CENTREVILLE PUBLIC SCHOOLS ST. JOSEPH COUNTY, MICHIGAN ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

GABRIDGE & CQ

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Centreville Public Schools Centreville, Michigan

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Centreville Public Schools, Michigan (the "School District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and schedules of proportionate share of net pension and OPEB liabilities and contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2020, on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gabridge a Company

Gabridge & Company, PLC Sturgis, MI October 26, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Centreville Public Schools (the "School District"), St. Joseph County, Michigan's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2020. It is to be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow. This is a requirement of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34) *Basic Financial Statement's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments* and is intended to provide the financial results for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Financial Highlights

- For fiscal year ended 2020, the Board of Education originally adopted a balanced general fund budget with a projected change in fund balance of \$135,791. The actual results of operation in the general fund showed that actual expenditures were \$188,552 less than the final general fund budget and that actual revenues were \$116,192 less than the final general fund budget.
- At June 30, 2020 the total net position was a deficit of \$(8,006,823) of which \$(13,029,421) was deficit unrestricted net position.
- The total net position decreased \$1,941,635, from \$(6,065,188) as of June 30, 2019 to \$(8,006,823) as of June 30, 2020. Refer to the district-wide financial statements change in net position for fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 and June 30, 2020 for explanations regarding the net position increase.
- At June 30, 2020 the total fund balance for the general fund was \$1,382,840.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School District:

- The first two statements, the statement of net position and the statement of activities, are *district-wide financial statements* that provide both short-term and long-term information about the School District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the School District, reporting the School District's operations in more detail than the district-wide statements.
 - *Governmental funds statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

The basic financial statements also include the notes to the financial statements that explain the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data. Supplementary information follows and includes combining and individual fund statements as well as a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund.

District-wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements report information about the School District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the School District's assets, deferred outflows and inflows, and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the School District's net position, and how they have changed. Net position – the difference between the School District's assets, deferred outflows and inflows, and liabilities - is one way to measure the School District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the School District's overall health, one should consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the School District's property tax-base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the district-wide financial statements, the School District's activities are presented as governmental activities. *Governmental activities* include the School District's basic services, such as regular and special education, instructional support, transportation, administration, community services, food service, and athletics. State aid and property taxes finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

The table on the following page is a comparative highlight of the current and prior year financial activities.

Centreville Public Schools' Net Position

ASSETS	2020	2019
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,018,438	\$ 1,789,114
Accounts receivable	47,634	91,962
Due from other governmental units	1,326,466	1,361,111
Other assets	19,660	103,844
Total Current Assets	9,412,198	3,346,031
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital assets, net	12,274,543	12,722,931
Total Assets	21,686,741	16,068,962
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension	3,668,977	5,625,836
OPEB	948,130	909,580
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,617,107	6,535,416
LIABILIITES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	194,321	208,913
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	670,013	498,514
Accrued interest	61,701	58,588
Unearned revenue	6,351	2,793
Short-term note payable	800,000	900,000
Current portion of long-term debt	783,911	768,911
Total Current Liabilities	2,516,297	2,437,719
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Compensated absences	53,678	54,719
Bonds payable	12,598,011	8,010,336
Net pension liability	14,213,654	12,967,295
Net OPEB liability	3,075,076	3,486,449
Total Liabilities	32,456,716	26,956,518
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension	586,447	1,134,210
OPEB	1,267,508	792,867
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,853,955	1,927,077
NET POSITION		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	4,171,852	3,943,684
Restricted	850,746	407,071
Unrestricted	(13,029,421)	(10,629,972)
Total Net Position	\$ (8,006,823)	\$ (6,279,217)

Cash and cash equivalents increased by \$6,229,324 as a result of \$5,287,006 of unspent bond proceeds remaining in the 2020 capital projects fund at year-end. These funds will be used to finance various school improvement projects in the ensuing years. Capital assets decreased by \$448,388 which was composed of capital outlay of \$98,932 and depreciation expense of \$547,320.

Net pension liability, net OPEB liability, and their related deferrals saw a net decrease of \$1,258,263 and a net increase of \$101,818, respectively, due to market conditions. Long-term debt increased by \$4,602,675 as a result of \$5,371,586 2020 school building and site bonds issuance (net of bond premium), \$755,000 of bond principal payments made during the year, and \$13,911 of bond premium and discount amortization.

The results of the fiscal year's operations for the School District as a whole are presented in the statement of activities, which shows the change in total net position for the year. The statement of activities presents the following changes in net position from operating results.

Revenues	2020	2019
Program Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 724,238	\$ 198,504
Operating grants and contributions	2,598,045	1,977,796
Total Program Revenues	3,322,283	2,176,300
General Revenues		
Property taxes	1,856,725	1,830,422
Unrestricted state sources	5,679,337	5,843,601
Interest and investment earnings	23,941	4,914
Total General Revenues	7,560,003	7,678,937
Total Revenues	10,882,286	9,855,237
Expenses		
Instruction	7,712,448	4,505,584
Supporting services	3,230,066	2,405,540
Food services	571,592	338,590
Athletics	410,918	250,464
Community services	22,754	19,896
Interest on long-term debt	253,145	246,075
Unallocated depreciation	547,320	538,283
Bond issuance costs	75,678	
Total Expenses	12,823,921	8,304,432
Change in Net Position	(1,941,635)	1,550,805
Net Position at Beginning of Period (Restated)	(6,065,188)	(7,830,022)
Net Position at End of Period	\$ (8,006,823)	\$ (6,279,217)

Centreville Public Schools' Changes in Net Position

Overall revenues increased by \$1,027,049 as a result of a \$620,249 increase of COVID funding that was received in the food service fund due to the emergency closure and a \$484,533 increase in student activity fund revenues due to the implementation of GASB 84.

Instruction and supporting service expenses increased by \$4,031,390 due to the changes in both net pension liability and net OPEB liability as described in an earlier section of this report as well as a \$482,284 increase in student activity fund expenses due to the implementation of GASB 84.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the School District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the School District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

The School District utilizes *Governmental funds* within this report. Most of the School District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on: 1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. Since the district-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements use different methods of accounting to report the School District's financial condition, a reconciliation is included in the financial statements showing the differences between the two types of statements.

Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The School District uses funds to record and analyze financial information. The School District has the following two major funds:

The *general fund* is the School District's primary operating fund. The general fund had revenues of \$8,349,627 and expenditures of \$8,277,267. The general fund ended the year with a \$72,360 increase in fund balance for a total fund balance of \$1,382,840 as of June 30, 2020, up from \$1,310,480 as of June 30, 2019.

The *2020 capital projects fund* had an increase of \$5,279,231 in fund balance during the year, entirely a result of the 2020 school building and site bonds that were issued in June 2020. The bond proceeds will be expended in future years for various improvement projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year the School District revised its budget to attempt to match changes in the school funding environment and current needs of students and faculty. State law requires that budgets be amended during the year so actual expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The initial budget for the year ended June 30, 2020, was adopted by the Board of Education in June 2019, with the final amendments made on May 26, 2020.

Original budget compared to final budget. The original budget was amended during the year as actual results needed adjusting from the original budgeted estimates. The original budget for basic programs increased from \$4,165,389 to \$4,295,660 and the original budget for state sources revenue decreased from \$7,182,947 to \$7,051,928.

Final budget compared to actual results. The School District had the following expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated during the year ended June 30, 2020:

	Fin	Final Budget		Actual	Variance		
General Fund							
Adult education	\$	74,471	\$	75,753	\$	(1,282)	
Pupil		186,943		199,273		(12,330)	

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020, the School District had \$12,274,543 invested in capital assets. This included a net decrease during the past fiscal year of \$448,388 consisting of depreciation charges of \$547,320 and capital asset purchases of \$98,932.

More detailed information about the School District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements section of this document.

Long-term Debt

At year end, the School District had total long-term debt of \$13,381,922. The School District issued 2020 school building and site bonds in the amount of \$5,005,000 for future school improvement projects. The School District continued to pay down its debt, retiring \$755,000 of outstanding bonds during the year. In addition, \$16,980 was amortized for bond premium and \$3,069 was amortized for bond discount during the year.

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue. The School District is well under the State limit as of June 30, 2020.

More detailed information about the School District's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements section of this document.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

The School District's budget for the 2021 fiscal year projects total revenues of \$7,949,451 and total expenditures of \$7,986,016. The School District continues to work to balance its expenditures while providing an excellent education to the District it serves. Additionally, administration and the Board of Education are currently working to determine the significance that the COVID-19 Pandemic will have on the School District's upcoming revenues and expenditures.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact:

Business Department Centreville Public Schools 190 Hogan Street Centreville, MI 49032

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Centreville Public Schools Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

ASSETS

Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,018,438
Accounts receivable	·	47,634
Due from other governmental units		1,326,466
Prepaid items		7,513
Inventory		12,147
Total Current Assets		9,412,198
Noncurrent Assets		
Capital assets not being depreciated		18,209
Capital assets being depreciated, net		12,256,334
Total Assets		21,686,741
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension		3,668,977
OPEB		948,130
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		4,617,107
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable		194,321
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		669,713
Accrued interest		62,001
Unearned revenue		6,351
Short-term note payable		800,000
Current portion of long-term debt	_	783,911
Total Current Liabilities		2,516,297
Noncurrent Liabilities		
Compensated absences		53,678
Bonds payable		12,598,011
Net pension liability		14,213,654
Net OPEB liability		3,075,076
Total Liabilities		32,456,716
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension		586,447
OPEB		1,267,508
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,853,955
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		4,171,852
Restricted for:		
Debt service		358,164
Capital projects		23,601
Food service		468,981
Unrestricted (deficit)		(13,029,421)
Total Net Position	\$	(8,006,823)

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these Financial Statements

Centreville Public Schools Statement of Activities For the year Ended June 30, 2020

			P	rogram Revenues	5		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
Instruction	\$ 7,712,448	\$ 33,629	\$	1,416,506	\$		\$ (6,262,313)
Supporting services	3,230,066	484,818		361,000			(2,384,248)
Community services	22,754						(22,754)
Food service	571,592	147,050		820,539			395,997
Athletics	410,918	58,741					(352,177)
Interest on long-term debt	253,145						(253,145)
Depreciation (unallocated)	547,320						(547,320)
Bond issuance costs	75,678						(75,678)
Total	\$ 12,823,921	\$ 724,238	\$	2,598,045	\$		 (9,501,638)

General Purpose Revenues:

5,679,337
791,299
1,065,426
23,941
7,560,003
(1,941,635)
(6,065,188)
\$ (8,006,823)
\$

Centreville Public Schools Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Capital Projects

	General		20 Capital Projects	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
ASSETS			 0					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,007,186	\$ 5,287,006	\$	724,246	\$	8,018,438	
Accounts receivable		45,148			2,486		47,634	
Due from other governmental units		1,176,882			149,584		1,326,466	
Prepaid items		7,513					7,513	
Inventory					12,147		12,147	
Due from other funds		2,818	 		242,140		244,958	
Total Assets	\$	3,239,547	\$ 5,287,006	\$	1,130,603	\$	9,657,156	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	133,521	\$ 7,775	\$	53,025	\$	194,321	
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		668,348			1,365		669,713	
Accrued interest		12,698					12,698	
Unearned revenue					6,351		6,351	
Short-term note payable		800,000					800,000	
Due to other funds		242,140	 		2,818		244,958	
Total Liabilities		1,856,707	 7,775		63,559		1,928,041	
FUND BALANCE								
Nonspendable		7,513			12,147		19,660	
Restricted			5,279,231		838,599		6,117,830	
Committed					216,298		216,298	
Unassigned		1,375,327	 				1,375,327	
Total Fund Balance		1,382,840	 5,279,231		1,067,044		7,729,115	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	3,239,547	\$ 5,287,006	\$	1,130,603	\$	9,657,156	

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these Financial Statements

Centreville Public Schools Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 7,729,115
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statement. This amount represents capital assets of \$23,070,919 less accumulated depreciation of \$10,796,376.	12,274,543
Long-term liabilities, including bond premiums and discounts, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(13,381,922)
Accrued interest is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is not reported in governmental funds until paid.	(49,303)
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This represents the sum of the net OPEB liability and its related deferred inflows and deferred outflows.	(4,528,664)
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. This represents the sum of the net pension liability and its related deferred inflows and deferred outflows.	(9,996,914)
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(53,678)
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (8,006,823)

Centreville Public Schools Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Governmental Funds For the year Ended June 30, 2020

		Capital Projects				
	 General	2020 Capital Projects		Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Revenues						
Local sources	\$ 901,751	\$ 1,532	\$	1,677,544	\$	2,580,827
State sources	6,926,943			19,287		6,946,230
Federal sources	151,404			808,796		960,200
Interdistrict sources	 369,529			11,589		381,118
Total Revenues	 8,349,627	1,532		2,517,216		10,868,375
Expenditures						
Instruction	5,346,240			482,284		5,828,524
Supporting services	2,610,458			30,823		2,641,281
Community services	17,394					17,394
Food service				558,995		558,995
Athletics	303,175					303,175
Capital outlay		18,209				18,209
Debt service - principal				755,000		755,000
Debt service - interest				244,170		244,170
Debt service - bond issuance costs		75,678				75,678
Total Expenditures	8,277,267	93,887		2,071,272		10,442,426
Excess of Revenues Over						
(Under) Expenditures	72,360	(92,355)		445,944		425,949
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
General obligation bonds issued		5,005,000				5,005,000
Premium on bonds issued		366,586				366,586
Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 	5,371,586				5,371,586
Net Change in Fund Balance	 72,360	5,279,231		445,944		5,797,535
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period						
(Restated, Note 14)	1,310,480			621,100		1,931,580
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$ 1,382,840	\$ 5,279,231	\$	1,067,044	\$	7,729,115

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these Financial Statements

Centreville Public Schools Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance with Statement of Activities For the year Ended June 30, 2020

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 5,797,535
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This amount represents depreciation expense of \$547,320 less current year capital outlay expenditures of \$98,932.	(448,388)
Compensated absences that are not payable from current year resources are not reported as expenditures of the current year in the funds. In the statement of activities, those costs represent expenses of the current year.	1,041
Long-term debt payments are reported as financing uses in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. However, debt payments reduce long-term debt on the statement of net position. This represents the amount of principal payment made during the year on long-term debt and amortization of bonds premium.	(4,616,586)
Accrued interest on bonds is recorded in the statement of activities when incurred; it is not recorded in governmental funds until it is paid.	4,936
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the funds. This amount represents the change in net OPEB liability, and the related deferred inflows and outflows, during the year.	(24,718)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the funds. This amount represents the change in net pension liability, and the related deferred inflows and outflows, during the year.	(2,655,455)
Changes in Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$ (1,941,635)

The Notes to the Financial Statements are an integral part of these Financial Statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Centreville Public Schools (the "School District" or "government") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to school districts. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The School District's significant accounting policies are described below:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School Districts' reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate, component units of the school district. Based on the application of the criteria, the district does not contain any component units.

District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. The School District reports *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues.

The *statement of activities* demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the district-wide financial statements. Major individual funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

District-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Agency funds also use the accrual basis of accounting, but do not have a measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded

Notes to the Financial Statements

when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, or one year for reimbursement-based grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, state aid, federal, inter-district revenues, and interest income and, accordingly, have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal year. Other revenues are recognized when received.

The School District reports the following major funds:

The *general fund* is the general operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *2020 capital projects fund* is used to account for bond proceeds specifically designed for the remodeling and improvements of facilities.

Additionally, the School District reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt (bonds, notes, loans, and leases) principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital projects funds account for the accumulation and disbursement of resources for the construction of governmental fund capital projects.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the functional level. State law requires the district to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted is a violation of Michigan Law. State law permits districts to amend its budgets during the year.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the goods or services have not been received as of year-end; the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes become a lien on December 1 of the following year. Taxes are recognized as current property tax revenue to the extent that they are collected during the year or within 60 days after year-end. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year. At this time, penalties and interest are assessed and the total obligation is added to the county tax rolls. Assessed values are established annually by the various governmental units within the School District and are equalized by the State of Michigan.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Inflows, and Fund Equity

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes and School District policy authorize the School District to invest in:

- Bonds, securities, other obligations, and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- Bankers' acceptances of United States banks.

- Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions, that, at the time of purchase are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service.
- Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- External investment pools as authorized by the surplus funds investment pool act, Act. No. 367 of the Public Acts of 1982, being sections 129.11 to 129.118 of the Michigan Compiled Laws, composed entirely of instruments that are legal for direct investment by a school district.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair market value. Investments are exposed to various risks, such as significant external events, interest rate, credit, and overall market volatility risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is reasonably possible that changes in the fair value of investments will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of net position.

Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year and all other outstanding balances between funds are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans).

All receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, as applicable. All amounts deemed to be uncollectible are charged against the allowance for doubtful accounts in the period that determination is made. No amounts have been deemed uncollectable during the current year.

Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of food commodities and related supplies.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, outside site improvements, buildings and additions, furniture and other equipment, and vehicles are reported in the district-wide financial statements. Assets having a useful life in excess of five years and whose costs exceed \$5,000 are capitalized. Capital

Notes to the Financial Statements

assets are stated at historical cost or estimated historical cost where actual cost information is not available. Donated capital assets are stated at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of an asset or materially extend an asset's useful life are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related assets.

Land improvements, buildings and additions, furniture and equipment and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and additions	20 - 50 years
Buses and other vehicles	5 - 10 years
Furniture and other equipment	5 - 10 years
Outside site improvements	10 - 20 years

Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the pension and other postemployment benefits related items reporting in the district-wide statement of net position.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Deferred outflows are recognized for pension and other postemployment benefit related items. These amounts are expensed in the plan year in which they apply.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. These items are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary.

Salaries Payable and Accrued Employee Benefits

A liability is recorded at June 30 for those amounts owed to teachers and other employees of the School District who do not work during the summer when school is not in session but have elected to have their salaries paid over an entire year. This has the effect of properly charging their salaries to expenditures in the fiscal year in which their services are received, even though they are not paid until July and August of the following fiscal year.

The liability for accrued retirement and the employer share of FICA related to the salaries payable has been recorded as has the liability for the employee health insurance premiums for the months of July and August. The School District pays these insurances for this period as part of the compensation for services rendered in the preceding school year.

Compensated Absences

School District employees are granted vacation and sick leave in varying amounts based on length of service. Unused vacation time and sick leave accumulate from year to year at varying rates, depending on the employees' applicable rate of pay and/or employment category. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related payments.

In the fund financial statements, only the matured liability for compensated absences is reported. The total liability is reported in the district-wide financial statements.

Long-term Obligations

In the district-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bond issuance costs are recorded as a period expense. Bonds payable are reported at the total amount of bonds issued.

Notes to the Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures.

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the School District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the School District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the School District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. Governmental funds report *nonspendable fund balance* for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either: a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. *Restricted fund balance* is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The School District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The *committed fund balance* classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund

balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the *assigned fund balance* classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education can assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the School District's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications and is therefore available to be spent as determined by the Board of Education.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Capital Projects Fund Compliance

The capital projects fund includes capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For these capital projects, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1351a of the Michigan Revised School Code.

Budgetary Compliance

The School District had the following expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated as of June 30, 2020:

	Fin	Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
General Fund							
Adult education	\$	74,471	\$	75,753	\$	(1,282)	
Pupil		186,943		199,273		(12,330)	

District-wide Deficit

The School District has an unrestricted net position deficit for District-wide activities in the amount of \$(13,029,420) as of June 30, 2020.

Note 3 - Cash and Investments

The School District maintains pooled and individual fund demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investment accounts. The School District reported \$80,018,438 of Cash and Cash Equivalents as of June 30, 2020, all of which was held in checking and savings accounts.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits might not be returned. State law does not require and the School District does not have a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year-end, \$7,824,370 of the School District's bank balance of \$8,074,370 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. Due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, the School District believes it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the School District evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits School District funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Note 4 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	A	Amount
General	Student activity fund	\$	2,818
Debt service	General		1,923
Food service	General		240,217

Interfund balances at June 30, 2020 consisted of fund receivables and payables listed below:

Interfund balances resulted primarily from the time lag between the dates that: 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

Note 5 - Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, there was \$6,351 of revenues collected in advance of being earned.

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:					
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$ 18,209	\$ -	\$ 18,209	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	18,188,231	29,293	-	18,217,524	
Buses and other vehicles	753,235	-	-	753,235	
Furniture and equipment	3,126,822	51,430	-	3,178,252	
Outside site improvements	903,699	-	-	903,699	
Subtotal	22,971,987	80,723	-	23,052,710	
Less Accumulated Depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	6,514,490	364,064	-	6,878,554	
Buses and other vehicles	394,076	54,578	-	448,654	
Furniture and equipment	2,641,251	83,493	-	2,724,744	
Outside site improvements	699,239	45,185	-	744,424	
Subtotal	10,249,056	547,320	-	10,796,376	
Capital Assets Being Depreciated, net	12,722,931	(466,597)		12,256,334	
Capital Assets, net	\$ 12,722,931	\$ (448,388)	\$ -	\$ 12,274,543	

Depreciation expense for the fiscal year amounted to \$547,320. The School District determined that this was impractical to allocate depreciation expense to the various government activities as the capital assets serve multiple functions.

Note 7 - Long-term Debt

The school district issues bonds, notes, and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district. Other long-term obligations include accumulated severance pay and accrued compensated absences.

Notes to the Financial Statements

General obligation bonds consist of:

Total general obligation handed debt	<u>ф</u>	12 005 000
2020 school building and site bonds due in amounts ranging from \$100,000 through \$1,135,000 plus interest at 2.00% - 4.00% through 2034		5,005,000
2015 refunding bonds due in amounts ranging from \$375,000 through \$500,000 plus interest at 1.00% - 2.45% through 2026		2,355,000
2017 building and site bonds due in amounts ranging from \$100,000 through \$700,000 plus interest at 3.00% through 2033		3,020,000
2014 building and site bonds due in amounts ranging from \$100,000 through \$625,000 plus interest at 2.00% - 3.75% through 2026	\$	2,515,000

Total general obligation bonded debt:\$ 12,895,000

Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds and Installment Loans Payable					
2014 School Building and Site Bonds	\$ 2,615,000	\$ -	\$ (100,000)	\$ 2,515,000	\$ 100,000
2015 Refunding Bonds	2,835,000	-	(480,000)	2,355,000	490,000
2017 Building and Site Bonds	3,195,000	-	(175,000)	3,020,000	180,000
2020 School Building and Site Bonds, Series III	-	5,005,000	-	5,005,000	-
Total Bond Principal	8,645,000	5,005,000	(755,000)	12,895,000	770,000
Bond Premiums	172,737	366,586	(16,980)	522,343	16,980
Bond Discounts	(38,490)		3,069	(35,421)	(3,069)
Total Bonds Payable	8,779,247	5,371,586	(768,911)	13,381,922	783,911
Compensated Absences	54,719	-	(1,041)	53,678	-
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$ 8,833,966	\$ 5,371,586	\$ (769,952)	\$ 13,435,600	\$ 783,911

Annual debt service requirements, exclusive of compensated absences, bond premium, and bond discount, for long-term debt outstanding as of June 30, 2020 follows:

Year Ending				
June 30,	 Principal]	Interest	 Total
2021	\$ 770,000	\$	351,118	\$ 1,121,118
2022	810,000		345,901	1,155,901
2023	850,000		327,851	1,177,851
2024	895,000		304,861	1,199,861
2025	945,000		279,418	1,224,418
2026 - 2030	5,035,000		911,957	5,946,957
2031 - 2034	 3,590,000		158,950	 3,748,950
Totals:	\$ 12,895,000	\$	2,680,056	\$ 15,575,056

Notes to the Financial Statements

Accumulated unpaid compensation for termination leave pay at June 30, 2020 has been computed and recorded in the financial statements as a long-term liability as the liability is expected to be liquidated from future financial resources. At present, eligible School District employees are entitled to a termination leave payment based on their unused absence days at current pay rate and eligible teachers and certain administrators are entitled to supplemental retirement stipends according to guidelines set forth by the School District. At June 30, 2020, the accumulated liability (expected to be financed by general fund resources) amounted to \$53,678.

Note 8 - Short-term Note Payable

During the year, the School District issued a State Aid Anticipation Note dated August 21, 2019 maturing August 21, 2020 in the amount of \$800,000 with an interest rate of 1.90%. Debt was issued to meet short-term cash flow needs. The related interest accrual is \$12,698 as of June 30, 2020.

В	eginning						Ending
I	Balance	A	dditions	R	eductions]	Balance
\$	900,000	\$	800,000	\$	(900,000)	\$	800,000

Note 9 - Pension Plan

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a costsharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members— eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2018 valuation will be amortized over a 20-year period beginning October 1, 2018 and ending September 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Benefit Structure	Member	Non-Universities
Basic	0.0 - 4.0%	18.25%
Member Investment Plan	3.0 - 7.0%	18.25%
Pension Plus	3.0 - 6.4%	16.46%
Pension Plus 2	6.2%	19.59%
Defined Contribution	0.0%	13.39%

Required contributions to the pension plan from the School District were \$1,140,186 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported a liability of \$14,213,654 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2018. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2019, the School District's proportion was 0.04292 percent, which was an decrease of 0.00022 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2018.

For the year ending June 30, 2020, the School District recognized pension expense of \$2,316,344. At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	red Outflows of Resources	 rred Inflows of Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$ 63,710	\$ 59,270
Changes of assumptions	2,783,044	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	-	455,523
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	295,349	71,654
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 526,874	
Total	\$ 3,668,977	\$ 586,447

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan Year Ended		
September 30	_	Amount:
2020	\$	1,108,145
2021		786,530
2022		475,921
2023		185,060

Notes to the Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation Date:	September 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method:	
	Entry Age, Normal
Wage Inflation Rate:	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return:	
- MIP and Basic Plans:	6.80%
- Pension Plus Plan:	6.80%
- Pension Plus 2 Plan:	6.00%
Projected Salary Increases:	2.75 - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Cost-of-Living Pension Adjustments:	3% Annual Non-Compounded for MIP Members
Mortality:	
Retirees:	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant
	Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78%
	for females and adjusted for mortality improvements
	using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.
Active Members:	RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant
	Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and adjusted for
	mortality improvements using projection scale MP-
	2017 from 2006.
	2017 110111 2000.

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Notes:

• Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total pension liability as of September 30, 2019, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2018, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Notes to the Financial Statements

- Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: 4.4977
- Recognition period for assets in years: 5.0000
- Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2019 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table.

		Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0%	5.7%
Private Equity Pools	18.0	8.6
International Equity Pools	16.0	7.3
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	1.2
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.2
Absolute Return Pools	15.5	5.4
Short-term Investment Pools	2.0	0.8
Total	100.0%	-

*Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation.

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investment, net of pension plan investment expense, was 5.14%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan provided through non-university employers only). This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 plan). The projection of cash

Notes to the Financial Statements

flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% (6.80% for the Pension Plus Plan, 6.0% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan), as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher.

Pension								
1% Decrease	Current Single Discount Rate Assumption	1% Increase						
(Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)	(Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)							
5.80% / 5.80% / 5.00%	6.80% / 6.80% / 6.00%	7.80% / 7.80% / 7.00%						
\$18,478,660	\$14,213,654	\$10,677,818						

* Discount rates listed in the following order: Basic and Member Investment Plan (MIP), Pension Plus, and Pension Plus 2. Non-university employers provide Basic, MIP, Pension Plus and Pension Plus 2 plans. University employers provide only the Basic and MIP plans.

Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS CAFR, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Note 10 - Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a costsharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members— eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The System's health plan provides all eligible retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2%

Notes to the Financial Statements

employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer OPEB contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2018 valuation will be amortized over a 20-year period beginning October 1, 2018 and ending September 30, 2038.

The schedule below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year ended September 30, 2019.

Benefit Structure	Member	Non-Universities
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	7.93%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	7.57%

Required contributions to the OPEB plan from the School District were \$294,155 for the year ended September 30, 2019.

OPEB Liabilities, **OPEB** Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the School District reported a liability of \$3,075,076 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2018. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2019, the School District's proportion was 0.04284 percent, which was a decrease of 0.00102 percent from its proportion measured as of October 1, 2018.

For the year ending June 30, 2020, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$76,260. At June 30, 2020, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferre	ed Outflows of	Defe	rred Inflows of
	R	esources]	Resources
Differences between actual and expected experience	\$	-	\$	1,128,332
Changes of assumptions		666,307		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		-		53,477
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		58,608		85,699
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		223,215		-
Total	\$	948,130	\$	1,267,508

Contributions subsequent to the measurement date reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Plan Year Ended	
September 30	Amount:
2020	\$ (145,552)
2021	(145,552)
2022	(118,901)
2023	(83,091)
2024	(49,497)

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Summary of Actuarial Assumptions

Valuation Date:	September 30, 2018					
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age, Normal					
Wage Inflation Rate:	2.75%					
Investment Rate of Return:	6.95%					
Projected Salary Increases:	2.75 - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%					
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:	7.5% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 12					
Mortality:						
Retirees:	RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant					
	Mortality Tables, scaled by 82% for males and 78%					
	for females and adjusted for mortality improvements					
	using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.					
Active Members:	RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant					
	Mortality Tables, scaled 100% and adjusted for					
	mortality improvements using projection scale MP-					
	2017 from 2006.					
Other Assumptions:						
Opt-Out Assumption	21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008					
	and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are					
	assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.					
Survivor Coverage	80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are					
	assumed to have coverages continuing after the					
	retiree's death					
Coverage Election at Retirement	75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are					
	assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.					

Notes:

- Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation. The total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2019, is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2018, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.
- Recognition period for liabilities is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees in years: 5.7101
- Recognition period for assets in years: 5.0000
- Full actuarial assumptions are available in the 2019 MPSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report found on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the OPEB plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2019, are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0%	5.7%
Private Equity Pools	18.0	8.6
International Equity Pools	16.0	7.3
Fixed Income Pools	10.5	1.2
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0	4.2
Absolute Return Pools	15.5	5.4
Short-term Investment Pools	2.0	0.8
Total	100.0%	

*Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation.

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investment, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 5.37%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

Other Postemployment Benefits								
1% Decrease	Current Discount Rate	1% Increase						
5.95%	6.95%	7.95%						
\$3,772,042	\$3,075,076	\$2,489,817						

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using assumed trend rates, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

Other Postemployment Benefits							
1% Decrease	1% Decrease Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate						
\$2,465,005	\$3,075,076	\$3,771,960					

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued 2018 MPSERS CAFR, available on the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Note 11 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the School District carries commercial insurance. Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss in excess of insurance coverage can be reasonably estimated. There has been no loss in excess of insurance in the past three years

Notes to the Financial Statements

Note 12 - Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subjected to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of costs which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Note 13 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through October 26, 2020. The School District will be affected by the recent and ongoing outbreak of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) which was declared a pandemic by the World Health Organization in March 2020. COVID-19 has caused significant government and business disruptions through mandated and voluntary closings and stay at home orders. The Administration and Board of Education is in the process of determining the significance that the outbreak will have on the School District's upcoming budget.

Note 14 - Prior Period Restatement

The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020 have been restated because the School District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This standard requires the student activity funds, because of the School District's administrative oversight, to be reported as a special revenue fund. In prior years the year-end balances of the student activity funds were reported as a fiduciary fund and, accordingly, were excluded from the governmental funds. The following schedule summarizes the impact on beginning balances of district-wide net position and governmental fund balance:

	N	et Position	Fu	nd Balance
Net Position / Fund Balance - June 30, 2019 (As previously reported)	\$	(6,279,217)	\$	1,717,551
Adoption of GASB Statement 84:				
Student activity fund beginning fund balance		214,029		214,029
Net Position / Fund Balance - June 30, 2019 (As restated)	\$	(6,065,188)	\$	1,931,580

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Centreville Public Schools Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Fund For the year Ended June 30, 2020

		Budgete	d Am	nunte				Variance Positive (Negative)
	_	Original	u Ant	Final		Actual		Final to Actual
Revenues		Oliginai		That		netuai		T mar to Actuar
Local sources	\$	816,792	\$	875,443	\$	901,751	\$	26,308
State sources	Ψ	7,182,947	Ψ	7,051,928	Ψ	6,926,943	Ψ	(124,985)
Federal sources		161,372		166,168		151,404		(124,764)
Interdistrict sources		347,917		372,280		369,529		(2,751)
Total Revenues		8,509,028		8,465,819		8,349,627		(116,192)
							_	
Expenditures								
Instructional								
Basic programs		4,165,389		4,295,660		4,282,732		12,928
Added needs		1,053,872		1,052,570		987,755		64,815
Adult education		81,293		74,471		75,753		(1,282)
Total Instruction		5,300,554		5,422,701		5,346,240		76,461
Supporting Services								
Pupil		177,877		186,943		199,273		(12,330)
Instructional staff		187,480		191,448		189,492		1,956
General administration		379,603		376,240		370,508		5,732
School administration		529,994		542,431		539,068		3,363
Business services		156,275		156,640		151,436		5,204
Operations and maintenance		833,376		821,135		765,368		55,767
Transportation		311,882		288,742		255,948		32,794
Technology		160,321		141,104		139,365		1,739
Total Supporting Services		2,736,808		2,704,683		2,610,458		94,225
Community Services		27,833		19,516		17,394		2,122
Athletics		308,042		318,919		303,175		15,744
Total Expenditures		8,373,237		8,465,819		8,277,267		188,552
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		135,791				72,360		72,360
Net Change in Fund Balance		135,791				72,360		72,360
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		1,310,480		1,310,480		1,310,480	_	
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	1,446,271	\$	1,310,480	\$	1,382,840	\$	72,360

Centreville Public Schools Schedule of School District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employee Retirement Plan Last Six Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of September 30 of each fiscal year)

School District's Portion of Net Pension Liability (%)	 2019 0.04292%	 2018 0.04314%	 2017 0.04259%	 2016 0.04101%	 2015 0.03808%	 2014 0.04122%
School District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 14,213,654	\$ 12,967,295	\$ 11,036,146	\$ 10,230,908	\$ 9,301,534	\$ 9,079,578
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,746,379	\$ 3,736,118	\$ 3,595,315	\$ 3,608,129	\$ 3,299,022	\$ 3,514,975
School District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	379.40%	347.08%	306.96%	283.55%	281.95%	258.31%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	60.31%	62.36%	64.21%	63.27%	63.17%	66.20%

Centreville Public Schools Schedule of School District's Pension Contributions Michigan Public School Employee Retirement Plan Last Six School District Fiscal Years (Amounts determined as of June 30 of each year)

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily Required Contributions	\$ 1,140,186	\$ 1,174,587	\$ 673,300	\$ 665,350	\$ 650,080	\$ 640,189
Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contributions	 1,140,186	 1,174,587	 673,300	 665,350	 650,080	 640,189
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,765,392	\$ 3,726,405	\$ 3,734,031	\$ 3,564,821	\$ 3,426,888	\$ 3,322,285
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	30.28%	31.52%	18.03%	18.66%	18.97%	19.27%

Centreville Public Schools Schedule of School District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability Michigan Public School Employee Retirement Plan Last Three Fiscal Years (Amounts were determined as of September 30 of each fiscal year)

	2019	2018	2017
School District's Portion of Net OPEB Liability (%)	0.04292%	0.04386%	 0.04287%
School District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability	\$ 3,075,076	\$ 3,486,449	\$ 3,796,296
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 3,746,379	\$ 3,736,118	\$ 3,395,315
School District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	82.08%	93.32%	111.81%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

Centreville Public Schools Schedule of School District's OPEB Contributions Michigan Public School Employee Retirement Plan Last Three School District Fiscal Years (Amounts determined as of June 30 of each year)

	2020		2019		2018	
Statutorily Required Contributions	\$	294,155	\$	284,697	\$	288,550
Contributions in Relation to Statutorily Required Contributions		294,155		284,697		288,550
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School District's Covered Payroll	\$	3,765,392	\$	3,726,405	\$	3,734,031
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		7.81%		7.64%		7.73%

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Centreville Public Schools Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue			ie	Debt Service			tal Projects		
	Foo	od Service	Student Activity Fund		De	Debt Service Fund		2014 Capital Projects		al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	112,253	\$	232,151	\$	356,241	\$	23,601	\$	724,246
Accounts receivable		2,486								2,486
Due from other governmental units		149,584								149,584
Inventory		12,147								12,147
Due from other funds		240,217				1,923				242,140
Total Assets	\$	516,687	\$	232,151	\$	358,164	\$	23,601	\$	1,130,603
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	\$	39,990	\$	13,035	\$		\$		\$	53,025
Accrued payroll and related liabilities		1,365								1,365
Unearned revenue		6,351								6,351
Due to other funds			_	2,818	_					2,818
Total Liabilities		47,706		15,853						63,559
FUND BALANCE										
Nonspendable		12,147								12,147
Restricted		456,834				358,164		23,601		838,599
Committed				216,298						216,298
Unassigned										
Total Fund Balance		468,981		216,298		358,164		23,601		1,067,044
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	516,687	\$	232,151	\$	358,164	\$	23,601	\$	1,130,603

Centreville Public Schools Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue				De	ebt Service	Capital	Projects	
	Food Service		Student Activity Fund		De	ebt Service Fund	2014 C Proj	-	ll Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues									
Local sources	\$	126,906	\$	484,553	\$	1,065,885	\$	200	\$ 1,677,544
State sources		15,313				3,974			19,287
Federal sources		808,796							808,796
Interdistrict sources	_	11,589							 11,589
Total Revenues		962,604		484,553		1,069,859		200	2,517,216
Expenditures									
Instruction				482,284					482,284
Supporting services								30,823	30,823
Food service		558,995							558,995
Debt service - principal						755,000			755,000
Debt service - interest						244,170			244,170
Total Expenditures		558,995		482,284		999,170		30,823	2,071,272
Excess of Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures		403,609		2,269		70,689		(30,623)	445,944
Net Change in Fund Balance		403,609		2,269		70,689		(30,623)	 445,944
Fund Balance at Beginning of Period		65,372		214,029		287,475		54,224	621,100
Fund Balance at End of Period	\$	468,981	\$	216,298	\$	358,164	\$	23,601	\$ 1,067,044

CENTREVILLE PUBLIC SCHOOLS ST. JOSEPH COUNTY, MICHIGAN SINGLE AUDIT ACT COMPLIANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

GABRIDGE & CQ

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Centreville Public Schools Centreville, MI

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Centreville Public Schools, Michigan (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2020, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Gabridge a Company

Gabridge & Company, PLC Sturgis, MI October 26, 2020

Centreville Public Schools Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2020

U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed Through Michigan Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster: 191970 School Breakfast Program	10.553					rrent Year Current Year Receipts Expenditures	
Child Nutrition Cluster:							
101070 Sahaal Breakfast Broarom							
191970 School Bleaklast Flogram		\$ 58,451	\$ 51,808	\$ 10,068	\$ 16,712	\$ 6,644	\$-
201970 School Breakfast Program	10.553	29,678	-	-	29,678	29,678	-
191960 National School Lunch Program	10.555	186,833	163,278	28,388	51,943	23,555	-
201960 National School Lunch Program	10.555	97,837	-	-	97,837	97,837	-
191980 NSLP After school Snacks	10.555	325	186	22	161	139	-
201980 NSLP After school Snacks	10.555	697	-	-	697	697	-
Entitlement Commodities - 1920	10.555	30,261	-	-	30,261	30,261	-
200902 SFSP Covid 19	10.559	619,840	-	-	470,256	619,840	149,584
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		1,023,923	215,272	38,478	697,544	808,652	149,584
201920 Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	145	-	-	145	145	-
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture		1,024,068	215,272	38,478	697,689	808,796	149,584
Title I, Part A - Educationally Deprived 191530 1819 201530 1920	84.010 84.010	114,947 112,143	105,152	52,116	52,116 67,606	- 98,135	- 30,529
Total Title I, Part A		227,090	105,152	52,116	119,722	98,135	30,529
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality State Grants							
190520 1819	84.367	33,510	20,482	18,551	18,551	-	-
200520 1920	84.367	34,719	-	-	30,547	34,719	4,172
Total Title II, Part A		68,229	20,482	18,551	49,098	34,719	4,172
Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment							
190750 1819	84.424	11,915	7,600	7,600	7,600	-	-
200750 1920	84.424	14,315	-	-	8,272	14,315	6,043
Total Title IV, Part A		26,230	7,600	7,600	15,872	14,315	6,043
Total Passed Through Michigan Department of Education		321,549	133,234	78,268	184,692	147,169	40,745
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:							
•							
Passed Through St Joseph County ISD:	02 779	1 204			1 204	1 204	
18-19 Medicaid Outreach	93.778	1,304	-	-	1,304	1,304	-
19-20 Medicaid Outreach	93.778	2,931	-		1,311	2,931	1,620
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services		4,235	-	-	2,615	4,235	1,620
Total Federal Financial Assistance		\$ 1,349,853	\$ 348,506	\$ 116,746	\$ 884,997	\$ 960,200	\$ 191,949

See Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Centreville Public Schools (the "School District") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the School District.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the School District's financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where applicable and have been identified in the Schedule.

Cash received is recorded on the cash basis; expenditures are recorded on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when the qualifying expenditures have been included and all grant requirements have been met.

The Schedule has been arranged to provide information on both the actual cash received and the revenue recognized. Accordingly, the effects of accruals of accounts receivable, unearned revenue, and accounts payable items at both the beginning and the end of the fiscal year have been reported.

Expenditures are in agreement with amounts reported in the financial statements and the grant financial reports. The amounts on the Grant Auditor Report reconcile with this Schedule.

The School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimus indirect cost rate to recover indirect costs as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3 - Noncash Assistance

The value of the noncash assistance received was determined in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*. The grantee received no noncash assistance during the year ended June 30, 2020 that is not included on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 4 - Reconciliation to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The federal revenues reported in the fund financial statements of \$960,200 is equal to the federal expenditures reported in the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

GABRIDGE & CQ

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Centreville Public Schools Centreville, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Centreville Public Schools (the "School District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gabridge & Company

Gabridge & Company, PLC Sturgis, MI October 26, 2020

GABRIDGE & CQ

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Education Centreville Public Schools Centreville, Michigan

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Centreville Public School's (the "School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gabridge a Company

Gabridge & Company, PLC Sturgis, MI October 26, 2020

Centreville Public Schools Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2020

SECTION I - SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial Statements				
Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified			
Internal controls over financial reporting				
Material weaknesses identified?	No			
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	? No (none reported)			
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No			
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs				
Material weaknesses identified?	No			
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	No (none reported)			
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified			
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516?	No			
Identification of Major Programs				
Name of Federal	CFDA			
Program or Cluster	Number			
Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553, 10.555, and 10.559			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B programs?	\$750,000			
Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?	No			

SECTION II - FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

No matters were reported.

SECTION III - FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No findings or questioned costs.

SECTION IV - SUMMARY OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

No prior audit findings were reported.

GABRIDGE & CQ

October 26, 2020

To the Board of Education Centreville Public Schools Centreville, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Centreville Public Schools (the "School District") for the year ended June 30, 2020. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our letter to you dated September 22, 2020. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the School District are described in Note 1 to the financial statements The School District implemented GASB Statement No. 84 *Fiduciary Activities* during the year, which led to a restatement of fund balance and net position (Note 14) and the creation of a student activities special revenue fund (located in the nonmajor combining fund statements section of this report). Other than the implementation of GASB Statement No. 84, there were no new accounting policies adopted during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We noted no transactions entered into by the School District during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the School District's financial statements were:

- Management's estimate of the useful lives of depreciable capital assets is based on the length of time it is believed that those assets will provide some economic benefit in the future.
- Management's estimate of the accrued compensated absences is based on current hourly rates and policies regarding payment of sick and vacation banks.

• The assumptions used in the actuarial valuations of the pension and other post-employment benefits are based on historical trends and industry standards.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 26, 2020.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the School District's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the School District's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

As required by the OMB Uniform Guidance, we have also completed an audit of the federal programs administered by the School District. The results of that audit are provided to the Board of Education in our report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and on internal control over compliance in accordance with the OMB Uniform Guidance dated October 26, 2020

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to management's discussion and analysis, the pension and OPEB schedules, and the budgetary comparison schedule, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the individual and combining fund statements, along with the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Education and management of the School District and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Gabridge a Company

Gabridge & Company, PLC Sturgis, MI