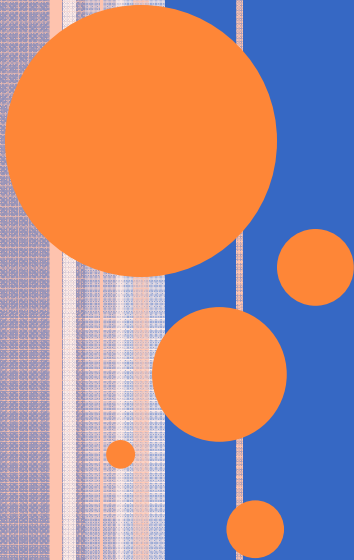
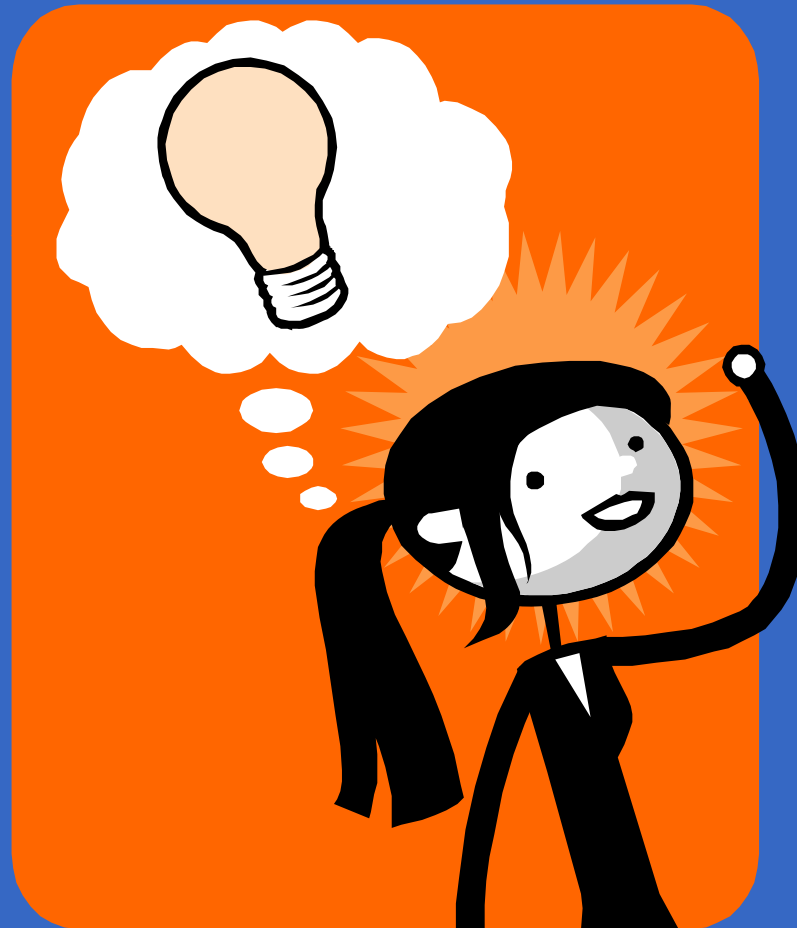


DEVELOPING IDEAS AND PROJECTS FOR YOUR ELEMENTARY SCHOOL SCIENCE FAIR



STEP 1: BRAINSTORM IDEAS



IDEAS

- Look at science categories and choose one you are interested in.
 - For example: Earth Science (the study of soils, rocks, water and weather)
- Use experiences:
 - Have you ever asked:
 - I wonder how that works?
 - OR
 - I wonder what would happen if I tried...?



IDEAS, CONTINUED

- Use current events:
 - People in Africa are hungry because of drought conditions. **A project on plants that grow well with little amounts of water.**
 - Oil spills: How do we clean them up? ***A project testing different ways to remove oil from water.***



IDEAS, CONTINUED

- Watch commercials on television.
 - Test their claims.
 - Do Hot Wheels brand cars go faster than other brands?
 - Does one hand soap clean more effectively than another?
 - Do Energizer batteries last longer than Duracell?



STEP 2: DEVELOP A QUESTION



STEP 2: DEVELOP A QUESTION

- State the problem you want to investigate in question form.
 - What material is the best insulator?
 - What effect does oil have on the watering plants?
 - What is the effect of decreasing temperatures on a balloon?



STEP 3: DEVELOP A HYPOTHESIS

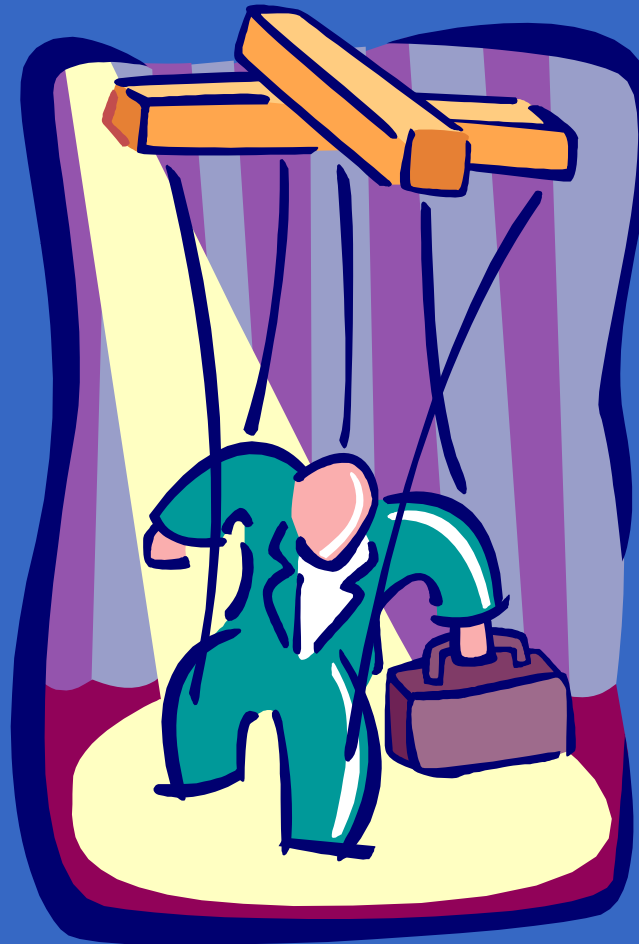


STEP 3: DEVELOP A HYPOTHESIS

- The student predicts what they believe will happen before doing the experiment.
 - Predictions need to match the question.
 - Whether or not the results of the experiment support the prediction does not affect judging.
 - Many winning projects show the results surprised the student.



STEP 4: IDENTIFY THE VARIABLES



STEP 4: IDENTIFY VARIABLES

- Independent variable: (manipulated variable) the one thing you plan to change on purpose in the investigation.
- Dependent variable: (responding variable) the variable that changes by itself because you changed something in the investigation.
- Controlled variables: (variables held constant) everything else in the experiment must be kept the same.



EXAMPLES OF VARIABLES

- Question: Does fertilizer improve plant growth?
- Independent variable
 - The amount of fertilizer.
- Dependent variable:
 - How tall the plants grow.
- Controlled variable:
 - Amount of water given to each plant.
 - The container each plant is growing in.
 - The amount of sunlight.
 - The mixture of soil.
 - Temperature of the room.



STEP 5: PLAN THE EXPERIMENT



STEP 5: PLAN THE EXPERIMENT

- Write a step by step procedure of how the experiment will be conducted.
- List and gather the needed materials.
- Decide how you will record data. (photographs, charts, measurements, etc.)
- Start an experiment log.



STEP 6 : CONDUCT THE EXPERIMENT



STEP 6: CONDUCT THE EXPERIMENT

- Follow your procedure.
- Collect data (daily measurements of how tall our plants are growing)
- Record observations in a notebook or binder.
- Be sure to conduct at least 3 trials.



STEP 7 : GRAPH YOUR RESULTS

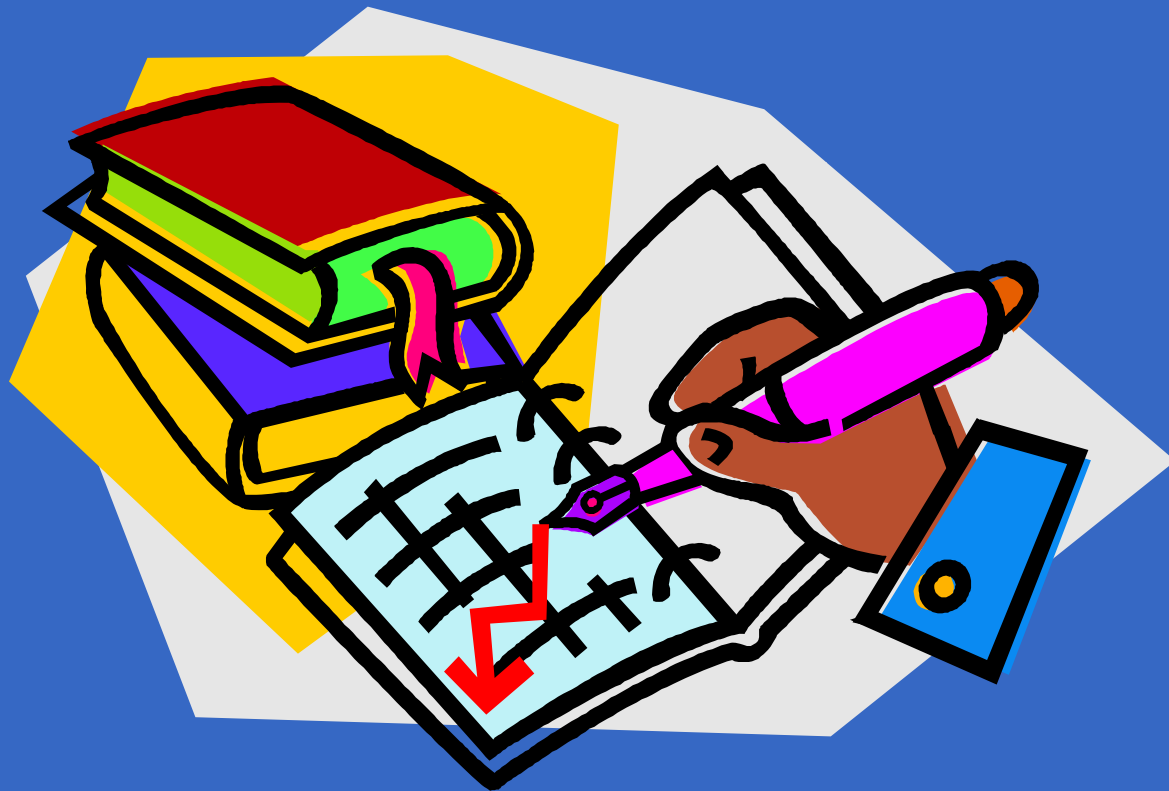


STEP 7: GRAPH YOUR RESULTS

- All experiments must have a graph to show their results.
- This allows someone to see the results of the experiment quickly and clearly.
- Graphs may be in the form of a bar graph, line graph, circle graph, etc.



STEP 8 : WRITE A CONCLUSION



STEP 8: WRITE A CONCLUSION

- Before writing a conclusion, be sure to carefully examine all data (graphs, charts, tables, etc.)
- Ask yourself these questions:
 - Did you get the results you expected to get? If not, how were the results different?
 - Were there any unexpected problems or occurrences that may have affected the results of my investigation?
 - Do you think you collected sufficient data? (Were there enough trials? Samples?)
 - Do I need to revise my original hypothesis? (If you write a revised hypothesis, DO NOT use it to replace the original hypothesis for this project.)



STEP 9 : MAKE A DISPLAY



STEP 9: MAKE YOUR DISPLAY

- Displays should include the following items:
 - Title
 - Purpose
 - Hypothesis
 - Procedures
 - (materials, variables, step-by-step directions)
 - Data
 - Graphs
 - Conclusions
 - The board may also include photographs and anything that will enhance the display.



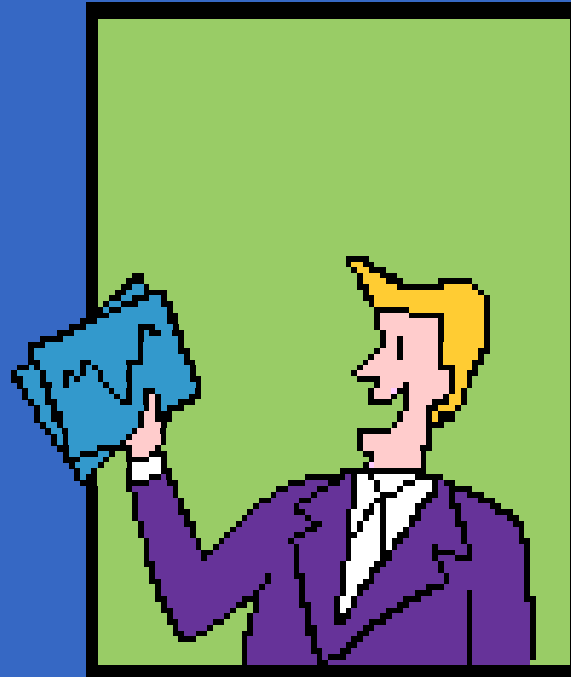
STEP 10 : PRACTICE FOR INTERVIEW



STEP 10: PRACTICE FOR INTERVIEWS

- Get an adult to ask questions about your project and be sure you can clearly and thoroughly answer questions relating to your experiment.





- **Participate in your elementary school's Science Fair**
- **Parents can volunteer too!**





THANK YOU

Gracias

Thanks

