Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2019



Serving all or portions of North St. Paul • Maplewood • Oakdale • Lake Elmo • Landfall • Pine Springs • Woodbury Minnesota

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 622 NORTH ST. PAUL – MAPLEWOOD – OAKDALE, MINNESOTA

2520 East 12th Avenue North St. Paul, MN 55109

> Prepared by Finance Department

Randy Anderson • Director of Business Services

Janet Doman • Finance Supervisor

Travis Byrne, CPA • Accounting Coordinator

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Section I

INTRODUCTION



Ready for tomorrow



December 5, 2019

To the School Board, Citizens, and Employees of Independent School District No. 622:

INTRODUCTION

State law requires that every public school district publish, within six months of the close of each fiscal year, a complete set of audited financial statements. We are submitting the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Independent School District No. 622, North St. Paul – Maplewood – Oakdale (the District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This report fairly presents the District's financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Although the data was received from many sources, the District's administration accepts total responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, and fairness in presentation.

REPORT FORMAT

The CAFR is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section includes this letter of transmittal, an organizational chart, a list of School Board members and administration personnel, a map of the District, and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting. The financial section includes the Independent Auditor's Report, management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and supplemental information. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year comparative basis.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the MD&A. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

PROFILE OF THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The financial reporting entity includes all the funds of the primary government (the District). Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (primary government) is financially accountable. There are no organizations considered to be component units of the District. The District is an independent political subdivision of the state of Minnesota.

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The District was incorporated in 1930 and serves a portion of seven suburban communities within Ramsey County and Washington County, located along the eastern edge of the Minneapolis/St. Paul metropolitan area. The District encompasses all or part of the communities of Lake Elmo, Landfall, Maplewood, North St. Paul, Oakdale, Pine Springs, and Woodbury.

Housed within district boundaries are 9 private schools and 1 charter school, which account for a total enrollment of approximately 2,000 students. The private schools receive their funding from tuition and minimal per pupil funding from the state, whereas the charter school is recognized as a Minnesota public school and is funded by the state. Although separate legal entities, the District is the flow-through fiscal host for state aid to the private schools and is required by state statutes to provide transportation to private and charter school students who reside within the District boundaries.

The District's governing body is the School Board, consisting of seven members. School Board members are elected at large to serve four-year terms of office. Elections are held annually on the first Tuesday in November. The Superintendent of Schools is the Chief Administrative Officer and is appointed by the School Board.

Programs and Services

The District provides a full range of public education services appropriate to grade levels, ranging from pre-kindergarten through Grade 12. These include regular and enriched academic programs, special education programs, and career/vocational education. Food service and transportation are provided as supporting programs. The community education program in the District includes early childhood and family education programs, an adult basic education program, and a variety of classes for lifelong learning experiences for children and adults.

Student Enrollment

The District enrolled 10,636 students (average daily membership) in 2018–2019 from a population of 79,394 people residing in a 43-square mile area. In terms of the number of students, the District is Minnesota's 13th largest school district.

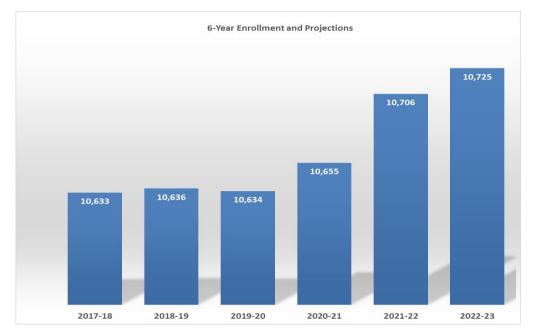
The District has an increasingly diverse population of students with a variety of needs. For the 2018–2019 school year, 36.1 percent of our students were white, 21.8 percent were of Asian descent, 19.0 percent of the District's student population were black, Hispanic students totaled 14.0 percent, 7.8 percent were multi-racial and American Indian, and Hawaiian/PI students totaled 1.3 percent.

In 2018–2019, 56.3 percent of our students qualified to receive free or reduced-price meals, this compared to a fall 2018 Minnesota average of 36.4 percent.

The District continues to support a learning environment that lets students and staff develop to their fullest potential. All students, staff, and families are welcomed no matter what their background or beliefs. Our staff empowers and enables all students to learn and achieve their best outcomes. The District proudly boasts a significantly smaller racial achievement gap when compared to other districts statewide.

Five-Year Enrollment and Projections

After a slight increase in enrollment from 2017–2018, the District's enrollment is expected to remain constant for 2019–2020, and then a slight increase of approximately 100 students over the next few years. With the District implementing a new Facilities Plan, and a planned increase in new housing developments over the next few years, the District could actually see a much greater increase in student enrollment.



District Schools and Facilities

During the 2018–2019 school year, the District operated 18 school buildings: an Early Childhood Learning Center, 2 comprehensive (Grades 9–12) high schools, 3 middle schools (Grades 6–8), 9 elementary schools (Pre-K through Grade 5), 1 school (Kindergarten through Grade 12) for students with special needs and adult basic education, 1 school (Post-Grade 12) for a special needs transition program, and 1 learning center dedicated to senior learning and early childhood education students. In addition to learning spaces, the District also operates 2 ice arenas, a District Education Center, and a Transportation Center.

The average age of the District's facilities is over 43 years; the District qualifies for long-term facilities maintenance funding, and has been levying approximately \$8 million per year to maintain our existing buildings and extending the useful life of the assets. The District will also use other resources, such as operating capital, long-term facilities maintenance revenue, lease levy revenue, and abatement revenue to renovate or expand its buildings.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The District's financial statements have been audited by Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosevich & Co., P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified (clean) opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the District was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the District's audited internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. The District is also required to undergo an annual Minnesota state legal compliance audit under Minnesota Statutes § 6.65. These reports are available in a separate document.

FINANCIAL AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

All financial transactions of the District are accounted for in specific funds. The accounting system provides for complete, self-balancing accounts for each fund of the District. The system provides budgetary control for the activities of all of the District's governmental funds, thereby ensuring legal compliance. Debt service requirements and project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund. The system also provides budgetary control at the sub-function level by encumbrance of estimated purchase amounts prior to the release of purchase orders to vendors.

LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

According to the Minnesota Department of Management and Budget, the economic data has been mostly positive. Minnesota's overall economy has been somewhat affected by the overall fiscal policy which fueled growth forecasted to begin in 2018, as well as the general positive feel from the U.S. market outlook. The GDP growth for 2020 is projected at 2.1 percent, with anticipated increase in real consumer spending and business capital purchases. However, this trend is expected to slow down in the next biennium.

Job growth has remained widespread, with gains in education and health services, retail and financial services, and the construction industry. This broad-based job growth helped to push down the state's jobless rate in October 2019 to 2.8 percent, which remains below the U.S. rate of 3.9 percent.

The state's recent budget forecast indicates that fiscal years 2019–2020 budget surplus will be \$563 million, mainly due to an anticipated increase in individual income tax and sales tax receipts. Stronger corporate profit growth translates to increases in corporate tax receipts. The state is anticipating that this trend will continue through fiscal years 2020–2021, and then slow down during the next biennium.

The District boundaries are served by two counties, Washington and Ramsey. According to census information from the Washington County website, the county continued to experience growth, increasing 8.9 percent since 2010. Washington County's estimated population in 2018 was 259,201, making it the fifth largest county in the state of Minnesota. According to the Metropolitan Council, as reported on the county's website, Washington County's population is expected to continue to grow. By the year 2040, the county's population is projected to increase to 330,200.

According to census information from the Ramsey County website, it also has experienced growth, which increased 8.2 percent since 2010. Ramsey County's estimated population in 2018 was 550,210, making it the second largest county in Minnesota. By the year 2040, the county's population is projected to increase to 595,220.

The District's population has grown from 75,984 in 2010 to 79,394 in 2019. This represents more than a 4.5 percent increase.

Source data from the U.S. Census Bureau shows that the median household income in 2018 for Washington County was \$89,598 and Ramsey County \$60,301, as compared to \$65,699 for the state of Minnesota. Source data from the U.S. Census Bureau shows that the per capita income in 2018 for Washington County was \$41,591 and for Ramsey County \$32,544, while the state of Minnesota was \$34,712.

Source data from the 2018 U.S. Census Bureau, as reported on the counties website, shows that 4.2 percent of Washington County's and 14.0 percent of Ramsey County's family population was below the federal poverty level.

The state of Minnesota assumes major responsibility for funding public education. In the District, approximately 20.6 percent of our General Fund revenues are generated locally from property taxes, 74.4 percent from state aids, 3.0 percent from federal aids, and miscellaneous income made up the remaining 2.0 percent.

Reliance on the state for the majority of its operating revenues places the District in the position of being dependent on state-wide economic conditions that drive state tax collections. The 2018 Legislature has provided some increase to the basic general education formula allowance and other categorical funding for the 2018–2019 school year. However, the 2 percent formula allowance increase does not keep pace with general inflation and the rising cost of providing quality education to all our students. The District will continue to respond to this challenge by curtailing expenditures when possible and is committed to engage staff and community members in future budget discussions and to consider other options for increasing revenues and containing growth.

DISTRICT MISSION AND STRATEGIC PLAN

In spring 2016, the District convened a task force to develop a vision for education that will guide district goals for the next five years. The task force included parents, staff, School Board members, and a variety of leaders from the business, civic, and faith communities. Task force members had informational meetings to establish a shared base of knowledge about district enrollment and demographics, school finance, teaching and learning, community and partnerships, educational trends, and innovation. These informational meetings, led by a facilitator, were followed by planning meetings where the task force members developed mission outcomes for the District and four strategies for the future. The School Board approved the plan in December 2016. A brief summary of the plan is listed below.

Mission Statement: We commit each day to develop and empower lifelong learners who thrive in diverse communities.

Core Values: We believe that:

- Strong communities are inclusive and value diversity.
- Trust and transparency are essential to healthy and enduring relationships.
- Continuous learning and service to others are imperative to individual and community progress.
- Individuals learn and thrive through connections in a safe, caring, and supportive environment.
- Every individual has incredible potential and equal intrinsic value.
- ✤ High expectations with appropriate supports result in growth.
- School, family, and community partnerships enhance and support learning.

Strategies:

- Strategy One We will engage our internal and external community to help us achieve our mission and mission outcomes.
- Strategy Two We will develop and enhance community partnerships that support our mission and align with our core values.
- Strategy Three We will develop and enhance programs and practices that ensure engagement of our diverse learners to achieve our mission outcomes.
- ✤ Strategy Four We will build competitive 622 E-12 pathways that prepare all students for post-secondary.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from theft, misuse, or losses and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and Minnesota Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards.

The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and 2) the valuation of the costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

In addition, the District has also adopted the following policies to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the School Board:

- Fund Balance Policy Requires the District to maintain an undesignated fund balance of 8–10 percent of the expenditure budget.
- **Budget Policy** Establishes a guideline for allocation of District resources.
- Personnel Staffing Guidelines Personnel costs represent over 80 percent of General Fund expenditures. These guidelines, which set the staffing allocation for every allocated position in the District, are updated each February by the administration and the School Board.

The District's budget process is based, first, on development of a budget projection model that attempts to project resources and expenses over a multiple year period. The budget projection is used by the School Board and the administration to determine budget parameters and staffing guidelines. Second, the budget adopted in June is based upon the personnel staffing guidelines approved by the School Board and preparation of the nonpersonnel budget by school and department administrators, in accordance with School Board-approved budget parameters. The School Board resolution adopting the budget in June also includes a provision directing the administration to update the budget in January. This final budget reflects the District's actual enrollment count on December 31, the actual staff hired, and other dynamics such as employee contract settlements.

The level of budgetary control is at the fund level. However, in the General Fund; operating, special education, pupil transportation, capital expenditure, and quality compensation are maintained as separate internal accounts for budgeting purposes. The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one method of maintaining budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end. However, outstanding encumbrances generally are reappropriated as part of the following year's budget.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the District continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Facilities Plan

The District updated its 10-year Long-Term Facilities Maintenance Plan to incorporate \$60 million in projects beginning in June 2018 through fiscal year 2019–2020. These projects include the renovation of Castle Elementary for \$23 million and the renovation of Richardson Elementary for \$25 million, which will complete Phase 1 in the Facilities Plan. These projects are being accomplished with non-voter approved funding.

On May 14, 2019, District voters approved a building bond referendum for a total of \$275 million. The approved referendum provides the District with the opportunity to expand, remodel, and build new schools in the District. These voter-approved dollars combined with long-term facilities maintenance bonds, will fund Phase 2 through Phase 4 of the Facilities Plan.

Phase 2 of the Facilities Plan began in the spring of 2019 and includes a \$110 million renovation of Carver Elementary and John Glenn Middle. The \$115 million Phase 3 of the Facilities Plan begins in the fall of 2019, and includes the renovation of Skyview Middle and the construction of two new elementary schools. Phase 4 of the Facilities Plan will include the renovation of both of the District's high schools.

The Facilities Plan will emphasize and include the following points during construction.

- Modify entrances at all schools to better control visitor access
- Upgrade security equipment at all schools
- Site improvements to improve pedestrian and traffic safety
- Replacement of worn-out student furniture
- Improvements to meet district standards for improved learning spaces

Other Initiatives

The District began an initiative to improve and reduce its energy consumption with planned changes in behaviors, systems, and operations. During fiscal year 2018–2019, the District saw a financial impact of \$225,000 in cost avoidance.

The District adopted a comprehensive Strategic Plan for 2017–2022, developed by the School Board, district staff, and various members in the community.

CERTIFICATE OF EXCELLENCE

This report will be submitted to the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) International for consideration for the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.

The District received the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting from ASBO International for excellence in the preparation and issuance of the District's CAFR for the year ended June 30, 2018. It is the first year the District has received the award, which was earned by fewer than 10 percent of all school districts in the state.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The preparation of this CAFR in a timely manner would not be possible without the assistance of the entire Business Department staff. I would like to particularly thank our Finance Supervisor, Janet Doman, Accounting Coordinator, Travis Byrne, Accounting Specialist, Jodi Schmidt, and Executive Administrative Assistant, Jo McCabe.

I would also like to thank the members of the School Board and the administrative cabinet for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the District in a fiscally responsible and progressive manner.

Respectfully submitted,

Randy Anderson Director of Business

				Superintendent		Assistant to Superintender	Assistant to School Board & Superintendent - Kim Cavallaro
				Osorio		622 Receptionis	622 Receptionist - Donna Schaefer
					_		
Н	Communicatior Innov	Communications & Technology Innovation	Assistant Superintendent Secondary	Assistant Superintendent Elementary	Community Education	Operations and Finance	Student Services
Julie Coffey	Josh Ai	Josh Anderson	Lisa Sayles- Adams	Troy Miller	Terri Johnson	Randy Anderson	Tricia St. Michaels
Hiring	Communications	Instructional Technology	Supervision of Secondary Principals	Supervision of Elementary Principals	ECFE	Business/Finance	Special Education
Recruitment	Social Media	Information Services	Secondary Curriculum, MTSS, Pathways & AVID	School Safety & School Resource Officers	Early Childhood Screening	Payroll	504
Benefits	Public Relations	Network Support	Educational Equity	Crisis Response	Preschool	Facilities	ELL
LOA	Marketing	Technical Support	College and Career	Student Enrollment	Adventure Connection	Transportation	Mental Health
Employee Wellness	Media Relations		High Potential	Elementary Curriculum, MTSS, Federal Programs	Youth and Adult Enrichment	Nutrition Services	Speech
Well-at-Work Clinic			On-Line Learning/ALC	Partnerships	Driver Education	Procurement	Social Work
Union Relations			Principal on Special Assignment	Research, Evaluation and Assessment	Adult Basic Education	Operations and Maintenance	Psychologists
Workers Compensation			Secondary Staff Development	High Potential	Aquatics	Arenas	Next Step Transition
				Elementary Staff Development	Senior Citizens		ECSE
					Meals on Wheels		DAPE
					Facility Use		Health Services
					Homeschool		Care and Treatment
					Non-Public Schools		Targeted Services
							Harmony
							Title IX

School Board and Administration as of June 30, 2019

SCHOOL BOARD

Position

Chairperson Vice Chairperson Treasurer Clerk Director Director Director

ADMINISTRATION

Christine Osorio Kim Cavallaro Troy Miller Lisa Sayles-Adams Josh Anderson Julie Coffey Terri Johnson Randy Anderson Tricia St. Michaels

Michelle Yener

Caleb Anderson

Theresa Augé

Steve Hunt

Ben Jarman

Becky Neve

Nancy Livingston

Superintendent of Schools Assistant to Superintendent Assistant Superintendent Director of Communications and Technology Innovation Director of Human Resources Director of Community Education Director of Business Services Director of Student Services

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The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

North St. Paul - Maplewood -Oakdale Schools, ISD 622

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018.

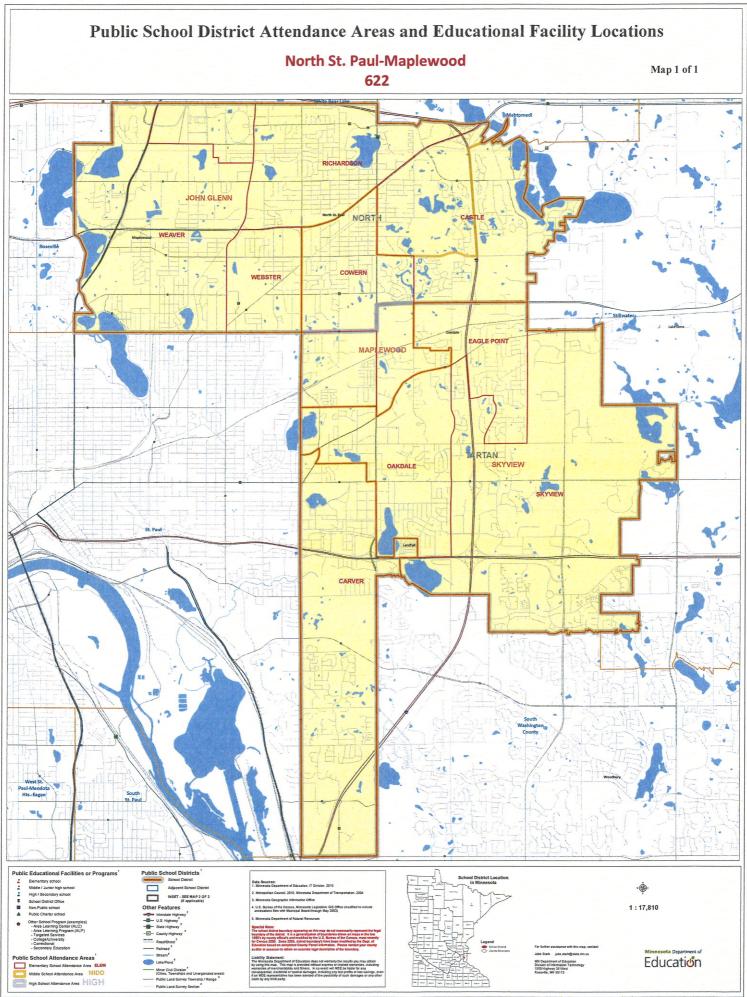
The CAFR meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.



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Tom Wohlleber, CSRM President

David J. Lewis Executive Director



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Section II

FINANCIAL



Ready for tomorrow



PRINCIPALS Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA Paul A. Radosevich, CPA William J. Lauer, CPA James H. Eichten, CPA Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA Victoria L. Holinka, CPA/CMA Jaclyn M. Huegel, CPA Kalen T. Karnowski, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board and Management of Independent School District No. 622 North St. Paul – Maplewood – Oakdale, Minnesota

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 622 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

(continued)

OPINIONS

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to on the previous page present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information (RSI), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplemental information, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Prior Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the District's 2018 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated December 11, 2018. In our opinion, the partial comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2019 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosenich & Co., P.A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota December 5, 2019

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Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

This section of Independent School District No. 622's (the District) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the other components of the District's CAFR.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2019 by \$70,138,204 (net position deficit). The District's total net position increased by \$50,522,979 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This increase is mostly related to changes in net pension related deferred inflows, deferred outflows, and liabilities in the state-wide pension plans the District participants in.
- Government-wide revenues totaled \$184,123,196 and were \$50,522,979 more than expenses of \$133,600,217.
- The General Fund's total fund balance (under governmental fund presentation) increased \$6,840,568 from the prior year, compared to a \$3,736,465 increase planned in the budget.
- General Fund unassigned fund balance (excluding restricted account deficits) increased from 10.3 percent to 13.1 percent of expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the CAFR consists of the following parts:

- Independent Auditor's Report;
- MD&A;
- Basic financial statements, including the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements;
- Required supplementary information; and
- Supplemental information consisting of combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

The following explains the two types of statements included in the basic financial statements:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes *all* of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, except for the fiduciary funds. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid. The two government-wide financial statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District requires consideration of additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are all shown in one category titled "governmental activities." These activities, including regular and special education instruction, transportation, administration, food services, and community education, are primarily financed with state aids and property taxes.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, rather than the District as a whole. Funds (Food Service and Community Service Special Revenue) that do not meet the threshold to be classified as major funds are called "nonmajor" funds. Detailed financial information for nonmajor funds can be found in the supplemental information section.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. For Minnesota schools, funds are established in accordance with Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards in accordance with statutory requirements and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The District maintains the following kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on: 1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide financial statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental fund financial statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

Proprietary Funds – The District maintains one type of proprietary fund. The Internal Service Fund is used as an accounting device to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses its Internal Service Fund to account for the self-insurance activities of the District employees' medical claims. These services have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others. We exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table 1 is a summarized view of the District's Statement of Net Position:

Summary Staten	uble 1 nent of Net Position , 2019 and 2018		
		2019	 2018
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$	149,617,037	\$ 91,459,656
Capital assets, net of depreciation		139,997,535	 117,042,307
Total assets	\$	289,614,572	\$ 208,501,963
Deferred outflows of resources			
Bond refunding deferments	\$	182,918	\$ 203,242
OPEB plan deferments		984,682	126,600
Pension plan deferments		96,439,566	 129,046,457
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	97,607,166	\$ 129,376,299
Liabilities			
Current and other liabilities	\$	22,023,750	\$ 9,860,596
Long-term liabilities		256,572,286	 355,497,485
Total liabilities	\$	278,596,036	\$ 365,358,081
Deferred inflows of resources			
Bond refunding deferments	\$	704,051	\$ 792,057
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		45,156,351	44,524,076
OPEB plan deferments		3,756,049	4,225,556
Pension plan deferments		129,147,455	 43,639,675
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	178,763,906	\$ 93,181,364
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	\$	54,284,456	\$ 42,479,174
Restricted		18,041,164	17,937,368
Unrestricted		(142,463,824)	 (181,077,725)
Total net position	\$	(70,138,204)	\$ (120,661,183)

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. For example, the determination of the District's net investment in capital assets involves many assumptions and estimates, such as current and accumulated depreciation amounts. A conservative versus liberal approach to depreciation estimates, as well as capitalization policies, will produce a significant difference in the calculated amounts. The other major factors in determining net position as compared to fund balances are the liabilities for long-term severance, compensated absences, pension, and other post-employment benefits, which impacts the unrestricted portion of net position.

The District's increase in net investment in capital assets is due to the District repaying debt at a faster rate than the assets being depreciated and capital assets financed with the "pay-as-you-go" long-term facilities maintenance levy. The increase in net position restricted for capital asset acquisition, food service, and other state funding restrictions contributed to the growth in the restricted portion of net position. Changes in the District's share of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) pension plans contributed to the change in deferred outflows of resources, long-term liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and unrestricted net position.

The significant increase in current and other assets is due to bonds issued for future construction. The increase in capital assets is due to projects in Phase 1 of the District-Wide Facilities Plan.

Table 2Summary Statement of Activitiesfor the Years Ended June 30, 2019 and 2018					
	2019	2018			
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 6,191,324	\$ 6,307,590			
Operating grants and contributions	34,362,400	31,322,826			
General revenues					
Property taxes	47,837,732	47,652,265			
General grants and aids	92,067,945	94,724,709			
Other	3,663,795	3,641,024			
Total revenues	184,123,196	183,648,414			
Expenses					
Administration	4,423,233	7,433,391			
District support services	6,907,285	5,236,940			
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	42,145,810	78,793,770			
Vocational education instruction	1,993,449	3,610,472			
Special education instruction	22,991,502	34,039,463			
Instructional support services	4,192,984	9,479,409			
Pupil support services	11,520,302	13,398,446			
Sites and buildings	12,677,451	13,438,257			
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	579,213	489,040			
Food service	6,646,397	6,459,417			
Community service	9,504,655	9,925,090			
Depreciation not included in other					
functions (excludes amounts directly allocated)	4,703,063	4,442,365			
Interest and fiscal charges	5,314,873	2,518,357			
Total expenses	133,600,217	189,264,417			
Change in net position	50,522,979	(5,616,003)			
Net position – beginning	(120,661,183)	(115,045,180)			
Net position – ending	\$ (70,138,204)	\$ (120,661,183)			

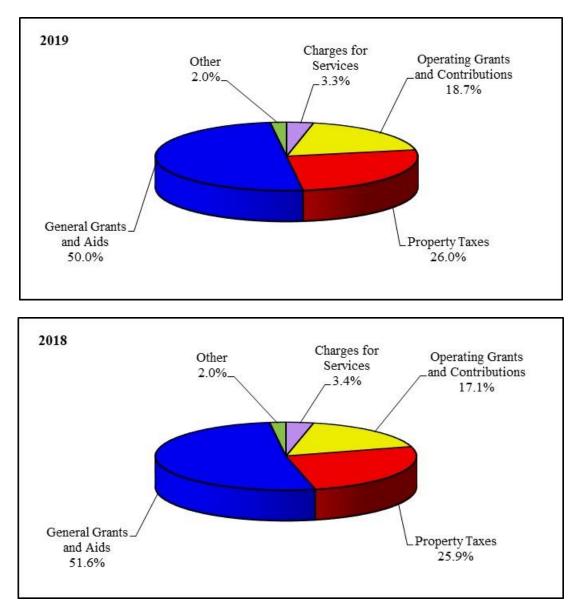
Table 2 presents a condensed version of the Statement of Activities of the District:

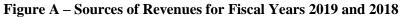
This statement is presented on an accrual basis of accounting, and it includes all of the governmental activities of the District. This statement includes depreciation expense, but excludes capital asset purchase costs, debt proceeds, and the repayment of debt principal.

Revenue increases during fiscal 2019 include a 2 percent increase in the basic general education formula.

The reduction in general grants and aids and significant decrease in expenses reflects the change in the PERA and the TRA multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans mentioned earlier.

Figure A shows further analysis of these revenue sources:





The largest share of the District's revenue is received from the state, including the basic general education aid and most of the operating grants.

Property taxes are the next largest source of funding. The level of funding property tax sources provide is not only dependent on taxpayers of the District by way of operating and building referenda, but also by decisions made by the Legislature in the mix of state aid and local effort in a variety of funding formulas.

Figure B shows further analysis of these expense functions:

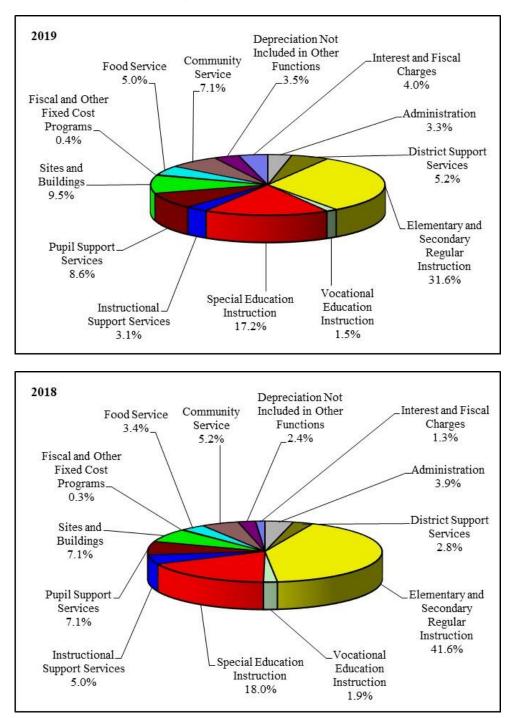


Figure B – Expenses for Fiscal Years 2019 and 2018

The District's expenses are predominately related to educating students. Programs (or functions) such as elementary and secondary regular instruction, vocational education instruction, special education instruction, and instructional support services are directly related to classroom instruction, while the rest of the programs support instruction and other necessary costs to operate the District.

The significant year-to-year change in the percentage of expenses incurred in several program areas shown above was attributable to the change in expenses related to the two state-wide pension plans, which caused greater fluctuations in program areas with a higher proportion of salaries.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is also reflected in its governmental funds. Table 3 shows the change in total fund balances of each of the District's governmental funds:

Table 3Governmental Fund Balancesas of June 30, 2019 and 2018							
	2019	2018	Increase (Decrease)				
Major funds							
General	\$ 32,280,838	\$ 25,440,270	\$ 6,840,568				
Capital Projects – Building Construction	40,189,225	(762,614)	40,951,839				
Debt Service							
Regular	2,592,721	2,536,461	56,260				
OPEB	572,826	552,151	20,675				
Nonmajor funds							
Food Service Special Revenue	1,683,321	1,476,401	206,920				
Community Service Special Revenue	3,294,150	3,575,241	(281,091)				
Total governmental funds	\$ 80,613,081	\$ 32,817,910	\$ 47,795,171				

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use, as they represent the portion of fund balance that has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the District itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the District's School Board.

At June 30, 2019, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$80,613,081, an increase of \$47,795,171 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$19,439,417 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either not in spendable form totaling \$587,194, or restricted for particular purposes totaling \$60,586,470.

Changes in the table above are discussed on the following pages.

ANALYSIS OF THE GENERAL FUND

Table 4 summarizes the amendments to the General Fund budget:

	G	Table 4 eneral Fund Budget		
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Revenue and other financing sources	\$ 150,916,334	\$ 153,282,771	\$ 2,366,437	1.6%
Expenditures	\$ 148,794,988	\$ 149,546,306	\$ 751,318	0.5%

The District is required to adopt an operating budget prior to the beginning of its fiscal year, referred to above as the original budget. During the year, the District amends the budget for known changes in circumstances such as enrollment levels, legislative funding, and employee contract settlements.

Table 5 summarizes the operating results of the General Fund:

Table 5 General Fund Operating Results							
		Over (Un Final Buc		Over (Un Prior Ye			
	2019 Actual	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent		
Revenue	\$154,397,869	\$ 1,968,705	1.3%	\$ 1,331,949	0.9%		
Expenditures	148,428,870	(1,117,436)	(0.7%)	5,235,310	3.7%		
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	5,968,999	3,086,141		(3,903,361)			
Other financing sources	871,569	17,962		856,696			
Net change in fund balances	\$ 6,840,568	\$ 3,104,103		\$ (3,046,665)			

The fund balance of the General Fund increased \$6,840,568 from the prior year, compared to a \$3,736,465 increase planned in the budget.

General Fund revenues were 1.3 percent over budget, primarily due to state special education aid and general education aid. The revenue growth over the prior year was due to an increase in state special education aid and a 2.0 percent increase in the basic general education formula.

General Fund expenditures were 0.7 percent under budget, primarily due to the District budgeting conservatively for salaries in the current year. Expenditures increased from the prior year, due to contractual salary and benefit increases and the accounting for special education tuition billing.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES IN OTHER FUNDS

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund

The Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities as authorized by the District's long-term facilities maintenance levy as approved by the Minnesota Department of Education. This fund ended the year with a fund balance increase of \$40,951,839, due to the issuance of \$44,885,000 General Obligation Facilities Maintenance Bonds, \$6,040,000 General Obligation Capital Facilities and Tax Abatement Bonds, and \$9,405,000 Certificates of Participation. At June 30, 2019, this fund had a fund balance of \$40,189,225 restricted for projects funded by certificates of participation (\$3,917,981), long-term facilities maintenance (\$32,612,005), and capital projects (\$3,659,239) for future construction in accordance with the District's Facilities Plan.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures and other financing uses by \$76,935 in the current year. The funding of the Debt Service Fund is largely controlled with each individual debt obligation's financing plan. The District issued \$17,515,000 of refunding bonds that were used to refund outstanding debt in the current year in order to reduce future debt service costs for district taxpayers. The remaining fund balance of \$3,165,547 at June 30, 2019 is available for meeting future debt service obligations.

Other Governmental Funds

The Food Service Special Revenue Fund ended the year with revenues exceeding expenditures, increasing equity by \$206,920, compared to a planned fund balance decrease of \$215,526. Revenues were \$321,611 more than anticipated in the budget, mainly in federal reimbursements, due to the expansion of a supper program at various schools. Expenditures were \$100,835 less than expected, mainly in capital outlay. As of June 30, 2019, the fund balance increased to 24.9 percent of expenditures.

The Community Service Special Revenue Fund ended the year with expenditures exceeding revenues, decreasing equity by \$281,091, compared to a planned fund balance decrease of \$387,800. Revenues exceeded budget by \$328,053, due to expanded programs and offerings, while expenditures ended the year \$221,344 over budget, due to increased salaries to support the expanded programs and offerings. As of June 30, 2019, the fund balance decreased to 31.5 percent of expenditures.

Internal Service Fund

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency of a government to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District currently maintains one Internal Service Fund, which is used to account for the District's self-insured health insurance activities.

Operating revenues for the Internal Service Fund for fiscal 2019 totaled \$17,691,095, while operating expenses totaled \$18,914,442.

The net position for the Internal Service Fund as of June 30, 2019 was \$4,305,877, which represents a \$1,120,237 decrease from the prior year. This decrease is a direct result of medical expenses being higher than insurance premiums. As of June 30, 2019, the net position represents 22.8 percent of operating expenses.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

Table 6 shows the District's capital assets, together with changes from the previous year. The table also shows the total depreciation expense for fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

	Table 6 Capital Assets		
	2019	2018	Change
Land	\$ 19,577,877	\$ 19,577,877	\$ -
Construction in progress	23,120,257	1,422,242	21,698,015
Land improvements	11,009,255	10,382,466	626,789
Buildings and improvements	162,651,413	158,577,668	4,073,745
Furniture and equipment	22,031,408	20,176,146	1,855,262
Less accumulated depreciation	(98,392,675)	(93,094,092)	(5,298,583)
Total	\$ 139,997,535	\$ 117,042,307	\$ 22,955,228
Depreciation expense	\$ 6,043,637	\$ 5,612,537	\$ 431,100

By the end of 2019, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, and other equipment for various instructional programs (see Table 6).

The changes presented in the table above reflect the ongoing activity and completion of projects at district sites during fiscal year 2019, consistent with the activity of the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund discussed on the previous page.

The District defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, which benefit more than one fiscal year.

Additional details about capital assets can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

Table 7 illustrates the components of the District's long-term liabilities, together with the change from the prior year:

Table 7 Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities							
	2019	2018	Change				
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 121,610,000	\$ 81,155,000	\$ 40,455,000				
Certificates of participation payable	10,780,000	2,290,000	8,490,000				
Premium (discount) on bonds payable							
and certificates of participation payable	5,319,827	4,874,531	445,296				
Capital lease payable	1,656,344	1,204,215	452,129				
Net/total pension liability	87,168,022	237,060,618	(149,892,596)				
Net OPEB liability	25,375,348	24,563,884	811,464				
Severance benefits payable	3,136,258	2,885,754	250,504				
Compensated absences payable	1,526,487	1,463,483	63,004				
Total	\$ 256,572,286	\$ 355,497,485	\$ (98,925,199)				

The increase in general obligation bonds payable, certificates of participation payable, premium/discount, and capital lease payable is due to the issuance of general obligations bonds, certificates of participation, and capital leases during fiscal year 2019.

The decrease in the pension liability for the District is due to the change in the District's proportionate share of the state-wide PERA and TRA pension plan liabilities. The decrease in the District's proportionate share of the state-wide pension liability was caused by several changes in actuarial assumptions used to determine the pension liability, including a change in the assumed discount rate for the TRA pension plan, which increased from 5.12 percent to 7.50 percent in the most recent actuarial valuation.

The state limits the amount of general obligation debt the District can issue to 15 percent of the market value of all taxable property within the District's corporate limits (see Table 8).

Table Limitations	-
District's market value Limit rate	\$ 8,533,938,800 15.0%
Legal debt limit	\$ 1,280,090,820

Additional details of the District's long-term debt activity can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

With the exception of the voter-approved operating referendum, the District is dependent on the state of Minnesota for a majority of its revenue authority.

The general education program is the method by which school districts receive the majority of their financial support. This source of funding is primarily state aid and, as such, school districts rely heavily on the state of Minnesota for educational resources. The Legislature has added \$126, or 2 percent, per pupil to the basic general education funding formula for fiscal year 2020, and an additional \$129, or 2 percent, per pupil to the formula for fiscal year 2021.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This CAFR is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the resources it receives and utilizes. If you have questions about these statements, or need additional information, please contact Randy Anderson, Director of Business Services, Independent School District No. 622, 2520 – East 12th Avenue, North St. Paul, Minnesota 55109. Randy Anderson may also be reached by telephone at (651) 748-7511.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2019

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2018)

	Government	al Activities	
	2019	2018	
	2017	2010	
Assets			
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 96,153,729	\$ 46,350,092	
Receivables			
Current taxes	27,191,850	26,696,228	
Delinquent taxes	523,174	416,472	
Accounts and interest	744,664	318,277	
Due from other governmental units	17,018,872	17,232,918	
Inventory	436,579	397,342	
Prepaid items	150,615	48,327	
Restricted assets - temporarily restricted			
Cash and investments for capital asset acquisition	7,329,499	_	
Interest receivable for capital asset acquisition	68,055	-	
Total restricted assets - temporarily restricted	7,397,554	-	
Capital assets			
Not depreciated	42,698,134	21,000,119	
Depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	97,299,401	96,042,188	
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	139,997,535	117,042,307	
		· · · ·	
Total assets	289,614,572	208,501,963	
Deferred outflows of resources			
Bond refunding deferments	182,918	203,242	
OPEB plan deferments	984,682	126,600	
Pension plan deferments	96,439,566	129,046,457	
Total deferred outflows of resources	97,607,166	129,376,299	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 387,221,738	\$ 337,878,262	
Liabilities			
Salaries payable	\$ 663,305	\$ 692,334	
Accounts and contracts payable	15,907,267	5,020,122	
Accrued interest payable	2,938,027	1,518,034	
Due to other governmental units	2,061,877	2,120,184	
Unearned revenue	453,274	509,922	
Long-term liabilities			
Due within one year	13,741,684	13,006,881	
Due in more than one year	242,830,602	342,490,604	
Total long-term liabilities	256,572,286	355,497,485	
Total liabilities	278 506 026	265 259 091	
1 otal nabinnes	278,596,036	365,358,081	
Deferred inflows of resources			
Bond refunding deferments	704,051	792,057	
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	45,156,351	44,524,076	
OPEB plan deferments	3,756,049	4,225,556	
Pension plan deferments	129,147,455	43,639,675	
Total deferred inflows of resources	178,763,906	93,181,364	
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	54,284,456	42,479,174	
Restricted for			
Capital asset acquisition	9,101,239	8,419,874	
Debt service	376,095	1,704,159	
Food service	1,683,321	1,476,401	
Community service	3,308,442	3,589,486	
Other purposes (state funding restrictions)	3,572,067	2,747,448	
Unrestricted	(142,463,824)	(181,077,725)	
Total net position	(70,138,204)	(120,661,183)	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 387,221,738	\$ 337,878,262	

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2018)

				Program	Reven	ues
Functions/Programs		Expenses	C	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities						
Administration	\$	4,423,233	\$	_	\$	_
District support services		6,907,285		_		_
Elementary and secondary regular instruction		42,145,810		452,147		2,409,947
Vocational education instruction		1,993,449		_		32,148
Special education instruction		22,991,502		636,686		20,863,563
Instructional support services		4,192,984		_		21,833
Pupil support services		11,520,302		14,675		313,185
Sites and buildings		12,677,451		28,391		_
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs		579,213		_		_
Food service		6,646,397		1,992,335		4,955,031
Community service		9,504,655		3,067,090		5,766,693
Depreciation not included in other						
functions (excludes amounts directly allocated)		4,703,063		_		_
Interest and fiscal charges		5,314,873				_
Total governmental activities	\$	133,600,217	\$	6,191,324	\$	34,362,400

Taxes

Property taxes levied for general purposes Property taxes levied for capital projects Property taxes levied for community service Property taxes levied for debt service General grants and aids Other general revenues Investment earnings Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position – beginning

Net position - ending

		2018
1	Net (Expense)	Net (Expense)
	Revenue and	Revenue and
	Changes in	Changes in
	Net Position	Net Position
	~ .	~ .
(Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
\$	(4,423,233)	\$ (7,433,391)
	(6,907,285)	(5,236,940)
	(39,283,716)	(75,594,757)
	(1,961,301)	(3,577,502)
	(1,491,253)	(15,089,809)
	(4,171,151)	(9,435,885)
	(11,192,442)	(13,038,494)
	(12,649,060)	(13,409,866)
	(579,213)	(489,040)
	300,969	201,687
	(670,872)	(1,569,282)
	(4,703,063)	(4,442,365)
	(5,314,873)	(2,518,357)
	(3,314,073)	(2,310,337)
	(93,046,493)	(151,634,001)
	31,837,809	32,998,727
	2,016,746	_
	1,224,887	1,465,393
	12,758,290	13,188,145
	92,067,945	94,724,709
	1,360,208	3,069,617
	2,303,587	571,407
	143,569,472	146,017,998
	50,522,979	(5,616,003)
	(120,661,183)	(115,045,180)
\$	(70,138,204)	\$ (120,661,183)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2019 (With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2018)

	G	eneral Fund	-	Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund		Debt ervice Fund
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	29,003,142	\$	45,407,517	\$	10,021,563
Cash and investments held by trustee		_		7,329,499		_
Receivables						
Current taxes		17,563,165		_		8,966,270
Delinquent taxes		338,709		-		168,181
Accounts and interest		89,055		632,893		_
Due from other governmental units		15,949,498		-		82,693
Inventory		23,396		-		-
Prepaid items		144,719		_		_
Total assets	\$	63,111,684	\$ 53,369,909		\$	19,238,707
Liabilities						
Salaries payable	\$	523,144	\$	_	\$	_
Accounts and contracts payable		901,579		13,180,684		_
Due to other governmental units		1,057,704		_		_
Unearned revenue		_		_		_
Total liabilities		2,482,427		13,180,684		_
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		293,138		_		148,575
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		28,055,281		_		15,924,585
Total deferred inflows of resources		28,348,419		_		16,073,160
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		168,115		_		_
Restricted		12,673,306		40,189,225		3,165,547
Unassigned		19,439,417		_		_
Total fund balances		32,280,838		40,189,225		3,165,547
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	63,111,684	\$	53,369,909	\$	19,238,707

		Total Govern	nmental Funds				
Nor	nmajor Funds	 2019		2018			
\$	5,747,740	\$ 90,179,962	\$	39,693,142			
	_	7,329,499		_			
	662,415	27,191,850		26,696,228			
	16,284	523,174		416,472			
	90,771	812,719		318,277			
	986,681	17,018,872		17,232,918			
	413,183	436,579		397,342			
	5,896	150,615		48,327			
\$	7,922,970	\$ 143,643,270	\$	84,802,706			
\$	140,161	\$ 663,305	\$	692,334			
	157,114	14,239,377		3,789,286			
	1,004,173	2,061,877		2,120,184			
	453,274	453,274		509,922			
	1,754,722	17,417,833		7,111,726			
	14,292	456,005		348,994			
	1,176,485	45,156,351		44,524,076			
	1,190,777	45,612,356		44,873,070			
	419,079	587,194		445,669			
	4,558,392	60,586,470		18,929,115			
	_	19,439,417		13,443,126			
	4,977,471	 80,613,081		32,817,910			
\$	7,922,970	\$ 143,643,270	\$	84,802,706			

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Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2019 (With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2018)

	 2019	 2018
Total fund balances – governmental funds	\$ 80,613,081	\$ 32,817,910
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances because they do not represent financial resources.		
Cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	238,390,210 (98,392,675)	210,136,399 (93,094,092)
Long-term liabilities are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances until due and payable. Debt issuance premiums and discounts are excluded from net position until amortized, but are included in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.		
General obligation bonds payable	(121,610,000)	(81,155,000)
Certificates of participation payable	(10,780,000)	(2,290,000)
Premiums and discounts on debt	(5,319,827)	(4,874,531)
Capital leases payable	(1,656,344)	(1,204,215)
Net/total pension liability	(87,168,022)	(237,060,618)
Net OPEB liability	(25,375,348)	(24,563,884)
Severance benefits payable	(3,136,258)	(2,885,754)
Compensated absences payable	(1,526,487)	(1,463,483)
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is included in net position, but is		
excluded from fund balances until due and payable.	(2,938,027)	(1,518,034)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service		
Fund is included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	4,305,877	5,426,114
The recognition of certain revenues and expenses/expenditures differ between the full accrual governmental activities financial statements and the modified accrual governmental fund financial statements.		
Deferred outflows of resources – bond refunding deferments	182,918	203,242
Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	984,682	126,600
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments	96,439,566	129,046,457
Deferred inflows of resources – bond refunding deferments	(704,051)	(792,057)
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	(3,756,049)	(4,225,556)
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(129,147,455)	(43,639,675)
Deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes	 456,005	 348,994
Total net position – governmental activities	\$ (70,138,204)	\$ (120,661,183)

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2018)

	743,296
Local sources Property taxes \$ 31,745,839 \$ 2,016,746 \$ 12, Investment earnings 649,419 1,166,408	
Property taxes \$ 31,745,839 \$ 2,016,746 \$ 12, Investment earnings 649,419 1,166,408	
Investment earnings 649,419 1,166,408	
	248,577
Unter 2.488.928 –	
	839,488
Federal sources 4,701,530 –	80,264
	911,625
Expenditures	
Current	
Administration 6,123,786 –	_
District support services 7,033,681 –	_
Elementary and secondary regular instruction 61,855,615 –	_
Vocational education instruction 2,856,573 –	_
Special education instruction 30,833,016 –	_
Instructional support services 7,313,652 –	_
Pupil support services 13,062,086 –	_
Sites and buildings 17,341,987 –	_
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 579,213 –	_
Food service – –	_
Community service – – –	_
Capital outlay – 22,521,522	-
Debt service	
Principal 1,316,478 – 10,	180,000
Interest and fiscal charges 112,783 623,010 3,	736,819
Total expenditures 148,428,870 23,144,532 13,	916,819
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures5,968,999(19,961,378)	(5,194)
Other financing sources (uses)	
Capital lease issued 853,607 –	_
Sale of assets 17,962 –	_
Bonds issued – 50,925,000	-
Certificates of participation issued – 9,405,000	-
Refunding debt issued – – 17,	515,000
Premium on debt issued – 583,217	372,129
Payment on refunded debt (17,	805,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)871,56960,913,217	82,129
Net change in fund balances 6,840,568 40,951,839	76,935
Fund balances (deficit)	
	088,612
End of year \$ 32,280,838 \$ 40,189,225 \$ 3,	165,547

	Total Governmental Funds					
Nonmajor Funds	2019	2018				
\$ 1,224,840	\$ 47,730,721	\$ 47,647,300				
136,073	2,200,477	498,788				
5,059,425	7,548,353	9,385,723				
5,824,156	121,475,797	116,623,750				
4,897,568	9,679,362	9,458,712				
17,142,062	188,634,710	183,614,273				
-	6,123,786	6,021,308				
_	7,033,681	5,408,214				
_	61,855,615	60,768,822				
_	2,856,573	2,881,870				
_	30,833,016	27,340,010				
_	7,313,652	7,094,088				
_	13,062,086	12,438,955				
_	17,341,987	19,502,211				
_	579,213	489,040				
6,590,513	6,590,513	6,395,767				
10,330,248	10,330,248	9,153,833				
295,472	22,816,994	1,157,139				
, -	y y	, - ,				
_	11,496,478	10,695,434				
_	4,472,612	4,417,107				
17,216,233	202,706,454	173,763,798				
(74,171)	(14,071,744)	9,850,475				
		- , ,				
_	853,607	_				
_	17,962	14,873				
_	50,925,000	_				
_	9,405,000	_				
_	17,515,000	_				
_	955,346	_				
_	(17,805,000)	_				
	61,866,915	14,873				
	,,	1.,070				
(74,171)	47,795,171	9,865,348				
(, ,,,,,,)	,,,,,,,,,,	2,000,010				
5,051,642	32,817,910	22,952,562				
5,051,042	52,017,910	22,752,502				
\$ 4,977,471	\$ 80,613,081	\$ 32,817,910				
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Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2018)

	 2019	2018
Total net change in fund balances – governmental funds.	\$ 47,795,171	\$ 9,865,348
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are recorded in net position and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. However, fund balances are reduced for the full cost of capital outlays at the time of purchase.		
Capital outlays	29,010,714	7,567,919
Depreciation expense	(6,043,637)	(5,612,537)
A gain or loss on the disposal of capital assets, including the difference between the carrying value and any related sale proceeds, is included in the change in net position. However, only the sale proceeds are included in the change in fund balances.	(11,849)	(61,191)
	(,-,-,)	(,,,
The amount of debt issued is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. Debt obligations are not revenues in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities.		
General obligation bonds payable	(50,925,000)	-
Certificates of participation payable	(9,405,000)	_
Refunding bonds payable	(17,515,000)	_
Capital lease payable	(853,607)	-
Repayment of long-term debt does not affect the change in net position. However, it reduces fund balances.		
General obligation bonds payable	27,985,000	9,575,000
Certificates of participation payable	915,000	895,000
Capital lease payable	401,478	225,434
Interest on long-term debt is included in the change in net position as it accrues, regardless of when payment is due. However, it is included in the change in fund balances when due.	(1,419,993)	1,249,053
Debt issuance premiums and discounts are included in the change in net position as they are amortized over the life of the debt. However, they are included in the change in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.	(445,296)	582,015
Certain expenses are included in the change in net position, but do not require the use of current funds, and are not included in the change in fund balances.		
Net/total pension liability	149,892,596	47,215,645
Net OPEB liability	(811,464)	4,792,478
Severance benefits payable	(250,504)	250,042
Compensated absences payable	(63,004)	(78,482)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is included in the governmental activities in the Statement of		
Activities.	(1,120,237)	731,131
The recognition of certain revenues and expenses/expenditures differ between the full accrual governmental activities financial statements and the modified accrual governmental fund financial statements.		
Deferred outflows of resources - bond refunding deferments	(20,324)	(20,324)
Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	858,082	(37,811)
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(32,606,891)	(45,187,832)
Deferred inflows of resources - bond refunding deferments	88,006	88,006
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB plan deferments	469,507	(4,225,556)
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(85,507,780)	(33,434,306)
Deferred inflows of resources - unavailable revenue - delinquent taxes	 107,011	4,965
Change in net position – governmental activities	\$ 50,522,979	\$ (5,616,003)

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Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

Original Final Actual Final Budget Icocal sources Property taxes \$ 33,641,641 \$ 33,641,641 \$ 33,641,641 \$ 33,641,641 \$ 31,745,839 \$ (1,895,802) Investment earnings 60,000 350,000 649,419 299,419 Other 2,059,450 2,387,200 2,488,928 101,728 State sources 111,341,243 111,407,323 114,812,153 3,404,830 Federal sources 3,823,000 4,643,200 4,643,200 4,643,200 Current Administration 6,329,755 6,260,755 6,123,786 (136,969) District support services 6,509,927 7,626,071 7,033,681 (592,390) Elementary and secondary regular instruction 2,523,404 2,606,404 2,856,573 250,169 Special education instruction 2,523,404 2,606,404 2,856,573 250,169 Special education instruction 2,523,404 2,606,404 2,856,573 250,169 Instructional support services 14,043,480 13,866,037 13,0		Budgeted Amounts			Over (Under)
Local sources Property taxes \$ 33,641,641 \$ 33,641,641 \$ 31,745,839 \$ (1,895,802) Investment carnings $60,000$ $350,000$ $649,419$ $299,419$ Other $2,050,450$ $2,387,200$ $2,488,928$ $101,728$ State sources $111,341,243$ $111,407,323$ $114,4812,153$ $3,404,830$ Federal sources $3,823,000$ $4,643,000$ $4,701,530$ $58,530$ Total revenue $150,916,334$ $152,422,164$ $154,397,869$ $1,968,705$ Expenditures Current Administration $6,329,755$ $6,260,755$ $6,123,786$ $(136,969)$ District support services $6,509,927$ $7,626,071$ $7,033,681$ $(592,390)$ Elementary and secondary regular instruction $24,523,464$ $7,313,652$ $(9,212)$ Probati education instruction $29,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,833,016$ $774,282$ Instructional support services $7,386,864$ $7,322,864$ $7,313,652$ $(9,212)$ Puipi support services 1		Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Local sources Property taxes \$ 33,641,641 \$ 33,641,641 \$ 31,745,839 \$ (1,895,802) Investment carnings $60,000$ $350,000$ $649,419$ $299,419$ Other $2,050,450$ $2,387,200$ $2,488,928$ $101,728$ State sources $111,341,243$ $111,407,323$ $114,4812,153$ $3,404,830$ Federal sources $3,823,000$ $4,643,000$ $4,701,530$ $58,530$ Total revenue $150,916,334$ $152,422,164$ $154,397,869$ $1,968,705$ Expenditures Current Administration $6,329,755$ $6,260,755$ $6,123,786$ $(136,969)$ District support services $6,509,927$ $7,626,071$ $7,033,681$ $(592,390)$ Elementary and secondary regular instruction $24,523,464$ $7,313,652$ $(9,212)$ Probati education instruction $29,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,833,016$ $774,282$ Instructional support services $7,386,864$ $7,322,864$ $7,313,652$ $(9,212)$ Puipi support services 1					
Property taxes Investment carnings\$ 33,641,641\$ 33,641,641\$ 31,745,839\$ (1,895,802) 299,419Other $2050,450$ $2,387,200$ $2,488,928$ 101,728State sources $111,341,243$ $111,407,323$ $114,812,153$ $3,404,830$ Federal sources $3,823,000$ $4,643,000$ $4,701,530$ $58,530$ Total revenue $150,916,334$ $152,429,164$ $154,397,869$ $1,968,705$ Expenditures $111,341,243$ $111,407,323$ $114,812,153$ $3,404,830$ CurrentAdministration $6,329,755$ $6,260,755$ $6,123,786$ $(136,969)$ District support services $6,509,927$ $7,626,071$ $7,033,681$ $(592,390)$ Elementary and secondary regular instruction $2,523,404$ $2,606,404$ $2,856,573$ $250,169$ Special education instruction $2,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,833,016$ $774,282$ Instructional support services $1,404,3480$ $13,886,037$ $13,062,086$ $(823,951)$ Sites and buildings $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $1,107,068$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt service $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,838$ $1148,7294,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,832,607$ $-7,7962$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances $52,121,346$ $5,3736,465$ $6,840,568$ $5,3,104,103$ </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>					
Investment earnings $60,000$ $350,000$ $649,419$ $299,419$ Other $2,050,450$ $2,387,200$ $2,488,928$ $101,728$ State sources $111,341,243$ $111,407,323$ $114,812,153$ $3,404,830$ Federal sources $3,823,000$ $4,643,000$ $4,701,530$ $58,530$ Total revenue $150,916,334$ $152,429,164$ $154,397,869$ $1,968,705$ ExpendituresCurrent $Administration$ $6,329,755$ $6,260,755$ $6,123,786$ $(136,969)$ District support services $6,509,927$ $7,626,071$ $7,033,681$ $(592,390)$ Elementary and secondary regular instruction $6,126,459$ $63,706,077$ $61,855,615$ $(1,850,462)$ Vocational education instruction $2,523,404$ $2,606,404$ $2,856,573$ $250,169$ Special education instruction $29,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,083,3016$ $774,282$ Instructional support services $14,043,480$ $13,886,037$ $13,062,086$ $(823,951)$ Sites and buildings $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $1,107,068$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt service $1448,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Principal $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $170,978$ Interest and fiscal charges $-853,607$ $853,607$ $-$ Capital lease issued $ 17,962$ Total other financing sources $-$					
Other $2,050,450$ $2,387,200$ $2,488,928$ $101,728$ State sources $111,341,243$ $111,407,323$ $114,812,153$ $3,404,830$ Federal sources $3,823,000$ $4,643,000$ $4,701,530$ $58,530$ Total revenue $150,916,334$ $152,429,164$ $154,397,869$ $1,968,705$ Expenditures Current Administration $6,329,755$ $6,260,755$ $6,123,786$ $(136,969)$ District support services $6,509,927$ $7,626,071$ $7,033,681$ $(592,390)$ Elementary and secondary regular instruction $2,523,404$ $2,606,404$ $2,856,573$ $250,169$ Special education instruction $2,524,404$ $2,606,404$ $2,856,573$ $250,169$ Special education instruction $2,564,433$ $30,087,734$ $30,833,016$ $774,282$ Instructional support services $14,043,480$ $13,886,037$ $13,062,086$ $(823,951)$ Sites and buildings $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $1,107,068$ Fixed and other fixed					
State sources111,341,243111,407,323114,812,1533,404,830Federal sources $3,823,000$ $4,643,000$ $4,701,530$ $58,530$ Total revenue $150,916,334$ $152,429,164$ $154,397,869$ $1,968,705$ ExpendituresCurrentAdministration $6,329,755$ $6,260,755$ $6,123,786$ $(136,969)$ District support services $6,509,927$ $7,626,071$ $7,033,681$ $(592,390)$ Elementary and secondary regularinstruction $24,506,404$ $2,856,573$ $250,169$ Special education instruction $29,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,833,016$ $774,282$ Instructional education instruction $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $110,70,686$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt service $1148,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $170,978$ Interest and fiscal charges $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,838$ Total expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>					
Federal sources Total revenue $3,823,000$ 150,916,334 $4,643,000$ 152,429,164 $4,701,530$ 154,397,869 $58,530$ 1,968,705Expenditures Current Administration $6,329,755$ $6,260,755$ $6,123,786$ $(136,969)$ $(136,969)$ $(136,969)$ District support services Elementary and secondary regular instruction $64,126,459$ $2,523,404$ $2,606,404$ $2,856,573$ $2,850,675$ $(28,856,673)$ $2,803,30,16$ Vocational education instruction Special education instruction $29,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,0383,016$ $774,282$ $774,282$ $(20,787)$ Pupil support services Fiscal and other fixed cost programs Interest and fiscal charges Capital lase issued Capital lease issued $1,145,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $112,783$ $170,978$ $13,838$ Total expenditures $1,148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ $112,783$ Other financing sources Capital lease issued Capital lease issued Capital lease issued $-$ $853,607$ $853,607$ $853,607$ $853,607$ $-$ $17,962$ $17,962$ Fund balances Beginning of year $\frac{$ 2,121,346}{2,840,270}$ $\frac{$ 3,736,465}{2,5440,270}$ $\frac{$ 25,440,270}{2,5440,270}$	Other	· · ·			
Total revenue $\overline{150,916,334}$ $\overline{152,429,164}$ $\overline{154,397,869}$ $\overline{1,968,705}$ ExpendituresCurrentAdministration $6,329,755$ $6,260,755$ $6,123,786$ $(136,969)$ District support services $6,509,927$ $7,626,071$ $7,033,681$ $(592,390)$ Elementary and secondary regularinstruction $2,523,404$ $2,606,404$ $2,856,573$ $250,169$ Vocational education instruction $2,523,404$ $2,606,404$ $2,856,573$ $250,169$ Special education instruction $2,9,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,833,016$ $774,282$ Instructional support services $7,386,864$ $7,322,864$ $7,313,652$ $(9,212)$ Pupil support services $14,043,480$ $13,886,037$ $13,062,086$ $(823,951)$ Sites and buildings $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $1,107,068$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt service $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,838$ Total expenditures $148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,853,607$ $ 7,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Capital lease issued $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances $§ 2,121,346$ $§ 3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ $§ 3,104,103$ Fund balances<					
Expenditures Current 6,329,755 6,260,755 6,123,786 (136,969) District support services 6,509,927 7,626,071 7,033,681 (592,390) Elementary and secondary regular instruction 64,126,459 63,706,077 61,855,615 (1,850,462) Vocational education instruction 29,694,389 30,058,734 30,833,016 774,282 Instructional support services 7,386,864 7,322,864 7,313,652 (9,212) Pupil support services 14,043,480 13,886,037 13,062,086 (823,951) Sites and buildings 16,336,265 16,234,919 17,341,987 1,107,068 Fiscal and other fixed cost programs 600,000 600,000 579,213 (20,787) Debt service 98,945 1145,500 1,316,478 170,978 Interest and fiscal charges 98,945 149,546,306 148,428,870 (1,117,436) Excess of revenue over expenditures 2,121,346 2,882,858 5,968,999 3,086,141 Other financing sources - - 17,962 17,962 Total other financing sources - 853,607 871,56					
CurrentAdministration $6,329,755$ $6,260,755$ $6,123,786$ $(136,969)$ District support services $6,509,927$ $7,626,071$ $7,033,681$ $(592,390)$ Elementary and secondary regularinstruction $2,523,404$ $2,606,404$ $2,856,573$ $250,169$ Special education instruction $2,523,404$ $2,606,404$ $2,856,573$ $250,169$ Special education instruction $29,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,833,016$ $774,282$ Instructional support services $7,386,864$ $7,322,864$ $7,313,652$ $(9,212)$ Pupil support services $14,043,480$ $13,886,037$ $13,062,086$ $(823,951)$ Sites and buildings $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $1,107,068$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt service $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,3838$ Total expenditures $1,145,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $170,978$ Interest and fiscal charges $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,3838$ Total expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances§ $2,121,346$ § $3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ § $3,104,103$ Fund balancesgenining of year $25,440,270$	Total revenue	150,916,334	152,429,164	154,397,869	1,968,705
Administration $6,329,755$ $6,260,755$ $6,123,786$ $(136,969)$ District support services $6,509,927$ $7,626,071$ $7,033,681$ $(592,390)$ Elementary and secondary regular instruction $64,126,459$ $63,706,077$ $61,855,615$ $(1,850,462)$ Vocational education instruction $2,523,404$ $2,606,404$ $2,856,573$ $250,169$ Special education instruction $29,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,833,016$ $774,282$ Instructional support services $7,386,864$ $7,322,864$ $7,313,652$ $(9,212)$ Pupil support services $14,043,480$ $13,886,037$ $13,062,086$ $(823,951)$ Sites and buildings $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $1,107,068$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt service $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,383$ Total expenditures $148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances $§ 2,121,346$ $§ 3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ $§ 3,104,103$ Fund balances $g 2,121,346$ $$ 3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ $$ 3,104,103$	Expenditures				
District support services $6,509,927$ $7,626,071$ $7,033,681$ $(592,390)$ Elementary and secondary regular instruction $64,126,459$ $63,706,077$ $61,855,615$ $(1,850,462)$ Vocational education instruction $29,523,404$ $2,606,404$ $2,856,573$ $250,169$ Special education instruction $29,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,833,016$ $774,282$ Instructional support services $7,386,864$ $7,322,864$ $7,313,652$ $(9,212)$ Pupil support services $14,043,480$ $13,886,037$ $13,062,086$ $(823,951)$ Sites and buildings $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $1,107,068$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt service $1145,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $170,978$ Interest and fiscal charges $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,838$ Total expenditures $148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Other financing sources $ 853,607$ $853,607$ $-$ Capital lease issued $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances§ 2,121,346§ 3,736,465 $6,840,568$ § 3,104,103Fund balances $82,121,346$ § 3,736,465 $6,840,568$ § 3,104,103	Current				
Elementary and secondary regular instruction $64,126,459$ $63,706,077$ $61,855,615$ $(1,850,462)$ Vocational education instruction $29,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,833,016$ $774,282$ Instructional support services $7,386,864$ $7,322,864$ $7,313,652$ $(9,212)$ Pupil support services $14,043,480$ $13,886,037$ $13,062,086$ $(823,951)$ Sites and buildings $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $1,107,068$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt service $1,145,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $170,978$ Interest and fiscal charges $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,838$ Total expenditures $148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Ket change in fund balances $$2,121,346$ $$3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ $$3,104,103$ Fund balances $$2,121,346$ $$3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ $$3,104,103$	Administration	6,329,755	6,260,755	6,123,786	(136,969)
instruction $64,126,459$ $63,706,077$ $61,855,615$ $(1,850,462)$ Vocational education instruction $2,523,404$ $2,606,404$ $2,856,573$ $250,169$ Special education instruction $29,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,833,016$ $774,282$ Instructional support services $7,386,864$ $7,322,864$ $7,313,652$ $(9,212)$ Pupil support services $14,043,480$ $13,886,037$ $13,062,086$ $(823,951)$ Sites and buildings $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $1,107,068$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt service $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,838$ Total expenditures $148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources $ 853,607$ $853,607$ $-$ Capital lease issued $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances $\frac{$2,121,346}{$3,736,465}$ $6,840,568$ $\frac{$3,104,103}{$3,104,103}$ Fund balances $\frac{$2,121,346}{$3,736,465}$ $5,440,270$	District support services	6,509,927	7,626,071	7,033,681	(592,390)
Vocational education instruction $2,523,404$ $2,606,404$ $2,856,573$ $250,169$ Special education instruction $29,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,833,016$ $774,282$ Instructional support services $7,386,864$ $7,322,864$ $7,313,652$ $(9,212)$ Pupil support services $14,043,480$ $13,886,037$ $13,062,086$ $(823,951)$ Sites and buildings $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $1,107,068$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt service $1,145,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $170,978$ Interest and fiscal charges $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,838$ Total expenditures $148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources $ 853,607$ $ -$ Capital lease issued $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances $\frac{$2,121,346}{$3,736,465}$ $6,840,568$ $\frac{$3,104,103}{$3,104,103}$ Fund balances $\frac{$2,121,346}{$3,736,465}$ $5,440,270$	Elementary and secondary regular				
Special education instruction $29,694,389$ $30,058,734$ $30,833,016$ $774,282$ Instructional support services $7,386,864$ $7,322,864$ $7,313,652$ $(9,212)$ Pupil support services $14,043,480$ $13,886,037$ $13,062,086$ $(823,951)$ Sites and buildings $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $1,107,068$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt service $1,145,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $170,978$ Interest and fiscal charges $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,838$ Total expenditures $148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances $$2,121,346$ $$3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ $$3,104,103$ Fund balances $$2,121,346$ $$3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ $$3,104,103$	instruction	64,126,459	63,706,077	61,855,615	(1,850,462)
Instructional support services7,386,8647,322,8647,313,652(9,212)Pupil support services14,043,48013,886,03713,062,086(823,951)Sites and buildings16,336,26516,234,91917,341,9871,107,068Fiscal and other fixed cost programs600,000600,000579,213(20,787)Debt service1,145,5001,145,5001,316,478170,978Interest and fiscal charges98,94598,945112,78313,838Total expenditures148,794,988149,546,306148,428,870(1,117,436)Excess of revenue over expenditures2,121,3462,882,8585,968,9993,086,141Other financing sources-853,607853,607-Capital lease issued-853,607871,56917,962Total other financing sources-853,607871,56917,962Net change in fund balances§ 2,121,346§ 3,736,4656,840,568§ 3,104,103Fund balancesgeginning of year25,440,270	Vocational education instruction	2,523,404	2,606,404	2,856,573	250,169
Pupil support services $14,043,480$ $13,886,037$ $13,062,086$ $(823,951)$ Sites and buildings $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $1,107,068$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt service $1,145,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $170,978$ Interest and fiscal charges $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,838$ Total expenditures $148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources $ 853,607$ $ -$ Sale of assets $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances $\frac{$2,121,346}{$3,736,465}$ $6,840,568$ $\frac{$3,104,103}{$3,104,103}$ Fund balances $\frac{25,440,270}{$27,00}$	Special education instruction	29,694,389	30,058,734	30,833,016	774,282
Sites and buildings $16,336,265$ $16,234,919$ $17,341,987$ $1,107,068$ Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt service $1,145,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $170,978$ Interest and fiscal charges $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,838$ Total expenditures $148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources $ 853,607$ $ 17,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances $\frac{$2,121,346}{$3,736,465}$ $6,840,568$ $\frac{$3,104,103}{$3,104,103}$ Fund balances $\frac{$25,440,270}{$270}$ $\frac{$25,440,270}{$270}$	Instructional support services	7,386,864	7,322,864	7,313,652	(9,212)
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs $600,000$ $600,000$ $579,213$ $(20,787)$ Debt servicePrincipal $1,145,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $170,978$ Principal $1,145,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $170,978$ Interest and fiscal charges $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,838$ Total expenditures $148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources $ 853,607$ $ -$ Capital lease issued $ 853,607$ $ -$ Sale of assets $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances $\frac{$ 2,121,346}{$ 3,736,465}$ $6,840,568$ $\frac{$ 3,104,103}{$ 3,104,103}$ Fund balances $\frac{25,440,270}{$ 25,440,270}$ $\frac{110,102}{$ 25,440,270}$	Pupil support services	14,043,480	13,886,037	13,062,086	(823,951)
Debt servicePrincipal $1,145,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $170,978$ Interest and fiscal charges $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,838$ Total expenditures $148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources $ 853,607$ $853,607$ $-$ Capital lease issued $ 853,607$ $853,607$ $-$ Sale of assets $ 17,962$ $17,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances $\$ 2,121,346$ $\$ 3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ $\$ 3,104,103$ Fund balances $\$ 2,121,346$ $\$ 3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ $\$ 3,104,103$	Sites and buildings	16,336,265	16,234,919	17,341,987	1,107,068
Principal $1,145,500$ $1,145,500$ $1,316,478$ $170,978$ Interest and fiscal charges $98,945$ $98,945$ $112,783$ $13,838$ Total expenditures $148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources $ 853,607$ $853,607$ $-$ Sale of assets $ 17,962$ $17,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances $$2,121,346$ $$3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ $$3,104,103$ Fund balances $$2,121,346$ $$2,440,270$ $$2,440,270$	Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	600,000	600,000	579,213	(20,787)
Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures $98,945$ 148,794,988 $98,945$ 149,546,306 $112,783$ 148,428,870 $13,838$ (1,117,436)Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources Capital lease issued $-$ 853,607 $853,607$ $-$ 17,962 $-$ 17,962Sale of assets Total other financing sources Net change in fund balances $-$ $$2,121,346$ $$3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ $$3,104,103$ Fund balances Beginning of year $25,440,270$	Debt service				
Total expenditures $148,794,988$ $149,546,306$ $148,428,870$ $(1,117,436)$ Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources $ 853,607$ $ -$ Capital lease issued $ 853,607$ $ -$ Sale of assets $ 17,962$ $17,962$ Total other financing sources $ 853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances $\$ 2,121,346$ $\$ 3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ $\$ 3,104,103$ Fund balances $\$ 2,121,346$ $\$ 3,736,465$ $6,840,568$ $\$ 3,104,103$	Principal	1,145,500	1,145,500	1,316,478	170,978
Excess of revenue over expenditures $2,121,346$ $2,882,858$ $5,968,999$ $3,086,141$ Other financing sources Capital lease issued- $853,607$ $853,607$ -Sale of assets $17,962$ $17,962$ Total other financing sources- $853,607$ $871,569$ $17,962$ Net change in fund balances\$ 2,121,346\$ 3,736,465 $6,840,568$ \$ 3,104,103Fund balancesBeginning of year $25,440,270$	Interest and fiscal charges	98,945	98,945	112,783	13,838
Other financing sources - 853,607 853,607 - Sale of assets - - 17,962 17,962 Total other financing sources - 853,607 871,569 17,962 Net change in fund balances \$ 2,121,346 \$ 3,736,465 6,840,568 \$ 3,104,103 Fund balances Beginning of year 25,440,270 25,440,270	Total expenditures	148,794,988	149,546,306	148,428,870	(1,117,436)
Capital lease issued – 853,607 853,607 – Sale of assets – – 17,962 17,962 Total other financing sources – 853,607 871,569 17,962 Net change in fund balances \$ 2,121,346 \$ 3,736,465 6,840,568 \$ 3,104,103 Fund balances Beginning of year 25,440,270 25,440,270	Excess of revenue over expenditures	2,121,346	2,882,858	5,968,999	3,086,141
Sale of assets - - 17,962 17,962 Total other financing sources - 853,607 871,569 17,962 Net change in fund balances \$ 2,121,346 \$ 3,736,465 6,840,568 \$ 3,104,103 Fund balances Beginning of year 25,440,270 25,440,270	Other financing sources				
Total other financing sources - 853,607 871,569 17,962 Net change in fund balances \$ 2,121,346 \$ 3,736,465 6,840,568 \$ 3,104,103 Fund balances Beginning of year 25,440,270 25,440,270	Capital lease issued	-	853,607	853,607	_
Net change in fund balances \$ 2,121,346 \$ 3,736,465 6,840,568 \$ 3,104,103 Fund balances Beginning of year 25,440,270	Sale of assets			17,962	17,962
Fund balances Beginning of year 25,440,270	Total other financing sources		853,607	871,569	17,962
Beginning of year 25,440,270	Net change in fund balances	\$ 2,121,346	\$ 3,736,465	6,840,568	\$ 3,104,103
	Fund balances				
End of year \$32,280,838	Beginning of year			25,440,270	
	End of year			\$ 32,280,838	

Statement of Net Position Internal Service Fund as of June 30, 2019 (With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2018)

	 2019	 2018
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 5,973,767	\$ 6,656,950
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts and contracts payable	328,400	139,947
Claims incurred, but not reported	 1,339,490	 1,090,889
Total liabilities	 1,667,890	 1,230,836
Net position		
Unrestricted	\$ 4,305,877	\$ 5,426,114

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2018)

	 2019	 2018
Operating revenue		
Charges for services	\$ 17,691,095	\$ 17,187,918
Operating expenses		
Claims and settlements	17,759,991	15,443,819
Fees and stop loss	1,154,451	1,085,587
Total operating expenses	 18,914,442	 16,529,406
Operating income (loss)	(1,223,347)	658,512
Nonoperating revenue		
Investment earnings	 103,110	 72,619
Change in net position	(1,120,237)	731,131
Net position		
Beginning of year	 5,426,114	 4,694,983
End of year	\$ 4,305,877	\$ 5,426,114

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Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2018)

	2019	2018
Cash flows from operating activities Contributions from governmental funds Payments for health claims Payments for fees and stop loss	\$ 17,691,095 (17,322,937) (1,154,451)	\$ 17,187,918 (15,327,326) (1,085,587)
Net cash flows from operating activities	(786,293)	775,005
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income received	103,110	72,619
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(683,183)	847,624
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year	6,656,950	5,809,326
End of year	\$ 5,973,767	\$ 6,656,950
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities Changes in assets and liabilities	\$ (1,223,347)	\$ 658,512
Accounts and contracts payable	188,453	2,976
Claims incurred, but not reported	248,601	113,517
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ (786,293)	\$ 775,005

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position as of June 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund	Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund	
Assets			
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 1,166,707	\$ 5,320,600	
Investments, at fair value			
Local government obligations	_	5,935,681	
MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio	_	65,064	
Investment pools/mutual funds	102,080	1,397,252	
Receivables			
Accounts and interest	2,863	159,243	
Due from other governmental units	16,469	_	
Total assets	1,288,119	 12,877,840	
Liabilities			
Accounts and contracts payable	37,459	_	
Due to other governmental units	1,825	_	
Total liabilities	39,284	 _	
Net position			
Held in trust for scholarships and OPEB	\$ 1,248,835	\$ 12,877,840	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund		Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund	
Additions				
Contributions				
Private donations	\$	1,435,959	\$	_
Employee		_		988,965
Total contributions		1,435,959		988,965
Investment earnings				
Total investment earnings		2,212		257,481
Less investment expense				13,800
Net investment earnings		2,212		243,681
Total additions		1,438,171		1,232,646
Deductions				
Benefits paid to plan members		_		988,965
Scholarships and other deductions		1,449,533		- -
Total deductions		1,449,533		988,965
Change in net position		(11,362)		243,681
Net position				
Beginning of year		1,260,197		12,634,159
End of year	\$	1,248,835	\$	12,877,840

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2019

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization

Independent School District No. 622 (the District) was formed and operates pursuant to applicable Minnesota laws and statutes. The District is governed by a School Board elected by voters of the District. The District's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other organizations that comprise the District, along with any component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (the primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit includes whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit. Based on these criteria, there are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

Extracurricular student activities are determined primarily by student participants under the guidance of an adult and are generally conducted outside of school hours. In accordance with Minnesota Statutes, the District's School Board can elect to either control or not control extracurricular student activities. The District's School Board has elected not to control or be otherwise financially accountable with respect to the underlying extracurricular activities. Accordingly, the extracurricular student activity accounts are not included in these financial statements.

C. Government-Wide Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District, except for the fiduciary funds. The fiduciary funds are only reported in the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and the Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position at the fund financial statement level. Generally, the effect of material interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other internally directed revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are generally recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied, except for amounts advance recognized in accordance with a statutory "tax shift" described later in these notes. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

For capital assets that can be specifically identified with or allocated to functional areas, depreciation expense is included as a direct expense in the functional areas that utilize the related capital assets. For capital assets that essentially serve all functional areas, depreciation expense is reported as "depreciation not included in other functions." Interest on debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

D. Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Aggregated information for the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is reported in a single column in the fund financial statements. The Proprietary Fund (Internal Service Fund) is presented in the proprietary fund financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, the financial statement of the Proprietary Fund (Internal Service Fund) is consolidated into the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity. Fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type: pension (or other benefit) trust and private-purpose trust. Since, by definition, fiduciary fund assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the District, these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service funds are charges to customers for service. Operating expenses for the internal service funds include the cost of services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the following manner:

- 1. **Revenue Recognition** Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues are generally considered as available if collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to funding formulas established by Minnesota Statutes. Federal revenue is recorded in the year in which the related expenditure is made. Other revenue is considered available if collected within 60 days. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.
- 2. **Recording of Expenditures** Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and other long-term liabilities, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In the General Fund, capital outlay expenditures are included within the applicable functional areas.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as described earlier in these notes.

Description of Funds

The existence of the various district funds has been established by the Minnesota Department of Education (MDE). Each fund is accounted for as an independent entity. A description of the funds included in this report is as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund – The Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities authorized by bond issue or under the long-term facilities maintenance program.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of general obligation debt principal, interest, and related costs. The regular debt service account is used for all general obligation debt service except for the financial activities of the other post-employment benefits (OPEB) debt service account. The OPEB debt service account is used to pay principal, interest, and related costs on the 2018D Taxable OPEB Refunding Bond issue.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Food Service Special Revenue Fund – The Food Service Special Revenue Fund is used primarily to record financial activities of the District's child nutrition program.

Community Service Special Revenue Fund – The Community Service Special Revenue Fund is used to account for services provided to residents in the areas of recreation, civic activities, nonpublic pupils, adult or early childhood programs, or other similar services.

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Fund – The Internal Service Fund accounts for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District's Internal Service Fund is used to account for health insurance offered by the District to its employees as a self-insured plan.

Fiduciary Funds

Private-Purpose Trust Fund – The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for resources held in trust to be used by various other third parties to award scholarships to former students and for other purposes for which the resources are being held.

Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund – The Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund is used to administer resources received and held by the District as the trustee for others. The Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund includes assets held in an irrevocable trust to fund post-employment insurance benefits of eligible employees.

E. Budgetary Information

Each June, the School Board adopts an annual budget for the following fiscal year for all governmental funds. The budget for each fund is prepared on the same basis of accounting as the fund financial statements. Legal budgetary control is at the fund level.

Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end. Expenditures in the Community Service Special Revenue Fund and Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$221,344 and \$5,883,396, respectively. The excess expenditures were approved by the School Board as required by Minnesota Statutes, and were financed with revenues in excess of budget, other financing sources, or available fund balances.

F. Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash and temporary investments include balances from all funds that are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by state law. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund.

Earnings from the investments of the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund are allocated specifically to that fund.

Cash and investments held by trustee include balances held in segregated accounts that are established for specific purposes. In the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund, this represents assets held in escrow for specific purposes. In the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, this represents assets contributed to an irrevocable trust established to finance the District's liability for post-employment insurance benefits. Interest earned on these investments is allocated directly to the escrow accounts.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity from the time of purchase by the District of three months or less to be cash equivalent. The proprietary fund's equity in the government-wide cash and investment management pool is considered to be cash equivalent.

Investments are generally stated at fair value, except for investments in certain external investment pools, which are stated at amortized cost. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments (including commercial paper, bankers' acceptance, and U.S. treasury and agency obligations) purchased with a remaining maturity of one year or less may also be reported at amortized cost. Investment income is accrued at the Balance Sheet date. Guaranteed investment contracts are valued on a cost-basis measure and, therefore, are not subject to the fair value disclosure.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

See Note 2 for the District's recurring fair value measurements as of year-end.

G. Receivables

When necessary, the District utilizes an allowance for uncollectible accounts to value its receivables. However, the District considers all of its current receivables to be collectible. The only receivables not expected to be fully collected within one year are delinquent property taxes receivable.

At June 30, 2019, the District reported the following receivables due from other governmental units:

Due from the MDE	\$ 15,635,139
Due from other Minnesota school districts	661,312
Due from Ramsey County	693,548
Due from other governmental units	28,873
Total due from other governmental units	\$ 17,018,872

H. Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method of accounting and consist of purchased food, supplies, and surplus commodities received from the federal government. Purchased food and supplies are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Surplus commodities are stated at standardized costs, as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenses/expenditures at the time of consumption.

J. Property Taxes

The majority of district revenue is determined annually by statutory funding formulas. The total revenue allowed by these formulas is allocated between property taxes and state aids by the Legislature based on education funding priorities.

Generally, property taxes are recognized as revenue by the District in the fiscal year that begins midway through the calendar year in which the tax levy is collectible. To help balance the state budget, the Minnesota Legislature utilizes a tool referred to as the "tax shift," which periodically changes the District's recognition of property tax revenue. The tax shift advance recognizes cash collected for the subsequent year's levy as current year revenue, allowing the state to reduce the amount of aid paid to the District. Currently, the mandated tax shift recognizes \$3,109,071 of the property tax levy collectible in 2019 as revenue to the District in fiscal year 2018–2019. The remaining portion of the taxes collectible in 2019 is recorded as deferred inflow of resources (property taxes levied for subsequent year).

Property tax levies are certified to the County Auditor in December of each year for collection from taxpayers in May and October of the following calendar year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The county spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on property on the following January 1. The county generally remits taxes to the District at periodic intervals as they are collected.

Taxes that remain unpaid are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. Revenue from these delinquent property taxes that is not collected within 60 days of year-end is reported as a deferred inflow of resources (unavailable revenue) in the fund financial statements because it is not known to be available to finance the operations of the District in the current year. No allowance for uncollectible taxes is considered necessary.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The District defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, which benefit more than one fiscal year. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives is not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since assets are generally sold for an immaterial amount or scrapped when declared as no longer fit or needed for public school purposes by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary, ranging from 20 to 50 years for land improvements and buildings and improvements, and 5 to 20 years for furniture and equipment. Capital assets that are not depreciated include land and construction in progress.

The District does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks or parking lots. Such items are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. If material, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums or discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources or uses, respectively.

M. Compensated Absences Payable

- 1. Vacation Pay Under the terms of union contracts, certain employees accrue vacation at varying rates, portions of which may be carried over to future years. Employees are reimbursed for any unused, accrued vacation and related benefits upon termination. Vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. Unused vacation pay is accrued in governmental fund financial statements only when it has matured, due to employee termination or similar circumstances.
- 2. Sick Pay Substantially all district employees are entitled to sick leave at various rates. Unused sick leave enters into the calculation of severance benefits for some employees upon termination.

N. Severance Benefits

The District provides lump sum severance benefits to eligible employees in accordance with provisions in certain collectively bargained contracts. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. The amount of the severance or retirement benefit is calculated by converting a portion of unused accumulated sick leave. No individual can receive severance benefits in excess of one year's salary.

Members of certain employee groups may also elect to receive district matching contributions paid into tax-deferred matching contribution plans. The amount of any severance or retirement benefit due to an individual is reduced by the total contributions made to such a plan over the course of that individual's employment. Severance or retirement benefits are required to be paid out within 30 days following the effective date of retirement. Retirement benefits for eligible teachers are paid into a post-employment healthcare savings plan, administered by the Minnesota State Retirement System. For all other employees, severance benefits are paid out directly to the employee.

The amount of severance is recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements as it is earned and it becomes probable that it will vest at some point in the future. Severance or retirement pay is accrued in the governmental fund financial statements only when it becomes due and payable.

O. State-Wide Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and additions to/deductions from the PERA's and the TRA's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERA and the TRA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The TRA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis Public Schools. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association into the TRA in 2006. A second direct aid source is from the state of Minnesota for the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association in 2015.

The PERA has a special funding situation created by a direct aid contribution made by the state of Minnesota. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund into the PERA on January 1, 2015.

P. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

The District provides post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employee groups in accordance with provisions in certain collectively bargained contracts based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. See the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan note for further information.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the District's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and certain investments that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at amortized cost.

Q. Risk Management and Self-Insurance

1. General Insurance – The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and workers' compensation for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in the District's insurance coverage in fiscal 2019.

2. Self-Insurance – The District has established an Internal Service Fund to account for and finance its self-insured risk of loss for employee health insurance plans. Under these plans, the Internal Service Fund provides coverage to participating employees and their dependents for various healthcare costs as described in the plans.

The District makes premium payments to the Internal Service Fund on behalf of program participants based on provisional rates determined by insurance company estimates of monthly claims paid for each coverage class, plus the stop-loss health insurance premium costs and administrative service charges.

District claim liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred, but not reported. Because actual claim liabilities depend on complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing a claim liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the balance of health insurance claim liabilities for the last two years are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	Beginning of Fiscal Year Liability	Claims and Changes in Estimates	Claim Payments	Balance at Fiscal Year-End
2018	\$ 977,372	\$ 15,440,843	\$ 15,327,326	\$ 1,090,889
2019	\$ 1,090,889	\$ 17,571,538	\$ 17,322,937	\$ 1,339,490

R. Net Position

In the government-wide and internal service fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflow of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- **Restricted Net Position** Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

S. Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

- Nonspendable Consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventory, and other long-term assets.
- **Restricted** Consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors, or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.
- **Committed** Consists of internally imposed constraints that are established by resolution of the School Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints consist of amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the governing body itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. Pursuant to the School Board resolution, the District's director of business services is authorized to establish assignments of fund balance.
- **Unassigned** The residual classification for the General Fund, which also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to first use restricted resources, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

T. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, statements of financial position or balance sheets will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows or inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements represent a consumption or acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) or an inflow of financial resources (revenue) until then.

The District reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to bond refunding deferments in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A bond refunding deferment results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

The District also reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. These deferred outflows and inflows result from differences between expected and actual economic experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, differences between projected and actual investment earnings, changes in proportion, and contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the reporting period. These amounts are deferred and amortized as required under pension and OPEB standards.

Property taxes levied for subsequent years, which represents property taxes received or reported as a receivable before the period for which the taxes are levied, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Property taxes levied for subsequent years are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements in the year for which they are levied, and in the governmental fund financial statements during the year for which they are levied, if available.

Unavailable revenue from property taxes arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Delinquent property taxes not collected within 60 days of year-end are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the governmental funds in the period the amounts become available.

U. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are cash and cash equivalents and the related interest receivable, if applicable, whose use is limited by legal requirements such as a bond indenture. Restricted assets are reported only in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, these assets have been reported as "cash and investments held by trustee."

V. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

W. Prior Period Comparative Financial Information/Reclassification

The basic financial statements include certain prior year partial comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018, from which the summarized information was derived. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Components of Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at year-end consist of the following:

Deposits Investments Cash on hand	\$ 43,119,960 74,347,022 3,630
Total	\$ 117,470,612
Cash and investments are presented in the financial statements as follows:	
Statement of Net Position	
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 96,153,729
Restricted assets – temporarily restricted	
Cash and investments for capital asset acquisition	7,329,499
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Cash and temporary investments	
Private-Purpose Trust Fund	1,166,707
Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund	5,320,600
Investments	
Private-Purpose Trust Fund	102,080
Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund	 7,397,997
Total	\$ 117,470,612

B. Deposits

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the District's School Board.

The following is considered the most significant risk associated with deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may be lost.

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by federal deposit insurance, corporate surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

The District's deposit policy does not further limit depository choices.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$43,119,960, while the balance on the bank records was \$44,813,079. At June 30, 2019, all deposits were fully covered by federal deposit insurance, surety bonds, or by collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Investments

The District has the following investments at year-end:

		Credit Risk Fair		Fair Value Interes			
	Credit	Rating	Measurements	Maturity Dur	atior	n in Years	
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	Using	Less Than 1		1 to 5	 Total
U.S. treasury securities	Aaa	Moody's	Level 1	\$ 7,325,330	\$	_	\$ 7,325,330
U.S. treasury securities	AA	S&P	Level 2	\$ 3,497,694	\$	-	3,497,694
U.S. agency securities	AA	S&P	Level 2	\$ 499,051	\$	-	499,051
Local government obligations	AAA	S&P	Level 2	\$ 1,764,940	\$	956,037	2,720,977
Local government obligations	Aaa	Moody's	Level 2	\$ 501,655	\$	-	501,655
Local government obligations	AA	S&P	Level 2	\$ 2,154,571	\$	2,718,628	4,873,199
Local government obligations	Aa	Moody's	Level 2	\$ 1,003,280	\$	38,572	1,041,852
Guaranteed investment contract	N/R	N/A	N/A	\$ 144,648	\$	-	144,648
Negotiable certificates of deposit	N/R	N/A	Level 2	\$ –	\$	1,248,453	1,248,453
Investment pools/mutual funds							
Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund - Liquid Class	AAA	S&P	N/A	N/A		N/A	15,251
Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund - MAX Class	AAA	S&P	N/A	N/A		N/A	319,311
MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio	AAA	S&P	N/A	N/A		N/A	25,055,180
MNTrust Term Series	N/R	N/A	N/A	\$ 20,500,000	\$	-	20,500,000
MNTrust Limited Term Duration	AAA	S&P	N/A	N/A		N/A	5,203,000
Other investment pools/mutual funds	N/R	N/A	Level 1	N/A		N/A	1,338,580
First American Government Obligations Fund	AAA	S&P	Level 2	N/A		N/A	4,169
Goldman Sachs Government Institutional Fund	AAA	S&P	Level 1	N/A		N/A	 58,672
Total							\$ 74,347,022

N/A – Not Applicable N/R – Not Rated

The Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund (MSDLAF), Minnesota Trust (MNTrust) Investment Shares Portfolio, MNTrust Term Series, and MNTrust Limited Term Duration are regulated by Minnesota Statutes and are external investment pools not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The District's investment in these investment pools is measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pool, which is based on an amortized cost method that approximates fair value. For the MSDLAF and MNTrust, there are no unfunded commitments, redemption frequency is daily, and there is no redemption notice for the MSDLAF Liquid Class; the redemption notice period is 14 days for the MSDLAF MAX Class and 7 days for the MNTrust Term Series. MNTrust Term Series Portfolios are intended to be held until maturity; a participant's withdrawal prior to maturity will require 7-days' notice of redemption and will likely carry a penalty, which could be substantial in that it would be intended to allow the MNTrust Term Series Portfolio to recoup any associated penalties, charges, losses, or other costs associated with the early redemption of the investments therein.

Investments are subject to various risks, the following of which are considered the most significant:

Custodial Credit Risk – For investments, this is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to an investment transaction (typically a broker-dealer) the District would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Although the District's investment policies do not directly address custodial credit risk, it typically limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments, or by the control of who holds the securities.

At year-end, \$1,397,252 of the District's investments were uninsured and not registered in the District's name, with the securities held by the purchasing agent, or by its trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Credit Risk – This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Minnesota Statutes limit the District's investments to direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies; shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 that receive the highest credit rating, are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; general obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better; bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System; commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, rated of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less; Guaranteed Investment Contracts guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, domestic branch of a foreign bank, or a United States insurance company, and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories; repurchase or reverse purchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000; that are a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers. The District's investment policies do not further restrict investing in specific financial instruments.

Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund – This fund represents investments administered by the District's OPEB Trust Fund investment managers. The District's investment policy extends to the OPEB Trust Fund investments.

Minnesota Statutes authorize the OPEB Trust Fund to invest in obligations of the U.S. treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, shares of investment companies whose only investments are in the aforementioned securities, obligations of the state of Minnesota or its municipalities, bankers' acceptances, future contracts, corporate bonds, common stock and foreign stock of the highest quality, mutual funds, repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements, and commercial paper if issued by a United States corporation or its Canadian subsidiary and if rated in the highest two quality categories by a nationally recognized rating agency; and in the State Board of Investments. Investments are stated at fair value.

Concentration Risk – This is the risk associated with investing a significant portion of the District's investments (considered 5.0 percent or more) in the securities of a single issuer, excluding U.S. guaranteed investments (such as treasuries), investment pools, and mutual funds. The District's investment policies do not address concentration risk.

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk of potential variability in the fair value of fixed rate investments resulting from changes in interest rates (the longer the period for which an interest rate is fixed, the greater the risk). The District's investment policies do not limit the maturities of investments; however, when purchasing investments, the District considers such things as interest rates and cash flow needs.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance – Beginning of Year	Additions	Deletions	Completed Construction	Balance – End of Year
~					
Capital assets, not depreciated					
Land	\$ 19,577,877	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 19,577,877
Construction in progress	1,422,242	26,551,350		(4,853,335)	23,120,257
Total capital assets, not					
depreciated	21,000,119	26,551,350	-	(4,853,335)	42,698,134
Capital assets, depreciated					
Land improvements	10,382,466	-	-	626,789	11,009,255
Buildings and improvements	158,577,668	143,312	-	3,930,433	162,651,413
Furniture and equipment	20,176,146	2,316,052	(756,903)	296,113	22,031,408
Total capital assets, depreciated	189,136,280	2,459,364	(756,903)	4,853,335	195,692,076
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Land improvements	(4,003,463)	(441,530)	_	_	(4,444,993)
Buildings and improvements	(76,241,525)	(4,254,477)	_	_	(80,496,002)
Furniture and equipment	(12,849,104)	(1,347,630)	745,054	_	(13,451,680)
Total accumulated depreciation	(93,094,092)	(6,043,637)	745,054		(98,392,675)
-	<u>.</u>	i			
Net capital assets, depreciated	96,042,188	(3,584,273)	(11,849)	4,853,335	97,299,401
Total capital assets, net	\$ 117,042,307	\$ 22,967,077	\$ (11,849)	\$	\$ 139,997,535

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 was charged to the following governmental functions:

Elementary and secondary regular instruction	\$ 86,088
Special education instruction	28,696
Instructional support services	53,838
Pupil support services	1,057,876
Food service	114,076
Depreciation not included in other functions	 4,703,063
Total depreciation expense	\$ 6,043,637

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. General Obligation Bonds Payable

The District currently has the following general obligation bonds payable outstanding:

Issue	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Amounts of Installments	Remaining Maturities	Principal Outstanding
General obligation bonds payable						
2010A Alternative Facility Bonds	02/11/2010	0.65-5.75%	\$ 6,795,000	\$315,000-\$495,000	02/01/2020-02/01/2030	\$ 4,360,000
2010C Crossover Refunding Bonds	10/28/2010	3.00-3.20%	4,750,000	415,000-470,000	02/01/2020-02/01/2024	2,220,000
2011A Alternative Facility Bonds	04/14/2011	3.00-4.10%	6,720,000	300,000-460,000	02/01/2020-02/01/2031	4,405,000
2012A Refunding Bonds	04/25/2012	2.00-2.38%	8,955,000	800,000-910,000	02/01/2020-02/01/2025	5,125,000
2012B Alternative Facility Refunding Bonds	10/25/2012	2.13-3.00%	9,505,000	770,000-895,000	02/01/2020-02/01/2027	6,630,000
2016A Refunding Bonds	11/17/2016	5.00%	34,050,000	260,000-5,200,000	02/01/2020-02/01/2027	24,495,000
2017A Alternative Facility Refunding Bonds	05/18/2017	3.00%	6,600,000	575,000-760,000	02/01/2020-02/01/2028	5,935,000
2018A Facilities Maintenance Bonds	09/13/2018	3.00-5.00%	44,885,000	210,000-5,485,000	02/01/2026-02/01/2039	44,885,000
2018B Capital Facilities and Tax Abatement Bonds	09/13/2018	3.00%	6,040,000	510,000-690,000	02/01/2020-02/01/2029	6,040,000
2018D Taxable OPEB Refunding Bonds	11/15/2018	2.90-3.60%	13,985,000	1,595,000-1,935,000	02/01/2020-02/01/2027	13,985,000
2018E Alternative Facilities Refunding Bonds	11/15/2018	4.00-5.00%	3,530,000	265,000-445,000	02/01/2020-02/01/2029	3,530,000
Total general obligation bonds payable						\$ 121,610,000

These bonds were issued to finance acquisition and/or construction of capital facilities, to finance (refund) prior bond issues, or to finance OPEB obligations. Assets of the Debt Service Fund, together with scheduled future ad valorem tax levies, are dedicated for the retirement of these bonds. The annual future debt service levies authorized are equal to 105 percent of the principal and interest due each year. These levies are subject to reduction if fund balance amounts exceed limitations imposed by Minnesota law.

The District's 2010A Alternative Facility Bonds were issued as Build America Bonds – Direct Pay, for which the District will receive a federal tax credit equal to 35 percent of the interest payment on this debt issue. Although the District has complied with all eligibility requirements for this credit, the District has received notice from the Internal Revenue Service that future interest payment credits will be reduced.

In November 2018, the District issued \$13,985,000 of General Obligation Taxable OPEB Refunding Bonds, Series 2018D. The proceeds of this issue were used to refund, in advance of their stated maturities, the remaining maturities of the District's General Obligation Taxable OPEB Bonds, Series 2009A. This current refunding reduced the District's total future debt service payments by \$1,692,805, and resulted in a present value savings of approximately \$1,425,318. The difference between the carrying amount of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price was not material, and was included in current year expense on the government-wide financial statements.

In November 2018, the District also issued \$3,530,000 of General Obligation Alternative Facility Refunding Bonds, Series 2018E. The proceeds of this issue were used to refund, in advance of their stated maturities, the remaining maturities of the District's General Obligation Alternative Facility Bonds, Series 2009B. This current refunding reduced the District's total future debt service payments by \$306,319, and resulted in a present value savings of approximately \$256,528. The difference between the carrying amount of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price was not material, and was included in current year expense on the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

B. Certificates of Participation Payable

Issue	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue Final Maturity		Princi	pal Outstanding
Certificates of participation payable						
2006D Refunding Certificates of Participation	11/01/2006	4.00-4.25%	\$ 1,830,000	02/01/2020	\$	180,000
2010B Certificates of Participation	09/30/2010	2.00-3.50%	\$ 2,500,000	02/01/2025		1,195,000
2018C Certificates of Participation	09/13/2018	3.00-4.00%	\$ 9,405,000	02/01/2034		9,405,000
Total certificates of participation payable					\$	10,780,000

The District sold certificates of participation under Minnesota Statutes § 123B.51 and § 465.71 to finance additions and improvements to existing school facilities or to refund prior certificates of participation issued. Scheduled future ad valorem lease obligation tax levies will be made to finance the retirement of principal and interest payments on the certificates. These certificates of participation are being paid by the General Fund.

C. Capital Lease Payable

During fiscal year 2017, the District entered into a capital lease purchase to provide funds to finance the purchase of fiber optic equipment. The total amount of this capital lease was \$1,650,204, at a 2.20 percent interest rate, and a final payment date of June 30, 2023. This lease will be repaid through the General Fund. If the District does not pay the lease payments on the date which payments are due, the District shall pay lessor a charge at the rate of 12.00 percent per annum or the highest lawful rate, whichever is less, from such due date until paid. If the District breaches any term of this agreement, the lessor may require that the District return the equipment and pay any and all amounts which may then be due and payable under the lease, plus all lease payments remaining through the end of the then current fiscal period. The leased asset was recorded at \$1,650,204 (the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date of the lease) as furniture and equipment. Total accumulated depreciation on this asset at June 30, 2019 was \$171,896.

During fiscal year 2019, the District entered into a capital lease purchase to provide funds to finance the purchase of school buses. The total amount of this capital lease was \$853,607, at a 3.65 percent interest rate, and a final payment date of February 15, 2023. This lease will be repaid through the General Fund. The leased asset was recorded at \$853,607 (the present value of future minimum lease payments as of the inception date of the lease) as furniture and equipment. Total accumulated depreciation on this asset at June 30, 2019 was \$77,190.

D. Other Long-Term Liabilities

The District offers a number of benefits to its employees, including severance benefits, OPEB, pension benefits, and compensated absences. The details of these various benefit liabilities are discussed elsewhere in these notes. Such benefits are financed primarily from the General Fund. The District has also established a Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund to finance OPEB obligations.

The District has three defined benefit pension plans, including two state-wide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans administered by the PERA and the TRA, and one single-employer plan administered by the District.

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense reported for these plans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Pension Plans	Net Pension Liabilities	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense	
State-wide, multiple-employer – PERA State-wide, multiple-employer – TRA Single-employer – District	\$ 19,416,564 67,092,958 658,500	\$ 4,237,738 92,182,808 19,020	\$ 5,631,169 123,516,036 250	\$ (465,297) (29,041,450) 52,608	
Total	\$ 87,168,022	\$ 96,439,566	\$ 129,147,455	\$ (29,454,139)	

E. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 81,155,000	\$ 68.440.000	\$ 27,985,000	\$121,610,000	\$ 10,875,000
Certificates of participation payable	2,290,000	9,405,000	915.000	10.780.000	745,000
Plus premium (discount)	4,874,531	955,346	510,050	5,319,827	_
Total bonds and certificates					
of participation payable	88,319,531	78,800,346	29,410,050	137,709,827	11,620,000
Capital lease payable	1,204,215	853,607	401,478	1,656,344	397,002
Net/total pension liability	237,060,618	1,836,353	151,728,949	87,168,022	_
Net OPEB liability	24,563,884	2,138,423	1,326,959	25,375,348	_
Severance benefits payable	2,885,754	351,491	100,987	3,136,258	198,195
Compensated absences payable	1,463,483	1,335,945	1,272,941	1,526,487	1,526,487
	\$355,497,485	\$ 85,316,165	\$184,241,364	\$256,572,286	\$ 13,741,684

F. Minimum Debt Payments

Minimum annual principal and interest payments to maturity for general obligation bonds, certificates of participation, and the capital lease are as follows:

Year Ending	General Oblig	gation Bonds	Certificates of	Participation	Capital Lease		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2020	\$ 10,875,000	\$ 5,291,914	\$ 745,000	\$ 483,106	\$ 397,002	\$ 43,614	
2021	10,490,000	4,067,526	705,000	337,571	408,166	32,449	
2022	10,120,000	3,653,701	725,000	316,136	419,666	20,950	
2023	9,845,000	3,257,334	745,000	293,996	431,510	9,105	
2024	9,390,000	2,881,474	770,000	271,046	-	_	
2025-2029	28,830,000	10,046,831	3,375,000	940,431	-	-	
2030-2034	16,845,000	6,123,201	3,715,000	376,538	-	_	
2035-2039	25,215,000	2,713,244					
	\$ 121,610,000	\$ 38,035,225	\$ 10,780,000	\$ 3,018,824	\$ 1,656,344	\$ 106,118	

NOTE 5 – FUND BALANCES

A. Classifications

The following is a breakdown of equity components of governmental funds, which are defined earlier in the report. When applicable, certain restrictions, which have an accumulated deficit balance at June 30, are included in unassigned fund balance in the District's financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A description of these deficit balance restrictions is included herein since the District has specific authority to future resources for such deficits.

	General Fund	Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Inventory	\$ 23,396	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 413,183	\$ 436,579
Prepaid items	144,719	_	_	5,896	150,615
Total nonspendable	168,115	_	_	419,079	587,194
Restricted					
Staff development	288,472	_	_	_	288,472
Operating capital	9,101,239	_	_	_	9,101,239
Basic skills	80,538	_	_	_	80,538
Achievement and integration	170,994	_	_	_	170,994
Safe schools	1,568,357	_	_	_	1,568,357
Medical Assistance	1,463,706	_	_	_	1,463,706
Projects funded by					
certificates of participation	-	3,917,981	_	_	3,917,981
Long-term facilities maintenance	_	32,612,005	_	_	32,612,005
Capital projects	_	3,659,239	_	_	3,659,239
Debt service	-	_	2,592,721	_	2,592,721
OPEB debt service	-	_	572,826	—	572,826
Food service	_	_	_	1,265,318	1,265,318
Community education programs	-	_	_	1,888,819	1,888,819
Early childhood family					
education programs	_	_	_	594,359	594,359
School readiness	_	_	_	472,979	472,979
Adult basic education	_	_	_	336,054	336,054
Community service				863	863
Total restricted	12,673,306	40,189,225	3,165,547	4,558,392	60,586,470
Unassigned	19,439,417				19,439,417
Total	\$ 32,280,838	\$ 40,189,225	\$ 3,165,547	\$ 4,977,471	\$ 80,613,081

B. Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance Policy

The School Board has formally adopted a fund balance policy regarding the minimum unassigned fund balance for the General Fund. The policy establishes that the District will strive to maintain a minimum unassigned General Fund balance of 5.0 percent to 7.0 percent of the annual budget. At June 30, 2019, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund (excluding restricted account deficits) was 13.1 percent of current year expenditures.

NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE

A. Plan Descriptions

The District participates in the following cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the PERA and the TRA. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

1. General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

The PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356.

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the District other than teachers are covered by the GERF. GERF members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Teachers Retirement Association (TRA)

The TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356. The TRA is a separate statutory entity, administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees consists of four active members, one retired member, and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain other TRA-covered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members (except those employed by St. Paul Public Schools or Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU)). Educators first hired by MnSCU may elect either TRA coverage or coverage through Minnesota State's Individual Retirement Account Plan within one year of eligible employment.

B. Benefits Provided

The PERA and the TRA provide retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes and can only be modified by the State Legislature.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. GERF Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for the PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.7 percent of average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at age 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. GERF benefit recipients receive a future annual increase equal to 50.0 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.0 percent and not more than 1.5 percent. For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age (not applicable to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors). A benefit recipient who has been receiving a benefit for at least 12 full months as of June 30, will receive a full increase. Members receiving benefits for at least one month but less than 12 full months as of June 30, will receive a pro rata increase.

2. TRA Benefits

The TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statutes and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for the TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

Tier I Benefits

Step-Rate Formula	Percentage per Year
Basic Plan	
First 10 years of service	2.2 %
All years after	2.7 %
Coordinated Plan	
First 10 years if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.2 %
First 10 years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.4 %
All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.7 %
All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006 or after	1.9 %

With these provisions:

- (a) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- (b) Three percent per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- (c) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule of 90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

Tier II Benefits

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic Plan members applies. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent for Basic Plan members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under Minnesota Statutes. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II benefit calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree—no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the State Legislature.

1. GERF Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2019 and the District was required to contribute 7.5 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The District's contributions to the GERF for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$1,841,562. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statutes.

2. TRA Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Rates for each fiscal year were:

	Year Ended June 30,							
	20	17	20	18	2019			
	Employee Employer		Employee	Employee Employer		Employer		
Basic Plan	11.00 %	11.50 %	11.00 %	11.50 %	11.00 %	11.71 %		
Coordinated Plan	7.50 %	7.50 %	7.50 %	7.50 %	7.50 %	7.71 %		

The District's contributions to the TRA for the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, were \$4,720,962. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statutes.

The following is a reconciliation of employer contributions in the TRA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position to the employer contributions used in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Pension Allocations:

	in t	thousands
Employer contributions reported in the TRA's CAFR Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	378,728
Add employer contributions not related to future contribution efforts		522
Deduct the TRA's contributions not included in allocation		(471)
Total employer contributions		378,779
Total nonemployer contributions		35,588
Total contributions reported in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Pension Allocations	\$	414,367

Amounts reported in the allocation schedules may not precisely agree with financial statement amounts or actuarial valuations due to the number of decimal places used in the allocations. The TRA has rounded percentage amounts to the nearest ten thousandths.

D. Pension Costs

1. GERF Pension Costs

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$19,416,564 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by the PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2017, through June 30, 2018, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of the PERA's participating employers. The District's proportionate share was 0.3500 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.3541 percent for the beginning of the period.

The District's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The state of Minnesota is considered a nonemployer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The amounts recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 19,416,564
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	\$ 636,932

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized negative pension expense of \$613,828 for its proportionate share of the GERF's pension expense. In addition, the District recognized an additional \$148,531 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the GERF.

At June 30, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 519,674	\$ 572,931
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,876,502	2,199,152
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	_	1,917,793
Changes in proportion	_	941,293
District's contributions to the GERF subsequent to the		
measurement date	1,841,562	
Total	\$ 4,237,738	\$ 5,631,169

A total of \$1,841,562 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the GERF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,		Pension Expense Amount
2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ \$ \$	(57,143) (1,120,558) (1,652,036) (405,256)

2. TRA Pension Costs

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$67,092,958 for its proportionate share of the TRA's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the TRA in relation to total system contributions, including direct aid from the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis Public Schools. The District's proportionate share was 1.0682 percent at the end of the measurement period and 1.0712 percent for the beginning of the period.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction due to direct aid provided to the TRA. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 67,092,958
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	\$ 6,303,801

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized negative pension expense of \$24,641,817. It also recognized \$4,399,633 as a decrease to pension expense (and grant revenue) for the support provided by direct aid.

At June 30, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRA's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 810,206	\$ 1,356,383
Changes in actuarial assumptions	86,143,984	114,468,929
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	5,152,458
Changes in proportion	507,656	2,538,266
District's contributions to the TRA subsequent to the		
measurement date	4,720,962	
Total	\$ 92,182,808	\$ 123,516,036

A total of \$4,720,962 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions to the TRA subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the TRA pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ending	Expense
June 30,	Amount
2020	\$ 6,013,964
2021	\$ 2,672,783
2022	\$ (790,573)
2023	\$ (25,718,375)
2024	\$ (18,231,989)

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Assumptions	GERF	TRA	
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%	
Inflation	2.30%	2.30%	
Wage growth rate		2.85% for 10 years, and 3.25% thereafter	
Active member payroll	3.25%	2.85% to 8.85% for 10 years, and 3.25% to 9.25% thereafter	
Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.50%	

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants for all plans were based on RP-2014 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent per year for the GERF and 1.00 percent for January 2019 through January 2023, then increasing by 0.10 percent each year up to 1.50 percent annually for the TRA.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent experience studies were completed in 2015. Economic assumptions were updated in 2017 based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2018:

1. GERF

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.

CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to zero percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio, to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age. Does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2. TRA

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced from 2.00 percent each January 1 to 1.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.10 percent each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.50 percent in January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.

- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.50 percent if the funded ratio was at least 90.00 percent for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.50 percent to 7.50 percent, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next six years, (7.71 percent in 2018, 7.92 percent in 2019, 8.13 percent in 2020, 8.34 percent in 2021, 8.55 percent in 2022, and 8.75 percent in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50 percent to 7.75 percent on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.12 percent to 7.50 percent.

The Minnesota State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of the PERA and the TRA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic stocks	36 %	5.10 %
International stocks	17	5.30 %
Bonds (fixed income)	20	0.75 %
Alternative assets (private markets)	25	5.90 %
Cash	2	- %
Total	100 %	

F. Discount Rate

1. GERF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

2. TRA

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. This is an increase from the discount rate at the prior measurement date of 5.12 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the fiscal year 2018 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1,0	Decrease in scount Rate	 Discount Rate	1,0	Increase in scount Rate
GERF discount rate		6.50%	7.50%		8.50%
District's proportionate share of the GERF net pension liability	\$	31,554,404	\$ 19,416,564	\$	9,397,126
TRA discount rate		6.50%	7.50%		8.50%
District's proportionate share of the TRA net pension liability	\$	106,476,253	\$ 67,092,958	\$	34,602,000

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GERF's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report. That report may be obtained on the PERA website at www.mnpera.org; by writing to the PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103; or by calling (651) 296-7460 or (800) 652-9026.

Detailed information about the TRA's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained on the TRA website www.MinnesotaTRA.org; by writing to the TRA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103; or by calling (651) 296-2409 or (800) 657-3669.

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

A. Plan Description

The District provides post-employment benefits to certain eligible employees through the OPEB Plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. Management of the plan is vested with the School Board of the District. All post-employment benefits are based on contractual agreements with employee groups. The District is phasing out post-employment medical and dental insurance to all district employees, in accordance with their respective master employment agreements. The eligibility for, amount of, duration of, and the District's contribution to the cost of the benefits provided varies by contract, hire dates, and date of retirement. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. These contractual agreements do not include any specific contribution or funding requirements.

The District administers a defined benefit Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund. The assets of the plan are reported in the District's financial report in the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, established by the District to finance these obligations. The plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits of the plan, in accordance with the terms of the plan. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Benefits Provided

All retirees of the District upon retirement have the option under state law to continue their medical insurance coverage at their cost through the District from the time of retirement until the employee reaches the age of eligibility for Medicare. For members of certain employee groups, the District pays the eligible retiree's premiums for medical and dental insurance for some period after retirement. Benefits paid by the District differ by bargaining unit and date of hire, with some contracts specifying a certain dollar amount per month, and some covering premium costs as defined within each collective bargaining agreement. Retirees not eligible for these district-paid premium benefits must pay the full district premium rate for their coverage.

The District is legally required to include any retirees for whom it provides health insurance coverage in the same insurance pool as its active employees, whether the premiums are paid by the District or the retiree. Consequently, participating retirees are considered to receive a secondary benefit known as an "implicit rate subsidy." This benefit relates to the assumption that the retiree is receiving a more favorable premium rate than they would otherwise be able to obtain if purchasing insurance on their own, due to being included in the same pool with the District's younger and statistically healthier active employees.

C. Contributions

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined periodically by the District. The District has established the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund to finance these obligations.

D. Membership

Membership in the plan consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	598
Active plan members	1,413
Total members	2,011

NOTE 7 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

E. Net OPEB Liability of the District

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at year-end were as follows:

Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 38,253,188 (12,877,840)
District's net OPEB liability	\$ 25,375,348
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	33.7%

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the entry-age, level percentage of pay actuarial cost method, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	3.10%
Expected long-term investment return	2.60% (net of investment expenses)
20-year municipal bond yield	3.10%
Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00%
Medical trend rate	6.25%, grading to 5.00% over 5 years
Dental trend rate	3.00%
Vision trend rate	5.00%
Medicare supplemental trend rate	4.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2016 Generational Improvement Scale.

The retirement and withdrawal assumptions used in the latest valuation were based on those used to value pension liabilities for Minnesota school district employees. The state pension plans base their assumptions on periodic experience studies.

The District's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the School Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the School Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes allowable under state statutes.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was set based on the plan's target investment allocation described below, along with long-term return expectations by asset class. When there is sufficient historical evidence of market outperformance, historical average returns may be considered. The target allocation and best-estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Domestic equity Fixed income Cash	10.00 % 85.00 5.00	4.00 % 2.50 % 1.00 %
Total	100.00 %	2.60 %

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

G. Concentrations

At year-end, the District's OPEB Plan held investments in the state of California, Kane County Forest Preserve District, Kettering Ohio School District, Lexington-Fayette Urban County Government, and state of Utah that represented 5 percent or more of the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position.

H. Rate of Return

For the current year ended, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 1.9 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

I. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was determined by projecting forward the fiduciary net position (assets) as of the valuation date, increasing by the investment return assumption, and reducing by benefit payments in each period until assets are exhausted. Expected benefit payments by year were discounted using the expected asset return assumptions for the years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaining benefit payments after the trust fund is exhausted are discounted at the 20-year municipal bond rate. The equivalent single rate is the discount rate. The contribution and benefit payment history, as well as the funding policy, have also been taken into account. The District discount rate used in the prior measurement date was 3.40 percent.

J. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability	······	
Beginning balance – July 1, 2018	\$ 37,198,043	\$ 12,634,159	\$ 24,563,884
Changes for the year			
Service cost	1,513,621	_	1,513,621
Interest	1,271,446	_	1,271,446
Assumption changes	924,626	_	924,626
Contributions – employer	-	1,665,583	(1,665,583)
Contributions – employee	-	988,965	(988,965)
Projected investment return	_	328,488	(328,488)
Differences between expected and actual experience	_	(84,807)	84,807
Benefit payments – employer-financed	(1,665,583)	(1,665,583)	_
Benefit payments – employee-financed	(988,965)	(988,965)	_
Total net changes	1,055,145	243,681	811,464
Ending balance – June 30, 2019	\$ 38,253,188	\$ 12,877,840	\$ 25,375,348

Assumption changes since the prior measurement date include the following:

• The discount rate was changed from 3.40 percent to 3.10 percent.

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

K. Net OPEB Liability Sensitivity to Discount and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Changes

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		% Decrease in Discount Rate		_		1% Increase in Discount Rate	
OPEB discount rate		2.10%		3.10%		4.10%	
Net OPEB liability	\$	29,096,758	\$	25,375,348	\$	22,160,404	

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	H	Decrease in Iealthcare Frend Rate	Healthcare Trend Rate	 1% Increase in Healthcare Trend Rate
OPEB medical trend rate		b decreasing to % over 5 years	% decreasing to 0% over 5 years	25% decreasing to 00% over 5 years
OPEB dental trend rate		2.00%	3.00%	4.00%
OPEB vision trend rate		4.00%	5.00%	6.00%
OPEB Medicare supplement trend rate		3.00%	4.00%	5.00%
Net OPEB liability	\$	20,876,411	\$ 25,375,348	\$ 30,864,536

L. OPEB Expense and Related Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the current year ended, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,138,423. As of year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	(Deferred Dutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	\$	832,163 152,519	\$ 3,262,729 493,320 –
	\$	984,682	\$ 3,756,049

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	OF	EB Expense Amount
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Thereafter	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	(318,156) (318,157) (359,259) (360,085) (377,044) (1,038,666)

NOTE 8 – PENSION BENEFITS PLAN – DISTRICT

A. Plan Description

The District provides pension benefits to certain eligible employees through its Pension Benefits Plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. All pension benefits are based on contractual agreements with employee groups. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. These contractual agreements do not include any specific contribution or funding requirements. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. These benefits are summarized as follows:

The District maintains various early retirement incentive payment plans for its employee groups. Each employee group plan contains benefit formulas based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. No employee can receive severance or retirement benefits in excess of one year's salary.

B. Contributions and Funding Policy

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined annually by the District. There are no invested plan assets accumulated for payment of future benefits.

C. Membership

Membership in the plan consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation:

Active plan members 71

D. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2018, and a measurement date as of June 30, 2019, using the entry-age method, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	3.10%
20-year municipal bond yield	3.10%
Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2016 Generational Improvement Scale. The actuarial assumptions used in the latest valuation were based on those used to value pension liabilities for Minnesota school district employees. The state pension plans base their assumptions on periodic experience studies.

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 3.10 percent. The District discount rate used in the prior measurement date was 3.40 percent. Since the plan is not funded, the discount rate is equal to the 20-year municipal bond rate, which was set by considering published rate information for 20-year high quality, tax-exempt, general obligation municipal bonds as of the measurement date.

NOTE 8 – PENSION BENEFITS PLAN – DISTRICT (CONTINUED)

F. Changes in the Total Pension Liability

	Total Pension Liability	
Beginning balance – July 1, 2018	\$	624,154
Changes for the year		
Service cost		24,596
Interest		21,834
Assumption changes		1,182
Benefit payments – employer-financed		(13,266)
Total net changes		34,346
Ending balance – June 30, 2019	\$	658,500

Assumption changes since the prior measurement date include the following:

• The discount rate was changed from 3.40 percent to 3.10 percent.

G. Total Pension Liability Sensitivity to Discount Rate Changes

The following presents the total pension liability of the District, as well as what the District's total pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	 Decrease in Discour acount Rate Rate			 ncrease in count Rate
Pension discount rate	2.10%		3.10%	4.10%
Total pension liability	\$ 666,041	\$	658,500	\$ 650,682

H. Pension Expense and Related Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the current year ended, the District recognized pension expense of \$52,608. As of year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this pension plan from the following sources:

	0	eferred utflows Resources	In	ferred flows esources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions	\$	18,075 945	\$	250
	\$	19,020	\$	250

NOTE 8 – PENSION BENEFITS PLAN – DISTRICT (CONTINUED)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to this pension plan will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	E	ension xpense mount
2020 2021 2022 2023	\$ \$ \$	6,178 6,178 6,180 234

NOTE 9 – FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLAN

The District has a flexible benefit plan, which is classified as a cafeteria plan (the Plan) under § 125 of the IRC. All employee groups of the District are eligible if and when the collective bargaining agreement or contract with their group allows eligibility. Eligible employees can elect to participate by contributing pretax dollars withheld from payroll checks to the Plan for healthcare and dependent care benefits.

Before the beginning of the Plan year, which is from January 1 to December 31, each participant designates a total amount of pretax dollars to be contributed to the Plan during the year. At June 30, the District is contingently liable for claims against the total amount of participants' annual contributions to the Plan, whether or not such contributions have been made.

Payments of insurance premiums (health, dental, life, and disability) are made by the District directly to the designated service providers. These payments are made on a monthly basis and are accounted for in the General Fund, special revenue funds, and self-insurance fund.

Amounts withheld for medical reimbursement and dependent care are paid by the District to a trust account maintained by an outside administrator on a monthly basis. Payments are made by the outside administrator to participating employees upon submitting a request for reimbursement of eligible expenses incurred by the employee. The medical reimbursement and dependent care activity is included in the financial statements in the General Fund and special revenue funds.

All property of the Plan and income attributable to that property is solely the property of the District, subject to the claims of the District's general creditors. Participants' rights under the Plan are equal to those of general creditors in an amount equal to the eligible healthcare and dependent care expenses incurred by the participants. The District believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Federal and State Receivables

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

B. Construction Contracts

The District is committed to various contracts awarded for construction and maintenance projects. The District's commitment for uncompleted work on these contracts at June 30, 2019 was \$21,285,808.

C. Legal Claims

The District has the usual and customary types of miscellaneous legal claims pending at year-end, mostly of a minor nature and usually covered by insurance carried for that purpose. Although the outcomes of these claims are not presently determinable, the District believes that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

D. Operating Leases

The District leases buildings and equipment under operating leases that expire through June 30, 2024. Total costs for such leases were \$320,558 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The future minimum lease payments for these leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	A	mount
2020	\$	228,800
2021		228,800
2022		228,800
2023		228,800
2024		19,067
Total	\$	934,267

NOTE 11 – GASB STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT YET IMPLEMENTED

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, is intended to enhance consistency and comparability of fiduciary activity reporting by state and local governments. It is also meant to improve the usefulness of fiduciary activity information primarily for assessing the accountability of governments in their roles as fiduciaries.

This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. This statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria.

The MDE has also issued guidance for implementing this standard, which will impact the reporting of extracurricular student activity accounts previously not under School Board control, beginning in the 2019–2020 fiscal year. This new guidance provided by the MDE will require the activities currently presented separately in this financial statement to be operated under School Board control and reported as part of the District's General Fund for the year ending June 30, 2020.

NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In November 2019, the District issued \$195,050,000 of General Obligation School Building Bonds, Series 2019A. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 3.00–5.00 percent and mature in 2046.

In November 2019, the District issued \$61,325,000 of General Obligation Facilities Maintenance Bonds, Series 2019B. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 3.00–5.00 percent and mature in 2042.

In November 2019, the District issued \$7,040,000 of General Obligation Alternative Facilities Refunding Bonds, Series 2019C. The bonds bear interest rates ranging from 4.00–5.00 percent and mature in 2031.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2019

District Fiscal	PERA Fiscal Year-End Date (Measurement	District's Proportion of the Net Pension	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	Pro St M Pro St No	District's oportionate hare of the State of innesota's oportionate hare of the et Pension	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the District's Share of the State of Minnesota's Share of the Net Pension	District's Covered	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension
Year-End Date	Date)	Liability	Liability]	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
06/30/2015 06/30/2016 06/30/2017 06/30/2018 06/30/2019	06/30/2014 06/30/2015 06/30/2016 06/30/2017 06/30/2018	0.4593% 0.4116% 0.3541% 0.3541% 0.3500%	\$ 21,575,613 \$ 21,331,249 \$ 28,751,165 \$ 22,605,512 \$ 19,416,564	\$ \$ \$ \$	- 375,475 284,216 636,932	\$ 21,575,613 \$ 21,331,249 \$ 29,126,640 \$ 22,889,728 \$ 20,053,496	\$ 24,110,024 \$ 24,164,168 \$ 21,939,530 \$ 22,809,532 \$ 23,496,733	89.49% 88.28% 131.05% 99.11% 82.64%	78.70% 78.20% 68.90% 75.90% 79.50%

Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2019

District Fiscal Year-End Date	Statutorily Required Contributions	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
06/30/2015 06/30/2016 06/30/2017 06/30/2018 06/30/2019	 \$ 1,784,137 \$ 1,645,472 \$ 1,710,720 \$ 1,762,249 \$ 1,841,562 	 \$ 1,784,137 \$ 1,645,472 \$ 1,710,720 \$ 1,762,249 \$ 1,841,562 	\$ – \$ – \$ – \$ – \$ –	 \$ 24,164,168 \$ 21,939,530 \$ 22,809,532 \$ 23,496,733 \$ 24,554,191 	7.38% 7.50% 7.50% 7.50% 7.50%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a June 30, 2014 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2019

		District's	District's	District's Proportionate Share of the State of Minnesota's	Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the District's Share of the State of		District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a
	TRA Fiscal	Proportion	Proportionate	Proportionate	Minnesota's		Liability as a	Percentage
	Year-End Date	of the Net	Share of the	Share of the	Share of the	District's	Percentage of	of the Total
District Fiscal	(Measurement	Pension	Net Pension	Net Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Covered	Pension
Year-End Date	Date)	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
06/30/2015	06/30/2014	1.2242%	\$ 56,410,255	\$ 3,968,323	\$ 60,378,578	\$ 55,880,148	100.95%	81.50%
06/30/2016	06/30/2015	1.1144%	\$ 68,936,661	\$ 8,455,794	\$ 77,392,455	\$ 56,560,535	121.88%	76.80%
06/30/2017	06/30/2016	1.0688%	\$254,934,302	\$ 25,589,195	\$280,523,497	\$ 55,599,679	458.52%	44.88%
06/30/2018	06/30/2017	1.0712%	\$213,830,952	\$ 20,669,481	\$234,500,433	\$ 57,658,824	370.86%	51.57%
06/30/2019	06/30/2018	1.0682%	\$ 67,092,958	\$ 6,303,801	\$ 73,396,759	\$ 59,013,621	113.69%	78.07%

Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2019

District Fiscal Year-End Date	Statutorily Required Contributions	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contributions	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
06/30/2015 06/30/2016 06/30/2017 06/30/2018 06/30/2019	 \$ 4,241,912 \$ 4,169,871 \$ 4,324,135 \$ 4,426,203 \$ 4,720,962 	 \$ 4,241,912 \$ 4,169,871 \$ 4,324,135 \$ 4,426,203 \$ 4,720,962 	\$ – \$ – \$ – \$ – \$ –	\$ 56,560,535 \$ 55,599,679 \$ 57,658,824 \$ 59,013,621 \$ 61,234,275	7.50% 7.50% 7.50% 7.50% 7.71%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a June 30, 2014 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in the District's Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2017		2018		 2019
Total pension liability					
Service cost	\$	30,840	\$	22,811	\$ 24,596
Interest		20,359		20,199	21,834
Assumption changes		_		(418)	1,182
Differences between expected and actual experience		—		30,125	_
Benefit payments		(56,254)		(39,359)	 (13,266)
Net change in total pension liability		(5,055)		33,358	 34,346
Total pension liability – beginning of year		595,851		590,796	 624,154
Total pension liability – end of year	\$	590,796	\$	624,154	\$ 658,500
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,245,066	\$	3,252,385	\$ 3,349,956
Total pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		13.92%		19.19%	 19.66%

Note 1: The District has not established a trust fund to finance GASB Statement No. 73-related benefits.

Note 2: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 73 in fiscal 2017. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2019

	2017	2018	2019
Total OPEB liability			
Service cost	\$ 1,418,232	\$ 1,386,666	\$ 1,513,621
Interest	1,409,951	1,420,441	1,271,446
Assumption changes	_	(616,650)	924,626
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(4,078,413)	_
Benefit payments – employer-financed	(2,389,507)	(1,702,027)	(1,665,583)
Benefit payments – employee-financed		(886,342)	(988,965)
Net change in total OPEB liability	438,676	(4,476,325)	1,055,145
Total OPEB liability – beginning of year	41,235,692	41,674,368	37,198,043
Total OPEB liability – end of year	41,674,368	37,198,043	38,253,188
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions – employer	898,918	1,702,027	1,665,583
Contributions – employee	_	886,342	988,965
Investment earnings	149,619	320,268	328,488
Differences between expected and actual experience	_	(4,115)	(84,807)
Benefit payments – employer-financed	(2,389,507)	(1,702,027)	(1,665,583)
Benefit payments – employee-financed	_	(886,342)	(988,965)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(1,340,970)	316,153	243,681
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning of year	13,658,976	12,318,006	12,634,159
Plan fiduciary net position – end of year	12,318,006	12,634,159	12,877,840
Net OPEB liability	\$ 29,356,362	\$ 24,563,884	\$ 25,375,348
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	29.56%	33.96%	33.66%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 76,079,920	\$ 72,697,272	\$ 74,878,190
Net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	38.59%	33.79%	33.89%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 in fiscal 2017. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Investment Returns Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Annual Money-Weighted
	Rate of Return,
	Net of
Year	Investment Expense
2017	1.1%
2018	2.6%
2019	1.9%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 in fiscal 2017. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND

2018 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to zero percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio, to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age. Does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.

2017 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The state's special funding contribution increased from \$6 million to \$16 million.

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60.00 percent for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now zero percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years, to 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2019

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth, and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Retirement Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised.

2015 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2019

TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA)

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced from 2.00 percent each January 1 to 1.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.10 percent each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.50 percent on January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.50 percent if the funded ratio was at least 90.00 percent for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.50 percent to 7.50 percent, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next six years, (7.71 percent in 2018, 7.92 percent in 2019, 8.13 percent in 2020, 8.34 percent in 2021, 8.55 percent in 2022, and 8.75 percent in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50 percent to 7.75 percent on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.12 percent to 7.50 percent.

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The COLA was assumed to increase from 2.00 percent annually to 2.50 percent annually on July 1, 2045.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.50 percent, but remain at 2.00 percent for all future years.
- Adjustments were made to the CSA loads. The active load was reduced from 1.40 percent to zero percent, the vested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 7.00 percent, and the nonvested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 9.00 percent.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 3.00 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2019

TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA) (CONTINUED)

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 2.85 percent for 10 years, followed by 3.25 percent thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.
- The single discount rate changed from 4.66 percent to 5.12 percent.

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The single discount rate was changed from 8.00 percent to 4.66 percent.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association was merged into the TRA on June 30, 2015.

2015 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The annual COLA for the June 30, 2015 valuation assumed 2.00 percent. The prior year valuation used 2.00 percent, with an increase to 2.50 percent commencing in 2034.
- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00 percent. This is a decrease from the discount rate at the prior measurement date of 8.25 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2019

PENSION BENEFITS PLAN

2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The discount rate was changed from 3.40 percent to 3.10 percent.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality table was updated from RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2016 Generational Improvement Scale.

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The discount rate was changed from 3.50 percent to 3.40 percent.
- Retirement rates now begin at age 55 even if eligibility requirements have not been met.

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The discount rate was changed from 3.40 percent to 3.10 percent.

2018 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- Principals hired after July 1, 2018 need 10 years of service to be eligible for the subsidized retirement benefit.
- Custodians hired after July 1, 2018 are no longer eligible for subsidized medical and dental benefits. Custodians hired before July 1, 2018 may choose to have the current subsidized medical and dental benefits or make a one-time election to switch to a matching retirement plan.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The healthcare trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality table was updated from RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2016 Generational Improvement Scale.

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The discount rate was changed from 3.50 percent to 3.40 percent.

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SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2019

		Special Revenue Funds				
		Community				
	Food Service			Service		Total
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	1,511,239	\$	4,236,501	\$	5,747,740
Receivables	Ŧ	_,,,	Ŧ	.,	Ŧ	-,,
Current taxes		_		662,415		662,415
Delinquent taxes		_		16,284		16,284
Accounts and interest		_		90,771		90,771
Due from other governmental units		_		986,681		986,681
Inventory		413,183		_		413,183
Prepaid items		4,820		1,076		5,896
Total assets	\$	1,929,242	\$	5,993,728	\$	7,922,970
Liabilities						
Salaries payable	\$	33,104	\$	107,057	\$	140,161
Accounts and contracts payable		82,859		74,255		157,114
Due to other governmental units		1,049		1,003,124		1,004,173
Unearned revenue		128,909		324,365		453,274
Total liabilities		245,921		1,508,801		1,754,722
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		_		14,292		14,292
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		_		1,176,485		1,176,485
Total deferred inflows of resources		_		1,190,777		1,190,777
Fund balances						
Nonspendable for inventory		413,183		_		413,183
Nonspendable for prepaid items		4,820		1,076		5,896
Restricted		1,265,318		3,293,074		4,558,392
Total fund balances		1,683,321		3,294,150		4,977,471
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of						
resources, and fund balances	\$	1,929,242	\$	5,993,728	\$	7,922,970

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds					
		Community	T (1			
	Food Service	Service	Total			
Revenue						
Local sources						
Property taxes	\$ –	\$ 1,224,840	\$ 1,224,840			
Investment earnings	28,645	107,428	136,073			
Other	1,992,335	3,067,090	5,059,425			
State sources	349,009	5,475,147	5,824,156			
Federal sources	4,606,022	291,546	4,897,568			
Total revenue	6,976,011	10,166,051	17,142,062			
Expenditures						
Current						
Food service	6,590,513	_	6,590,513			
Community service	-	10,330,248	10,330,248			
Capital outlay	178,578	116,894	295,472			
Total expenditures	6,769,091	10,447,142	17,216,233			
Net change in fund balances	206,920	(281,091)	(74,171)			
Fund balances						
Beginning of year	1,476,401	3,575,241	5,051,642			
End of year	\$ 1,683,321	\$ 3,294,150	\$ 4,977,471			

General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2019 and 2018

		2019	2018	
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	29,003,142	\$	24,669,008
Receivables	Ψ	27,003,142	Ψ	24,009,000
Current taxes		17,563,165		18,831,749
Delinquent taxes		338,709		269,981
Accounts and interest		89,055		258,605
Due from other governmental units		15,949,498		16,431,093
Inventory		23,396		21,765
Prepaid items		144,719		45,443
Total assets	\$	63,111,684	\$	60,527,644
Liabilities				
Salaries payable	\$	523,144	\$	545,716
Accounts and contracts payable		901,579		2,684,757
Due to other governmental units		1,057,704		1,221,659
Total liabilities		2,482,427		4,452,132
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		293,138		201,168
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		28,055,281		30,434,074
Total deferred inflows of resources		28,348,419		30,635,242
Fund balances (deficit)				
Nonspendable for inventory		23,396		21,765
Nonspendable for prepaid items		144,719		45,443
Restricted for staff development		288,472		172,920
Restricted for health and safety		-		80,871
Restricted for operating capital		9,101,239		8,339,003
Restricted for basic skills		80,538		80,538
Restricted for achievement and integration		170,994		106,139
Restricted for safe schools		1,568,357		1,120,432
Restricted for Medical Assistance		1,463,706		1,267,419
Unassigned – long-term facilities maintenance				
restricted account deficit		-		(517,539)
Unassigned		19,439,417		14,723,279
Total fund balances		32,280,838		25,440,270
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of				
resources, and fund balances	\$	63,111,684	\$	60,527,644

General Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2018)

		2019		2018
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 33,641,641	\$ 31,745,839	\$ (1,895,802)	\$ 32,975,199
Investment earnings	350,000	649,419	299,419	326,718
Other	2,387,200	2,488,928	101,728	4,411,517
State sources	111,407,323	114,812,153	3,404,830	110,559,608
Federal sources	4,643,000	4,701,530	58,530	4,792,878
Total revenue	152,429,164	154,397,869	1,968,705	153,065,920
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration				
Salaries	4,165,891	4,317,172	151,281	4,237,613
Employee benefits	1,764,603	1,510,438	(254,165)	1,535,285
Purchased services	120,917	91,538	(29,379)	87,647
Supplies and materials	14,844	30,459	15,615	18,894
Capital expenditures	108,300	97,469	(10,831)	69,445
Other expenditures	86,200	76,710	(9,490)	72,424
Total administration	6,260,755	6,123,786	(136,969)	6,021,308
District support services				
Salaries	2,791,979	2,750,081	(41,898)	2,705,063
Employee benefits	1,145,206	1,135,932	(9,274)	1,057,608
Purchased services	1,145,535	986,179	(159,356)	938,176
Supplies and materials	509,258	809,004	299,746	508,075
Capital expenditures	2,010,143	1,330,816	(679,327)	184,475
Other expenditures	23,950	21,669	(2,281)	14,817
Total district support services	7,626,071	7,033,681	(592,390)	5,408,214
Elementary and secondary				
regular instruction				
Salaries	40,398,295	39,233,295	(1,165,000)	38,099,359
Employee benefits	15,110,898	15,636,383	525,485	15,333,768
Purchased services	6,045,153	4,961,587	(1,083,566)	4,733,285
Supplies and materials	1,578,792	1,478,473	(100,319)	1,984,516
Capital expenditures	213,607	212,800	(807)	302,348
Other expenditures	359,332	333,077	(26,255)	315,546
Total elementary and secondary				
regular instruction	63,706,077	61,855,615	(1,850,462)	60,768,822

General Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2018)

		2018		
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Current (continued)				
Vocational education instruction				
Salaries	1,368,862	1,574,740	205,878	1,598,097
Employee benefits	591,313	649,909	58,596	662,288
Purchased services	428,925	438,991	10,066	423,587
Supplies and materials	64,700	57,419	(7,281)	56,809
Capital expenditures	11,000	_	(11,000)	8,083
Other expenditures	141,604	135,514	(6,090)	133,006
Total vocational education instruction	2,606,404	2,856,573	250,169	2,881,870
Special education instruction				
Salaries	19,170,197	18,352,353	(817,844)	17,331,153
Employee benefits	6,894,137	7,168,817	274,680	6,645,021
Purchased services	3,071,350	4,568,853	1,497,503	2,728,352
Supplies and materials	612,224	418,764	(193,460)	314,431
Capital expenditures	51,626	38,631	(12,995)	56,844
Other expenditures	259,200	285,598	26,398	264,209
Total special education instruction	30,058,734	30,833,016	774,282	27,340,010
Instructional support services				
Salaries	5,201,177	5,010,899	(190,278)	5,015,460
Employee benefits	1,343,819	1,316,683	(27,136)	1,305,646
Purchased services	426,083	354,758	(71,325)	397,970
Supplies and materials	298,522	553,121	254,599	311,801
Capital expenditures	15,293	_	(15,293)	387
Other expenditures	37,970	78,191	40,221	62,824
Total instructional support services	7,322,864	7,313,652	(9,212)	7,094,088
Pupil support services				
Salaries	5,822,020	5,623,050	(198,970)	5,326,080
Employee benefits	2,084,297	1,965,298	(118,999)	1,895,053
Purchased services	4,164,188	3,567,304	(596,884)	3,481,015
Supplies and materials	869,082	851,570	(17,512)	793,344
Capital expenditures	930,700	1,031,080	100,380	917,149
Other expenditures	15,750	23,784	8,034	26,314
Total pupil support services	13,886,037	13,062,086	(823,951)	12,438,955

General Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2018)

		2018		
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Current (continued)				
Sites and buildings				
Salaries	4,195,956	4,075,638	(120,318)	3,926,448
Employee benefits	1,744,576	2,058,850	314,274	2,111,439
Purchased services	4,482,439	4,565,298	82,859	4,938,679
Supplies and materials	480,380	637,086	156,706	613,792
Capital expenditures	4,953,002	5,536,691	583,689	7,519,399
Other expenditures	378,566	468,424	89,858	392,454
Total sites and buildings	16,234,919	17,341,987	1,107,068	19,502,211
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs				
Purchased services	600,000	579,213	(20,787)	489,040
Debt service				
Principal	1,145,500	1,316,478	170,978	1,120,434
Interest and fiscal charges	98,945	112,783	13,838	128,608
Total debt service	1,244,445	1,429,261	184,816	1,249,042
Total expenditures	149,546,306	148,428,870	(1,117,436)	143,193,560
Excess of revenue over expenditures	2,882,858	5,968,999	3,086,141	9,872,360
Other financing sources				
Capital lease issued	853,607	853,607	_	_
Sale of assets		17,962	17,962	14,873
Total other financing sources	853,607	871,569	17,962	14,873
Net change in fund balances	\$ 3,736,465	6,840,568	\$ 3,104,103	9,887,233
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		25,440,270		15,553,037
End of year		\$ 32,280,838		\$ 25,440,270

Food Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019	2018
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 1,511,239	\$ 1,379,765
Receivables		
Accounts and interest	_	7,479
Inventory	413,183	375,577
Prepaid items	4,820	
Total assets	\$ 1,929,242	\$ 1,762,821
Liabilities		
Salaries payable	\$ 33,104	\$ 36,856
Accounts and contracts payable	82,859	106,263
Due to other governmental units	1,049	2,492
Unearned revenue	128,909	140,809
Total liabilities	245,921	286,420
Fund balances		
Nonspendable for inventory	413,183	375,577
Nonspendable for prepaid items	4,820	_
Restricted for food service	1,265,318	1,100,824
Total fund balances	1,683,321	1,476,401
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,929,242	\$ 1,762,821

Food Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2018)

				2019				2018
					Ov	er (Under)		
		Budget		Actual		Budget		Actual
Revenue								
Local sources								
Investment earnings	\$	5,000	\$	28,645	\$	23,645	\$	20,767
Other – primarily meal sales	φ	1,929,400	φ	1,992,335	φ	23,043 62,935	φ	1,989,753
State sources		343,000		349,009		6,009		345,744
Federal sources		,		,		,		,
		4,377,000		4,606,022		229,022		4,325,607
Total revenue		6,654,400		6,976,011		321,611		6,681,871
Expenditures								
Current								
Salaries		1,878,100		1,901,160		23,060		1,780,723
Employee benefits		730,826		749,233		18,407		730,312
Purchased services		237,500		270,081		32,581		238,147
Supplies and materials		3,598,500		3,660,738		62,238		3,620,524
Other expenditures		25,000		9,301		(15,699)		26,061
Capital outlay		400,000		178,578		(221,422)		143,122
Total expenditures		6,869,926		6,769,091		(100,835)		6,538,889
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Net change in fund balances	\$	(215,526)		206,920	\$	422,446		142,982
Fund balances								
Beginning of year				1,476,401				1,333,419
End of year			\$	1,683,321			\$	1,476,401

Community Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2019 and 2018

	 2019	 2018
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 4,236,501	\$ 4,766,057
Receivables		
Current taxes	662,415	689,262
Delinquent taxes	16,284	13,996
Accounts and interest	90,771	52,193
Due from other governmental units	986,681	742,529
Prepaid items	 1,076	 2,884
Total assets	\$ 5,993,728	\$ 6,266,921
Liabilities		
Salaries payable	\$ 107,057	\$ 109,762
Accounts and contracts payable	74,255	67,645
Due to other governmental units	1,003,124	896,033
Unearned revenue	 324,365	 369,113
Total liabilities	 1,508,801	1,442,553
Deferred inflows of resources		
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes	14,292	14,245
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	1,176,485	1,234,882
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,190,777	 1,249,127
Fund balances		
Nonspendable for prepaid items	1,076	2,884
Restricted for community education programs	1,888,819	2,019,337
Restricted for early childhood family education programs	594,359	631,340
Restricted for school readiness	472,979	486,248
Restricted for adult basic education	336,054	434,428
Restricted for community service	 863	 1,004
Total fund balances	 3,294,150	 3,575,241
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 5,993,728	\$ 6,266,921

Community Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2018)

			2019		 2018
				er (Under)	
	 Budget		Actual	 Budget	 Actual
Revenue					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 1,242,002	\$	1,224,840	\$ (17,162)	\$ 1,468,233
Investment earnings	_		107,428	107,428	70,513
Other – primarily tuition and fees	2,905,306		3,067,090	161,784	2,984,453
State sources	5,304,569		5,475,147	170,578	5,113,142
Federal sources	386,121		291,546	(94,575)	258,213
Total revenue	 9,837,998		10,166,051	 328,053	 9,894,554
Expenditures					
Current					
Salaries	4,157,174		4,425,651	268,477	3,855,598
Employee benefits	1,539,270		1,441,544	(97,726)	1,245,628
Purchased services	3,720,778		3,813,429	92,651	3,456,451
Supplies and materials	648,256		564,494	(83,762)	506,407
Other expenditures	86,570		85,130	(1,440)	89,749
Capital outlay	73,750		116,894	43,144	83,761
Total expenditures	 10,225,798		10,447,142	221,344	 9,237,594
Net change in fund balances	\$ (387,800)		(281,091)	\$ 106,709	656,960
Fund balances					
Beginning of year			3,575,241		 2,918,281
End of year		\$	3,294,150		\$ 3,575,241

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2019 and 2018

	2019		2018
Assets			
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 45,407,517	\$	163,692
Cash and investments held by trustee	7,329,499		_
Receivables			
Accounts and interest	632,893	1	_
Total assets	\$ 53,369,909	\$	163,692
Liabilities			
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 13,180,684	\$	926,306
Fund balances (deficit)			
Restricted for projects funded by certificates of participation	3,917,981		_
Restricted for long-term facilities maintenance	32,612,005		_
Restricted for capital projects	3,659,239		_
Unassigned – long-term facilities maintenance			
restricted account deficit	_		(396,455)
Unassigned			(366,159)
Total fund balances (deficit)	40,189,225		(762,614)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 53,369,909	\$	163,692

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2018)

		2018		
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ –	\$ 2,016,746	\$ 2,016,746	\$ -
Investment earnings	400,000	1,166,408	766,408	10
Total revenue	400,000	3,183,154	2,783,154	10
Expenditures				
Capital outlay				
Salaries	_	946	946	_
Employee benefits	_	152	152	_
Purchased services	3,030,000	4,218,347	1,188,347	929,306
Capital expenditures	13,450,000	18,302,077	4,852,077	950
Debt service				
Interest	781,136	623,010	(158,126)	
Total expenditures	17,261,136	23,144,532	5,883,396	930,256
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(16,861,136)	(19,961,378)	(3,100,242)	(930,246)
Other financing sources				
Bonds issued	50,925,000	50,925,000	_	_
Certificates of participation issued	9,405,000	9,405,000	_	_
Premium on debt issued	583,217	583,217	_	_
Total other financing sources	60,913,217	60,913,217		
Net change in fund balances	\$ 44,052,081	40,951,839	\$ (3,100,242)	(930,246)
Fund balances (deficit)				
Beginning of year		(762,614)		167,632
End of year		\$ 40,189,225		\$ (762,614)

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Debt Service Fund Balance Sheet by Account as of June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2018)

	RegularOPEBDebt ServiceDebt Service		То		4-1-			
	D		D					
		Account		Account		2019		2018
Assets								
Cash and temporary investments	\$	8,459,107	\$	1,562,456	\$	10,021,563	\$	8,714,620
Receivables								
Current taxes		7,685,945		1,280,325		8,966,270		7,175,217
Delinquent taxes		135,986		32,195		168,181		132,495
Due from other governmental units		82,689		4		82,693		59,296
Total assets	\$	16,363,727	\$	2,874,980	\$	19,238,707	\$	16,081,628
Liabilities								
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	_	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,315
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		120,349		28,226		148,575		133,581
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		13,650,657		2,273,928		15,924,585		12,855,120
Total deferred inflows of resources		13,771,006		2,302,154		16,073,160		12,988,701
Fund balances								
Restricted for debt service		2,592,721		572,826		3,165,547		3,088,612
Treed light iteling the formed in flow								
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	16,363,727	\$	2,874,980	\$	19,238,707	\$	16,081,628
,					_		_	, ,

Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2019 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2018)

			2019	
			Actual	
		Regular	OPEB	
		Debt Service	Debt Service	
	Budget	Account	Account	Total
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 13,275,518	\$ 10,101,923	\$ 2,641,373	\$ 12,743,296
Investment earnings	17,000	152,731	95,846	248,577
State sources	813,310	839,447	41	839,488
Federal sources	78,047	80,264	-	80,264
Total revenue	14,183,875	11,174,365	2,737,260	13,911,625
Expenditures				
Debt service				
Principal	10,180,000	8,435,000	1,745,000	10,180,000
Interest	3,569,638	2,656,935	912,703	3,569,638
Fiscal charges and other	192,314	68,299	98,882	167,181
Total expenditures	13,941,952	11,160,234	2,756,585	13,916,819
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	241,923	14,131	(19,325)	(5,194)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Refunding debt issued	17,515,000	3,530,000	13,985,000	17,515,000
Premium on debt issued	372,129	372,129	_	372,129
Payment on refunded debt	(17,805,000)	(3,860,000)	(13,945,000)	(17,805,000)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	82,129	42,129	40,000	82,129
Net change in fund balances	\$ 324,052	56,260	20,675	76,935
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		2,536,461	552,151	3,088,612
End of year		\$ 2,592,721	\$ 572,826	\$ 3,165,547

Ov	er (Under) Budget	Actual
\$	(532,222) 231,577 26,178 2,217 (272,250)	\$ 13,203,868 80,780 605,256 82,014 13,971,918
	(25,133) (25,133)	9,575,000 4,269,184 19,315 13,863,499
	(247,117)	108,419
\$	(247,117)	
		2,980,193 \$ 3,088,612

2018

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Section III

STATISTICAL



Ready for tomorrow

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This section of Independent School District No. 622's (the District) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

Operating Indicators

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's CAFR relates to the services the District provides, and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the District's CAFR for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ (19,386,152)	\$ (13,752,261)	\$ (10,393,853)	\$ (3,627,039)
Restricted	4,105,584	2,976,334	2,896,897	2,169,170
Unrestricted	15,573,956	14,336,990	17,743,374	7,875,488
Total governmental activities net position	\$ 293,388	\$ 3,561,063	\$ 10,246,418	\$ 6,417,619

- Note 1: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing this standard that decreased unrestricted net position by approximately \$88.6 million. Prior years were not restated.
- Note 2: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 73, 74, and 75 in fiscal 2017. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing these standards that decreased net position by approximately \$40.7 million. Prior years were not restated.

 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 2,818,638 2,153,681 (1,847,732)	\$ 10,969,313 3,437,107 (91,684,692)	\$ 18,616,494 9,894,250 (85,069,651)	\$ 30,883,474 11,882,766 (157,811,420)	\$ 42,479,174 17,937,368 (181,077,725)	\$ 54,284,456 18,041,164 (142,463,824)
\$ 3,124,587	\$ (77,278,272)	\$ (56,558,907)	\$ (115,045,180)	\$ (120,661,183)	\$ (70,138,204)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2010	2011	2012	2013
Governmental activities				
Expenses				
Administration	\$ 5,387,109	\$ 5,390,352	\$ 5,309,820	\$ 5,696,613
District support services	3,105,906	3,290,211	2,965,928	3,746,860
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	55,744,097	56,608,582	57,322,341	60,757,308
Vocational education instruction	1,645,492	1,529,476	1,907,747	2,720,883
Special education instruction	21,870,189	22,371,541	21,709,308	22,326,972
Instructional support services	8,670,281	9,097,765	8,335,422	7,489,802
Pupil support services	8,904,244	10,011,663	10,896,900	11,547,693
Sites and buildings	9,353,992	8,305,688	8,851,610	9,870,233
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	264,879	287,433	313,049	383,858
Food service	5,633,849	5,978,174	5,943,051	5,796,121
Community service	7,825,395	8,309,716	8,191,135	7,960,612
Depreciation not included in other functions	2,971,502	3,390,729	3,368,647	3,704,183
Interest and fiscal charges	7,665,447	7,622,134	7,461,262	6,965,589
Total governmental activities expenses	139,042,382	142,193,464	142,576,220	148,966,727
Program revenues				
Charges for services				
Administration	10,893	16,716	33,680	20,702
District support services				
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	753,002	719,163	681,808	700,148
Special education instruction	25,132	51,508		113,680
Instructional support services		15	_	1,775
Pupil support services	_	-	_	
Sites and buildings	_	28,391	42,587	28,391
Food service	2,828,416	2,728,733	2,695,103	2,584,370
Community service	2,863,647	2,865,304	2,956,822	2,449,255
Operating grants and contributions	23,034,902	22,364,002	23,812,733	22,034,721
Capital grants and contributions	733,804	717,093	776,859	952,882
Total governmental activities program revenues	30,249,796	29,490,925	30,999,592	28,885,924
Net (expense) revenue	(108,792,586)	(112,702,539)	(111,576,628)	(120,080,803)
General revenues and other changes in net position				
Taxes				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	20,541,413	26,085,727	18,702,539	18,502,147
Property taxes, levied for community service	1,159,641	2,109,875	1,477,016	1,535,454
Property taxes, levied for capital projects	_	_	_	_
Property taxes, levied for debt service	14,309,726	14,270,241	15,144,895	14,786,406
General grants and aids	78,078,016	72,155,166	81,936,669	80,141,530
Other general revenues	1,423,656	1,094,118	969,237	1,199,488
Investment earnings	625,965	255,087	31,627	86,979
Special item – joint school proceeds				
Total general revenues and other changes in				
net position	116,138,417	115,970,214	118,261,983	116,252,004
Change in net position	\$ 7,345,831	\$ 3,267,675	\$ 6,685,355	\$ (3,828,799)
	-94-	. ,	. ,	()

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 5,870,601	\$ 6,245,577	\$ 5,771,511	\$ 7,466,083	\$ 7,433,391	\$ 4,423,233
5,323,307	5,774,518	5,488,991	5,966,624	5,236,940	6,907,285
61,107,836	60,183,399	59,768,865	79,932,765	78,793,770	42,145,810
2,363,819	2,515,435	2,516,188	3,397,939	3,610,472	1,993,449
24,410,545	24,607,274	26,599,484	34,871,665	34,039,463	22,991,502
7,283,020	6,131,212	5,660,427	8,670,260	9,479,409	4,192,984
11,787,561	11,916,602	10,920,870	13,068,258	13,398,446	11,520,302
11,215,056	10,812,813	11,170,601	11,726,835	13,438,257	12,677,451
463,639	555,882	470,182	474,151	489,040	579,213
6,079,470	6,141,087	6,370,475	6,544,722	6,459,417	6,646,397
8,004,445	7,985,251	7,805,422	9,551,438	9,925,090	9,504,655
3,880,837	3,910,796	4,163,925	4,390,145	4,442,365	4,703,063
6,632,460	5,758,210	5,036,685	5,376,641	2,518,357	5,314,873
154,422,596	152,538,056	151,743,626	191,437,526	189,264,417	133,600,217
		-			
755	650	584	252		_
622,423	628,944	607,666	512,913	476,094	452,147
120,144	497,901	472,197	1,415,409	828,527	636,686
120,144	497,901	472,197	1,413,409	020,327	030,080
14,810	6,058	21,400	66,827	372	14,675
28,391	91,272	32,432	28,391	28,391	28,391
2,400,712	2,289,582	2,092,912	1,997,179	1,989,753	1,992,335
2,587,985	2,209,302	2,589,207	3,020,126	2,984,453	3,067,090
25,576,890	26,964,610	31,942,343	29,999,231	31,322,826	34,362,400
		-			34,302,400
31,352,110	32,996,789	37,758,741	37,040,328	37,630,416	40,553,724
(123,070,486)	(119,541,267)	(113,984,885)	(154,397,198)	(151,634,001)	(93,046,493)
12,076,889	19,282,605	19,224,086	25,272,032	32,998,727	31,837,809
801,183	1,724,194	1,752,007	1,749,722	1,465,393	1,224,887
595,000	3,274,500	5,067,600	1,147,122	1,703,373	2,016,746
14,708,372	14,744,302	15,225,727	13,677,118	13,188,145	2,010,740
	14,744,302 87,618,485	88,736,879		13,188,143 94,724,709	
89,699,343	, ,	, ,	94,256,869		92,067,945
1,804,768	1,078,630	1,446,262	1,512,578	3,069,617	1,360,208
91,899	64,637	65,189 2 186 500	178,049	571,407	2,303,587
		3,186,500			
119,777,454	127,787,353	134,704,250	136,646,368	146,017,998	143,569,472
\$ (2.202.022)	\$ 9,246,096	¢ 20.710.265	\$ (17 750 020)	\$ (5.616.002)	\$ 50 522 070
\$ (3,293,032)	\$ 8,246,086	\$ 20,719,365	\$ (17,750,830)	\$ (5,616,003)	\$ 50,522,979
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Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Property Tax						
Fiscal Year	General Purposes	Community Service			Total		
2010	\$ 20,541,413	\$ 1,159,641	\$ –	\$ 14,309,726	\$ 36,010,780		
2011	26,085,727	2,109,875	_	14,270,241	42,465,843		
2012	18,702,539	1,477,016	_	15,144,895	35,324,450		
2013	18,502,147	1,535,454	_	14,786,406	34,824,007		
2014	12,076,889	801,183	595,000	14,708,372	28,181,444		
2015	19,282,605	1,724,194	3,274,500	14,744,302	39,025,601		
2016	19,224,086	1,752,007	5,067,600	15,225,727	41,269,420		
2017	25,272,032	1,749,722	_	13,677,118	40,698,872		
2018	32,998,727	1,465,393	_	13,188,145	47,652,265		
2019	31,837,809	1,224,887	2,016,746	12,758,290	47,837,732		

Note: The change in "tax shift," as approved in legislation, impacted the amount of tax revenue recognized in fiscal years 2011 and 2014. Changes in the amount of revenue recognized due to the tax shift are offset by an adjustment to state aid payments by an equal amount.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2010	2011	2012	2013
General Fund				
Reserved	\$ 3,264,054	\$ –	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	21,963,187	_	_	_
Nonspendable	_	140,074	353,634	300,392
Restricted	_	2,606,956	1,042,296	662,931
Committed	_	850,000	719,451	_
Assigned	_	4,717,358	6,945,944	906,131
Unassigned		14,929,483	16,356,881	13,624,343
Total General Fund	\$ 25,227,241	\$ 23,243,871	\$ 25,418,206	\$ 15,493,797
All other governmental funds				
Reserved	\$ 16,163,132	\$ –	\$ –	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in				
Special revenue funds	453,975	_	_	-
Debt service funds	2,289,166	_	_	_
Nonspendable	_	312,933	322,420	410,243
Restricted	_	15,403,978	15,970,193	23,966,355
Unassigned				
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 18,906,273	\$ 15,716,911	\$ 16,292,613	\$ 24,376,598
Total all governmental funds	\$ 44,133,514	\$ 38,960,782	\$ 41,710,819	\$ 39,870,395

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 54 in fiscal 2011. The new fund balance classifications under GASB Statement No. 54 are not available for previous fiscal years.

	2014	20	15	201	6	20)17	20	18	20	019
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	 219,027 682,388		_ 23,613 86,109		_ 10,472 55,791		 .35,441 083,939		 67,208 67,322		_ 168,115 673,306
	2,416,709	0	- -			7,0	- -	11,1	- -	12,0	- -
	3,859,715		65,529		19,267		33,657		<u>05,740</u>		439,417
<u>ф</u>	7,177,839	\$ 3,9	75,251	\$ 12,98	33,918	\$ 15,5	53,037	\$ 25,4	40,270	\$ 32,2	280,838
\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
	_		_		_		_		_		_
1	384,206 3,089,039 (953,601)	4,3	48,973 52,026 50,458)	6,30	37,054)5,882 1,117)		359,746 339,779 _	7,7	78,461 61,793 62,614)		419,079 913,164 _
\$ 1	2,519,644	\$ 3,63	50,541	\$ 6,58	81,819	\$ 7,3	99,525	\$ 7,3	77,640	\$ 48,3	332,243
\$ 1	9,697,483	\$ 7,62	25,792	\$ 19,56	5,737	\$ 22,9	52,562	\$ 32,8	17,910	\$ 80,0	613,081

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2010	2011	2012	2013
Revenues				
Local sources	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	* 19 000 00 c	• • • • • • • • • •	
Property taxes	\$ 36,001,224	\$ 42,800,096	\$ 35,282,395	\$ 34,707,494
Investment earnings	625,965	255,087	31,627	86,979
Other	7,904,746	7,503,948	7,379,237	7,097,809
State sources	84,828,148	85,657,465	96,565,761	94,808,633
Federal sources	17,018,574	9,578,796	9,960,500	8,320,500
Total revenues	146,378,657	145,795,392	149,219,520	145,021,415
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration	5,277,573	5,305,595	5,155,823	5,611,039
District support services	3,015,817	4,002,664	2,830,572	3,675,221
Elementary and secondary regular				
instruction	54,530,676	55,465,285	55,575,039	59,133,667
Vocational education instruction	1,645,492	1,529,476	1,907,747	2,720,883
Special education instruction	21,950,307	22,357,187	21,683,444	22,317,638
Instructional support services	8,645,005	9,072,127	8,343,843	8,796,278
Pupil support services	9,685,448	10,097,762	10,630,685	11,242,143
Sites and buildings	9,243,624	12,173,859	8,339,015	11,375,982
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	264,879	287,433	313,049	383,858
Food service	5,394,517	5,570,270	5,745,350	5,625,832
Community service	7,760,605	8,208,257	8,139,559	7,950,933
Capital outlay	8,362,426	6,753,005	4,771,801	1,232,397
Debt service	0,502,420	0,755,005	4,771,001	1,232,397
Principal	8,040,000	8,465,000	9,315,000	9,525,000
Interest and fiscal charges	7,781,260	7,781,161	7,677,399	7,233,800
Total expenditures	151,597,629	157,069,081	150,428,326	156,824,671
Total expenditures	151,597,029	137,009,081	130,428,320	130,824,071
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(5,218,972)	(11,273,689)	(1,208,806)	(11,803,256)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Debt issued (bonds, COP, and leases)	6,795,000	13,970,000	12,630,000	9,505,000
Refunding debt issued	_	_	_	_
Premium (discount) on debt issued	(67,950)	240,957	233,843	457,832
Payment on refunded debt	(1,610,000)	(8,110,000)	(8,905,000)	_
Sale of capital assets	_	_	_	_
Transfers in	712,589	_	_	_
Transfers out	(712,589)	_	_	_
Total other financing sources (uses)	5,117,050	6,100,957	3,958,843	9,962,832
Net change in fund balances before special item	(101,922)	(5,172,732)	2,750,037	(1,840,424)
Special item – joint school proceeds				
Net change in fund balances	\$ (101,922)	\$ (5,172,732)	\$ 2,750,037	\$ (1,840,424)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital				
expenditures	11.2%	11.2%	11.7%	11.0%
			·	

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
\$ 28,200,652	\$ 39,301,527	\$ 41,241,560	\$ 40,817,821	\$ 47,647,300	\$ 47,730,721
91,899	64,637	60,511	160,556	498,788	2,200,477
7,579,988	7,110,809	7,262,660	8,412,015	9,385,723	7,548,353
106,725,356	105,986,111	111,966,489	111,781,088	116,623,750	121,475,797
8,550,877	8,423,874	8,712,733	9,230,012	9,458,712	9,679,362
151,148,772	160,886,958	169,243,953	170,401,492	183,614,273	188,634,710
5,641,309	6,204,965	5,654,357	5,783,733	6,021,308	6,123,786
5,106,056	5,735,305	5,388,840	7,333,244	5,408,214	7,033,681
59,860,270	59,933,326	58,694,319	57,954,053	60,768,822	61,855,615
2,363,819	2,588,707	2,548,516	2,614,558	2,881,870	2,856,573
24,385,026	25,137,862	27,069,630	26,955,254	27,340,010	30,833,016
7,559,074	6,292,004	5,912,360	6,316,256	7,094,088	7,313,652
11,512,561	11,819,255	10,501,822	11,924,489	12,438,955	13,062,086
11,928,628	11,578,003	10,510,561	17,993,944	19,502,211	17,341,987
463,639	555,882	470,182	474,151	489,040	579,213
5,846,417	6,029,586	6,220,243	6,299,829	6,395,767	6,590,513
7,984,285	8,030,226	7,826,285	8,626,479	9,153,833	10,330,248
2,993,148	3,575,719	3,781,807	567,162	1,157,139	22,816,994
9,890,000	10,075,000	10,555,000	11,210,555	10,695,434	11,496,478
7,042,452	6,185,195	5,360,627	5,078,944	4,417,107	4,472,612
162,576,684	163,741,035	160,494,549	169,132,651	173,763,798	202,706,454
(11,427,912)	(2,854,077)	8,749,404	1,268,841	9,850,475	(14,071,744)
_	_	_	1,650,204	_	61,183,607
_	_	_	40,650,000	_	17,515,000
_	_	_	5,554,794	_	955,346
(8,745,000)	(9,240,000)	_	(45,878,674)	_	(17,805,000)
(0,710,000)	22,386	4,041	141,660	14,873	17,962
_					
_	_	_	_	_	_
(8,745,000)	(9,217,614)	4,041	2,117,984	14,873	61,866,915
(20,172,912)	(12,071,691)	8,753,445	3,386,825	9,865,348	47,795,171
		3,186,500			
\$ (20,172,912)	\$ (12,071,691)	\$ 11,939,945	\$ 3,386,825	\$ 9,865,348	\$ 47,795,171
10.70/	10.20/	10.20/	10.20/	0.10/	0.00
10.7%	10.3%	10.2%	10.2%	9.1%	9.2%

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General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

	Property Tax										
Fiscal Year	General Fund	Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Community Service Special Revenue Fund	Total						
2010	\$ 20,588,351	\$ –	\$ 14,250,820	\$ 1,162,053	\$ 36,001,224						
2011	26,288,166	_	14,392,118	2,119,812	42,800,096						
2012	18,697,893	_	15,110,919	1,473,583	35,282,395						
2013	18,454,543	_	14,724,362	1,528,589	34,707,494						
2014	12,083,629	595,000	14,721,038	800,985	28,200,652						
2015	19,420,261	3,274,500	14,870,547	1,736,219	39,301,527						
2016	19,209,883	5,067,600	15,212,498	1,751,579	41,241,560						
2017	25,352,714	_	13,713,233	1,751,874	40,817,821						
2018	32,975,199	_	13,203,868	1,468,233	47,647,300						
2019	31,745,839	2,016,746	12,743,296	1,224,840	47,730,721						

Note: The change in "tax shift," as approved in legislation, impacted the amount of tax revenue recognized in fiscal years 2011 and 2014. Changes in the amount of revenue recognized due to the tax shift are offset by an adjustment to state aid payments by an equal amount.

Tax Capacities and Market Values Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Tax Capacity Valuation								
For Taxes		Fiscal D					isparities		
Collectible	Agricultural		No	Nonagricultural		Contribution		Distribution	
2010	\$	198,067	\$	96,899,141	\$	(15,237,979)	\$	12,741,373	
2011		212,756		90,381,843		(14,370,959)		12,667,198	
2012		201,037		82,534,347		(13,682,390)		12,035,579	
2013		165,549		76,691,891		(13,335,710)		11,567,832	
2014		223,970		78,001,023		(12,698,773)		11,458,013	
2015		430,038		84,043,471		(12,968,373)		11,680,027	
2016		483,265		85,701,033		(12,907,022)		12,212,058	
2017		285,764		90,107,004		(13,134,465)		13,170,723	
2018		318,512		96,865,289		(13,169,645)		14,066,923	
2019		325,055		103,830,911		(14,925,918)		14,686,489	

Note: The District has presented taxable market value, which is the best information available to represent estimated actual value of property.

Source: State of Minnesota School Tax Report

Ta	Tax Increment		otal Taxable	Total Direct Tax Rate	Taxable Market Value	Tax Capacity as a Percentage of Market Value
\$	(1,317,352)	\$	93,283,250	25.36 %	\$ 7,607,252,800	1.23 %
	(1,172,302)		87,718,536	27.79	7,100,019,400	1.24
	(1,171,893)		79,916,680	28.34	6,828,952,000	1.17
	(1,088,314)		74,001,248	32.55	6,299,805,800	1.17
	(1,457,211)		75,527,022	37.64	6,424,286,100	1.18
	(1,334,853)		81,850,310	35.86	6,970,239,000	1.17
	(1,978,412)		83,510,922	35.57	7,129,353,400	1.17
	(2,421,303)		88,007,723	33.58	7,463,934,900	1.18
	(2,780,741)		95,300,338	30.09	7,972,970,100	1.20
	(2,999,419)		100,917,118	29.04	8,533,938,800	1.18

Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

							rlapping Rates
	Tax					Mu	nicipalities (1)
Rate	Collection Calendar Year	ISD No. 622	City of Lake Elmo	City of Landfall	City of Maplewood	City of North St. Paul	City of Oakdale
Tax capacity rate	2010	25.359%	20.479%	38.701%	35.354%	27.603%	32.979%
Market value rate	2010	0.14531%	_	-	0.01931%	0.05562%	-
Tax capacity rate	2011	27.785%	21.832%	40.389%	39.050%	29.022%	35.868%
Market value rate	2011	0.15070%	_	_	0.02050%	0.06035%	-
Tax capacity rate	2012	28.337%	27.272%	39.046%	44.056%	33.380%	39.252%
Market value rate	2012	0.14834%	_	_	0.02045%	0.06254%	_
Tax capacity rate	2013	32.552%	27.818%	37.704%	48.659%	36.719%	44.065%
Market value rate	2013	0.16666%	_	_	0.02230%	0.05985%	-
Tax capacity rate	2014	37.643%	27.761%	47.797%	48.378%	36.185%	41.201%
Market value rate	2014	0.15062%	_	_	0.01965%	0.07060%	-
Tax capacity rate	2015	35.864%	23.798%	48.731%	46.353%	35.169%	39.131%
Market value rate	2015	0.14365%	_	-	0.00870%	0.06663%	_
Tax capacity rate	2016	35.569%	23.121%	55.903%	48.507%	38.707%	39.492%
Market value rate	2016	0.13668%	_	_	0.00913%	0.05610%	-
Tax capacity rate	2017	33.582%	20.018%	56.649%	47.248%	41.866%	39.721%
Market value rate	2017	0.21590%	_	_	0.00767%	0.05321%	-
Tax capacity rate	2018	30.089%	22.442%	80.742%	45.911%	42.465%	38.544%
Market value rate	2018	0.19486%	_	_	0.00725%	0.05024%	_
Tax capacity rate	2019	29.039%	22.927%	50.012%	44.693%	43.363%	39.227%
Market value rate	2019	0.18694%	_	_	0.00657%	0.04713%	_

(1) Municipalities listed include those with district learning sites.

- (2) Counties listed include those with district learning sites.
- (3) The miscellaneous other levy includes Metro Watershed, Metropolitan Council, Metropolitan Mosquito Control District, Ramsey-Washington Metro Watershed District, Regional Railroad Authority, Regional Rail 519, South Washington Watershed District, Transit District 509, Washington Co HRA 187, Woodbury HRA 316, and Valley Branch Watershed District.

Source: Ramsey County and Washington County

		ies (2)				
City of Pine Springs	City of White Bear Lake	City of Woodbury	Ramsey County	Washington County	Miscellaneous Other (3)	Total North St. Paul Resident
6.148%	16.520%	31.033%	50.248%	27.775%	18.541%	121.751%
-	_	0.02360%	-	0.00314%	_	0.201%
6.527%	17.705%	34.921%	54.678%	29.771%	20.056%	131.541%
-		0.02572%	-	0.00229%	_	0.211%
7.139%	19.942%	35.921%	56.944%	31.939%	22.605%	141.266%
-	_	0.02566%	-	0.00180%	-	0.211%
7.901%	21.496%	39.440%	65.240%	34.225%	26.464%	160.975%
-	_	0.02700%	_	0.00191%	-	0.227%
7.451%	21.102%	38.076%	59.105%	32.811%	25.512%	158.445%
_	_	0.02594%	_	0.00449%	-	0.221%
6.850%	20.368%	34.657%	54.462%	30.186%	24.083%	149.578%
-	_	0.01308%	_	0.00406%	-	0.210%
7.235%	19.690%	35.287%	54.012%	30.564%	24.527%	152.815%
-	_	0.01216%	_	0.00390%	-	0.193%
9.110%	18.969%	35.122%	51.173%	30.448%	23.442%	150.063%
-	-	0.04119%	-	0.00378%	-	0.269%
8.730%	19.058%	33.670%	49.473%	29.983%	23.720%	145.747%
-	_	0.01116%	-	0.00353%	-	0.245%
9.285%	20.190%	33.177%	48.565%	29.682%	26.019%	146.986%
_	-	0.00664%	_	0.00330%	-	0.234%

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	2019				2010		
			Percentage		Percentage		
	Net Tax		of Tax		Net Tax		of Tax
Taxpayer	Capacity	Rank	Capacity Value		Capacity	Rank	Capacity Value
3M	\$ 3,713,867	1	3.68 %	\$	4,681,461	2	5.02 %
Xcel Energy	1,875,830	2	1.86		5,971,230	1	6.40
Tamarack Village Shopping Center	1,769,830	3	1.75		1,630,156	4	1.75
Maplewood Mall, LLC	1,612,028	4	1.60		1,906,518	3	2.04
Ramco-Gershenson Properties, LP	1,229,244	5	1.22		_	_	_
IRPF Woodbury City Place, LLC	929,370	6	0.92		_	_	_
AX Oakdale Village AP	608,638	7	0.60		-	_	_
Birch Run Station Shopping Center	476,370	8	0.47		_	_	_
Tria Orthopedic Center, LLC	465,002	9	0.46		_	_	_
Larson Family Real Estate	403,279	10	0.40		_	_	_
DMARC 2006-CD2 Hudson Rd., LLC	_	_	_		1,261,250	5	1.35
Imation Corporation	_	_	_		980,122	6	1.05
State Farm Mutual Insurance	_	_	_		796,236	7	0.85
Macy's Department Stores Co. (Macy's)	_	_	_		727,750	8	0.78
I&G Oakdale, LLC	_	_	_		685,300	9	0.73
Menard Inc.		_			578,300	10	0.62
Total	\$ 13,083,458		12.96 %	\$	19,218,323		20.60 %

Source: Ramsey County and Washington County

Property Tax Levies, Collections, and Receivables Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Origina			Collections	
					First Year Levy	Recognized
For Taxes			Property			Percentage
Collectible	Local Spread	Fiscal Disparities	Tax Credits	Total Spread	Amount	of Levy
2010	\$ 30,548,650	\$ 4,920,463	\$ 1,007,272	\$ 36,476,385	\$ 35,886,419	98.4 %
2011	30,539,758	4,951,226	1,082,317	36,573,301	36,108,053	98.7
2012	29,383,091	5,055,103	-	34,438,194	34,107,661	99.0
2013	30,881,429	5,004,519	_	35,885,948	35,526,707	99.0
2014	33,892,337	5,656,755	-	39,549,092	39,299,428	99.4
2015	35,275,869	6,160,750	_	41,436,619	41,140,417	99.3
2016	35,150,119	6,122,239	_	41,272,358	40,994,167	99.3
2017	41,335,193	6,484,783	_	47,819,976	47,537,122	99.4
2018	40,021,342	7,753,031	_	47,774,373	47,500,513	99.4
2019	41,037,488	7,227,934	_	48,265,422	21,073,572	43.7

- Note 1: A portion of the total spread levy is paid through various property tax credits which are paid through state aids and have been included in collections. Legislative changes beginning with taxes collectible in 2012 significantly reduced or eliminated the amount of tax credits paid through state aids.
- Note 2: Delinquent taxes receivable are written off after seven years. The amount of collections has been adjusted to reflect the write-off of delinquent taxes receivable.
- Source: State of Minnesota School Tax Report

					Uncollected Taxes Receivable as of June 30, 2019						
Re	ceived in		Total to 1	Date		Delinque	ent	Current			
Su	bsequent Years	Amount		Percentage of Levy	Amount		Percent	Amount		Percent	
\$	589,966	\$	36,476,385	100.0 %	\$	_	- %	\$	_	- %	
	465,248		36,573,301	100.0		_	_		_	_	
	330,533		34,438,194	100.0		_	_		_	_	
	300,734		35,827,441	99.8		58,507	0.2		_	_	
	220,168		39,519,596	99.9		29,496	0.1		_	_	
	264,690		41,405,107	99.9		31,512	0.1		_	_	
	234,709		41,228,876	99.9		43,482	0.1		_	_	
	196,537		47,733,659	99.8		86,317	0.2		_	_	
	_		47,500,513	99.4		273,860	0.6		_	_	
	_		21,073,572	43.7		_	_	2	7,191,850	56.3	
					\$	523,174		\$ 2	7,191,850		

Uncollected Taxes Receivable as of June 30, 2019

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Go						
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Premium (Discount) on Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Pe Capit	
2010	\$159,885,000	\$ 1,027,538	\$ 6,750,000	\$ -	\$167,662,538	39.36 %	\$	2,207
2011	155,405,000	1,173,352	8,625,000	-	165,203,352	38.66		2,158
2012	151,150,000	1,294,193	7,290,000	_	159,734,193	36.79		2,066
2013	151,900,000	1,620,109	6,520,000	_	160,040,109	36.13		2,073
2014	134,065,000	1,530,035	5,720,000	_	141,315,035	30.32		1,806
2015	115,575,000	1,429,255	4,895,000	_	121,899,255	24.97		1,542
2016	105,860,000	1,277,180	4,055,000	_	111,192,180	32.94		1,331
2017	90,730,000	5,456,546	3,185,000	1,429,649	100,801,195	28.00		1,221
2018	81,155,000	4,874,531	2,290,000	1,204,215	89,523,746	N/A		1,128
2019	121,610,000	5,319,827	10,780,000	1,656,344	139,366,171	N/A		1,755

N/A – Not Available

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and total ISD No. 622 population data.

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Market Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Gross Bonded Debt	Less Debt Service Funds on Hand	Net Bonded Debt	Market Value	Percent of Net Debt to Market Value	Estimated Population	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2010	\$ 160,912,538	\$ 10,549,989	\$ 150,362,549	\$7,607,252,800	1.98 %	75,984	\$ 1,979
2011	156,578,352	7,585,204	148,993,148	7,100,019,400	2.10	76,567	1,946
2012	152,444,193	12,430,393	140,013,800	6,828,952,000	2.05	77,297	1,811
2013	153,520,109	21,612,076	131,908,033	6,299,805,800	2.09	77,210	1,708
2014	135,595,035	12,032,786	123,562,249	6,424,286,100	1.92	78,239	1,579
2015	117,004,255	2,729,885	114,274,370	6,970,329,000	1.64	79,060	1,445
2016	107,137,180	3,278,833	103,858,347	7,129,353,400	1.46	83,540	1,243
2017	96,186,546	2,980,193	93,206,353	7,463,934,900	1.25	82,540	1,129
2018	86,029,531	3,088,612	82,940,919	7,972,970,100	1.04	79,342	1,045
2019	126,929,827	3,165,547	123,764,280	8,533,938,800	1.45	79,394	1,559

Source: Annual school district census and U.S. Census

Direct and Overlapping Debt as of June 30, 2019

Governmental Unit	2018–2019 Taxable Net Tax Capacity	Bonded Debt	Percent Allocable to ISD No. 622	Portion Allocable to ISD No. 622
Independent School District No. 622	\$ 100,917,118	\$ 126,929,827	100.00 %	\$ 126,929,827
Overlapping debt				
Ramsey County	625,979,268	153,620,000	8.40	12,897,935
Washington County	319,039,216	136,685,000	13.66	18,667,891
City of Lake Elmo	18,249,623	13,434,117	26.23	3,523,621
City of Maplewood	48,686,636	53,720,198	85.07	45,697,677
City of North St. Paul	11,130,777	15,125,000	100.00	15,125,000
City of Oakdale	31,299,835	23,350,000	98.69	23,043,835
City of White Bear Lake	31,648,353	15,245,000	0.03	5,107
City of Woodbury	105,034,463	55,915,000	11.08	6,194,655
Metropolitan Council	4,268,355,428	263,285,000	1.23	3,241,828
Total overlapping debt				128,397,549
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 255,327,376

- Note 1: The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable net tax capacity values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping entity's taxable net tax capacity value that is within the District's boundaries and dividing it by the overlapping government's total taxable net tax capacity value.
- Note 2: The Washington County HRA, Metropolitan Council, and Metropolitan Airports Commission are governmental units with overlapping debt applicable to the District. Overlapping debt information for these units of government applicable to the District was not readily available.
- Source: Ramsey County and Washington County

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year
	2010	2011	2012	2013
Debt limit	\$ 1,141,087,920	\$ 1,065,002,910	\$ 1,024,342,800	\$ 944,970,870
Total net debt applicable to the limit	149,335,011	147,819,796	138,719,607	130,287,924
Legal debt margin	\$ 991,752,909	\$ 917,183,114	\$ 885,623,193	\$ 814,682,946
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	13.09%	13.88%	13.54%	13.79%

Note: Under state finance law, the District's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of total market property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Source: State of Minnesota School Tax Report

 2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
\$ 963,642,915	\$ 1,045,549,350	\$ 1,069,403,010	\$ 1,119,590,235	\$ 1,195,945,515	\$ 1,280,090,820			
 122,032,214	112,845,115	102,581,167	87,749,807	78,066,388	118,444,453			
\$ 841,610,701	\$ 932,704,235	\$ 966,821,843	\$ 1,031,840,428	\$ 1,117,879,127	\$ 1,161,646,367			
12.66%	10.79%	9.59% Lega	7.84% l Debt Margin Calcul	6.53% ation for Fiscal Year	9.25%			
		Market value						
		Debt limit (15% of	market value)		1,280,090,820			
		General obligation	Debt applicable to the limit General obligation bonds Less amount set aside for repayment of general					
		obligation debt						
Legal debt margin								

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		City of North St. Pa				Ramsey
Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (1)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Total ISD No. 622 Population (3)	School Enrollment (4)	County Unemployment Rate (5)
2010	11,569	\$ 425,924,304	\$ 36,816	75,984	10,981	7.5 %
2011	11,460	427,274,304	37,284	76,567	10,882	6.6
2012	11,485	434,178,940	37,804	77,297	10,885	5.7
2013	11,618	442,931,688	38,116	77,210	10,912	4.9
2014	11,951	466,089,000	39,000	78,239	10,727	4.0
2015	12,006	488,211,984	40,664	79,060	10,715	3.5
2016	12,104	337,520,040	27,885	83,540	10,669	3.6
2017	12,069	359,994,132	29,828	82,540	10,480	3.3
2018	12,099	N/A	N/A	79,342	10,633	2.7
2019	N/A	N/A	N/A	79,394	10,624	3.3

N/A – Not Available

Note 1: Student enrollment numbers are estimated for the most recent fiscal year.

Note 2: Unemployment rate for 2019 is an average through June 2019.

Sources:

- (1) City of North St. Paul's CAFR for the year ended December 31, 2018.
- (2) The per capita personal income used is for that of Ramsey County, in which the City of North St. Paul resides.
- (3) Annual school district census and U.S. Census.
- (4) The District.
- (5) Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development.

Principal Employers Current Year and Eight Years Ago

	Fiscal Year					
	2019		2011			
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank		
3M Company	11,000	1	10,000	1		
Independent School District No. 622	1,589	2	1,671	3		
HealthEast Care System/St. John's Hospital	1,500	3	1,750	2		
REM Ramsey	600	4	_	_		
Target Stores	550	5	267	6		
First Student Charter	400	6	_	_		
Cub Foods	350	7	265	7		
City of Maplewood	335	8	_	_		
Canvas Health, Inc.	300	9	_	_		
Berwald Roofing and Sheet Metal	300	9	_	_		
Imation Corporation	_	_	1,450	4		
Maplewood Care Center	_	_	270	5		
Sears	_	_	155	8		
Macy's	_	_	150	9		
MnDot		_	139	10		
Total	16,924		16,117			
Total ISD No. 622 population (see the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics)	79,342		76,567			
Percent of principal employers to total ISD No. 622 population	21.3%		21.0%			

Note 1: Information prior to June 30, 2011 is not readily available.

- Note 2: Total number of employees working for employers within the District's boundaries is not readily available. The District has provided total population to provide a comparison base to reference between current year and eight years ago.
- Note 3: 2019 population not available, used 2018 as an estimate.

Employees by Classification Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year
Employees (1)	2010	2011	2012	2013
District directors/superintendent	7	7	7	7
Supervisors, coordinators, specialists, and technical support	88	88	88	87
Principals and assistant principals	25	25	27	26
Teachers	707	697	693	727
Clerical staff	75	84	81	85
Educational support (paras, EAs, behavior staff, etc.)	330	378	387	407
Engineers, custodians, drivers, and monitors	194	190	189	207
Nutrition services	70	74	70	70
Community education (ABE, building supervisors)	41	41	44	43
Total	1,537	1,584	1,586	1,659

(1) This schedule is a headcount based on contract group; if an employee has multiple contract groups, they are reflected multiple times. Full-time and part-time employees count the same.

Source: The District's Human Resources Department

2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
7	7	7	7	8	8
83	92	90	107	107	126
28	23	23	24	22	23
751	726	715	739	732	746
81	80	74	68	67	64
416	402	388	440	469	430
204	205	201	195	202	177
74	74	75	73	74	72
44	41	39	34	39	36
1,688	1,650	1,612	1,687	1,720	1,682

Teacher Data Year Ended June 30, 2019

								Salary	y Schedule
	 BA	В	A + 15	В	A + 30	В	A + 45		MA
Low range	\$ 39,039	\$	40,314	\$	41,590	\$	42,866	\$	44,142
High range	\$ 56,876	\$	59,847	\$	62,815	\$	65,779	\$	68,749
Number of teachers	92		32		22		52		204
Average salary Average education Number of full-time equivalents	\$ 67,307 MA 746								

N/A – Not Applicable

Source: The District's Human Resources Department

Μ	MA + 15		MA + 30		IA + 45	Ν	MA + 60 PH		PHD	Total
\$	45,488	\$	46,834	\$	48,181	\$	49,525	\$	50,869	N/A
\$	70,899	\$	73,049	\$	75,194	\$	77,345	\$	79,495	N/A
	57		58		53		167		8	746

Student to Staff Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

	ISD No. 622	Minnesota Department of Education Student to Staff Ratio (2					
Fiscal Year	Student to Teacher Ratios (1)	ISD No. 622	Washington County Average	Ramsey County Average	State Average		
2010	15.66	15.13	14.66	14.80	12.98		
2011	15.75	15.21	14.57	14.20	13.04		
2012	15.71	15.12	14.48	14.20	13.04		
2013	15.01	14.49	14.17	14.00	12.93		
2014	14.28	13.77	13.85	13.60	12.82		
2015	14.76	14.31	14.21	13.40	12.56		
2016	14.92	14.46	14.42	13.40	12.69		
2017	14.18	13.74	13.66	13.40	12.49		
2018	14.53	14.10	13.92	13.40	12.45		
2019	14.24	13.81	N/A	N/A	12.45		

N/A – Not Available

- (1) This data is computed using only full-time equivalent licensed classroom teaching staff.
- (2) This data is computed by dividing total students (Minnesota Department of Education enrollment numbers pre-kindergarten through Grade 12) by total certified staff. Certified staff includes classroom teachers, administrators, special education teachers, and all other licensed professionals measured in full-time equivalents.

Source: Minnesota Department of Education

Operating Indicators by Function Standardized Testing and Graduation Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year
	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Standardized tests					
MCA Reading (1)					
Grade 3	73 %	76 %	78 %	54 %	53 %
Grade 5	76	77	77	62	64
Grade 7	64	68	62	39	44
Grade 10	70	72	71	57	57
MCA Math (1)					
Grade 3	81	73	79	78	71
Grade 5	69	59	66	68	64
Grade 7	60	46	52	46	51
Grade 11	48	44	39	52	49
ACT					
Average composite score	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Graduation data (2)					
ISD No. 622's graduation rate	N/A	N/A	N/A	82	81
State graduation rate	92	93	78	80	81

N/A - Not Available

- (1) Percent of students scoring at or above proficiency on the Minnesota Comprehensive Assessment Test (II).
- (2) Starting in 2012, Minnesota began using the federally-required adjusted cohort graduation rate model. This model follows students in a cohort throughout high school and determines if they graduate within four, five, or six years. The four-year graduation rate shows the number of students graduating from high school within four years after entering Grade 9.
- Source: Minnesota Department of Education, the District's Testing Department, and the District's Registrar and ACT Corporation

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
2015	2010	2017	2010	2017
58 %	55 %	53 %	52 %	46 %
64	64	64	66	63
46	50	47	46	03 45
56	53	59	62	58
75	70	67	65	50
65	61	64	59	55
52	52	53	45	44
49	50	48	49	50
N/A	19.7	20.1	19.5	19.0
1N/A	17./	20.1	17.3	19.0
83	82	82	85	N/A
82	82	83	83	N/A

School Facilities as of June 30, 2019

Facility	Use	Constructed	Acres	Square Footage	Capacity	Enrollment (1)
Carver Elementary	School	1958–1960–1996–2000	10	61,691	560	531
Castle Elementary	School	1969–1988	10	57,710	375	437
Cowern Elementary	School	1953–1958–1962–2004	9	51,283	400	421
Oakdale Elementary	School	1967-1970-1990-2000	10	63,550	500	526
Richardson Elementary	School	1954–1966–2004	8	65,217	425	470
Skyview Elementary	School	1996	49	206,000	500	623
Eagle Point Elementary	School	1965-1966-2004	20	53,904	375	456
Weaver Elementary	School	1967–1969	12	44,850	425	551
Webster Elementary	School	1964–1966	9	43,775	350	425
District Education Center (DEC)	School/Office	1967–1999	1	91,900	N/A	N/A
Gladstone Community Education Center	Early Child/ Adult Ed	1951–1955–1957–1961	9	43,803	N/A	21
Beaver Lake Education Center	Early Child/ Pre-K	1940–1951–1962–2013	9	41,450	N/A	9
Harmony Learning Center	Special Ed/ Adult Ed/ Care and Treatment	1962–1992–2000	10	40,555	N/A	51
John Glenn Middle	School	1962–1967–1977–1988	21	137,084	1,050	791
Maplewood Middle	School	1961–1967	25	113,400	1,050	724
Skyview Middle	School	1996	49	206,000	1,050	778
North High	School	1997	23	265,000	1,695	1,662
Tartan High	School	1971–1976	46	259,700	1,575	1,617
Polar Arena	Ice Arena	1969–1970–1975	N/A	32,827	N/A	N/A
Tartan Arena	Ice Arena	1996	N/A	64,816	N/A	N/A

N/A – Not Available

(1) Enrollment data from September 23, 2019.

Source: The District's Operations and Maintenance Department and Enrollment Department, and ADM served per Minnesota School District Profiles Report

Food Service School Lunch Program Data Last Ten Fiscal Years

Total			Average Daily	Free Lunch			
Fiscal Year	Lunches Served	Days	Participation	Number Served	Percent of Total		
2010	1,292,505	173	7,471	493,705	38.20 %		
2011	1,290,529	173	7,460	504,551	39.10		
2012	1,297,771	173	7,502	547,379	42.18		
2013	1,292,609	173	7,472	581,380	44.98		
2014	1,258,602	169	7,447	591,275	46.98		
2015	1,318,624	173	7,622	624,210	47.34		
2016	1,320,613	172	7,678	624,498	47.29		
2017	1,287,654	172	7,486	629,546	48.89		
2018	1,267,024	170	7,453	602,634	47.56		
2019	1,232,355	166	7,424	585,728	47.53		

Source: The District's Food Service Department

Reduced-Pr	rice Lunch
Number Served	Percent of Total
143,103	11.07 %
156,239	12.11
148,958	11.48
146,577	11.34
137,725	10.94
154,099	11.69
173,808	13.16
168,921	13.12
202,397	15.97
202,166	16.40

Student Enrollment

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Average Daily Membership (ADM) (for Students Served or Tuition Paid)						
Year Ended June 30,	Pre-Kindergarten and Handicapped Kindergarten	Kindergarten	Elementary	Secondary	Total	Total Pupil Units	
2010	169.64	619.22	4,388.43	5,894.78	11,072.07	13,004.56	
2011	166.67	595.86	4,388.31	5,827.65	10,978.49	12,899.49	
2012	176.24	671.49	4,334.03	5,702.81	10,884.57	12,733.87	
2013	170.78	688.57	4,451.89	5,601.03	10,912.27	12,738.68	
2014	189.04	662.05	4,499.22	5,376.75	10,727.06	12,501.65	
2015	201.93	641.06	4,497.53	5,374.84	10,715.36	11,790.31	
2016	221.12	625.09	4,534.08	5,288.64	10,668.93	11,726.67	
2017	273.72	569.58	4,430.34	5,206.78	10,480.42	11,521.79	
2018	352.61	594.81	4,474.14	5,211.11	10,632.67	11,674.89	
2019	381.72	607.44	4,443.97	5,190.39	10,623.52	11,661.60	

Note 1: Student enrollment numbers are estimated for the most recent fiscal year.

Note 2: ADM is weighted as follows in computing pupil units:

	Pre-Kindergarten	Handicapped Kindergarten	Half-Day Kindergarten	Full-Day Kindergarten	Elementary 1-3	Elementary 4–6	Secondary
Fiscal 2010 through 2014 Fiscal 2015	1.250	1.000	0.612	0.612	1.115	1.060	1.300
through 2019	1.000	1.000	0.550	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.200

Source: Minnesota Department of Education student reporting system

Expenditures per Student Last Ten Fiscal Years

								Fiscal Year
	2010		2011		2012		2013	
Expenditures per student (ADM) (1)								
General Fund								
District level administration	\$	305	\$	341	\$	343	\$	400
School level administration		413		441		453		476
Regular instruction		4,475		4,564		4,603		4,829
Career and technical instruction		141		132		165		232
Special education		1,877		1,909		1,872		1,905
Student activities/athletics		186		191		192		205
Instructional support services		603		640		551		515
Pupil support services		240		228		292		289
Operations, maintenance, and other		599		632		636		735
Student transportation		555		578		573		626
Capital expenditures		711		783		378		595
Total General Fund expenditures	\$	10,105	\$	10,439	\$	10,058	\$	10,807
ADM used per profile model format		11,574		11,609		11,537		11,690

N/A – Not Available

⁽¹⁾ Average daily membership (ADM) is a measure of student attendance.

Source: Minnesota Department of Education School District Profiles Report

 2014		2015		2016		2017		2018	2019	
\$ 522	\$	574	\$	541	\$	601	\$	616	N/A	
505		491		472		491		507	N/A	
5,058		5,082		5,009		5,004		5,191	N/A	
209		231		228		238		259	N/A	
2,161		2,235		2,408		2,445		2,457	N/A	
218		226		242		247		252	N/A	
519		462		443		468		529	N/A	
302		296		254		277		305	N/A	
849		865		826		850		888	N/A	
667		706		664		751		735	N/A	
 533		508		379		1,114		1,165	N/A	
\$ 11,543	\$	11,676	\$	11,466	\$	12,486	\$	12,904	N/A	
 11,253		11,212		11,140		10,933		11,064	N/A	