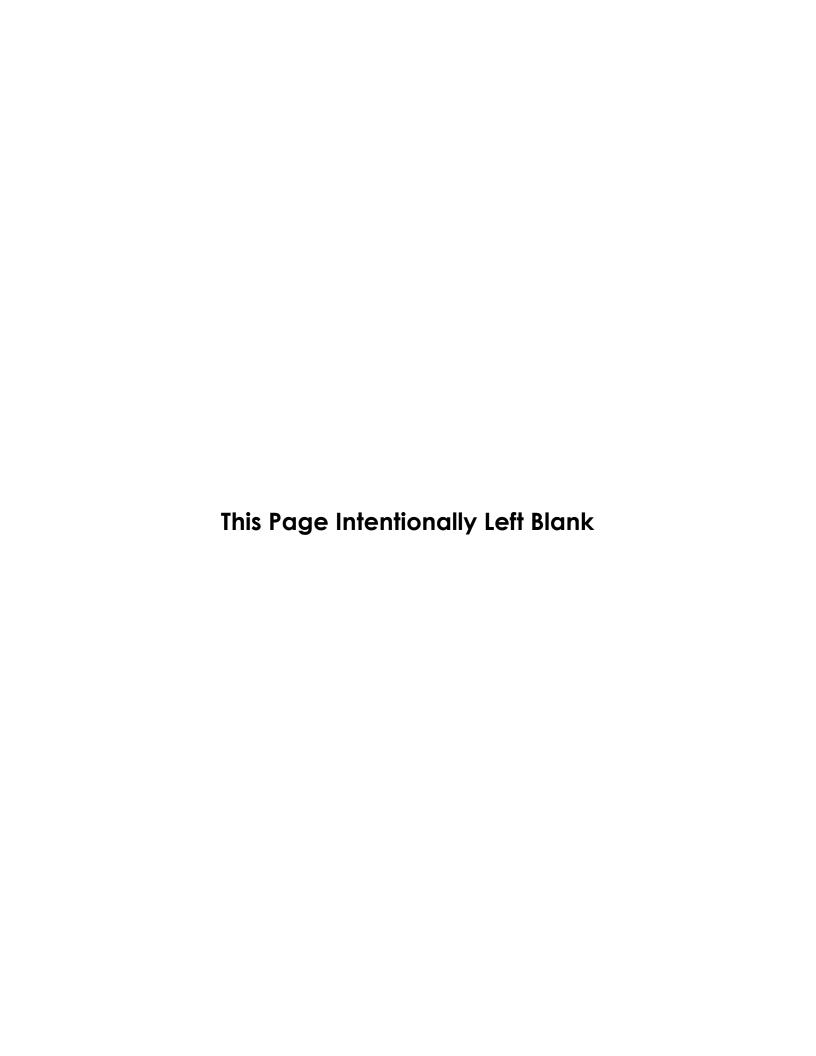
Forney Independent School District

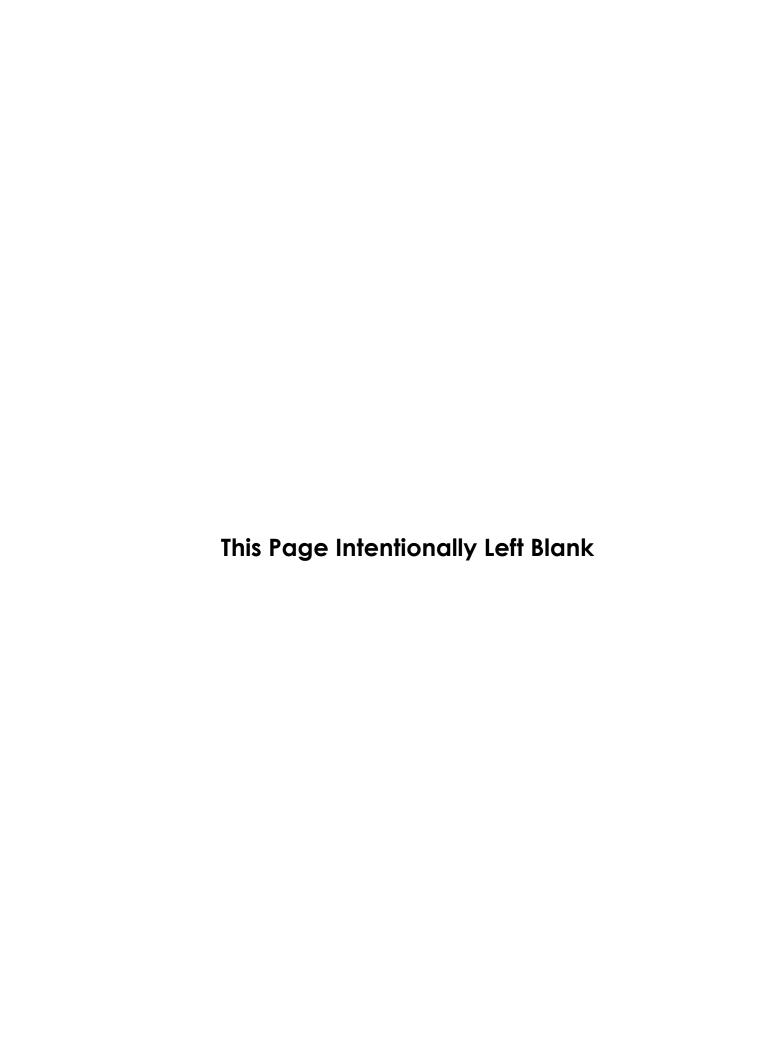
Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022



Forney Independent School District

Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Prepared by Forney ISD Finance Department Forney, Texas



Forney Independent School District
Annual Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022
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Certificate of Board

Forney Independent School District	<u>Kaufman</u>	129-902
Name of School District	County	CoDist. Number
	,	
We, the undersigned, certify that the attache school district were reviewed and (check one the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 at a medistrict on the 3 rd day of October, 2022.		
Signature of Board Secretary	DAU Signature of	hallis Board President

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Financial Section

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees Forney Independent School District Forney, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Forney Independent School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2022, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

The Board of Trustees
Forney Independent School District

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 7 through 15, budgetary comparison information on pages 63 through 65, and the pension and OPEB schedules on pages 66 through 72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Board of Trustees
Forney Independent School District

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Combining Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements, the required TEA schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements, the required TEA schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements, the required TEA schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Weaver and Tiduell, L.L.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas September 27, 2022 This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of Forney Independent School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by (\$81,145,209) (deficit net position).
- The District's total net position increased by \$6,296,214 during the current fiscal year from the result of current year operations.
- As of June 30, 2022, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances
 of \$240,823,875 an increase of \$105,532,566 compared to the prior year. The increase in
 governmental fund balances was due primarily to an increase in the capital projects fund
 balance of \$97,965,362, an increase in the Debt Service Fund of \$1,760,927, and an increase in
 the General Fund balance of \$3,690,711.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$37,313,394 or 28.7 percent of total general fund expenditures.
- The District's total bonded debt (par value) increased, net, by \$211.6 million during the current fiscal year as a result of new bond issues.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resource, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes).

The government-wide financial statements of the District are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include Instruction, Instructional Resources and Media Services, Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development, Instructional Leadership, School Leadership, Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services, Health Services, Student Transportation, Food Services, Extracurricular Activities, General Administration, Facilities Maintenance and Operations, Security and Monitoring Services, Data Processing Services, Community Services, Interest on Long-term Debt, Bond Issuance Costs and Fees, Capital Outlay, Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements, and Other Intergovernmental Charges. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 19 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities and objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and custodial funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the current fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances prove a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains twenty-two individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the debt service fund, and the capital projects fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nineteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the financial statements. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund, and Child Nutrition Fund special revenue fund.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 20 through 26 of this report.

Custodial Funds

Custodial funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of students. Custodial funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The funds are custodial in nature.

The basic custodial fund financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 29 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 31 through 61 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The required supplementary information relates to comparison of the original adopted budget, the final amended budget, and the actual amounts for the fiscal year. This is required supplementary information for the general fund and any major special revenue funds. The District did not have any major special revenue funds; therefore, only the general fund is presented as required supplementary information. In addition, four schedules of required supplementary information are presented containing information on the District's participation in the Teacher Retirement System of Texas pension plan and other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan (TRS-Cares). The required supplementary information can be found on pages 66 through 72.

Other Information

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and other supplementary information are presented immediately following the required supplementary information and can be found on pages 74 through 80 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position (deficit) may serve over time as a useful indicator of a District's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by (\$81,145,209) at the close of the fiscal year.

The District's net investments in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment) less any outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets, amounted to (\$79,056,828). The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Covernmental

	Governmental Activities				
		2022		2021	
Current and other assets Capital and non-current assets	\$	280,444,190 494,556,482	\$	166,151,707 372,767,797	
Total assets		775,000,672		538,919,504	
Deferred charge on bond refundings Deferred outflows - pension Deferred outflows - OPEB		9,411,434 13,326,858 16,079,434		10,185,799 11,577,134 9,717,044	
Total deferred outflows of resources		38,817,726		31,479,977	
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities		41,968,800 818,309,920		32,458,897 604,993,574	
Total liabilities		860,278,720		637,452,471	
Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - OPEB		16,248,308 21,436,579		3,881,034 19,507,399	
Total deferred inflows of resources		37,684,887		23,388,433	
Net Position: Net investments in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted		(79,056,828) 24,000,982 (29,089,363)		(67,566,282) 22,846,248 (45,721,389)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(84,145,209)	\$	(90,441,423)	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reports deficit balances in net investment in capital assets and in unrestricted net position, while reporting a positive balance in restricted net position. The District's net position increased by \$6,296,214 during the current fiscal year.

Governmental Activities

	2022		* 11103	2021
•				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	2,321,118	\$	1,538,992
Operating grants		27,120,776		15,560,317
General revenues:				
Property taxes		89,116,540		76,443,971
State aid - formula grants		66,918,909		57,139,164
Grants and contributions not restricted		-		131,340
Investment earnings		699,030		244,520
Other		2,337,403		791,655
Total revenues		188,513,776		151,849,959
Expenses:				
Instruction		83,132,239		69,037,427
Instructional resources and media services		1,265,386		985,227
Curriculum and staff development		3,402,464		2,749,547
Instructional leadership		2,091,989		1,729,027
School leadership		8,948,701		7,007,615
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		6,998,574		5,628,838
Health services		1,923,721		1,647,798
Student transportation		4,667,471		3,549,560
Food service		6,717,731		4,518,991
Extracurricular activities		4,927,843		3,806,302
General administration		4,877,679		3,463,457
Facilities maintenance and operations		14,538,027		10,929,082
Security and monitoring services		2,122,411		1,653,622
Data processing services		3,228,557		2,502,929
Community services		137,852		120,503
Interest on long-term debt		21,745,936		18,098,649
Bond issuance costs and fees		2,118,679		1,302,791
Capital outlay		8,184,513		2,112,079
Payments related to shared services arrangements		193,490		123,165
Other intergovernmental charges		994,299		813,997
Total expenses		182,217,562		141,780,606
Increase (decrease) in net position		6,296,214		10,069,353
Net position (deficit) - beginning		(90,441,423)	(100,683,791)
Prior Period Adjustment				173,015
Net position (deficit) - ending	\$	(84,145,209)	\$	(90,441,423)

Governmental Activities

Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$6,296,214. Revenues are generated primarily from three sources. Property taxes, state-aid formula grants, and operating grants and contributions represent \$185,817,023 of total revenues. The remaining \$5,357,551 is generated from charges for services, investment earnings, and miscellaneous revenues.

	Total Revenues	% of Total Revenues
Property taxes State aid - formula grants	\$ 89,116,540 66.918.909	47% 36%
Operating grants and contributions Charges for services Other revenue	27,120,776 2,321,118 3,036,433	14% 1% 2%
Total revenues	\$ 188,513,776	100%

The primary functional expenses of the District are instruction, facilities maintenance and operations, and interest on long term debt, which represent 66 percent of total expenses. The remaining individual functional categories of expenses are each less than 5 percent of total expenses.

Instruction Facilities maintenance and operations Interest on long-term debt Other expenses		Total Expenses	% of Total Expenses
		83,132,239 14,538,027 21,745,936 62,801,360	46% 8% 12% 34%
Total expenses	\$	182,217,562	100%

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses funds accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a District's net resources available for spending at the end of the current fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$240,823,875, an increase of \$105,532,566 compared to the prior fiscal year. The increase in ending governmental fund balances is primarily due to increases in the general fund, the capital projects fund and the debt service fund fund balances.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$37,313,394, while total fund balance was \$56,565,150. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 28.7 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 43.5 percent of that same amount. The fund balance of the District's general fund increased by \$3,690,711 during the current fiscal year. The increase in fund balance was due to, recognition of prior year state revenue, and increased tax collections resulting from higher taxable values and increased state aid resulting from increased enrollment. Approximately \$8.1 million of fund balance is earmarked for projects approved during the current fiscal year, but not completed until the 2022-2023 fiscal year.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$29,890,616, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. The net increase in the debt service fund balance during the current year of \$1,760,927 was in line with budgeted expectations. The School Board of Trustees goal was to have debt service fund balance equal to the upcoming August bond payment. The August 2022 bond payment was \$20,435,153.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget of the general fund can be briefly summarized as follows:

	Budget					
		Original	Fi	nal Amended		
Total revenues Total expenditures Other sources (uses)	\$ 122,081,494 (122,081,494)		\$	131,143,279 (140,385,268) -		
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	(9,241,989)		

The review of the amended budget versus actual for the general fund reflected that revenues were increased to account for increased state program revenues. Among the largest expenditure budget amendments, budgeted expenditures were amended to account for increased facilities and acquisition and construction.

Capital Assets and Long-term Liabilities

Capital Assets

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of June 30, 2022 includes land, buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment. The investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022 was \$494,556,482. The following table summarizes the investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022 and 2021.

	2022			2021
Land Construction in progress Building and improvements Furniture and equipment	\$	13,690,982 43,757,140 556,502,509 22,083,773	\$	8,748,292 129,907,780 337,663,903 20,290,446
Total		636,034,404		496,610,421
Accumulated depreciation		(141,477,922)		(123,842,624)
Net capital assets	\$	494,556,482	\$	372,767,797

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term Liabilities

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had \$818,309,920 in bonds and other long-term debt (including accreted interest on bonds) versus \$604,993,574 in the prior year, an increase of \$213,316,346. The District issued school building bonds and refunding bonds during the year. The District's general obligation bond rating is "AAA" according to national rating agencies. This is the result of guarantees of the Texas Permanent School Fund. Standard & Poor's and Moody's Investors Service issued the following underlying ratings of the District's general obligation bonds:

Standard & Poor's A+ Moody's Investor Service A1

Changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2021	Additions	Retired/ Refunded	Balance 6/30/2022	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 453,229,181	\$ 240,332,075	\$ (28,723,397)	\$ 664,837,859	\$ 5,239,394
Premiums/discounts	40,859,530	17,945,709	(2,909,003)	55,896,236	2,773,965
Accreted Interest -					
Capital Appreciation Bond	48,109,660	5,253,766	(10,034,396)	43,329,030	2,547,439
Capital Leases	409,062	-	(341,062)	68,000	33,000
Loans Payable	9,369,000	-	(912,000)	8,457,000	946,000
Net Pension Liability	26,377,017	-	(11,474,768)	14,902,249	-
Net OPEB Liability	26,640,124	4,179,422		30,819,546	-
	\$ 604,993,574	\$ 267,710,972	\$ (54,394,626)	\$ 818,309,920	\$ 11,539,798

Additional information on the District's long-term liabilities can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The District is located approximately 18 miles east of Dallas, with access to the greater Dallas-Fort Worth metropolitan area using U.S. Highway 80 or Interstate 20. Access to the Dallas-Fort Worth area has been driving both enrollment and tax base growth, as substantial residential development activities continue within the District's boundaries. The District works with a demographer who provides quarterly updates. According to the demographer, the District had 1,120 new home starts in 2017. New home start averaged 1,500 per year from 2018 through 2020. In 2021 starts increased to 3,360. New home starts are expected to be 1,600 annually for the next 3 to 5 years. Along with residential growth, the district has seen retail and commercial development as well. Over the last 4 years, Goodyear and Amazon have built distribution centers within the District's boundary. All of this building activity, along with escalating value of existing property, has resulted in rapid increases in the District's property value. The District's average annual property value growth rate was 16% over the previous four years. Property value will be up 28% for the upcoming fiscal year.

The State of Texas funds public schools using a wealth equalization formula that is based on property value and average daily student attendance. Therefore, increases or decreases in average daily attendance can lead to corresponding increases or decreases in the amount of state revenue a district receives. Student enrollment during the 2022 fiscal year was 14,350. Enrollment is expected be 16,200 in 2023, or 13% more than the prior year. Over the next 10 years, student enrollment is expected to grow an average of 5.5% per year.

The following are highlights of the 2023 budget:

- Total revenue in the General Fund is budgeted to increase 20.2%.
- Total expenditures in the General Fund is budgeted to increase 20.0% after removing the effect of one-time capital improvement expenditures totaling \$9.0 million from the prior year.
- Taxable property value used to prepare the 2023 budget was up \$1.5 billion, or 24%. Of this amount, \$892 million was for new property added to the tax roll for the first time.
- The maintenance and operations tax rate will be .8546¢ per \$100 valuation, or a reduction of 1.7¢. The debt service rate will remain 50¢ per \$100 valuation.
- The above factors were taken into consideration when adopting the budget for 2023. Total General Fund revenue is expected to increase \$26.5 million. These funds will be used to give a 3% pay increase to District staff. The budget also included funding for 300 new personnel units, and \$1.4 million for capital improvements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office at the following address:

600 South Bois d'Arc Street Forney, TX 75126 Telephone: (469) 762-4100 This Page Intentionally Left Blank

Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2022

Data		Primary Government
Control		Governmental
Codes		Activities
	ASSETS	
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 252,371,957
1220	Property taxes - delinquent	2,042,370
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(392,226)
1240	Due from other governments	25,046,067
1290	Other receiv ables, net	146,853
1410	Prepayments	1,229,169
	Capital assets:	
1510	Land	13,690,982
1520	Buildings, net	428,610,874
1530	Furniture and equipment, net	8,477,548
1550	Financed purchases, net	19,938
1580	Construction in progress	43,757,140
1000	Total assets	775,000,672
1701	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0.411.404
1701	Deferred charge on bond refundings	9,411,434
1705	Deferred resource outflows related to TRS Pension	13,326,858
1706	Deferred resource outflows related to TRS OPEB	16,079,434
	Total deferred outflows of resources	38,817,726
	LIABILITIES	
2110	Accounts payable	21,747,996
2140	Accrued interest payable	8,417,575
2160	Accrued wages payable	10,838,420
2200	Accrued expenses	310,602
2300	Unearned revenue	654,207
2000	Long term liabilities:	00 1/207
2501	Due within one year: loans, note, leases, etc.	11,539,798
2001	Due in more than one year:	11,007,770
2502	Bonds, notes, leases, etc.	761,048,327
2540	Net pension liability (District's share)	14,902,249
2540 2545		30,819,546
2545	Net OPEB liability (District's share)	
2000	Total liabilities	860,278,720
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605	Deferred resource inflows related to TRS Pension	16,248,308
2606	Deferred resource inflows related to TRS OPEB	21,436,579
	Total deferred inflows of resources	37,684,887
	NET POSITION	
3200	Net investment in capital assets	(79,056,828)
2-30	Restricted:	(77,000,020)
3820	Federal and state programs	1,945,753
3850	Debt service	22,055,229
3900	Unrestricted	(29,089,363)
3000	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ (84,145,209)

Net (Expense)

Forney Independent School District Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Program	Pov	onuos	Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		1		3	ĸev	4	6
Data Control Codes		Expenses		charges for Services	(Operating Grants and Contributions	Primary Gov. Governmental Activities
	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	 			_		
	Governmental activities:						
11	Instruction	\$ 83,132,239	\$	713,210		12,138,859	\$ (70,280,170)
12	Instructional resources and media services	1,265,386		-		154,660	(1,110,726)
13	Curriculum and instructional staff development	3,402,464		-		523,846	(2,878,618)
21	Instructional leadership	2,091,989		-		388,313	(1,703,676)
23	School leadership	8,948,701		-		880,984	(8,067,717)
31	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	6,998,574		-		1,771,874	(5,226,700)
33	Health services	1,923,721		-		199,938	(1,723,783)
34	Student (pupil) transportation	4,667,471		-		374,007	(4,293,464)
35	Food services	6,717,731		-		63,781	(6,653,950)
36	Extracurricular activities	4,927,843		1,132,632		7,370,692	3,575,481
41	General administration	4,877,679		379,461		369,868	(4,128,350)
51	Facilities maintenance and operations	14,538,027		-		954,966	(13,583,061)
52	Security and monitoring services	2,122,411		95,815		148,712	(1,877,884)
53	Data processing services	3,228,557		-		227,934	(3,000,623)
61	Community services	137,852		-		15,351	(122,501)
72	Debt service - interest on long-term debt	21,745,936		-		-	(21,745,936)
73	Debt service - bond issuance cost and fees	2,118,679		-		-	(2,118,679)
81	Facilities acquisition and construction	8,184,513		-		1,265,387	(6,919,126)
93	Payments related to shared services arrangements	193,490		-		-	(193,490)
99	Other intergovernmental charges	994,299				271,604	(722,695)
TP	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$ 182,217,562	\$	2,321,118	\$	27,120,776	(152,775,668)
	Data Control Codes	General revenues: Taxes:					
	MT	Property taxes,	levi	ed for genera	l pu	rposes	56,658,362
	DT	Property taxes,	levi	ed for debt se	ervio	ce	32,458,178
	SF	State aid - formu	la gr	ants			66,918,909
	IE	Investment earni	ngs				699,030
	MI	Miscellaneous					2,337,403
	TR	Total general re	even	ues			159,071,882
	CN	Change in net	posit	ion			6,296,214
	NB	Net position (de	eficit)	- beginning			(90,441,423)
	NE	NET POSITION (DEF	ICIT)	- ENDING			\$ (84,145,209)

Forney Independent School DistrictBalance Sheet

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Capital Projects Fund
	_ ASSETS			
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 41,159,293	\$ 29,890,616	\$ 177,365,039
1220	Property taxes delinquent	1,334,732	707,638	-
1230	Allowance for uncollectable taxes (credit)	(266,776)	(125,450)	_
1240	Due from other governments	19,481,460	-	-
1260	Due from other funds	11,444,659	-	-
1290	Other receivables	146,853	-	-
1410	Prepaid items	1,163,157		37,744
1000	Total assets	\$ 74,463,378	\$ 30,472,804	\$ 177,402,783
	LIABILITIES			
2110	Accounts payable	\$ 2,159,156	\$ -	\$ 19,562,427
2160	Accrued wages payable	9,941,568	-	-
2170	Due to other funds	-	-	6,528,099
2200	Accrued expenditures	310,602	-	-
2300	Unearned revenue			
2000	Total liabilities	12,411,326		26,090,526
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
2600	Unavailable revenue - property taxes	1,067,957	582,188	-
2600	Unavailable revenue - state foundation program	4,418,945	-	
	Total deferred inflows of resources	5,486,902	582,188	
	FUND BALANCES			
	Nonspendable			
3430	Prepaid items	1,163,157	-	37,744
	Restricted			
3450	Federal or state funds grant restriction	-	-	-
3470	Capital acquisition and contractual obligation	-	-	151,274,513
3480	Retirement of long-term debt	-	29,890,616	-
	Committed			
3545	Other committed fund balance	-	-	-
	Assigned			
3550	Construction	5,040,223	-	-
3565	Retirement of long-term debt	10,000,000	-	-
3590	Other assigned fund balance	3,048,376	-	-
3600	Unassigned	37,313,394		
3000	Total fund balances	56,565,150	29,890,616	151,312,257
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS	.	.	
	OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 74,463,378	\$ 30,472,804	\$ 177,402,783

Other Funds		98 Total Governmental Funds		
\$	3,957,009	\$ 252,371,957		
•	-	2,042,370		
	-	(392,226)		
	5,564,607	25,046,067		
	-	11,444,659		
	-	146,853		
	28,268	1,229,169		
\$	9,549,884	\$ 291,888,849		
	_			
\$	26,413	\$ 21,747,996		
	896,852	10,838,420		
	4,916,560	11,444,659		
	-	310,602		
	654,207	654,207		
	6,494,032	44,995,884		
	<u>-</u>	1,650,145 4,418,945		
		6,069,090		
	1,185	1,202,086		
	1,945,753	1,945,753		
	-	151,274,513		
	-	29,890,616		
	1,108,914	1,108,914		
	_	5,040,223		
	_	10,000,000		
	_	3,048,376		
	-	37,313,394		
	3,055,852	240,823,875		
\$	9,549,884	\$ 291,888,849		

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Exhibit C-2

Forney Independent School District Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	240,823,875
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund financial statements.		636,034,404
2 Accumulated depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.		(141,477,922)
3 Bonds payable, capital leases payable, and loans payable, are not reported in the fund financial statements.		(673,362,859)
4 Accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the fund financial statements.		(43,329,030)
5 Bond premiums on outstanding bonds payable are not reported in the fund financial statements.		(55,896,236)
6 Revenue from property taxes reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements is recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.		1,650,145
7 Revenue from the state foundation program is reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements is recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.		4,418,945
8 Interest on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are recorded when due.		(8,417,575)
9 The deferred charge on bond refunding's is not recorded in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a deferred outflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements.	t	9,411,434
10 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$14,902,249, Deferred Inflows of Resources related to TRS in the amount of \$16,248,308, and Deferred Outflows of Resources related to TRS Pension in the amount of \$13,326,858. This results in a net decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$17,823,699.		(17,823,699)
11 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$30,819,546, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$21,436,579, and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$16,079,434. This results in a net decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$36,176,691.		(36,176,691)
19 NET POSITION (DEFICIT) OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	(84,145,209)

Forney Independent School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data		10	50	60 Capital
Control Codes		General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Projects Fund
	REVENUES			
5700	Total local and intermediate sources	\$ 59,656,823	\$ 32,504,442	\$ 463,776
5800	State program revenues	71,007,499	477,510	-
5900	Federal program revenues	3,200,710		
5020	Total revenues	133,865,032	32,981,952	463,776
	EXPENDITURES			
	Current:			
0011	Instruction	66,617,827	-	-
0012	Instructional resources and media services	1,041,630	-	-
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	2,719,606	-	-
0021	Instructional leadership	1,584,419	-	-
0023	School leadership	7,448,684	-	-
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	4,718,984	-	-
0033	Health services	1,593,051	-	-
0034	Student (pupil) transportation	5,124,725	-	-
0035	Food services	-	-	-
0036	Extracurricular activities	3,652,788	-	-
0041	General administration	4,245,109	-	-
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	12,576,098	-	-
0052	Security and monitoring services	2,048,604	-	-
0053	Data processing services	2,992,595	-	-
0061	Community services	118,575	-	-
	Debt service:			
0071	Principal on long-term debt	1,253,062	9,403,653	-
0072	Interest on long-term debt	227,143	21,814,452	-
0073	Bond issuance cost and fees	-	188,846	1,929,833
	Capital outlay:			
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction	11,217,122	-	135,298,414
	Intergovernmental:			
0093	Payments to fiscal agent/member districts of SSA	-	-	-
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	994,299		
6030	Total expenditures	130,174,321	31,406,951	137,228,247
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)			
	expenditures	3,690,711	1,575,001	(136,764,471)
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
7911	Capital related debt issued	_	-	221,180,000
7912	Refunding debt issued	_	19,152,075	-
7916	Premium or discount on issuance of bonds	_	5,305,252	13,549,833
8949	Other (uses)	-	(24,271,401)	-
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)	-	185,926	234,729,833
1200	Net change in fund balances	3,690,711	1,760,927	97,965,362
0100	Fund balances - July 1 (beginning)	52,874,439	28,129,689	53,346,895
3000	FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30 (ENDING)	\$ 56,565,150	\$ 29,890,616	\$ 151,312,257

	98		
	Total		
Other	Governmental		
Funds	Funds		
\$ 2,174,932	\$ 94,799,973		
\$ 2,174,932 437,596	\$ 94,799,973 71,922,605		
14,991,452	18,192,162		
14,771,432	10,172,102		
17,603,980	184,914,740		
6,167,298	72,785,125		
66,103	1,107,733		
259,760	2,979,366		
245,959	1,830,378		
378,221	7,826,905		
1,408,604	6,127,588		
96,614	1,689,665		
10,144	5,134,869		
5,908,103	5,908,103		
675,324	4,328,112		
27,362	4,272,471		
47,972	12,624,070		
1,822	2,050,426		
1 /20	2,992,595		
1,638	120,213		
-	10,656,715		
-	22,041,595		
-	2,118,679		
-	146,515,536		
193,490	193,490		
	994,299		
15,488,414	314,297,933		
2,115,566	(129,383,193)		
-	221,180,000		
-	19,152,075		
-	18,855,085		
	(24,271,401)		
	234,915,759		
2,115,566	105,532,566		
940,286	135,291,309		
\$ 3,055,852	\$ 240,823,875		

Forney Independent School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$ 105,532,566

Current year capital asset additions are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The effect of reclassifying the current year capital asset additions increases government-wide net position.

140,148,510

Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in the governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease government-wide net position.

(17,835,750)

The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net position.

(524,076)

Current year long-term debt principal payments on financed purchases, bonds payable, and loans payable are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions of long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.

10,656,715

The current year decrease in accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the current year's change in accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds is to increase government-wide net position.

877,023

Current year amortization of the premium on bonds payable is not recorded in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a decrease in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.

2,786,777

Current year amortization of the deferred charge on bond refundings is not reflected in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements.

(790,812)

Interest is accrued on outstanding debt in the government-wide financial statements, but interest is expended as due in the fund financial statements.

(2,577,328)

Revenues from property taxes are deferred in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts in the government-wide financial statements.

66,538

Revenue from the State Foundation Program received more than 60 days after the fiscal year-end is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

1,760,804

Current year issuances of capital related bonds are shown as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as increases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.

(221,180,000)

The premiums on the current year issuances of capital related bonds are recorded as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.

(13,549,833)

The Notes to Basic Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

Current year issuances of refunding bonds are shown as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as increases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(19,152,075)
The premiums on the current year issuances of refunding bonds are recorded as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(5,305,252)
The current year payment to the escrow agent for defeased debt is an other financing use in the fund financial statements, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	24,271,401
The net change in net pension liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The net change consists of an increase in deferred outflows (\$1,749,724); an increase in deferred inflows (\$12,367,274); and a decrease in net pension liability (\$11,474,768).	857,218
The net change in net OPEB liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The net change consists of an increase in deferred outflows (\$6,362,390); an increase in deferred inflows (\$1,929,180); and an increase in net OPEB liability (\$4,179,422).	253,788
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 6,296,214

Exhibit E-1

Forney Independent School District Statement of Fiduciary Net Position **Custodial Fund** June 30, 2022

	Custodial Fund	
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	76,912
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	76,912
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted net position	\$	76,912
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	76,912

Exhibit E-2

Forney Independent School District Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position **Custodial Fund** June 30, 2022

	Custodial Fund			
ADDITIONS Contributions to student groups	\$	189,274		
TOTAL ADDITIONS		189,274		
DEDUCTIONS Expenses of student groups		175,687		
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		175,687		
Change in fiduciary net position		13,587		
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)		63,325		
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	\$	76,912		

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Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Forney Independent School District's (the "District") combined financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FAR). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Board of Trustees, a seven member group, has fiscal accountability over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The board of trustees is elected by the public. The trustees as a body corporate have the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the trustees, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the trustees. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

The District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, Forney Independent School District has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements:

The District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The District has presented the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund This fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the community, in enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities.
- 2. **Debt Service Fund** This fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund. Any unused debt service fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met.
- 3. Capital Projects Fund This fund is established to account for proceeds, from the sale of bonds and other resources to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishings and equipping of major capital facilities. Upon completion of a project, any unused bond proceeds are transferred to the Debt Service Fund and are used to retire related bond principal.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

- Special Revenue Funds These funds are established to account for federally financed or expenditures legally restricted for specified purposes. In many special revenue funds, any unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. For funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.
- Custodial Fund This fund is used to account for activities of student groups and other
 organizational activities requiring clearing accounts. If any unused resources are declared
 surplus by the student groups, they are transferred to the General Fund with a recommendation
 to the Board for an appropriate utilization through a budgeted program.

C. Measurement Focus/Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The government-wide statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A 60 day availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. All other Governmental Fund Type revenues are recognized when received.

Revenues from state and federal grants are recognized as earned when the related program expenditures are incurred. Funds received but unearned are reflected as unearned revenues, and funds expended but not yet received are shown as receivables.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pool, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year of less at time of purchase. External investment pool are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

In accordance with the FAR, the District has adopted and installed an accounting system which exceeds the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. Specifically, the District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the Accounting Code Section of the FAR.

D. Budgetary Control

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required Governmental Fund Types, as outlined in TEA's FAR module, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget is prepared for adoption for required Governmental Fund Types prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal period beginning September 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given. The budget is prepared by fund, function, object, and organization. The budget is controlled at the organizational level by the appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations. Therefore, organizations may transfer appropriations as necessary without the approval of the board unless the intent is to cross fund, function or increase the overall budget allocations. Control of appropriations by the Board of Trustees is maintained within Fund Groups at the function code level and revenue object code level.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund. The other special revenue funds adopt project-length budgets which do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budget is amended throughout the year by the Board of Trustees. Such amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the Board.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and non-appropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

	ne 30, 2022 nd Balance
Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund Nonappropriated Budget Funds	\$ 1,939,740 1,116,112
All Special Revenue Funds	\$ 3,055,852

E. Encumbrance Accounting

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at June 30 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. The District had no material encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

F. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The purchase method is used to account for inventories of paper and other supplies. Under this method, these items are charged to expenditures when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one-year of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and improvements 15-50 years
Vehicles 5-10 years
Equipment 3-15 years

I. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the statement of financial position as described below:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that quality for reporting in this category:

Deferred outflows of resources for refunding – Reported in the government-wide statement of net position, the deferred charge on bond refundings results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for the deferred charge on bond refundings at June 30, 2022 was \$9,411,434.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Deferred outflows of resources for pension – Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results of differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. The other pension related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

A deferred outflow for pension expense results from payments made to the TRS pension plan by the District after the plan's measurement date. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for deferred pension expenses at June 30, 2022 was \$13,326,858.

Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB – Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from OPEB plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability and the results of differences between expected and actual investment earnings and changes in proportionate share. The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year. The other OPEB related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for deferred OPEB expenses at June 30, 2022 was \$16,079,434.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues – Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District reported property taxes that are unavailable as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. The amount of deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds at June 30, 2022 was \$1,650,145.

Deferred inflows of resources for pension – Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. These amounts will be amortized over a closed five year period. In fiscal year 2022, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for pensions in the governmental activities in the amount of \$16,248,308.

Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB – Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between expected and actual experience and from changes in assumptions. These amounts will be amortized over the average expected remaining service life (AERSL) of all members. In fiscal year 2022, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for OPEB in the governmental activities in the amount of \$21,436,579.

J. Cash Equivalents

Investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they are highly liquid and have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

K. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are recorded and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal 2022, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

O. GASB Pronouncements implemented by the District

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. This Statement was issued in June 2017 and provides guidance to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Upon implementation of this standard, the District recognized its previous capital leases as financed purchases.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 2. Fund Balances

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

<u>Fund Balance Classification</u>: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent.

The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

- Nonspendable: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are
 either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained
 intact. The District has classified prepaid items as being nonspendable as these items are not
 expected to be converted to cash.
- Restricted: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Unspent bond proceeds and unspent proceeds of maintenance tax notes are restricted for future capital acquisition. The fund balance of certain grant programs is restricted for those grant programs.
- <u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This can also be done through adoption and amendment of the budget. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. The Board of Trustees have committed resources as of June 30, 2022 for campus activities.
- Assigned: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or through the Board of Trustees delegating this responsibility to other individuals in the District. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board of Trustees may assign amounts for specific purposes. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The District has assigned fund balance of the General Fund as of June 30, 2022 for funding of projects and construction approved by the Board.
- <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications, including the residual fund balance of the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and are described below:

General Fund

The General Fund has unassigned fund balance of \$37,313,394 at June 30, 2022. Prepaid items of \$1,163,157 are considered nonspendable fund balance. The District has assigned \$18,088,599 of fund balance for various projects that have been approved but not completed and for future debt reduction.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund has restricted funds of \$29,890,616 at June 30, 2022 consisting primarily of property tax collections that are restricted for debt service payments on bonded debt.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund has \$151,274,513 of fund balance at June 30, 2022 restricted for future construction and renovation projects. Prepaid items of \$37,744 are considered nonspendable fund balance.

Other Funds

The fund balance of \$1,110,099 of the Campus Activity Fund (a special revenue fund) is partially shown as nonspendable (\$1,185) for prepaid items and the remainder of \$1,108,914 is shown as committed due to Board policy committing those funds to campus activities. The Special Revenue Funds include \$1,945,753 of fund balance restricted for Federal or State grant programs.

Note 3. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposit checking accounts and interest-bearing demand accounts was \$6,331,497 and the bank balance was \$10,697,320. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2022 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name. During the year ended June 30, 2022, District deposits were fully collateralized throughout the year.

2. Investments:

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (I) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. Management believes the District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

- a. Custodial Credit Risk: Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2022, the District's cash deposits (including certificates of deposit) totaled \$10,697,320. This entire amount was either collateralized with securities held by the District's agent or covered by FDIC insurance. Thus, the District's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk as of June 30, 2022.
- b. Custodial Credit Risk: Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2022, the District held investments in three public funds investment pools. Investments in external investment pools are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
- c. Credit Risk: This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The rating of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk. The credit quality rating for all investment pools at year-end was AAAm (Standard & Poor's).
- d. Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity for each investment pool is less than 90 days.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk: This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At June 30, 2022, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.
- f. Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer (i.e., lack of diversification). Concentration risk is defined as positions of 5 percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. The District's investments in public funds investment pools are not subject to the concentration risk.

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: I) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The District's investments at June 30, 2022, are shown below:

		Weighted Average
	June 30, 2022	Maturity (Days)
Governmental Activities		
Cash and deposits	\$ 6,254,585	N/A
Investments Local Government Investments Pools		
LOGIC	3,032,115	35
Texas CLASS	241,730,689	32
TexPool	1,354,568	25
Total Investments	246,117,372	
Total Governmental Activities	252,371,957	
Custodial Funds	7/010	N1/A
Cash and Deposits	76,912	N/A
Total Custodial Funds	76,912	
Total	\$ 252,448,869	

Investment pools are measured at amortized cost or net asset value and are exempt for fair value reporting.

The Texas Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System Trust (Texas CLASS) was created as an investment pool for its participants pursuant to Section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code. The Texas CLASS Trust Agreement (Trust) is an agreement of indefinite term regarding the investment, reinvestment and withdrawal of local government funds. The parties to the Trust Agreement are Texas local government entities that choose to participate (the Participants), MBIA Municipal Investors Service Corporation as Program Administrator (the Program Administrator) and Wells Fargo Bank Texas, NA as Custodian (the Custodian).

Texas CLASS is supervised by a Board of Trustees who are elected by the Participants. The Board of Trustees supervises the Trust and its affairs and acts as the liaison between the Participants, the Custodian, and the Program Administrator. The Board administers the affairs of the Trust. It also selects the consultants for Texas CLASS, including the Program Administrator and the Custodian.

The Board of Trustees has appointed an Advisory Board composed of Participants and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the Trust and are qualified to advise the Trust.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The Advisory Board provides advice to the Board of Trustees and the Program Administrator about the investment policy and investment strategy of the Trust and about other matters as requested by the Board of Trustees and the Program Administrator.

The Fund is rated AAA by Standard & Poor's rating agency. This rating is the highest principal stability fund rating assigned by Standard & Poor's.

The District is a voluntary participant in TexPool. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. TexPool operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. TexPool uses amortized cost rather than the market value to report net position to compute share prices. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in TexPool is the same as the value of TexPool shares.

TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's rating agency. This rating is the highest principal stability fund rating assigned by Standard & Poor's.

LOGIC is duly chartered by the State of Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act, is administered by First Southwest Asset Management, Inc. and J.P. Morgan Investment Management, Inc. (JPMIM), and managed by JPMIM. J.P. Morgan Chase provides custody, fund accounting and transfer agency services. LOGIC may invest in obligations of the U.S. or its agencies and instrumentalities; repurchase agreements; SEC-registered money market funds rated in the highest rating category by at least one nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO); and commercial paper rated A-1, P-1 or equivalent by on NRSRO and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit.

The amount of interest earned on the District's investments for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, was \$699,030.

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The District's investments in public funds investment pools are not required to be measured at fair value but are measured at amortized cost.

Forney Independent School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance July 1	Additions/ Completions	Retirements/ Adjustments	Balance June 30
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 8,748,292	\$ 4,942,690	\$ -	\$ 13,690,982
Construction in progress	129,907,780	41,428,551	(127,579,191)	43,757,140
Total capital assets not being depreciated	138,656,072	46,371,241	(127,579,191)	57,448,122
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	337,663,903	219,258,175	(419,569)	556,502,509
Assets under capital lease	1,550,066	-	(79,157)	1,470,909
Vehicles	7,318,625	1,286,020	(121,295)	8,483,350
Furniture and equipment	11,421,755	812,266	(104,507)	12,129,514
Total capital assets being depreciated	357,954,349	221,356,461	(724,528)	578,586,282
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(111,856,832)	(16,034,803)	-	(127,891,635)
Assets under capital lease	(1,361,158)	(168,970)	79,157	(1,450,971)
Vehicles	(4,555,653)	(664,782)	121,295	(5,099,140)
Furniture and equipment	(6,068,981)	(967,195)		(7,036,176)
Total accumulated depreciation	(123,842,624)	(17,835,750)	200,452	(141,477,922)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	234,111,725	203,520,711	(524,076)	437,108,360
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 372,767,797	\$ 249,891,952	\$(128,103,267)	\$ 494,556,482

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the District as follows:

Instruction Instructional resources & media services Curriculum & staff development Instructional leadership School leadership Guidance, counseling & evaluation services	\$ 9,965,317 151,800 408,647 250,829 1,072,574 839,705
Health services Student transportation	230,655 560,048
Food services	809,628
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities General administration	591,788 585,486
Plant maintenance and operations	1,710,050
Security & monitoring services Data processing services	255,038 387,711
Community services	 16,474
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 17,835,750

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 5. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities includes par bonds, capital appreciation (deep discount) serial bonds, capital leases payable, and loans payable. All long-term debt represents transactions in the District's governmental activities.

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

Financed Purchases

The District is obligated under four financed purchases to pay for the purchase of school buses and technology. The following schedule lists the property leased:

Finance Purchase Details	Interest Rate	Date of Agreement	Original perty Value	Property Purchased
City Bank	3.250%	4/25/2014	\$ 280,032	Buses
			\$ 280,032	

Future lease payment requirements under the noncancellable financed purchases are as follows:

2023	\$ 34,674
2024	35,569
Total future minimum lease payments	70,243
Less amount representing interest	(2,243)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 68,000

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Loans Pavable

The District is obligated under two loans payable as follows:

	Interest Rate	Date of Loan	Final Maturity Date	Original Amount	Balance July 1, 2021	Incr	eases_	Po	ayments	Balance June 30, 2022	Due in One Year	Purpose
Public Property Finance Contract, Series 2015 Public Property Finance	3.050%	9/9/2015	4/1/2030	\$ 4,634,000	\$ 3,374,000	\$	-	\$	299,000	\$ 3,075,000	\$ 320,000	Energy management
Series 2020	2.020%	2/6/2020	10/1/2029	6,576,000	5,995,000				613,000	5,382,000	 626,000	Maintenance & renovations
				\$ 11,210,000	\$ 9,369,000	\$		\$	912,000	\$ 8,457,000	\$ 946,000	

Future loans payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending						Total
June 30,	I	Principal	I	nterest	Requirements	
					•	
2023	\$	946,000	\$	196,182	\$	1,142,182
2024		981,000		173,644		1,154,644
2025		1,017,000		150,174		1,167,174
2026		1,047,000		125,741		1,172,741
2027		1,074,000		79,093		1,153,093
2028 - 2030		3,392,000		164,670		3,556,670
	\$	8,457,000	\$	889,504	\$	9,346,504

Bonds Payable

On August 5, 2021, the District issued "Forney Independent School District Unlimited Tax School Building and Refunding Bonds, Series 2021B," totaling for \$79,667,075 to refund a portion of the outstanding bonds. These bonds incur an average cost over the life of the bonds at a rate of 2.781-5.00% and mature annually with semi-annual interest payments. The proceeds were used to construct and renovate school buildings and to refund certain outstanding District obligations. For the refunding portion, these proceeds were used to purchase U.S. Government securities and these securities were placed in an irrevocable escrow account until the refunded bonds are redeemed. The District, in effect, decreased the aggregate debt service payments by \$6,575,149 through 2040 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between present values of the old and new debt service payment) of \$5,614,679. The bonds will fully mature in 2040.

On January 27, 2022, the District issued "Forney Independent School District Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2022A," totaling \$160,665,000. These bonds incur an average cost over the life of the bonds at a rate of 2.50-4.00% and mature annually with semi-annual interest payments. The proceeds were used to construct and renovate school buildings and to purchase new school buses. The bonds will fully mature in 2052.

Forney Independent School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The District has the following bonds payable outstanding as of June 30, 2022:

	Interest Rate Payable	Original Issuance Amount	Amounts Outstanding 06/30/22
Description			
Bonded Indebtedness:			
Unlimited Tax School Building and	/ 7/00/	¢ 12.200.045	ф 1 <i>77//Е/</i>
Refunding Bonds, Series 2000	6.760%	\$ 13,329,945	\$ 1,776,656
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2010	3.000-5.500%	14,999,965	1,186,895
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012	4.750-5.820%	3,924,461	3,924,461
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2013	2.400-2.800%	5,420,000	5,420,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2013A	6.130-6.280%	2,485,901	2,485,901
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2013B	7.000-7.100%	624,973	624,973
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014A	7.100-8.000%	1,545,662	1,545,662
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2014	6.250-7.000%	15,767,323	15,767,323
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	2.000-5.000%	103,095,000	88,735,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2016	2.000-5.000%	14,485,000	10,285,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	2.350-5.000%	41,103,183	41,103,183
Unlimited Tax School Building and			
Refunding Bonds, Series 2018	1.740-5.000%	35,758,029	31,530,730
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2019	1.650-5.000%	19,800,000	18,665,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2020	3.000-5.000%	65,200,000	65,200,000
Unlimited Tax School Building and		,,	
Refunding Bonds, Series 2020A	2.000-5.000%	34,995,000	34,995,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2021A	2.000-3.000%	101,260,000	101,260,000
Unlimited Tax School Building and	2.000 0.00070	101,200,000	101,200,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2021B	2.781-5.000%	79,667,075	79,667,075
	2.500-4.000%		160,665,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2022A	Z.JUU-4.UUU%	160,665,000	100,000,000
Total bonded indebtedness			\$ 664,837,859

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Bonds payable debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending			Total		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Requirements		
2023	\$ 5,239,394	\$ 25,101,403	\$ 30,340,797		
2024	5,093,042	25,264,990	30,358,032		
2025	6,940,195	24,934,587	31,874,782		
2026	9,167,361	23,844,121	33,011,482		
2027	9,880,058	21,923,949	31,804,007		
2028 - 2032	80,574,489	98,683,868	179,258,357		
2033 - 2037	154,935,346	77,690,216	232,625,562		
2038 - 2042	131,891,647	101,853,578	233,745,225		
2043 - 2047	126,282,405	94,616,271	220,898,676		
2048 - 2052	121,854,160	68,801,033	190,655,193		
2053 - 2055	12,979,762	24,419,616	37,399,378		
	\$ 664,837,859	\$ 587,133,632	\$1,251,971,491		

A portion of the bonds sold in the school building series as well as several refunding series included capital appreciation bonds commonly referred to as "premium compound interest bonds". The District annually records the appreciation of bond principal for the accreted value of the bonds through maturity of the issue. The interest of these bond series will be paid upon maturity. The following table summarizes the key features of the individual bonds, by issue:

Series	Par Amount	Accreted Interest at Issue	Accreted Interest Since Issue	Total Accreted Value	Maturity Amount	Maturity Dates
2000	\$ 1,776,656	\$ 117,448	\$ 5,958,949	\$ 7,853,053	\$ 8,680,000	2023-2026
2010	1,186,895	491,693	1,126,506	2,805,093	3,075,000	2023-2027
2012	3,924,461	3,843,075	5,138,354	12,905,890	28,500,000	2023-2040
2013A	2,485,901	1,744,938	3,043,256	7,274,095	23,235,000	2039-2044
2013B	624,973	94,474	610,972	1,330,419	4,960,000	2039-2044
2014	15,767,323	3,465,118	13,909,991	33,142,432	160,305,000	2040-2054
2014A	1,545,662	259,073	1,527,124	3,331,859	19,615,000	2040-2054
2017	1,853,183	-	276,038	2,129,222	2,540,000	2027-2031
2018	729	735,626	71,303	807,658	810,000	2023
2021B	1,277,075	909,376	5,716	2,192,167	2,205,000	2023-2026
Total	\$ 30,442,858	\$ 11,660,821	\$ 31,668,209	\$ 73,771,888	\$ 253,925,000	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Changes in the long-term liabilities of the District for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2021	Additions	Retired/ Refunded	Balance 6/30/2022	Due Within One Year
Description					
Bonded Indebtedness:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 453,229,181	\$ 240,332,075	\$ (28,723,397)	\$ 664,837,859	\$ 5,239,394
Premiums/discounts	40,859,530	17,945,709	(2,909,003)	55,896,236	2,773,965
Accreted interest -					
capital appreciation bonds	48,109,660	5,253,766	(10,034,396)	43,329,030	2,547,439
Financed purchases	409,062	-	(341,062)	68,000	33,000
Loans payable	9,369,000	-	(912,000)	8,457,000	946,000
Net pension liability	26,377,017	-	(11,474,768)	14,902,249	-
Net OPEB liability	26,640,124	4,179,422		30,819,546	
	\$ 604,993,574	\$ 267,710,972	\$ (54,394,626)	\$ 818,309,920	\$ 11,539,798

General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power for the payment of the debt obligations of the District. General Obligation Bonds require the District to compute, at the time taxes are levied, the rate of tax required to provide (in each year bonds are outstanding) a fund to pay interest and principal at maturity. The District is in compliance with this requirement.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various general obligation bonds indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2022.

Defeased Debt

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligation debt by placing the proceeds of the new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded debt. Accordingly the trust account assets and liability for the defeased debt are not included in the District's financial statements. At June 30, 2022 all debt was paid.

Note 6. Deferred Charges on Bond Refundings

The District's deferred charges on bond refundings are as follows:

Balance — June 30, 2021	\$ 10,185,799
Current year loss/(gain) on bond refunding	(83,523)
Removal or prior year deferred charges due	
to current year refunding	(60,586)
Current period amortization	(630,256)
Balance — June 30, 2022	\$ 9,411,434

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Cancellable and Short Term Leases

Commitments under cancellable or short term leases (noncapitalized) agreements for facilities and equipment are subject to fiscal funding clauses. As such, the agreements are cancelable and the District is therefore not obligated for minimum future rental payments as of June 30, 2022. The imputed interest on the leases is not readily determinable.

Note 8. Property Taxes

Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District levies its taxes on October 1 on the assessed (appraised) value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. The assessed value of the property tax roll upon which the levy for the 2021-22 fiscal period was based was \$6,483,292,894. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest charges plus 15% delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the period ended June 30, 2022, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$0.8720 and \$0.5000 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.3720 per \$100 valuation.

Current tax collections for the period ended June 30, 2022 were 99.28% of the June 30, 2022 adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of June 30, 2022, property taxes and penalty and interest receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$1,067,956 and \$582,188 for the General and Debt Service Funds, respectively.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 9. Interfund Balances and Activities

Interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2022 represented short-term advances between funds. These amounts are expected to be repaid in less than one year from June 30, 2022.

Fund	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds	
Major governmental funds: General fund: Capital projects fund Non-major special revenue fund	\$ 6,528,099 4,916,560	\$ -	
Capital projects fund: General fund	<u> </u>	6,528,099	
Total major governmental funds	11,444,659	6,528,099	
Nonmajor governmental funds: Special revenue funds: General fund		4,916,560	
Total nonmajor governmental funds		4,916,560	
Total	\$ 11,444,659	\$ 11,444,659	

Note 10. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about archive cafr.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity, except for members who are grandfathered where the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes, including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs). Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as previously noted in the Plan Description above.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article XVI, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Rates for such plan fiscal years are as follows:

	Contr	ibutior	n Rates
	2022		2021
Member Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State) Employers/District	8.00% 7.75% 7.75%		7.70% 7.50% 7.50%
District Employer Contributions Member Contributions NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)		\$ \$ \$	3,195,432 6,940,270 4,487,547

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act.

As the non-employer contributing entity, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during the fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, local or non-educational and general funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall
 contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for
 certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all
 other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two surcharges an employer is subject to:

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment-after-retirement surcharge.
- Public education employer contribution all public schools, charter schools and regional education service centers must contribute 1.6% of the member's salary beginning in September 1, 2020, gradually increasing to 2.0% on September 1, 2024.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation of the total pension liability was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2021 and was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Valuation date	August 31, 2020 rolled forward
	to August 31, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset valuation method	Market Value
Single discount rate	7.25%
Long-term expected investment rate of return	7.25%
Municipal bond rate as of August 2021	1.95%
Last year ending Aug 31 in projection period	2120
Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases including inflation	3.05% to 9.05%
Benefit changes during the year	None
Ad hoc post employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2020.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Discount Rate and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below:

Asset Class* Target Real Rate Portfolio Geomtric Target Real Rate Portfolio of Return*** Returns			Long-term	Expected
Target Real Rate Portfolio Returns			Expected	Contribution
Asset Class* Allocation** of Return*** Returns Global equity: U.S. 18.00% 3.60% 0.94% Non-U.S. developed 13.00% 4.40% 0.83% Emerging markets 9.00% 4.60% 0.74% Private equity 14.00% 6.30% 1.36% Stable value: 60 vernment bonds 16.00% -0.20% 0.01% Absolute return - 1.10% - Stable value hedge funds 5.00% 2.20% 0.12% Real return: Real estate 15.00% 4.50% 1.00% Energy, natural resources and infrastructure 6.00% 4.70% 0.35% Commodities - 1.70% - Risk parity: 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation lev erage: 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation lev erage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag***** -0.95%			Geomtric	to Long-Term
Second Color Col		Target	Real Rate	Portfolio
U.S. 18.00% 3.60% 0.94% Non-U.S. developed 13.00% 4.40% 0.83% Emerging markets 9.00% 4.60% 0.74% Priv ate equity 14.00% 6.30% 1.36% Stable value: 3.60% -0.20% 0.01% Government bonds 16.00% -0.20% 0.01% Absolute return - 1.10% - Stable value hedge funds 5.00% 2.20% 0.12% Real return: Real estate 15.00% 4.50% 1.00% Energy, natural resources and infrastructure 6.00% 4.70% 0.35% Commodities - 1.70% - Risk parity: 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag***** -0.95%	Asset Class*	Allocation**	of Return***	Returns
Non-U.S. developed 13.00% 4.40% 0.83% Emerging markets 9.00% 4.60% 0.74% Private equity 14.00% 6.30% 1.36% Stable value: 3.00% -0.20% 0.01% Absolute return - 1.10% - Stable value hedge funds 5.00% 2.20% 0.12% Real return: Real estate 15.00% 4.50% 1.00% Energy, natural resources and infrastructure 6.00% 4.70% 0.35% Commodities - 1.70% - Risk parity: 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Global equity:			
Emerging markets 9.00% 4.60% 0.74% Private equity 14.00% 6.30% 1.36% Stable value: Government bonds 16.00% -0.20% 0.01% Absolute return - 1.10% - Stable value hedge funds 5.00% 2.20% 0.12% Real return: Real estate 15.00% 4.50% 1.00% Energy, natural resources and infrastructure 6.00% 4.70% 0.35% Commodities - 1.70% - Risk parity: 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% -0.95%	U.S.	18.00%	3.60%	0.94%
Private equity 14.00% 6.30% 1.36% Stable value:	Non-U.S. developed	13.00%	4.40%	0.83%
Stable value: 16.00% -0.20% 0.01% Absolute return - 1.10% - Stable value hedge funds 5.00% 2.20% 0.12% Real return: - 15.00% 4.50% 1.00% Energy, natural resources and infrastructure 6.00% 4.70% 0.35% Commodities - 1.70% - Risk parity: 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Emerging markets	9.00%	4.60%	0.74%
Government bonds 16.00% -0.20% 0.01% Absolute return - 1.10% - Stable value hedge funds 5.00% 2.20% 0.12% Real return: Real estate 15.00% 4.50% 1.00% Energy, natural resources and infrastructure 6.00% 4.70% 0.35% Commodities - 1.70% - Risk parity: 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: Cash 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Private equity	14.00%	6.30%	1.36%
Absolute return - 1.10% - Stable value hedge funds 5.00% 2.20% 0.12% Real return: Real estate 15.00% 4.50% 1.00% Energy, natural resources and infrastructure 6.00% 4.70% 0.35% Commodities - 1.70% - Risk parity: Risk parity 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: Cash 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Stable value:			
Stable value hedge funds 5.00% 2.20% 0.12% Real return: Real estate 15.00% 4.50% 1.00% Energy, natural resources and infrastructure 6.00% 4.70% 0.35% Commodities - 1.70% - Risk parity: 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: Cash 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Government bonds	16.00%	-0.20%	0.01%
Real return: Real estate 15.00% 4.50% 1.00% Energy, natural resources and infrastructure 6.00% 4.70% 0.35% Commodities - 1.70% - Risk parity: 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Absolute return	-	1.10%	-
Real estate 15.00% 4.50% 1.00% Energy, natural resources and infrastructure 6.00% 4.70% 0.35% Commodities - 1.70% - Risk parity: 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Stable value hedge funds	5.00%	2.20%	0.12%
Energy, natural resources and infrastructure 6.00% 4.70% 0.35% Commodities - 1.70% - Risk parity: Risk parity 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: Cash 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Real return:			
infrastructure 6.00% 4.70% 0.35% Commodities - 1.70% - Risk parity: 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: - -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Real estate	15.00%	4.50%	1.00%
Commodities - 1.70% - Risk parity: 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: - -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Energy, natural resources and			
Risk parity: 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: 0.20% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	infrastructure	6.00%	4.70%	0.35%
Risk parity 8.00% 2.80% 0.28% Asset allocation leverage: 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Commodities	-	1.70%	-
Asset allocation leverage: 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Cash 2.00% -0.50% -0.50% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Risk parity:			
Cash 2.00% -0.70% -0.01% Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Risk parity	8.00%	2.80%	0.28%
Asset allocation leverage -6.00% -0.50% 0.03% Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Asset allocation leverage:			
Inflation expectation 2.20% Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Cash	2.00%	-0.70%	-0.01%
Volatility drag**** -0.95%	Asset allocation leverage	-6.00%	-0.50%	0.03%
<u> </u>	Inflation expectation			2.20%
Totals 100.00% 6.90%	Volatility drag****			-0.95%
	Totals	100.00%		6.90%

^{*}Absolute return includes credit sensitive investments.

^{**}Target allocations are based on the FY 2021 policy model.

^{***}Capital market assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/2021).

^{****}The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in	1% Increase in		
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate		
	(6.25%)	(7.25%)	(8.25%)	
Forney ISD's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability:	\$ 32,563,779	\$ 14,902,249	\$ 573,387	

Change of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of assumptions since the prior measurement date that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms since the prior measurement date that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$14,902,249 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$	14,902,249
State's proportionate share that is associated with District		25,069,898
Total	\$	39.972.147
	<u> </u>	= : ;: : = ; : : : : : : : : : : : : : :

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 through August 31, 2021.

At the measurement date of August 31, 2021, the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.05852%, an increase of 0.00922% from its proportionate share of 0.04929% at August 31, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,438,440 and revenue of \$3,195,432 for support provided by the State.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

At June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.):

		Deferred		Deferred
	C	outflows of		Inflows of
	Resources		Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	24,938	\$	(1,049,130)
Changes in actuarial assumptions		5,267,654		(2,296,245)
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-		(12,495,342)
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's				
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		5,268,075		(407,591)
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		2,766,191		-
Total	\$	13,326,858	\$	(16,248,308)

\$2,766,191 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	Pen	sion Expense (Income)
2023 2024 2025 2026 2027 Thereafter	\$	(631,052) (714,680) (2,005,968) (3,079,689) 560,810 182,938
Total	\$	(5,687,641)

Note 11. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. TRS-Care was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature and is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_archive_cafr.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs). The Board of Trustees of TRS is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees

	Medicare		Non-r	medicare
5 11	.	105	.	000
Retiree*	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and spouse		529		689
Retiree* and children		468		408
Retiree and family		1,020		999

^{*} or surviving spouse

Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act.

Rates for such plan fiscal years are as follows:

	Contribution Rates		
	2022		2021
Active employee	0.65%		0.65%
Non-employer contributing entity (State)	1.25%		1.25%
Employers (District)	0.75%		0.75%
Federal/private funding*	1.25%		1.25%
*Contributions paid from federal funds and private grants are remitted	ed by the District		
and paid at the State rate.			
District Employer Contributions		\$	736,799
Member Contributions		\$	563,897
NECE On-behalf Contributions		\$	1,024,751

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

The State of Texas also contributed \$279,917, \$345,844 and \$281,043 in 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively, for on-behalf payments for Medicare Part D.

TRS-Care received a supplemental appropriation from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$5.5 million in fiscal year 2021 for consumer protections against medical health care billing by certain out-of-network providers.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarial valuation of the total OPEB liability was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2021.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The following assumptions used for the valuation of the TRS-Care OPEB liability are identical to the assumptions employed in the August 31, 2021 TRS annual pension actuarial valuation:

Demographic Assumptions	Economic Assumptions
Rates of mortality	General inflation
Rates of retirement	Wage inflation
Rates of termination	Salary increases
Rates of disability	

See Note 10 for detail on these assumptions. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50% for Medicare retirees and 7.10% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.50% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 12 years.

The following methods and additional assumptions were used in the TRS-Care OPEB valuation:

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Single Discount Rate	1.95%
Aging Factors	Based on specific plan experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the
	delivery of health care benefits are included in the
	age-adjusted claim costs
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65
	and 40% participation after age 65. 25% of pre-65
	retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at 65.
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 1.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability at August 31, 2021. This was a decrease of 0.38% in the discount rate since the August 31, 2020 measurement date. The plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, and based on the assumption that contributions are made at the statutorily required rates, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments to current members and therefore, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data / Yield Curve / Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the TRS-Care net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(0.95%)	(1.95%)	(2.95%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 37,175,474	\$ 30,819,546	\$ 25,817,223

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the assumed health-care cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Healthcare	Healthcare	Healthcare
	Trend Rate	Trend Rate	Trend Rate
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 24,962,811	\$ 30,819,546	\$ 38,677,829

Change of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 2.33% as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95% as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the total OPEB liability.

Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$30,819,546 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 30,819,546
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	41,291,323
Total	\$ 72,110,869

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 through August 31, 2021.

At the measurement date of August 31, 2021, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.07990% which was an increase of 0.00982% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized net OPEB revenue of \$1,040,954 due to recognition of deferred inflows in excess of deferred outflows and current year expense. OPEB revenue of \$1,366,795 was recognized for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic		
experience	\$ 1,326,927	\$ (14,918,816)
Changes in actuarial assumptions	3,413,627	(6,517,763)
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	33,460	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's		
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	10,675,425	-
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	629,995	-
Total	\$ 16,079,434	\$ (21,436,579)

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

\$629,995 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

		Pension		
Year Ending		Expense		
June 30,		Amount		
2023	\$	(1,743,260)		
2024		(1,744,014)		
2025	(1,743,808)			
2026		(932,558)		
2027		165,743		
Thereafter		10,757		
Total	\$	(5,987,140)		

Note 12. Medicare Part D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, IRS-Care receives drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$279,917. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statement of the District.

Note 13. Health Care

During the period ended June 30, 2022, employees of Forney Independent School District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District contributed \$225 per month per employee to the Plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay any additional contribution and contributions for dependents. All contributions were paid to a fully insured plan.

Note 14. Workers Compensation

The District participates in the Texas Public Schools Workers Compensation Project Self-Insurance Joint Fund ('the fund''). The District was partially self-funded to a loss fund maximum of \$490,122 for the 21-22 fiscal period. Additionally, the District incurred fixed costs of \$150,099 for their share of claims administration, loss control, record keeping, and cost of excess insurance.

Creative Risk Funding provides claims administration. Reinsurance is provided for individual claim losses exceeding \$100,000 for the District and \$350,000 for the Fund and aggregate losses exceeding \$9,805,124 for the Fund. The fixed cost charge is based on total payroll paid by the District. Increases or decreases in the fixed costs will adjust subsequent year charges.

The accrued liability for workers compensation self-insurance of \$310,602 includes incurred but not reported claims. This liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," which require that a liability for claims be reported if information indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of loss can be reasonably estimated. The liability recorded is an undiscounted actuarial calculation.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Changes in workers compensation claims liability amounts in fiscal periods 2022 and 2021 are represented below:

Fiscal Year	Peri	ginning of iod Claims Liability	Claims and Changes in Estimates		Changes in Claims		End of Period Claims Liability
2022 2021	\$	223,402 203,417	\$	232,364 228,392	\$	145,164 208,407	310,602 223,402

Note 15. Due from Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation, Per Capita, Existing Debt Allotment, and Instruction Facilities Allotment Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments in the governmental funds as of June 30, 2022, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

Fund	State Entitlements		
General Special revenue	\$ 19,480,141 603,042	\$ 1,319 4,961,565	\$ 19,481,460 5,564,607
Total	\$ 20,083,183	\$ 4,962,884	\$ 25,046,067

Note 16. Litigation and Contingencies

The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2022 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

Note 17. Arbitrage

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148(f) of the Internal Service Code of 1986, as amended, bonds must satisfy certain arbitrage rebate requirements. Positive arbitrage is the excess of (1) the amount earned on investments purchased with bond proceeds over (2) the amount that such investments would have earned had such investments been invested at a rate equal to the yield on the bond issue. In order to comply with the arbitrage rebate requirements, positive arbitrage must be paid to the U.S. Treasury at the end of each five year anniversary date of the bond issue. The District has estimated it does not have an arbitrage liability as of June 30, 2022.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 18. Revenues from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources in the fund-basis financial statements consisted of the following:

	General	Special	Debt	Capital	
Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Revenue Funds	Service Fund	Projects Fund	Total
Property Taxes Food Sales	\$ 56,380,192	\$ - 1,133,361	\$ 32,305,015	\$ -	\$ 88,685,207 1,133,361
Investment Income Penalties, interest and other	156,734	3,213	75,307	463,776	699,030
tax related income Co-curricular and	240,675	-	124,120	-	364,795
student activities	369,462	1,038,358	-	-	1,407,820
Other	2,509,760				2,509,760
Total	\$ 59,656,823	\$ 2,174,932	\$ 32,504,442	\$ 463,776	\$ 94,799,973

Note 19. General Fund Federal Source Revenues

The following federal revenue sources are reported in the District's general fund:

	Assistance	
Program or Source	Listing #	Amount
Indirect Costs:		
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ 447,573
ESSER II - CRRSA Pre-Award	84.425D	1,939,398
E-Rate	N/A	81,843
SHARS	N/A	646,781
JROTC	N/A	85,115
		\$ 3,200,710

Note 20. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Special		
	R	evenue	
		Fund	
Student account balances Grant funds	\$	181,219 472,988	
Total	\$	654,207	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Note 21. Shared Service Arrangements/Joint Ventures

The District participates in a shared services arrangement ("SSA") for a federal program with Mesquite ISD for deaf education services. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Mesquite ISD, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA.

Note 22. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had entered into contracts for various construction and renovation projects. At June 30, 2022, there was \$270,056,264 remaining costs under these contracts. These projects are to be paid from Capital Projects Fund fund balance as well as General Fund resources.

Note 23. Subsequent Event

On May 26, 2022, the Board of Trustees approved issuance of the "Forney Independent School District Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2022B" in the amount of \$290,000,000 for the purpose of purchasing sites for school facilities, and "Forney Independent School District Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2022C" as premium capital appreciation bonds, in the amount of \$731,064.70, for the purpose of refunding Series 2012 Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds. The Bonds were issued on August 2, 2022.

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Required Supplementary Information

Forney Independent School District
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance
Budget and Actual – General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data Control		Budgeted	d Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
Codes		Original	Final	GAAP BASIS	(Negative)	
	REVENUES					
5700	Total local and intermediate sources	\$ 57,800,689	\$ 59,039,222	\$ 59,656,823	\$ 617,601	
5800	State program revenues	63,324,305	70,966,900	71,007,499	40,599	
5900	Federal program revenues	956,500	1,137,157	3,200,710	2,063,553	
5020	Total revenues	122,081,494	131,143,279	133,865,032	2,721,753	
	EXPENDITURES					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction	69,727,085	68,731,944	66,617,827	2,114,117	
0012	Instructional resources and media services	1,027,637	1,074,725	1,041,630	33,095	
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	2,623,958	2,798,543	2,719,606	78,937	
0021	Instructional leadership	1,497,601	1,592,194	1,584,419	7,775	
0023	School leadership	7,363,069	7,502,419	7,448,684	53,735	
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	4,828,675	4,842,236	4,718,984	123,252	
0033	Health services	1,567,025	1,635,410	1,593,051	42,359	
0034	Student (pupil) transportation	5,239,724	5,274,708	5,124,725	149,983	
0035	Food services	-	15,000	-	15,000	
0036	Extracurricular activities	3,686,332	3,824,799	3,652,788	172,011	
0041	General administration	3,750,078	4,296,517	4,245,109	51,408	
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	11,949,640	13,837,646	12,576,098	1,261,548	
0052	Security and monitoring services	1,787,161	2,238,696	2,048,604	190,092	
0053	Data processing services	3,367,835	3,388,445	2,992,595	395,850	
0061	Community services	110,869	119,432	118,575	857	
	Debt service:					
0071	Principal on long-term debt	1,253,062	1,253,062	1,253,062	-	
0072	Interest on long-term debt	227,141	227,143	227,143	-	
	Capital outlay:					
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction	1,105,564	16,738,050	11,217,122	5,520,928	
	Intergovernmental:					
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	969,038	994,299	994,299		
6030	Total expenditures	122,081,494	140,385,268	130,174,321	10,210,947	
1200	Net change in fund balances	-	(9,241,989)	3,690,711	12,932,700	
0100	Fund balance - July 1 (beginning)	52,874,439	52,874,439	52,874,439		
3000	FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30 (ENDING)	\$ 52,874,439	\$ 43,632,450	\$ 56,565,150	\$ 12,932,700	

Forney Independent School District

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Budget Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District adopts annual appropriations type budgets for the General Fund, Child Nutrition Fund, and the Debt Service Fund using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting, as required by law. The remaining Special Revenue Funds (primarily federal grant programs) utilize a managerial type budget approved at the fund level by the Board of Trustees upon acceptance of the grants. These grants are subject to Federal, State and locally imposed project length budgets and monitoring through submission of reimbursement reports.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the function or activity level. Expenditure requests which would require an increase in total budgeted appropriations must be approved by the Trustees through formal budget amendment. State law prohibits trustees from making budget appropriations in excess of funds available and estimated revenues. State law also prohibits amendment of the budget after fiscal year end. Supplemental appropriations were made to the General Fund during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the Board of Trustees approved budget amendments increasing expenditures as follows:

General Fund

Amendments Approved \$18,303,774

The amendments included \$15.6 million for approved construction and renovations.

The administrative level at which responsibility for control of budgeted appropriations begins is at the organizational level within each function of operations. The finance department reviews closely the expenditure requests submitted by the various organizational heads (principals and department heads) throughout the year to ensure proper spending compliance. No public funds of the District shall be expended in any manner other than as provided for in the budget adopted by the Board of Trustees.

The official school budget was prepared for adoption for budgeted governmental fund types by June 30, 2021. The budget was formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a duly advertised public meeting prior to the expenditure of funds. The final amended budget is filed with the Texas Education Agency (TEA) through inclusion in the annual financial and compliance report.

Forney Independent School District

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teacher Retirement System of Texas For the Last Eight Fiscal Years

	FY 2022	FY 2021	FY 2020
	Plan Year 2021	Plan Year 2020	Plan Year 2019
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.0585172%	0.0492495%	0.0504946%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ 14,902,249	\$ 26,377,017	\$ 26,248,659
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	25,069,898	48,380,593	40,619,625
TOTALS	\$ 39,972,147	\$ 74,757,610	\$ 66,868,284
District's covered payroll	\$ 75,959,322	\$ 65,937,445	\$ 57,611,162
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	20%	40%	46%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2020 are for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

	FY 2019		FY 2018		FY 2017		FY 2016		FY 2015
PI	an Year 2018	Plo	an Year 2017	Plo	an Year 2016	Plo	an Year 2015	Plo	an Year 2014
	0.0471434%		0.0431618%		0.0387341%		0.0416884%		0.0266553%
\$	25,948,857	\$	13,800,819	\$	14,637,024	\$	14,736,295	\$	7,120,000
	42,315,516		25,002,570		29,594,886		28,115,166		23,658,884
\$	68,264,373	\$	38,803,389	\$	44,231,910	\$	42,851,461	\$	30,778,884
\$	53,028,117	\$	49,484,106	\$	45,915,687	\$	44,674,140	\$	42,055,864
	49%		28%		32%		33%		17%
	73.74%		82.17%		78.00%		78.43%		83.25%

Forney Independent School District Schedule of District's Contributions for Pensions Teacher Retirement System of Texas For Fiscal Year 2022

	 2022	2021	2020
Contractually required contributions	\$ 3,195,432	\$ 2,430,341	\$ 2,005,352
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	 (3,195,432)	(2,430,341)	(2,005,352)
CONTRIBUTIONS DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 86,753,373	\$ 74,015,422	\$ 64,453,642
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	3.68%	3.28%	3.11%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

2019	 2018	 2017	 2016
\$ 1,729,888	\$ 1,557,673	\$ 1,364,826	\$ 1,219,018
 (1,729,888)	 (1,557,673)	 (1,364,826)	 (1,219,018)
\$ -	\$ 	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 56,924,091	\$ 52,395,548	\$ 48,837,086	\$ 45,546,050
3.04%	2.97%	2.79%	2.68%

Forney Independent School District

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Teacher Retirement System of Texas For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	FY 2022 Plan Year 2021	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability for Other Postemployment Benefits	0.079896229%	0.070078821%	0.065026761%	0.060665755%	0.057731363%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 30,819,546	\$ 26,640,124	\$ 30,751,952	\$ 30,290,967	\$ 25,105,204
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) associated with the District	41,291,323	35,797,941	40,862,465	46,658,254	39,899,269
TOTALS	\$ 72,110,869	\$ 62,438,065	\$ 71,614,417	\$ 76,949,221	\$ 65,004,473
District's covered payroll	\$ 75,959,322	\$ 65,937,445	\$ 57,611,162	\$ 89,139,344	\$ 87,243,269
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	40.57%	40.40%	53.38%	33.98%	28.78%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2022 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2021. The amounts for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are based on the August 31, 2018 measurement date. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

Forney Independent School District

Schedule of the District's Contributions for Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Teacher Retirement System of Texas Last Five Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Contractually required contributions	\$ 736,799	\$ 611,272	\$ 496,685	\$ 455,767	\$ 398,401
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	(736,799)	(611,272)	 (496,685)	(455,767)	 (398,401)
CONTRIBUTIONS DEFICIENCY (EXCESS)	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 86,753,373	\$ 74,015,422	\$ 64,453,642	\$ 56,924,091	\$ 52,395,548
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	0.85%	0.83%	0.77%	0.80%	0.76%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

Forney Independent School District

Notes to Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Pension Liability:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions:

There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

OPEB Liability:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date. Changes of assumptions:

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 2.33% as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95% as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the total OPEB liability.

Combining Schedules

Forney Independent School District Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

Data Control			211 SEA I, A aproving	IDE	224 EA - Part B	225 IDEA - Part B		
Codes		Basi	c Program	F	ormula	Preschool		
	ASSETS							
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
1240	Due from other governments		175,346		784,667		-	
1410	Prepayments				-		-	
1000	Total assets	\$	175,346	\$	784,667	\$		
	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
	Liabilities:							
2110	Accounts payable	\$	2,848	\$	2,600	\$	-	
2160	Accrued wages payable		48,460		226,213		-	
2170	Due to other funds		124,038		555,854		-	
2300	Unearned revenues		-		-		-	
2000	Total liabilities		175,346		784,667		-	
	Fund balances:							
	Nonspendable:							
3430	Prepaid items		-		-		-	
	Restricted:							
3450	Federal or state funds grant restriction		-		-		-	
	Committed:							
3545	Other committed fund balance		-					
3000	Total fund balances		-		-		-	
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	175,346	\$	784,667	\$	-	

Exhibit H-1 (continued)

Fo	Food Service Fund		244 eer and hnical - ic Grant	255 ESEA, Title II, Part A		263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition		281 ESSER II - Coronavirus Response		282 ESSER III - ARPA		Suj	283 ESSER oplemental
\$	2,350,405 39,011 6,502	\$	- 2,600 -	\$	- 91,842 -	\$	37,276 4,803	\$	- 95,914 -	\$	- 1,695,666 -	\$	- 1,986,474 -
\$	2,395,918	\$	2,600	\$	91,842	\$	42,079	\$	95,914	\$	1,695,666	\$	1,986,474
\$	7,534 267,425 - 181,219	\$	- - 2,600 -	\$	930 - 90,662 250	\$	95 2,339 39,645 -	\$	9,692 86,222 -	\$	109,171 1,586,495 -	\$	229,837 1,756,637
	456,178		2,600		91,842		42,079		95,914		1,695,666		1,986,474
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	1,939,740		-		-		-		-		-		-
					-				-				-
	1,939,740				-				-		-		-
\$	2,395,918	\$	2,600	\$	91,842	\$	42,079	\$	95,914	\$	1,695,666	\$	1,986,474

Forney Independent School District Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

			284		285	288	289
Data							
Control	l	IDE	EA-Part B	IDE	A-Part B	itle IV,	School
Codes	_	Forn	nula ARPA	Presci	hool ARPA	 Part A	 Health
	ASSETS						
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 455,776
1240	Due from other governments		40,292		9,305	3,172	-
1410	Prepayments					 	
1000	Total assets	\$	40,292	\$	9,305	\$ 3,172	\$ 455,776
	LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES						
	Liabilities:						
2110	Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
2160	Accrued wages payable		-		3,715	-	-
2170	Due to other funds		40,292		5,590	3,172	-
2300	Unearned revenues		-		-	 	 455,776
2000	Total liabilities		40,292		9,305	3,172	455,776
	Fund balances:						
	Nonspendable:						
3430	Prepaid items		-		-	-	-
	Restricted:						
3450	Federal or state funds grant restriction		-		-	-	-
	Committed:						
3545	Other committed fund balance		-		-	 -	 -
3000	Total fund balances		-		-	 	 -
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	40,292	\$	9,305	\$ 3,172	\$ 455,776

Exhibit H-1 (concluded)

385 State Supplemental Visually Impaired		Pla	397 vanced cement entives	410 State structional Materials	Ed	429 Texas ucation tellence	461 Campus Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	19 - -	\$	4,195 - -	\$ - 603,042 15,778	\$	3,618 - -	\$ 1,142,996 - 1,185	\$ 3,957,009 5,564,607 28,268		
\$	19	\$	4,195	\$ 618,820	\$	3,618	\$ 1,144,181	\$ 9,549,884		
\$	- - - 19	\$	1,800 - - -	\$ - - 601,877 16,943	\$	- - -	\$ 10,606 - 23,476 -	\$ 26,413 896,852 4,916,560 654,207		
	19		1,800	618,820		-	34,082	6,494,032		
	-		-	-		-	1,185	1,185		
	-		2,395	-		3,618	-	1,945,753		
				 			 1,108,914	 1,108,914		
	-		2,395	 		3,618	 1,110,099	3,055,852		
\$	19	\$	4,195	\$ 618,820	\$	3,618	\$ 1,144,181	\$ 9,549,884		

Forney Independent School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data Control Codes		In	211 SEA I, A nproving c Program	224 EA - Part B Formula	225 A - Part B eschool
	REVENUES			 	
5700	Total local and intermediate sources	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
5800	State program revenues		-	-	-
5900	Federal program revenues		499,817	2,369,598	 14,911
5020	Total revenues		499,817	 2,369,598	14,911
	EXPENDITURES				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction		245,478	949,100	14,911
0012	Instructional resources and media services		-	-	-
0013	Curriculum and staff development		990	540	-
0021	Instructional leadership		244,499	1,460	-
0023	School leadership		-	-	-
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		-	1,225,008	-
0033	Health services		-	-	-
0034	Student (pupil) transportation		8,850	-	-
0035	Food services		-	-	-
0036	Extracurricular activities		-	-	-
0041	General administration		-	-	-
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		-	-	-
0052	Security and monitoring services		-	-	-
0053	Data processing services		-	-	-
0061	Community services		-	-	-
	Intergovernmental:				
0093	Payments to fiscal agent/member districts of SSA			 193,490	
6030	Total expenditures		499,817	2,369,598	 14,911
1200	Net change in fund balances		-	-	-
0100	Fund balance - July 1 (beginning)				
3000	Fund balance - June 30 (ending)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -

240 Food Service Fund		244 Career and Technical - Basic Grant		Career and Technical - ESEA, Title II,		263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition		281 ESSER II - Coronavirus Response		282 ESSER III - ARPA		283 ESSER Supplemental	
\$	1,136,574 146,976	\$	-	\$ -	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
	6,564,293		78,697	192,450		113,310		95,914		2,952,714		1,986,474	
	7,847,843		78,697	 192,450		113,310		95,914		2,952,714		1,986,474	
	-		78,697	_		54,752		36,650		2,711,730		1,703,868	
	-		-	-		40,000		-		-		-	
	-		-	168,485		16,920		-		-		65,718	
	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-	23,965		-		-		60,802		101,690	
	_		-	-		-		- 59,264		-		52,895	
	_		-	_		_		39,264		-		-	
	5,908,103		_	_		_		_		_		_	
	-		-	_		-		-		180,182		-	
	-		-	-		-		-		-		23,898	
	-		-	-		-		-		-		38,405	
	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-	-		-		-		-		-	
	-		-	-		1,638		-		-		-	
	5,908,103		78,697	192,450		113,310		95,914		2,952,714		1,986,474	
	1,939,740		-	-		-		-		-		-	
\$	1,939,740	\$		\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	

Forney Independent School District
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data Control Codes	ol		284 IDEA-Part B Formula ARPA		285 IDEA-Part B Preschool ARPA		288 Title IV, Part A		289 School Health	
	REVENUES									
5700	Total local and intermediate sources	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	
5800	State program revenues	•	_	•	_	•	_	·	_	
5900	Federal program revenues		63,415		9,305		11,305		39,249	
5020	Total revenues		63,415		9,305		11,305		39,249	
	EXPENDITURES									
	Current:									
0011	Instruction		20,400		9,305		9,483		2,949	
0012	Instructional resources and media services		-		-		-		-	
0013	Curriculum and staff development		-		-		-		-	
0021	Instructional leadership		-		-		-		-	
0023	School leadership		-		-		-		-	
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		43,015		-		-		-	
0033	Health services		-		-		-		36,300	
0034	Student (pupil) transportation		-		-		-		-	
0035	Food services		-		-		-		-	
0036	Extracurricular activities		-		-		-		-	
0041	General administration		-		-		-		-	
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations		-		-		-		-	
0052	Security and monitoring services		-		-		1,822		-	
0053	Data processing services		-		-		-		-	
0061	Community services		-		-		-		-	
	Intergovernmental:									
0093	Payments to fiscal agent/member districts of SSA		-				-	-	-	
6030	Total expenditures		63,415		9,305		11,305		39,249	
1200	Net change in fund balances		-		-		-		-	
0100	Fund balance - July 1 (beginning)				-					
3000	Fund balance - June 30 (ending)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

385 State Supplemental Visually Impaired		Adv Plac	397 vanced cement entives	410 State Instructional Materials		429 Texas ucation cellence	461 Campus Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	- 6,056 -	\$	- 4,652 -	\$ - 260,682 -	\$	- 19,230 -	\$ 1,038,358 - -	\$ 2,174,932 437,596 14,991,452		
	6,056		4,652	260,682		19,230	 1,038,358	 17,603,980		
	6,056		-	250,941		-	72,978	6,167,298		
	-		-	9,741		31	16,331	66,103		
	-		4,975	-		450	1,682	259,760		
	-		-	-		-	-	245,959		
	-		-	-		-	191,764	378,221		
	-		-	-		18,749	68,937	1,408,604		
	-		-	-		-	1,050	96,614		
	-		-	-		-	1,294	10,144		
	-		-	-		-	-	5,908,103		
	-		-	-		-	495,142	675,324		
	-		-	-		-	3,464	27,362		
	-		-	-		-	9,567	47,972		
	-		-	-		-	-	1,822		
	-		-	-		-	-	-		
	-		-	-		-	-	1,638		
								193,490		
	6,056		4,975	 260,682		19,230	 862,209	15,488,414		
	-		(323)	-		-	176,149	2,115,566		
			2,718	-		3,618	 933,950	940,286		
\$	-	\$	2,395	\$ -	\$	3,618	\$ 1,110,099	\$ 3,055,852		

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T.E.A. Required Schedules

Forney Independent School District Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	I	2	3 Assessed/Appraised	
Last Ten Years Ended	Tax F	Value For School		
June 30,	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes	
2013 and prior years	Various	Various	Various	
2014	1.040000	0.500000	2,351,857,078	
2015	1.040000	0.500000	2,524,807,922	
2016	1.040000	0.500000	2,619,751,558	
2017	1.040000	0.500000	3,067,166,142	
2018	1.040000	0.500000	3,549,936,957	
2019	1.040000	0.500000	4,037,668,117	
2020	0.970000	0.500000	4,740,331,361	
2021	0.874700	0.500000	5,496,337,074	
2022 (School year under audit)	0.872000	0.500000	6,483,292,894	

1000 TOTALS

Penalty and interest receivable on taxes

Total taxes receivable per Exhibit C-1

В	10 Beginning Balance 7/1/2021		20 urrent ear's al Levy	31 Maintenance Collections		32 ebt Service Collections	Ac	40 Entire Year's djustments	50 Ending Balance 6/30/2022			
\$	74,060	\$	-	\$	10,380	\$ 4,292	\$	(6,354)	\$	53,034		
	16,759		-		1,085	522		-		15,152		
	22,719		-		1,345	646		-		20,728		
	37,164	-		3,914		1,882		(125)		31,243		
	51,511		-		5,397	2,595		206		43,725		
	73,264		-		26,013	12,506	16,068		16,068			50,813
	161,778		-		123,752	59,496		161,733		140,263		
	224,401		-		103,795	53,503		153,502		220,605		
	795,391		-		252,112	144,113	(114,272)			284,894		
		88	,950,779		55,852,399	 32,025,460		(433,220)		639,700		
\$	1,457,047	\$ 88	,950,779	\$	56,380,192	\$ 32,305,015	\$	(222,462)		1,500,157		
										542,213		
									\$	2,042,370		

Forney Independent School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Food Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data						Actual Amounts		riance With nal Budget	
Control		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts	G	AAP BASIS	Positive or		
Codes		Original		Final		Fund		(Negative)	
	REVENUES	 							
5700	Total local and intermediate sources	\$ 3,374,500	\$	1,132,867	\$	1,136,574	\$	3,707	
5800	State program revenues	137,113		137,113		146,976		9,863	
5900	Federal program revenues	1,853,950		5,345,901		6,564,293		1,218,392	
5020	Total revenues	5,365,563		6,615,881		7,847,843		1,231,962	
	EXPENDITURES								
	Current:								
0035	Food services	 5,365,563		6,615,881		5,908,103		707,778	
6030	Total expenditures	5,365,563		6,615,881		5,908,103		707,778	
1200	Net change in fund balances	-		-		1,939,740		1,939,740	
0100	Fund balance - July 1 (beginning)	 						-	
3000	FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30 (ENDING)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,939,740	\$	1,939,740	

Forney Independent School District Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data Control			Budgeted	d Am	ounts	Actual Amounts GAAP BASIS		Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
Codes		Ori	ginal	Final		Fund		(Negative)		
	REVENUES		•							
5700	Total local and intermediate sources	\$ 32,	,615,111	\$	32,615,111	\$	32,504,442	\$	(110,669)	
5800	State program revenues	-	443,908		443,908		477,510		33,602	
5020	Total revenues	33,	,059,019		33,059,019		32,981,952		(77,067)	
	EXPENDITURES									
	Debt service:									
0071	Principal on long-term debt	9,	,863,654		9,403,653		9,403,653		-	
0072	Interest on long-term debt	20,	,362,487		21,814,452		21,814,452		-	
0073	Bond issuance cost and fees		35,000		212,606		188,846		23,760	
6030	Total expenditures	30,	,261,141		31,430,711		31,406,951		23,760	
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
	over (under) expenditures	2,	,797,878		1,628,308		1,575,001		(53,307)	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
7911	Capital related debt issued		-		19,152,075		19,152,075		-	
7916	Premium or discount on issuance of bonds		-		5,295,542		5,305,252		9,710	
8949	Other (uses)		-		(24,270,012)		(24,271,401)		(1,389)	
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)				177,605		185,926		8,321	
1200	Net change in fund balances	2,	,797,878		1,805,913		1,760,927		(44,986)	
0100	Fund balance - July 1 (beginning)	28,	,129,689		28,129,689		28,129,689			
3000	FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30 (ENDING)	\$ 30,	,927,567	\$	29,935,602	\$	29,890,616	\$	(44,986)	

Forney Independent School District
Use of Funds Report - Select State Allotment Programs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data Control Codes		R	esponse
AP1	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	7,258,000
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34)	\$	2,139,143
AP5	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$	1,084,423
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$	453,786

Federal Awards

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees Forney Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Forney Independent School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

To the Board of Trustees
Forney Independent School District

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weaver and Tiduell, L.L.P.
WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas September 27, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance in Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Trustees
Forney Independent School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Forney Independent School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists.

Weaver and Tidwell, L.L.P.
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To the Board of Trustees
Forney Independent School District

The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
 in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
 report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not
 for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control
 over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

To the Board of Trustees Forney Independent School District

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weaver and Tiduell, L.L.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Dallas, Texas September 27, 2022

Forney Independent School District

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I. Summary of Auditor's Results:

Financial Statements

- a. An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements.
- b. Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

• Significant deficiency (ies) identified that are not considered a material weakness?

None Reported

c. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

No

Federal Awards

d. Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered a material weakness?

None Reported

- e. An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance for major programs.
- f. Any audit findings disclosed that were required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

g. Identification of major federal programs:

Program TitleAssistance Listing NumbersCOVID-19 ESSER II – CRRSA84.425DCOVID-19 ESSER III – ARP84.425UCOVID-19 ESSER III – ARP Supplemental84.425U

h. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type

A and Type B programs: \$750,000

i. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee? Yes

Forney Independent School District Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section 2. Financial Statement Findings:

None

Section 3. Federal Awards Findings:

None

Section 4. Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs:

None

Forney Independent School District Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

(1) Federal Grantor Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	(2) Federal Assistance Listing	(2A) Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	(3) Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed through Texas Department of Education: COVID-19 School Health Support	93.323	02748291	\$ 36,454
Total passed through Texas Department of Education			36,454
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			36,454
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Region 10 Education Service Center:	0.4.01.0.4	01/10101057050	
ESEA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESEA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A 84.010A	21610101057950 22610101057950	6,423 493,394
Total Assistance Listing # 84.010A	84.010A	22810101037730	499,817
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	20671001057950	19,249
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	21671001057950	514
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition Total Assistance Listing # 84.365A	84.365A	22671001057950	93,547 113,310
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	20694501057950	75,920
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher Principal Training Total Assistance Listing # 84.367A	84.367A	22694501057950	116,530 192,450
ESEA Title IV, Part A - Discretionary Funds	84.424A	20680101057950	8,133
ESEA Title IV , Part A - Discretionary Funds Total Assistance Listing # 84.424A	84.424A	22680101057950	3,172 11,305
Total Passed Through Region 10 Education Service Center			816,882
Passed through Texas Department of Education:			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
IDEA- Part B, Formula	84.027A	216600011299026000	32,884
IDEA- Part B, Formula IDEA- Part B, Formula - ARP	84.027A 84.027A	226600011299026600 225350011299025350	2,336,714 63,415
Total Assistance Listing # 84.027A	04.027A	223330011277023330	2,433,013
IDEA- Part B, Preschool	84.173A	226610011299026610	14,911
IDEA- Part B, Preschool - ARP	84.173X	225360011299025360	9,305
Total Assistance Listing # 84.173A			24,216
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			2,457,229
Perkins V - Strengthening CTE for 21st Century	84.048A	21420006129902	12,000
Perkins V - Strengthening CTE for 21st Century Total Assistance Listing # 84.048A	84.048A	22420006129902	66,697 78,697
Summer School LEP	84.369A	69552002	2,949
COVID-19 ESSER II - CRRSA	84.425D	21521001129902	2,035,312
COVID-19 ESSER III - ARP	84.425U	21528001129902	2,952,715
COVID-19 ESSER III - ARP (Supplemental) Total Assistance Listing # 84.425D, 84.425U *	84.425U	21528043129902	1,986,475 6,974,502
Total passed through Texas Department of Education			9,513,377
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			10,330,259
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed through Texas Department of Agriculture:			
Commodity Supplemental Food Program - Noncash assistance	10.555	71302201	284,556
Passed through Texas Department of Education:			,0
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402201	1,353,592
National School Lunch Program	10.555	71302201	5,123,389
Emergency Operational Cost Reimbursement Program	10.555	71302201	3,063
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	71302201	247,266
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			7,011,866
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			7,011,866
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 17,378,579

^{*} Denotes Major Federal Program

Forney Independent School District

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*.

General Fund - is used to account for among other things, resources related to the United States Department of Defense ROTC program and the United States Department of Education's Impact Aid.

Special Revenue Funds - are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

 The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund or, in some instances, in the General Fund which are Governmental Fund type funds.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used in the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

- 3. The period of performance for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 90 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Performance of Federal Funds, 3 CFR Section 200.343 (b).
- 4. Federal Assistance Listing Numbers (FALN) for commodity assistance are the FALN numbers of the programs under which USDA donated the commodities.
- 5. Indirect cost reimbursement for federal programs for this fiscal year was received in the amount of \$447,573, which was received for the School Breakfast Program. The District has elected to not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.
- 6. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA) includes \$1,939,398 of pre-award costs that were expended in a prior fiscal year, but were awarded for federal reimbursement under ESSER II CRRSA in fiscal year 2022. These expenditures are reflected in the SEFA in fiscal year 2022, the year they were deemed federal expenditures.

Forney Independent School District

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

7. The following table reconciles total expenditures per the SEFA (Exhibit K-1) to the federal program revenues per Exhibit C-3:

Total expenditures of federal awards per Exhibit K-1	\$ 17,378,579
SHARS revenue	646,781
E-Rate revenue	81,843
JROTC revenue	84,959
Total federal programs revenue per Exhibit C-3	\$ 18,192,162