Deal School Curriculum



English Language Arts Curriculum Guide Grade 4 **Deal School**

Deal, New Jersey

2018 Board of Education

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Developed and Written

August – November 2014

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December 2018

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<u>Purpose</u>

The English Language Arts Curriculum Guide for Grade 4 is a resource for educators to refer to in planning and preparing for curriculum instruction aligned to Common Core State Standards and best practices. For each unit, desired outcomes, learners' enduring understanding, essential questions, learner goals and objectives, suggested assessments, anticipated sequence of events, and learning resources are identified.

Additionally, links are included in the plan for 21st Century Skills and Themes as well as Scope and Sequence links for district approved programs.

Assessments

Prior to implementing the curriculum, diagnostic assessments can be used to gather baseline data to guide beginning instruction. Throughout each unit, formative and summative assessments are available to determine achievement and guide instruction.

Deal School Curriculum Grade 4 English Language Arts – Language	
Desired Outcomes	
Conventions of Standard English:	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.1	
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing	
or speaking.	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.1.A	
Use relative pronouns (who, whose, whom, which, that) and relative adverbs (where, when, why).	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.1.B	
Use relative pronouns	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.1.C	
Use modal auxiliaries (e.g., can, may, must) to convey various conditions.	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.1.D	
Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns (e.g., a small red bag rather	
than a red small bag).	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.1.E	
Form and use prepositional phrases.	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.1.F	
Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.*	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.1.G	
Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., to, too, two; there, their).*	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.2	
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and	
spelling when writing. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.2.A	
Use correct capitalization.	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.2.B	
Use commas and quotation marks to mark direct speech and quotations from a text.	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.2.C	
Use a comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence.	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.2.D	
Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.	
Knowledge of Language:	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.3	
Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.3.A	
Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.*	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.3.B	
Choose punctuation for effect.*	
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.3.C	
Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations	
where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion).	
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use:	

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.4

Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.4.A

Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.4.B

Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., telegraph, photograph, autograph).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.4.C

Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases. NISLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.5

Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.5.A

Explain the meaning of simple similes and metaphors (e.g., as pretty as a picture) in context.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.5.B

Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.5.C

Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.4.6

Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal preservation).

Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions	
 Written communication and mechanics promote fluency of communication. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Words powerfully affect meaning. People communicate through words. Conventional spelling promotes common understanding. 	 What is the purpose of applying grammar and mechanic skills? How do rules of language affect communication? How does word choice affect meaning? Why is it important to spell correctly? How can you write paragraphs to make a clear picture for your reader? 	
5. Using proper form in sentence and paragraph composition expresses and clarifies thoughts.		
Learners will know	Learners will be able to	
 There are standard conventions of grammar and usage for writing and speaking the English Language. There are standard conventions for 	 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. 	

capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing Standard English.

- Knowledge of language and its conventions are used when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
- Fluent readers determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
- Fluent readers demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships and nuances in word meanings.
- Fluent readers determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiplemeaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

- Use relative pronouns.
- Use modal auxiliaries (e.g., can, may, must) to convey various conditions.
- Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns.
- Form and use prepositional phrases.
- Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and runons.
- Correctly use frequently confused words.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
 - Use correct capitalization.
 - Use commas and quotation marks to mark direct speech and quotations from a text.
 - Use a comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence.
 - Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.
 - Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.
 - Use a comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence.
 - Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.
- Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
 - Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.
 - Choose punctuation for effect.
 - o Differentiate between contexts

that call for formal English and situations where informal discourse is appropriate. Determine or clarify the meaning of • unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. • Use context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. • Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word. • Consult reference materials both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. • Explain the meaning of simple similes and metaphors in context. • Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. • Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms). Acquire and use accurately gradeappropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being and that are basic to a particular topic. Assessment Evidence **Formative Assessments**

- Thumbs UpExit Slips
- Exit Slips
 Think Pair Share
- Quick Checks
- Quick chic
 Exit Slips

- Class Discussion
- Turn and Talks
- Reading/Writing Notebook
- Homework
- Student Self-Assessment
- Graphic Organizers

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments
- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

Benchmarks

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

Anticipated daily sequence of activities:

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will model how to read like a writer.

Independent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes)

• Students will write independently, often responding to what was read or discussed, while you provide support for conferring with them.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes)

• Students can write independently.

 Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and make decisions about their writing. 		
• Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.		
Group Share (5-10 minutes)		
Students will gather back together.		
 Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented. 		
Suggested Learning Resources		
Schoolwide Reading/Writing Fundamental Units		
Schoolwide Reading/Writing Mentor Texts		
Schoolwide Reading/Writing Appendices		
Google Apps		
Dictionaries		
Thesauruses		
Graphic organizers		
Porta Portal <u>http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>		
Gamequarium		
Internet 4 Classrooms		
Funbrain		

$21^{\mbox{\scriptsize st}}$ Century Life and Careers

CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee

CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason

CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.

9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types of work, and how work can help a person achieve personal and professional goals.

9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for wide ranging skills and development areas.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands on materials. **Students with IEPs/504**

- Review student individual educational plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students as per IEP/504

At Risk Learners:

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century:

Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights

Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment

Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology

Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

• Mentor Texts

- Planting the Trees of Kenya: The True Story of Wangari Maathai
- Can You Fly High, Wright Brothers?
- You Wouldn't Want to Work on the Hoover Dam!
- The Korean Cinderella
- The Rough Face Girl
- The Gods and Goddesses of Olympus
- George Washington's Teeth

6.1.12.D.11.d: Compare the varying perspectives of victims, survivors, bystanders, rescuers, and perpetrators during the Holocaust

• Mentor Texts

- Usborn Famous Lives: Anne Frank
- Who Was Anne Frank
- Benno and The Night of Broken Glass

Science ESS2-2 Earth's Systems ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

• Mentor Texts

- Moonshot: The Flight of Apollo 11
- Oceanography: The Study of Oceans
- A Drop Around the World

• Animal Minis

• A Desert Scrapbook

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.

8.1.5.A.1 Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems

8.1.5.A.2 Format a document using a word processing application to enhance text and include graphics, symbols and/ or pictures.

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.5.D.4 Understand digital citizenship and demonstrate an understanding of the personal consequences of inappropriate use of technology and social media.

E: Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information.

8.1.5.E.1 Use digital tools to research and evaluate the accuracy of, relevance to, and appropriateness of using print and non-print electronic information sources to complete a variety of tasks.

Pacing Guide

4th Grade Reading Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/166WwRX063ej KUPkkjmIjnRLdpZdk0I5v8bAmrLNb k/edit?us p=sharing

Deal Ca	ha al Currigulum		
Deal School Curriculum Crade 4 English Language Arte – Foundational Skille			
Grade 4 English Language Arts – Foundational Skills			
	ired Outcomes		
Phonics and Word Recognition: NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.4.3 Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.4.3.A			
morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read and out of context.	ound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context		
Fluency:			
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.4.4			
Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to	support comprehension.		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.4.4.A	aretanding		
Read grade-level text with purpose and unde NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.4.4.B	erstanding.		
	with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on		
successive readings.	with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.4.4.C			
	recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary.		
Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions		
1. Written communication and	1. What is the purpose of applying grammar and		
mechanics promote fluency of	mechanic skills?		
communication.	2. How do rules of language affect		
2. Rules, conventions of language, help	communication?		
readers understand what is being	3. How does word choice affect meaning?		
communicated. Words powerfully	4. Why is it important to spell correctly?		
affect meaning.	5. How can you write paragraphs to make a clear		
 People communicate through words. 	picture for your reader?		
4. Conventional spelling promotes common understanding.			
5. Using proper form in sentence and			
paragraph composition expresses			
and clarifies thoughts.			
Learners will know	Learners will be able to		
 Fluent readers know and apply 	• Know and apply grade-level phonics and word		
grade-level phonics and word	analysis skills in decoding words.		
analysis skills in decoding words.	• Use combined knowledge of all letter-		
Good readers read with sufficient	sound correspondences, syllabication		
accuracy and fluency to support	patterns, and morphology to read		
comprehension	accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.		
	 Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to 		

	 support comprehension. Read grade-level text with purpose and understanding. Read grade-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. 	
Asses	ssment Evidence	
<u>Formative Assessments</u>		
 Thumbs Up Exit Slips Think Pair Share Quick Checks Exit Slips Class Discussion Turn and Talks Reading/Writing Notebook Homework Student Self-Assessment Graphic Organizers Summative Assessments		
Unit AssessmentsWeekly Assessments		
 Quizzes 		
 Writing Specific Rubrics 		
<u>Benchmarks</u>		
• DRA		
• Link It Benchmarks		
<u>Alternative Assessments</u>		
• Project Specific Rubrics		
 Group Project Products 		
Suggoo	sted Learning Plan	
Anticipated daily sequence of activities:		
The structure of the daily lesson will be in the	he format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on ng the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson	

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure		
Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)		
 Teacher will read the text(s) to the class. 		
• Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas		
about the text(s) and use of skills.		
 Teacher will engage students in a focused discussion. 		
Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes)		
• Teacher will have students do partnership, small-group, or independent work while		
providing support as needed.		
Group Share (5-10 minutes)		
 Students will gather back to whole group. 		
 Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented. 		
Mini- Lesson Structure		
Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)		
 Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction. 		
Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (30-40 minutes)		
Students can read independently.		
 Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups. 		
 Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups. 		
Group Share (5-10 minutes)		
Students will gather back together.		
 Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented. 		
• bladents will share their work and reneet on the facus presented.		
Suggested Learning Resources		
Schoolwide Reading Fundamental Units		
Schoolwide Reading Mentor Texts		
Schoolwide Reading Appendices		
Google Apps		
Scholastic News Story Works grades 3-6		
Dictionaries		
Thesauruses		
Graphic organizers		
Porta Portal <u>http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>		
Gamequarium		
Internet 4 Classrooms		
Funbrain		
Raz Kids		
Writing A-Z		

CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee

CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason

CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.

9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types of work, and how work can help a person achieve personal and professional goals.

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At Risk Learners:

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Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology

Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

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- Can You Fly High, Wright Brothers?
- You Wouldn't Want to Work on the Hoover Dam!
- The Korean Cinderella
- The Rough Face Girl
- The Gods and Goddesses of Olympus
- George Washington's Teeth

6.1.12.D.11.d: Compare the varying perspectives of victims, survivors, bystanders, rescuers, and perpetrators during the Holocaust

• Mentor Texts

- Usborn Famous Lives: Anne Frank
- Who Was Anne Frank
- Benno and The Night of Broken Glass

<u>Science</u>

ESS2-2 Earth's Systems **ESS3** Earth and Human Activity

• Mentor Texts

- Moonshot: The Flight of Apollo 11
- Oceanography: The Study of Oceans
- A Drop Around the World
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A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.

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E: Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information.

8.1.5.E.1 Use digital tools to research and evaluate the accuracy of, relevance to, and appropriateness of using print and non-print electronic information sources to complete a variety of tasks.

Pacing Guide

4th Grade Reading Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/166WwRX063ej KUPkkjmIjnRLdpZdk0I5v8bAmrLNb k/edi t?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum Grade 4 English Language Arts – Informational Text

Desired Outcomes

Key Ideas and Details:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY. RI.4.1.

Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.2

Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.3

Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text.

Craft and Structure:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.4

Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a grade 4 topic or subject area.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.5

Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.6

Compare and contrast a firsthand and secondhand account of the same event or topic; describe the differences in focus and the information provided.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.7

Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.8

Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.9.

Integrate and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) information from two texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.4.10.

By the end of year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.

Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions
1. Readers use strategies to construct	1. How do readers construct meaning from text?
meaning.	2. How do you figure out a word you do not
2. Readers use language structure and	know?
context clues to identify the intended	3. What do readers do when they do not
meaning of words and phrases as they	understand everything in a text? Why do
are used in text. Strategic readers can	readers need to pay attention to a writer's

develop, select, and apply strategies to	choice of words?		
enhance their comprehension.	4. How does reading influence readers?		
3. Readers recognize the power of words to	Why do readers need to evaluate what they		
affect meaning.	read?		
4. Thoughtful readers evaluate what they			
read in a personal and informed way.			
Learners will know	Learners will be able to		
• Details and examples in a text are used to	• Refer to details and examples in a text when		
explain what the text says when drawing	explaining what the text says explicitly and		
inferences.	when drawing inferences from the text.		
 The main idea of a text is supported by 	 Determine the main idea of a text and explain 		
key details.	how it is supported by key details.		
-	 Summarize the text. 		
 Fluent readers summarize what they have read. 			
• Events, procedures, or concepts in	in a historical, scientific, or technical text,		
historical, scientific, or technical texts	including what happened and why, based on		
can be explained using specific	specific information in the text.		
information in the text.	• Determine the meaning of general academic		
General academic and domain-specific	and domain-specific words or phrases in a text		
spellings words or phrases in a text can	relevant to a grade 4 topic or subject area.		
be determined using content.	• Describe the overall structure of events, ideas,		
 Good readers can describe the overall 	concepts, or information in a text or part of a		
structure of events, ideas, concepts, or	text.		
information in a text or part of a text.	 Compare and contrast a firsthand and 		
 Fluent readers compare and contrast 	secondhand account of the same event or		
firsthand and secondhand accounts of	topic.		
the same event or topic.	• Describe the differences in focus and the		
• Fluent readers can describe the	information provided.		
differences in focus and the information	 Interpret information presented visually, 		
provided.	orally, or quantitatively.		
Strong readers interpret information	• Explain how the information contributes to an		
presented visually, orally, or	understanding of the text in which it appears.		
quantitatively.	 Explain how an author uses reasons and 		
 Information contributes to an 	evidence to support particular points in a text.		
understanding of the text in which it	 Integrate information from two texts on the 		
_	same topic in order to write or speak about		
appears.An author uses reasons and evidence to	the subject knowledgeably.		
support particular points in a text.	• By the end of year, read and comprehend		
Good readers integrate information from	informational texts, including history/social		
two texts on the same topic in order to	studies, science, and technical texts, in the		
write or speak about the subject	grades 4-5 text complexity band proficiently,		
knowledgeably.	with scaffolding as needed at the high end of		
• By the end of year, fluent readers, read	the range.		
and comprehend informational texts,			
including history/social studies, science,			

	complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of	
	the range.	
	Assessment Evidence	
Forma	ative Assessments	
\bullet	Thumbs Up	
\bullet	Exit Slips	
\bullet	Think Pair Share	
\bullet	Quick Checks	
• Exit Slips		
Class Discussion		
 Turn and Talks 		
 Reading/Writing Notebook 		
Homework		
 Student Self-Assessment 		
•	Graphic Organizers	
Summ	ative Assessments	
\bullet	Unit Assessments	
\bullet	Weekly Assessments	
\bullet	Quizzes	
•	Writing Specific Rubrics	
Bench	<u>marks</u>	
	DRA	
-	Link It Benchmarks	

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

Anticipated daily sequence of activities:

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will engage students in a focused discussion.

Indep	endent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes) Teacher will have students do partnership, small-group, or independent work while
•	providing support as needed.
Grow	Share (5-10 minutes)
-	Students will gather back to whole group.
	Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.
•	students will share then work and reflect on the ideas presented.
Mini- Lessor	
Mini-	Lesson (10-15 minutes)
•	Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.
Indep	endent Reading Work and Guided Practice (30-40 minutes)
•	Students can read independently.
	Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
	Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups.
-	Share (5-10 minutes)
	Students will gather back together.
•	Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.
	Suggested Learning Resources
Schoolwide F	eading Fundamental Units
	leading Mentor Texts
	leading Appendices
Google Apps	
Dictionaries	
Thesauruses	
Graphic orga	nizers
	http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool
Gamequari	
Internet 4 (
Funbrain	
Raz Kids	

$21^{\mbox{\scriptsize st}}$ Century Life and Careers

CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employeeCRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reasonCRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.

9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types of work, and how work can help a person achieve personal and professional goals.
9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for

9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for wide ranging skills and development areas.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands on materials.

Students with IEPs/504

- Review student individual educational plan and/or 504 plan
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Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

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- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

<u>Social Studies</u>

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century:

Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights

- Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment
- Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology

Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

• Mentor Texts

- Planting the Trees of Kenya: The True Story of Wangari Maathai
- Can You Fly High, Wright Brothers?
- You Wouldn't Want to Work on the Hoover Dam!
- The Korean Cinderella
- The Rough Face Girl
- The Gods and Goddesses of Olympus
- George Washington's Teeth

6.1.12.D.11.d: Compare the varying perspectives of victims, survivors, bystanders, rescuers,

and perpetrators during the Holocaust

- Mentor Texts
 - Usborn Famous Lives: Anne Frank
 - Who Was Anne Frank
 - Benno and The Night of Broken Glass

<u>Science</u>

ESS2-2 Earth's Systems

ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

• Mentor Texts

- Moonshot: The Flight of Apollo 11
- Oceanography: The Study of Oceans
- A Drop Around the World
- Animal Minis
- A Desert Scrapbook

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.

8.1.5.A.1 Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems

8.1.5.A.2 Format a document using a word processing application to enhance text and include graphics, symbols and/ or pictures.

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.5.D.4 Understand digital citizenship and demonstrate an understanding of the personal consequences of inappropriate use of technology and social media.

E: Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information.

8.1.5.E.1 Use digital tools to research and evaluate the accuracy of, relevance to, and appropriateness of using print and non-print electronic information sources to complete a variety of tasks.

Pacing Guide	
4th Grade Reading Pacing Guide https://docs.google.com/document/d/166WwRX063ej_KUPkkjmIjnRLdpZdk0I5v8bAmrLNb p=sharing	<u>k/edit?us</u>

Deal School Curriculum Grade 4 English Language Arts – Reading Literature

Desired Outcomes

Key Ideas and Details:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.4.1

Refer to details and examples in a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.4.2

Determine the key details to identify theme in a story, drama, or poem and summarize the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.4.3

Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions).

Craft and Structure:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.4.4

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including those that allude to significant characters found in literature

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.4.5

Explain major differences between poems, drama, and prose, and refer to the structural elements of poems (e.g., verse, rhythm, meter) and drama (e.g., casts of characters, settings, descriptions, dialogue, stage directions) when writing or speaking about a text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.4.6

Compare and contrast the point of view from which different stories are narrated, including the difference between first- and third-person narrations.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.4.7

Make connections between specific descriptions and directions in a text and a visual or oral representation of the text

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.4.8

(RL.4.8 not applicable to literature)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.4.9

Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) stories in the same genre (e.g., mysteries and adventure stories) on their approaches to similar themes and topics.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.4.10

By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.

Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions
1. Readers use strategies to construct	1. How do readers construct meaning from text?
meaning.	2. How do you figure out a word you do not
2. Readers use language structure and	know?
context clues to identify the intended	3. What do readers do when they do not
meaning of words and phrases as they are	understand everything in a text? Why do
used in text. Strategic readers can develop,	readers need to pay attention to a writer's

Assessment Evidence

Formative Assessments

- Thumbs Up
- Exit Slips
- Think Pair Share
- Quick Checks
- Exit Slips
- Class Discussion
- Turn and Talks
- Reading/Writing Notebook
- Homework
- Student Self-Assessment
- Graphic Organizers

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments
- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

Benchmarks

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

Anticipated daily sequence of activities:

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

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Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
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Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes)

• Teacher will have students do partnership, small-group, or independent work while providing support as needed.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

• Students will gather back to whole group.

• Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

- Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction. **Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (30-40 minutes)**
 - Students can read independently.
 - Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
 - Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Reading Fundamental Units Schoolwide Reading Mentor Texts Schoolwide Reading Appendices Google Apps Scholastic News Story Works grades 3-6 Dictionaries Thesauruses Graphic organizers Porta Portal <u>http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>

21st Century Life and Careers

CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employeeCRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reasonCRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.

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Accommodations and Modifications

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Social Studies

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ESS2-2 Earth's Systems **ESS3** Earth and Human Activity

• Mentor Texts

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Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.

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8.1.5.A.2 Format a document using a word processing application to enhance text and include graphics, symbols and/ or pictures.

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Pacing Guide

4th Grade Reading Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/166WwRX063ej_KUPkkjmIjnRLdpZdk0I5v8bAmrLNb_k/edit?us p=sharing

Deal School Curriculum Grade 4 English Language Arts – Speaking and Listening

Desired Outcomes

Comprehension and Collaboration:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.1

Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 4 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. NISLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.1.A

Explicitly draw on previously read text or material and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.1.B

Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.1.C

Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.1.D

Review the key ideas expressed and explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.2

Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g.,visually, quantitatively, and orally).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.3

Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker provides to support particular points.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.4

Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.5

Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.4.6

Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion); use formal English when appropriate to task and situation. (See grade 4 Language standards 1 here for specific expectations.)

Enduring Understandings		Essential Questions
1.	Listening is the process of receiving,	1. How does a speaker communicate so others
	constructing meaning from, and	will listen and understand the message?
	responding to spoken and/nonverbal	2. How does a listener understand a message?
	messages.	3. How do you listen?
2.	Listening skills are critical for learning	4. What impact does listening have?
	and communicating.	5. How do you speak effectively?
3.	Effective listeners are able to interpret	6. How does the choice of words affect the
	and evaluate increasingly complex	speaker's message and the listener's

4	messages.	response?
4.	A speaker selects a form and an	
	organizational pattern based on the	
_	audience and purpose.	
5.	A speaker's choice of words and style set	
-	the tone and define the message.	T
Learners will know		Learners will be able to
•	Specific strategies are used when	• Engage effectively in a range of collaborative
	engaging in collaborative discussions	discussions with diverse partners on grade 4
	with diverse partners on grade 4 topics	topics and texts, building on others' ideas and
	and texts.	expressing their own clearly.
•	Visual representations in diverse media	 Come to discussions prepared, having
	and formats can be used to determine	read or studied required material;
	the main ideas and supporting details of	explicitly draw on that preparation
	a text.	and other information known about
•	Questioning is a strategy used to gain	the topic to explore ideas under
	elaboration and detail from a speaker.	discussion.
•	Strong speakers are able to identify	 Follow agreed-upon rules for
	reasons and evidence a speaker	discussions and carry out assigned
	provides to support particular points.	roles.
•	Strong speakers report on a topic or	 Pose and respond to specific questions
	text, tell a story, or recount an	to clarify or follow up on information,
	experience in an organized manner,	and make comments that contribute to
	using appropriate facts and relevant,	the discussion and link to the remarks
	descriptive details to support main ideas	of others.
	or themes.	 Review the key ideas expressed and
•	Strong speakers speak clearly at an	explain their own ideas and
	understandable pace.	understanding in light of the
•	Strong speakers report on a topic or	discussion.
	text, tell a story, or recount an	• Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or
	experience in an organized manner,	information presented in diverse media and
	using appropriate facts and relevant,	formats, including visually, quantitatively, and
	descriptive details to support main ideas	orally.
	or themes.	• Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker
•	Strong speakers differentiate between	provides to support particular points.
	contexts that call for formal English (and	 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or
	situations where informal discourse is	recount an experience in an organized
	appropriate	manner, using appropriate facts and relevant,
•	Strong speakers use formal English	descriptive details to support main ideas or
	when appropriate to task and situation.	themes.
		• Speak clearly at an understandable pace.
		 Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or
		recount an experience in an organized
		manner, using appropriate facts and relevant,
		descriptive details to support main ideas or

	 themes. Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (and situations where informal discourse is appropriate Use formal English when appropriate to task and situation. Assessment Evidence
Formative Assessments	Assessment Evidence
• Thumbs Up	
 Exit Slips 	
 Think Pair Share 	
Quick Checks	
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 Unit Assessments 	
 Weekly Assessments 	
Quizzes	
 Writing Specific Rubrics 	

<u>Benchmarks</u>

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

Anticipated daily sequence of activities:

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.

• Teacher will model how to read like a writer.

Independent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes)

• Students will write independently, often responding to what was read or discussed, while you provide support for conferring with them.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes)

- Students can write independently.
- Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and make decisions about their writing.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
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Science

ESS2-2 Earth's Systems

ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

• Mentor Texts

- Moonshot: The Flight of Apollo 11
- Oceanography: The Study of Oceans
- A Drop Around the World
- Animal Minis
- A Desert Scrapbook

Integration of Technology (*How will students integrate technology throughout the unit? How will students achieve the <u>NISLS</u>)*

8.1 Educational Technology

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Pacing Guide

4th Grade Reading Pacing Guide

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Deal School Curriculum Grade 4 English Language Arts – Writing

Desired Outcomes

Text Types and Purposes:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.1

Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.1.A

Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose. NISLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.1.B

Provide reasons that are supported by facts from texts and/or other sources. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.1.C

Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.1.D

Provide a conclusion related to the opinion presented.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.2

Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.2.A

Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.2.B

Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, text evidence, or other information and examples related to the topic.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.2.C

Link ideas within paragraphs and sections of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for example, also, because).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.2.D

Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.2.E

Provide a conclusion related to the information or explanation presented.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.3

Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using narrative technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.3.A

Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.3.B

Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.3.C

Use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.3.D

Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.3.E

Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.

Production and Distribution of Writing:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.4

Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.5

With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 4 here.)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.6

With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.7

Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.8

Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.9

Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.9.A

Apply grade 4 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions].").

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.9.B

Apply grade 4 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text").

Range of Writing:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.4.10

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self-correction and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline specific tasks, purposes, and

audier	audiences			
Endu	ring Understandings	Essential Questions		
1.	Writers have a purpose for	1. Why do writers write?		
	writing.	2. How do good writers express		
2.	Writers gather their ideas from	themselves?		
	personal experience,	3. How do writers develop a well-		
	observations, reading, and	written product?		
	imagination.	4. How does process shape the		
3.	Good writers develop and refine	writer's product?		
	their ideas for thinking, learning,	5. How does each step in the writing		
	communicating, and aesthetic	process impact your writing?		
	expression.	6. How can writing be evaluated?		
4.	Good writers use a repertoire of	7. How can evaluation and		
	strategies that enables them to	reflection be used to improve		
	vary form and style, in order to	writing?		
	write for different purposes,			
_	audiences, and contexts.			
	Writing is a multi-stage process.			
	Writing is a reflective process.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	ers will know	Learners will be able to		
•	Writing may be used to express	• Write opinion pieces on topics or		
	an opinion, inform or explain, or	texts, supporting a point of view		
	narrate a story.	with reasons and information.		
•	Good writers produce clear and	 Introduce a topic or text 		
	coherent writing in which the	clearly, state an opinion, and create an		
	development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose,	organizational structure in		
	and audience.	which related ideas are		
•	Digital tools and technology may	grouped to support the		
•	be used to produce and publish	writer's purpose.		
	writing.	 Provide reasons that are 		
•	Good writers focus on a topic,	supported by facts and		
	respond to questions and	details.		
	suggestions form peers, and add	 Link opinion and reasons 		
	details to strengthen their writing	using words and phrases		
	as needed.	(e.g., for instance, in order		
•	Good writers strengthen their	to, in addition).		
	writing by revising and editing.	 Provide a concluding 		
•	Good writers recall information	statement or section		
	from experiences or gather	related to the opinion		
	information from provided	presented.		
	sources to answer a question.	Write informative/explanatory		
•	Short research projects build	texts to examine a topic and		
	knowledge through investigation	convey ideas and information		
	of different aspects of a topic.	clearly.		

 Taking notes helps to categorize information. Strong writers write routinely over extended time frames and shorter time frames for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. 	 Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic. Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for example, also, because). Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
	 Use a variety of

transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events.

- Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
- Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
- Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing.
- With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.
- Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.
- Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources.
- Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
- Apply grade 4 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama,

Assessmen	 drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions]."). Apply grade 4 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text"). Write routinely over extended time frames and shorter time frames for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. 	
Formative Assessments		
 Thumbs Up Exit Slips Think Pair Share Quick Checks Exit Slips Class Discussion Turn and Talks Reading/Writing Notebook Homework Student Self-Assessment Graphic Organizers Summative Assessments Weekly Assessments Quizzes Writing Spacific Pubrics 		
 Writing Specific Rubrics 		
 Benchmarks ● DRA ● Link It Benchmarks 		
Altomative Accessments		
 <u>Alternative Assessments</u> Project Specific Rubrics Group Project Products 		
Suggested Le	earning Plan	
Anticipated daily sequence of activities: The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing		

workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure. Interactive Read-Aloud Structure Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes) Teacher will read the text(s) to the class. • Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills. • Teacher will model how to read like a writer. Independent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes) Students will write independently, often responding to what was read • or discussed, while you provide support for conferring with them. Group Share (5-10 minutes) • Students will gather back to whole group. • Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented. **Mini-Lesson Structure** Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes) • Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit wholeclass instruction. Independent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes) • Students can write independently. • Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and make decisions about their writing. • Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups. Group Share (5-10 minutes) • Students will gather back together. • Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented. **Suggested Learning Resources** Schoolwide Writing Fundamental Units **Schoolwide Writing Mentor Texts** Schoolwide Writing Appendices Google Apps Scholastic News Story Works grades 3-6 Dictionaries Thesauruses Graphic organizers Porta Portal http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool

21st Century Life and Careers

CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employeeCRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reasonCRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions.

- **9.2.4.A.1** Identify reasons why people work, different types of work, and how work can help a person achieve personal and professional goals.
- **9.2.4.A.4** Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for wide ranging skills and development areas.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands on materials.

Students with IEPs/504

- Review student individual educational plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students as per IEP/504

At Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

Mentor texts used during Modeled/Shared Writing could be on the subject of

topics being studied in science, social studies and math.

• During Independent Writing, students may choose to write about topics or people being studied in content areas; non-fiction unit of study provides ample

opportunity for such writing.

- Publishing, as part of the writing process, can incorporate the use of technological literacy and programs.
- Class and students can compose letters, books, articles, essays relating to content area subjects.
- Library and technological skills can be utilized in research of non-fiction writing.

Social Studies

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century:

Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights

Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment

Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology

Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

• Mentor Texts

- Planting the Trees of Kenya: The True Story of Wangari Maathai
- Can You Fly High, Wright Brothers?
- You Wouldn't Want to Work on the Hoover Dam!
- The Korean Cinderella
- The Rough Face Girl
- The Gods and Goddesses of Olympus
- George Washington's Teeth

6.1.12.D.11.d: Compare the varying perspectives of victims, survivors,

bystanders, rescuers, and perpetrators during the Holocaust

• Mentor Texts

- Usborn Famous Lives: Anne Frank
- Who Was Anne Frank
- Benno and The Night of Broken Glass

<u>Science</u>

ESS2-2 Earth's Systems

ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

• Mentor Texts

- Moonshot: The Flight of Apollo 11
- Oceanography: The Study of Oceans
- A Drop Around the World
- Animal Minis
- A Desert Scrapbook

Integration of Technology

8.1.5.A.1 Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish

а

variety of tasks including solving problems

8.1.5.A.2 Format a document using a word processing application to enhance text and include graphics, symbols and/ or pictures.

Pacing Guide

4th Grade Writing Pacing Guide <u>https://docs.google.com/document/d/1MU7m-</u> <u>HA-ACT5f1vpp1sE8wTDmoCibgOQQ30mlAIi0EM/edit?usp=sharing</u>

Annual Pacing Guide

Grade Level: 4th Grade

Subject: Reading

September	October	November	December	January
Launching Unit	Launching Unit	Fiction Unit	Fiction Unit	Fiction Unit

February	March	April	May	June
Non Fiction Unit	Non Fiction Unit	Non Fiction Unit	Poetry Unit	Poetry Unit



Annual Pacing Guide Grade Level: 4th Grade

Subject: Writing

September	October	November	December	January
How Writers Work	How Writers Work	How Writers Work	Cynthia Rylant Author	Cynthia Rylant Auth
Unit	Unit	Unit	Study Unit	Study Unit

February	March	April	May	June
r nthia Rylant Author Study Unit	Feature Article Unit	Feature Article Unit	s Feature Article Unit	Nonfiction Unit



Deal School Curriculum



English Language Arts Curriculum Guide Grade 5 **Deal School**

Deal, New Jersey

2018 Board of Education

Dennis Melofchik, President Kaye Jannarone, Vice President

Michael Sorrentino Donna Rienzo David Tawil



Administration

Donato Saponaro, Jr. Superintendent of Schools

Curriculum Writing Committee

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Nick Montesano

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Developed and Written

August – November 2014

<u>Revised</u>

December 2018

Board Approved

December 2018

<u>Purpose</u>

The English Language Arts Curriculum Guide for Grade 5 is a resource for educators to refer to in planning and preparing for curriculum instruction aligned to Common Core State Standards and best practices. For each unit, desired outcomes, learners' enduring understanding, essential questions, learner goals and objectives, suggested assessments, anticipated sequence of events, and learning resources are identified.

Additionally, links are included in the plan for 21st Century Skills and Themes as well as Scope and Sequence links for district approved programs.

Assessments

Prior to implementing the curriculum, diagnostic assessments can be used to gather baseline data to guide beginning instruction. Throughout each unit, formative and summative assessments are available to determine achievement and guide instruction.

Deal School Curriculum		
Grade 5 English Language Arts – Language		
Desired Outcomes		
Conventions of Standard English:		
IJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.1		
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing	01	
peaking.		
IJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.1.A		
Explain the function of conjunctions, prepositions, and interjections in general and their function	ir	
particular sentences.		
IJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.1.B		
orm and use the perfect (e.g., I had walked; I have walked; I will have walked) verb tenses.		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.1.C		
Jse verb tense to convey various times, sequences, states, and conditions.		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.1.D		
Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tense.*		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.1.E		
Jse correlative conjunctions (e.g., either/or, neither/nor).		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.2 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelli	inc	
vhen writing.	ΠĘ	
IJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.2.A		
Jse punctuation to separate items in a series.*		
VISLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.2.B		
Jse a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence.		
VISLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.2.C		
Jse a comma to set off the words yes and no (e.g., Yes, thank you), to set off a tag question from the re	es	
f the sentence (e.g., It's true, isn't it?), and to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Steve?).		
IJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.2.D		
Jse underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works.		
IJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.2.E		
pell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.		
Knowledge of Language:		
IJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.3		
Ise knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.3.A		
Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.3.B		
Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g., dialects, registers) used in stories, dramas, or poem.	iS.	
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use:		
IJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.4	. ا ړ	
Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grad b reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.	iue	

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.4.A

Use context (e.g., cause/effect relationships and comparisons in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.4.B

Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., photograph, photosynthesis).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.4.C

Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.5

Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.5.A

Interpret figurative language, including similes and metaphors, in context.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.5.B

Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.5.C

Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.5.6

Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).

	ring Understandings	Essent	tial Questions
1.	Written communication and mechanics promote fluency of communication.	1.	What is the purpose of applying grammar and mechanic skills?
2.	Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being	2.	How do rules of language affect communication?
	communicated. Words powerfully affect meaning.		How does word choice affect meaning? Why is it important to spell correctly?
3. 4.	8		How can you write paragraphs to make a clear picture for your reader?
5.	understanding. Using proper form in sentence and paragraph composition expresses and		
	clarifies thoughts.		
Learn	ers will know	Learn	ers will be able to
•	Strong writers and speakers demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage. Strong writers and speakers demonstrate	•	Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. • Explain the function of conjunctions,
	command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling.		prepositions, and interjections in general and their function in particular sentences.
•	Verb tense to convey various times, sequences, states, and conditions.		 Form and use the perfect (e.g., I had walked; I have walked; I will have

- Punctuation is used to separate items in a series.
- A comma is used to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence.
- A comma is used to set off the words yes and no and to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence and to indicate direct address.
- Underlining, quotation marks, or italics are used to indicate titles of works.
- Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
- A range of strategies is used to determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content.
- Figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings provide style to reading.

walked) verb tenses.

- Use verb tense to convey various times, sequences, states, and conditions.
- Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tense.
- Use correlative conjunctions (e.g., either/or, neither/nor).
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
 - Use punctuation to separate items in a series.
 - Use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence.
 - Use a comma to set off the words yes and no (e.g., Yes, thank you), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., It's true, isn't it?), and to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Steve?).
 - Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works.
 - Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.
- Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
 - Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
 - Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g., dialects, registers) used in stories, dramas, or poems.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
 - Use context (e.g., cause/effect relationships and comparisons in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
 - o Use common, grade-appropriate Greek

	 Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).
As As As As As As As As As As	

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments

- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

<u>Benchmarks</u>

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

Anticipated daily sequence of activities:

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will model how to read like a writer.

Independent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes)

• Students will write independently, often responding to what was read or discussed, while you provide support for conferring with them.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes)

- Students can write independently.
- Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and make decisions about their writing.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Writing Fundamental Units Schoolwide Writing Mentor Texts Schoolwide Writing Appendices Google Apps Scholastic News Story Works grades 3-6 Dictionaries Thesauruses Graphic organizers Porta Portal <u>http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>

21st Century Life and Careers

CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills
 CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions
 CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation

9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types of work, and how work can help a person achieve personal and professional goals.

9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for wide ranging skills and development areas.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands on materials.

Students with IEPs/504

- Review student individual educational plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students as per IEP/504

At Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

• Text read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being

studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.

- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century:

Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights

Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment

Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology

Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

• Mentor Texts

- Henry's Freedom Box
- When Jessie Came Across the Sea
- Women Explorers
- The Other Side- Segregation

6.1.12.D.11.d: Compare the varying perspectives of victims, survivors, bystanders, rescuers, and perpetrators during the Holocaust

• Mentor Texts

- Along Way to Go
- Who Was Anne Frank?
- Benno and the Night of Broken Glass
- Hidden

<u>Science</u>

ESS2-2 Earth's Systems **ESS3** Earth and Human Activity

• Mentor Texts

- Warmer World: From Polar Bears to Butterflies, How Climate Change Affects Wildlife
- Lizards

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.

8.1.5.A.1 Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems

8.1.5.A.2 Format a document using a word processing application to enhance text and include graphics, symbols and/ or pictures.

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.5.D.4 Understand digital citizenship and demonstrate an understanding of the personal consequences of inappropriate use of technology and social media.

E: Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information.

8.1.5.E.1 Use digital tools to research and evaluate the accuracy of, relevance to, and appropriateness of using print and non-print electronic information sources to complete a variety of tasks.

Pacing Guide

5th Grade Reading Pacing Guide https://docs.google.com/document/d/15EsULUNiRggX4iH-10Ry_BSaLOIp8ZsdrU6K8V8TU4o/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum			
Grade 5 English Language Arts – Foundational Skills			
Desire	d Outcomes		
Phonics and Word Recognition:	d Outcomes		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.5.3			
Know and apply grade-level phonics and word ar	alysis skills in decoding words.		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.5.3.A	,		
Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound cor	respondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology		
(e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfami	liar multisyllabic words in context and out of context.		
Fluency:			
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.5.4			
Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to supp	oort comprehension.		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.5.4.A	1.		
Read grade-level text with purpose and understa	nding.		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.5.4.B			
	curacy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive		
readings. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RF.5.4.C			
	nition and understanding, rereading as necessary.		
Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions		
1. Written communication and mechanics	1. What is the purpose of applying grammar and		
promote fluency of communication.	mechanic skills?		
2. Rules, conventions of language, help	2. How do rules of language affect		
readers understand what is being	communication?		
communicated. Words powerfully affect	3. How does word choice affect meaning?		
meaning.	4. Why is it important to spell correctly?		
3. People communicate through words.	5. How can you write paragraphs to make a		
4. Conventional spelling promotes common	clear picture for your reader?		
understanding.			
5. Using proper form in sentence and			
paragraph composition expresses and			
clarifies thoughts. Learners will know	Learners will be able to		
Combined knowledge of all letter-sound	Know and apply grade-level phonics and		
correspondences, syllabication patterns,	word analysis skills in decoding words.		
and morphology is used to accurately	 Use combined knowledge of all letter- 		
read unfamiliar multisyllabic words in	sound correspondences, syllabication		
context and out of context.	patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots		
• Fluent readers read grade level text with	and affixes) to read accurately		
purpose and understanding.	unfamiliar multisyllabic words in		
• Fluent readers grade-level prose and	context and out of context.		
poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate	• Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to		
rate, and expression on successive	support comprehension.		

readings.	• Read grade-level text with purpose and
Context is used to confirm or self-correct	understanding.
word recognition and understanding,	• Read grade-level prose and poetry
rereading as necessary.	orally with accuracy, appropriate rate,
	and expression on successive readings.
	• Use context to confirm or self-correct
	word recognition and understanding,
Assessment I	rereading as necessary.
Formative Assessments	2viuence
• Thumbs Up	
 Exit Slips 	
 Think Pair Share 	
 Quick Checks 	
 Exit Slips 	
 Class Discussion 	
 Turn and Talks 	
Reading/Writing Notebook	
• Homework	
 Student Self-Assessment 	
• Graphic Organizers	
Summative Assessments	
• Unit Assessments	
Weekly Assessments	
• Quizzes	
Writing Specific Rubrics	
Benchmarks	
• DRA	
• Link It Benchmarks	
Alternative Assessments	
 Project Specific Rubrics 	
Group Project Products	
Suggested Lean	rning Plan

Anticipated daily sequence of activities:

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will engage students in a focused discussion.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes)

• Teacher will have students do partnership, small-group, or independent work while providing support as needed.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (30-40 minutes)

- Students can read independently.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
- Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Reading Fundamental Units Schoolwide Reading Mentor Texts Schoolwide Reading Appendices Google Apps Scholastic News Story Works grades 3-6 Dictionaries Thesauruses Graphic organizers Porta Portal <u>http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>

21st Century Life and Careers

CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills
 CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions
 CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation

9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types of work, and how work can help a person achieve personal and professional goals.

9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and career succes

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for wide ranging skills and development areas.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands on materials.

Students with IEPs/504

- Review student individual educational plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students as per IEP/504

At Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century:

Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights

Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment

Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology

Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

- Mentor Texts
 - Henry's Freedom Box
 - When Jessie Came Across the Sea

- Women Explorers
- The Other Side- Segregation

6.1.12.D.11.d: Compare the varying perspectives of victims, survivors, bystanders, rescuers, and perpetrators during the Holocaust

- Mentor Text
 - Along Way to Go
 - Who Was Anne Frank?
 - Benno and the Night of Broken Glass
 - Hidden

<u>Science</u>

ESS2-2 Earth's Systems

ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

- Mentor Texts
 - Warmer World: From Polar Bears to Butterflies, How Climate Change Affects Wildlife
 - Lizards

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.

8.1.5.A.1 Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems

8.1.5.A.2 Format a document using a word processing application to enhance text and include graphics, symbols and/ or pictures.

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.5.D.4 Understand digital citizenship and demonstrate an understanding of the personal consequences of inappropriate use of technology and social media.

E: Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information.

8.1.5.E.1 Use digital tools to research and evaluate the accuracy of, relevance to, and appropriateness of

using print and non-print electronic information sources to complete a variety of tasks.

Pacing Guide

5th Grade Reading Pacing Guide https://docs.google.com/document/d/15EsULUNiRggX4iH-10Ry BSaLOIp8ZsdrU6K8V8TU4o/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum Grade 5 English Language Arts – Informational Text

Desired Outcomes

Key Ideas and Details:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.1

RI.5.1. Quote accurately from a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.2

Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.3

Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text.

Craft and Structure:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.4

Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.5

Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.6

Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.7

Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.8

Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.9

Integrate and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.5.10

By the end of year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.

Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions
1. Readers use strategies to construct	1. How do readers construct meaning from
meaning.	text?
2. Readers use language structure and	2. How do you figure out a word you do not
context clues to identify the intended	know?

 meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Readers recognize the power of words to affect meaning. Thoughtful readers evaluate what they read in a personal and informed way. Learners will know Strong readers quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. Two or more main ideas of a text are supported by key details. The relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text are based on specific information in the text. Good readers compare and contrast the overall structure of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts. Strong readers analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent. Strong readers draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve 	 What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text? Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? How does reading influence readers? Why do readers need to evaluate what they read? Learners will be able to Quote accurately from a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details. Summarize the text. Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text. Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area. Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, oncepts, or information in two or more texts. Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of
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	 speak about the subject knowledgeably. By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, at the high end of the grades 4-5 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
Asses ormative Assessments	sment Evidence
• Thumbs Up	
 Exit Slips 	
 Think Pair Share 	
• Quick Checks	
• Exit Slips	
Class Discussion	
 Turn and Talks 	
 Reading/Writing Notebook 	
 Homework 	
 Student Self-Assessment 	
• Graphic Organizers	
ummative Assessments	
• Unit Assessments	
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• Writing Specific Rubrics	
<u>enchmarks</u>	
• DRA	
• Link It Benchmarks	
<u>lternative Assessments</u>	
 Project Specific Rubrics 	
 Group Project Products 	

Suggested Learning Plan

Anticipated daily sequence of activities:

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
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Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes)

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Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

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$21^{\mbox{\scriptsize st}}$ Century Life and Careers

CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills

CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.

CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions

CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation

9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types of work, and how work can help a person achieve personal and professional goals.

9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for wide ranging skills and development areas.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations
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- Review student individual educational plan and/or 504 plan
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- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math
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- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
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Social Studies

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Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology

Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

• Mentor Texts

- Henry's Freedom Box
- \circ $\,$ When Jessie Came Across the Sea $\,$
- Women Explorers

• The Other Side- Segregation

6.1.12.D.11.d: Compare the varying perspectives of victims, survivors, bystanders, rescuers,

and perpetrators during the Holocaust

- Mentor Text
 - Along Way to Go
 - Who Was Anne Frank?
 - Benno and the Night of Broken Glass
 - Hidden

<u>Science</u>

ESS2-2 Earth's Systems

ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

- Mentor Texts
 - Warmer World: From Polar Bears to Butterflies, How Climate Change Affects Wildlife
 - Lizards

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.

8.1.5.A.1 Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems

8.1.5.A.2 Format a document using a word processing application to enhance text and include graphics, symbols and/ or pictures.

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.5.D.4 Understand digital citizenship and demonstrate an understanding of the personal consequences of inappropriate use of technology and social media.

E: Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information.

8.1.5.E.1 Use digital tools to research and evaluate the accuracy of, relevance to, and appropriateness of using print and non-print electronic information sources to complete a variety of tasks.

Pacing Guide

5th Grade Reading Pacing Guide https://docs.google.com/document/d/15EsULUNiRggX4iH-10Ry_BSaLOIp8ZsdrU6K8V8TU40/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum Grade 5 English Language Arts – Reading Literature

Desired Outcomes

Key Ideas and Details:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.5.1

Quote accurately from a text, and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.5.2

Determine the key details in a story, drama or poem to identify the theme and to summarize the text. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.5.3

Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., how characters interact).

Craft and Structure:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.5.4

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors and similes.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.5.5

Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.5.6

Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.5.7

Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.5.8

(RL.5.8 not applicable to literature)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.5.9

Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) the treatment of similar themes and topics (e.g., opposition of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g., the quest) in stories, myths, and traditional literature from different cultures.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.5.10

By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.

Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions		
1. Readers use strategies to construct	1. How do readers construct meaning from		
meaning.	text?		
2. Readers use language structure and	2. How do you figure out a word you do not		
context clues to identify the intended	know?		
meaning of words and phrases as they are	3. What do readers do when they do not		
used in text. Strategic readers can	understand everything in a text? Why do		
develop, select, and apply strategies to	readers need to pay attention to a writer's		

 3. Readers recognize the power of words to affect meaning. 4. How does reading influence readers? Why do readers need to evaluate what they read in a personal and informed way. Learners will know 9. Quoting accurately from a text helps to explain and draw inferences when reading literature. 9. Thought accurately from a text helps to explain and draw inferences when reading literature. 9. Thought accurately from a text helps to explain and draw inferences when reading literature. 9. Thought accurately from a text helps to explain and draw inferences when reading literature. 9. Thought accurately from a text helps to explain and draw inferences from the text. 9. Strong readers compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text. 9. A narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described. 9. Visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text. 9. Stories in the same genre can take differing approaches to similar themes. 9. Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described. 9. Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text. 9. Stories in the same genre can take differing approaches to similar themes. 9. Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described. 9. Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem). 9. Compare and contrast stories in the same genre (e.g., mysteries and adventure stories) on their approaches to similar themes and topics. 9. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, at the high end of the grades 4-5	enhance their comprehension.	choice of words?
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Assessment Evidence		
	Assessme	

- Thumbs Up
- Exit Slips
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Benchmarks

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

Anticipated daily sequence of activities:

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will engage students in a focused discussion.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes)

• Teacher will have students do partnership, small-group, or independent work while providing support as needed.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction. **Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (30-40 minutes)**

- Students can read independently.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
- Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Reading Fundamental Units Schoolwide Reading Mentor Texts Schoolwide Reading Appendices Google Apps Scholastic News Story Works grades 3-6 Dictionaries Thesauruses Graphic organizers Porta Portal http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool

21st Century Life and Careers

CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills
 CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions
 CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation

9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types of work, and how work can help a person achieve personal and professional goals.

9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and care

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for wide ranging skills and development areas.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

• Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations

• Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands on materials. **Students with IEPs/504**

- Review student individual educational plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students as per IEP/504

At Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century:

Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights

Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment

Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology

Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

- Mentor Texts
 - Henry's Freedom Box
 - When Jessie Came Across the Sea
 - Women Explorers
 - The Other Side- Segregation

6.1.12.D.11.d: Compare the varying perspectives of victims, survivors, bystanders, rescuers, and perpetrators during the Holocaust

• Mentor Text

- Along Way to Go
- Who Was Anne Frank?
- Benno and the Night of Broken Glass
- Hidden

<u>Science</u>

ESS2-2 Earth's Systems ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

• Mentor Texts

- Warmer World: From Polar Bears to Butterflies, How Climate Change Affects Wildlife
- Lizards

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 Educational Technology: All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations.

8.1.5.A.1 Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems

8.1.5.A.2 Format a document using a word processing application to enhance text and include graphics, symbols and/ or pictures.

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.5.D.4 Understand digital citizenship and demonstrate an understanding of the personal consequences of inappropriate use of technology and social media.

E: Research and Information Fluency: Students apply digital tools to gather, evaluate, and use information.

8.1.5.E.1 Use digital tools to research and evaluate the accuracy of, relevance to, and appropriateness of using print and non-print electronic information sources to complete a variety of tasks.

Pacing Guide

5th Grade Reading Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/15EsULUNiRggX4iH-10Ry_BSaLOIp8ZsdrU6K8V8TU40/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum Grade 5 English Language Arts – Speaking and Listening			
Desired	Outcomes		
Comprehension and Collaboration:	Outcomes		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.1			
Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discu	assions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with ng on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.		
Explicitly draw on previously read text or materies explore ideas under discussion	ial and other information known about the topic to		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.1.B			
Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry	out assigned roles.		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.1.C	and a second state of the state of the discussion and		
elaborate on the remarks of others.	ng comments that contribute to the discussion and		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.1.D			
	ons in light of information and knowledge gained from		
the discussions.	ons in light of mormation and knowledge gamed if on		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.2			
	formation presented in diverse media and formats		
(e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally)	ormation presented in diverse media and formats		
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.3			
	blain how each claim is supported by reasons and		
evidence.			
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas:			
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.4			
	equencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts		
and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable			
pace.			
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.5			
Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in presentations when			
appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.			
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.5.6			
Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to task and			
situation. (See grade 5 Language standards 1 and 3 here for specific expectations.)			
	Essential Questions		
1. Listening is the process of receiving,	1. How does a speaker communicate so others		
constructing meaning from, and	will listen and understand the message?		
responding to spoken and/nonverbal	2. How does a listener understand a message?		
messages.	3. How do you listen?		
2. Listening skills are critical for learning	4. What impact does listening have?		
and communicating. 3. Effective listeners are able to interpret	 How do you speak effectively? How does the choice of words affect the 		

3. Effective listeners are able to interpret 6. How does the choice of words affect the

	and avaluate in managingly complay	analyar's magazar and the listoner's
	and evaluate increasingly complex	speaker's message and the listener's
4	messages.	response?
4.	A speaker selects a form and an	
	organizational pattern based on the	
_	audience and purpose.	
5.	A speaker's choice of words and style set	
	the tone and define the message.	
Learn	ers will know	Learners will be able to
•	speenie servegees are used when	• Engage effectively in a range of collaborative
	engaging in collaborative discussions with	discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and
	diverse partners on grade 5 topics and	teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5
	texts including researching by reading	topics and texts, building on others' ideas and
	prior to the discussion, drawing on the	expressing their own clearly.
	preparation to support opinions and	 Come to discussions prepared, having
	explore more ideas about the topic.	read or studied required material;
•	Agreed upon rules should lead a	explicitly draw on that preparation and
	discussion.	other information known about the
•	Good listeners review the key ideas	topic to explore ideas under discussion.
	expressed and draw conclusions based on	 Follow agreed-upon rules for
	the input of others.	discussions and carry out assigned
•	Visual representations in diverse media	roles.
	and formats can be used to determine	 Pose and respond to specific questions
	summarize a written text.	by making comments that contribute to
•	Strong speakers are able to identify	the discussion and elaborate on the
	reasons and evidence a speaker provides	remarks of others.
	to support particular points.	 Review the key ideas expressed and
•	Strong speakers summarize the points a	draw conclusions in light of
	speaker makes and explain how each	information and knowledge gained
	claim is supported by reasons and	from the discussions.
	evidence.	 Summarize a written text read aloud or
	Strong speakers report on a topic or text	information presented in diverse media and
	or present an opinion, sequencing ideas	formats, including visually, quantitatively, and
	logically and using appropriate facts and	orally.
	relevant, descriptive details to support	 Summarize the points a speaker makes and
	main ideas or themes.	explain how each claim is supported by
		reasons and evidence.
•	Strong speakers speak clearly at an understandable pace.	
	*	 Report on a topic or text or present an opinion sequencing ideas logically and using
•	Strong speakers report on a topic or text,	opinion, sequencing ideas logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive
	tell a story, or recount an experience in an	
	organized manner, using appropriate	details to support main ideas or themes;
	facts and relevant, descriptive details to	speak clearly at an understandable pace.
	support main ideas or themes.	• Include multimedia components (e.g.,
•	Strong speakers include multimedia	graphics, sound) and visual displays in
	components (e.g., graphics, sound) and	presentations when appropriate to enhance
	visual displays in presentations when	the development of main ideas or themes.

appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.Strong speakers adapt speech and use	 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to task and situation.
formal English when appropriate to task and situation.	
	ent Evidence
Formative Assessments	
Thumbs Up	
• Exit Slips	
Think Pair Share Oviate Checks	
Quick ChecksExit Slips	
 Exit ships Class Discussion 	
 Turn and Talks 	
 Reading/Writing Notebook 	
• Homework	
 Student Self-Assessment 	
 Graphic Organizers 	
Summative Assessments	
 Unit Assessments 	
Weekly Assessments	
• Quizzes	
 Writing Specific Rubrics 	
<u>Benchmarks</u>	
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Anticipated daily sequence of activities:

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

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- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.

• Teacher will model how to read like a writer.

Independent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes)

• Students will write independently, often responding to what was read or discussed, while you provide support for conferring with them.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
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Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

- Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction. **Independent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes)**
 - Students can write independently.
 - Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and make decisions about their writing.
 - Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
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Deal School Curriculum Grade 5 English Language Arts – Writing

Desired Outcomes

Text Types and Purposes:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.1

Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.1.A

Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.1.B

Provide logically ordered reasons that are supported by facts and details from text(s), quote directly from text when appropriate.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.1.C

Link opinion and reasons using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., consequently, specifically). NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.1.D

Provide a conclusion related to the opinion presented.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.2

Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.2.A

Introduce a topic clearly to provide a focus and group related information logically; include text features such as headings, illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.2.B

Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.2.C

Link ideas within paragraphs and sections of information using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., in contrast, especially).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.2.D

Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.2.E

Provide a conclusion related to the information of explanation presented. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.3

Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.3.A

Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.3.B

Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.3.C

Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.3.D

Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.3.E

Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.

Production and Distribution of Writing:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.4

Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.5

With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5 here.) NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.6

With some guidance and support from adults and peers, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.7

Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different perspectives of a topic.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.8

Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.9

Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.9.A

Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]").

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.9.B

Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s]"").

Range of Writing:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.5.10

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/selfcorrection and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions	
1. Writers have a purpose for writing.	1. Why do writers write?	
2. Writers gather their ideas from	2. How do good writers express	
personal experience, observations,	themselves?	
reading, and imagination.	3. How do writers develop a well-written	
3. Good writers develop and refine their	product?	

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	ideas for thinking, learning,	4. How does process shape the writer's
	communicating, and aesthetic	product?
	expression.	5. How does each step in the writing
4.	Good writers use a repertoire of	process impact your writing?
	strategies that enables them to vary	6. How can writing be evaluated?
	form and style, in order to write for	7. How can evaluation and reflection be
	different purposes, audiences, and	used to improve writing?
	contexts.	
	Writing is a multi-stage process.	
	Writing is a reflective process.	
Learn	ers will know	Learners will be able to
•	Writing may be used to express an	 Write opinion pieces on topics or texts,
	opinion, inform or explain, or narrate a	supporting a point of view with reasons
	story.	and information.
•	Good writers produce clear and	 Introduce a topic or text clearly,
	coherent writing in which the	state an opinion, and create an
	development and organization are	organizational structure in which
	appropriate to task, purpose, and	ideas are logically grouped to
	audience.	support the writer's purpose.
•	Digital tools and technology may be	 Provide logically ordered reasons
	used to produce and publish writing, as	that are supported by facts and
	well as interact with others.	details.
•	Good writers focus on a topic, respond	 Link opinion and reasons using
	to questions and suggestions form	words, phrases, and clauses (e.g.,
	peers, and add details to strengthen	consequently, specifically).
	their writing as needed.	 Provide a concluding statement
•	Good writers strengthen their writing	or section related to the opinion
	by revising, editing, rewriting, or trying	presented.
	a new approach.	Write informative/explanatory texts to
•	Good writers recall information from	examine a topic and convey ideas and
	experiences or gather information from	information clearly.
	provided sources to answer a question.	 Introduce a topic clearly, provide
•	Grade five students are capable of	a general observation and focus,
	using keyboarding to type two single	and group related information
	pages in one sitting.	logically; include formatting (e.g.,
•	Multiple resources strengthen short	headings), illustrations, and
	research projects that build knowledge	multimedia when useful to aiding
	through investigation of different	comprehension.
	aspects of a topic.	 Develop the topic with facts,
•	Evidence from literary or informational	definitions, concrete details,
	texts support analysis, reflection, and	quotations, or other information
	research.	and examples related to the topic.
•	Strong writers write routinely over	 Link ideas within and across
_	extended time frames and shorter time	categories of information using
	frames for a range of discipline-specific	words, phrases, and clauses (e.g.,
	iranies for a range of discipline specifie	words, phrases, and clauses (e.g.,

	11
tasks, purposes, and audiences.	in contrast, especially).
	 Use precise language and
	domain-specific vocabulary to
	inform about or explain the topic.
	 Provide a concluding statement
	or section related to the
	information or explanation presented.
	• Write narratives to develop real or
	imagined experiences or events using
	effective technique, descriptive details,
	and clear event sequences.
	 Orient the reader by establishing
	a situation and introducing a
	narrator and/or characters;
	organize an event sequence that
	unfolds naturally.
	• Use narrative techniques, such as
	dialogue, description, and pacing,
	to develop experiences and
	events or show the responses of
	characters to situations.
	 Use a variety of transitional
	words, phrases, and clauses to
	manage the sequence of events.
	• Use concrete words and phrases
	and sensory details to convey
	experiences and events precisely.
	 Provide a conclusion that follows
	from the narrated experiences or
	events.
	 Produce clear and coherent writing in
	which the development and
	organization are appropriate to task,
	purpose, and audience.
	 With guidance and support from peers
	and adults, develop and strengthen
	writing as needed by planning, revising,
	editing, rewriting, or trying a new
	approach.
	 With some guidance and support from
	adults, use technology, including the
	Internet, to produce and publish writing
	as well as to interact and collaborate
	with others.
	WILLI ULICI S.

	 Demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of two pages in a single sitting. Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work, and provide a list of sources. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature . Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range
	of discipline-specific tasks, purposes,
	and audiences.
Assessme Formative Assessments	ent Evidence
 Thumbs Up Exit Slips Think Pair Share Quick Checks Exit Slips Class Discussion Turn and Talks Reading/Writing Notebook Homework Student Self-Assessment Graphic Organizers 	
Summative Assessments• Unit Assessments• Weekly Assessments• Quizzes	
Writing Specific Rubrics	

Benchmarks

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

Anticipated daily sequence of activities:

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

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- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will model how to read like a writer.

Independent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes)

• Students will write independently, often responding to what was read or discussed, while you provide support for conferring with them.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes)

- Students can write independently.
- Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and make decisions about their writing.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Writing Fundamental Units Schoolwide Writing Mentor Texts Schoolwide Writing Appendices Scholastic News Story Works grades 3-6 Google Apps Dictionaries Thesauruses Graphic organizers Porta Portal <u>http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u> Laptops

$21^{\mbox{\scriptsize st}}$ Century Life and Careers

CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills
 CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions
 CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation

9.2.4.A.1 Identify reasons why people work, different types of work, and how work can help a person achieve personal and professional goals.

9.2.4.A.4 Explain why knowledge and skills acquired in the elementary grades lay the foundation for future academic and career success.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for wide ranging skills and development areas.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands on materials.

Students with IEPs/504

- Review student individual educational plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students as per IEP/504

At Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Mentor texts used during Modeled/Shared Writing could be on the subject of topics being studied in science, social studies and math.
- During Independent Writing, students may choose to write about topics or people being studied in content areas; non-fiction unit of study provides ample opportunity for such writing.
- Publishing, as part of the writing process, can incorporate the use of technological literacy and programs.
- Class and students can compose letters, books, articles, essays relating to content area subjects.
- Library and technological skills can be utilized in research of non-fiction writing.

Social Studies

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century:

Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights

Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment

Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology

Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

- Mentor Texts
 - Henry's Freedom Box
 - When Jessie Came Across the Sea
 - Women Explorers
 - The Other Side- Segregation

6.1.12.D.11.d: Compare the varying perspectives of victims, survivors, bystanders, rescuers, and perpetrators during the Holocaust

- Mentor Text
 - $\circ~$ Along Way to Go
 - Who Was Anne Frank?
 - Benno and the Night of Broken Glass
 - Hidden

<u>Science</u>

ESS2-2 Earth's Systems **ESS3** Earth and Human Activity

- Mentor Texts
 - Warmer World: From Polar Bears to Butterflies, How Climate Change Affects Wildlife
 - Lizards

Integration of Technology

8.1.5.A.1 Select and use the appropriate digital tools and resources to accomplish a variety of tasks including solving problems

8.1.5.A.2 Format a document using a word processing application to enhance text and include graphics, symbols and/ or pictures.

Pacing Guide

5th Grade Writing Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1MR3_i7uWyqMd3os9dBOuLf0ossJZyQMPkBf2iNwWTW c/edit?usp=sharing

Annual Pacing Guide

Grade Level: 5th Grade

Subject: Reading

September	October	November	December	January
Launching Unit	Launching Unit	Fiction Unit	Fiction Unit	Fiction Unit

February	March	April	May	June
Non Fiction Unit	s Non Fiction Unit	Non Fiction Unit	Poetry Unit	Poetry Unit



Annual Pacing Guide

Grade Level: 5th Grade Subject: Writing

September	October	November	December	January
How Writers Work Unit	How Writers Work Unit	How Writers Work Unit	Memoir Unit	Memoir Unit

February	March	April	May	June
Memoir Unit	Essay Unit	Essay Unit	Essay Unit	Nonfiction Unit



Deal School Curriculum



English Language Arts Curriculum Guide Grade 6 **Deal School**

Deal, New Jersey

2018 Board of Education

Dennis Melofchik, President Kaye Jannarone, Vice President

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Donato Saponaro, Jr. Superintendent of Schools

Curriculum Writing Committee

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Developed and Written

August – November 2014

<u>Revised</u>

December 2018

Board Approved

December 2018

<u>Purpose</u>

The English Language Arts Curriculum Guide for Grade 6 is a resource for educators to refer to in planning and preparing for curriculum instruction aligned to Common Core State Standards and best practices. For each unit, desired outcomes, learners' enduring understanding, essential questions, learner goals and objectives, suggested assessments, anticipated sequence of events, and learning resources are identified.

Additionally, links are included in the plan for 21st Century Skills and Themes as well as Scope and Sequence links for district approved programs.

Assessments

Prior to implementing the curriculum, diagnostic assessments can be used to gather baseline data to guide beginning instruction. Throughout each unit, formative and summative assessments are available to determine achievement and guide instruction.

Deal School Curriculum Grade 6 English Language Arts – Writing

Desired Outcomes

Text Types and Purposes:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.1

Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.1.A

Introduce claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.1.B

Support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.1.C

Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.1.D

Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.1.E

Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.2

Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.2.A

Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aiding comprehension.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.2.B

Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.2.C

Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts. NISLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.2.D

Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.2.E

Establish and maintain a formal/academic style, approach, and form.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.2.F

Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.3

Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.3.A

Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.3.B

Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.3.C

Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.3.D

Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.3.E

Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.

Production and Distribution of Writing:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.4

Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1–3 above.)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.5

With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 6 here.)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.6

Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.7

Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.8

Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.9

Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.9.A

Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres [e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy

stories] in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics").

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.9.B

Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not").

Range of Writing:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.6.10

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self-correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

Enduring Understandings		Essential Questions		
	Good writers develop and refine		Why do writers write?	
	their ideas for thinking, learning,	2.	How do good writers express	
	communicating, and aesthetic		themselves?	
	expression.	3.	How do writers develop a	
2.	Good writers use a repertoire of		well-written product?	
	strategies that enables them to	4.	How does process shape the	
	vary form and style, in order to		writer's product?	
	write for different purposes,	5.	How does each step in the writing	
	audiences, and contexts.		process impact your writing?	
3.	Writers have a purpose for		How can writing be evaluated?	
	writing.	7.	How can evaluation and reflection	
	Writing is a multi-stage process.		be used to improve writing?	
5.	Writing is a reflective process.			
Learners will know		Learners will be able to		
•	Writing may be used to express	•	Write arguments to support	
	an opinion, inform or explain, or		claims with clear reasons and	
	narrate a story.		relevant evidence.	
•	Effective argument writers		o Introduce claim(s) and	
	introduce claim(s) and organize		organize the reasons and	
	the reasons and evidence clearly.		evidence clearly.	
•	Effective argument writers		o Support claim(s) with	
	support claim(s) with clear		clear reasons and relevant	
	reasons and relevant evidence,		evidence, using credible	
	using credible sources and		sources and	
	demonstrating an understanding		demonstrating an	
	of the topic or text.		understanding of the topic	
•	Effective argument writers use		or text.	
	words, phrases, and clauses to		o Use words, phrases, and	
	clarify the relationships among		clauses to clarify the	
	claim(s) and reasons.		relationships among	
•	Effective writers establish and		claim(s) and reasons.	
	maintain a formal style.		o Establish and maintain a	
•	Effective argument writers		formal style.	

provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.

- Informative writers introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- Informative writers use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- Informative writers use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- Informative writers provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.
- Narrative writers engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
- Narrative writers use techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- Narrative writers use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.
- Narrative writers use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences

- o Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.
- Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
 - Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
 - Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
 - Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
 - Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
 - o Establish and maintain a formal style.
 - o Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented.
- Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique,

and events.

- •
- Narrative writers provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
- Strong writers produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- Good writers develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
- Good writers use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others;.
- Grade 6 writers demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting.
- Writers conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.
- Good writers gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.
- Good writers draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
- Grade 6 writers write routinely over extended time frames (time

relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.

- Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
- Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.
- Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events.
- o Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
- Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient

for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	 command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting. Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literature. Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literary nonfiction Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipling space for tasks
	of discipline-specific tasks,
Assessmen	purposes, and audiences.
Formative Assessments	
 Formative Assessments Thumbs Up Exit Slips Think Pair Share Quick Checks Exit Slips Class Discussion Turn and Talks Reading/Writing Notebook Homework Student Self-Assessment Graphic Organizers 	

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments
- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

<u>Benchmarks</u>

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will model how to read like a writer.

Independent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes)

• Students will write independently, often responding to what was read or discussed, while you provide support for conferring with them.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes)

- Students can write independently.
- Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and make decisions about their writing.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented. Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Writing Fundamentals Units

Schoolwide Writing Unit Appendices

Schoolwide Writing Unit Mentor Texts Google Apps: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms **Graphic Organizers** Students Dictionary Scholastic Thesaurus Dictionary Games: Lakeshore Reading Comprehension: Hazard Mountain – Inferences **Ouest for the Jewels** – Cause and Effect *Capture the Flag* – Reading Comprehension *Wipeout* – Vocabulary Main Street Shopping - Main Idea Scrabble Laptop Computers Ipads and various apps Porta Portal Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool

LGBTQ+ and Disabilities

Wilson Cruz, Actor and Activist" (Achieve 3000) "Gen Z Is Here To Help" (Achieve 3000) "A Life Helping Others" (Achieve 3000) "A Camp That Sparked a Movement" (Achieve 3000) "Cooking Up Change" (Achieve 3000) "Clothes for All" (Achieve 3000) "A Band for the World" (Achieve 3000) "Seeing Things in a New Way" (Achieve 3000) "What's Fair in Sports" (Achieve 3000) "A Worthy Workout" (Achieve 3000) "A Day in My Wheels" (Achieve 3000) "Helping a Classmate Learn" (Achieve 3000) "Fun For All" (Achieve 3000) "Good Ideas" (Achieve 3000) "Books for Everyone" (Achieve 3000) "Climbing Kilimanjaro" (Achieve 3000) "Museum Offers: Touch Tours" (Achieve 3000) "Young Racer, Big Plans" (Achieve 3000) "A Grandfather's Gift" (Achieve 3000) "Stepping Out with a Robot" (Achieve 3000) "Liu Wei's Got Talent" (Achieve 3000) "Companies Hold Back the Blind" (Achieve 3000) "Titus Makes a Splash" (Achieve 3000) "Brody Gets Gold" (Achieve 3000) "Dreaming Big" (Achieve 3000)

"Nothing Holds Me Back" by Kristin Lewis (Scholastic Scope Magazine) "The Fastest Woman in the World" by Allison Friedman (Scholastic Scope Magazine)

LGBTQ+ Disabilities Example Lesson

- Wilson Cruz, Actor and Activist (Achieve 3000) Lesson
- The Fastest Woman in the World (Scholastic Scope) Lesson
- <u>"Nothing Holds Me Back: by Kristin Lewis (Scholastic Scope) Lesson</u>

21st Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Personal Financial Literacy

• 9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship, and economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

• 9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that

can be developed through school, home,work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

• Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA

and/or Math.

- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom.

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Mentor texts used during Modeled/Shared Writing could be on the subject of topics being studied in science, social studies and math.
- During Independent Writing, students may choose to write about topics or people being studied in content areas; non-fiction unit of study provides ample opportunity for such writing.
- Publishing, as part of the writing process, can incorporate the use of technological literacy and programs.
- Class and students can compose letters, books, articles, essays relating to content area subjects. Library and technological skills can be utilized in research of non-fiction writing.

Social Studies

- Harvesting Hope: The Story of Cesar Chavez (mentor text)
- Richard Wright and the Library Card (mentor tex)
- Grandmama's Pride (mentor text)
- My Freedom Trip (mentor text)

Holocaust Read Aloud

• The Lily Cupboard (mentor text)

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century

- Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
- Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment
- Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology
- Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

Science

- Extreme Animals: The Toughest Creatures on Earth (mentor text)
- Black Hole is NOT a Hole (mentor text)
- Can We Save the Tiger? (mentor text)
- Team Moon: How 400,000 People Landed Apollo 11 on the Moon (mentor text)
- Heroes of the Environment: The Story of People Helping to Protect our Plant (mentor text)
- Tracking Trash (mentor text)
- The Lorax (mentor text)

Earth and Space Sciences

• MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

Integration of Technology

8.1.8.A-Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.

8.1.8.A.2-Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability.

8.1.8.B-Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).

Pacing Guide

6th Grade Writing Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1 lHmds3wiBu8084v6E5cdBZUS3NDzMi3kI dnwcpcEcs/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum

Grade 6 English Language Arts – Speaking and Listening

Desired Outcomes

Comprehension and Collaboration:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.1

Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.1.A

Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.1.B

Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.1.C

Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.1.D

Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.2

Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.3

Deconstruct a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.4

Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate speaking behaviors (e.g., eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.5

Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.6.6

Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 6 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)

Enduring Understandings

Essential Questions

 Listening is the process receiving, constructing from, and responding t and/nonverbal messag Listening skills are crit learning and communid Effective listeners are a interpret and evaluate increasingly complex n A speaker selects a form organizational pattern the audience and purpe A speaker's choice of w style set the tone and d message. 	meaning to spoken ges.others will listen and understand the message?ges.2. How does a listener understand a message?ical for cating.3. How do you listen?able to4. What impact does listening have?5. How do you speak effectively?6. How does the choice of words affect the speaker's message and the listener's response?ose. vords and
Learners will know	Learners will be able to
 There are rules that gusuccess in collaborative discussions with diverse partners on grade 6 top and issues. It is effective to come to discussions prepared, heread or studied required material; explicitly draw preparation by referring evidence on the topic, to issue to probe and reflectide ideas under discussion Making comments that contribute to the topic, issue under discussion speaker to pose and rest specific questions with elaboration and detail. Good listeners review to ideas expressed and demonstrate understate multiple perspectives to the topic of t	ide e eEngage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and

 Savvy listeners delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not. Strong listeners present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation. Information is clarified by Including multimedia components and visual displays in presentations. Effective speakers adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. 	 issue under study. Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not. Present claims and findings, sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation. Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify information. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.
Formative Assessments	
 Thumbs Up Exit Slips Think Pair Share Quick Checks Exit Slips Class Discussion Turn and Talks Reading/Writing Notebook Homework Student Self-Assessment Graphic Organizers 	
Summative Assessments• Unit Assessments• Weekly Assessments• Quizzes• Writing Specific Rubrics	

Benchmarks

• DRA

• Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will engage students in a focused discussion.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes)

• Teacher will have students do partnership, small-group, or independent work while providing support as needed.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (30-40 minutes)

- Students can read independently.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
- Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will model how to read like a writer.

Independent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes)

or
class

21st Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Personal Financial Literacy

• 9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship, and

economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

• 9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home,work, and extracurricular activities for

use

in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math.
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom.

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

- Harvesting Hope: The Story of Cesar Chavez (mentor text)
- Richard Wright and the Library Card (mentor tex)

- Grandmama's Pride (mentor text)
- My Freedom Trip (mentor text)

Holocaust Read Aloud

• The Lily Cupboard (mentor text)

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century

- Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
- Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment
- Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology
- Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

Science

- Extreme Animals: The Toughest Creatures on Earth (mentor text)
- Black Hole is NOT a Hole (mentor text)
- Can We Save the Tiger? (mentor text)
- Team Moon: How 400,000 People Landed Apollo 11 on the Moon (mentor text)
- Heroes of the Environment: The Story of People Helping to Protect our Plant (mentor text)
- Tracking Trash (mentor text)
- The Lorax (mentor text)

Earth and Space Sciences

• MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations

8.1.8.A.1-Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.

8.1.8.A.2-Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business

letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability.

B. Creativity and Innovation: Students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and process using technology.

8.1.8.B.1-Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.8.D.4-Assess the credibility and accuracy of digital content

Pacing Guide

6th Grade Reading Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1dsbV0aEex7Y1h_VKDB2d_MKEuyVMHED_qtaMJ ii8nX0/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum Grade 6 English Language Arts - Reading Literature

Desired Outcomes

Key Ideas and Details:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.6.1

Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.6.2

Determine a theme or central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments. NISLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.6.3

Describe how a particular story's or drama's plot unfolds in a series of episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.

Craft and Structure:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.6.4

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.6.5

Analyze how a particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the theme, setting, or plot.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.6.6

Explain how an author develops the point of view of the narrator or speaker in a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.6.7

Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what they "see" and "hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.6.8

(RL.6.8 not applicable to literature)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.6.9

Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:

NISLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.6.10

By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed. **Essential Questions**

Enduring Understandings

Lindui ing Onder Standings	Listential Questions
1. Readers use strategies to	1. How do readers construct meaning
construct meaning.	from text?

2. Readers use language structure	2. How do you figure out a word you do
and context clues to identify the	not know?
intended meaning of words and	3. What do readers do when they do not
phrases as they are used in text.	understand everything in a text?
3. Strategic readers can develop,	4. Why do readers need to pay attention to
select, and apply strategies to	a writer's choice of words?
enhance their comprehension.	5. How does reading influence us?
4. Words powerfully affect	Why do we need to evaluate what we
meaning.	read?
5. Readers develop a deeper	
understanding through	
reflection of text.	
Learners will know	Learners will be able to
Good readers cite textual	Cite textual evidence to support
evidence to support analysis of	analysis of what the text says explicitly
what the text says explicitly as	as well as inferences drawn from the
well as inferences drawn from	text.
the text.Good readers determine a theme	 Determine a theme or central idea of a tout and how it is conveyed through
or central idea of a text and how	text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of
it is conveyed through particular	the text distinct from personal opinions
details; provide a summary of	or judgments.
the text distinct from personal	 Describe how a particular story's or
opinions or judgments.	drama's plot unfolds in a series of
• A particular story's or drama's	episodes as well as how the characters
plot unfolds in a series of	respond or change as the plot moves
episodes.	toward a resolution.
• Characters respond or change as	• Determine the meaning of words and
the plot moves towards	phrases as they are used in a text,
resolution.	including figurative and connotative
• Fluent readers determine the	meanings; analyze the impact of a
meaning of words and phrases	specific word choice on meaning and
as they are used in a text,	tone
including figurative and	 Analyze how a particular sentence,
connotative meanings; analyze	chapter, scene, or stanza fits into the overall structure of a text and
the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.	contributes to the development of the
 Strong readers analyze how a 	theme, setting, or plot.
particular sentence, chapter,	 Explain how an author develops the
scene, or stanza fits into the	point of view of the narrator or speaker
overall structure of a text and	in a text.
contributes to the development	Compare and contrast the experience of
of the theme, setting, or plot.	reading a story, drama, or poem to
• Strong readers explain how an	listening to or viewing an audio, video,
author develops the point of	or live version of the text, including

view of the narrator or speaker in a text.

 Good readers compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what they "see" and "hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch. contrasting what they "see" and "hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch.

- Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres (e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories) in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics.
- By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

Assessment Evidence

Formative Assessments

- Thumbs Up
- Exit Slips
- Think Pair Share
- Quick Checks
- Exit Slips
- Class Discussion
- Turn and Talks
- Reading/Writing Notebook
- Homework
- Student Self-Assessment
- Graphic Organizers

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments
- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

Benchmarks

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will engage students in a focused discussion.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes)

• Teacher will have students do partnership, small-group, or independent work while providing support as needed.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (30-40 minutes)

- Students can read independently.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
- Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Reading Fundamentals Units

Schoolwide Reading Unit Appendices

Schoolwide Reading Unit Mentor Texts

Google Apps: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms

Graphic Organizers

Students Dictionary

Scholastic Thesaurus Dictionary

Games:

Lakeshore Reading Comprehension:

Hazard Mountain – Inferences

Quest for the Jewels – Cause and Effect

Capture the Flag – Reading Comprehension

*Wipeou*t – Vocabulary

Main Street Shopping – Main Idea

Scrabble

Laptop Computers

Ipads and various apps

Porta Portal <u>Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>

LGBTQ+ and Disabilities

Hey World, Here I Am by Jean Little

21st Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Personal Financial Literacy

• 9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship,

and

economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

• 9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home,work, and extracurricular activities for

use

in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math.
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom.

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

- Harvesting Hope: The Story of Cesar Chavez (mentor text)
- Richard Wright and the Library Card (mentor tex)
- Grandmama's Pride (mentor text)
- My Freedom Trip (mentor text)

Holocaust Read Aloud

• The Lily Cupboard (mentor text)

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century

- Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
- Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment
- Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology
- Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

Science

- Extreme Animals: The Toughest Creatures on Earth (mentor text)
- Black Hole is NOT a Hole (mentor text)
- Can We Save the Tiger? (mentor text)
- Team Moon: How 400,000 People Landed Apollo 11 on the Moon (mentor text)
- Heroes of the Environment: The Story of People Helping to Protect our Plant (mentor text)
- Tracking Trash (mentor text)
- The Lorax (mentor text)

Earth and Space Sciences

• MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations

8.1.8.A.1-Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.

8.1.8.A.2-Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by

professionals for usability.

B. Creativity and Innovation: Students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and process using technology.

8.1.8.B.1-Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.8.D.4-Assess the credibility and accuracy of digital content

Pacing Guide

6th Grade Reading Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1dsbV0aEex7Y1h_VKDB2d_MKEuyVMHED_qtaMJ ii8nX0/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum Grade 6 English Language Arts – Informational Text

Desired Outcomes

Key Ideas and Details:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.1

Cite textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.2

Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details; provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.3

Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated in a text (e.g., through examples or anecdotes).

Craft and Structure:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.4

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.5

Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.6

Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.7

Integrate information presented in different media or formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.8

Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.9

Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) one author's presentation of events with that of another (e.g., a memoir written by and a biography on the same person).

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.6.10

By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.

Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions
1. Readers use strategies to	1. How do readers construct meaning
construct meaning.	from text?

 Readers use language structure and context clues to identify the intended meaning of words and phrases as they are used in text. Strategic readers can develop, select, and apply strategies to enhance their comprehension. Words powerfully affect meaning. 	 How do you figure out a word you do not know? What do readers do when they do not understand everything in a text? Why do readers need to pay attention to a writer's choice of words? How does reading influence us? Why do we need to evaluate what we
5. Readers develop a deeper understanding through reflection of text.	read?
Learners will know	Learners will be able to
 Learners will know Citing textual evidence supports analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. Good readers determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details. Good readers provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments. Good readers analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated in a text. Fluent readers determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings. Strong readers analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas. 	 Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text. Determine a central idea of a text and how it is conveyed through particular details. Provide a summary of the text distinct from personal opinions or judgments. Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated in a text. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings. Analyze how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section fits into the overall structure of a text and contributes to the development of the ideas. Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text. Integrate information presented in different media or formats as well as in
 Good readers determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and explain how it is conveyed in the text. Coherent understanding of a topic or issue is developed by integrating information presented 	 words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue. Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not. Compare and contrast one author's

in different media or formats as well as in words.

• Strong readers trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not. presentation of events with that of another.

• By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

Assessment Evidence

Formative Assessments

- Thumbs Up
- Exit Slips
- Think Pair Share
- Quick Checks
- Exit Slips
- Class Discussion
- Turn and Talks
- Reading/Writing Notebook
- Homework
- Student Self-Assessment
- Graphic Organizers

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments
- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

<u>Benchmarks</u>

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will engage students in a focused discussion.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes)

• Teacher will have students do partnership, small-group, or independent work while providing support as needed.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (30-40 minutes)

- Students can read independently.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
- Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Reading Fundamentals Units

Schoolwide Reading Unit Appendices

Schoolwide Reading Unit Mentor Texts

Google Apps: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms

Graphic Organizers

Students Dictionary

Scholastic Thesaurus Dictionary

Games:

Lakeshore Reading Comprehension:

Hazard Mountain – Inferences

Quest for the Jewels – Cause and Effect

Capture the Flag – Reading Comprehension

*Wipeou*t – Vocabulary

Main Street Shopping – Main Idea

Scrabble

Laptop Computers

Ipads and various apps

Porta Portal <u>Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>

LGBTQ+ and Disabilities

Wilson Cruz, Actor and Activist" (Achieve 3000) "Gen Z Is Here To Help" (Achieve 3000) "A Life Helping Others" (Achieve 3000) "A Camp That Sparked a Movement" (Achieve 3000) "Cooking Up Change" (Achieve 3000) "Clothes for All" (Achieve 3000) "A Band for the World" (Achieve 3000) "Seeing Things in a New Way" (Achieve 3000) "What's Fair in Sports" (Achieve 3000) "A Worthy Workout" (Achieve 3000) "A Day in My Wheels" (Achieve 3000) "Helping a Classmate Learn" (Achieve 3000) "Fun For All" (Achieve 3000) "Good Ideas" (Achieve 3000) "Books for Everyone" (Achieve 3000) "Climbing Kilimanjaro" (Achieve 3000) "Museum Offers: Touch Tours" (Achieve 3000) "Young Racer, Big Plans" (Achieve 3000) "A Grandfather's Gift" (Achieve 3000) "Stepping Out with a Robot" (Achieve 3000) "Liu Wei's Got Talent" (Achieve 3000) "Companies Hold Back the Blind" (Achieve 3000) "Titus Makes a Splash" (Achieve 3000) "Brody Gets Gold" (Achieve 3000) "Dreaming Big" (Achieve 3000) "Nothing Holds Me Back" by Kristin Lewis (Scholastic Scope Magazine) "The Fastest Woman in the World" by Allison Friedmen (Scholastic Scope Magazine)

LGBTQ+ Disabilities Example Lesson

- Wilson Cruz, Actor and Activist (Achieve 3000) Lesson
- <u>The Fastest Woman in the World (Scholastic Scope) Lesson</u>
- <u>"Nothing Holds Me Back: by Kristin Lewis (Scholastic Scope) Lesson</u>

21st Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Personal Financial Literacy

• 9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship, and

economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

• 9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home,work, and extracurricular activities for

use

in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math.
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom.

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

• Harvesting Hope: The Story of Cesar Chavez (mentor text)

- Richard Wright and the Library Card (mentor tex)
- Grandmama's Pride (mentor text)
- My Freedom Trip (mentor text)

Holocaust Read Aloud

• The Lily Cupboard (mentor text)

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century

- Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
- Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment
- Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology
- Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

Science

- Extreme Animals: The Toughest Creatures on Earth (mentor text)
- Black Hole is NOT a Hole (mentor text)
- Can We Save the Tiger? (mentor text)
- Team Moon: How 400,000 People Landed Apollo 11 on the Moon (mentor text)
- Heroes of the Environment: The Story of People Helping to Protect our Plant (mentor text)
- Tracking Trash (mentor text)
- The Lorax (mentor text)

Earth and Space Sciences

• MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations

8.1.8.A.1-Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.

8.1.8.A.2-Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business

letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability.

B. Creativity and Innovation: Students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and process using technology.

8.1.8.B.1-Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex.

telecollaborative project, blog, school web).

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.8.D.4-Ass

ess the credibility and accuracy of digital content

Pacing Guide

6th Grade Reading Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1dsbV0aEex7Y1h_VKDB2d_MKEuyVMHED_qtaMJ ii8nX0/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum
Grade 6 English Language Arts – Language
Desired Outcomes
Conventions of Standard English:
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.1
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when
writing or speaking.
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.1.A
Ensure that pronouns are in the proper case (subjective, objective, possessive).
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.1.B
Use intensive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves).
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.1.C Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.*
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.1.D
Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous
antecedents).*
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.1.E
Recognize variations from standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking,
and identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language.*
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.2
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation,
and spelling when writing.
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.2.A
Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical
elements.*
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.2.B
Spell correctly.
Knowledge of Language:
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.3
Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or
listening.
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.3.A
Vary sentence patterns for meaning (syntax), reader/listener interest, and style/voice
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.3.B
Maintain consistency in style and tone.
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use:
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.4
Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.4.A
Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a contence) as a club to the meaning of a word or phrase.
function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.4.B

Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., audience, auditory, audible).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.4.C

Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.4.D

Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.5

Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.5.A

Interpret figures of speech (e.g., personification) in context.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.5.B

Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/effect, part/whole, item/category) to better understand each of the words.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.5.C

Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.6.6

Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions
 Written communication and mechanics promote fluency of communication. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is being communicated. Words powerfully affect meaning. People communicate through words. Conventional spelling promotes common understanding. Using proper form in sentence and paragraph composition will help us clarify and express our thoughts. 	 What is the purpose of applying grammar and mechanic skills? How do rules of language affect communication? How does word choice affect meaning? Why is it important to spell correctly? How can you write paragraphs to make a clear picture for your reader?
Learners will know	Learners will be able to
• Good writers and speakers demonstrate command of the	 Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or

conventions of Standard English including grammar and usage.

- Good writers demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English including capitalization, punctuation, and spelling.
- When writing, speaking, reading, and listening good readers vary sentence patters for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
- When writing, speaking, reading, and listening good readers maintain consistency in style and tone.
- Fluent readers determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
- Good readers demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- Fluent readers acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

speaking.

- Ensure that pronouns are in the proper case.
- o Use intensive pronouns.
- o Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.
- o Recognize and correct vague pronouns.
- Recognize variations from Standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking.
- o Identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
 - o Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.
 - o Spell correctly.
- Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
 - o Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style.
 - o Maintain consistency in style and tone.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
 - Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
 - o Use common, grade-appropriate

	 as clues to the meaning of a word. O Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech. O Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. O Interpret figures of speech (e.g., personification) in context. O Use the relationship between particular words. O Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions). Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or
	expression.
	ment Evidence
 Formative Assessments Thumbs Up Exit Slips Think Pair Share Quick Checks Exit Slips Class Discussion Turn and Talks Reading/Writing Notebook Homework Student Self-Assessment Graphic Organizers 	

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments
- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

<u>Benchmarks</u>

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will model how to read like a writer.

Independent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes)

• Students will write independently, often responding to what was read or discussed, while you provide support for conferring with them.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes)

- Students can write independently.
- Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and make decisions about their writing.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Writing Fundamentals Units Schoolwide Writing Unit Appendices Schoolwide Writing Unit Mentor Texts Google Apps: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms Graphic Organizers **Students Dictionary** Scholastic Thesaurus Dictionary Games: Lakeshore Reading Comprehension: Hazard Mountain - Inferences **Ouest for the lewels** - Cause and Effect Capture the Flag - Reading Comprehension Wipeout - Vocabulary Main Street Shopping - Main Idea Scrabble Laptop Computers Ipads and various apps Porta Portal Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool

$21^{\mbox{\scriptsize st}}$ Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
- CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Personal Financial Literacy

• 9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship, and

economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

• 9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home,work, and extracurricular activities for

use

in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as

- per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math.
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom.

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

- Harvesting Hope: The Story of Cesar Chavez (mentor text)
- Richard Wright and the Library Card (mentor tex)
- Grandmama's Pride (mentor text)
- My Freedom Trip (mentor text)

Holocaust Read Aloud

• The Lily Cupboard (mentor text)

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century

- Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
- Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment
- Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology
- Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

Science

- Extreme Animals: The Toughest Creatures on Earth (mentor text)
- Black Hole is NOT a Hole (mentor text)
- Can We Save the Tiger? (mentor text)
- Team Moon: How 400,000 People Landed Apollo 11 on the Moon (mentor text)
- Heroes of the Environment: The Story of People Helping to Protect our Plant (mentor text)
- Tracking Trash (mentor text)
- The Lorax (mentor text)

Earth and Space Sciences

• MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

Life Sciences

• MS-LS1 From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations

- **8.1.8.A.1**-Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.
- **8.1.8.A.2**-Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business

letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability.

B. Creativity and Innovation: Students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and process using technology.

8.1.8.B.1-Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.8.D.4-Assess the credibility and accuracy of digital content

Pacing Guide

6th Grade Reading Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1dsbV0aEex7Y1h_VKDB2d_MKEuyVMHED_qtaMI ii8nX0/edit?usp=sharing

Annual Pacing Guide

Grade Level: 6th Grade

Subject: Reading

SeptemberOctoberNovemberDecemberJanuaryLaunching UnitLaunching UnitFiction UnitFiction Unit					
Launching Unit Launching Unit Fiction Unit Fiction Unit	September	October	November	December	January
	Launching Unit	Launching Unit	Fiction Unit	Fiction Unit	Fiction Unit

February	March	April	May	June
Nonfiction Unit	Nonfiction Unit	Nonfiction Unit	Poetry Unit	Poetry Unit



Annual Pacing Guide

Grade Level: 6th Grade

Subject: Writing

September	October	November	December	January
w Writers Work Unit	How Writers Work Unit	How Writers Work Unit	Personal Narrative	Personal Narrative

February	March	April	May	June
Personal Narrative	Feature Article	Feature Article	Feature Article	Argumentative Essa



Deal School Curriculum



English Language Arts Curriculum Guide Grade 7 **Deal School**

Deal, New Jersey

2018 Board of Education

Dennis Melofchik, President Kaye Jannarone, Vice President

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Administration

Donato Saponaro, Jr. Superintendent of Schools

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Developed and Written

August – November 2014

<u>Revised</u>

December 2018

Board Approved

December 2018

<u>Purpose</u>

The English Language Arts Curriculum Guide for Grade 7 is a resource for educators to refer to in planning and preparing for curriculum instruction aligned to Common Core State Standards and best practices. For each unit, desired outcomes, learners' enduring understanding, essential questions, learner goals and objectives, suggested assessments, anticipated sequence of events, and learning resources are identified.

Additionally, links are included in the plan for 21st Century Skills and Themes as well as Scope and Sequence links for district approved programs.

Assessments

Prior to implementing the curriculum, diagnostic assessments can be used to gather baseline data to guide beginning instruction. Throughout each unit, formative and summative assessments are available to determine achievement and guide instruction.

Deal School Curriculum Grade 7 English Language Arts – Writing

Desired Outcomes

Text Types and Purposes:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.1

Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.1.A

Introduce claim(s), acknowledge alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.1.B

Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.1.C

Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.1.D

Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.1.E

Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.2

Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.2.A

Introduce a topic; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia) when useful to aiding comprehension.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.2.B

Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.2.C

Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.2.D

Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.2.E

Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.2.F

Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the

information or explanation presented.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.3

Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.3.A

Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.3.B

Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.3.C

Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.3.D

Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.3.E

Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.

Production and Distribution of Writing:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.4

Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.5

With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 7 here.)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.6

Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.7

Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.8

Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.9

Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.9.A

Apply grade 7 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history"). NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.9.B

Apply grade 7 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g. "Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims").

Range of Writing:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.7.10

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

	line-specific tasks, purposes, and a		
	ring Understandings		tial Questions
1.	Good writers develop and refine		Why do writers write?
	their ideas for thinking,	2.	How do good writers express
	learning, communicating, and		themselves?
	aesthetic expression.	3.	How do writers develop a
2.	Good writers use a repertoire of		well-written product?
	strategies that enables them to	4.	How does process shape the
	vary form and style, in order to		writer's product?
	write for different purposes,	5.	How does each step in the writing
	audiences, and contexts.		process impact your writing?
3.	Writers have a purpose for		How can writing be evaluated?
	writing.	7.	How can evaluation and reflection
4.	Writing is a multi-stage process.		be used to improve writing?
5.	Writing is a reflective process.		
Learn	ers will know	Learn	ers will be able to
•	Writing may be used to express	•	Write arguments to support
	an opinion, inform or explain, or		claims with clear reasons and
	narrate a story.		relevant evidence.
•	Argument writers introduce		o Introduce claim(s),
	claim(s), acknowledge alternate		acknowledge alternate or
	or opposing claims, and		opposing claims, and
	organize the reasons and		organize the reasons and
	evidence logically.		evidence logically.
•	Argument writers support		o Support claim(s) with
	claim(s) with logical reasoning		logical reasoning and
	and relevant evidence, using	relevant evidence, using	
	accurate, credible sources and	accurate, credible sources	
	demonstrating an		and demonstrating an
	understanding of the topic or		understanding of the topic

text.

- Argument writers use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.
- Argument writers establish and maintain a formal style.
- Argument writers provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
- Informative writers introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification,

comparison/contrast, and cause/effect and include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

- Informative writers develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- Informative writers use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- Informative writers use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- Informative writers establish and maintain a formal style.
- Informative writers provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

or text.

- Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), reasons, and evidence.
- o Establish and maintain a formal style.
- o Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
- Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
 - Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/contrast, and cause/effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
 - Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
 - Use appropriate transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
 - o Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform

- Narrative writers engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
- Narrative writers use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- Narrative writers use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.
- Narrative writers use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
- Narrative writers provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.
- Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
- With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.
- Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others,

- about or explain the topic.
- o Establish and maintain a formal style.
- o Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.
- Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
 - Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
 - o Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
 - Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.
 - Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
 - o Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.
- Produce clear and coherent writing in which the

including linking to and citing sources.

- Effective writers conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.
- Effective writers gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
- Effective writers draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
- Effective writers apply grade 7 Reading standards to literature
- Effective writers apply grade 7 Reading standards to literary nonfiction.
- Grade 7 writers write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

- With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed.
- Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and link to and cite sources as well as to interact and collaborate with others, including linking to and citing sources.
- Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions for further research and investigation.
- Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
- Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
 - Apply grade 7 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or

Assessme	 alter history"). Apply grade 7 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g. "Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims"). Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
Assessme Formative Assessments	ent Evidence
 Thumbs Up Exit Slips Think Pair Share Quick Checks Exit Slips Class Discussion Turn and Talks Reading/Writing Notebook Homework Student Self-Assessment Graphic Organizers 	
Summative Assessments	
 Unit Assessments Weekly Assessments Quizzes Writing Specific Rubrics 	
Benchmarks	
DRALink It Benchmarks	
Alternative Assessments	
Project Specific Rubrics	

• Grour	o Project Products
	Suggested Learning Plan
workshop. B Read-Aloud S	e of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing ased on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure. Read-Aloud Structure
	-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)
Acau	Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
•	Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
•	Teacher will model how to read like a writer.
Indep	pendent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes)
•	Students will write independently, often responding to what was read or discussed, while you provide support for conferring with them.
Grou	p Share (5-10 minutes)
● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●	Students will gather back to whole group.
• Mini- Lesso	
Mini-	Lesson (10-15 minutes)
•	Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.
Indep	pendent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes)
•	j.
•	Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and
	make decisions about their writing.
•	Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
Grou	p Share (5-10 minutes)
•	Students will gather back together.
•	Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.
	Suggested Learning Resources
Schoolwide V	Writing Fundamentals Units
Schoolwide V	Writing Unit Appendices
Schoolwide V	Writing Unit Mentor Texts
Google Apps	: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms
Graphic Orga	nizers
Students Dic	tionary
Scholastic Th	nesaurus Dictionary
Games:	
	eading Comprehension:
Hazard M	<i>ountain</i> – Inferences
	t he Jewels – Cause and Effect
Capture th	ne Flag – Reading Comprehension

*Wipeou*t – Vocabulary *Main Street Shopping* – Main Idea Scrabble Laptop Computers Ipads and various apps Porta Portal <u>Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>

LGBTQ+ and Disabilities

Junkyard Wonders by Patricia Polocco (Schoolwide-How Writer's Work Unit) Thank You, Mr. Falker by Patricia Polocco (Schoolwide-Memoir Unit) Wilson Cruz, Actor and Activist" (Achieve 3000) "Gen Z Is Here To Help" (Achieve 3000) "A Life Helping Others" (Achieve 3000) "A Camp That Sparked a Movement" (Achieve 3000) "Cooking Up Change" (Achieve 3000) "Clothes for All" (Achieve 3000) "A Band for the World" (Achieve 3000) "Seeing Things in a New Way" (Achieve 3000) "What's Fair in Sports" (Achieve 3000) "A Worthy Workout" (Achieve 3000) "A Day in My Wheels" (Achieve 3000) "Helping a Classmate Learn" (Achieve 3000) "Fun For All" (Achieve 3000) "Good Ideas" (Achieve 3000) "Books for Everyone" (Achieve 3000) "Climbing Kilimanjaro" (Achieve 3000) "Museum Offers: Touch Tours" (Achieve 3000) "Young Racer, Big Plans" (Achieve 3000) "A Grandfather's Gift" (Achieve 3000) "Stepping Out with a Robot" (Achieve 3000) "Liu Wei's Got Talent" (Achieve 3000) "Companies Hold Back the Blind" (Achieve 3000) "Titus Makes a Splash" (Achieve 3000) "Brody Gets Gold" (Achieve 3000) "Dreaming Big" (Achieve 3000) "Nothing Holds Me Back" by Kristin Lewis (Scholastic Scope Magazine) "The Fastest Woman in the World" by Allison Friedman (Scholastic Scope Magazine)

LGBTQ+ Disabilities Example Lesson

- Wilson Cruz, Actor and Activist (Achieve 3000) Lesson
- The Fastest Woman in the World (Scholastic Scope) Lesson
- "Nothing Holds Me Back: by Kristin Lewis (Scholastic Scope) Lesson
- Junkyard Wonders Lesson (Grade 7)

• Thank You, Mr. Falker Lesson (Grade 7)

21st Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Personal Financial Literacy

• 9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship, and economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

• 9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home,work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math.
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom.

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

• Mentor texts used during Modeled/Shared Writing could be on the subject of topics being studied in science, social studies and math.

- During Independent Writing, students may choose to write about topics or people being studied in content areas; non-fiction unit of study provides ample opportunity for such writing.
- Publishing, as part of the writing process, can incorporate the use of technological literacy and programs.
- Class and students can compose letters, books, articles, essays relating to content area subjects. Library and technological skills can be utilized in research of non-fiction writing.

Social Studies

- My Lord, What a Morning: An Autobiography (mentor text)
- The Voice That Challenged a Nation: Marian Anderson and the Struggle for Equal Rights (mentor text)

• When Marian Sang: The True Recital of Marian Anderson (mentor text) Holocaust Read Aloud

• Rose Blanche (mentor text)

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century

- Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
- Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment
- Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology
- Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

Science

• Phineas Gage: A Gruesome but True Story About Brain Science (mentor text)

• Moonbird: A Year on the Wind With the Great Survivor B95 (mentor text) **Earth and Space Sciences**

• MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

Life Sciences

• MS-LS1 From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes

Integration of Technology

8.1.8.A-Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.

8.1.8.A.2-Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business

letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability.

8.1.8.B-Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).

Pacing Guide

7th Grade Writing Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1UeMh5a-74A8BGt6ZPgWeZK_pvN2qRZb 5W_T0OzElJ4A/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum

Grade 7 English Language Arts – Speaking and Listening

Desired Outcomes

Comprehension and Collaboration:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.1

Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 7 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.1.A

Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.1.B

Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.1.C

Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.1.D

Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.2

Analyze the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and explain how the ideas clarify a topic, text, or issue under study.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.3

Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.4

Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and examples; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.5

Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.7.6

Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 7 Language standards 1 and 3 here for specific expectations.)

Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions

receiving from, and and/non 2. Listening 3. Effective interpret increasin 4. A speake organiza the audie 5. A speake style set message		2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	others messa How d How d How d speak respon	loes a listener understand a age? lo you listen? impact does listening have? lo you speak effectively? loes the choice of words affect the er's message and the listener's nse?
Learners will k	know	Learn	ers wi	ll be able to
 There are success i discussion on grade issues. Effective when part discussion read or runder stuthat preprevidence issue to produce issue to produce that prepress and dead individua. Effective when part for colleg progress and dead individua. Effective when part question and resp question relevant that brint 	e rules that guide n collaborative ons with divers partners 7 topics, texts, and discussion occurs rticipants come to ons prepared, having esearched material udy; explicitly draw on oaration by referring to on the topic, text, or orobe and reflect on der discussion. discussion occurs rticipants follow rules gial discussions, track toward specific goals llines, and define al roles as needed. discussion occurs rticipants pose s that elicit elaboration ond to others' s and comments with observations and ideas g the discussion back as needed.	•	Engag collab partne issues expres o o o	ge effectively in a range of orative discussions with diverse ers on grade 7 topics, texts, and so building on others' ideas and so building read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. Follow rules for collegial discussions, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. Pose questions that elicit elaboration and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant observations and ideas that bring the discussion back on topic as needed. Acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views. ze the main ideas and supporting

- Effective discussion occurs when participants acknowledge new information expressed by others and, when warranted, modify their own views.
- Analyzing the main ideas and supporting details presented in diverse media and formats enhance discussions.
- Strong listeners delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.
- Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and examples to strengthen discussion.
- Strong speakers use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
- Multimedia components and visual displays are used in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points.
- Good speakers adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

details presented in diverse media and formats.

- Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and the relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.
- Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with pertinent descriptions, facts, details, and examples.
- Use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
- Include multimedia components and visual displays in presentations to clarify claims and findings and emphasize salient points.
- Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Assessment Evidence

Formative Assessments

- Thumbs Up
- Exit Slips
- Think Pair Share
- Quick Checks
- Exit Slips
- Class Discussion
- Turn and Talks
- Reading/Writing Notebook

- Homework
- Student Self-Assessment
- Graphic Organizers

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments
- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

<u>Benchmarks</u>

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will engage students in a focused discussion.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will have students do partnership, small-group, or independent work while providing support as needed.
- Group Share (5-10 minutes)
 - Students will gather back to whole group.
 - Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (30-40 minutes)

- Students can read independently.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
- Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will model how to read like a writer.

Independent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes)

• Students will write independently, often responding to what was read or discussed, while you provide support for conferring with them.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes)

- Students can write independently.
- Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and make decisions about their writing.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Writing/Reading Fundamentals Units

Schoolwide Writing/Reading Unit Appendices

Schoolwide Writing/Reading Unit Mentor Texts

Google Apps: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms

Graphic Organizers

Students Dictionary

Scholastic Thesaurus Dictionary

Games:

Lakeshore Reading Comprehension:

Hazard Mountain – Inferences

Quest for the Jewels – Cause and Effect

Capture the Flag – Reading Comprehension

*Wipeou*t – Vocabulary

Main Street Shopping – Main Idea

Scrabble

Laptop Computers

Ipads and various apps

Porta Portal <u>Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>

21st Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Personal Financial Literacy

9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship, and economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math.
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom.

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

- My Lord, What a Morning: An Autobiography (mentor text)
- The Voice That Challenged a Nation: Marian Anderson and the Struggle for Equal Rights (mentor text)
- When Marian Sang: The True Recital of Marian Anderson (mentor text)

Holocaust Read Aloud

• Rose Blanche (mentor text)

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century

- Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
- Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment
- Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology
- Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

Science

- Phineas Gage: A Gruesome but True Story About Brain Science (mentor text)
- Moonbird: A Year on the Wind With the Great Survivor B95 (mentor text)

Earth and Space Sciences

• MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

Life Sciences

• MS-LS1 From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations

8.1.8.A.1-Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.

8.1.8.A.2-Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability.

B. Creativity and Innovation: Students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and process using technology.

8.1.8.B.1-Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.8.D.4-Assess the credibility and accuracy of digital content

Pacing Guide

7th Grade Reading Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/11 rad9k1wQ8gTzP8sTFupdaAdnS1gm1glx62miWFOxU/ edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum Grade 7 English Language Arts – Reading Literature

Desired Outcomes

Key Ideas and Details:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.7.1

Cite several pieces of textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.7.2

Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.7.3

Analyze how particular elements of a story or drama interact (e.g., how setting shapes the characters or plot).

Craft and Structure:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.7.4

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes and other repetitions of sounds (e.g., alliteration) on a specific verse or stanza of a poem or section of a story or drama.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.7.5

Analyze how a drama's or poem's form or structure (e.g., soliloquy, sonnet) contributes to its meaning

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.7.6

Analyze how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.7.7

Compare and contrast a written story, drama, or poem to its audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to each medium (e.g., lighting, sound, color, or camera focus and angles in a film).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.7.8

(RL.7.8 not applicable to literature)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.7.9

Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.7.10

By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.

	Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions
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1.	Readers use strategies to	1.	How do readers construct meaning from
2	construct meaning. Readers use language structure	2	text? How do you figure out a word you do
2.	and context clues to identify the	2.	not know?
	intended meaning of words and	3.	What do readers do when they do not
	phrases as they are used in text.		understand everything in a text?
3.	Strategic readers can develop,	4.	Why do readers need to pay attention to
	select, and apply strategies to		a writer's choice of words?
1	enhance their comprehension. Words powerfully affect	5.	How does reading influence us? Why do we need to evaluate what we
4.	meaning.		read?
5.	Readers develop a deeper		- cuul
	understanding through		
	reflection of text.		
Learn	ers will know	Learn	ers will be able to
•	Comprehensive readers cite	•	Cite several pieces of textual evidence to
	several pieces of textual		support analysis of what the text says
	evidence to support analysis of		explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
	what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from		Determine a theme or central idea of a
	the text.	•	text and analyze its development over
•	Comprehensive readers		the course of the text; provide an
_	determine a theme or central		objective summary of the text.
	idea of a text and analyze its	•	Analyze how particular elements of a
	development over the course of		story or drama interact
	the text; provide an objective	•	Determine the meaning of words and
	summary of the text.		phrases as they are used in a text,
•	Comprehensive readers analyze		including figurative and connotative
	how particular elements of a		meanings; analyze the impact of rhymes
	story or drama interact		and other repetitions of sounds on a
•	Fluent readers determine the		specific verse or stanza of a poem or
	meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text,		section of a story or drama. Analyze how a drama's or poem's form
	including figurative and	•	or structure contributes to its meaning
	connotative meanings; analyze	•	Analyze how an author develops and
	the impact of rhymes and other	_	contrasts the points of view of different
	repetitions of sounds on a		characters or narrators in a text.
	specific verse or stanza of a	•	Compare and contrast a written story,
	poem or section of a story or		drama, or poem to its audio, filmed,
	drama.		staged, or multimedia version, analyzing
•	Comprehensive readers analyze		the effects of techniques unique to each
	how a drama's or poem's form		medium
	or structure contributes to its	•	Compare and contrast a fictional
-	meaning		portrayal of a time, place, or character
•	Comprehensive readers analyze		and a historical account of the same

how an author develops and contrasts the points of view of different characters or narrators in a text.

- Comprehensive readers compare and contrast a written story, drama, or poem to its audio, filmed, staged, or multimedia version, analyzing the effects of techniques unique to each medium
- Comprehensive readers compare and contrast a fictional portrayal of a time, place, or character and a historical account of the same period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.
- By the end of the year, Grade 7 students read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

period as a means of understanding how authors of fiction use or alter history.

• By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

Assessment Evidence

Formative Assessments

- Thumbs Up
- Exit Slips
- Think Pair Share
- Quick Checks
- Exit Slips
- Class Discussion
- Turn and Talks
- Reading/Writing Notebook
- Homework
- Student Self-Assessment
- Graphic Organizers

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments

- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

Benchmarks

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
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Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
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Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

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- Students can read independently.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
- Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Reading Fundamentals Units

Schoolwide Reading Unit Appendices

Schoolwide Reading Unit Mentor Texts

Google Apps: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms

Graphic Organizers Students Dictionary Scholastic Thesaurus Dictionary Games: Lakeshore Reading Comprehension: *Hazard Mountain* – Inferences *Quest for the Jewels* – Cause and Effect *Capture the Flag* – Reading Comprehension *Wipeou*t – Vocabulary *Main Street Shopping* – Main Idea Scrabble Laptop Computers Ipads and various apps Porta Portal <u>Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>

LGBTQ+ Disabilities

"Sunrise" by Nancy Springer (Schoolwide-Fiction Unit) The Miracle Worker: A Play by William Gibson (Schoolwide-Fiction Unit) Junkyard Wonders by Patricia Polocco (Schoolwide-How Writer's Work Unit) Thank You, Mr. Falker by Patricia Polocco (Schoolwide-Memoir Unit)

LGBTQ+ Disabilities Example Lesson

- Junkyard Wonders Lesson (Grade 7)
- Thank You, Mr. Falker Lesson (Grade 7)

21st Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Personal Financial Literacy

• 9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship,

and

economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

• 9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home,work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math.
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom.

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

- My Lord, What a Morning: An Autobiography (mentor text)
- The Voice That Challenged a Nation: Marian Anderson and the Struggle for Equal Rights (mentor text)
- When Marian Sang: The True Recital of Marian Anderson (mentor text)

Holocaust Read Aloud

• Rose Blanche (mentor text)

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century

- Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
- Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment
- Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology
- Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

Science

 Phineas Gage: A Gruesome but True Story About Brain Science (mentor text) Moonbird: A Year on the Wind With the Great Survivor B95 (mentor text)
 Earth and Space Sciences MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity
 Life Sciences MS-LS1 From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes
Integration of Technology
8.1 Educational Technology 8.1 All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge. A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations
8.1.8.A.1 -Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.
8.1.8.A.2 -Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business
letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability.
B. Creativity and Innovation: Students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and process using technology.
8.1.8.B.1-Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).
D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.
8.1.8.D.4 -Assess the credibility and accuracy of digital content
Pacing Guide
7th Grade Reading Pacing Guide
https://docs.google.com/document/d/11_rad9k1wQ8gTzP8sTFupdaAdnS1gm1glx62mi WF0xU/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum Grade 7 English Language Arts – Informational Text

Desired Outcomes

Key Ideas and Details:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.7.1

Cite several pieces of textual evidence and make relevant connections to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.7.2

Determine two or more central ideas in a text and analyze their development over the course of the text; provide an objective summary of the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.7.3

Analyze the interactions between individuals, events, and ideas in a text (e.g., how ideas influence individuals or events, or how individuals influence ideas or events).

Craft and Structure:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.7.4

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning and tone.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.7.5

Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a text, including how the major sections contribute to the whole and to the development of the ideas.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.7.6

Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.7.7

Compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject (e.g., how the delivery of a speech affects the impact of the words).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.7.8

Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.7.9

Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.7.10

By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.

Endu	ring Understandings	Essen	tial Questions
	Readers use strategies to		How do readers construct meaning
	construct meaning.		from text?
2.	Readers use language structure	2.	How do you figure out a word you do
	and context clues to identify the		not know?
	intended meaning of words and	3.	What do readers do when they do not
	phrases as they are used in text.		understand everything in a text?
3.	Strategic readers can develop,	4.	Why do readers need to pay attention to
	select, and apply strategies to		a writer's choice of words?
	enhance their comprehension.	5.	How does reading influence us?
4.	Words powerfully affect		Why do we need to evaluate what we
	meaning.		read?
5.	Readers develop a deeper		
	understanding through		
	reflection of text.		
Learn	ers will know	Learn	ers will be able to
•	Comprehensive readers cite	•	Cite several pieces of textual evidence to
	several pieces of textual		support analysis of what the text says
	evidence to support analysis of		explicitly as well as inferences drawn
	what the text says explicitly as		from the text.
	well as inferences drawn from	•	Determine two or more central ideas in
	the text.		a text and analyze their development
•	Comprehensive readers		over the course of the text; provide an
	determine two or more central		objective summary of the text.
	ideas in a text and analyze their	•	Analyze the interactions between
	development over the course of		individuals, events, and ideas in a text.
	the text; provide an objective	•	Determine the meaning of words and
	summary of the text.		phrases as they are used in a text,
•	Comprehensive readers analyze		including figurative, connotative, and
	the interactions between		technical meanings; analyze the impact
	individuals, events, and ideas in		of a specific word choice on meaning
	a text.		and tone.
•	Fluent readers determine the	•	Analyze the structure an author uses to
	meaning of words and phrases		organize a text, including how the major
	as they are used in a text,		sections contribute to the whole and to
	including figurative, connotative,		the development of the ideas.
	and technical meanings; analyze	•	Determine an author's point of view or
	the impact of a specific word		purpose in a text and analyze how the
_	choice on meaning and tone.		author distinguishes his or her position
•	Comprehensive readers analyze	_	from that of others.
	the structure an author uses to	•	Compare and contrast a text to an
	organize a text, including how		audio, video, or multimedia version of
	the major sections contribute to		the text, analyzing each medium's
	the whole and to the	_	portrayal of the subject.
	development of the ideas.	•	Trace and evaluate the argument and

 Strong readers determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author distinguishes his or her position from that of others. Comprehensive readers compare and contrast a text to an audio, video, or multimedia version of the text, analyzing each medium's portrayal of the subject. Strong readers trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims. Comprehensive readers analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing 	 specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient to support the claims. Analyze how two or more authors writing about the same topic shape their presentations of key information by emphasizing different evidence or advancing different interpretations of facts. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
students read and comprehend literary nonfiction in the grades 6-8 text complexity band	
proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the	
range.	
Assessi Formative Assessments	ment Evidence
Thumbs Up	
Exit Slips	
Think Pair Share	
Quick Checks	
• Exit Slips	
Class Discussion	
• Turn and Talks	
Reading/Writing Notebook	
Homework Student Solf Accessment	
Student Self-Assessment	

• Graphic Organizers

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments
- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

Benchmarks

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will engage students in a focused discussion.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes)

• Teacher will have students do partnership, small-group, or independent work while providing support as needed.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (30-40 minutes)

- Students can read independently.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
- Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Schoolwide Reading Fundamentals Units Schoolwide Reading Unit Appendices Schoolwide Reading Unit Mentor Texts Google Apps: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms **Graphic Organizers Students Dictionary** Scholastic Thesaurus Dictionary Games: Lakeshore Reading Comprehension: Hazard Mountain - Inferences **Ouest for the Jewels** - Cause and Effect **Capture the Flag** – Reading Comprehension *Wipeout* – Vocabulary Main Street Shopping - Main Idea Scrabble Laptop Computers Ipads and various apps Porta Portal <u>Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>

LGBTQ+ and Disabilities

Wilson Cruz, Actor and Activist" (Achieve 3000) "Gen Z Is Here To Help" (Achieve 3000) "A Life Helping Others" (Achieve 3000) "A Camp That Sparked a Movement" (Achieve 3000) "Cooking Up Change" (Achieve 3000) "Clothes for All" (Achieve 3000) "A Band for the World" (Achieve 3000) "Seeing Things in a New Way" (Achieve 3000) "What's Fair in Sports" (Achieve 3000) "A Worthy Workout" (Achieve 3000) "A Day in My Wheels" (Achieve 3000) "Helping a Classmate Learn" (Achieve 3000) "Fun For All" (Achieve 3000) "Good Ideas" (Achieve 3000) "Books for Everyone" (Achieve 3000) "Climbing Kilimanjaro" (Achieve 3000) "Museum Offers: Touch Tours" (Achieve 3000) "Young Racer, Big Plans" (Achieve 3000) "A Grandfather's Gift" (Achieve 3000) "Stepping Out with a Robot" (Achieve 3000) "Liu Wei's Got Talent" (Achieve 3000) "Companies Hold Back the Blind" (Achieve 3000) "Titus Makes a Splash" (Achieve 3000) "Brody Gets Gold" (Achieve 3000)

"Dreaming Big" (Achieve 3000)

"Nothing Holds Me Back" by Kristin Lewis (Scholastic Scope Magazine) "The Fastest Woman in the World" by Allison Friedman (Scholastic Scope Magazine)

LGBTQ+ Disabilities Example Lesson

- Wilson Cruz, Actor and Activist (Achieve 3000) Lesson
- <u>The Fastest Woman in the World (Scholastic Scope) Lesson</u>
- <u>"Nothing Holds Me Back: by Kristin Lewis (Scholastic Scope) Lesson</u>

21st Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
- CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Personal Financial Literacy

- 9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship, and
 - economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home,work, and extracurricular activities for

use

in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

• Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math.

- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom.

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

Holocaust Read Aloud

• Rose Blanche (mentor text)

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century

- Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
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- Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

Science

Earth and Space Sciences

• MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

Life Sciences

• MS-LS1 From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations

8.1.8.A.1-Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools

8.1.8.A.2-Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan,

business letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability.

B. Creativity and Innovation: Students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and process using technology. 8.1.8.B.1-Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.8.D.4-Assess the credibility and accuracy of digital content

Pacing Guide

7th Grade Reading Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/11_rad9k1wQ8gTzP8sTFupdaAdnS1gm1glx62mi WFOxU/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum Grade 7 English Language Arts – Language
Desired Outcomes
Conventions of Standard English:
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.1
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when
writing or speaking.
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.1.A
Explain the function of phrases and clauses in general and their function in specific
sentences.
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.1.B
Choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences to signa
differing relationships among ideas. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.1.C
Place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and
dangling modifiers.*
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.2
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization
punctuation, and spelling when writing.
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.2.A
Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives (e.g., It was a fascinating, enjoyable movie
but not He wore an old[,] green shirt).
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.2.B
Spell correctly.
Knowledge of Language:
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.3
Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or
listening.
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.3.A
Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and
eliminating wordiness and redundancy.*
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use:
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.4
Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 7 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.4.A
Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position of
function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.4.B
Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning
of a word (e.g., belligerent, bellicose, rebel).
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.4.C

Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.4.D

Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.5

Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.5.A

Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.5.B

Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.5.C

Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.7.6

Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

Endu	ring Understandings	Essential Questions
1.	Written communication and mechanics promote fluency of	1. What is the purpose of applying grammar and mechanic skills?
2.	communication. Rules, conventions of language, help readers understand what is	 How do rules of language affect communication? How does word choice affect meaning?
3.	being communicated. Words powerfully affect meaning.	4. Why is it important to spell correctly?5. How can you write paragraphs to make a clear picture for your reader?
4.	People communicate through words.	
	Conventional spelling promotes common understanding.	
6.	Using proper form in sentence and paragraph composition will help us clarify and express our thoughts.	
Learn	ers will know	Learners will be able to
•	Good writers and speakers demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English including grammar and usage. Good writers demonstrate command of the conventions of	 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. Explain the function of phrases and clauses in general and their

Standard English including capitalization, punctuation, and spelling.

- Strong writers choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences to signal differing relationships among ideas.
- Effective writers place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and dangling modifiers.
- A comma is used to separate coordinate adjectives.
- Knowledge of language and its conventions strengthens writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
- When writing, speaking, reading, or listening, an effective strategy is to choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.
- Fluent readers determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 7 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
- Context provides clues to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- Common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots provide clues to the meaning of a word.
- General and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, help to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise

function in specific sentences.

- Choose among simple, compound, complex, and compound-complex sentences to signal differing relationships among ideas.
- Place phrases and clauses within a sentence, recognizing and correcting misplaced and dangling modifiers.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
 - o Use a comma to separate coordinate adjectives.
 - o Spell correctly.
- Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
 - Choose language that expresses ideas precisely and concisely, recognizing and eliminating wordiness and redundancy.
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 7 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
 - o Use context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
 - o Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word.
 - Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
 - o Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of

meaning or its part of speech.

- Fluent readers verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.
- Strong readers demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- Fluent readers acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.
- Fluent readers demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

- Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
 - Interpret figures of speech (e.g., literary, biblical, and mythological allusions) in context.
 - Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonym/antonym, analogy) to better understand each of the words.
 - Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., refined, respectful, polite, diplomatic, condescending).
- Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

Assessment Evidence

Formative Assessments

- Thumbs Up
- Exit Slips
- Think Pair Share
- Quick Checks
- Exit Slips
- Class Discussion
- Turn and Talks
- Reading/Writing Notebook
- Homework
- Student Self-Assessment
- Graphic Organizers

Summative Assessments

Unit Assessments

- Weekly Assessments
- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

Benchmarks

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will model how to read like a writer.

Independent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes)

• Students will write independently, often responding to what was read or discussed, while you provide support for conferring with them.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes)

- Students can write independently.
- Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and make decisions about their writing.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

• Students will gather back together. Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Writing Fundamentals Units

Schoolwide Writing Unit Appendices

Schoolwide Writing Unit Mentor Texts

Google Apps: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms

Graphic Organizers Students Dictionary Scholastic Thesaurus Dictionary Games: Lakeshore Reading Comprehension: *Hazard Mountain* – Inferences *Quest for the Jewels* – Cause and Effect *Capture the Flag* – Reading Comprehension *Wipeou*t – Vocabulary *Main Street Shopping* – Main Idea Scrabble Laptop Computers Ipads and various apps Porta Portal <u>Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>

21st Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Personal Financial Literacy

• 9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship,

and

economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

• 9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home,work, and extracurricular activities for

use

in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as

- per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math.
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom.

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

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D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

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Pacing Guide

7th Grade Reading Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/11 rad9k1wQ8gTzP8sTFupdaAdnS1gm1glx62mi WF0xU/edit?usp=sharing

Annual Pacing Guide

Grade Level: 7th Grade

Subject: Reading

September	October	November	December	January
Launching Unit	Launching Unit	Fiction Unit	Fiction Unit	Fiction Unit

February	March	April	May	June
Nonfiction Unit	Nonfiction Unit	Nonfiction Unit		



Annual Pacing Guide

Grade Level: 7th Grade

Subject: Writing

September	October	November	December	January
w Writers Work Unit	How Writers Work Unit	How Writers Work Unit	Memoir	Memoir

February	March	April	May	June
Memoir	Photo Essay	Photo Essay	Photo Essay	Book Review



Deal School Curriculum



English Language Arts Curriculum Guide Grade 8 **Deal School**

Deal, New Jersey

2018 Board of Education

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Purpose

The English Language Arts Curriculum Guide for Grade 8 is a resource for educators to refer to in planning and preparing for curriculum instruction aligned to Common Core State Standards and best practices. For each unit, desired outcomes, learners' enduring understanding, essential questions, learner goals and objectives, suggested assessments, anticipated sequence of events, and learning resources are identified.

Additionally, links are included in the plan for 21st Century Skills and Themes as well as Scope and Sequence links for district approved programs.

Assessments

Prior to implementing the curriculum, diagnostic assessments can be used to gather baseline data to guide beginning instruction. Throughout each unit, formative and summative assessments are available to determine achievement and guide instruction.

Deal School Curriculum Grade 8 English Language Arts – Writing

Desired Outcomes

Text Types and Purposes:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.1

Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.1.A

Introduce claim(s), acknowledge and distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and organize the reasons and evidence logically.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.1.B

Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.1.C

Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.1.D

D. Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.1.E

Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.2

Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.2.A

Introduce a topic and organize ideas, concepts, and information, using text structures (e.g., definition, classification, comparison/contrast, cause/effect, etc.) and text features (e.g., headings, graphics, and multimedia).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.2.B

Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.2.C

Use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.2.D

Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.2.E

Establish and maintain a formal style/academic style, approach, and form.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.2.F

Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.3

Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.3.A

Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.3.B

Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.3.C

Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another, and show the relationships among experiences and events.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.3.D

Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.3.E

Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.

Production and Distribution of Writing:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.4

Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, voice, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.5

With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 8 here.)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.6

Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.

Research to Build and Present Knowledge:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.7

Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.8

Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.9

Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.9.A

Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new").

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.9.B

Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced").

Range of Writing:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.W.8.10

Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, metacognition/self-correction, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

audie	audiences.					
Endu	ring Understandings	Essen	tial Questions			
1.	Good writers develop and refine	1.	Why do writers write?			
	their ideas for thinking,	2.	How do good writers express			
	learning, communicating, and		themselves?			
	aesthetic expression.	3.	How do writers develop a			
2.	Good writers use a repertoire of		well-written product?			
	strategies that enables them to	4.	How does process shape the			
	vary form and style, in order to		writer's product?			
	write for different purposes,	5.	How does each step in the			
	audiences, and contexts.		writing process impact your			
3.	Writers have a purpose for		writing?			
	writing.	6.	How can writing be evaluated?			
	Writing is a multi-stage process.	7.	How can evaluation and			
5.	Writing is a reflective process.		reflection be used to improve			
			writing?			
Learn	ers will know	Learn	ers will be able to			
•	Writing may be used to express	•	Write arguments to support			
	an opinion, inform or explain, or		claims with clear reasons and			
	narrate a story.		relevant evidence			
•	Argument writers introduce		o Introduce claim(s),			
	claim(s), acknowledge and		acknowledge and			
	distinguish the claim(s) from		distinguish the claim(s)			
	alternate or opposing claims,		from alternate or			
	and organize the reasons and		opposing claims, and			
	evidence logically.		organize the reasons and			
•	Argument writers support		evidence logically.			

claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.

- Argument writers use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- Argument writers establish and maintain a formal style.
- Argument writers provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
- Informative writers introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- Informative writers develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- Informative writers use appropriate and varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- Informative writers use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- Informative writers establish and maintain a formal style.
- Informative writers provide a concluding statement or section

- Support claim(s) with logical reasoning and relevant evidence, using accurate, credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
- Use words, phrases, and clauses to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- o Establish and maintain a formal style.
- o Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the argument presented.
- Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
 - Introduce a topic clearly, previewing what is to follow; organize ideas, concepts, and information into broader categories; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
 - Develop the topic with relevant, well-chosen facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
 - o Use appropriate and

that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.

- Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
- Narrative writers use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- Narrative writers use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another, and show the relationships among experiences and events.
- Narrative writers use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
- Narrative writers provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.
- Grade 8 students produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience
- With some guidance and support from peers and adults, students develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been

varied transitions to create cohesion and clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.

- Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- o Establish and maintain a formal style.
- o Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from and supports the information or explanation presented.
- Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
 - Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and point of view and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
 - Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, and reflection, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
 - Use a variety of transition words, phrases, and clauses to convey sequence, signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another, and show the relationships among experiences and

addressed.

- Effective writers use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
- Grade 8 students conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for multiple avenues of exploration.
- Effective writers gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation.
- Effective writers draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
- Grade 8 students write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.

events.

- Use precise words and phrases, relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to capture the action and convey experiences and events.
- Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on the narrated experiences or events.
- Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above.)
- With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach, focusing on how well purpose and audience have been addressed. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 8 here.)
- Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing and present the relationships between information and ideas efficiently as well as to interact and collaborate with others.
- Conduct short research projects to answer a question (including a self-generated question), drawing on several sources and generating additional related, focused questions that allow for

r	
	 multiple avenues of exploration. Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, using search terms effectively; assess the credibility and accuracy of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and following a standard format for citation. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
	 research. Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new"). Apply grade 8 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when
	 irrelevant evidence is introduced"). Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a

	range of discipling specific tasks
	range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.
According	
Assessment	Evidence
Formative Assessments	
• Thumbs Up	
• Exit Slips	
Think Pair Share	
Quick Checks	
• Exit Slips	
Class Discussion	
• Turn and Talks	
Reading/Writing Notebook	
Homework	
Student Self-Assessment	
Graphic Organizers	
Summative Assessments	
Unit Assessments	
Weekly Assessments	
• Quizzes	
Writing Specific Rubrics	
Benchmarks	
• DRA	
Link It Benchmarks	
Alternative Assessments	
• Project Specific Rubrics	
Group Project Products	
Suggested Lea	rning Plan
The structure of the daily lesson will be in	
workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit	the teacher will be using the Interactive
Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Struc	cture.
Interactive Read-Aloud Structure	
Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling an	d Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)
• Teacher will read the text(s)	
	y to share thoughts, observations,
inquiries, and ideas about th	e text(s) and use of skills.
• Teacher will model how to re	ead like a writer.
Independent Writing and Small G	roup Work (20-30 minutes)
	lently, often responding to what was
read or discussed, while you	provide support for conferring with
them.	_
Group Share (5-10 minutes)	

• Students will gather back to whole group.			
• Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.			
Mini- Lesson Structure			
Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)			
 Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit 			
whole-class instruction.			
Independent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes)			
 Students can write independently. 			
 Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and 			
make decisions about their writing.			
 Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups. 			
Group Share (5-10 minutes)			
 Students will gather back together. 			
• Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.			
Suggested Learning Resources			
Schoolwide Writing Fundamentals Units			
Schoolwide Writing Unit Appendices			
Schoolwide Writing Unit Mentor Texts			
The Boy in the Striped Pajamas by John Boyne			
Google Apps: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms			
Graphic Organizers			
Students Dictionary			
Scholastic Thesaurus Dictionary			
Games:			
Lakeshore Reading Comprehension:			
Hazard Mountain – Inferences			
<i>Quest for the Jewels</i> – Cause and Effect			
Capture the Flag – Reading Comprehension			
<i>Wipeou</i> t – Vocabulary			
<i>Main Street Shopping</i> – Main Idea			
Scrabble			
Laptop Computers			
Ipads and various apps			
Porta Portal <u>Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>			
LGBTO+ and Disabilities			
"Troubled Daughter Grows Up" by Mary Schmich (Schoolwide Nonfiction Unit)			
"Wilson Cruz, Actor and Activist" (Achieve 3000) "Con 7 Is Here To Holp" (Achieve 3000)			
"Gen Z Is Here To Help" (Achieve 3000)			
"A Life Helping Others" (Achieve 3000)			
"A Camp That Sparked a Movement" (Achieve 3000)			
"Cooking Up Change" (Achieve 3000)			
"Clothes for All" (Achieve 3000)			
"A Band for the World" (Achieve 3000)			

"Seeing Things in a New Way" (Achieve 3000) "What's Fair in Sports" (Achieve 3000) "A Worthy Workout" (Achieve 3000) "A Day in My Wheels" (Achieve 3000) "Helping a Classmate Learn" (Achieve 3000) "Fun For All" (Achieve 3000) "Good Ideas" (Achieve 3000) "Books for Everyone" (Achieve 3000) "Climbing Kilimanjaro" (Achieve 3000) "Museum Offers: Touch Tours" (Achieve 3000) "Young Racer, Big Plans" (Achieve 3000) "A Grandfather's Gift" (Achieve 3000) "Stepping Out with a Robot" (Achieve 3000) "Liu Wei's Got Talent" (Achieve 3000) "Companies Hold Back the Blind" (Achieve 3000) "Titus Makes a Splash" (Achieve 3000) "Brody Gets Gold" (Achieve 3000) "Dreaming Big" (Achieve 3000) "Nothing Holds Me Back" by Kristin Lewis (Scholastic Scope Magazine) "The Fastest Woman in the World" by Allison Friedman (Scholastic Scope Magazine)

LGBTQ+ Disabilities Example Lesson

- Wilson Cruz, Actor and Activist (Achieve 3000) Lesson
- <u>The Fastest Woman in the World (Scholastic Scope) Lesson</u>
- <u>"Nothing Holds Me Back: by Kristin Lewis (Scholastic Scope) Lesson</u>
- <u>"The Distance" (Schoolwide Fundamentals) Lesson</u>

21st Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and

hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math.
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom.

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Mentor texts used during Modeled/Shared Writing could be on the subject of topics being studied in science, social studies and math.
- During Independent Writing, students may choose to write about topics or people being studied in content areas; non-fiction unit of study provides ample opportunity for such writing.
- Publishing, as part of the writing process, can incorporate the use of technological literacy and programs.
- Class and students can compose letters, books, articles, essays relating to content area subjects. Library and technological skills can be utilized in research of non-fiction writing.

Social Studies

Holocaust Literature Study

• The Boy in the Striped Pajamas by John Boyne

6.1 U.S. History: America in the World, 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century

- Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
- Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment
- Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology
- Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives

Science

Earth and Space Sciences

• MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

Life Sciences

• MS-LS1 From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes

Integration of Technology

8.1.8.A-Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.

8.1.8.A.2-Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business

letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability.

8.1.8.B-Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).

Pacing Guide

8th Grade Writing Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1Dhmja7BpYXOPsxEeOqTo831QcTHTFrQg Vrv6X5_QlCI/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum

Grade 8 English Language Arts – Speaking and Listening

Desired Outcomes

Comprehension and Collaboration:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.1

Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.1.A

Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.1.B

Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.1.C

Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and comments with relevant evidence, observations, and ideas.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.1.D

Acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.2

Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) and evaluate the motives (e.g., social, commercial, political) behind its presentation.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.3

Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.

Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.4

Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.5

Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.8.6

Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate. (See grade 8 Language standards 1 and 3 here for specific expectations.)

Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions

 Listening is the process of receiving, constructing meaning from, and responding to spoken and/nonverbal messages. Listening skills are critical for learning and communicating. Effective listeners are able to interpret and evaluate increasingly complex messages. A speaker selects a form and an organizational pattern based on the audience and purpose. A speaker's choice of words and style set the tone and define the message. 	 How does a speaker communicate so others will listen and understand the message? How does a listener understand a message? How do you listen? What impact does listening have? How do you speak effectively? How does the choice of words affect the speaker's message and the listener's response?
Learners will know	Learners will be able to
 There are rules that guide success in collaborative discussions with divers partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues. Discussions are most effective when participants come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. Discussions are most effective when participants follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. Discussions are most effective when participants pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions, and acknowledge new information 	 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 8 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. Come to discussions prepared, having read or researched material under study; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion. Follow rules for collegial discussions and decision-making, track progress toward specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed. Pose questions that connect the ideas of several speakers and respond to others' questions and acknowledge new information expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the

expressed by others, and, when warranted, qualify or justify their own views in light of the evidence presented.

- Effective discussion strategies include analyzing the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats behind its presentation.
- Effective discussion strategies include delineating a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
- Effective discussion strategies include presenting claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details.
- Effective speakers use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
- Effective discussion strategies include integrating multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.
- Effective speakers adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

evidence presented.

- Analyze the purpose of information presented in diverse media and formats behind its presentation.
- Delineate a speaker's argument and specific claims, evaluating the soundness of the reasoning and relevance and sufficiency of the evidence and identifying when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
- Present claims and findings, emphasizing salient points in a focused, coherent manner with relevant evidence, sound valid reasoning, and well-chosen details; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.
- Integrate multimedia and visual displays into presentations to clarify information, strengthen claims and evidence, and add interest.
- Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Assessment Evidence

Formative Assessments

- Thumbs Up
- Exit Slips
- Think Pair Share

- Quick Checks
 - Exit Slips
- Class Discussion
- Turn and Talks
- Reading/Writing Notebook
- Homework
- Student Self-Assessment
- Graphic Organizers

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments
- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

Benchmarks

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will engage students in a focused discussion.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes)

• Teacher will have students do partnership, small-group, or independent work while providing support as needed.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (30-40 minutes)

- Students can read independently.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
 - Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will model how to read like a writer.

Independent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes)

• Students will write independently, often responding to what was read or discussed, while you provide support for conferring with them.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes)

- Students can write independently.
- Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and make decisions about their writing.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Writing/Reading Fundamentals Units

Schoolwide Writing/Reading Unit Appendices

Schoolwide Writing/Reading Unit Mentor Texts

The Boy in the Striped Pajamas by John Boyne

Google Apps: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms

Graphic Organizers

Students Dictionary

Scholastic Thesaurus Dictionary

Games:

Lakeshore Reading Comprehension:

Hazard Mountain – Inferences

Quest for the Jewels – Cause and Effect *Capture the Flag* – Reading Comprehension *Wipeou*t – Vocabulary *Main Street Shopping* – Main Idea Scrabble Laptop Computers Ipads and various apps Porta Portal Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool

21st Century LIfe and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Personal Financial Literacy

• 9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship,

and

economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

• 9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home,work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
 - Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504.

Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the

students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math.
 - Differentiated instruction

- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom.

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

- 6.1 U.S. History: America in the World and 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century
 - Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
 - Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment
 - Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology
 - Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives
 - 6.1.12.D.11.d: Compare the varying perspectives of victims, survivors, bystanders, rescuers, and perpetrators during the Holocaust

• Erika's Story (mentor text)

- Yellow Star: The Legend of King Christian X of Denmark (mentor text)
 - The Boy in the Striped Pajamas by John Boyne (Literature Study)

• Mentor Texts

- Patrol: An American Soldier in Vietnam
- Shipwreck at the Bottom of the World
- Faithful Elephants: A True Story about Animals, People and War
 - Remember the Journey to School Integration

Science

- Earth and Space Sciences
- MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity

• Life Sciences

• MS-LS1 From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes

• Mentor Texts

- Cars on Mars Roving the Red Planet
- Kakapo Rescue: Saving the World's Strangest Parrot
 - Don't Sweat It: Regulating Body Temperature

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations

8.1.8.A.1-Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.

8.1.8.A.2-Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business

letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability.

B. Creativity and Innovation: Students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and process using technology.

8.1.8.B.1-Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.8.D.4-Assess the credibility and accuracy of digital content

Pacing Guide

8th Reading Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1gOMceSofXZmRkOj152IP3acOJVajJIUJOg1ylyNk V74/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum Grade 8 English Language Arts – Reading Literature

Desired Outcomes

Key Ideas and Details:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.8.1

Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.8.2

Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to the characters, setting, and plot; provide an objective summary of the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.8.3

Analyze how particular lines of dialogue or incidents in a story or drama propel the action, reveal aspects of a character, or provoke a decision.

Craft and Structure:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.8.4

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.8.5

Compare and contrast the structure of two or more texts and analyze how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning and style.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.8.6

Analyze how differences in the points of view of the characters and the audience or reader (e.g., created through the use of dramatic irony) create such effects as suspense or humor.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.8.7

Evaluate the choices made by the directors or actors by analyzing the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.8.8

(RL.8.8 not applicable to literature)

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.8.9

Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RL.8.10

By the end of the year read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, scaffolding as needed.

Endu	ring Understandings	Essen	tial Questions
	Readers use strategies to		How do readers construct meaning
	construct meaning.		from text?
2.	Readers use language structure	2.	How do you figure out a word you do
	and context clues to identify the		not know?
	intended meaning of words and	3.	What do readers do when they do not
	phrases as they are used in text.		understand everything in a text?
3.	Strategic readers can develop,	4.	Why do readers need to pay attention
	select, and apply strategies to		to a writer's choice of words?
	enhance their comprehension.	5.	How does reading influence us?
4.	Words powerfully affect		Why do we need to evaluate what we
	meaning.		read?
5.	Readers develop a deeper		
	understanding through		
	reflection of text.		
Learn	ers will know	Learn	ers will be able to
•	Comprehensive readers cite the	•	Cite the textual evidence that most
	textual evidence that most		strongly supports an analysis of what
	strongly supports an analysis of		the text says explicitly as well as
	what the text says explicitly as		inferences drawn from the text.
	well as inferences drawn from	•	Determine a theme or central idea of a
	the text.		text and analyze its development over
•	Comprehensive readers		the course of the text, including its
	determine a theme or central		relationship to the characters, setting,
	idea of a text and analyze its		and plot; provide an objective
	development over the course of		summary of the text.
	the text, including its	•	Analyze how particular lines of
	relationship to the characters,		dialogue or incidents in a story or
	setting, and plot; provide an		drama propel the action, reveal aspects
	objective summary of the text.		of a character, or provoke a decision.
•	Particular lines of dialogue or	•	Determine the meaning of words and
	incidents in a story or drama		phrases as they are used in a text,
	propel the action, reveal aspects		including figurative and connotative
	of a character, or provoke a		meanings; analyze the impact of
	decision.		specific word choices on meaning and
•	Fluent readers determine the		tone, including analogies or allusions to
	meaning of words and phrases		other texts.
	as they are used in a text,	•	Compare and contrast the structure of
	including figurative and		two or more texts and analyze how the
	connotative meanings; analyze		differing structure of each text
	the impact of specific word		contributes to its meaning and style.
	choices on meaning and tone,	•	Analyze how differences in the points
	including analogies or allusions		of view of the characters and the
_	to other texts.		audience or reader create such effects
•	Comprehensive readers		as suspense or humor.

compare and contrast the structure of two or more texts and analyze how the differing structure of each text contributes to its meaning and style.

- Differences in the points of view of the characters and the audience or reader create such effects as suspense or humor.
- Comprehensive readers analyze the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices made by the director or actors.
- A modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new.
- By the end of the year, Grade 8 students read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

- Analyze the extent to which a filmed or live production of a story or drama stays faithful to or departs from the text or script, evaluating the choices made by the director or actors.
- Analyze how a modern work of fiction draws on themes, patterns of events, or character types from myths, traditional stories, or religious works such as the Bible, including describing how the material is rendered new.
- By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Assessment Evidence

Formative Assessments

- Thumbs Up
- Exit Slips
- Think Pair Share
- Quick Checks
- Exit Slips
- Class Discussion
- Turn and Talks
- Reading/Writing Notebook
- Homework
- Student Self-Assessment
- Graphic Organizers

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments
- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

Benchmarks

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will engage students in a focused discussion.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes)

• Teacher will have students do partnership, small-group, or independent work while providing support as needed.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (30-40 minutes)

- Students can read independently.
- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
- Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Reading Fundamentals Units

Schoolwide Reading Unit Appendices Schoolwide Reading Unit Mentor Texts The Boy in the Striped Pajamas by John Boyne Google Apps: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms Graphic Organizers **Students Dictionary** Scholastic Thesaurus Dictionary Games: Lakeshore Reading Comprehension: Hazard Mountain - Inferences Quest for the Jewels - Cause and Effect **Capture the Flag** – Reading Comprehension *Wipeout* – Vocabulary Main Street Shopping - Main Idea Scrabble Laptop Computers Ipads and various apps Porta Portal Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool

LGBTQ+ and Disabilities

"The Distance" by Jacqueline Woodson (Schoolwide Multi-Genre Memoir Unit)

LGBTQ+ Disabilities Example Lesson

"The Distance" (Schoolwide Fundamentals Lesson)

21st Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Personal Financial Literacy

• 9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship,

and

economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

• 9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home,work, and extracurricular activities for

use

in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math.
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
- Provide instructional interventions in the general education classroom.

Interdisciplinary Connections/Cross Curricular Opportunities

- Texts read aloud during Modeled/Shared Reading may refer to topics being studied in science, social studies and math, most effectively during the "nonfiction" unit of study.
- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

- 6.1 U.S. History: America in the World and 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century
 - Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
 - Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment
 - Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology
 - Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives
- 6.1.12.D.11.d: Compare the varying perspectives of victims, survivors, bystanders, rescuers, and perpetrators during the Holocaust
 - Erika's Story (mentor text)
 - Yellow Star: The Legend of King Christian X of Denmark (mentor text)
 - The Boy in the Striped Pajamas by John Boyne (Literature Study)
- Mentor Texts

- Patrol: An American Soldier in Vietnam
- Shipwreck at the Bottom of the World
- Faithful Elephants: A True Story about Animals, People and War
- Remember the Journey to School Integration

Science

- Earth and Space Sciences
 - MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity
- Life Sciences
 - MS-LS1 From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes
- Mentor Texts
 - Cars on Mars Roving the Red Planet
 - Kakapo Rescue: Saving the World's Strangest Parrot
 - Don't Sweat It: Regulating Body Temperature

Integration of Technology

8.1 Educational Technology

8.1 All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge.

A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations

8.1.8.A.1-Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.

8.1.8.A.2-Create a document (e.g. newsletter, reports, personalized learning plan, business

letters or flyers) using one or more digital applications to be critiqued by professionals for usability.

B. Creativity and Innovation: Students demonstrate creative thinking, construct knowledge and develop innovative products and process using technology.

8.1.8.B.1-Synthesize and publish information about a local or global issue or event (ex. telecollaborative project, blog, school web).

D. Digital Citizenship: Students understand human, cultural, and societal issues related to technology and practice legal and ethical behavior.

8.1.8.D.4-Assess the credibility and accuracy of digital content

Pacing Guide

8th Reading Pacing Guide

https://docs.google.com/document/d/1gOMceSofXZmRkOj152IP3acOJVajJIUJOg1ylyNk V74/edit?usp=sharing

Deal School Curriculum Grade 8 English Language Arts – Informational Text

Desired Outcomes

Key Ideas and Details:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.8.1

Cite the textual evidence and make relevant connections that most strongly supports an analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.8.2

Determine a central idea of a text and analyze its development over the course of the text, including its relationship to supporting ideas; provide an objective summary of the text.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.8.3

Analyze how a text makes connections among and distinctions between individuals, ideas, or events (e.g., through comparisons, analogies, or categories).

Craft and Structure:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.8.4

Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative, connotative, and technical meanings; analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.8.5

Analyze the structure an author uses to organize a specific paragraph in a text, including the role of particular sentences, to develop and to refine a key concept.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.8.6

Determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.8.7

Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.8.8

Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.8.9

Analyze and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) two or more texts that provide conflicting information on the same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.

Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity:

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.8.10

By the end of the year read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.

Enduring Understandings	Essential Questions

1.	Readers use strategies to	1.	How do readers construct meaning
2	construct meaning. Readers use language structure	2	from text? How do you figure out a word you do
2.	and context clues to identify the		not know?
	intended meaning of words and	3.	What do readers do when they do not
	phrases as they are used in text.		understand everything in a text?
3.	Strategic readers can develop,	4.	Why do readers need to pay attention
	select, and apply strategies to		to a writer's choice of words?
1	enhance their comprehension. Words powerfully affect	5.	How does reading influence us?
4.	meaning.		Why do we need to evaluate what we read?
5.	Readers develop a deeper		icau.
01	understanding through		
	reflection of text.		
Learn	ers will know	Learn	ers will be able to
•	Some textual evidence more	•	Cite the textual evidence that most
	strongly supports an analysis of		strongly supports an analysis of what
	what the text says explicitly as		the text says explicitly as well as
	well as inferences drawn from		inferences drawn from the text.
	the text.	•	Determine a central idea of a text and
•	Comprehensive readers determine a central idea of a		analyze its development over the course of the text, including its
	text and analyze its		relationship to supporting ideas.
	development over the course of	•	Provide an objective summary of the
	the text, including its	_	text.
	relationship to supporting ideas.	•	Analyze how a text makes connections
•	Comprehensive readers provide		among and distinctions between
	an objective summary of the		individuals, ideas, or events.
	text.	•	Determine the meaning of words and
•	Comprehensive readers analyze		phrases as they are used in a text,
	how a text makes connections		including figurative, connotative, and
	among and distinctions between		technical meanings.
	individuals, ideas, or events. Fluent readers determine the	•	Analyze the impact of specific word
•	meaning of words and phrases		choices on meaning and tone, including analogies or allusions to other texts.
	as they are used in a text,	•	Analyze in detail the structure of a
	including figurative,		specific paragraph in a text, including
	connotative, and technical		the role of particular sentences in
	meanings.		developing and refining a key concept.
•	Comprehensive readers analyze	•	Determine an author's point of view or
	the impact of specific word		purpose in a text and analyze how the
	choices on meaning and tone,		author acknowledges and responds to
	including analogies or allusions		conflicting evidence or viewpoints.
	to other texts.	•	Evaluate the advantages and
•	Comprehensive readers analyze		disadvantages of using different

in detail the structure of a specific paragraph in a text, including the role of particular sentences in developing and refining a key concept.

- Comprehensive readers determine an author's point of view or purpose in a text and analyze how the author acknowledges and responds to conflicting evidence or viewpoints.
- Evaluate the advantages and disadvantages of using different mediums (e.g., print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.
- Comprehensive readers delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
- Comprehensive readers analyze a case in which two or more texts provide conflicting information on the same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.
- By the end of the year, Grade 8 students read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

mediums (e.g., print or digital text, video, multimedia) to present a particular topic or idea.

- Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, assessing whether the reasoning is sound and the evidence is relevant and sufficient; recognize when irrelevant evidence is introduced.
- Analyze a case in which two or more texts provide conflicting information on the same topic and identify where the texts disagree on matters of fact or interpretation.
- By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at the high end of the grades 6-8 text complexity band independently and proficiently.

Assessment Evidence

Formative Assessments

- Thumbs Up
- Exit Slips
- Think Pair Share

- Quick Checks
 - Exit Slips
- Class Discussion
- Turn and Talks
- Reading/Writing Notebook
- Homework
- Student Self-Assessment
- Graphic Organizers

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments
- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

<u>Benchmarks</u>

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90 minute reading workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will engage students in a focused discussion.

Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (20-30 minutes)

• Teacher will have students do partnership, small-group, or independent work while providing support as needed.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

- Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.
- Independent Reading Work and Guided Practice (30-40 minutes)
 - Students can read independently.

- Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups.
- Teacher will differentiate instruction in guided reading groups.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back together.
- Students will share their work and reflect on the ideas presented.

Suggested Learning Resources

Schoolwide Reading Fundamentals Units

Schoolwide Reading Unit Appendices

Schoolwide Reading Unit Mentor Texts

The Boy in the Striped Pajamas by John Boyne

Google Apps: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms

Graphic Organizers

Students Dictionary

Scholastic Thesaurus Dictionary

Games:

Lakeshore Reading Comprehension:

Hazard Mountain – Inferences Quest for the Jewels – Cause and Effect

Capture the Flag – Reading Comprehension

Wipeout - Vocabulary

Main Street Shopping – Main Idea

Scrabble

Laptop Computers

Ipads and various apps

Porta Portal <u>Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>

LGBTQ+ and Disabilities

"Troubled Daughter Grows Up" by Mary Schmich (Schoolwide Nonfiction Unit) "Wilson Cruz, Actor and Activist" (Achieve 3000) "Gen Z Is Here To Help" (Achieve 3000) "A Life Helping Others" (Achieve 3000) "A Camp That Sparked a Movement" (Achieve 3000) "Cooking Up Change" (Achieve 3000) "Clothes for All" (Achieve 3000) "A Band for the World" (Achieve 3000) "Seeing Things in a New Way" (Achieve 3000) "What's Fair in Sports" (Achieve 3000) "A Worthy Workout" (Achieve 3000) "A Day in My Wheels" (Achieve 3000) "Helping a Classmate Learn" (Achieve 3000) "Fun For All" (Achieve 3000) "Good Ideas" (Achieve 3000) "Books for Everyone" (Achieve 3000) "Climbing Kilimanjaro" (Achieve 3000)

"Museum Offers: Touch Tours" (Achieve 3000)
"Young Racer, Big Plans" (Achieve 3000)
"A Grandfather's Gift" (Achieve 3000)
"Stepping Out with a Robot" (Achieve 3000)
"Liu Wei's Got Talent" (Achieve 3000)
"Companies Hold Back the Blind" (Achieve 3000)
"Titus Makes a Splash" (Achieve 3000)
"Brody Gets Gold" (Achieve 3000)
"Dreaming Big" (Achieve 3000)
"Nothing Holds Me Back" by Kristin Lewis (Scholastic Scope Magazine)
"The Fastest Woman in the World" by Allison Friedman (Scholastic Scope Magazine)

LGBTQ+ Disabilities Example Lesson

- Wilson Cruz, Actor and Activist (Achieve 3000) Lesson
- The Fastest Woman in the World (Scholastic Scope) Lesson
- <u>"Nothing Holds Me Back: by Kristin Lewis (Scholastic Scope) Lesson</u>

21st Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

Personal Financial Literacy

• 9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship,

and

economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

• 9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home, work, and extracurricular activities for use in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

At-Risk Learners

- Provide Title 1 services to students not meeting academic standards in ELA and/or Math.
- Differentiated instruction
- Basic Skills
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- Books and passages may be related to, or taken from, content area texts to help with specific LAL skills during Guided Reading.
- Students may research a topic of interest incorporating technology and library skills with the topic of choice during Independent Reading.

Social Studies

- 6.1 U.S. History: America in the World and 6.3 Active Citizenship in the 21st Century
 - Strand A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights
 - Strand B. Geography, People, and the Environment
 - Strand C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology
 - Strand D. History, Culture, and Perspectives
- 6.1.12.D.11.d: Compare the varying perspectives of victims, survivors, bystanders, rescuers, and perpetrators during the Holocaust
 - Erika's Story (mentor text)
 - Yellow Star: The Legend of King Christian X of Denmark (mentor text)
 - The Boy in the Striped Pajamas by John Boyne (Literature Study)
- Mentor Texts
 - Patrol: An American Soldier in Vietnam
 - Shipwreck at the Bottom of the World
 - Faithful Elephants: A True Story about Animals, People and War
 - Remember the Journey to School Integration

<u>Science</u>

• Earth and Space Sciences

- MS-ESS3 Earth and Human Activity
- Life Sciences
 - MS-LS1 From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes
- Mentor Texts

 Cars on Mars Roving the Red Planet Kakapo Rescue: Saving the World's Strangest Parrot Don't Sweat It: Regulating Body Temperature 				
Integration of Technology				
8.1 Educational Technology 8.1 All students will use digital tools to access, manage, evaluate, and synthesize information in order to solve problems individually and collaborate and to create and communicate knowledge. A. Technology Operations and Concepts: Students demonstrate a sound understanding of technology concepts, systems and operations				
8.1.8.A.1 -Demonstrate knowledge of a real world problem using digital tools.				
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Pacing Guide				
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https://docs.google.com/document/d/1gOMceSofXZmRk0j152IP3ac0JVajJIUJ0g1yb	<u>yNk</u>			

<u>V74/edit?usp=sharing</u>

Deal School Curriculum				
Grade 8 English Language Arts – Language				
Desired Outcomes				
Conventions of Standard English:				
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.1				
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when				
writing or speaking.				
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.1.A				
Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their				
function in particular sentences.				
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.1.B				
Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.				
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.1.C				
Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and				
subjunctive mood. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.1.D				
Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.*				
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.2				
Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization,				
punctuation, and spelling when writing.				
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.2.A				
Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.				
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.2.B				
Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.				
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.2.C				
Spell correctly.				
Knowledge of Language:				
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.3				
Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or				
listening.				
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.3.A				
Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to				
achieve particular effects (e.g., emphasizing the actor or the action; expressing				
uncertainty or describing a state contrary to fact).				
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use:				
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.4				
Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases				
based on grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.				
NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.4.A				
Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or				

function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.4.B

Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.4.C

Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.4.D

Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.5

Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.5.A

Interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.5.B

Use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words. NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.5.C

Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., bullheaded, willful, firm, persistent, resolute).

NJSLS.ELA-LITERACY.L.8.6

Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

	ring Understandings	Essential Questions		
1. 2. 3. 4.		 What is the purpose of applying grammar and mechanic skills? How do rules of language affect communication? How does word choice affect meaning? Why is it important to spell correctly? How can you write paragraphs to make a clear picture for your reader? 		
6.	Using proper form in sentence and paragraph composition will help us clarify and express our thoughts.			
Learners will know		Learners will be able to		
• Good writers and speakers demonstrate command of the		 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or 		

conventions of Standard English including grammar and usage.

- Good writers demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English including capitalization, punctuation, and spelling.
- Effective writers and strong speakers explain the function of verbals.
- Effective writers and strong speakers form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.
- Effective writers and strong speakers form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.
- Effective writers and strong speakers recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.
- Punctuation is used (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.
- An ellipsis is used to indicate an omission.
- Verbs are used in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects.
- Fluent readers determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
- Fluent readers use context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- Fluent readers use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues

speaking.

- Explain the function of verbals (gerunds, participles, infinitives) in general and their function in particular sentences.
- o Form and use verbs in the active and passive voice.
- o Form and use verbs in the indicative, imperative, interrogative, conditional, and subjunctive mood.
- o Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb voice and mood.
- Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
 - o Use punctuation (comma, ellipsis, dash) to indicate a pause or break.
 - o Use an ellipsis to indicate an omission.
 - o Spell correctly.
- Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
 - o Use verbs in the active and passive voice and in the conditional and subjunctive mood to achieve particular effects
- Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words or phrases based on grade 8 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
 - o Use context as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
 - o Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).
 - o Consult general and specialized

to the meaning of a word (e.g., precede, recede, secede).

- Fluent readers consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.
- Fluent readers verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase.
- Comprehensive readers demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
- Fluent readers interpret figures of speech (e.g. verbal irony, puns) in context.
- Fluent readers use the relationship between particular words to better understand each of the words.
- Fluent readers distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions).
- Grade 8 students acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

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- Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.

Assessment Evidence

Formative Assessments

- Thumbs Up
- Exit Slips
- Think Pair Share

- Quick Checks
 - Exit Slips
 - Class Discussion
- Turn and Talks
- Reading/Writing Notebook
- Homework
- Student Self-Assessment
- Graphic Organizers

Summative Assessments

- Unit Assessments
- Weekly Assessments
- Quizzes
- Writing Specific Rubrics

<u>Benchmarks</u>

- DRA
- Link It Benchmarks

Alternative Assessments

- Project Specific Rubrics
- Group Project Products

Suggested Learning Plan

The structure of the daily lesson will be in the format of a 90-minute writing workshop. Based on the pacing of the unit the teacher will be using the Interactive Read-Aloud Structure or Mini-Lesson Structure.

Interactive Read-Aloud Structure

Read-Aloud, Teacher Modeling and Class Discussion (20-30 minutes)

- Teacher will read the text(s) to the class.
- Teacher will stop periodically to share thoughts, observations, inquiries, and ideas about the text(s) and use of skills.
- Teacher will model how to read like a writer.

Independent Writing and Small Group Work (20-30 minutes)

• Students will write independently, often responding to what was read or discussed, while you provide support for conferring with them.

Group Share (5-10 minutes)

- Students will gather back to whole group.
- Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented.

Mini- Lesson Structure

Mini-Lesson (10-15 minutes)

• Teacher will demonstrate strategies and skills through explicit whole-class instruction.

Independent Writing and Teacher Conferring (30-40 minutes)

Students can write independently.				
• Students will practice what was modeled in the mini-lesson and make				
decisions about their writing.				
 Teacher will confer with students individually or in small groups. 				
Group Share (5-10 minutes)				
 Students will gather back together. 				
 Students will share their writing and reflect on the ideas presented. 				
Suggested Learning Resources				
Schoolwide Writing Fundamentals Units				
Schoolwide Writing Unit Appendices				
Schoolwide Writing Unit Mentor Texts				
The Boy in the Striped Pajamas by John Boyne				
Google Apps: Google Classroom, Google Docs, Google Slides, Google Forms				
Graphic Organizers				
Students Dictionary				
Scholastic Thesaurus Dictionary				
Games:				
Lakeshore Reading Comprehension:				
Hazard Mountain – Inferences				
<i>Quest for the Jewels</i> – Cause and Effect				
Capture the Flag – Reading Comprehension				
<i>Wipeou</i> t – Vocabulary				
Main Street Shopping – Main Idea				
Scrabble				
Laptop Computers				
Ipads and various apps				
Porta Portal <u>Http://guest.portaportal.com/dealschool</u>				

21st Century Life and Careers

Career Ready Practices

- CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills.
- CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason.
 - CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation.

•

Personal Financial Literacy

• 9.1.8.A.2 Relate how career choices, education choices, skills, entrepreneurship,

and

economic conditions affect income.

Career Awareness, Exploration, and Preparation

• 9.2.8.B.3 Evaluate communication, collaboration, and leadership skills that can be developed through school, home,work, and extracurricular activities for

use

in a career.

Accommodations and Modifications

Gifted and Talented

- Provide appropriate challenge for a wide ranging skills and development.
- Participate in inquiry and project-based learning units of study.

English Language Learners

- Pair visual prompts with verbal presentations.
- Provide students with visual models, sentence stems, concrete objects, and hands-on material.

Students with IEPs/504s

- Review student individual education plan and/or 504 plan
- Establish procedures for accommodations and modifications for assessments as per IEP/504.
- Modify classroom environment to support academic and physical needs of the students per IEP/504.

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Pacing Guide

8th Reading Pacing Guide

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Annual Pacing Guide

Grade Level: 8th Grade

Subject: Reading

September	October	November	December	January
Launching Unit	Launching Unit	Fiction Unit	Fiction Unit	Fiction Unit

February	March	April	May	June
Nonfiction Unit	Nonfiction Unit	Nonfiction Unit	Holocaust Literature Study The Boy in the Striped Pajamas	Holocaust Literatur Study The Boy in the Stripe Pajamas



Annual Pacing Guide

Grade Level: 8th Grade

Subject: Writing

September	October	November	December	January
w Writers Work Unit	How Writers Work Unit	How Writers Work Unit	Multi-Genre Memoir	Multi-Genre Memoi

February	March	April	May	June
Iulti-Genre Memoir	Argumentative Essay (Content Areas)	Argumentative Essay (Content Areas)	Argumentative Essay (Content Areas)	Research Report

