

Financial Statements June 30, 2021

Lawndale Elementary School District



Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Government Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	
Government Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	16 17 tal
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	21
Notes to Financial Statements	23
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	67 68 69 70
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Local Education Agency Organization Structure Schedule of Instructional Time Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis Schedule of Charter Schools Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds Notes to Supplementary Information	76 77 78 79 80 81 ntal 83
Independent Auditor's Reports	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	88

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Con Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	
Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance	93
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	
Summary of Auditor's Results	96
Financial Statement Findings	97
Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs	98
State Compliance Findings and Questioned Costs	100
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	101



Independent Auditor's Report

Governing Board Lawndale Elementary School District Lawndale, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lawndale Elementary School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Notes 1 and 15 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which has resulted in a restatement of the net position (deficit) and fund balance as of July 1, 2020. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 12, and other required supplementary information on pages 66 through 71, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's financial statements. The combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements

themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and the other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated January 31, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Ed Saelly LLP

January 31, 2022



www.lawndalesd.net

This section of Lawndale Elementary School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2021, with comparative information for the year ending June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities and business-type activities separately. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including long-term liabilities) and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for each of the two categories of activities: governmental and proprietary.

- The Governmental Funds are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The Proprietary Funds are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Lawndale Elementary School District.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's operating results. Since the Governing Board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we separate the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade eight students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State, and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

Business-Type Activities - The District charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's Child Care programs and services are included here.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following each governmental fund financial statement.

Proprietary Funds - When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position. In fact, the District's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$(21,210,096) for governmental activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Of this amount, \$(47,613,164) was an unrestricted deficit. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use those net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental and business-type activities.

Table 1

	Govern	mental		Busine	ss-Ty _l	oe			
	Activ	vities		Activ	vities		Total		
		2020,	2020,					2020,	
	2021	as restated		2021		2020	2021	as restated	
Accets									
Assets Current and									
	¢ 125 007 470	¢ 00.637.000	\$	411,595	\$	F10 000	¢ 12F 400 06F	¢ 100 146 909	
other assets	\$ 125,087,470	\$ 99,627,909	Ş	411,595	Ş	518,989	\$ 125,499,065	\$ 100,146,898	
Capital assets	36,884,528	39,271,512					36,884,528	39,271,512	
Total assets	161,971,998	138,899,421		411,595		518,989	162,383,593	139,418,410	
Deferred outflows									
of resources	23,483,865	24,471,309					23,483,865	24,471,309	
Liabilities									
Current liabilities	56,000,140	52,540,547		24,082		27,495	56,024,222	52,568,042	
Long-term liabilities	146,298,915	133,069,719		-		-	146,298,915	133,069,719	
Total liabilities	202,299,055	185,610,266		24,082		27,495	202,323,137	185,637,761	
Deferred inflows									
of resources	4,366,904	5,889,064		-		-	4,366,904	5,889,064	
Net Position									
Net investment in									
capital assets	12,769,565	14,113,955		-		-	12,769,565	14,113,955	
Restricted	13,633,503	8,420,648		-		-	13,633,503	8,420,648	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(47,613,164)	(50,663,203)		387,513		491,494	(47,225,651)	(50,171,709)	
Total net position	\$ (21,210,096)	\$ (28,128,600)	\$	387,513	\$	491,494	\$ (20,822,583)	\$ (27,637,106)	

The \$(47,613,614) in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – decreased by 5.90%, \$(47,225,651) compared to \$(50,171,709).

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities on page 14. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities			Busines Activ	•	•	Total			
	2021	2020*		2021		2020	2021	2020*		
Revenues										
Program revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 2,410,590	\$ 3,851,375	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,410,590	\$ 3,851,375		
Operating grants and										
contributions	114,940,647	103,669,649		-		-	114,940,647	103,669,649		
General revenues										
Federal and State aid										
not restricted	45,899,557	48,539,594		-		-	45,899,557	48,539,594		
Property taxes	14,218,762	13,162,160		-		-	14,218,762	13,162,160		
Other general revenues	5,866,493	2,333,262		229		59,270	5,866,722	2,392,532		
Total revenues	183,336,049	171,556,040		229		59,270	183,336,278	171,615,310		
Expenses										
Instruction-related	69,334,824	69,648,031		_		_	69,334,824	69,648,031		
Pupil services	9,867,428	11,044,256		_		_	9,867,428	11,044,256		
Administration	7,813,055	7,420,688		_		_	7,813,055	7,420,688		
Plant services	5,258,275	6,026,467		_		_	5,258,275	6,026,467		
All other services	84,143,963	83,862,990		104,210		104,071	84,248,173	83,967,061		
Total expenses	176,417,545	178,002,432		104,210		104,071	176,521,755	178,106,503		
Change in net position	\$ 6,918,504	\$ (6,446,392)	\$	(103,981)	\$	(44,801)	\$ 6,814,523	\$ (6,491,193)		

^{*}The revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2020 were not restated to show the effects of GASB 84 for comparative purposes.

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 14, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$176,417,545. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only \$14,218,762 because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs (\$2,410,590) or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$114,940,647). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$51,766,050 in State funds, and with other revenues, like interest and general entitlements.

In Table 3, we have presented the cost of each of the Districts largest functions: instruction-related activities, pupil services, administration, plant services, and all other services, as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by these activities). As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3

	Total Cost	of Services	Net Cost o	f Services
	2021	2020*	2021	2020*
Instruction-related activities	\$ 69,334,824	\$ 69,648,031	\$ 40,520,643	\$ 45,783,195
Pupil services	9,867,428	11,044,256	3,131,458	4,848,576
Administration	7,813,055	7,420,688	4,270,777	4,333,142
Plant services	5,258,275	6,026,467	5,239,595	6,001,754
All other services	84,143,963	83,862,990	5,903,835	9,514,741
Tatal	¢ 176 417 F4F	¢ 170 002 422	¢ 50,000,300	¢ 70 401 400
Total	\$ 176,417,545	\$ 178,002,432	\$ 59,066,308	\$ 70,481,408

The total and net cost of services for fiscal year 2020 were not restated to show the effects of GASB 84 for comparative purposes.

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$69,750,750, which is an increase of \$22,159,176 from last year (Table 4).

Table 4

	Balances and Activity									
Governmental Fund		June 30, 2020, as restated		evenues and her Financing Sources		xpenditures and Other nancing Uses	June 30, 2021			
General	\$	31,029,726	\$	92,336,610	\$	77,553,988	\$	45,812,348		
Student Activity		65,802		-		640		65,162		
Special Education Pass-Through		-		81,008,095		81,059,467		(51,372)		
Child Development		(40,619)		2,050,666		1,511,593		498,454		
Cafeteria		426,803		4,219,642		3,185,298		1,461,147		
Building		9,852,642		6,990,269		969,337		15,873,574		
Capital Facilities		383,750		84,258		-		468,008		
State School Building Lease-Purchase		29,208		(5)		-		29,203		
County School Facilities		37,783		(7)		-		37,776		
Special Reserve Fund for Capital										
Outlay Projects		3,257,102		212,974		75,516		3,394,560		
Bond Interest and Redemption		2,528,533		3,914,788		4,302,272		2,141,049		
Tax Override		10		-		-		10		
Debt Service		20,834		(3)				20,831		
Total	\$	47,591,574	\$	190,817,287	\$	168,658,111	\$	69,750,750		

Our General Fund is our principal operating fund. The fund balance in the General Fund increased from \$31,029,726 to \$45,812,348. This increase is due to:

- 1. COVID-19 related school closures resulting in reduced operating costs
- 2. Enactment of the ADA Hold Harmless provision

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on March 4, 2021. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 66.)

Some of the most significant changes in the budget were due to the following:

• Significant revenue revisions made to the 2020-2021 Budget were due to increased funding provided in the Governor's Budget after our original budget adoption.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2021, the District had \$36,884,528 in a broad range of capital assets (net of depreciation), including land, construction in progress, buildings, and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of \$2,386,984 or 6.08%, from last year (Table 5).

Table 5

	Govern Activ	mental vities
	2021	2020
Land and construction in progress Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	\$ 2,064,881 34,034,786 784,861	\$ 1,802,300 36,643,526 825,686
Total	\$ 36,884,528	\$ 39,271,512

This year's net additions of \$2,556,205 included cafeteria equipment and classroom and staff equipment such as computers.

Several capital projects are planned for the 2021-2022 year. We anticipate capital additions to be \$3 million for the 2021-2022 year. We present more detailed information about our capital assets in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of this year, the District had \$146,298,915 in long-term liabilities outstanding versus \$133,069,719 last year, an increase of 9.94%. The long-term liabilities consisted of:

Table 6

	Governmental Activities			
	2021			
Long-Term Liabilities				
General obligation bonds	\$ 37,200,000	\$ 33,090,000		
Unamortized premiums	3,031,238	2,196,891		
Compensated absences	756,949	535,811		
Aggregate net other postemployment benefits liability	15,142,683	12,665,569		
Aggregate net pension liability	90,168,045	84,581,448		
Total	\$ 146,298,915	\$ 133,069,719		

The District's general obligation bond rating is "AA-". The State limits the amount of general obligation bonds debt that districts can issue to 5.00% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the District's boundaries. The District's outstanding general obligation bonds debt of \$37,200,000 is significantly below the statutorily-imposed limit.

Other liabilities include compensated absences payable, aggregate net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability, and the aggregate net pension liability. We present more detailed information regarding our long-term liabilities in Notes 8, 9, and 12 of the financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2020-2021 ARE NOTED BELOW:

In the 2020-2021 fiscal year, the District utilized funds from Series A and Series B of the Measure L General Obligation Bond of 2016 to take on various capital project improvements. Projects that were completed this year using these bond funds include the installation of new HVAC units at FDR, Carson, Twain, Green, Mitchell and Smith schools and exterior painting at FDR and Carson.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In considering the District Budget for the 2021-2022 fiscal year, the Governing Board and management used the following criteria:

The key assumptions in our revenue forecast are:

- 1. Full implementation of the Local Control Funding Formula. The District will review metrics and revise and adopt a Local Control Accountability Plan (LCAP) using stakeholder input to develop goals to enhance student achievement.
- 2. Average daily attendance (ADA) enrollments were down 273 from the prior year. Revenues are not impacted in 2021-22 due to the "hold harmless" provision of the Governor's Budget.
- 3. Interest earnings remain low to reflect State and National interest rate policies.
- 4. Developer fee collections were based upon actual receipts which are sensitive to the housing and construction industry.
- 5. MAA reimbursements are budgeted only upon receipt.
- 6. Transfers to the early retiree fund of \$365,680 annually, were reinstated.
- 7. The District has recommitted a budgetary transfer of \$214,445 to continue its commitment to maintain its facilities, even though the former Deferred Maintenance program was eliminated and also folded into the District's Local Control Funding Formula and LCAP.

Expenditures are based on the following forecasts:

	Staffing Ratio	<u>Enrollment</u>
Grades Pre-K and K through third	24:1	1,918
Grades four and five	30:1	994
Grades six, seven and eight	30:1	1,512
Special Education (Ungraded)	14:1	132

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Assistant Superintendent, Business Services, at Lawndale Elementary School District, Lawndale, California 90260, or e-mail at Gretchen_janson@lawndalesd.net.

	 overnmental Activities	iness-Type activities	Total
Assets			
Deposits and investments	\$ 75,636,042	\$ 410,668	\$ 76,046,710
Receivables	49,311,020	927	49,311,947
Stores inventories	140,408	-	140,408
Capital assets not depreciated	2,064,881	-	2,064,881
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	 34,819,647	-	34,819,647
Total assets	161,971,998	411,595	162,383,593
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred charge on refunding	242,701	-	242,701
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	2,073,159	-	2,073,159
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	 21,168,005	 -	21,168,005
Total deferred outflows of resources	23,483,865		23,483,865
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	53,310,968	24,082	53,335,050
Interest payable	663,420	-	663,420
Unearned revenue	2,025,752	-	2,025,752
Long-term liabilities			
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and			
pensions due within one year	1,110,000	-	1,110,000
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and			
pensions due in more than one year	39,878,187	-	39,878,187
Aggregate net other postemployment	45 440 600		15 110 600
benefits (OPEB) liability	15,142,683	-	15,142,683
Aggregate net pension liability	90,168,045	-	 90,168,045
Total liabilities	 202,299,055	24,082	202,323,137
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	1,190,799	_	1,190,799
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	3,176,105	_	3,176,105
20.0.100000 0.10000.1000 10.0000 00 points.00.00	3,17 3,103		 3,1: 0,203
Total deferred inflows of resources	 4,366,904		 4,366,904
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	12,769,565	-	12,769,565
Restricted for			
Debt service	1,498,470	-	1,498,470
Capital projects	534,987	-	534,987
Educational programs	9,629,668	-	9,629,668
Other activities	1,970,378	-	1,970,378
Unrestricted (deficit)	 (47,613,164)	387,513	 (47,225,651)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (21,210,096)	\$ 387,513	\$ (20,822,583)

Lawndale Elementary School District Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Program	Revenues	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position					
			Charges for	Operating		Business-	tion			
Functions/Programs	Expenses		ervices and Sales	Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Type Activities	Total			
Governmental Activities										
Instruction	\$ 55,647,937	\$	244,471	\$ 21,031,334	\$ (34,372,132)	\$ -	\$ (34,372,132)			
Instruction-related activities	. , ,	·	,	. , ,	, , ,	•	, , ,			
Supervision of instruction	8,004,767		167,422	6,464,644	(1,372,701)	-	(1,372,701)			
Instructional library, media,										
and technology	1,129,703		-	581,647	(548,056)	-	(548,056)			
School site administration	4,552,417		-	324,663	(4,227,754)	-	(4,227,754)			
Pupil services										
Home-to-school transportation	130,933		-	-	(130,933)	-	(130,933)			
Food services	3,742,059		1,615	4,118,733	378,289	-	378,289			
All other pupil services	5,994,436		48,106	2,567,516	(3,378,814)	-	(3,378,814)			
Administration										
Data processing	1,943,766		-	425,178	(1,518,588)	-	(1,518,588)			
All other administration	5,869,289		65,707	3,051,393	(2,752,189)	-	(2,752,189)			
Plant services	5,258,275		2,594	16,086	(5,239,595)	-	(5,239,595)			
Ancillary services	640		-	-	(640)	-	(640)			
Community services	415,097		691	22,431	(391,975)	-	(391,975)			
Enterprise services	17,232		-	-	(17,232)	-	(17,232)			
Interest on long-term liabilities	1,504,877		-	-	(1,504,877)	-	(1,504,877)			
Other outgo	82,206,117		1,879,984	76,337,022	(3,989,111)		(3,989,111)			
Total governmental										
activities	176,417,545		2,410,590	114,940,647	(59,066,308)		(59,066,308)			
Business-Type Activities										
Enterprise services	104,210					(104,210)	(104,210)			
Total primary										
government	\$176,521,755	\$	2,410,590	\$114,940,647	(59,066,308)	(104,210)	(59,170,518)			
General Revenues										
Property taxes, levied for general pur	nococ				\$ 9,739,591	\$ -	\$ 9,739,591			
Property taxes, levied for debt service					2,787,940	, -	2,787,940			
Taxes levied for other specific purpos					2,767,940 1,691,231	-	1,691,231			
Federal and State aid not restricted to					45,899,557	-	45,899,557			
Interest and investment earnings	o specific purpose	:5			45,899,557 22,701	229	22,930			
Miscellaneous					5,843,792	229	5,843,792			
Wilscellarieous					3,843,732		3,843,732			
Subtotal, general revenues					65,984,812	229	65,985,041			
Change in Net Position					6,918,504	(103,981)	6,814,523			
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning, as resta	ated				(28,128,600)	491,494	(27,637,106)			
Net Position (Deficit) - Ending					\$ (21,210,096)	\$ 387,513	\$ (20,822,583)			

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Education Pass-Through Fund			Building Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
Assets Deposits and investments Receivables Stores inventories	\$ 42,133,182 14,541,183 86,517	\$	9,104,709 34,214,968 -	\$	16,375,571 34,317 -	\$	8,022,580 520,552 53,891	\$	75,636,042 49,311,020 140,408
Total assets	\$ 56,760,882	\$	43,319,677	\$	16,409,888	\$	8,597,023	\$	125,087,470
Liabilities and Fund Balances									_
Liabilities Accounts payable Unearned revenue	\$ 8,960,014 1,988,520	\$	43,371,049 -	\$	536,314	\$	443,591 37,232	\$	53,310,968 2,025,752
Total liabilities	10,948,534		43,371,049		536,314		480,823		55,336,720
Fund Balances Nonspendable Restricted Assigned Unassigned	101,517 9,629,668 5,141,131 30,940,032		- - - (51,372)		- 15,873,574 - -		54,385 4,667,255 3,394,560		155,902 30,170,497 8,535,691 30,888,660
Total fund balances	45,812,348		(51,372)		15,873,574		8,116,200		69,750,750
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 56,760,882	\$	43,319,677	\$	16,409,888	\$	8,597,023	\$	125,087,470

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	69,750,750
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		7	03,730,730
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of capital assets is Accumulated depreciation is	\$ 112,159,551 (75,275,023)		
Net capital assets			36,884,528
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred.			(663,420)
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to Deferred charge on refunding Aggregate net OPEB liability Aggregate net pension liability	242,701 2,073,159 21,168,005		
Total deferred outflows of resources			23,483,865
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to Aggregate net OPEB liability Aggregate net pension liability	(1,190,799) (3,176,105)		
Total deferred inflows of resources			(4,366,904)
The District's aggregate net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.			(15,142,683)
Aggregate net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.			(90,168,045)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of: General obligation bonds Unamortized premiums Compensated absences (vacations)	(37,200,000) (3,031,238) (756,949)		
Total long-term liabilities			(40,988,187)
Total net position - governmental activities		\$	(21,210,096)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Special Education Pass-Through Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues Local Control Funding Formula Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ 54,600,727 11,684,049 20,672,285 5,379,549	\$ - 16,555,394 64,414,712 37,989	\$ - - - (9,731)	\$ - 4,132,242 2,083,713 2,909,946	\$ 54,600,727 32,371,685 87,170,710 8,317,753
Total revenues	92,336,610	81,008,095	(9,731)	9,125,901	182,460,875
Expenditures Current					
Instruction	46,597,157	-	-	1,120,937	47,718,094
Instruction-related activities Supervision of instruction Instructional library, media,	7,152,014	-	-	254,818	7,406,832
and technology School site administration	996,089 4,015,843	-	-	- 44,995	996,089 4,060,838
Pupil services Home-to-school transportation Food services	122,537 134,772	-	-	- 3,185,298	122,537 3,320,070
All other pupil services Administration	5,097,030	-	-	-	5,097,030
Data processing All other administration	1,681,047 4,396,662	-	-	90,583	1,681,047 4,487,245
Plant services Ancillary services Community services	4,371,040 - 355,598	-	29,511 -	5,360 640	4,405,911 640 355,598
Other outgo	1,146,650	81,059,467	-	-	82,206,117
Facility acquisition and construction Debt service Principal	1,216,078	-	789,826	70,416 2,890,000	2,076,320 2,890,000
Interest and other			150,000	1,412,272	1,562,272
Total expenditures	77,282,517	81,059,467	969,337	9,075,319	168,386,640
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	15,054,093	(51,372)	(979,068)	50,582	14,074,235
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	-	-	-	271,471	271,471
Other sources - proceeds from sale of bonds Transfers out	- (271,471)	-	7,000,000	1,084,941	8,084,941 (271,471)
Transfers out	(271,471)				(2/1,4/1)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(271,471)		7,000,000	1,356,412	8,084,941
Net Change in Fund Balances	14,782,622	(51,372)	6,020,932	1,406,994	22,159,176
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	31,029,726		9,852,642	6,709,206	47,591,574
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 45,812,348	\$ (51,372)	\$ 15,873,574	\$ 8,116,200	\$ 69,750,750

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental

Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 22,159,176

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expenses in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which depreciation exceeds capital outlays in the period.

Depreciation expense \$ (4,579,033)
Capital outlays \$ 2,192,049

Net expense adjustment (2,386,984)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences (vacations) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount is the difference between vacation earned and used.

(221,138)

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and the aggregate net pension liability during the year.

(6,548,030)

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and aggregate net OPEB liability during the year.

(946,974)

Proceeds received from sale of general obligation bonds is a revenue in the governmental funds, but it increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

(7,000,000)

Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the deferred charge on refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.

Premium on issuance recognized (1,084,941)
Premium amortization 250,594
Deferred charge on refunding amortization (33,991)

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

General obligation bonds \$ 2,890,000

Interest on long-term liabilities is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due; however, in the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

(159,208)

Change in net position of governmental activities

6,918,504

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Child Care Fund	
Assets		
Current assets		
Deposits and investments	\$	410,668
Receivables		927
Total current assets		411,595
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable		24,082
		_ :,00_
Net Position		
Unrestricted	\$	387,513

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Child Care Fund	
Operating Expenses		
Payroll costs	\$	103,887
Other operating cost		323
Total operating expenses		104,210
Operating Loss		(104,210)
Nonoperating Revenues		
Fair market value adjustments		(2,317)
Interest income		2,546
Total nonoperating revenues		229
Change in Net Position		(103,981)
Total Net Position - Beginning		491,494
Total Net Position - Ending	\$	387,513

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Child Care Fund	
Operating Activities		
Other operating cash payments	\$	(107,623)
Investing Activities		
Fair market value adjustments		(2,317)
Interest on investments		3,191
Net Cash From Investing Activities		874
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(106,749)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		517,417
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	410,668
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net		
Cash Provided By Operating Activities		
Operating loss	\$	(104,210)
Changes in liabilities		
Accounts payable		(3,413)
Net Cash From Operating Activities	\$	(107,623)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Entity

The Lawndale Elementary School District (the District) was organized in October 1906 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates six elementary schools and two middle schools.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Other Related Entities

Charter School The District has approved the Environmental Charter School pursuant to *Education Code* Section 47605. The Charter School was approved in December 2000, for an original term of four years ending June 30, 2004. The agreement has since been approved through June 30, 2024.

For financial reporting purposes the charter is not considered a component unit in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14 as amended by Statement No. 39. The criterion that establishes financial accountability as a result of fiscal dependency was not met. Therefore, the charter is determined not to be a component unit and is not included as part of these financial statements.

The charter is subject to audit within the agreement. Audited financial statements are available from the charter organization.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Two funds currently defined as a special revenue funds in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) do not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 14 Deferred Maintenance Fund and Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, are not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While these funds are authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, these funds function effectively as extensions of the General Fund, and accordingly have been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in fund balance of \$3,846,713.

Special Education Pass-Through Fund The Special Education Pass-Through Fund is used by the Administrative Unit of a multi-district Special Education Local Plan Area (SELPA) to account for Special Education revenue passed through to other member districts.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- **Student Activity Fund** The Student Activity Fund is used to account separately for the operating activities of the associated student body accounts that are not fiduciary in nature, including student clubs, general operations, athletics, and other student body activities.
- **Child Development Fund** The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.

Cafeteria Fund The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to
operate the food service program (Education Code Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those
expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food
service program (Education Code Sections 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

- Capital Facilities Fund The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626 and Government Code Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in Government Code Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (Government Code Section 66006).
- State School Building Lease-Purchase Fund The State School Building Lease-Purchase Fund is used primarily to account separately for State apportionments for the reconstruction, remodeling, or replacement of existing school buildings or the acquisition of new school sites and buildings, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene State School Building Lease-Purchase Law of 1976 (Education Code Section 17000 et seq.).
- County School Facilities Fund The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to Education Code Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), the 2006 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D), or the 2016 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 51) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (Education Code Section 17070 et seq.).
- Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (Education Code Section 42840).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

- **Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a district (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).
- Tax Override Fund The Tax Override Fund is used for the repayment of voted indebtedness (other than Bond Interest and Redemption Fund repayments) to be financed from ad valorem tax levies.
- **Debt Service Fund** The Debt Service Fund is used for the accumulation of resources for, and the retirement of principal, and interest on general long-term liabilities.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the local education agency, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting and are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District has the following proprietary fund:

• Enterprise Fund Enterprise Fund may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The only enterprise fund of the District accounts for the financial transactions related to the child care operations of the District.

Basis of Accounting – Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each governmental function. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the *Statement of Activities*, except for depreciation. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other purposes result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund Financial Statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The enterprise fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statement.

- Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modification accrual basis of accounting.
- **Proprietary Funds** Proprietary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included in the statement of net position. The statement of changes in fund net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term liabilities, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2021.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, capital leases, and other long-term liabilities are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Premiums

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable government activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund Statement of Net Position. Debt premiums are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt services expenditures in the period the bonds are issued.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items. The deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for pension related items and OPEB related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the aggregate net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the aggregate net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the MPP. For this purpose, the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2021, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other actions as approved by the governing board. The District currently does not have any committed funds.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business officer/assistant superintendent of business services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the District against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than 3% of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position net of investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$13,633,503 of restricted net position.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are user fees. Operating expenses are necessary cost incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Activities, except for the net residual amounts transferred between governmental and business-type activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates, and those differences could be material.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Los Angeles bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Change in Accounting Principles

As of July 1, 2020, the District adopted GASB No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The objective of this Statement is to improve the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements and this Statement will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. Greater consistency and comparability enhance the value provided by the information reported in financial statements for assessing government accountability and stewardship. The impact to the District resulted in a reclassification of the District's student body activities from fiduciary to governmental. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning fund balance and net position (deficit) is disclosed in Note 15.

New Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for the reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021. Early implementation is encouraged. The effects of this change on the District's financial statements have not yet been determined.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2021, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 75,636,042 410,668
Total deposits and investments	\$ 76,046,710
Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2021, consist of the following:	
Cash on hand and in banks Cash in revolving Investments	\$ 77,118 15,494 75,954,098
Total deposits and investments	\$ 76,046,710

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under *California Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the Los Angeles County Investment Pool and by having the pool purchase a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The District maintains an investment of \$75,954,098 with the Los Angeles County Investment Pool that has an average weighted maturity of 1,045 days.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment in the Los Angeles County Investment Pool is not rated, nor is it required to be rated as of June 30, 2021.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California *Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2021, the District did not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk because all balances were FDIC insured.

Note 3 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2021, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Pass-Thro		cial Education ass-Through Fund				Non-Major Governmental Funds Total			Enterprise Fund	
Federal Government											
Categorical aid	\$ 3,562,288	\$	16,555,394	\$	-	\$	288,337	\$	20,406,019	\$	-
Other federal	354,057		-		-		=		354,057		-
State Government											
LCFF apportionment	5,048,612		-		-		-		5,048,612		-
Categorical aid	5,028,916		17,622,011		-		137,459		22,788,386		-
Lottery	343,777		-		-		-		343,777		-
Local Government											
Interest	86,246		37,563		34,317		9,638		167,764		927
Other local sources	117,287						85,118		202,405		
Total	\$ 14,541,183	\$	34,214,968	\$	34,317	\$	520,552	\$	49,311,020	\$	927

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

		Balance July 1, 2020	 Additions	De	eductions	Balance June 30, 2021		
Governmental Activities								
Capital assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	1,370,117	\$ -	\$	- (264.456)	\$	1,370,117	
Construction in progress		432,183	626,737		(364,156)		694,764	
Total capital assets								
not being depreciated		1,802,300	 626,737		(364,156)		2,064,881	
Capital assets being depreciated								
Land improvements		1,723,040	736,775		-		2,459,815	
Buildings and improvements	100,591,984		1,076,965		-		101,668,949	
Furniture and equipment		5,850,178	115,728				5,965,906	
Total capital assets being			 					
depreciated		108,165,202	1,929,468		_		110,094,670	
Total capital assets		109,967,502	 2,556,205		(364,156)		112,159,551	
Accumulated depreciation								
Land improvements		(736,818)	(89,425)		-		(826,243)	
Buildings and improvements		(64,934,680)	(4,333,055)		-		(69,267,735)	
Furniture and equipment		(5,024,492)	 (156,553)		-		(5,181,045)	
Total accumulated		_	_					
depreciation		(70,695,990)	(4,579,033)		-		(75,275,023)	
Governmental activities								
capital assets, net	\$	39,271,512	\$ (2,022,828)	\$	(364,156)	\$	36,884,528	

Depreciation expense was charged as a direct expense to the governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 3,269,436
Pupil transportation	8,396
Food services	227,477
All other pupil services	349,226
Data processing	115,178
All other administration	307,446
Plant services	 301,874
	·
Total depreciation expenses - governmental activities	\$ 4,579,033

Note 5 - Interfund Transactions

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	<u>Tra</u>	Transfer From			
Transfer To		General Fund			
Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$	271,471			
The General Fund transferred to the Child Development Non-Major Governmental Fund for reimbursement of operating expenditures.	\$	57,026			
The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for District contribution per LCAP plan.		214,445			
Total	\$	271,471			

Note 6 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	cial Education ass-Through Fund	Building Fund	on-Major vernmental Funds	Total	terprise Fund
Salaries and benefits Due to SELPA members Construction Vendor payables	\$ 4,734,621 - - 4,225,393	\$ - 43,371,049 - -	\$ - - 536,314 -	\$ 342,307 - 38,571 62,713	\$ 5,076,928 43,371,049 574,885 4,288,106	\$ 23,932 - - 150
Total	\$ 8,960,014	\$ 43,371,049	\$ 536,314	\$ 443,591	\$ 53,310,968	\$ 24,082

Note 7 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2021, consists of the following:

	Non-Major General Governmental Fund Funds								
Federal financial assistance State categorical aid Other local	\$	317,509 1,663,881 7,130	\$	- 37,232 -	\$	317,509 1,701,113 7,130			
Total	\$	1,988,520	\$	37,232	\$	2,025,752			

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2020	 Additions	 Deductions	Balance June 30, 2021	 Due in One Year
Long-Term Liabilities General obligation bonds Unamortized premiums Compensated absences	\$ 33,090,000 2,196,891 535,811	\$ 7,000,000 1,084,941 221,138	\$ (2,890,000) (250,594) -	\$ 37,200,000 3,031,238 756,949	\$ 1,110,000 - -
Total	\$ 35,822,702	\$ 8,306,079	\$ (3,140,594)	\$ 40,988,187	\$ 1,110,000

Payments on the general obligation bonds are paid from the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local revenues. The compensated absence payments are paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

General Obligation Bonds

1998, General Obligation Bonds, Series C

In August 2010, the District issued in the amount of \$3,000,000, the General Obligation Bonds, Election 1998, Series C. The bonds bear an interest rate of 3.00% and mature through the fiscal year 2021. The bonds were issued to finance the repair and refurbishment of existing school facilities, and the construction and acquisition of new classrooms and school facilities. At June 30, 2021, the principal balance was paid in full.

2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

In August 2010, the District issued in the amount of \$13,170,000, the 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds to advance refund all of the outstanding principal amount of the Lawndale Elementary School District General Obligation Bonds, 1998 Election, Series A, and a portion of the outstanding principal amount on the Lawndale Elementary School District General Obligation Bonds, 1998 Election, Series B. The bonds bear an interest rate of 3.50% and mature through the fiscal year 2021. At June 30, 2021, the principal balance was paid in full.

2016, General Obligation Bonds, Series A

In March 2017, the District issued in the amount of \$10,000,000, the General Obligation Bonds, Election 2016, Series A. The bonds bear interest rates of 3.50 to 5.00% and mature through the fiscal year 2047. The bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of education facilities and projects and to pay for the cost of issuing the bonds. At June 30, 2021, the principal balance outstanding was \$8,855,000. Unamortized premium received on issuance of the bonds amounted to \$166,114 as of June 30, 2021.

2017 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

In March 2017, the District issued in the amount of \$5,080,000, the 2017 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds were issued to advance refund the 1998, General Obligation Bonds, Series B, maturing August 1, 2018 through August 2032. The bonds bear interest rates of 2.00 to 4.00% and mature through the fiscal year 2033. At June 30, 2021 the principal balance outstanding was \$5,020,000. Unamortized premium received on issuance of the bonds amounted to \$33,453 as of June 30, 2021.

2016, General Obligation Bonds, Series B

In August 2018, the District issued in the amount of \$10,000,000, the General Obligation Bonds, Election 2016, Series B. The bonds bear interest rates of 3.00 to 5.00% and mature through the fiscal year 2049. The bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of education facilities and projects and to pay for the cost of issuing the bonds. At June 30, 2021, the principal balance outstanding was \$9,235,000. Unamortized premium received on issuance of the bonds amounted to \$793,889 as of June 30, 2021.

2020 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

In May 2020, the District issued in the amount of \$8,225,000, the 2020 General Obligation Refunding Bonds to advance refund portions of the District's outstanding 2010 General Obligation Refunding Bonds and General Obligation Bonds, 1998 Election, Series C. The bonds bear interest rates of 5.00% and mature through the fiscal year 2028. At June 30, 2021, the principal balance outstanding was \$8,145,000. Unamortized premium received on issuance of the bonds amounted to \$998,047 as of June 30, 2021.

2016, General Obligation Bonds, Series C

In August 2020, the District issued in the amount of \$7,000,000, the General Obligation Bonds, Election 2016, Series C. The bonds bear interest rates of 0.32 to 4.00% and mature through the fiscal year 2049. The bonds were issued to finance the acquisition and construction of education facilities and projects and to pay for the cost of issuing the bonds. At June 30, 2021, the principal balance outstanding was \$5,945,000. Unamortized premium received on issuance of the bonds amounted to \$1,039,735 as of June 30, 2021.

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2020	Issued	 Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding Ine 30, 2021
8/25/2010	8/1/2020	3.00%	\$ 3,000,000	\$ 145,000	\$ -	\$ (145,000)	\$ -
8/25/2010	8/1/2020	3.50%	13,170,000	845,000	-	(845,000)	-
3/21/2017	8/1/2046	3.50-5.00%	10,000,000	8,855,000	-	-	8,855,000
3/21/2017	8/1/2032	2.00-4.00%	5,080,000	5,020,000	-	-	5,020,000
8/29/2018	8/1/2048	3.00-5.00%	10,000,000	10,000,000	-	(765,000)	9,235,000
5/6/2020	8/1/2027	5.00%	8,225,000	8,225,000	-	(80,000)	8,145,000
8/12/2020	8/1/2048	0.32-4.00%	7,000,000	 	 7,000,000	(1,055,000)	 5,945,000
				 _			
				\$ 33,090,000	\$ 7,000,000	\$ (2,890,000)	\$ 37,200,000

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The 2016, Series A bonds mature through 2047 as follows:

Fiscal Year	P	rincipal	nterest to Maturity	Total		
2022	\$	-	\$ 363,769	\$	363,769	
2023		-	363,769		363,769	
2024		-	363,769		363,769	
2025		-	363,769		363,769	
2026		-	363,769		363,769	
2027-2031		200,000	1,808,843		2,008,843	
2032-2036		880,000	1,676,456		2,556,456	
2037-2041		1,935,000	1,407,222		3,342,222	
2042-2046		4,690,000	725,200		5,415,200	
2047		1,150,000	23,000		1,173,000	
Total	\$	8,855,000	\$ 7,459,566	\$	16,314,566	

The 2017 Refunding bonds mature through 2033 as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest to Maturity	Total		
2022	\$.	- \$	169,550	\$	169,550	
2023		-	169,550		169,550	
2024		-	169,550		169,550	
2025		-	169,550		169,550	
2026		-	169,550		169,550	
2027-2031	3,465,000)	541,988		4,006,988	
2032-2033	1,555,000)	52,425		1,607,425	
Total	\$ 5,020,000) \$	1,442,163	\$	6,462,163	

The 2016, Series B bonds mature through 2049 as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	-	nterest to Maturity	 Total
2022	\$ 30,000	\$	413,238	\$ 443,238
2023	50,000		411,638	461,638
2024	75,000		409,138	484,138
2025	95,000		405,262	500,262
2026	120,000		399,887	519,887
2027-2031	965,000		1,872,562	2,837,562
2032-2036	1,555,000		1,610,922	3,165,922
2037-2041	2,135,000		1,283,178	3,418,178
2042-2046	2,320,000		783,750	3,103,750
2047-2049	1,890,000		144,750	2,034,750
Total	\$ 9,235,000	\$	7,734,325	\$ 16,969,325

The 2020 Refunding bonds mature through 2028 as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest to Maturity	Total
2022 2023 2024 2025 2026 2027-2028	\$ 1,005,000 1,105,000 1,210,000 1,330,000 1,450,000 2,045,000	329,375 271,500 208,000 138,500	\$ 1,387,125 1,434,375 1,481,500 1,538,000 1,588,500 2,149,375
Total	\$ 8,145,000	\$ 1,433,875	\$ 9,578,875

The 2016, Series C bonds mature through 2049 as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Principal	-	nterest to Maturity	Total
2022	\$ 75,000	\$	117,400	\$ 192,400
2023	_		234,800	234,800
2024	_		234,800	234,800
2025	_		234,800	234,800
2026	50,000		233,800	283,800
2027-2031	330,000		1,133,400	1,463,400
2032-2036	670,000		1,039,000	1,709,000
2037-2041	1,185,000		845,900	2,030,900
2042-2046	1,265,000		613,300	1,878,300
2047-2049	 2,370,000		170,000	2,540,000
Total	\$ 5,945,000	\$	4,857,200	\$ 10,802,200

Note 9 - Net Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District reported an aggregate net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	Aggregate Net OPEB Liability	erred Outflows of Resources	 ferred Inflows f Resources	 OPEB Expense
District Plan	\$ 14,662,136	\$ 2,073,159	\$ 1,190,799	\$ 890,119
Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program	480,547			 56,855
Total	\$ 15,142,683	\$ 2,073,159	\$ 1,190,799	\$ 946,974

The details of each plan are as follows:

District Plan

Plan Administration

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75. Management of the Plan is vested in the District management.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2019, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	45
Active employees	466
Total	511

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

Contributions

The benefit payment requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the Lawndale Teacher's Association (LTA), the Lawndale Federation of Classified Employees (LFCE), and unrepresented groups. The benefit payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements as determined annually through the agreements with the District, LTA, LFCE, and the unrepresented groups. For measurement period of June 30, 2020, the District paid \$427,060 in benefits.

Total OPEB Liability of the District

The District's total OPEB liability of \$14,662,136 was measured as of June 30, 2020 and determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019 and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2020. The following assumptions, were applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	2.75%
Discount rate	2.20%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience as of June 2019.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance, June 30, 2019	\$ 12,241,877
Service cost Interest Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments	851,506 435,611 (16,126) 1,576,328 (427,060)
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,420,259
Balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 14,662,136

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.50% to 2.20% since the previous valuation. There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Total OPEB	
Discount Rate		Liability
1% decrease (1.20%)	۲	15,732,526
,	Ş	15,752,520
Current discount rate (2.20%)		14,662,136
1% increase (3.20%)		13,408,003

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	Total OPEB
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Liability
1% decrease (3.00%)	\$ 12,772,254
Current healthcare cost trend rate (4.00%)	14,662,136
1% increase (5.00%)	17,051,955

Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 ferred Inflows of Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	294,422 - 1,778,737	\$ 956,889 233,910
Total	\$	2,073,159	\$ 1,190,799

The deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to differences between expected and actual experience and the changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 16.4 years and will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Outflo	eferred ws/(Inflows) Resources
2022	\$	31,753
2023		31,753
2024		31,753
2025		31,753
2026		31,753
Thereafter		429,173
		_
Total	\$	587,938

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

Plan Description

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2019 annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB) Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$480,547 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively, was 0.1134% and 0.1138%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0004%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$56,855.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The June 30, 2020 total OPEB liability was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2020, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date Valuation Date Experience Study	June 30, 2020 June 30, 2019 June 30, 2014 through	June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 June 30, 2010 through
	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	2.21%	3.50%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	4.50%	3.70%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.40%	4.10%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2019, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 294 or an average of 0.18% of the potentially eligible population (159,339).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2020, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2020, is 2.21%. As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as previously noted, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, a discount rate of 2.21%, which is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2020, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate decreased 1.29% from 3.50% as of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPI Liabilit	
1% decrease (1.21%)	 \$ 531	,379
Current discount rate (2.21%)	480	,547
1% increase (3.21%)	437	,293

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rate		let OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.50% Part A and 4.40% Part B) Current Medicare costs trend rates (4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B)	\$	435,728 480.547
1% increase (5.50% Part A and 6.40% Part B)		532,142

Note 10 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Special Education Pass-Through Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Revolving cash	\$ 15,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 494	\$ 15,494
Stores inventories	86,517			53,891	140,408
Total nonspendable	101,517			54,385	155,902
Restricted					
Legally restricted programs	9,629,668	-	-	1,970,378	11,600,046
Capital projects	-	-	15,873,574	534,987	16,408,561
Debt services	-			2,161,890	2,161,890
Total restricted	9,629,668		15,873,574	4,667,255	30,170,497
Assigned					
Capital projects	-	-	-	3,394,560	3,394,560
Deferred maintenance	4,653	-	-	-	4,653
Measure CL carryover	1,282,123	-	-	-	1,282,123
Retiree benefits	3,842,060	-	-	-	3,842,060
USC grant	12,295	· -			12,295
Total assigned	5,141,131			3,394,560	8,535,691
Unassigned	30,940,032	(51,372)			30,888,660
Total	\$ 45,812,348	\$ (51,372)	\$ 15,873,574	\$ 8,116,200	\$ 69,750,750

Note 11 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2021, the District contracted with Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2021, the District participated in the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) joint powers authorities' insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the ASCIP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the pool. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the pool. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. A participant will then either receive a refund or credit from ASCIP or will be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the pool. Participation in the pool is limited to districts that can meet the ASCIP selection criteria.

Coverage provided by ASCIP for property and liability and workers' compensation is as follows:

Insurance Program / Company Name	Type of Coverage	Limits
Workers' Compensation Program Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP)	Workers' Compensation	\$ 1,000,000
Property and Liability Program Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP)	General and Automotive Comprehensive Crime	\$ 600,000,000 \$ 5,000,000
Excess Property and Liability Program Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP)	Excess Property and Liability	\$ 50,000,000

Note 12 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	_	ggregate Net nsion Liability	erred Outflows f Resources	 erred Inflows Resources	Per	nsion Expense
CalSTRS CalPERS	\$	63,065,613 27,102,432	\$ 16,541,915 4,626,090	\$ 1,962,139 1,213,966	\$	9,313,150 5,110,417
Total	\$	90,168,045	\$ 21,168,005	\$ 3,176,105	\$	14,423,567

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by CalSTRS. STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2019, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the State is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the State is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021 are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program		
Hire date	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	60	62	
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%	
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%	
Required employer contribution rate	16.15%	16.15%	
Required state contribution rate	10.328%	10.328%	

Contributions

Required member, District, and State of California contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, are presented above, and the District's total contributions were \$5,524,147.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share

District's proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 63,065,613
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	32,510,331
Total	\$ 95,575,944

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, was 0.0651% and 0.0643%, respectively, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0008%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$9,313,150. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$4,554,378 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions	\$	5,524,147	\$ -	
made and District's proportionate share of contributions Differences between projected and actual earnings		3,258,620	183,581	
on pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual experience		1,498,076	-	
in the measurement of the total pension liability		111,282	1,778,558	
Changes of assumptions		6,149,790		
Total	\$	16,541,915	\$ 1,962,139	

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows of Resources	s)
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$ (914,11 510,42 1,018,34 883,42	2 8
Total	\$ 1,498,070	

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Outflo	Deferred ows/(Inflows) Resources
2022	\$	2,456,414
2023		2,414,651
2024		2,269,872
2025		156,570
2026		211,414
Thereafter		48,632
Total	_ \$	7,557,553

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance-PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2020, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	42%	4.8%
Real estate	15%	3.6%
Private equity	13%	6.3%
Fixed income	12%	1.3%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	1.8%
Inflation sensitive	6%	3.3%
Cash/liquidity	2%	-0.4%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10%) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

	Net Pension
Discount Rate	Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 95,283,356
Current discount rate (7.10%)	63,065,613
1% increase (8.10%)	36,465,329

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under CalPERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2019 annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed.

An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or age 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)		
Hire date	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013	
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service	
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life	
Retirement age	55	62	
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%	
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	7.00%	
Required employer contribution rate	20.70%	20.70%	

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contribution rates are expressed as a percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2021, are presented above, and the total District contributions were \$2,351,390.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2021, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$27,102,432. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement periods of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, was 0.0883% and 0.0909%, respectively, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0026%.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,110,417. At June 30, 2021 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date Change in proportion and differences between contributions	\$	2,351,390	\$	-
made and District's proportionate share of contributions Differences between projected and actual earnings on		266,930		1,213,966
pension plan investments Differences between expected and actual experience		564,186		-
in the measurement of the total pension liability		1,344,198		-
Changes of assumptions		99,386		
Total	\$	4,626,090	\$	1,213,966

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Outfl	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources		
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$	(211,130) 188,321 327,332 259,663		
Total	\$	564,186		

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 4.1 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Outflo	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources		
2022 2023 2024 2025	\$	571,819 168,187 (217,430) (26,028)		
Total	\$	496,548		

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2020. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2019
Measurement date	June 30, 2020
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.15%
Investment rate of return	7.15%
Consumer price inflation	2.50%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries 90% of scale MP-2016.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Assumed Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global equity	50%	5.98%
Fixed income	28%	2.62%
Inflation assets	0%	1.81%
Private equity	8%	7.23%
Real assets	13%	4.93%
Liquidity	1%	-0.92%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.15%)	\$ 38,964,688
Current discount rate (7.15%)	27,102,432
1% increase (8.15%)	17,257,355

Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use the FICA Alternative Plan as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and an employee vest immediately. The District and employees combined contribution rate is 3.75% of employees earnings based on a contribution formula.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$3,679,204 (10.328% of annual payroll.) Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual Budget Act for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements.

Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2021.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

Capital Project	Remaining Construction Commitment		Expected Date of Completion
Carson Playground IEEP Project	\$	27,528	February 2022
Carson HVAC Measure L & ESSER II Project		314,888	September 2021
Green HVAC Measure L Project		8,722	September 2021
Mitchell HVAC Measure L Project		7,964	September 2021
Smith HVAC Measure L Project		24,413	August 2021
FDR Painting Measure L Project		128,469	August 2021
Carson Painting Measure L Project		16,779	August 2021
Anderson Playground Measure L Project		17,380	December 2021
Total	\$	546,143	

Note 14 - Participation in Joint Power Authority

The District is a member of the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs (ASCIP) joint powers authority (JPA). The District pays an annual premium to the applicable entity for its, workers' compensation and property liability coverage. Payments for insurance are paid to the JPA. The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that it is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

Joint Power Authorities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entity and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

The District has appointed one board member to the governing board of the ASCIP JPA.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District made payments of \$922,517 to the ASCIP.

Note 15 - Restatement of Prior Year Net Position (Deficit) and Fund Balance

As of July 1, 2020, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* (GASB 84). As a result of the implementation of GASB 84, the District has reclassified its associated student body activity previously reported as fiduciary funds to a governmental fund – Student Activity Fund. The following table describes the effects of the implementation on beginning fund balance/net position (deficit).

The restatement of fund balance is as follows:

	on-Major vernmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Beginning fund balance previously reported at June 30, 2020	\$ 6,643,404	\$	47,525,772
Prior period adjustment - Implementation of GASB 84 Reclassification of student activity fund from agency funds			
to a special revenue fund	 65,802		65,802
Fund Balance Restated at July 1, 2020	\$ 6,709,206	\$	47,591,574
The restatement of net position (deficit) is as follows:			
Governmental Activities			
Beginning Net Position (Deficit) Governmental Activities as Previously Reported			(22.42.422)
Reported at June 30, 2020 Reclassification of student activity fund from agency funds		\$	(28,194,402)
to a special revenue fund			65,802
Net Position (Deficit) Restated at July 1, 2020		\$	(28,128,600)



Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2021

Lawndale Elementary School District

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variances - Positive (Negative) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	to Actual
Revenues	A 50 075 050	. 54 224 250	A 54 600 707	A 275 477
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 50,075,958	\$ 54,324,250	\$ 54,600,727	\$ 276,477
Federal sources	4,637,516	17,401,271	11,684,049	(5,717,222)
Other State sources Other local sources	15,554,056 2,460,433	14,274,946 6,370,311	20,672,285 5,379,549	6,397,339 (990,762)
Other local sources	2,400,433	0,370,311	5,579,549	(990,762)
Total revenues ¹	72,727,963	92,370,778	92,336,610	(34,168)
Expenditures Current				
Certificated salaries	35,167,758	35,795,066	33,728,278	2,066,788
Classified salaries	11,481,871	12,278,886	11,314,112	964,774
Employee benefits	15,046,367	15,239,549	18,218,508	(2,978,959)
Books and supplies	3,800,702	13,256,866	5,809,088	7,447,778
Services and operating expenditures	8,021,381	10,036,928	5,855,396	4,181,532
Other outgo	1,240,000	886,794	1,056,067	(169,273)
Capital outlay	139,356	1,536,908	1,301,068	235,840
Total expenditures ¹	74,897,435	89,030,997	77,282,517	11,748,480
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	(2.462.472)		45.054.000	
Over Expenditures	(2,169,472)	3,339,781	15,054,093	11,714,312
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	300,833	302,252	-	(302,252)
Transfers out	(580,125)	(580,125)	(271,471)	308,654
Net financing sources (uses)	(279,292)	(277,873)	(271,471)	6,402
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,448,764)	3,061,908	14,782,622	11,720,714
Fund Balance - Beginning	31,029,726	31,029,726	31,029,726	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 28,580,962	\$ 34,091,634	\$ 45,812,348	\$ 11,720,714

¹ Due to the consolidation of Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund, and Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures, however are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.

Lawndale Elementary School District

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Special Education Pass-Through Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Variances - Positive (Negative) Final to Actual
			710000	
Revenues				
Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ 20,822,689 56,863,367	\$ 19,782,662 65,870,763	\$ 16,555,394 64,414,712 37,989	\$ (3,227,268) (1,456,051) 37,989
Total revenues	77,686,056	85,653,425	81,008,095	(4,645,330)
Expenditures Current				
Other outgo	77,686,056	85,653,425	81,059,467	4,593,958
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	(51,372)	(51,372)
Fund Balance - Beginning				
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (51,372)	\$ (51,372)

	2021	2020	2019
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 851,506	\$ 1,008,517	\$ 897,686
Interest	435,611	465,440	436,577
Difference between expected and actual experience	(16,126)	(1,072,547)	-
Changes of assumptions	1,576,328	339,991	(290,049)
Benefit payments	(427,060)	(451,853)	(263,834)
Net change in total OPEB liability	2,420,259	289,548	780,380
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	12,241,877	11,952,329	11,171,949
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 14,662,136	\$ 12,241,877	\$ 11,952,329
Covered Payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018

¹ The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Year ended June 30,		2021		2020		2019		2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability		0.1134%		0.1138%		0.1105%		0.1122%
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	480,547	\$	423,692	\$	423,030	\$	472,077
District's covered payroll	N/A ¹		N/A ¹		N/A ¹			N/A ¹
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll		N/A ¹		N/A ¹		N/A ¹		N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		-0.71%	-0.81%		-0.40%			0.01%
Measurement Date	June	30, 2020	June	30, 2019	June	30, 2018	June	e 30, 2017

¹As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
CalSTRS							
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0651%	0.0643%	0.0616%	0.0620%	0.0600%	0.0576%	0.0560%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 63,065,613 32,510,331	\$ 58,086,866 31,690,263	\$ 56,590,491 32,400,703	\$ 57,319,007 33,909,440	\$ 48,517,958 27,620,408	\$ 38,749,301 20,494,109	\$ 32,705,162 19,748,789
Total	\$ 95,575,944	\$ 89,777,129	\$ 88,991,194	\$ 91,228,447	\$ 76,138,366	\$ 59,243,410	\$ 52,453,951
District's covered payroll	\$ 35,218,649	\$ 35,105,344	\$ 32,427,505	\$ 31,889,118	\$ 30,409,003	\$ 26,259,617	\$ 25,289,611
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	179.07%	165.46%	174.51%	179.74%	159.55%	147.56%	129.32%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72%	73%	71%	69%	70%	74%	77%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
CalPERS							
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0883%	0.0909%	0.0887%	0.0909%	0.0926%	0.0913%	0.0873%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 27,102,432	\$ 26,494,582	\$ 23,651,498	\$ 21,703,903	\$ 18,294,793	\$ 13,460,371	\$ 9,915,554
District's covered payroll	\$ 12,722,179	\$ 12,788,833	\$ 11,518,028	\$ 11,609,411	\$ 11,076,146	\$ 10,847,022	\$ 9,198,947
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	213.03%	207.17%	205.34%	186.95%	165.17%	124.09%	107.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	70%	71%	72%	74%	79%	83%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Lawndale Elementary School District Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2021

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
CalSTRS							
Contractually required contribution Less contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 5,524,147	\$ 6,022,389	\$ 5,715,150	\$ 4,679,289	\$ 4,011,651	\$ 3,262,886	\$ 2,331,854
required contribution	5,524,147	6,022,389	5,715,150	4,679,289	4,011,651	3,262,886	2,331,854
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 34,205,245	\$ 35,218,649	\$ 35,105,344	\$ 32,427,505	\$ 31,889,118	\$ 30,409,003	\$ 26,259,617
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	16.15%	17.10%	16.28%	14.43%	12.58%	10.73%	8.88%
CalPERS							
Contractually required contribution Less contributions in relation to the contractually	\$ 2,351,390	\$ 2,508,941	\$ 2,309,919	\$ 1,788,865	\$ 1,612,315	\$ 1,312,191	\$ 1,276,803
required contribution	2,351,390	2,508,941	2,309,919	1,788,865	1,612,315	1,312,191	1,276,803
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 11,359,372	\$ 12,722,179	\$ 12,788,833	\$ 11,518,028	\$ 11,609,411	\$ 11,076,146	\$ 10,847,022
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	20.700%	19.721%	18.062%	15.531%	13.888%	11.847%	11.771%

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedules

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

These schedules present information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, and the total OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- Changes of Assumptions The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 3.50% to 2.20% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability - MPP program and the Plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- Changes of Assumptions The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 3.50% to 2.21% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the Plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.
- Changes of Assumptions There were no changes in economic assumptions for either the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans from the previous valuations.

Schedule of District Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.



Supplementary Information June 30, 2021

Lawndale Elementary School District

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Passed Through to Subrecipients
U.S. Department of Education				
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE)				
ESSA: Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income	04.040	4.4220	6 4 557 064	A
and Neglected	84.010 84.367	14329 14341	\$ 1,557,864 196,940	\$ -
ESSA: Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction ESSA: Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14341	205,666	-
ESSA: Title III, English Learner Student Program ESSA: Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic	64.303	14340	203,000	_
Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	109,406	-
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement,				
Part B, Section 611	84.027	13379	16,053,725	14,535,004
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619	84.173	13430	1,058,653	910,535
IDEA Preschool Local Entitlement,				
Part B, Section 611	84.027A	13682	5,964	-
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance	04.0274	15107	1 107 257	1 107 257
(ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611 IDEA Preschool Staff Development,	84.027A	15197	1,107,257	1,107,257
Part B, Section 619	84.173A	13431	3,061	2,598
Alternate Dispute Resolution,	01.175/1	10.101	3,001	2,330
Part B, Section 611	84.173A	13007	14,601	
Subtotal Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			18,243,261	16,555,394
IDEA Early Intervention Grants, Part C	84.181	23761	226,304	
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School				
Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	15536	164,343	_
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School			•	
Emergency Relief (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	15547	2,063,490	-
COVID-19: CARES Act Supplemental				
Meal Reimbursement	84.425D	15535	178,439	
Subtotal			2,406,272	
Total U.S. Department of Education			22,945,713	16,555,394
U.S. Department of the Treasury				
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE)				
COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	25516	5,299,700	
U.S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE)				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
Child Nutrition: Summer Food Service Program				
Operations	10.559	13004	2,098,805	-
Commodities	10.555	13396	503,786	
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			2,602,591	
Child Care Food Program (CCFP) Claims-Centers and				
Family Day Care Homes (Meal Reimbursements)	10.558	13393	1,261,306	-
Child Nutrition: NSLP Equipment Assistance Grants	10.579	14906	27,050	-

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing/Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amounts Passed Through to Subrecipients
Passed through Los Angeles County Department of Public Health Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) Cluster Healthy Communities Initiative CalFresh Healthy Living Program	10.561 10.561	PH-003248 PH-004421	\$ 76,053 220,943	\$ -
Subtotal SNAP Cluster Total U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.501	111 004421	296,996	-
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$32,433,356	\$ 16,555,394

ORGANIZATION

The Lawndale Elementary School District was established in October 1906 and consists of an area comprising approximately 2.5 square miles. The District operates six elementary schools and two middle schools. There were no boundary changes during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

MEMBER	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
Mrs. Cathy Burris	President	2024
Ms. Bonnie J. Coronado	Clerk	2022
Mr. Adim Morales	Trustee	2024
Mrs. Ann Phillips	Trustee	2022
Mrs. Shirley Rudolph	Trustee	2022

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Elizabeth Hamilton	Superintendent of Schools
Dr. Gretchen Janson	Deputy Superintendent of Business Services
Mr. Travis Collier	Assistant Superintendent of Educational Services
Mr. Adam Jaquette	Assistant Superintendent of Human Resources

			Number of	T I D	
Grade Level	Traditional Calendar	Multitrack Calendar	Days Credited Form J-13A	Total Days Offered	Status
Kindergarten	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grades 1 - 3					
Grade 1	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 2	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 3	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grades 4 - 8					·
Grade 4	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 5	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 6	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 7	180	N/A	-	180	Complied
Grade 8	180	N/A	-	180	Complied

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements Year Ended June 30, 2021

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2021.

	(Budget) 2022 ¹	2021	2020	2019
General Fund ³				
Revenues Other sources	\$ 87,166,663 302,252	\$ 92,338,405 302,252	\$ 85,293,369 392,731	\$ 88,622,077 405,919
Total Revenues				
and Other Sources	87,468,915	92,640,657	85,686,100	89,027,996
Expenditures Other uses	84,655,545 580,125	77,282,517 789,007	82,877,709 686,100	83,781,695 630,754
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	85,235,670	78,071,524	83,563,809	84,412,449
Increase in Fund Balance	2,233,245	14,569,133	2,122,291	4,615,547
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 44,198,880	\$ 41,965,635	\$ 27,396,502	\$ 25,274,211
Available Reserves 2,4	\$ 33,173,626	\$ 30,940,032	\$ 21,793,727	\$ 16,230,346
Available Reserves as a				
Percentage of Total Outgo ⁴	38.92%	39.63%	26.43%	19.80%
Long-Term Liabilities	N/A	\$ 146,298,915	\$ 133,069,719	\$ 130,261,861
K-12 Average Daily				
Attendance at P-2	4,544	4,972	4,972	5,067

The General Fund balance has increased by \$16,691,424 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2021-2022 budget projects an increase of \$2,233,245 (5.32%). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2021-2022 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$16,037,054 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 95 ADA over the past two years. An additional decline of 428 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2021-2022.

¹ Budget 2022 is included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund.

³ General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Deferred Maintenance Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

⁴ On behalf payments of \$1,110,335 and \$2,457,661 relating to Senate Bill 90 have been excluded from the calculation of available reserves for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, respectively.

Name of Charter School	Charter Number	Included in Audit Report
Environmental Charter School	0353	No

Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Student Activity Fund	De	Child velopment Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Build	te School ding Lease hase Fund	nty School acilities Fund
Assets								
Deposits and								
investments	\$ 65,162	\$	622,773	\$ 1,296,968	\$ 382,793	\$	30,388	\$ 37,695
Receivables	-		122,581	305,640	85,215		65	81
Stores inventories	 -		-	 53,891	 -		-	 -
Total assets	\$ 65,162	\$	745,354	\$ 1,656,499	\$ 468,008	\$	30,453	\$ 37,776
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$	209,668	\$ 195,352	\$ -	\$	1,250	\$ -
Unearned revenue	-		37,232	-	 -			 -
Total liabilities	 -		246,900	195,352	 _		1,250	_
Found Balances								
Fund Balances Nonspendable				54,385				
Restricted	65,162		498,454	1,406,762	468,008		29,203	37,776
Assigned	 -		-	-	 -		-	-
Total fund balances	 65,162		498,454	1,461,147	468,008		29,203	37,776
Total liabilities and								
fund balances	\$ 65,162	\$	745,354	\$ 1,656,499	\$ 468,008	\$	30,453	\$ 37,776

Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects			Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		Tax Override Fund		Debt Service Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Assets										
Deposits and										
investments	Ś	3,424,956	\$	2,141,049	\$	10	\$	20,786	\$	8,022,580
Receivables	•	6,925	,	-,- :-,- :-	*	-	,	45	т.	520,552
Stores inventories		<u>-</u>		-		_		-		53,891
Total assets	\$	3,431,881	\$	2,141,049	\$	10	\$	20,831	\$	8,597,023
Liabilities and Fund Balances										
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	37,321	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	443,591
Unearned revenue		-		-				-		37,232
Total liabilities		37,321								480,823
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		54,385
Restricted		-		2,141,049		10		20,831		4,667,255
Assigned		3,394,560		-				-		3,394,560
Total fund balances		3,394,560		2,141,049		10		20,831		8,116,200
Total liabilities and										
fund balances	\$	3,431,881	\$	2,141,049	\$	10	\$	20,831	\$	8,597,023

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Student Activity Fund		Child evelopment Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund		State School Building Lease Purchase Fund	
Revenues Federal sources Other State sources Other local sources	\$ - - -	\$	109,148 1,866,653 17,839	\$ 4,023,094 200,596 (4,048)	\$	- - 84,258	\$	- - (5)
Total revenues			1,993,640	4,219,642		84,258		(5)
Expenditures Current								
Instruction Instruction-related activities	-		1,120,937	-		-		-
Supervision of instruction School site administration Pupil services	-		254,818 44,995	-		-		- -
Food services Administration	-		-	3,185,298		-		-
All other administration Plant services	-		90,583 260	-		-		-
Ancillary services Facility acquisition and construction Debt service	640 -		-	-		-		-
Principal Interest and other	 - -		- -			-		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures	640		1,511,593	3,185,298		-		-
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (640)		482,047	1,034,344		84,258		(5)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Other sources - proceeds from	-		57,026	-		-		-
sale of bonds	 		-			-		<u> </u>
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 		57,026			-		
Net Change in Fund Balances	(640)		539,073	1,034,344		84,258		(5)
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	 65,802		(40,619)	426,803		383,750		29,208
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 65,162	\$	498,454	\$ 1,461,147	\$	468,008	\$	29,203

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	nty School acilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest a Redemption	
Revenues				
Federal sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
Other State sources	-	-	16,4	
Other local sources	 (7)	(1,471)	2,813,	383
Total revenues	(7)	(1,471)	2,829,	847
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction	-	-		-
Instruction-related activities				
Supervision of instruction School site administration	-	-		-
Pupil services	-	-		-
Food services	-	-		_
Administration				
All other administration	-	-		-
Plant services	-	5,100		-
Ancillary services	-	-		-
Facility acquisition and construction	-	70,416		-
Debt service Principal			2,890,0	000
Interest and other	-	- -	1,412,	
interest and other	 			
Total expenditures		75,516	4,302,	272
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	 (7)	(76,987)	(1,472,	425)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Other sources - proceeds from	-	214,445		-
sale of bonds	_		1,084,	941
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		214,445	1,084,9	941_
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7)	137,458	(387,	484)
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	37,783	3,257,102	2,528,	533
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 37,776	\$ 3,394,560	\$ 2,141,	049

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	verride und	Debt Service Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Revenues						
Federal sources	\$ -	\$	-	\$	4,132,242	
Other State sources	-		- (2)		2,083,713	
Other local sources			(3)		2,909,946	
Total revenues	 -		(3)		9,125,901	
Expenditures						
Current						
Instruction Instruction-related activities	-		-		1,120,937	
Supervision of instruction	_		_		254,818	
School site administration	_		_		44,995	
Pupil services					•	
Food services	-		-		3,185,298	
Administration						
All other administration	-		-		90,583	
Plant services	-		-		5,360	
Ancillary services Facility acquisition and construction	-		-		640 70,416	
Debt service	_		_		70,410	
Principal	_		_		2,890,000	
Interest and other	-				1,412,272	
Total expenditures	-				9,075,319	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures			(3)		50,582	
Over Experioritares	 		(3)		30,382	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	-		-		271,471	
Other sources - proceeds from						
sale of bonds	 -		-		1,084,941	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	-				1,356,412	
Net Change in Fund Balances	-		(3)		1,406,994	
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	 10		20,834		6,709,206	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 10	\$	20,831	\$	8,116,200	

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting, except for subrecipient expenditures, which are recorded on the cash basis. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate.

Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2021, the District had food commodities totaling \$503,786.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the number of instructional days offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Section 43504.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report With Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each Charter School on whether or not the Charter School is included in the District audit.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

The Non-Major Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.



Independent Auditor's Reports June 30, 2021

Lawndale Elementary School District



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

Governing Board Lawndale Elementary School District Lawndale, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lawndale Elementary School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 31, 2022.

Emphasis of Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Notes 1 and 15 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which has resulted in a restatement of the net position (deficit) and fund balance as of July 1, 2020. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Esde Saelly LLP

January 31, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Governing Board Lawndale Elementary School District Lawndale, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lawndale Elementary School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our qualified and unmodified opinions on compliance for major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund (ALN: 21.019)

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the District did not comply with requirements regarding the COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund (ALN: 21.019), as described in finding 2021-001 for Activities Allowed and Unallowed. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the District to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Qualified Opinion on COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund (ALN: 21.019)

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion paragraph, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund (ALN: 21.019) for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major federal programs identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

The District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies,

in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses and significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 2021-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

The District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Esde Saelly LLP

January 31, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

Governing Board Lawndale Elementary School District Lawndale, California

Report on State Compliance

We have audited Lawndale Elementary School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, applicable to the state laws and regulations listed in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the state laws and regulations as identified in the table below.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the District's compliance with state laws and regulations based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to below. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of the 2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements listed below has occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on state compliance. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Compliance Requirements Tested

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures Performed
LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCIES OTHER THAN CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance and Distance Learning	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, see below
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below
SCHOOL DISTRICTS, COUNTY OFFICES OF EDUCATION, AND CHARTER SCHOOLS	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No, see below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No, see below
CHARTER SCHOOLS	
Attendance	No, see below
Mode of Instruction	No, see below
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

The District did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Early Retirement Incentive Program.

We did not perform Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

We did not perform District of Choice procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

We did not perform California Clean Energy Jobs Act procedures because the related procedures were performed in a previous year.

The District does not offer an Independent Study - Course Based program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Independent Study - Course Based Program.

The Charter School is independent of the District; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to charter schools.

Unmodified Opinion

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the laws and regulations of the state programs referred to above for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The purpose of this report on state compliance is solely to describe the results of our testing based on the requirements of the 2020-2021 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rancho Cucamonga, California

Esde Saelly LLP

January 31, 2022



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2021

Lawndale Elementary School District

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting

Material weaknesses identified No

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs

Material weaknesses identified

Yes

Significant deficiencies identified not considered

to be material weaknesses None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for major programs Qualified

Unmodified for all programs except for the following program which was qualified

Name of Program

COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund (ALN: 21.019)

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)

Yes

Identification of major programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster Federal Financial Assistance

Listing/Federal CFDA Number

COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency
Relief (ESSER) Fund
84.425D

COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency

Relief (ESSER II) Fund 84.425D COVID-19: CARES Act Supplemental Meal Reimbursement 84.425D

COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019

Child Care Food Program (CCFP) Claims-Centers and
Family Day Care Homes (Meal Reimbursements)

10.558

ESSA: Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected 84.010

Special Education Cluster (IDEA) 84.027, 84.027A, 84.173A

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A

and type B programs \$973,001

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

State Compliance

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance

for programs Unmodified

Lawndale Elementary School District Financial Statement Findings Year Ended June 30, 2021

None reported.

The following finding represents a material weakness and material instances of noncompliance including questioned costs that are required to be reported by the Uniform Guidance. The findings have been coded as follows:

Five Digit Code 50000

AB 3627 Finding Type Federal Compliance

2021-001 50000

Federal Program Affected

Program Name: COVID-19: Coronavirus Relief Fund

Assistance Listing Number: 21.019

Passed through from California Department of Education

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of the Treasury

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Activities Allowed or Unallowed

601(d) of the Social Security Act, as added by section 5001 of Division A of the CARES Act: Use of Funds – a State, Tribal government, and unit of local government shall use the funds provided under a payment made under this section to cover only those costs of the State, Tribal government, or unit of local government that – (1) are necessary expenditures incurred due to the public health emergency with respect to the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19).

Condition

Material Weakness: It was determined there was a duplicate expenditure charged to the program, therefore, it was not considered a necessary expenditure incurred due to the public health emergency.

Questioned Costs

The questioned costs are \$366,994.

Context

The District spent \$5,299,700 of COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund. Out of the sixty expenditures tested, one item did not have supporting documentation and was determined to be a duplicate expenditure charged to the program.

Effect

The District did not comply with relevant federal requirements.

Cause

An invoice was erroneously entered twice into the system causing a duplicate expenditure charged to the program.

Repeat Finding (Yes or No)

No

Recommendation

The District should implement additional review procedures to ensure that the expenditures charged to the program are supported by proper documentation.

Corrective Action Plan and Views of Responsible Officials

The District will continue to routinely review transactions on a monthly, quarterly and annual basis to verify the validity of the expenditures posted to the general ledger. In addition, the Accounts Payable team will review pending unapproved vouchers to determine the validity of each voucher. Based on the determination of each voucher, the Accounts Payable team will delete all invalid vouchers to ensure duplicate expenditures do not occur. The District believes that this audit finding is a unique circumstance and does not constitute a systematic weakness in their internal controls.

Lawndale Elementary School District State Compliance Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2021

None reported.

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings reported in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

Financial Statement Finding

2020-001: 30000

Criteria or Specific Requirement

The accounting system used to record the financial affairs of local educational agencies (LEAs) shall be in accordance with the definitions, instructions, and procedures published in the *California School Accounting Manual*. LEAs are also required to present their financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

Condition

Material Weakness - Several year-end adjustments were identified during the audit that resulted in audit adjustments to the original District trial balance. There were material audit adjustments proposed and posted to accounts receivable, accounts payable, and unearned revenue accounts.

Questioned Costs

There are no questioned costs associated with this finding.

Context

Several adjustments and reclassification entries were posted to ensure accuracy and correct classification of account balances.

Effect

Material adjustments to the general ledger were proposed as a result of audit procedures performed. These adjustments were accepted by management to ensure the financial statements were presented fairly in accordance with GAAP.

Cause

The internal controls in place during the closing process, including preparation and review of account reconciliations and posting of journal entries, were not performed, or were not performed in a timely manner to ensure accurate reporting of balances for reporting.

Repeat Finding (Yes or No): No

Recommendation

We recommend that all account balances are reconciled and reviewed by appropriate personnel prior to closing the fiscal year ledgers to ensure proper financial reporting. All journal entries posted to the ledger should be reviewed and approved by appropriate personnel. Additionally, policies and procedures should be implemented to ensure that these accounts are reconciled and reviewed throughout the year on a regular basis in order to facilitate timely and accurate reporting at year-end.

Current Status

Implemented.