# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

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#### CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Brownsboro Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Henderson</u> County	107-902 Co Dist. No.
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual finance	ial reports of the above name	ed school district were reviewed and
approved disapproved for the year ended Au	ngust 31, 2019 at a meeting o	f the board of school trustees of such
school district on the day of	, 2020.	
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Boar	d President
If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, t	the reason(s) for disapprovin	g it is(are):
(attach list as necessary)		

#### SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

#### CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Marlin R. Smith, CPA J. W. Lambright, CPA

Cheri E. Kirkland, CPA

P. O. Box 912 505 E. Tyler Athens, Texas 75751 (903) 675-5674 FAX (903) 675-5676 smithlambright.com

### Unmodified Opinions on Basic Financial Statements Accompanied by Required Supplementary Information and Other Information

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of School Trustees Brownsboro Independent School District P. O. Box 465 Brownsboro, Texas 75756

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Brownsboro Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. This includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the *Management's Discussion and Analysis*, schedule of district's proportionate share of the net pension liability - TRS, Schedule of district contributions for pensions - TRS, schedule of the district's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability - TRS, schedule of district contributions for other post-employment benefits - TRS, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Required Supplementary Information and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison schedule - general fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The budgetary comparison schedule - general fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statement themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the budgetary comparison schedule - general fund, schedule of district's proportionate share of the net pension liability - TRS, schedule of district contributions - TRS, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Smith, Lambright - associates, P.C.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 9, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Respectfully submitted,

SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P. C.

Certified Public Accountants

Athens, Texas

January 9, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis Brownsboro Independent School District

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the managers of Brownsboro Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report and the District's Basic Financial Statements.

#### USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Position and the Statement of Activities. These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District.

The notes to the financial statements provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by TEA. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Dr. Keri Hampton Superintendent Brownsboro ISD

#### **ADDRESS**

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#### CONTACT

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#### WEBSITE

gobearsgo.net

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations is located in this section. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year.

These apply the accrual basis of accounting, which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we report the District's Governmental Activity.

Governmental activities - Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

#### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as federal funding received from the federal government. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's two kinds of funds-governmental and proprietary-use different accounting approaches.

Governmental funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

#### The District as Trustee

#### Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and scholarship programs. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS**

The District has implemented GASB Statement #34. We will present both current and prior year data and discuss significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

#### THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds shared a combined fund balance of \$9,783,029 which is greater than last year's total of \$8,445,656.

The increase is due primarily to increased cash, due from State and capital purchases.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments were related to various federal programs and also involved moving funds from departments/programs/campuses that did not need all appropriated funds to departments, programs, or campuses that were in need of additional funds.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At the conclusion of 2019, the District had \$78,080,326 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, administration, maintenance, and extra-curricular programs. This amount represents a net increase over last year.

#### **Debts**

The district has bond indebtedness of \$22,796,927. Payments are made on the above as stipulated in agreements. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in notes to the financial statements.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's tax rate for the current year is a combined \$1.49 per \$100 valuation with \$1.17 dedicated to maintenance and operation and \$.32 dedicated to debt service. The M & O rate for next year will be \$1.0683. The tax rate for debt service for next year will be \$.31.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office at Brownsboro Independent School District, 14134 State Hwy. 31 East, Brownsboro, Texas 75756.

Table I Brownsboro Independent School District NET POSITION

	Governmenta	l Activities
	2019	2018
Current and other assets	\$12,590,484	\$10,908,769
Capital assets	45,526,084	46,950,247
Total assets	58,116,568	57,859,016
Deferred outflows of resources	5,026,236	2,275,665
Total assets and deferred	63,142,804	60,134,681
outflows of resources	-	
Long-term liabilities	43,823,910	40,680,057
Other liabilities	1,681,515	1,338,412
Total liabilities	45,505,425	42,018,469
Deferred outflows of resources	3,791,586	4,268,024
Total liabilities and deferred	49,297,011	46,286,493
outflows of resources		
Net Position:		
Net investment in capital assets	18,909,632	19,572,582
Restricted	1,218,498	903,347
Unrestricted	(6,282,337)	(6,627,741)
Total net position	13,845,793	13,848,188

Table II Brownsboro Independent School District CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Government	al Activities
	2019	2018
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$479,170	\$504,877
Operating grants and contributions	6,298,852	530,327
General Revenues:		
Maintenance and Operations taxes	7,324,565	7,073,504
Interest and Sinking taxes	2,005,885	1,940,639
State Aid -formula grants	15,100,461	14,541,424
Grant and contributions - unrestricted	-	45,565
Investment earnings	130,664	98,788
Miscellaneous	300,361	357,257
Total Revenue	31,639,958	25,092,381
Expenses:		
Instruction, curriculum and media services	16,595,356	11,160,404
Instructional and school leadership	2,352,570	1,319,398
Student support services	2,759,610	1,798,407
Child nutrition	1,395,780	1,115,198
Cocurricular activities	1,641,556	1,254,053
General administration	958,352	506,929
Plant maintenance, security & data processing	3,252,499	2,493,061
Debt services	2,091,468	1,363,256
SSA Payments	421,981	440,043
Intergovernmental charges	173,181	181,175
Total Expenses	31,642,353	21,631,924
Increase (decrease) in net position	(2,395)	3,460,457
Net position - beginning of year	13,848,188	25,763,385
Prior Period Adjustment	•	(15,375,654)
Net position - ending of year	13,845,793	13,848,188



#### BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

Data	Primary Government
Control	Governmental
Codes	Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 3,086,177
1120 Current Investments	5,330,825
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	1,233,134
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(61,656)
1240 Due from Other Governments	3,002,004
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	1,769,083
1520 Buildings, Net	41,265,649
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net	2,491,352
1000 Total Assets	58,116,568
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1701 Deferred Charge for Refunding	305,073
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	3,484,425
1706 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	1,236,738
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,026,236
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	274,105
2140 Interest Payable	45,538
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	22,558
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	1,336,519
2180 Due to Other Governments	2,795
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	1,805,000
Due in More Than One Year	25,116,525
Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	6,491,442
Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	10,410,943
2000 Total Liabilities	45,505,425
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	499,395
2606 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	3,292,191
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,791,586
NET POSITION	<del></del>
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets	18,909,632
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	131,670
3850 Restricted for Debt Service	1,024,141
3870 Restricted for Campus Activities	62,687
3900 Unrestricted	(6,282,337)
Total Net Position	\$ 13,845,793

#### BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Net (Expense)
Revenue and
Changes in Net

Data				Program	Revenues	S		Position
Control		1		3	<del></del>	4	_	6
Codes					Op	erating		Primary Gov.
Codes				Charges for		ants and		Governmental
		Expenses		Services	Cont	ributions		Activities
Primary Government:								
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:								
11 Instruction	\$	16,163,167	\$	-	\$	3,333,619	\$	(12,829,548)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		226,892		15,496		18,103		(193,293)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		205,297		-		9,397		(195,900)
21 Instructional Leadership		424,231		•		33,488		(390,743)
23 School Leadership		1,928,339		-		187,893		(1,740,446)
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		1,027,575		-		336,190		(691,385)
33 Health Services		313,559		-		32,192		(281,367)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,418,476		-		88,970		(1,329,506)
35 Food Services		1,395,780		209,448		1,008,922		(177,410)
36 Extracurricular Activities		1,641,556		254,226		56,190		(1,331,140)
41 General Administration		958,352		-		60,784		(897,568)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		2,499,937		-		147,408		(2,352,529)
52 Security and Monitoring Services		200,971		-		53,116		(147,855)
53 Data Processing Services		551,591		-		23,249		(528,342)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		2,090,633		-		909,331		(1,181,302)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		835		-		-		(835)
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangemen	ts	421,981		-		-		(421,981)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		173,181		-		-		(173,181)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	31,642,353	\$	479,170	\$	6,298,852		(24,864,331)
Data Control Codes General Taxes		nues:						
				l for General P		S		7,324,565
				l for Debt Serv	rice			2,005,885
		- Formula Gra	ints					15,100,461
		t Earnings						130,664
MI Misc	ellan	eous Local and	d Ir	ntermediate Re	venue			300,361
TR Total C	ener	al Revenues					**********	24,861,936
CN		Change in N	let I	Position				(2,395)
NB Net Posi	tion -	Beginning						13,848,188
NE Net Posi	tion	Ending					\$	13,845,793

## BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### AUGUST 31, 2019

Data		10	50		Total
Contro		General	Debt Service	Other	Governmental
Codes		 Fund	 Fund	 Funds	Funds
	ASSETS				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,206,988	\$ 974,504	\$ (95,315)\$	3,086,177
1120	Investments - Current	5,330,825	-	-	5,330,825
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent	991,246	241,888	-	1,233,134
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(49,562)	(12,094)	202.021	(61,656)
1240	Due from Other Governments	 2,559,446	 49,637	 392,921	3,002,004
1000	Total Assets	\$ 11,038,943	\$ 1,253,935	\$ 297,606 \$	12,590,484
	LIABILITIES				
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 262,285	\$ -	\$ 11,820 \$	274,105
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	22,558	-	-	22,558
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	1,245,090	-	91,429	1,336,519
2180	Due to Other Governments	 2,795	 -	-	2,795
2000	Total Liabilities	1,532,728	 **	 103,249	1,635,977
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	 941,684	229,794	 -	1,171,478
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 941,684	 229,794		1,171,478
	FUND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balance:				
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	-	131,670	131,670
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed Fund Balance:	-	1,024,141	-	1,024,141
3530	Capital Expenditures for Equipment	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance Assigned Fund Balance:	1,000,000	-	-	1,000,000
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance	_	-	62,687	62,687
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance	6,564,531	 -	 -	6,564,531
3000	Total Fund Balances	 8,564,531	 1,024,141	 194,357	9,783,029
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$ 11,038,943	\$ 1,253,935	\$ 297,606 \$	12,590,484

#### EXHIBIT C-2

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AUGUST 31, 2019

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	9,783,029
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$77,358,697 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$30,408,450). Also included are deferred charges on refunding of \$610,147 at the beginning of the year. In addition, long-term liabilities including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The long term debt was \$27,987,812. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase (decrease) net position. Note: Beginning Balances related to TRS are NOT included in this amount.	I	19,572,582
2 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fur financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2019 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to decrease net position.	nd	2,115,295
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. The net position related to TRS included a deferresource outflow in the amount of \$3,484,425, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$499,395, and a net pension liability in the amount of \$6,491,442. This resulted in an increasurce (decrease) in net position.	red	(3,506,412)
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75. The net position related to TRS included a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$1,236,738, a deferred resource inflow of \$3,272,191, and a net OPEB liability in the amount of \$10,410,943. This resulted in an increase (decrease) in net position.	ı	(12,466,396)
5 The 2019 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the curr year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	ent	(2,145,792)
6 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-ter debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.		493,487
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	13,845,793

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Contr			10 General Fund		50 Debt Service Fund	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
	REVENUES:					 	<del></del>
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	7,689,880	\$	2,056,842	\$ 536,492 \$	10,283,214
5800	State Program Revenues		16,208,223		909,331	260,846	17,378,400
5900	Federal Program Revenues		602,045		-	2,588,257	3,190,302
5020	Total Revenues		24,500,148	_	2,966,173	 3,385,595	30,851,916
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction		12,100,209		-	1,526,421	13,626,630
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		215,178		-	-	215,178
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		197,052		-	350	197,402
0021	Instructional Leadership		397,262		-	-	397,262
0023	School Leadership		1,792,076		-	-	1,792,076
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		676,676		_	274,525	951,201
0033	Health Services		292,169		-	-	292,169
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,343,914		-	-	1,343,914
0035	Food Services		8,544		_	1,342,587	1,351,131
0036	Extracurricular Activities		1,167,244		-	210,905	1,378,149
0041	General Administration		899,990		-	278	900,268
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		2,388,068		-	-	2,388,068
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		218,979		-	41,216	260,195
0053	Data Processing Services		510,729		-	-	510,729
	Debt Service:						
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		162,500		1,231,166	-	1,393,666
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		50,164		1,408,334	-	1,458,498
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		-		835	-	835
	Capital Outlay:						
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		418,520		-	-	418,520
	Intergovernmental:						
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		421,981		•	-	421,981
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		173,181		-	-	173,181
6030	Total Expenditures		23,434,436		2,640,335	3,396,282	29,471,053
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	**********	1,065,712		325,838	 (10,687)	1,380,863
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property		56,510		-	-	56,510
7915	Transfers In		299,401		-	-	299,401
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		(299,401)		-	-	(299,401)
8949	Other (Uses)		(100,000)		-	-	(100,000)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(43,490)		-	-	(43,490)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		1,022,222		325,838	 (10,687)	1,337,373
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		7,542,309		698,303	205,044	8,445,656
0100	rana barance - september r (beginning)		1,572,509		0,70,303	 ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	U,TTJ,UJU
3000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	8,564,531	\$	1,024,141	\$ 194,357 \$	9,783,029

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

EXHIBIT C-4

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 1,337,373
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2019 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	2,115,295
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(2,145,792)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase (decrease) net position.	(631,214)
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending net position to increase by \$419,109. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in the net pension liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling \$383,792. The proportionate share of the TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense decreased the change in net position by \$552,166. The net result is an increase (decrease) in the change in net position.	(516,849)
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of the plan caused the change in ending to increase by \$132,404. Contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were also expended and recorded as a reduction in the net OPEB liability. This caused a decrease in net position totaling \$129,931. The proportionate share of the TRS OPEB expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net OPEB expense decreased the change in net position by \$163,681. The net result is an increase (decrease) in the change in net position.	(161,208)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (2,395)

#### BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

	Private		Agency
	Trust Funds		Fund
\$	(883)	\$	97,046
	11,009		-
	1,412		-
_	11,538	\$	97,040
	-	\$	60
_	-		96,43
	-	\$	97,04
_	11,538		
\$	11,538		
	- - -	Purpose Trust Funds  \$ (883)	Purpose Trust Funds  \$ (883) \$ 11,009 1,412

## BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY FUND NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Private Purpose Trust Funds		
ADDITIONS:			
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 1,600		
Total Additions	1,600		
DEDUCTIONS:			
Supplies and Materials	336		
Other Operating Costs	1,076		
Total Deductions	1,412		
Change in Net Position	188		
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	11,350		
Total Net Position - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 11,538		

#### I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Brownsboro Independent School District ("The District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other authoritative sources identified in GASB Statement No. 56; and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

#### A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public, has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, significantly influence operations, and has primary accountability for fiscal matters. As such, the District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by *GASB Statement No. 14*, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. There are no component units included within the reporting entity. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

#### B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the District's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. Business-type activities include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. Direct costs are identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues of the District include charges for services and operating grants and contributions. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples includes tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from /to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental and enterprise funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are nonoperating.

### C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. All assets and all liabilities associated with operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The total net position is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net position.

The fiduciary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable.

The Agency funds apply the accrual basis of accounting but do not have a measurement focus as they report only assets and liabilities.

#### D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District's accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which are comprised of each fund's assets, liabilities, equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses.

The District reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

- 1. General Fund The general fund is the District's primary operating fund and is always reported as a major fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- 2. Special Revenue Funds The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- **3. Debt Service Fund** The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.
- **4.** Capital Projects Fund The proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions are accounted for in a capital projects fund.

Fiduciary Funds:

- **5. Private Purpose Trust Fund** The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District's Private Purpose Trust Funds are the scholarship fund and BISD Foundation.
- **6. Agency Fund** The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in agency funds. The District's Agency Fund is the student activity fund.

#### E. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and highly liquid investments such as certificates of deposits, money market funds, local government investment pools, Treasury bills, and commercial paper that have a maturity from time of purchase of three months or less.

#### F. INVENTORIES

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures. Inventory on the balance sheet, when present, is recorded at cost and represents supplies and materials purchased for the subsequent school year. Food service commodities are recorded at fair market value as supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services.

#### G. PREPAYMENTS

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepayments in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### H. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment are reported in the governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	20-40
Vehicles	6-15
Furniture and Equipment	3-10

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

#### I. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS / DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

GASB No. 63 and GASB No. 65 provide guidance on financial reporting related to deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. The objective of these statements is to improve financial reporting by standardizing the presentation of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources and their effects on a government's net position.

In addition to assets, the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Outflows of Resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Balance Sheet and Statement of Net Position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, Deferred Inflows of Resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow or resource (revenue) until that time.

#### J. LONG TERM DEBT

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as current year debt service expenditures.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### K. FUND BALANCE

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54). This Statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes.

GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories list below:

- 1. Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form' criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid amounts. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable.
- 2. Restricted Fund Balance includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions of enabling legislation.
- 3. Committed Fund Balance includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- 4. Assigned Fund Balance includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by the Board or by other officials to which the Board has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. When it is appropriate for fund balance to be assigned, the Board delegates the responsibility to assign funds to the Superintendent or his/her designee.
- 5. Unassigned Fund Balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

The District will utilize funds in the following spending order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned.

#### L. USE OF ESTIMATES

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### M. DATA CONTROL CODES

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

#### N. TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM - PENSIONS

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes, for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deduction from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments of the system are reported at fair value.

#### O. TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

#### P. DEFICIT NET POSITION

At August 31, 2019, the District has a deficit unrestricted net position in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position. This deficit is due to the combined effects of recognizing the net pension liability required by GASB 68 and the net other post employment benefits liability required by GASB 75.

#### II. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### A. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Exhibit C-2 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The details of capital assets and long-term debt at the beginning of the year were as follows:

Capital Assets at the Beginning of the year	<u>Historical Cost</u>	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Value at the Beginning of the Year	Change in Net Position
Land Buildings & Improvements  Eurniture & Equipment	\$ 1 769 083 68 343 182 7 246 432	\$ 25 679 527 4 728 923	\$ 1 769 083 42 663 655 2 517 509	
Totals	77 358 697	30 408 450		
Change in Net Position				\$ 46 950 247
Deferred Outflows at the Beginning of the year				
Deferred Charge for Refunding			\$ 610 147	
Change in Net Position				610 147
Long-term Liabilities			Payable at the Beginning of the	
at the Beginning of the Year			<u>Year</u>	
Bonds Payable Accretion Payable Premium (discount) on Issuance Loans Payable	of Bonds		\$ 24 028 093 703 326 1 431 393 1 825 000	
Change in Net Position				(27 987 812)
Net Adjustment to Net Position				\$ 19 572 582

### B. EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES AND THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Exhibit C-4 provides a reconciliation between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capit46al outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. This adjustment affects both the net asset balance and the change in net position. The details of this adjustment are as follows:

	Amount	Adjustments to Changes in Net Position	Adjustments to Net Position	
Current Year Capital Outlay:				
Land Buildings & Improvements Furniture & Equipment Total Capital Outlay	\$ 418 519 303 110 721 629	\$ 721 629	\$ 	
Debt Payments:				
Bond Principal Loan Principal	1 231 166 162 500			
Total Principal Payments	\$ 1 393 666	1 393 666	1 393 666	
Total Adjustment to Net Position		\$ 2 115 295	\$ 2 115 292	

#### C. EXPLANATION OF OTHER DIFFERENCES

Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibits C-2 and C-4 is described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details for this element are as follows:

		Amount		ljustments to hange in Net Position	Adjustments to Net Position
Adjustments to Revenue and Deferred Revenue:	4	224 477	٠	(004.455)	Φ.
Taxes Collected from Prior Year Levies Uncollected taxes(assumed collectible) from	\$	334 475	\$	(334 475)	\$
Current Year Levy Uncollected Taxes (assumed collectible) from		335 396		335 396	335 396
Prior Year Levy		836 082			836 082
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds:					
Current Year Accrued		110 468		(110 468)	(110 468)
Current Year Paid		403 834		403 834	403 834
Amortization of Bond Related Items:					
Premium on Issuance of Bonds		3 932		3 932	3 932
Deferred Charge for Refunding		305 074		$(305\ 074)$	(305 074)
Premium Adjustment		624 677		(624 677)	(624 677)
Accrued Interest on Debt:					
Prior Year		45 856		45 856	
Current Year		45 538		(45 538)	(45 538)
Total			\$	(631 214)	\$ 493 487

#### III. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

#### A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Fund). The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the other two reports are in Exhibits J-4 and J-5.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

Prior to August 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.

Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. The budget was amended as necessary during the year.

Each budget is controlled at the organizational level by the administration, appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations at the revenue and expenditure function /object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

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A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

	Fund Balance	
Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund Nonappropriated Budget Funds	\$	119 708 74 649
All Special Revenue Funds	\$	194 357

#### B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The District made expenditures in excess of the budgeted amount in functional areas of the General Fund and the Child Nutrition Fund. The District should review planned expenditures to make certain they are within the budgeted amounts.

#### C. ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is used in all governmental funds. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to ensure effective budgetary control and accountability. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are commitments that do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Since appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year, outstanding encumbrances are appropriately provided for in the subsequent fiscal year's budget to provide for the liquidation of the prior commitments. There were no outstanding encumbrances at the end of the fiscal year that were subsequently provided for in the 2019-2020 budget.

#### IV. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

#### A. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Public funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar - weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

State statutes and Board policy authorize the District to invest in 1) Obligations of, or guaranteed by, governmental entities as permitted by Government Code 2256.009.; 2) Certificates of deposit and share certificates as permitted by Government Code 2256.010.; 3) Fully collateralized repurchase agreements permitted by Government Code 2256.011.; 4) A securities lending program as permitted by Government Code 2256.0115.; 5) Banker's acceptances as permitted by Government Code 2256.012.; 6) Commercial paper as permitted by Government Code 2256.013.; 7) No load money market mutual funds and no load mutual funds as permitted by Government Code 2256.014.; 8) A guaranteed investment contract as an investment vehicle for bond proceeds, provided it meets the criteria and eligibility requirements established by Government Code 2256.015.; and 9) Public funds investment pools as permitted by Government Code 2256.016.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted an investment policy. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies. The risks that the District may be subject are:

a. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits: This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits, including checking, money market accounts and certificates of deposit, may not be returned to it.

The funds of the District must be deposited and invested under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. During 2018-2019 the District's combined deposits were fully insured by federal depository insurance or collateralized with securities pledged to the District and held by the District's agent.

The largest combined balances of cash, savings and time deposit accounts amounted to \$14,776,007 and occurred on February 11, 2019. The amount of bond or market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$15,232,889. The total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$750,000.

b. Custodial Credit Risk - Investments: This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Any investment that is both uninsured and unregistered is exposed to custodial credit risk if the investment is held by the counterparty, or if the investment is held by the counterparty's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the investor government. Investments are subject to custodial credit risk only if they are evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Positions in external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk.

- c. Interest Rate Risk: Interest rate risk occurs when potential purchasers of debt securities do not agree to pay face value for those securities if interest rates rise. Investments with interest rates that are fixed for longer periods are likely to be subject to more variability in their fair values as a result of future changes in interest rates.
- d. Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration risk is defined as positions of five percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. This is the issuer of the underlying investment, and not a pool. This does not apply to U.S. Government securities.

### **CASH DEPOSITS**

At August 31, 2019, the amount of the District's cash balance in checking accounts was \$3,182,540.

### **INVESTMENTS - CASH EQUIVALENTS**

The District's investments cash equivalents at August 31, 2019, are shown below:

Investment Type	 Cost	]	Fair Value	Weighted Average  Maturity (Years)
Certificates of Deposit Money Market Time Deposits	\$ 3 308 456 2 033 378	\$	3 308 456 2 033 378	.083 .083
Total Investments	\$ 5 341 834	\$	5 341 834	

### **INVESTMENTS - OTHER**

The District's investments - other at August 31, 2019, are shown below:

	Cost	Fair Value	Weighed Average Maturity (Years)
N/A	\$	\$	
Total Investments	\$	\$	<u>.</u>

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows for proprietary fund types, if any, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

The investment pools used by the District are organized under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. The investment pools are public funds investment pools created to provide a safe environment for the placement of local government funds in authorized short-term investments.

The District's investment in investment pools, which are exempt from regulation by the Securities and Exchange Commission, have as one of their objectives the maintenance of a stable net asset value of \$1.00. The book value of the position in the pools is the same as the number of the shares in each pool; the fair value of a share should approximately equal the book value of a share.

In accordance with state law and the District's investment policy, investments in investment pools must be rated at least AAA or have an equivalent rating, and obligations os states, agencies, counties and cities must be rated at least A or its equivalent. As of June 30, 2019, the District's investments in investment pools met or exceeded the ratings criteria.

### B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid by February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Delinquent taxes not paid by June 30 are subject to penalty and interest charges plus delinquent collection fees for attorney costs. Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible taxes are periodically reviewed and written off by the District as provided by specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

The assessed value of the property tax roll on January 1, 2018 upon which the levy for the 2018-2019 fiscal year was based, was \$636,016,682. The tax rates assessed for the year ended August 31, 2019 to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$1.17\_ and \$.32\_ per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.49 per \$100 valuation. Current tax collections for the year ended August 31, 2019 were 96.3% of the year end adjusted tax levy. As of August 31, 2019, property taxes receivable totaled \$991,246 and \$241,888 for the General and Debt Service Funds respectively.

### C. RECEIVABLES FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA or other agencies and are reported on the combined financial statements as Receivables From Other Governments.

	_	General Fund	Debt Service Fund		Other Funds		Total
State Entitlements	\$	2 559 446	\$	\$		\$	2 559 446
State Grants Federal Grants Existing Daht Alletment			40 627		392 921		392 921
Existing Debt Allotment			 49 637				49 637
Totals	\$	2 559 446	\$ 49 637	<u>\$</u>	392 921	\$_	3 002 004

### D. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund balances at August 31, 2019 consisted of the following individual fund amounts:

Fund	Due From	Due to
General Fund:		
Debt Service Fund	\$	\$
Debt Service Fund:		
General Fund	\$	<u>\$</u>
Totals	<u>\$</u>	\$ 0
Interfund transfers for the year ended August 31, 201	9 consisted of the following inc	lividual fund amounts:
Fund	Transfer In	Transfer Out
General Fund:	\$ 299 401	\$ 299 401
Special Revenue Fund:		
General Fund	\$	\$
Totals	<u>\$ 299 401</u>	<u>\$ 299 401</u>

### E. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables at August 31, 2019, were as follows:

	 General Fund	Se	Debt ervice Fund	 Other Funds	 Total
Property Taxes (Net) Other Governments	\$ 941 684 2 559 446	\$	229 794 49 637	\$ 392 921	\$ 1 171 478 3 002 004
Totals	\$ 3 501 130	\$	279 431	\$ 392 921	\$ 4 173 482

Payables at August 31, 2019, were as follows:

	 General Fund	Debt Service Fund	 Other Funds	<u></u>	Total
Accounts Payable	\$ 262 285	\$	\$ 11 820	\$	274 105
Payroll Deductions	22 558				22 558
Accrued Wages	1 245 090		91 429		1 336 519
Other Governments	 2 795				2 795
Totals	\$ 1 532 728	\$ 0	\$ 103 249	\$	1 635 977

### F. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the District's governmental activities for the year ended August 31, 2019, was as follows:

Construction in Progress Subtotal Nondepreciable Assets  Depreciable Capital Assets	1 769 083 1 769 083
Construction in Progress Subtotal Nondepreciable Assets  Depreciable Capital Assets	
Subtotal Nondepreciable Assets 1 769 083  Depreciable Capital Assets	1 769 083
Depreciable Capital Assets	1 769 083
	68 761 701
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	7 549 542
	6 311 243
Total at Historical Cost <u>77 358 697</u> <u>721 629</u> <u>7</u>	78 080 326
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings & Improvements 25 679 527 1 816 525 2	27 496 052
	5 058 190
Furniture & Equipment 4 728 923 329 267	3 038 190
Total Accumulated	
Depreciation 30 408 450 2 145 792 3	<u>32 554 242</u>
Governmental Activities Capital	
Assets, Net <u>\$ 46 950 247</u> <u>\$ 1 424 163</u> <u>\$ \$ 4</u>	<u>45 526 084</u>
Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:	
11 Instruction \$	1 606 022
23 School Leadership	4 079
33 Health Services	1 195
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation	199 990
35 Food Services	15 685
36 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	218 320
41 General Administration	5 568
51 Plant Maintenance and Operations	35 525
52 Security and Monitoring Services	10 764
53 Data Processing	48 644
Total District Depreciation Expense \$	2 145 792

### G. BONDS PAYABLE

Bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the Long-Term Debt Account Group, and current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

A summary of changes in bonds payable for the year ended August 31, 2019 is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Original	Amounts Outstanding 8/31/18	Issued	R	etired	Amounts Outstanding 8/31/19	Interest Current Year
Unlimited Tax School Building and Refunding Bonds Series 2011		\$33 087 020	\$ 15 523 093	\$	\$ 1	136 166	\$ 14 386 927	\$ 1 070 084
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds Series 2017	2.0% to 4.00%	\$ 8710 000	\$ 8 505 000	\$	\$	95 000	\$ 8 410 000	\$ 338 250
Totals			<u>\$ 24 028 093</u>	<u>\$</u> 0	<u>\$ 1.7</u>	231 166	<u>\$ 22 796 927</u>	<u>\$ 1 408 334</u>

Debt service requirements are as follows:

		General Obligations								
Year Ended August 31	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total Requirements							
2020	\$ 1 161 927	\$ 1 469 723	\$ 2 631 650							
2021	1 555 000	998 650	2 553 650							
2022	1 630 000	920 900	2 550 900							
2023	1 710 000	839 400	2 549 400							
2024	1 800 000	753 900	2 553 900							
2025 - 2029	10 260 000	2 346 250	12 606 250							
2031 - 2031	4 680 000	282 600	4 962 600							
Totals	<u>\$ 22 796 927</u>	<u>\$ 7611423</u>	\$ 30 408 350							

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2019.

The District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. As of August 31, 2019\$9,670,000 of bonds considered defeased in prior years are still outstanding.

### H. LOANS PAYABLE

The District accounts for short-term debts for maintenance purposes through the General Fund. Short-term debts include notes made in accordance with the provisions of the Texas Education Code Section 45.108. The proceeds from long-term loans are shown in the financial statements as Other Resources and principal and interest payments are shown as debt service in the General Fund.

A Maintenance Tax Notes, Series 2013, loan of \$2,500,000 was issued on May 20, 2013 for the purpose of paying maintenance expenses. The loan is to be repaid in semi-annual payments beginning February 15, 2014. The interest rate is 2.75%.

A summary of changes in loans payable for the year ended August 31, 2019 is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate <u>Payable</u>	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding 8/31/18	Issued	Retired	Amounts Outstanding 8/31/19	Interest Current Year
Maintenance Tax Notes Series 2013	2.75%	\$ 2500 000	\$ 1825 000 \$		162 500	1 662 500	50 163
Totals			<u>\$ 1825 000</u>	0	162 500	1 662 500	50 163

Debt service requirements are as follows:

Year Ended August 31	I	Principal	 Interest	Re	Total quirements
2020	\$	175 000	\$ 45 719	\$	220 719
2021		165 625	40 906		206 531
2022		171 875	36 351		208 226
2023		178 125	31 625		209 750
2024		181 250	26 727		207 977
2025 - 2028		790 625	 55 086		845 711
Totals	\$	1 662 500	\$ 236 414	\$	1 898 914

### I. CHANGES IN LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liabilities activity for the year ended August 31, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Adjustments	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable: General Obligation Bonds	\$ 24 028 093	\$	<u>\$ 1 231 166</u>	<u>\$22 796 927</u>	\$ 1 161 927
Accretion Payable: Capital Appreciation Bonds	703 326	110 468	403 834	409 960	468 073
Premium on Issuance of Bonds: Premium	1 431 393	624 677	3 922	2 052 138	
Loans Payable: Maintenance Tax Note	1 825 000		162 500	1 662 500	175 000
Total Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 27 987 812	\$ 735 145	\$ 1801432	<u>\$26 921 525</u>	\$ 1 805 000

### J. UNEARNED REVENUE AND UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Funds	Total
Unearned revenue at year-end cons	isted of the fo	llowing:		
Totals	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 0
Unavailable revenue at the fiscal year	ear end consis	sted of the follow	ving:	
Net Property Taxes	\$ 941 684	\$ 229 794	\$	\$ 1 171 478

### K. FUND BALANCE

Fund Balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned. The individual fund balances of the District are:

Fund Balance	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Funds	Total
Nonspendable: Inventory	\$	\$	\$	\$
Prepaid Items	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
Restricted:				
Child Nutrition Federal Grants			119 708	119 708
State Grants			11 962	11 962
Debt Service		1 024 141		1 024 141
Capital Projects Other				
Committed:				
Equipment	1 000 000			1 000 000
Other	1 000 000			1 000 000
Assigned:				
Campus Activity			62 687	
Unassigned	6 564 531			6 564 531
Total Fund Balances	<u>\$ 8 564 531</u>	<u>\$ 1 024 141</u>	<u>\$ 194 357</u>	<u>\$ 9783029</u>

### L. LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES OF REVENUES

During the current year, local and intermediate sources of revenues consisted of the following:

	Debt							
		General		Service		Other		
		Fund		Fund		Funds		Total
Property Taxes	\$	7 327 910	\$	2 001 619	\$		\$	9 329 529
Penalties, Interest & Other								
Tax Related Income		157 675		39 730				197 405
Food Sales						209 448		209 448
Investment Income		114 310		15 493		861		130 664
Co-curricular Student								
Activities		51 400				202 826		254 226
Other		38 585				123 357		161 942
Total	\$	7 689 880	\$	2 056 842	\$	536 492	\$	10 283 214

### M. COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

Commitments under operating (noncapitalized) lease agreements for equipment provided for minimum future rental payments as of August 31, 2019, as follows:

Year Ended		
August 31		Total
•		
2020	\$	107 607
2020	Ф	
2021		107 607
2022		107 607
2023		80 705
Total Minimum Rentals	\$	403 526
Rental Expenditures in Fiscal Year 2019	\$	26 902

### N. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR">http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83<sup>rd</sup> Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. The 85<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) affirmed that the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 would remain the same.

### **Contribution Rates**

	2018		2019
Member	7.7%	-	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	6	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%	
District's 2019 Current Fiscal Year Employer Co	ontributions	\$	419,109
District's 2019 Current Fiscal Year Member Con	tributions	\$	1,215,735
District's 2018 Measurement Year NECE On-Be	half Contributions	\$	866,596

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies, including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI)
  Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or
  administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

**Actuarial Assumptions**. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation rolled forward to August 31, 2018 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017 rolled forward to
	August 31, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age, Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 6.907%

Long-term expected Investment Rate 7.25%

Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2018 3.69%

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%

Ad Hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and adopted in July, 2018.

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.907%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25 percent and a municipal bond rate of 3.69 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are summarized below:

### Teacher Retirement System of Texas Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return As of August 31, 2018

Asset Class	Target Allocation <sup>1</sup>	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return <sup>2</sup>	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	5.7%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	6.9%	0.9%
Emerging Markets	9%	8.9%	0.8%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.5%	0.1%
Private Equity	13%	10.2%	1.3%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	1.1%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0%	-	-
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4%	3.1%	0.1%
Cash	1%	-0.3%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.7%	0.0%
Real Assets	14%	5.2%	0.7%
Energy and Natural Resources	5%	7.5%	0.4%
Commodities	0%	=	-
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5%	3.7%	0.2%
Inflations Expectations			2.3%
Volatility Drag <sup>3</sup>			-0.8%
Total	100%		7.2%

<sup>1</sup> Target allocations are based on the FY 2016 policy model.

<sup>2</sup> Capital market assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (2017 Q4)

The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

**Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis.** The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (6.907%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in		1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(5.907%)	(6.907%)	(7.907%)
District's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability:	\$9,797,143	\$6,491,442	\$3,815,281

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$6,491,442 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 6,491,442
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	14,168,259
Total	\$ 20,659,701

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .01179935244%, which was an increase (decrease) of (.0004776657%) from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

- The Total Pension Liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study preformated for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.
- The discount rate changed from 8.0 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907 percent as of August 31, 2018.
- the long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0 percent to 7.25 percent.
- the change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the Net Pension Liability.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,338,238 and revenue of \$1,402,280 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
	(	Outflows of	Inflows of
		Resources	 Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	40 462	\$ 159 274
Changes in actuarial assumptions		2 340 478	73 140
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings			
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions		684 376	143 811
and the proportionate share of contributions			
Total as of August 31, 2018 measurement date		3 065 316	499 395
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		419 109	
Total as of fiscal year end	\$	3 484 425	\$ 499 395

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount
2020	\$ 722,736
2021	463,532
2022	385,242
2023	386,763
2024	367,547
Thereafter	240,100

### Long-Term Liability Disclosure

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Net Pension Liability	\$ 3,923,666	\$ 2,965,070	\$ 397,294 \$	6,491,442

### O. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

### Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on thee Internet at <a href="http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR">http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512)542-6592.

### **Benefits Provided**

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public school, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependent not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage fo participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage.

### **TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees**

January 1, 2018 thru December 31, 2018

	Me	dicare	Non-N	<b>Aedicare</b>	
Retiree*	\$	135	\$	200	
Retiree and Spouse		529		689	
Retiree* and Children		468		408	
Retiree and Family		1020		999	
* or surviving spouse					

### **Contributions**

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statue by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a payas-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

### **CONTRIBUTION RATES**

	2018	2019
Active Employee	0.65%	 0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
District's 2019 Current Fiscal Year Employer Contributions		\$ 132,404
District's 2019 Current Fiscal Year Member Contributions		\$ 178,774
District's 2018 Measurement Year NECE On-behalf Contributions		\$ 179,436

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (*regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program*). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations form the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. The 85<sup>th</sup> Texas Legislature, House Bill 30 provided an additional \$212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the FY2018-19 biennium to continue to support the program. This was also received in FY2018 bringing the total appropriations received in fiscal year 2018 to \$394.6 million.

### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2017 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2018:

Rates of Mortality General Inflation
Rates of Retirement Wage Inflation

Rates of Termination Expected Payroll Growth

Rates of Disability Incidence

### **Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:**

Valuation Date August 31, 2017, rolled forward to

August 31, 2018

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 3.69%

Aging Factors Based on plan specific experience

Election Rates Normal Retirement: 70% participation

prior to age 65 and 75% after age 65.

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses

related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted

claims costs.

Projected Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation.

Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

Other Information: None

### **Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a change of .27 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

### **Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis**

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.69%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single Discount	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate (2.9%)	Rate (3.69%)	Discount Rate (4.69%)
District's proportionate			
share of the Net OPEB			
liability:	\$ 13,392,600	\$ 10,410,943	\$ 8,843,326

### **Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis**

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed 8.5% healthcare cost trend rate.

		1% Decrease	Current Single	1% Increase in
	I	Healthcare Trend Rate	Healthcare Trend Rate	Healthcare Trend Rate
		(7.5%)	(8.5%)	(9.5%)
District's Proportionate				
share of net OPEB				
liability:	\$	8,646,458	\$ 10,410,943	\$ 12,734,809

### OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB's

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$10,410,943 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of th net OPEB liability the related State support and total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total	\$ 23 416 799
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	\$ 13 005 856
District's Proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability	\$ 10 410 943

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31,2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contribution of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was .020850696% which was an increase (decrease) of .0006866693% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

**Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation** - The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- the health care trend rate assumption was updated to reject the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- Demographic and economic assumption were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Tootal OPEB Liability \$2.3 billion.
- Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

The 85<sup>th</sup> Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescription for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants.
- Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- Allowed eligible retirees and the eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period.
- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$766,687 and revenue of \$473,075. For support provided by the State. (Refer to the 2017 Schedule of On-Behalf Contributions for this information posted on the TRS website under GASB Statements 74 & 75.)

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits form the following sources:

	 ed Outflows Resources	erred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 552 470	\$ 164 300
Changes in actuarial assumptions	173 730	3 527 891
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	1 821	
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	376 313	
Total as of August 31, 2018 measurement date	 1 104 334	 3 292 191
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	132 904	
Total as of fiscal year end	\$ 1 236 738	\$ 3 292 191

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense a follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount
2020	\$ (362,935)
2021	(362,935)
2022	(362,935)
2023	(362,280)
2024	(363,477)
Thereafter	(372,294)

### Long-Term Liability Disclosure

	Beginning					Ending
	Balance	Additions	Retirements			Balance
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 8 768 579	\$ 1,786,204	\$	143,840	\$	10,410,943

### P. HEALTH CARE

During the year ended August 31, 2019 employees of the Brownsboro Independent School District were covered by the state sponsored health insurance plan. The district paid premiums of \$251 per month per employee to the plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents.

All premiums were paid to TRS-ActiveCare, the statewide health coverage program for public education employees administered by Aetna. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and TRS ActiveCare is renewable September 1 of each year and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Aetna are available for the most recent year and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

### Q. SCHOOL DISTRICT RETIREE HEALTH PLAN

### Plan Description

The District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-Sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care Retired Plan provides health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS Web site at <a href="https://www.trs.state.tx.us">www.trs.state.tx.us</a>, by writing to the Communications Department of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701, or by calling 1-800-223-8778.

### Medicare Part D:

Federal Government Retiree Drug Subsidy - Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. On-behalf payments must be recognized as equal revenues and expenditures/expenses by the District. The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll to the entire payroll reported by all reporting entities. The amount allocated on-behalf for the year ended August 31, 2019 is estimated by TRS at \$59,864.

### R. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

Vacations are to be taken within the same year they are earned, and any unused days at the end of the year are forfeited. Therefore, no liability has been accrued in the accompanying general purpose financial statements. Employees of the District are entitled to sick leave based on category/class of employment. Sick leave is allowed to be accumulated but does not vest. Therefore, a liability for unused sick leave has not been recorded in the accompanying general purpose financial statements. The District's annual attendance incentive policy provides for the payment of any unused local leave in excess of 25 days at the rate of \$40 per day. The amount of the current year's payment was \$1,420 and there is no unpaid liability as of August 31, 2019.

### S. SELF-INSURED WORKERS' COMPENSATION

In prior years the Brownsboro Independent School District was a participant in the East Texas Educational Insurance Association's Workers' Compensation Self-insurance Joint Fund pursuant to Texas Labor Code Annotated Section 504 and Texas Government Code Ch. 791 (the Interlocal Cooperation Act). During the fiscal year, the District paid net claims of \$18,316 for the year ending August 31, 2019, and has accrued \$14,375 as a liability for unpaid claims determined by the claims administrator.

### T. OTHER COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable at August 31, 2019 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

### **U. RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disaster. During fiscal year 2019 the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

### V. LITIGATION

The District is involved in one item of litigation, the outcome of which is unknown as of the audit report date.

### W. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through January 9, 2020; the date which the financial statements were available for distribution. There were none noted.



### BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control							tual Amounts AAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget		
Con			Budgeted Amounts			(Grafi Brible)		Positive or		
Coa	es		Original		Final			(1	Negative)	
	REVENUES:									
5700		\$	7,134,000	\$	7,576,000	\$	7,689,880	\$	113,880	
5800	3		15,125,052		15,474,827		16,208,223		733,396	
5900	Federal Program Revenues		386,000		586,000		602,045		16,045	
5020	Total Revenues		22,645,052		23,636,827		24,500,148		863,321	
I	EXPENDITURES:	***************************************								
	Current:		10 10 5 0 5 0		10 150 040		10 100 000		50.140	
0011	Instruction		12,105,258		12,159,349		12,100,209		59,140	
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		249,838		249,838		215,178		34,660	
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		168,618		198,618		197,052		1,566	
0021	Instructional Leadership		299,772		404,772		397,262		7,510	
0023	School Leadership		1,830,715		1,790,715		1,792,076		(1,361	
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services		621,536		683,536		676,676		6,860	
0033	Health Services		291,374		294,374		292,169		2,205	
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,331,795		1,351,795		1,343,914		7,881 1,02 <i>6</i>	
0036	Food Services Extracurricular Activities		7,070 910,010		9,570 1,157,234		8,544 1,167,244		(10,010	
0030	General Administration		797,911		909,411		899,990		9,421	
0041	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		2,361,733		2,386,658		2,388,068		(1,410	
0051	Security and Monitoring Services		98,959		220,959		218,979		1,980	
0052	Data Processing Services		472,775		567,310		510,729		56,581	
0033	Debt Service:		172,773		507,510		010,725		00,00	
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		162,500		162,500		162,500		_	
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt		50,188		50,188		50,164		24	
	Capital Outlay:		•		,		-			
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction		200,000		415,000		418,520		(3,520	
	Intergovernmental:									
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA		500,000		440,000		421,981		18,019	
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		185,000		185,000		173,181		11,819	
6030	Total Expenditures		22,645,052		23,636,827		23,434,436		202,391	
1100	Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		•		1,065,712		1,065,712	
(	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
	Sale of Real and Personal Property		-		-		56,510		56,510	
7915	• •		-		53,720		299,401		245,681	
8911	Transfers Out (Use)		-		(53,720)		(299,401)		(245,681	
8949	Other (Uses)		-		•		(100,000)		(100,000	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	*******	-		-		(43,490)		(43,490	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		•		_		1,022,222		1,022,222	
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		7,542,309		7,542,309		7,542,309		-,,	
0100	Tund Datance - September 1 (Deginning)		1,372,309		1,542,509		1,572,507			
1000	Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	7,542,309	\$	7,542,309	\$	8,564,531	\$	1,022,222	

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	_P	FY 2019 lan Year 2018	 FY 2018 Plan Year 2017	 FY 2017 Plan Year 2016
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.011793524%	0.01227119%	0.01214398%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	6,491,442	\$ 3,923,666	\$ 4,589,030
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		14,168,259	8,263,162	10,085,398
Total	\$	20,659,701	\$ 12,186,828	\$ 14,674,428
District's Covered Payroll	\$	15,463,928	\$ 15,111,354	\$ 14,755,226
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		41.98%	25.97%	31.10%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		73.74%	82.17%	78.00%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for 2015.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only five years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

Pla	FY 2016 an Year 2015	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014					
	0.0127556%		0.0071335%				
\$	4,508,935	\$	1,905,457				
	10,228,363		9,061,507				
\$	14,737,298	\$	10,966,964				
\$	14,979,455	\$	14,855,368				
ý.	30.10%		12.83%				
	78.43%		83.25%				

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019

		2019		2018	***************************************	2017	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	419,109	\$	383,792	\$	401,449	
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(419,109)		(383,792)		(401,449)	
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$		
District's Covered Payroll	\$	15,749,825	\$	15,463,658	\$	15,111,354	
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		2.66%		2.48%		2.66%	

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding years.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, the years of data presented this reporting period are those for which data is available. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

 2016	 2015
\$ 387,152	\$ 376,701
(387,152)	(376,701)
\$ -	\$ _
\$ 14,755,226	\$ 14,679,455
2.62%	2.57%

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Pla	FY 2019 in Year 2018	F	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits	,	0.020850696%		0.020164027%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	10,410,943	\$	8,768,579
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		13,005,856		11,522,746
Total	\$	23,416,799	\$ =	20,291,325
District's Covered Payroll	\$	15,463,928	\$	15,111,354
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		67.32%		58.03%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		1.57%		0.91%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2019

	***************************************	2019	
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	132,404 \$	129,931
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(132,404)	(129,931)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-0- \$	-0-
District's Covered Payroll	\$	15,749,825 \$	15,463,658
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.84%	0.84%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

### BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

### PENSIONS:

### **Changes of Benefit Terms**

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

### **Changes of Assumptions**

- The Total Pension Liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.
- Demographic assumption including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.
- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.
- The discount rate changed from 8.0 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907 percent as of August 31, 2018.
- The long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0 percent to 7.25 percent.
- The change in the Long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the Net Pension Liability.

### OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS:

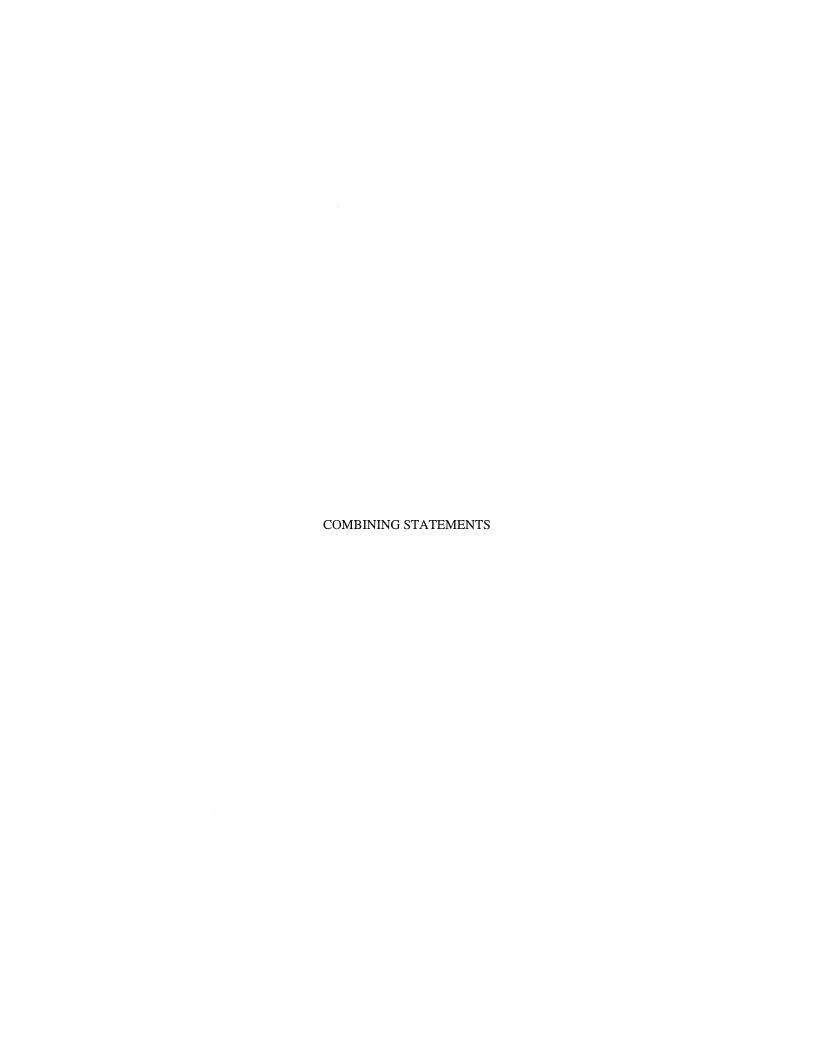
### **Changes of Benefit Term**

The 85<sup>th</sup> Legislature, Regular Session,, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017.

- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retirees on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants.
- Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate heath benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependent to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period.
- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan year 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.

### **Changes of Assumptions**

- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year
   2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- The heath care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.
- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability
- The discount rate was changed from 3.42 percent as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability \$2.3 billion.



# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

_			211		224		225
Data			ESEA I, A	IDEA - Part B		IDI	EA - Part B
Contro	I		Improving		Formula		reschool
Codes		В	asic Program				
A	ASSETS						
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(133,108)	\$	(108,251)	\$	(7,830)
1240	Due from Other Governments		176,968		145,305		8,807
1000	Total Assets	\$	43,860	\$	37,054	\$	977
I	JABILITIES						
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	3,315	\$	4,110	\$	64
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		40,545		32,944		913
2000	Total Liabilities		43,860		37,054		977
F	UND BALANCES						
	Restricted Fund Balance:						
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-		-
	Assigned Fund Balance:						
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		~		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		**		-
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	43,860	\$	37,054	\$	977

226		240		2	244		255	2	:70	2	89		410		429
IDEA	- Part B	National		Career and		ESEA II,A		ESEA VI, Pt B		Title IV			State	Other	
Discre	etionary	Bre	eakfast and	akfast and Technic		Tra	ining and	Rural & Low		Part A		Instructional		State	
		Lun	ch Program	Basic	c Grant	Re	ecruiting	Inc	ome			N	1aterials		Grants
\$	-	\$	78,604 60,041	\$	-	\$	(1,800) 1,800	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	-	\$	14,383	\$	-
\$	-	\$	138,645	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,383	\$	-
\$	-	\$	1,910	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	2,421	\$	-
	-		17,027		-		-		-		-		-		
	-		18,937		-	-		***************************************	_		-		2,421		*
	-		119,708		-		-		-		-		11,962		-
-	•		-		-		-	***************************************	-	-	-		-		-
	-		119,708		-				-		-		11,962		-
\$		\$	138,645	\$	••	\$	***	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,383	\$	-

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AUGUST 31, 2019

_			461	Total		
Data		(	Campus	N	Vonmajor	
Contro	ol .	A	Activity	Go	vernmental	
Codes			Funds		Funds	
	ASSETS					
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	62,687	\$	(95,315)	
1240	Due from Other Governments		-		392,921	
1000	Total Assets	\$	62,687	\$	297,606	
I	LIABILITIES					
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	11,820	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-		91,429	
2000	Total Liabilities		-		103,249	
I	FUND BALANCES					
	Restricted Fund Balance:					
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		131,670	
	Assigned Fund Balance:					
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		62,687		62,687	
3000	Total Fund Balances		62,687		194,357	
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	62,687	\$	297,606	

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	211	224	225
Data	ESEA I, A	IDEA - Part B	IDEA - Part B
Control	Improving	Formula	Preschool
Codes	Basic Progran	1	
REVENUES:		and the second s	NOTE
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800 State Program Revenues	•	-	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	783,986	553,454	8,807
5020 Total Revenues	783,986	553,454	8,807
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
0011 Instruction	783,986	5 278,929	8,807
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	-	274,525	-
0035 Food Services	-	•	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	-	-	•
0041 General Administration	-	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-		-
6030 Total Expenditures	783,986	553,454	8,807
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	-	-	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

	226 240		244	255	270	289	410	429
IDE	A - Part B	National	Career and	Career and ESEA II,A		Title IV	State	Other
Discretionary Br		Breakfast and	Technical -	Training and	Rural & Low	Part A	Instructional	State
		Lunch Program	Basic Grant	Recruiting	Income		Materials	Grants
\$	-	\$ 333,435	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	-	6,194	-	-	-	-	254,525	-
	50,032	1,002,728	40,946	55,886	49,764	42,654	· -	_
	50,032	1,342,357	40,946	55,886	49,764	42,654	254,525	-
	50,032		40,946	55,536	49,764	1,438	256,983	-
	· -	-	•	350		-	•	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	~	-
	-	1,342,587	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-			***	<b>.</b>	41,216		-
	50,032	1,342,587	40,946	55,886	49,764	42,654	256,983	-
	-	(230)	-	-	-	-	(2,458)	-
	-	119,938				-	14,420	-
\$	_	\$ 119,708	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 11,962	\$ -

### BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	461		Total
Data	Campus		Nonmajor
Control	Activity	Go	overnmental
Codes	Funds		Funds
REVENUES:		***************************************	
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 203,057	\$	536,492
5800 State Program Revenues	127		260,846
5900 Federal Program Revenues	 -		2,588,257
5020 Total Revenues	 203,184		3,385,595
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
0011 Instruction	-		1,526,421
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	-		350
0031 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	-		274,525
0035 Food Services	-		1,342,587
0036 Extracurricular Activities	210,905		210,905
0041 General Administration	278		278
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	-		41,216
6030 Total Expenditures	 211,183		3,396,282
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	(7,999)		(10,687)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	 70,686		205,044
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 62,687	\$	194,357



# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	(1)	(2)	(3) Assessed/Appraised		
Last 10 Years Ended	Tax I	Value for School			
August 31	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes		
010 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various		
011	1.040000	0.100000	608,779,903		
012	1.040000	0.350000	589,126,640		
013	1.170000	0.220000	603,509,105		
014	1.170000	0.290000	596,499,963		
015	1.170000	0.290000	615,107,411		
016	1.170000	0.330000	597,108,373		
017	1.170000	0.330000	593,990,548		
018	1.170000	0.320000	613,613,851		
019 (School year under audit)	1.170000	0.320000	636,016,682		
000 TOTALS					

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2018	 (20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31)  Maintenance Collections	(32)  Debt Service  Collections		(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance /31/2019
\$ 138,922	\$	\$ 7,447	\$ 743	\$	(11,744)	\$ 118,988
41,175	-	2,859	334		(2,566)	35,416
62,623	-	5,666	1,978		(2,939)	52,040
84,318	-	10,760	2,053		(3,769)	67,736
91,096	-	12,177	3,018		(5,809)	70,092
121,066	-	17,274	4,282		(6,504)	93,006
144,829	-	22,350	6,304		(8,083)	108,092
197,132	-	36,633	10,332		(10,818)	139,349
351,004	-	93,385	25,541		(36,711)	195,367
-	9,476,649	7,119,359	1,947,175		(57,067)	353,048
\$ 1,232,165	\$ 9,476,649	\$ 7,327,910	\$ 2,001,760	\$ (146,010)		\$ 1,233,134

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control		Budgeted	unts	•	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		ariance With Final Budget Positive or	
Codes	Original Fir			Final	Final			(Negative)
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	320,000 13,435 800,000	\$	320,000 13,435 800,000	\$	333,435 6,194 1,002,728	\$	13,435 (7,241) 202,728
5020 Total Revenues  EXPENDITURES:  Current:		1,133,435		1,133,435		1,342,357		208,922
0035 Food Services		1,133,435		1,133,435		1,342,587		(209,152)
Total Expenditures		1,133,435		1,133,435		1,342,587		(209,152)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		(230)		(230)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		119,938		119,938		119,938		-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	119,938	\$	119,938	\$	119,708	\$	(230)

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Fi	riance With nal Budget ositive or
Codes	Original F			Final			(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues	\$	1,849,651 790,849	\$	1,849,651 790,849	\$	2,056,842 909,331	\$	207,191 118,482
5020 Total Revenues		2,640,500		2,640,500		2,966,173		325,673
EXPENDITURES: Debt Service:							***************************************	
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt		1,231,166		1,231,166		1,231,166		-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt		1,408,334		1,408,334		1,408,334		-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		1,000		1,000		835		165
Total Expenditures		2,640,500		2,640,500		2,640,335		165
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		325,838		325,838
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	-	698,303		698,303		698,303		
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$	698,303	\$	698,303	\$	1,024,141	\$	325,838



# SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

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Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of School Trustees Brownsboro Independent School District P. O. Box 465 Brownsboro, Texas 75756

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 9, 2020.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal controls) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P. C.

Smith, Lambright - associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Athens, Texas

January 9, 2020

# SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

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Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by the Uniform Guidance

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of School Trustees Brownsboro Independent School District P. O. Box 465 Brownsboro, Texas 75756

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles*, and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the District's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2019.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

SMITH, LAMBRIGHT & ASSOCIATES, P. C.

Smith, Lambright - associates, P.C.

Certified Public Accountants

Athens, Texas

January 9, 2020

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

# I. <u>Summary of Auditor's Results</u>

Financial Statements:			
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified	
Internal control over financial report	ing:		
Material weakness(es) ide	entified?	yes	Xno
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies not considered to be mate</li> </ul>		yes	X none reported
Noncompliance material to financial	statements noted?	yes	Xno
Federal Awards:			
Internal control over major programs	s:		
Material weakness(es) ide	entified?	yes	Xno
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies not considered to be mate</li> </ul>		yes	X none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on co	ompliance for major programs:	Unmodified	
Any audit findings disclosed that are accordance with Title 2 CFR 200.5		yes	X no
Identification of major programs:			
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cl	uster	
84.010	ESEA Title I, Part A		
84.027 84.027 84.173	Special Education Cluster IDEA - Part B, Formula IDEA - Part B, Discreti IDEA - Part B, Prescho	onary	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	between Type A and Type B pro	grams: \$750	,000
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee	?	yes	no
District Contact Person		Dr. Keri Hampton Superintendent	

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

### II. Financial Statement Findings

The audit disclosed no findings required to be reported.

# III. Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

There were no findings required to be reported.

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

# I. <u>Summary of Auditor's Results</u>

Financial Statements:								
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodi	fied					
Internal control over financial repor	ting:							
• Material weakness(es) id	entified?		_ yes	X	_ no			
<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies not considered to be material)</li> </ul>		_ yes	X	none reported				
Noncompliance material to financial	statements noted?		yes	X	_ no			
Federal Awards:								
Internal control over major program	s:							
Material weakness(es) id	<ul> <li>Material weakness(es) identified?</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?</li> </ul>							
Type of auditor's report issued on co	ompliance for major programs:	Unmodi	fied					
Any audit findings disclosed that are accordance with Title 2 CFR 200.5			_ yes	X	_ no			
Identification of major programs:								
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cl	uster						
84.010	ESEA Title I, Part A							
84.027 84.027 84.173	onary ol							
Dollar threshold used to distinguish	grams:	\$75	50,000					
Auditee qualified as low risk auditee	?	X	_ yes	1	10			
District Contact Person	Dr. Keri Superint		n					

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

N/A

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

N/A

# BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through		
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	CFDA	Entity Identifying	Federal	
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Number	Number	Expenditures	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				***************************************
Passed Through State Department of Education				
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	19-610101107902	\$	783,986
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	18-660001107902		10,064
*IDEA - Part B, Formula *IDEA - Part B, Discretionary	84.027 84.027	19-660001107902 19-660006107902		543,390 50,032
Total CFDA Number 84.027	04.027	17-00000101702		603,486
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173	19-661001107902		8,807
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			-	612,293
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	19-420006107902		40,946
ESEA, Title VI, Part B - Rural & Low Income Prog.	84.358B	19-696001107902		49,764
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training Title IV, Part A	84.367A 84.4254	19-694501107902 19-680101107902		55,886 42,654
Total Passed Through State Department of Education	01,1231	19 000101107902		1,585,529
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				1,585,529
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture				
**School Breakfast Program	10.553			249,160
**National School Lunch Program-Cash Assistance	10.555			664,565
**National School Lunch ProgNon-Cash Assistance	10.555		***************************************	89,003
Total CFDA Number 10.555				753,568
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				1,002,728
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture				1,002,728
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				1,002,728
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	2,588,257

<sup>\*</sup>Clustered Programs

Note A - Funds received from the SHARS program of \$509,387 in the General Fund are not considered as federal financial assistance for purposes of this schedule.

Note B - Funds received from ESC Region 7 for Head Start reimbursements of \$92,658 in the General Fund are not considered as federal financial assistance for purposes of this schedule. The program is reported as a federal program of ESC Region 7.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Clustered Progrms

#### BROWNSBORO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in the General Fund or in a Special Revenue Fund which are Governmental Fund types.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until earned.

The period of availability for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 30 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions of the Period of Availability of Federal Funds.

The National School Breakfast and Lunch Programs and the USDA donated commodities are accounted for in the nonmajor governmental funds. The Impact Aid, if any, is accounted for in the General Fund. Expenditures are not specifically attributable to these revenue sources and are shown on this schedule in an amount equal to revenue for balancing purposes only. The revenue for indirect costs is recognized in the General Fund.

The expenditures shown on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) does not equal to total federal revenues shown on Exhibit C-3 by the amount of federal revenue recorded in various funds as shown below. These amounts are not subject to the Single Audit Act and are not required to be included in the SEFA.

Amount reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards \$	2 588 257
SHARS Revenue reported in the General Fund ESC Region 7 Head Start reimbursements	509 387 92 658
Federal Program Revenue Reported on Exhibit C-3 \$	3 190 302