

Lawndale Elementary School District

Annual Financial Report

June 30, 2012

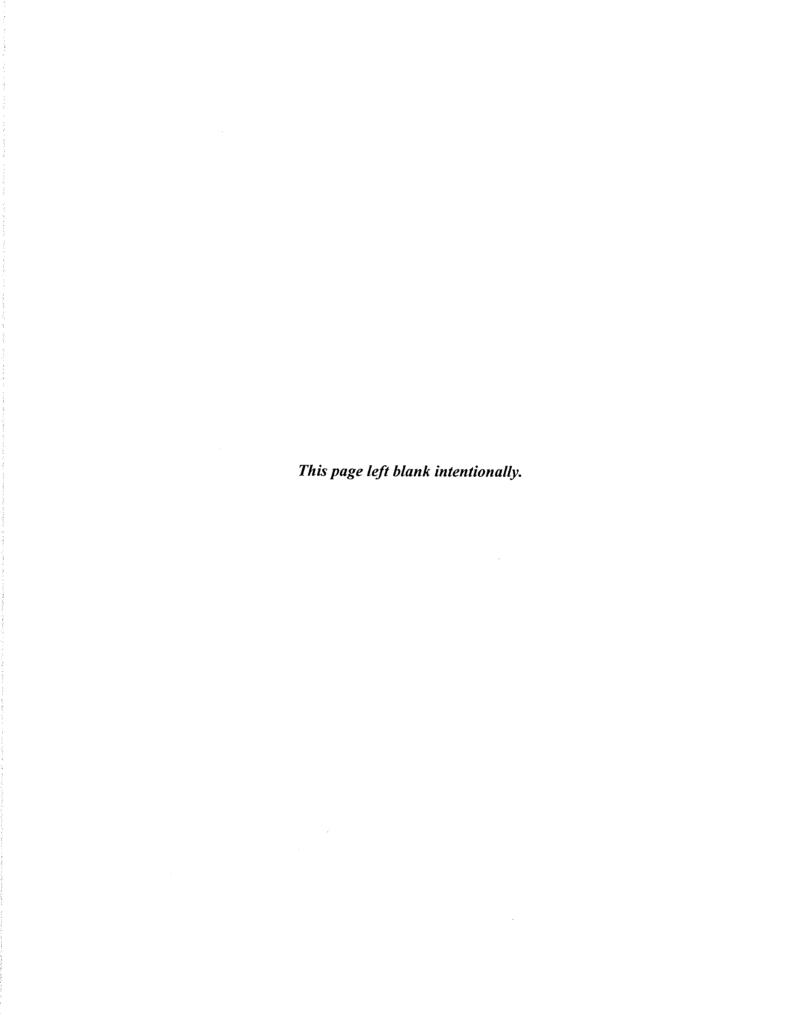
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FINANCIAL SECTION





Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Lawndale Elementary School District Lawndale, California

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lawndale Elementary School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies 2011-2012*, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to previously present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lawndale Elementary School District, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in the Notes to the basic financial statements, the State of California continues to suffer the effects of a recessionary economy, which directly impacts the funding requirements of the State of California to the K-12 educational community.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 6, 2012, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12, and budgetary comparison information and schedule of other postemployment benefits (OPEB) funding progress on pages 50 and 51, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* (Circular A-133) and other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

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Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 6, 2012

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This section of Lawndale Elementary School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2012. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately. These statements include all assets (including capital assets) of the District, as well as all liabilities (including long-term obligations). Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of the three categories of activities: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

The Governmental Funds are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

The *Proprietary Funds* are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are agency funds, which only report a balance sheet and do not have a measurement focus.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Lawndale Elementary School District.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets and liabilities of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net assets and changes in them. Net assets are the difference between assets and liabilities, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are one indicator of whether its *financial health* is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's *operating results*. Since the Governing Board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities, we separate the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade eight students, the operation of child development activities, and the ongoing effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State, and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

Business-Type Activities - The District charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's Child Care programs and services are included here.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary Funds - When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Assets. In fact, the District's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

THE DISTRICT AS A TRUSTEE

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for funds held on behalf of others, like the associated student body activities. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the *Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets*. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Assets

The District's net assets were \$54.2 million for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Of this amount, \$11.5 million was unrestricted. Restricted net assets are reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use those net assets for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and change in net assets (Table 2) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1

(Amounts in thousands)	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				School District Activities				
		2012		2011	2012		2011		2012		2011	
Assets												
Current and other assets	\$	30,543.0	\$	36,378.3	\$	563.9	\$	553.9	\$	31,106.9	\$	36,932.2
Capital assets		53,961.1		53,885.4						53,961.1		53,885.4
Total Assets		84,504.1		90,263.7		563.9		553.9		85,068.0		90,817.6
Liabilities												
Current liabilities		6,718.8		6,749.2		17.6		43.3		6,736.4		6,792.5
Long-term obligations		23,588.9		24,118.6		-				23,588.9		24,118.6
Total Liabilities		30,307.7		30,867.8		17.6		43.3		30,325.3		30,911.1
Net Assets												•
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		37,007.9		39,234.0		-		-		37,007.9		39,234.0
Restricted		5,706.6		5,889.9		-		-		5,706.6		5,889.9
Unrestricted		11,481.9		14,272.0		546.3		510.6		12,028.2		14,782.6
Total Net Assets	\$	54,196.4	\$	59,395.9	\$	546.3	\$	510.6	\$	54,742.7	\$	59,906.5

The \$11.5 million in unrestricted net assets of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

Changes in Net Assets

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 14. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

(Amounts in thousands)	Governmental Activities				Business-Type Activities				School District Activities			
`	20)12		2011		2012		2011		2012		2011
Revenues												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	425.3	\$	473.5	\$	257.7	\$	267.8	\$	683.0	\$	741.3
Operating grants and contributions	16	,180.5		17,646.2		-		-		16,180.5		17,646.2
General revenues:												
State revenue limit sources not restricted	29	,814.9		31,043.9		-		-		29,814.9		31,043.9
Property taxes	5	,151.4		5,432.8		-		-		5,151.4		5,432.8
Other general revenues	2	,082.6		2,576.0		4.9		6.9		2,087.5		2,582.9
Total Revenues	53	,654.7		57,172.4		262.6		274.7		53,917.3		57,447.1
Expenses												
Instruction-related	43	,500.5		43,777.7		-		-		43,500.5		43,777.7
Student support services	5	,673.1		5,807.2		-		-		5,673.1		5,807.2
Administration	3	,283.3		3,327.1		-		-		3,283.3		3,327.1
Plant	4	,186.0		4,226.3		-		-		4,186.0		4,226.3
Other	2	,211.3		3,681.9		226.9		240.2		2,438.2		3,922.1
Total Expenses	58	,854.2		60,820.2		226.9		240.2		59,081.1		61,060.4
Change in Net Assets	\$ (5	5 , 199.5)	<u>\$</u>	(3,647.8)	<u>\$</u>	35.7	<u>\$</u>	34.5	<u>\$</u>	(5,163.8)		(3,613.3)

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 14, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$58.9 million. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only \$5.2 million because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs (\$.4 million) or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$16.2 million). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities from the \$29.8 million we received in State funds, and from \$2.1 million of other revenues, like interest and general entitlements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

In Table 3, we have presented the *cost* of each of the Districts largest functions including Instruction, Instruction-related activities, Other pupil services, General administration, Plant, and Other activities, as well as each program's *net cost* (total cost less revenues generated by these activities). As discussed on the previous page, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3

(Amounts in thousands)	Total Cost	Total Cost of Services Net Cost of		
	2012	2011	2012	2011
Instruction	\$ 38,244.0	\$ 38,682.6	\$ (28,957.9)	\$ (28,155.5)
Instruction-related activities	5,256.5	5,095.1	(3,437.0)	(3,250.6)
Other pupil services	5,673.1	5,807.2	(1,498.3)	(1,557.6)
General administration	3,283.3	3,327.1	(2,883.4)	(2,833.0)
Plant	4,186.0	4,226.3	(3,829.1)	(3,870.6)
Other	2,211.3	3,681.9	(1,642.7)	(3,033.1)
Total	\$ 58,854.2	\$ 60,820.2	\$ (42,248.4)	\$ (42,700.4)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$24.0 million, which is a decrease of \$5.8 million from last year (Table 4). This \$5.8 million decrease is the net difference in the following fund or program balances from the prior year.

Table 4

Amounts in thousands) Fund Balance						
	June 30, 2012 June 3			ne 30, 2011		
General Fund	\$	13,798.2	\$	16,131.4		
Building Fund		4,540.2		7,807.8		
Child Development Fund		75.7		73.8		
Cafeteria Fund		2,965.8		2,884.7		
Capital Facilities Fund		777.3		763.6		
State School Building Fund		2.5		2.5		
County School Facilities Fund		34.5		34.1		
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		682.0		688.0		
Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		1,096.1		1,426.5		
Debt Service Fund		19.0		18.8		
Total	\$	23,991.3	\$	29,831.2		

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget to reflect expected and unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The first Interim Budget report was prepared based upon actual information through October 31, 2011, and the second Interim Budget report was prepared based upon the actual information through January 31, 2012. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 50.)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2012, the District had \$54.0 million in a broad range of capital assets (net of depreciation), including land, buildings, furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of approximately \$.1 million, or .14 percent, from last year (Table 5).

Table 5

(Amounts in thousands)	Governmental Activ			tivities
	2012			2011
Land and construction in progress	\$	4,975.0	\$	1,657.5
Buildings and improvements		48,395.7		51,580.4
Equipment		590.4		647.5
Total	\$	53,961.1	\$	53,885.4

We present more detailed information about our capital assets in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Obligations

At the end of this year, the District had \$21.8 million in general obligation bonds outstanding versus \$22.7 million last year, a decrease of four percent. The long-term obligations consisted of:

Table 6

(Amounts in thousands)	Governmental Activitie			ctivities
	2012			2011
General obligation bonds (financed with property taxes)	\$	21,781.2	\$	22,695.6
Compensated absences		388.0		389.2
Net OPEB obligation		1,419.7		1,033.7
Total	\$	23,588.9	\$	24,118.5

The District's general obligation bond rating continues to be "AA-". The State limits the amount of general obligation bonds debt that districts can issue to five percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the District's boundaries. The District's outstanding general obligation bonds debt of \$21.8 million is significantly below the statutorily-imposed limit.

Other obligations include compensated absences and the net OPEB obligation. We present more detailed information regarding our long-term obligations in Note 7 of the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2012

SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2011-2012 ARE NOTED BELOW:

The District continues to implement its significant facilities improvement master plan of over \$75 million for all of its schools beginning in 1998. In the 2011-2012 fiscal year, the District began construction of a \$4.5 million, ten classroom, and two story facility at its Anderson School campus, which was completed in November 2012.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In considering the District Budget for the 2012-2013 year, the Governing Board and management used the following criteria:

The key assumptions in our revenue forecast are:

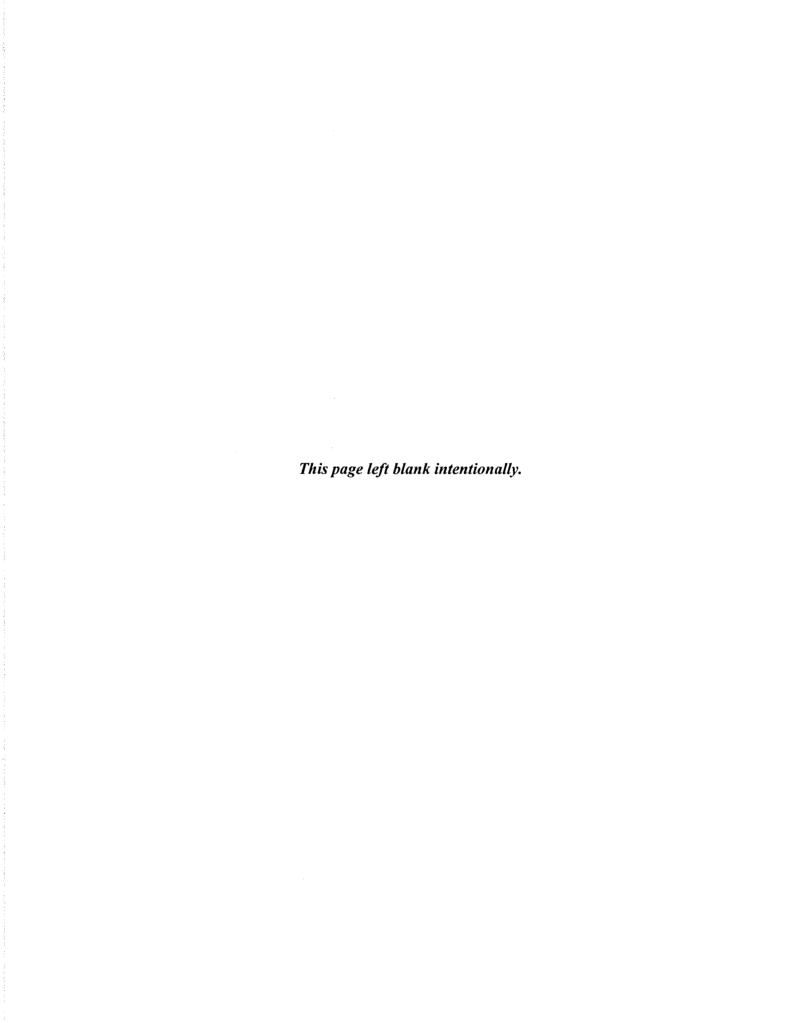
- 1. A deficit on the District's revenue limit of 22.272 percent.
- 2. Average daily attendance (ADA) enrollment projections were unchanged from the prior year.
- 3. Interest earnings were reduced to reflect significant continuing deferrals by the State on State payments to school districts.
- 4. Developer fee collections were based upon actual receipts due to the decline in new housing units to be constructed.
- 5. All schools and departments continue to budget a ten percent reduction.
- 6. Transfers to other funds including the Deferred Maintenance Fund, Early Retiree Fund and the Food Services -"Meals for Needy" revenues remain suspended.

Expenditures are based on the following forecasts:

	Staffing Ratio	Enrollment
Grades kindergarten	30:1	654
Grades first through third	24:1	2,016
Grades four and five	32:1	1,202
Grades six through eight	32:1	1,793
Special Education (Ungraded)	12:1	143

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Associate Superintendent, Business Services, at Lawndale School District, in Lawndale, California 90260, or e-mail at john vinke@lawndale.k12.ca.us.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Deposits and investments	\$ 16,485,905	\$ 562,883	\$ 17,048,788
Receivables	13,480,613	975	13,481,588
Stores inventories	94,934	-	94,934
Deferred charges on issuance	287,779	-	287,779
Other current assets	193,838	-	193,838
Capital assets:			
Land and construction in progress	4,975,024	-	4,975,024
Other capital assets	81,766,234	-	81,766,234
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(32,780,186)	-	(32,780,186)
Total Capital Assets	53,961,072	-	53,961,072
Total Assets	84,504,141	563,858	85,067,999
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	6,002,763	17,542	6,020,305
Interest payable	454,878	-	454,878
Deferred revenue	261,149	-	261,149
Long-term obligations:			
Current portion of long-term obligations	655,000	-	655,000
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations	22,933,916	-	22,933,916
Total Long-Term Obligations	23,588,916	_	23,588,916
Total Liabilities	30,307,706	17,542	30,325,248
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	37,007,866	-	37,007,866
Restricted for:			
Debt service	660,219	-	660,219
Capital projects	814,282	-	814,282
Educational programs	1,217,078	-	1,217,078
Other activities	3,015,064	-	3,015,064
Unrestricted	11,481,926	546,316	12,028,242
Total Net Assets	\$ 54,196,435	\$ 546,316	\$ 54,742,751

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Program	Revenues	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	
Governmental Activities:				
Instruction	\$ 38,244,048	\$ 90,378	\$ 9,195,746	
Instruction-related activities:			, ,	
Supervision of instruction	1,675,387	5,688	1,321,391	
Instructional library, media, and technology	475,306	-	125,616	
School site administration	3,105,811	28	366,784	
Pupil services:			,	
Home-to-school transportation	754,860	68,153	423,486	
Food services	3,150,003	202,448	2,664,782	
All other pupil services	1,768,201	7,223	808,717	
General administration:	, ,	ŕ	,	
Data processing	278,560	-	-	
All other general administration	3,004,724	10,059	389,802	
Plant services	4,186,008	15,565	341,367	
Ancillary services	59,196	-	59,196	
Community services	45,561	-	38,694	
Interest on long-term obligations	705,839	_		
Other outgo	1,400,691	25,801	444,886	
Total Governmental Activities	58,854,195	425,343	16,180,467	
Business-Type Activities				
Enterprise services	226,857	257,697	-	
Total Business-Type Activities	226,857	257,697		
Total School District	\$ 59,081,052	\$ 683,040	\$ 16,180,467	

General revenues and subventions:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes
Property taxes, levied for debt service
Taxes levied for other specific purposes
Federal and State aid not restricted
to specific purposes
Interest and investment earnings
Miscellaneous

Subtotal, General Revenues

Change in Net Assets Net Assets - Beginning Net Assets - Ending

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

		 Business-		
G	overnmental	Туре		
	Activities	 Activities		Total
\$	(28,957,924)	\$ -	\$	(28,957,924)
	(348,308)	_		(348,308)
	(349,690)	-		(349,690)
	(2,738,999)	-		(2,738,999)
	(263,221)	-		(263,221)
	(282,773)	-		(282,773)
	(952,261)	-		(952,261)
	(278,560)	-		(278,560)
	(2,604,863)	-		(2,604,863)
	(3,829,076)	-		(3,829,076)
	-	-		-
	(6,867)	-		(6,867)
	(705,839)	-		(705,839)
	(930,004)	 		(930,004)
	(42,248,385)	 		(42,248,385)
	-	30,840		30,840
_	-	30,840	_	30,840
	(42,248,385)	 30,840		(42,217,545)
	3,766,494	•		3,766,494
	1,307,325	-		1,307,325
	77,578	-		77,578
	29,814,900	-		29,814,900
	103,888	4,870		108,758
	1,978,696	-		1,978,696
	37,048,881	4,870		37,053,751
	(5,199,504)	35,710		(5,163,794)
	59,395,939	 510,606		59,906,545
\$	54,196,435	\$ 546,316	\$	54,742,751

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2012

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Deposits and investments	\$ 6,182,905	\$ 5,124,020	\$ 5,178,980	\$ 16,485,905
Receivables	12,592,915	10,663	877,035	13,480,613
Stores inventories	69,180	-	25,754	94,934
Other current assets	193,838	-	-	193,838
Total Assets	\$ 19,038,838	\$ 5,134,683	\$ 6,081,769	\$ 30,255,290
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 4,979,443	\$ 594,462	\$ 428,858	\$ 6,002,763
Deferred revenue	261,149	-	-	261,149
Total Liabilities	5,240,592	594,462	428,858	6,263,912
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable	84,180	-	26,424	110,604
Restricted	1,217,078	4,540,221	4,944,443	10,701,742
Assigned	3,141,363	-	682,044	3,823,407
Unassigned	9,355,625	-	-	9,355,625
Total Fund Balances	13,798,246	4,540,221	5,652,911	23,991,378
Total Liabilities and				
Fund Balances	\$ 19,038,838	\$ 5,134,683	\$ 6,081,769	\$ 30,255,290

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Assets are Different Because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		\$ 23,991,378
The cost of capital assets is:	\$ 86,741,258	
Accumulated depreciation is: Total Net Capital Assets Expenditures relating to issuance of debt and refunding of debt were recognized on the modified accrual basis. Under the accrual basis, these expenditures are capitalized and will be amortized as an adjustment to	(32,780,186)	53,961,072
interest expense.		287,779
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term obligations is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term obligations is recognized when it is incurred.		(454,878)
Long-term obligations, including general obligation bonds, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as obligations in the funds.		
Long-term obligations at year-end consist of:		
General obligation bonds	20,865,000	
Compensated absences	388,045	
Other postemployment benefits obligation, net	1,419,665	
Unamortized premium	916,206	
Total Long-Term Obligations		 (23,588,916)
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities		\$ 54,196,435

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES		•	•	
Revenue limit sources	\$ 28,322,952	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,322,952
Federal sources	4,928,440	-	2,878,627	7,807,067
Other State sources	12,254,652	-	2,295,373	14,550,025
Other local sources	1,279,625	65,774	1,629,248	2,974,647
Total Revenues	46,785,669	65,774	6,803,248	53,654,691
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Instruction	33,672,433	-	1,641,208	35,313,641
Instruction-related activities:				
Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media	1,505,044	-	170,343	1,675,387
and technology	475,306	-	_	475,306
School site administration	3,071,796	-	34,015	3,105,811
Pupil services:	, ,		,	, ,
Home-to-school transportation	688,771	-	-	688,771
Food services	, <u>-</u>	_	2,984,781	2,984,781
All other pupil services	1,702,112	-	-	1,702,112
General administration:	, ,			.,,
Data processing	278,560	-	_	278,560
All other general administration	2,481,414	-	260,135	2,741,549
Plant services	3,737,965	_	295,085	4,033,050
Facility acquisition and construction	-	3,333,315	1,489	3,334,804
Ancillary services	59,196	-	-,	59,196
Community services	45,561		_	45,561
Other outgo	1,400,691	_	_	1,400,691
Debt service	1,100,001			.,,
Principal	_	_	810,000	810,000
Interest and other	-	_	845,331	845,331
Total Expenditures	49,118,849	3,333,315	7,042,387	59,494,551
Deficiency of Revenues			7,012,507	37,171,331
Under Expenditures	(2,333,180)	(3,267,541)	(239,139)	(5,839,860)
	(2,333,100)	(3,207,341)	(237,137)	(3,037,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(2,333,180)	(3,267,541)	(239,139)	(5,839,860)
Fund Balances - Beginning	16,131,426	7,807,762	5,892,050	29,831,238
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 13,798,246	\$ 4,540,221	\$ 5,652,911	\$ 23,991,378

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2012

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		\$ (5,839,860)
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Assets and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statements of Activities.		
This is the amount by which capital outlays exceed depreciation expense in the period.		
Capital outlays	\$ 3,380,112	
Depreciation expense	(3,304,437)	75,675
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences (vacations) is measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, the related expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). Vacation used was more than the amounts earned by \$1,180.		1,180
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, issuance costs, and the deferred amount on a refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities:		
Premium on issuance Cost of issuance	104,438 51,284	155,722
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Assets and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		810,000
Contributions for postemployment benefits are recorded as an expense in the governmental funds when paid. However, the difference between the annual OPEB expense and the actual contribution made, if less, is recorded in the government-wide statements as an expense. The actual amount of the contribution was less than the annual OPEB expense.		(385,991)
Interest on long-term obligations in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless		, , ,
of when it is due.		(16,230)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	:	\$ (5,199,504)

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Ac En	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund Child Care	
		Fund	
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Deposits and investments	\$	562,883	
Receivables		975	
Total Current Assets		563,858	
LIABILITIES			
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable		17,542	
NET ASSETS			
Unrestricted		546,316	
Total Net Assets	\$	546,316	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Fund Child Care	
	Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES		
Local and intermediate sources	\$ 257,697	
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Payroll costs	164,324	
Supplies and materials	25,634	
Other operating cost	36,899	
Total Operating Expenses	226,857	
Operating Income	30,840	
NONOPERATING REVENUES		
Interest income	4,870	
Change in Net Assets	35,710	
Total Net Assets - Beginning	510,606	
Total Net Assets - Ending	\$ 546,316	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Business-Type Activities		
		Enterprise Fund Child Care	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		Fund	
Cash received from user charges Cash payments for other operating expenses	\$	258,296	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	***************************************	(252,633) 5,663	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Interest on investments		4,870	
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		10,533	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning		552,350	
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Ending	\$	562,883	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Operating income	\$	30,840	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net			
cash provided by operating activities:			
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Receivables		599	
Accounts payable		(25,776)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	5,663	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Agency Funds
ASSETS Deposits and investments	\$ 35,551
LIABILITIES Due to student groups	\$ 35,551

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial Reporting Entity

The Lawndale Elementary School District (the District) was organized in October 1906 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates seven elementary schools and two middle schools.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Lawndale Elementary, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Other Related Entities

Charter School The District has approved a Charter School pursuant to *Education Code* Section 47605. The Charter School was approved in December 2000, for an original term of four years ending June 30, 2004. The agreement has since been approved through June 30, 2014.

For financial reporting purposes the charter is not considered a component unit in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 as amended by Statement No. 39. The criterion that establishes financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency was not met. Therefore, the charter is determined not to be a component unit and is not included as part of these financial statements.

The charter is subject to audit within the agreement. Audited financial statements are available from the charter organization.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into three broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

One fund currently defined as a special revenue fund in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) does not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects is not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While this fund is authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, this fund functions effectively as an extension of the General Fund, and accordingly has been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

In addition, under the flexibility provisions of current statute that allow certain formerly restricted revenues to be used for any educational purpose, Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund does not currently meet the definition of special revenue fund as this fund is no longer primarily composed of restricted or committed revenue sources.

As the District has not taken formal action to commit the flexed revenue formerly restricted to this program to the continued operation of the original programs, the revenue within this fund would be considered to be available for general educational purposes, resulting in Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund being combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in assets, fund balance, and revenues of \$3,145,610, \$3,145,610, and \$31,258, respectively.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities and that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

Child Development Fund The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.

Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (Education Code Sections 17620-17626). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in Government Code Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (Government Code Section 66006).

State School Building Fund The State School Building Fund is used primarily to account separately for State apportionments for the reconstruction, remodeling, or replacing of existing school buildings or the acquisition of new school sites and buildings, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene State School Building Lease-Purchase Law of 1976 (*Education Code* Section 17000 et seq.).

County School Facilities Fund The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to Education Code Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition IA), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), or the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (Education Code Section 17070 et seq.).

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code* Section 42840).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of restricted, committed, or assigned resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a district (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Tax Override Fund The Tax Override Fund is used for the repayment of voted indebtedness (other than Bond Interest and Redemption Fund) tax levies to be financed from ad valorem tax levies.

Debt Service Fund This fund is used for the accumulation of resources for and the retirement of principal and interest on general long-term obligations.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary Fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows. The District applies all GASB pronouncements, as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District has the following proprietary fund:

Enterprise Fund Enterprise Fund may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The only enterprise fund of the District accounts for the financial transactions related to the child care operations of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held in trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities present a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each governmental function, and excludes fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities, except for depreciation. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net assets should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net asset use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net assets restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their net asset use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The enterprise fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statement.

Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modification accrual basis of accounting.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included in the statement of net assets. The statement of changes in fund net assets presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, available is defined as collectible within 90 days. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Deferred Revenue Deferred revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received before the eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as deferred revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on long-term obligations, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments held at June 30, 2012, with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental-type funds when used.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net assets. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at estimated fair market value on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and other long-term obligations are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Deferred Issuance Costs, Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2012, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other actions as approved by the governing board. The District currently does not have any committed funds.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or Superintendent or Chief Business Official may assign amounts for specific purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the district against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available. The government-wide financial statements report \$5,706,643 of restricted net assets.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are user fees. Operating expenses are necessary cost incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Activities, except for the net residual amounts transferred between governmental and business-type activities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California *Education Code* and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For budget purposes, on behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Los Angeles bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In November 2010, the GASB issued Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity. The requirements of Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and the related financial reporting requirements of Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments, were amended to better meet user needs and to address reporting entity issues that have arisen since the issuance of those Statements.

This Statement modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. For organizations that previously were required to be included as component units by meeting the fiscal dependency criterion, a financial benefit or burden relationship also would need to be present between the primary government and that organization for it to be included in the reporting entity as a component unit. Further, for organizations that do not meet the financial accountability criteria for inclusion as component units but that, nevertheless, should be included because the primary government's management determines that it would be misleading to exclude them, this Statement clarifies the manner in which that determination should be made and the types of relationships that generally should be considered in making the determination.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

This Statement also amends the criteria for reporting component units as if they were part of the primary government (that is, blending) in certain circumstances. For component units that currently are blended based on the "substantively the same governing body" criterion, it additionally requires that (1) the primary government and the component unit have a financial benefit or burden relationship, or (2) management (below the level of the elected officials) of the primary government have operational responsibility (as defined in paragraph 8a) for the activities of the component unit. New criteria also are added to require blending of component units whose total debt outstanding is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with resources of the primary government. The blending provisions are amended to clarify that funds of a blended component unit have the same financial reporting requirements as a fund of the primary government. Lastly, additional reporting guidance is provided for blending a component unit if the primary government is a business-type activity that uses a single column presentation for financial reporting.

This Statement also clarifies the reporting of equity interests in legally separate organizations. It requires a primary government to report its equity interest in a component unit as an asset. The provisions of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2012. Early implementation is encouraged.

In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* - an amendment of Statement No. 27. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by State and local governments for pensions. It also improves information provided by State and local governmental employers about financial support for pensions that is provided by other entities. This Statement results from a comprehensive review of the effectiveness of existing standards of accounting and financial reporting for pensions with regard to providing decision-useful information, supporting assessments of accountability and inter-period equity, and creating additional transparency.

This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements (hereafter jointly referred to as trusts) that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statements No. 27 and No. 50 remain applicable for pensions that are not covered by the scope of this Statement.

This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service.

This Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2014. Early implementation is encouraged.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2012, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	16,485,905 562,883
Fiduciary funds		35,551
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	17,084,339
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2012, consist of the following: Cash on hand and in banks	\$	88,491
Cash in revolving	•	15,669
Investments		16,980,179
Total Deposits and Investments	\$	17,084,339

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations. The Districts investment policies do not address risk criteria included in GASB Statement No. 40.

Investment in County Treasury

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

The District is an involuntary participant in the Los Angeles County Investment Pool. The pool is managed by the Los Angeles County Treasurer and is not registered as an investment company with the Securities Exchange Commission. Oversight of the pool is the responsibility of the County Treasury Oversight Committee. California *Government Code* statutes and the County Treasury Oversight Committee set forth the various investment policies that the Treasurer follows.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

As provided by the Government Code, the cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the County Treasurer for the purpose of increasing interest earnings through investment activities. Interest earned on pooled investments is deposited to the participating funds, based upon the funds average daily deposit balance during the allocation period.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
Authorized	Remaining	Percentage	Investment
Investment Type	Maturity	of Portfolio	In One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the Los Angeles County Investment Pool.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Weighted Average Maturity

The District monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the weighted average maturity of its portfolio. Information about the weighted average maturity of the District's portfolio is presented in the following schedule:

		Weighted Average
	Fair	Maturity
Investment Type	Value	In Days
Los Angeles County Investment Pool	\$ 17,032,226	617

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment in the County Pool is not required to be rated.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2012, the District did not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk because all balances were FDIC insured.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 3 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2012, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

		General Fund	uilding Fund	on-Major vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Activities	erprise Fund
Federal Government						
Categorical aid	\$	540,332	\$ -	\$ 530,698	\$ 1,071,030	\$ -
State Government						
Apportionment		9,719,622	-	-	9,719,622	-
Categorical aid		496,253	-	336,135	832,388	-
Lottery		433,490	-	-	433,490	-
Other State		947,159	-	-	947,159	-
Local Receivables						
Categorical aid		128,861	-	-	128,861	-
Interest		16,027	10,663	8,427	35,117	975
Other		311,171	-	1,775	312,946	
Total	\$1	2,592,915	\$ 10,663	\$ 877,035	\$ 13,480,613	\$ 975

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
	July 1, 2011	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2012
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,370,117	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,370,117
Construction in progress	287,423	3,317,484	-	3,604,907
Total Capital Assets				
Not Being Depreciated	1,657,540	3,317,484	-	4,975,024
Capital Assets Being Depreciated:				
Land improvements	590,300	-	-	590,300
Buildings and improvements	77,305,504	17,319	-	77,322,823
Furniture and equipment	3,807,802	45,309	-	3,853,111
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	81,703,606	62,628	-	81,766,234
Total Capital Assets	83,361,146	3,380,112	-	86,741,258
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Land improvements	552,419	2,090	-	554,509
Buildings and improvements	25,763,018	3,199,880	-	28,962,898
Furniture and equipment	3,160,312	102,467	-	3,262,779
Total Accumulated Depreciation	29,475,749	3,304,437		32,780,186
Governmental Activities Capital	-			
Assets, Net	\$ 53,885,397	\$ 75,675	\$ -	\$ 53,961,072

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to the governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

Instruction	\$ 2,544,416
Home-to-school transportation	66,089
Food services	165,222
All other pupil services	66,089
All other general administration	264,355
Plant services	198,266
Total Depreciation Expenses Governmental Activities	\$ 3,304,437

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 5 - ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable at June 30, 2012, consisted of the following:

	General]	Building		Total Governmental	Er	nterprise
	Fund		Fund	 Funds	Activities		Fund
Salaries and benefits	\$ 3,149,468	\$	3,507	\$ 275,842	\$ 3,428,817	\$	14,914
Projected unreimbursed program							
costs	462,295		-	-	462,295		-
Construction	-		583,799	-	583,799		-
Vendor payables	1,367,680		7,156	153,016	1,527,852		2,628
Total	\$ 4,979,443	\$	594,462	\$ 428,858	\$ 6,002,763	\$	17,542

NOTE 6 - DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue at June 30, 2012, consists of the following:

	ı	General
		Fund
Federal financial assistance	\$	249,644
State categorical aid		7,153
Other local		4,352
Total	\$	261,149

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance					Balance	}	Due in																								
	July 1, 2011	Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions		Additions Deduction		June 30, 2012	One Year	
General obligation bonds	\$ 21,675,000	\$	-	\$	810,000	\$ 20,865,000	\$	655,000																								
Compensated absences	389,225		-		1,180	388,045		-																								
Net OPEB obligation	1,033,674		590,074		204,083	1,419,665		-																								
Premium on debt	1,020,644		-		104,438	916,206		-																								
	\$ 24,118,543	\$	590,074	\$	1,119,701	\$ 23,588,916	\$	655,000																								

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Payments on the general obligation bonds are paid from the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local revenues. The accrued vacation is paid by the fund for which the employee worked. Net OPEB obligations are paid from the General Fund.

Description of Obligations

1998, General Obligation Bonds, Series B

In November 2002, the District issued, in the amount of \$13,000,000, the General Obligation Bonds, Election of 1998, Series B. The bonds bear the interest rates of 3.50 to 5.25 percent and mature through the fiscal year 2033. The bonds are being issued to finance the repair and refurbishment of existing school facilities, and the construction and acquisition of new classrooms and school facilities. At June 30, 2012, the principal balance outstanding was \$5,205,000.

1998, General Obligation Bonds, Series C

In August 2010, the District issued in the amount of \$3,000,000, the General Obligation Bonds, Election 1998, Series C. The bonds bear the interest rate of 3.00 to 4.25 percent and mature through the fiscal year 2028. The bonds are being issued to finance the repair and refurbishment of existing school facilities, and the construction and acquisition of new classrooms and school facilities. At June 30, 2012, the principal balance outstanding was \$3,000,000.

2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

In August 2010, the District issued in the amount of \$13,170,000, the 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds to advance refund all of the outstanding principal amount of the Lawndale Elementary School District General Obligation Bonds, 1998 Election, Series A, and a portion of the outstanding principal amount on the Lawndale Elementary School District General Obligation Bonds, 1998 Election, Series B. The bonds bear an interest rate of 1.50 to 4.25 percent and mature through the fiscal year 2029. At June 30, 2012, the principal balance outstanding was \$12,660,000.

Bonded Debt

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

				Bonds								Bonds				
	Issue	Maturity	Interest		Original	C	Outstanding							Outstanding	Due in	
Series	Date	Date	Rate		Issue	J	uly 1, 2011		Issued		F	Redeemed		une 30, 2012	 One Year	_
1998, Series B	11/6/2002	8/1/2032	3.50-5.25%	\$	13,000,000	\$	5,505,000	\$	-		\$	300,000	\$	5,205,000	\$ 310,000	
1998 Series C	8/25/2010	8/1/2027	3.00-4.25%		3,000,000		3,000,000					-		3,000,000	-	
2010 Refunding	8/25/2010	8/1/2028	1.50-4.25%		13,170,000		13,170,000		-	<u> </u>		510,000		12,660,000	 345,000	_
						<u>\$</u>	21,675,000	<u>\$</u>		= =	\$	810,000	<u>\$</u>	20,865,000	\$ 655,000	=

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The 1998 Series B bonds mature through 2033 as follows:

		Interest to	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Maturity	Total
2013	\$ 310,000	\$ 513,445	\$ 823,445
2014	-	-	-
2015	-	-	-
2016	-	-	-
2017	-	•	-
2018-2022	-	-	-
2023-2027	600,000	229,750	829,750
2028-2032	3,485,000	655,625	4,140,625
2033	810,000	20,250	830,250
Total	\$ 5,205,000	\$ 1,419,070	\$ 6,624,070

The 1998 Series C bonds mature through 2028 as follows:

		Interest to	
Fiscal Year	Principal	Maturity	Total
2013	\$ -	\$ 119,475	\$ 119,475
2014	-	119,475	119,475
2015	-	119,475	119,475
2016	-	119,475	119,475
2017	-	119,475	119,475
2018-2022	495,000	582,825	1,077,825
2023-2027	1,940,000	379,525	2,319,525
2028	565,000	22,600	587,600
Total	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 1,582,325	\$ 4,582,325

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

The 2010 Refunding bonds mature through 2029 as follows:

		Interest to				
Fiscal Year	Principal	Maturity	Total			
2013	\$ 345,000	\$ 458,788	\$ 803,788			
2014	675,000	451,888	1,126,888			
2015	685,000	438,388	1,123,388			
2016	700,000	420,988	1,120,988			
2017	725,000	400,488	1,125,488			
2018-2022	4,095,000	1,557,238	5,652,238			
2023-2027	4,345,000	730,213	5,075,213			
2028-2029	1,090,000	68,575	1,158,575			
Total	\$ 12,660,000	\$ 4,526,566	\$ 17,186,566			

Compensated Absences

The long-term portion of accumulated unpaid employee vacation for the District at June 30, 2012, amounted to \$388,045.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Obligation

The District's annual required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2012, was \$605,632 and contributions made by the District during the year were \$204,083. Interest on the net OPEB obligation and adjustments to the annual required contribution were \$51,684 and (\$67,242), respectively, which resulted in an increase to the net OPEB obligation of \$385,991. As of June 30, 2012, the net OPEB obligation was \$1,419,665. See Note 9 for additional information regarding the OPEB obligation and the postemployment benefits plan.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 8 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable				
Revolving cash	\$ 15,000	\$ -	\$ 669	\$ 15,669
Stores inventories	69,180		25,755	94,935
Total Nonspendable	84,180		26,424	110,604
Restricted				
Legally restricted programs	1,217,078	-	3,015,064	4,232,142
Capital projects	-	4,540,221	814,282	5,354,503
Debt services			1,115,097	1,115,097
Total Restricted	1,217,078	4,540,221	4,944,443	10,701,742
Assigned	2 141 262			3,141,363
Retiree benefits	3,141,363	-	692 044	682,044
Capital projects	2 141 262		682,044	
Total Assigned	3,141,363		682,044	3,823,407
Unassigned				
Reserve for economic uncertainties	9,355,625		-	9,355,625
Total Unassigned	9,355,625	_		9,355,625
Total	\$13,798,246	\$ 4,540,221	\$ 5,652,911	\$ 23,991,378

NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE PLAN AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) OBLIGATION

Plan Description

The Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by the District. The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Membership of the Plan consists of 53 retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits, terminated Plan members entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits, and 434 active Plan members.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Contribution Information

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and applicable groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2011-2012, the District contributed \$204,083 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums which represented 100 percent of total premiums.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 605,632
Interest on net OPEB obligation	51,684
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(67,242)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	 590,074
Contributions made	(204,083)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	 385,991
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	1,033,674
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 1,419,665

Trend Information

Trend information for annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation is as follows:

Year Ended	Anr	nual OPEB		Actual	Percentage	N	let OPEB
June 30,		Cost	Co	ntribution	Contributed	0	bligation
2010	\$	530,488	\$	185,188	35%	\$	695,669
2011		547,753		209,748	38%		1,033,674
2012		590,074		204,083	35%		1,419,665

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Funded Status and Funding Progress

A schedule of funding progress as of the most recent valuation is as follows:

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				
		Liability	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	(AAL) -	AAL	Funded		Percentage of
Valuation	Value	Unprojected	(UAAL)	Ratio	Covered	Covered Payroll
Date	of Assets (a)	Unit Credit (b)	(b - a)	(a / b)	Payroll (c)	([b - a] / c)
July 1, 2011	-	4,941,563	4,941,563	0%	23,537,702	21%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2011, actuarial valuation, the unprojected unit credit method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a five percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses). The District has not formed an irrevocable trust and currently funds the benefits on a pay-as-you-go basis. Health care cost trend rates changed from an initial five percent to an ultimate eight percent. The UAAL is being amortized at a level dollar method using a 30 year amortization period. The actuarial value of assets was not determined in this actuarial valuation as there were none.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2012, the District contracted with Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2012, the District participated in the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) joint powers authorities' insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the ASCIP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the pool. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the pool. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. A participant will then either receive a refund or credit from ASCIP or will be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the pool. Participation in the pool is limited to districts that can meet the ASCIP selection criteria.

Coverage provided by ASCIP for property and liability and workers' compensation is as follows:

Insurance Program / Company Name	Type of Coverage	Limits
Workers' Compensation Program Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP)	Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,000,000
Property and Liability Program Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP)	General and Automotive	\$ 1,000,000
Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP)	Comprehensive Crime	\$ 3,250,000
Excess Property and Liability Program Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF)	Excess Property and Liability	\$ 14,000,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 11 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

CalSTRS

Plan Description

The District contributes to the CalSTRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, California 95826.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 8.0 percent of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2011-2012 was 8.25 percent of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District's contributions to CalSTRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$1,917,282, \$1,941,868, and \$1,995,730, respectively, and equal 100 percent of the required contributions for each year.

CalPERS

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and survivor benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issue a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS' annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, California 95811.

Funding Policy

Active plan members are required to contribute 7.0 percent of their salary and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2011-2012 was 10.923 percent of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute. The District's contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, were \$959,143, \$955,095, and \$874,661, respectively, and equal 100 percent of the required contributions for each year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use the Social Security as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and an employee vest immediately. The District and employees combined contribution rate is 6.2 percent of employees earnings based on a contribution formula.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS and CalPERS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$1,174,360 (4.855 percent of annual payroll.) Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves, and have not been included in the budgeted amounts reported in the *General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule*.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2012.

NOTE 13 - PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWER AUTHORITY

The District is a member of the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) joint powers authority (JPA). The District pays an annual premium to the applicable entity for its, workers' compensation and property liability coverage. Payments for insurance are paid to the JPA. The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that it is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

Joint Power Authorities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entity and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

The District has appointed one board member to the governing board of the ASCIP JPA.

During the year ended June 30, 2012, the District made payments of \$1,134,335 to the ASCIP.

NOTE 14 - FISCAL ISSUES RELATING TO BUDGET REDUCTIONS

The State of California continues to suffer the effects of a recessionary economy. California school districts are reliant on the State of California to appropriate the funding necessary to continue the level of educational services expected by the State constituency. With the implementation of education trailer bill Senate Bill 70 (Chapter 7, Statutes of 2011), 39 percent of current year funding has now been deferred to a subsequent period, creating significant cash flow management issues for districts in addition to requiring substantial budget reductions, ultimately impacting the ability of California school districts to meet their goals for educational services.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

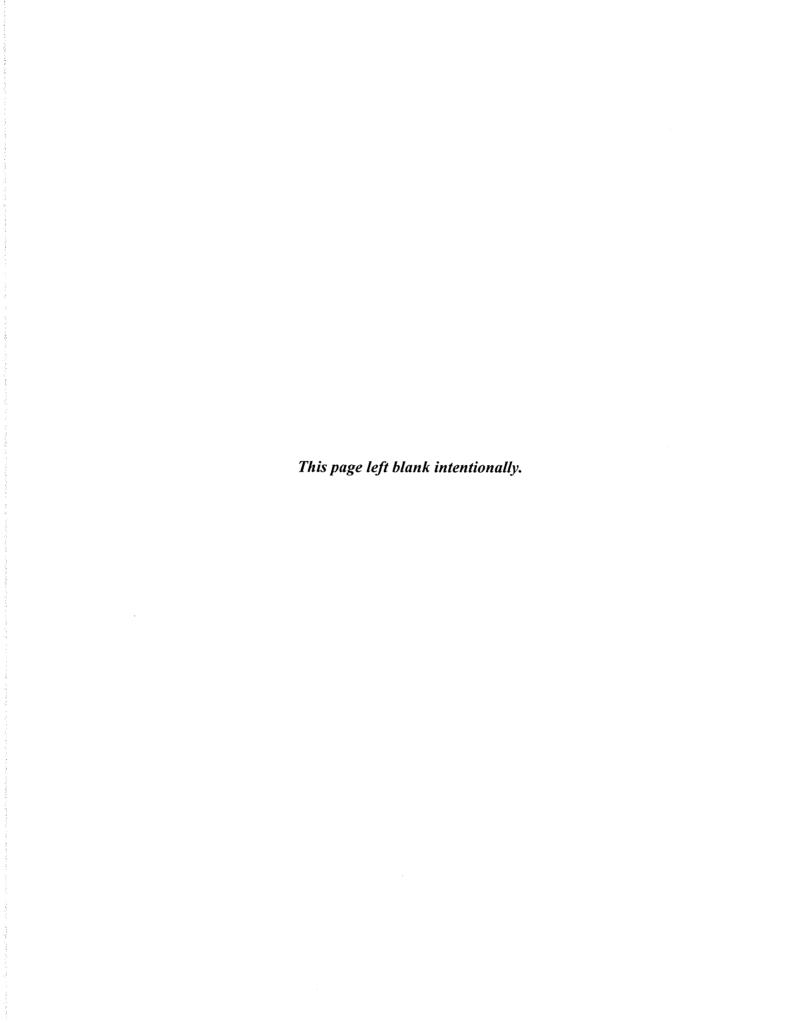
	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variances - Positive (Negative) Final
	Original	Final	(GAAP Basis)	to Actual
REVENUES				
Revenue limit sources	\$ 28,685,051	\$ 28,685,051	\$ 28,322,952	\$ (362,099)
Federal sources	4,329,580	4,329,580	4,928,440	598,860
Other State sources	10,609,085	10,609,085	12,254,652	1,645,567
Other local sources	405,018	405,018	1,279,625	874,607
Total Revenues 1	44,028,734	44,028,734	46,785,669	2,756,935
EXPENDITURES				
Current				
Certificated salaries	23,643,738	23,755,464	24,573,285	(817,821)
Classified salaries	8,642,355	8,921,162	8,428,227	492,935
Employee benefits	7,853,990	8,063,465	7,833,429	230,036
Books and supplies	1,610,737	2,604,321	1,814,607	789,714
Services and operating expenditures	5,080,548	5,797,704	5,316,797	480,907
Other outgo	1,763,638	1,146,055	1,140,556	5,499
Capital outlay	_	11,948	11,948	
Total Expenditures ¹	48,595,006	50,300,119	49,118,849	1,181,270
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,566,272)	(6,271,385)	(2,333,180)	3,938,205
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers in	187,072	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(4,379,200)	(6,271,385)	(2,333,180)	3,938,205
Fund Balances - Beginning	16,131,426	16,131,426	16,131,426	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 11,752,226	\$ 9,860,041	\$ 13,798,246	\$ 3,938,205

On behalf payments of \$1,174,360 are included in the actual revenues and expenditures, but have not been included in the budgeted amounts. In addition, due to the consolidation of Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund, and Fund 17, Retiree Benefits Fund for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures; however, are not included in the original and final General Fund budget.

SCHEDULE OF OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

				Actuarial Accrued				***
				Liability	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actua	rial		(AAL) -	AAL	Funded		Percentage of
Valuation	Valu	ue	U	Inprojected	(UAAL)	Ratio	Covered	Covered Payroll
Date	of Asse	ts (a)	Ur	nit Credit (b)	 (b - a)	(a/b)	Payroll (c)	([b - a] / c)
July 1, 2007	\$	-	\$	3,606,059	\$ 3,606,059	0%	\$ 25,134,503	14%
July 1, 2009		-		4,159,207	4,159,207	0%	24,190,675	17%
July 1, 2011		-		4,941,563	4,941,563	0%	23,537,702	21%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Entity	
Federal Grantor/Pass-Through CFDA Identifying	Federal
·	xpenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	
Passed through the California Department of Education:	
No Child Left Behind Act	
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected 84.010 14329 \$	1,447,742
Education Jobs Fund 84.410 25152	485,153
Title II, Part A, Improving Teacher Quality Local Grants 84.367 14341	267,299
Title II, Part D, Enhancing Education Through Technology	
Formula Grants 84.318 14334	4,432
Title III, Limited English Proficient Student Program 84.365 14346	234,313
Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community Learning Centers	
Program Century Core 84.287 14349	394,712
Fund for the Improvement of Education 84.215 [1]	490,354
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act	
Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	
Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Section 611 84.027 13379	885,271
Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 84.173 13430	92,264
Preschool Local Entitlement, Part B, Section 611 84.027A 13682	185,781
Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Section 619 84.173A 13431	1,571
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	1,164,887
Total U.S. Department of Education	4,488,892
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Medicaid Cluster	
Medi-Cal Billing Options 93.778 10013	160,383
Medi-Cal Administrative Activities (MAA) 93.778 10060	298,746
Total Medicaid Cluster	459,129
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services	459,129
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE	
Passed through the County of Los Angeles Sherrif's Department	
Community Oriented Policing Services Secure our Schools Grant 16.710 [2]	15,466
Total U.S. Department of Justice	15,466

^[1] Direct funded

^[2] Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number was not available

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:			
Passed through the California Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	\$ 1,929,053
Meal Supplement	10.555	13391	181,059
Especially Needy Breakfast Program	10.553	13526	465,729
Summer Seamless Option	10.559	13004	113,225
Commodities	10.555	13391	189,561
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,878,627
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,878,627
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 7,842,114

LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2012

ORGANIZATION

The Lawndale Elementary School District was established in October 1906 and consists of an area comprising approximately 2.5 square miles. The District operates seven elementary schools, and two middle schools. There were no boundary changes during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

<u>MEMBER</u>	<u>OFFICE</u>	TERM EXPIRES
Mrs. Cathy Burris	President	2015
Mrs. Shirley Bennett	Clerk	2015
Mrs. Shirley Rudolph	Trustee	2013
Ms. Bonnie J. Coronado	Trustee	2013
Mrs. Ann Phillips	Trustee	2013

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Ellen Dougherty, Ed.D. Superintendent of Schools

Mr. John D. Vinke

Deputy Superintendent of Business Services

Dr. Betsy Hamilton Assistant Superintendent of Educational Services

Dr. Cesar Morales Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources

SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

ELEMENTARY	Amended Second Period Report	Annual Report
Kindergarten	605	606
~	605	606
First through third	1,938	1,929
Fourth through sixth	1,725	1,721
Seventh and eighth	1,173	1,173
Home and hospital	3	3
Special education	149	157
Total Elementary	5,593	5,589

SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	1982-83	Reduced 1982-83	1986-87	Reduced 1986-87	2011-12	Number	of Days	
	Actual	Actual	Minutes	Minutes	Actual	Traditional	Multitrack	
Grade Level	Minutes	Minutes	Requirement	Requirement	Minutes	Calendar	Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	32,400	30,240	36,000	33,600	36,000	180	-	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	43,200	40,320	50,400	47,040				
Grade 1					50,400	180	-	Complied
Grade 2					50,400	180	-	Complied
Grade 3					50,400	180	-	Complied
Grades 4 - 6	48,600	45,360	54,000	50,400				
Grade 4					54,020	180	-	Complied
Grade 5					54,020	180	-	Complied
Grade 6					58,500	180	-	Complied
Grades 7 - 8	54,000	50,400	54,000	50,400				
Grade 7					59,460	180	-	Complied
Grade 8					59,460	180	-	Complied

RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2012.

SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	(Budget)			
	2013	2012	2011	2010
GENERAL FUND ⁴				
Revenues	\$ 44,656,994	\$ 46,754,412	\$ 50,054,399	\$ 47,453,178
Other sources and tranfers in	204,083	204,083	712,765	1,236,887
Total Revenues				
and Other Sources	44,861,077	46,958,495	50,767,164	48,690,065
Expenditures	48,329,560	49,118,849	50,335,282	50,873,698
Other uses and transfers out				342,705
Total Expenditures				_
and Other Uses	48,329,560	49,118,849	50,335,282	51,216,403
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FUND				
BALANCE	\$ (3,468,483)	\$ (2,160,354)	\$ 431,882	\$ (2,526,338)
ENDING FUND BALANCE	\$ 7,184,153	\$ 10,652,636	\$ 12,812,990	\$ 12,381,108
AVAILABLE RESERVES ²	\$ 6,047,700	\$ 9,355,625	\$ 11,570,147	\$ 10,626,880
AVAILABLE RESERVES AS A				
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL OUTGO ³	12.51%	19.51%	23.45%	21.18%
LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	N/A	\$ 23,588,916	\$ 24,118,543	\$ 20,523,382
K-12 AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE AT P-2	5,593	5,593	5,603	5,622

The General Fund balance has decreased by \$1,728,472 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2012-2013 budget projects a further decrease of \$3,468,483 (33 percent). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in two of the past three years, and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2012-2013 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have increased by \$3,065,534 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 29 over the past two years. No change in ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2012-2013.

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

¹ Budget 2013 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund.

³ On behalf payments of \$1,174,360, \$1,004,354, and \$1,032,216, have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2012, 2011, and 2010, respectively.

⁴ General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Deferred Maintenance Fund, and the Retiree Benefits Fund as required by GASB Statement No. 54.



SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Included in
Name of Charter School	Audit Report
Environmental Charter School	No

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2012

	Child Development Fund		Cafeteria Fund		Capital Facilities Fund		State School Building Fund	
ASSETS								
Deposits and investments	\$	(26,399)	\$	2,557,711	\$	777,248	\$	27,741
Receivables		292,699		581,336		1,505		54
Stores inventories		-		25,754		-		-
Total Assets	\$	266,300	\$	3,164,801	\$	778,753	\$	27,795
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	190,560	\$	199,053	\$	1,489	\$	25,256
Fund Balances:				<u> </u>				
Nonspendable		-		26,424		_		_
Restricted		75,740		2,939,324		777,264		2,539
Assigned		-		-		-		•
Total Fund Balances		75,740		2,965,748		777,264	**	2,539
Total Liabilities and								
Fund Balances	\$	266,300	\$	3,164,801	\$	778,753	\$	27,795

County School Facilities Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		Tax Override Fund		ot Service Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds		
\$	34,413	\$	693,205	\$	1,096,076	\$	9	\$ 18,976	\$	5,178,980	
	66		1,339		-		-	36		877,035	
			-				-	 -		25,754	
\$	34,479	\$	694,544	\$	1,096,076	\$	9	\$ 19,012	\$	6,081,769	
	<u> </u>	\$	12,500	\$	- _	\$		\$ <u>-</u>	\$	428,858	
	-		-		_		-	-		26,424	
	34,479		-		1,096,076		9	19,012		4,944,443	
	-		682,044		-		-	-		682,044	
	34,479		682,044		1,096,076		9	 19,012		5,652,911	
\$	34,479	\$	694,544	\$	1,096,076	\$	9	\$ 19,012	\$	6,081,769	

NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	State School Building Fund	County School Facilities Fund	
REVENUES						
Federal sources	\$ -	\$ 2,878,627	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Other State sources	2,062,456	219,673	-	-	-	
Other local sources	3,102	284,632	22,780	73	322	
Total Revenues	2,065,558	3,382,932	22,780	73	322	
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction	1,641,208	-	-	-	-	
Instruction-related activities:						
Supervision of instruction	170,343	=	-	-	-	
School site administration	34,015	-	-	-	-	
Pupil services:						
Food services	31,544	2,953,237	-	-	-	
All other general administration	122,810	137,325	-	-	-	
Plant services	63,723	211,271	7,591	-	-	
Facility acquisition and construction	-	-	1,489	-	-	
Debt service						
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	
Interest and other	-	-	_	-	-	
Total Expenditures	2,063,643	3,301,833	9,080	-	-	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,915	81,099	13,700	73	322	
- · · · -						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	1,915	81,099	13,700	73	322	
Fund Balances - Beginning	73,825	2,884,649	763,564	2,466	34,157	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 75,740	\$ 2,965,748	\$ 777,264	\$ 2,539	\$ 34,479	
5						

F Cap	ial Reserve und for ital Outlay Projects	Inter Rede	ond rest and emption und	ax rride and	Ser	ebt vice ınd	on-Major vernmental Funds
\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 2,878,627
	-		13,244	-		-	2,295,373
	6,509		311,653	 -		177	 1,629,248
	6,509	1,	324,897	 		177	 6,803,248
	-		-	-		-	1,641,208
	-		-	-		-	170,343
	-		-	-		-	34,015
	-		•	-		-	2,984,781 260,135
	12,500		_	_		_	295,085
	12,500		_	_		_	1,489
							2,102
	-		810,000	-		-	810,000
			845,331	-			 845,331
	12,500	1,	655,331	 -			 7,042,387
	(5,991)		330,434)			177	 (239,139)
	(5,991)	(330,434)	-		177	(239,139)
	688,035		426,510	9	18	3,835	5,892,050
\$	682,044	\$ 1,	096,076	\$ 9	\$ 19	0,012	\$ 5,652,911

GENERAL FUND SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION THREE-YEAR SUMMARY OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES OF FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Actual Results for the Years						
	2011-2012		2010-2011		2009-2010		
			Percent		Percent		Percent
			of		of		of
		Mount	Revenue	Amount	Revenue	Amount	Revenue
REVENUES ¹							
Federal revenue	\$	4,883	10.4	\$ 6,107	12.2	\$ 6,379	13.4
State and local revenue							
included in revenue limit		28,323	60.6	29,696	59.3	26,623	56.1
Other State revenue		12,254	26.2	12,290	24.6	12,132	25.6
Other local revenue		1,294	2.8	1,961	3.9	2,319	4.9
Total Revenues		46,754	100.0	50,054	100.0	47,453	100.0
EXPENDITURES ¹							
Salaries and Benefits							
Certificated salaries		24,573	52.6	24,573	49.1	25,176	53.1
Classified salaries		8,428	18.0	8,652	17.3	8,744	18.4
Employee benefits		7,833	16.8	7,573	15.1	7,447	15.7
Total Salaries	`	•					
and Benefits		40,834	87.4	40,798	81.5	41,367	87.2
Books and supplies		1,815	3.9	2,306	4.6	1,959	4.1
Services and operating expenses		5,317	11.4	5,640	11.3	5,391	11.3
Capital outlay		12	0.0	-	0.0	77	0.2
Other outgo		1,140	2.4	1,591	3.2	2,080	4.4
Total Expenditures		49,118	105.1	50,335	100.6	50,874	107.2
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER)EXPENDITURES		(2,364)	(5.1)	(281)	(0.6)	(3,421)	(7.2)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		204	0.4	713	1.4	1,237	3
Transfers out			0.0	-	0.0	(342)	(0.7)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN FUND							
BALANCE		(2,160)	(4.7)	432	0.8	(2,526)	(5.3)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING		12,813		12,381		14,907	
FUND BALANCE, ENDING	\$	10,653		\$ 12,813		\$ 12,381	
•							

See accompanying note to supplementary information.

General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Deferred Maintenance Fund and the Retiree Benefits Fund as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts consist of Medi-Cal Billing Option funds that in the previous period were recorded as revenues but were unspent. These unspent balances have been expended in the current period.

	CFDA	
	Number	Amount
Description		
Total Federal Revenues From the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,		
and Changes in Fund Balances		\$ 7,807,067
Medi-Cal Billing Option	93.778	35,047
Total Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 7,842,114

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Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46206.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at either the 1982-83 actual minutes or the 1986-87 requirements, whichever is greater, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2012

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the School District, and displays information for each Charter School on whether or not the Charter School is included in the School District audit.

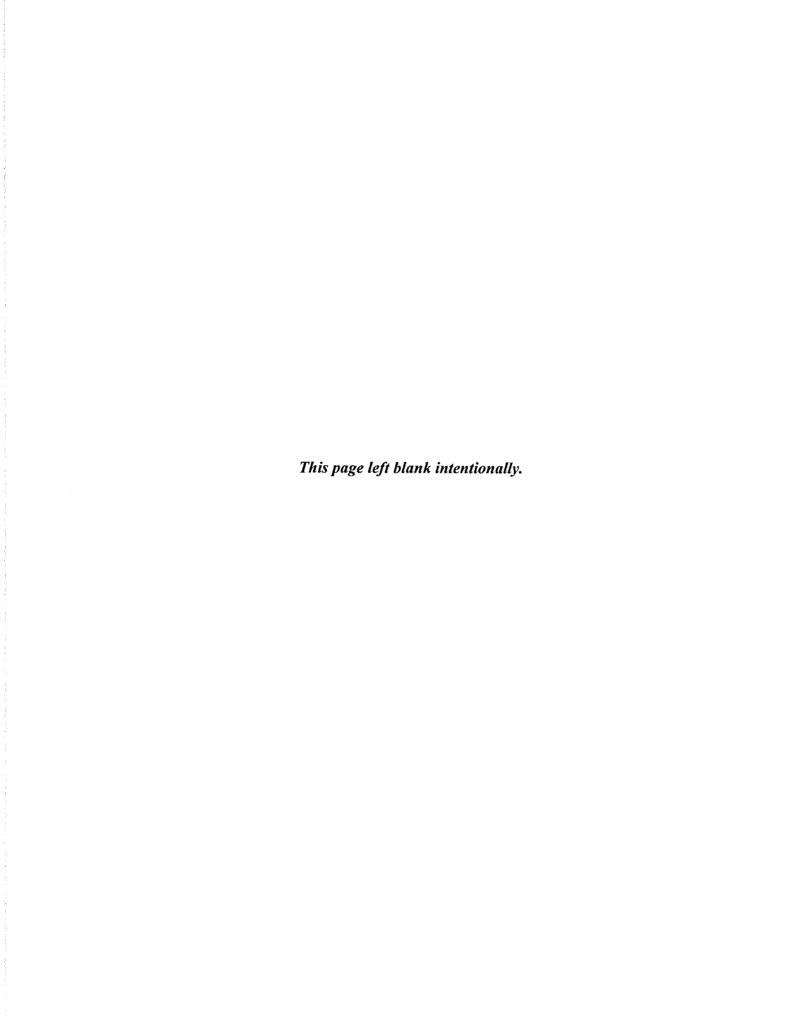
Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

General Fund Selected Financial Information

This schedule provides a comparison of revenues and expenditures as a percentage of total revenue for the General Fund for the past three years.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Lawndale Elementary School District Lawndale, California

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lawndale Elementary School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise Lawndale Elementary School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 6, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

As discussed in the Notes to the basic financial statements, the State of California continues to suffer the effects of a recessionary economy, which directly impacts the funding requirements of the State of California to the K-12 educational community.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Management of Lawndale Elementary School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Lawndale Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lawndale Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lawndale Elementary School District's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lawndale Elementary School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, Federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

auriner. Time, Day à Co., LLP.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 6, 2012

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Governing Board Lawndale Elementary School District Lawndale, California

Compliance

We have audited Lawndale Elementary School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lawndale Elementary School District's major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. Lawndale Elementary School District's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major Federal programs is the responsibility of Lawndale Elementary School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Lawndale Elementary School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lawndale Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Lawndale Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Lawndale Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Lawndale Elementary School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to Federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Lawndale Elementary School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lawndale Elementary School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, Federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

awriner. Time. Day a Co., Ll.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 6, 2012

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Governing Board Lawndale Elementary School District Lawndale, California

We have audited Lawndale Elementary School District's compliance with the requirements as identified in the *Standards and Procedures for Audit of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies 2011-2012*, applicable to Lawndale Elementary School District's government programs as noted below for the year ended June 30, 2012. Compliance with the requirements referred to above is the responsibility of Lawndale Elementary School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Lawndale Elementary School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Standards and Procedures for Audits of California K-12 Local Educational Agencies 2011-2012*, require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a material effect on the applicable government programs noted below. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lawndale Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Lawndale Elementary School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Lawndale Elementary School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the government programs noted below that were audited for the year ended June 30, 2012.

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the Lawndale Elementary School District's compliance with the State laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Audit Guide	Procedures Performed
Attendance Accounting:		
Attendance reporting	6	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	3	Yes
Kindergarten continuance	3	Yes
Independent study	23	Not Applicable
Continuation education	10	Not Applicable

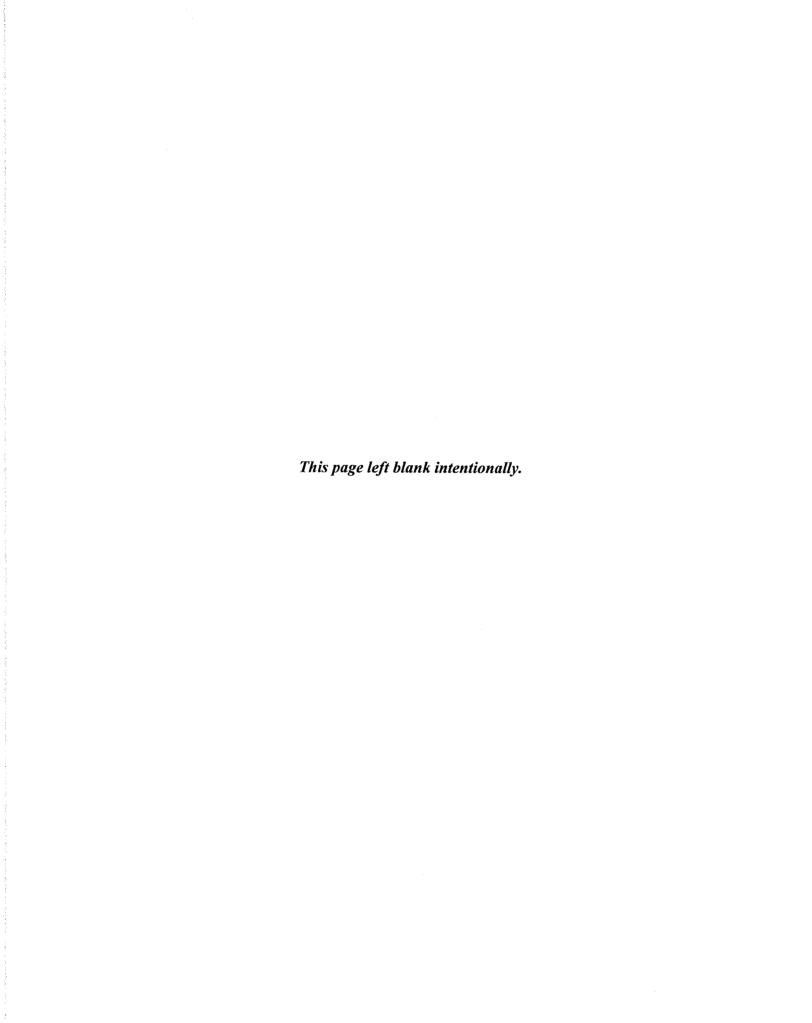
	Procedures in Audit Guide	Procedures Performed
Instructional Time:		
School districts	6	Yes
County offices of education	3	Not Applicable
Instructional Materials:		
General requirements	8	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	1	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	1	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	4	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	1	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	3	Yes
Public Hearing Requirement - Receipt of Funds	1	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	8	Not Applicable
Exclusion of Pupils - Pertussis Immunization	2	Yes
Class Size Reduction Program (including in charter schools):		
General requirements	7	Yes
Option one classes	3	Yes
Option two classes	4	Yes
Districts or charter schools with only one school serving K-3	4	Not Applicable
After School Education and Safety Program:		
General requirements	4	Yes
After school	5	Yes
Before school	6	Yes
Charter Schools:		
Contemporaneous records of attendance	3	Not Applicable
Mode of instruction	1	Not Applicable
Non classroom-based instruction/independent study	15	Not Applicable
Determination of funding for non classroom-based instruction	3	Not Applicable
Annual instruction minutes classroom based	4	Not Applicable

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the governing board, management, the California Department of Education, the State Controller's Office, the California Department of Finance, Federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Vauviner, Tine, Day à Co., LLP. Rancho Cucamonga, California

December 6, 2012

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS



SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Type of auditors' report issued:		Unqualified
Internal control over financial report	ting:	
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiencies identifie	d?	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial	statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major programs	s:	
Material weaknesses identified?		No
Significant deficiencies identifie	d?	None reported
Type of auditors' report issued on co	mpliance for major programs:	Unqualified
Section .510(a) of OMB Circular A Identification of major programs:	e required to be reported in accordance with -133?	No
CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
10.555, 10.553, and 10.559	Child Nutrition Cluster	
84.215	Fund for the Improvement of Education	
	Title IV, Part B, 21st Century Community	
84.287	Learning Centers, Program Century Core	
93.778		
Dollar threshold used to distinguish Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee	\$ 300,000 No	
STATE AWARDS Type of auditors' report issued on co	Unqualified	
Type of additions report issued on co	Onquanneu	

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

None reported.

FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

None reported.

STATE AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings reported in the prior year's schedule of financial statement findings.

Federal Awards Findings

SUSPENSION AND DEBARMENT

2011-1 50000

Federal Program Affected

U.S. Department of Education (DOE), Title I, Part A Cluster, CFDA Nos. 84.010 and 84.389 (ARRA)

Special Education Cluster, CFDA Nos. 84.027, 84.027A, and 84.391 (ARRA)

Criteria

Agencies shall establish procedures for the effective use of the List of Parties Excluded from Federal Procurement or Non-procurement programs to assure that they do not expend assistance to listed parties in violation of the Executive Order.

Condition

The District is not verifying that all vendors for which the federal grant has expended over \$25,000 has been suspended or debarred by the Federal government as required by the Office of Management and Budget, only vendors that have been awarded formal bids are being verified.

Questioned costs

No questioned costs. See context.

Context

The District did not expend any funds to excluded parties, but controls are not in place to ensure that future Federal funds are not expended to an entity included in the Excluded Parties List.

Effect

Future expenditures to excluded parties can result in the District having to return Federal funds.

Cause

The District has not implemented a control to ensure all vendors are being verified as not being suspended or debarred.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Recommendation

We recommend the District implement procedures to verify all vendors who are providing services to federally funded programs in excess of \$25,000 are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise excluded. The District should also update contract templates, or purchase orders, for all contract types that exceed \$25,000 to avoid any non-compliance and possible return of Federal monies.

Current Status

Implemented.