7,776
Deposits with financial institutions		11,250,341
Cash equivalents		70,781,525
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	82,039,642

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The table on page 39 presents the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the Public Funds Investment Act, the District's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of the year-end for each investment type held by the District.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. Investments held by third parties were fully collateralized and held in the District's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk

This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer (i.e., lack of diversification). Concentration risk is defined as positions of 5 percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. The District's investments in public funds investment pools are not subject to the concentration risk.

Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity for each investment pool is less than 90 days.

Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At June 30, 2022, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 5. Due from Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2022, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

Fund	Due from Dallas County		State Entitlements		Federal Grants		 Total	
General Debt service Other governmental funds	\$	18,975 6,700	\$	8,385,308 - -	\$	1,347,230 - 2,129,324	\$ 9,751,513 6,700 2,129,324	
Total	\$	25,675	\$	8,385,308	\$	3,476,554	\$ 11,887,537	

Note 6. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund balances at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

		Due From		Due To
General fund:	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	
Other governmental funds		1,432,186		-
		1,432,186		-
Internal service fund:				
Other governmental funds		1,092,961		-
		1,092,961		-
Other governmental funds:				
Internal service fund		-		1,092,961
		-		1,092,961
Other governmental funds:				
General fund		-		1,432,186
		-		1,432,186
Total	\$	2,525,147	\$	2,525,147

Interfund receivables and payables above are primarily used to account for cash owed between funds that are expected to be repaid within one year or less.

The detail transfer schedule for the year ended June 30, 2022 includes the following:

Transfer Out	<u>Transfer In</u>	 Amount	Purpose
General fund Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor governmental fund General Fund	\$ 2,274,861 1,452,900	To cover lossed in the Child Nutrition Fund To repay General Fund for debt service payments made on behalf of the Debt Service Fund
		\$ 3,727,761	

Duncanville Independent School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Capital Asset Activity

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance July 1,	Additions/ Completions	Transfers/ Retirements	Balance June 30,	
Governmental activities:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·			
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 5,151,359	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,151,359	
Construction in progress	5,863,596	4,091,154	(147,433)	9,807,317	
Total capital assets not					
being depreciated	11,014,955	4,091,154	(147,433)	14,958,676	
Capital assets being depreciated / amortized:					
Buildings and improvements	366,392,804	576,839	147,433	367,117,076	
Furniture and equipment	30,839,776	116,350	-	30,956,126	
Right-to-use leased assets -					
furniture and equipment		1,340,680		1,340,680	
Total capital assets					
being depreciated / amortized	397,232,580	2,033,869	147,433	399,413,882	
Less accumulated depreciation / amortization for:					
Buildings and improvements	(181,407,996)	(9,898,449)	-	(191,306,445)	
Furniture and equipment	(26,169,238)	(1,135,634)	-	(27,304,872)	
Right-to-use leased assets -					
furniture and equipment		(344,936)		(344,936)	
Total accumulated depreciation / amortization	(207,577,234)	(11,379,019)		(218,956,253)	
Total capital assets being					
depreciated / amortized, net	189,655,346	(9,345,150)	147,433	180,457,629	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 200,670,301	\$ (5,253,996)	\$ -	\$ 195,416,305	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Depreciation / amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

					Total	Depreciation/
			ı	Right-to Use	Α	mortization
	Ca	pital Assets		Assets	Expense	
Instruction	\$	7,454,381	\$	130,795	\$	7,585,176
Instructional resources and media services		191,759		2,954		194,713
Curriculum and staff development		12,837		-		12,837
Instructional leadership		307,664		12,094		319,758
School leadership		93,376		108,472		201,848
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services		84,731		23,304		108,035
Social work services		3,118		-		3,118
Health services		11,940		-		11,940
Student (pupil) transportation		630,130		5,477		635,607
Food services		491,154		-		491,154
Co-curricular/ extracurricular activities		85,866		2,655		88,521
General administration		343,865		26,125		369,990
Plant maintenance and operations		456,287		2,917		459,204
Security and monitoring services		83,533		-		83,533
Data processing services		759,789		30,143		789,932
Community services		23,653				23,653
Total depreciation / amortization expense	\$	11,034,083	\$	344,936	\$	11,379,019

As of June 30, 2022, the District had no construction commitments or ongoing projects.

Note 8. Unearned and Unavailable Revenue

Unearned and unavailable revenue reported in the governmental funds at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	General Fund	 Debt Service Fund	Total		
Net tax unavailable revenue SHARS unavailable revenue	\$ 2,260,422 1,341,343	\$ 808,084	\$	3,068,506 1,341,343	
Total unavailable revenue	\$ 3,601,765	\$ 808,084	\$	4,409,849	
Other unearned revenue	\$ 1,700	\$ 	\$	1,700	
Total unearned revenue	\$ 1,700	\$ 	\$	1,700	

Revenue that is not considered available at year end is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the governmental funds and is recorded as revenue in the government-wide financial statements. Accordingly, tax and SHARS unavailable revenues are reported as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 9. Long-Term Debt

Long-Term obligation activities during the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Government Activities	Beginning Balance	Reductions/ Ending Additions Refunded Balance		Due within One Year		
Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds	\$ 195,310,000	\$ 120,235,000	\$ 125,930,000	\$ 189,615,000	\$ 9,470,000	
CAB premium	3,034,867	3,416,191	3,034,867	3,416,191	339,015	
Accreted interest	3,828,830	234,420	4,045,887	17,363	17,363	
Bond premium/ discount	19,103,566	14,332,307	13,857,783	19,578,090		
Total bonds payable	221,277,263	138,217,918	146,868,537	212,626,644	9,826,378	
Other long-term obligations:						
Net pension liability	37,089,083	-	19,756,638	17,332,445	-	
Net OPEB liability	37,825,718	4,490,613	5,312,345	37,003,986	-	
Lease liability		1,340,680	334,850	1,005,830	336,113	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 296,192,064	\$ 144,049,211	\$ 172,272,370	\$ 267,968,905	\$ 10,162,491	

Bonds payable

The District issues general obligation bonds for the governmental activities to provide funds for the acquisition of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. Current principal and interest requirements are payable solely from future revenues of the Debt Service Fund which consists principally of property taxes collected by the District and interest earnings.

On February 24, 2022, the District issued "Duncanville Independent School District Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2022A," totaling \$13,055,000 to refund a portion of the outstanding bonds. These bonds incur an average cost over the life of the bonds at a rate of 5.00% and mature annually with semiannual interest payments. The proceeds were used to purchase U.S. Government securities and these securities were placed in an irrevocable escrow account until the refunded bonds are redeemed. The District, in effect, decreased its aggregate debt service payments by \$2,465,996 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between present values of the old and new debt service payment) of \$2,147,661. The bonds will fully mature in 2033.

On February 24, 2022, the District issued "Duncanville Independent School District Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2022B," totaling \$107,180,000 to refund a portion of the outstanding bonds. These bonds incur an average cost over the life of the bonds at a rate of 2.48-5.00% and mature annually with semiannual interest payments. The proceeds were used to purchase U.S. Government securities and these securities were placed in an irrevocable escrow account until the refunded bonds are redeemed. The District, in effect, decreased its aggregate debt service payments by \$17,741,910 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between present values of the old and new debt service payment) of \$12,554,907. The bonds will fully mature in 2045.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Unlimited tax bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding July 1, 2021	Issued	Retired/ Refunded	Amounts Outstanding June 30, 2022	CAB Premium	Total Outstanding June 30, 2022	Amounts Due Within One Year
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2005	3.00 - 5.00%	\$ 46,025,000	\$ 3,409,867	\$ -	\$ 3,409,867	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2011	2.00 - 3.00%	9,125,000	7,415,000	-	7,415,000	-	-	-	-
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2012	4.00%	9,225,000	9,225,000	-	9,225,000	-	-	-	-
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2013A	2.00 - 3.50%	7,985,000	6,145,000	-	6,145,000	-	-	-	-
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2013B	1.00 - 4.00%	33,365,000	7,715,000	-	-	7,715,000	-	7,715,000	7,715,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2014	2.00 - 4.00%	8,835,000	8,645,000	-	8,645,000	-	-	-	-
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds - Series 2015	2.00 - 5.00%	88,170,000	85,185,000	-	60,555,000	24,630,000	-	24,630,000	700,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2015	2.00 - 5.00%	54,460,000	45,250,000	-	32,380,000	12,870,000	-	12,870,000	-
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds - Series 2017	4.00 - 5.00%	4,475,000	1,190,000	-	1,190,000	-	-	-	-
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2020	3.00 - 4.00%	24,165,000	24,165,000	-	-	24,165,000	-	24,165,000	-
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2022A	5.00%	13,055,000	-	13,055,000	-	13,055,000	-	13,055,000	45,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2022B	2.48 - 5.00%	107,180,000		107,180,000		107,180,000	3,416,191	110,596,191	1,349,015
			\$ 198,344,867	\$ 120,235,000	\$ 128,964,867	\$ 189,615,000	\$ 3,416,191	\$ 193,031,191	\$ 9,809,015

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ending					Total	
June 30,	Principal		 Interest		Requirements	
2023	\$	9,470,000	\$ 7,517,701	\$	16,987,701	
2024		10,155,000	7,490,356		17,645,356	
2025		10,495,000	7,121,606		17,616,606	
2026		10,930,000	6,796,456		17,726,456	
2027		8,365,000	8,575,056		16,940,056	
2028-2032		59,590,000	22,360,382		81,950,382	
2033-2037		34,110,000	10,423,560		44,533,560	
2038-2042		27,595,000	5,971,557		33,566,557	
2043-2045		18,905,000	 1,292,725		20,197,725	
	\$	189,615,000	\$ 77,549,399	\$	267,164,399	

The District has one bond series, 2022B, that includes capital appreciation bonds and capital appreciation bond premiums. No interest is paid on these bonds prior to maturity. The bonds mature variously in 2023. Interest accrues on these bonds each February 15 and August 15 even though the interest is not paid until maturity.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The District placed the proceeds of the 2020 and 2022B refunding bonds in an irrevocable trust that will provide all future debt service payments on the original bonds. As of June 30, 2022, the outstanding balance of defeased bonds is \$25,215,000 and \$107,180,000 respectively.

Leases payable

During the current fiscal year, the District implemented GASB 87, and prior existing leases were required to be recorded as a lease liability. The District had leases for a copier, mail equipment, and a fiber network. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$1,340,680 during the current fiscal year. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability was \$1,005,830. The District is required to make monthly principal and interest payments ranging from \$433 to \$28,903. The leases have an interest rate of 4.00%. The corresponding RTU assets estimated useful lives are the same as their corresponding lease terms. The value of the right-to-use assets as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$995,744, and had accumulated amortization of \$344,936.

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Year Ending						Total
June 30,	F	Principal	1	nterest	Red	quirements
		_		_		_
2023	\$	336,113	\$	33,993	\$	370,106
2024		349,807		20,299		370,106
2025		277,059		6,337		283,396
2026		17,681		1,255		18,936
2027		17,504		566		18,070
2028-2032		5,992		32		6,024
	\$	1,004,156	\$	62,482	\$	1,066,638

The general fund has typically been used in prior years to liquidate pension and OPEB liabilities.

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_archive_cafr.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs). Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Contributions

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article XVI, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Rates for such plan fiscal years are as follows:

	Contribution Rates		
	2021	2022	
Member	7.7%	8.0%	
Non-employer contributing entity (State)	7.5%	7.5%	
Employers (District)	7.5%	7.5%	

The contribution amounts for the District's fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

Employer Contributions	\$ 3,122,230
Member Contributions	7,110,201
NECE On-Behalf Contributions	5,082,873

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only nonemployer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during the fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled
 to the statutory minimum under section 21.402 of the Texas education code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- Public education employer contribution all public schools, charter schools and regional education service centers must contribute 1.6% of the member's salary beginning in September 1, 2020, gradually increasing to 2.0% on September 1, 2024.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarial valuation of the total pension liability was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2021 and was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method Individual entry age normal Asset valuation method Market value

Single discount rate 7.25% Long-term expected Investment rate of return 7.25%

Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2021

1.95%. Source for the rate is the Fixed Income

Market Data / Yield Curve / Data Municipal

Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal

GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in projection period (100 years)

Inflation

Salary increases including inflation

Ad-hoc post employment benefit changes

Active mortality rates

2120 2.30%

3.05% to 9.05% including inflation

None

Based on 90 percent of the RP 2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females with full

generational mortality. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on

the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published

projection scale U-MP.

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and adopted in July 2018.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Discount Rate and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below:

Asset Class*	Target Allocation**	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return***	Expected Contribution to Long-term Portfolio Returns
Global equity:			
U.S.	18.00%	3.60%	0.94%
Non-U.S. developed	13.00%	4.40%	0.83%
Emerging markets	9.00%	4.60%	0.74%
Private equity	14.00%	6.30%	1.36%
Stable value:			
Government bonds	16.00%	-0.20%	0.01%
Absolute return	0.00%	1.10%	0.00%
Stable value hedge funds	5.00%	2.20%	0.12%
Real return:			
Real estate	15.00%	4.50%	1.00%
Energy natural resources and			
infrastructure	6.00%	4.70%	0.35%
Commodities		1.70%	0.00%
Risk parity:			
Risk parity	8.00%	2.80%	0.28%
Asset allocation leverage:			
Cash	2.00%	-0.70%	-0.01%
Asset allocation leverage	-6.00%	-0.50%	0.03%
Inflation expectation			2.20%
Volatility drag****			-0.95%
Total	100.00%		6.90%

^{*}Absolute return includes credit sensitive investments

^{**} Target allocations are based on the FY 2021 policy model.

^{***} Capital market assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/2021).

^{****} The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of net pension liability for TRS calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as the District's proportionate share of the respective net pension liability if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	1%	Decrease in			1% I	ncrease in
	Dis	scount Rate	Dis	scount Rate	Disc	ount Rate
		(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)
District's proportionate share						
of the net pension liability	\$	37,874,143	\$	17,332,445	\$	666,892

Change of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of assumptions since the prior measurement date that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms since the prior measurement date that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$17,332,445 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District are as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability State's proportionate share that is associated with District	\$ 17,332,445 30,322,403
Total	\$ 47,654,848

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 through August 31, 2021.

At the measurement date of August 31, 2021, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .0680599% which was a decrease of .0011905% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,005,682 and revenue of \$121,265 for support provided by the State.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual	ф.	00.005	 (1,000,010)
economic experience	\$	29,005	\$ (1,220,218)
Changes in actuarial assumptions		6,126,681	(2,670,707)
Net Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-	(14,533,030)
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's			
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		223,666	(2,173,810)
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		2,622,877	
Total	\$	9,002,229	\$ (20,597,765)

\$2,622,877 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources (deferred inflows of resources) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending	
June 30,	
2023	\$ (2,735,301)
2024	(2,645,769)
2025	(3,817,798)
2026	(4,700,259)
2027	(258,802)
Thereafter	 (60,484)
	_
Total	\$ (14,218,413)

Note 11. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_archive_cafr.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees of TRS is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	Medicare Non		Non-n	n-medicare	
Retiree or surviving spouse	\$	135	\$	200	
Retiree and spouse	•	529		689	
Retiree or surviving spouse and children		468		408	
Retiree and family		1,020		999	

Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act.

Rates for such plan fiscal years are as follows:

	2022	2021
Active employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-employer contribution entity (state)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers/District	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private funding*	1.25%	1.25%

^{*}Contributions paid from federal funds and private grants are remitted by the employer (District) and paid at the State rate.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The contribution amounts for the District's fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

District contributions	\$ 753,342
Member contributions	581,468
NECE on-behalf contributions (state)	1,004,057

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

The State of Texas also contributed \$361,491, \$401,250, and \$382,248, in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively, for on-behalf payments for Medicare Part D.

TRS-Care received a supplemental appropriation from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$5.5 million in fiscal year 2021 for consumer protections against medical health care billing by certain out-of-network providers.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarial valuation of the total OPEB liability was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2021.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The following assumptions used for the valuation of the TRS-Care OPEB liability are identical to the assumptions employed in the August 31, 2021 TRS annual pension actuarial valuation:

Demographic Assumptions	Economic Assumptions
Rates of mortality	General inflation
Rates of retirement	Wage inflation
Rates of termination	Salary increases
Rates of disability	

See Note 10 for detail on these assumptions. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50% for Medicare retirees and 7.10% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.50% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 12 years.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The following methods and additional assumptions were used in the TRS-Care OPEB valuation:

Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	1.95%
Aging factors	Based on plan specific experience
Election rates	Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 40% after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes	None

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 1.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability at August 31, 2021. This was a decrease of 0.38% in the discount rate since the August 31, 2020 measurement date. The plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, and based on the assumption that contributions are made at the statutorily required rates, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments to current members and therefore, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data / Yield Curve / Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability

Discount Rate

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the TRS-Care net OPEB liability as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability should be if it were calculated using a discount rate that was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in measuring the net OPEB Liability.

			Current					
1%	S Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1% Increase				
	(.95%)		(1.95%)	(2.95%)				
\$	44,635,333	\$	37,003,986	\$	30,997,867			

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the assumed health-care cost trend rate:

Current											
		althcare Cost									
	1% Decrease	Т	rend Rate	1% Increase							
\$	29,972,002	\$	37,003,986	\$	46,439,161						

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Change of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 2.33% as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95% as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the total OPEB liability.

Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$37,003,986 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District are as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$ 37,003,986 49,577,094
Total	\$ 86,581,080

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 through August 31, 2021.

At the measurement date of August 31, 2021, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0959286% which was a decrease of 0.00081% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized net OPEB revenue of \$2,985,847 due to recognition of deferred inflows in excess of deferred outflows and current year expense. OPEB revenue of \$1,829,773 was recognized for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	1,593,197	\$ (17,912,518)				
Changes of assumptions		4,098,626	(7,825,658)				
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on							
pension plan investments		40,175	-				
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions							
and proportionate share of contributions (cost-sharing plan)		1,745,734	(2,074,028)				
District contributions after measurement date		635,108	 <u>-</u>				
Totals	\$	8,112,840	\$ (27,812,204)				

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

\$635,108 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	
2023	\$ (3,816,348)
2024	(3,817,254)
2025	(3,817,006)
2026	(2,842,969)
2027	(1,524,279)
Thereafter	 (4,516,616)
Total	\$ (20,334,472)

Note 12. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

The District maintains a self-insured worker's compensation plan through membership in a self-insured pool. For this pool, stop-loss coverage was in effect for individual claims exceeding \$450,000 with an aggregate limit of \$2,000,000. The District is partially self-funded to a loss fund maximum of \$384,695. Additionally, the District incurred fixed costs of \$252,356 for its share of claims administration, loss control, record keeping, and cost of excess insurance.

Settled claims have not exceeded the aggregate coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. Insurance coverage has not been reduced for the year from the prior year. Self-insurance fund revenues and expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. Unpaid claims filed prior to June 30 and subsequently approved by the administrator of the plan are recorded as a liability.

The District accrues a liability for incurred but not reported claims if considered material.

	 2022	 2021
Claims payable, beginning of year Claims incurred and changes in estimates Claims payments	\$ 78,939 228,902 (249,660)	\$ 163,578 227,438 (312,077)
Claims payable, end of year	\$ 58,181	\$ 78,939

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Required Supplementary Information

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Exhibit G-1

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data Control		Budgeted Amounts Original Final					tual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
Codes							SAAP Basis)			
	REVENUES							<u> </u>	- J /	
5700	Total local and intermediate sources	\$ 57,	162,818	\$	57,162,818	\$	56,590,410	\$	(572,408)	
5800	State program revenues	63,	018,606		63,018,606		62,759,721		(258,885)	
5900	Federal program revenues	2,	072,400		2,072,400		2,337,125		264,725	
5020	Total revenues	122,	253,824		122,253,824		121,687,256		(566,568)	
	EXPENDITURES									
	Current:									
0011	Instruction	68,	432,085		66,330,635		62,738,358		3,592,277	
0012	Instructional resources and media services	1,	533,805		1,546,785		1,513,711		33,074	
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	3,	046,126		3,073,246		2,934,750		138,496	
0021	Instructional leadership	3,	804,218		3,839,851		3,449,212		390,639	
0023	School leadership	9,	133,665		9,156,407		8,598,129		558,278	
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	5,	651,021		5,654,936		5,432,231		222,705	
0032	Social work services		220,843		220,843		178,736		42,107	
0033	Health services	1,	335,289		1,335,289		1,137,625		197,664	
0034	Student (pupil) transportation	3,	841,230		3,841,587		3,328,084		513,503	
0036	Extracurricular activities	3,	708,043		3,935,784		3,985,324		(49,540)	
0041	General administration	6,	037,948		5,693,123		5,162,482		530,641	
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	12,	845,801		13,726,134		12,492,097		1,234,037	
0052	Security and monitoring services	2,	171,547		2,281,189		1,850,424		430,765	
0053	Data processing services	3,	511,245		4,395,245		3,477,380		917,865	
0061	Community services		726,028		726,028		377,480		348,548	
	Debt service:									
0071	Principal on long-term debt		-		334,850		334,850		-	
0072	Interest and issuance costs on long-term debt		-		45,940		45,940		-	
	Capital outlay:									
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction		30,000		4,448,707		5,308,504		(859,797)	
	Intergovernmental:									
0093	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative									
	Education Program		50,000		50,000		14,970		35,030	
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	;	331,700		331,700		267,794		63,906	
6030	Total expenditures	126,	410,594		130,968,279		122,628,081		8,340,198	
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over									
	(under) expenditures	(4,	156,770)		(8,714,455)		(940,825)		7,773,630	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
7913	Proceeds from RTU Leased Assets		_		1,340,680		1,340,680		-	
7915	Transfers in		_		1,452,900		1,452,900		-	
8911	Transfers out				(2,274,861)		(2,274,861)			
	Total other financing sources (uses)		-		(821,961)		518,719		-	
1200	Net change in fund balances	(4,	156,770)		(9,536,416)		(422,106)		7,773,630	
0100	Fund balances, beginning	63,	288,091		63,288,091		63,288,091			
3000	FUND BALANCES, ending	\$ 59,	131,321	\$	53,751,675	\$	62,865,985	\$	7,773,630	

Exhibit G-2

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Teacher Retirement System of Texas For the Last Eight Fiscal Years*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0680599%	0.0692504%	0.0718862%	0.0749235%	0.0732798%	0.0752066%	0.0820753%	5.7314200%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 17,332,445	\$ 37,089,083	\$ 37,368,701	\$ 41,239,726	\$ 23,430,930	\$ 28,419,455	\$ 29,012,526	\$ 15,309,415
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	30,332,403	64,571,953	61,037,063	65,761,572	40,129,144	47,451,454	43,742,911	37,101,536
TOTAL	\$ 47,664,848	\$101,661,036	\$ 98,405,764	\$107,001,298	\$ 63,560,074	\$ 75,870,909	\$ 72,755,437	\$ 52,410,951
District's covered payroll	\$ 90,424,969	\$ 88,966,315	\$ 83,495,378	\$ 82,292,474	\$ 81,112,207	78,643,878	76,040,667	72,292,518
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	19.17%	41.69%	44.76%	50.11%	28.89%	36.14%	38.15%	21.18%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

Note: GASB 68,81,2,a requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the period covered as of the measurement date of August 31, 2021 - the period from September 1, 2020 - August 31, 2021.

^{*}Ten years of data is not available.

Duncanville Independent School District Schedule of District's Contributions to the

Exhibit G-3

Schedule of District's Contributions to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas For the Last Eight Fiscal Years*

	2022	2	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,122,230	\$ 2	,812,548	\$	2,829,666	\$	2,399,531	\$	2,401,684	\$	2,385,794	\$	2,363,167	\$	2,299,184
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	(3,122,230)	(2	,812,548)		(2,829,666)		(2,399,531)		(2,401,684)		(2,385,794)		(2,363,167)		(2,299,184)
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
District's covered payroll	\$ 89,832,847	\$ 89	,547,650	\$	88,966,315	\$	83,049,979	\$	81,866,064	\$	81,243,452	\$	77,893,794	\$	75,286,832
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	3.48%		3.14%		3.18%		2.89%		2.93%		2.94%		3.03%		3.05%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81.2.b. requires that the data in this schedule be presented as the District's current fiscal year as opposed to the time period covered by the measurement date of September 1, 2020 - August 31, 2021.

^{*}Ten years of data is not available.

Exhibit G-4

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability of a Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer OPEB Plan Teacher Retirement System of Texas For the Last Five Fiscal Years*

	2022		2021		2020		2019		 2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.0959287%		0.0995034%		0.0994693%		0.0997456%	0.0947119%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	37,003,986	\$	37,825,718	\$	47,040,271	\$	49,803,886	\$ 41,186,633
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District		49,577,094		50,828,697		62,505,998		69,692,806	63,621,467
TOTALS	\$	86,581,080	\$	88,654,415	\$	109,546,269	\$	119,496,692	\$ 104,808,100
District's covered payroll	\$	90,424,969	\$	88,966,315	\$	83,495,378	\$	82,292,474	\$ 81,112,207
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		40.92%		42.52%		56.34%		60.52%	50.78%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		6.18%		4.99%		2.66%		1.57%	0.91%

Note: The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of the Plan's fiscal year end, August 31, of the prior year.

^{*}Ten years of data is not available.

Exhibit G-5

Duncanville Independent School District Schedule of District's Contributions to the OPEB Plan - Teacher Retirement System of Texas For the Last Five Fiscal Years*

	 2022 2021				2020	 2019	2018			
TRS Contractually required contributions	\$ 753,342	\$	748,288	\$	753,718	\$ 682,608	\$	492,408		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	 (753,342)		(748,288)		(753,718)	 (682,608)		(492,408)		
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-		
District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of	\$ 89,832,847	\$	89,547,650	\$	88,966,315	\$ 83,049,979	\$	81,866,064		
covered payroll	0.84%		0.84%		0.85%	0.82%		0.60%		

Note: The amounts presented for the fiscal year were determined as of the District's fiscal year end June 30.

^{*}Ten years of data is not available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Note 1. Budgetary Data

Budgetary Information

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the general, debt service, and child nutrition funds. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget with public notice given at least 10 days prior to the meeting.
- 3. Prior to the expenditures of funds, the budget is adopted by the Board.

After adoption, the budget may be amended through action by the Board. Budget amendments are approved at the functional expenditure level. All amendments are before the fact and reflected in the official minutes of the Board. Budgets are controlled at the functional level by personnel responsible for the organizational financial reporting. All budget appropriations lapse at the end of the year. Budget amendments throughout the year were not significant. Function 33 extracurricular activities exceeded final budgeted expenditures by \$49,540 due to increased expenditures for student activities as the District continued to recover from COVID-19. Function 81 expenditures exceeded final budgeted expenditures due to implementation of GASB 87 Leases.

Supplementary Information

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Duncanville Independent School DistrictCombining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2022

			211		224		225		240		244
Data		ESS	A Title I, A							Car	eer and
Control		lm	proving	IDE	A- Part B	IDEA	A- Part B		Child	Tec	chnical-
Codes		Basic	c Program	F	ormula	Pres	school	Nut	rition Fund	Bas	ic Grant
	ASSETS										
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,961,409	\$	5,861
1240	Due from other governments		831,732		506,546		5,985		-		18,418
1260	Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
1290	Other receivables		-		-		-		-		-
1300	Inventories		-		-		-		223,685		-
1410	Prepaid items										
1000	Total assets		831,732		506,546		5,985		3,185,094		24,279
	LIABILITIES										
2110	Accounts payable		9,140		328		-		-		24,279
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings payable		28,399		17,453		115		33,363		-
2160	Accrued wages payable		320,844		200,316		3,620		97,512		-
2170	Due to other funds		473,349		288,449		2,250		1,092,961		-
2180	Due to other governments		_				-		-		-
2000	Total liabilities		831,732		506,546		5,985		1,223,836		24,279
	FUND BALANCES										
	Nonspendable fund balances:										
3410	Inventories		-		-		-		223,685		-
	Restricted fund balance:										
3450	Federal or state funds grant restriction		-		-		-		1,737,573		-
3470	Capital acquisition and contractual obligation		-		-		-		-		-
	Committed fund balance:										
3545	Other committed fund balance		-		-		-		-		-
3600	Unassigned fund balance		-		-		-		_		
3000	Total fund balances				-				1,961,258		
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	831,732	\$	506,546	\$	5,985	\$	3,185,094	\$	24,279

Duncanville Independent School DistrictCombining Balance Sheet –
Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Continued
June 30, 2022

Data Control Codes		255 ESSA Title II, A Training and Recruiting		263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition		282 ESSER III Grant		284 IDEA- Part B Formula -ARP		289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds	
	ASSETS	_									
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	50,079
1240	Due from other governments		67,170		68,322		559,527		32,292		39,332
1260	Due from other funds		-		-		-		-		-
1290	Other receivables		-		-		-		-		-
1300	Inventories		-		-		-		-		-
1410			-				-		-		-
1000	Total assets		67,170		68,322		559,527		32,292		89,411
	LIABILITIES										
2110	Accounts payable		11,653		94		18,076		2,879		10,108
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings payable		990		-		1,517		-		-
2160	Accrued wages payable		11,044		-		18,186		-		-
2170	Due to other funds		43,483		68,228		521,748		29,413		-
2180	Due to other governments		_		_		-		-		-
2000	Total liabilities		67,170		68,322		559,527		32,292		10,108
	FUND BALANCES										
	Nonspendable fund balances:										
3410	Inventories		-		-		-		-		-
	Restricted fund balance:										
3450	Federal or state funds grant restriction		-		-		-		-		79,303
3470	Capital acquisition and contractual obligation		-		-		-		-		-
	Committed fund balance:										
3545	Other committed fund balance		-		-		-		-		-
3600	Unassigned fund balance		-		-		-		-		-
3000	Total fund balances		_								79,303
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	67,170	\$	68,322	\$	559,527	\$	32,292	\$	89,411

Pla	397 vanced cement entives	Te	410 State xtbook Fund	S	429 ner State pecial nue Funds	461 Campus Activity Funds	Othe Sp	499 er Local pecial nue Funds	Total Ionmajor cial Revenue Funds	P	60 Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
\$	8,318	\$	66,251	\$	36,836	\$ 428,153	\$	1,539	\$ 3,558,446	\$	105,025	\$ 3,663,471	
	-		-		-	-		-	2,129,324		-	2,129,324	
	-		-		-	-		-	-		-	-	
	-		-		-	-		-	- 223,685		-	- 223,685	
	-		-		-	_		-	-		-	-	
	8,318		66,251		36,836	428,153		1,539	5,911,455		105,025	6,016,480	
	_		-		-	-		_	76,557		_	76,557	
	-		-		-	-		-	81,837		-	81,837	
	-		-		-	-		-	651,522		-	651,522	
	-		-		-	-		5,266	2,525,147		-	2,525,147	
	-					 			 			 	
	-		-		-	-		5,266	3,335,063		-	3,335,063	
	-		-		-	-		-	223,685		-	223,685	
	8,318		66,251		36,836	_		_	1,928,281		_	1,928,281	
	-		-		-	-		-	-		105,025	105,025	
	-		-		-	428,153		-	428,153		-	428,153	
	-		-		-			(3,727)	(3,727)		-	(3,727)	
	8,318		66,251		36,836	428,153		(3,727)	2,576,392		105,025	2,681,417	
\$	8,318	\$	66,251	\$	36,836	\$ 428,153	\$	1,539	\$ 5,911,455	\$	105,025	\$ 6,016,480	

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84,834

40,560

7,235,449

1,334,903

2,274,861

2,274,861

3,609,764 (1,648,506)

1,961,258

\$

142,107

Duncanville Independent School District

Data Control Codes

5700

5800

5900

5020

0011

0012

0013

0021

0023

0031

0032

0033

0034

0035

0036

0041

0051

0052

0053

0061

0081

6030

1100

7915

7080

1200

0100

3000

General administration

Data processing services

Total expenditures

expenditures

Transfers in

Fund balance, beginning

FUND BALANCE, ENDING

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)

Community services Capital outlay:

Facilities maintenance and operations

Facilities acquisition and construction

Total other financing sources (uses)

Net change in fund balances

Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)

Security and monitoring services

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year E

	21° ESSA Titl Impro Basic Pro	le I, A ving	IDEA	24 · Part B mula	IDEA	225 A- Part B school	240 Child Nutrition Fund		Care Tec	244 eer and hnical- c Grant
REVENUES	Dasic Fit	ogram	1011	iiuia	FIE	3011001	IVUU	illonruna	Dasi	C Grant
Total local and intermediate sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	308,369	\$	-
State program revenues		-		-		-		54,397		-
Federal program revenues	3,2	75,723	2	,136,182		32,742		8,207,586		142,107
Total revenues	3,2	75,723	2	,136,182		32,742		8,570,352		142,107
EXPENDITURES										
Current:										
Instruction	2,1	92,139	1	,264,289		32,742		-		140,907
Instructional resources and media services		-		-		=		-		-
Curriculum and instructional staff development	6	14,568		335,350		-		-		450
Instructional leadership	1	03,748		213,308		-		=		250
School leadership		10,462		-		-		=		500
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		-		322,635		-		-		-
Social work services		-		-		-		-		-
Health services		-		-		-		-		-
Student (pupil) transportation		85,821		-		-		-		-
Food services		-		-		-		7,110,055		-
Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		-		-

600

\$

32,742

2,136,182

268,985

3,275,723

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data Control Codes	REVENUES		255 A Title II, A ning and cruiting	263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition		282 ESSER III Grant		284 IDEA- Part B Formula -ARP		289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds	
5700	Total local and intermediate sources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
5800	State program revenues		-		-		-		-		-
5900	Federal program revenues		391,535		278,741		10,612,640		36,426		368,733
5020	Total revenues		391,535		278,741		10,612,640		36,426		368,733
	EXPENDITURES										
	Current:										
0011	Instruction		-		188,763		3,034,567		32,292		234,083
0012	Instructional resources and media services		-		-		52,320		-		-
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		377,800		56,416		149,716		_		10,530
0021	Instructional leadership		13,735		3,909		397,008		4,134		-
0023	School leadership		-		-		335,720				_
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		_		_		204,920		_		_
0032	Social work services		_		_		8,720		_		_
0033	Health services		_		_		47,960		_		_
0034	Student (pupil) transportation		_		_		526,764		_		_
0035	Food services		_		_		325,836		_		_
0036	Extracurricular activities		_		_		100,280		_		_
0041	General administration		_		_		245,345		_		_
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		_		_		4,129,415		_		_
0052	Security and monitoring services		_		_		61,040		_		110,013
0053	Data processing services		_		_		956.217		_		-
0061	Community services		_		29,653		36,812		_		14,107
0001	Capital outlay:				27,000		30,012				14,107
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction										
0001	raciiiles acquisiilori aria coristroctiori					-	-			-	
6030	Total expenditures		391,535		278,741		10,612,640		36,426		368,733
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-		-		-		-
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
7915	Transfers in				<u>-</u> _		<u> </u>				<u> </u>
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
1200	Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-		-
0100	Fund balance, beginning				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>				79,303
3000	FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	79,303

Pla	397 vanced cement entives	Te	410 State extbook Fund	S	429 ner State pecial nue Funds	461 Campus Activity Funds	S	499 ner Local pecial nue Funds	Total Nonmajor cial Revenue Funds	60 Capital Projects Fund	Total Ionmajor vernmental Funds
\$	- 5,117 -	\$	- 752,942 -	\$	- 24,624 -	\$ 856,946 - -	\$	- 150 -	\$ 1,165,315 837,230 25,482,415	\$ 154 - -	\$ 1,165,469 837,230 25,482,415
	5,117		752,942		24,624	856,946		150	27,484,960	154	27,485,114
	5,117		752,942		21,603	152,181		2,897	8,054,522	-	8,054,522
	-		-		-	53,165		-	105,485	-	105,485
	-		-		-	-		42,880	1,587,710	-	1,587,710
	-		-		-	-		-	736,092	-	736,092
	-		-		-	6,000		-	352,682	-	352,682
	-		-		3,021	-		-	530,576	-	530,576
	-		-		-	-		-	8,720	-	8,720
	=		=		-	-		-	47,960	-	47,960
	-		-		-	-		-	612,585	=	612,585
	-		-		-	-		-	7,435,891	=	7,435,891
	-		-		-	606,951		-	707,231	=	707,231
	-		-		-	-		-	245,345	-	245,345
	-		-		-	-		-	4,214,249	-	4,214,249
	-		-		-	-		-	211,613	-	211,613
	=-		-		-	-		-	956,217	-	956,217
	-		=		-	393		-	350,550	-	350,550
			-	-	-	 			 -	 612,564	 612,564
	5,117		752,942		24,624	818,690		45,777	26,157,428	612,564	26,769,992
			<u>-</u>			38,256		(45,627)	1,327,532	(612,410)	 715,122
	-					-			 2,274,861	 	 2,274,861
									 2,274,861	 <u>-</u>	 2,274,861
	-		-		-	38,256		(45,627)	3,602,393	(612,410)	2,989,983
	8,318		66,251		36,836	 389,897		41,900	 (1,026,001)	 717,435	 (308,566)
\$	8,318	\$	66,251	\$	36,836	\$ 428,153	\$	(3,727)	\$ 2,576,392	\$ 105,025	\$ 2,681,417

Duncanville Independent School District Combining Statement of Net Position – Internal Service Funds June 30, 2022

		751		753 Workers Comp.		Total Internal
	Tran	sportation		rsurance		vice Funds
ASSETS		sportation		isarario c		vice i dilas
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	557,325	\$	116,638	\$	673,963
Due from other funds		-		1,092,961		1,092,961
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	557,325	\$	1,209,599	\$	1,766,924
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accrued expenses	\$	-	\$	58,181	\$	58,181
Total liabilities		-		58,181		58,181
NET POSITION						
Unrestricted net position		557,325	-	1,151,418	-	1,708,743
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	557,325	\$	1,151,418	\$	1,708,743

Duncanville Independent School DistrictCombining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position – Internal Service Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Tran	751 sportation	753 Workers Comp. Insurance			Total Internal vice Funds
OPERATING REVENUES				•		
Local and intermediate sources	\$	112,721	\$	21,827	\$	134,548
State program revenues		-		7,119		7,119
Total operating revenues		112,721		28,946		141,667
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Payroll costs		-		94,952		94,952
Supplies and materials		50,419		-		50,419
Total operating expenses		50,419		94,952		145,371
Operating income before nonoperating revenue and transfers		62,302		(66,006)		(3,704)
	·	_			·	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES						
Earnings from temporary deposits and investments				73		73
Total non-operating revenues				73		73
Income before transfers		62,302		(65,933)		(3,631)
TRANSFERS IN		-		-		-
Change in net position		62,302		(65,933)		(3,631)
Total net position, beginning	-	495,023		1,217,351		1,712,374
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	557,325	\$	1,151,418	\$	1,708,743

Duncanville Independent School DistrictCombining Statement of Cash Flows – Internal Service Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	751 Transportation			753 Workers Comp. nsurance		Total nternal vice Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Cash received from District	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Internal activity - receipts (payments) from (to) other funds		112,721		(947,785)		(835,064)
Cash payments to employees for services		-		(87,833)		(87,833)
Net cash payments for insurance claims		-		1,069		1,069
Cash payments for suppliers		(50,419)				(50,419)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		62,302		(1,034,549)		(972,247)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES						
Interest and dividends on investments		_		73		73
Net cash provided by investment activities				73		73
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		62,302		(1,034,476)		(972,174)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning		495,023		1,151,114		1,646,137
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ending	\$	557,325	\$	116,638	\$	673,963
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income: Effect of increases and decreases in current assets and liabilities: Decrease in due from other funds Decrease in accrued expenses	\$	62,302 - -	\$	(66,006) (947,785) (20,758)	\$	(3,704) (947,785) (20,758)
20010430 III decided expenses				(20,700)	-	(20,700)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	62,302	\$	(1,034,549)	\$	(972,247)

Required T.E.A. Schedules

Duncanville Independent School District Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	1	2	3 Assessed/ Appraised Value	В	10 Beginning
Last Ten	Tax Ra	ates	for School		Balance
Years Ended	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes	Jı	uly 1, 2021
2013	v. ·			*	400,000
and prior years	Various	Various	Various	\$	423,823
2014	1.040000	0.390000	3,323,010,728		73,974
2015	1.040000	0.370000	3,499,363,902		143,519
2016	1.040000	0.489500	3,687,252,487		145,224
2017	1.040000	0.481500	3,938,843,053		137,133
2018	1.040000	0.481500	4,267,725,999		200,116
2019	1.040000	0.350000	4,716,946,896		295,299
2020	1.170000	0.350000	5,079,772,408		660,701
2021	1.068300	0.350000	5,207,012,365		1,179,005
2022 (School year under audit)	1.017600	0.340000	5,768,240,506		
TOTALS				\$	3,258,794
TOTALS				\$	3,258,

20		31	32	40		40		50
 Current Year's Total Levy	Maintenance Collections		ebt Service Collections	A	Entire Year's djustments	Ending Balance ne 30, 2022		
\$ -	\$	21,201	\$ 7,198	\$	(9,033)	\$ 386,391		
-		3,879	1,380		(12)	68,703		
-		4,838	1,721		(20)	136,940		
-		7,117	3,350		(21)	134,736		
-		17,323	8,020		2,518	114,308		
-		31,172	14,432		(2,897)	151,615		
-		57,596	17,300		(20,957)	199,446		
-		105,801	34,663		(18,662)	501,575		
-		136,149	46,758		(453,160)	542,938		
 72,392,263		53,790,509	 18,740,416		1,132,017	 993,355		
\$ 72,392,263	\$	54,175,585	\$ 18,875,238	\$	629,773	\$ 3,230,007		

Duncanville Independent School DistrictBudgetary Comparison Schedule – Debt Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data Control		Budgeted	l Am			Actual Amounts	Fin Pe	iance with al Budget ositive or
Codes		 Original		Final	(G	AAP Basis)	<u>(N</u>	legative)
	REVENUES							
5700	Total local and intermediate sources	\$ 1,035,900	\$	1,035,900	\$	308,369	\$	(727,531)
5800	State program revenues	180,000		180,000		54,397		(125,603)
5900	Federal program revenues	 6,916,092		6,916,092		8,207,586		1,291,494
5020	Total revenues	8,131,992		8,131,992		8,570,352		438,360
	EXPENDITURES							
35	Food services	7,920,992		7,920,992		7,110,055		810,937
51	Facilities maintenance and operations	161,000		161,000		84,834		76,166
52	Security and monitoring services	50,000		50,000		40,560		9,440
6030	Total expenditures	8,131,992		8,131,992		7,235,449		896,543
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
1100	over (under) expenditures	 -		_		1,334,903		1,334,903
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
7901	Transfers in	 		1,648,506		2,274,861		626,355
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)	 		1,648,506		2,274,861		626,355
1200	Net change in fund balances	-		1,648,506		3,609,764		1,961,258
0100	Fund balance, beginning	(1,648,506)		(1,648,506)		(1,648,506)		-
3000	FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ (1,648,506)	\$	-	\$	1,961,258	\$	1,961,258

Duncanville Independent School DistrictBudgetary Comparison Schedule – Debt Service Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data Control		Budgete	ed Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive or
Codes		Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	(Negative)
	REVENUES				
5700	Total local and intermediate sources	\$ 18,707,769	\$ 18,707,769	\$ 19,026,851	\$ 319,082
5800	State program revenues			485,752	485,752
5020	Total revenues	18,707,769	18,707,769	19,512,603	804,834
	EXPENDITURES				
0071	Principal on long-term debt	2,395,000	2,395,000	2,395,000	-
0072	Interest on long-term debt	16,312,769	16,312,769	17,289,265	(976,496)
6030	Total expenditures	18,707,769	18,707,769	19,684,265	(976,496)
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
1100	over (under) expenditures	-	-	(171,662)	(171,662)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
7915	Transfers in	-	-	-	-
7911	Issuance of bonds	-	-	120,235,000	(120,235,000)
7916	Premium or discount on issuance of bonds	-	-	14,332,307	(14,332,307)
8911	Transfers out	-	(1,452,900)	(1,452,900)	-
8940	Payment to refunded bonds escrow agent			(133,432,431)	133,432,431
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)		(1,452,900)	(318,024)	(1,134,876)
1200	Net change in fund balances	-	(1,452,900)	(489,686)	(1,306,538)
0100	Fund balance, beginning	13,128,962	13,128,962	13,128,962	
3000	FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$ 13,128,962	\$ 11,676,062	\$ 12,639,276	\$ (1,306,538)

Exhibit J-4

Duncanville Independent School DistrictUse of Funds Report – Select State Allotment June 30, 2022

Da	ata

Codes	_	R	Responses
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the District's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compsentory education programs during the District's fiscal year.	\$	14,360,934
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34)	\$	8,457,847
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$	1,641,979
AP8	List the actual direct progrm expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$	1,477,633

Statistical Section (Unaudited)

This part of the Duncanville Independent School District's comprehensive annual financial report present detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

Contents:

ancial Trends Information	.89
ese schedules contain trend information intended to help the reader understand how the District ancial position has changed over time.	ct's
venue Capacity Information	106
ese schedules contain information intended to help the reader assess the District's most signification enue source, state tax collections.	an
bt Capacity Information	113
ese schedules contain information intended to assist users in understanding and assessing the District rent levels of outstanding debt and the ability to issue additional debt.	ct's
mographic and Economic Information	119
ese schedules provide demographic and economic indicators intended to help the read derstand the socioeconomic environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	
erating Information	124
ese schedules provide contextual information about the District's operations and resources intend assist readers in using financial statement information to understand and assess the Distriction	

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Financial Trends

Duncanville Independent School DistrictNet Position By Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting, Unaudited)

	 2013		2014		2015		2016	
Governmental activities								
Net investment in capital assets	\$ (220,823)	\$	3,815,635	\$	(927,924)	\$	(5,214,642)	
Restricted for								
Federal and state programs	689,710		594,941		594,258		335,893	
Debt service	7,438,630		8,748,917		9,171,798		8,591,504	
Unrestricted	 21,969,549		26,549,947		16,318,330		11,989,073	
Total primary government net position	\$ 29,877,066	\$	39,709,440	\$	25,156,462	\$	15,701,828	

Source: Duncanville ISD's Financial Audit, Exhibit A-1

Notes:

 $^{^{\}rm I}$ Fiscal period 2013 represents a ten month transitional year for the period of September 1 through June 30.

 2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ (8,989,227)	\$ (12,083,142)	\$ (10,341,372)	\$ (14,425,025)	\$ (12,588,911)	\$ (13,146,889)
456,065	417.583	659.625	220,389	232.608	1,928,281
4,485,184	8,755,383	5,379,531	6,081,161	6,795,320	10,921,174
 21,146,102	(29,941,137)	(20,964,503)	(17,658,675)	(22,265,647)	(20,222,918)
\$ 17,098,124	\$ (32,851,313)	\$ (25,266,719)	\$ (25,782,150)	\$ (27,826,630)	\$ (20,520,352)

Expenses, Program Revenues, and Change in Net (Expense) Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Accrual Basis of Accounting, Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses	·			
Governmental activities:				
Instruction	\$ 57,408,241	\$ 63,316,082	\$ 65,346,809	\$ 73,545,640
Instructional resources and media service	1,273,818	985,942	1,014,799	1,128,544
Curriculum and staff development	2,581,574	3,755,404	3,859,002	3,723,403
Instructional leadership	1,756,426	2,283,469	1,963,999	2,272,785
School leadership	5,250,425	6,169,919	6,417,454	7,252,391
Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	3,668,734	4,165,357	4,404,532	4,801,292
Social work services	36,317	42,845	46,054	49,547
Health services	1,061,518	1,082,444	1,105,745	1,185,430
Student (pupil) transportation	2,934,140	3,235,654	3,918,072	4,303,304
Food services	6,731,002	7,777,268	7,560,833	8,076,928
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	2,740,301	2,812,124	3,012,097	3,011,438
General administration	2,411,842	3,070,088	3,535,368	4,058,948
Facilities maintenance and operations	9,577,211	11,384,624	11,312,346	12,476,392
Security and monitoring services	1,082,114	1,088,207	1,330,896	1,451,947
Data processing services	1,860,202	2,303,696	3,186,471	11,044,264
Community services	350,162	414,328	348,410	445,671
Debt service - interest on long term debt	7,293,685	8,406,530	8,584,286	11,992,931
Debt service - bond issuance cost & fees	503,852	19,135	978,412	518,998
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	97,812	1,565,444	255,459
Payments related to shared services arrangements	-	216,068	-	-
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	49,020	-	57,378	92,604
Other intergovernmental charges	182,148	-	218,660	224,570
Total primary government expenses	108,752,732	122,626,996	129,767,067	151,912,486
Dro grana rovonuos				
Program revenues Governmental activities:				
Charges for services Instruction	293,305	143,174	2,231,087	1,941,707
		·		
Food services	1,264,941	1,392,804	1,224,683	1,265,436
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	550,280	647,941	349,708	444,124
Facilities maintenance and operations	145,266	131,783	137,352	94,283
Other	40,123	-	53,411	119,387
Operating grants and contributions	19,496,243	23,133,249	20,719,274	24,556,730
Total primary government program revenues	21,790,158	25,448,951	24,715,515	28,421,667
Total primary government	\$ (86,962,574)	\$ (97,178,045)	\$ (105,051,552)	\$ (123,490,819)

Source: Duncanville ISD's Financial Audit, Exhibit B-1

Notes

¹ Fiscal period 2013 represents a ten month transitional year for the period of September 1 through June 30.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 73,554,082	\$ 48,136,663	\$ 80,907,056	\$ 85,604,987	\$ 84,407,706	\$ 75,001,727
1,824,605	1,333,419	1,736,537	1,996,786	1,848,184	1,760,796
3,331,105	2,308,750	4,081,309	5,727,452	5,041,958	4,238,118
2,989,379	2,507,034	4,087,546	4,569,945	4,652,106	4,300,277
7,838,067	5,220,535	8,859,258	9,760,590	9,657,049	8,741,815
4,848,041	2,957,199	5,589,596	6,267,848	6,369,121	5,806,401
54,451	44,451	59,092	64,088	190,785	182,463
1,281,856	752,568	1,191,247	1,292,768	1,453,713	1,143,792
4,221,678	3,295,562	4,349,431	4,199,406	4,124,300	4,484,216
7,285,611	5,274,225	8,204,153	7,969,213	6,165,833	7,452,274
3,733,686	2,855,320	4,441,469	4,448,350	4,398,823	4,656,640
5,444,618	3,794,671	5,592,725	5,690,813	6,088,217	5,574,483
15,224,319	14,316,973	17,206,384	14,642,032	14,273,594	17,005,309
1,617,459	1,176,314	1,552,388	1,834,359	2,064,208	2,088,477
3,375,062	2,453,543	3,250,753	3,984,643	7,510,275	4,995,182
496,501	378,510	808,991	870,487	811,999	704,511
13,386,228	9,803,519	6,576,165	8,865,662	7,772,448	11,071,661
7,440	72,719	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
49,170	68,436	20,670	6,420	45,066	14,970
206,067	243,427	299,888	262,605	264,490	267,794
150,769,425	106,993,838	\$ 158,814,658	\$ 168,058,454	\$ 167,139,875	\$ 159,490,906
126,484	148,960	134,367	86,513	47,942	113,330
1,146,403	858,158	841,758	642,543	649,916	687,217
197,923	157,574	222,817	142,052	198,159	223,396
132,278	135,985	151,170	105,748	46,800	113,025
31,535,543	5,205,851	36,184,061	34,297,691	31,947,106	34,196,421
33,138,631	6,506,528	37,534,173	35,274,547	32,889,923	35,333,389
\$(117,630,794)	\$(100,487,310)	\$(121,280,485)	\$(132,783,907)	\$(134,249,952)	\$(124,157,517)

Duncanville Independent School DistrictGeneral Revenues and Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting, Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Net (expense)/revenue				
Total primary government net expense	\$ (86,962,574)	\$ (97,178,045)	\$ (105,051,552)	\$(123,490,819)
General revenue and other changes in net position Governmental activities: Taxes				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	33,130,535	34,389,518	35,924,406	36,613,846
Property taxes, levied for debt service	12,425,522	12,211,177	12,777,723	17,210,110
State aid - unrestricted formula grants	51,964,070	60,099,570	59,108,704	59,815,620
Grants and contributions not restricted	21,581	49,830	1,000	-
Investment earnings	48,057	20,971	26,692	252,669
Miscellaneous local and intermediate revenue	92,829	239,353	238,809	143,940
Total general revenues - primary government	97,682,594	107,010,419	108,077,334	114,036,185
Changes in net pension				
Net Position - beginning	19,157,046	29,877,066	39,709,440	25,156,462
Prior period adjustments	-	-	(17,578,760)	-
Total change in net position - primary government	10,720,020	9,832,374	3,025,782	(9,454,634)
Net Position - ending	\$ 29,877,066	\$ 39,709,440	\$ 25,156,462	\$ 15,701,828

Source: Duncanville ISD's Financial Audit, Exhibit B-1

¹ Fiscal period 2013 represents a ten month transitional year for the period of September 1 through June 30.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$(117,630,794)	\$(100,487,310)	\$(121,280,485)	\$(132,783,907)	\$(134,249,952)	\$(124,157,517)
39,307,588	43,777,943	53,281,023	52,658,009	54,576,219	54,483,771
18,304,267	20,153,715	15,940,650	17,289,890	18,768,786	18,999,808
60,615,054	57,466,802	57,429,180	60,499,237	58,277,761	56,315,372
-	-	-	-	-	-
422,011	1,028,044	1,800,331	1,208,318	62,868	134,128
378,170	411,085	413,895	613,022	519,838	1,530,716
119,027,090	122,837,589	128,865,079	132,268,476	132,205,472	131,463,795
15,701,828	17,098,124	(32,851,313)	(25,266,719)	(25,782,150)	(27,826,630)
-	(72,299,716)	-	-	-	-
1,396,296	22,350,279	7,584,594	(515,431)	(2,044,480)	7,306,278
g 17,000,104	# 120 0F1 2121	E 105 077 7101	# 10F 700 1FO	E 107.007.7201	# 100 F00 2F01
\$ 17,098,124	\$ (32,851,313)	\$ (25,266,719)	\$ (25,782,150)	\$ (27,826,630)	\$ (20,520,352)

Duncanville Independent School District Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting, Unaudited)

	2013		2014		2015		2016	
General fund Nonspendable - inventories Nonspendable - prepaid items	\$	417,037	\$	383,474	\$	289,122	\$	275,411 58,086
Committed		815,000		815,000		815,000		815,000
Assigned		2,730,915		-		3,116,977		-
Unassigned		31,452,215		37,971,424		39,588,525		39,330,048
Total general fund		35,415,167		39,169,898		43,809,624		40,478,545
All other governmental funds								
Nonspendable - inventories		95,669		82,900		121,451		139,449
Nonspendable - prepaid items		-		-		-		3,927
Restricted for:								
Federal or state funds		594,041		512,041		472,807		335,893
Capital acquisition and								
Contractual obligations		1,203,028		287,822		95,287,554		35,448,074
Retirement of long-term debt		7,686,645		9,122,794		9,558,046		11,396,221
Committed		490,049		515,481		405,723		368,455
Assigned		1,251		6,094		1,862		862
Unassigned				-				
Total all other governmental funds		10,070,683		10,527,132		105,847,443		47,692,881
Total all government funds	\$	45,485,850	\$	49,697,030	\$	149,657,067	\$	88,171,426

Source: Duncanville ISD's Financial Audit, Exhibits C-1, C-3

Fiscal period 2013 represents a ten month transitional year for the period of September 1 through June 30.

2017	 2018	2019	2020				2020 2021		2022
\$ 191,300 38,547	\$ 240,042 61,915	\$ 232,609 111,915	\$	471,556 176,415	\$	193,750 236,415	\$	176,494 296,415	
 - - 44,387,675	 - - 50,357,301	 - - 58,739,773		- 16,100,000 50,925,391		- 3,357,267 59,500,659		- - 62,393,076	
44,617,522	50,659,258	59,084,297		67,673,362		63,288,091		62,865,985	
223,685 8,867	223,685 -	223,685		- 220,389		223,685		223,685	
456,065	417,583	659,625		3,162,760		232,608		1,928,281	
16,591,284 12,994,572 332,570	13,488,300 13,974,129 364,839	10,668,504 11,863,925 362,619		- 12,473,347 377,073		717,435 13,128,962 389,897		105,025 12,639,276 428,153	
178 -	178 (361)	 -		- 51,490		- (1,872,191)		- (3,727)	
30,607,221	28,468,353	23,778,358		16,285,059		12,820,396		15,320,693	
\$ 75,224,743	\$ 79,127,611	\$ 82,862,655	\$	83,958,421	\$	76,108,487	\$	78,186,678	

Governmental Funds Revenues
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting, Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Local sources:				
Local maintenance and debt service tax	\$ 45,419,888	\$ 46,574,358	\$ 48,905,109	\$ 53,716,568
Tuition/fees from patrons	130,801	143,175	116,482	74,949
Other revenue from local services	461,252	510,714	467,374	1,072,118
Co-curricular revenues	1,864,328	1,971,967	1,795,401	1,532,256
Total local sources	47,876,269	49,200,214	51,284,366	56,395,891
State sources:				
Per capita and foundation	52,711,645	61,126,496	59,868,547	60,822,260
Other state program revenues	6,667,040	8,591,510	7,880,916	8,807,714
Total state programs	59,378,685	69,718,006	67,749,463	69,629,974
Federal programs:				
State distributed revenues from federal source	12,081,629	13,514,813	13,962,000	13,969,189
Total federal programs	12,081,629	13,514,813	13,962,000	13,969,189
Total revenues	\$ 119,336,583	\$ 132,433,033	\$ 132,995,829	\$ 139,995,054

Source: Duncanville ISD records, Duncanville ISD's Financial Audit, Exhibits C-3

Notes

¹ Fiscal period 2013 represents a ten month transitional year for the period of September 1 through June 30.

 2017	 2018	2019		 2020		2021	2022	
\$ 58,141,081 126,484 1,150,983 2,440,864	\$ 62,981,418 148,960 2,134,478 1,608,122	\$	68,631,214 134,367 2,983,307 1,771,099	\$ 69,020,007 86,513 2,475,005 1,534,474	\$	73,473,915 47,942 902,167 347,640	\$	73,511,715 113,330 2,372,395 785,290
61,859,412	66,872,978		73,519,987	73,115,999		74,771,664		76,782,730
 60,615,054 8,537,798	 57,466,802 7,212,327		57,429,180 6,830,098	 60,499,237 10,455,791		58,277,761 8,382,661		56,315,372 7,767,331
69,152,852	64,679,129		64,259,278	70,955,028		66,660,422		64,082,703
 14,836,180	13,833,863		17,883,571	15,342,814		16,560,512		27,819,540
14,836,180	13,833,863		17,883,571	15,342,814		16,560,512		27,819,540
\$ 145,848,444	\$ 145,385,970	\$	155,662,836	\$ 159,413,841	\$	157,992,598	\$	168,684,973

Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting, Unaudited)

Expenditures by Function	2013	2014	2015	2016
Current:				
Instruction	\$ 51,880,815	\$ 57,820,291	\$ 60,547,930	\$ 65,407,285
Instructional resources & media services	1,121,596	885,052	894,681	977,572
Curriculum & instructional staff development	2,577,459	3,750,893	3,889,293	3,579,939
Instructional leadership	1,627,268	2,145,398	1,843,607	2,059,644
School leadership	5,183,354	6,102,897	6,401,580	6,919,624
Guidance, counseling, & evaluation services	3,610,529	4,107,003	4,400,383	4,480,130
Social work services	34,260	40,590	43,993	46,290
Health services	1,056,707	1,077,633	1,109,513	1,136,143
Student (pupil) transportation	2,481,830	3,542,571	3,825,960	4,539,571
Food services	6,409,552	7,574,128	7,266,764	7,509,167
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	2,684,165	2,787,516	3,002,361	2,901,590
General administration	2,277,405	2,930,120	3,416,326	3,825,805
Facilities maintenance and operations	9,670,850	16,459,367	11,459,476	14,853,475
Security and monitoring services	1,099,465	1,072,441	1,326,867	1,424,210
Data processing services	1,722,942	2,311,712	3,259,723	16,020,911
Community services	335,280	399,446	334,615	425,460
Debt service:				
Debt service - principal on long-term debt	2,694,248	2,656,755	5,799,140	5,250,000
Debt service - interest on long-term debt	9,267,189	11,828,866	9,661,534	12,776,287
Debt service - bond issuance cost and fees	503,852	19,135	978,412	518,998
Capital outlay:				
Facilities acquisition and construction	3,598,630	396,159	2,649,356	47,029,572
Intergovernmental:				
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	49,020	97,812	57,378	92,604
Other intergovernmental charges	182,148	216,068	218,660	224,570
Total expenditures	\$ 110,068,564	\$ 128,221,853	\$ 132,387,552	\$ 201,998,847
Debt Service as a Percentage of Non-Capital Expenditures	11.71%	11.35%	12.67%	12.72%

Source: Duncanville ISD's Financial Audit, Exhibit C-3

Notes:

¹ Fiscal period 2013 represents a ten month transitional year for the period of September 1 through lune 30

² Debt Service as a Percentage of Non-Capital Expenditures does not include Bond Issuance Cost/Fees

2017	 2018	 2019		2020		2021		2022
\$ 63,672,900	\$ 62,850,559	\$ 67,870,167	\$	68,830,468	\$	71,689,432	\$	70,792,880
1,602,316	1,547,569	1,496,845		1,627,237		1,578,241		1,619,196
3,149,349	3,425,167	3,600,082		4,789,931		4,528,460		4,522,460
2,632,895	3,196,023	3,481,675		3,753,034		4,078,482		4,185,304
7,256,091	7,359,044	7,911,636		8,537,476		8,964,190		8,950,811
4,531,265	4,194,570	4,989,966		5,530,732		5,911,922		5,962,807
48,430	50,760	53,698		57,348		176,154		187,456
1,184,627	1,045,863	1,070,405		1,141,439		1,356,412		1,185,585
3,676,255	3,665,005	5,204,334		3,893,109		3,371,073		3,940,669
6,973,951	7,018,295	7,011,188		6,756,895		5,410,793		7,435,891
3,573,761	3,547,909	4,094,783		3,968,215		4,092,086		4,692,555
5,039,093	4,521,122	4,750,733		4,947,934		5,451,528		5,407,827
10,544,702	10,746,637	11,581,480		11,241,621		13,231,913		16,706,346
1,552,213	1,297,184	1,589,922		1,772,404		2,067,292		2,062,037
2,998,871	2,503,988	3,591,300		3,274,127		6,806,618		4,433,597
469,694	634,838	675,738		698,607		710,468		728,030
3,950,000	5,276,567	8,680,000		1,666,096		2,305,000		2,729,850
15,190,369	15,175,379	10,167,369		16,976,120		16,421,527		17,335,205
7,440	11,152	-		-		-		-
20,437,322	7,923,521	3,785,913		8,440,835		7,438,617		5,921,068
49,170	68,436	20,670		6,420		45,066		14,970
 206,067	 243,427	 299,888		262,605		264,490		267,794
\$ 158,746,781	\$ 146,303,015	\$ 151,927,792	\$	158,172,653	\$	165,899,764	\$	169,082,338
13.89%	14.87%	12.97%		12.50%		11.83%		12.21%

Other Financing Sources and Uses and Changes in Fund Balance Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting, Unaudited)

	2013		 2014	 2015	2016	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	9,268,019	\$ 4,211,180	\$ 608,277	\$	(62,003,793)
Other finance sources (uses)						
Refunding bonds issued		41,350,000	-	8,835,000		54,460,000
Capital related debt issued (regular bonds)		-	-	88,170,000		-
Proceeds from RTU leased assets		-	-	88,170,000		-
Transfers in		-	-	-		-
Transfers out		-	-	-		-
Premium or discount on issuance of bonds		4,534,684	-	12,162,368		8,998,229
Other (uses)		(45,377,189)	 -	 (9,815,608)		(62,940,077)
Total other financing sources (uses)		507,495	 	 187,521,760		518,152
Net change in fund balances		9,775,514	4,211,180	188,130,037		(61,485,641)
Beginning fund balance		31,776,751	41,552,265	45,763,445		233,893,482
Ending fund balance	\$	41,552,265	\$ 45,763,445	\$ 233,893,482	\$	172,407,841

Source: Duncanville ISD's Financial Audit, Exhibit C-3

Notes:

¹ Fiscal period 2013 represents a ten month transitional year for the period of September 1 through June 30.

2017	 2018	2019		2020	 2021	2022		
\$ (12,898,337)	\$ (917,045)	\$	3,735,044	\$ 1,241,188	\$ (7,907,166)	\$	(397,365)	
-	-		-	-	24,165,000		120,235,000	
-	4,475,000		-	-	-		-	
-	4,475,000		-	-	-		1,340,680	
40,026	148,084		118,966	1,906,794	-		3,727,761	
(90,026)	(148,084)		(118,966)	(2,052,216)	(85,950)		(3,727,761)	
-	346,567		-	-	3,592,022		14,332,307	
 -	 -		-	 -	 (27,613,840)		(133,432,431)	
 (50,000)	 9,296,567		-	 (145,422)	 57,232		2,475,556	
(12,948,337)	8,379,522		3,735,044	1,095,766	(7,849,934)		2,078,191	
88,171,426	75,223,089		79,127,611	82,862,655	83,958,421		76,108,487	
\$ 75,223,089	\$ 83,602,611	\$	82,862,655	\$ 83,958,421	\$ 76,108,487	\$	78,186,678	

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Revenue Capacity

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Exhibit S-8

Assessed and Actual Value – Real and Personal Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited) (Amounts in Thousands, Except Tax Rate Information)

		Actual Value				Total
Fiscal	Residential	Commercial	Personal	Less:	Total Taxable	Direct
Year	Property	Property	Property	Exemptions	Value	Tax Rate
2013	\$ 2,085,530,740	\$1,266,401,890	\$ 771,421,910	\$ 792,723,646	\$ 3,330,630,894	1.4300
2014	2,183,237,240	1,351,609,740	810,120,580	846,801,936	3,498,165,624	1.4100
2015	2,307,010,420	1,410,105,710	853,636,480	883,500,123	3,687,252,487	1.4100
2016	2,598,385,450	1,508,974,850	932,344,300	1,100,870,547	3,938,834,053	1.5295
2017	2,789,259,410	1,655,337,040	975,671,880	1,152,542,331	4,267,725,999	1.5215
2018	3,291,153,140	1,839,928,520	1,021,980,120	1,305,216,530	4,847,845,250	1.5215
2019	3,612,044,310	1,890,540,200	1,008,210,570	1,431,022,672	5,079,772,408	1.5200
2020	3,704,503,956	1,874,950,940	1,053,488,560	1,425,931,091	5,207,012,365	1.4183
2021	4,014,902,800	2,101,390,880	1,037,404,200	1,385,457,374	5,768,240,506	1.3676
2022	5,044,058,750	2,485,936,020	1,168,408,220	2,217,137,761	6,481,265,229	1.3159

Source: Dallas Central Appraisal District and Dallas County Tax Office

Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments (Per \$100 Assessed Valuation)
Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016
Duncanville ISD:				
Maintenance and Operations	1.0400	1.0400	1.0400	1.0400
Interest and Sinking	0.3900	0.3700	0.3700	0.4895
Total	1.4300	1.4100	1.4100	1.5295
City of Cedar Hill	0.6988	0.6988	0.6988	0.6988
City of Dallas	0.7970	0.7970	0.7970	0.7825
Dallas County	0.2431	0.2431	0.2431	0.2431
Dallas Co. Community College	0.1247	0.1248	0.1237	0.1229
Dallas Co. Hospital	0.2760	0.2860	0.2860	0.2794
City of Desoto	0.7574	0.7574	0.7499	0.7449
City of Duncanville	0.7584	0.7584	0.7584	0.7584

Source: Dallas Central Appraisal District, Dallas County Tax Office, and Duncanville ISD records.

2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
1.0400	1.0400	1.1700	1.0176	0.9796	0.9329
0.4815	0.4815	0.3500	0.3500	0.3400	0.3200
1.5215	1.5215	1.5200	1.3676	1.3196	1.2529
0.6988	0.6988	0.6970	0.6881	0.6970	0.6570
0.7804	0.7804	0.7800	0.7763	0.7763	0.7458
0.2431	0.2431	0.2431	0.2397	0.2397	0.2179
0.1242	0.1242	0.1240	0.1240	0.1240	0.1159
0.2794	0.2794	0.2794	0.2661	0.2661	0.2358
0.7399	0.7399	0.7214	0.7015	0.7016	0.6916
0.7584	0.7584	0.7485	0.7168	0.7000	0.6505

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				Within Fiscal of Levy		ollections oubsequent	Tota		and Cumulative nts to Date
Fiscal Year	Tax Levy Year	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Ci	ears and umulative ljustments		Amount	Percentage of Levy
2013	2012	\$ 45,443,101	\$ 44,784,074	98.55%	\$	(238,712)	\$	44,545,362	98.02%
2014	2013	46,409,966	45,421,948	97.87%		112,472		45,534,420	98.11%
2015	2014	48,739,609	47,635,454	97.73%		204,325		47,839,779	98.15%
2016	2015	53,318,519	52,514,963	98.49%		128,938		52,643,901	98.73%
2017	2016	58,393,091	57,072,583	97.74%		(717,155)		56,355,428	96.51%
2018	2017	63,624,944	62,352,446	98.00%		628,971		62,981,417	98.99%
2019	2018	69,080,341	67,986,424	98.42%		(73,628)		67,912,796	98.31%
2020	2019	69,193,765	68,331,812	98.75%		626,553		68,958,365	99.66%
2021	2020	73,520,739	72,341,733	98.40%		303,443		72,645,176	98.81%
2022	2021	74,481,135	73,363,918	98.50%		150,443		73,514,361	98.70%

Source: Duncanville ISD's Financial Audit, Exhibit J-1, and Dallas County Tax Office

Notes

¹ Fiscal period 2013 represents a ten month transitional year for the period of September 1 through June 30. Years preceding 2013 are September 1 through August 31.

² Effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the district implemented GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. With the implementation of this standard, balances previously reported as "net assets" are now reported as "net position."

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

			2022			2013					
Principal Employer	Rank	2020-2021 Taxable Assessed Value		Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value	Rank		2011-2012 Taxable essed Value	Percentage of Total Taxable			
WWF Operating Co LLC Dart Container Corporation Oncor Electric Delivery First Industrial Texas LP Cummins Southern Plains Prologis LP Home Depot Clark Ridge Canyon LTD Patriot Ridge LTD Eagle Crossing Apartments Solo Cup Operating Corp White Waye Food	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	\$	135,871,745 93,689,095 59,264,580 48,139,910 33,013,853 31,346,660 29,448,120 28,500,000 28,000,000 26,750,000	2.36% 1.62% 1.03% 0.83% 0.57% 0.54% 0.51% 0.49% 0.49% 0.46%	1 2	\$	73,795,370 61,931,470	2.29% 1.92%			
Masco Building Cabinet Group Oncor Electric Delivery Old Dominion Freight Costco Wholesale Gruma Corp Istar G&E Apartments REITBella Ruscel WRH Mt Vernon Inc.					3 4 5 6 7 8 9	_	42,209,730 34,881,020 19,300,270 17,503,590 16,619,660 16,400,000 14,225,960 14,057,990	1.72% 1.31% 1.08% 0.60% 0.54% 0.52% 0.51% 0.44%			
Total		\$	514,023,963	8.90%	=	\$ 3	310,925,060	9.65%			

 Total 2022 taxable assessed value equals:
 \$ 5,768,240,506

 Total 2013 taxable assessed value equals:
 \$ 3,222,372,129

Source: Dallas County Tax Office and Duncanville ISD records

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Debt Capacity

Duncanville Independent School District Legal Debt Margin Information

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Debt Limit	tal Net Debt pplicable to Limit	De	Legal ebt Margin	to F	otal Net Debt Applicable the Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020	\$ 322,237,213 332,301,073 349,936,390 368,725,249 393,883,405 426,772,600 471,694,690 507,977,241	\$ 139,355,455 135,262,442 216,433,050 202,304,875 196,756,524 195,036,967 188,467,171 218,987,495	\$	182,881,758 197,038,631 197,038,631 133,503,340 166,420,374 197,126,881 283,227,519 288,989,746		43% 41% 62% 55% 50% 46% 40% 43%
2021 2022	520,701,237 576,824,051	208,148,301 199,987,368		312,552,936 376,836,683		40% 35%
Legal debt margin calculation for fiscal year 2021 Assessed value Debt limit percentage					\$	5,768,240,506 10%
Legal debt limit						576,824,051
Total bonded debt						212,626,644
Less reserve for retirement of bonded debt						12,639,276
Net bonded debt applicable to debt limit						199,987,368
Legal debt margin					\$	376,836,683

Source: Duncanville ISD records

Notes

 $^{^{1}}$ Fiscal period 2013 represents a ten month transitional year for the period of September 1 through June 30.

Outstanding Debt By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				Percentage				
	General			of Disposable				Per
Fiscal	Obligation	Other	Total Primary	Personal		Per	St	tudent
Year	Debt	Obligations	Government	Income	C	Capita	Er	nrolled
					-			
2013	\$ 147,042,100	\$ 44,398,303	\$ 191,440,403	19.77%	\$	4,864	\$	15,382
2014	144,385,236	39,990,772	184,376,008	18.66%		4,773		15,062
2015	225,991,096	48,721,088	274,712,184	28.22%		6,936		22,919
2016	213,701,096	52,860,014	266,561,110	27.38%		6,796		22,107
2017	209,751,096	48,487,101	258,238,197	26.52%		6,545		21,820
2018	209,011,096	42,975,917	251,987,013	25.36%		6,382		21,030
2019	200,331,096	41,270,931	241,602,027	23.37%		6,138		20,270
2020	198,665,000	32,795,842	231,460,842	25.37%		5,917		20,273
2021	195,310,000	25,967,263	221,277,263	24.25%		5,851		20,345
2022	189,615,000	23,011,644	212,626,644	20.68%		5,343		20,698

Note: See Schedule 16 and 21 for population and enrollment data used to calculate per capita and per student enrolled information

Source: Duncanville ISD records

Notes

¹ Fiscal period 2013 represents a ten month transitional year for the period of September 1 through June 30.

Duncanville Independent School DistrictRatio of Net Bonded Debt to Taxable Assessed Valuation and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Estimated Population	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Reserve for Gross Retirement of Bonded Debt Bonded Debt		tirement of	Net Bonded Debt		Ratios of Net Bonded Debt to Taxable Assessed Value	
2013	38,628	\$ 3,222,372,129	\$	147,042,100	\$	7,438,630	\$	139,603,470	4.33%
2014	39,605	3,323,010,728		144,385,236		8,748,917		135,636,319	4.08%
2015	39,221	3,499,363,902		274,712,184		9,171,798		265,540,386	7.59%
2016	39,481	3,687,252,487		266,561,110		8,591,504		257,969,606	7.00%
2017	39,457	3,938,834,053		258,238,197		4,485,184		253,753,013	6.44%
2018	39,457	4,267,725,999		251,987,013		8,755,383		243,231,630	5.70%
2019	39,364	4,716,946,896		241,602,027		5,379,531		236,222,496	5.01%
2020	39,118	5,079,772,408		231,460,842		6,081,161		225,379,681	4.44%
2021	37,817	5,207,012,365		221,277,263		6,795,320		214,481,943	4.12%
2022	39,797	5,768,240,506		195,310,000		10,921,174		181,769,772	3.15%

Source: Duncanville ISD records; population from Schedule 16.

 $^{^{\}rm 1}$ Fiscal period 2013 represents a ten month transitional year for the period of September 1 through June 30.

De	Bonded ebt Per apita	Total Assessed Value Per Capita				
\$	3,614 3,425 6,770 6,534 6,431 6,164 6,001 5,762 5,672 4,567	\$	83,421 83,904 89,222 93,393 99,826 108,161 119,829 129,858 137,690 144,942			

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2022 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	Gross Debt Outstanding	As of	Percent Overlapping	Amount Overlapping
City of Cedar Hill City of Dallas Dallas County Dallas Co. Comm. College District Dallas Co. Hospital District City of DeSoto City of Duncanville	\$ 105,055,000 1,952,170,416 116,665,000 118,575,000 575,530,000 76,660,000 20,460,000	6/30/2022 6/30/2022 6/30/2022 6/30/2022 6/30/2022 6/30/2022 6/30/2022	2.56% 1.43% 1.86% 1.86% 1.86% 7.70% 97.60%	\$ 2,689,408 27,916,037 2,169,969 2,205,495 10,704,858 5,902,820 19,968,960
Sub-total overlapping bonded debt				71,557,547
Duncanville Independent School District	189,615,000	6/30/2022	100.00%	189,615,000
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$ 261,172,547
Total Assessed 2022 Taxable Valuation				\$ 5,768,240,506
Total Population Ratio of Total Direct and Overlapping Net Debt to 2022 Taxable Assessed Valuation				37,600 4.53%
Per Capita Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$ 6,946

Source: All information provided by Texas Municipal Reports except for information regarding District debt, total assessed taxable valuation, and population which were provided by Duncanville ISD.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the district. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of these overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the district.

The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of another governmental unit's taxable value that is within the district's boundaries and dividing it by each unit's total taxable value.

Demographic and Economic	Information

Duncanville Independent School District Demographic and Economic Statistics

Exhibit S-16

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

Calendar Year	Estimated Population		oosable nal Income	Capita nal Income	Unemployment Rate	
2013	38,628	\$	968,288,076	\$ 25,067	7.20%	
2014	39,605		988,342,775	24,955	5.90%	
2015	39,221		973,543,662	24,822	4.80%	
2016	39,481		973,601,460	24,660	4.50%	
2017	39,457		973,601,475	24,675	4.90%	
2018	39,481		993,697,289	25,169	4.80%	
2019	39,364	1,0	034,013,552	26,268	4.10%	
2020	39,118		912,388,232	23,324	3.90%	
2021	37,817		912,388,232	24,126	7.50%	
2022	39,797	1,	028,235,089	25,873	4.40%	

Source: City of Duncanville, Bureau of Economic Analysis, and Texas State Data Center.

Principal Employers
Current Year and Nine Years Ago
(Unaudited)

		2022			2013	
Principal Employer	Rank	Number of Employees	Workforce Percentage	Rank	Number of Employees	Workforce Percentage
Duncanville Independent School District	1	1	1,695	1	1,696	9.57%
Masco/Quality Cabinets & Doors (Texwood)	9	9	115	2	706	3.98%
City of Duncanville	3	3	343	3	290	1.64%
Pioneer Frozen Foods	4	2	578	4	175	0.99%
Costco	5	4	282	5	145	0.82%
Defords	2	10	49	6	130	0.73%
Pappadeaux	10	5	195	7	130	0.73%
Brittle-Brittle	8				75	0.42%
Personalized Communications				8	70	0.39%
Best Western	7				50	0.28%
W &B Service Company	6					
WinCo Foods		7	160	9		
Tom Thumb Food & Pharmacy		6	177	10		
Freedom Dodge, Chrysler, Jeep						
Kroger		8	135			
Total estimated employed 2022 Workforce:		21,650				

Source: Duncanville Community Economic Development Corporation

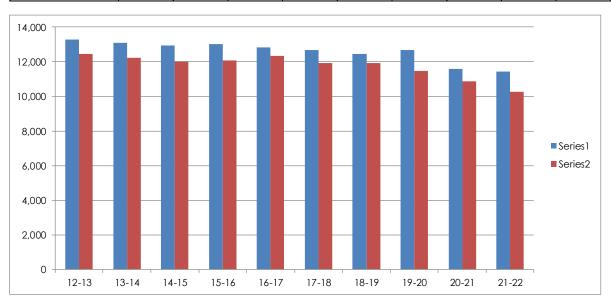
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Operating Information

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Duncanville Independent School DistrictTotal Enrollment and Average Daily Attendance Data Chart Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	12-13	13-14	14-15	15-16	16-17	17-18	18-19	19-20	20-21	21-22
Student Enrollment	13,267	13,104	12,945	13,026	12,828	12,680	12,460	12,674	11,570	11,414
ADA	12,446	12,241	11,986	12,058	12,321	11,919	11,919	11,471	10,876	10,273



Full Time Equivalent District Employees by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Teachers										
Elementary Classroom Teachers	408	410	421	472	438	450	406	417	436	425
Secondary Classroom Teachers	355	388	382	353	389	395	395	419	387	378
Total Teachers	763	798	803	825	827	845	801	836	823	803
Professional Support										
Guidance Counselors	32	32	33	29	26	27	35	36	39	37
Therapists	12	11	10	11	15	15	19	18	17	15
Psychologists/Diagnosticians	16	14	15	15	14	14	17	14	14	11
Other Campus Professional	3	1	1	3	11	11	27	50	39	39
Other Non-Instructional	36	38	45	52	53	55	59	53	50	48
Other Support Staff	3	2	2	2	20	22	8	11	27	26
Athletic Trainer	3	3	3	2	3	3	4	6	5	5
Librarians	17	16	16	17	12	12	11	12	13	13
Nurses/Physicians	14	13	13	13	14	14	10	13	14	13
Total professional support	136	130	138	144	168	173	190	213	218	207
Administrative staff										
Admin/Instructional Officers	14	16	14	4	2	2	6	8	11	10
Principals	17	17	18	18	18	18	19	18	19	16
Assistant Principals	31	33	32	29	34	34	34	40	41	41
Superintendent	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant Superintendent	3	3	3	2	7	7	7	10	0	0
Managers	1	1	1	2	1	1	0	0	0	0
Directors	5	7	7	10	9	9	2	1	9	9
Total administrative staff	72	78	76	66	72	72	69	78	81	77
Support staff										
Educational aides	133	135	139	130	143	152	157	166	169	162
Auxiliary staff	555	548	540	525	504	510	470	495	492	480
Total support and auxiliary staff	688	683	679	655	647	662	627	661	661	642
Total	1,659	1,689	1,696	1,690	1,714	1,752	1,687	1,788	1,783	1,729

Source: Texas Education Agency (Standard Reports) and AEIS reports

Duncanville Independent School District Teacher Base Salaries

Teacher Base Salaries Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Minin	num Salary	Maximum Salary		District Average Salary		Region Average Salary		State Average Salary	
2013	\$	47,000	\$	56,047	\$	48,892	\$	47,614	\$	48,638
2014		48,500		58,547		51,625		50,675		49,692
2015		49,000		59,047		53,151		53,151		51,041
2016		49,000		59,047		54,230		53,053		52,456
2017		50,000		51,000		54,422		53,943		52,525
2018		50,000		51,000		54,422		53,943		52,525
2019		51,000		58,605		54,639		52,095		48,581
2020		53,000		60,800		55,873		55,834		52,168
2021		53,000		65,800		59,400		56,336		58,670
2022		53,000		78,303		56,401		56,263		53,430

Source: Duncanville ISD records and TASB reports

Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Total Enrollment	Average Daily Attendance	Direct Operating xpenditures ¹	(Cost Per Pupil	Percent Change from Prior Year	 Direct Operating Expenses ²
2013	13,267	12,446	\$ 94,277,329	\$	7,575	-12.30%	\$ 100,724,027
2014	13,104	12,241	113,023,072		9,233	21.89%	113,887,451
2015	12,945	12,163	114,001,484		9,373	1.51%	118,362,887
2016	13,026	11,982	136,106,816		11,359	21.19%	139,083,383
2017	12,828	11,864	118,906,413		10,022	-11.77%	137,041,678
2018	12,792	11,910	117,604,533		9,874	-1.48%	95,621,580
2019	12,854	11,919	128,973,952		10,821	9.58%	151,917,935
2020	12,674	11,417	130,820,577		11,458	5.89%	162,475,247
2021	11,570	10,876	139,425,064		12,820	11.88%	159,057,871
2022	11,414	10,273	142,209,752		13,843	7.98%	161,460,209

Source: Duncanville ISD records

Notes

¹Total Governmental Fund expenditures less capital, debt service, and intergovernmental expenditures

² Total Government-Wide expenses less capital, debt service, and intergovernmental expenditures

³ 2013 Fiscal Year changed to June 30 from prior year end of August 31, resulting in a 10-month audit year

 Cost Per Pupil	Percent Change from Prior Year	Teaching Staff	Pupil- Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Students Receiving Free or Reduced- Price Meals
\$ 8,093	-10.60%	763	16.3	76%
9,304	14.96%	798	15.3	75%
9,731	4.60%	803	15.1	75%
11,608	19.28%	825	14.5	75%
11,551	-0.49%	827	14.3	75%
8,029	-30.49%	835	14.3	78%
12,746	58.75%	801	14.9	78%
14,231	11.65%	836	13.7	78%
14,625	2.77%	824	13.2	100%
15,717	7.47%	803	12.8	78%

Duncanville Independent School District School Building Information – Campus

School Building Information – Campus Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Elementary										
# of Locations	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Square Footage	710,449	710,449	710,449	710,449	762,693	765,390	765,390	762,693	762,693	762,693
Capacity	6,935	6,935	6,935	6,935	7,935	7,935	7,935	7,935	7,935	7,935
Enrollment	7,150	7,150	7,150	7,150	6,512	6,457	5,943	5,943	5,943	6,387
Middle Schools										
# of Locations	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Square Footage	437,437	437,437	437,437	437,437	437,437	437,437	437,437	437,437	437,437	437,437
Capacity	2,160	2,160	2,160	2,160	2,160	2,160	2,160	2,160	2,160	2,160
Enrollment	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,026	2,025	2,174	2,174	2,174	2,251
High School										
# of Locations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Square Footage	926,434	926,434	926,434	926,434	926,434	926,434	926,434	926,434	926,434	926,434
Capacity	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000
Enrollment	3,950	3,950	3,950	3,950	3,974	4,161	4,197	4,197	4,197	4,947
Alternative Education										
PACE										
Square Footage	22,153	22,153	22,153	22,153	22,153	22,153	22,153	22,153	22,153	22,153
Capacity	615	615	615	615	615	615	615	615	615	615
Enrollment	87	87	87	87	60	61	63	63	63	173
Summit/JJAEP										
Square Footage	45,815	27,419	27,419	27,419	27,419	27,419	27,419	27,419	27,419	27,419
Capacity	220	220	220	220	220	220	220	220	220	220
Enrollment	96	96	96	96	110	79	83	83	83	7
Athletic Facilities										
Football fields	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Running Tracks	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Baseball/Softball	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Natatorium	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Playgrounds	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

Source: Duncanville ISD records

Note: Pace moved to Duncanville Education Center 2012/2013 school year. Old Pace used as storage 2012/2013.

School Building Information – Other Buildings Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

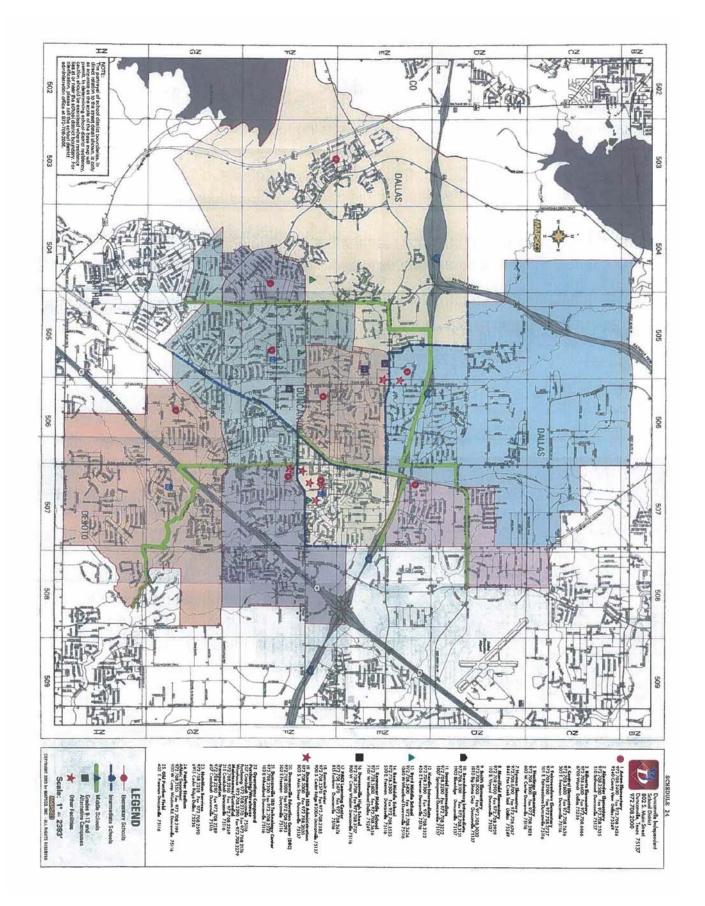
_	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Old Admin / Police Station	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	8,100	8.100
Education Plaza	27,031	27,031	27,031	27,031	27,031	27,031	27,031	27,031	27,031	27,031
Technology	8,400	18,396	18,396	18,396	18,396	18,396	18,396	18,396	18,396	18,396
Maintenance Facility	12,942	12,942	12,942	12,942	12,942	12,942	12,942	12,942	12,942	12,942
Transportation Facility	9,500	9,500	9,500	9,500	9,500	9,500	9,500	9,500	9,500	9,500
Warehouse/Purchasing	29,682	29,682	29,682	29,682	29,682	29,682	29,682	29,682	29,682	29,682
Central Kitchen	19,000	19,000	19,000	19,000	19,000	19,000	19,000	19,000	19,000	19,000
Ag Barn	34,207	34,207	34,207	34,207	34,207	34,207	34,207	34,207	34,207	34,207
Storage Buildings	21,270	21,270	21,270	21,270	21,270	21,270	21,270	21,270	13,170	13,170

Source: Duncanville ISD records

Notes: Administration and Education Center moved to Education Plaza. Administration Building used as storage starting in 2013.

Notes: Technology moved into new IDEA Hub during 2013-2014, and lease expired with City of Duncanville on June 30, 2014 on the vacated technology building.

District Map (Unaudited)



Overall Compliance and Internal Control Section

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Trustees of Duncanville Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Duncanville Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Weaver and Tidwell, L.L.P. 2300 North Field Street, Suite 1000 / Dallas, Texas 75201 Main: 972.490.1970 The Board of Trustees of Duncanville Independent School District

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weaver and Siduell, L.L.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas November 14, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Trustees of Duncanville Independent School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Duncanville Independent School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not
 for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal

The Board of Trustees of Duncanville Independent School District

program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as Finding 2022-001, to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed. Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weaver and Tiduell, L.S.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas November 14, 2022

Duncanville Independent School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section 1. Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements				
An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements.				
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes _	Х	_No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?		Yes _	Χ	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes _	Χ	_No
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	Χ	_No
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	X	Yes		None reported
An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance for major programs.				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?		Yes _	X	_No
Identification of major federal programs:				
Title I, Part A COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III Special Education Cluster	84.010A 84.425U 84.027A, 8	4.173A,	84.173X	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs?	\$766,413			
Auditee auglified as low-risk auditee?		Yes	X	No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section 2. Financial Statement Findings

None in current year

Section 3. Federal Awards Findings

Finding 2022-001

Assistance Listing # 84.010A Title I, Part A Department of Education passed through Texas Education Agency

Compliance Requirements: Special Tests and Provisions - Annual Report Card, High School Graduation Rate

Significant Deficiency in Controls over Compliance

Criteria or Specific Requirement

The District is responsible for ensuring compliance with all applicable provisions of the Title I, Part A Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESSEA) as prescribed by the U.S. Department of Education. According to requirements included in the OMB Compliance Supplement, to remove a student from the cohort, a Local Education Agency (LEA) must confirm, in writing, that the student transferred out, emigrated to another country, transferred to a prison or juvenile facility, or is deceased.

Condition and Context

During internal control over compliance testing over special tests and provisions for the high school graduation rate, we noted that two (2) out of forty (40) selections of removal of a student from the regulatory adjusted cohort did not have appropriate written documentation to support the removal.

<u>Cause</u>

The District's campus withdrawal clerk for the campus that the students were removed from resigned during the time period of the two removals and therefore the appropriate written documentation for the students that were removed was not properly completed.

Effect or Potential Effect

The District did not maintain the appropriate written documentation to support the removal of two students from the regulatory adjusted cohort.

Questioned Costs

None.

Identification as a repeat finding, if applicable

Not a repeat finding.

Recommendation

The District should cross train employees to ensure that the proper documentation is maintained even if the withdrawal clerk is unavailable.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions

See corrective action plan.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section 4. Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2021-001 - Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting - Fiscal Year End Closing Procedures

Condition:

Fiscal year 2020-2021 was an unusual year due to the ongoing pandemic. The efficiency of the yearend close process was affected by these circumstances.

During our audit, we identified journal entries to correct year-end balances. Entries were made to reconcile:

- 1. Interfund receivables and payables. Audit adjusting journal entries were made to balance due to other funds and due from other funds.
- 2. Retainage payable. We identified an invoice that was not properly accrued in accounts payable as of year-end. Accounts payable and expenditures were understated by \$256,362, and an audit adjusting journal entry was prepared to correct the error.
- 3. Capital assets. Preparation of the depreciation schedule was incomplete. An audit adjusting journal entry was prepared to correct the error.
- 4. Bond refunding. Preparation of the governmental fund journal entries for the refunding bond issuance were incomplete. An audit adjusting journal entry was prepared to correct the error.

Corrective Action:

The District performed balance sheet reconciliations and a supervisor reviewed the reconciliations for accuracy and agreed the reconciled balances to the general ledger.

Status:

Implemented.

Finding 2021-002 - Material Weakness in Internal Control over Financial Reporting - Prior Period Adjustment

Condition:

There was a prior period adjustment to prior year fund balances, due to an understatement of instructional materials allotment expenditures in the General Fund and an overstatement of instructional materials allotment expenditures in the State Textbook Fund.

Corrective Action:

To remedy the situation noted, the District will ensure the date the District is receiving goods or services is highlighted so that the expenditures are recorded in the proper year, especially those goods and services that are paid for soon after year end.

Status:

Implemented.

Corrective Action Plan

Finding 2022-001
Assistance Listing # 84.010A Title I, Part A Department of Education passed through Texas Education
Agency

Compliance Requirements: Special Tests and Provisions - Annual Report Card, High School Graduation Rate

Significant Deficiency in Controls over Compliance

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Actions:

While Duncanville High School works diligently to make sure that all students leaving the district are correctly documented, we will take the following measures to insure that 100% of leaver records are complete and accurate:

- 1. DHS will immediately begin cross training office personnel so that multiple personnel will be able to correctly withdraw all students,
- 2. DHS will put into place a fail-safe system where all withdrawal documents are double checked and signed off by an administrator, and
- 3. The PEIMS department will check all records for accuracy and completion for all students withdrawing.

These steps will insure that Duncanville High School will be 100% complaint with all withdrawal of students.

Person responsible: Duncanville High School: Executive Principal PEIMS: Director of Informational ISystems

Duncanville Independent School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

(1) Federal and State/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	(2) Federal Assistance Listing	(3) Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	(4) Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	Listing	Number	Experiances
Passed through Texas Department of Education:			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	22610101057907	\$ 2,995,502
ESEA, Title I , Part A - Improving Basic Programs Title I 1003 School Improvement	84.010A 84.010A	21610101057907 22610141057907	177,530 53,676
Title 1003 School Improvement	84.010A	21610141057907	49,015
Total Assistance Listing 84.010A*			3,275,723
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
IDEA -Part B, Formula	84.027A	226600010579076000	1,930,526
IDEA -Part B, Formula	84.027A	216600010579076000	205,656
IDEA- Part B, Preschool	84.173A	226610010579076000	31,667
IDEA- Part B, Preschool	84.173A	216610010579076000	1,075
COVID 19 - IDEA- Part B, Formula - ARP	84.173X	216610010579076000	36,426
Total Special Education Cluster*	0.4.0.40.4	01 10000 1057007	2,205,350
Carl D. Perkins Basic Formula Grant Carl D. Perkins Basic Formula Grant	84.048A 84.048A	21420006057907 20420006057907	114,865 27,242
Total Assistance Listing 84.048A			142,107
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	22671001057907	220,926
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	21671001057907	57,815
Total Assistance Listing 84.365A			278,741
Title II, Part A, Teacher/Principal Training	84.367A	22694501057907	361,017
Title II, Part A, Teacher/Principal Training	84.367A	21694501057907	30,518
Total Assistance Listing 84,367A			391,535
Title IV, Part A Subpart 1 Title IV, Part A Subpart 1	84.424A 84.424A	22680101057907 21680101057907	206,991 47,305
Total Assistance Listing 84.424A			254,296
COVID-19 ESSER III - ARP	84.425U	21528001057907	10,612,640
Total Assistance Listing 84.425U*			10,612,640
LEP Summer School	84.369A	69552002	4,424
Total passed through Texas Department of Education			17,164,816
Total U.S. Department of Education			17,164,816
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture: Commodity Supplemental Food Program - Noncash assistance	10.555	71302201	665,529
Passed through Texas Department of Education:	10.000	71002201	000,027
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402201	1,180,301
National School Lunch Program	10.555	71302201	5,977,593
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	6TX300400	248,869
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			8,072,292
Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture:			
National School Lunch Program Equipment Assistance Grant	10.579	6TX300355	135,294
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			8,207,586
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Passed through Texas Health and Human Services Commission			
Medicaid Cluster:			
Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program MAC	93.778	HHS000537900081	64,680
Total Medicaid Cluster			64,680
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			64,680
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
Passed through Office of Community Oriented Policing Services: COPS School Violence Prevention Program	16.710	2019SVWX0032	110,013
	10.710	20.707 1770002	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			110,013
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 25,547,095
* Danales maior are grown			T 20,0-17,070

The Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this statement.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. Federal and state financial assistance is accounted for in the General Fund, Debt Service Fund, and certain Special Revenue Funds. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs that are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2022, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are not significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provisions have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

The following table reconciles total expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Exhibit K-1) to the federal program revenues per Exhibit C-3:

Total expenditures of federal awards per Exhibit K-1	\$ 25,547,095
SHARS revenue	2,272,445
	_
Total federal programs revenue per Exhibit C-3	\$ 27,819,540

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.

Exhibit L-1

\$

17,363

Duncanville Independent School District

Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data		
Codes		Responses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	Yes
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds	

included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end: