## DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

June 30, 2019

## DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

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## DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS WITH SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (Continued)

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Trustees Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District Roseville, California

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that *Management's Discussion and Analysis* on pages 4 to 11 and the Required Supplementary Information, such as the General Fund Budgetary Comparison Schedule, the Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, and the Schedule of the District's Contributions on pages 45 to 49 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditure of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditure of federal awards and other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information, except for the Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards and other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, except for the Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 14, 2019 on our consideration of Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Crow UP

Crowe LLF

Sacramento, California November 14, 2019



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## Management's Discussion and Analysis

## Introduction

The Management's Discussion and Analysis section of Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's ("the District") audit report is District management's view of its financial condition and provides an opportunity to discuss important fiscal issues with the Board of Trustees and the public. This discussion and analysis is required and makes the reporting of District's finances similar to that of private business.

## **Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District**

The District began in 1876 in a one room schoolhouse and now consists of nine award winning, state-of-theart elementary and middle school campuses serving approximately 6671 students as of October 2, 2019. The District serves residents of the Dry Creek Community in Placer County, the City of Roseville, and the Antelope Community in Sacramento County.

## The mission statement of the District is:

The Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District, a partnership of families, community and educators, prepares students to become active and responsible citizens in a diverse society by engaging students in a challenging curriculum that provides a solid foundation of academic skills in a safe learning environment.

## **Financial Highlights**

- The District's overall financial status improved during the year, as total net position increased \$803.35 thousand during 2018-19.
- The sale of surplus property resulted in a net increase of \$2.1 million for the Deferred Maintenance Fund.
- The District received \$1.43 million in Mandated Cost reimbursements due to the State's one-time payment of past Mandate obligations as wells as from the district's participation in the Mandate Block Grant.
- Strong General Fund reserve levels were maintained in the 2018-19. At June 30, 2019 the District
  had available reserves of \$8.01 million in the General Fund, which represent a reserve of 11.1%.
  This comprises of a Board of Trustees 4% Designation for Economic Uncertainties and a 2%
  General Reserve for the General Fund. Additionally, the District reserves funds for declining
  enrollment and \$200 per student for unexpected needs.
- The District maintains committed fund balances constrained to specific purposes. At June 30, 2019 the District had \$3,885,786 in committed funds for the following purposes: (1) instructional materials adoptions \$2,318,623; (2) Lottery revenues for expense in the following year \$1,188,639; (3) safety and security measures \$90,000; (4) programmatic multi-year expenditures \$288,524. Additionally, the District maintained committed fund balances in the Deferred Maintenance Fund of \$2,422,998 and the Special Reserve Fund of \$2,552,875.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The report consists of three parts: Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and the required supplementary information. The basic financial statements reflect different views of the District financial condition as follows:

- The first two statements are *district-wide financial statements* that provide information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the district-wide statements.
- The *governmental funds* statements tell how basic services such as general and special education were financed as well as what remains for future spending.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationship in which the District acts solely as a *trustee or agent* for the benefit of others who own the resources.

## **Financial Reports**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report District-wide financial conditions and activities. In contrast, the individual fund statements focus on reporting the District's operations in more detail. The fund financial statements report the District's major funds separately and combine all other non-major funds in total in one column. The major funds for the District are the General Fund, the Capital Facilities Fund and the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.

### Statement of Net Position

The District's net position increased to approximately \$67.01 million during 2018-19 as shown in the table below. Capital Assets, net of depreciation, decreased by \$448.8 thousand. Long-term liabilities decrease by \$47.31 thousand primarily due to payments for General Obligation and Mello Roos bonds. Additional information on indebtedness can be found later in the report.

Comparative Statement of Net Position								
		2018-19		2017-18	% Change			
Cash & Investments	\$	34,686,414	\$	33,433,079	4%			
Receivables		3,083,206		2,442,679	26%			
Prepaid Expenses		3,080		3,635	-15%			
Other Current		1,853		483	284%			
Capital Assets		148,410,450		148,859,265	0%			
Total Assets		186,185,003		184,739,141	1%			
Deferred Outflows of Resources		22,455,586		22,911,457	-2%			
Other Liabilities		3,922,945		3,947,694	-1%			
Long-Term Liabilities		134,128,186		134,175,500	0%			
Total Liabilities		138,051,131		138,123,194	0%			
Deferred Inflows of Resources		3,580,492		3,321,790	8%			
Total Net Position	\$	67,008,966	\$	66,205,614	1%			

## **Statement of Activities**

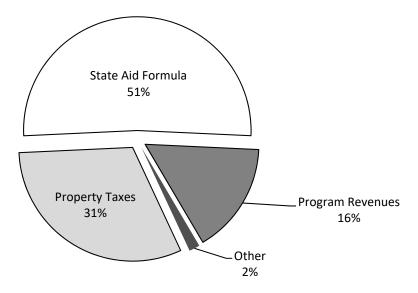
The District's total revenue was \$81.34 million, an increase of \$8.36 million or 11% from 2017-18. The largest dollar changes include a \$3.32 million increase in Program Revenues due to the state's on-behalf contributions to retirement systems, a \$3.09 million increase in State Aid Formula and \$1.53 million increase in property taxes.

Total expenses increased to \$80.54 million for 2018-19, resulting in an increase in net position of \$803.35 thousand. The following table summarizes the change in net position.

Comparative Statement of Activities								
		2018-19		2017-18	% Change			
Revenues:								
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes	\$	25,382,797	\$	23,857,136	6%			
State Aid Formula		41,872,488		38,773,669	8%			
Other		1,239,283		824,318	50%			
Program Revenues		12,849,432		9,528,321	35%			
Total Revenues		81,344,000		72,983,444	11%			
Expenses:								
Instructional-related		59,441,518		52,896,179	12%			
Pupil Services		4,489,469		4,042,181	11%			
General Administration		3,027,203		3,838,889	-21%			
Plant Services		9,875,276		9,657,961	2%			
Ancillary Services		161,926		152,292	6%			
Debt Service		2,728,336		2,527,257	8%			
Other Outgo		816,920		1,333,700	-39%			
Total Expense		80,540,648		74,448,459	8%			
Change in Net Position		803,352		(1,465,015)				

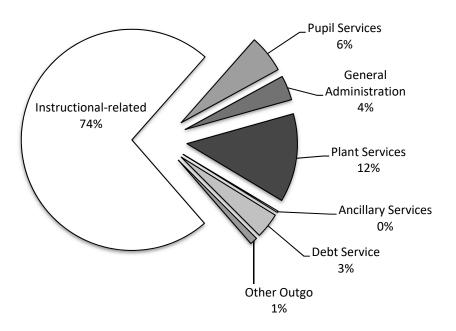
As can be seen in the graph on the next page, state aid formula and property taxes accounted for 82% of the District's revenue. An additional 16% came from state and federal aid for specific programs, and the remaining 2% of revenues are from miscellaneous sources.

**2018-19 Revenues** 



The total cost of programs and services for 2018-19 was \$80.54 million, which represents an 8% increase over the prior year. Depreciation expenses have been charged to programs, thus no depreciation is unallocated. The District expenses are predominately related to educating and providing services for students (74%) as shown in the graph below.

## **2018-19 Expenses**



## **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget several times due to changes and updated projections. These revisions fall into the following categories:

- Budget revisions to the District's adopted budget required after approval of the state budget with the major changes being:
  - The Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) for the Local Control Funding Formula was augmented to 3.70% from 2.71%
  - One-time mandate funding decreased by \$1.06 million
- Budget revisions acknowledging the inclusions of restricted ending balances, unearned revenues, and carryover from the prior year.
- Budget revisions to update revenues to reflect actual enrollments and to update revenues and expenditures for new information.
- Routine budget revisions, including adjustments to program revenues and expenditures based on final awards, and adjustments between categories for school and department budgets.

The major differences between the final budget and actuals include:

- The State of California made a one-time retirement relief payments on-behalf of districts in 2018-19 in addition to the annual payment. The total on-behalf payments for the District was approximately \$5.7 million during 2018-19.
- Restricted and assigned balances being brought forward into the 2019-20 budget.
- The projected fund balance was projected to decrease by \$1.91 million, however the actual fund balance increased \$1.86 million due to the restricted, assigned balances and unspent funds being moved into 2019-20.

## **Employee Relations**

The employees of the District were represented by the following groups: Dry Creek Teachers Association (DCTA), California School Employees Association (CSEA) and Amalgamated Transit Union (ATU). An agreement was reached in October 2017 with DCTA for 2017-18 and 2018-19. Agreements were reached in November 2017 with CSEA and ATU for 2017-18 and 2018-19. In June 2019 agreements with DCTA, CSEA and ATU were reached for 2019-20.

Portions of the contracts can be "reopened" each year and negotiated by the District and representatives of the respective groups. Upon completion of the negotiations, tentative agreements are subject to formal ratification by the Board of Trustees and the membership of the respective groups.

## **Financial Condition of General Fund**

The District continues to maintain a solid financial condition. In past years the District has made many difficult decisions as a result of state budget reductions and declining enrollment. These decisions allowed the District to reduce expenditures and have resulted in better than projected ending fund balance.

The District's reserves remain at the Board of Trustees required levels of a 4% Designation for Economic Uncertainties and a 2% Cash Flow reserve. The District continues its practice of committing Lottery funds for expense in the following year. In 2008-09 the District created an Enrollment Decline reserve to assist with the resulting staffing increase when enrollment increases, yet revenues lag one-year behind. An Unexpected Needs reserve of \$200 per enrollee reserve was established to account for volatility in state funding and unanticipated requirements.

The District's sound financial condition is a result of the Board of Trustees requirements and policies, good fiscal management by staff, and the focus on long-term impacts of decisions.

## **Financial Analysis of District Funds**

Comparative Schedule of Fund Balances									
						Increase			
		June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018		(Decrease)			
General	\$	17,236,808	\$	15,376,253	\$	1,860,555			
Deferred Maintenance		2,422,998		801,679		1,621,319			
General Obligation Bond Building		-		2,656,083		(2,656,083)			
Capital Facilities		4,363,386		4,444,706		(81,320)			
Special Reserve, Capital Outlay		2,552,875		2,575,616		(22,741)			
Bond Interest & Redemption		4,947,058		4,156,771		790,287			
Debt Service, Blended		2,752,650		2,433,747		318,903			
Total	\$	34,275,775	\$	32,444,855	\$	1,830,920			

As can be seen in the schedule of fund balances, the District has a number of very different funds and the combined fund balances of all governmental funds increased by \$1.83 million during 2018-19.

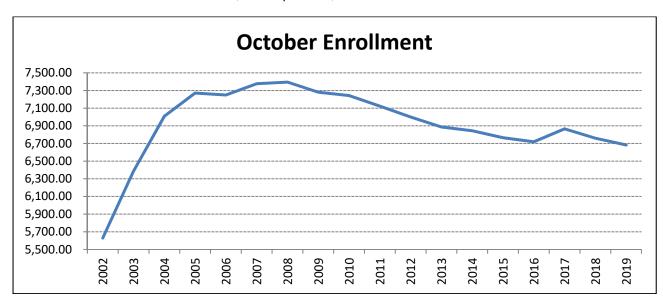
## **Student Growth**

During the 1990's and early 2000's the District experienced tremendous student growth, followed by a period of decline due to the recession in 2008. The past few years enrollment has remained relatively flat. The October enrollment for the past 18 years is displayed in the chart on the next page.

During the 2018-19 fiscal year 53 building permits per year were issued.

There are approximately 15 future developments composing of approximately 1,550 residential units planned within the District boundaries. A development of 497 single family homes has begun with site improvements and the builder has indicated home construction is planned for spring 2020.

The District is well positioned to accommodate the future student growth from these developments as it has acquired a school site and will expand existing schools. These projects are anticipated to be funded through a combination of state reimbursement, developer fees, and local funds.



## **Capital Assets**

To house growth in enrollment, the District has undertaken an aggressive building program including construction of nine new schools since 1990 and two major school additions. Each of these schools and additions were financed with state reimbursements, developer fees and local funds.

Recent capital projects include: (1) Creekview Ranch School parking lot expansion which was completed in August 2018; (2) a five (5) classroom expansion at Creekview Ranch School which welcomed students on the first day of school in August 2019; (3) the District Educational Center (DEC) was completed in June 2018 and houses Administration, Educational Services, Human Resources and Fiscal Services.

As shown in the table below, by the end of 2019 fiscal year the District had invested \$148.41 million in a range of capital assets, including land, site improvements, school buildings, administrative buildings, and equipment. During 2018-19 the following projects were placed in service: the Creekview Ranch parking lot expansion, District Education Center and replacement of heating, ventilation and air conditioning systems at two schools and a reroof at a school. Depreciation expense for the year was \$4.62 million.

Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets (net of depreciation)									
			June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018				
Land		\$	19,783,082	\$	19,784,706				
Site Improvements			6,051,314		5,583,983				
Buildings			118,472,990		112,815,402				
Equipment			1,297,448		711,654				
Work-In-Progress	_		2,805,616		9,963,520				
	Total	\$	148,410,450	\$	148,859,265				

## **District Indebtedness**

As of June 30, 2019, the District has \$134.13 million of long-term liabilities as shown in the table below. Payments for the Mello Roos and General Obligation Bonds reduced debt by \$2.79 million, which was offset by an increase in the Net Pension Liability of \$2.51 million. Additional details regarding indebtedness may be found in the Notes section of the financial statements.

Comparative	lities		
	June 30, 2019		June 30, 2018
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 36,183,240	\$	38,195,614
Mello-Roos Bonds	6,696,980		7,471,743
Accreted Interest	15,932,170		15,441,392
Unamortized Discount	3,634,231		3,891,562
Compensated Absences	160,565		165,190
Net Pension Liability	71,521,000		69,010,000
Total	\$ 134,128,186	\$	134,175,501

## Factors bearing on the District's Future

At the time the financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following circumstances which could affect its future financial health:

- The State's economic situation remains a significant factor impacting the District's future as approximately 92% of total General Fund revenues for 2018-19 were from state sources or formulas.
- Increasing statutory benefits, especially retirement contributions to California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employee Retirement System (CalPERS) are raising significantly resulting in increased expenditures.

## **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money received. If you have questions regarding this report or need additional financial information, please contact Fiscal Services, Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District, 8849 Cook Riolo Road, Roseville, California 95747.



## DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

	G	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
ASSETS		
Cash and investments (Note 2) Receivables Stores inventory Prepaid expenses Non-depreciable capital assets (Note 4) Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated	\$	34,686,414 3,083,206 1,853 3,080 22,588,698
depreciation (Note 4)		125,821,752
Total assets	_	186,185,003
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred loss on refunding Deferred outflows of resources - pensions (Notes 7 and 8)		1,517,225 20,938,361
Total deferred outflows of resources	_	22,455,586
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities (Note 5): Due within one year Due after one year		3,849,420 73,525 4,513,824 129,614,362
Total liabilities		138,051,131
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred gain on refunding Deferred inflows of resources - pensions (Notes 7 and 8)		21,492 3,559,000
Deferred inflows of resources	_	3,580,492
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted: Legally restricted programs Capital projects Debt service Unrestricted  Total net position	<u>\$</u>	103,391,732 6,632,911 6,916,261 7,699,708 (57,631,646) 67,008,966

## DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Pro	gram Revenues	S		R	et (Expense) evenues and Change in Net Position
		<u>Expenses</u>		Charges for <u>Services</u>		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	G	overnmental <u>Activities</u>
Governmental activities: Instruction	\$	51,639,470	\$	1,979	\$	10,016,987	\$	-	\$	(41,620,504)
Instruction-related services: Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media and		2,517,825		-		379,661		-		(2,138,164)
technology		499.349		_		17,433		_		(481,916)
School site administration		4,784,874		-		379,711		-		(4,405,163)
Pupil services:										,
Home-to-school transportation		941,964		-		26,335		-		(915,629)
Food services		19,168		-		-		-		(19,168)
All other pupil services General administration:		3,528,337		994		927,583		-		(2,599,760)
Data processing		389,853		-		49,377		-		(340,476)
All other general administration		2,637,350		2,336		246,676		-		(2,388,338)
Plant services		9,875,276		150,549		239,657		-		(9,485,070)
Ancillary services		161,926		-		8,928		-		(152,998)
Interest on long-term liabilities		2,728,336		-		-		-		(2,728,336)
Other outgo	_	816,920		248,802		152,424			_	(415,694)
Total governmental activities	\$	80,540,648	\$	404,660	\$	12,444,772	\$		_	(67,691,216)
	G	eneral revenues Taxes and subv	ention							
		Taxes levied f								19,104,449
		Taxes levied f								6,278,348
		Federal and sta			to sp	ecific purposes				41,872,488
		Interest and inve	estmer	nt earnings						296,410
		Miscellaneous								942,873
			Tota	al general reve	enues	S				68,494,568
			Cha	nge in net po	sition	1				803,352
			Net	position, July	1, 20	)18				66,205,614
			Net	position, June	30,	2019			\$	67,008,966

## DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

ASSETS	General <u>Fund</u>	Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash and investments: Cash in County Treasury Cash in revolving fund Cash with Fiscal Agent Receivables Stores inventory Prepaid expenditures	\$ 17,632,216 \$ 20,000 - 3,060,489	\$ 4,369,632 - - 7,111 -	\$ 4,939,088 - - 7,970 - -	\$ 4,972,828 - 2,752,650 7,636 - -	\$ 31,913,764 20,000 2,752,650 3,083,206 1,853 3,080
Total assets	\$ 20,717,638	\$ 4,376,743	\$ 4,947,058	\$ 7,733,114	\$ 37,774,553
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities: Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$ 3,407,305 \$ <u>73,525</u>	\$ 13,357 -	\$ -	\$ 4,591 	\$ 3,425,253 73,525
Total liabilities	3,480,830	13,357		4,591	3,498,778
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	24,933 4,209,913 3,885,786 1,107,182 8,008,994	- 4,363,386 - - -	- 4,947,058 - - -	2,752,650 4,975,873 - -	24,933 16,273,007 8,861,659 1,107,182 8,008,994
Total fund balances	17,236,808	4,363,386	4,947,058	7,728,523	34,275,775
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 20,717,638</u>	\$ 4,376,743	\$ 4,947,058	\$ 7,733,114	\$ 37,774,553

## DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds			\$	34,275,775
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:				
Capital assets used for governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$219,577,790 and the accumulated depreciation is \$71,167,340 (Note 4).				148,410,450
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at June 30, 2019 consisted of (Note 5):				140,410,400
General Obligation Bonds Special Tax Bonds - Mello-Roos Accreted interest	\$	(36,183,240) (6,696,980) (15,932,170)		
Unamortized premiums Compensated absences Net pension liability (Notes 7 and 8)		(3,634,231) (160,565) (71,521,000)		
				(134,128,186)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from defeasance of debt are not recorded in governmental funds. In governmental activities, for advanced refundings resulting in the defeasance of debt reported in the governmental activities, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the retired debt are reported as deferred outflows of resources.				
		1,517,225		
	-	(21,492	<u>.</u> )	4 405 700
				1,495,733
In government funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported (Notes 7 and 8):				
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions		20,938,361 (3,559,000)		
				17,379,361
Unmatured interest is not recognized until it is due and, therefore, it is not accrued as a payable in governmental				
funds.				(424,167)
Total net position - governmental activities			<u>\$</u>	67,008,966

## DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Revenues:	General <u>Fund</u>	Capital Facilities <u>Fund</u>	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	Total Governmental <u>Funds</u>
Local control funding formula:	ф 20 <del>7</del> 05 200	¢	<b>c</b>	\$ -	ф 20 <del>7</del> 05 200
State apportionment Local sources	\$ 39,795,298 18,227,647	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 39,795,298 18,227,647
Local sources	10,227,047				10,227,047
Total local control funding	50,000,045				50,000,045
formula	58,022,945				58,022,945
Federal sources	2,195,035	_	_	_	2,195,035
Other state sources	10,009,364	-	1,490,027	325,000	11,824,391
Other local sources	2,697,171	453,475	3,357,346	1,645,774	8,153,766
Total revenues	72,924,515	453,475	4,847,373	1,970,774	80,196,137
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Certificated salaries	34,367,614	-	-	-	34,367,614
Classified salaries	8,308,455	-	-	-	8,308,455
Employee benefits	18,608,261	-	-	-	18,608,261
Books and supplies Contract services and operating	3,316,451	2,697	-	5,070	3,324,218
expenditures	4,462,148	62,960	-	115,309	4,640,417
Other outgo	816,920	- '	-	-	816,920
Capital outlay	864,095	469,138	-	3,822,418	5,155,651
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-	-	2,012,374	774,763	2,787,137
Interest			2,044,712	436,847	2,481,559
Total expenditures	70,743,944	534,795	4,057,086	5,154,407	80,490,232
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	2,180,571	(81,320)	790,287	(3,183,633)	(294,095)
Other financing courses (uses)					
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	809,535	_		1,129,551	1.939.086
Transfers out	(1,129,551)	-	-	(809,535)	(1,939,086)
Proceeds from sale of equipment	-			2,125,015	2,125,015
T . I . II . C					
Total other financing sources (uses)	(320,016)			2,445,031	2,125,015
Net change in fund balances	1,860,555	(81,320)	790,287	(738,602)	1,830,920
Fund balances, July 1, 2018	15,376,253	4,444,706	4,156,771	8,467,125	32,444,855
Fund balances, June 30, 2019	\$ 17,236,808	\$ 4,363,386	\$ 4,947,058	\$ 7,728,523	\$ 34,275,775

## DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 1,830,920	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Acquisition of capital assets is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but increases capital assets in the statement of net position (Note 4).	\$ 5,163,479	
Depreciation of capital assets is an expense that is not recorded in the governmental funds (Note 4).	(4,617,755)	
In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the government-wide statements, only the resulting gain or loss is reported (Note 4).	(1,434,539)	
Donated capital assets are not reported as they do not affect current financial resources. In the government-wide statements, donated capital asset are reported as revenue and as an increase to capital assets, at their fair value on the date of donation (Note 4).	440,000	
Amortization of premiums and deferred loss on refunding are expenses that are not recorded in the governmental funds. The difference between the debt issuance premium and deferred loss on refunding recognized in the current period and the issuance premium and deferred loss on refunding amortized in the current period is (Note 5).	155,494	
Repayment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but decreases the long-term liabilities in the statement of net position (Note 5).	2,787,137	
Accreted interest is an expense that is not recorded in the governmental funds (Note 5).	(490,778)	
Unmatured interest is an expense that is not recorded in the governmental funds.	88,505	
In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions was (Notes 7 and 8).	(3,123,736)	

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

In the statement of activities, expenses related to compensated absences is measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (Note 5).

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 803,352

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS June 30, 2019

ASSETS	ent Body <u>und</u>	 ant Pass- ugh Fund
Cash in County Treasury (Note 2) Cash on hand and in banks (Note 2)	\$ - 91,810	\$ 552,796
Total assets	\$ 91,810	\$ 552,796
LIABILITIES		
Due to others	\$ 91,810	\$ 552,796

## **NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the California Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant policies:

Reporting Entity: The Board of Trustees is the level of government which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary school education in the District. The District and Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District Community Facilities District No. 1 (the "Facilities District") have a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, Section 2100, for inclusion of the Facilities District as a component unit of the District. Accordingly, financial activities of the Facilities District reported in the Mello-Roos Fund of the District.

The following are those aspects of the relationship between the District and the Facilities District which satisfy GASB Codification Section 2100 criteria.

## A - Manifestations of Oversight

- 1. The Facilities District's Board of Directors was appointed by the District's Board of Trustees.
- 2. The Facilities District has no employees. The District's Superintendent functions as the agent of the Facilities District and did not receive additional compensation for work performed in this capacity.
- 3. The District exercises significant influence over operations of the Facilities District as it is anticipated that the District will be the sole lessee of all facilities owned by the Facilities District.

## B - Accounting for Fiscal Matters

- 1. All major financing arrangements, contracts, and other transactions of the Facilities District must have the consent of the District.
- 2. Any deficits incurred by the Facilities District will be reflected in the lease payments of the District. Any surpluses of the Facilities District revert to the District at the end of the lease period.
- 3. It is anticipated that the District's lease payments will be the sole revenue source of the Facilities District.
- 4. The District has assumed a "moral obligation," and potentially a legal obligation, for any debt incurred by the Facilities District.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- C Scope of Public Service and Financial Presentation
- 1. The Facilities District was created for the sole purpose of financially assisting the District.
- 2. The Facilities District is a nonprofit, public benefit corporation incorporated under the laws of the State of California and recorded by the Secretary of State. The Facilities District was formed to provide financing assistance to the District for construction and acquisition of major capital facilities. When the Facilities District's Mello-Roos Bonds have been paid with state reimbursements and the District's developer fees, title to all of the Facilities District's property will pass to the District for no additional consideration.
- 3. The Facilities District's financial activity is presented in the financial statements as the Debt Service Funds. Mello-Roos Bonds issued by the Facilities District are included in the District's long-term liabilities.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Financial Statements</u>: The basic financial statements include a Management Discussion and Analysis (MD & A) section providing an analysis of the District's overall financial position and results of operations, financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the District's activities, including infrastructure, and a focus on the major funds.

<u>Basis of Presentation - Government-Wide Financial Statements</u>: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities displays information about the reporting government as a whole. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Fiduciary funds are reported only in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Section (GASB Cod. Sec.) N50.118-.121.

*Program revenues*: Program revenues included in the Statement of Activities derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole; program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the District's general revenues.

Allocation of indirect expenses: The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense of each function. Interest on general long-term liabilities is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting</u>: The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

## A - Major Funds

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the District not encompassed within other funds. All general tax revenues and other receipts that are not allocated by law or contractual agreement to some other fund are accounted for in this fund. General operating expenditures and the capital improvement costs that are not paid through other funds are paid from the General Fund.

Capital Facilities Fund - The Capital Facilities Fund is a capital project fund used to account for resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by the District.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund - The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is a debt service fund used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest related to the General Obligation Bonds.

## B - Other Funds

Deferred Maintenance Fund - The Deferred Maintenance Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds - The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for resources used for the acquisition of capital facilities by the District. This classification includes General Obligation Bond Building, Special Reserve and County School Facilities Funds.

*Mello-Roos Fund* - The Mello-Roos Fund is a debt service fund used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of principal and interest related to the Mello-Roos Bonds.

Agency Funds - The Agency Funds are used to account for the various funds for which the District acts as an agent. The District maintains ten agency funds, one each for the student body organizations at Heritage Oak School, Antelope Meadows School, Antelope Crossing School, Quail Glen School, Olive Grove School, Coyote Ridge School, Silverado Middle School, Barrett Ranch School, Creekview Ranch School and a Warrant Pass-Through Fund.

<u>Basis of Accounting</u>: Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the basic financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Accrual</u>: Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

<u>Modified Accrual</u>: The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on Mello-Roos and General Obligation long-term liabilities, if any, are recognized when due.

<u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>: By state law, the Board of Trustees must adopt a final budget by July 1. A public hearing is conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The Board of Trustees complied with these requirements.

<u>Receivables</u>: Receivables are generally made up of amounts due from the State of California. The District has determined that no allowance for doubtful accounts was needed as of June 30, 2018.

<u>Stores Inventory</u>: Stores inventory in the General Fund is valued at latest invoice cost and consists primarily of consumable supplies. No inventory records are maintained throughout the year. A physical inventory is performed on June 30 and the inventory and expense account balances are adjusted to reflect the physical count at year end.

<u>Capital Assets</u>: Capital assets purchased or acquired, with an original cost of \$5,000 or more, are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at acquisition value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlay that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over 4 - 30 years depending on asset types.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>: In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District has recognized a deferred loss on refunding reported, which is in the statement of net position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter life of the refunded or refunding debt. Additionally, the District has recognized a deferred outflow of resources related to the recognition of the pension liability reported in the Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has recognized a deferred gain on refunding reported, which is in the statement of net position. A deferred gain on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter life of the refunded or refunding debt. Additionally, the District has recognized a deferred inflow of resources related to the recognition of the pension liability reported which is in the Statement of Net Position.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Pensions</u>: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Public Employers Retirement Fund B (PERF B) and additions to/deductions from STRP's and PERF B's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by STRP an PERF B. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Certain investments are reported at fair value. The following is a summary of pension amounts in aggregate:

	<u>STRP</u>	<u>PERF B</u>	<u>Total</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 16,924,365</u>	<u>\$ 4,013,996</u>	\$ 20,938,361
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 3,559,000	\$ -	\$ 3,559,000
Net pension liability	\$ 56,987,000	\$ 14,534,000	\$ 71,521,000
Pension expense	<u>\$ 12,961,504</u>	\$ 3,427,117	\$ 16,388,621

<u>Compensated Absences</u>: Compensated absence benefits in the amount of \$160,565 are recorded as a long-term liability of the District. The liability is for the earned but unused benefits.

<u>Accumulated Sick Leave</u>: Sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expenditure in the period taken since such benefits do not vest nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits for STRP and PERF B employees, when the employee retires.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u>: Revenues from federal, state and local special projects and programs are recognized when qualified expenditures have been incurred. Funds received but not earned are recorded as unearned revenue until earned.

Net Position: Net position is displayed in three components:

- 1. Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent bond proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted Net Position Restrictions of the ending net position indicate the portions of net position not appropriable for expenditure or amounts legally segregated for a specific future use. The restriction for legally restricted program represents the portion of net position restricted to specific program expenditures. The restriction for capital projects represents the portion of net position restricted for capital projects. The restriction for debt service represents the portion of net position available for the retirement of debt. It is the District's policy to use restricted net position first when allowable expenditures are incurred.
- 3. Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets".

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Fund Balance Classifications</u>: Governmental Accounting Standards Board Codification Sections 1300 and 1800, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* (GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800) implements a five-tier fund balance classification hierarchy that depicts the extent to which a government is bound by spending constraints imposed on the use of its resources. The five classifications, discussed in more detail below, are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

- A Nonspendable Fund Balance The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form, such as revolving fund cash and stores inventory.
- B Restricted Fund Balance The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. These are the same restrictions used to determine restricted net position as reported in the government-wide financial statements.
- C Committed Fund Balance The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Board of Trustees. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. Formal action by the Board of Trustees through a majority vote is required to create or remove any commitment from any fund balance.
- D Assigned Fund Balance The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the District's Board of Trustees has approved to be used for specific purposes, based on the District's intent related to those specific purposes. The Board of Trustees can designate personnel with the authority to assign fund balances. As of June 30, 2019, the Superintendent has been designated with the authority to assign fund balances.
- E Unassigned Fund Balance In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

In any fund other than the General Fund, a positive unassigned fund balance is never reported because amounts in any other fund are assumed to have been assigned, at least, to the purpose of that fund. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

<u>Fund Balance Policy</u>: The District has an expenditure policy relating to fund balances. For purposes of fund balance classifications, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balances first, followed in order by committed fund balances (if any), assigned fund balances and lastly unassigned fund balances.

While GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do not require districts to establish a minimum fund balance policy or a stabilization arrangement, GASB Cod. Sec. 1300 and 1800 do require the disclosure of a minimum fund balance policy and stabilization arrangements, if they have been adopted by the Board of Trustees. At June 30, 2019, the District has not established a minimum fund balance policy nor has it established a stabilization arrangement.

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

<u>Property Taxes:</u> Secured property taxes are attached as an enforceable lien on property as of March 1. Taxes are due in two installments on or before December 10 and April 10. Unsecured property taxes are due in one installment on or before August 31. The Counties of Sacramento and Placer bill and collect taxes for the District. Tax revenues are recognized by the District when received.

<u>Encumbrances</u>: Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

<u>Eliminations and Reclassifications</u>: In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net position and the statement of activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

<u>Estimates</u>: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions. These estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results may differ from those estimates.

## **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Cash and investments at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>	Fiduciary <u>Funds</u>		
Pooled Funds: Cash in County Treasury	\$ 31,913,764	\$ 552,796		
Deposits:  Cash in revolving fund  Cash on hand and in banks	20,000	- 91,810		
Cash with Fiscal Agent	2,752,650	 		
Total	<u>\$ 34,686,414</u>	\$ 644,606		

<u>Pooled Funds</u>: In accordance with Education Code Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the interest bearing Placer County Treasurer's Pooled Investment Fund. The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

## **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS** (Continued)

<u>Deposits: Custodial Credit Risk</u>: The District limits custodial credit risk by ensuring uninsured balances are collateralized by the respective financial institution. Cash balances held in banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and are collateralized by the respective financial institution. At June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's accounts was \$111,810 and the bank balance was \$117,290, all of which was insured.

<u>Cash with Fiscal Agent</u>: Cash with Fiscal Agent represents cash balances held by the Sacramento County Treasurer and Union Bank of California for the repayment of outstanding Mello-Roos Bonds. The cash balances are fully collateralized at June 30, 2019.

<u>Investment Interest Rate Risk</u>: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits cash and investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At June 30, 2019, the District had no significant interest rate risk related to cash and investments held.

<u>Investment Credit Risk</u>: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law.

<u>Concentration of Investment Credit Risk</u>: The District does not place limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. At June 30, 2019, the District had no concentration of credit risk.

## **NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

<u>Interfund Activity</u>: Transactions between funds of the District for goods and services are recorded as interfund transfers. The unpaid balances at year end, as a result of such transactions, are shown as due to and due from other funds. The District had no interfund due to or due from amounts as of June 30, 2019.

<u>Transfers</u>: Transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended.

Transfers for the 2018-2019 fiscal year were as follows:

Transfer from the Special Reserve Fund to the General Fund for	
teacher devices and equipment and bus purchase.	\$ 809,535
Transfer from the General Fund to the Special Reserve Fund for	
future purchase of technology and furniture and equipment.	1,009,051
Transfer from the General Fund to the Special Reserve Fund for	
buses.	 120,500
	\$ 1,939,086

## **NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

A schedule of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019 is shown below:

		Balance July 1, <u>2018</u>		<u>Additions</u>		<u>Deductions</u>		<u>Transfers</u>		Balance June 30, 2019
Non-depreciable:	•	40 704 700	•		Φ.	4.004	•		Φ.	40.700.000
Land	\$	19,784,706	\$		\$	1,624	\$	(0.000.000)	\$	19,783,082
Work-in-process		9,963,520		2,728,929		-		(9,886,833)		2,805,616
Depreciable:		00 000 101		100 570		400.054		4 000 000		00 050 000
Improvement of sites		20,089,161		180,578		480,351		1,060,992		20,850,380
Buildings		163,716,621		1,811,816		5,966,367		8,825,841		168,387,911
Equipment	_	7,037,963	_	882,156	_	169,318	_	-	_	7,750,801
Totals, at cost	_	220,591,971		5,603,479	_	6,617,660	_		_	219,577,790
Less accumulated depreciation:										
Improvement of sites		(14,505,178)		(697,911)		(404,023)		_		(14,799,066)
Buildings		(50,901,219)		(3,623,482)		(4,609,780)		_		(49,914,921)
Equipment		(6,326,309)		(296,362)		(169,318)		_		(6,453,353)
Equipment	_	(0,020,000)	_	(200,002)	_	(100,010)	_	· ·	_	(0,100,000)
Total accumulated										
depreciation		(71,732,706)		(4,617,755)		(5,183,121)		_		(71,167,340)
		,		(1,1011,1100)	_	(0,100,100,				,
Capital assets, net	\$	148,859,265	\$	985,724	\$	1,434,539	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	148,410,450
Depreciation expense was char	ged	to governme	enta	al activities a	as	follows:				
Instruction								\$		16 883

Instruction	\$ 16,883	3
Supervision of instruction	5,748	3
Home-to-school transportation	124,696	3
Food services	1,782	2
All other pupil services	807	7
Ancillary	672	2
All other general administration	1,920	)
Data processing	20,652	2
Plant services	4,444,595	<u> 5</u>
Total depreciation expense	\$ 4,617,755	5

## **NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

General Obligation Bonds, Series A: On May 1, 1997, the District issued General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$13,033,042 to fund the construction of Silverado Middle School and a new elementary school. The General Obligation Bonds are authorized pursuant to the special election of the registered voters held on March 7, 1995, and are payable from the ad valorem taxes to be levied annually upon all property subject to taxation by the District.

The Bonds mature serially in varying amounts during the succeeding years through 2023, with interest rates ranging from 4.40% to 6.10%. Future payments are scheduled as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u> </u>	Principal	Interest	<u>Total</u>		
2020	\$	457,985	\$ 1,282,015	\$	1,740,000	
2021		453,584	1,376,416		1,830,000	
2022		448,128	1,471,872		1,920,000	
2023		449,587	 1,565,413		2,015,000	
Totals	<u>\$</u>	1,809,284	\$ 5,695,716	<u>\$</u>	7,505,000	

2008 General Obligation Bonds: On May 30, 2008, the District issued General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$24,998,345 to fund the modernization of existing schools and construct new schools and classrooms. The General Obligation Bonds are authorized pursuant to the special election of the registered voters held on February 5, 2008, and are payable from the ad valorem taxes to be levied annually upon all property subject to taxation by the District.

The Bonds mature serially in varying amounts during the succeeding years through 2033, with interest rates varying from 3.00% to 8.00%. Future payments are scheduled as follows:

Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>	<u>Pr</u>	incipal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2025-2029 2030-2033		1,010,779 1,962,565	\$ 2,049,221 8,367,435	\$ 3,060,000 10,330,000
Totals	\$ 2	2,973,34 <u>4</u>	\$ 10,416,656	\$ 13,390,000

## NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>2009 General Obligation Bonds</u>: On May 20, 2009, the District issued General Obligation Bonds in the amount of \$11,558,677 to fully prepay the 2007 Certificates of Participation and to fund the modernization of existing schools and construct new schools. The General Obligation Bonds are authorized pursuant to the special election of the registered voters held on February 5, 2008, and are payable from the ad valorem taxes to be levied annually upon all property subject to taxation by the District.

The Bonds mature serially in varying amounts during the succeeding years through 2047, with interest rates varying from 2.00% to 9.55%. Future payments are scheduled as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Ē	<u>Principal</u>	<u>lı</u>	<u>nterest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2020	\$	50,000	\$	135,282	\$	185,282
2021		-		-		-
2022		-		-		-
2023		-		-		-
2024		-		-		-
2025-2029		-		-		-
2030-2034		591,168		2,158,832		2,750,000
2035-2039		3,234,637	•	15,385,363		18,620,000
2040-2044		3,056,211	2	21,858,789		24,915,000
2045-2047		1,346,662		18,308,338		19,655,000
Totals	<u>\$</u>	8,278,678	\$ ;	57,846,604	<u>\$</u>	66,125,282

2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds: On August 1, 2016, the District issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$19,360,000 to advance refund a portion of the General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2008, Series 2008 and 2009 and to pay cost of issuance of cost of the Refunding Bonds. The General Obligation Bonds are authorized pursuant to the special election of the registered voters held on February 5, 2008, and are payable from the ad valorem taxes to be levied annually upon all property subject to taxation by the District. As of June 30, 2018, \$20,150,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

The Bonds mature serially in varying amounts during the succeeding years through 2034, with interest rates varying from 1.00% to 5.00%. Future payments are scheduled as follows:

Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2020	\$	915,000	\$ 715,425	\$	1,630,425
2021		1,080,000	689,250		1,769,250
2022		1,230,000	643,050		1,873,050
2023		1,395,000	590,550		1,985,550
2024		1,570,000	531,250		2,101,250
2025-2029		11,055,000	1,469,025		12,524,025
2030-2034		1,505,000	 <u> 158,700</u>		1,663,700
Totals	<u>\$</u>	18,750,000	\$ 4,797,250	<u>\$</u>	23,547,250

## NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>2018 General Obligation Refunding Bonds</u>: On March 16, 2018, the District issued General Obligation Refunding Bonds in the amount of \$4,990,524. The Refunding Bonds were issued to accomplish a advance refunding of the District's General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2007, Refunding Bonds. The Refunding Bonds were authorized pursuant to the special election of the registered voters held on March 7, 1995, and are payable from the ad valorem taxes to be levied annually upon all property subject to taxation by the District.

The Bonds mature serially in varying amounts during the succeeding years through 2026, with interest rates of 2.65%. Future payments are scheduled as follows:

Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>
2020	\$	671,493	\$ 1,106,959	\$	1,778,452
2021		669,026	89,197		758,223
2022		700,368	71,053		771,421
2023		739,772	51,971		791,743
2024		777,363	31,869		809,232
2025-2027		813,912	 10,784		824,696
Totals	<u>\$</u>	4,371,934	\$ 1,361,833	<u>\$</u>	5,733,767

<u>Series 1999 Special Tax Bonds</u>: On August 1, 1999, the District issued Mello-Roos Bonds in the amount of \$5,254,153 to provide funds for the advance refunding of Series 1995 Special Tax Bonds and for the acquisition and construction of school facilities. The Mello-Roos Bonds are authorized pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 and are payable from the proceeds of an annual Special Tax to be levied and collected on property within the District. The Special tax is to be levied according to the rate and method of apportionment determined by a formula approved by the Board, as the legislative body of the District, and by the registered voters within the District.

The Bonds mature serially in varying amounts during the succeeding years through 2020, with interest rates ranging from 3.60% to 5.75%. Future payments are scheduled as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>l</u> 1	<u>nterest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2020	\$ 36,980	\$	78,020	\$	115,000	

## NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

<u>Series 2015 Special Tax Refunding Bonds</u>: On April 14, 2015, the District issued Mello-Roos Bonds in the amount of \$8,740,000 to provide funds for refunding a portion of the Series 2003 Bonds and all of the Series 2005 Bonds. The Mello-Roos Bonds are authorized pursuant to the Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982 and are payable from the proceeds of an annual Special Tax to be levied and collected on property within the District. The Special tax is to be levied according to the rate and method of apportionment determined by a formula approved by the Board, as the legislative body of the District, and by the registered voters within the District.

The Bonds mature serially in varying amounts during the succeeding years through 2029, with interest rates ranging from 2.0% to 3.0%. Future payments are scheduled as follows:

Year Ending <u>June 30,</u>		<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		<u>Total</u>		
2020	\$	765,000	\$ 260,688	\$	1,025,688		
2021		935,000	218,188		1,153,188		
2022		1,010,000	174,612		1,184,612		
2023		980,000	129,913		1,109,913		
2024		970,000	95,106		1,065,106		
2025-2029		2,000,000	 125,600		2,125,600		
Totals	<u>\$</u>	6,660,000	\$ 1,004,107	<u>\$</u>	7,664,107		

<u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>: A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2018			<u>Additions</u>		<u>Deductions</u>		Balance June 30, <u>2019</u>		Amounts Due Within <u>One Year</u>	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	38,195,614	\$	-	\$	2,012,374	\$	36,183,240	\$	2,094,478	
Special Tax Bonds - Mello-Roos		7,471,743		-		774,763		6,696,980		801,980	
Accreted interest		15,441,392		490,778		-		15,932,170		1,360,035	
Unamortized premium		3,891,562		-		257,331		3,634,231		257,331	
Compensated absences		165,190		-		4,625		160,565		-	
Net pension liability (Notes 7 and 8)		69,010,000	_	2,511,000		-	_	71,521,000		-	
	\$	134,175,501	\$	3,001,778	\$	3,049,093	\$	134,128,186	\$	4,513,824	

Payments relating to the General Obligation Bonds are made from the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. Payments relating to the Mello-Roos Bonds are made from the Mello-Roos Fund. Payments on the compensated absences are made from the fund for which the related employee worked.

### **NOTE 6 - FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances, by category, at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

	Capital General <u>Fund</u>	Facilities <u>Fund</u>	Bond Interest and Redemption <u>Fund</u>	All Non-Major <u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
Nonspendable: Revolving cash fund Stores inventory Prepaid expenditures	\$ 20,000 1,853 3,080	-	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 20,000 1,853 3,080
Subtotal nonspendable	24,933	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	24,933
Restricted:					
Unspent categorical revenues Capital projects Debt service	4,209,913 - -	4,363,386 	- - 4,947,058	- - 2,752,650	4,209,913 4,363,386 7,699,708
Subtotal restricted	4,209,913	4,363,386	4,947,058	2,752,650	16,273,007
Committed: Planned program carryover Instructional materials Lottery Capital projects Deferred maintenance Subtotal committed	378,524 2,318,623 1,188,639 - - - 3,885,786		- - - - -	- - 2,552,875 2,422,998 4,975,873	378,524 2,318,623 1,188,639 2,552,875 2,422,998 8,861,659
Assigned: Program carryover	1,107,182				1,107,182
Unassigned: Designated for economic uncertainty Undesignated	6,637,082 1,371,912		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	6,637,082 1,371,912
Subtotal unassigned	8,008,994	<u> </u>			8,008,994
Total fund balances	\$ 17,236,808	\$ 4,363,386	\$ 4,947,058	\$ 7,728,523	\$ 34,275,775

#### NOTE 7 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN

General Information about the State Teachers' Retirement Plan

<u>Plan Description:</u> Teaching-certified employees of the District are provided with pensions through the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) – a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The Teachers' Retirement Law (California Education Code Section 22000 et seq.), as enacted and amended by the California Legislature, established this plan and CalSTRS as the administrator. The benefit terms of the plan may be amended through legislation. CalSTRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="http://www.calstrs.com">http://www.calstrs.com</a>.

Benefits Provided: The STRP Defined Benefit Program has two benefit formulas:

- CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.
- CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS.

The Defined Benefit (DB) Program provides retirement benefits based on members' final compensation, age and years of service credit. In addition, the retirement program provides benefits to members upon disability and to survivors/beneficiaries upon the death of eligible members. There are several differences between the two benefit formulas which are noted below.

#### CaISTRS 2% at 60

CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.

CalSTRS calculates retirement benefits based on a one-year final compensation for members who retired on or after January 1, 2001, with 25 or more years of credited service, or for classroom teachers with less than 25 years of credited service if the employer elected to pay the additional benefit cost prior to January 1, 2014. One-year final compensation means a member's highest average annual compensation earnable for 12 consecutive months calculated by taking the creditable compensation that a member could earn in a school year while employed on a full time basis, for a position in which the person worked. For members with less than 25 years of credited service, final compensation is the highest average annual compensation earnable for any three consecutive years of credited service.

#### NOTE 7 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

CalSTRS 2% at 62

CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

All CalSTRS 2% at 62 members have their final compensation based on their highest average annual compensation earnable for three consecutive years of credited service.

<u>Contributions:</u> Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

A summary of statutory contribution rates and other sources of contributions to the Defined Benefit Program are as follows:

Members - Under CalSTRS 2% at 60, the member contribution rate was 10.25 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2018-19. Under CalSTRS 2% at 62, members contribute 50 percent of the normal cost of their retirement plan, which resulted in a contribution rate of 10.205 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2018-19.

In general, member contributions cannot increase unless members are provided with some type of "comparable advantage" in exchange for such increases. Under previous law, the Legislature could reduce or eliminate the 2 percent annual increase to retirement benefits. As a result of AB 1469, effective July 1, 2014, the Legislature cannot reduce the 2 percent annual benefit adjustment for members who retire on or after January 1, 2014, and in exchange for this "comparable advantage," the member contribution rates have been increased by an amount that covers a portion of the cost of the 2 percent annual benefit adjustment.

Employers – 16.28 percent of applicable member earnings.

Pursuant to AB 1469, employer contributions will increase from a prior rate of 8.25 percent to a total of 19.1 percent of applicable member earnings phased in over seven years starting in 2014. The legislation also gives the CalSTRS board limited authority to adjust employer contribution rates from July 1, 2021 through June 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation related to service credited to members prior to July 1, 2014. The CalSTRS board cannot adjust the rate by more than 1 percent in a fiscal year, and the total contribution rate in addition to the 8.25 percent cannot exceed 12 percent.

#### NOTE 7 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The CalSTRS employer contribution rate increases effective for fiscal year 2018-19 through fiscal year 2045-46 are summarized in the table below:

Effective Date	Prior Rate	<u>Increase</u>	<u>Total</u>
July 01, 2018	8.25%	8.03%	16.28%
July 01, 2019	8.25%	9.88%	18.13%
July 01, 2020	8.25%	10.85%	19.10%
July 01, 2021 to			
June 30, 2046	8.25%	*	*
July 01, 2046	8.25%	Increase from prior rate ce	ases in 2046-47

<sup>\*</sup> The Teachers' Retirement Board (the "board") cannot adjust the employer rate by more than 1 percent in a fiscal year, and the increase to the contribution rate above the 8.25 percent base contribution rate cannot exceed 12 percent for a maximum of 20.25 percent.

The District contributed \$5,467,365 to the plan for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019.

State - 9.828 percent of the members' creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year.

Also as a result of AB 1469, the additional state appropriation required to fully fund the benefits in effect as of 1990 by 2046 is specific in subdivision (b) of Education Code Section 22955.1. The increased contributions end as of fiscal year 2045-2046. The CalSTRS state contribution rates effective for fiscal year 2018-19 and beyond are summarized in the table below.

Effective Date	Base <u>Rate</u>	AB 1469 Increase For 1990 Benefit <u>Structure</u>	SBMA Funding(1)	Total State Appropriation to DB Program
July 01, 2018 July 01, 2019 to	2.017%	5.311%(2)	2.50%	9.828%
June 30, 2046 July 1, 2046 and	2.017%	(3)	2.50%	(3)
thereafter	2.017%	(4)	2.50%	4.517%(3)

<sup>(1)</sup> This rate does not include the \$72 million reduction in accordance with Education Code Section 22954.

<sup>(2)</sup> In May 2018, the board of CalSTRS exercised its limited authority to increase the state contribution rate by 0.5 percent of the payroll effective July 1, 2018.

<sup>(3)</sup> The CalSTRS board has limited authority to adjust state contribution rates annually through June 30, 2046 in order to eliminate the remaining unfunded actuarial obligation associated with the 1990 benefit structure. The board cannot increase the rate by more than 0.50 percent in a fiscal year, and if there is no unfunded actuarial obligation, the contribution rate imposed to pay for the 1990 benefit structure would be reduced to 0 percent.

<sup>(4)</sup> From July 1, 2046, and thereafter, the rates in effect prior to July 1, 2014, are reinstated, if necessary, to address any remaining 1990 unfunded actuarial obligation.

#### NOTE 7 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	56,987,000
associated with the District	_	32,628,000
Total	\$	89,615,000

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school Districts and the State. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.062 percent, which was an increase of 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$12,961,504 and revenue of \$5,201,327 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows f Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 177,000	\$ 828,000
Changes of assumptions	8,853,000	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments	-	2,194,000
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,427,000	537,000
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	5,467,365	 
Total	\$ 16,924,365	\$ 3,559,000

#### NOTE 7 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

\$5,467,365 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions made subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ended <u>June 30</u> ,	
2020	\$ 2,410,567
2020	\$ 1,587,567
2021	\$ 91,567
2022	\$ 1,469,233
2024	\$ 2,194,733
2025	\$ 144,333

Differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 7 years as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2017
Experience Study	July 1, 2010 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	7.10%
Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Wage Growth	3.50%
Post-retirement Benefit Increases	2.00% simple for DB
	Not applicable for DBS/CBB

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

#### NOTE 7 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the CalSTRS board in February 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term* Expected Real <u>Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	47%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12	0.30
Real Estate	13	5.20
Private Equity	13	9.30
Absolute Return / Risk Mit	igating	
Strategies	9	2.90
Inflation Sensitive	4	3.80
Cash / Liquidity	2	(1.00)

<sup>\* 20-</sup>year geometric average

<u>Discount Rate</u>: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increase per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	<u>(6.10%)</u>	Rate (7.10%)	<u>(8.10%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$ 83,479,000</u>	<u>\$ 56,987,000</u>	\$ 35,022,000

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

#### NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B

General Information about the Public Employer's Retirement Fund B

<u>Plan Description:</u> The schools cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan Public Employer's Retirement Fund B (PERF B) is administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Plan membership consists of non-teaching and non-certified employees of public schools (K-12), community college districts, offices of education, charter and private schools (elective) in the State of California.

The Plan was established to provide retirement, death and disability benefits to non-teaching and noncertified employees in schools. The benefit provisions for Plan employees are established by statute. CalPERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://www.calpers.ca.gov.

<u>Benefits Provided:</u> The benefits for the defined benefit plans are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years (10 years for State Second Tier members) of credited service.

<u>Contributions</u>: The benefits for the defined benefit pension plans are funded by contributions from members and employers, and earnings from investments. Member and employer contributions are a percentage of applicable member compensation. Member contribution rates are defined by law and depend on the respective employer's benefit formulas. Employer contribution rates are determined by periodic actuarial valuations or by state statute. Actuarial valuations are based on the benefit formulas and employee groups of each employer. Employer contributions, including lump sum contributions made when districts first join PERF B, are credited with a market value adjustment in determining contribution rates.

The required contribution rates of most active plan members are based on a percentage of salary in excess of a base compensation amount ranging from zero dollars to \$863 monthly.

Required contribution rates for active plan members and employers as a percentage of payroll for the year ended June 30, 2019 were as follows:

*Members* - The member contribution rate was 6.50 or 7.50 percent of applicable member earnings for fiscal year 2018-2019.

Employers - The employer contribution rate was 18.062 percent of applicable member earnings.

The District contributed \$1,390,996 to the plan for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$14,534,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating school Districts. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.055 percent, which was an no change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

#### NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,427,117 and revenue of \$5,201,327 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 erred Outflows Resources	 rred Inflows <u>Resources</u>
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 953,000	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	1,451,000	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on investments	119,000	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	100,000	-
Contributions made subsequent to measurement date	 1,390,996	 
Total	\$ 4,013,996	\$ -

\$1,390,996 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ended June 30,	
2020	\$ 1,558,917
2021	\$ 1,149,917
2022	\$ (83)
2023	\$ (85,750)

Differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is 4 years as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed 5-year period.

#### NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: The total pension liability for the Plan was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation Date
Experience Study
Actuarial Cost Method
Investment Rate of Return
Consumer Price Inflation
Wage Growth
Post-retirement Benefit Increases

June 30, 2017 June 30, 1997 through June 30, 2015 Entry age normal 7.15% 2.50%

Varies by entry age and service Contract COLA up to 2.00% until Purchasing Power Protection Allowance

Floor on Purchasing Power applies 2.50% thereafter

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries 90% of Scale MP 2016. For more details on this table, please refer to the 2017 experience study report.

All other actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015, including updates to salary increase, mortality and retirement rates. Further details of the Experience Study can be found at CalPERS' website.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

	Long-Term* Assumed Asset	Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Real Rate of Return
<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Allocation</u>	<u>Years 1 - 10 (1)</u>	Years 11+ (2)
Global Equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28	1.00	2.62
Inflation Assets	-	0.77	1.81
Private Equity	8	6.30	7.23
Real Estate	13	3.75	4.93
Liquidity	1	-	(0.92)

<sup>\* 10-</sup>year geometric average

<u>Discount Rate:</u> The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Plan. The results of the crossover testing for the Plan are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

<sup>(1)</sup> An expected inflation rate of 2.00% used for this period

<sup>(2)</sup> An expected inflation rate of 2.92% used for this period

#### NOTE 8 - NET PENSION LIABILITY - PUBLIC EMPLOYER'S RETIREMENT FUND B (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected cash flows of the Plan. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the Plan's asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	<u>(6.15%)</u>	<u>Rate (7.15%)</u>	<u>(8.15%)</u>
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>\$ 21,161,000</u>	<u>\$ 14,534,000</u>	\$ 9,036,000

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:</u> Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

#### **NOTE 9 - JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT**

<u>Schools Insurance Group</u>: The District is a member of a Joint Powers Authority, Schools Insurance Group (SIG), for the operation of a common risk management and insurance program. The program covers workers' compensation, property/liability, and health and welfare insurance. The membership includes the school districts in Placer and Nevada counties and their respective County Offices. SIG is governed by an Executive Board consisting of representatives from member districts. The Executive Board controls the operations of SIG, including selections of management and approval of operating budgets. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

#### NOTE 9 - JOINT POWERS AGREEMENT (Continued)

The following is a summary of financial information for SIG at June 30, 2018 (the latest information available).

Total assets	\$ 100,763,353
Total deferred outflows	\$ 342,409
Total liabilities	\$ 34,839,315
Total deferred inflows	\$ 63,352
Total net position	\$ 66,203,095
Total revenues	\$ 91,650,321
Total expenses	\$ 88,460,093
Change in net position	\$ 3,190,228

The relationship between the District and the Joint Powers Authority is such that the Joint Powers Authority is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

School Project for Utility Rate Reduction: The District is also a member of a Joint Powers Authority, School Project for Utility Rate Reduction (SPURR), for the direct purchase of gas, electricity, and other utility services. SPURR also provides advisory services relative to utilities. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in the prior year.

The following is a summary of the financial information for School Project for Utility Rate Reduction at June 30, 2018 (the latest information available):

Total assets	\$ 15,263,579
Total liabilities	\$ 9,192,458
Net position	\$ 6,071,121
Total revenues	\$ 40,990,839
Total expenses	\$ 41,716,880
Change in net position	\$ (726,041)

#### **NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES**

The District is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of business. In the opinion of management, the amount of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially affect the financial position or results of operations of the District.

Also, the District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review or audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any requirements will not be material.



# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	<u>Buo</u>	<u>dget</u>		Variance
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues:				
Local control funding formula: State apportionment	\$ 40,309,200	\$ 39,666,491	\$ 39,795,298	\$ 128,807
Local sources	17,194,727	18,299,610	18,227,647	(71,963)
Total local control funding formula	57,503,927	57,966,101	58,022,945	56,844
Federal sources	2,103,743	2,486,122	2,195,035	(291,087)
Other state sources	6,949,614	9,831,948	10,009,364	177,416
Other local sources	2,371,850	2,937,945	2,697,171	(240,774)
Total revenues	68,929,134	73,222,116	72,924,515	(297,601)
Expenditures: Current:				
Certificated salaries	34,805,575	34,534,032	34,367,614	166,418
Classified salaries	8,659,408	8,450,569	8,308,455	142,114
Employee benefits	15,911,514	18,707,806	18,608,261	99,545
Books and supplies	3,354,155	3,725,256	3,316,451	408,805
Contract services and operating	4 700 004	5.040.005	4 400 440	500 457
expenditures	4,792,801	5,048,305	4,462,148	586,157
Other outgo Capital outlay	1,082,117 672,342	895,974 1,200,714	816,920 864,095	79,054
Capital outlay	072,342	1,200,714	004,095	336,619
Total expenditures	69,277,912	72,562,656	70,743,944	1,818,712
(Deficiency) excess of revenues				
(under) over expenditures	(348,778)	659,460	2,180,571	1,521,111
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	55,664	809,535	809,535	-
Transfers out	(1,621,307)	(1,129,551)	(1,129,551)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,565,643)	(320,016)	(320,016)	
Net change in fund balance	(1,914,421)	339,444	1,860,555	1,521,111
Fund balance, July 1, 2018	15,376,253	15,376,253	15,376,253	
Fund balance, June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 13,461,832</u>	<u>\$ 15,715,697</u>	<u>\$ 17,236,808</u>	<u>\$ 1,521,111</u>

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

State Teachers' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years									
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2019</u>							
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.059%	0.060%	0.059%	0.061%	0.062%				
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 34,649,000	\$ 40,314,000	\$ 47,626,000	\$ 56,093,000	\$ 56,987,000				
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	20,923,000	21,322,000	27,115,000	33,184,000	32,628,000				
Total net pension liability	\$ 55,572,000	\$ 61,636,000	\$ 74,741,000	\$ 89,277,000	\$ 89,615,000				
District's covered payroll	\$ 26,409,000	\$ 27,793,000	\$ 29,346,000	\$ 32,146,000	\$ 33,006,000				
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	131.20%	145.05%	162.29%	174.49%	172.66%				
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	76.52%	74.02%	70.04%	69.46%	70.99%				

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

### DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

### Public Employer's Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u> <u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		2019	
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.051%		0.053%		0.054%		0.054%	0.055%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,744,000	\$	7,846,000	\$	10,641,000	\$	12,917,000	\$ 14,534,000
District's covered payroll	\$ 5,311,000	\$	5,893,000	\$	6,464,000	\$	6,899,000	\$ 7,190,000
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	108.15%		133.14%		164.62%		187.23%	202.14%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	83.38%		79.43%		73.89%		71.87%	70.85%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

### State Teachers' Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years

	<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2019</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,46	8,043 \$	3,148,843	\$	4,051,332	\$	4,749,177	\$	5,467,365
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(2,46	<u>8,043</u> ) _	(3,148,843)		<u>(4,051,332</u> )		(4,749,177)		<u>(5,467,365</u> )
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	-	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	
District's covered payroll	\$ 27,79	3,000 \$	29,346,000	\$	32,146,000	\$	32,912,000	\$	33,583,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.88	3%	10.73%		12.58%		14.43%		16.28%

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

# Public Employer's Retirement Fund B Last 10 Fiscal Years

		<u>2015</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2018</u>		2019
Contractually required contribution	\$	693,643	\$	765,757	\$	960,402	\$	1,111,921	\$	1,390,996
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(693,643)		(765,757)		(960,402)		<u>(1,111,921</u> )		(1,390,996)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	
District's covered payroll	\$	5,893,000	\$	6,464,000	\$	6,899,000	\$	7,159,000	\$	7,701,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		11.77%		11.85%		13.89%		15.53%		18.06%

#### DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2019

#### **NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

#### A - Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Trustees to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

#### B - Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

The Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability is presented to illustrate the elements of the District's Net Pension Liability. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

#### C – Schedule of the District's Contributions

The Schedule of District's Contributions is presented to illustrate the District's required contributions relating to the pensions. There is a requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

#### D – Changes of Benefit Terms

There are no changes in benefit terms reported in the Required Supplementary Information.

#### E - Changes of Assumptions

The discount rate for Public Employer's Retirement Fund B was 7.50, 7.65, 7.65, 7.15 and 7.15 percent in the June 30, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017 actuarial reports, respectively.

The following are the assumptions for State Teachers' Retirement Plan:

As of June 30,	As of June 30	A f 1 20
<u>2017</u>	2016	2015
2.75% 7.10% 3.50%	3.00% 7.60% 3.75%	3.00% 7.60% 3.75%
		7.10% 7.60%



# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS June 30, 2019

ASSETS	General Obligation Bond Building <u>Fund</u>	Deferred Maintenance <u>Fund</u>	Special Reserve <u>Fund</u>	Mello-Roos <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash in County Treasury Cash with Fiscal Agent Receivables	\$ 3,297 - 1,294	\$ 2,419,472 - 3,526	\$ 2,550,059 - <u>2,816</u>	\$ - 2,752,650 -	\$ 4,972,828 2,752,650 7,636
Total assets	<u>\$ 4,591</u>	\$ 2,422,998	<u>\$ 2,552,875</u>	\$ 2,752,650	\$ 7,733,114
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 4,591</u>			<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 4,591</u>
Fund balances: Restricted Committed	<u>-</u> -	- 2,422,998	- <u>2,552,875</u>	2,752,650	2,752,650 4,975,873
Total fund balances	<del></del>	2,422,998	2,552,875	2,752,650	7,728,523
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 4,591</u>	\$ 2,422,998	\$ 2,552,875	\$ 2,752,650	\$ 7,733,114

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES ALL NON-MAJOR FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Davanas	General Obligation Bond Building <u>Fund</u>	Deferred Maintenance <u>Fund</u>	Special Reserve <u>Fund</u>	Mello-Roos <u>Fund</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues Other state sources	\$ -	\$ 325,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 325,000
Other local sources	φ - 46,281	25,065	43,91 <u>5</u>	1,530,513	1,645,774
Total revenues	46,281	350,065	43,915	1,530,513	1,970,774
Expenditures:					
Current:	E 070				E 070
Books and supplies Contract services and operating	5,070	-	-	-	5,070
expenditures	1,591	113,718	-	-	115,309
Capital outlay	2,695,703	740,043	386,672	-	3,822,418
Debt service: Principal retirement	_	_	_	774,763	774,763
Interest				436,847	436,847
Total expenditures	2,702,364	853,761	386,672	1,211,610	5,154,407
(Deficiency) excess of revenues (under) over expenditures	(2,656,083)	(503,696)	(342,757)	318,903	(3,183,633)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	-	1,129,551	_	1,129,551
Transfers out	-	-	(809,535)	-	(809,535)
Proceeds from sale of equipment		2,125,015			<u>2,125,015</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)		2,125,015	320,016		2,445,031
Net change in fund balances	(2,656,083)	1,621,319	(22,741)	318,903	(738,602)
Fund balances, July 1, 2018	2,656,083	801,679	2,575,616	2,433,747	8,467,125
Fund balances, June 30, 2019	<u>\$ - </u>	\$ 2,422,998	<u>\$ 2,552,875</u>	<u>\$ 2,752,650</u>	<u>\$ 7,728,523</u>

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

# ALL AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Balance July 1, <u>2018</u>		<u>Additions</u>		<u>Deductions</u>		Balance June 30, 2019
Heritage Oak School								
Assets: Cash on hand and in banks	<u>\$</u>	555	<u>\$</u>	5	<u>\$</u>	278	<u>\$</u>	282
Liabilities: Due to student groups	\$	555	<u>\$</u>	5	<u>\$</u>	278	<u>\$</u>	282
Antelope Meadows School								
Assets: Cash on hand and in banks	<u>\$</u>	1,093	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	1,093
Liabilities: Due to student groups	<u>\$</u>	1,093	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	1,093
Antelope Crossing School								
Assets: Cash on hand and in banks	<u>\$</u>	39,923	<u>\$</u>	135,841	<u>\$</u>	139,281	<u>\$</u>	36,483
Liabilities: Due to student groups	<u>\$</u>	39,923	<u>\$</u>	135,841	<u>\$</u>	139,281	<u>\$</u>	36,483
Quail Glen School								
Assets: Cash on hand and in banks	<u>\$</u>	267	<u>\$</u>	10	<u>\$</u>	10	<u>\$</u>	267
Liabilities: Due to student groups	<u>\$</u>	267	<u>\$</u>	10	<u>\$</u>	10	<u>\$</u>	267

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

# ALL AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	J	alance July 1, 2018		<u>Additions</u>	<u>C</u>	eductions		Balance June 30, <u>2019</u>
Olive Grove School								
Assets: Cash on hand and in banks	\$	848	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	105	<u>\$</u>	743
Liabilities: Due to student groups	\$	848	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	105	<u>\$</u>	743
Coyote Ridge School								
Assets: Cash on hand and in bank	\$	1,046	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	_	<u>\$</u>	1,046
Liabilities: Due to student groups	\$	1,046	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	1,046
Silverado Middle School								
Assets: Cash on hand and in bank	<u>\$</u>	40,608	<u>\$</u>	165,197	<u>\$</u>	177,857	<u>\$</u>	27,948
Liabilities: Due to student groups	<u>\$</u>	40,608	<u>\$</u>	165,197	<u>\$</u>	177,857	<u>\$</u>	27,948
Barrett Ranch School								
Assets: Cash on hand and in bank	<u>\$</u>	54	<u>\$</u>	171	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	225
Liabilities: Due to student groups	<u>\$</u>	54	<u>\$</u>	171	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	225
Creekview Ranch Middle School								
Assets: Cash on hand and in bank	<u>\$</u>	24,984	<u>\$</u>	39,784	<u>\$</u>	41,045	<u>\$</u>	23,723
Liabilities: Due to student groups	\$	24,984	<u>\$</u>	39,784	<u>\$</u>	41,045	<u>\$</u>	23,723

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

# ALL AGENCY FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Balance July 1, <u>2018</u>		<u>Additions</u>		<u>Deductions</u>		Balance June 30, <u>2019</u>
Total - All Student Body Agency Fu	<u>unds</u>							
Assets: Cash on hand and in banks	<u>\$</u>	109,378	<u>\$</u>	341,008	<u>\$</u>	358,576	<u>\$</u>	91,810
Liabilities: Due to student groups	<u>\$</u>	109,378	<u>\$</u>	341,008	<u>\$</u>	358,576	\$	91,810

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT ORGANIZATION June 30, 2019

Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District was established in 1876 and is comprised of an area of approximately 17 square miles located in Placer and Sacramento Counties. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. As of June 30, 2019, the District is operating seven elementary schools and two middle schools.

#### **GOVERNING BOARD**

<u>Name</u>	<u>Office</u>	Term Expires
Bill Schuetz	President	December 2022
Tracy Pittman	Clerk	December 2022
Diane Howe	Member	December 2022
Scott Otsuka	Member	December 2020
Jeff Randall	Member	December 2020

#### **ADMINISTRATION**

Bradley Tooker Superintendent

James Ferguson Assistant Superintendent, Administrative Services

> Roger Van Putten Chief Business Officer

Sara Wegner
Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Second Period <u>Report</u>	Audited Second Period <u>Report</u>	Annual <u>Report</u>
Certificate #	ED425613	322A9244	EDA23CF8
Elementary: Transitional Kindergarten through Third Fourth through Sixth Seventh and Eighth Special Education	2,787 2,046 1,609 20	2,807 2,061 1,620 20	2,812 2,054 1,613 
Totals	6,462	6,508	6,499

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Grade Level	Statutory 1986-87 Minutes Require- <u>ment</u>	2018-2019 Actual <u>Minutes</u>	Number of Days Traditional <u>Calendar</u>	<u>Status</u>
Kindergarten	36,000	42,815	180	In Compliance
Grade 1	50,400	51,080	180	In Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	51,080	180	In Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	51,080	180	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	54,530	180	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,000	54,530	180	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,000	54,474	180	In Compliance
Grade 7	54,000	56,052	180	In Compliance
Grade 8	54,000	56,052	180	In Compliance

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURE OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Federal Catalog <u>Number</u>	Federal Grantor/Pass-Through <u>Grantor/Program or Cluster Title</u> at of Education - Passed through California Department	Pass- Through Entity Identifying <u>Number</u>	Federal Expend- <u>itures</u>
of Education			
84.027	Special Education Cluster: Special Ed: IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	13379	\$ 980,897
84.173	Special Ed: IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Sec 619	13430	25,914
84.027A 84.027A	Special Ed: IDEA Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	13682	120,525
04.UZ1A	Special Ed: IDEA Mental Health Allocation Plan, Part B, Sec 611	14468	
	Subtotal Special Education Cluster		1,127,336
84.365 84.365	ESEA: Title III Programs: ESEA: Title III, Limited English Proficient (LEP) Student Program ESEA: Title III: Immigrant Education	14346 15146	131,199 5,797
	Subtotal ESEA: Title III Programs		 136,996
84.010 84.367	ESEA: Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected ESEA: Title II, Part A, Teacher Quality	14329 14341	 682,949 150,162
	Total U.S. Department of Education		 2,097,443
	nt of Health and Human Services - Passed through epartment of Education		
93.778	Medi-Cal Billing Option - Medicaid Cluster	10013	 123,479
	Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Serv	ices	 123,479
	Total Federal Programs		\$ 2,220,922

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF UNAUDITED ACTUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

There were no audit adjustments proposed to any funds of the District.				

### DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019 (UNAUDITED)

General Fund	(Budget) <u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Revenues and other financing sources	\$ 69,963,224	<u>\$ 73,734,050</u>	\$ 65,202,256	\$ 62,532,30 <u>3</u>
Expenditures Other uses and transfers out	71,817,589 <u>572,987</u>	70,743,944 1,129,551	64,459,435 719,311	61,408,025 2,016,429
Total outgo	72,390,576	71,873,495	65,178,746	63,424,454
Change in fund balance	<u>\$ (2,427,352)</u>	<u>\$ 1,860,555</u>	\$ 23,510	<u>\$ (892,151)</u>
Ending fund balance	<u>\$ 14,809,456</u>	<u>\$ 17,236,808</u>	<u>\$ 15,376,253</u>	<u>\$ 15,352,743</u>
Available reserves	\$ 7,295,586	\$ 8,008,994	\$ 8,290,218	<u>\$ 8,169,365</u>
Designated for economic uncertainties	\$ 6,257,398	<u>\$ 6,637,082</u>	<u>\$ 8,087,241</u>	<u>\$ 5,433,633</u>
Undesignated fund balance	<u>\$ 1,038,188</u>	<u>\$ 1,371,912</u>	\$ 202,977	\$ 2,735,732
Available reserves as percentages of total outgo	10.1%	11.1%	12.7%	12.8%
Total long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 129,614,362</u>	<u>\$ 134,128,186</u>	<u>\$ 134,175,501</u>	<u>\$ 125,747,770</u>
Average daily attendance at P-2	6,323	6,508	6,625	6,540

The General Fund fund balance has increased by \$991,914 over the past three years. The District projects a decrease of \$2,427,352 for the year ending June 30, 2020. For a district this size, the State of California recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses be maintained. The District has met this requirement.

The District has incurred operating deficits in one of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the year ending June 30, 2020.

Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$8,380,416 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 32 over the past two years and is anticipated to decrease by 185 during the year ending June 30, 2020.

### DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Included in District Financial Statements, or Separate Report

Charter Schools Chartered by District

The District does not sponsor any charter schools.

#### DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2019

#### **NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES**

#### A - Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

#### B - Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District neither met nor exceeded its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District, and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46206.

#### C - Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards

The Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards includes the federal award activity of Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District, and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).* Expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed in the Uniform Guidance.

The following schedule provides a reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues that have not been expended by June 30, 2019.

<u>Description</u>	CFDA <u>Number</u>		<u>Amount</u>
Total federal revenues, Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances		\$	2,195,035
Add: Medi-Cal Billing funds spent in the current fiscal year from prior year	93.778		25,887
Total Schedule of Expenditure of Federal Awards		<u>\$</u>	2,220,922

#### D - Reconciliation of Unaudited Actual Financial Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

# DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2019

# NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

### E - Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis - Unaudited

This schedule provides trend information on the District's financial condition over the past three years and its anticipated condition for the 2019-2020 fiscal year, as required by the State Controller's Office.

#### F - Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule provides information for the California Department of Education to monitor financial reporting by Charter Schools.

#### **NOTE 2 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVE PROGRAM**

Education Code Section 14502 requires certain disclosure in the financial statements of districts which adopt Early Retirement Incentive Programs pursuant to Education Code Section 22714 and 44929. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District did not adopt this program.



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Board of Trustees Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District Roseville, California

# Report on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

We have audited Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (the "Audit Guide") to the state laws and regulations listed below for the year ended June 30, 2019.

	Procedures
<u>Description</u>	<u>Performed</u>
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No, see below
Continuation Education	No, see below
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, see below
Middle or Early College High Schools	No, see below
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, see below
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program:	
General requirements	No, see below
After school	No, see below
Before school	No, see below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No, see below
Attendance, for charter schools	No, see below
Mode of Instruction, for charter schools	No, see below
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study,	
for charter schools	No, see below
Determination of Funding for NonclassroomBased	
Instruction, for charter schools	No, see below
Annual Instructional Minutes ClassroomBased,	
for charter schools	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

The District's reported ADA for Independent Study was below the materiality level that requires testing; therefore, we did not perform any testing of Independent Study ADA.

The District does not operate a Continuation Education Program; therefore, we did not perform any testing of Continuation Education ADA.

The District does not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program; therefore, we did not perform steps 2a through d.

The District does not have any Juvenile Court Schools, therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Juvenile Court Schools.

The District does not have any Middle or Early College High Schools, therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Middle or Early College High Schools.

The District does not offer Apprenticeship - Related and Supplemental Instruction; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to Apprenticeship - Related and Supplemental Instruction.

The District did not qualify for the District of Choice program in the current year, therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to District of Choice.

The District did not receive After/Before School Education and Safety funding in the current year; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to After/Before School Education and Safety.

The District did not report any ADA related to Independent Study - Course Based; therefore, we did not perform any testing of Independent Study - Course Based ADA.

The District does not have any Charter Schools; therefore, we did not perform any of the testing related to charter schools.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of state laws and regulations, as listed above.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's compliance with state laws and regulations as listed above based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (Audit Guide). Those standards and the Audit Guide require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations listed above occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with state laws and regulations. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's compliance.

### Opinion on Compliance with State Laws and Regulations

In our opinion, Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state laws and regulations referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2019.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the 2018-19 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crow UP

Sacramento, California November 14, 2019



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District Roseville, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 14, 2019.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

noue UP

Sacramento, California November 14, 2019



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE

Board of Trustees Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District Roseville, California

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019. Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statues, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's compliance.

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2019.

### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Dry Creek Joint Elementary School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Crowe LLP

Crow UP

Sacramento, California November 14, 2019



### SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

### **FINANCIAL STATEMENTS** Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? \_\_\_\_ Yes <u>X</u> No Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered \_\_\_\_ Yes to be material weakness(es)? X None reported Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? Yes X No **FEDERAL AWARDS** Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? Yes X No Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)? X None reported Yes Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? X\_\_ No Yes Identification of major programs: CFDA Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster 84.027, 84.173, 84.027A Special Education Cluster Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$ 750,000 Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? X Yes No **STATE AWARDS** Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for

(Continued)

Unmodified

state programs:

	SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS
No matters were reported.	

# SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS No matters were reported.

SECTION IV - STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS No matters were reported.

# STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### DRY CREEK JOINT ELEMENTARY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS Year Ended June 30, 2019

Finding/Recommendation

**Current Status** 

District Explanation If Not Implemented

No matters were reported.