INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 283

6311 Wayzata Blvd St. Louis Park, Minnesota Tuesday, May 9, 2023 6:30 PM St. Louis Park High School Room 350C 6425 W 33rd St St Louis Park, Minnesota 55426

AGENDA

1. CALL TO ORDER	
2. LAND ACKNOWLEDGEMENT	
3. APPROVAL OF AGENDA	
4. SUPERINTENDENT'S REPORT	
5. DISCUSSION ITEMS	
A. Design Team Update: Music	2
B. Policy Development - First Reading Policies 506 Student Behavior	16
Intervention and 514 Bullying Prohibition	
6. COMMUNICATIONS AND TRANSMITTALS	

7. ADJOURNMENT

John Myszkowski, High School & Middle School Choir Tim Binger, Elementary Orchestra, 4th & 5th grade Jess Davis, Racial Equity Instructional Coach David Davis, Park Spanish Immersion General Music



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Music Design Team Phase I, 2023

John Myszkowski Choir - Middle & High School

Musical

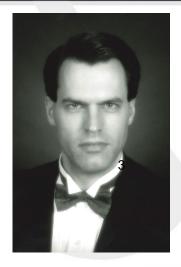




Who Are We?

Why we got **Involved with** music design toam





Talking Music

When you feel comfortable - "speak" with an instrument in front of you...



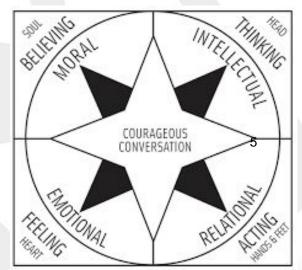
Reflection



Where are you on the compass?

Were you moved to participate in the music conversation? Why or why not?

If you didn't have access to an instrument, what was your experience like?





Jess Davis Racial Equity Instructional Coach - District



Who Are We? Musical background Why we got involved with music design team



"Music is the shorthand of emotion." — Leo Tolstoy





What is Music?



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The St. Louis Park Music Design Team believes that music is human and that all humans have innate musicality.

- Music is a universal part of the human experience used to connect with each other, bridge cultural differences, transcend borders, and challenge the status quo.
- We believe that music is a language: a form of self-expression and communication that can help us better understand each other's experiences, emotions, and the diverse cultures of the world.

Tim Binger Grade 4 & 5 Orchestra - Elementary

Who Are We?

Musical background

Why we got involved with music design team



"The easiest way to avoid wrong notes is to never open your mouth and sing- what a mistake that would be." -Pete Seeger

Student Brilliance



We believe all racial and cultural identities are assets to music learning and our community; the musical richness of each learner's individual brilliance belongs within, and enhances our music curriculum, classes, and community. ⁹

David Davis General Music - Park Spanish Immersion

Who Are We?

Musical background

Why we got involved with music design team











"Musical traditions are never more important than the people who are called on to realize them." -Allsup & Shieh





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We believe drastic systemic transformation is needed, and can happen when all students have the pathways to authentically engage within music education.

- We envision a music education system that is anti-racist, research-based, democratic, inclusive, accessible, engaging, and honors Black, Brown, Asian, and Indigenous perspectives, identities, skills, and cultures.
- We believe music education requires *centering* **community, connection,** and **joy** and is *sustained* through culturally responsive pathways which *develop* the whole musician towards a deeper understanding of music through contexts *beyond* performance and entertainment.

Our Responsibility



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We believe, as music educators, it is our responsibility to be critically self-reflective, gather multiple perspectives, create racially- and culturally-honoring spaces, support shifts in mindset, and center student voice and experience.

• We believe in **courageous action** that challenges the status quo of exclusive, autocratic, homogenous, inequitable, and inaccessible music education practices by inspiring all community members (students and adults) to realize and grow their innate musicality and become partners in defining and driving change.

Racial Equity Purpose Music Design Team



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Music education is uniquely positioned at the intersection of culture, collaboration, creativity, and craft to interrupt the traditional transactional relationship between student and school.

The purpose of music education is *learning* as a *whole musician* and liberating students' artistic voices to connect with and critique the world around them by fostering holistic musical literacy.

What's Next

- Organize our Wonders
- Examine Disaggregated Data
- Hear and Reflect upon Students Voice, Community Input & Teacher Experience

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Unpack Standards

CLOSING WITH DR. GHOLDY MUHAMMAD'S **5** PURSUITS

GHOLDY MUHAMMAD

Cultivating Genius

ISTORICALLY RESPONSIVE LITERACY

CONSTRAINTS AN AN AVAILABLE AND

Identity: Who are you as a musician? How does music live in you?

Skills: What musical techniques would you like to improve on?

Intellectualism: How does music helped interrupt and heal patterns of harm?

Criticality: How has music shaped your perspective of the world?

Joy: How does music help capture joy both collectively and as an individual?

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 283

SECTION/FILE 506

DATE OF ADOPTION June 11, 1984

AFFIRMED/REVISED <u>6/24/02; 6/14/04;</u> 9/25/06; 5/9/11; 08/13/18; 08/10/21

TITLE Student Behavior Intervention

I. PURPOSE

St. Louis Park Public Schools recognizes that a safe and nurturing environment is conducive to learning and critical to student success and achievement. Creating and maintaining a school community that respects and accepts differences and affirms the humanity of each student is a shared responsibility and the task of all staff, students, and families/guardians.

St Louis Park Public Schools is responsible for ensuring a safe community for all students and staff. The District urges parents/guardians and families to partner in teaching and supporting the creation of a safe learning community to meet the needs of students.

A fair and equitable district-wide student behavior policy will contribute to the quality of each student's educational experience. This policy is adopted in accordance with and subject to the Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, Minn. Stat. 121A.40-121A.575.

II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

The process of learning and engaging in a diverse school community is an on-going endeavour. All students will be taught expected school behaviors regularly and the expectation is that students, with the assistance of teachers, school support staff and administrators, will engage in actions and learning that support a safe and nurturing community for themselves and all students.

Responses to student actions or community harm will be reflective of St. Louis Park Public School's stated core values, including the following:

- The brilliance of ourselves and others. Everyone has the capacity and responsibility to foster the growth and brilliance of others.
- Authentic community engagement. Engaging and supporting our employees, families, and communities will enhance the healthy development of each learner.
- High expectations. Instilling and upholding high expectations empowers students and staff to higher levels of achievement.
- Collective responsibility. Embodying the collective and urgent responsibility of anti-racist practices enriches a work and learning environment and community.
- Persistent effort. Through persistent effort we will create anti-racist schools and academically successful learners.
- Racial consciousness and cultural competence. Racial consciousness and cultural competence are essential to each person's ability to be a catalyst for change.
- Advocacy for equity. Everyone has equal intrinsic worth and we will advocate for the historically marginalized. 16

All students have the right to learn and develop in a setting which promotes respect for self, others and property. Positive and restorative practices can foster student self-direction, positive decision making and responsibility, thus enabling schools to function as places of learning and growth for all students.

St. Louis Park Public Schools also recognizes that removal from instruction works against the academic achievement of students, and should be avoided whenever possible. Interventions that keep the student in the learning environment should be considered and utilized first - especially for historically marginalized and vulnerable populations. Removal from the learning environment should be used only for behaviors that threaten the safety and wellbeing of the student involved and/or other students or staff in the school environment. Interventions include, but are not limited to, the following:

- Restorative Practices Circles with agreed upon repair of harm;
- Student-Student Conversations/Circles to repair harm;
- Calming spaces to self-regulate;
- Classroom Circles to build or strengthen relationships and community;
- Classroom Circles to repair harm
- Sensory, Mental or Physical breaks;
- Access to conversation with Counselor, Social Worker, Case Manager, or other appropriate staff;
- Peer to Peer Circles;
- Teacher to Student Circles;
- Family Conferences and Mediation.

In view of the foregoing and in accordance with Minn. Stat. § 121A.55, the school board, with the participation of school district administrators, teachers, employees, students, parents, community members, and such other individuals and organizations as appropriate, has developed this policy which governs student conduct and applies to all students of the school district.

III. DEFINITIONS

- A. Behavior Intervention Behavior interventions include any practices intended to develop and maintain a safe learning community, including but not limited to: classroom and school agreements, restorative practices, disciplinary consequences, removal from the learning environment and referrals to law enforcement.
- B. Learning Environment refers to the diverse physical locations, contexts, and cultures in which students learn. Since students may learn in a wide variety of settings, such as outside-of-school locations and outdoor environments.¹
- C. Restorative Practices With roots in many cultures and communities of Indigenous People and People of Color, Restorative Practices seek to prioritize the building of relationships in order to develop healthy school communities, decrease unsafe and harmful actions, and restore relationships and repair community harm when necessary. Restorative Practices include social community lessons for all students,

classroom circles and routines to build community and establish relationships, and small circles or formal conferences to navigate conflict or repair harm.

D. Removal from Learning Environment - encompasses any type of school disciplinary action that removes or excludes a student from the usual instructional setting or *learning environment*, including in-school suspension, out-of-school suspension, and expulsion.²

IV. AREAS OF RESPONSIBILITY

A. Students

Students are at the heart of the school community. Students are expected to build and maintain positive relationships to form a safe and nurturing environment that is conducive to learning and respectful to all members of the school community. In collaboration with teachers, principals and their peers, students are responsible for:

- 1. Believing that each student has the capacity to be their best self, achieve their dreams and change the world.
- 2. Learn and follow school expectations and procedures;
- 3. Take personal responsibility for their actions as they are able;
- 4. Work to build community with their peers, teachers, and other school staff;
- 5. Request and participate in restorative circles to repair harm;
- 6. Go to school every day on time, ready to learn and give their best effort to create a safe and equitable learning environment.

B. Teachers

The School Board recognizes that teachers occupy the unique role of having the most impact on the classroom environment and, thus, student achievement. Teacher responsibility for the teaching, learning and maintenance of safe student behavior includes the following, and always with the humanity of each student as a framework for addressing student behavior:

- 1. Leading the development of the classroom agreements and restorative practices and procedures aligned to the district and building expectations;
- 2. Assuring that all students are taught the norms and agreements in their classroom and throughout the school;
- 3. Take personal responsibility for their actions as dictated by the teacher Code of Ethics;
- 4. Participating in identifying students that would benefit from additional support from school and community resources;
- 5. Participating in implementation of the school-wide norms and agreements and restorative practices;
- 6. Participating in data review, necessary training, and analysis of behavior intervention data;
- 7. Use a community approach to establishing classroom norms and agreements that includes modeling and reviewing norms and agreements as needed;
- 8. Communicating and reteaching the students when behavior interferes with learning in collaboration with other school staff, as needed;
- 9. When requested by students, participate in restorative circles;

- 10. Communicating with parents/guardians when there is a pattern of disruption to the learning community; and
- 11. Seek or request assistance to establish and sustain a safe learning environment as needed or identified.
- C. Principal

The School Board recognizes the critical role of school leadership in creating an environment that is conducive to learning. Principals are responsible for implementing and supporting the framework and purpose of this policy, including:

- 1. Leading the collaborative development of the school's behavior and restorative practices plan;
- 2. Assuring that annual notices are given to students, parents/guardians and staff;
- 3. Communicating with teachers after responding to student being removed from the classroom;
- 4. Modeling restorative practices in meetings and interactions with students, staff, and parents;
- 5. Communicating with parent/guardian when responding to student behavior concerns when the student is removed from class;
- 6. Developing and sustaining partnerships with identified community resources;
- 7. Leading the review of school behavior intervention data to identify training needs for staff with a view toward improving student outcomes;
- 8. Reporting behavior intervention data at least annually to their school community;
- 9. Reviewing behavior intervention data with the Superintendent and/or other District leadership no less than annually; and
- 10. Support and collaborate with staff in maintaining a positive learning community.
 - a. In addition, the principal may also involve other professional employees in the disposition of behavior referrals and may make use of those agencies appropriate for assisting students and parents.
- D. Student Support Staff

Student support staff play an important role in supporting students in the classroom. They have the unique opportunity to work with students individually or in small groups. In collaboration with the classroom teacher they are responsible for:

- 1. Implementing with consistency the district, school and classroom teacher's behavior norms and agreements;
- 2. Participating in restorative practices;
- 3. When requested by students, participate in restorative circles to repair harm to the learning environment;
- 4. Communicating, re-teaching, and restoring a safe learning environment with students when behavior interferes with learning;
- 5. Communicating with the classroom teacher if there are student needs or actions interfering with the learning environment; and
- 6. Participating in data review, necessary training, and analysis of behavior intervention data.

- E. Other School District Personnel
 - All staff, in regarding interaction with students, are responsible for:
 - 1. Implementing with consistency the district behavior standards and school behavior standards;
 - 2. Participating in training; and
 - 3. Analysis of behavior data as directed by the principal or site administrator.
- F. Superintendent
 - In collaboration with the school board and district administration is responsible for:
 - 1. Providing directives to enforce this policy;
 - a. Any guidelines or directives established to implement this policy shall be submitted to the school board for approval and shall be attached as an addendum to this policy.
 - 2. Establishing standards of behavior for students;
 - 3. Supporting school personnel acting within the framework and purpose of this policy; including developing relevant professional learning opportunities;
 - 4. Analyzing behavior intervention data overall as well as disaggregated by student group (race, gender, disability, etc.) to identify disproportionalities and respond appropriately;
 - 5. Identifying adequate means for the documentation of behavior interventions, the analysis of behavior intervention data, engaging appropriate community resources and for identifying appropriate training for staff, students, parents and community partners.
- G. School Board

The School Board holds all school personnel responsible for the creation of a safe and nurturing learning environment and supports all personnel acting within the framework and purpose of this policy.

H. Parents/Guardians and Families

Parent(s)/guardian(s) and families play an important role in supporting their student(s) success in school. In collaboration with the school community, parent(s)/guardian(s) and families are responsible for:

- 1. Partnering with their student's schools to know the school behavior standards and school and classroom rules;
- 2. Helping their student learn the behavior standards of their schools and classrooms; and
- 3. Working collaboratively with school staff and their student to respond to and resolve behavior issues.

V. DEVELOPMENT AND COMMUNICATION OF BEHAVIOR STANDARDS

The District is committed to teaching all students and to assuring that students' learning is not disrupted by the behavior of others. The District is committed to taking actions to provide a safe learning environment for all students, and a safe working environment for all staff.

- A. The Superintendent shall report behavior intervention data to the Board no less than annually;
- B. Building principals shall review behavior intervention data with the Superintendent no less than annually;
- C. Every school shall establish and teach behavior expectations and respond to student inappropriate behavior that are consistent with this Policy and accompanying administrative guidelines, and directives from the Superintendent. All school staff shall receive training on the school's plan;
- D. Every classroom shall establish behavior standards and norms within the District's policy, the Superintendent's directives and the school's behavior plan with participation from the students in the classroom. All students shall be taught the behavior standards established;
- E. Every school shall examine behavior intervention data to assure that responses to student behavior do not show evidence of bias or discriminatory behavior. Schools shall also use behavior intervention data to identify and provide additional training to staff and students and to provide effective interventions for students to improve student outcomes;
- F. Student age, developmental stage and individual needs based on culture, language or disability, or other relevant factors, shall be considered in determining the appropriate response to behavior;
- G. Behavior standards for students with an Individualized Education Program ("IEP"), Individual Accommodation Plan ("IAP/504 Plan") shall be supported by the terms of the accommodations of their written program or plan to the extent they differ from the district policy, regulations and school plan;
- H. The District will make this Policy and accompanying administrative guidelines available on the District's website and they also shall be available upon request in each principal's office. The Board encourages use of a variety of media to increase and awareness; and
- I. Students and parents/guardians shall receive notice of classroom rules established by their classrooms.

VI. CODE OF STUDENT CONDUCT

A. The following are examples of unacceptable behavior subject to disciplinary action by the school district. These examples are not intended to be an exclusive list. Any student who engages in any of these activities shall be disciplined in accordance with this policy. This policy applies to all school buildings, school grounds, and school property or property immediately adjacent to school grounds; school-sponsored activities or trips; school bus stops; school buses, school vehicles, school contracted

vehicles, or any other vehicles approved for school district purposes; the area of entrance or departure from school premises or events; and all school-related functions, school-sponsored activities, events, or trips. School district property also may mean a student's walking route to or from school for purposes of attending school or school-related functions, activities, or events. While prohibiting unacceptable behavior subject to disciplinary action at these locations and events, the school district does not represent that it will provide supervision or assume liability at these locations and events. This policy also applies to any student whose conduct at any time or in any place interferes with or obstructs the mission or operations of the school district or the safety or welfare of the student, other students, or employees.

- Violations against property including, but not limited to, damage to or destruction of school property or the property of others, failure to compensate for damage or destruction of such property, arson, breaking and entering, theft, robbery, possession of stolen property, extortion, trespassing, unauthorized usage, or vandalism;
- 2. The use of profanity or obscene language, or the possession of obscene materials;
- 3. Gambling, including, but not limited to, playing a game of chance for stakes;
- 4. Violation of the school district's Hazing Prohibition Policy;
- 5. Attendance problems including, but not limited to, truancy, absenteeism, tardiness, skipping classes, or leaving school grounds without permission;
- 6. Violation of the school district's Student Attendance Policy;
- 7. Opposition to authority using physical force or violence;
- 8. Using, possessing, or distributing tobacco, tobacco-related devices, electronic cigarettes, or tobacco paraphernalia in violation of the school district's Tobacco-Free Environment; Possession and Use of Tobacco, Tobacco-Related Devices, and Electronic Delivery Devices Policy;
- 9. Using, possessing, distributing, intending to distribute, making a request to another person for (solicitation), or being under the influence of alcohol or other intoxicating substances or look-alike substances;
- 10. Using, possessing, distributing, intending to distribute, making a request to another person for (solicitation), or being under the influence of narcotics, drugs, or other controlled substances (except as prescribed by a physician), or look-alike substances (these prohibitions include medical marijuana or medical cannabis, even when prescribed by a physician, and one student sharing prescription medication with another student);
- 11. Using, possessing, or distributing items or articles that are illegal or harmful to persons or property including, but not limited to, drug paraphernalia;
- 12. Using, possessing, or distributing weapons, or look-alike weapons or other dangerous objects;
- 13. Violation of the school district's Weapons Policy;
- 14. Violation of the school district's Violence Prevention Policy;
- 15. Possession of ammunition including, but not limited to, bullets or other projectiles designed to be used in or as a weapon;
- 16. Possession, use, or distribution of explosives or any compound or mixture, the primary or common purpose or intended use of which is to function as an

explosive;

- 17. Possession, use, or distribution of fireworks or any substance or combination of substances or article prepared for the purpose of producing a visible or an audible effect by combustion, explosion, deflagration or detonation;
- 18. Using an ignition device, including a butane or disposable lighter or matches, inside an educational building and under circumstances where there is a risk of fire, except where the device is used in a manner authorized by the school;
- 19. Violation of any local, state, or federal law as appropriate;
- 20. Acts disruptive of the educational process, including, but not limited to, failure to identify oneself, improper activation of fire alarms, or bomb threats;
- 21. Violation of the school district's Internet Acceptable Use and Safety Policy;
- 22. Violation of school bus or transportation rules or the school district's Student Transportation Safety Policy;
- 23. Violation of parking or school traffic rules and regulations, including, but not limited to, driving on school property in such a manner as to endanger persons or property;
- 24. Violation of directives or guidelines relating to lockers or improperly gaining access to a school locker;
- 25. Violation of the school district's Search of Student Lockers, Desks, Personal Possessions, and Student's Person Policy;
- 26. Possession or distribution of slanderous, libelous, or pornographic materials;
- 27. Violation of the school district's Bullying Prohibition Policy;
- 28. Student attire or personal grooming which creates a disruption to the educational process and/or environment, including apparel promoting products or activities that are illegal for use by minors, or clothing containing emblems, signs, words, objects, or pictures communicating a message that is racist, sexist, or otherwise derogatory to a protected minority group;
- 29. Criminal activity;
- 30. Falsification of any records, documents, notes, or signatures;
- 31. Tampering with, changing, or altering records or documents of the school district by any method including, but not limited to, computer access or other electronic means;
- 32. Scholastic dishonesty which includes, but is not limited to, cheating on a school assignment or test, plagiarism, or collusion, including the use of phones or other technology to accomplish this end;
- 33. Threatening or harassing words, symbols, acronyms, or language, whether oral or written, related to teachers or other school district personnel;
- 34. Violation of the school district's Harassment and Violence Policy;
- 35. Actions, including fighting or any other assaultive behavior, which causes or could cause injury to the student or other persons or which otherwise endangers the health, safety, or welfare of teachers, students, other school district personnel, or other persons;
- 36. Committing an act which inflicts great bodily harm upon another person, even though accidental or a result of poor judgment;
- 37. Violations against persons, including, but not limited to, assault or threatened assault, fighting, harassment, interference or obstruction, attack with a

weapon, or look-alike weapon, sexual assault, illegal or inappropriate sexual conduct, or indecent exposure;

- 38. Verbal assaults or verbally abusive behavior including, but not limited to, use of words, symbols, acronyms, or language, whether oral or written, that are discriminatory, abusive, obscene, threatening, intimidating, degrading to other people, or threatening to school property;
- 39. Physical or verbal threats including, but not limited to, the staging or reporting of dangerous or hazardous situations that do not exist;
- 40. Inappropriate, abusive, threatening, or demeaning actions based on race, color, creed, religion, sex, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, disability, national origin, sexual orientation, gender identity, or gender expression;
- 41. Violation of the school district's technology rules and regulations;
- 42. Violation of school rules, regulations, policies, or procedures, including, but not limited to, those policies specifically enumerated in this policy;
- 43. Other acts, as determined by the school district, which are disruptive of the educational process or dangerous or detrimental to the student or other students, school district personnel or surrounding persons, or which violate the rights of others or which damage or endanger the property of the school, or which otherwise interferes with or obstruct the mission or operations of the school district or the safety or welfare of students or employees.

VII. STUDENT BEHAVIOR INTERVENTION OPTIONS

Effective Student Behavior Intervention:

- Is meant to be educational;
- Considers the age, development and cultural norms of the student in framing the instruction for appropriate behavior and the interventions for community harm;
- Emphasizes building relationships, repair of harm and restoring relationships, teaching skills and accountability, and restorative practices to re-engage students in their learning communities;
- Is a shared responsibility;
- Maximizes the amount of students and staff time and attention spent on teaching and learning;
- Seeks to minimize the amount of student instruction time lost as a result of removal from classes due to misbehavior.

The specific form of intervention chosen in a particular case is solely within the discretion of the school district. At a minimum, violation of school district rules, regulations, policies, or procedures will result in discussion of the violation as soon as practicable. The school district shall, however, impose more severe disciplinary sanctions for any violation, including exclusion or expulsion, if warranted by the student's misconduct, as determined by the school district. Disciplinary action may include, but is not limited to, one or more of the following:

- A. Student conference with teacher, principal, counselor, or other school district personnel;
- B. Restorative practices (restitution, mediation, conference)

- C. Re-teach expected behavior/skill
- D. Written reflection or apology
- E. Removing, adjusting, or covering up clothing that violates student dress requirements
- F. Conflict resolution
- G. Create/plan opportunities for student(s) to repair harm
- H. Referral to a school counselor or school social worker to support student needs
- I. Contract with a teacher, counselor, dean, or Grade Level Coordinator
- J. Meet with dean, Grade Level Coordinator, or site administrator
- K. Confiscation by school district personnel and/or by law enforcement of any item, article, object, or thing, prohibited by, or used in the violation of, any school district policy, rule, regulation, procedure, or state or federal law. If confiscated by the school district, the confiscated item, article, object, or thing will be released only to the parent/guardian following the completion of any investigation or disciplinary action instituted or taken related to the violation.
- L. Parent contact and/or conference;
- M. Removal from class;
- N. In-school suspension;
- O. Suspension from extracurricular activities;
- P. Detention or restriction of privileges;
- Q. In-school monitoring or revised class schedule;
- R. Referral to community resources or outside agency services;
- S. Financial restitution;
- T. Referral to police, other law enforcement agencies, or other appropriate authorities;
- U. A request for a petition to be filed in district court for juvenile delinquency adjudication;
- V. Out-of-school suspension under the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act;
- W. Preparation of an admission or readmission plan;
- X. Expulsion under the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act;
- Y. Exclusion under the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act; and/or
- Z. Other disciplinary action as deemed appropriate by the school district.

Reasonable force standard. (a) A teacher or school principal, in exercising the person's lawful authority, may use reasonable force when it is necessary under the circumstances to correct or restrain a student or prevent bodily harm or death to another. (b) A school employee, school bus driver, or other agent of a district, in exercising the person's lawful authority, may use reasonable force when it is necessary under the circumstances to restrain a student or prevent bodily harm or death to another.

School administration will give due consideration to referring students for evaluation for special education services when deemed appropriate.

VIII. REMOVAL OF STUDENTS FROM CLASS

A. The teacher of record shall have the general control and government of the classroom. Teachers have the responsibility of attempting to modify disruptive student behavior by such means as conferring with the student, using positive reinforcement, assigning detention or other consequences, or contacting the student's parents. When such measures fail, or when the teacher determines it is otherwise appropriate based upon the student's conduct, the teacher shall have the authority to remove the student from class pursuant to the procedures established by this discipline policy. "Removal from class" and "removal" mean any actions taken by a teacher, principal, or other school district employee to prohibit a student from attending a class or activity for a period of time not to exceed five (5) days, pursuant to this discipline policy.

Grounds for removal from class shall include any of the following:

- 1. Willful conduct that significantly disrupts the rights of others to an education, including conduct that interferes with a teacher's ability to teach or communicate effectively with students in a class or with the ability of other students to learn;
- 2. Willful conduct that endangers surrounding persons, including school district employees, the student or other students, or the property of the school;
- 3. Willful violation of any school rules, regulations, policies or procedures, including the Code of Student Conduct in this policy; or
- 4. Other conduct, which, in the discretion of the teacher or administration, requires removal of the student from class.

Such removal shall be for at least one (1) activity period or class period of instruction for a given course of study and shall not exceed five (5) such periods.

A student must be removed from class immediately if the student engages in assault or violent behavior. "Assault" is an act done with intent to cause fear in another of immediate bodily harm or death; or the intentional infliction of, or attempt to inflict, bodily harm upon another. The removal from class shall be for a period of time deemed appropriate by the principal, in consultation with the teacher.

- B. If a student is removed from class more than ten (10) times in a school year, the school district shall notify the parent or guardian of the student's tenth removal from class and make reasonable attempts to convene a meeting with the student's parent or guardian to discuss the problem that is causing the student to be removed from class.
- C. Before a student is removed from the learning environment, district and school adopted behavior interventions must be utilized (refer to section VII: Student Behavior Intervention Options).
- D. Removal from the learning environment must be monitored to ensure the safety of the student and other students.
- E. Students should be returned to the learning environment as soon as they are ready to learn; school building procedures shall be utilized, in accordance with this policy.
- F. Notification of removal of a student from the learning environment shall be communicated to parent/guardian/family in accordance with the school building

procedures, in accordance with this policy.

- G. Removal of students with disabilities shall follow the plan outlined in the students IEP (refer to section XI. Disabled Students)
- H. In situations where chemical use and abuse of a student while on school premises are suspected, district and school procedures for removal from student shall be utilized, including adherence to the following MN Statutes:
 - 1. Establishment of a chemical abuse pre-assessment team pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 121A.26;
 - 2. Establishment of teacher reporting procedures to the chemical abuse pre-assessment team pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 121A.29.
- I. Early and clear communication with parents/guardians/families regarding behavior interventions should be utilized in an effort to build a partnership to support behavior that enhances the learning experience of the student and the school community.
- J. Frequent review of data shall be utilized for early detection of students that would benefit from additional interventions to decrease removals from class; review and procedures are determined at the building level and in accordance with this policy.

IX. DISMISSAL

A. "Dismissal" means the denial of the current educational program to any student, including exclusion, expulsion and suspension. Dismissal does not include removal from class.

The school district shall not deny due process or equal protection of the law to any student involved in a dismissal proceeding which may result in suspension, exclusion or expulsion.

The school district shall not dismiss any student without attempting to provide alternative educational services before dismissal proceedings, except where it appears that the student will create an immediate and substantial danger to self or to surrounding persons or property.

- B. Violations leading to suspension, based upon severity, may also be grounds for actions leading to expulsion, and/or exclusion. A student may be dismissed on any of the following grounds:
 - 1. Willful violation of any reasonable school board regulation, including those found in this policy;
 - 2. Willful conduct that significantly disrupts the rights of others to an education, or the ability of school personnel to perform their duties, or school sponsored extracurricular activities; or
 - 3. Willful conduct that endangers the student or other students, or surrounding

persons, including school district employees, or property of the school.

- C. Suspension Procedures
 - 1. "Suspension" means an action by the school administration, under rules promulgated by the School Board, prohibiting a student from attending school for a period of no more than ten (10) school days; provided, however, if a suspension is longer than five (5) school days, the suspending administrator shall provide the superintendent with a reason for the longer term of suspension. This definition does not apply to dismissal for one (1) school day or less where a student with a disability does not receive regular or special education instruction during that dismissal period.
 - 2. If a student's total days of removal from school exceed ten (10) cumulative days in a school year, the school district shall make reasonable attempts to convene a meeting with the student and the student's parent or guardian before subsequently removing the student from school and, with the permission of the parent or guardian, arrange for a mental health screening for the student at the parent or guardian's expense. The purpose of this meeting is to attempt to determine the student's need for assessment or other services or whether the parent or guardian should have the student assessed or diagnosed to determine whether the student needs treatment for a mental health disorder.
 - 3. Each suspension action may include a readmission plan. The plan shall include, where appropriate, a provision for implementing alternative educational services upon readmission which must not be used to extend the current suspension. A readmission plan must not obligate a parent or guardian to provide psychotropic drugs to their student as a condition of readmission. School administration must not use the refusal of a parent or guardian to consent to the administration of psychotropic drugs to their student or to consent to a psychiatric evaluation, screening, or examination of the student as a ground, by itself, to prohibit the student from attending class or participating in a school-related activity, or as a basis of a charge of child abuse, child neglect, or medical or educational neglect. The school administration may not impose consecutive suspensions against the same student for the same course of conduct, or incident of misconduct, except where the student will create an immediate and substantial danger to self or to surrounding persons or property or where the school district is in the process of initiating an expulsion, in which case the school administration may extend the suspension to a total of fifteen (15) days.
 - 4. A child with a disability may be suspended. When a child with a disability has been suspended for more than five (5) consecutive days or ten (10) cumulative school days in the same year, and that suspension does not involve a recommendation for expulsion or exclusion or other change in placement under federal law, relevant members of the child's IEP team, including at least one of the child's teachers, shall meet and determine the extent to which the

child needs services in order to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress toward meeting the goals in the child's IEP. That meeting must occur as soon as possible, but no more than ten (10) days after the sixth (6^{th}) consecutive day of suspension or the tenth (10^{th}) cumulative day of suspension has elapsed.

- 5. The school administration shall implement alternative educational services when the suspension exceeds five (5) days. Alternative educational services may include, but are not limited to, special tutoring, modified curriculum, modified instruction, other modifications or adaptations, instruction through electronic media, special education services as indicated by appropriate assessments, homebound instruction, supervised homework, or enrollment in another district or in an alternative learning center under Minn. Stat. § 123A.05 selected to allow the student to progress toward meeting graduation standards under Minn. Stat. § 120B.02, although in a different setting.
- 6. The school administration shall not suspend a student from school without an informal administrative conference with the student. The informal administrative conference shall take place before the suspension, except where it appears that the student will create an immediate and substantial danger to self or to surrounding persons or property, in which case the conference shall take place as soon as practicable following the suspension. At the informal administrative conference, a school administrator shall notify the student of the grounds for the suspension, provide an explanation of the evidence the authorities have, and the student may present the student's version of the facts. A separate administrative conference is required for each period of suspension.
- 7. After school administration notifies a student of the grounds for suspension, school administration may, instead of imposing the suspension, do one or more of the following:
 - a. strongly encourage a parent or guardian of the student to attend school with the student for one day;
 - b. assign the student to attend school on Saturday as supervised by the principal or the principal's designee; and
 - c. petition the juvenile court that the student is in need of services under Minn. Stat. Ch. 260C.
- 8. A written notice containing the grounds for suspension, a brief statement of the facts, a description of the testimony, a readmission plan, and a copy of the Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, Minn. Stat. §§ 121A.40- 121A.56, shall be personally served upon the student at or before the time the suspension is to take effect, and upon the student's parent or guardian by mail within forty-eight (48) hours of the conference.

- 9. The school administration shall make reasonable efforts to notify the student's parent or guardian of the suspension by telephone as soon as possible following suspension.
- 10. In the event a student is suspended without an informal administrative conference on the grounds that the student will create an immediate and substantial danger to surrounding persons or property, the written notice shall be served upon the student and the student's parent or guardian within forty-eight (48) hours of the suspension. Service by mail shall be complete upon mailing.
- 11. Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, the student may be suspended pending the school board's decision in an expulsion or exclusion proceeding, provided that alternative educational services are implemented to the extent that suspension exceeds five (5) days.
- D. Expulsion and Exclusion Procedures
 - 1. "Expulsion" means a school board action to prohibit an enrolled student from further attendance for up to twelve (12) months from the date the student is expelled. The authority to expel rests with the school board.
 - 2. "Exclusion" means an action taken by the school board to prevent enrollment or re-enrollment of a student for a period that shall not extend beyond the school year. The authority to exclude rests with the school board.
 - 3. All expulsion and exclusion proceedings will be held pursuant to and in accordance with the provisions of the Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, Minn. Stat. §§121A.40-121A.56.
 - 4. No expulsion or exclusion shall be imposed without a hearing, unless the right to a hearing is waived in writing by the student and parent or guardian.
 - 5. The student and parent or guardian shall be provided written notice of the school district's intent to initiate expulsion or exclusion proceedings. This notice shall be served upon the student and his or her parent or guardian personally or by mail, and shall contain a complete statement of the facts; a list of the witnesses and a description of their testimony; state the date, time and place of hearing; be accompanied by a copy of the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, Minn. Stat. §§ 121A.40-121A.56; describe alternative educational services accorded the student in an attempt to avoid the expulsion proceedings; and inform the student and parent or guardian of their right to: (1) have a representative of the student's records before the hearing; (2) examine the student's records before the hearing; (3) present evidence; and (4) confront and cross- examine witnesses. The school district 30

shall advise the student's parent or guardian that free or low-cost legal assistance may be available and that a legal assistance resource list is available from the Minnesota Department of Education (MDE).

- 6. The hearing shall be scheduled within ten (10) days of the service of the written notice unless an extension, not to exceed five (5) days, is requested for good cause by the school district, student, parent, or guardian.
- 7. All hearings shall be held at a time and place reasonably convenient to the student, parent, or guardian and shall be closed, unless the student, parent, or guardian requests an open hearing.
- 8. The school district shall record the hearing proceedings at district expense, and a party may obtain a transcript at its own expense.
- 9. The student shall have a right to a representative of the student's own choosing, including legal counsel, at the student's sole expense. The school district shall advise the student's parent or guardian that free or low-cost legal assistance may be available and that a legal assistance resource list is available from MDE. The school board may appoint an attorney to represent the school district in any proceeding.
- 10. If the student designates a representative other than the parent or guardian the representative must have a written authorization from the student and the parent or guardian providing them with access to and/or copies of the student's records.
- 11. All expulsion or exclusion hearings shall take place before and be conducted by an independent hearing officer designated by the school district. The hearing shall be conducted in a fair and impartial manner. Testimony shall be given under oath and the hearing officer shall have the power to issue subpoenas and administer oaths.
- 12. At a reasonable time prior to the hearing, the student, parent or guardian, or authorized representative shall be given access to all school district records pertaining to the student, including any tests or reports upon which the proposed dismissal action may be based.
- 13. The student, parent or guardian, or authorized representative, shall have the right to compel the presence of any school district employee or agent or any other person who may have evidence upon which the proposed dismissal action may be based, and to confront and cross-examine any witnesses testifying for the school district.
- 14. The student, parent or guardian, or authorized representative, shall have the right to present evidence and testimony, including expert psychological or

educational testimony.

- 15. The student cannot be compelled to testify in the dismissal proceedings.
- 16. The hearing officer shall prepare findings and a recommendation based solely upon substantial evidence presented at the hearing, which must be made to the school board and served upon the parties within two (2) days after the close of the hearing.
- 17. The school board shall base its decision upon the findings and recommendation of the hearing officer and shall render its decision at a meeting held within five (5) days after receiving the findings and recommendation. The school board may provide the parties with the opportunity to present exceptions and comments to the hearing officer's findings and recommendation provided that neither party presents any evidence not admitted at the hearing. The decision by the school board must be based on the record, must be in writing, and must state the controlling facts on which the decision is made in sufficient detail to apprise the parties and the Commissioner of Education (Commissioner) of the basis and reason for the decision.
- 18. A party to an expulsion or exclusion decision made by the school board may appeal the decision to the Commissioner within twenty-one (21) calendar days of school board action pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 121A.49. The decision of the school board shall be implemented during the appeal to the Commissioner.
- 19. The school district shall report any suspension, expulsion or exclusion action taken to the appropriate public service agency, when the student is under the supervision of such agency.
- 20. The school district must report, through the MDE electronic reporting system, each expulsion or exclusion within thirty (30) days of the effective date of the action to the Commissioner. This report must include a statement of alternative educational services given the student and the reason for, the effective date, and the duration of the exclusion or expulsion. The report must also include the student's age, grade, gender, race, and special education status. The dismissal report must include state student identification numbers of affected students.
- 21. Whenever a student fails to return to school within ten (10) school days of the termination of dismissal, a school administrator shall inform the student and his/her parent or guardian by mail of the student's right to attend and to be reinstated in the school district.

IX. PROCEDURES FOR OUT OF SCHOOL REMOVALS

A. Administrative Conference

If a student is assigned an out of school removal from instruction for conduct which materially disrupts the rights of others to an education, but where the acting student does not present an immediate and substantial danger to self, other students, staff or school property, an informal administrative conference must be held with the student unless the student has already left the school grounds.

If a student is assigned an out of school removal from instruction for conduct which reasonably can be believed to cause an immediate and substantial danger to the student, other persons or school property, the student may be removed from the premises without an initial informal administrative conference, however, the student shall be afforded an opportunity to at the earliest possible time to participate in the informal administrative conference.

An informal administrative conference may be held by telephone or at an off-campus site if the student presents an immediate or substantial danger to the school.

B. Notification

The principal or designee shall make reasonable efforts to promptly notify the parents of students assigned an out of school removal from instruction.

The principal or designee shall ensure that a written notice containing the grounds for the out of school removal, the known facts, known testimony, a readmission plan and a copy of the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act is personally served upon the student at or before the time of the out of school removal from instruction is to take effect at the informal administrative conference. If the informal administrative conference is delayed because removal from instruction was for conduct which reasonably could be believed to cause an immediate and substantial danger to the student, other persons or school property, the written notice shall be given to the student at the informal administrative conference when it is held.

The written notice shall also be served upon the parent/guardian, either in person or by certified mail within forty-eight (48) hours of the out of school removal from instruction.

C. Readmission to Instruction

Prior to or after an out of school removal from instruction, the principal or designee shall require the student's attendance at an informal administrative conference prior to the return to classes. Such conferences shall be noticed to the parents/guardians of the student, who are encouraged to attend the conference.

For any out of school removal from instruction, the principal or designee shall prepare a written readmission plan. The proposed plan may include a procedure for the student's return to school and classes. The proposed plan also may include provision for an alternative program, which may include, but is not limited to:

• make-up school work;

- assigned homework;
- changes in assigned courses or classroom;
- changes in student's schedules;
- provision of tutorial service;
- provision of student support services,
- provision of information concerning mental health or other community supports;
- reassignment to a different educational setting.

If a reassignment to a different educational setting is proposed, the principal shall follow district procedures for reassignment.

The informal administrative readmission conference may be held by telephone or at an off-campus site if necessary to meet the needs of the student.

D. Consecutive Removals

Out of school removals from instruction may not be imposed consecutively upon the same student for the same course of conduct, or incident of behavior, except where the student poses an immediate and substantial risk of danger to the student or to persons or property around the student. Whether or not an "immediate and substantial risk of danger" exists shall be determined by the principal or designee. Notice of the extension shall be given following the same procedure as the initial notice of the removal from instruction.

An out of school removal from instruction may not be extended due to the inability or refusal of a parent/guardian to participate in any readmission conference.

Up to two (2) five (5) day suspensions (total of ten school days) may be imposed if the principal determines that the student continues to present an immediate and substantial risk of danger. In the event that the suspension is more than five (5) days, the suspending administrator shall provide the Superintendent with a reason for the longer term of suspension.

A third five (5) day suspension may be imposed only if the district is proposing expulsion or exclusion and the Superintendent has been notified.

Whenever a removal from instruction exceeds five (5) days, an alternative instruction program such as those identified in Paragraph IV.C shall be provided to the student.

X. STUDENT DISCIPLINE RECORDS

The policy of the school district is that complete and accurate student discipline records be maintained. The collection, dissemination, and maintenance of student discipline records shall be consistent with applicable school district policies and federal and state law, including the Minnesota Government Data Practices Act, Minn. Stat. Ch. 13.

XI. DISABLED STUDENTS

Students who are currently identified as eligible under the IDEA or Section 504 will be

subject to the provisions of this policy, unless the student's IEP or 504 plan specifies a necessary modification.

Before initiating an expulsion or exclusion of a student with a disability, relevant members of the child's IEP team and the child's parent shall, consistent with federal law, conduct a manifestation determination and determine whether the child's behavior was (i) caused by or had a direct and substantial relationship to the child's disability and (ii) whether the child's conduct was a direct result of a failure to implement the child's IEP. If the student's educational program is appropriate and the behavior is not a manifestation of the student's disability, the school district will proceed with discipline - up to and including expulsion – as if the student did not have a disability, unless the student's educational program provides otherwise. If the team determines that the behavior subject to discipline is a manifestation of the student's disability, the team shall conduct a functional behavioral assessment and implement a behavioral intervention plan for such student provided that the school district had not conducted such assessment prior to the manifestation determination before the behavior that resulted in a change of placement. Where a behavioral intervention plan previously has been developed, the team will review the behavioral intervention plan and modify it as necessary to address the behavior.

When a student who has an IEP is excluded or expelled for misbehavior that is not a manifestation of the student's disability, the school district shall continue to provide special education and related services during the period of expulsion or exclusion.

XII. OPEN ENROLLED STUDENTS

The school district may terminate the enrollment of a nonresident student enrolled under an Enrollment Option Program (Minn. Stat. § 124D.03) or Enrollment in Nonresident District (Minn. Stat. § 124D.08) at the end of a school year if the student meets the definition of a habitual truant, the student has been provided appropriate services for truancy (Minn. Stat. Ch. 260A), and the student's case has been referred to juvenile court. The school district may also terminate the enrollment of a nonresident student over the age of seventeen (17) enrolled under an Enrollment Options Program if the student is absent without lawful excuse for one or more periods on fifteen (15) school days and has not lawfully withdrawn from school.

XIII. NOTIFICATION OF POLICY VIOLATIONS

Notification of any violation of this policy and resulting disciplinary action shall be as provided herein, or as otherwise provided by the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act or other applicable law. The teacher, principal or other school district official may provide additional notification as deemed appropriate.

In addition, the school district must report, through the MDE electronic reporting system, each physical assault of a school district employee by a student within thirty (30) days of the assault. This report must include a statement of the alternative educational services or other sanction, intervention, or resolution given to the student in response to the assault and the reason for, the effective date, and the duration of the exclusion or expulsion or other sanction, intervention, or resolution. The report must also include the student's age,

grade, gender, race, and special education status.

XIV. REVIEW OF POLICY

The principal and representatives of parents, students and staff in each school building shall confer at least annually to review this discipline policy, determine if the policy is working as intended, and to assess whether the discipline policy has been enforced. Any recommended changes shall be submitted to the superintendent for consideration by the school board, which shall conduct an annual review of this policy.

Legal References:

Minn. Stat. §121A.40-121A.575 (Pupil Fair Dismissal Act) Minn. Stat. §121A.58-121A.72 (Discipline, All Students) Minn. Stat. §125A.08 (Individual Education Programs)

Cross-References:

St. Louis Park Public School Policy 501 Weapons

St. Louis Park Public School Policy 502 Search of Student Lockers, Desks, Personal Possessions, and Student

St. Louis Park Public School Policy 503 Student Attendance

St. Louis Park Public School Policy 514 Bullying Prohibition

St. Louis Park Public School Policy 524 Internet and Technology Responsible Use - Students

St. Louis Park Public School Policy 526 Hazing Prohibition

St. Louis Park Public School Policy 413 Harassment and Violence

St. Louis Park Public School Policy 419 Tobacco-Free Environment

St. Louis Park Public School Policy 709 Student Transportation Safety

Definition Sources:

¹ Great Schools Partnership

² American Psychological Association; Learning for Justice

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 283

SECTION/FILE 514

DATE OF ADOPTION <u>06/12/06</u> AFFIRMED/REVISED: <u>05/09/11; 09/24/12;</u> 8/26/14; 11/13/17; 9/17/18; 02/11/19; 10/14/19; <u>08/10/21</u>

TITLE Bullying Prohibition Policy

I. PURPOSE

In alignment with St. Louis Park's mission, vision, and core values bullying is prohibited as it interferes with the development of students' self and their ability to become their best selves. The purpose of this policy is to assist the school district in its goal of preventing and responding to acts of bullying, intimidation, violence, reprisal, retaliation, and other similar disruptive and detrimental behavior.

II. GENERAL STATEMENT OF POLICY

St Louis Park schools believe that students have the right to learn in an environment that "energizes and enhances the spirit of our community". Bullying (or hazing) actions and behaviors are a direct violation of this mission and the district's educational goals; therefore are prohibited.

The following conduct is prohibited:

- A. Any conduct interferes with or obstructs the mission or operations of the District or the safety or welfare of the student, other students or employees of the District and, as it applies to behavior against other students:
 - 1. Where there is an actual or perceived imbalance of power between the student acting and the target of that behavior; and
 - 2. Where the conduct is repeated or forms a pattern; or
 - 3. Where the conduct materially and substantially interferes with a student's educational opportunities, or performance, or ability to participate in school functions or activities or receive school benefits, services or privileges.
 - 4. Where the behavior has a negative impact on a student's emotional well-being.
- B. Bullying conduct that occurs:
 - 1. On school premises, at school functions or activities, on school provided transportation by use of electronic technology and communications on school premises, during school functions or activities (whether the functions or activities

take place before, during or after school hours), on school provided transportation, on school provided technology, networks, forums or mailing lists;

- 2. By use of electronic technology and communications off school premises when such use substantially and materially disrupts student learning or the school environment.
- C. Cyberbullying or bullying using technology or other electronic communication;
- D. Any harming conduct that causes physical harm to a student or a student's property or causes a student to be in reasonable fear of harm to person or property, or violates a student's reasonable expectation of privacy, or constitutes intentional infliction of emotional distress against a student;
- E. Any harming conduct that is directed at a student or students based on the actual or perceived student's: race, ethnicity, color, creed, religion, national origin, immigration status, gender, marital status, familial status, socioeconomic status, physical appearance, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, academic status related to student performance disability, status with regard to public assistance, age, other protected class characteristic under the Minnesota Human Rights Act; (Actions that extend beyond the scope of bullying and violate the civil rights of federally protected classes may be investigated and dealt with as a violation of Policy 413 Harassment and Violence.)
- F. Conduct that is characterized as, but is not limited to: teasing, abusive, intimidating, defaming, threatening, terrorizing, exclusionary, or provocative conduct that induces or causes others to act in violation of this policy.
- G. No student, employee or other personnel of the District shall plan, direct, encourage, aid or engage in bullying and/ or hazing;
- H. No employee or other personnel of the District shall permit, condone or tolerate bullying and/or hazing;
- I. Any act of reprisal or retaliation by any student, teacher, administrator, volunteer, contractor, or other employee of the school district against any person who asserts, alleges, or makes a good faith report of alleged bullying or prohibited conduct, who provides information about bullying or prohibited conduct, who testifies, assists, or participates in an investigation of alleged bullying or prohibited conduct, or who testifies, assists, or participates in a proceeding or hearing relating to such bullying or prohibited conduct. Retaliation includes, but is not limited to, any form of intimidation, reprisal, harassment, or intentional disparate treatment;
- J. No student or employee shall supply information in a complaint or investigation that is determined to have been falsely and maliciously supplied;

K. Apparent permission or consent by a person being hazed does not lessen the prohibitions contained in this policy.

III. SCHOOL DISTRICT RESPONSE

- A. The school district will act to investigate all complaints of bullying reported to the school district and will discipline or take appropriate action when any student, teacher, administrator, volunteer, contractor, or other employee of the school district is found to have violated this policy. The District shall act to initiate an investigation of all complaints of bullying or hazing within three (3) school days of a report of alleged conduct prohibited by this policy.
- B. Remedial and restorative responses to prohibited conduct shall be offered to actors, targets and bystanders that are tailored to the particular behavior or conduct, the students' developmental ages and behavioral histories. The goal of disciplinary consequences is to deter future incidents of bullying. Behavior intervention or discipline shall be consistent with the requirements of St. Louis Park Public Schools' Policy 506 Student Behavior Intervention and other district policies, applicable collective bargaining agreements, and applicable statutory authority, including the Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act.
- C. Within the limitations of appropriate data protection requirements, parents of students alleged to have engaged in prohibited conduct and parents of alleged targets of that conduct, shall be notified of the alleged conduct and the investigation into the allegations.
 - 1. The school district cannot monitor the activities of students at all times and eliminate all incidents of bullying between students, particularly when students are not under the direct supervision of school personnel.

III. DEFINITIONS

For purposes of this policy, the definitions included in this section apply.

- A. "Bullying" means intimidating, threatening, abusive, or harming conduct that is objectively offensive and:
 - 1. an actual or perceived imbalance of power exists between the student engaging in the prohibited conduct and the target of the prohibited conduct and the conduct is repeated or forms a pattern: or
 - 2. materially and substantially interferes with a student's educational opportunities or performance or ability to participate in school functions or activities or receive school benefits, services, or privileges. The term "bullying" specifically includes cyberbullying as defined in this policy.
- B. "Cyberbullying" means bullying using technology or other electronic communication, including, but not limited to, a transfer of a sign, signal, writing, image, sound or data; including a post on a social network internet website or forum, transmitted through a

computer, cell phone, or other electronic device. The term applies to prohibited conduct which occurs on school premises, on school district property, at school functions or activities, on school transportation or on school computers, networks, forums, and mailing lists, or off school premises to the extent that is substantially and materially disrupts student learning or the school environment.

- C. "Immediately" means as soon as possible but in no event longer than 24 hours.
- D. "Intimidating, threatening, abusive or harming conduct" means but is not limited to conduct that does the following:
 - 1. Causes physical harm to a student or a student's property or causes a student to be in reasonable fear of harm to person or property;
 - 2. Under Minnesota common law, violates a student's reasonable expectation of privacy, defames a student or constitutes intentional infliction of emotional distress against a student: or
 - 3. Is directed at any student or students, including those based on a person's actual or perceived race, ethnicity, color, creed, religion, national origin, immigration status, sex, marital status, familial status, socioeconomic status, physical appearance, sexual orientation, gender identity and expression, academic status related to student performance, disability or status with regard to public assistance, age, or any additional characteristic defined in the Minnesota Human Rights Act (MHRA). However, prohibited conduct need not be based on any particular characteristic defined in this paragraph or the MHRA.
- E. "On school premises, on school district property, at school functions or activities, or on school transportation" means all school district buildings, school grounds, and school property or property immediately adjacent to school grounds, school bus stops, school buses, school vehicles, school contracted vehicles, or any other vehicles approved for school district purposes, the area of entrance or departure from school grounds, premises, or events, and all school-related functions, school-sponsored activities, events, or trips. School district property also may mean a student's walking route to or from school for purposes of attending school or school-related functions, activities, or events. While prohibiting bullying at these locations and events, the school district does not represent that it will provide supervision or assume liability at these locations and events.
- F. "Prohibited conduct" means bullying or cyberbullying as defined in this policy or retaliation or reprisal for asserting, alleging, reporting, or providing information about such conduct or knowingly making a false report about bullying.
- G. "Remedial response" means a measure to stop and correct prohibited conduct, prevent prohibited conduct from recurring and protect, support and intervene on behalf of a student who is the target or victim of prohibited conduct.
- H. "Student" means a student enrolled in a public school or a charter school.

I. "Hazing" A person who engages in an act that violates school policy or law in order to be initiated into or affiliated with a student organization shall be considered hazing and is subject to discipline for that act.

IV. REPORTING PROCEDURE

- A. Any person who believes he or she has been the target or victim of bullying or any person with knowledge or belief of conduct that may constitute bullying or prohibited conduct under this policy shall report the alleged acts immediately to an appropriate school district official designated by this policy. A person may report bullying anonymously. However, the school district may not rely on an anonymous report to determine discipline or other remedial responses.
- B. The school district encourages the reporting party or complainant to use the report form available from the principal or building supervisor of each building or available in the school district office, but oral reports shall be considered complaints as well.
- C. The building principal, the principal's designee, or the building supervisor (hereinafter the "building report taker") is the person responsible for receiving reports of bullying or other prohibited conduct at the building level. Any person may report bullying or other prohibited conduct directly to a school district human rights officer or the superintendent. If the complaint involves the building report taker, the complaint shall be made or filed directly with the superintendent or the school district human rights officer by the reporting party or complainant.

The building report taker shall ensure that this policy and its procedures, practices, consequences and sanctions are fairly and fully implemented and shall serve as the primary contact on policy and procedural matters. The building report taker or a third party designated by the school district shall be responsible for the investigation. The building report taker shall provide information about available community resources to the target or victim of the bullying or other prohibited conduct, the perpetrator and other affected individuals as appropriate.

- D. A teacher, school administrator, volunteer, contractor, or other school employee shall be particularly alert to possible situations, circumstances, or events that might include bullying. Any such person who witnesses, observes, receives a report of, or has other knowledge or belief of conduct that may constitute bullying or other prohibited conduct shall make reasonable efforts to address and resolve the bullying or prohibited conduct and_shall inform the building report taker immediately. School district personnel who fail to inform the building report taker of conduct that may constitute bullying in a timely manner may be subject to disciplinary action.
- E. Reports of bullying or other prohibited conduct are classified as private educational and/or personnel data and/or confidential investigative data and will not be disclosed except as permitted by law. The building report taker, in conjunction with the responsible authority, shall be responsible for keeping and regulating access to any report of bullying and the record of any resulting investigation.

- F. Submission of a good faith complaint or report of bullying or other prohibited conduct will not affect the complainant's or reporter's future employment, grades, or work assignments, or educational or work environment.
- G. The school district will respect the privacy of the complainant(s), the individual(s) against whom the complaint is filed, and the witnesses as much as possible, consistent with the school district's obligation to investigate, take appropriate action, and comply with any legal disclosure obligations.

V. SCHOOL DISTRICT PROCEDURES

- A. Within three days of the receipt of a complaint or report of bullying or other prohibited conduct, the school district shall undertake or authorize an investigation by the building report taker or a third party designated by the school district.
- B. The building report taker or other appropriate school district officials may take immediate steps, at their discretion, to protect the target or victim of the bullying or other prohibited conduct, the complainant, the reporter and students, or others pending completion of an investigation of the bullying or other, consistent with applicable law.
- C. The alleged perpetrator of the bullying or other prohibited conduct shall be allowed the opportunity to present a defense during the investigation or prior to the imposition of discipline or remedial responses.
- D. Upon completion of an investigation that determines that bullying or other prohibited conduct has occurred, the school district will take appropriate action. Such action may include, but is not limited to, student conference, restorative practices, parent conference, suspension, exclusion, expulsion, transfer, remediation, termination, or discharge. Remedial responses to the bullying or other prohibited conduct shall be tailored to the particular incident and nature of the conduct and shall take into account the particular behavior or conduct and the students' developmental ages and behavioral histories. School district action taken for violation of this policy will be consistent with the requirements of applicable collective bargaining agreements; applicable statutory authority, including the Minnesota Pupil Fair Dismissal Act; the St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 506 Student Behavior Intervention and other applicable school district policies; and regulations.
- E. The school district is not authorized to disclose to a victim private educational or personnel data regarding an alleged perpetrator who is a student or employee of the school district. School officials will notify the parent(s) or guardian(s) of students who are targets of bullying or other prohibited conduct and the parent(s) or guardian(s) of alleged perpetrators of bullying or other prohibited conduct who have been involved in a reported and confirmed_bullying incident of the remedial or disciplinary action taken, to the extent permitted by law.

F. In order to prevent or respond to bullying or other prohibited conduct committed by or directed against a child with a disability, the school district shall when determined appropriate by the child's individualized education program (IEP) team or Section 504 team, allow the child's IEP or Section 504 plan to be drafted to address the skills and proficiencies the child needs as a result of the child's disability to allow the child to respond to or not to engage in bullying or other prohibited conduct.

VI. TRAINING AND EDUCATION

- A. The school district shall discuss this policy with school personnel and volunteers and provide appropriate training to school district personnel regarding this policy. The school district shall establish a training cycle for school personnel to occur during a period not to exceed every three school years. Newly employed school personnel must receive the training within the first year of their employment with the school district. The school district or a school administrator may accelerate the training cycle or provide additional training based on a particular need or circumstance. This policy shall be included in employee handbooks, training materials, and publications on school rules, procedures, and standards of conduct, which materials shall also be used to publicize this policy.
- B. The school district shall require ongoing professional development, consistent with Minn. Stat. §122A.60 to build the skills of all school personnel who regularly interact with students to identify, prevent, and appropriately address bullying and other prohibited conduct. Such professional development includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - 1. Developmentally appropriate strategies both to prevent and to immediately and effectively intervene to stop prohibited conduct;
 - 2. The complex dynamics affecting a perpetrator, target and witnesses to prohibited conduct;
 - 3. Research on prohibited conduct, including specific categories of students at risk for perpetrating or being the target or victim of bullying or other prohibited conduct in school;
 - 4. The incidence and nature of cyberbullying; and
 - 5. Internet safety and cyberbullying.
- C. The school district annually will provide education and information to students regarding bullying, including information regarding this school district policy prohibiting bullying, the harmful effects of bullying, and other applicable initiatives to prevent bullying and other prohibited conduct.
- D. The administration of the school district is directed to implement programs and other initiatives to prevent bullying, to respond to bullying in a manner that does not stigmatize

the target or victim, and to make resources or referrals to resources available to targets or victims of bullying.

E. The administration is encouraged to provide developmentally appropriate instruction and is directed to review programmatic instruction to determine if adjustments are necessary to help students identify and prevent or reduce bullying and other prohibited conduct, to value diversity in school and society to develop and improve students' knowledge and skills for solving problems, managing conflict, engaging in civil discourse, and recognizing, responding to, and reporting bullying or other prohibited conduct, and to make effective prevention and intervention programs available to students.

The administration must establish strategies for creating a positive school climate and use evidence-based social-emotional learning to prevent and reduce discrimination and other improper conduct.

The administration is encouraged to the extent practicable, to take such actions as it may deem appropriate to accomplish the following:

- 1. Engage all students in creating a safe and supportive school environment;
- 2. Partner with parents and other community members to develop and implement prevention and intervention programs;
- 3. Engage all students and adults in integrating education, intervention, and other remedial responses into the school environment;
- 4. Train student bystanders to intervene in and report incidents of bullying and other prohibited conduct to the school's primary contact person;
- 5. Teach students to advocate for themselves and others;
- 6. Prevent inappropriate referrals to special education of students who may engage in bullying or other prohibited conduct; and
- 7. Foster student collaborations that, in turn, foster a safe and supportive school climate.
- 8. Teach and implement restorative practices.
- F. The school district may implement violence prevention and character development education programs to prevent or reduce policy violations. Such programs may offer instruction on character education including, but not limited to, character qualities such as attentiveness, truthfulness, respect for authority, diligence, gratefulness, self-discipline, patience, forgiveness, respect for others, peacemaking, and resourcefulness.

G. The school district shall inform affected students and their parents of rights they may have under state and federal data practices laws to obtain access to data related to an incident and their right to contest the accuracy or completeness of the data. The school district may accomplish this requirement by inclusion of all or applicable parts of its protection and privacy of pupil records policy (See St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 515 Protection and Privacy of Pupil Records) in the student handbook.

VII. NOTICE

- A. The school district will give annual notice of this policy to students, parents or guardians, and staff, and this policy shall appear in the student handbook.
- B. This policy or a summary thereof must be conspicuously posted in the administrative offices of the school district and the office of each school.
- C. This policy must be given to each school employee and independent contractor who regularly interacts with students at the time of initial employment with the school district.
- D. Notice of the rights and responsibilities of students and their parents under this policy must be included in the student discipline policy (See St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 506 Student Behavior Intervention) distributed to parents at the beginning of each school year.
- E. This policy shall be available to all parents and other school community members in an electronic format in the language appearing on the school district's or a school's website.
- F. The school district shall provide an electronic copy of its most recently amended policy to the Commissioner of Education.

VIII. POLICY REVIEW

To the extent practicable, the school board shall, on a cycle consistent with other school district policies, review and revise this policy. The policy shall be made consistent with Minn. Stat. 121A.031 and other applicable law. Revisions shall be made in consultation with students, parents and community organizations.

Legal References:	Minn. Stat. Ch. 13 (Minnesota Government Data Practices Act)
	Minn. Stat. §120A.05, Subds. 9, 11, 13 and 17 (Definition of Public School)
	Minn. Stat. § 120B.232 (Character Development Education)
	Minn. Stat. § 121A.03 (Sexual, Religious and Racial Harassment and Violence)
	Minn. Stat. §121A.031 (School Student Bullying Policy)
	Minn. Stat. §121A.0311 (Notice of Rights and Responsibilities of Students and
	Parents under the Safe and Supportive Minnesota Schools Act)
	Minn. Stat. §§ 121A.40-121A.56 (Pupil Fair Dismissal Act)
	Minn. Stat. § 121A.69 (Hazing Policy)
	Minn. Stat. §124D.10 (Charter School)
	Minn. Stat. Ch. 363A (Minnesota Human Rights Act)
	20 U.S.C. §1232g et seq. (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act)
	34 C.F.R. §§99.1 – 99.67 (Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act)

Cross References:	MSBA/MASA Model Policy 403 (Discipline, Suspension, and Dismissal of
	School District Employees)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 413 (Harassment and Violence)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 414 (Mandated Reporting of Child Neglect
	or Physical or Sexual Abuse, Maltreatment of Minors by School)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 415 (Mandated Reporting of Maltreatment
	of Vulnerable Adults)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 423 (Employee-Student Relationships)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 501 (School Weapons Policy)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 506 (Student Behavior Intervention)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 507 (Corporal Punishment)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 515 (Protection and Privacy of Pupil
	Records)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 521 (Student Disability Nondiscrimination)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 522 (Student Sex Nondiscrimination)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 524 (Internet and Technology Responsible
	Use Policy)
	MSBA/MASA Model Policy 525 (Violence Prevention)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 526 (Hazing Prohibition)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 529 (Staff Notification of Violent Behavior
	by Students)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 709 (Student Transportation Safety)
	St. Louis Park Public Schools Policy 711 (Video Recording of Students on
	School Buses)
	MSBA/MASA Model Policy 712 (Video Surveillance Other Than on Buses)