

For the F.Y. 2016 Month Ending: May
6/17/2016
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Updated Forecast Trend For The Month of May, F.Y. 2016


Projected Revenue Surplus/(Shortfall) by Year

|  | FY 2016 | FY 2017 | FY 2018 | FY 2019 | FY 2020 |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Revenue Surplus/ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $($ Shortfall $)$ | $\$ 10,980,678$ | $(\$ 4,578,379)$ | $(\$ 7,547,004)$ | $(\$ 13,758,527)$ | $(\$ 17,835,594)$ |


| Forecast Updated Trend |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compared to Updated Trend Forecast as of 6/17/2016 |  |  |  |
| Variance between Prior and Current Forecast: | $\mathbf{2 0 1 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 7}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 1 8}$ |
| Current Forecast Revenue Trend OVER/UNDER Prior | $-0.04 \%$ | $-0.27 \%$ | $-0.05 \%$ |
| Current Forecast Expenditure Trend OVER/UNDER Prior | $-0.11 \%$ | $-0.15 \%$ | $-0.28 \%$ |
| Cumulative Variance \$\$\$ Impact on Ending Cash Balance | $\$ 211,794$ | $(\$ 177,451)$ | $\$ 643,015$ |

What are the current forecast trends?
The district continues to trend toward a growing revenue shortfall that could reach - $\$ 17,835,594$ by FY 2020.

The forecast was updated last month to reflect trends since October, and the current forecast remains very much in alignment. Enrollment loss has negatively impacted state funding since the district is a 'formula' district. Also, the district has lost some level of economic disadvantaged funding because of a reduction in the number of children qualifying. Cumulatively the trend changes since May result in a very small net variance.

Expenditures are trending slightly better in FY 2016 through FY 2018 because of purchased services and discretionary spending in supplies.

## Fiscal Year To Date -- Year-Over-Year Revenue Comparison

Analysis of actual revenue for the fiscal year period July - May

Percent of

Annual Total 

How does fiscal year-to-date revenue compare to prior years?
Revenue is up 6.1\% over last year.
The primary contributors to the revenue increase are state funding (Formula) and local payments in lieu of taxes (Other Revenue). Revenue for these alternative tax payments was down considerably in FY 2015.

Property tax allocation is down because of the state's reduction in its tangible personal property tax reimbursement payments. These payments are being phased-out with the new, current budget. Visually, the table above shows that while the state increased formula funding through January, it also reduced its reimbursements by $\$ 1.8$ million.

Fiscal Year To Date -- Year-Over-Year Expenditure Comparison
Analysis of actual expenditures for the fiscal year period July - May


| Percent of | Actual Fiscal Year To Date Expenditures, July - May |  |  |  | F.Y. 2016 <br> YOY Change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual Total |  | 2014 FYTD | 2015 FYTD | 2016 FYTD |  |  |
| 49.8\% | Salaries | 133,453,983 | 141,872,719 | 145,322,688 | \$ 3,449,968 | 2.4\% |
| 21.0\% | Benefits | 58,693,117 | 56,643,542 | 62,092,185 | \$ 5,448,643 | 9.6\% |
| 24.8\% | Purchased Services | 63,171,124 | 69,760,157 | 71,622,830 | \$ 1,862,673 | 2.7\% |
| 2.2\% | Supplies | 6,273,541 | 5,590,268 | 5,796,987 | \$ 206,719 | 3.7\% |
| 1.2\% | Capital | 5,087,769 | 1,852,694 | 3,147,784 | \$ 1,295,089 | 69.9\% |
| 0.0\% | Debt, Intergov | - | - | - | \$ | 0.0\% |
| 1.0\% | Other Objects | 3,160,232 | 2,857,970 | 3,086,194 | \$ 228,224 | 8.0\% |
| 0.0\% | Other Uses | 78,663 | 93,884 | 26,815 | \$ $(67,069)$ | -71.4\% |
| 100\% | Total Expenditures | 269,918,429 | 278,671,235 | 291,095,483 | \$ 12,424,248 |  |
|  |  |  | Total YOY Pe | tage Change | 4.5\% |  |

How do fiscal year-to-date expenditures compare to prior years?
Actual fiscal year-to-date expenditures are up 4.5\% over last year.
All increases are in-line with expectations. Capital is up because of the timing of purchases, but is still trending in-line with expectations for FY 2016.

Purchased services are up because of the timing of tuition payments in FY 2015 versus FY 2016. This occurred because in FY 2015 the Ohio Department of Education concentrated most of the payments in the last quarter of the fiscal year. In FY 2016 the ODE has spread this cost more evenly over the months, and therefore the first part of FY 2016 is experiencing higher cost. The last quarter, however, is expected to be lower than FY 2015. Purchased services are not growing as originally expected in October because year-over-year community school enrollment is down.

Fiscal Year To Date (July - May) Actual Revenue Compared to Estimates
FY 2016 To-Date Estimated Variance as \% of Annual Total


|  |  | 2016 FYTD | 2016 FYTD | 2016 FYTD |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Revenue: | Actual July through | Estimated <br> July <br> through | Actual Over/ <br> (Under) <br> Estimated |
|  | For the F.Y. 2016 Period: July - May | May | May | Variance |
| K | Real Estate Taxes | 101,059,345 | 101,782,870 | $(723,524)$ |
| L | Public Utility PP Taxes | 8,566,739 | 8,715,799 | $(149,060)$ |
| M | Income Tax I | - I | - | - |
| N | State Aid (Formula + Restricted) | 178,128,082 | 176,864,898 | 1,263,185 |
| P | State Tax Reimb. | 17,486,398 | 17,382,339 | 104,059 |
| Q | Other Revenue | 11,719,889 | 10,039,392 | 1,680,497 |
| R | Total Operating Revenue | 316,960,454 I | 314,785,297 | 2,175,157 |
| S | Other Non-Op Revenue | 27,847 | - | 27,847 |
| T | Total Operating Revenue Plus Other Sources | 316,988,302 | 314,785,297 | 2,203,004 |
|  |  |  |  | 0.70\% |

How do FYTD revenue cash flow estimates compare to actual?
Actual revenue (on an annual basis) is trending within $0.66 \%$ of estimated.

## Fiscal Year To Date (through) Actual Expenditures Compared to Estimates



|  | For the F.Y. 2016 Period: July - May Expenditure | Actual July through May | Estimated <br> July through May | Actual Over/ <br> (Under) <br> Estimated <br> Variance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| K | Salaries | 145,322,688 | 145,451,343 | $(128,655)$ |
| L | Benefits | 62,092,185 | 61,693,482 | 398,703 |
| M | Purchased Services | 71,622,830 | 75,508,256 | $(3,885,425)$ |
| N | Supplies | 5,796,987 I | 5,294,719 | 502,269 |
| 0 | Capital | 3,147,784 | 2,570,762 | 577,022 |
| P | Debt, Intergov. |  | - |  |
| Q | Other Objects | 3,086,194 | 3,132,651 | $(46,457)$ |
| R | Total Operating Expenditures | 291,068,668 I | 293,651,212 | $(2,582,544)$ |
| S | Other Non-Op Expenditures | 26,815 | 25,878 | 937 |
| T | Total Operating Expenditures Plus Other Uses | 291,095,483 | 293,677,090 | $(2,581,608)$ |

How do FYTD expenditure cash flow estimates compare to actual?
Actual expenditures (on an annual basis) is trending within+BI36-0.802\% of estimated.
The supply and capital category variances are due to timing of expenditures compared to last year, and therefore the annual total is expected to be in-line with annual projected amounts.

Purchased services are trending lower than original estimates; this category includes community school and scholarship tuition costs. The Department of Education just started using the district's current year enrollment data in March, 2016. The initial indication is that tuition for community school and scholarship students combined is actually trending less than last year's level rather than meeting the projected increase used in October. This is of course good news in terms of operating costs, and has been incorporated into the current forecast trend update.

Monthly Cash Balance Estimates Fiscal Years 2016 and 2017
 20162017

Monthly cash flow estimates
Monthly ending cash balances are adequate through June 30, 2017.


