



MILFORD MIDDLE SCHOOL

MILFORD



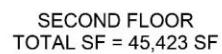
FIRST LEVEL



FIRST FLOOR
TOTAL SF = 74,889 SF

DEPARTMENTS LEGEND

	AUDITORIUM
	CIRCULATION
	GENERAL EDUCATION
	KITCHEN/CAFETERIA
	MEDIA CENTER
	MUSIC/PERFORMING ARTS
	SERVICES



THIRD LEVEL

DEPARTMENTS LEGEND

- ADMINISTRATION
- CIRCULATION
- GENERAL EDUCATION
- SERVICES



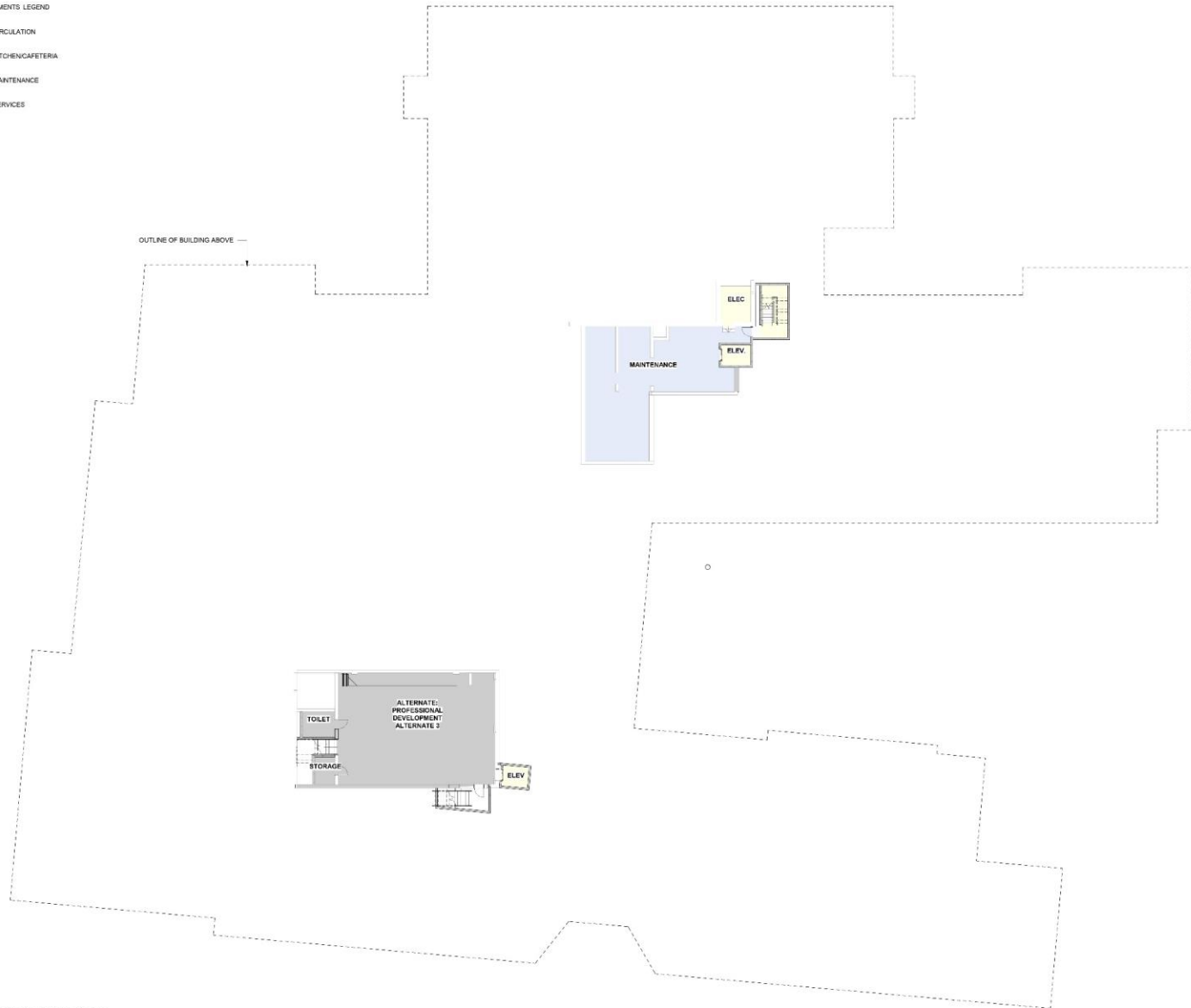
AREA D

THIRD FLOOR
TOTAL SF = 11,869 SF

LOWER LEVEL

DEPARTMENTS LEGEND

- CIRCULATION
- KITCHEN/CAFETERIA
- MAINTENANCE
- SERVICES



LOWER LEVEL
TOTAL SF = 4,940 SF









MILFORD
MIDDLE
SCHOOL





ENTRY LOBBY



GYMNASIUM LOBBY



CENTER STAIR & EXISTING WALL



MEDIA CENTER



MEDIA CENTER



CENTER STAIR



GYM



CAFETERIA



CAFETERIA



CORRIDOR



CORRIDOR



CORRIDOR



AUDITORIUM



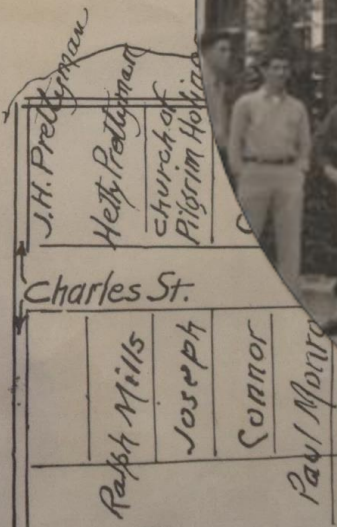
AUDITORIUM



Preserve the School's History and...



MILFORD HIGH-SCHOOL



...keep the history alive
for future generations

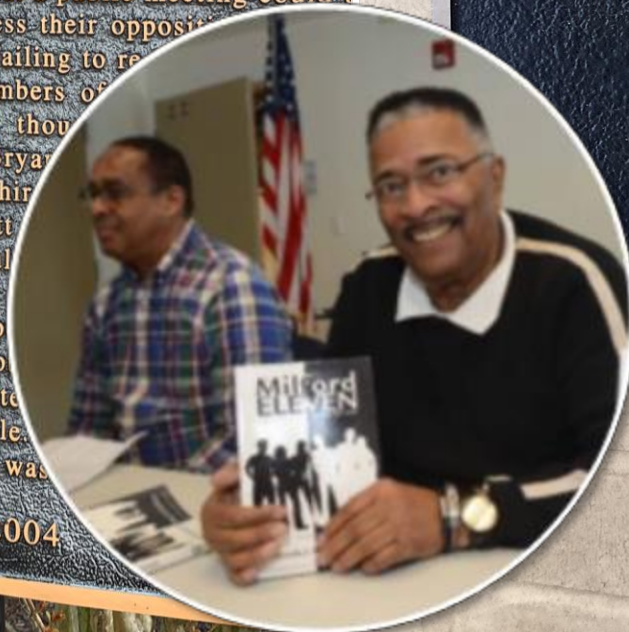
MILFORD'S STRUGGLE FOR EDUCATIONAL EQUALITY

On May 17, 1954, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled in the case of *Brown v. Board of Education*, declaring racially segregated public schools unconstitutional. In August 1954, a petition was submitted to the Milford Board of Education requesting integration. A plan for gradual desegregation was adopted, and on September 8, eleven African-American 10th grade students were admitted to the district's High School at this location. On September 17, approximately 1500 persons met to discuss the situation. Many signed a petition opposing the action. This was the first open public resistance to integration since the *Brown* ruling. The school was closed the following Monday so that a public meeting could be held. A large crowd gathered to express their opposition. The closure of the schools was extended. Failing to receive approval of the State Board of Education, members of the board resigned. On September 26, several thousand people participated in rallies organized by segregationist Bryant Turner Sharp, leading to a boycott of the schools. Less than one third of the schools reopened. The boycott of County schools was closed as a result of events in Delaware, two of the Board resumed their positions and approved the plan. The Board reconvened on September 27 to remove the eleven students "in the interest of the children and the community as a whole." The boycott ended before integration of Milford's schools was achieved.

Delaware Public Archives - 2004

In honor of the eleven African American
students who integrated Milford High School
at this site on September 8, 1954.

Kenneth Baynard
Leo Blue
Orlando Camp
Charles Fleming Jr.
Eugene Harris
Irene Pettyjohn
Lillian Simmons
Madalene Staten
Annie Ruth Thompson
Edna Turner Sharp
Ronald Vann





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