

SELF-ADMINISTRATION OF ASTHMA AND ANAPHYLAXIS MEDICATIONS: 3419

Asthma is an inflammatory disease of the respiratory tract. Anaphylaxis is a life-threatening allergic reaction that may involve systems of the entire body. Anaphylaxis is a medical emergency that requires immediate medical treatment and follow-up care by an allergist/immunologist.

It is the policy of the District that students with asthma or anaphylaxis are afforded the opportunity to self-administer prescribed medications. The student's parent or guardian shall submit a written request and other documentation required by the school. The student's prescribing healthcare provider must provide a written treatment plan.

The student must demonstrate to the school's professional nurse that the student is competent to possess and self-administer prescribed medications during school and at school-sponsored events.

The Superintendent/designee shall establish procedures that implement this policy.

Cross References:	Administrative Policy – 2161	Special Education and Related Services for Eligible Students
	Administrative Policy – 2162	Education of Students With Disabilities Under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
	Administrative Policy - 3416	Medication in School
	Administrative Policy – 3420	Anaphylaxis Prevention and Response
Legal References:	RCW 28A.210.310	Anaphylaxis-Policy guidelines- Procedures-Reports
	RCW 28A.210.370	Students with Asthma
	34 CFR Part 104	Section 504 of Rehabilitation Act of 1973
	42 U.S.C. 280	Public Health Service Act
	42 U.S.C. 12212 Section 512	Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990
	42 U.S.C. 280, Section 399	Public Health Service Act
	Chapter 462, Laws of 2005	Relating to the Prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of asthma

Management Resources:

OSPI, March 2009, Guidelines for the Care of Students with Anaphylaxis