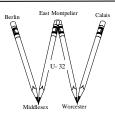
# **Washington Central Unified Union School District**

WCUUSD exists to nurture and inspire in all students the passion, creativity and power to contribute to their local and global communities.

1130 Gallison Hill Road Montpelier, VT 05602 Phone (802) 229-0553 Fax (802) 229-2761

Debra Taylor, Ph.D. Interim Superintendent



WCUUSD Finance Committee Meeting Agenda 1.9.20 8:15 - 9:15 am

### 1130 Gallison Hill Road, Montpelier

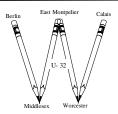
- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Approve Minutes of 12.12.19 pg. 2
- 3. WCUUSD Budget
- 4. Capital Projects/Funding
- 5. 2019 Audit Reports Discussion pg. 4
- 6. Additional Items
- 7. Future Agenda Items
- 8. Adjourn

## **Washington Central Unified Union School District**

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Debra Taylor, Ph.D. Interim Superintendent



### WCUUSD Finance Committee Unapproved Meeting Minutes 12.12.19

8:15 - 9:15 am

1130 Gallison Hill Road, Montpelier

Members in attendance: Flor Diaz-Smith, Vera Frazier, Scott Thompson

Administration in attendance: Debra Taylor, Lori Bibeau, Kelly Bushey

- 1. **Call to Order** 8:20 a.m.
- 2. **Approve Minutes of 9.12.19, 10.10.19, 11.14.19** Scott Thompson moved; Flor Diaz Smith seconded; passed unanimously.
- 3. **Draft #1a WCUUSD Budget** A discussion review was held regarding the previous night's budget forum. The committee will bring the 3.5 percent increase version to the full board. A discussion was held regarding the budget being a base budget without additional benefit for non-special needs children such as the need for more enrichment programs.

Ms. Bibeau shared budget numbers regarding the district's K-12 special education funding. Ms. Bushey shared information regarding special education services in the district, and a discussion was held.

Further discussion was held regarding which budget number would be discussed at the full board meeting. Mr. Thompson felt that it would be good to have a 3.5 percent increase version to weigh the two versions at the full board.

- 4. Capital Projects/Funding -
  - 4.1 Approval of RFP's: Rumney Acoustic and Doty Siding/Window Ms. Taylor shared details regarding the Doty Siding/Window RFP. Ms. Diaz-Smith made a motion to recommend that the Doty RFP go out to bid. Mr. Thompson seconded. The motion was unanimously approved.

Ms. Taylor shared information regarding the RFP for the Rumney acoustic bid for the cafeteria/gym. Mr. Thompson made a motion to recommend that the Rumney RFP go out to bid. Ms. Diaz Smith seconded. The motion was unanimously approved.

4.2 **Review of Capital Needs and Resources** – Ms. Taylor shared information regarding future capital needs at the district elementary schools. Ms. Taylor will prepare a summary of what funds are available and will bring the summary to the next full board meeting.

A discussion was held regarding the long range capital planning proposal from Black River Design. A discussion was held regarding a capital planning position that would be funded from the capital plan.

### 5. Approve Bids

- 5.1 **U-32 Vehicles** The total amount for two vans for U-32 is \$44,668, and includes registration, new tires and other fees. This will come out of the U-32 capital fund, and will be used for athletics and small field trips. **Mr. Thompson made a motion to approve the bid of \$44,668 to 802 Honda. Ms. Diaz Smith seconded. The motion was unanimously approved.**
- 5.2 **U-32 Security Cameras** This bid will come out of the U-32 capital fund. **Mr.** Thompson made a motion to approve the bid for security cameras from Fiber Net. Ms. Diaz Smith seconded. The motion was unanimously approved.
- 6. Additional Items None
- 7. **Future Agenda Items** Further discussion regarding the hiring an in house for a capital planning position.
- 8. **Adjourn** 9:57 a.m.

Respectfully submitted by,

Hollie Friot, Board Recorder

# Audited Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

# **Berlin School District**

June 30, 2019



Proven Expertise & Integrity

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JUNE 30, 2019

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### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Berlin School District Montpelier, Vermont

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Berlin School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Berlin School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

3 Old Orchard Road, Buxton, Maine 04093 Tel: (800) 300-7708 (207) 929-4606 Fax: (207) 929-4609

www.rhrsmith.com

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Berlin School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and OPEB information on pages 4 through 10 and 59 through 64 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Berlin School District's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund and capital asset schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting

and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund and capital asset schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2019, on our consideration of the Berlin School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Berlin School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 November 15, 2019

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

### (UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the Berlin School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements.

### **Financial Statement Overview**

The School District's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, pension and OPEB information and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the School District's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the School District's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position - this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities - this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above-mentioned financial statements have separate columns for the two different types of School District activities. The types of activities presented for the School District are:

- Governmental activities The activities in this section are mostly supported by intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants), support from the town and charges for services. Most of the School District's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance, transportation and program expenses.
- Business-type activities These activities are normally intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and/or charges to external users for goods and/or services. The activity for the School District includes the food service fund.

### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be classified into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services provided by the School District are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the School District.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this

comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The School District presents four columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The School District's major funds are the general fund, the special revenue fund, the capital projects fund and the bond sinking fund. There are no nonmajor funds.

The general fund is the only fund for which the School District legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Proprietary Funds: The School District maintains one proprietary fund, the food service fund. This fund is used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. No reconciliation is needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds: These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Berlin School District. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds are much like that of proprietary funds. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds.

### **Required Supplementary Information**

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, a Schedule of Contributions - Pension, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, a Schedule of Contributions - OPEB and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regards to capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the School District's governmental activities. The School District's total net position for governmental activities increased by \$139,743 from \$1,190,506 to \$1,330,249. For business-type activities, the School District's total net position increased by \$6,194 from \$68,174 to \$74,368.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - decreased for governmental activities to a balance of \$73,217 at the end of the fiscal year. For business-type activities, the balance increased to a balance of \$62,887.

Table 1
Berlin School District
Net Position
June 30,

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities	E	Business-ty	ype Activities			
		2019		2018		2019		2018		
Assets:								_		
Current Assets	\$	778,789	\$	983,051	\$	64,328	\$	60,423		
Noncurrent Assets		3,822,751		3,642,134		11,481		9,339		
Total Assets	\$	4,601,540	\$	4,625,185	\$	75,809	\$	69,762		
Liabilities:										
Current Liabilities	\$	171,539	\$	181,609	\$	-	\$	-		
Noncurrent Liabilities		3,099,752		3,251,070						
Total Liabilities	_\$_	3,271,291	\$	3,432,679	\$	-	\$	-		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Deferred Revenues	\$		\$	2,000	\$	1,441	\$	1,588		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$		\$	2,000	\$	1,441	\$	1,588		
Net Position:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	572,939	\$	235,933	\$	11,481	\$	9,339		
Restricted		684,093		656,404		-		-		
Unrestricted		73,217		298,169		62,887		58,835		
Total Net Position	\$	1,330,249	\$	1,190,506	\$	74,368	\$	68,174		

### **Revenues and Expenses**

Revenues for the School District's governmental activities increased by 1.33%, while total expenses increased by 3.82%. The increase in revenues was primarily due to operating grants and contributions and grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs, offset by a decrease in miscellaneous. The increase in expenses was due mainly to increases in on-behalf payments, transportation and interest on long-term debt.

Revenues for the School District's business-type activities increased by 0.54%, while total expenses increased by 2.40%.

Table 2
Berlin School District
Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30,

	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-tv	pe Activities
	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenues				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35,506	\$ 43,648
Operating grants and contributions	813,133	759,124	65,670	56,468
General Revenues:				
Grants and contributions not restricted				
to specific programs	3,506,031	3,406,248	-	-
Miscellaneous	93,483	189,475	2,665	3,164
Total Revenues	4,412,647	4,354,847	103,841	103,280
Expenses				
Direct services	1,973,209	1,974,637	-	-
Support services:			-	-
Student services	176,969	164,757	-	-
Instructional staff services	161,376	134,985	-	-
General administrative services	284,163	282,132	-	-
Area administrative services	219,912	274,297	-	-
Fiscal services	39,205	39,194	-	-
Operations and maintenance	277,151	251,710	-	-
Transportation	132,473	90,803	-	-
On-behalf payments	573,094	522,274	-	-
Program expenses	241,104	235,574	126,847	123,871
Interest on long-term debt	157,967	120,297	-	-
Capital outlay	10,346	4 000 660	100.047	400.074
Total Expenses	4,246,969	4,090,660	126,847	123,871
Equity transfers by members	-	-	3,265	-
Transfers	(25,935)	(26,276)	25,935	26,276
Change in Net Position	139,743	237,911	6,194	5,685
Net Position - July 1, Restated	1,190,506	952,595	68,174	62,489
Net Position - June 30	\$ 1,330,249	\$ 1,190,506	\$ 74,368	\$ 68,174

### Financial Analysis of the School District's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the School District's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year, and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
Berlin School District
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
June 30,

	2019	2018
Major Funds:		
General Fund:		
Unassigned	\$ 81,369	\$ 303,206
Total General Fund	\$ 81,369	\$ 303,206
Capital Projects Fund:		·
Restricted	\$ 434,336	\$ 442,608
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 434,336	\$ 442,608
Bond Sinking Fund:		
Restricted	\$ 249,757	\$ 213,796
Total Bond Sinking Fund	\$ 249,757	\$ 213,796

The general fund total fund balance decreased by \$221,837 from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to transfers to other funds. The capital projects fund total fund balance decreased by \$8,272 from the prior fiscal year due to expenditures exceeding revenues and transfers from general fund. The bond sinking fund total fund balance increased by \$35,961 from the prior fiscal year due to interest income and the annual payment into the bond sinking fund.

### **Budgetary Highlights**

There was no difference between the original and final budget for the general fund.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded budgeted amounts by \$34,066 primarily due to special education reimbursements and interest income.

The general fund actual expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts by \$255,903 primarily due to additional fund transfers to the capital projects fund.

### **Capital Asset and Long-Term Debt Activity**

### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2019, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the School District increased by \$182,759. This increase was due to current year capital additions of \$340,885 less current year depreciation expense of \$158,126.

Table 4
Berlin School District
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
June 30,

	2019	2018
Construction in progress Buildings, building improvements and land improvements Infrastructure Furniture and equipment Total	\$ - 3,594,473 81,259 158,500 \$ 3,834,232	\$ 2,656,937 764,794 83,025 146,717 \$ 3,651,473

### Debt 1

Obligations for the School District at June 30, 2019 included \$3,249,812 in bonds and notes from direct borrowings outstanding versus \$3,406,201 last year. Refer to Note 6 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

### **Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions**

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

This will be the last audited financial statements issued by the Berlin School District. Refer to Note 18 of the Notes to Financial Statements for more information.

### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School District at 1130 Gallison Hill Road, Montpelier, Vermont 05602.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

		overnmental Activities		iness-type ctivities		Total
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	577,951	\$	-	\$	577,951
Investments		247,940		-		247,940
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		-		1,869		1,869
Loan receivable		385		4.070		385
Due from other governments		7,777		4,670		12,447
Inventory		(FF 00A)		2,525		2,525
Internal balances		(55,264)	$\overline{}$	55,264		- 040 447
Total current assets	_	778,789		64,328	-	843,117
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Buildings, building improvements and other assets,						
net of accumulated depreciation		3,822,751		11,481		3,834,232
Total noncurrent assets	$\overline{}$	3,822,751		11,481		3,834,232
Total Holleditelit assets	$\overline{}$	3,022,731		11,401		3,034,232
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,601,540	\$	75,809	\$	4,677,349
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Due to other governments	\$	13,327	\$		\$	13,327
Current portion of long-term obligations	Ψ	158,212	Ψ	-	Ψ	158,212
Total current liabilities		171,539				171,539
Total current habilities		17 1,009			•	17 1,559
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:						
Bonds payable		3,047,854		_		3,047,854
Note from direct borrowing payable		49,860		_		49,860
Accrued compensated absences		2,038		_		2,038
Total noncurrent liabilities		3,099,752				3,099,752
Total Hollow Fork Habilities		0,000,102				0,000,102
TOTAL LIABILITIES		3,271,291				3,271,291
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue				1 1/1		1 111
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				1,441 1,441		1,441 1,441
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				1,441		1,441
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		572,939		11,481		584,420
Restricted		684,093				684,093
Unrestricted		73,217		62,887		136,104
TOTAL NET POSITION		1,330,249	-	74,368		1,404,617
10 MENET FORMOR	_	1,000,240		7 1,000		., 10 1,0 17
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES AND NET POSITION		4,601,540	\$	75,809	\$	4,677,349

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

									<ul> <li>Net (Expens</li> </ul>	e) Revenue a	and Changes	
			Program Revenues					in Net Position				
					Operati	ng	Capital					
			Cha	arges for	Grants a	ind	Grants an	ıd	Governmental	type		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	S	ervices	Contribut	ions	Contributio	ns	Activities	Activities	Total	
Covernmental activities												
Governmental activities:	Φ	4 070 000	Φ		φ		Φ.		Ф (4 070 000)	Φ	Φ (4.070.000)	
Direct services	\$	1,973,209	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ (1,973,209)	\$ -	\$ (1,973,209)	
Support services:		470.000							(470,000)		(470,000)	
Student services		176,969		-		-		-	(176,969)	-	(176,969)	
Instructional staff services		161,376		-		-		-	(161,376)	-	(161,376)	
General administrative services		284,163		-		-		-	(284,163)	-	(284,163)	
Area administrative services		219,912		- \		-		-	(219,912)	-	(219,912)	
Fiscal services		39,205		-		-		-	(39,205)	-	(39,205)	
Operations and maintenance		277,151		-		-		-	(277,151)	-	(277,151)	
Transportation		132,473		-		-		-	(132,473)	-	(132,473)	
Program expenses		241,104		-	240	,039		-	(1,065)	-	(1,065)	
On-behalf payments		573,094		-	573	,094		-	-	-	-	
Interest on long-term debt		157,967		_		-		-	(157,967)	-	(157,967)	
Capital outlay		10,346				-		-	(10,346)	-	(10,346)	
Total governmental activities		4,246,969		-	813	,133		-	(3,433,836)		(3,433,836)	
D 1 ( 1739												
Business-type activities:		400.047		05 500	0.5	070				(05.074)	(05.074)	
Food service		126,847		35,506	1	,670				(25,671)	(25,671)	
Total business-type activities		126,847		35,506	65	,670				(25,671)	(25,671)	
Total government	\$	4,373,816	\$	35,506	\$ 878	,803_	\$		(3,433,836)	(25,671)	(3,459,507)	

# STATEMENT B (CONTINUED)

# BERLIN SCHOOL DISTRICT

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Changes in net position: Net (expense) revenue	(3,433,836)	(25,671)	(3,459,507)
,	(0,100,000)	(20,01.)	(0,100,001)
General revenues: Grants and contributions not restricted			
to specific programs	3,506,031	-	3,506,031
Miscellaneous	93,483	2,665	96,148
Equity transfers by members	-	3,265	3,265
Transfers	(25,935)	25,935	
Total general revenues and transfers	3,573,579	31,865	3,605,444
Change in net position	139,743	6,194	145,937
NET POSITION - JULY 1, RESTATED	1,190,506	68,174	1,258,680
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 1,330,249	\$ 74,368	\$ 1,404,617

# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	_	Capital Projects Fund		Bond Sinking Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	576,134	\$ -	\$	_	\$	1,817	\$	577,951
Investments		-	-		-		247,940		247,940
Loan receivable		_ 385	-		-		-		_ 385
Due from other governments		7,777	-		404.000	•	-		7,777
Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	Φ	584,296	\$ -	\$	434,336 434,336	\$	249,757	\$	434,336 1,268,389
TOTAL ASSETS	Ψ	304,290	<u>σ</u> -	Ψ	434,330	<u>φ</u>	249,737	<u>Ψ</u>	1,200,309
LIABILITIES									
Due to other governments	\$	13,327	\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$	13,327
Due to other funds		489,600	-		-		-		489,600
TOTAL LIABILITIES		502,927	_		-		-		502,927
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable Restricted			-		- 434,336		- 249,757		- 684,093
Committed			_		434,330		249,757		004,093
Assigned		<u></u>	- -		_		_		
Unassigned		81,369	_		_		_		81,369
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		81,369			434,336		249,757		765,462
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND			•	_				_	
FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	584,296	<u>\$</u> -		434,336	\$	249,757		1,268,389

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Total Fund Balances	\$	765,462
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation Long-term obligations shown below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds shown above:		3,822,751
Bonds payable Note from direct borrowing payable Accrued compensated absences		(3,197,728) (52,084) (8,152)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	1,330,249

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund				Capital Projects Fund	;	Bond Sinking Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Interest income On-behalf payments Miscellaneous revenues	\$ 3,480,031 49,745 204,046 15,208	\$	240,039 - - 2,000	\$	4,772 - 11,797	\$	26,000 9,961	\$	3,746,070 64,478 204,046 29,005
TOTAL REVENUES	3,749,030		242,039		16,569		35,961		4,043,599
EXPENDITURES Current:									
Direct services Support services:	1,893,276		-		-				1,893,276
Student services Instructional staff services	169,252 146,847		-		-		-		169,252 146,847
General administrative services Area administrative services	284,163 217,972		-		- 151		-		284,163 218,123
Fiscal services Operations and maintenance Transportation	39,205 259,632 132,473		-				-		39,205 259,632 132,473
On-behalf payments Program expenses Debt service:	204,046		- 241,104		<del>-</del>		-		204,046 241,104
Principal Interest	156,389 157,967				-		-		156,389 157,967
Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,661,222		241,104		309,335 309,486		<u>-</u>		309,335 4,211,812
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	87,808		935		(292,917)		35,961		(168,213)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	(309,645)		- (935)		284,645		-		284,645 (310,580)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(309,645)		(935)		284,645				(25,935)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(221,837)		-		(8,272)		35,961		(194,148)
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	303,206				442,608		213,796		959,610
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 81,369	\$		\$	434,336	\$	249,757	\$	765,462

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$	(194,148)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset acquisitions  Depreciation expense	_	337,620 (157,003) 180,617
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces noncurrent liabilities in the Statement of Net Position		156,389
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences		(3,115)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$	139,743

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Enterprise Fund	
	Food	
	Sei	rvice
ASSETS Current assets: Account receivable - other	\$	1 960
Due from other governments	φ	1,869 4,670
Inventory		2,525
Due from other funds		55,264
Total current assets		64,328
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:		
Building improvements		24,588
Equipment		35,581
Less: accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets		(48,688) 11,481
Total Horiculterit assets		11,401
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	75,809
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	<u>-</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred revenue		1 441
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1.441
		.,
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		11,481
Unrestricted		62,887
TOTAL NET POSITION		74,368
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		
RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	75,809

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

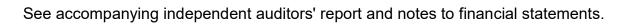
	Enterprise Fund Food Service	
OPERATING REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$	65,670 35,506 2,665 103,841
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries Benefits Repairs and maintenance Supplies and food Equipment Depreciation TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		53,653 21,093 2,746 44,967 3,265 1,123 126,847
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(23,006)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Equity transfer from members Transfers in TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		3,265 25,935 29,200
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		6,194
NET POSITION - JULY 1		68,174
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	74,368

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Enter	rprise Fund
		Food
		Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Intergovernmental receipts Internal activity - receipts (payments) from/to other funds Payments to suppliers NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	36,302 66,974 (2,219) (126,992) (25,935)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Equity transfer from members Equity transfer of fixed assets included in above line Transfers in (out) NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		3,265 (3,265) 25,935 25,935
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30	\$	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(23,006)
Depreciation expense		1,123
Changes in operating assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:		4.004
(Increase) decrease in due from other governments (Increase) decrease in receivables		1,304 (1,869)
(Increase) decrease in receivables (Increase) decrease in inventory		(1,009)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(2,219)
(Decrease) increase in deferred revenue		(147)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(25,935)

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	-	Agency Funds	
		Student	
	-	Activities	
ASSETS			
Due from other governments	-	\$	13,327
TOTAL ASSETS		\$	13,327
LIABILITIES			
Deposits held for others		\$	13,327
TOTAL LIABILITIES		\$	13,327



### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Reporting Entity

Berlin School District was incorporated under the laws in the State of Vermont. The School District operates under the Board of Directors-superintendent form of government and provides the following services: direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance, transportation and program expenses.

The School District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The School District's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the School District. We have determined that the School District has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

### Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. Laws and regulations may require governments to take specific actions to retire certain tangible capital assets at the end of the useful lives of those capital assets, such as decommissioning nuclear reactors and dismantling and removing sewage treatment plants. Other obligations to retire tangible capital assets may arise from contracts or court judgments. Internal obligating events include the occurrence of contamination, placing into operation a tangible capital asset that is required to be retired, abandoning a tangible capital asset before it is placed into operation, or acquiring a tangible capital asset that has an existing ARO. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. If an ARO (or portions thereof) has been incurred by a government but is not yet recognized because it is not reasonably estimable, the

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

government is required to disclose that fact and the reasons therefor. This Statement requires similar disclosures for a government's minority shares of AROs. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The School District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School District's major funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The School District's food service fund is categorized as a business-type activity. All other activities of the School District are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The School District's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The School District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School District's functions and business-type activities (instruction, administration, etc.) excluding fiduciary activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (support from the School District, certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The School District does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding departments.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School District as an entity and the change in the School District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

### Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the School District are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the School District:

### 1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the School District:

### Major Funds:

- a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- c. The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.
- d. The Bond Sinking Fund is used to account for or report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to pay debt principal and interest.

### 2. Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Operating revenues include charges for services, intergovernmental reimbursements and other miscellaneous fees which are a direct result of the proprietary activity. Nonoperating revenues are any revenues which are generated outside of the general proprietary activity, i.e. interest income. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the School District:

a. Enterprise Funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

## 3. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the School District's programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Component units that are fiduciary in nature have been excluded from these financial statements.

The School District's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The School District has no nonmajor funds.

### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

### 1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

### 2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

### Budget

The School District's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 24, Accounting and Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, payments made by the State of Vermont to the Vermont State Retirement System for teachers and certain other school employees are reported as offsetting revenues and expenditures of the general fund.

Revenues per budgetary basis	\$ 3,544,984
Add: On-behalf payments	204,046
Total GAAP basis	\$ 3,749,030
Expenditures per budgetary basis	\$ 3,766,821
Add: On-behalf basis	204,046
Total GAAP basis	\$ 3,970,867

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The annual school budget is the planning management tool, which delineates the School District's educational priorities and programs and forms the basis for voter review and approval of the budget according to applicable State of Vermont education finance laws.
- 2. The Board budget process includes input from school district administration and staff on educational priorities for the next school year, along with public hearings, which include the Board of Directors and general public.
- The budget document itself is based upon the most current funding information available along with the projection of current revenues and expenditures for the next year. At the conclusion of the budget process, a final budget is approved by the Board of Directors.

### **Deposits and Investments**

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the School District's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the School District's investments are reported at amortized cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be a cash equivalent. The School District Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The Berlin School District has no formal investment policy but instead follows the State of Vermont Statutes.

### Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies and local businesses. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. Allowances for uncollectible accounts netted with accounts receivable were \$28,028 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2019.

### **Inventories**

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost which approximate market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when used (consumption method). The food service fund inventory consists of school lunch supplies and food on hand at the end of the year.

### Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

### **Transactions Between Funds**

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more for land, \$20,000 or more for buildings and improvements, \$2,500 for furniture and equipment and \$5,000 for vehicles are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 - 50 years Infrastructure 50 - 100 years Furniture and equipment 3 - 50 years

### Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of bonds and a note from direct borrowing payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) Plan and additions to/deductions from the VSTRS Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the VSTRS Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### **OPEB**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) Plan and additions to/deductions from the VSTRS OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by VSTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

### Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

### **Fund Balance**

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Nonspendable - This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the School District. The inhabitants of the School District through School District meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the School District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a School District meeting vote.

Assigned - This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Directors.

Unassigned - This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the School District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the School District meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District currently has no deferred outflows of resources.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of this item, deferred revenues, which is reported in both the statements of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### **Program Revenues**

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

#### **Operating/Nonoperating Proprietary Fund Revenues**

Operating revenues consist mainly of direct revenue sources and/or charges for services applicable to that fund's ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

## **Encumbrance Accounting**

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The School District does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

## **Use of Estimates**

During the preparation of the School District's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits:**

The School District's investment policies, which follow state statutes, authorize the School District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. These investment policies apply to all School District funds.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School District will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2019, the School District's cash balance of \$577,951 was comprised of bank deposits of \$668,068. Of these bank deposits, \$250,000 were fully insured by federal depository insurance and consequently were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The remaining balance of \$418,068 as collateralized with securities held by the financial institution in the School District's name.

Account Type	i	Bank Balance
Checking accounts Repurchase agreements Cash equivalents	\$	10,319 655,932 1,817
	\$	668,068

#### **Investments:**

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2019, the School District had the following investments and maturities:

Investment Type	F	air Value	Α	Not pplicable	ess than 1 Year	1 -	5 Years
U.S. agency securities Mutual fund	\$	51,997 195,943	\$	195,943	\$ -	\$	51,997 -
	\$	247,940	\$	195,943	\$ -	\$	51,997

## **Fair Value Hierarchy**

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The School District has the following recurring fair value measurements as June 30, 2019:

		Fair Valu	ie Measurements	s Using
	June 30, 2019 Total	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level I)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level II)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level III)
Investments by fair value level Debt securities:				
U.S. agency securities  Mutual fund	\$ 51,997 195,943	\$ - -	\$ 51,997 195,943	\$ - -
Total debt securities	247,940		247,940	
Total investments by fair value level	247,940	\$ -	\$ 247,940	<u>\$ -</u>
Cash equivalents measured at the net asset value (NAV)				
Money market fund Total cash equivalents measured at the NAV	1,817 1,817			
Total investments and cash equivalents measured				
at fair value	\$ 249,757			

Equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued from publicly reliable sources or using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. The School District has no Level 1 or Level 3

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

investments. The fair value of money market funds that are measured at NAV per share (or its equivalent) is calculated as of June 30, 2019 in a manner consistent with the Financial Accounting Standards Board's measurement principles for investment companies.

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Vermont authorize the School District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The School District does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the School District invests excess funds in savings accounts and various insured certificates of deposit.

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

#### NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Receivables (Due from)		Payables (Due to)
General Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$	- 434,336	\$ 489,600
Food Service Fund		55,264	-
	\$	489,600	\$ 489,600

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019:

		Balance 7/1/18		Additions		Disposals		Balance 6/30/19
Governmental activities:								
Non-depreciated assets:								
Construction in progress	\$	2,656,937	\$	-	\$	(2,656,937)	\$	-
, ,		2,656,937				(2,656,937)		_
Depreciated assets:								,
Buildings		407,744		-		-		407,744
Building improvements		1,077,796		2,955,926		-		4,033,722
Infrastructure		88,324		-		_		88,324
Furniture and equipment		248,464		38,631				287,095
		1,822,328		2,994,557		-		4,816,885
Less: accumulated depreciation		(837,131)		(157,003)		-		(994,134)
		985,197		2,837,554				3,822,751
						(0.000		
Net governmental capital assets	<u>\$</u>	3,642,134	<u>\$</u>	2,837,554	<u>\$</u>	(2,656,937)	<u>\$</u>	3,822,751
Business-type activities: Depreciated assets:								
Building improvements	\$	24,588	\$	-	\$	-	\$	24,588
Furniture and equipment		33,560		3,265		(1,244)		35,581
		58,148		3,265		(1,244)		60,169
Less: accumulated depreciation		(48,809)		(1,123)		1,244		(48,688)
Net business-type capital assets	\$	9,339	\$	2,142	\$		\$	11,481
Current year depreciation:								
Direct services							\$	115,449
S.S students								7,717
S.S staff								14,529
S.S area adm								1,789
Operations and maintenance								17,519
Total governmental activities de	epred	ciation						157,003
Food service							ф.	1,123
Total depreciation expense							\$	158,126

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 5 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance 7/1/18	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/19
Tax/revenue anticipation note Totals	\$ -	¢ 1,101,000	\$ (1,484,588) \$ (1,484,588)	\$ - \$ -

On July 2, 2018, the Berlin School District issued a tax/revenue anticipation note to provide liquidity for governmental operations financed by property taxes. The tax/revenue anticipation note allowed principal draws up to \$1,484,588 at 2.70% interest per annum with a maturity date of June 28, 2019. On June 24, 2019 the tax/revenue anticipation note was paid in full. Interest expense for the note was \$39,205.

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance,					Balance,	Cu	rrent Year
	7/1/18	A	Additions	[	Deletions	6/30/19		Portion
Bonds payable Note from direct	\$ 3,347,602	\$	-	\$	(149,874)	\$ 3,197,728	\$	149,874
borrowings payable	58,599		_		(6,515)	 52,084		2,224
	\$ 3,406,201	\$	-	\$	(156,389)	\$ 3,249,812	\$	152,098

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the bonds and note from direct borrowing payable as of June 30, 2019:

## Bonds payable:

\$500,000, Merchants Bank Qualified School Construction Bond due in one principal installment of \$500,000 in March of 2027 with a fixed interest rate at 1.00% per annum payable semi-annually through March of 2027. Deposits of \$26,000 remitted annually into a sinking fund through March of 2027. Interest of 1.00% per annum, applied to the sinking fund balance, payable semi-annually into the sinking fund through March of 2027. The sinking fund balance is irrevocably pledged to secure the principal payment of the bond at maturity. The annual deposit amount of \$26,000 will be increased to \$31,000 as of March 2020.

500,000

\$2,997,476 Merchants Bank bond payable, with principal payments due in annual installments of \$149,874. Fixed interest rate of 2.99% paid semi-annually. The proceeds from the note were used for school building improvements. The bond matures on December 31, 2036.

2,697,728

Total bonds payable

3,197,728

#### Note from direct borrowing payable:

\$81,340 Vermont Municipal Bond Bank Vermont Environmental Protection Agency Drinking Water State Revolving Fund note payable, due in annual principal, interest and administrative fee installments of \$3,787 through April of 2037. Interest at a fixed rate of 1.00% and administrative fees of 2.00% payable annually through September of 2037. In fiscal year 2017, \$25,000 of the principal balance of the loan was forgiven. Proceeds were originally borrowed for a municipal water connection project.

52,084

Total note from direct borrowing payable

52,084

Total bonds and note from direct borrowing payable

\$ 3,249,812

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of outstanding bonds and note principal and interest requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

Year Ending				Total	
June 30,	 Principal	Interest	<b>Debt Service</b>		
2020	\$ 152,098	\$ 87,225	\$	239,323	
2021	152,165	82,885		235,050	
2022	152,234	78,127		230,361	
2023	152,304	73,575		225,879	
2024	152,377	69,021		221,398	
2025-2029	1,263,061	266,980		1,530,041	
2030-2034	765,240	137,562		902,802	
2035-2039	460,333	27,548		487,881	
	\$ 3,249,812	\$ 822,923	\$	4,072,735	

#### NOTE 7 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of other long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance, 7/1/18	Additions	Deletions	Balance, 6/30/19	Current Year Portion
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 5,037	\$ 3,115	\$ -	\$ 8,152	\$ 6,114

Please see Note 8 for detailed information on the other long-term obligations.

#### NOTE 8 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District's policies regarding vacation and sick time do permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2019, the School District's liability for accrued compensated absences is \$8,152.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 9 - OPERATING LEASE

A summary of the outstanding operating lease payable is as follows:

Berlin School District leases a postage meter from MailFinance, a Neopost USA Company, under a lease agreement dated January 20, 2016. The lease term is for 60 months ending in December of 2020. Monthly payments are \$67.

Future minimum lease payments at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending		
June 30:		
2020	\$	809
2021		405
Total lease payments	\$	1,214

#### NOTE 10 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2019, the School District had the following restricted fund balances:

Capital project fund	\$	434,336
Bond sinking fund		249,757
	\$	684,093

## **NOTE 11 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION**

The detailed budget to actual report can be found on Schedules 1, A and B.

## NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

## **Plan Description**

All of the teachers employed by the School District participate in the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System ("VSTRS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, covering nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private Union teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State of Vermont that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the retirement system consisted of 22,193 participating members.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The plan was established effective July 1, 1947, and is governed by *Title 16, V.S.A. Chapter 55*. Subsequent Vermont state legislation, *Act 74*, which became effective on July 1, 2010, contained numerous changes to the plan benefits available to current and future members, as well as a change in access to health care coverage after retirement, resulting from a multi-party agreement to provide sustainability of quality pension and retiree health benefits for Vermont teachers.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the retirement System for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of six members. They are the Secretary of Education (ex-officio), the State Treasurer (ex-officio), the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio), two members and one alternate elected by active members of the System under rules adopted by the Board and one retired member and one alternate elected by the board of directors of Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont. The Chair is elected by the Board and acts as executive officer of the Board.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The VSTRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, health care and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. There are two levels of contributions and benefits in the System: Group A - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont prior to July 1, 1981 and elected to remain in Group A; and Group C - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont on or after July 1, 1990. Group C also includes those teachers hired prior to July 1, 1990 and were in Group B on July 1, 1990. When *Act 74* became effective on June 30, 2010, Group C was further bifurcated into Groups #1 and #2. Group #1 contains members who were at least 57 years of age or had at least 25 years of service and Group #2 contains members who were less than 57 years of age and had less than 25 years of service.

Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service, and are summarized below:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Normal service retirement eligibility (no reduction)	Age 60 or 30 years of service	Age 62 or with 30 years of service	Age 65 or when the sum of age and service equals 90
Average Final Compensation (AFC)	Highest 3 consecutive years, including unused annual leave, sick leave, and bonus/incentives	years, excluding all	Highest 3 consecutive years, excluding all payments for anything other than service actually performed
Benefit formula – normal service retirement	1.67% x creditable service x AFC	1.25% x service prior to 6/30/90 x AFC + 1.67% x service after 7/1/90 x AFC	1.25% x service prior to 6/30/90 x AFC + 1.67% x service after 7/1/90 x AFC, 2.0% after attaining 20 years
Maximum Benefit Payable	100% of AFC	53.34% of AFC	60% of AFC
Post-Retirement COLA		50% CPI, up to a maximum of 5% after 12 months of retirement or with 30 years; minimum of 1%	50% CPI, up to a maximum of 5%, minimum of 1% after 12 months of normal retirement or age 65
Early Retirement Eligibility	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service
Early Retirement Reduction	Actuarial reduction	6% per year from age 62	Actuarial reduction

Other post-employment benefits are available to all plan members include the following:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Medical Benefits	Health subsidy based on member's service credit	Health subsidy based on member's service credit	
Dental	Members pay full premium	Members pay full premium	Members pay full premium

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Contributions**

VSTRS is a cost-sharing public employee retirement system with one exception: all risks and costs are not shared by the School District but are the liability of the State of Vermont. VSTRS is funded through State and employee contributions and trust fund investment earnings; and the School District has no legal obligation for paying benefits. Required contributions to the System are made by the State of Vermont based upon a valuation report prepared by the System's actuary, which varies by plan group. The Vermont State Teachers Retirement System estimates the contributions on behalf of the School District's employees included in the teacher's retirement plan which approximates \$204,046 or 15.75% of total payroll for employees covered under the plan.

Employee contribution rates by plan group follow:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Employee Contributions		5.0% of gross salary with 5 or more years of service as of 7/1/14; 6.0% of gross salary if less than 5 years of service as of 7/1/14	less than 5 years of

Employee contributions totaled \$67,946 during the year and were paid by the School District to the State of Vermont. The School District has no other liability under the plan. The School District's total payroll for all employees covered under this plan was \$1,295,528 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Pension Liabilities**

VSTRS Plan

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since the School District does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net pension liability was recorded at June 30, 2019. The State's portion of the collective net pension liability that was associated with the School District was as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	2,830,433
Total	\$ 2,830,433

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is equal to the collective net pension liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2017, multiplied by the School District's proportionate share percentage. The School District's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.18736% which was an decrease of 0.0026% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

# Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized total pension expense of \$277,497 and revenue of \$277,497 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the VSTRS plan. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	VSTRS			
	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Res	sources	of Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual	_			
experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		_		_
Contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date				
Total	\$		\$	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	VSTRS
	Plan
Plan year ended June 30:	
2018	\$ -
2019	-
2020	-
2021	-
2022	-
Thereafter	-

#### **Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods**

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using the actuarial assumptions outlined below.

*Investment Rate of Return*: 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Inflation: 2.50%

Salary Increases: Ranging from 3.75% to 9.09%

Deaths After Retirement: The VSTRS plan used 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Employee with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for pre-retirement, 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Annuitant with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for healthy retirees, and the RP-2006 Disabled Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for disabled retirees.

*Inactive Members*: Valuation liability for the VSTRS plan equals 250.0% of accumulated contributions.

Future Administrative Expenses: No provisions were made, expenses of the System are paid by the State.

Unknown Data for Participants: For the VSTRS plan, it is the same as those exhibited by participants with similar known characteristics. If not specified, participants are assumed to be male.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

*Percent Married*: 85% of male members and 35% of female members are assumed to be married.

Spouse's Age: Husbands are assumed to be three years older than their wives.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments: Adjustments for the VSTRS plan are aassumed to occur on January 1 following one year of retirement. For the VSTRS plan this occurs at the rate of 2.55% per annum for Group A members and 1.40% per annum for Group C members (beginning at age 62 for Group C members who elect reduced early retirement). The January 1, 2019 COLA is assumed to be 2.60% for Group A and 1.30% for Group C.

Actuarial Cost Method: Uses the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Entry age is the age at date of employment, or, if date is unknown, current age minus years of service. Normal Cost and Accrued Actuarial Liability are calculated on an individual basis and are allocated by salary, with Normal Cost determined using the plan of benefits applicable to each participant.

For the VSTRS plan, the asset valuation method used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

The *long-term* expected rate of return on the VSTRS plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	18.00%	6.10%
Non-US Equity	16.00%	7.45%
Global Equity	9.00%	6.74%
Fixed Income	26.00%	2.25%
Real Estate	8.00%	5.11%
Private Markets	15.00%	7.60%
Hedge Funds	8.00%	3.86%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for the VSTRS plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to be made in accordance with the current funding policy which exceeds the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current System members. The assumed discount rate has been determined in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB 68.

# Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50% for the VSTRS plan, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
VSTRS: Discount rate	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,417,898	\$ 2,830,433	\$ 2,242,366

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 12 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

## **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of VSTRS or their participating employers. VSTRS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr

## NOTE 13 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

## VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Plan Description

The Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System provides postemployment benefits to eligible VSTRS employees who retire from the System through a cost-sharing, multiple-employer postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan (the Plan).

The plan covers nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private high school teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the plan consisted of 4,878 retired members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and 8,941 active members.

Vermont Statute Title 16 Chapter 55 assigns the authority to VSTRS to establish and amend the benefits provisions of the Plan and to establish maximum obligations of the Plan members to contribute to the Plan. Management of the Plan is vested in the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Board of Trustees, which consists of the Secretary of Education (ex-officio); the State Treasurer (ex-officio); the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio); two trustees and one alternate who are members of the system (each elected by the system under rules adopted by the Board) and one trustee and one alternate who are retired members of the system receiving retirement benefits (who are elected by the Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont).

All assets of the Plan are held in a single trust and are available to pay OPEB benefits to all members. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr.

#### **Benefits Provided**

VSTRS retirees and their spouses are eligible for medical, prescription drug and dental benefits on a lifetime basis if the retiree is eligible for pension benefits, as described in the Notes to Financial Statements for Defined Benefit Plan(s).

#### **Contributions**

Varying levels of contributions are required from retirees and spouses for medical and prescription drug coverage at the following premium subsidy rates:

	Retiree Subsidy		Spouse Subsidy*	
Retired before June 30, 2010	of premium	Less than ten years of service-		
Retired after June 30, 2010	10 years or more of service at June 30, 2010-80% of premium		Years of service at June 30, 2010-8	
	Less than 10 years of June 30, 201		prem	ium:
	Less than 15 years at retirement	Less than 15 years at retirement	Less than 10 years	25 years at retirement
	15-19.99 years at retirement	15-19.99 years at retirement	10-14.99 years	25 years at retirement
	20-24.99 years at retirement	20-24.99 years at retirement	15-24.99 years	10 additional years from June 30, 2010
retirement or me		25 years or more at	25-29.99 years	35 years at retirement
	retirement 30 or more ye		30 or more years	5 additional years from June 30, 2010

<sup>\*</sup> Spouses of retirees who do not meet the requirements for an 80% subsidy can receive unsubsidized coverage

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Premium Reduction Option: Participants retiring on or after January 1, 2007 with a VSTRS premium subsidy have a one-time option to reduce the VSTRS subsidy percentage during the retiree's life so that a surviving spouse may continue to receive the same VSTRS subsidy for the spouse's lifetime. If the retiree elects the joint and survivor pension option but not the Premium Reduction Option, spouses are covered for the spouse's lifetime but pay 100% of the plan premium after the retiree's death.

## **OPEB Liabilities**

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 75 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since the School District does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net OPEB liability was recorded at June 30, 2019. The State's portion of the collective net OPEB liability that was associated with the School District was as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District	1,802,970
Total	\$ 1,802,970

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District is equal to the collective net OPEB liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2018, multiplied by the School District's proportionate share percentage. The School District's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.18893% which was a decrease of 0.00237% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

# OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized total OPEB expense of \$91,551 and revenue of \$91,551 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the Plan. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	VSTRS OPEB Plar	າ
	Deferred Outflows Deferred	ed Inflows
	of Resources of Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actuent earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between tributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	- - -
Total	<u> </u>	_

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	VSTRS O	PEB Plan
Plan year ended June 30:		
2018	\$	-
2019		-
2020		-
2021		-
2022		-
Thereafter		_

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate is the single rate of return, that when applied to all projected benefit payments, results in an actuarial present value that is the sum of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments projected to be funded by plan assets using a long term rate of return, and the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that are not included in (1) using a yield or index rate for 20 year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
VSTRS OPEB Plan: Discount rate	2.870%	3.870%	4.870%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	- \$ -	\$ -

#### **Healthcare Trend Rate**

Health care trend measures the anticipated overall rate at which health plan costs are expected to increase in future years. The trend rate assumptions were developed using Segal's internal guidelines, which are established each year using data sources such as the 2019 Segal Health Trend Survey, internal client results, trends from other published surveys prepared by the S&P Dow Jones Indices, consulting firms and brokers, and CPI statistics published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare trend rates are as follows:

	1% Decrease	Healthcare Trend Rates	1% Increas	e
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$	_

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

#### **Amortization**

The total OPEB liability of this Plan is amortized on an open 30-year period. The amortization method is a level dollar amortization method.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Asset Valuation Method

The Asset Valuation Method used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

The long-term expected rate of return on both plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Netum
Large cap equity	20.00%	7.50%
International equity	15.00%	7.75%
Emerging international equity	5.00%	9.25%
Core bonds	60.00%	3.75%
Inflation		2.75%
Total	100.00%	

#### **Assumptions**

The actuarial assumptions used to calculate the actuarially determined contribution rates can be found in the Report on the Actuarial Valuation of Post-Retirement Benefits of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Prepared as of June 30, 2016 completed by Buck Consulting. As of June 30, 2018, they are as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate 3.87%

Salary Increase Rate Varies by age

Non-Medicare 7.15% graded to 4.50% over 12 years Medicare 7.30% graded to 4.50% over 11 years

Retiree Contributions Equal to health trend

Pre-retirement Mortality 98% of RP-2014 White Collar Employee with

generational projection using Scale SSA-2017.

Post-retirement Mortality 98% of RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant with

generational projection using Scale SSA-2017.

#### Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 with the following exceptions:

#### Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The amortization period was six years for June 30, 2018. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.58% to 3.87%.

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of OPEB amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of VSTRS or their participating employers. VSTRS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, students and guests; as well as natural disasters for which the School District either carries commercial insurance, participates in a public entity risk pool, or is effectively self-insured. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the School District.

The School District is a member of the Vermont School Boards Association. The Association has set up two insurance Trusts; Vermont School Boards Insurance Trust, Inc. (VSBIT) for worker compensation, multi-line intermunicipal school program and unemployment compensation program, and the Vermont Education Health Initiative (VEHI) for medical benefits. VSBIT and VEHI are nonprofit corporations formed to provide insurance and risk management programs for Vermont School Districts and is owned by the participating Districts. The Trusts are not licensed insurance carriers and members are not protected by the Vermont Insurance Guaranty Association.

To provide insurance coverage, VEHI has established a self-funded fully insured program in conjunction with Blue Cross and Blue Shield (BCBS). A portion of member contributions is used to purchase reinsurance and to fund a reserve required by the reinsurance. Contributions in excess of claims requirements, reserve fund requirements, reinsurance and administrative costs are returned to participants. The pooling agreement does not permit the pool to make additional assessments to its members.

Multi-Line Intermunicipal School Program provides coverage for property; inland commercial boiler and machinery; crime; general automobile/garagekeepers; and educators legal liability. Annual contributions are based upon appropriate rates applicable to each member; such rates are set based on recommendations of a qualified actuary, plus a proportionate share of all operational and administrative cost including excess reinsurance premiums incurred by the trust. In the event that total contributions assessed to and made by all members result in an actual or projected financial deficit and VSBIT is unable to meet its required obligations, the program will be terminated with each member assessed their proportionate share of the deficit.

#### **NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES**

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the School District's financial position.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 15 - CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The School District participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the School District's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

The School District participates in a medical insurance plan negotiated through VEHI. This plan is a high-deductible plan with an HRA (Health Reimbursement Arrangement) funded by the School District. The organization contracted to coordinate the processing of claims on behalf of the School District with HRA funds has not processed all claims through June 30, 2019 and as of the date of this report. Additionally, they were unable to provide management with the outstanding amount to be expensed by the School District through June 30, 2019. Therefore, the amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the unprocessed claims cannot be determined at this time.

#### NOTE 16 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

The School District has an ongoing financial responsibility to Washington Central School District as defined in GASB 14, paragraph 71. Through Washington Central School District's assessment process, the School District's assessment can be increased to cover a share of any prior year deficits and decreased to share in any prior year surpluses. Separate financial statements on Washington Central School District are available from Washington Central School District.

#### NOTE 17 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the School District's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### **NOTE 18 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

All assets and liabilities of the Berlin School District, the Calais School District, the East Montpelier School District, the Middlesex School District, the Worcester School District and the Union High School District No. 32 were transferred to the new Washington Central Unified Union School District on July 1, 2019. All business transactions of these individual member schools ceased as of that date.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 19 - RESTATEMENT

The net position of the governmental activities has been restated as of July 1, 2018 on Statement B and Table 2. The net position was restated to correct an error. The beginning net position was increased by \$61,332, from \$1,129,174 to \$1,190,506.



## Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Government Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions Pension
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$	303,206	\$	303,206	\$ 303,206	\$	-
Intergovernmental:							
State/Town support		3,331,701	;	3,331,701	3,321,941		(9,760)
Other		145,912		145,912	158,090		12,178
Interest income		30,305		30,305	49,745		19,440
Miscellaneous		3,000		3,000	15,208		12,208
Amounts Available for Appropriation		3,814,124		3,814,124	3,848,190		34,066
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):							
Direct services		1,882,445		1,882,445	1,893,276		(10,831)
Support services:							
Student services		168,104		168,104	169,252		(1,148)
Instructional staff services		132,196		132,196	146,847		(14,651)
General administrative services		284,415		284,415	284,163		252
Area administrative services		226,507		226,507	217,972		8,535
Fiscal services		40,305		40,305	39,205		1,100
Operations and maintenance		295,146		295,146	259,632		35,514
Transportation		132,640		132,640	132,473		167
Debt service:							
Principal		156,390		156,390	156,389		1
Interest		117,770		117,770	157,967		(40,197)
Transfers to other funds		75,000		75,000	309,645		(234,645)
Total Charges to Appropriations		3,510,918		3,510,918	3,766,821		(255,903)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	303,206	\$	303,206	\$ 81,369	\$	(221,837)

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019	2	018	2017	2016	2015	2014
<u>VSTRS:</u>							
Proportion of the net pension liability School District's proportionate share of the net	0.19	%	0.19%	0.18%	0.19%	0.23%	0.23%
pension liability	\$	- \$	- \$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District Total	2,830,43 \$ 2,830,43			2,321,970 2,321,970	2,233,759 \$ 2,233,759	2,164,564 \$ 2,164,564	\$ 2,315,704 \$ 2,315,704
Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-	\$ 1,266,61	8 \$ 1,2	241,824 \$	1,148,637	\$ 1,049,963	\$ 1,280,207	\$ 1,290,975
employee payroll	0.00	%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	54.81	%	53.98%	55.31%	58.22%	64.02%	60.59%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30, and are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019		2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
<u>VSTRS:</u>							
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	- \$ 		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	- \$		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$ 1,295,	528 \$	1,266,618	\$ 1,241,824	\$ 1,148,637	\$ 1,049,963	\$ 1,280,207
employee payroll	0.0	00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

VSTRS OPEB Plan:	2019	 2018	 2017
Proportion of the net OPEB liability School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 0.19%	\$ 0.19%	\$ 0.18%
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District Total	\$ 1,802,970 1,802,970	\$ 1,783,478 1,783,478	\$ <u>-</u>
Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee	\$ 1,266,618	\$ 1,241,824	\$ 1,148,637
payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	1.76%	1.52%	0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

_		9	2018		2017	
VSTRS OPEB Plan:						
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$	
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		5,528 0.00%	\$ 1,266, 0.	618 00%	\$	1,241,824 0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## **Changes of Assumptions**

#### **VSTRS Pension Plan:**

The valuation liability for inactive members as reported by the System was lowered from 332.5% of accumulated contributions to 250.0% of accumulated contributions.

#### VSTRS OPEB Plan:

The discount rate increased from 3.58% to 3.87% for the VSTRS OPEB liability.

The percentage of non-DC Plan current retirees assumed to have life insurance coverage was increased from 65% to 75%.

Future male retirees were assumed to be two years older than their spouses, decreased from three years. Future female retirees were assumed to be one year younger than their spouses, decreased from three years.

The percentage of future retirees assumed to have a spouse electing coverage was increased from 60% to 70% for male retirees and from 50% to 60% for female retirees.

The claims cost development methodology was modified for non-Medicare participants.

The per capita valuation-year claims and retiree contribution rates were updated.

The assumed health trend rates were modified.

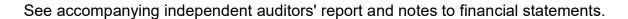
#### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues
- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)
Resources (Inflows):				
Intergovernmental revenues:				
Education spending grant	\$ 3,331,701	\$ 3,331,701	\$ 3,321,941	\$ (9,760)
Special education reimbursement	136,881	136,881	149,630	12,749
E-rate	9,031	9,031	8,460	(571)
Interest income	30,305	30,305	49,745	19,440
Miscellaneous:				
Other receipts	3,000	3,000	15,208	12,208
Amounts Available for Appropriation	\$ 3,510,918	\$ 3,510,918	\$ 3,544,984	\$ 34,066



# BERLIN SCHOOL DISTRICT

# SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

TORTIL			JUI	·	9			/ariance
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Positive legative)
Direct services -								
Instructional services	\$	1,347,195	\$	1,347,195	\$	1,323,133	\$	24,062
Preschool program	•	35,562	•	35,562	•	22,682	•	12,880
Special education		244,430		244,430		260,170		(15,740)
SU assessments		231,858		231,858		267,182		(35,324)
English language learner		23,400		23,400		20,109		3,291
Total Direct services		1,882,445		1,882,445		1,893,276		(10,831)
Support services -								
Students -								
Guidance services		96,887		96,887		97,613		(726)
Health services		71,217		71,217		71,639		(422)
Instructional staff -								
Library services		48,531		48,531		53,178		(4,647)
Technology services		83,665		83,665		93,669		(10,004)
Total Support services		300,300		300,300		316,099		(15,799)
General administration -								
Board of Education		16,306		16,306		16,054		252
Office of the superintendent		268,109		268,109		268,109		232
Total General administration		284,415	_	284,415		284,163		252
Total Colloral dallimication		201,110		201,110		201,100		
Area Administration - Office of the principal		226,507		226,507		217,972		8,535
Fiscal services		40,305		40,305		39,205		1,100
Operations and maintenance		295,146		295,146		259,632		35,514
Transportation		132,640		132,640		132,473		167
Debt service -								
Principal		156,390		156,390		156,389		1
Interest		117,770		117,770		157,967		(40,197)
Total Debt service		274,160		274,160		314,356		(40,196)
Total Best service	_	274,100		274,100		014,000		(40,100)
Transfers to other funds		75,000		75,000		309,645		(234,645)
TOTAL DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS	\$	3,510,918	\$	3,510,918	\$	3,766,821	\$	(255,903)

# **General Capital Assets**

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.



# BERLIN SCHOOL DISTRICT

# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2019

	Land and Non-depreciable Assets	Building Ir	ldings, mprovements mprovements	F E	furniture, Fixtures, quipment d Vehicles	<u>Infra</u>	astructure_	Total
Direct Services	\$ -	\$	3,264,031	\$	204,166	\$	-	\$ 3,468,197
S.S Students	-		267,178		-		-	267,178
S.S Staff	-		503,048		16,154		-	519,202
S.S Area Adm	-		61,954		_		-	61,954
Operations and Maintenance	-		345,255		66,775		88,324	500,354
Food Service			24,588	_	35,581			60,169
Total General Capital Assets	-		4,466,054		322,676		88,324	4,877,054
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	-		(871,581)		(164,176)		(7,065)	(1,042,822)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ -	\$	3,594,473	\$	158,500	\$	81,259	\$ 3,834,232

# BERLIN SCHOOL DISTRICT

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Capital Assets 7/1/18	Additions	Deletions	General Capital Assets 6/30/19
Direct Services	\$ 1,234,791	\$ 2,233,406	\$ -	\$ 3,468,197
S.S Students	55,534	211,644	-	267,178
S.S Staff	120,742	398,460	-	519,202
S.S Area Adm	12,886	49,068	-	61,954
Operations and Maintenance	3,055,312	101,979	(2,656,937)	500,354
Food Service	58,148	3,265	(1,244)	60,169
Total General Capital Assets	4,537,413	2,997,822	(2,658,181)	4,877,054
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(885,940)	(158,126)	1,244	(1,042,822)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 3,651,473	\$ 2,839,696	\$ (2,656,937)	\$ 3,834,232



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Berlin School District Montpelier, Vermont

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Berlin School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Berlin School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2019.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Berlin School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Berlin School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Berlin School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Berlin School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 November 15, 2019

# Audited Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

# **Calais School District**

June 30, 2019



Proven Expertise & Integrity

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JUNE 30, 2019

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Calais School District Montpelier, Vermont

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of the Calais School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Calais School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

3 Old Orchard Road, Buxton, Maine 04093

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of the Calais School District as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and OPEB information on pages 4 through 10 and 54 through 59 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Calais School District's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund and capital asset schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting

and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund and capital asset schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2019, on our consideration of the Calais School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Calais School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 November 27. 2019

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

#### (UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the Calais School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements.

#### **Financial Statement Overview**

The School District's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, pension and OPEB information and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the School District's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the School District's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position - this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities - this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above-mentioned financial statements have separate columns for the two different types of School District activities. The types of activities presented for the School District are:

- Governmental activities The activities in this section are mostly supported by intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants), support from the town and charges for services. Most of the School District's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance, transportation and program expenses.
- Business-type activities These activities are normally intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and/or charges to external users for goods and/or services. The activity for the School District includes the food service fund.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be classified into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services provided by the School District are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the School District.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues,

expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The School District presents three columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The School District's major funds are the general fund, the special revenue fund and the capital projects fund. There are no nonmajor funds.

The general fund is the only fund for which the School District legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Proprietary Funds: The School District maintains one proprietary fund, the food service fund. This fund is used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. No reconciliation is needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds: These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Calais School District. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds are much like that of proprietary funds. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds.

# **Required Supplementary Information**

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, a Schedule of Contributions - Pension, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, a Schedule of Contributions - OPEB and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

## Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regards to capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

## **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the School District's governmental and business-type activities. The School District's total net position for governmental activities decreased by \$32,384 from \$930,788 to \$898,404. For business-type activities, the School District's total net position decreased by \$16,025 from \$43,421 to \$27,396.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - decreased for governmental activities to a balance of \$52,515 at the end of the fiscal year. For business-type activities, the balance decreased to a balance of \$0.

Table 1
Calais School District
Net Position
June 30,

		Governmen	tal A	l Activities Business-t		ype Activities		
		2019		2018 2019		2019	2018	
Assets:								
Current Assets	\$	252,750	\$	381,192	\$	957	\$	14,868
Noncurrent Assets		654,244		578,257		27,398		29,594
Total Assets	\$	906,994	\$	959,449	\$	28,355	\$	44,462
		,						
Liabilities:	Ť							
Current Liabilities	\$	5,696	\$	25,820	\$	-	\$	-
Noncurrent Liabilities		2,592		2,841		-		-
Total Liabilities	\$	8,288	\$	28,661	\$	-	\$	-
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Deferred Revenues	\$		\$		_\$	957	\$	1,041
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	-	\$	-	\$	957	\$	1,041
No Decide								
Net Position:							_	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	654,244	\$	578,257	\$	27,398	\$	29,594
Restricted		191,947		192,615		-		-
Unrestricted		52,515		159,916				13,827
Total Net Position	\$	898,706	\$	930,788	\$	27,398	\$	43,421

Table 2
Calais School District
Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30,

	Governmental Activities		В	Business-ty	type Activities			
		2019		2018		2019		2018
Revenues								
Program Revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	3,178	\$	20,512	\$	23,387
Operating grants and contributions		539,080		534,993		21,729		24,394
General Revenues:								
Grants and contributions not restricted								
to specific programs	1	,856,903		1,868,473		-		-
Miscellaneous		39,727		30,850		1,369	-	2,584
Total Revenues	2	2,435,710		2,437,494		43,610		50,365
			abla					
Expenses								
Direct services	1	,105,398		1,079,025		-		-
Support services:								
Student services		104,047		87,448		-		-
Instructional staff services		123,231		111,884		-		-
General administrative services		169,433		12,412		-		-
Area administrative services		166,794		300,970		-		-
Fiscal services		17,740		17,237		-		-
Operations and maintenance		201,711		217,133		-		-
Transportation		80,391		71,822		-		-
On-behalf payments		410,913		420,724		-		-
Program expenses		57,383		55,496		81,343		78,797
Interest on long-term debt		9,041		31,580				
Total Expenses	2	2,446,082		2,405,731		81,343		78,797
Equity transfers from members		-		-		-		12,782
Transfers		(21,710)		(21,000)		21,710		21,000
Change in Net Position		(32,082)		10,763		(16,023)		5,350
Net Position - July 1		930,788		920,025		43,421		38,071
Net Position - June 30	\$	898,706	\$	930,788	\$	27,398	\$	43,421

#### **Revenues and Expenses**

Revenues for the School District's governmental activities decreased by 0.07%, while total expenses increased by 1.69%. The decrease in revenues was mainly due to a decrease in grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs. The increase in expenses was mainly due to general administrative services, which was offset by a decrease in area administrative services due to account classification changes.

Revenues for the School District's business-type activities decreased by 13.41%, while total expenses increased by 3.23%.

#### Financial Analysis of the School District's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the School District's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year, and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
Calais School District
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
June 30,

	2019	2018
Major Funds:	_	
General Fund:		
Assigned	\$ 55,971	\$ 163,704
Total General Fund	\$ 55,971	\$ 163,704
Capital Projects Fund:		
Restricted	\$ 191,947	\$ 192,615
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 191,947	\$ 192,615

The general fund total fund balance decreased by \$107,733 from the prior fiscal year largely as a result of transfers to other funds. The capital projects fund total fund balance decreased by \$668 from the prior fiscal year mainly due to expenditures exceeding revenues and a transfer in from the general fund.

## **Budgetary Highlights**

There was no difference between the original and final budget for the general fund.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded the budgeted revenues by \$61,599. This was a result of additional small schools grant funds, special education reimbursements and miscellaneous revenues.

The general fund actual expenditures were over budget by \$169,332. This was due to additional capital funds transfers and additional staff salaries and benefits.

# **Capital Asset and Long-Term Debt Activity**

#### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2019, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the School District increased by \$73,791. The increase was due to current year capital additions of \$125,776 less net disposals of \$607 and current year depreciation expense of \$51,378.

Table 4
Calais School District
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
June 30,

		2019		2018
Construction in progress	\$	6,000	\$	6,000
Buildings, building improvements	Ψ		Ψ	•
and land improvements		581,551		507,527
Infrastructure		43,988		7,297
Furniture and equipment		50,103		87,027
Total	\$	681,642	\$	607,851

#### Debt

At June 30, 2019, the School District had no outstanding debt.

#### **Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions**

# **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

This will be the last audited financial statements issued by the Calais School District. Refer to Note 17 of the Notes to Financial Statements for more information.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School District at 1130 Gallison Hill Road, Montpelier, Vermont 05602.

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Business-type Activities Activities			Total		
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	241,034	\$	-	\$	241,034
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		-		1,305		1,305
Due from other governments		9,442		1,589		11,031
Inventory		0.074		337		337
Internal balances Total current assets		2,274 252,750		(2,274)		252 707
Total current assets		252,750	$\overline{}$	957		253,707
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:						
Land and other assets not being depreciated Buildings, building improvements and other assets,		6,000		-		6,000
net of accumulated depreciation		648,244		27,398		675,642
Total noncurrent assets		654,244		27,398		681,642
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	906,994	\$	28,355	\$	935,349
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Due to other governments	\$	4,832	\$	_	\$	4,832
Current portion of long-term obligations	T .	864	*	_	Ψ	864
Total current liabilities		5,696		_		5,696
Noncurrent liabilities:						<u>,                                      </u>
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:		2 502				2 502
Accrued compensated absences Total noncurrent liabilities		2,592 2,592				2,592 2,592
Total Horiculterit liabilities		2,092				2,392
TOTAL LIABILITIES		8,288				8,288
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue		_		957		957
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		957		957
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		654,244		27,398		681,642
Restricted		191,947		-		191,947
Unrestricted		52,515				52,515
TOTAL NET POSITION		898,706		27,398		926,104
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFENDED INCLOSES OF						
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	906,994	\$	28,355	\$	935,349

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

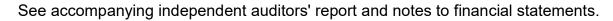
			Program Revenu	les	, ,	e) Revenue a n Net Positio	•
			Operating	Capital		Business -	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
Direct services	\$ 1,105,398	\$ -	\$ 71,152	\$ -	\$ (1,034,246)	\$ -	\$ (1,034,246)
Support services:					,		,
Student services	104,047	_	-	-	(104,047)	-	(104,047)
Instructional staff services	123,231	-	-	-	(123,231)	-	(123,231)
General administrative services	169,433	-	-	-	(169,433)	-	(169,433)
Area administrative services	166,794	_		-	(166,794)	-	(166,794)
Fiscal services	17,740	-		-	(17,740)	-	(17,740)
Operations and maintenance	201,711	-	-	-	(201,711)	-	(201,711)
Transportation	80,391	-	-	-	(80,391)	-	(80,391)
Program expenses	57,383	-	57,015	-	(368)	-	(368)
On-behalf payments	410,913	_	410,913	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	9,041		-	-	(9,041)	-	(9,041)
Total governmental activities	2,446,082	-	539,080	-	(1,907,002)	-	(1,907,002)
Business-type activities:							
Food service	81,343	20,512	21,729	-	-	(39,102)	(39,102)
Total business-type activities	81,343	20,512	21,729			(39,102)	(39,102)
Total government	\$ 2,527,425	\$ 20,512	\$ 560,809	\$ -	(1,907,002)	(39,102)	(1,946,104)

# STATEMENT B (CONTINUED)

# CALAIS SCHOOL DISTRICT

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Changes in net position: Net (expense) revenue	(1,907,002)	(39,102)	(1,946,104)
General revenues: Grants and contributions not restricted			
to specific programs Miscellaneous	1,856,903 39,727	1,369	1,856,903 41,096
Transfers Total general revenues and transfers	(21,710) 1,874,920	21,710 23,079	1,897,999
Change in net position	(32,082)	(16,023)	(48,105)
NET POSITION - JULY 1	930,788	43,421	974,209
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 898,706	\$ 27,398	\$ 926,104

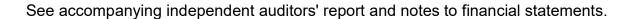


# BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS  LIABILITIES Due to other governments Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES TOTAL LIABILITIES TOTAL LIABILITIES  FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Restricted TOTAL Standard TOTAL St		General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
Cash and cash equivalents       \$ 241,034       -       \$ -       \$ 241,034         Due from other governments       9,442       -       -       9,442         Due from other funds       -       -       191,947       191,947         TOTAL ASSETS       \$ 250,476       \$ -       \$ 191,947       \$ 442,423         LIABILITIES       Due to other governments       \$ 4,832       -       \$ -       \$ 4,832         Due to other funds       189,673       -       -       189,673         TOTAL LIABILITIES       194,505       -       -       194,505         FUND BALANCES         Nonspendable       -       -       -       -       -         Restricted       -       -       191,947       191,947       191,947         Committed       -									
Due from other governments         9,442         -         -         9,442           Due from other funds         -         -         191,947         191,947           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 250,476         \$ -         \$ 191,947         \$ 442,423           LIABILITIES         Due to other governments         \$ 4,832         \$ -         \$ -         \$ 4,832           Due to other funds         189,673         -         -         189,673           TOTAL LIABILITIES         194,505         -         -         194,505           FUND BALANCES         Nonspendable         -         -         -         -         -           Restricted         -         -         191,947         191,947         191,947           Committed         -         -         -         -         -         -           Assigned         55,971         -         -         55,971         -         -         -           Unassigned         - </td <td></td> <td>¢</td> <td>2//1 03//</td> <td>¢</td> <td>_</td> <td>•</td> <td>_</td> <td>Φ.</td> <td>2/1 03/</td>		¢	2//1 03//	¢	_	•	_	Φ.	2/1 03/
TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 250,476         \$ - \$ 191,947         \$ 442,423           LIABILITIES         Due to other governments         \$ 4,832         \$ - \$ - \$ 4,832           Due to other funds         189,673         189,673           TOTAL LIABILITIES         194,505         194,505           FUND BALANCES         Nonspendable	•	Ψ	•	Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	
LIABILITIES         Due to other governments       \$ 4,832 \$ - \$ - \$ 4,832         Due to other funds       189,673 - 189,673         TOTAL LIABILITIES       194,505 194,505         FUND BALANCES	Due from other funds						191,947		191,947
Due to other governments       \$ 4,832 \$ - \$ - \$ 4,832         Due to other funds       189,673 - 189,673         TOTAL LIABILITIES       194,505         FUND BALANCES	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	250,476	\$	-	\$	191,947	\$	442,423
Due to other governments       \$ 4,832 \$ - \$ - \$ 4,832         Due to other funds       189,673 - 189,673         TOTAL LIABILITIES       194,505         FUND BALANCES									
Due to other funds       189,673       -       -       189,673         TOTAL LIABILITIES       194,505       -       -       194,505         FUND BALANCES Nonspendable       -       -       -       -       -         Restricted       -       -       191,947       191,947         Committed       -       -       -       -       -         Assigned       55,971       -       -       55,971         Unassigned       -       -       -       -       -	LIABILITIES								
TOTAL LIABILITIES         194,505         -         -         194,505           FUND BALANCES Nonspendable         -	Due to other governments	\$	4,832	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,832
FUND BALANCES  Nonspendable  Restricted  Committed  Assigned  Unassigned  FUND BALANCES	Due to other funds		189,673		_		-		189,673
Nonspendable       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       191,947       191,947       - </td <td>TOTAL LIABILITIES</td> <td></td> <td>194,505</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><math>\overline{}</math></td> <td></td> <td>194,505</td>	TOTAL LIABILITIES		194,505				$\overline{}$		194,505
Nonspendable       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       191,947       191,947       - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>abla</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td></td> <td>_</td>				abla			_		_
Restricted       -       -       191,947       191,947         Committed       -       -       -       -       -         Assigned       55,971       -       -       55,971         Unassigned       -       -       -       -       -	FUND BALANCES								
Committed       -       -       -       -       -         Assigned       55,971       -       -       55,971         Unassigned       -       -       -       -       -	Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Assigned 55,971 55,971 Unassigned			-		-		191,947		191,947
Unassigned	Committed		-		-		-		-
	_		55,971				-		55,971
TOTAL FUND BALANCES <u>55,971</u> <u>- 191,947</u> <u>247,918</u>					-				
	TOTAL FUND BALANCES		55,971		-		191,947		247,918
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND  BALANCES \$ 250,476 \$ - \$ 191,947 \$ 442,423		\$	250,476	\$	_	\$	191,947	\$	442,423

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Gov	Total vernmental Funds
Total Fund Balances	\$	247,918
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation Long-term obligations shown below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds shown above:		654,244
Accrued compensated absences		(3,456)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	898,706



# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Interest income Miscellaneous revenues TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 2,050,153 24,695 13,140 2,087,988	\$ 57,015 - - 57,015	\$ 1,524 - 1,524	\$	2,107,168 26,219 13,140 2,146,527
EXPENDITURES Current: Direct services	1 102 086				1 102 096
Support services:	1,102,986	-	-		1,102,986
Student services	86,616	_			86,616
Instructional staff services	122,992	_	_		122,992
General administrative services	169,433	-	-		169,433
Area administrative services	165,659	-	-		165,659
Fiscal services	17,740	-	-		17,740
Operations and maintenance	200,035	-	-		200,035
Transportation	80,391	-	-		80,391
On-behalf payments	122,098	-	-		122,098
Program expenses	-	57,015	-		57,015
Capital outlay	 	 	108,253		108,253
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,067,950	57,015	 108,253		2,233,218
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	20,038		(106,729)		(86,691)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			400.004		400.004
Transfers (out)	- (107 771)	-	106,061		106,061
Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	 (127,771)	 	 		(127,771)
(USES)	 (127,771)		 106,061		(21,710)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(107,733)	-	(668)		(108,401)
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	163,704	 	 192,615		356,319
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 55,971	\$ 	\$ 191,947	\$	247,918

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ (108,401)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets:	
Capital asset acquisitions	125,776
Capital asset disposals	(607)
Depreciation expense	(49,182)
	75,987
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Accrued compensated absences	332
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ (32,082)

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities			
	Enterprise Fund Food Service	Internal Service Fund			
ASSETS Current assets:	CCIVIOC				
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$ 1,305	\$ -			
Due from other governments Inventory	1,589 337	<u> </u>			
Total current assets	3,231	-			
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:	24.000				
Building improvements Equipment	34,298 34,939	-			
Less: accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	(41,839) 27,398				
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 30,629	<u>\$ -</u>			
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:					
Due to other funds Total current liabilities	\$ 2,274 2,274	\$ <u>-</u>			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,274	<u> </u>			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	957				
RESOURCES	957				
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Unrestricted	27,398	- -			
TOTAL NET POSITION	27,398				
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 30,629	\$ -			

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

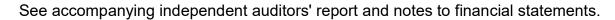
	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities			
	Enterprise Fund	Internal			
	Food	Service			
	Service	<u>Fund</u>			
OPERATING REVENUES Intergovernmental	\$ 21,729	\$ -			
Charges for services	20,512	φ -			
Miscellaneous	1,369	368			
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	43,610	368			
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries	27,906	-			
Benefits Repairs and maintenance	18,773 1,235	368			
Supplies and food	31,233	-			
Depreciation	2,196	_			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	81,343	368			
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(37,733)				
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Transfers in	21,710				
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	21,710				
TOTAL MONOT ENGINEER (EXT. ENGLS)	21,710				
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(16,023)	-			
NET POSITION - JULY 1	43,421				
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 27,398	\$ -			

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Enter	ness-type ctivities prise Fund Food ervice	G 	overnmental Activities Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Intergovernmental receipts Internal activity - receipts (payments) from/to other funds Payments to suppliers NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	20,576 23,569 12,942 (78,797) (21,710)	\$	368 - - (368)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in (out) NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		21,710 21,710		<u>-</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1				<u>-</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30	\$		\$	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(37,733)	\$	-
Depreciation expense		2,196		-
Changes in operating assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:  (Increase) decrease in due from other governments  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable  (Increase) decrease in inventory  (Increase) decrease in due from other funds  (Decrease) increase in deferred revenue		1,840 (1,305) 434 10,668 (84)		- - -
(Decrease) increase in due to other funds NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	2,274 (21,710)	\$	 

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Agency Funds Student Activities		
ASSETS Due from other governments	\$	4,832	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	4,832	
LIABILITIES Deposits held for others	\$	4,832	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	4,832	



## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

Calais School District was incorporated under the laws in the State of Vermont. The School District operates under the Board of Directors-superintendent form of government and provides the following services: direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance, transportation and program expenses.

The School District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The School District's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the School District. We have determined that the School District has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

## **Implementation of New Accounting Standards**

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. Laws and regulations may require governments to take specific actions to retire certain tangible capital assets at the end of the useful lives of those capital assets, such as decommissioning nuclear reactors and dismantling and removing sewage treatment plants. Other obligations to retire tangible capital assets may arise from contracts or court judgments. Internal obligating events include the occurrence of contamination, placing into operation a tangible capital asset that is required to be retired, abandoning a tangible capital asset before it is placed into operation, or acquiring a tangible capital asset that has an existing ARO. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. If an ARO (or portions thereof) has been incurred by a government but is not yet recognized because it is not reasonably estimable, the

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

government is required to disclose that fact and the reasons therefor. This Statement requires similar disclosures for a government's minority shares of AROs. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences and significant subjective acceleration clauses. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

## **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The School District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School District's major funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The School District's food service fund is categorized as a business-type activity. All other activities of the School District are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The School District's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The School District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School District's functions and business-type activities (instruction, administration, etc.) excluding fiduciary activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The School District does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding departments.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School District as an entity and the change in the School District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the School District are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the School District:

#### 1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the School District:

# Major Funds:

- a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

c. The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

#### 2. Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Operating revenues include charges for services, intergovernmental reimbursements and other miscellaneous fees which are a direct result of the proprietary activity. Nonoperating revenues are any revenues which are generated outside of the general proprietary activity, i.e. interest income. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the School District:

- a. Enterprise Funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing. services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.
- b. Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by an activity to other departments, funds or component units of the School District on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the School District's governmental activities, the financial statement of the internal service fund is consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements.

## 3. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the School District's programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Component units that are fiduciary in nature have been excluded from these financial statements.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The School District's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The School District has no nonmajor funds.

# Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### 1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### 2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Budget**

The School District's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 24, Accounting and Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, payments made by the State of Vermont to the Vermont State Retirement System for teachers and certain other school employees are reported as offsetting revenues and expenditures of the general fund.

Revenues per budgetary basis Add: On-behalf payments	\$ 1,965,890 122,098
Total GAAP basis	\$ 2,087,988
Expenditures per budgetary basis	\$ 2,073,623
Add: On-behalf basis	122,098
Total GAAP basis	\$ 2,195,721

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The annual school budget is the planning management tool, which delineates the School District's educational priorities and programs and forms the basis for voter review and approval of the budget according to applicable State of Vermont education finance laws.
- 2. The Board budget process includes input from school district administration and staff, educational priorities for the next school year, along with public hearings, which include the Board of Directors and general public.
- 3. The budget document itself is based upon the most current funding information available along with the projection of current revenues and expenditures for the next year. At the conclusion of the budget process, a final budget is approved by the Board of Directors.

## **Deposits and Investments**

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

It is the School District's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the School District's investments are reported at amortized cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be a cash equivalent. The School District Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The Calais School District has no formal investment policy but instead follows the State of Vermont Statutes.

#### Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies and local businesses. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. Allowances for uncollectible accounts netted with accounts receivable were \$17,168 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2019.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost which approximate market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when used (consumption method). The food service fund inventory consists of school lunch supplies and food on hand at the end of the year.

## **Interfund Receivables and Payables**

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more for land, \$20,000 or more for buildings and improvements, \$2,500 for furniture and equipment and \$5,000 for vehicles are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 - 50 years Infrastructure 50 - 100 years Furniture and equipment 5 - 20 years

## **Long-term Obligations**

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) Plan and additions to/deductions from the VSTRS Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the VSTRS Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## <u>OPEB</u>

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) and additions to/deductions from the VSTRS OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by VSTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

## **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

#### Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Nonspendable - This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the School District. The inhabitants of the School District through School District meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the School District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a School District meeting vote.

Assigned - This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Directors.

Unassigned - This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the School District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the School District meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District currently has no deferred outflows of resources.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of this item, deferred revenues, which is reported in both the statements of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### **Program Revenues**

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

### Operating/Nonoperating Proprietary Fund Revenues

Operating revenues consist mainly of direct revenue sources and/or charges for services applicable to that fund's ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

## **Encumbrance Accounting**

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The School District does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

## **Use of Estimates**

During the preparation of the School District's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits:**

The School District's investment policies, which follow state statutes, authorize the School District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. These investment policies apply to all School District funds.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School District will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2019, the School District's cash balance of \$241,034 was comprised of bank deposits of \$307,830. Of these bank deposits, \$250,000 were fully insured by federal depository insurance and consequently were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The remaining balance of \$57,830 was collateralized with securities held by the financial institution in the School District's name.

Account Type	Bank <u>Balance</u>			
Checking accounts Repurchase agreement	\$	11,999 295,831 307,830		

#### **Investments:**

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

At June 30, 2019, the School District had no investments.

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Vermont authorize the School District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The School District does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the School District invests excess funds in savings accounts and various insured certificates of deposit.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

## NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Receivables (Due from)	Payables (Due to)
General fund Capital projects fund	\$ - 191,947	\$ 189,673
Food service fund	-	2,274
	\$ 191,947	\$ 191,947

#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance, 7/1/18 Additions			Di	sposals	Balance 6/30/19		
Governmental activities: Non-depreciated assets:								
Land	\$	6,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,000
		6,000		-		-		6,000
Depreciated assets:								
Buildings		194,342		-		-		194,342
Building improvements		957,639		62,306		-		1,019,945
Infrastructure		8,585		36,906		-		45,491
Furniture and equipment		95,112		26,564		(1,010)		120,666
		1,255,678		125,776		(1,010)		1,380,444
Less: accumulated depreciation		(683,421)		(49,182)		403		(732,200)
		572,257		76,594		(607)		648,244
Net governmental capital assets	\$	578,257	\$	76,594	\$	(607)	\$	654,244

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

		Balance 7/1/18	A	dditions	Dispos	sals_	alance 30/19
Business-type activities: Depreciated assets:							
Building improvements	\$	34,298	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 34,298
Furniture and equipment		34,939					34,939
		69,237		-		-	69,237
Less: accumulated depreciation		(39,643)		(2,196)		-	(41,839)
Net business-type capital assets	\$	29,594	\$	(2,196)	\$		\$ 27,398
Current year depreciation: Direct services S.S students S.S staff S.S area adm Operations and maintenance							\$ 28,701 17,431 239 1,135 1,676
Total governmental activities de Food service	epre	ciation					49,182 2,196
Total depreciation expense							\$ 51,378

#### NOTE 5 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance,			Balance,
	7/1/18	Additions	Reductions	6/30/19
Tax/revenue anticipation note	\$ -	\$ 671,775	\$ (671,775)	\$ -

On July 2, 2018, the School District issued a tax/revenue anticipation note through Community Bank in anticipation of revenues to meet its operating obligations during the 2019 fiscal year. The note allowed principal draws up to \$671,775 at 2.70% interest per annum with a maturity date of June 29, 2019. At June 24, 2019, the note was paid in full. Interest expense for the note was \$17,740.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### **NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS**

A summary of other long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	lance, /1/18	Add	ditions	<u>D</u>	eletions	Salance, 6/30/19	ent Year ortion
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 3,788	\$		\$	(332)	\$ 3,456	\$ 864

Please see Note 7 for detailed information on the other long-term obligations.

#### NOTE 7 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District's policies regarding vacation and sick time do permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2019, the School District's liability for compensated absences is \$3,456.

#### NOTE 8 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2019, the School District had the following restricted fund balance:

Capital	projects	fund		_\$	191,947

#### NOTE 9 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2019, the School District had the following assigned fund balances:

#### General fund:

Reserved for FY 19-20 technology equipment	\$ 17,884
Reserved for future general fund operations	 38,087
*	\$ 55,971

#### NOTE 10 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The detailed budget to actual report can be found on Schedules 1, A and B.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **Plan Description**

All of the teachers employed by the School District participate in the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System ("VSTRS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, covering nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private Union teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State of Vermont that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the retirement system consisted of 22,193 participating members.

The plan was established effective July 1, 1947, and is governed by *Title 16, V.S.A. Chapter 55*. Subsequent Vermont state legislation, *Act 74*, which became effective on July 1, 2010, contained numerous changes to the plan benefits available to current and future members, as well as a change in access to health care coverage after retirement, resulting from a multi-party agreement to provide sustainability of quality pension and retiree health benefits for Vermont teachers.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the retirement System for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of six members. They are the Secretary of Education (ex-officio), the State Treasurer (ex-officio), the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio), two members and one alternate elected by active members of the System under rules adopted by the Board and one retired member and one alternate elected by the board of directors of Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont. The Chair is elected by the Board and acts as executive officer of the Board.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: http://finance.vermont.gov/reports\_and\_publications/cafr.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Benefits Provided**

The VSTRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, health care and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. There are two levels of contributions and benefits in the System: Group A - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont prior to July 1, 1981 and elected to remain in Group A; and Group C - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont on or after July 1, 1990. Group C also includes those teachers hired prior to July 1, 1990 and were in Group B on July 1, 1990. When *Act 74* became effective on June 30, 2010, Group C was further bifurcated into Groups #1 and #2. Group #1 contains members who were at least 57 years of age or had at least 25 years of service and Group #2 contains members who were less than 57 years of age and had less than 25 years of service.

Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service, and are summarized below:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Normal service retirement eligibility (no reduction)	Age 60 or 30 years of service	Age 62 or with 30 years of service	Age 65 or when the sum of age and service equals 90
Average Final Compensation (AFC)	Highest 3 consecutive years, including unused annual leave, sick leave, and bonus/incentives	Highest 3 consecutive years, excluding all payments for anything other than service actually performed	Highest 3 consecutive years, excluding all payments for anything other than service actually performed
Benefit formula – normal service retirement	1.67% x creditable service x AFC	1.25% x service prior to 6/30/90 x AFC + 1.67% x service after 7/1/90 x AFC	1.25% x service prior to 6/30/90 x AFC + 1.67% x service after 7/1/90 x AFC, 2.0% after attaining 20 years
Maximum Benefit Payable	100% of AFC	53.34% of AFC	60% of AFC
Post-Retirement COLA	,	50% CPI, up to a maximum of 5% after 12 months of retirement or with 30 years; minimum of 1%	50% CPI, up to a maximum of 5%, minimum of 1% after 12 months of normal retirement or age 65

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Early Retirement Eligibility	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service
Early Retirement Reduction	Actuarial reduction	6% per year from age 62	Actuarial reduction

Other post-employment benefits are available to all plan members include the following:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Medical Benefits	based on member's	Health subsidy based on member's service credit	,
Dental	' '	Members pay full premium	Members pay full premium

#### **Contributions**

VSTRS is a cost-sharing public employee retirement system with one exception: all risks and costs are not shared by the School District but are the liability of the State of Vermont. VSTRS is funded through State and employee contributions and trust fund investment earnings; and the School District has no legal obligation for paying benefits. Required contributions to the System are made by the State of Vermont based upon a valuation report prepared by the System's actuary, which varies by plan group. The Vermont State Teachers Retirement System estimates the contributions on behalf of the School District's employees included in the teacher's retirement plan which approximates \$122,098 or 15.75% of total payroll for employees covered under the plan.

Employee contribution rates by plan group follow:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Employee Contributions	5.5% of gross salary	5.0% of gross salary with 5 or more years of service as of 7/1/14; 6.0% of gross salary if less than 5 years of service as of 7/1/14	less than 5 years of

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employee contributions totaled \$40,494 during the year and were paid by the School District to the State of Vermont. The School District has no other liability under the plan. The School District's total payroll for all employees covered under this plan was \$775,228 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Pension Liabilities**

VSTRS Plan

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since the School District does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net pension liability was recorded at June 30, 2019. The State's portion of the collective net pension liability that was associated with the School District was as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	1,775,256
Total	\$ 1,775,256

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is equal to the collective net pension liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2018, multiplied by the School District's proportionate share percentage. The School District's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.11751% which was a decrease of 0.0027% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

## Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized total pension expense of \$219,892 and revenue of \$219,892 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the VSTRS plan. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

	VSTI	RS
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions	_	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	
Total	\$ -	\$ -

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	VST	RS
Plan year ended June 30:		
2019	\$	-
2020		-
2021		-
2022		-
2023		-
Thereafter		_

## **Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods**

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using the actuarial assumptions outlined below.

*Investment Rate of Return*: 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Inflation: 2.50%

Salary Increases: Ranging from 3.75% to 9.09%

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Deaths After Retirement: The VSTRS plan used 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Employee with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for pre-retirement, 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Annuitant with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for healthy retirees, and the RP-2006 Disabled Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for disabled retirees.

*Inactive Members*: Valuation liability for the VSTRS plan equals 250.0% of accumulated contributions.

Future Administrative Expenses: No provisions were made, expenses of the System are paid by the State.

Unknown Data for Participants: For the VSTRS plan, it is the same as those exhibited by participants with similar known characteristics. If not specified, participants are assumed to be male.

*Percent Married*: 85% of male members and 35% of female members are assumed to be married.

Spouse's Age: Husbands are assumed to be three years older than their wives.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments: Adjustments for the VSTRS plan are assumed to occur on January 1 following one year of retirement. For the VSTRS plan this occurs at the rate of 2.55% per annum for Group A members and 1.40% per annum for Group C members (beginning at age 62 for Group C members who elect reduced early retirement). The January 1, 2019 COLA is assumed to be 2.60% for Group A and 1.30% for Group C.

Actuarial Cost Method: Uses the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Entry age is the age at date of employment, or, if date is unknown, current age minus years of service. Normal Cost and Accrued Actuarial Liability are calculated on an individual basis and are allocated by salary, with Normal Cost determined using the plan of benefits applicable to each participant.

For the VSTRS plan, the *asset valuation method* used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The *long-term* expected rate of return on the VSTRS plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
US Equity	18.00%	6.10%
Non-US Equity	16.00%	7.45%
Global Equity	9.00%	6.74%
Fixed Income	26.00%	2.25%
Real Estate	8.00%	5.11%
Private Markets	15.00%	7.60%
Hedge Funds	8.00%	3.86%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for the VSTRS plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to be made in accordance with the current funding policy which exceeds the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current System members. The assumed discount rate has been determined in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB 68.

# Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50% for the VSTRS plan, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
VSTRS: Discount rate	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	- \$	\$ -

## **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of VSTRS or their participating employers. VSTRS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: http://finance.vermont.gov/reports and publications/cafr

## NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

#### VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **Plan Description**

The Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System provides postemployment benefits to eligible VSTRS employees who retire from the System through a cost-sharing, multiple-employer postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan (the Plan).

The plan covers nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private high school teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the plan consisted of 4,878 retired members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and 8,941 active members.

Vermont Statute Title 16 Chapter 55 assigns the authority to VSTRS to establish and amend the benefits provisions of the Plan and to establish maximum obligations of the Plan members to contribute to the Plan. Management of the Plan is vested in the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Board of Trustees, which consists of the Secretary of Education (ex-officio), the State Treasurer (ex-officio), the Commissioner of

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Financial Regulation (ex-officio), two trustees and one alternate who are members of the system (each elected by the system under rules adopted by the Board) and one trustee and one alternate who are retired members of the system receiving retirement benefits (who are elected by the Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont).

All assets of the Plan are held in a single trust and are available to pay OPEB benefits to all members. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: http://finance.vermont.gov/reports and publications/cafr.

#### **Benefits Provided**

VSTRS retirees and their spouses are eligible for medical, prescription drug and dental benefits on a lifetime basis if the retiree is eligible for pension benefits, as described in the Notes to Financial Statements for Defined Benefit Plan(s).

## **Contributions**

Varying levels of contributions are required from retirees and spouses for medical and prescription drug coverage at the following premium subsidy rates:

	Retiree Subsidy		Spouse Subsidy*		
Retired before June 30, 2010	At least ten years of se premium Less than ten years of premium		0% of premium		
Retired after June 30, 2010	10 years or more of service at June 30, 2010 - 80% of premium  Less than 10 years of service at June 30, 2010:		Years of service	at June 30, 2010 - 80% premium:	
	Less than 15 years at retirement	Less than 15 years at retirement	Less than 10 years	25 years at retirement	
	15-19.99 years at retirement	15-19.99 years at retirement	10-14.99 years	25 years at retirement	
	20-24.99 years at retirement	20-24.99 years at retirement	15-24.99 years	10 additional years from June 30, 2010	
	25 years or more at 25	25 years or more at	25-29.99 years	35 years at retirement	
	retirement	retirement	30 or more years	5 additional years from June 30, 2010	

<sup>\*</sup> Spouses of retirees who do not meet the requirements for an 80% subsidy can receive unsubsidized coverage

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Premium Reduction Option: Participants retiring on or after January 1, 2007 with a VSTRS premium subsidy have a one-time option to reduce the VSTRS subsidy percentage during the retiree's life so that a surviving spouse may continue to receive the same VSTRS subsidy for the spouse's lifetime. If the retiree elects the joint and survivor pension option but not the Premium Reduction Option, spouses are covered for the spouse's lifetime but pay 100% of the plan premium after the retiree's death.

#### **OPEB Liabilities**

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 75 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since the School District does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net OPEB liability was recorded at June 30, 2019. The State's portion of the collective net OPEB liability that was associated with the School District was as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District	 1,294,414
Total	\$ 1,294,414

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District is equal to the collective net OPEB liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2018, multiplied by the School District's proportionate share percentage. The School District's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.13564% which was a decrease of 0.00026% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

## OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized total OPEB expense of \$68,923 and revenue of \$68,923 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the Plan. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	VSTRS OF	PEB Plan
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
	of Resources	of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		_
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		_
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		
Total	\$ -	\$ -

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	_VSTRS (	PEB Plan
Plan year ended June 30:		_
2019	\$	-
2020		-
2021		-
2022		-
2023		-
Thereafter		-

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate is the single rate of return, that when applied to all projected benefit payments, results in an actuarial present value that is the sum of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments projected to be funded by plan assets using a long term rate of return, and the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that are not included in (1) using a yield or index rate for 20 year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
VSTRS OPEB Plan: Discount rate	2.87%	3.87%	4.87%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	- \$	- \$ -

#### **Healthcare Trend Rate**

Health care trend measures the anticipated overall rate at which health plan costs are expected to increase in future years. The trend rate assumptions were developed using Segal's internal guidelines, which are established each year using data sources such as the 2019 Segal Health Trend Survey, internal client results, trends from other published surveys prepared by the S&P Dow Jones Indices, consulting firms and brokers, and CPI statistics published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare trend rates are as follows:

	1% Decrease		Healthcare Trend Rate		1% crease	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	_	\$	_	\$ _	

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

#### **Amortization**

The total OPEB liability of this Plan is amortized on an open 30-year period. The amortization method is a level dollar amortization method.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Asset Valuation Method

The Asset Valuation Method used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

The long-term expected rate of return on both plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return
Large cap equity	20.00%	7.50%
International equity	15.00%	7.75%
Emerging international equity	5.00%	9.25%
Core bonds	60.00%	3.75%
Inflation		2.75%
Total	100.00%	

#### **Assumptions**

The actuarial assumptions used to calculate the actuarially determined contribution rates can be found in the Report on the Actuarial Valuation of Post-Retirement Benefits of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Prepared as of June 30, 2016 completed by Buck Consulting. As of June 30, 2018, they are as follows:

Discount Rate	3.87%
Salary Increase Rate	Varies by age
Non-Medicare	7.15% graded to 4.50% over 12 years
Medicare	7.30% graded to 4.50% over 11 years

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Retiree Contributions Equal to health trend

Pre-retirement Mortality 98% of RP-2014 White Collar Employee with

generational projection using Scale SSA-2017

Post-retirement Mortality 98% of RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant with

generational projection using Scale SSA-2017

### **Changes in Net OPEB Liability**

Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 with the following exceptions:

## Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The amortization period was six years for June 30, 2018. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.58% to 3.87%.

## **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of OPEB amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of VSTRS or their participating employers. VSTRS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr

#### **NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, students and guests; as well as natural disasters for which the School District either carries commercial insurance, participates in a public entity risk pool, or is effectively self-insured. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the School District.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The School District is a member of the Vermont School Boards Association. The Association has set up two insurance Trusts; Vermont School Boards Insurance Trust, Inc. (VSBIT) for worker compensation, multi-line intermunicipal school program and unemployment compensation program, and the Vermont Education Health Initiative (VEHI) for medical benefits. VSBIT and VEHI are nonprofit corporations formed to provide insurance and risk management programs for Vermont School Districts and is owned by the participating Districts. The Trusts are not licensed insurance carriers and members are not protected by the Vermont Insurance Guaranty Association.

To provide insurance coverage, VEHI has established a self-funded fully insured program in conjunction with Blue Cross and Blue Shield (BCBS). A portion of member contributions is used to purchase reinsurance and to fund a reserve required by the reinsurance. Contributions in excess of claims requirements, reserve fund requirements, reinsurance and administrative costs are returned to participants. The pooling agreement does not permit the pool to make additional assessments to its members.

Multi-Line Intermunicipal School Program provides coverage for property; inland marine and boiler and machinery; crime; commercial general liability; automobile/garagekeepers; and educators legal liability. Annual contributions are based upon appropriate rates applicable to each member; such rates are set based on recommendations of a qualified actuary, plus a proportionate share of all operational and administrative cost including excess reinsurance premiums incurred by the trust. In the event that total contributions assessed to and made by all members result in an actual or projected financial deficit and VSBIT is unable to meet its required obligations, the program will be terminated with each member assessed their proportionate share of the deficit.

#### NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the School District's financial position.

The School District participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the School District's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The School District participates in a medical insurance plan negotiated through VEHI. This plan is a high-deductible plan with an HRA (Health Reimbursement Arrangement) funded by the School District. The organization contracted to coordinate the processing of claims on behalf of the School District with HRA funds has not processed all claims through June 30, 2019, and as of the date of this report. Additionally, they were unable to provide management with the outstanding amount to be expensed by the School District through June 30, 2019. Therefore, the amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the unprocessed claims cannot be determined at this time.

#### **NOTE 15 - RELATED ORGANIZATION**

The School District has an ongoing financial responsibility to Washington Central School District as defined in GASB 14, paragraph 71. Through Washington Central School District's assessment process, the School District's assessment can be increased to cover a share of any prior year deficits and decreased to share in any prior year surpluses. Separate financial statements on Washington Central School District are available from Washington Central School District.

#### NOTE 16 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the School District's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

All assets and liabilities of the Berlin School District, the Calais School District, the East Montpelier School District, the Middlesex School District, the Worcester School District and the Union High School District No. 32 were transferred to the new Washington Central Unified Union School District on July 1, 2019. All business transactions of these individual member schools ceased as of that date.

## Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Government Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions Pension
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance Positive Negative)
		Original		Tillal	$\overline{}$	Amounts	 ivegative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental:	\$	163,704	\$	163,704	\$	163,704	\$ -
State/Town support		1,794,832	1	,794,832		1,788,936	(5,896)
Other		88,544		88,544		139,119	50,575
Interest income		20,010		20,010		24,695	4,685
Miscellaneous		905		905		13,140	 12,235
Amounts Available for Appropriation		2,067,995	2	2,067,995		2,129,594	61,599
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):		4 000 000		000 000		4 400 000	(00.007)
Direct services Support services:		1,020,889	1	,020,889		1,102,986	(82,097)
Student services		77,111		77,111		86,616	(9,505)
Instructional staff services		109,804		109,804		122,992	(13,188)
General administrative services		170,963		170,963		169,433	1,530
Area administrative services		161,096		161,096		165,659	(4,563)
Fiscal services		19,500		19,500		17,740	1,760
Operations and maintenance		203,933		203,933		200,035	3,898
Transportation		76,995		76,995		80,391	(3,396)
Transfers to other funds		64,000		64,000		127,771	(63,771)
Total Charges to Appropriations		1,904,291	1	,904,291		2,073,623	(169,332)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	163,704	\$	163,704	\$	55,971	\$ (107,733)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	163,704	\$	163,704	\$	55,971	\$ (107,733)

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019	 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
<u>VSTRS:</u>						
Proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net	0.12%	0.12%	0.12%	0.11%	0.12%	0.12%
pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	1,775,256 1,775,256	 1,781,946 1,781,946	 1,544,951 1,544,951	\$ 1,333,227 1,333,227	1,187,359 1,187,359	 1,136,984 1,136,984
Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-	\$ 794,419	\$ 794,331	\$ 764,260	\$ 626,674	\$ 702,250	\$ 633,854
employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	54.81%	53.98%	55.31%	58.22%	64.02%	60.59%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30, and are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
<u>VSTRS:</u>												
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	- -	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	- -	\$	- 	\$	- 
Contribution deficiency (excess)			\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$	
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$	775,228	\$	794,419	\$	794,331	\$	764,260	\$	626,674	\$	702,250
employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

		2019		2018
VSTRS OPEB Plan:				
Proportion of the net OPEB liability School District's proportionate share of the		0.14%		0.14%
net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB				
liability associated with the School District Total	\$	1,294,414 1,294,414	\$	1,266,942 1,266,942
	_		_	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	794,419	\$	794,331
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee				
payroll		0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of				
the total OPEB liability		1.76%		1.52%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019	2018
VSTRS OPEB Plan:	·	 
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ - 	\$ <u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ 
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 775,228	\$ 794,419
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

## NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## **Changes of Assumptions**

#### VSTRS Pension Plan:

The valuation liability for inactive members as reported by the System was lowered from 332.5% of accumulated contributions to 250.0% of accumulated contributions.

#### VSTRS OPEB Plan:

The discount rate increased from 3.58% to 3.87% for the VSTRS OPEB liability.

The percentage of non-DC Plan current retirees assumed to have life insurance coverage was increased from 65% to 75%.

Future male retirees were assumed to be two years older than their spouses, decreased from three years. Future female retirees were assumed to be one year younger than their spouses, decreased from three years.

The percentage of future retirees assumed to have a spouse electing coverage was increased from 60% to 70% for male retirees and from 50% to 60% for female retirees.

The claims cost development methodology was modified for non-Medicare participants.

The per capita valuation-year claims and retiree contribution rates were updated.

The assumed health trend rates were modified.

## Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues
- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function



## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Original Budget I		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance Positive Negative)
Resources (Inflows):								
Intergovernmental revenues:	Φ	4 70 4 000	Φ.	4 704 000	Φ.	4 700 000	Φ.	<b>(5.000)</b>
Education spending grant	\$	1,794,832	\$	1,794,832	\$	1,788,936	\$	(5,896)
Small schools grant		26,694		26,694		64,817		38,123
Special education reimbursement		59,660		59,660		71,152		11,492
E-rate		2,190		2,190		1,377		(813)
Other		-		-		1,773		1,773
Interest income		20,010		20,010		24,695		4,685
Miscellaneous:								
Other receipts		905		905		13,140		12,235
Amounts Available for Appropriation	\$	1,904,291	\$	1,904,291	\$	1,965,890	\$	61,599

# SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Direct services -							
Instructional services	\$	760,759	\$ 760,759	\$ 823,893	\$	(63,134)	
Preschool program		21,339	21,339	21,750		(411)	
Special education		106,535	106,535	124,506		(17,971)	
SU assessments		132,256	132,256	132,837		(581)	
Total Direct services		1,020,889	1,020,889	1,102,986		(82,097)	
Support services -							
Students -							
Guidance services		49,835	49,835	54,949		(5,114)	
Health services		27,276	27,276	31,667		(4,391)	
Instructional staff -							
Library services		46,545	46,545	50,344		(3,799)	
Technology services		63,259	63,259	 72,648		(9,389)	
Total Support services	$\bigcirc$	186,915	186,915	 209,608		(22,693)	
General administration -							
Board of Education		17,436	17,436	15,906		1,530	
Office of the superintendent		153,527	153,527	153,527		, -	
Total General administration		170,963	170,963	 169,433		1,530	
Area Administration - Office of the principal		161,096	161,096	165,659		(4,563)	
						<u> </u>	
Fiscal services	_	19,500	 19,500	 17,740		1,760	
Operations and maintenance		203,933	 203,933	 200,035		3,898	
Transportation		76,995	76,995	80,391		(3,396)	
Transfers to other funds		64,000	64,000	127,771		(63,771)	
TOTAL DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS	\$	1,904,291	\$ 1,904,291	\$ 2,073,623	\$	(169,332)	

## **General Capital Assets**

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.



#### CALAIS SCHOOL DISTRICT

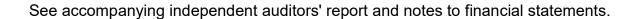
## SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2019

	Non-	and and depreciable Assets	Building	Buildings, g Improvements ad Improvements	F E	Furniture, Fixtures, quipment d Vehicles	Infra	astructure	Total
Direct Services S.S Students S.S Staff S.S Area Adm Operations and Maintenance Food Service	\$	- - - - 6,000	\$	705,221 11,931 56,934 24,037 416,164 34,298	\$	79,067 - 8,390 33,209 34,939	\$	- - - - 45,491	\$ 784,288 11,931 56,934 32,427 500,864 69,237
Total General Capital Assets  Less: Accumulated Depreciation		6,000		1,248,585 (667,034)		155,605 (105,502)		45,491 (1,503)	1,455,681 (774,039)
Net General Capital Assets	\$	6,000	\$	581,551	\$	50,103	\$	43,988	\$ 681,642

#### CALAIS SCHOOL DISTRICT

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Capital Assets 7/1/18	A	dditions	Del	etions	 General Capital Assets 6/30/19
Direct Services	\$ 758,734	\$	26,564	\$	(1,010)	\$ 784,288
S.S Students	11,931		-		-	11,931
S.S Staff	56,934		-		-	56,934
S.S Area Adm	32,427		- ^		-	32,427
Operations and Maintenance	401,652		99,212		-	500,864
Food Service	69,237				-	 69,237
Total General Capital Assets	1,330,915		125,776		(1,010)	1,455,681
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	 (723,064)	_	(51,378)		403	 (774,039)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 607,851	\$	74,398	\$	(607)	\$ 681,642





# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Calais School District Montpelier, Vermont

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities and each major fund of the Calais School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Calais School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 27, 2019.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Calais School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calais School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Calais School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

3 Old Orchard Road, Buxton, Maine 04093 Tel: (800) 300-7708 (207) 929-4606 Fax: (207) 929-4609 www.rhrsmith.com Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Calais School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 November 27, 2019

## Audited Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

### **East Montpelier School District**

June 30, 2019



Proven Expertise & Integrity

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JUNE 30, 2019

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors
East Montpelier School District
Montpelier, Vermont

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Montpelier School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the East Montpelier School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Montpelier School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and OPEB and pension information on pages 4 through 10 and 57 through 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the East Montpelier School District's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the

basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2019, on our consideration of the East Montpelier School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the East Montpelier School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 December 12, 2019

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

#### (UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the East Montpelier School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements.

#### **Financial Statement Overview**

The School District's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, pension and OPEB information and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the School District's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the School District's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position - this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities - this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above-mentioned financial statements have separate columns for the two different types of School District activities. The types of activities presented for the School District are:

- Governmental activities The activities in this section are mostly supported by intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants), support from the town and charges for services. Most of the School District's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance, transportation and program expenses.
- Business-type activities These activities are normally intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and/or charges to external users for goods and/or services. The activity for the School District includes the food service fund.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be classified into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services provided by the School District are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the School District.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this

comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The School District presents three columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The School District's major funds are the general fund and the capital projects fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Other Governmental Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund is the only fund for which the School District legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Proprietary Funds: The School District maintains one proprietary fund, the food service fund. This fund is used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. No reconciliation is needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds: These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the East Montpelier School District. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds are much like that of proprietary funds. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Contributions - Pension, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, Schedule of Contributions - OPEB and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regards to nonmajor funds, capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the School District's governmental and business-type activities. The School District's total net position for governmental activities increased by \$281,365 from \$2,672,169 to \$2,953,534. For business-type activities, the School District's total net position decreased by \$2,399 from \$561,225 to \$558,826.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - decreased for governmental activities to a balance of \$100,559 at the end of the fiscal year. For business-type activities, the balance increased to a balance of \$50,350.

Table 1
East Montpelier School District
Net Position
June 30.

	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities				
	7	2019		2018		2019	2018			
Assets:										
Current Assets	\$	1,006,944	\$	1,006,290	\$	52,078	\$	41,784		
Noncurrent Assets		7,658,808		7,835,537		508,476		520,775		
Total Assets	\$	8,665,752	\$	8,841,827	\$	560,554	\$	562,559		
	$\overline{}$									
Liabilities:										
Current Liabilities	\$	426,899	\$	475,195	\$	-	\$	9		
Noncurrent Liabilities		5,282,402		5,693,632		-		-		
Total Liabilities	\$	5,709,301	\$	6,168,827	\$	-	\$	9		
			_							
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Deferred Revenues	\$	2,917	\$	831	\$	1,728	\$	1,325		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	2,917	\$	831	\$	1,728	\$	1,325		
	_		=		<u> </u>		<u> </u>			
Net Position:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,974,354	\$	1,740,030	\$	508,476	\$	520,775		
Restricted	Ψ	878,621	Ψ	696,612	Ψ	-	Ψ	-		
Unrestricted		100,559		235,527		50,350		40,450		
Total Net Position	\$	2,953,534	\$	2,672,169	\$	558,826	\$	561,225		
Total Hot I collicit	<u> </u>	2,000,001	<u>Ψ</u>	2,012,100	<u> </u>	000,020	<u> </u>	001,220		

#### **Revenues and Expenses**

Revenues for the School District's governmental activities increased by 0.76%, while total expenses increased by 0.87%. The increase in revenues was primarily due to grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs and miscellaneous revenues, which were offset by a decrease in operating grants and contributions. The increase in expenses was mainly due to an increase in most of the expenditure categories with the exception of on-behalf payments, interest on long-term debt and fiscal services.

Revenues for the School District's business-type activities decreased by 9.60% primarily due to charges for services and operating grants and contributions, while total expenses decreased by 9.80% primarily due to benefits and supplies and food.

Table 2
East Montpelier School District
Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30,

	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-type Activities			
	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Revenues Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ -	\$	\$ 51,693	\$ 57,108		
Operating grants and contributions	582,429	729,758	34,551	40,163		
General Revenues:						
Grants and contributions not restricted						
to specific programs	3,818,842	3,670,673	-	-		
Miscellaneous	116,493	83,339	3,546	2,052		
Total Revenues	4,517,764	4,483,770	89,790	99,323		
Expenses						
Direct services	2,148,362	2,084,024	-	-		
Support services:						
Student services	157,957	142,383	-	-		
Instructional staff services	211,139	191,115	-	-		
General administrative services	290,083	279,464	-	-		
Area administrative services	214,621	208,134	-	-		
Fiscal services	47,143	48,311	-	-		
Operations and maintenance	353,698	310,096	-	-		
Transportation	133,407	97,299	-	-		
On-behalf payments	459,780	620,325	-	-		
Program expenses	19,937	6,199	107,180	118,822		
Interest on long-term debt	185,281	197,777	407.400	440,000		
Total Expenses	4,221,408	4,185,127	107,180	118,822		
Transfers	(14,991)	(13,950)	14,991	13,950		
Change in Net Position	281,365	284,693	(2,399)	(5,549)		
Net Position - July 1	2,672,169	2,387,476	561,225	566,774		
Net Position - June 30	\$ 2,953,534	\$ 2,672,169	\$ 558,826	\$ 561,225		

#### **Financial Analysis of the School District's Fund Statements**

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the School District's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year, and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
East Montpelier School District
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
June 30,

	2019	 2018
Major Funds:		
General Fund:		
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 27,879
Assigned	 110,110	217,306
Total General Fund	\$ 110,110	\$ 245,185
Capital Projects Fund:		
Restricted	\$ 878,621	\$ 696,612
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 878,621	\$ 696,612

The general fund total fund balance decreased by \$135,075 from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to transfers to other funds. The capital projects fund total fund balance increased by \$182,009 from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to transfers from other funds. The total fund balance for the nonmajor funds did not change from the prior year.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

There was no difference between the original and final budget for the general fund.

The general fund budgeted revenues exceeded budgeted amounts by \$47,931 primarily due to interest income and shared benefits.

The general fund actual expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts by \$170,286, primarily due to additional transfers to capital projects fund and additional staffing costs.

#### **Capital Asset and Long-Term Debt Activity**

#### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2019, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the School District decreased by \$189,028. This decrease was due to current year capital additions of \$51,803, less current year depreciation expense of \$240,831.

# Table 4 East Montpelier School District Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) June 30,

	2019	2018
Buildings, building improvements		
and land improvements	\$ 7,745,518	\$ 7,930,800
Infrastructure	137,433	141,598
Furniture and equipment	284,333	283,914
Total	\$ 8,167,284	\$ 8,356,312

#### Debt

At June 30, 2019, the School District had \$5,684,454 in a bond and notes from direct borrowings outstanding versus \$6,095,507 last year. Refer to Note 6 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

#### **Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions**

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

This will be the last audited financial statements issued by the East Montpelier School District. Refer to Note 19 of the Notes to Financial Statements for more information.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School District at 1130 Gallison Hill Road, Montpelier, Vermont 05602.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS  Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents		Governmental Business-type Activities Activities		• •		Total	
Cash and cash equivalents         \$ 1,044,909         \$ - \$ 1,044,909           Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)         1 - 22         2 - 516         2,516           Loan receivable         1,282         - 3,381         6,934           Inventory         3,381         3,831           Inventory         3,381         3,381           Internal balances         (43,346)         43,346            Total current assets         - 1,006,944         52,078         1,059,022           Noncurrent assets:         - 2,006,944         52,078         1,059,022           Noncurrent assets:         - 2,006,944         52,078         1,059,022           Noncurrent assets:         - 2,006,944         52,078         1,059,022           Noncurrent assets:         - 2,006         508,476         8,167,284           Total countries assets:         - 2,008         508,476         8,167,284           Total countries assets:         - 2,008         508,476         8,167,284           Total countries assets:         - 3,865,752         5,60,554         9,226,306           LIABILITIES         - 3,811,672,284         - 2,82,306         - 3,811,672,284           Total current liabilities:         - 3,811,672,284							
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)							
Loan receivable		\$	1,044,909	\$	0.540	\$	
Due from other governments Inventory         4,099         2,835         6,934           Inventory         3,381         3,881           Total current assets         1,006,944         52,078         1,059,022           Noncurrent assets:           Capital assets:           Buildings, building improvements and other assets, net of accumulated depreciation         7,658,808         508,476         8,167,284           Total noncurrent assets         7,658,808         508,476         8,167,284           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 8,665,752         \$ 560,554         \$ 9,226,306           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         1         \$ 1         \$ 1         \$ 2         \$ 1         \$ 2         \$ 1         \$ 2         \$ 1         \$ 2         \$ 1         \$ 2         \$ 1         \$ 2         \$ 1         \$ 2         \$ 1         \$ 2         \$ 2         \$ 1         \$ 2         \$ 2         \$ 1         \$ 2	,		4 000		2,516		
Inventory   1					- 0.005		
Internal balances			4,099				
Total current assets			(40.040)				3,381
Noncurrent assets:   Capital assets:   Buildings, building improvements and other assets, net of accumulated depreciation   7,658,808   508,476   8,167,284     Total noncurrent assets   7,658,808   508,476   8,167,284     TOTAL ASSETS   \$8,665,752   \$60,554   \$9,226,306     LIABILITIES				_			4 050 000
Capital assets:           Buildings, building improvements and other assets, net of accumulated depreciation         7,658,808         508,476         8,167,284           Total noncurrent assets         7,658,808         508,476         8,167,284           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 8,665,752         \$ 560,554         \$ 9,226,306           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 1         \$ \$ 1         \$ 1	i otal current assets		1,006,944	-	52,078	-	1,059,022
Buildings, building improvements and other assets, net of accumulated depreciation   7,658,808   508,476   8,167,284     Total noncurrent assets   7,658,808   508,476   8,167,284     Total ASSETS   8,665,752   560,554   9,226,306     LIABILITIES							
net of accumulated depreciation         7,658,808         508,476         8,167,284           Total noncurrent assets         7,658,808         508,476         8,167,284           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 8,665,752         \$ 560,554         9,226,306           LIABILITIES           Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 1         \$ \$ 1         \$ 1	•						
Total noncurrent assets         7,658,808         508,476         8,167,284           TOTAL ASSETS         \$ 8,665,752         \$ 560,554         \$ 9,226,306           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 1         \$ -         \$ 1           Due to other governments         15,295         -         15,295           Current portion of long-term obligations         411,603         -         411,603           Total current liabilities:         Noncurrent liabilities:           Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:         Bond payable         5,231,071         -         5,231,071           Notes from direct borrowings payable         42,258         -         42,258           Accrued compensated absences         9,073         -         9,073           Total noncurrent liabilities         5,282,402         -         5,282,402           TOTAL LIABILITIES         5,709,301         -         5,709,301           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           Net investment in capital assets         1,974,354         508,476         2,482,830							
TOTAL ASSETS   \$ 8,665,752   \$ 560,554   \$ 9,226,306	·						
LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:       *** 1       *** 5       1       15,295       -       15,295       -       15,295       -       15,295       -       15,295       -       15,295       -       15,295       -       15,295       -       15,295       -       15,295       -       15,295       -       115,295       -       426,899       -       426,899       -       426,899       -       -       426,899       -       -       426,899       -       -       5,231,071       -	Total noncurrent assets	$\rightarrow$	7,658,808		508,476		8,167,284
Current liabilities:	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	8,665,752	\$	560,554	\$	9,226,306
Accounts payable	LIABILITIES						
Due to other governments         15,295         -         15,295           Current portion of long-term obligations         411,603         -         411,603           Total current liabilities         426,899         -         426,899           Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:         Section of long-term obligations:         5,231,071         -         5,231,071         -         5,231,071         -         5,231,071         -         5,231,071         -         -         5,231,071         -         -         5,231,071         -         -         5,231,071         -         -         5,231,071         -         -         5,231,071         -         -         5,231,071         -         -         -         42,258         -         -         42,258         -         -         42,258         -         -         42,258         -         -         2,907         -         -         5,282,402         -         5,282,402         -         5,282,402         -         5,709,301         -         5,709,301         -         5,709,301         -         5,709,301         -         1,728	Current liabilities:						
Due to other governments         15,295         -         15,295           Current portion of long-term obligations         411,603         -         411,603           Total current liabilities         426,899         -         426,899           Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:         Section of long-term obligations:         5,231,071         -         5,231,071         -         5,231,071         -         5,231,071         -         5,231,071         -         -         5,231,071         -         -         5,231,071         -         -         5,231,071         -         -         5,231,071         -         -         5,231,071         -         -         5,231,071         -         -         -         42,258         -         -         42,258         -         -         42,258         -         -         42,258         -         -         2,907         -         -         5,282,402         -         5,282,402         -         5,282,402         -         5,709,301         -         5,709,301         -         5,709,301         -         5,709,301         -         1,728	Accounts payable	\$	1	\$	_	\$	1
Current portion of long-term obligations         411,603         -         411,603           Total current liabilities         426,899         -         426,899           Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:         8         5,231,071         -         5,231,071           Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:         8         -         42,258         -         42,258           Accrued compensated absences         9,073         -         9,073         -         9,073           Total noncurrent liabilities         5,282,402         -         5,282,402         -         5,282,402           TOTAL LIABILITIES         5,709,301         -         5,709,301         -         5,709,301           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         1,974,354         508,476         2,482,830           Restricted: Capital project funds         878,621         -         878,621           Unrestricted         100,559         50,350         150,909           TOTAL NET POSITION         2,953,534         558,826         3,512,360           TOTAL LI			15,295		-		15,295
Total current liabilities         426,899         -         426,899           Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:         Section of long-term obligations:         5,231,071         -         5,231,071           Bond payable         5,231,071         -         5,231,071         -         5,231,071           Notes from direct borrowings payable         42,258         -         42,258         -         42,258           Accrued compensated absences         9,073         -         9,073         -         9,073           Total noncurrent liabilities         5,282,402         -         5,282,402         -         5,282,402           TOTAL LIABILITIES         5,709,301         -         5,709,301         -         5,709,301           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           NET POSITION         2,917         1,728         4,645           NET POSITION         878,621         -         878,621           Unrestricted: Capital project funds         878,621         -         878,621           Unrestricted         100,559         50,350         150,909           TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			411,603		-		411,603
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:   Bond payable					-		
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:   Bond payable	Noncurrent liabilities:						
Bond payable   5,231,071   - 5,231,071   Notes from direct borrowings payable   42,258   - 42,258   Accrued compensated absences   9,073   - 9,073   - 9,073   Total noncurrent liabilities   5,282,402   - 5,282,402   TOTAL LIABILITIES   5,709,301   - 5,709,301   DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES   Deferred revenue   2,917   1,728   4,645   TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES   2,917   1,728   4,645   4,645							
Notes from direct borrowings payable         42,258         -         42,258           Accrued compensated absences         9,073         -         9,073           Total noncurrent liabilities         5,282,402         -         5,282,402           TOTAL LIABILITIES         5,709,301         -         5,709,301           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           NET POSITION         878,621         -         878,621           Unrestricted: Capital project funds         878,621         -         878,621           Unrestricted         100,559         50,350         150,909           TOTAL NET POSITION         2,953,534         558,826         3,512,360			5.231.071		_		5.231.071
Accrued compensated absences         9,073         -         9,073           Total noncurrent liabilities         5,282,402         -         5,282,402           TOTAL LIABILITIES         5,709,301         -         5,709,301           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           NET POSITION         3,917         1,974,354         508,476         2,482,830           Restricted: Capital project funds         878,621         -         878,621           Unrestricted         100,559         50,350         150,909           TOTAL NET POSITION         2,953,534         558,826         3,512,360           TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF					-		
Total noncurrent liabilities         5,282,402         -         5,282,402           TOTAL LIABILITIES         5,709,301         -         5,709,301           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           NET POSITION         3,512,354         508,476         2,482,830           Restricted: Capital project funds         878,621         -         878,621           Unrestricted         100,559         50,350         150,909           TOTAL NET POSITION         2,953,534         558,826         3,512,360           TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF         100,559         50,350         3,512,360					_		
TOTAL LIABILITIES         5,709,301         -         5,709,301           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           NET POSITION         VAINTHON TO STREET T	·				_		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES           Deferred revenue         2,917         1,728         4,645           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           NET POSITION         VAINT OF THE POSITION IN THE POSITIO			, ,				
Deferred revenue         2,917         1,728         4,645           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           NET POSITION	TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,709,301				5,709,301
Deferred revenue         2,917         1,728         4,645           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           NET POSITION	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         2,917         1,728         4,645           NET POSITION			2.917		1.728		4.645
NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets       1,974,354       508,476       2,482,830         Restricted: Capital project funds       878,621       -       878,621         Unrestricted       100,559       50,350       150,909         TOTAL NET POSITION       2,953,534       558,826       3,512,360    TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF							
Net investment in capital assets       1,974,354       508,476       2,482,830         Restricted: Capital project funds       878,621       -       878,621         Unrestricted       100,559       50,350       150,909         TOTAL NET POSITION       2,953,534       558,826       3,512,360					-,,		.,
Net investment in capital assets       1,974,354       508,476       2,482,830         Restricted: Capital project funds       878,621       -       878,621         Unrestricted       100,559       50,350       150,909         TOTAL NET POSITION       2,953,534       558,826       3,512,360	NET POSITION						
Restricted: Capital project funds         878,621         -         878,621           Unrestricted         100,559         50,350         150,909           TOTAL NET POSITION         2,953,534         558,826         3,512,360           TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF			1,974,354		508,476		2,482,830
Unrestricted         100,559         50,350         150,909           TOTAL NET POSITION         2,953,534         558,826         3,512,360           TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	·				· -		
TOTAL NET POSITION 2,953,534 558,826 3,512,360  TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	· · ·				50,350		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		\$	8,665,752	\$	560,554	\$	9,226,306

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes								
				F	rogr	am Revenu	es	i	n Net Posi	tion	<u> </u>
				Operating Capital		Business -					
			Cha	arges for	Gı	rants and	Grants and	Governmental	type		
Functions/Programs		Expenses	S	ervices	Co	ntributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	<u>s_</u>	Total
Governmental activities:											
Direct services	\$	2,148,362	\$	_	¢	102,712	\$ -	\$ (2,045,650)	¢	_	\$ (2,045,650)
Support services:	ψ	2,140,302	Ψ	-	Ψ	102,712	Ψ -	\$ (2,043,030)	ψ	•	Ψ (2,043,030)
Student services		157,957						(157,957)			(157,957)
Instructional staff services		211,139		_		-		(211,139)		•	(211,139)
General administrative services		290,083				-		(290,083)		•	, ,
		•				_	-	, , ,		-	(290,083)
Area administrative services		214,621		-			-	(214,621)		-	(214,621)
Fiscal services		47,143		- '			-	(47,143)		-	(47,143)
Operations and maintenance		353,698		-		-	-	(353,698)		-	(353,698)
Transportation		133,407		-		-	-	(133,407)		-	(133,407)
Program expenses		19,937		-		19,937	-	-		-	-
On-behalf payments		459,780		-		459,780	-	-		-	-
Interest on long-term debt		185,281		-		-	-	(185,281)		-	(185,281)
Total governmental activities		4,221,408		•		582,429		(3,638,979)		_	(3,638,979)
Business-type activities:											
Food service		107,180		51,693		34,551			(20,93	6)	(20,936)
Total business-type activities		107,180		51,693		34,551			(20,93	6)	(20,936)
Total government	\$	4,328,588	\$	51,693	\$	616,980	\$ -	(3,638,979)	(20,93	6)	(3,659,915)

## STATEMENT B (CONTINUED) EAST MONTPELIER SCHOOL DISTRICT

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Changes in net position: Net (expense) revenue	(3,638,979)	(20,936)	(3,659,915)
General revenues: Grants and contributions not restricted			
to specific programs Miscellaneous	3,818,842	2.546	3,818,842
Transfers	116,493 (14,991)	3,546 14,991	120,039
Total general revenues and transfers	3,920,344	18,537	3,938,881
Change in net position	281,365	(2,399)	278,966
NET POSITION - JULY 1	2,672,169	561,225	3,233,394
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 2,953,534	\$ 558,826	\$ 3,512,360

#### BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Loan receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,044,909 1,282 4,099 - \$ 1,050,290	\$ - 878,621 \$ 878,621	\$ - - 2,917 \$ 2,917	\$ 1,044,909 1,282 4,099 881,538 \$ 1,931,828
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other governments Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1 15,295 924,884 940,180	\$ - - - -	\$ -	\$ 1 15,295 924,884 940,180
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			2,917 2,917	2,917 2,917
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES	110,110 - 110,110	878,621 - - - 878,621	- - - - -	878,621 - 110,110 - 988,731
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 1,050,290	\$ 878,621	\$ 2,917	\$ 1,931,828

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Total Fund Balances	\$	988,731
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation Long-term obligations shown below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds shown above:		7,658,808
Bond payable		(5,639,571)
Notes from direct borrowings payable		(44,883)
Accrued compensated absences		(9,551)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	2,953,534

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Gove	Other ernmental unds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Interest income Miscellaneous revenues	\$	4,128,522 66,269 38,161	\$	- 11,232 -	\$	19,937 - 831	\$	4,148,459 77,501 38,992
TOTAL REVENUES		4,232,952		11,232		20,768		4,264,952
EXPENDITURES Current:								
Direct services Support services:		2,025,202		-		-		2,025,202
Student services		155,587		-		-		155,587
Instructional staff services General administrative services		199,744 290,083				_		199,744 290,083
Area administrative services		290,003				-		290,003
Fiscal services		47,143		-		_		47,143
Operations and maintenance		321,851		_		-		321,851
Transportation		133,407		-		-		133,407
On-behalf payments		206,968				-		206,968
Program expenses Debt service:				-		19,937		19,937
Principal		411,050		-		-		411,050
Interest		185,284	_	-				185,284
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		4,183,090				19,937		4,203,027
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		49,862		11,232		831		61,925
(ONDER) EXI ENDITOREO		+3,002		11,202		001		01,320
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Equity transfer to enterprise		-		(4,991)		-		(4,991)
Transfers in		-		175,768		-		175,768
Transfers (out)		(184,937)				(831)		(185,768)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(184,937)		170,777		(831)		(14,991)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(135,075)		182,009		-		46,934
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	-	245,185		696,612				941,797
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	110,110	\$	878,621	\$		\$	988,731

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ 46,934
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets: Capital asset acquisitions  Depreciation expense	 46,812 (223,541) (176,729)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position	411,053
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences	 107
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 281,365

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-type	
		Activities
	Ente	erprise Fund
		Food Service
	_	Service
ASSETS Current assets:		
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)  Due from other governments	\$	2,516 2,835
Inventory		3,381
Due from other funds		43,346
Total current assets		52,078
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets: Buildings and improvements		516,516
Equipment		117,840
Less: accumulated depreciation		(125,880)
Total noncurrent assets	-	508,476
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	560,554
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Total current liabilities	\$	<u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred revenue		1,728
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,728
TOTAL BETENNED IN LOWG OF REGOGNOLG		1,720
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets		509 476
Unrestricted		508,476 50,350
TOTAL NET POSITION		558,826
	,	000,020
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		
RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	560,554

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Busin	ess-type
	Act	tivities
	Enterp	rise Fund
		ood
	Se	ervice
OPERATING REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	34,551 51,693 3,546
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		89,790
OPERATING EXPENSES		E4 007
Salaries		51,227
Benefits		6,485
Supplies and food		32,178
Depreciation	_	17,290
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		107,180
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(17,390)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Equity transfer of fixed assets		4,991
Transfers in		10,000
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		14,991
TO THE NOTION ENTRING NEVEROLO (EXTENDED)		14,551
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		(2,399)
NET POSITION - JULY 1		561,225
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	558,826

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		ness-type
		ctivities
		prise Fund
		Food
	S	ervice
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Intergovernmental receipts Internal activity - receipts (payments) from/to other funds Payments to suppliers NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	54,241 34,295 (6,873) (91,663) (10,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in (out) NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		10,000 10,000
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30	\$	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(17,390)
Depreciation expense		17,290
Changes in operating assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable  (Increase) decrease in due from other governments  (Increase) decrease in inventory  (Increase) decrease in due from other funds  (Decrease) increase in accounts payable  (Decrease) increase in deferred revenue		(998) (256) (2,167) (6,873) (9) 403
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(10,000)

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Agency Funds	Private-Purpose Trust Funds
	Student Activities	Total
ASSETS  Due from other governments TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 6,319 \$ 6,319	\$ 8,976 \$ 8,976
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 6,319 \$ 6,319	\$ -
NET POSITION Restricted - held in trust TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		8,976 \$ 8,976

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds		
	Total		
ADDITIONS Interest TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$ 65 65		
DEDUCTIONS Supplies TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	120 120		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(55)		
NET POSITION - JULY 1	9,031		
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 8,976		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

East Montpelier School District was incorporated under the laws in the State of Vermont. The School District operates under the Board of Directors-superintendent form of government and provides the following services: direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance, transportation and program expenses.

The School District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The School District's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the School District. We have determined that the School District has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

#### Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. Laws and regulations may require governments to take specific actions to retire certain tangible capital assets at the end of the useful lives of those capital assets, such as decommissioning nuclear reactors and dismantling and removing sewage treatment plants. Other obligations to retire tangible capital assets may arise from contracts or court judgments. Internal obligating events include the occurrence of contamination. placing into operation a tangible capital asset that is required to be retired, abandoning a tangible capital asset before it is placed into operation, or acquiring a tangible capital asset that has an existing ARO. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. If an ARO (or portions thereof) has been incurred by a

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

government but is not yet recognized because it is not reasonably estimable, the government is required to disclose that fact and the reasons therefor. This Statement requires similar disclosures for a government's minority shares of AROs. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences and significant subjective acceleration clauses. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The School District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School District's major funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The School District's food service fund is categorized as a business-type activity. All other activities of the School District are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The School District's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The School District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School District's functions and business-type activities (instruction, administration, etc.) excluding fiduciary activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses by related

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The School District does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding departments.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School District as an entity and the change in the School District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the School District are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the School District:

#### Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the School District:

#### Major Funds:

- a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Nonmajor Fund:

c. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

#### 2. Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Operating revenues include charges for services, intergovernmental reimbursements and other miscellaneous fees which are a direct result of the proprietary activity. Nonoperating revenues are any revenues which are generated outside of the general proprietary activity, i.e. interest income. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the School District:

a. Enterprise Funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing. services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

#### 3. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the School District's programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Component units that are fiduciary in nature have been excluded from these financial statements.

The School District's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (agency and private-purpose). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### 1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

#### **Budget**

The School District's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 24, Accounting and Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, payments made by the State of Vermont to the Vermont State Retirement System for teachers and certain other school employees are reported as offsetting revenues and expenditures of the general fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenues per budgetary basis	\$ 4,025,984
Add: On-behalf payments	206,968_
Total GAAP basis	\$ 4,232,952
Expenditures per budgetary basis	\$ 4,161,059
Add: On-behalf basis	206,968
Total GAAP basis	\$ 4,368,027

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The annual school budget is the planning management tool, which delineates the District's educational priorities and programs and forms the basis for voter review and approval of the budget according to applicable State of Vermont education finance laws.
- 2. The Board budget process includes input from school district administration and staff, educational priorities for the next school year, along with public hearings, which include the Board of Directors and general public.
- 3. The budget document itself is based upon the most current funding information available along with the projection of current revenues and expenditures for the next year. At the conclusion of the budget process, a final budget is approved by the Board of Directors.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the School District's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the School District's investments are reported at amortized cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be a cash equivalent. The School District Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The East Montpelier School District has no formal investment policy but instead follows the State of Vermont Statutes.

## Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies and local businesses. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. Allowances for uncollectible accounts netted with accounts receivable were \$26,027 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2019.

#### Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost which approximate market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when used (consumption method). The food service fund inventory consists of food service supplies and food on hand at the end of the year.

## **Interfund Receivables and Payables**

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### **Transactions Between Funds**

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

## Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more for land, \$20,000 or more for buildings and improvements, \$2,500 for furniture and equipment and \$5,000 for vehicles are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

#### Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 - 50 years Infrastructure 50 - 100 years Furniture and equipment 5 - 20 years

#### Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of a bond payable, notes from direct borrowings payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) Plan and additions to/deductions from the VSTRS Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the VSTRS Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## **OPEB**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) Plan and additions to/deductions from the VSTRS OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by VSTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

## Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

## Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable - This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Committed - This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the School District. The inhabitants of the School District through School District meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the School District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a School District meeting vote.

Assigned - This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Directors.

Unassigned - This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the School District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the School District meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

### **Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District currently has no deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of this item, deferred revenues, which is reported in both the statements of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## **Program Revenues**

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

## Operating/Nonoperating Proprietary Fund Revenues

Operating revenues consist mainly of direct revenue sources and/or charges for services applicable to that fund's ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

## **Encumbrance Accounting**

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The School District does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

# **Use of Estimates**

During the preparation of the School District's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

## **Deposits:**

The School District's investment policies, which follow state statutes, authorize the School District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. These investment policies apply to all School District funds.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School District will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2019, the School District's cash balance of \$1,044,909 was comprised of bank deposits of \$1,145,931. Of these bank deposits, \$250,000 were fully insured by federal depository insurance and consequently were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The remaining balance of \$895,931 was collateralized with securities held by the financial institution in the School District's name.

	Bank
Account Type	Balance
Checking accounts Repurchase agreements	\$ 10,560 1,135,371 1,145,931

### **Investments:**

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

At June 30, 2019, the School District had no investments.

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Vermont authorize the School District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The School District does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the School District invests excess funds in savings accounts and various insured certificates of deposit.

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

Receivables Payables
(Due from)(Due to)
\$ - \$ 924,884
878,621 -
43,346 -
2,917 -
\$ 924,884 \$ 924,884

## NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance,					Balance,
	 7/1/18	Additions	Dispo	sals		6/30/19
Governmental activities:						_
Depreciated assets:						
Buildings	\$ 524,997	\$ -	\$	-	\$	524,997
Building improvements	8,553,191	-		-		8,553,191
Infrastructure	166,586	-		-		166,586
Furniture and equipment	377,616	46,812		-		424,428
	9,622,390	46,812		-		9,669,202
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,786,853)	(223,541)		-		(2,010,394)
	7,835,537	(176,729)		-		7,658,808
		 				_
Net governmental capital assets	\$ 7,835,537	\$ (176,729)	\$		\$	7,658,808
Business-type activities:						
Depreciated assets:						
Buildings	\$ 30,139	\$ -	\$	-	\$	30,139
Building improvements	486,377	-		-		486,377
Furniture and equipment	112,849	4,991		-		117,840
	629,365	4,991		-		634,356
Less: accumulated depreciation	(108,590)	(17,290)		-		(125,880)
Net business-type capital assets	\$ 520,775	\$ (12,299)	\$	-	\$	508,476
		 <u> </u>			_	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

## Current year depreciation:

<del></del>	
Direct services	\$ 170,079
S.S students	2,370
S.S staff	11,395
S.S area adm	7,850
Operations and maintenance	31,847
Total governmental activities depreciation	223,541
Food service	17,290
Total depreciation expense	\$ 240,831

#### NOTE 5 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance,			Balance,
	7/1/18	Additions	Reductions	6/30/19
Tax/revenue anticipation note	\$ -	\$ 1,785,182	\$ (1,785,182)	<u>\$</u> -

On July 2, 2018, the School District issued a tax/revenue anticipation note through Community Bank, NA in anticipation of revenues to meet its operating obligations during the fiscal year. The note allowed principal draws up to \$1,785,182 at 2.70% interest with a maturity date of June 28, 2019. On June 24, 2019, the note was paid in full. Interest expense for the note was \$47,143.

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance,			Balance,	Current Year
	7/1/18	Additions	Deletions	6/30/19	Portion
Bond payable Notes from direct	\$ 6,048,071	\$ -	\$ (408,500)	\$ 5,639,571	\$ 408,500
borrowings payable	47,436	-	(2,553)	44,883	2,625
	\$ 6,095,507	\$ -	\$ (411,053)	\$ 5,684,454	\$ 411,125

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the bond and notes from direct borrowings payable as of June 30, 2019:

## Bond payable:

\$8,170,000 Community Bank, N.A. bond payable, with principal payments due in annual installments of \$408,500 and a principal pre-payment of \$79,429 in December of 2014 and a final principal payment of \$329,071 due in June of 2033. Interest at a fixed rate of 3.04% paid semi-annually. The proceeds from the bond were used for school building improvements. The bond matures on June 28, 2033.

\$ 5,639,571

Total bond payable

5,639,571

# Notes from direct borrowings payable:

\$26,504 Vermont Environmental Protection Agency note payable, due in annual principal, interest and administrative fee installments of \$101. Interest at a fixed rate of 1% and an administrative fee of 2% is charged per annum. On November 18, 2009, an ARRA Subsidy for \$25,000 was received and applied towards the principal amount due. The proceeds from the note were used to finance a water project. The note matures on January 1, 2033.

1,140

\$57,612 Vermont Environmental Protection Agency note payable, due in annual principal, interest and administrative fee installments of \$3,872. Interest at a fixed rate of 1% and an administrative fee of 2% is charged per annum. On January 14, 2014, the note payable was amended, reducing the principal amount due by \$25,000, to reflect an ARRA subsidy. The proceeds from the note were used to finance the implementation phase of a water project. The note matures on January 1, 2033.

43,743

Total notes from direct borrowings payable

44,883

Total bond and notes from direct borrowings payable

\$ 5,684,454

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of outstanding bond and notes from direct borrowings principal and interest requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

Year Ending	<u>Bond</u>		ear Ending <u>Bo</u>		Notes from Dir	ect Borrowings
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2020	\$ 408,500	\$ 171,913	\$ 2,625	\$ 1,348		
2021	408,500	159,024	2,706	1,268		
2022	408,500	146,606	2,787	1,186		
2023	408,500	134,188	2,871	1,103		
2024	408,500	122,103	2,957	1,017		
2025-2029	2,042,500	422,767	16,168	3,640		
2030-2034	1,554,571	114,588	14,769	1,124		
	\$ 5,639,571	\$ 1,271,189	\$ 44,883	\$ 10,686		

#### NOTE 7 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of other long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance,			Balance,	Current Year
	7/1/18	Additions	Deletions	6/30/19	Portion
Accrued compensated					
absences	\$ 9,658	\$ -	\$ (107)	\$ 9,551	\$ 478

Please see Note 8 for detailed information on the other long-term obligations.

#### NOTE 8 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District's policies regarding vacation and sick time do permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2019, the School District's liability for compensated absences is \$9,551.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 9 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2019, the School District had the following restricted fund balance:

Capital projects fund

\$ 878,621

#### NOTE 10 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2019, the School District had the following assigned fund balance:

General fund:

Reserved for future general fund operations

\$ 110,110

## NOTE 11 - EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The School District was non-compliant with the legally adopted budget, overspending the entire allowed appropriation of \$3,990,773 by \$170,286 at June 30, 2019.

## NOTE 12 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The detailed budget to actual report can be found on Schedules 1, A and B.

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

# VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **Plan Description**

All of the teachers employed by the School District participate in the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System ("VSTRS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, covering nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private Union teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State of Vermont that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the retirement system consisted of 22,193 participating members.

The plan was established effective July 1, 1947, and is governed by *Title 16, V.S.A. Chapter 55*. Subsequent Vermont state legislation, *Act 74*, which became effective on July 1, 2010, contained numerous changes to the plan benefits available to current and future members, as well as a change in access to health care coverage

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

after retirement, resulting from a multi-party agreement to provide sustainability of quality pension and retiree health benefits for Vermont teachers.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the retirement System for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of six members. They are the Secretary of Education (ex-officio), the State Treasurer (ex-officio), the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio), two members and one alternate elected by active members of the System under rules adopted by the Board and one retired member and one alternate elected by the board of directors of Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont. The Chair is elected by the Board and acts as executive officer of the Board.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: http://finance.vermont.gov/reports\_and\_publications/cafr.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The VSTRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, health care and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. There are two levels of contributions and benefits in the System: Group A - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont prior to July 1, 1981 and elected to remain in Group A; and Group C - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont on or after July 1, 1990. Group C also includes those teachers hired prior to July 1, 1990 and were in Group B on July 1, 1990. When *Act 74* became effective on June 30, 2010, Group C was further bifurcated into Groups #1 and #2. Group #1 contains members who were at least 57 years of age or had at least 25 years of service and Group #2 contains members who were less than 57 years of age and had less than 25 years of service.

Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service, and are summarized below:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Normal service retirement eligibility (no reduction)	Age 60 or 30 years of service	Age 62 or with 30 years of service	Age 65 or when the sum of age and service equals 90
Average Final Compensation (AFC)	Highest 3 consecutive years, including unused annual leave, sick leave, and bonus/incentives	Highest 3 consecutive years, excluding all payments for anything other than service actually performed	Highest 3 consecutive years, excluding all payments for anything other than service actually performed
Benefit formula – normal service retirement	1.67% x creditable service x AFC	1.25% x service prior to 6/30/90 x AFC + 1.67% x service after 7/1/90 x AFC	1.25% x service prior to 6/30/90 x AFC + 1.67% x service after 7/1/90 x AFC, 2.0% after attaining 20 years
Maximum Benefit Payable	100% of AFC	53.34% of AFC	60% of AFC
Post-Retirement COLA		50% CPI, up to a maximum of 5% after 12 months of retirement or with 30 years; minimum of 1%	50% CPI, up to a maximum of 5%, minimum of 1% after 12 months of normal retirement or age 65
Early Retirement Eligibility	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service
Early Retirement Reduction	Actuarial reduction	6% per year from age 62	Actuarial reduction

Other post-employment benefits are available to all plan members include the following:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
	based on member's	Health subsidy based on member's service credit	
Dental			Members pay full premium

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Contributions

VSTRS is a cost-sharing public employee retirement system with one exception: all risks and costs are not shared by the School District but are the liability of the State of Vermont. VSTRS is funded through State and employee contributions and trust fund investment earnings; and the School District has no legal obligation for paying benefits. Required contributions to the System are made by the State of Vermont based upon a valuation report prepared by the System's actuary, which varies by plan group. The Vermont State Teachers Retirement System estimates the contributions on behalf of the School District's employees included in the teacher's retirement plan which approximates \$206,968 or 15.75% of total payroll for employees covered under the plan.

Employee contribution rates by plan group follow:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Employee Contributions		5.0% of gross salary with 5 or more years of service as of 7/1/14; 6.0% of gross salary if less than 5 years of service as of 7/1/14	less than 5 years of

Employee contributions totaled \$66,315 during the year and were paid by the School District to the State of Vermont. The School District has no other liability under the plan. The School District's total payroll for all employees covered under this plan was \$1,314,080 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Pension Liabilities**

VSTRS Plan

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since the School District does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net pension liability was recorded at June 30, 2019. The State's portion of the collective net pension liability that was associated with the School District was as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	2,826,154
Total	\$ 2,826,154

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is equal to the collective net pension liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2018, multiplied by the School District's proportionate share percentage. The School District's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.18708% which was an decrease of 0.012660% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

# Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized total pension expense of \$173,004 and revenue of \$173,004 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the VSTRS plan. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred	Outflows	Deferr	ed Inflows
	of Res	sources	of Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual	ф		φ	
experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		-		_
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		_		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		_		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement				
date		-		-
Total	\$		\$	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	VSTRS Plan
Plan year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ -
2020	-
2021	-
2022	-
2023	-
Thereafter	

## **Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods**

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using the actuarial assumptions outlined below.

*Investment Rate of Return*: 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Inflation: 2.50%

Salary Increases: Ranging from 3.75% to 9.09%

Deaths After Retirement: The VSTRS plan used 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Employee with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for pre-retirement, 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Annuitant with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for healthy retirees, and the RP-2006 Disabled Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for disabled retirees.

*Inactive Members*: Valuation liability for the VSTRS plan equals 250.0% of accumulated contributions.

Future Administrative Expenses: No provisions were made, expenses of the System are paid by the State.

Unknown Data for Participants: For the VSTRS plan, it is the same as those exhibited by participants with similar known characteristics. If not specified, participants are assumed to be male.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

*Percent Married*: 85% of male members and 35% of female members are assumed to be married.

Spouse's Age: Husbands are assumed to be three years older than their wives.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments: Adjustments for the VSTRS plan are aassumed to occur on January 1 following one year of retirement. For the VSTRS plan this occurs at the rate of 2.55% per annum for Group A members and 1.40% per annum for Group C members (beginning at age 62 for Group C members who elect reduced early retirement). The January 1, 2019 COLA is assumed to be 2.60% for Group A and 1.30% for Group C.

Actuarial Cost Method: Uses the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Entry age is the age at date of employment, or, if date is unknown, current age minus years of service. Normal Cost and Accrued Actuarial Liability are calculated on an individual basis and are allocated by salary, with Normal Cost determined using the plan of benefits applicable to each participant.

For the VSTRS plan, the asset valuation method used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

The *long-term* expected rate of return on the VSTRS plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity Non-US Equity Global Equity Fixed Income Real Estate Private Markets Hedge Funds	18.00% 16.00% 9.00% 26.00% 8.00% 15.00% 8.00%	6.10% 7.45% 6.74% 2.25% 5.11% 7.60% 3.86%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for the VSTRS plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to be made in accordance with the current funding policy which exceeds the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current System members. The assumed discount rate has been determined in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB 68.

# Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50% for the VSTRS plan, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
VSTRS: Discount rate	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

## **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of VSTRS or their participating employers. VSTRS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr

## NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

## VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

### Plan Description

The Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System provides postemployment benefits to eligible VSTRS employees who retire from the System through a cost-sharing, multiple-employer postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan (the Plan).

The plan covers nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private high school teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the plan consisted of 4,878 retired members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and 8,941 active members.

Vermont Statute Title 16 Chapter 55 assigns the authority to VSTRS to establish and amend the benefits provisions of the Plan and to establish maximum obligations of the Plan members to contribute to the Plan. Management of the Plan is vested in the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Board of Trustees, which consists of the Secretary of Education (ex-officio), the State Treasurer (ex-officio), the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio), two trustees and one alternate who are members of the system (each elected by the system under rules adopted by the Board) and one trustee and one alternate who are retired members of the system receiving retirement benefits (who are elected by the Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont).

All assets of the Plan are held in a single trust and are available to pay OPEB benefits to all members. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr.

#### **Benefits Provided**

VSTRS retirees and their spouses are eligible for medical, prescription drug and dental benefits on a lifetime basis if the retiree is eligible for pension benefits, as described in the Notes to Financial Statements for Defined Benefit Plan(s).

#### **Contributions**

Varying levels of contributions are required from retirees and spouses for medical and prescription drug coverage at the following premium subsidy rates:

	Retiree Subsidy		Spouse Subsidy*			
Retired before June 30, 2010			0% of premium			
Retired after June 30, 2010	10 years or more of service at June 30, 2010 - 80% of premium		Years of service at June 30, 2010 - 80%			
	Less than 10 years of service at June 30, 2010:		of premium:			
	Less than 15 years at retirement	Less than 15 years at retirement	Less than 10 years	25 years at retirement		
	15-19.99 years at retirement	15-19.99 years at retirement	10-14.99 years	25 years at retirement		
	20-24.99 years at retirement	20-24.99 years at retirement	15-24.99 years	10 additional years from June 30, 2010		
	25 years or more at 25 years or		25-29.99 years	35 years at retirement		
retirement		retirement	30 or more years	5 additional years from June 30, 2010		

<sup>\*</sup> Spouses of retirees who do not meet the requirements for an 80% subsidy can receive unsubsidized coverage

Premium Reduction Option: Participants retiring on or after January 1, 2007 with a VSTRS premium subsidy have a one-time option to reduce the VSTRS subsidy percentage during the retiree's life so that a surviving spouse may continue to receive the same VSTRS subsidy for the spouse's lifetime. If the retiree elects the joint and survivor pension option but not the Premium Reduction Option, spouses are covered for the spouse's lifetime but pay 100% of the plan premium after the retiree's death.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **OPEB Liabilities**

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 75 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since the School District does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net OPEB liability was recorded at June 30, 2019. The State's portion of the collective net OPEB liability that was associated with the School District was as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District	1,738,745
Total	\$ 1,738,745

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District is equal to the collective net OPEB liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2018, multiplied by the School District's proportionate share percentage. The School District's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.18220% which was a decrease of 0.006120% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

# OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized total OPEB expense of \$79,808 and revenue of \$79,808 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the Plan. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	VSTRS OPEB Plan			
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows		
	of Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions subsequent to the	\$			
measurement date	_			
Total	\$ -	\$ -		

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	VSTRS (	OPEB Plan
Plan year ended June 30:		
2019	\$	-
2020		-
2021		-
2022		-
2023		-
Thereafter		-

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate is the single rate of return, that when applied to all projected benefit payments, results in an actuarial present value that is the sum of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments projected to be funded by plan assets using a long term rate of return, and the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that are not included in (1) using a yield or index rate for 20 year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
VSTRS OPEB Plan: Discount rate	2.87%	3.87%	4.87%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

#### **Healthcare Trend Rate**

Health care trend measures the anticipated overall rate at which health plan costs are expected to increase in future years. The trend rate assumptions were developed using Segal's internal guidelines, which are established each year using data sources such as the 2019 Segal Health Trend Survey, internal client results, trends from other published surveys prepared by the S&P Dow Jones Indices, consulting firms and brokers, and CPI statistics published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare trend rates are as follows:

	1%	Healthcare	1%
	Decrease	Trend Rates	Increase
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

#### **Amortization**

The total OPEB liability of this Plan is amortized on an open 30-year period. The amortization method is a level dollar amortization method.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Asset Valuation Method

The Asset Valuation Method used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

The long-term expected rate of return on both plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Large cap equity International equity	20.00% 15.00%	7.50% 7.75%
Emerging international equity	5.00%	9.25%
Core bonds	60.00%	3.75%
Inflation		2.75%
Total	100.00%	

## **Assumptions**

The actuarial assumptions used to calculate the actuarially determined contribution rates can be found in the Report on the Actuarial Valuation of Post-Retirement Benefits of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Prepared as of June 30, 2016 completed by Buck Consulting. As of June 30, 2018, they are as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate 3.87%

Salary Increase Rate Varies by age

Non-Medicare 7.15% graded to 4.50% over 12 years Medicare 7.30% graded to 4.50% over 11 years

Retiree Contributions Equal to health trend

Pre-retirement Mortality 98% of RP-2014 White Collar Employee with

generational projection using Scale SSA-2017

Post-retirement Mortality 98% of RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant with

generational projection using Scale SSA-2017

## Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 with the following exceptions:

#### Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The amortization period was six years for June 30, 2018. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.58% to 3.87%.

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of OPEB amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of VSTRS or their participating employers. VSTRS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: http://finance.vermont.gov/reports and publications/cafr

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### **NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, students and guests; as well as natural disasters for which the School District either carries commercial insurance, participates in a public entity risk pool, or is effectively self-insured. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the School District.

The School District is a member of the Vermont School Boards Association. The Association has set up two insurance Trusts; Vermont School Boards Insurance Trust, Inc. (VSBIT) for worker compensation, multi-line intermunicipal school program, and unemployment compensation program, and the Vermont Education Health Initiative (VEHI) for medical benefits. VSBIT and VEHI are nonprofit corporations formed to provide insurance and risk management programs for Vermont School Districts and is owned by the participating Districts. The Trusts are not licensed insurance carriers and members are not protected by the Vermont Insurance Guaranty Association.

To provide insurance coverage, VEHI has established a self-funded fully insured program in conjunction with Blue Cross and Blue Shield (BCBS). A portion of member contributions is used to purchase reinsurance and to fund a reserve required by the reinsurance. Contributions in excess of claims requirements, reserve fund requirements, reinsurance and administrative costs are returned to participants. The pooling agreement does not permit the pool to make additional assessments to its members.

Multi-Line Intermunicipal School Program provides coverage for property; inland marine and boiler and machinery; crime; commercial general liability; automobile/garagekeepers; and educators legal liability. Annual contributions are based upon appropriate rates applicable to each member; such rates are set based on recommendations of a qualified actuary, plus a proportionate share of all operational and administrative cost including excess reinsurance premiums incurred by the trust. In the event that total contributions assessed to and made by all members result in an actual or projected financial deficit and VSBIT is unable to meet its required obligations, the program will be terminated with each member assessed their proportionate share of the deficit.

#### **NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES**

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the School District's financial position.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The School District participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the School District's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

The School District participates in a medical insurance plan negotiated through VEHI. This plan is a high-deductible plan with an HRA (Health Reimbursement Arrangement) funded by the School District. The organization contracted to coordinate the processing of claims on behalf of the School District with HRA funds has not processed all claims through June 30, 2019, and as of the date of this report. Additionally, they were unable to provide management with the outstanding amount to be expensed by the School District through June 30, 2019. Therefore, the amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the unprocessed claims cannot be determined at this time.

#### NOTE 17 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

The School District has an ongoing financial responsibility to Washington Central School District as defined in GASB 14, paragraph 71. Through Washington Central School District's assessment process, the School District's assessment can be increased to cover a share of any prior year deficits and decreased to share in any prior year surpluses. Separate financial statements on Washington Central School District are available from Washington Central School District.

#### NOTE 18 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the School District's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

### NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

All assets and liabilities of the Berlin School District, the Calais School District, the East Montpelier School District, the Middlesex School District, the Worcester School District and the Union High School District No. 32 were transferred to the new Washington Central Unified Union School District on July 1, 2019. All business transactions of these individual member schools ceased as of that date.

## Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Government Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions Pension
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted of Original		<u> </u>					Variance Positive Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$	245,185	\$	245,185	\$	245,185	\$	-
Intergovernmental:								
State/Town support		3,807,332	,	3,807,332		3,797,314		(10,018)
Other		114,082		114,082		124,240		10,158
Interest income		52,225		52,225		66,269		14,044
Miscellaneous		4,414		4,414		38,161		33,747
Amounts Available for Appropriation		4,223,238		4,223,238		4,271,169		47,931
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):		0.040.550		0.040.550		0.005.000		(44.050)
Direct services		2,013,552		2,013,552		2,025,202		(11,650)
Support services:		400.005		400.005		455 507		(00.750)
Student services		132,835		132,835		155,587		(22,752)
Instructional staff services		185,732		185,732		199,744		(14,012)
General administrative services		292,020		292,020		290,083		1,937
Area administrative services		213,492		213,492		206,771		6,721
Fiscal services		52,225		52,225		47,143		5,082
Operations and maintenance		291,355		291,355		321,851		(30,496)
Transportation		131,705		131,705		133,407		(1,702)
Debt service:								
Principal		411,050		411,050		411,050		-
Interest		185,285		185,285		185,284		1
Transfers to other funds		81,522		81,522		184,937		(103,415)
Total Charges to Appropriations		3,990,773		3,990,773		4,161,059		(170,286)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	232,465	\$	232,465	\$	110,110	\$	(122,355)
		10		40				// ====:
Utilization of assigned fund balance	\$	12,720	\$	12,720	<u>\$</u>	-	<u>\$</u>	(12,720)

# SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

VSTRS:	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Proportion of the net pension liability School District's proportionate share of the net	0.19%	0.20%	0.20%	0.21%	0.26%	0.27%
pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District Total	2,826,154 \$ 2,826,154	2,960,933 \$ 2,960,933	2,608,034 \$ 2,608,034	2,493,816 \$ 2,493,816	2,511,630 \$ 2,511,630	\$ 2,751,781 \$ 2,751,781
Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net pension	\$ 1,264,693	\$ 1,319,883	\$ 1,290,148	\$ 1,172,201	\$ 1,485,475	\$ 1,534,082
liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll  Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
total pension liability	54.81%	53.98%	55.31%	58.22%	64.02%	60.59%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
<u>VSTRS:</u>						
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ - 	\$ -	\$ - 	\$ - -	\$ - 	\$ - 
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$ 1,314,080	\$ 1,264,693	\$ 1,319,883	\$ 1,290,148	\$ 1,172,201	\$ 1,485,475
employee payroll	0.00%	6 0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019		2018		2017	
<u>VSTRS OPEB Plan:</u>						
Proportion of the net OPEB liability School District's proportionate share of the	C	).18%	(	).19%		0.19%
net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District Total	1,738 \$ 1,738	3,745 3,745	1,755 \$ 1,755			<u>-</u>
Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 1,264		\$ 1,319			1,290,148
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll  Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	C	0.00%	(	0.00%		0.00%
the total OPEB liability	1	1.76%	1	1.52%		0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019		2018		2017	
VSTRS OPEB Plan:						
Contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		_		-		_
	_		•	>		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$ 1,3	14,080	\$ 1,264	,693	\$ 1,3	19,883
employee payroll		0.00%	0	.00%		0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# **Changes of Assumptions**

## **VSTRS Pension Plan:**

The valuation liability for inactive members as reported by the System was lowered from 332.5% of accumulated contributions to 250.0% of accumulated contributions.

### VSTRS OPEB Plan:

The discount rate increased from 3.58% to 3.87% for the VSTRS OPEB liability.

The percentage of non-DC Plan current retirees assumed to have life insurance coverage was increased from 65% to 75%.

Future male retirees were assumed to be two years older than their spouses, decreased from three years. Future female retirees were assumed to be one year younger than their spouses, decreased from three years.

The percentage of future retirees assumed to have a spouse electing coverage was increased from 60% to 70% for male retirees and from 50% to 60% for female retirees.

The claims cost development methodology was modified for non-Medicare participants.

The per capita valuation-year claims and retiree contribution rates were updated.

The assumed health trend rates were modified.

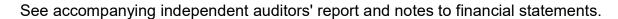
#### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues
- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Net Position Private-Purpose Trust Funds
- Combining Schedule of Changes in Net Position Private-Purpose Trust Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original Budget			Variance Positive (Negative)	
Resources (Inflows):					
Intergovernmental revenues: Education spending grant	\$ 3,807,332	\$ 3,807,332	\$ 3,797,314	\$ (10,018)	
Special education reimbursement	105,311	105,311	102,712	(2,599)	
Other	8,771	8,771	21,528	12,757	
Interest income	52,225	52,225	66,269	14,044	
Miscellaneous:					
Other receipts	4,414	4,414	38,161	33,747	
Used of assigned fund balance	12,720	12,720		(12,720)	
Amounts Available for Appropriation	\$ 3,990,773	\$ 3,990,773	\$ 4,025,984	\$ 35,211	



## SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

FOR THE T		K ENDED	JUI	NE 30, 20 I	9		,	
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance Positive legative)
Direct services -								
Instructional services	\$	1,442,466	\$	1,442,466	\$	1,461,553	\$	(19,087)
Preschool program	Ψ	151,252	Ψ	151,252	Ψ	149,681	Ψ	1,571
Special education		188,056		188,056		180,299		7,757
SU assessments		231,778		231,778		233,669		(1,891)
Total Direct services		2,013,552		2,013,552		2,025,202		(11,650)
Support services -								
Students -								
Guidance services		49,585		49,585		57,557		(7,972)
Health services		83,250		83,250		98,030		(14,780)
Instructional staff -		00,200		00,200		00,000		(11,100)
Library services		82,774		82,774		87,228		(4,454)
Technology services		102,958		102,958		112,516		(9,558)
Total Support services		318,567		318,567		355,331		(36,764)
		·				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		, , , ,
General administration -								
Board of education		28,382		28,382		26,445		1,937
Office of the superintendent		263,638		263,638		263,638		-
Total General administration		292,020		292,020		290,083		1,937
Area Administration - Office of the principal		213,492		213,492		206,771		6,721
Fiscal services		52,225	_	52,225		47,143		5,082
Operations and maintenance		291,355		291,355		321,851		(30,496)
Transportation		131,705		131,705		133,407		(1,702)
Debt service -								
Principal		411,050		411,050		411,050		-
Interest		185,285		185,285		185,284		1
Total Debt service		596,335		596,335		596,334		1
Transfers to other funds		81,522		81,522		184,937		(103,415)
TOTAL DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS	\$	3,990,773	\$	3,990,773	\$	4,161,059	\$	(170,286)

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Re	pecial venue unds	Total Nonmajo Governmenta Funds		
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	2,917 2,917	\$ \$	2,917 2,917	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,917 2,917		2,917 2,917	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		- - - - -		- - - - -	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,917	\$	2,917	

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	R	Special evenue Funds	Gov	l Nonmajor ernmental Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$	19,937 831 20,768	\$	19,937 831 20,768
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		19,937 19,937		19,937 19,937
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		831		831
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(831) (831)		(831) (831)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1				
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$		\$	

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.



## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Playground Project		Federal Grant		EPSDT Mini Grant		Total
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,917 2,917	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$ 2,917 2,917
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,917				).	2,917 2,917
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		-		-		- - - - -	- - - - -
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,917	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$ 2,917

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Playground Project		Federal Grant		EPSDT Mini Grant		Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$	831 831	\$	15,937	\$	4,000	\$ 19,937 831 20,768
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		<u> </u>		15,937 15,937		4,000 4,000	19,937 19,937
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		831		<u> </u>			831
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	F	(831) (831)				- - -	(831) (831)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		-	-
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		<u>\.</u>					
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	-	\$		\$		\$ 

#### Fiduciary Funds

These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds are much like that of proprietary funds. They use the accrual basis of accounting.



## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Jon Miller Fund	Music Fund	Total
ASSETS Due from other governments TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 2,211	\$ 6,765	\$ 8,976
	\$ 2,211	\$ 6,765	\$ 8,976
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>
NET POSITION Restricted - held in trust TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	2,211	6,765	8,976
	\$ 2,211	\$ 6,765	\$ 8,976

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Jon Miller Fund	Music Fund	Total
ADDITIONS Interest TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$ 65 65	\$ -	\$ 65 65
DEDUCTIONS Supplies TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	120 120		120 120
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(55)	<u>-</u>	(55)
NET POSITION - JULY 1	2,266	6,765	9,031
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 2,211	\$ 6,765	\$ 8,976

#### **General Capital Assets**

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.



## SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2019

	Land and Non-depreciabl Assets	e 	Buildings, Building Improvements and Land Improvements		· ·		Infr	astructure	Total
Direct Services	\$	-	\$	6,857,668	\$	376,531	\$	-	\$ 7,234,199
S.S Students S.S Staff		-		124,257 593,273		- 22,887		-	124,257 616,160
S.S Area Adm		-		393,273		24,830		_	416,951
Operations and Maintenance		_		1,050,562		60,487		166,586	1,277,635
Food Service		<u>-</u>		516,516		117,840		-	634,356
Total General Capital Assets		-		9,534,397		602,575		166,586	10,303,558
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		_		(1,788,879)		(318,242)		(29,153)	(2,136,274)
Net General Capital Assets	\$	-	\$	7,745,518	\$	284,333	\$	137,433	\$ 8,167,284

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Capital Assets 7/1/18		Iditions	Deletions			General Capital Assets 6/30/19
Direct Services	\$ 7,187,387	\$	46,812	\$	-	\$	7,234,199
S.S Students	124,257		-				124,257
S.S Staff	616,160				-		616,160
S.S Area Adm	416,951		-		-		416,951
Operations and Maintenance	1,277,635		-		-		1,277,635
Food Service	 629,365		4,991				634,356
Total General Capital Assets	10,251,755		51,803		-		10,303,558
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,895,443)		(240,831)				(2,136,274)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 8,356,312	\$ (	(189,028)	\$	_	\$	8,167,284



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors
East Montpelier School District
Montpelier, Vermont

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Montpelier School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the East Montpelier School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2019.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the East Montpelier School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the East Montpelier School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the East Montpelier School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the East Montpelier School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 December 12, 2019

## Audited Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

### **Middlesex School District**

June 30, 2019



Proven Expertise & Integrity

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JUNE 30, 2019

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Middlesex School District Montpelier, Vermont

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Middlesex School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Middlesex School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

3 Old Orchard Road, Buxton, Maine 04093

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Middlesex School District as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension and OPEB information on pages 4 through 10 and 60 through 65 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Middlesex School District's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the

basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 27, 2019, on our consideration of the Middlesex School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Middlesex School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 November 27, 2019

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

#### (UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the Middlesex School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements.

#### **Financial Statement Overview**

The School District's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, pension and OPEB information and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the School District's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the School District's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position - this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities - this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above-mentioned financial statements have separate columns for the two different types of School District activities. The types of activities presented for the School District are:

- Governmental activities The activities in this section are mostly supported by intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants), support from the town and charges for services. Most of the School District's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance and transportation.
- Business-type activities These activities are normally intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and/or charges to external users for goods and/or services. The activity for the School District includes the food service fund and internal service fund.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be classified into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services provided by the School District are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the School District.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues,

expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The School District presents two columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The School District's major fund is the general fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Other Governmental Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund is the only fund for which the School District legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Proprietary Funds: The School District maintains one proprietary fund, the food service fund. This fund is used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. No reconciliation is needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Funds.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Contributions - Pensions, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, a Schedule of Contributions - OPEB and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regards to nonmajor funds, capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the School District's governmental and business-type activities. The School District's total net position for governmental activities increased by \$245,617 from \$1,146,192 to \$1,391,809. For business-type activities, the School District's total net position decreased by \$1,635 from \$145,934 to \$144,299.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - decreased for governmental activities to a deficit balance of \$1,165 at the end of the fiscal year. For business-type activities, the balance increased to \$1,710.

Table 1
Middlesex School District
Net Position
June 30,

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities			
		2019		2018		2019		2018
Assets:								
Current Assets	\$	685,639	\$	554,938	\$	32,268	\$	31,555
Noncurrent Assets		3,942,862		3,925,883		113,922		115,953
Total Assets	\$	4,628,501	\$	4,480,821	\$	146,190	\$	147,508
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	\$	53,129	\$	51,756	\$	-	\$	_
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ \$	53,129	\$	51,756	\$	_	\$	
Liabilities:								
Current Liabilities	\$	505,579	\$	443,880	\$	-	\$	-
Noncurrent Liabilities		2,780,771		2,937,963		-		-
Total Liabilities	\$	3,286,350	\$	3,381,843	\$	-	\$	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:								
Deferred Revenues	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,891	\$	1,574
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		3,471		4,542		-		-
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	3,471	\$	4,542	\$	1,891	\$	1,574
Net Position:								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,100,747	\$	906,375	\$	113,922	\$	115,953
Restricted		292,227		145,692		28,667		29,362
Unrestricted (deficit)		(1,165)		94,125		1,710		619
Total Net Position	\$	1,391,809	\$	1,146,192	\$	144,299	\$	145,934

Table 2
Middlesex School District
Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30,

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-type Activities		
	2019	2018	2019	2018	
Revenues					
Program Revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 1,805	\$ 41,356	\$ 47,643	
Operating grants and contributions	571,651	471,142	26,020	29,016	
General Revenues:	,			,	
Grants and contributions not restricted					
to specific programs	3,218,654	3,096,756	-	-	
Miscellaneous	75,353	98,986	758	6,976	
Total Revenues	3,865,658	3,668,689	68,134	83,635	
Expenses					
Direct services	1,856,698	1,826,994			
Support services:	1,030,030	1,020,994	_	_	
Student services	147,069	149,365	_	_	
Instructional staff services	103,420	94,209	·	_	
General administrative services	23,652	27,182	_	_	
Area administrative services	403,160	422,142	_	_	
Fiscal services	40,301	41,584	-	_	
Operations and maintenance	114,540	171,950	-	_	
Transportation	110,963	76,443	_	_	
On-behalf payments	560,346	464,181	_	_	
Program expenses	11,305	6,961	93,411	93,458	
Interest on long-term debt	80,735	85,630	-	-	
Capital outlay	148,852	79,496	-	-	
Total Expenses	3,601,041	3,446,137	93,411	93,458	
Equity transfer from members	- (10.000)	-	4,642	1,976	
Transfers	(19,000)	(17,600)	19,000	17,600	
Change in Net Position	245,617	204,952	(1,635)	9,753	
Net Position - July 1	1,146,192	941,240	145,934	136,181	
Net Position - June 30	\$ 1,391,809	\$ 1,146,192	\$ 144,299	\$ 145,934	

#### **Revenues and Expenses**

Revenues for the School District's governmental activities increased by 5.37%, while total expenses increased by 4.50%. The increase in revenues was due to grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs and operating grants and contributions. The increase in expenses was mainly due to on-behalf payments and capital outlay.

Revenues for the School District's business-type activities decreased by 18.53%, while total expenses decreased by 0.05%. The decrease in revenues was due to decreases in all revenue categories.

#### Financial Analysis of the School District's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the School District's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year, and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
Middlesex School District
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
June 30,

	2019			2018		
Major Funds:						
General Fund:						
Assigned	\$	65,326	\$	142,700		
Total General Fund	\$	65,326	\$	142,700		
Nonmajor Funds: Capital Projects Funds Restricted	<u> </u>	292,227	\$	145,692		
	Ψ_		_Φ_			
Total Nonmajor Funds	_\$_	292,227	_\$_	145,692		

The general fund total fund balance decreased by \$77,374 from the prior fiscal year as a result of expenditures and transfers to other funds exceeding revenues. The total fund balance for the nonmajor funds increased by \$146,535 from the prior year mainly as a result of transfers from the general fund.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

There was no difference between the original and final budget for the general fund.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$25,258 primarily due to interest income and miscellaneous income from shared benefits.

The general fund actual expenditures exceeded the budget by \$102,632. This was primarily due to additional transfers to capital projects funds.

#### **Capital Asset and Long-Term Debt Activity**

#### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2019, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the School District increased by \$14,948. This increase was due to capital additions of \$144,392 less net disposal of assets of \$1,388 and current year depreciation expense of \$128,056.

Table 4
Middlesex School District
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
June 30,

	2019	2018
Buildings, building improvements		
and land improvements	\$ 3,659,630	\$ 3,613,935
Infrastructure	181,952	187,460
Furniture and equipment	215,202	240,441
Total	\$ 4,056,784	\$ 4,041,836

#### Debt

At June 30, 2019, the School District had \$2,842,115 in a bond and a note from direct borrowing outstanding versus \$3,019,508 last year. Refer to Note 6 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

#### **Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions**

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

This will be the last audited financial statements issued by the Middlesex School District. Refer to Note 19 of the Notes to Financial Statements for more information.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School District at 1130 Gallison Hill Road, Montpelier, Vermont 05602.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:	¢ 205.702	¢	¢ 205.702
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 385,793	\$ - 4,703	\$ 385,793 4,703
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)  Due from other governments	7,619	2,021	9,640
Due from other funds	292,227	23,964	316,191
Inventory	-	1,580	1,580
Total current assets	685,639	32,268	717,907
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Buildings, building improvements and other assets,			
net of accumulated depreciation	3,942,862	113,922	4,056,784
Total noncurrent assets	3,942,862	113,922	4,056,784
TOTAL ASSETS	4,628,501	146,190	4,774,691
TOTALAGGETO	4,020,001	110,100	4,774,001
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	53,129		53,129
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	53,129		53,129
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 4,681,630	\$ 146,190	\$ 4,827,820
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Due to other funds	\$ 328,086	\$ -	\$ 328,086
Current portion of long-term obligations	177,493		177,493
Total current liabilities	505,579		505,579
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:			
Bonds payable	2,625,000	-	2,625,000
Notes from direct borrowings payable	39,650	-	39,650
Accrued compensated absences	537	-	537
Net pension liability	115,584		115,584
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,780,771		2,780,771
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,286,350		3,286,350
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred revenue	-	1,891	1,891
Deferred inflows related to pensions	3,471		3,471
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,471	1,891	5,362
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,100,747	113,922	1,214,669
Restricted	292,227	28,667	320,894
Unrestricted (deficit)	(1,165)	1,710	545
TOTAL NET POSITION	1,391,809	144,299	1,536,108
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
AND NET POSITION	\$ 4,681,630	\$ 146,190	\$ 4,827,820
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,	, .,,,,,,,

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

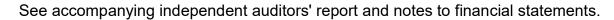
		Program Revenues					Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
				0	perating		Capital		Business -	
		Ch	arges for	Gr	ants and	C	Frants and	Governmental	type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	S	ervices	Cor	ntributions	<u>C</u>	ontributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:										
Direct services	\$ 1,856,698	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_	\$ (1,856,698)	\$ -	\$ (1,856,698)
Support services:	, , , , , , , , , , , ,	,		•		٠		, ( , -	•	, ( ,,
Student services	147,069		_		_		_	(147,069)	_	(147,069)
Instructional staff services	103,420				-		-	(103,420)	-	(103,420)
General administrative services	23,652							(23,652)	_	(23,652)
Area administrative services	403,160		-				-	(403,160)	_	(403,160)
Fiscal services	40,301		_		_		-	(40,301)	_	(40,301)
Operations and maintenance	114,540		-		_			(114,540)	-	(114,540)
Transportation	110,963		-		-		_	(110,963)	_	(110,963)
Program expenses	11,305		_		11,305		-	-	-	-
On-behalf payments	560,346				560,346		_	-	_	-
Interest on long-term debt	80,735				-		-	(80,735)	_	(80,735)
Capital outlay	148,852		-		_		-	(148,852)	_	(148,852)
Total governmental activities	3,601,041		-		571,651		_	(3,029,390)		(3,029,390)
Pusinger type activities:										
Business-type activities: Food service	93,411		41,356		26,020				(26,035)	(26,035)
Total business-type activities	93,411		41,356		26,020				(26,035)	
Total business-type activities	33,411	#	+1,000		20,020				(20,033)	(26,035)
Total government	\$ 3,694,452	\$	41,356	\$	597,671	\$	-	(3,029,390)	(26,035)	(3,055,425)

#### STATEMENT B (CONTINUED)

#### MIDDLESEX SCHOOL DISTRICT

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Changes in net position: Net (expense) revenue	(3,029,390)	(26,035)	(3,055,425)
General revenues: Grants and contributions not restricted			
to specific programs	3,218,654	-	3,218,654
Miscellaneous	75,353	758	76,111
Equity transfer from members	(40.000)	4,642	4,642
Transfers	(19,000)	19,000	
Total general revenues and transfers	3,275,007	24,400	3,299,407
Change in net position	245,617	(1,635)	243,982
NET POSITION - JULY 1	1,146,192	145,934	1,292,126
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 1,391,809	\$ 144,299	\$ 1,536,108



#### BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

				Other	Total		
	(	General	Go۱			/ernmental	
		Fund		Funds		Funds	
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	385,793	\$	-	\$	385,793	
Due from other governments		7,619		-		7,619	
Due from other funds	Φ.	- 202 442	Φ.	292,227	ф.	292,227	
TOTAL ASSETS	<u> </u>	393,412	\$	292,227	<u>\$</u>	685,639	
LIABILITIES							
Due to other governments	\$	11,895	\$	-	\$	11,895	
Due to other funds		316,191		-		316,191	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		328,086		-		328,086	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		-		-		-	
Restricted		-		292,227		292,227	
Committed		-		-		-	
Assigned Unassigned		65,326		-		65,326	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		65,326		292,227		357,553	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND							
FUND BALANCES	\$	393,412	\$	292,227	\$	685,639	

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Total Fund Balances	\$	357,553
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation		3,942,862
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		53,129
Long-term obligations shown below are not due and payable in the current		33,129
period and therefore are not reported in the funds shown above:		
Bond payable		(2,800,000)
Note from direct borrowing payable		(42,115)
Accrued compensated absences		(565)
Net pension liability		(115,584)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not financial resources		(0.4=4)
and therefore are not reported in the funds		(3,471)
Net position of governmental activities	\$	1,391,809

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		General Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES	\$	2 200 522	\$	11 205	\$	2 400 929
Intergovernmental revenues Interest income	Φ	3,389,523 55,227	Ф	11,305	Ф	3,400,828 55,227
Miscellaneous revenues		17,660		2,466		20,126
TOTAL REVENUES	-	3,462,410	$\leftarrow$	13,771		3,476,181
		3,132,113		13,111		-,,
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Direct services		1,790,442		-		1,790,442
Support services:						440.000
Student services		146,058		-		146,058
Instructional staff services		98,331		-		98,331
General administrative services		23,652		-		23,652
Area administrative services		398,567		-		398,567
Fiscal services		40,301		-		40,301
Operations and maintenance		190,552		-		190,552
Transportation		110,963		-		110,963
On-behalf payments		170,869		-		170,869
Program expenses		-		11,305		11,305
Debt service:		177 202				177 202
Principal		177,393		-		177,393
Interest		80,735		140.050		80,735
Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	_	2 227 962		148,852		148,852
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,227,863		160,157		3,388,020
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		234,547		(146,386)		88,161
(ONDER) EXILENDITORIZE	-	201,017		(110,000)	-	00,101
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in		_		292,921		292,921
Transfers (out)		(311,921)		- , - -		(311,921)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		,				, ,
(USES)		(311,921)		292,921		(19,000)
NET OLIANOE IN EURO DALANOEO		(77.07.1)		440.505		00.404
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(77,374)		146,535		69,161
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		142,700		145,692		288,392
FUND DALANCES HINE 20	ф.	GE 200	ф.	202 227	ф.	257 552
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30		65,326	<u>\$</u>	292,227	<u>\$</u>	357,553

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$	69,161
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets:		
Capital asset acquisitions		139,750
Capital asset net disposals  Depreciation expense		(1,388) (121,383)
	$\equiv$	16,979
Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore		
are not reported in the funds		1,373
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position		177,393
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds		1,071
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:		
Accrued compensated absences		(180)
Net pension liability		(20,180) (20,360)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)		245,617

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund Food Service	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund
ASSETS		
Current assets: Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Inventory Due from other governments Due from other funds Total current assets	\$ 4,703 1,580 2,021 23,964 32,268	\$ - - - - -
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Buildings Building improvements Equipment Less: accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets	8,643 37,007 111,616 (43,344) 113,922	- - - - -
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 146,190	\$ -
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accounts payable Total current liabilities	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	_
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1,891 1,891	 
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION	113,922 28,667 1,710 144,299	- - - - -
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$ 146,190	<u>\$</u>

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-type	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	Enterprise Fund	Internal
	Food	Service
	Service	Fund
OPERATING REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	\$ 26,020 41,356 758 68,134	\$ - - 200 200
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries Benefits Repairs and maintenance Supplies and food	43,465 13,745 117 24,769	- - - 200
Depreciation Equipment TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	6,673 4,642 93,411	200
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(25,277)	
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Equity transfer from members Transfers in TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	4,642 19,000 23,642	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	(1,635)	-
NET POSITION - JULY 1	145,934	
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 144,299	\$ -

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

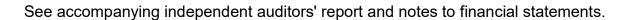
## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ente	siness-type Activities rprise Fund Food Service	Go	Activities Internal Service Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Intergovernmental receipts Internal activity - receipts (payments) from/to other funds Payments to suppliers NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	42,114 23,999 (52) (85,061) (19,000)	\$	200 - - (200)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in (out) NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		19,000 19,000		<u>.</u>
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1				
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30	\$		\$	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(25,277)	\$	-
Depreciation expense		6,673		-
Changes in operating assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable  (Increase) decrease in due from other governments		747 (2,021)		-
(Increase) decrease in inventory (Increase) decrease in due from other funds (Decrease) increase in deferred revenue		613 (52) 317		-
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(19,000)	\$	<u> </u>

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	S	ncy Funds Student ctivities
ASSETS  Due from other governments	\$	11,895
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	11,895
LIABILITIES Deposits held for others	\$	11,895
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	11,895



## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

Middlesex School District was incorporated under the laws in the State of Vermont. The School District operates under the Board of Directors-superintendent form of government and provides the following services: direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance and transportation.

The School District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The School District's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the School District. We have determined that the School District has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

## **Implementation of New Accounting Standards**

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. Laws and regulations may require governments to take specific actions to retire certain tangible capital assets at the end of the useful lives of those capital assets, such as decommissioning nuclear reactors and dismantling and removing sewage treatment plants. Other obligations to retire tangible capital assets may arise from contracts or court judgments. Internal obligating events include the occurrence of contamination, placing into operation a tangible capital asset that is required to be retired, abandoning a tangible capital asset before it is placed into operation, or acquiring a tangible capital asset that has an existing ARO. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. If an ARO (or portions thereof) has been incurred by a government but is not yet recognized because it is not reasonably estimable, the

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

government is required to disclose that fact and the reasons therefor. This Statement requires similar disclosures for a government's minority shares of AROs. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

## Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The School District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School District's major funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The School District's food service fund is categorized as a business-type activity. All other activities of the School District are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The School District's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The School District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School District's functions and business-type activities (instruction, administration, etc.) excluding fiduciary activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The School District does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding departments.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School District as an entity and the change in the School District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

## Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the School District are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the School District:

#### 1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the School District:

#### Major Fund:

a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

#### Nonmajor Funds:

b. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

 Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

### 2. Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Operating revenues include charges for services, intergovernmental reimbursements and other miscellaneous fees which are a direct result of the proprietary activity. Nonoperating revenues are any revenues which are generated outside of the general proprietary activity, i.e. interest income. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the School District:

- a. Enterprise Funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing. services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.
- b. Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by an activity to other departments, funds or component units of the School District on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the School District's governmental activities, the financial statement of the internal service fund is consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements.

## 3. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the School District's programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Component units that are fiduciary in nature have been excluded from these financial statements.

The School District's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

## **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

#### **Budget**

The School District's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 24, Accounting and Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, payments made by the State of Vermont to the Vermont State Retirement System for teachers and certain other school employees are reported as offsetting revenues and expenditures of the general fund.

Revenues per budgetary basis	\$ 3,291,541
Add: On-behalf payments	170,869
Total GAAP basis	\$ 3,462,410
Expenditures per budgetary basis	\$ 3,368,915
Add: On-behalf basis	170,869
Total GAAP basis	\$ 3,539,784

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The annual school budget is the planning management tool, which delineates the School District's educational priorities and programs and forms the basis for voter review and approval of the budget according to applicable State of Vermont education finance laws.
- 2. The Board budget process includes input from school district administration and staff, educational priorities for the next school year, along with public hearings, which include the Board of Directors and general public.
- The budget document itself is based upon the most current funding information available along with the projection of current revenues and expenditures for the next year. At the conclusion of the budget process, a final budget is approved by the Board of Directors.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the School District's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the School District's investments are reported at amortized cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be a cash equivalent. The School District Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The Middlesex School District has no formal investment policy but instead follows the State of Vermont Statutes.

#### Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies and local businesses. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. Allowances for uncollectible accounts netted with accounts receivable were \$26,238 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2019.

### **Inventories**

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost which approximate market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when used (consumption method). The food service fund inventory consists of food service supplies and food on hand at the end of the year.

### **Interfund Receivables and Payables**

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### **Transactions Between Funds**

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values. The School District has not retroactively recorded infrastructure.

#### Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 - 50 years Infrastructure 50 - 100 years Machinery and equipment 3 - 50 years

## **Long-term Obligations**

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of a bond and a note from direct borrowing payable, accrued compensated absences and net pension liability.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

System (VSTRS) and the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System (VMERS) Plans and additions to/deductions from the VSTRS and VMERS Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the VSTRS and VMERS Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### <u>OPEB</u>

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) additions to/deductions from the VSTRS OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by VSTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

#### Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable - This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Restricted - This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the School District. The inhabitants of the School District through School District meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the School District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a School District meeting vote.

Assigned - This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Directors.

Unassigned - This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the School District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the School District meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District currently has deferred outflows related to pensions, which is reported only in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred revenues, which is reported in both the statements of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows related to pensions also qualifies for reporting in this category. This item is reported only in the statement of net position. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### **Program Revenues**

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

## Operating/Nonoperating Proprietary Fund Revenues

Operating revenues consist mainly of direct revenue sources and/or charges for services applicable to that fund's ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

## **Encumbrance Accounting**

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The School District does utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

#### Use of Estimates

During the preparation of the School District's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### Deposits:

The School District's investment policies, which follow state statutes, authorize the School District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. These investment policies apply to all School District funds.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School District will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2019, the School District's cash balance of \$385,793 was comprised of bank deposits of \$456,115. Of these bank deposits, \$250,000 were fully insured by federal depository insurance and consequently were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The remaining balance of \$206,115 was collateralized with securities held by the financial institution in the School District's name.

Account Type	Balance				
Checking accounts	\$	10,540			
Repurchase agreement		445,575			
	\$	456,115			

#### Investments:

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

At June 30, 2019, the School District had no investments.

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Vermont authorize the School District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The School District does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the School District invests excess funds in savings accounts and various insured certificates of deposit.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

## NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Receivables (Due from)	Payables (Due to)
General fund Nonmajor capital projects funds Proprietary funds	\$ - 292,227 23,964	\$ 316,191 - -
	\$ 316,191	\$ 316,191

#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019:

		Balance, 7/1/2018		Additions Disposals			Balance 6/30/19		
Governmental activities:									
Depreciated assets:									
Land improvements	\$	6,875	\$	-	\$	-	\$	6,875	
Buildings		242,075		-		-		242,075	
Building improvements		4,235,966		88,088		-		4,324,054	
Infrastructure		220,542		_		_		220,542	
Furniture and equipment		212,940		51,662		(2,256)		262,346	
	,	4,918,398		139,750		(2,256)		5,055,892	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(992,515)		(121,383)		868		(1,113,030)	
		3,925,883		18,367		(1,388)		3,942,862	
Net governmental capital assets	\$	3,925,883	\$	18,367	\$	(1,388)	\$	3,942,862	
Business-type activities: Depreciated assets:									
Buildings	\$	8,643	\$	_	\$	_	\$	8,643	
Building improvements	•	37.007	•	_	•	_	•	37.007	
Furniture and equipment		107,592		4,642		(618)		111,616	
	•	153,242		4,642		(618)		157,266	
Less: accumulated depreciation		(37,289)		(6,673)		`618 <sup>′</sup>		(43,344)	
Net business-type capital assets	\$	115,953	\$	(2,031)	\$		\$	113,922	
• • •									

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

## Current year depreciation:

Direct services	\$	98,615
S.S students		1,011
S.S staff		5,089
S.S area administration	<b>&gt;</b>	4,593
Operations and maintenance		12,075
Total governmental activities depreciation		121,383
Food service		6,673
Total depreciation expense	\$	128,056

#### NOTE 5 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Balance,			Balance,
	7/1/18	Additions	Reductions	6/30/19
				_
Tax/revenue anticipation note	\$ -	\$ 1,526,063	\$ (1,526,063)	\$ -

On July 2, 2018, the School District issued a tax/revenue anticipation note through Union Bank in anticipation of revenues to meet its operating obligations during the fiscal year. The note allowed principal draws up to \$1,526,063 at 2.70% interest with a maturity date of June 28, 2019. On June 24, 2019, the note was paid in full. Interest expense for the note was \$40,301.

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2019:

		Balance, 7/1/18	•		Deletions	Balance, 6/30/19	Current Year Portion	
Bond payable Note from direct	\$	2,975,000	\$	-	\$ (175,000)	\$ 2,800,000	\$	175,000
borrowings payable		44,508		-	(2,393)	42,115		2,465
Total	\$	3,019,508	\$	-	\$ (177,393)	\$ 2,842,115	\$	177,465

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a summary of the bond payable as of June 30, 2019:

\$3,500,000 Community Bank, N.A. bond payable, with principal payments due in annual installments of \$175,000. Interest at a fixed rate of 2.75% paid semi-annually. The proceeds from the bond were used for school building improvements. The bond matures on December 1, 2034.

\$ 2,800,000

The following is a summary of the note from direct borrowings payable as of June 30, 2019:

\$55,468 Vermont Environmental Protection Agency note payable, due in annual principal, interest and administrative fee installments of \$3,728. Interest at a fixed rate of 1.0% and an administrative fee of 2.0% is charged per annum. On March 3, 2014 the note payable was amended, reducing the principal amount due by \$22,660 and \$73,527, to reflect loan forgiveness and an ARRA subsidy, respectively. The proceeds from the note were used to finance a water project. The note matures on January 1, 2033.

\$ 42,115

The following is a summary of outstanding bond and note from direct borrowing principal and interest requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Principal Interest			
2020	\$	177,465	\$	76,062	\$	253,527
2021		177,539		70,977		248,516
2022		177,615		66,089		243,704
2023		177,693		61,198		238,891
2024		177,774		56,449		234,223
2025-2029		890,171		208,128		1,098,299
2030-2034		888,858		85,345		974,203
2035-2039		175,000		2,413		177,413
	\$	2,842,115	\$	626,661	\$	3,468,776

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 7 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of other long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Balance, 7/1/18 Additions		Additions	Deletions		Balance, 6/30/19		Current Year Portion	
Accrued compensated absences Net pension liability	\$	385 95,404	\$	180 20,180	\$		\$ 565 115,584	\$	28
Total	\$	95,789	\$	20,360	\$	-	\$ 116,149	\$	28

Please see Notes 8 and 13 for detailed information on each of the other long-term obligations.

#### NOTE 8 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The District's policies regarding vacation and sick time do permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2019, the School District's liability for compensated absences is \$565.

#### NOTE 9 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2019, the School District had the following restricted fund balance:

Nonmajor capital projects funds (Schedule G) \$ 292,227

#### NOTE 10 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2019, the School District had the following assigned fund balance:

General fund:
Reserved for future operations

\$ 65,326

#### NOTE 11 - EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The School District was non-compliant with the legally adopted budget, overspending the entire allowed appropriation of \$3,266,283 by \$102,632 at June 30, 2019.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 12 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The detailed budget to actual report can be found on Schedules 1, A and B.

#### NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

## **Plan Description**

All of the teachers employed by the School District participate in the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System ("VSTRS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, covering nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private Union teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State of Vermont that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the retirement system consisted of 22,193 participating members.

The plan was established effective July 1, 1947, and is governed by *Title 16, V.S.A. Chapter 55*. Subsequent Vermont state legislation, *Act 74*, which became effective on July 1, 2010, contained numerous changes to the plan benefits available to current and future members, as well as a change in access to health care coverage after retirement, resulting from a multi-party agreement to provide sustainability of quality pension and retiree health benefits for Vermont teachers.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the retirement System for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of six members. They are the Secretary of Education (ex-officio), the State Treasurer (ex-officio), the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio), two members and one alternate elected by active members of the System under rules adopted by the Board and one retired member and one alternate elected by the board of directors of Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont. The Chair is elected by the Board and acts as executive officer of the Board.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: http://finance.vermont.gov/reports\_and\_publications/cafr.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Benefits Provided**

The VSTRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, health care and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. There are two levels of contributions and benefits in the System: Group A - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont prior to July 1, 1981 and elected to remain in Group A; and Group C - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont on or after July 1, 1990. Group C also includes those teachers hired prior to July 1, 1990 and were in Group B on July 1, 1990. When *Act 74* became effective on June 30, 2010, Group C was further bifurcated into Groups #1 and #2. Group #1 contains members who were at least 57 years of age or had at least 25 years of service and Group #2 contains members who were less than 57 years of age and had less than 25 years of service.

Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service, and are summarized below:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C - Group # 1	Group C - Group # 2
Normal service retirement eligibility (no reduction)	Age 60 or 30 years of service	Age 62 or with 30 years of service	Age 65 or when the sum of age and service equals 90
Average Final Compensation (AFC)	Highest 3 consecutive years, including unused annual leave, sick leave, and bonus/incentives	Highest 3 consecutive years, excluding all payments for anything other than service actually performed	Highest 3 consecutive years, excluding all payments for anything other than service actually performed
Benefit formula – normal service retirement	1.67% x creditable service x AFC	1.25% x service prior to 6/30/90 x AFC + 1.67% x service after 7/1/90 x AFC	1.25% x service prior to 6/30/90 x AFC + 1.67% x service after 7/1/90 x AFC, 2.0% after attaining 20 years
Maximum Benefit Payable	100% of AFC	53.34% of AFC	60% of AFC
Post-Retirement COLA	Full CPI, up to a maximum of 5% after 12 months of retirement; minimum of 1%	50% CPI, up to a maximum of 5% after 12 months of retirement or with 30 years; minimum of 1%	50% CPI, up to a maximum of 5%, minimum of 1% after 12 months of normal retirement or age 65
Early Retirement Eligibility	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service
Early Retirement Reduction	Actuarial reduction	6% per year from age 62	Actuarial reduction

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Other post-employment benefits are available to all plan members include the following:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C - Group # 1	Group C - Group # 2
Medical Benefits	Health subsidy based on member's service credit	Health subsidy based on member's service credit	
Dental	Members pay full premium	Members pay full premium	Members pay full premium

#### **Contributions**

VSTRS is a cost-sharing public employee retirement system with one exception: all risks and costs are not shared by the School District but are the liability of the State of Vermont. VSTRS is funded through State and employee contributions and trust fund investment earnings; and the School District has no legal obligation for paying benefits. Required contributions to the System are made by the State of Vermont based upon a valuation report prepared by the System's actuary, which varies by plan group. The Vermont State Teachers Retirement System estimates the contributions on behalf of the School District's employees included in the teacher's retirement plan which approximates \$170,869 or 15.75% of total payroll for employees covered under the plan.

Employee contribution rates by plan group follow:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C - Group # 1	Group C - Group # 2
Employee Contributions	5.5% of gross salary	with 5 or more years of service as of	less than 5 years of

Employee contributions totaled \$58,008 during the year and were paid by the School District to the State of Vermont. The School District has no other liability under the plan. The School District's total payroll for all employees covered under this plan was \$1,084,884 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### VERMONT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **Plan Description**

The Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System (VMERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the State Treasurer and its Board of Trustees. The plan was established effective July 1, 1975, and is governed by *Title 24, V.S.A. Chapter 125*. It is designed for school districts and other municipal employees that work on a regular basis and also includes employees of museums and libraries if at least half of that institution's operating expenses are met by municipal funds. An employee of any employer that becomes affiliated with the system may join at that time or at any time thereafter. Any employee hired subsequent to the effective participation date of their employer who meets the minimum hourly requirements is required to join the system. Employees of the School District other than Teachers are eligible to participate in the VMERS providing they work on a regular basis for not less than 30 hours a week and for not less than 1,040 hours for the school year. For the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent data available), the retirement system consisted of 13,262 participating members.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the Retirement System for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of five members. They are the State Treasurer, two employee representatives elected by the membership of the system and two employer representatives - one elected by the governing bodies of participating employers of the system and one selected by the Governor from a list of four nominees. The list of four nominees is jointly submitted by the Vermont League of Cities and Schools and the Vermont School Boards Association.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service. VMERS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at:

http://finance.vermont.gov/reports and publications/cafr.

#### **Benefits Provided**

The pension plan is divided into four membership groups:

 Group A - general employees whose legislative bodies have not elected to become a member of Group B or Group C

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

- Groups B & C general employees whose legislative bodies have elected to become members of Group B or Group C
- Group D sworn police officers, firefighters and emergency medical personnel

The School District participates in Groups A. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service, and are summarized below:

VMERS	Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D
Normal service retirement eligibility	Age 65 with 5 years of service, or age 55 with 35 years of service	Age 62 with 5 years of service, or age 55 with 30 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service
Average Final Compensation (AFC)	Highest 5 consecutive years	Highest 3 consecutive years	Highest 3 consecutive years	Highest 2 consecutive years
Benefit formula  – normal service Retirement (no reduction)	1.4% x creditable service x AFC	1.7% x creditable service x AFC + previous service; 1.4% x Group A service x AFC	2.5% x creditable service x AFC + previous service; 1.4% x Group A service x AFC; 1.7% x Group B x AFC	2.5% x creditable service x AFC + previous service; 1.4% x Group A service x AFC; 1.7% x Group B x AFC; 2.5% x Group C service x AFC
Maximum Benefit Payable	60% of AFC	60% of AFC	50% of AFC	50% of AFC
Post- Retirement COLA	50% of CPI, up to 2% per year	50% of CPI, up to 3% per year	50% of CPI, up to 3% per year	50% of CPI, up to 3% per year
Early Retirement Eligibility	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service	N/A	Age 50 with 20 years of service
Early Retirement Reduction	6% per year from age 65 **	6% per year from age 62 **	N/A	No reduction

<sup>\*\* -</sup> A special early retirement factor of 3% per year only for municipal police officers who have attained age 60

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Members of all groups may qualify for vested deferred allowance, disability allowances and death benefit allowance subject to meeting various eligibility requirements. Benefits are based on AFC and service.

#### Contributions

Title 24 VSA Chapter 125 of Vermont Statutes grants the authority to the Retirement Board to annually review the amount of municipalities' contributions as recommended by the actuary of the retirement system in order to achieve and preserve the financial integrity of the fund, and to certify the rates of contributions payable by employers. The Board of Trustees also certifies the rates of contribution payable by employees. Contribution rates for each group as of July 1, 2018 are as follows:

VMERS	Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D
Employee Contributions	2.625% of gross salary	5.0% of gross salary	10.125% of gross salary	11.475% of gross salary
Employer Contributions	4.125% of gross salary	5.625% of gross salary	7.375% of gross salary	9.975% of gross salary

Employee contributions are withheld pre-income tax by the School District and are remitted to the State of Vermont. Such withholdings for the year ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 totaled \$9,390 and \$8,995, respectively. The School District contributed \$14,756 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The School District's total payroll for the year ended June 30, 2019 for all employees covered under this plan was \$357,738.

#### **Pension Liabilities**

#### VSTRS Plan

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since the School District does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net pension liability was recorded at June 30, 2019. The State's portion of the collective net pension liability that was associated with the School District was as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District 2,280,898

Total \$ 2,280,898

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is equal to the collective net pension liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2017, multiplied by the School District's proportionate share percentage. The School District's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.15098% which was a decrease of 0.00775% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

#### VMERS Plan

At June 30, 2019, the School District reported a liability of \$115,584 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities for each plan. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The School District's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to each pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating towns, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.08220% for VMERS, which was an increase of 0.00345% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017 for VMERS.

## Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized total pension expense of \$300,144 and revenue of \$300,144 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the VSTRS plan. In the same period, the School District recognized pension expense of \$17,736 for the VMERS plan. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

	VSTRS		VMERS					
	Deferred (	-	Deferred			d Outflows		ed Inflows
	of Reso	ources	of Reso	ources	of Re	esources	of Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual								
experience	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,040	\$	1,848
Changes of assumptions		-		-		12,799		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		-		13,396		-
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of								
contributions		-		•		2,138		1,623
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		-				14,756		-
Total	\$		\$	-	\$	53,129	\$	3,471

\$14,756 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	VSTRS		\	/MERS
Plan year ended June 30:				
2019	\$	-	\$	21,700
2020		-		7,906
2021		-		1,991
2022		-		3,304
2023		-		-
Thereafter		_		-

## **Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods**

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using the actuarial assumptions outlined below.

*Investment Rate of Return*: For both plans, 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

*Inflation*: For both plans, 2.50%.

*Salary Increases*: For the VSTRS plan, increases ranging from 3.75% to 9.09%. For the VMERS plan, increases are 5.00% per year.

Deaths After Retirement: The VSTRS plan used 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Employee with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for pre-retirement, 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Annuitant with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for healthy retirees, and the RP-2006 Disabled Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for disabled retirees.

Mortality rates for pre-retirement, healthy retirees and disabled retirees in the VMERS plan for Groups A, B, C and D were based on variations of RP-2006 Tables with generational improvement using Scale SSA-2017 as follows:

Pre-retirement - Groups A, B, and C blended with a 60% Blue Collar Employee and 40% Healthy Employee, and Group D with a Blue Collar Annuitant Table

Healthy Retiree - Groups A, B and C with a 60% Blue Collar Annuitant and 40% Healthy Annuitant, and Group D with a Blue Collar Annuitant Table

Disabled Retiree - All Groups with a RP-2006 Disabled Mortality Table

*Inactive Members*: Valuation liability for the VSTRS plan equals 250.0% of accumulated contributions and 200% for the VMERS plan.

Future Administrative Expenses: No provisions were made for the VSTRS plan as Systems expenses are paid for by the State. For the VMERS plan, an expense adjustment based on actual expenses for the previous year is reflected in the development of recommended employer contribution levels.

Unknown Data for Participants: For both plans, they are the same as those exhibited by participants with similar known characteristics. If not specified, participants are assumed to be male.

*Percent Married*: For both plans, 85% of male members are assumed to be married. 35% of female members for the VSTRS plan and 50% of female members for the VMERS plan are assumed to be married.

Spouse's Age: For both plans, husbands are assumed to be three years older than their wives.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Cost-of-Living Adjustments: Adjustments for both plans are assumed to occur on January 1 following one year of retirement. For the VSTRS plan this occurs at the rate of 2.55% per annum for Group A members and 1.40% per annum for Group C members (beginning at age 62 for Group C members who elect reduced early retirement). The January 1, 2019 COLA is assumed to be 2.60% for Group A and 1.30% for Group C. For the VMERS plan, this occurs at the rate of 1.15% per annum for Group A members and 1.30% per annum for Groups B, C and D members (beginning Normal Retirement eligibility age for members who elect reduced early retirement, at age 62 for Group A, B and D members who receive a disability retirement benefit and at age 55 for members of Group C who receive a disability retirement benefit). The January 1, 2019 COLA is 1.30% for all groups.

Actuarial Cost Method: For both plans is the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Entry age is the age at date of employment, or, if date is unknown, current age minus years of service. Normal Cost and Accrued Actuarial Liability are calculated on an individual basis and are allocated by salary, with Normal Cost determined using the plan of benefits applicable to each participant.

For the VSTRS plan, the asset valuation method used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

A smoothing asset valuation method was used for funding purposes in the VMERS plan, under which the value of assets for actuarial purposes equals market value less a five-year phase-in of the differences between actual and assumed investment return. Then value of assets for actuarial purposes may not differ from the market value of assets by more than 20%.

The *long-term* expected rate of return on both plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
US Equity	18.00%	6.10%
Non-US Equity	16.00%	7.45%
Global Equity	9.00%	6.74%
Fixed Income	26.00%	2.25%
Real Estate	8.00%	5.11%
Private Markets	15.00%	7.60%
Hedge Funds	8.00%	3.86%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for the VSTRS plan and the VMERS plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to be made in accordance with the current funding policy which exceeds the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current System members. The assumed discount rate has been determined in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB 68.

## Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50% for both the VSTRS and VMERS plans, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
VSTRS: Discount rate	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
VMERS: Discount rate	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 195,773	\$ 115,584	\$ 50,368

## **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of the VSTRS and VMERS or their participating employers. VSTRS and VMERS do not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr

#### NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

## VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### Plan Description

The Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System provides postemployment benefits to eligible VSTRS employees who retire from the System through a cost-sharing, multiple-employer postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan (the Plan).

The plan covers nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private high school teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the plan consisted of 4,878 retired members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and 8,941 active members.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Vermont Statute Title 16 Chapter 55 assigns the authority to VSTRS to establish and amend the benefits provisions of the Plan and to establish maximum obligations of the Plan members to contribute to the Plan. Management of the Plan is vested in the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Board of Trustees, which consists of the Secretary of Education (es-officio); the State Treasurer (ex-officio); the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio); two trustees and one alternate who are members of the system (each elected by the system under rules adopted by the Board) and one trustee and one alternate who are retired members of the system receiving retirement benefits (who are elected by the Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont).

All assets of the Plan are held in a single trust and are available to pay OPEB benefits to all members. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr.

#### **Benefits Provided**

VSTRS retirees and their spouses are eligible for medical, prescription drug and dental benefits on a lifetime basis if the retiree is eligible for pension benefits, as described in the Notes to Financial Statements for Defined Benefit Plan(s).

#### Contributions

Varying levels of contributions are required from retirees and spouses for medical and prescription drug coverage at the following premium subsidy rates:

	Retiree Subsidy	Spouse Subsidy*
Retired before June 30, 2010	At least ten years of service-80% of premium Less than ten years of service-0% of premium	

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Retiree Subsidy		Spouse Subsidy*		
I .	10 years or more of June 30, 2010-80% Less than 10 years	of premium	Years of service at June 30, 2010- 80% of premium:		
	June 30, 2		·		
	Less than 15 years at retirement		Less than 10 years	25 years at retirement	
	15-19.99 years at retirement	15-19.99 years at retirement	10-14.99 years	25 years at retirement	
	20-24.99 years at retirement	20-24.99 years at retirement	15-24.99 years	10 additional years from June 30, 2010	
	,	more at	25-29.99 years	35 years at retirement	
		retirement	30 or more years	5 additional years from June 30, 2010	

<sup>\*</sup> Spouses of retirees who do not meet the requirements for an 80% subsidy can receive unsubsidized coverage

Premium Reduction Option: Participants retiring on or after January 1, 2007 with a VSTRS premium subsidy have a one-time option to reduce the VSTRS subsidy percentage during the retiree's life so that a surviving spouse may continue to receive the same VSTRS subsidy for the spouse's lifetime. If the retiree elects the joint and survivor pension option but not the Premium Reduction Option, spouses are covered for the spouse's lifetime but pay 100% of the plan premium after the retiree's death.

## **OPEB Liabilities**

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 75 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since the School District does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net OPEB liability was recorded at June 30, 2018. The State's portion of the collective net OPEB liability that was associated with the School District was as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District	1,697,327
Total	\$ 1,697,327

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District is equal to the collective net OPEB liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2018, multiplied by the School District's proportionate share percentage. The School District's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.17786% which was a decrease of 0.00081% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

## OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized total OPEB expense of \$89,333 and revenue of \$89,333 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the Plan. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	VSTRS OPEB Plan				
	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	_	
Changes of assumptions		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		_		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		_		_	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date					
Total	\$		\$		

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	VSTRS OPEB Plan
Plan year ended June 30:	
2019	\$ -
2020	-
2021	-
2022	-
2023	-
Thereafter	-

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate is the single rate of return, that when applied to all projected benefit payments, results in an actuarial present value that is the sum of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments projected to be funded by plan assets using a long term rate of return, and the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that are not included in (1) using a yield or index rate for 20 year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
VSTRS OPEB Plan:			,
Discount rate	2.87%	3.87%	4.87%
School District's proportionate share of			
the net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

#### **Healthcare Trend Rate**

Health care trend measures the anticipated overall rate at which health plan costs are expected to increase in future years. The trend rate assumptions were developed using Segal's internal guidelines, which are established each year using data sources such as the 2018 Segal Health Trend Survey, internal client results, trends from other published surveys prepared by the S&P Dow Jones Indices, consulting firms and brokers, and CPI statistics published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare trend rates are as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease		Healthcare Trend Rates	<u> </u>	1% Increase	
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

#### **Amortization**

The total OPEB liability of this Plan is amortized on an open 30-year period. The amortization method is a level dollar amortization method.

#### Asset Valuation Method

The Asset Valuation Method used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

The long-term expected rate of return on both plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large cap equity International equity Emerging international equity Core bonds Inflation Total	20.00% 15.00% 5.00% 60.00%	7.50% 7.75% 9.25% 3.75% 2.75%

#### **Assumptions**

The actuarial assumptions used to calculate the actuarially determined contribution rates can be found in the Report on the Actuarial Valuation of Post-Retirement Benefits of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Prepared as of June 30, 2016 completed by Buck Consulting. As of June 30, 2018, they are as follows:

Discount Rate	3.87%
Salary Increase Rate	Varies by age
Non-Medicare	7.15% graded to 4.50% over 12 years
Medicare	7.30% graded to 4.50% over 11 years
Retiree Contributions	Equal to health trend
Pre-retirement Mortality	98% of RP-2014 White Collar Employee with
	generational projection using Scale SSA-2017.
Post-retirement Mortality	98% of RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017.

#### Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 with the following exceptions:

#### Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 14 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The amortization period was six years for June 30, 2018. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.58% to 3.87%.

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of OPEB amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of VSTRS or their participating employers. VSTRS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr

#### **NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, students and guests; as well as natural disasters for which the School District either carries commercial insurance, participates in a public entity risk pool, or is effectively self-insured. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the School District.

The School District is a member of the Vermont School Boards Association. The Association has set up two insurance Trusts; Vermont School Boards Insurance Trust, Inc. (VSBIT) for worker compensation, multi-line intermunicipal school program and unemployment compensation program, and the Vermont Education Health Initiative (VEHI) for medical benefits. VSBIT and VEHI are nonprofit corporations formed to provide insurance and risk management programs for Vermont School Districts and is owned by the participating Districts. The Trusts are not licensed insurance carriers and members are not protected by the Vermont Insurance Guaranty Association.

To provide insurance coverage, VEHI has established a self-funded fully insured program in conjunction with Blue Cross and Blue Shield (BCBS). A portion of member contributions is used to purchase reinsurance and to fund a reserve required by the reinsurance. Contributions in excess of claims requirements, reserve fund requirements, reinsurance and administrative costs are returned to participants. The pooling agreement does not permit the pool to make additional assessments to its members.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 15 - RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Multi-Line Intermunicipal School Program provides coverage for property; inland marine and boiler and machinery; crime; commercial general automobile/garagekeepers; and educators legal liability. Annual contributions are based upon appropriate rates applicable to each member; such rates are set based on recommendations of a qualified actuary, plus a proportionate share of all operational and administrative cost including excess reinsurance premiums incurred by the trust. In the event that total contributions assessed to and made by all members result in an actual or projected financial deficit and VSBIT is unable to meet its required obligations, the program will be terminated with each member assessed their proportionate share of the deficit.

#### **NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES**

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the School District's financial position.

The School District participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the School District's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

#### NOTE 17 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

The School District has an ongoing financial responsibility to Washington Central School District as defined in GASB 14, paragraph 71. Through Washington Central School District's assessment process, the School District's assessment can be increased to cover a share of any prior year deficits and decreased to share in any prior year surpluses. Separate financial statements on Washington Central School District are available from Washington Central School District.

#### NOTE 18 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the School District's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

All assets and liabilities of the Berlin School District, the Calais School District, the East Montpelier School District, the Middlesex School District, the Worcester School District and the Union High School District No. 32 were transferred to the new Washington Central Unified Union School District on July 1, 2019. All business transactions of these individual member schools ceased as of that date.

## Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Government Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions Pensions
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$	142,700	\$	142,700	\$	142,700	\$	-
Intergovernmental:								
State/Town support		3,086,159	(	3,086,159		3,077,129		(9,030)
Other		134,065		134,065		141,525		7,460
Interest income		44,000		44,000		55,227		11,227
Miscellaneous		2,059		2,059		17,660		15,601
Amounts Available for Appropriation		3,408,983		3,408,983		3,434,241	•	25,258
					1			
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):								
Direct services		1,812,147		1,812,147		1,790,442		21,705
Support services:								
Student services		145,440		145,440		146,058		(618)
Instructional staff services		90,066		90,066		98,331		(8,265)
General administrative services		22,754		22,754		23,652		(898)
Area administrative services		418,806		418,806		398,567		20,239
Fiscal services		44,000		44,000		40,301		3,699
Operations and maintenance		215,508		215,508		190,552		24,956
Transportation		110,421		110,421		110,963		(542)
Debt service:								
Principal		177,393		177,393		177,393		-
Interest		80,748		80,748		80,735		13
Transfers to other funds		149,000		149,000		311,921		(162,921)
Total Charges to Appropriations		3,266,283		3,266,283	•	3,368,915		(102,632)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$	142,700	\$	142,700	\$	65,326	\$	(77,374)

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

VOTES	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
<u>VSTRS:</u>					
Proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension	0.15%	0.16%	0.15%	0.15%	0.15%
liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension					
liability associated with the District Total	2,280,898 \$ 2,280,898	2,352,968 \$ 2,352,968	1,195,386 \$ 1,195,386	1,812,460 \$ 1,812,460	1,454,267 \$ 1,454,267
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,020,693	\$ 1,048,873	\$ 987,082	\$ 851,934	\$ 860,110
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-					
employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
total pension liability	54.81%	53.98%	55.31%	58.22%	64.02%
VMERS:					
Proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%
liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's proportionate share of the net pension		25.404	400 =04	0.4.400	
liability associated with the District Total	115,584 \$ 115,584	95,404 \$ 95,404	106,734 \$ 106,734	\$ 64,102 \$ 64,102	7,544 \$ 7,544
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 359,776	\$ 321,490	\$ 315,000	\$ 291,000	\$ 266,550
Proportionate share of the net pension	Ψ 339,110	Ψ 321,490	ψ 313,000	ψ 231,000	Ψ 200,000
liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	32.13%	29.68%	33.88%	22.03%	2.83%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	82.60%	83.64%	80.95%	87.42%	98.32%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
<u>VSTRS:</u>										
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Contribution deficiency (excess)		-	\$				\$		\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,084,884	\$	1,020,693	\$	1,048,873	\$	987,082	\$	851,934
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
VMERS:										
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	14,756	\$	14,393	\$	12,860	\$	12,605	\$	11,623
required contribution		(14,756)		(14,393)		(12,860)		(12,605)		(11,623)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Covered-employee payroll	\$	357,738	\$	359,776	\$	321,490	\$	315,000	\$	291,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		4.12%		4.00%		4.00%		4.00%		3.99%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	 2019	 2018
VSTRS OPEB Plan:		
Proportion of the net OPEB liability School District's proportionate share of the	0.18%	0.18%
net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB		
liability associated with the School District Total	\$ 1,697,327 1,697,327	\$ 1,665,701 1,665,701
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,020,693	\$ 1,048,873
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee	0.00%	0.00%
payroll	0.00%	0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	1.76%	1.52%

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\* LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019	2018
VSTRS OPEB Plan:		
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ -	\$ - 
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,084,884	\$ 1,020,693
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	0.00%	0.00%

# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# **Changes of Assumptions**

#### **VSTRS Pension Plan:**

The valuation liability for inactive members as reported by the System was lowered from 332.5% of accumulated contributions to 250.0% of accumulated contributions.

#### VSTRS OPEB Plan:

The discount rate increased from 3.58% to 3.87% for the VSTRS OPEB liability.

The percentage of non-DC Plan current retirees assumed to have life insurance coverage was increased from 65% to 75%.

Future male retirees were assumed to be two years older than their spouses, decreased from three years. Future female retirees were assumed to be one year younger than their spouses, decreased from three years.

The percentage of future retirees assumed to have a spouse electing coverage was increased from 60% to 70% for male retirees and from 50% to 60% for female retirees.

The claims cost development methodology was modified for non-Medicare participants.

The per capita valuation-year claims and retiree contribution rates were updated.

The assumed health trend rates were modified.

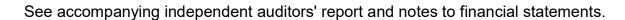
#### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues
- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual Amounts		Variance Positive (Negative)
Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental revenues:							
Education spending grant	\$	3,086,159	\$	3,086,159	\$	3,077,129	\$ (9,030)
Special education reimbursement		132,224		132,224		139,332	7,108
E-rate		1,841		1,841		1,260	(581)
Other		_		-		933	933
Interest income		44,000		44,000		55,227	11,227
Miscellaneous:							
Other receipts		2,059		2,059		17,660	15,601
Amounts Available for Appropriation	\$	3,266,283	\$	3,266,283	\$	3,291,541	\$ 25,258



# SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Original Budget	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive Negative)
Direct services -							
Instructional services	\$	1,220,288	\$	1,220,288	\$	1,181,241	\$ 39,047
Preschool program		145,666		145,666		160,026	(14,360)
Special education		236,115		236,115		243,713	(7,598)
SU assessments		192,485		192,485		193,958	(1,473)
English language learner		17,593		17,593		11,504	6,089
Total Direct services		1,812,147		1,812,147	_	1,790,442	 21,705
Support services - Students -							
Guidance services		58,104		58,104		58,293	(189)
Health services		87,336		87,336		87,765	(429)
Instructional staff -							
Library services		53,868		53,868		62,084	(8,216)
Technology services		36,198		36,198		36,247	(49)
Total Support services	_	235,506		235,506		244,389	(8,883)
General administration -							
Board of Education		22,754		22,754		23,652	(898)
Board of Education	_	22,734		22,734		25,052	 (090)
Area Administration - Office of the principal		418,806		418,806		398,567	 20,239
Fiscal services		44,000		44,000		40,301	 3,699
Operations and maintenance		215,508		215,508		190,552	24,956
Transportation		110,421		110,421		110,963	(542)
Debt service							
Debt service - Principal		177,393		177,393		177,393	
Interest		80,748		80,748		80,735	13
Total Debt service		258,141		258,141		258,128	 13
Total Book solvies	-	200,111		200,111		200,120	 
Transfers to other funds		149,000		149,000		311,921	 (162,921)
TOTAL DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS	\$	3,266,283	\$	3,266,283	\$	3,368,915	\$ (102,632)

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds	Capital Projects Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ - \$ -	\$ 292,227 \$ 292,227	\$ 292,227 \$ 292,227		
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - -		
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		292,227 - - - 292,227	292,227 - - - 292,227		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ -	\$ 292,227	\$ 292,227		

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds		P	Capital Projects Funds		al Nonmajor vernmental Funds	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$	11,305 - 11,305	\$	2,466 2,466	\$	11,305 2,466 13,771	
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		11,305 11,305		148,852 - 148,852		148,852 11,305 160,157	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES				(146,386)		(146,386)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING				292,921		292,921 	
SOURCES (USES)				292,921	-	292,921	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		146,535		146,535	
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		<u>-</u>		145,692		145,692	
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$		\$	292,227	\$	292,227	

# Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.



# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	<u>EPSDT</u>		Artist i Resider Grant	тсу	To	otal
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u></u>	\$	<u>-</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	ż	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES				- - - - -		- - - - -
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	<u>EP</u>	SDT	Resi	st in dency ant	Total	
REVENUES Intergovernmental TOTAL REVENUES	\$	3,550 3,550	\$	7,755 7,755	\$	11,305 11,305
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,550 3,550		7,755 7,755		11,305 11,305
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		-
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		-				
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$		\$		\$	

# Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.



# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Technology		Building Maintenance		Total	
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	23,667 23,667	\$ \$	268,560 268,560	\$	292,227 292,227
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	-	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		23,667 - - 23,667		268,560 - - 268,560		292,227 - - - 292,227
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	23,667	\$	268,560	\$	292,227

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Technology	Building Maintenance	Total
REVENUES Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$ - -	\$ 2,466 2,466	\$ 2,466 2,466
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay TOTAL EXPENDITURES	39,276 39,276	109,576 109,576	148,852 148,852
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(39,276)	(107,110)	(146,386)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	40,000	252,921 - 252,921	292,921 - 292,921
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	724	145,811	146,535
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	22,943	122,749	145,692
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 23,667	\$ 268,560	\$ 292,227

# **General Capital Assets**

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.



# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2019

	Land and Non-depreciable Assets	Buildings, Building Improvements and Land Improvements	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Infrastructure	Total
Direct Services S.S Students S.S Staff S.S Area Administration	\$ - - -	\$ 3,717,703 53,470 272,474 240,953		\$ - - -	\$ 3,974,901 53,470 272,474 240,953
Operations and Maintenance Food Service		288,404 45,650	5,148	220,542 	514,094 157,266
Total General Capital Assets	-	4,618,654	373,962	220,542	5,213,158
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(959,024	(158,760)	(38,590)	(1,156,374)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ -	\$ 3,659,630	\$ 215,202	\$ 181,952	\$ 4,056,784

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Capital Assets 7/1/18	 Additions	D	eletions	General Capital Assets 6/30/19
Direct Services S.S Students S.S Staff S.S Area Administration Operations and Maintenance Food Service	\$ 3,925,494 53,470 272,474 240,953 426,007 153,242	\$ 51,663 - - - 88,087 4,642	\$	(2,256) - - - (618)	\$ 3,974,901 53,470 272,474 240,953 514,094 157,266
Total General Capital Assets	5,071,640	144,392	·	(2,874)	5,213,158
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(1,029,804)	(128,056)		1,486	 (1,156,374)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 4,041,836	\$ 16,336	\$	(1,388)	\$ 4,056,784



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Middlesex School District Montpelier, Vermont

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Middlesex School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Middlesex School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 27, 2019.

# Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Middlesex School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Middlesex School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Middlesex School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Middlesex School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 November 27, 2019

# Audited Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

# **Union High School District 32**

June 30, 2019



Proven Expertise & Integrity

# UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT 32

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JUNE 30, 2019

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Union High School District 32 Montpelier, Vermont

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Union High School District 32 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Union High School District 32's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

3 Old Orchard Road, Buxton, Maine 04093

Tel: (800) 300-7708

(207) 929-4606 www.rhrsmith.com Fax: (207) 929-4609

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Union High School District 32 as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and OPEB information on pages 4 through 10 and 57 through 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Union High School District 32's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the

basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 19, 2019, on our consideration of the Union High School District 32's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Union High School District 32's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 November 19. 2019

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

### (UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the Union High School District 32's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements.

#### **Financial Statement Overview**

The School District's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, pension and OPEB information and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the School District's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regard to the School District's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position – this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities – this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above-mentioned financial statements have separate columns for the two different types of School District activities. The types of activities presented for the School District are:

- Governmental activities The activities in this section are mostly supported by intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants), support from the town and charges for services. Most of the School District's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance, transportation and program expenses.
- Business-type activities These activities are normally intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and/or charges to external users for goods and/or services. The activity for the School District includes the food service fund.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be classified into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services provided by the School District are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the School District.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues,

expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The School District presents three columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The School District's major funds are the general fund and the capital projects fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Other Governmental Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund is the only fund for which the School District legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Proprietary Funds: The School District maintains one proprietary fund, the food service fund. This fund is used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. No reconciliation is needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds: These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds are much like that of proprietary funds. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, Schedule of Contributions - Pension, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, a Schedule of Contributions - OPEB and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regard to nonmajor funds, capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the School District's governmental and business-type activities. The School District's total net position for governmental activities increased by \$722,626 from \$12,944,664 to \$13,667,290. For business-type activities, the School District's total net position decreased by \$10,166 from \$150,919 to \$140,753.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - decreased for governmental activities to a balance of \$718,764 at the end of the fiscal year. For business-type activities, the balance increased to a balance of \$0.

Table 1
Union High School District 32
Net Position
June 30,

	Governmental Activities					<b>Business-type Activities</b>				
		2019		2018		2019	2018			
Assets:										
Current Assets	\$	1,716,486	\$	1,702,298	\$	8,375	\$	2,161		
Noncurrent Assets		13,120,687		13,141,385		140,753		152,456		
Total Assets	\$	14,837,173	\$	14,843,683	\$	149,128	\$	154,617		
Liabilities:										
Current Liabilities	\$	752,074	\$	890,458	\$	-	\$	-		
Noncurrent Liabilities		358,412		961,587		-		-		
Total Liabilities	\$	1,110,486	\$	1,852,045	\$	-	\$	-		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Deferred Revenue	\$	59,397	\$	46,974	\$	8,375	\$	3,698		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	59,397	\$	46,974	\$	8,375	\$	3,698		
Net Position:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	12,205,687	\$	11,614,602	\$	140,753	\$	152,456		
Restricted	Ψ	742,839	Ψ	175,918	Ψ	1-10,700	Ψ	102,400		
Unrestricted		718,764		1,154,144		_		(1,537)		
Total Net Position	\$	13,667,290	\$	12,944,664	\$	140,753	\$	150,919		
1 otal Hot I colliell	<u> </u>	10,001,200	$\stackrel{\Psi}{=}$	12,017,007	<u>Ψ</u>	. 10,700	<u> </u>	100,010		

#### **Revenues and Expenses**

Revenues for the School District's governmental activities increased by 6.16%, while total expenses increased by 5.44%. The increase in revenues was due to increases in all revenue categories except for charges for services. The increase in expenses was mainly due to a significant increase in direct services and on-behalf payments.

Revenues for the School District's business-type activities decreased by 3.25%, while total expenses increased by 12.65%.

Table 2
Union High School District 32
Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30,

	Government	tal Activities	Business-type Activities				
	2019	2018	2019	2018			
Revenues				-			
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 18,292	\$ 1,070,793	\$ 304,163	3 \$ 288,159			
Operating grants and contributions	2,578,777	2,161,789	88,032				
General Revenues:			,	•			
Grants and contributions not restricted to							
specific programs	14,304,474	12,723,199					
Miscellaneous	402,359	344,424	11,572	2 27,329			
Total Revenues	17,303,902	16,300,205	403,767	7 417,310			
Expenses							
Direct services	8,660,603	8,128,123					
Support services:							
Student services	828,868	780,242					
Instructional staff services	582,161	636,217					
General administrative services	1,101,768	927,011					
Area administrative services	962,348	912,574					
Fiscal services	131,084	128,756					
Operations and maintenance	1,401,301	1,599,942					
Transportation	583,606	609,480					
On-behalf payments	2,141,502	1,767,966					
Program expenses	78,506	69,792	513,48°	1 455,810			
Interest on long-term debt	9,981	(12,714)					
Capital outlay		83,717		<u> </u>			
Total Expenses	16,481,728	15,631,106	513,48	1 455,810			
Transfers	(99,548)	(31,057)	99,548	31,057			
Transfere	(00,010)	(01,001)					
Change in Net Position	722,626	638,042	(10,166	6) (7,443)			
Net Position - July 1	12,944,664	12,306,622	150,919	9 158,362			
Net Position - June 30	\$ 13,667,290	\$ 12,944,664	\$ 140,753	3 \$ 150,919			

#### Financial Analysis of the School District's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the School District's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
Union High School District 32
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
June 30,

Major Funds:         General Fund:         Nonspendable       \$ - \$ 79         Assigned       769,724       1,200,652         Total General Fund       \$ 769,724       \$ 1,200,731         Capital Projects Fund:       \$ 717,038       \$ 151,040         Total Capital Projects Fund       \$ 717,038       \$ 151,040         Nonmajor Funds:       \$ 717,038       \$ 24,878         Restricted       \$ 25,801       \$ 24,878		2019	2018
Nonspendable       \$ - \$ 79         Assigned       769,724       1,200,652         Total General Fund       \$ 769,724       \$ 1,200,731         Capital Projects Fund:       \$ 717,038       \$ 151,040         Total Capital Projects Fund       \$ 717,038       \$ 151,040         Nonmajor Funds:       \$ 59ecial Revenue Funds:	Major Funds:		
Assigned 769,724 1,200,652 Total General Fund \$ 769,724 \$ 1,200,731  Capital Projects Fund:     Restricted \$ 717,038 \$ 151,040 Total Capital Projects Fund \$ 717,038 \$ 151,040  Nonmajor Funds:     Special Revenue Funds:	General Fund:		
Total General Fund \$ 769,724 \$ 1,200,731  Capital Projects Fund:     Restricted \$ 717,038 \$ 151,040  Total Capital Projects Fund \$ 717,038 \$ 151,040  Nonmajor Funds:     Special Revenue Funds:	Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 79
Capital Projects Fund: Restricted \$ 717,038 \$ 151,040 Total Capital Projects Fund \$ 717,038 \$ 151,040  Nonmajor Funds: Special Revenue Funds:	Assigned	769,724	1,200,652
Restricted \$ 717,038 \$ 151,040  Total Capital Projects Fund \$ 717,038 \$ 151,040  Nonmajor Funds: Special Revenue Funds:	Total General Fund	\$ 769,724	\$ 1,200,731
Total Capital Projects Fund \$ 717,038 \$ 151,040  Nonmajor Funds: Special Revenue Funds:	Capital Projects Fund:		
Nonmajor Funds: Special Revenue Funds:	Restricted	\$ 717,038	\$ 151,040
Special Revenue Funds:	Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 717,038	\$ 151,040
Restricted \$ 25,801 \$ 24,878	•		
	Restricted	\$ 25,801	\$ 24,878
Total Nonmajor Funds         \$ 25,801         \$ 24,878	Total Nonmajor Funds	\$ 25,801	\$ 24,878

The general fund total fund balance decreased by \$431,007 from the prior fiscal year primarily due to transfers to other funds. The capital projects fund total fund balance increased by \$565,998 from the prior year primarily due to transfers in from the general fund. The nonmajor funds total fund balance increased by \$923 due to revenues exceeding expenditures and transfers to other funds.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

There was no difference between the original and final budget for the general fund.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$229,611 primarily due to additional tuition from other school districts and miscellaneous income.

The general fund actual expenditures exceeded budget by \$660,618, primarily due to additional transfers to the Capital Fund.

#### **Capital Asset and Long-Term Debt Activity**

#### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2019, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the School District decreased by \$32,401. This decrease was due to current year capital additions of \$648,685, less net disposals of \$8,526 and current year depreciation expense of \$672,560.

Table 4
Union High School District 32
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)
June 30,

	2019	 2018
Construction in progress Buildings, building improvements	\$ 128,690	\$ -
and land improvements	12,426,697	12,589,486
Furniture and equipment	649,164	636,606
Vehicles	56,889	67,749
Total	\$ 13,261,440	\$ 13,293,841

#### Debt

At June 30, 2019, the School District had \$915,000 in bonds payable and a note from direct borrowings versus \$1,526,783 last year. Refer to Note 6 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

#### **Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions**

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The 2019 - 2020 budget could be severely impacted by the reduction of funding from the State.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School District at 1130 Gallison Hill Road, Montpelier, Vermont 05602.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,692,621	\$ 240	\$ 1,692,861
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	-	12,567	12,567
Due from other governments	1,000	6,383	7,383
Inventory	-	12,050	12,050
Internal balances	22,865	(22,865)	
Total current assets	1,716,486	8,375	1,724,861
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Buildings, building improvements and other assets,			
net of accumulated depreciation	12,991,997	140,753	13,132,750
Total noncurrent assets	13,120,687	140,753	13,261,440
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 14,837,173	\$ 149,128	\$ 14,986,301
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	\$ 18,583	\$ -	\$ 18,583
Due to other governments	125,943	-	125,943
Current portion of long-term obligations	607,548	-	607,548
Total current liabilities	752,074		752,074
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:			
Bonds payable	310,000	-	310,000
Accrued compensated absences	48,412		48,412
Total noncurrent liabilities	358,412		358,412
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,110,486		1,110,486
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred revenue	59,397	8,375	67,772
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	59,397	8,375	67,772
TO THE BET ETHIES IN EGWO OF THE GOOT GEG		0,010	01,112
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	12,205,687	140,753	12,346,440
Restricted	742,839	-	742,839
Unrestricted	718,764	-	718,764
TOTAL NET POSITION	13,667,290	140,753	13,808,043
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
AND NET POSITION	\$ 14,837,173	\$ 149,128	\$ 14,986,301

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Program Revenues						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
Functions/Programs	Expenses			narges for Services	Оре	erating Grants I Contributions	Capital Grants		Governmental Activities	Business - type Activities	Total	
Governmental activities:												
Direct services	\$	8,660,603	\$	18,292	\$	365,831	\$	-	\$ (8,276,480)	\$ -	\$ (8,276,480)	
Support services:	•	-,,	•		•		,		* (=, =, =,	•	+ (-, -, -,,	
Student services		828,868				_		-	(828,868)	_	(828,868)	
Instructional staff services		582,161		-		-		-	(582,161)	-	(582,161)	
General administrative services		1,101,768		-		-		-	(1,101,768)	-	(1,101,768)	
Area administrative services		962,348		_		-		-	(962,348)	-	(962,348)	
Fiscal services		131,084		-		-		-	(131,084)	-	(131,084)	
Operations and maintenance		1,401,301		-		-		-	(1,401,301)	-	(1,401,301)	
Transportation		583,606		-		-		-	(583,606)	-	(583,606)	
Program expenses		78,506		-		71,444		-	(7,062)	-	(7,062)	
On-behalf payments		2,141,502		•		2,141,502		-	-	-	-	
Interest on long-term debt		9,981		-		-		-	(9,981)	-	(9,981)	
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-	-	-	-	
Total governmental activities		16,481,728		18,292		2,578,777		Ξ	(13,884,659)	_	(13,884,659)	
Business-type activities:										(10100)	(101.000)	
Food service		513,481		304,163		88,032		_	_	(121,286)	(121,286)	
Total business-type activities		513,481		304,163		88,032		_		(121,286)	(121,286)	
Total government	\$	16,995,209	\$	322,455	\$	2,666,809	\$	-	(13,884,659)	(121,286)	(14,005,945)	

### STATEMENT B (CONTINUED) UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT 32

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Changes in net position:			
Net (expense) revenue	(13,884,659)	(121,286)	(14,005,945)
General revenues: Grants and contributions not restricted			
to specific programs	14,304,474	-	14,304,474
Miscellaneous	402,359	11,572	413,931
Transfers	(99,548)	99,548	
Total general revenues and transfers	14,607,285	111,120	14,718,405
Change in net position	722,626	(10,166)	712,460
NET POSITION - JULY 1	12,944,664	150,919	13,095,583
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 13,667,290	\$ 140,753	\$ 13,808,043

#### BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Go	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,692,621	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,692,621
Due from other governments		1,000				-		1,000
Due from other funds	_	22,865	_	717,038	_	52,004	_	791,907
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	1,716,486	\$	717,038	\$	52,004	\$	2,485,528
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	18,583	\$	-	\$	-	\$	18,583
Due to other governments		125,943		-		-		125,943
Due to other funds		769,042		-		-		769,042
TOTAL LIABILITIES		913,568		-		-		913,568
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred revenue		33,194		-		26,203		59,397
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF								
RESOURCES		33,194		-		26,203		59,397
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable								
Restricted		_		717,038		- 25,801		- 742,839
Committed				111,000		23,001		142,009
Assigned		769,724		_		-		769,724
Unassigned		-		_		-		-
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		769,724		717,038		25,801		1,512,563
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,716,486	\$	717,038	\$	52,004	\$	2,485,528

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Total Governmental Funds
Total Fund Balances	\$ 1,512,563
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation Long-term liabilities shown below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds shown above:	13,120,687
Bonds payable Accrued compensated absences	(915,000) (50,960)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 13,667,290

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 15,419,270	\$ -	\$ 71,444	\$ 15,490,714
Tuition	18,292	_	-	18,292
Interest income	164,801	7,990	923	173,714
Miscellaneous revenues	167,156	11,427	50,062	228,645
TOTAL REVENUES	15,769,519	19,417	122,429	15,911,365
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Direct services	8,240,023	-	-	8,240,023
Support services:				
Student services	816,955	-	-	816,955
Instructional staff services	568,780	-	-	568,780
General administrative services	1,082,383	-	-	1,082,383
Area administrative services	955,423	-	-	955,423
Fiscal services	131,084	-	-	131,084
Operations and maintenance	1,371,635	-	-	1,371,635
Transportation	576,749	-	-	576,749
On-behalf payments	748,965	-	-	748,965
Program expenses	-	-	78,506	78,506
Debt service:				
Principal	605,000	-	-	605,000
Interest	9,981	-	-	9,981
Capital outlay	-	490,419	-	490,419
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	15,106,978	490,419	78,506	15,675,903
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	662,541	(471,002)	43,923	235,462
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	43,000	1,037,000	-	1,080,000
Transfers (out)	(1,136,548)		(43,000)	(1,179,548)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,093,548)	1,037,000	(43,000)	(99,548)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(431,007)	565,998	923	135,914
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	1,200,731	151,040	24,878	1,376,649
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 769,724	\$ 717,038	\$ 25,801	\$ 1,512,563

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ 135,914
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets: Depreciation expense	(659,404)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position	611,783
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:  Accrued compensated absences	(4,373)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 722,626

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		siness-type Activities
	Ente	rprise Fund
		Food
		Service
ASSETS		
Current assets:	Ф	240
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	240 12,567
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)  Due from other governments		6,383
Inventory		12,050
Total current assets		31,240
Total current assets		31,240
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:		
Buildings		143,751
Building improvements		207,489
Furniture and equipment		193,187
Less: accumulated depreciation		(403,674)
Total noncurrent assets		140,753
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	171,993
LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Due to other funds	\$	22,865
Total current liabilities		22,865
TOTAL LIABILITIES		22,865
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred revenue		8,375
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		0,010
RESOURCES		8,375
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		140,753
Restricted		-
Unrestricted		_
TOTAL NET POSITION		140,753
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		
RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	171,993
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities		
	Enterprise Fun		
		Food	
	S	ervice	
OPERATING REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$	88,032 304,163	
Miscellaneous		11,572	
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		403,767	
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries		204,747	
Benefits		111,975	
Repairs and maintenance		4,217	
Supplies and food		179,189	
Depreciation		13,156	
Equipment		197	
Other		-	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		513,481	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(109,714)	
NONODEDATING DEVENUES (EVDENUES)			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) Equity transfer from members		68,491	
Transfers in		31,057	
Transfers (out)		51,057	
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		99,548	
TO THE HORSE ELECTRICATE (EXILENCES)		00,010	
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		(10,166)	
NET POSITION - JULY 1		150,919	
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	140,753	

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ente	siness-type Activities Erprise Fund Food Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Intergovernmental receipts Internal activity - receipts (payments) from/to other funds Payments to employees Payments to suppliers NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	319,421 86,326 (11,291) (316,722) (175,829) (98,095)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in (out) NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		99,548 99,548
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,453
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1		240
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30	\$	1,693
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided	\$	(109,714)
(used) by operating activties: Depreciation expense		13,156
Changes in operating assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:  (Increase) decrease in due from other governments  (Increase) decrease in due from accounts receivable  (Increase) decrease in inventory  (Decrease) increase in deferred revenue		(6,383) 3,686 7,774 4,677
(Decrease) increase in due to other funds NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(11,291) (98,095)

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Agency Funds Student		Trust	-Purpose st Funds	
	Ac	tivities	T	otal	
ASSETS Accounts receivable (net of allowance					
for uncollectibles)	\$	_	\$	1,000	
Due from other governments	·	85,293	,	40,650	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	85,293	\$	41,650	
LIABILITIES					
Due to other governments	\$	-	\$	1,000	
Deposits held for others		85,293			
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	85,293	\$		
NET POSITION					
Restricted - held in trust			\$	40,650	
TOTAL NET POSITION			\$	40,650	

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose Trust Funds
ADDITIONS Investment earnings:	Total
Income earned  Total additions	\$ 3,554 3,554
DEDUCTIONS Administrative expenses Total deductions	4,800 4,800
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,246)
NET POSITION - JULY 1	41,896
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 40,650

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

Union High School District 32 was incorporated under the laws in the State of Vermont. The School District operates under the Board of Directors-superintendent form of government and provides the following services: direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance, transportation and program expenses.

The School District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The School District's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the School District. We have determined that the School District has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

#### Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. Laws and regulations may require governments to take specific actions to retire certain tangible capital assets at the end of the useful lives of those capital assets, such as decommissioning nuclear reactors and dismantling and removing sewage treatment plants. Other obligations to retire tangible capital assets may arise from contracts or court judgments. Internal obligating events include the occurrence of contamination. placing into operation a tangible capital asset that is required to be retired, abandoning a tangible capital asset before it is placed into operation, or acquiring a tangible capital asset that has an existing ARO. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities, and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. If an ARO (or portions thereof) has been incurred by a government but is not yet recognized because it is not reasonably estimable, the

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

government is required to disclose that fact and the reasons therefor. This Statement requires similar disclosures for a government's minority shares of AROs. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The School District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School District's major funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The School District's food service fund is categorized as a business-type activity. All other activities of the School District are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The School District's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The School District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School District's functions and business-type activities (instruction, administration, etc.) except for fiduciary activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The School District does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding departments.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School District as an entity and the change in the School District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the School District are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the School District:

#### Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the School District:

#### Major Funds:

- a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Nonmajor Funds:

c. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

#### 2. Proprietary Funds:

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Operating revenues include charges for services, intergovernmental reimbursements and other miscellaneous fees which are a direct result of the proprietary activity. Nonoperating revenues are any revenues which are generated outside of the general proprietary activity, i.e. interest income. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the School District:

a. Enterprise Funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing. services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

#### 3. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the School District's programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Component units that are fiduciary in nature have been excluded from these financial statements.

The School District's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (agency and private-purpose). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

#### Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### 2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

#### **Budget**

The School District's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 24, Accounting and Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, payments made by the State of Vermont to the Vermont State Retirement System for teachers and certain other school employees are reported as offsetting revenues and expenditures of the general fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenues per budgetary basis	\$ 15,063,554
Add: On-behalf payments	748,965
Total GAAP basis	\$ 15,812,519
Expenditures per budgetary basis	\$ 15,494,561
Add: On-behalf basis	748,965
Total GAAP basis	\$ 16,243,526

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The annual school budget is the planning management tool, which delineates the School District's educational priorities and programs and forms the basis for voter review and approval of the budget according to applicable State of Vermont education finance laws.
- 2. The Board budget process includes input from school district administration and staff, educational priorities for the next school year, along with public hearings, which include the Board of Directors and general public.
- The budget document itself is based upon the most current funding information available along with the projection of current revenues and expenditures for the next year. At the conclusion of the budget process, a final budget is approved by the Board of Directors.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the School District's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the School District's investments are reported at amortized cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be a cash equivalent. The School District Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Union High School District 32 has no formal investment policy but instead follows the State of Vermont Statutes.

#### Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies and local businesses. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. Allowances for uncollectible accounts netted with accounts receivable were \$146,893 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2019.

#### Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost which approximate market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when used (consumption method). The food service fund inventory consists of food service supplies and food on hand at the end of the year.

#### **Interfund Receivables and Payables**

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### Transactions Between Funds

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 - 50 years Infrastructure 50 - 100 years Machinery and equipment 3 - 50 years

#### Long-term Obligations

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depend on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) Plan and additions to/deductions from the VSTRS Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the VSTRS Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **OPEB**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) and additions to/deductions from the VSTRS OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by VSTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

#### **Fund Balance**

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable – This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Committed – This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the School District. The inhabitants of the School District through School District meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the School District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a School District meeting vote.

Assigned – This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Directors.

Unassigned – This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the School District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the School District meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District currently has no deferred outflows of resources.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of item, deferred revenues, which is reported in both the statements of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Program Revenues**

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

#### Operating/Nonoperating Proprietary Fund Revenues

Operating revenues consist mainly of direct revenue sources and/or charges for services applicable to that fund's ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### **Encumbrance Accounting**

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The School District does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

#### **Use of Estimates**

During the preparation of the School District's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits:**

The School District's investment policies, which follow state statutes, authorize the School District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. These investment policies apply to all School District funds.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School District will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2019, the School District's cash balance of \$1,692,861 was comprised of bank deposits of \$1,980,702. Of these bank deposits, \$250,000 were fully insured by federal depository insurance and consequently were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The remaining balance of \$1,730,702 was collateralized with securities held by the financial institution in the School District's name.

Account Type	Bank Balance
Checking accounts Repurchase agreement	\$ 10,000 1,970,702 \$ 1,980,702

#### **Investments:**

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

At June 30, 2019, the School District had no investments.

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Vermont authorize the School District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The School District does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the School District invests excess funds in savings accounts and various insured certificates of deposit.

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Receivables (Due from)		Payables (Due to)
General Fund Capital Project Funds Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	\$ 22,865 717,038 52,004	\$	769,042
Enterprise Funds	-		22,865
	\$ 791,907	\$	791,907

#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance,						Balance,		
	7/1/18	A	Additions	Disposals		6/30/19			
							_		
Governmental activities:									
Non-depreciated assets:									
Construction in progress	\$ -	\$	128,690	\$	-	\$	128,690		
	-		128,690		-		128,690		
Depreciated assets:									
Land improvements	\$ 1,288,031	\$	30,109	\$	-	\$	1,318,140		
Buildings	10,028,399		-		-		10,028,399		
Building improvements	16,351,263		283,541		-		16,634,804		
Vehicles	208,051		7,732		-		215,783		
Furniture and equipment	1,337,930		197,160		(48,953)		1,486,137		
	29,213,674		518,542		(48,953)		29,683,263		
Less: accumulated depreciation	(16,072,289)		(659,404)		40,427		(16,691,266)		
	13,141,385		(140,862)		(8,526)		12,991,997		
Net governmental capital assets	\$ 13,141,385	\$	(12,172)	\$	(8,526)	\$	13,120,687		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

	Balance,					I	Balance,
		7/1/18	Additions		Disposals		6/30/19
Business-type activities: Depreciated assets:							
Buildings	\$	143,751	\$	-	\$ -	\$	143,751
Building improvements	Ψ	207,489	۲		_	Ψ	207,489
Furniture and equipment		191,734		1,453	-		193,187
		542,974	$\overline{}$	1,453	-		544,427
Less: accumulated depreciation		(390,518)		(13,156)	-		(403,674)
Net business-type capital assets	\$	152,456	\$	(11,703)	\$ -	\$	140,753
Current year depreciation: Direct services S.S students S.S staff S.S general administration						\$	420,582 11,913 13,381 15,508
S.S area administration Other services							6,925 3,877
Operations and maintenance							180,361
Transportation							6,857
Total governmental activities deprecia	ation						659,404
Food service							13,156
Total depreciation expense						\$	672,560

#### NOTE 5 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	nce, /18	Additions	Additions Reductions			
Tax/revenue anticipation note	\$ 	\$ 4,963,757	\$ (4,963,757)	\$ -		

On July 2, 2018, the School District issued a tax/revenue anticipation note through Union Bank in anticipation of revenues to meet its operating obligations during the 2019 fiscal year. The note allowed principal draws up to \$4,963,757 at 2.70% interest per annum with a maturity date of June 30, 2019. On June 26, 2019, the note was paid in full. Interest expense for the note was \$131,084.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance, 7/1/18	A	dditions	Deletions	Balance, 6/30/19	rrent Year Portion
Bonds payable  Note from direct borrowings	\$ 1,520,000 6,783	\$		\$ (605,000) (6,783)	\$ 915,000	\$ 605,000
Total	\$ 1,526,783	\$		\$ (611,783)	\$ 915,000	\$ 605,000

The following is a summary of the bonds payable as of June 30, 2019:

\$4,950,000, Vermont Municipal Bond Bank Refunding Bond 2009 Series 2, due in principal installments of \$450,000 through November of 2019. Variable interest rate ranging from 4.875% to 5.415% payable semi-annually through November of 2019, with savings allocations ranging from \$15,940 to \$110,045 rebated through November of 2018. The proceeds from the bond were used for school building improvements.

\$ 450,000

\$1,860,000, Vermont Municipal Bond Bank Refunding Bond 2010 Series 4, due in principal installments of \$155,000 through December of 2021. Fixed interest rate of 4.683% payable semi-annually through December of 2021, with savings allocations ranging from \$11,783 to \$47,810 rebated through November of 2018. The proceeds from the bond were used for school building improvements.

465,000

Total bonds payable

\$ 915,000

The following is a summary of outstanding bonds principal and interest requirements for the following fiscal years ending June 30:

Ro	nde	Pa	va	h	ما
DO	เหมร		va	U	

Year Ending			-			Total
June 30,	, Principal Interest		nterest	Debt Service		
2020 2021 2022	\$	605,000 155,000 155,000	\$ (7,343) 245 4,015		\$	597,657 155,245 159,015
	\$	915,000	\$	(3,083)	\$	911,917

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 7 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of changes in the other long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	alance, 7/1/18	Ac	dditions	Deleti	ons	alance, 6/30/19	ent Year ortion
Accrued compensated absences	\$ 46,587	\$	4,373	\$		\$ 50,960	\$ 2,548

The District's policies regarding vacation and sick time do permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2019, the School District's liability for compensated absences is \$50,960.

#### NOTE 8 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2019, the School District had the following restricted fund balances:

Capital projects funds	\$ 717,038
Nonmajor special revenue funds (Schedule E)	25,801
	\$ 742,839

#### NOTE 9 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2019, the School District had the following assigned fund balance:

General fund:
Reserved for future operations \$ 769,724

#### NOTE 10 - EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The School District was noncompliant with the legally adopted budget, overspending the entire allowed appropriation of \$14,833,943 by \$660,618 at June 30, 2019.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

#### <u>VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM</u>

#### **Plan Description**

All of the teachers employed by the District participate in the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System ("VSTRS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, covering nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private District teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State of Vermont that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the retirement system consisted of 22,193 participating members.

The plan was established effective July 1, 1947 and is governed by *Title 16, V.S.A. Chapter 55*. Subsequent Vermont state legislation, *Act 74*, which became effective on July 1, 2010, contained numerous changes to the plan benefits available to current and future members, as well as a change in access to health care coverage after retirement, resulting from a multi-party agreement to provide sustainability of quality pension and retiree health benefits for Vermont teachers.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the retirement System for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of six members. They are the Secretary of Education (ex-officio), the State Treasurer (ex-officio), the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio), two members and one alternate elected by active members of the System under rules adopted by the Board; and one retired member and one alternate elected by the board of directors of Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont. The Chair is elected by the Board and acts as executive officer of the Board.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: http://finance.vermont.gov/reports and publications/cafr.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Benefits Provided**

The VSTRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, health care and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. There are two levels of contributions and benefits in the System: Group A - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont prior to July 1, 1981 and elected to remain in Group A; and Group C - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont on or after July 1, 1990. Group C also includes those teachers hired prior to July 1, 1990 and were in Group B on July 1, 1990. When *Act 74* became effective on June 30, 2010, Group C was further bifurcated into Groups #1 and #2. Group #1 contains members who were at least 57 years of age or had at least 25 years of service and Group #2 contains members who were less than 57 years of age and had less than 25 years of service.

Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service and are summarized below:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Normal service retirement eligibility (no reduction)	Age 60 or 30 years of service	Age 62 or with 30 years of service	Age 65 or when the sum of age and service equals 90
Average Final Compensation (AFC)	Highest 3 consecutive years, including unused annual leave, sick leave and bonus/incentives	Highest 3 consecutive years, excluding all payments for anything other than service actually performed	Highest 3 consecutive years, excluding all payments for anything other than service actually performed
Benefit formula – normal service retirement	1.67% x creditable service x AFC	1.25% x service prior to 6/30/90 x AFC + 1.67% x service after 7/1/90 x AFC	1.25% x service prior to 6/30/90 x AFC + 1.67% x service after 7/1/90 x AFC, 2.0% after attaining 20 years
Maximum Benefit Payable	100% of AFC	53.34% of AFC	60% of AFC
Post-Retirement COLA	Full CPI, up to a maximum of 5% after 12 months of retirement; minimum of 1%	50% CPI, up to a maximum of 5% after 12 months of retirement or with 30 years; minimum of 1%	50% CPI, up to a maximum of 5%, minimum of 1% after 12 months of normal retirement or age 65

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Early Retirement Eligibility	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service
Early Retirement Reduction	Actuarial reduction	6% per year from age 62	Actuarial reduction

Other post-employment benefits are available to all plan members include the following:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2	
Medical Benefits	II 3	Health subsidy based on member's service credit	,	
Dental	Members pay full premium	Members pay full premium	Members pay full premium	

#### Contributions

VSTRS is a cost-sharing public employee retirement system with one exception: all risks and costs are not shared by the District but are the liability of the State of Vermont. VSTRS is funded through State and employee contributions and trust fund investment earnings; and the District has no legal obligation for paying benefits. Required contributions to the System are made by the State of Vermont based upon a valuation report prepared by the System's actuary, which varies by plan group. The Vermont State Teachers Retirement System estimates the contributions on behalf of the District's employees included in the teacher's retirement plan which approximates \$748,965 or 15.75% of total payroll for employees covered under the plan. Employee contribution rates by plan group follow:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Employee Contributions		with 5 or more years of service as of	less than 5 years of

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Employee contributions totaled \$271,947 during the year and were paid by the District to the State of Vermont. The District has no other liability under the plan. The District's total payroll for all employees covered under this plan was \$5,034,668 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Pension Liabilities**

VSTRS Plan

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since the District does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net pension liability was recorded at June 30, 2019. The State's portion of the collective net pension liability that was associated with the District was as follows:

liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	10,626,552
Total	\$ 10,626,552

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District is equal to the collective net pension liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2018, multiplied by the District's proportionate share percentage. The District's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.70341653% which was a decrease of 0.0188194% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,090,451 and revenue of \$1,090,451 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the VSTRS plan. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

	VSTRS				
	Deferred Outflow	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources		of Resourc	es	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	_	
Changes of assumptions		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		_	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		_	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
Total	\$	_	\$		

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	VST	RS
Plan year ended June 30:	-	
2019	\$	-
2020		-
2021		-
2022		-
2023		-
Thereafter		_

# **Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods**

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using the actuarial assumptions outlined below.

*Investment Rate of Return*: 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Inflation: 2.50%

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Salary Increases: Ranging from 3.75% to 9.09%

Deaths After Retirement: The VSTRS plan used 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Employee with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for pre-retirement, 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Annuitant with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for healthy retirees, and the RP-2006 Disabled Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for disabled retirees.

*Inactive Members*: Valuation liability for the VSTRS plan equals 250.0% of accumulated contributions.

Future Administrative Expenses: No provisions were made, expenses of the System are paid by the State.

Unknown Data for Participants: For the VSTRS plan, it is the same as those exhibited by participants with similar known characteristics. If not specified, participants are assumed to be male.

*Percent Married*: 85% of male members and 35% of female members are assumed to be married.

Spouse's Age: Husbands are assumed to be three years older than their wives.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments: Adjustments for the VSTRS plan are assumed to occur on January 1 following one year of retirement. For the VSTRS plan this occurs at the rate of 2.55% per annum for Group A members and 1.40% per annum for Group C members (beginning at age 62 for Group C members who elect reduced early retirement). The January 1, 2019 COLA is assumed to be 2.60% for Group A and 1.30% for Group C.

Actuarial Cost Method: Uses the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Entry age is the age at date of employment, or, if date is unknown, current age minus years of service. Normal Cost and Accrued Actuarial Liability are calculated on an individual basis and are allocated by salary, with Normal Cost determined using the plan of benefits applicable to each participant.

For the VSTRS plan, the asset valuation method used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

The *long-term* expected rate of return on the VSTRS plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
US Equity	18.00%	6.10%
Non-US Equity	16.00%	7.45%
Global Equity	9.00%	6.74%
Fixed Income	26.00%	2.25%
Real Estate	8.00%	5.11%
Private Markets	15.00%	7.60%
Hedge Funds	8.00%	3.86%

Nominal long-term expected rates of return for these asset classes are equal to the sum of the above expected long-term real rates and the expected long-term inflation rate of 3.0%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for the VSTRS plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to be made in accordance with the current funding policy. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current System members. The assumed discount rate has been determined in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB 68.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 11 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

# Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50% for the VSTRS, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

	Decrease	Rate	Increase
<u>VSTRS:</u>			
Discount rate	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

#### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of the VSTRS or their participating employers. VSTRS VMERS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead is included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

#### VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **Plan Description**

The Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System provides postemployment benefits to eligible VSTRS employees who retire from the System through a cost-sharing, multiple-employer postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan (the Plan).

The plan covers nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private high school teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State that are controlled by the State Board of

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the plan consisted of 4,878 retired members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and 8,941 active members.

Vermont Statute Title 16 Chapter 55 assigns the authority to VSTRS to establish and amend the benefits provisions of the Plan and to establish maximum obligations of the Plan members to contribute to the Plan. Management of the Plan is vested in the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Board of Trustees, which consists of the Secretary of Education (es-officio); the State Treasurer (ex-officio); the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio); two trustees and one alternate who are members of the system (each elected by the system under rules adopted by the Board) and one trustee and one alternate who are retired members of the system receiving retirement benefits (who are elected by the Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont).

All assets of the Plan are held in a single trust and are available to pay OPEB benefits to all members. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr.

#### **Benefits Provided**

VSTRS retirees and their spouses are eligible for medical, prescription drug and dental benefits on a lifetime basis if the retiree is eligible for pension benefits, as described in the Notes to Financial Statements for Defined Benefit Plan(s).

#### Contributions

Varying levels of contributions are required from retirees and spouses for medical and prescription drug coverage at the following premium subsidy rates:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Retiree Subsidy		Spouse Subsidy*	
Retired before June 30, 2010	At least ten years of service- 80% of premium Less than ten years of service- 0% of premium		0% of premium	
	10 years or more of service at June 30, 2010-80% of premium		Years of service at June 30, 2010-80	
	Less than 10 years June 30, 20		of premium:	
	Less than 15 years at retirement	Less than 15 years at retirement	Less than 10 years	25 years at retirement
	15-19.99 years at retirement	15-19.99 years at retirement	10-14.99 years	25 years at retirement
	20-24.99 years at retirement	20-24.99 years at retirement	15-24.99 years	10 additional years from June 30, 2010
	25 years or more at 25 years or retirement more at		25-29.99 years	35 years at retirement
		retirement	30 or more years	5 additional years from June 30, 2010

<sup>\*</sup> Spouses of retirees who do not meet the requirements for an 80% subsidy can receive unsubsidized coverage

Premium Reduction Option: Participants retiring on or after January 1, 2007 with a VSTRS premium subsidy have a one-time option to reduce the VSTRS subsidy percentage during the retiree's life so that a surviving spouse may continue to receive the same VSTRS subsidy for the spouse's lifetime. If the retiree elects the joint and survivor pension option but not the Premium Reduction Option, spouses are covered for the spouse's lifetime but pay 100% of the plan premium after the retiree's death.

#### **OPEB Liabilities**

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 75 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

the School District does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net OPEB liability was recorded at June 30, 2019. The State's portion of the collective net OPEB liability that was associated with the School District was as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District	6,739,675
Total	\$ 6,739,675

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District is equal to the collective net OPEB liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2018, multiplied by the School District's proportionate share percentage. The School District's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.70625% which was a decrease of 0.03149% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized total OPEB expense of \$302,086 and revenue of \$302,086 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the Plan. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	VSTRS OPEB Plan				
	Deferred Outflows Def		Deferred	Deferred Inflows	
	of Resource	s	of Res	ources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	_	
Changes of assumptions		-		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		_	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		-	
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date					
Total	\$		\$		

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	VSTRS C	PEB Plan
Plan year ended June 30:		
2019	\$	-
2020		-
2021		-
2022		-
2023		-
Thereafter		-

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate is the single rate of return, that when applied to all projected benefit payments, results in an actuarial present value that is the sum of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments projected to be funded by plan assets using a long term rate of return and the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that are not included in (1) using a yield or index rate for 20 year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
VSTRS OPEB Plan: Discount rate	2.87%	3.87%	4.87%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	- \$ -	\$ -

#### **Healthcare Trend Rate**

Health care trend measures the anticipated overall rate at which health plan costs are expected to increase in future years. The trend rate assumptions were developed using Segal's internal guidelines, which are established each year using data sources such as the 2019 Segal Health Trend Survey, internal client results, trends from other published surveys prepared by the S&P Dow Jones Indices, consulting firms and brokers and CPI statistics published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare trend rates are as follows:

	1% Decrease	Healthcare Trend Rates	1% Increase	_
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	- \$ -	- \$ -	

# **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

#### Amortization

The total OPEB liability of this Plan is amortized on an open 30-year period. The amortization method is a level dollar amortization method.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Asset Valuation Method

The Asset Valuation Method used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

The long-term expected rate of return on both plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Large cap equity	20.00%	7.50%
International equity	15.00%	7.75%
Emerging international equity	5.00%	9.25%
Core bonds	60.00%	3.75%
Inflation		2.75%
Total	100.00%	

#### **Assumptions**

The actuarial assumptions used to calculate the actuarially determined contribution rates can be found in the Report on the Actuarial Valuation of Post Retirement Benefits of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Prepared as of June 30, 2016 completed by Buck Consulting. As of June 30, 2018, they are as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 12 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate 3.87%

Salary Increase Rate Varies by age

Non-Medicare 7.15% graded to 4.50% over 12 years Medicare 7.30% graded to 4.50% over 11 years

Retiree Contributions Equal to health trend

Pre-retirement Mortality 98% of RP-2014 White Collar Employee with

generational projection using Scale SSA-2017

Post-retirement Mortality 98% of RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant with

generational projection using Scale SSA-2017

## **Changes in Net OPEB Liability**

Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 with the following exceptions:

#### Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The amortization period was six years for June 30, 2018. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.58% to 3.87%.

## **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of OPEB amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of VSTRS or their participating employers. VSTRS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: http://finance.vermont.gov/reports and publications/cafr.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### **NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, students and guests; as well as natural disasters for which the School District either carries commercial insurance, participates in a public entity risk pool, or is effectively self-insured. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the School District.

The School District is a member of the Vermont School Boards Association. The Association has set up two insurance Trusts; Vermont School Boards Insurance Trust, Inc. (VSBIT) for worker compensation, multi-line intermunicipal school program and unemployment compensation program and the Vermont Education Health Initiative (VEHI) for medical benefits. VSBIT and VEHI are nonprofit corporations formed to provide insurance and risk management programs for Vermont School Districts and is owned by the participating Districts. The Trusts are not licensed insurance carriers and members are not protected by the Vermont Insurance Guaranty Association.

To provide insurance coverage, VEHI has established a self-funded fully insured program in conjunction with Blue Cross and Blue Shield (BCBS). A portion of member contributions is used to purchase reinsurance and to fund a reserve required by the reinsurance. Contributions in excess of claims requirements, reserve fund requirements, reinsurance and administrative costs are returned to participants. The pooling agreement does not permit the pool to make additional assessments to its members.

Multi-Line Intermunicipal School Program provides coverage for property; inland marine and boiler and machinery; crime; commercial general liability; automobile/garagekeepers; and educators legal liability. Annual contributions are based upon appropriate rates applicable to each member; such rates are set based on recommendations of a qualified actuary, plus a proportionate share of all operational and administrative cost including excess reinsurance premiums incurred by the trust. In the event that total contributions assessed to and made by all members result in an actual or projected financial deficit and VSBIT is unable to meet its required obligations, the program will be terminated with each member assessed their proportionate share of the deficit.

#### **NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES**

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the School District's financial position.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The School District participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the School District's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

#### **NOTE 15 - RELATED ORGANIZATION**

The School District has an ongoing financial responsibility to Washington Central Supervisory Union as defined in GASB 14, paragraph 71. Through Washington Central Supervisory Union's assessment process, the School District's assessment can be increased to cover a share of any prior year deficits and decreased to share in any prior year surpluses. Separate financial statements on Washington Central Supervisory Union are available from Washington Central Supervisory Union.

#### NOTE 16 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the School District's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### NOTE 17 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

All assets and liabilities of the Union High School District 32 were transferred to the new Washington Central Unified Union School District which is made of the Town School Districts of Berlin, Calais, East Montpelier, Middlesex and Worcester on July 1, 2019. All business transactions of Union High School District 32 ceased as of that date. Therefore, this is the final audit of the Union High School District 32.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Government Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions Pension
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Variance Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$ 1,200,731	\$ 1,200,731	\$ 1,200,731	\$ -
Intergovernmental:				
State/Town support	13,013,190	13,013,190	12,976,074	(37,116)
Other	1,537,030	1,537,030	1,694,231	157,201
Charges for services	18,298	18,298	18,292	(6)
Interest income	140,000	140,000	164,801	24,801
Miscellaneous	125,425	125,425	167,156	41,731
Transfers from other funds		-	43,000	43,000
Amounts Available for Appropriation	16,034,674	16,034,674	16,264,285	229,611
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Direct services	8,241,278	8,241,278	8,240,023	1,255
Support services:				()
Student services	788,523	788,523	816,955	(28,432)
Instructional staff services	579,362	579,362	568,780	10,582
General administrative services	1,084,909	1,084,909	1,082,383	2,526
Area administrative services	925,592	925,592	955,423	(29,831)
Fiscal services	132,280	132,280	131,084	1,196
Operations and maintenance	1,429,592	1,429,592	1,371,635	57,957
Transportation	563,782	563,782	576,749	(12,967)
Debt service:				
Principal	605,000	605,000	605,000	-
Interest	15,568	15,568	9,981	5,587
Transfers to other funds	468,057	468,057	1,136,548	(668,491)
Total Charges to Appropriations	14,833,943	14,833,943	15,494,561	(660,618)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 1,200,731	\$ 1,200,731	\$ 769,724	\$ (431,007)

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

VSTRS:	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.70%	0.72%	0.72%	0.73%	0.82%	0.80%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	10,626,552 \$ 10,626,552	10,708,265 \$ 10,708,265	9,406,637 \$ 9,406,637	8,700,057 \$ 8,700,057	7,902,870 \$ 7,902,870	\$ 8,132,149 \$ 8,132,149
Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-	\$ 4,755,336	\$ 4,773,380	\$ 4,653,295	\$ 4,089,401	\$ 4,533,567	\$ 4,674,063
employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.00% 54.81%	0.00% 55.31%	0.00% 55.31%	0.00% 58.22%	0.00% 64.02%	0.00% 60.59%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	201	9	2018	2017	2016		2015	2014	
<u>VSTRS:</u>									
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	- -	\$ -	\$	\$	- -	\$ - 	\$	- <u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>
Covered-employee payroll  Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$ 5,03	34,668	\$ 4,755,336	\$ 4,773,380	\$ 4,653,2	95	\$ 4,089,401	\$ 4,533,56	i7
employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.0	0%	0.00%	0.00	)%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

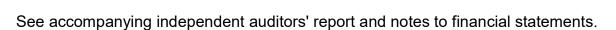
	2019		2018
VSTRS OPEB Plan:			
Proportion of the net OPEB liability School District's proportionate share of the	0.71%		0.74%
net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$	-
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB			
liability associated with the School District	6,739,675		6,836,105
Total	\$ 6,739,675	<u>\$</u>	6,836,105
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,755,336	\$	4,773,380
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee			
payroll	0.00%		0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the			
total OPEB liability	1.76%		1.52%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

# SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	_	2019		2018
VSTRS OPEB Plan:		_		
Contractually required contribution		\$ -	\$	-
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	_			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>-</u>	\$ 	\$	
Covered-employee payroll		\$ 5,034,668	\$	4,755,336
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		0.00%	•	0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.



# NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# **Changes of Assumptions**

#### **VSTRS Pension:**

The valuation liability for inactive members as reported by the System was lowered from 332.5% of accumulated contributions to 250.0% of accumulated contributions.

#### VSTRS OPEB:

The discount rate increased from 3.58% to 3.87% for the VSTRS OPEB liability.

The percentage of non-DC Plan current retirees assumed to have life insurance coverage was increased from 65% to 75%.

Future male retirees were assumed to be two years older than their spouses, decreased from three years. Future female retirees were assumed to be one year younger than their spouses, decreased from three years.

The percentage of future retirees assumed to have a spouse electing coverage was increased from 60% to 70% for male retirees and from 50% to 60% for female retirees.

The claims cost development methodology was modified for non-Medicare participants.

The per capita valuation-year claims and retiree contribution rates were updated.

The assumed health trend rates were modified.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues
- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Net Position Private-Purpose Trust Funds
- Combining Schedule of Changes in Net Position Private-Purpose Trust Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				V	'ariance
	Original	Final	Actual	I	Positive
	Budget	Budget	Amounts	(N	legative)
Resources (Inflows):					
Intergovernmental revenues:					
Education spending grant	\$ 13,013,190	\$ 13,013,190	\$ 12,976,074	\$	(37,116)
Tech center	232,508	232,508	236,448		3,940
Driver education reimbursement	5,000	5,000	7,447		2,447
High school completion reimbursement	2,500	2,500	2,000		(500)
E-rate	21,346	21,346	18,360		(2,986)
Special education	379,074	379,074	358,384		(20,690)
Tuition	896,602	896,602	1,071,592		174,990
Charges for services	18,298	18,298	18,292		(6)
Interest income	140,000	140,000	164,801		24,801
Miscellaneous:					
Other receipts	125,425	125,425	167,156		41,731
Transfers in	-		43,000		43,000
Amounts Available for Appropriation	\$ 14,833,943	\$ 14,833,943	\$ 15,063,554	\$	229,611

# SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Original		Final			ariance Positive
		Original Budget		Budget		Actual	legative)
		Baagot		Ваадог		7 totaai	 iogalivo <sub>j</sub>
Direct services -							
Instructional services	\$	6,047,547	\$	6,047,547	\$	6,118,289	\$ (70,742)
Special education		676,917		676,917		600,055	76,862
SU assessments		834,563		834,563		834,563	-
Athletics		548,758		548,758		544,174	4,584
Co-curricular		133,493		133,493		134,232	(739)
English language learner		<u>-</u>		_		8,710	 (8,710)
Total Direct services	_	8,241,278	$\overline{\triangle}$	8,241,278	$\overline{a}$	8,240,023	1,255
Support services -							
Students -							
Guidance services		651,422		651,422		661,857	(10,435)
Health services		137,101		137,101		155,098	(17,997)
Instructional staff -							
Curriculum services		39,584		39,584		49,222	(9,638)
Library services		243,760		243,760		247,160	(3,400)
Technology services		296,018		296,018		272,398	23,620
Total Support services	Ź	1,367,885		1,367,885		1,385,735	(17,850)
General administration -							
Board of education		90,215		90,215		87,689	2,526
Office of the superintendent		994,694		994,694		994,694	-
Total General administration		1,084,909		1,084,909		1,082,383	 2,526
Area administration - office of the principal		925,592		925,592		955,423	(29,831)
Fiscal services		132,280		132,280		131,084	 1,196
Operations and maintenance		1,429,592		1,429,592		1,371,635	57,957
Transportation		563,782		563,782		576,749	 (12,967)
Debt service -							
Principal		605,000		605,000		605,000	_
Interest		15,568		15,568		9,981	5,587
Total Debt service		620,568		620,568		614,981	 5,587
Total Book colvido	_	020,000		020,000		011,001	 0,001
Transfers to other funds		468,057		468,057		1,136,548	 (668,491)
TOTAL DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS	\$	14,833,943	\$	14,833,943	\$	15,494,561	\$ (660,618)

# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	R	Special Levenue Funds	Gov	Nonmajor ernmental Funds
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	52,004 52,004	\$ \$	52,004 52,004
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		26,203		26,203 26,203
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		25,801 - - 25,801		25,801 - - 25,801
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	52,004	\$	52,004

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	R	Special evenue Funds	Gov	l Nonmajor ernmental Funds
REVENUES				
Intergovernmental	\$	71,444	\$	71,444
Interest income Other		923 50,062		923 50,062
TOTAL REVENUES		122,429	_	122,429
		, , , , , ,		
EXPENDITURES Other		78,506		78,506
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		78,506		78,506
				<u> </u>
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		43,923		42 022
(ONDER) EXI ENDITORES	_	43,923	-	43,923
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in		- (42,000)		- (42,000)
Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING		(43,000)	-	(43,000)
SOURCES (USES)		(43,000)		(43,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		923		923
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		24,878		24,878
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	25,801	\$	25,801

# Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.



# COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	EPS	DT	Medica	nid	VT Council on the Arts		Alan H Weiss Estate	Rowland Foundation Grant	Other Local Grants	 Total
ASSETS Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS		- 26,203 26,203	\$	- - -	\$	- \$ - \$	25,801 25,801	\$ - - \$ -	\$ - - \$ -	\$ 52,004 52,004
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	<u>-</u> \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		26,203 26,203		-		<u>-</u> _	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	. <u>-</u>	 26,203 26,203
FUND BALANCES  Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		-		- - - - -		- - - - - -	25,801 - - 25,801	- - - - -	- - - - -	 - 25,801 - - - 25,801
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 2	26,203	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u> \$	25,801	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 52,004

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	E	PSDT	DT Medicaid		VT Council on the Arts		Alan H Weiss Estate		Rowland Foundation Grant		Other Local Grants		Total
REVENUES													
Intergovernmental	\$	5,750	\$	65,477	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	217	\$ 71,444
Interest Income		-		-		-		923		-		-	923
Other				- 05 477		265		-		48,797		1,000	 50,062
TOTAL REVENUES		5,750		65,477		265		923		48,797		1,217	 122,429
EXPENDITURES													
Other		5,750		65,477	2	265		-		5,797		1,217	78,506
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		5,750		65,477	2	265	_	-		5,797		1,217	 78,506
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		<u></u>		1				923		43,000			 43,923
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)													
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		-	-
Transfers (out)		-		-				-		(43,000)		-	(43,000)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		-				-		(43,000)		-	 (43,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES				-		-		923		-		-	923
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		-						24,878					 24,878
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	25,801	\$		\$		\$ 25,801

# Private-Purpose Trust Funds

Private-purpose trust funds are used to report assets held in a trustee capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the School District's programs.



# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Jeffrey		Alumni			
		Sayers	So	cholarship	Kinzel		
	Trust Fund Trust		Total				
ASSETS Accounts receivable (net of allowance							
for uncollectibles)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000
Due from other governments		26,018		14,632	-		40,650
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	26,018	\$	14,632	\$ 1,000	\$	41,650
LIABILITIES							
Due to other governments	\$	-	_\$_	-	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$		\$	-	\$ 1,000	\$	1,000
NET POSITION							
Restricted - held in trust	\$	26,018	\$	14,632	\$ -	\$	40,650
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	26,018	\$	14,632	\$ -	\$	40,650

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Jeffrey Sayers Trust		Alumni Scholarship Fund		Kinzel Trust		Total	
ADDITIONS	Φ	005	Φ.	550	Φ	0.000	Φ	0.554
Interest Income TOTAL ADDITIONS	\$	995 995	\$	559 559	\$	2,000	\$	3,554 3,554
DEDUCTIONS								
Other		1,800		1,000		2,000		4,800
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	$\perp$	1,800		1,000	_	2,000		4,800
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(805)		(441)		-		(1,246)
NET POSITION - JULY 1		26,823		15,073				41,896
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	26,018	\$	14,632	\$	_	\$	40,650

# **General Capital Assets**

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.



# SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2019

	and and depreciable Assets	Buildings, Building Improvements and Land Improvements		Furniture, Fixtures, Equipment and Vehicles		Infrastructure		Total
Direct services	\$ 74,747	\$	19,918,056	\$	1,007,040	\$	_	\$ 20,999,843
S.S students	-		634,662		-		_	634,662
S.S staff	-		1,020,343		75,120		-	1,095,463
S.S general administration	-		775,423		-		-	775,423
S.S area administration	-		572,538		5,678		-	578,216
Other services	-		80,813		-		-	80,813
Operations and maintenance	-		4,979,508		544,876		-	5,524,384
Transportation	-		-		69,206		-	69,206
Food service	53,943		351,240		193,187		-	598,370
Total General Capital Assets	128,690		28,332,583		1,895,107		_	30,356,380
Less: Accumulated Depreciation			(15,905,886)		(1,189,054)			(17,094,940)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 128,690	\$	12,426,697	\$	706,053	\$		\$ 13,261,440

# SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		General				General
		Capital				Capital
		Assets				Assets
	7/1/18 Additions			Additions	eletions	6/30/19
Direct services	\$	20,590,365	\$	420,764	\$ (11,286)	\$ 20,999,843
S.S students		634,662		-	-	634,662
S.S staff		1,114,918		-	(19,455)	1,095,463
S.S general administration		775,423		-	-	775,423
S.S area administration		578,216		-	-	578,216
Other services		80,813		-	-	80,813
Operations and maintenance		5,370,071		172,525	(18,212)	5,524,384
Transportation		69,206		-	-	69,206
Food service		542,974		55,396	-	598,370
Total General Capital Assets		29,756,648		648,685	(48,953)	30,356,380
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		(16,462,807)		(672,560)	 40,427	(17,094,940)
Net General Capital Assets	\$	13,293,841	\$	(23,875)	\$ (8,526)	\$ 13,261,440



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Union High School District 32 Montpelier, Vermont

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Union High School District 32 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Union High School District 32's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2019.

## Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Union High School District 32's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Union High School District 32's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Union High School District 32's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

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Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Union High School District 32's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 November 19, 2019

## Audited Financial Statements and Other Financial Information

### **Worcester School District**

June 30, 2019



Proven Expertise & Integrity

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Worcester School District Montpelier, Vermont

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Worcester School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Worcester School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

3 Old Orchard Road, Buxton, Maine 04093 Tel: (800) 300-7708 (207) 929-4606 Fax: (207) 929-4609

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Worcester School District as of June 30, 2019 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and OPEB information on pages 4 through 10 and 56 through 61 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Worcester School District's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the

basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2019, on our consideration of the Worcester School District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Worcester School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 November 18, 2019

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

#### (UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the Worcester School District's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements.

#### **Financial Statement Overview**

The School District's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, pension and OPEB information and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the School District's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regard to the School District's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position - this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities - this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above-mentioned financial statements have separate columns for the two different types of School District activities. The types of activities presented for the School District are:

- Governmental activities The activities in this section are mostly supported by intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants), support from the town and charges for services. Most of the School District's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance, transportation and program expenses.
- Business-type activities These activities are normally intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and/or charges to external users for goods and/or services. The activity for the School District includes the food service fund.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be classified into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services provided by the School District are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the School District.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues,

expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The School District presents three columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The School District's major funds are the general fund and the capital projects fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Other Governmental Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund is the only fund for which the School District legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Proprietary Funds: The School District maintains one proprietary fund, the food service fund. This fund is used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. No reconciliation is needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds: These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the Worcester School District. These funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of these funds are not available to support the School District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds are much like that of proprietary funds. They use the accrual basis of accounting.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, a Schedule of Contributions - Pension, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, a Schedule of Contributions - OPEB and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regard to nonmajor funds, capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the School District's governmental and business-type activities. The School District's total net position for governmental activities increased by \$79,192 from \$489,120 to \$568,312. For business-type activities, the School District's total net position decreased by \$211 from \$36,395 to \$36,184.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - increased for governmental activities to a balance of \$272,943 at the end of the fiscal year. For business-type activities, the balance increased to a balance of \$25,158.

Table 1
Worcester School District
Net Position
June 30.

	Governmental Activities					Business-type Activities				
		2019		2018		2019		2018		
Assets:					•					
Current Assets	\$	290,194	\$	301,414	\$	25,833	\$	24,967		
Noncurrent Assets		289,988		217,931		11,026		12,118		
Total Assets	\$	580,182	\$	519,345	\$	36,859	\$	37,085		
Liabilities:										
Current Liabilities	\$	11,870	\$	29,628	\$	-	\$	68		
Total Liabilities	\$	11,870	\$	29,628	\$	_	\$	68		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Deferred Revenues	\$	_	\$	597	\$	675	\$	622		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	_	\$	597	\$	675	\$	622		
Net Position:										
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	289,988	\$	217,931	\$	11,026	\$	12,118		
Restricted		5,381		5,295		-		· -		
Unrestricted		272,943		265,894		25,158		24,277		
Total Net Position	\$	568,312	\$	489,120	\$	36,184	\$	36,395		

#### **Revenues and Expenses**

Revenues for the School District's governmental activities increased by 1.81%, while total expenses increased by 7.44%. The increase in revenues was primarily due to decreases in operating grants and contributions. The increase in expenses was primarily due to direct services and operations and maintenance.

Revenues for the School District's business-type activities decreased by 8.50% primarily due to operating grants and contributions, while total expenses decreased by 0.77% primarily due to supplies and foods.

Table 2
Worcester School District
Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30,

	Governmer	ntal Activities	<b>Business-type Activities</b>			
	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,893	\$ 25,892		
Operating grants and contributions	341,217	332,868	24,426	29,888		
General Revenues:	- ,	,	,	.,		
Grants and contributions not restricted to						
specific programs	1,327,801	1,306,840	-	-		
Miscellaneous	37,190	36,116	2,718	-		
Total Revenues	1,706,208	1,675,824	51,037	55,780		
Evnances						
Expenses Direct services	667,293	635,729				
Support services:	007,293	033,729	-	-		
Student services	90,505	83,483	_	_		
Instructional staff services	69.983	49,553	_	_		
General administrative services	111,867	96,203	_	_		
Area administrative services	151,922	206,602	_	_		
Fiscal services	14,888	14,643	_	_		
Operations and maintenance	126,461	62,415	_	_		
Transportation	49,424	28,303	_	_		
On-behalf payments	240,190	222,659	_	-		
Program expenses	101,137	111,612	54,594	55,015		
Total Expenses	1,623,670	1,511,202	54,594	55,015		
Transfers	(3,346)	(14,696)	3,346	14,696		
Change in Net Position	79,192	149,926	(211)	15,461		
Net Position - July 1	489,120	339,194	36,395	20,934		
Net Position - June 30	\$ 568,312	\$ 489,120	\$ 36,184	\$ 36,395		

#### Financial Analysis of the School District's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the School District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the School District's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
Worcester School District
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
June 30,

	2019	2018			
Major Funds:					
General Fund:					
Assigned	\$ 36,320	\$	189,797		
Total General Fund	\$ 36,320	\$	189,797		
Capital Projects Fund:					
Restricted	\$ 236,623	\$	76,097		
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$ 236,623	\$	76,097		
Nonmajor Funds: Permanent Funds: Restricted	\$ 5,381	\$	5,295		
Total Nonmajor Funds	\$ 5,381	\$	5,295		

The general fund total fund balance decreased by \$153,477 from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to transfers to other funds. The capital projects fund total fund balance increased by \$160,526 from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to transfers from other funds. The nonmajor funds total fund balance increased by \$86, due to minor increases and decreases in the permanent funds.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

There was no difference between the original and final budget for the general fund.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded budgeted amounts by \$4,450, due to miscellaneous income for shared benefits.

The general fund actual expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts by \$157,927, due to all categories exceeding budgeted amounts with the exception of direct services and operations and maintenance.

#### **Capital Asset and Long-Term Debt Activity**

#### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2019, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the School District increased by \$70,965. This increase was due to additions of \$91,750, less current year depreciation expense of \$20,785.

# Table 4 Worcester School District Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) June 30,

	2019			2018
Buildings, building improvements and land improvements Furniture and equipment	\$	253,205 47,809	\$	186,000 44,049
Total	\$	301,014	\$	230,049

#### Debt

Obligations for the School District at June 30, 2019 were \$0.

#### **Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions**

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The 2019 - 2020 budget could be severely impacted by the reduction of funding from the State.

#### **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the School District at 1130 Gallison Hill Road, Montpelier, Vermont 05602.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total
ASSETS		•	٠.			
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	310,913	\$	-	\$	310,913
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		-		4,212		4,212
Inventory		-		902		902
Internal balances		(20,719)		20,719		-
Total current assets		290,194		25,833		316,027
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Buildings, building improvements and other assets,						
net of accumulated depreciation		289,988		11,026		301,014
Total noncurrent assets		289,988		11,026		301,014
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	580,182	\$	36,859	\$	617,041
	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	4,879	\$	-	\$	4,879
Due to other governments		6,991		-		6,991
Total current liabilities		11,870		-		11,870
TOTAL LIADULITIES		44.070				44.070
TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	11,870	•		-	11,870
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue		-		675		675
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		675		675
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		289,988		11,026		301,014
Restricted		5,381		11,020		5,381
Unrestricted		272,943		25,158		298,101
TOTAL NET POSITION		568,312	-	36,184		604,496
		300,012				301,100
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
AND NET POSITION	\$	580,182	\$	36,859	\$	617,041

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes **Program Revenues** in Net Position Business -**Operating Grants Capital Grants** Governmental Charges for type Functions/Programs Expenses Services and Contributions and Contributions Activities Activities Total Governmental activities: Direct services 667,293 \$ \$ \$ (667,293) \$ (667,293)Support services: 90.505 (90,505)(90,505)Student services Instructional staff services 69,983 (69,983)(69,983)General administrative services 111,867 (111,867)(111,867)Area administrative services 151,922 (151,922)(151,922)(14,888)Fiscal services 14,888 (14,888)Operations and maintenance 126,461 (126,461)(126,461)Transportation 49,424 (49,424)(49,424)Program expenses 101,137 101,027 (110)(110)Capital outlay On-behalf payments 240,190 240,190 (1,282,453)Total governmental activities 1,623,670 341,217 (1,282,453)Business-type activities: Food service 23,893 54,594 24,426 (6,275)(6,275)54,594 Total business-type activities 23,893 24,426 (6,275)(6,275)Total government 1,678,264 23,893 365,643 \$ (1,282,453)(6,275)\$ \$ (1,288,728)

### STATEMENT B (CONTINUED) WORCESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Changes in net position:			
Net (expense) revenue	(1,282,453)	(6,275)	(1,288,728)
General revenues:			
Grants and contributions not restricted			
to specific programs	1,327,801	-	1,327,801
Miscellaneous	37,190	2,718	39,908
Transfers	(3,346)	3,346	-
Total general revenues and transfers	1,361,645	6,064	1,367,709
Change in net position	79,192	(211)	78,981
NET POSITION - JULY 1	489,120	36,395	525,515
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 568,312	\$ 36,184	\$ 604,496

#### BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund		_		_		-		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	310,913 - 310,913	\$	236,623 236,623	\$	5,381 5,381	\$	310,913 242,004 552,917				
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other governments Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	4,879 6,991 262,723 274,593	\$	- - - -	\$	- - - -	\$	4,879 6,991 262,723 274,593				
FUND BALANCES  Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		36,320 - 36,320		236,623 - - - 236,623		5,381 - - - 5,381		242,004 - 36,320 - 278,324				
OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	310,913	\$	236,623	\$	5,381	\$	552,917				

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	 Total ernmental Funds
Total Fund Balances	\$ 278,324
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and	
therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation	 289,988
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 568,312

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Capital General Projects Fund Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmenta Funds		
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Interest income Miscellaneous revenues	\$ 1,419,677 22,463 12,683	\$	- 1,848	\$	101,027 196	\$	1,520,704 24,507 12,683
TOTAL REVENUES	1,454,823		1,848		101,223		1,557,894
EXPENDITURES Current: Direct services	690,611						690,611
Support services:	090,011		-		-		090,011
Student services	90,505		-		-		90,505
Instructional staff services	69,983		-		-		69,983
General administrative services	111,867		-		-		111,867
Area administrative services	151,922		-		-		151,922
Fiscal services	14,888		-		-		14,888
Operations and maintenance	114,553		-		-		114,553
Transportation	49,424		-		-		49,424
On-behalf payments	91,876		-		-		91,876
Program expenses	-		-		101,137		101,137
Capital outlay	 -		60,647		-		60,647
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 1,385,629		60,647		101,137		1,547,413
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	 69,194		(58,799)		86		10,481
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	- (222,671)		219,325 -		- -		219,325 (222,671)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(222,671)		219,325				(3,346)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(153,477)		160,526		86		7,135
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	189,797		76,097		5,295		271,189
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 36,320	\$	236,623	\$	5,381	\$	278,324

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ 7,135
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets: Depreciation expense	 (19,693)
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 79,192

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-type Activities	
	Enterprise Fund Food Service	
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$	4,212
Inventory Due from other funds		902 20,719
Total current assets		25,833
Total dalient assets		20,000
Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:		
Buildings		26,485
Equipment		34,263
Less: accumulated depreciation		(49,722)
Total noncurrent assets		11,026
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	36,859
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$	
Total current liabilities		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		_
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred revenue		675
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		075
RESOURCES		675
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets		11,026
Unrestricted		25,158
TOTAL NET POSITION		36,184
TOTAL (148) (TIPO 3		
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION	\$	36,859

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Business-type	
	Activities  Enterprise Fund	
	Enterprise Fund Food	
	ç	Service
OPERATING REVENUES Intergovernmental Charges for services Miscellaneous	\$	24,426 23,893 2,718
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES		51,037
OPERATING EXPENSES Salaries Benefits Supplies and food Depreciation TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		32,979 2,885 17,638 1,092 54,594
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(3,557)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)  Transfers in  Transfers (out)  TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		3,346 - 3,346
TOTAL NONOFERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		3,340
CHANGES IN NET POSITION		(211)
NET POSITION - JULY 1		36,395
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	36,184

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ente	iness-type ctivities rprise Fund Food Service
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Intergovernmental receipts Internal activity - receipts (payments) from/to other funds Payments to suppliers NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	26,279 24,479 (664) (53,440) (3,346)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers in (out) NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		3,346 3,346
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		-
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1		_
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30	\$	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$	(3,557)
Depreciation expense		1,092
Changes in operating assets, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources:  (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable  (Increase) decrease in inventory  (Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(332) 130 (664)
(Decrease) increase in deferred revenue (Decrease) increase in accounts payable		53 (68)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(3,346)

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose			
	Trust Fund		Agency Funds	
	CI	are		
	Templeton		Student	
	Fund		Activities	
ASSETS				
Due from other governments	\$	3,126	\$	3,865
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	3,126	\$	3,865
LIABILITIES				
Deposits held for others	\$	_	\$	3,865
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$		\$	3,865
NET POSITION				
Restricted - held in trust	\$	3,126		
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	3,126		

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Private	Private-Purpose	
	Trus	Trust Fund	
		Clare	
	Ten	Templeton	
	F	Fund	
ADDITIONS			
Investment earnings:			
Income earned	\$	136	
Total additions		136	
DEDUCTIONS Administrative expenses		680	
Total deductions		680	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(544)	
NET POSITION - JULY 1		3,670	
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$	3,126	

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

Worcester School District was incorporated under the laws in the State of Vermont. The School District operates under the Board of Directors-superintendent form of government and provides the following services: direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance, transportation and program expenses.

The School District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The School District's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the School District. We have determined that the School District has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

#### Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. Laws and regulations may require governments to take specific actions to retire certain tangible capital assets at the end of the useful lives of those capital assets, such as decommissioning nuclear reactors and dismantling and removing sewage treatment plants. Other obligations to retire tangible capital assets may arise from contracts or court judgments. Internal obligating events include the occurrence of contamination. placing into operation a tangible capital asset that is required to be retired, abandoning a tangible capital asset before it is placed into operation, or acquiring a tangible capital asset that has an existing ARO. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated tangible capital assets. If an ARO (or portions thereof) has been incurred by a government but is not yet recognized because it is not reasonably estimable, the

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

government is required to disclose that fact and the reasons therefor. This Statement requires similar disclosures for a government's minority shares of AROs. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The School District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School District's major funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The School District's food service fund is categorized as a business-type activity. All other activities of the School District are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The School District's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The School District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School District's functions and business-type activities (instruction, administration, etc.), excluding fiduciary activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (support from the School District, certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses by related program revenues, operating and capital grants.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The School District does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding departments.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the School District as an entity and the change in the School District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

#### Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the School District are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the School District:

#### 1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the School District:

#### Major Funds:

- a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Nonmajor Funds:

- c. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- d. Permanent funds are used to account for assets held by the Worcester School District that are legally restricted unless otherwise specified, only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the School District or its citizenry. These funds have been established for the Music-Bellemeur Fund.

#### 2. Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Operating revenues include charges for services, intergovernmental reimbursements and other miscellaneous fees which are a direct result of the proprietary activity. Nonoperating revenues are any revenues which are generated outside of the general proprietary activity, i.e. interest income. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the School District:

Enterprise Funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.

#### 3. Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support the School District's programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using accounting principles similar to proprietary funds. Component units that are fiduciary in nature have been excluded from these financial statements.

The School District's fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type (private-purpose and agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (other local governments, private parties, etc.)

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### 1. Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

#### 2. Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

#### **Budget**

The School District's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 24, Accounting and Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance, payments made by the State of Vermont to the Vermont State Retirement System for teachers and certain other school employees are reported as offsetting revenues and expenditures of the general fund.

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Revenues per budgetary basis	\$ 1,362,947
Add: On-behalf payments	91,876
Total GAAP basis	\$ 1,454,823
Expenditures per budgetary basis	\$ 1,516,424
Add: On-behalf basis	91,876
Total GAAP basis	\$ 1,608,300

- 1. The annual school budget is the planning management tool, which delineates the District's educational priorities and programs and forms the basis for voter review and approval of the budget according to applicable State of Vermont education finance laws.
- 2. The Board budget process includes input from school district administration and staff, educational priorities for the next school year, along with public hearings, which include the Board of Directors and general public.
- 3. The budget document itself is based upon the most current funding information available along with the projection of current revenues and expenditures for the next year. At the conclusion of the budget process, a final budget is approved by the Board of Directors.

#### **Deposits and Investments**

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the School District's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the School District's investments are reported at amortized cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be a cash equivalent. The School District Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

The Worcester School District has no formal investment policy but instead follows the State of Vermont Statutes.

#### Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies and local businesses. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. Allowances for uncollectible accounts netted with accounts receivable were \$11,203 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2019.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and are valued at cost which approximate market, using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of inventories are recorded as expenditures when used (consumption method). The food service fund inventory consists of school lunch supplies and food on hand at the end of the year.

#### **Interfund Receivables and Payables**

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

#### **Transactions Between Funds**

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Capital Assets**

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$1,000 or more for land, \$20,000 or more for buildings and improvements, \$2,500 for furniture and equipment and \$5,000 for vehicles are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 - 50 years Furniture and equipment 5 - 20 years Vehicles 8 years

#### **Long-term Obligations**

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. As of June 30, 2019, the School District did not have any long-term obligations.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) Plan and additions to/deductions from the VSTRS Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the VSTRS Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### <u>OPEB</u>

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) and additions to/deductions from the VSTRS OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by VSTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

#### **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

#### Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Nonspendable - This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the School District. The inhabitants of the School District through School District meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the School District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a School District meeting vote.

Assigned - This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Directors.

Unassigned - This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the School District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the School District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the School District meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District currently has no deferred outflows of resources.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has only one type of this item, deferred revenues, which is reported in both the statements of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

#### **Program Revenues**

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

#### Operating/Nonoperating Proprietary Fund Revenues

Operating revenues consist mainly of direct revenue sources and/or charges for services applicable to that fund's ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

## **Encumbrance Accounting**

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The School District does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

#### **Use of Estimates**

During the preparation of the School District's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

#### **Deposits:**

The School District's investment policies, which follow state statutes, authorize the School District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. These investment policies apply to all School District funds.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the School District will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2019, the School District's cash balance of \$310,913 was comprised of bank deposits of \$355,939. Of these bank deposits, \$250,000 were fully insured by federal depository insurance and consequently were not exposed to custodial credit risk. The remaining balance of \$105,939 was collateralized with securities held by the financial institution in the School District's name.

Account Type	E	Bank Balance
Checking accounts Repurchase agreement	\$	10,000 345,939
	\$	355,939

#### **Investments:**

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the School District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

At June 30, 2019, the School District had \$0 in investments and maturities.

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Vermont authorize the School District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate stocks and bonds within

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The School District does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the School District invests excess funds in savings accounts and various insured certificates of deposit.

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

#### NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Receivables (Due from)		Payables (Due to)	
General Fund	\$	-	\$	262,723
Capital Projects Fund		236,623		-
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		5,381		-
Enterprise Funds		20,719		-
	\$	262,723	\$	262,723

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019:

		Balance, 7/1/18	A	dditions	D	isposals		Balance, 6/30/19
Governmental activities:  Depreciated assets:								
Buildings	\$	738,343	\$	_	\$	_	\$	738,343
Building improvements	Ψ	324,374	Ψ	59,524	Ψ	_	Ψ	383,898
Infrastructure		8,200		-		-		8,200
Furniture and equipment		46,538		32,226		(448)		78,316
' '		1,117,455		91,750		(448)		1,208,757
Less: accumulated depreciation		(899,524)		(19,693)		448		(918,769)
Net governmental capital assets	\$	217,931	\$	72,057	\$		\$	289,988
Business-type activities: Depreciated assets:								
Buildings	\$	26,485	\$	-	\$	-		26,485
Furniture and equipment		34,263		-		-		34,263
		60,748		-		-		60,748
Less: accumulated depreciation		(48,630)		(1,092)		-		(49,722)
Net business-type capital assets	\$	12,118	\$	(1,092)	\$	-	\$	11,026
Current year depreciation:								
Direct services							\$	7,785
Operations and maintenance								11,908
Total governmental activities deprecia	ition							19,693
Food service								1,092
Total depreciation expense							\$	20,785

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 5 - SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Bala 7/1	,	A	Additions	R	eductions	ance, 0/19
Tax/revenue anticipation note	\$	_	\$	563,747	\$	(563,747)	\$ 

On July 2, 2018, the Worcester School District issued a tax/revenue anticipation note to meet its operating obligations during the fiscal year. The tax/revenue anticipation note allowed principal draws of up to \$563,747 with interest at 2.70% per annum and a maturity date of June 28, 2019. The note was paid in full and interest expense for the fiscal year was \$14,888.

#### NOTE 6 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

At June 30, 2019, the School District had the following restricted fund balances:

Capital project fund	\$ 236,623
Nonmajor permanent funds (Schedule G)	5,381
	\$ 242,004

#### NOTE 7 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2019, the School District had the following assigned fund balance:

General fund:	
Reserved for future operations	\$ 36,320

#### NOTE 8 - EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

At June 30, 2019, School District was noncompliant with the legally adopted budget overspending the appropriated amount of \$1,358,497 by \$157,927.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

## VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

## **Plan Description**

All of the teachers employed by the School District participate in the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System ("VSTRS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, covering nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private Union teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State of Vermont that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the retirement system consisted of 22,193 participating members.

The plan was established effective July 1, 1947 and is governed by *Title 16, V.S.A. Chapter 55*. Subsequent Vermont state legislation, *Act 74*, which became effective on July 1, 2010, contained numerous changes to the plan benefits available to current and future members, as well as a change in access to health care coverage after retirement, resulting from a multi-party agreement to provide sustainability of quality pension and retiree health benefits for Vermont teachers.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the retirement System for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of six members. They are the Secretary of Education (ex-officio), the State Treasurer (ex-officio), the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio), two members and one alternate elected by active members of the System under rules adopted by the Board; and one retired member and one alternate elected by the board of directors of Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont. The Chair is elected by the Board and acts as executive officer of the Board.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Benefits Provided**

The VSTRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, health care and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. There are two levels of contributions and benefits in the System: Group A - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont prior to July 1, 1981 and elected to remain in Group A; and Group C - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont on or after July 1, 1990. Group C also includes those teachers hired prior to July 1, 1990 and were in Group B on July 1, 1990. When *Act 74* became effective on June 30, 2010, Group C was further bifurcated into Groups #1 and #2. Group #1 contains members who were at least 57 years of age or had at least 25 years of service and Group #2 contains members who were less than 57 years of age and had less than 25 years of service.

Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service and are summarized below:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Normal service retirement eligibility (no reduction)	Age 60 or 30 years of service	Age 62 or with 30 years of service	Age 65 or when the sum of age and service equals 90
Average Final Compensation (AFC)	Highest 3 consecutive years, including unused annual leave, sick leave and bonus/incentives	, .	Highest 3 consecutive years, excluding all payments for anything other than service actually performed
Benefit formula – normal service retirement	1.67% x creditable service x AFC		1.25% x service prior to 6/30/90 x AFC + 1.67% x service after 7/1/90 x AFC, 2.0% after attaining 20 years
Maximum Benefit Payable	100% of AFC	53.34% of AFC	60% of AFC
Post-Retirement COLA	Full CPI, up to a maximum of 5% after 12 months of retirement; minimum of 1%	maximum of 5% after 12 months of	50% CPI, up to a maximum of 5%, minimum of 1% after 12 months of normal retirement or age 65

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
	, ,		Age 55 with 5 years of service
Early Retirement Reduction	Actuarial reduction	6% per year from age 62	Actuarial reduction

Other post-employment benefits are available to all plan members include the following:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
	based on member's	Health subsidy based on member's service credit	,
		Members pay full premium	Members pay full premium

#### **Contributions**

VSTRS is a cost-sharing public employee retirement system with one exception: all risks and costs are not shared by the School District but are the liability of the State of Vermont. VSTRS is funded through State and employee contributions and trust fund investment earnings; and the School District has no legal obligation for paying benefits. Required contributions to the System are made by the State of Vermont based upon a valuation report prepared by the System's actuary, which varies by plan group. The Vermont State Teachers Retirement System estimates the contributions on behalf of the School District's employees included in the teacher's retirement plan which approximates \$91,876 or 15.75% of total payroll for employees covered under the plan. Employee contribution rates by plan group follow:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Employee Contributions		5.0% of gross salary with 5 or more years of service as of 7/1/14; 6.0% of gross salary if less than 5 years of service as of 7/1/14	less than 5 years of

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Employee contributions totaled \$32,124 during the year and were paid by the School District to the State of Vermont. The School District has no other liability under the plan. The School District's total payroll for all employees covered under this plan was \$583,338 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### **Pension Liabilities**

VSTRS Plan

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since the School District does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net pension liability was recorded at June 30, 2019. The State's portion of the collective net pension liability that was associated with the School District was as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Town	1,243,441
Total	\$ 1,243,441

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is equal to the collective net pension liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2018, multiplied by the School District's proportionate share percentage. The School District's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.08230862% which was a decrease of 0.000266% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized total pension expense of \$96,381 and revenue of \$96,381 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the VSTRS plan. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	VSTRS		
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows	
	of Resources	of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual	<b>c</b>	Ф	
experience	\$ -	\$ -	
Changes of assumptions	-	-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions			
Contributions subsequent to the measurement	_	-	
date			
Total	\$ -	\$ -	

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

VSTRS	
Plan	
\$	-
	-
	-
	-
	-
	-

#### **Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods**

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using the actuarial assumptions outlined below.

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

Inflation: 2.50%.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Salary Increases: Ranging from 3.75% to 9.09%

Deaths After Retirement: The VSTRS plan used 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Employee with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for pre-retirement, 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Annuitant with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for healthy retirees, and the RP-2006 Disabled Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for disabled retirees.

*Inactive Members*: Valuation liability for the VSTRS plan equals 250.0% of accumulated contributions.

Future Administrative Expenses: No provisions were made, expenses of the System are paid by the State.

Unknown Data for Participants: For the VSTRS plan, it is the same as those exhibited by participants with similar known characteristics. If not specified, participants are assumed to be male.

*Percent Married*: 85% of male members and 35% of female members are assumed to be married.

Spouse's Age: Husbands are assumed to be three years older than their wives.

Cost-of-Living Adjustments: Adjustments for the VSTRS plan are aassumed to occur on January 1 following one year of retirement. For the VSTRS plan this occurs at the rate of 2.55% per annum for Group A members and 1.40% per annum for Group C members (beginning at age 62 for Group C members who elect reduced early retirement). The January 1, 2019 COLA is assumed to be 2.60% for Group A and 1.30% for Group C.

Actuarial Cost Method: Uses the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Entry age is the age at date of employment, or, if date is unknown, current age minus years of service. Normal Cost and Accrued Actuarial Liability are calculated on an individual basis and are allocated by salary, with Normal Cost determined using the plan of benefits applicable to each participant.

For the VSTRS plan, the asset valuation method used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

The *long-term* expected rate of return on the VSTRS plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
US Equity	18.00%	6.10%
Non-US Equity	16.00%	7.45%
Global Equity	9.00%	6.74%
Fixed Income	26.00%	2.25%
Real Estate	8.00%	5.11%
Private Markets	15.00%	7.60%
Hedge Funds	8.00%	3.86%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for the VSTRS plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to be made in accordance with the current funding policy which exceeds the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current System members. The assumed discount rate has been determined in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB 68.

## Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50% for the VSTRS plan, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 9 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
VSTRS: Discount rate	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	- \$	- \$ -

### **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of VSTRS or their participating employers. VSTRS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr

## NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

## VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

#### **Plan Description**

The Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System provides postemployment benefits to eligible VSTRS employees who retire from the System through a cost-sharing, multiple-employer postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan (the Plan).

The plan covers nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private high school teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the plan consisted of 4,878 retired members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and 8,941 active members.

Vermont Statute Title 16 Chapter 55 assigns the authority to VSTRS to establish and amend the benefits provisions of the Plan and to establish maximum obligations of the Plan members to contribute to the Plan. Management of the Plan is vested in the

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Board of Trustees, which consists of the Secretary of Education (es-officio); the State Treasurer (ex-officio); the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio); two trustees and one alternate who are members of the system (each elected by the system under rules adopted by the Board) and one trustee and one alternate who are retired members of the system receiving retirement benefits (who are elected by the Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont).

All assets of the Plan are held in a single trust and are available to pay OPEB benefits to all members. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr.

#### **Benefits Provided**

VSTRS retirees and their spouses are eligible for medical, prescription drug and dental benefits on a lifetime basis if the retiree is eligible for pension benefits, as described in the Notes to Financial Statements for Defined Benefit Plan(s).

#### **Contributions**

Varying levels of contributions are required from retirees and spouses for medical and prescription drug coverage at the following premium subsidy rates:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	Retiree Sub	sidy	Spouse Subsidy*			
Retired before June 30, 2010	At least ten years of service- 80% of premium Less than ten years of service- 0% of premium		0% of premium			
Retired after June 30, 2010	10 years or more of June 30, 2010-80%		Years of service at June 30, 2010-8			
	Less than 10 years June 30, 20		of premium:			
	Less than 15 years at retirement	Less than 15 years at retirement	Less than 10 years	25 years at retirement		
	15-19.99 years at retirement	15-19.99 years at retirement	10-14.99 years	25 years at retirement		
	20-24.99 years at retirement	20-24.99 years at retirement	15-24.99 years	10 additional years from June 30, 2010		
	25 years or more at retirement more at		25-29.99 years	35 years at retirement		
		retirement	30 or more years	5 additional years from June 30, 2010		

<sup>\*</sup> Spouses of retirees who do not meet the requirements for an 80% subsidy can receive unsubsidized coverage

Premium Reduction Option: Participants retiring on or after January 1, 2007 with a VSTRS premium subsidy have a one-time option to reduce the VSTRS subsidy percentage during the retiree's life so that a surviving spouse may continue to receive the same VSTRS subsidy for the spouse's lifetime. If the retiree elects the joint and survivor pension option but not the Premium Reduction Option, spouses are covered for the spouse's lifetime but pay 100% of the plan premium after the retiree's death.

#### **OPEB Liabilities**

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 75 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since the School District does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net OPEB liability was

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

recorded at June 30, 2019. The State's portion of the collective net OPEB liability that was associated with the School District was as follows:

School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District	 
Total	\$ -

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the School District is equal to the collective net OPEB liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2018, multiplied by the School District's proportionate share percentage. The School District's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the School District's proportion was 0.10278% which was a decrease of 0.00026% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School District recognized total OPEB expense of \$51,933 and revenue of \$51,933 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the Plan. At June 30, 2019, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	VSTRS OPEB Plan					
	Deferre	d Outflows	Deferre	ed Inflows		
	of Re	sources	of Re	sources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	_	\$	_		
Changes of assumptions		-		-		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		_		
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		_		_		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date			_			
Total	\$		\$			

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	VSTRS OF	PEB Plan
Plan year ended June 30:		
2018	\$	-
2019		-
2020		-
2021		-
2022		-
Thereafter		-

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate is the single rate of return, that when applied to all projected benefit payments, results in an actuarial present value that is the sum of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments projected to be funded by plan assets using a long term rate of return and the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that are not included in (1) using a yield or index rate for 20 year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
VSTRS OPEB Plan: Discount rate	2.870%	3.870%	4.870%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	- \$	- \$ -

#### **Healthcare Trend Rate**

Health care trend measures the anticipated overall rate at which health plan costs are expected to increase in future years. The trend rate assumptions were developed using Segal's internal guidelines, which are established each year using data sources such as the 2019 Segal Health Trend Survey, internal client results, trends from other published surveys prepared by the S&P Dow Jones Indices, consulting firms and brokers and CPI statistics published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare trend rates are as follows:

	1%	Healthcare	1%	
	Decrease	Trend Rates	Increase	
School District's proportionate share of				
the net OPEB liability	\$	- \$ -	\$	-

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### **Amortization**

The total OPEB liability of this Plan is amortized on an open 30-year period. The amortization method is a level dollar amortization method.

#### Asset Valuation Method

The Asset Valuation Method used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

The long-term expected rate of return on both plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

	Tannat	Long-term Expected
	Target	Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
	00.000/	7.500/
Large cap equity	20.00%	7.50%
International equity	15.00%	7.75%
Emerging international equity	5.00%	9.25%
Core bonds	60.00%	3.75%
Inflation		2.75%
Total	100.00%	

#### **Assumptions**

The actuarial assumptions used to calculate the actuarially determined contribution rates can be found in the Report on the Actuarial Valuation of Post Retirement Benefits of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Prepared as of June 30, 2016 completed by Buck Consulting. As of June 30, 2018, they are as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 10 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate 3.87%

Salary Increase Rate Varies by age

Non-Medicare 7.15% graded to 4.50% over 12 years Medicare 7.30% graded to 4.50% over 11 years

Retiree Contributions Equal to health trend

Pre-retirement Mortality 98% of RP-2014 White Collar Employee with

generational projection using Scale SSA-2017.

Post-retirement Mortality 98% of RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant with

generational projection using Scale SSA-2017.

#### Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2019 with the following exceptions:

#### Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The amortization period was six years for June 30, 2018. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.58% to 3.87%.

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of OPEB amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of VSTRS or their participating employers. VSTRS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, students and guests; as well as natural disasters for which the School District either carries commercial insurance, participates in a public entity risk pool, or is effectively self-insured. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the School District.

The School District is a member of the Vermont School Boards Association. The Association has set up two insurance Trusts; Vermont School Boards Insurance Trust, Inc. (VSBIT) for worker compensation, multi-line intermunicipal school program and unemployment compensation program and the Vermont Education Health Initiative (VEHI) for medical benefits. VSBIT and VEHI are nonprofit corporations formed to provide insurance and risk management programs for Vermont School Districts and is owned by the participating Districts. The Trusts are not licensed insurance carriers and members are not protected by the Vermont Insurance Guaranty Association.

To provide insurance coverage, VEHI has established a self-funded fully insured program in conjunction with Blue Cross and Blue Shield (BCBS). A portion of member contributions is used to purchase reinsurance and to fund a reserve required by the reinsurance. Contributions in excess of claims requirements, reserve fund requirements, reinsurance and administrative costs are returned to participants. The pooling agreement does not permit the pool to make additional assessments to its members.

Multi-Line Intermunicipal School Program provides coverage for property; inland boiler and machinery; crime; commercial general automobile/garagekeepers; and educators legal liability. Annual contributions are based upon appropriate rates applicable to each member; such rates are set based on recommendations of a qualified actuary, plus a proportionate share of all operational and administrative cost including excess reinsurance premiums incurred by the trust. In the event that total contributions assessed to and made by all members result in an actual or projected financial deficit and VSBIT is unable to meet its required obligations, the program will be terminated with each member assessed their proportionate share of the deficit.

#### **NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES**

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the School District's financial position.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

### NOTE 12 - CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

The School District participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the School District's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

#### NOTE 13 - RELATED ORGANIZATION

The School District has an ongoing financial responsibility to Washington Central School District as defined in GASB 14, paragraph 71. Through Washington Central School District's assessment process, the School District's assessment can be increased to cover a share of any prior year deficits and decreased to share in any prior year surpluses. Separate financial statements on Washington Central School District are available from Washington Central School District.

#### NOTE 14 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the School District's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### **NOTE 15 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT**

All assets and liabilities of the Worcester School District were transferred to the new Washington Central Unified Union School District which is made of the Town School Districts of Berlin, Calais, East Montpelier, Middlesex and Worcester on July 1, 2019. All business transactions of Worcester School District ceased as of that date. Therefore, this is the final audit of the Worcester School District.

## Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Government Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions Pension
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Variance

## WORCESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		variance Positive
	Original		Final Ar		Amounts	1)	Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows):	\$ 189,797	\$	189,797	\$	189,797	\$	-
Intergovernmental:							(0.700)
State/Town support	1,215,766	,	1,215,766		1,213,063		(2,703)
Other	123,836		123,836		114,738		(9,098)
Interest income	14,615		14,615		22,463		7,848
Miscellaneous	280		280		12,683		12,403
Transfers from other funds	4,000		4,000		_		(4,000)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	1,548,294		1,548,294		1,552,744		4,450
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):							
Direct services	729,816		729,816		690,611		39,205
Support services:							
Student services	89,029		89,029		90,505		(1,476)
Instructional staff services	66,179		66,179		69,983		(3,804)
General administrative services	107,204		107,204		111,867		(4,663)
Area administrative services	110,203		110,203		151,922		(41,719)
Fiscal services	14,615		14,615		14,888		(273)
Operations and maintenance	119,199		119,199		114,553		4,646
Transportation	48,906		48,906		49,424		(518)
Transfers to other funds	73,346		73,346		222,671		(149,325)
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,358,497		1,358,497		1,516,424		(157,927)
	<u> </u>		· · ·		<u> </u>		,
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 189,797	\$	189,797	\$	36,320	\$	(153,477)

## SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

<u>VSTRS:</u>	 2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 0.08%	\$ 0.08%	\$ 0.08%	\$ 0.09%	\$ 0.11%
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total	 1,243,441 1,243,441	 1,224,093 1,224,093	\$ 1,063,904 1,063,904	\$ 1,020,000 1,020,000	 1,042,000 1,042,000
Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	\$ 556,435 0.00%	\$ 545,659 0.00%	\$ 526,294 0.00%	\$ 479,254 0.00%	\$ 616,246 0.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	54.81%	53.98%	55.31%	58.22%	64.02%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

VSTRS:		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- -	\$	- <u>-</u>	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		
Covered-employee payroll  Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	\$	583,338 0.00%	\$	556,435 0.00%	\$	545,659 0.00%	\$	526,294 0.00%	\$	479,254 0.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

## SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	 2019	 2018
VSTRS OPEB Plan:		
Proportion of the net OPEB liability School District's proportionate share of the	0.10%	0.10%
net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB		
liability associated with the School District	978,296	958,199
Total	\$ 978,296	\$ 958,199
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 556,435	\$ 545,659
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee		
payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the	0.00%	0.00%
total OPEB liability	1.76%	1.52%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

## SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019	2018			
VSTRS OPEB Plan:					
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ - -	\$	-		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$			
Covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$ 583,338	\$	556,435		
employee payroll	0.00%		0.00%		

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

## NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

### **Changes of Assumptions**

#### **VSTRS Pension:**

The valuation liability for inactive members as reported by the System was lowered from 332.5% of accumulated contributions to 250.0% of accumulated contributions.

#### VSTRS OPEB:

The discount rate increased from 3.58% to 3.87% for the VSTRS OPEB liability.

The percentage of non-DC Plan current retirees assumed to have life insurance coverage was increased from 65% to 75%.

Future male retirees were assumed to be two years older than their spouses, decreased from three years. Future female retirees were assumed to be one year younger than their spouses, decreased from three years.

The percentage of future retirees assumed to have a spouse electing coverage was increased from 60% to 70% for male retirees and from 50% to 60% for female retirees.

The claims cost development methodology was modified for non-Medicare participants.

The per capita valuation-year claims and retiree contribution rates were updated.

The assumed health trend rates were modified.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues
- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Permanent Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

## BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original Final Budget Budget			Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Resources (Inflows):							
Intergovernmental revenues:							
Education spending grant	\$	1,215,766	\$	1,215,766	\$ 1,213,063	\$	(2,703)
Small schools grant		85,131		85,131	87,424		2,293
Special education reimbursement		37,205		37,205	26,054		(11,151)
E-rate		1,500		1,500	1,260		(240)
Interest income		14,615		14,615	22,463		7,848
Miscellaneous:							
Other receipts		280		280	12,683		12,403
Transfers from other funds		4,000		4,000	-		(4,000)
Amounts Available for Appropriation	\$	1,358,497	\$	1,358,497	\$ 1,362,947	\$	4,450

## SCHEDULE B

## WORCESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT

## SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

TORTHE TE	Original Final Budget Budget		Final		Actual		/ariance Positive Negative)
Direct services -							
Instructional services	\$ 526,321	\$	526,321	\$	516,379	\$	9,942
Preschool program	51,951	·	51,951	•	44,699	•	7,252
Special education	66,438		66,438		44,427		22,011
SU assessments	85,106		85,106		85,106		-
Total Direct services	729,816		729,816		690,611		39,205
Support services -							
Students -							
Guidance services	72,181		72,181		73,233		(1,052)
Health services	16,848		16,848		17,272		(424)
Instructional staff -							
Library services	36,879		36,879		34,639		2,240
Technology services	 29,300		29,300		35,344		(6,044)
Total Support services	 155,208		155,208		160,488		(5,280)
General administration -							
Board of education	9,621		9,621		14,284		(4,663)
Office of the superintendent	 97,583		97,583		97,583		
Total general administration	 107,204		107,204		111,867		(4,663)
Area administration - office of the principal	 110,203		110,203		151,922		(41,719)
Fiscal services	 14,615		14,615		14,888		(273)
Operations and maintenance	 119,199		119,199		114,553		4,646
Transportation	 48,906		48,906		49,424		(518)
Transfers to other funds	 73,346		73,346		222,671		(149,325)
TOTAL DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS	\$ 1,358,497	\$	1,358,497	\$	1,516,424	\$	(157,927)

## SCHEDULE C

## WORCESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds	manent unds	Total Nonmajo Governmental Funds		
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	<u>-</u>	\$ 5,381 5,381	\$	5,381 5,381
LIABILITIES  Due to other funds  TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		- - - - -	5,381 - - - 5,381		5,381 - - - 5,381
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 5,381	\$	5,381

#### SCHEDULE D

## WORCESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT

# COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds			rmanent Funds	Total Nonmajo Governmenta Funds			
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	101,027	\$	-	\$	101,027		
Interest income				196		196		
TOTAL REVENUES		101,027		196		101,223		
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		101,027 101,027		110 110		101,137 101,137		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		86		86		
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1				5,295		5,295		
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$		\$	5,381	\$	5,381		

## Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

#### WORCESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	School Prog		EPS	SDT	VT R Local F		Fresh and Ve		RE Gra		То	tal
ASSETS  Due from other funds	\$		\$		\$		\$ \$		<u>\$</u>		\$	
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>Ф</u>		\$		<b>*</b>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		\$	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES												
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-		-
Committed Assigned		-		-		-		_		_		-
Unassigned		_		_		_		_		_		_
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		-		-		-		-		-		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$		\$	<u>-</u> _	\$		\$	<u>-</u> _	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_

#### WORCESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	nool Wide Program	E	PSDT	Rural I Foods	esh Fruit Veg Grant	REAP Grant	Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 86,822 86,822	\$	2,550 2,550	\$ 597 597	\$ 4,875 4,875	\$ 6,183 6,183	\$ 101,027 101,027
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES	 86,822 86,822		2,550 2,550	597 597	4,875 4,875	6,183 6,183	101,027 101,027
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-		-	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	 						 
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 

#### Permanent Funds

Permanent funds are used to account for assets held by the Worcester School District that are legally restricted unless otherwise specified, only earnings and not principal, may be used for purposes that benefit the School District or its citizenry. These funds have been established for the Music-Bellemeur Fund.

#### WORCESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Ве	⁄lusic- llemeur Fund	Total			
	<del></del>		Total			
ASSETS	_					
Due from other funds	\$	5,381	\$	5,381		
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	5,381	\$	5,381		
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	_		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		_				
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable		_		_		
Restricted		5,381		5,381		
Committed		_		_		
Assigned		-		-		
Unassigned		_				
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		5,381		5,381		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND						
BALANCES		5,381	<u>\$</u>	5,381		

#### WORCESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR PERMANENT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		usic- emeur			
	F	und	Total		
REVENUES Interest Income	\$	196	\$	196	
TOTAL REVENUES	Ψ	196	<u> </u>	196	
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES		110 110		110 110	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		86		86	
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		5,295		5,295	
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	5,381	\$	5,381	

#### **General Capital Assets**

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.

#### WORCESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT

### SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR JUNE 30, 2019

	Non-dep	l and preciable sets	Buildings, Building Improvements and Land Improvements		F Eq	urniture, ixtures, uipment Vehicles	Infrastructure		Total
Direct Services	\$	-	\$	856,566	\$	49,271	\$	_	\$ 905,837
S.S Students		-		10,394		-		-	10,394
S.S Staff		-		65,246		7,164		-	72,410
S.S Area Administration		-		11,228		10,906		-	22,134
Operations and Maintenance		-		187,007		10,975		-	197,982
Food Service						60,748			 60,748
Total General Capital Assets		-		1,130,441		139,064		-	1,269,505
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				(877,236)		(91,255)			 (968,491)
Net General Capital Assets	\$		\$	253,205	\$	47,809	\$		\$ 301,014

#### WORCESTER SCHOOL DISTRICT

### SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Capital Assets 7/1/18	A	dditions	De	letions	General Capital Assets 6/30/19
Direct Services	\$ 873,611	\$	32,226	\$	_	\$ 905,837
S.S Students	10,394		-		-	10,394
S.S Staff	72,858		-		(448)	72,410
S.S Area Administration	22,134		-		-	22,134
Operations and Maintenance	138,458		59,524		-	197,982
Food Service	 60,748					 60,748
Total General Capital Assets	1,178,203		91,750		(448)	1,269,505
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(948,154)		(20,785)		448	(968,491)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 230,049	\$	70,965	\$		\$ 301,014



# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Worcester School District Montpelier, Vermont

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Worcester School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Worcester School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2019.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Worcester School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Worcester School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Worcester School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Worcester School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 November 18, 2019

### Federal Compliance Audit

### **Washington Central Supervisory Union**

June 30, 2019



Proven Expertise & Integrity

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JUNE 30, 2019

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Washington Central Supervisory Union Montpelier, Vermont

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washington Central Supervisory Union as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Washington Central Supervisory Union's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

3 Old Orchard Road, Buxton, Maine 04093 Tel: (800) 300-7708 (207) 929-4606 Fax: (207) 929-4609 We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washington Central Supervisory Union as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and pension and OPEB information on pages 4 through 10 and 58 through 63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Washington Central Supervisory Union's basic financial statements. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and capital asset schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual -General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and related directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual -General Fund Revenues, Schedule of Departmental Operations - General Fund, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, capital asset schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 12, 2019, on our consideration of the Washington Central Supervisory Union's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grants agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Washington Central Supervisory Union's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 December 12, 2019

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2019

#### (UNAUDITED)

The following management's discussion and analysis of the Washington Central Supervisory Union's financial performance provides an overview of the Supervisory Union's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the Supervisory Union's financial statements.

#### **Financial Statement Overview**

The Supervisory Union's basic financial statements include the following components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes required supplementary information which consists of the general fund budgetary comparison schedule, pension and OPEB information and other supplementary information which includes combining and other schedules.

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

The basic financial statements include financial information in two differing views: the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. These basic financial statements also include the notes to financial statements that explain in more detail certain information in the financial statements and also provide the user with the accounting policies used in the preparation of the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements provide a broad view of the Supervisory Union's operations in a manner that is similar to private businesses. These statements provide both short-term as well as long-term information in regards to the Supervisory Union's financial position. These financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. This measurement focus takes into account all revenues and expenses associated with the fiscal year regardless of when cash is received or paid. The government-wide financial statements include the following two statements:

The Statement of Net Position - this statement presents *all* of the government's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities - this statement presents information that shows how the government's net position changed during the period. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Both of the above-mentioned financial statements have separate columns for the two different types of Supervisory Union activities. The types of activities presented for the Supervisory Union are:

- Governmental activities The activities in this section are mostly supported by intergovernmental revenues (federal and state grants), support from the towns and charges for services. Most of the Supervisory Union's basic services are reported in governmental activities, which include direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance, transportation and program expenses.
- Business-type activities These activities are normally intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and/or charges to external users for goods and/or services. The activity for the Supervisory Union includes the dental plan, section 125 plan, the food service fund and internal service fund.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Supervisory Union, like other local governments uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with financial related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Supervisory Union can be classified into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds: Most of the basic services provided by the Supervisory Union are financed through governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported in governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources. They also focus on the balance of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information will be useful in evaluating the government's near-term financing requirements. This approach is known as the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this approach, revenues are recorded when cash is received or when susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when liabilities are incurred and due. These statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Supervisory Union's finances to assist in determining whether there will be adequate financial resources available to meet the current needs of the Supervisory Union.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the

governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities. These reconciliations are presented on the page immediately following each governmental fund financial statement.

The Supervisory Union presents three columns in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The Supervisory Union's major funds are the general fund and the community connections fund. All other funds are shown as nonmajor and are combined in the "Other Governmental Funds" column on these statements.

The general fund is the only fund for which the Supervisory Union legally adopted a budget. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund provides a comparison of the original and final budget and the actual expenditures for the current year.

Proprietary Funds: The Supervisory Union maintains three proprietary funds, the dental plan, the section 125 plan and the food service fund. These funds are used to show activities that operate more like those of commercial enterprises. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Like the government-wide financial statements, proprietary fund financial statements use the accrual basis of accounting. No reconciliation is needed between the government-wide financial statements for business-type activities and the proprietary fund financial statements.

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Government-Wide and the Fund Financial Statements. The Notes to Financial Statements can be found following the Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information, which includes a Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Budgetary Basis - Budget and Actual - General Fund, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability, a Schedule of Contributions - Pensions, a Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability, a Schedule of Contributions - OPEB and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

#### **Other Supplementary Information**

Other supplementary information follows the required supplementary information. These combining and other schedules provide information in regards to nonmajor funds, capital asset activity and other detailed budgetary information for the general fund.

#### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

Our analysis below focuses on the net position and changes in net position of the Supervisory Union's governmental and business-type activities. The Supervisory Union's total net position for governmental activities increased by \$368,295 from \$731,843 to \$1,100,138. For business-type activities, the Supervisory Union's total net position increased by \$14,629 from \$164,984 to \$179,613.

Unrestricted net position - the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements - increased for governmental activities to a balance of \$1,058,220 at the end of the fiscal year. For business-type activities, the balance increased to \$179,613.

Table 1
Washington Central Supervisory Union
Net Position
June 30,

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				
	2018			2018					
		2019	(	Restated)		2019		2018	
Assets:								_	
Current Assets	\$	1,652,585	\$	1,515,049	\$	216,404	\$	182,185	
Noncurrent Assets		41,918		56,859		-		-	
Total Assets	\$	1,694,503	\$	1,571,908	\$	216,404	\$	182,185	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:									
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	\$	192,702	\$	211,845	\$	-	\$	-	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	192,702	\$	211,845	\$	-	\$	-	
Liabilities:									
Current Liabilities	\$	2,705	\$	152,475	\$	36,791	\$	17,201	
Noncurrent Liabilities		410,829		447,012	•	, <u>-</u>	-	· -	
Total Liabilities	\$	413,534	\$	599,487	\$	36,791	\$	17,201	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Deferred Revenues	\$	362,696	\$	443,105	\$	-	\$	-	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions		10,837		9,318		-		-	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	373,533	\$	452,423	\$	_	\$	-	
Net Position:									
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	41,918	\$	53,509	\$	-	\$	-	
Unrestricted	•	1,058,220	•	678,334	•	179,613		164,984	
Total Net Position	\$	1,100,138	\$	731,843	\$	179,613	\$	164,984	

#### **Revenues and Expenses**

Revenues for the Supervisory Union's governmental activities increased by 5.51%, while total expenses increased by 5.60%. The increase in revenues were due to increases in grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs and miscellaneous, which were offset by a decrease in charges for services. The increase in expenses was mainly due to an increase in direct services.

Revenues for the Supervisory Union's business-type activities decreased by 4.94%, while total expenses decreased by 8.41%.

Table 2
Washington Central Supervisory Union
Changes in Net Position
For the Years Ended June 30,

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities		
	2019	2018	2019	2018		
Revenues						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 778,437	\$ 5,130,141	\$ 265,421	\$ 579,534		
Operating grants and contributions	3,162,137	3,552,470	252,322	246,760		
General Revenues:						
Grants and contributions not restricted						
to specific programs	8,823,338	4,637,132	-	-		
Miscellaneous	1,314,790	23,682	267,718			
Total Revenues	14,078,702	13,343,425	785,461	826,294		
Expenses						
Direct services	5,176,092	4,718,585	-	-		
Support services:	, ,	, ,				
Instructional staff services	688,124	592,798	-	-		
General administrative services	669,633	585,940	-	-		
Area administrative services	291,021	314,064	-	-		
Fiscal services	513,599	478,077	-	-		
Operations and maintenance	13,651	20,865	-	-		
Transportation	1,448,308	1,430,004	-	-		
On-behalf payments	2,004,643	1,949,459	-	-		
Program expenses	2,893,887	2,827,382	770,832	841,653		
Interest on long-term debt	11,449	66,320				
Total Expenses	13,710,407	12,983,494	770,832	841,653		
Change in Net Position	368,295	359,931	14,629	(15,359)		
Net Position - July 1, Restated	731,843	371,912	164,984	180,343		
Net Position - June 30	\$ 1,100,138	\$ 731,843	\$ 179,613	\$ 164,984		

#### Financial Analysis of the Supervisory Union's Fund Statements

Governmental funds: The financial reporting focus of the Supervisory Union's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information may be useful in assessing the Supervisory Union's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's financial position at the end of the year, and the net resources available for spending.

Table 3
Washington Central Supervisory Union
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds
June 30.

		2019	2018
Major Funds:	$\overline{}$		
General Fund:			
Nonspendable	\$	-	\$ 11,287
Assigned		432,534	293,201
Total General Fund	\$	432,534	\$ 304,488
	$\neg$		
Nonmajor Funds:			
Capital Projects Funds:			
Committed	\$	465,243	\$ 284,438
Total Nonmajor Funds	\$	465,243	\$ 284,438

The general fund total fund balance increased by \$128,046 from the prior fiscal year primarily as a result of revenues exceeding expenditures and transfers to other funds. The total fund balance for the nonmajor funds increased by \$180,805 from the prior year mainly as a result of transfers from the general fund.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

There was no difference between the original and final budget for the general fund.

The general fund actual revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$167,167. This was a result of special education reimbursements.

The general fund actual expenditures exceeded budget by \$39,121. This was the result of additional special education expenses.

#### **Capital Asset and Long-Term Debt Activity**

#### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2019, the net book value of capital assets recorded by the Supervisory Union decreased by \$14,941. This decrease was due to current year depreciation expense.

# Table 4 Washington Central Supervisory Union Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) June 30,

2019					
\$ 41,918 41,918	\$ \$	56,859 56,859			
\$	7	7 7 7			

#### Debt

At June 30, 2019, the Supervisory Union had \$0 in a note from direct borrowings payable versus \$3,350 last year. Refer to Note 5 of Notes to Financial Statements for more detailed information.

#### **Currently Known Facts, Decisions, or Conditions**

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The 2019 - 2020 budget could be severely impacted by the reduction of funding from the State.

#### **Contacting the Supervisory Union's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Supervisory Union's finances and to show the Supervisory Union's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Supervisory Union at 1130 Gallison Hill Road, Montpelier, Vermont 05602.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents Cach and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other governments Prepaid items 12,000 Internal balances (147,015) 187,015 1868,989  Noncurrent assets: Capital assets: Capital assets: Buildings, building improvements and other assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total noncurrent assets  1,694,503 216,404 1,918 2 41,918 2 41,918 1 - 41,9	100570	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Cash and cash equivalents				
Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)		<b>A</b> 4 500 000		<b>*</b> 4.000.400
Due from other governments	·		\$ 9,900	
Prepaid items		•	-	,
Internal balances			19,489	
Noncurrent assets				12,000
Noncurrent assets:   Capital assets:   Buildings, building improvements and other assets, net of accumulated depreciation   41,918				
Capital assets:   Buildings, building improvements and other assets, net of accumulated depreciation   41,918   .   41,9	Total current assets	1,652,585	216,404	1,868,989
net of accumulated depreciation         41,918         -         41,918           Total noncurrent assets         41,918         -         41,918           TOTAL ASSETS         1,694,503         216,404         1,910,907           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         192,702         -         192,702           TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         192,702         -         192,702           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 1,887,205         \$ 216,404         \$ 2,103,609           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:         -         849         -         84,647           Current portion of long-term obligations         849         -         84,949         -         84,949           Total current liabilities:         -         2,705         36,791         39,496           Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:         -         -         41,310           Accrued compensated absences         16,130         -         16,130           Net pension liability         394,699         -         394,699           Total noncurrent liabilities         410,829         -         410,829           TOTAL LIABILITIES         413,534         36,791         450,325           Deferered revenu				
Total noncurrent assets         41,918         —         41,918           TOTAL ASSETS         1,694,503         216,404         1,910,907           DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         192,702         —         192,702           TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         192,702         —         192,702           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 1,887,205         \$ 216,404         \$ 2,103,609           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 1,856         \$ 36,791         \$ 38,647           Current portion of long-term obligations:         849         —         849           Total current liabilities:         2,705         36,791         39,496           Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:         —         —         16,130           Accrued compensated absences         16,130         —         16,130           Net pension liability         394,699         —         394,699           Total noncurrent liabilities         410,829         —         410,829           TOTAL LIABILITIES         413,534         36,791         450,325           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         —         362,696         —         362,696           De				
TOTAL ASSETS	net of accumulated depreciation	41,918	_	41,918
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         192,702         -         193,609         -	Total noncurrent assets	41,918		41,918
Deferred outflows related to pensions	TOTAL ASSETS	1,694,503	216,404	1,910,907
Deferred outflows related to pensions         192,702         -         192,702           TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         192,702         -         192,702           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 1,887,205         \$ 216,404         \$ 2,103,609           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 1,856         \$ 36,791         \$ 38,647           Current portion of long-term obligations         849         -         849           Total current liabilities         2,705         36,791         39,496           Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:         Accrued compensated absences         16,130         -         16,130           Net pension liability         394,699         -         394,699           Total noncurrent liabilities         410,829         -         410,829           TOTAL LIABILITIES         413,534         36,791         450,325           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         362,696         -         362,696           Deferred revenue         362,696         -         373,533           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         373,533         -         373,533           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         <	DEFERRED OLITELOWS OF RESOLIRCES			
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         192,702         -         192,702           TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 1,887,205         \$ 216,404         \$ 2,103,609           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 1,856         \$ 36,791         \$ 38,647           Current portion of long-term obligations         849         -         849           Total current liabilities:         2,705         36,791         39,496           Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:         -         16,130         -         16,130           Net pension liability         394,699         -         394,699           Total noncurrent liabilities         410,829         -         410,829           TOTAL LIABILITIES         413,534         36,791         450,325           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         362,696         -         362,696           Deferred revenue         362,696         -         362,696           Deferred inflows related to pensions         10,837         -         10,837           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         373,533         -         373,533           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         41,918         -		102 702		102 702
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES         \$ 1,887,205         \$ 216,404         \$ 2,103,609           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:           Accounts payable         \$ 1,856         \$ 36,791         \$ 38,647           Current portion of long-term obligations         849         -         849           Total current liabilities:         2,705         36,791         39,496           Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:         Accrued compensated absences         16,130         -         16,130           Net pension liability         394,699         -         394,699           Total noncurrent liabilities         410,829         -         410,829           TOTAL LIABILITIES         413,534         36,791         450,325           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         362,696         -         362,696           Deferred revenue         362,696         -         362,696           Deferred inflows related to pensions         10,837         -         10,837           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         373,533         -         373,533           NET POSITION         Net investment in capital assets         41,918         -         41,918           Unrestricted         1,058,220 <t< td=""><td>· ·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	· ·			
LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:       \$ 1,856       \$ 36,791       \$ 38,647         Accounts payable       \$ 1,856       \$ 36,791       \$ 38,647         Current portion of long-term obligations:       849       -       849         Total current liabilities:       2,705       36,791       39,496         Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:       38,499       -       16,130         Accrued compensated absences       16,130       -       16,130         Net pension liability       394,699       -       394,699         Total noncurrent liabilities       410,829       -       410,829         TOTAL LIABILITIES       413,534       36,791       450,325         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       362,696       -       362,696         Deferred inflows related to pensions       10,837       -       10,837         TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       373,533       -       373,533         NET POSITION       841,918       -       41,918         Unrestricted       1,058,220       179,613       1,237,833         TOTAL NET POSITION       1,100,138       179,613       1,279,751	TOTAL DEFENDED OUT LOWS OF RESOURCES	192,702		192,702
Current liabilities:         1,856         \$ 36,791         \$ 38,647           Current portion of long-term obligations         849         -         849           Total current liabilities         2,705         36,791         39,496           Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:         Strain of the property	TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 1,887,205	\$ 216,404	\$ 2,103,609
Current liabilities:         1,856         \$ 36,791         \$ 38,647           Current portion of long-term obligations         849         -         849           Total current liabilities         2,705         36,791         39,496           Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:         Strain of the property	LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable Current portion of long-term obligations         \$1,856         \$36,791         \$38,647           Total current liabilities         2,705         36,791         39,496           Noncurrent liabilities:         Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:				
Current portion of long-term obligations         849         -         849           Total current liabilities         2,705         36,791         39,496           Noncurrent liabilities:         Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:           Accrued compensated absences         16,130         -         16,130           Net pension liability         394,699         -         394,699           Total noncurrent liabilities         410,829         -         410,829           TOTAL LIABILITIES         413,534         36,791         450,325           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         362,696         -         362,696           Deferred revenue         362,696         -         362,696           Deferred inflows related to pensions         10,837         -         10,837           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         373,533         -         373,533           NET POSITION         41,918         -         41,918           Unrestricted         1,058,220         179,613         1,237,833           TOTAL NET POSITION         1,100,138         179,613         1,279,751           TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         1,100,138         179,613         1,279,751		\$ 1.856	\$ 36.791	\$ 38.647
Noncurrent liabilities   2,705   36,791   39,496			-	
Noncurrent liabilities:   Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:   Accrued compensated absences   16,130   - 16,130     Net pension liability   394,699   - 394,699     Total noncurrent liabilities   410,829   - 410,829     TOTAL LIABILITIES   413,534   36,791   450,325     DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES     Deferred revenue   362,696   - 362,696     Deferred inflows related to pensions   10,837   - 10,837     TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES   373,533   - 373,533     NET POSITION     Net investment in capital assets   41,918   - 41,918     Unrestricted   1,058,220   179,613   1,237,833     TOTAL NET POSITION   1,100,138   179,613   1,279,751     TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			36.791	
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:   Accrued compensated absences   16,130   - 16,130     Net pension liability   394,699   - 394,699     Total noncurrent liabilities   410,829   - 410,829     TOTAL LIABILITIES   413,534   36,791   450,325				
Noncurrent portion of long-term obligations:   Accrued compensated absences   16,130   - 16,130     Net pension liability   394,699   - 394,699     Total noncurrent liabilities   410,829   - 410,829     TOTAL LIABILITIES   413,534   36,791   450,325	Noncurrent liabilities:			
Accrued compensated absences       16,130       -       16,130         Net pension liability       394,699       -       394,699         Total noncurrent liabilities       410,829       -       410,829         TOTAL LIABILITIES       413,534       36,791       450,325         DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       362,696       -       362,696         Deferred revenue       362,696       -       362,696         Deferred inflows related to pensions       10,837       -       10,837         TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       373,533       -       373,533         NET POSITION       41,918       -       41,918         Unrestricted       1,058,220       179,613       1,237,833         TOTAL NET POSITION       1,100,138       179,613       1,279,751				
Net pension liability         394,699         -         394,699           Total noncurrent liabilities         410,829         -         410,829           TOTAL LIABILITIES         413,534         36,791         450,325           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         502,696         -         362,696           Deferred revenue         362,696         -         362,696           Deferred inflows related to pensions         10,837         -         10,837           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         373,533         -         373,533           NET POSITION         41,918         -         41,918           Unrestricted         1,058,220         179,613         1,237,833           TOTAL NET POSITION         1,100,138         179,613         1,279,751           TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         1,000,138         179,613         1,279,751		16.130	_	16.130
Total noncurrent liabilities         410,829         -         410,829           TOTAL LIABILITIES         413,534         36,791         450,325           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         362,696         -         362,696           Deferred inflows related to pensions         10,837         -         10,837           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         373,533         -         373,533           NET POSITION         41,918         -         41,918           Unrestricted         1,058,220         179,613         1,237,833           TOTAL NET POSITION         1,100,138         179,613         1,279,751           TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         179,613         1,279,751			_	
TOTAL LIABILITIES         413,534         36,791         450,325           DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         362,696         - 362,696           Deferred revenue         10,837         - 10,837           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         373,533         - 373,533           NET POSITION         41,918         - 41,918           Unrestricted         1,058,220         179,613         1,237,833           TOTAL NET POSITION         1,100,138         179,613         1,279,751           TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred revenue       362,696       - 362,696         Deferred inflows related to pensions       10,837       - 10,837         TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       373,533       - 373,533         NET POSITION       41,918       - 41,918         Unrestricted       1,058,220       179,613       1,237,833         TOTAL NET POSITION       1,100,138       179,613       1,279,751				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         Deferred revenue       362,696       - 362,696         Deferred inflows related to pensions       10,837       - 10,837         TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       373,533       - 373,533         NET POSITION       41,918       - 41,918         Unrestricted       1,058,220       179,613       1,237,833         TOTAL NET POSITION       1,100,138       179,613       1,279,751	TOTAL LIABILITIES	413,534	36,791	450,325
Deferred revenue       362,696       -       362,696         Deferred inflows related to pensions       10,837       -       10,837         TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES       373,533       -       373,533         NET POSITION       41,918       -       41,918         Unrestricted       1,058,220       179,613       1,237,833         TOTAL NET POSITION       1,100,138       179,613       1,279,751				
Deferred inflows related to pensions         10,837         -         10,837           TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         373,533         -         373,533           NET POSITION         -         41,918         -         41,918           Unrestricted         1,058,220         179,613         1,237,833           TOTAL NET POSITION         1,100,138         179,613         1,279,751           TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES         373,533         -         373,533           NET POSITION	Deferred revenue	362,696	-	362,696
NET POSITION       41,918       - 41,918         Net investment in capital assets       1,058,220       179,613       1,237,833         TOTAL NET POSITION       1,100,138       179,613       1,279,751    TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Deferred inflows related to pensions	10,837	-	10,837
Net investment in capital assets       41,918       -       41,918         Unrestricted       1,058,220       179,613       1,237,833         TOTAL NET POSITION       1,100,138       179,613       1,279,751    TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	373,533	_	373,533
Net investment in capital assets       41,918       -       41,918         Unrestricted       1,058,220       179,613       1,237,833         TOTAL NET POSITION       1,100,138       179,613       1,279,751    TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	<b>V</b>			
Unrestricted         1,058,220         179,613         1,237,833           TOTAL NET POSITION         1,100,138         179,613         1,279,751           TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
TOTAL NET POSITION 1,100,138 179,613 1,279,751  TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Net investment in capital assets	41,918	-	41,918
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Unrestricted	1,058,220	179,613	1,237,833
	TOTAL NET POSITION	1,100,138	179,613	1,279,751
AND NET POSITION <u>\$ 1,887,205</u> <u>\$ 216,404</u> <u>\$ 2,103,609</u>				
	AND NET POSITION	\$ 1,887,205	\$ 216,404	\$ 2,103,609

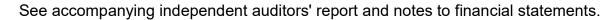
#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		F	e) Revenue and Changes n Net Position				
			Program Revenue Operating	Capital		Business -	
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities:							
Direct services	\$ 5,176,092	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (5,176,092)	¢	\$ (5,176,092)
Support services:	φ 3,170,092	φ -	Ψ -	Φ -	φ (3,170,092)	φ -	\$ (3,170,092)
Instructional staff services	688,124	<u> </u>			(688,124)	_	(688,124)
General administrative services	669,633				(669,633)	_	(669,633)
Area administrative services	291,021		_	_	(291,021)	_	(291,021)
Fiscal services	513,599	_		-	(513,599)	_	(513,599)
Operations and maintenance	13,651	_		_	(13,651)	_	(13,651)
Transportation	1,448,308	_	-	_	(1,448,308)	_	(1,448,308)
Program expenses	2,893,887	778,437	1,157,494	-	(957,956)	_	(957,956)
On-behalf payments	2,004,643	_	2,004,643	-	-	_	-
Capital outlay	11,449	_	-	-	(11,449)	_	(11,449)
Total governmental activities	13,710,407	778,437	3,162,137		(9,769,833)		(9,769,833)
Business-type activities:							
Dental plan	253,089	-	-	-	-	(253,089)	(253,089)
Food service	517,743	265,421	252,322				
Total business-type activities	770,832	265,421	252,322			(253,089)	(253,089)
Total government	\$14,481,239	\$ 1,043,858	\$ 3,414,459	\$ -	(9,769,833)	(253,089)	(10,022,922)

### STATEMENT B (CONTINUED) WASHINGTON CENTRAL SUPERVISORY UNION

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Changes in net position: Net (expense) revenue	(9,769,833)	(253,089)	(10,022,922)
General revenues: Grants and contributions not restricted			
to specific programs Miscellaneous	8,823,338 1,314,790	- 267,718	8,823,338 1,582,508
Total general revenues	10,138,128	267,718	10,405,846
Change in net position	368,295	14,629	382,924
NET POSITION - JULY 1, RESTATED	731,843	164,984	896,827
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 1,100,138	\$ 179,613	\$ 1,279,751



#### BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Community					Other	Total				
		General	Co	nnections	Go	vernmental	Governmental				
		Fund	Fund			Funds		Funds			
ASSETS											
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (net of allowance	\$	1,235,391	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,235,391			
for uncollectibles)		2,558		-		39,340		41,898			
Due from other governments		186,422		-		-		186,422			
Due from other funds		37,484	<u> </u>	84,778	Ļ	743,161		865,423			
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	1,461,855	\$	84,778	\$	782,501	\$	2,329,134			
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,856	\$	1,856			
Due to other funds		1,029,321		-		37,484		1,066,805			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		1,029,321				39,340		1,068,661			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred revenue				84,778		277,918		362,696			
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				84,778		277,918		362,696			
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-			
Restricted		-		-		-		-			
Committed		-		-		465,243		465,243			
Assigned		432,534		-		-		432,534			
Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		432,534				465,243		897,777			
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	_	432,334		<u> </u>		400,243		091,111			
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND											
FUND BALANCES	\$	1,461,855	\$	84,778	\$	782,501	\$	2,329,134			

## RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Go	Total overnmental Funds
		i uiius
Total Fund Balances	\$	897,777
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and		
therefore are not reported in the funds, net of accumulated depreciation		41,918
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds		192,702
Long-term obligations shown below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds shown above:		
Accrued compensated absences		(16,979)
Net pension liability		(394,699)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions are not financial resources		,
and therefore are not reported in the funds		(10,837)
Internal service fund net position is added to governmental activities		390,256
Net position of governmental activities	_\$_	1,100,138

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Fund	Community Connections Fund			Other overnmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES Intergovernmental revenues Charges for services Interest income Miscellaneous revenues	\$ 9,236,784	\$	778,437 -	\$	1,157,494	\$ 1	10,394,278 778,437 48,720
TOTAL REVENUES	216,106 9,495,168		778,437		6,259 1,170,195		222,365 1,443,800
EXPENDITURES Current:							
Direct services Support services:	5,199,281		-		-		5,199,281
Instructional staff services	688,124		-		-		688,124
General administrative services Area administrative services	654,692 291,021		-		-		654,692 291,021
Fiscal services	513,599		-		-		513,599
Operations and maintenance	13,651				-		13,651
Transportation	1,448,308		-		-		1,448,308
On-behalf payments	413,446		-		-		413,446
Program expenses	-		778,437		1,122,941		1,901,378
Capital outlay	 -				11,449		11,449
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	9,222,122		778,437		1,134,390		1,134,949
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	273,046		_		35,805		308,851
	,				<u>,                                      </u>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)	- (145,000)		-		508,212 (363,212)		508,212 (508,212)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	 (145,000)				145,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	128,046		-		180,805		308,851
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	 304,488				284,438		588,926
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ 432,534	\$		\$	465,243	\$	897,777

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Statement E)	\$ 308,851
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (Statement B) are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures while governmental activities report depreciation expense allocated to those expenditures over the life of the assets:  Capital asset acquisitions  Capital asset disposals  Depreciation expense	- - (14,941)
Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds	(19,143)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position	3,350
Deferred inflows of resources are an acquisition of net position by the government that are applicable to a future reporting period and therefore are not reported in the funds	(1,519)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Accrued compensated absences Net pension liability	 86,352 (45,851) 40,501
Internal service fund activity is classified as a governmental activity in the Statement of Activities	51,196
Change in net position of governmental activities (Statement B)	\$ 368,295

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Dental E		orise Fund ction 125				Internal Service		
		Plan		Plan	Servi	ce	Total			Fund
ASSETS Current assets:	•									
Cash and cash equivalents  Due from other governments  Prepaid items	\$	9,900	\$	19,489 -	\$	- -	\$	9,900 19,489 -	\$	363,889 - 12,000
Due from other funds		169,713		17,302		_		187,015		14,367
Total current assets		179,613		36,791		-		216,404		390,256
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	179,613	\$	36,791	\$	_	\$	216,404	\$	390,256
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:					,					
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	36,791	\$		\$_	36,791	\$	
Total current liabilities	_	-		36,791				36,791		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		-		36,791				36,791		
NET POSITION Unrestricted		179,613						179,613		390,256
TOTAL NET POSITION	\ <del></del>	179,613	-					179,613	-	390,256
101712111100111011		170,010						170,010		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	179,613	\$	36,791	\$		\$	216,404	\$	390,256

## STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Enterprise Fund		Internal	
	Dental	Section 125	Food		Service
	Plan	Plan	Service	Total	Fund
OPERATING REVENUES					
Intergovernmental Charges for services	\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 252,322 265,421	\$ 252,322 265,421	\$ - -
Miscellaneous	267,337			267,337	1,040,604
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	267,337	-	517,743	785,080	1,040,604
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Professional services	213,435	-	-	213,435	922,738
Supplies and food	1,000	-	517,743	518,743	1,100
Other	38,654			38,654	68,671
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	253,089		517,743	770,832	992,509
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	14,248			14,248	48,095
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	204			204	2 404
Interest Income	381 381			381	3,101
TOTAL NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	301	<u>-</u>		301	3,101
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	14,629	-	-	14,629	51,196
NET POSITION - JULY 1, RESTATED	164,984			164,984	339,060
NET POSITION - JUNE 30	\$ 179,613	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 179,613	\$ 390,256

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Е		prise Fund	s					nternal
		Dental Section 125 Food							;	Service
		Plan		Plan		Service		Total		Fund
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Intergovernmental receipts Internal activity - receipts (payments) from/to other funds Payments to suppliers NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	267,337 - (15,092) (253,089) (844)	\$	(19,489) (17,302) 36,791	\$	265,421 269,523 - (534,944)	\$	532,758 250,034 (32,394) (751,242) (844)		,040,604 7,997 - ,030,627) 17,974
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income NET CASH PROVIDED BY INVESTING ACTIVITIES	_	381 381	_	-		<u>-</u>	_	381 381		3,101 3,101
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(463)		-		-		(463)		21,075
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1	X	10,363						10,363		342,814
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30	\$	9,900	\$					9,900	\$	363,889
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating income (loss)	\$	14,248	\$	-	\$	-	\$	14,248	\$	48,095
Changes in operating assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in due from other governments (Increase) decrease in prepaid items		-		(19,489)		17,201 -		(2,288)		7,997 (12,000)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		(15,092)		(17,302)		-		(32,394)		-
(Decrease) increase in accounts payable		- (0.4.1)		36,791		(17,201)		19,590		(26,118)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(844)	\$		\$_			(844)	<u>\$</u>	17,974

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

Washington Central Supervisory Union was incorporated under the laws in the State of Vermont. The Supervisory Union operates under the Board of Directors-superintendent form of government and provides the following services: direct services, support services, fiscal services, operations and maintenance, transportation and program expenses.

The Supervisory Union's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations).

The Supervisory Union's combined financial statements include all accounts and all operations of the Supervisory Union. We have determined that the Supervisory Union has no component units as described in GASB Statement No. 14 and amended by GASB Statements No. 39 and No. 61.

#### Implementation of New Accounting Standards

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the following statements of financial accounting standards issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board became effective:

Statement No. 83 "Certain Asset Retirement Obligations." This Statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and a corresponding deferred outflow of resources for AROs. This Statement requires that recognition occur when the liability is both incurred and reasonably estimable. The determination of when the liability is incurred should be based on the occurrence of external laws, regulations, contracts, or court judgments, together with the occurrence of an internal event that obligates a government to perform asset retirement activities. Laws and regulations may require governments to take specific actions to retire certain tangible capital assets at the end of the useful lives of those capital assets, such as decommissioning nuclear reactors and dismantling and removing sewage treatment plants. Other obligations to retire tangible capital assets may arise from contracts or court judgments. Internal obligating events include the occurrence of contamination, placing into operation a tangible capital asset that is required to be retired, abandoning a tangible capital asset before it is placed into operation, or acquiring a tangible capital asset that has an existing ARO. This Statement also requires disclosure of information about the nature of a government's AROs, the methods and assumptions used for the estimates of the liabilities and the estimated remaining useful life of the associated

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

tangible capital assets. If an ARO (or portions thereof) has been incurred by a government but is not yet recognized because it is not reasonably estimable, the government is required to disclose that fact and the reasons therefor. This Statement requires similar disclosures for a government's minority shares of AROs. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

Statement No. 88 "Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements." This Statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This Statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences and significant subjective acceleration clauses. Management has determined the impact of this Statement is not material to the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The Supervisory Union's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the Supervisory Union as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the Supervisory Union's major funds).

Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The Supervisory Union's dental plan, section 125 plan and food service fund are categorized as business-type activities. All other activities of the Supervisory Union are categorized as governmental.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are (a) presented on a consolidated basis by column and (b) are reported on a full accrual, economic resources basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The Supervisory Union's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The Supervisory Union first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the Supervisory Union's functions and business-type activities (instruction, administration, etc.) excluding fiduciary activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (certain intergovernmental revenues, miscellaneous

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

revenues, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the most part, the interfund activity has been eliminated from these government-wide financial statements.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenue (taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues and charges for services, etc.).

The Supervisory Union does not allocate indirect costs. All costs are charged directly to the corresponding departments.

The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the Supervisory Union as an entity and the change in the Supervisory Union's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

## Measurement Focus - Basic Financial Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the Supervisory Union are reported in the individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the financial statements. The following fund types are used by the Supervisory Union:

## 1. Governmental Funds:

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the Supervisory Union:

# Major Funds:

- a. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Supervisory Union. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- b. The Community Connections Fund is used to account for the proceeds of that fund's revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for the same purpose.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## Nonmajor Funds:

- c. Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.
- d. Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities or equipment.

# 2. Proprietary Funds

The focus of proprietary fund measurement is upon determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. The generally accepted accounting principles applicable are those similar to businesses in the private sector. Operating revenues include charges for services, intergovernmental reimbursements and other miscellaneous fees which are a direct result of the proprietary activity. Nonoperating revenues are any revenues which are generated outside of the general proprietary activity, i.e. interest income. The following is a description of the proprietary funds of the Supervisory Union:

- a. Enterprise Funds are required to be used to account for operations for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services and the activity (a) is financed with debt that is solely secured by a pledge of net revenues, (b) has third party requirements that the cost of providing. services, including capital costs, be recovered with fees and charges or (c) established fees and charges based on a pricing policy designed to recover similar costs.
- b. Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by an activity to other departments, funds or component units of the Supervisory Union on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the Supervisory Union's governmental activities, the financial statement of the internal service fund is consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

(percentage of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, revenues, or expenses of either the fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements.

## Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

#### Accrual

Governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

## Modified Accrual

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related liability is incurred. The exception to this general rule is that principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt, if any, is recognized when due.

## **Budget**

The Supervisory Union's policy is to adopt an annual budget for operations. The budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 24, *Accounting and Reporting for Certain Grants and Other Financial Assistance*, payments made by the State of Vermont to the Vermont State Retirement System for teachers and certain other school employees are reported as offsetting revenues and expenditures of the general fund.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Revenues per budgetary basis	\$ 9,081,722
Add: On-behalf payments	413,446_
Total GAAP basis	\$ 9,495,168
Expenditures per budgetary basis	\$ 8,953,676
Add: On-behalf basis	413,446
Total GAAP basis	\$ 9,367,122
Total GAAP basis	<u>\$ 9,367,122</u>

The following procedures are followed in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The annual school budget is the planning management tool, which delineates the Union's educational priorities and programs and forms the basis for voter review and approval of the budget according to applicable State of Vermont education finance laws.
- 2. The Board budget process includes input from Supervisory Union administration and staff, educational priorities for the next school year, along with public hearings, which include the Board of Directors and general public.
- 3. The budget document itself is based upon the most current funding information available along with the projection of current revenues and expenditures for the next year. At the conclusion of the budget process, a final budget is approved by the Board of Directors.

## **Deposits and Investments**

The Supervisory Union's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

It is the Supervisory Union's policy to value investments at fair value. None of the Supervisory Union's investments are reported at amortized cost. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be a cash equivalent. The Supervisory Union Treasurer is authorized by State Statutes to invest all excess funds in the following:

- Obligations of the U.S. Government, its agencies and instrumentalities
- Certificates of deposits and other evidences of deposits at banks, savings and loan associations and credit unions
- Repurchase agreements
- Money market mutual funds

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Washington Central Supervisory Union has no formal investment policy but instead follows the State of Vermont Statutes.

## Receivables

Receivables include amounts due from governmental agencies and local businesses. All receivables are current and therefore due within one year. Receivables are reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts and revenues net of uncollectibles. Allowances are reported when accounts are proven to be uncollectible. Allowances for uncollectible accounts netted with accounts receivable were \$247,809 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The allowance for uncollectible accounts is estimated to be \$0 as of June 30, 2019.

# Interfund Receivables and Payables

Transactions between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds." While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the governmental-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

## **Transactions Between Funds**

Legally authorized transfers are treated as interfund transfers and are included in the results of operations of both Governmental and Proprietary Funds.

## Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives.

The assets are valued at historical cost when available and estimated historical cost where actual invoices or budgetary data was unavailable. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. All retirements have been recorded by eliminating the net carrying values.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings 20 - 50 years

Machinery, furniture and

equipment 3 - 50 years Vehicles 3 - 25 years

# **Long-term Obligations**

The accounting treatment of long-term obligations depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources is reported as liabilities in government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist of accrued compensated absences and net pension liability.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary funds is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

# **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) and the Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System (VMERS) Plans and additions to/deductions from the VSTRS and VMERS Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the VSTRS and VMERS Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **OPEB**

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System (VSTRS) Plan and additions to/deductions from the VSTRS Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the VSTRS

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## **Net Position**

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for those assets and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through enabling legislations adopted by the Supervisory Union or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or restricted net position.

## **Fund Balance**

In the fund financial statements, fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the Supervisory Union is bound to honor constraints on the specific purpose for which amounts in the funds can be spent. Fund balance is reported in five components - nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

Nonspendable - This includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - This includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - This includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the inhabitants of the Supervisory Union. The inhabitants of the Supervisory Union through Supervisory Union meetings are the highest level of decision-making authority of the Supervisory Union. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through a Supervisory Union meeting vote.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Assigned - This includes amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. The authority for assigning fund balance is expressed by the Board of Directors.

Unassigned - This includes all other spendable amounts. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. Other governmental funds besides the general fund can only report a negative unassigned fund balance amount.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the Supervisory Union considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the Supervisory Union considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Supervisory Union meeting vote has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

## <u>Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position and/or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Supervisory Union currently has one type of this item, deferred outflows related to pensions. This item is reported in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position and or balance sheet will at times report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred revenues are reported in both the statements of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows related to pensions qualifies for reporting in this category as well. This item is reported only in the statement of net position. All items in this category are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

## **Program Revenues**

Program revenues include all directly related income items applicable to a particular program (charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, operating or capital grants and contributions, including special assessments).

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

## **Operating/Nonoperating Proprietary Fund Revenues**

Operating revenues consist mainly of direct revenue sources and/or charges for services applicable to that fund's ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

# **Encumbrance Accounting**

Encumbrances are not liabilities and, therefore, are not recorded as expenditures until receipt of material or service. For budgetary purposes, appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The Supervisory Union does not utilize encumbrance accounting for its general fund.

## **Use of Estimates**

During the preparation of the Supervisory Union's financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosure of contingent items as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

## NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

## Deposits:

The Supervisory Union's investment policies, which follow state statutes, authorize the Supervisory Union to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. These investment policies apply to all Supervisory Union funds.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a failure of a depository financial institution, the Supervisory Union will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Supervisory Union does not have a policy covering custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2019, the Supervisory Union's cash balance of \$1,609,180 was comprised of bank deposits of \$2,084,206. Of these bank deposits, \$114,990 was fully insured by federal depository insurance and consequently was not exposed to custodial

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

credit risk. The remaining balance of \$1,969,216 was collateralized with securities held by the financial institution in the Supervisory Union's name.

Account Type	Bank Balance
Checking accounts Repurchase agreement	\$ 114,990 1,969,216 \$ 2,084,206

## **Investments:**

Custodial credit risk for investments is that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the Supervisory Union will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Currently, the Supervisory Union does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for investments.

At June 30, 2019, the Supervisory Union had no investments.

Credit risk - Statutes for the State of Vermont authorize the Supervisory Union to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, other states and Canada, provided such securities are rated within the three highest grades by an approved rating service of the State of Vermont, corporate stocks and bonds within statutory limits, financial institutions, mutual funds and repurchase agreements. The Supervisory Union does not have an investment policy on credit risk. Generally, the Supervisory Union invests excess funds in savings accounts and various insured certificates of deposit.

Interest rate risk - is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Supervisory Union does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from fluctuations in interest rates.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 3 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

	Receivables (Due from)		Payables (Due to)
General fund	\$ 37,484	\$	1,029,321
Community connections fund	84,778		_
Enterprise funds	187,015		-
Internal service fund	14,367		-
Nonmajor special revenue funds	277,918		37,484
Nonmajor capital projects funds	465,243		-
, , ,	\$ 1,066,805	\$	1,066,805

## NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Balance, 7/1/18	A	dditions	Disp	osals	Balance 6/30/19
Governmental activities: Depreciated assets:						
Furniture and equipment	\$ 215,863	\$		\$		\$ 215,863
	215,863		-		-	 215,863
Less: accumulated depreciation	(159,004)		(14,941)			 (173,945)
Net governmental capital assets	\$ 56,859	\$	(14,941)	\$		\$ 41,918
Current year depreciation: S.S general admin						\$ 14,941
Total depreciation expense						\$ 14,941

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in the long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	lance, /1/18	Ad	ditions	D	eletions	alance, /30/19	_	ent Year ertion
Note from direct borrowings payable	\$ 3,350	\$		\$	(3,350)	\$ 	\$	

## NOTE 6 - OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

A summary of other long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019 is as follows:

		Balance, 7/1/18				Deletions	Balance, 6/30/19		Current Year Portion		
Accrued compensated absences Net pension liability	-	\$	103,331 348,848	\$	124,570	\$	(86,352) (78,719)	\$	16,979 394.699	\$	849
Total	_	\$	452,179	\$	124,570	\$	(165,071)	\$	411,678	\$	849

Please see Notes 7 and 13 for detailed information on each of the other long-term obligations.

# NOTE 7 - ACCRUED COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Supervisory Union's policies regarding vacation and sick time do permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation leave. The liability for these compensated absences is recorded as long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report only the compensated absence liability payable from expendable available financial resources, while the proprietary funds report the liability as it is incurred. As of June 30, 2019, the Supervisory Union's liability for compensated absences is \$16,979.

## **NOTE 8 - OPERATING LEASES**

A summary of the outstanding operating leases payable is as follows:

The Supervisory Union leases a postage meter from MailFinance, a Neopost USA Company, under a lease agreement dated December 22, 2015. The lease term is for 60 months ending in December of 2020. Monthly payments are \$127.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 8 - OPERATING LEASES (CONTINUED)

Washington Central Supervisory Union leases a 2007 Chevrolet Uplander passenger van from Berlin Automotive T1, LLC, which was subsequently assigned to Toyota Motor Credit Corporation, under a lease agreement dated December 21, 2017. The lease term is for 36 months ending in December of 2020. Monthly payments are \$371 with \$3,451 due at lease signing.

Future minimum lease payments at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30:	
2020	\$ 2,284
2021	7,058
Total lease payments	\$ 9,342

## NOTE 9 - COMMITTED FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2019, the Supervisory Union had the following committed fund balance:

Nonmajor capital projects funds (Schedule G) \$ 465,243

## NOTE 10 - ASSIGNED FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2019, the Supervisory Union had the following assigned fund balance:

General fund:
Reserved for future operations \$ 432,534

## NOTE 11 - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The detailed budget to actual report can be found on Schedules 1, A and B.

## NOTE 12 - EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The Supervisory Union was non-compliant with the legally adopted budget, overspending the entire allowed appropriation of \$8,914,555 by \$39,121 at June 30, 2019.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

# <u>VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM</u>

# **Plan Description**

All of the teachers employed by the Supervisory Union participate in the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System ("VSTRS"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan with a special funding situation, covering nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private Union teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State of Vermont that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the retirement system consisted of 22,193 participating members.

The plan was established effective July 1, 1947, and is governed by *Title 16, V.S.A. Chapter 55*. Subsequent Vermont state legislation, *Act 74*, which became effective on July 1, 2010, contained numerous changes to the plan benefits available to current and future members, as well as a change in access to health care coverage after retirement, resulting from a multi-party agreement to provide sustainability of quality pension and retiree health benefits for Vermont teachers.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the retirement System for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of six members. They are the Secretary of Education (ex-officio), the State Treasurer (ex-officio), the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio), two members and one alternate elected by active members of the System under rules adopted by the Board and one retired member and one alternate elected by the board of directors of Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont. The Chair is elected by the Board and acts as executive officer of the Board.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: http://finance.vermont.gov/reports\_and\_publications/cafr.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

## **Benefits Provided**

The VSTRS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, health care and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. There are two levels of contributions and benefits in the System: Group A - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont prior to July 1, 1981 and elected to remain in Group A; and Group C - for public school teachers employed within the State of Vermont on or after July 1, 1990. Group C also includes those teachers hired prior to July 1, 1990 and were in Group B on July 1, 1990. When *Act 74* became effective on June 30, 2010, Group C was further bifurcated into Groups #1 and #2. Group #1 contains members who were at least 57 years of age or had at least 25 years of service and Group #2 contained members who were less than 57 years of age and had less than 25 years of service.

Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service, and are summarized below:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Normal service retirement eligibility (no reduction)	Age 60 or 30 years of service	Age 62 or with 30 years of service	Age 65 or when the sum of age and service equals 90
Average Final Compensation (AFC)	Highest 3 consecutive years, including unused annual leave, sick leave, and bonus/incentives	Highest 3 consecutive years, excluding all payments for anything other than service actually performed	Highest 3 consecutive years, excluding all payments for anything other than service actually performed
Benefit formula – normal service retirement	1.67% x creditable service x AFC	1.25% x service prior to 6/30/90 x AFC + 1.67% x service after 7/1/90 x AFC	1.25% x service prior to 6/30/90 x AFC + 1.67% x service after 7/1/90 x AFC, 2.0% after attaining 20 years
Maximum Benefit Payable	100% of AFC	53.34% of AFC	60% of AFC
Post-Retirement COLA	Full CPI, up to a maximum of 5% after 12 months of retirement; minimum of 1%	50% CPI, up to a maximum of 5% after 12 months of retirement or with 30 years; minimum of 1%	50% CPI, up to a maximum of 5%, minimum of 1% after 12 months of normal retirement or age 65
Early Retirement Eligibility	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service
Early Retirement Reduction	Actuarial reduction	6% per year from age 62	Actuarial reduction

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Other post-employment benefits are available to all plan members include the following:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Medical Benefits	Health subsidy based on member's service credit	Health subsidy based on member's service credit	
Dental	Members pay full premium	Members pay full premium	Members pay full premium

## **Contributions**

VSTRS is a cost-sharing public employee retirement system with one exception: all risks and costs are not shared by the Supervisory Union but are the liability of the State of Vermont. VSTRS is funded through State and employee contributions and trust fund investment earnings; and the Supervisory Union has no legal obligation for paying benefits. Required contributions to the System are made by the State of Vermont based upon a valuation report prepared by the System's actuary, which varies by plan group. The Vermont State Teachers Retirement System estimates the contributions on behalf of the Supervisory Union's employees included in the teacher's retirement plan which approximates \$413,446 or 15.75% of total payroll for employees covered under the plan.

Employee contribution rates by plan group follow:

VSTRS	Group A	Group C – Group # 1	Group C – Group # 2
Employee Contributions	5.5% of gross salary	5.0% of gross salary with 5 or more years of service as of 7/1/14; 6.0% of gross salary if less than 5 years of service as of 7/1/14	5.0% of gross salary with 5 or more years of service as of 7/1/14; 6.0% of gross salary if less than 5 years of service as of 7/1/14

Employee contributions totaled \$136,911 during the year and were paid by the Supervisory Union to the State of Vermont. The Supervisory Union has no other liability under the plan. The Supervisory Union's total payroll for all employees covered under this plan was \$2,625,054 for the year ended June 30, 2019. Beginning in 2016, Supervisory Unions that pay for teachers with federal dollars are required to include

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

costs of pensions in the federal grant, lowering the liability for the State. Federally funded pension costs reimbursed to the State by the Supervisory Union for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 were \$74,593. The Supervisory Union's total payroll for all federally funded employees covered under this plan was \$473,607 for the year ended June 30, 2019.

## VERMONT MUNICIPAL EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

## **Plan Description**

The Vermont Municipal Employees' Retirement System (VMERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that is administered by the State Treasurer and its Board of Trustees. The plan was established effective July 1, 1975, and is governed by *Title 24, V.S.A. Chapter 125*. It is designed for Supervisory Unions and other municipal employees that work on a regular basis and also includes employees of museums and libraries if at least half of that institution's operating expenses are met by municipal funds. An employee of any employer that becomes affiliated with the system may join at that time or at any time thereafter. Any employee hired subsequent to the effective participation date of their employer who meets the minimum hourly requirements is required to join the system. Employees of the Supervisory Union other than Teachers are eligible to participate in the VMERS providing they work on a regular basis for not less than 30 hours a week and for not less than 1,040 hours for the school year. For the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent data available), the retirement system consisted of 13,262 participating members.

The general administration and responsibility for formulating administrative policy and procedures of the Retirement System for its members and their beneficiaries is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of five members. They are the State Treasurer, two employee representatives elected by the membership of the system and two employer representatives - one elected by the governing bodies of participating employers of the system and one selected by the Governor from a list of four nominees. The list of four nominees is jointly submitted by the Vermont League of Cities and Schools and the Vermont School Boards Association.

All assets are held in a single trust and are available to pay retirement benefits to all members. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service. VMERS does not issue standalone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: http://finance.vermont.gov/reports and publications/cafr.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

## **Benefits Provided**

The pension plan is divided into four membership groups:

- Group A general employees whose legislative bodies have not elected to become a member of Group B or Group C
- Groups B & C general employees whose legislative bodies have elected to become members of Group B or Group C
- Group D sworn police officers, firefighters and emergency medical personnel

The Supervisory Union participates in Group B. Benefits available to each group are based on average final compensation (AFC) and years of creditable service, and are summarized below:

VMERS	Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D
Normal service retirement eligibility	Age 65 with 5 years of service, or age 55 with 35 years of service	Age 62 with 5 years of service, or age 55 with 30 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service
Average Final Compensation (AFC)	Highest 5 consecutive years	Highest 3 consecutive years	Highest 3 consecutive years	Highest 2 consecutive years
Benefit formula – normal service Retirement (no reduction)	1.4% x creditable service x AFC	1.7% x creditable service x AFC + previous service; 1.4% x Group A service x AFC	2.5% x creditable service x AFC + previous service; 1.4% x Group A service x AFC; 1.7% x Group B x AFC	2.5% x creditable service x AFC + previous service; 1.4% x Group A service x AFC; 1.7% x Group B x AFC; 2.5% x Group C service x AFC
Maximum Benefit Payable	60% of AFC	60% of AFC	50% of AFC	50% of AFC
Post-Retirement COLA	50% of CPI, up to 2% per year	50% of CPI, up to 3% per year	50% of CPI, up to 3% per year	50% of CPI, up to 3% per year
Early Retirement Eligibility	Age 55 with 5 years of service	Age 55 with 5 years of service	N/A	Age 50 with 20 years of service
Early Retirement Reduction	6% per year from age 65 **	6% per year from age 62 **	N/A	No reduction

<sup>\*\* -</sup> A special early retirement factor of 3% per year only for municipal police officers who have attained age 60

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Members of all groups may qualify for vested deferred allowance, disability allowances and death benefit allowance subject to meeting various eligibility requirements. Benefits are based on AFC and service.

#### Contributions

Title 24 VSA Chapter 125 of Vermont Statutes grants the authority to the Retirement Board to annually review the amount of municipalities' contributions as recommended by the actuary of the retirement system in order to achieve and preserve the financial integrity of the fund, and to certify the rates of contributions payable by employers. The Board of Trustees also certifies the rates of contribution payable by employees. Contribution rates for each group as of July 1, 2018 are as follows:

VMERS	Group A	Group B	Group C	Group D
Employee Contributions	2.625% of gross salary	5.0% of gross salary	10.125% of gross salary	11.475% of gross salary
Employer Contributions	4.125% of gross salary	5.625% of gross salary	7.375% of gross salary	9.975% of gross salary

Employee contributions are withheld pre-income tax by the Supervisory Union and are remitted to the State of Vermont. Such withholdings for the year ended June 30, 2019 totaled \$53.078. The Supervisory Union contributed \$59,712 for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Supervisory Union's total payroll for the year ended June 30, 2019 for all employees covered under this plan was \$1,061,554.

## **Pension Liabilities**

## VSTRS Plan

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 68 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since the Supervisory Union does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net pension liability was recorded at June 30, 2019. The State's portion of the collective net pension liability that was associated with the Supervisory Union was as follows:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Union's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Union	5,308,497
Total	\$ 5,308,497

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the Supervisory Union is equal to the collective net pension liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2017, multiplied by the Supervisory Union's proportionate share percentage. The Supervisory Union's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the Supervisory Union's proportion was 0.35139% which was a decrease of 0.01328% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

#### VMERS Plan

At June 30, 2019, the Supervisory Union reported a liability of \$394,699 for its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities for each plan. The net pension liabilities were measured as of June 30, 2018 and the total pension liabilities used to calculate the net pension liabilities was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The Supervisory Union's proportion of the net pension liabilities were based on a projection of the Supervisory Union's long-term share of contributions to each pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating towns, actuarially determined.

At June 30, 2018, the Supervisory Union's proportion was 0.28060% for VMERS, which was a decrease of 0.007334% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017 for VMERS.

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Supervisory Union recognized total pension expense of \$1,389,949 and revenue of \$1,389,949 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the VSTRS plan. In the same period, the Supervisory Union recognized pension expense of \$66,513 for the VMERS plan. At June 30, 2019, the Supervisory Union reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

		VST	RS		VMERS			
	Deferred O	utflows	Deferred Ir	nflows	Deferred	Outflows	Deferr	ed Inflows
	of Resou	rces	of Resou	rces	of Res	sources	of R	esources
Differences between expected and actual	•		•			04.004	•	0.044
experience	\$	-	\$	-	\$	34,284	\$	6,311
Changes of assumptions		-				43,708		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences		-		-		45,744		-
between contributions and proportionate share of contributions Contributions subsequent to the		-				9,254		4,526
measurement date				-		59,712		
Total	\$	-	\$	-	\$	192,702	\$	10,837

\$59,712 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Supervisory Union contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	VST	RS	V	/MERS
Plan year ended June 30:				
2019	\$	-	\$	81,276
2020		-		26,360
2021		-		6,158
2022		-		8,360
2023		-		-
Thereafter		_		_

## **Significant Actuarial Assumptions and Methods**

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2018 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 rolled forward to June 30, 2018 using the actuarial assumptions outlined below.

*Investment Rate of Return*: For both plans, 7.50%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

*Inflation*: For both plans, 2.50%.

*Salary Increases*: For the VSTRS plan, increases ranging from 3.75% to 9.09%. For the VMERS plan, increases are 5.00% per year.

Deaths After Retirement: The VSTRS plan used 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Employee with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for pre-retirement, 98% of the RP-2006 White Collar Annuitant with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for healthy retirees, and the RP-2006 Disabled Mortality Table with generational projection using Scale SSA-2017 for disabled retirees.

Mortality rates for pre-retirement, healthy retirees and disabled retirees in the VMERS plan for Groups A, B, C and D were based on variations of RP-2006 Tables with generational improvement using Scale SSA-2017 as follows:

Pre-retirement - Groups A, B, and C blended with a 60% Blue Collar Employee and 40% Healthy Employee, and Group D with a Blue Collar Annuitant Table

Healthy Retiree - Groups A, B and C with a 60% Blue Collar Annuitant and 40% Healthy Annuitant, and Group D with a Blue Collar Annuitant Table

Disabled Retiree - All Groups with a RP-2006 Disabled Mortality Table

*Inactive Members*: Valuation liability for the VSTRS plan equals 250.0% of accumulated contributions and 200% for the VMERS plan.

Future Administrative Expenses: No provisions were made for the VSTRS plan as Systems expenses are paid for by the State. For the VMERS plan, an expense adjustment based on actual expenses for the previous year is reflected in the development of recommended employer contribution levels.

Unknown Data for Participants: For both plans, they are the same as those exhibited by participants with similar known characteristics. If not specified, participants are assumed to be male.

*Percent Married*: For both plans, 85% of male members are assumed to be married. 35% of female members for the VSTRS plan and 50% of female members for the VMERS plan are assumed to be married.

Spouse's Age: For both plans, husbands are assumed to be three years older than their wives.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Cost-of-Living Adjustments: Adjustments for both plans are assumed to occur on January 1 following one year of retirement. For the VSTRS plan this occurs at the rate of 2.55% per annum for Group A members and 1.40% per annum for Group C members (beginning at age 62 for Group C members who elect reduced early retirement). The January 1, 2019 COLA is assumed to be 2.60% for Group A and 1.30% for Group C. For the VMERS plan, this occurs at the rate of 1.15% per annum for Group A members and 1.30% per annum for Groups B, C and D members (beginning Normal Retirement eligibility age for members who elect reduced early retirement, at age 62 for Group A, B and D members who receive a disability retirement benefit and at age 55 for members of Group C who receive a disability retirement benefit). The January 1, 2019 COLA is 1.30% for all groups.

Actuarial Cost Method: For both plans is the Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method. Entry age is the age at date of employment, or, if date is unknown, current age minus years of service. Normal Cost and Accrued Actuarial Liability are calculated on an individual basis and are allocated by salary, with Normal Cost determined using the plan of benefits applicable to each participant.

For the VSTRS plan, the asset valuation method used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

A smoothing asset valuation method was used for funding purposes in the VMERS plan, under which the value of assets for actuarial purposes equals market value less a five-year phase-in of the differences between actual and assumed investment return. Then value of assets for actuarial purposes may not differ from the market value of assets by more than 20%.

The *long-term* expected rate of return on both plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Assat Class	Target	Long-term Expected Real Rate of
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
US Equity	18.00%	6.10%
Non-US Equity	16.00%	7.45%
Global Equity	9.00%	6.74%
Fixed Income	26.00%	2.25%
Real Estate	8.00%	5.11%
Private Markets	15.00%	7.60%
Hedge Funds	8.00%	3.86%

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50% for the VSTRS plan and the VMERS plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will continue to be made in accordance with the current funding policy which exceeds the actuarially determined contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current System members. The assumed discount rate has been determined in accordance with the method prescribed by GASB 68.

# Sensitivity of the Supervisory Union's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Supervisory Union's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50% for both the VSTRS and VMERS plans, as well as what the Supervisory Union's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease		Discount Rate	1% Increase		
<u>VSTRS:</u> Discount rate		6.50%		6.50% 7.50%		7.50%	8.50%
Union's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -		
<u>VMERS:</u> Discount rate		6.50%		7.50%	8.50%		
Union's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	668,532	\$	394,699	\$ 171,998		

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 13 - DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

# **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of pension amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of the VSTRS and VMERS or their participating employers. VSTRS and VMERS do not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: <a href="http://finance.vermont.gov/reports">http://finance.vermont.gov/reports</a> and publications/cafr

## NOTE 14 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

## Plan Description

The Supervisory Union offers its employees a defined contribution plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 403(b). At June 30, 2019, there were four plan members. The plan is administered by TD Wealth Management.

# **Funding Policy**

Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the Board of Directors. Under the 403 Plan, the Supervisory Union is required to contribute 6.0% of a participant's earnings for the plan year, with no required match from the participant, one time per year, after the end of the fiscal year and no later than September 30 of the next year. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Supervisory Union contribution to this plan was \$59,372.

Employees are immediately vested in their own contributions and earnings on those contributions and become vested in Supervisory Union contributions and earnings on Supervisory Union contributions after completion of 12 months of creditable service with the Supervisory Union. Non-vested Supervisory Union contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment. Such forfeitures are used to cover a portion of the pension plan's administrative expenses. There were no forfeitures of non-vested contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN

## VERMONT STATE TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

## **Plan Description**

The Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System provides postemployment benefits to eligible VSTRS employees who retire from the System through a cost-sharing, multiple-employer postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan (the Plan).

The plan covers nearly all public day school and nonsectarian private high school teachers and administrators as well as teachers in schools and teacher training institutions within and supported by the State that are controlled by the State Board of Education. Membership in the system for those covered classes is a condition of employment. During the year ended June 30, 2017 (the most recent period available), the plan consisted of 4,878 retired members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits and 8,941 active members.

Vermont Statute Title 16 Chapter 55 assigns the authority to VSTRS to establish and amend the benefits provisions of the Plan and to establish maximum obligations of the Plan members to contribute to the Plan. Management of the Plan is vested in the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Board of Trustees, which consists of the Secretary of Education (ex-officio), the State Treasurer (ex-officio), the Commissioner of Financial Regulation (ex-officio), two trustees and one alternate who are members of the system (each elected by the system under rules adopted by the Board) and one trustee and one alternate who are retired members of the system receiving retirement benefits (who are elected by the Association of Retired Teachers of Vermont).

All assets of the Plan are held in a single trust and are available to pay OPEB benefits to all members. The Vermont State Agency of Administration issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the VSTRS. That report may be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: http://finance.vermont.gov/reports and publications/cafr.

## **Benefits Provided**

VSTRS retirees and their spouses are eligible for medical, prescription drug and dental benefits on a lifetime basis if the retiree is eligible for pension benefits, as described in the Notes to Financial Statements for Defined Benefit Plan(s).

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

## **Contributions**

Varying levels of contributions are required from retirees and spouses for medical and prescription drug coverage at the following premium subsidy rates:

	Retiree	Subsidy	Spouse Subsidy*			
Retired before June 30, 2010	At least ten years of premium Less than ten years of premium	s of service-80% ars of service-0%	0% of premium			
Retired after June 30, 2010	10 years or more June 30, 2010-80			e at June 30, 2010-		
	-	ars of service at 0, 2010:	80% c	f premium:		
	Less than 15 years at retirement	Less than 15 years at retirement	Less than 10 years	25 years at retirement		
	15-19.99 years at retirement	15-19.99 years at retirement	10-14.99 years	25 years at retirement		
	20-24.99 years at retirement	20-24.99 years at retirement	15-24.99 years	10 additional years from June 30, 2010		
	25 years or more at	25 years or more at	25-29.99 years	35 years at retirement		
	retirement	retirement		5 additional years from June 30, 2010		

<sup>\*</sup> Spouses of retirees who do not meet the requirements for an 80% subsidy can receive unsubsidized coverage

Premium Reduction Option: Participants retiring on or after January 1, 2007 with a VSTRS premium subsidy have a one-time option to reduce the VSTRS subsidy percentage during the retiree's life so that a surviving spouse may continue to receive the same VSTRS subsidy for the spouse's lifetime. If the retiree elects the joint and survivor pension option but not the Premium Reduction Option, spouses are covered for the spouse's lifetime but pay 100% of the plan premium after the retiree's death.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

## **OPEB Liabilities**

The State is a nonemployer contributor and is required by statute to make all actuarially determined employer contributions on behalf of member employers. Therefore, these employers are considered to be in a special funding situation as defined in GASB No. 75 and the State is treated as a nonemployer to VSTRS. Since the Supervisory Union does not contribute directly to VSTRS, no net OPEB liability was recorded at June 30, 2019. The State's portion of the collective net OPEB liability that was associated with the Supervisory Union was as follows:

Supervisory Union's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	.\$	-
not of 25 habiney		
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Supervisory Union		3,268,268
Total	\$	3,268,268

The State of Vermont's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the Supervisory Union is equal to the collective net OPEB liability, actuarially measured as of June 30, 2018, multiplied by the Supervisory Union's proportionate share percentage. The Supervisory Union's proportionate share percentage was based on its reported salaries to the total reported salaries for all participating employers. At June 30, 2018, the Supervisory Union's proportion was 0334248% which was an increase of 0.01167% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Supervisory Union recognized total OPEB expense of \$201,248 and revenue of \$201,248 for support provided by the State of Vermont for the Plan. At June 30, 2019, the Supervisory Union reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	VSTRS OPEB Plan				
	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows			
	of Resources	of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ -			
Changes of assumptions	-	-			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	_	-			
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions					
Contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date	-	<u>-</u>			
Total	\$ -	\$ -			

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	VSTRS (	PEB Plan
Plan year ended June 30:		
2019	\$	-
2020		-
2021		-
2022		_
2023		-
Thereafter		-

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate is the single rate of return, that when applied to all projected benefit payments, results in an actuarial present value that is the sum of the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments projected to be funded by plan assets using a long term rate of return, and the actuarial present value of projected benefit payments that are not included in (1) using a yield or index rate for 20 year tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in discount rate are as follows:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
VSTRS OPEB Plan: Discount rate	2.87%	3.87%	4.87%
Supervisory Union's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	- \$ -	\$ -

## **Healthcare Trend Rate**

Health care trend measures the anticipated overall rate at which health plan costs are expected to increase in future years. The trend rate assumptions were developed using Segal's internal guidelines, which are established each year using data sources such as the 2019 Segal Health Trend Survey, internal client results, trends from other published surveys prepared by the S&P Dow Jones Indices, consulting firms and brokers, and CPI statistics published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in healthcare trend rates are as follows:

	1%		Healthcare	!	1%	
	Decrease		Trend Rates	<u>s</u>	Increase	
Supervisory Union's proportionate share of						
the net OPEB liability	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-

# **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability for the Plan was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2018, using the following methods and assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement:

## Actuarial Cost Method

The Entry Age Normal Actuarial Cost Method is used to determine costs. Under this funding method, a normal cost rate is determined as a level percent of pay for each active Plan member and then summed to produce the total normal cost for this Plan. The unfunded actuarial liability is the difference between the actuarial liability and the actuarial value of assets.

#### **Amortization**

The total OPEB liability of this Plan is amortized on an open 30-year period. The amortization method is a level dollar amortization method.

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

#### Asset Valuation Method

The Asset Valuation Method used equals the preliminary asset value plus 20% of the difference between the market and preliminary asset values. The preliminary asset value is equal to the previous year's asset value (for valuation purposes) adjusted for contributions less benefit payments and expenses and expected investment income. If necessary, a further adjustment is made to ensure that the valuation assets are within 20% of the market value.

The long-term expected rate of return on both plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) developed for each major asset class. These best estimate ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2018 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Large cap equity	20.00%	7.50%
International equity	15.00%	7.75%
Emerging international equity	5.00%	9.25%
Core bonds	60.00%	3.75%
Inflation		2.75%
Total	100.00%	

## **Assumptions**

The actuarial assumptions used to calculate the actuarially determined contribution rates can be found in the Report on the Actuarial Valuation of Post-Retirement Benefits of the Vermont State Teachers' Retirement System Prepared as of June 30, 2016 completed by Buck Consulting. As of June 30, 2018, they are as follows:

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 15 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT (OPEB) PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate 3.87%

Salary Increase Rate Varies by age

Non-Medicare 7.15% graded to 4.50% over 12 years Medicare 7.30% graded to 4.50% over 11 years

Retiree Contributions Equal to health trend

Pre-retirement Mortality 98% of RP-2014 White Collar Employee with

generational projection using Scale SSA-2017

Post-retirement Mortality 98% of RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant with

generational projection using Scale SSA-2017

## Changes in Net OPEB Liability

Changes in net OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2018 with the following exceptions:

## Changes in Assumptions

Differences due to changes in assumptions about future economic, demographic or claim and expense factors or other inputs are recognized in OPEB expense using a straight-line amortization method over a closed period equal to the average expected remaining service lives of active and inactive members in each plan. The first year is recognized as OPEB expense and the remaining years are shown as either deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. The amortization period was six years for June 30, 2018. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.58% to 3.87%.

## **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

The schedule of employer allocations and schedule of OPEB amounts by employer are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. The schedules present amounts that are elements of the financial statements of VSTRS or their participating employers. VSTRS does not issue stand-alone financial reports, but instead are included as part of the State of Vermont's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CAFR can be viewed on the State's Department of Finance and Management website at: http://finance.vermont.gov/reports and publications/cafr

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 16 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Supervisory Union is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees, students and guests; as well as natural disasters for which the Supervisory Union either carries commercial insurance, participates in a public entity risk pool, or is effectively self-insured. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Supervisory Union.

The Supervisory Union is a member of the Vermont School Boards Association. The Association has set up two insurance Trusts; Vermont School Boards Insurance Trust, Inc. (VSBIT) for worker compensation, multi-line intermunicipal school program and unemployment compensation program, and the Vermont Education Health Initiative (VEHI) for medical benefits. VSBIT and VEHI are nonprofit corporations formed to provide insurance and risk management programs for Vermont Supervisory Unions and is owned by the participating Supervisory Unions. The Trusts are not licensed insurance carriers and members are not protected by the Vermont Insurance Guaranty Association.

To provide insurance coverage, VEHI has established a self-funded fully insured program in conjunction with Blue Cross and Blue Shield (BCBS). A portion of member contributions is used to purchase reinsurance and to fund a reserve required by the reinsurance. Contributions in excess of claims requirements, reserve fund requirements, reinsurance and administrative costs are returned to participants. The pooling agreement does not permit the pool to make additional assessments to its members.

Multi-Line Intermunicipal School Program provides coverage for property; inland machinery; and boiler and crime; commercial general marine automobile/garagekeepers; and educators legal liability. Annual contributions are based upon appropriate rates applicable to each member; such rates are set based on recommendations of a qualified actuary, plus a proportionate share of all operational and administrative cost including excess reinsurance premiums incurred by the trust. In the event that total contributions assessed to and made by all members result in an actual or projected financial deficit and VSBIT is unable to meet its required obligations, the program will be terminated with each member assessed their proportionate share of the deficit.

#### **NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES**

With regard to pending legal claims or any unasserted claims, it is not feasible at this time to predict or determine their outcome. Management believes, however, that

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 17 - CONTINGENCIES (CONTINUED)

settlement amounts, if any, will not have a material adverse effect on the Supervisory Union's financial position.

The Supervisory Union participates in various intergovernmental grant programs which may be subject to future program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Accordingly, the Supervisory Union's compliance with applicable grant requirement may be established at some future date. The amount, if any, of any liabilities arising from the disallowance of expenditures or ineligibility of grant revenues cannot be determined at this time.

## **NOTE 18 - RELATED ORGANIZATION**

Washington Central Supervisory Union provides services to the following Supervisory Unions: Berlin Supervisory Union, Calais Supervisory Union, East Montpelier Supervisory Union, Middlesex Supervisory Union, Worcester Supervisory Union, and Union 32 Supervisory Union. Each District has an ongoing financial responsibility to the Supervisory Union as defined in GASB 14, paragraph 71.

## NOTE 19 - COMPARATIVE DATA/RECLASSIFICATIONS

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in selected sections of the accompanying financial statements in order to provide an understanding of the changes in the Supervisory Union's financial position and operations. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year's data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

## NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

All assets and liabilities of the Berlin School District, the Calais School District, the East Montpelier School District, the Middlesex School District, the Worcester School District and the Union High School District No. 32 were transferred to the new Washington Central Unified Union School District on July 1, 2019. All business transactions of these individual member schools ceased as of that date.

## NOTE 21 - RESTATEMENT

The beginning net position of the governmental activities has been restated as of July 1, 2018. The net position was restated to correct the due from other funds amount in the internal services fund. The beginning net position was restated by \$8,202.

The resulting restatement decreased the governmental activities net position from \$740,045 to \$731,843 and the internal service fund's net position from \$347,262 to \$339,060.

## Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures that are required by the Government Accounting Standards Board but are not considered a part of the basic financial statements. Such information includes:

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual -General Fund
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
- Schedule of Contributions Pensions
- Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
- Schedule of Contributions OPEB
- Notes to Required Supplementary Information

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance Positive (Negative)
Budgetary Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (Inflows): Intergovernmental:	\$ 304,488	\$ 304,488	\$ 304,488	\$ -
State revenues	4,137,280	4,137,280	4,151,373	14,093
Assessments	4,671,965	4,671,965	4,671,965	-
Interest income	7,600	7,600	42,278	34,678
Miscellaneous	97,710	97,710	216,106	118,396
Amounts Available for Appropriation	9,219,043	9,219,043	9,386,210	167,167
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows):				
Direct services	5,254,486	5,254,486	5,199,281	55,205
Support services:				
Instructional staff services	690,000	690,000	688,124	1,876
General administrative services	536,354	536,354	654,692	(118,338)
Area administrative services	321,369	321,369	291,021	30,348
Fiscal services	465,256	465,256	513,599	(48,343)
Operations and maintenance	24,760	24,760	13,651	11,109
Transportation	1,477,330	1,477,330	1,448,308	29,022
Transfers to other funds	145,000	145,000	145,000	-
Total Charges to Appropriations	8,914,555	8,914,555	8,953,676	(39,121)
Budgetary Fund Balance, June 30	\$ 304,488	\$ 304,488	\$ 432,534	\$ 128,046

See accompanying independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

## SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

VSTRS:		2019		2018	<	2017		2016	:	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability Union's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	0.35%	¢	0.36%	\$	0.34%	\$	0.10%	\$	0.10%
State's proportionate share of the net	Ψ	-	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	-	Ψ	_
pension liability associated with the Union Total		5,308,497 5,308,497		5,405,868 5,405,868		4,467,734 4,467,734		1,243,814 1,243,814		050,908 050,908
Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-	\$ 2	2,375,543	\$ :	2,409,752	\$ 2	2,210,108	\$	584,646	\$ 5	662,404
employee payroll  Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
of the total pension liability		54.81%		53.98%		55.31%		58.22%		64.02%
VMERS:										
Proportion of the net pension liability Proportionate share of the net pension		0.28%		0.29%		0.28%		0.25%		0.20%
liability Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-	\$	394,699 893,532	\$	348,848 854,947	\$ \$	365,870 786,000	\$ \$	189,852 640,000	\$ \$ 4	18,020 51,364
employee payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage		44.17%		40.80%		46.55%		29.66%		3.99%
of the total pension liability		82.60%		83.64%		80.95%		87.42%		98.32%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSIONS LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
<u>VSTRS:</u>										
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	- 	\$	-	\$		\$	- -	\$	<u>-</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	
Covered-employee payroll  Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$ 2	2,625,054	\$ 2	2,375,543	\$	2,409,752	\$ 2	2,210,108	\$ 5	584,646
employee payroll		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%
VMERS:										
Contractually required contribution	\$	59,712	\$	58,057	\$	47,022	\$	43,208	\$	34,423
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(59,712)		(58,057)		(47,022)		(43,208)		(34,423)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$						\$		\$	
Covered-employee payroll  Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$ 1	,061,554	\$	893,532	\$	854,947	\$	786,000	\$ 6	840,000
employee payroll		5.62%		6.50%		5.50%		5.50%		5.38%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

## SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

	2019	2018	 2017
VSTRS OPEB Plan:			
Proportion of the net OPEB liability Supervisory Union's proportionate share of the	0.34%	0.33%	0.31%
net OPEB liability	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB	2 262 262	2 004 074	
liability associated with the Supervisory Union Total	3,268,268 \$ 3,268,268	3,084,071 \$ 3,084,071	\$ 
Covered-employee payroll Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,375,543	\$ 2,409,752	\$ 2,210,108
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll  Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
the total OPEB liability	1.76%	1.52%	0.00%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30 and are for those years for which information is available.

### SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS\*

		2019	2018	2017		
VSTRS OPEB Plan:						
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$	- 	\$ -	\$	- -	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ 	\$		
Covered-employee payroll  Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$ 2	2,625,054	\$ 2,375,543	\$	2,409,752	
employee payroll		0.00%	0.00%		0.00%	

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year are for those years for which information is available.

### NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **Changes of Assumptions**

#### **VSTRS** Pension Plan:

For the VSTRS Plan, the valuation liability for inactive members as reported by the System was lowered from 332.5% of accumulated contributions to 250.0% of accumulated contributions.

#### VSTRS OPEB Plan:

The discount rate increased from 3.58% to 3.87% for the VSTRS OPEB liability.

The percentage of non-DC Plan current retirees assumed to have life insurance coverage was increased from 65% to 75%.

Future male retirees were assumed to be two years older than their spouses, decreased from three years. Future female retirees were assumed to be one year younger than their spouses, decreased from three years.

The percentage of future retirees assumed to have a spouse electing coverage was increased from 60% to 70% for male retirees and from 50% to 60% for female retirees.

The claims cost development methodology was modified for non-Medicare participants.

The per capita valuation-year claims and retiree contribution rates were updated.

The assumed health trend rates were modified.

#### Other Supplementary Information

Other supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Government Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

- Budgetary Comparison Schedule Budgetary Basis Budget and Actual - General Fund Revenues
- Schedule of Departmental Operations General Fund
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
- Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds
- Schedule of General Capital Assets by Function
- Schedule of Changes in General Capital Assets by Function

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - BUDGETARY BASIS BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND REVENUES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget				Variance Positive Negative)
Resources (Inflows):						
Intergovernmental revenues:						
State revenue:					_	
Special education mainstream block grant	\$ 529,095	\$ 529,095	\$	548,237	\$	19,142
Special education reimbursement	1,677,612	1,677,612		1,578,029		(99,583)
Extraordinary reimbursement	289,396	289,396		559,069		269,673
State placed reimbursements	1,105,100	1,105,100		828,093		(277,007)
Early essential education	98,712	98,712		113,674		14,962
Transportation reimbursement	437,365	437,365		524,271		86,906
Assessments:						
Supervisory Union	1,996,455	1,996,455		1,996,455		-
Special education	1,708,046	1,708,046		1,708,046		-
Transportation services	967,464	967,464		967,464		-
Interest income	7,600	7,600		42,278		34,678
Miscellaneous:						
Special education	35,000	35,000		28,525		(6,475)
Other receipts	62,710	62,710		187,581		124,871
Amounts Available for Appropriation	\$ 8,914,555	\$ 8,914,555	\$	9,081,722	\$	167,167

## SCHEDULE OF DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Direct services: Instructional services	\$ 5,254,486	\$ 5,254,486	\$ 5,199,281	\$ 55,205
Support services: Instructional staff services	690,000	690,000	688,124	1,876
General administration: Board of education Office of the superintendent Total general administration	18,276 518,078 536,354	18,276 518,078 536,354	63,421 591,271 654,692	(45,145) (73,193) (118,338)
Area administration: Special area administrative services Fiscal services Total area administration	321,369 465,256 786,625	321,369 465,256 786,625	291,021 513,599 804,620	30,348 (48,343) (17,995)
Operations and maintenance	24,760	24,760	13,651	11,109
Transportation	1,477,330	1,477,330	1,448,308	29,022
Transfer to other funds	145,000	145,000	145,000	
TOTAL DEPARTMENTAL OPERATIONS	\$ 8,914,555	\$ 8,914,555	\$ 8,953,676	\$ (39,121)

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	R	Special Revenue Funds		Capital Projects Funds	Gov	l Nonmajor ernmental Funds
ASSETS Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles)	\$	39,340	\$	-	\$	39,340
Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	277,918 317,258	\$	465,243 465,243	\$	743,161 782,501
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	1,856 37,484 39,340	\$	-	\$	1,856 37,484 39,340
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF		277,918	_			277,918
RESOURCES		277,918		-		277,918
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted		-		-		-
Committed Assigned		-		465,243 -		465,243 -
Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES				465,243		465,243
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	317,258	\$	465,243	\$	782,501

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
REVENUES Intergovernmental Interest income Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 1,116,682 - 6,259 1,122,941	\$ 40,812 6,442 - 47,254	\$ 1,157,494 6,442 6,259 1,170,195
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,122,941 1,122,941	11,449	11,449 1,122,941 1,134,390
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		35,805	35,805
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	363,212 (363,212)	145,000	508,212 (363,212) 145,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		180,805	180,805
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	-	284,438	284,438
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ -	\$ 465,243	\$ 465,243

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than expendable trusts or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.



#### SCHEDULE E

#### WASHINGTON CENTRAL SUPERVISORY UNION

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Title IV		et 230 Grant	IDEA Formula		IDEA-B Preschool		
ASSETS Accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectibles) Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	10,439 - 10,439	\$ -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	10,439 10,439	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred revenue TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		-	- - - - -		- - - - -		- - - - -	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	10,439	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	

## SCHEDULE E (CONTINUED) WASHINGTON CENTRAL SUPERVISORY UNION

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

			Sch	oolwide				
		<del>-</del>		ogram	Snack	Medicaid		
		Title I		d Admin	 Grants	R	eimb IEP	
ASSETS Accounts receivable (net of allowance								
for uncollectibles)  Due from other funds	\$	-	\$		\$ 3,288	\$	- 263,444	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$ 3,288	\$	263,444	
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	
Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	-			3,288 3,288			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								
Deferred revenue		-		_			263,444	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				-	_		263,444	
FUND BALANCES							<u> </u>	
Nonspendable		-		-	-		-	
Restricted Committed		-		-	-		-	
Assigned		-		-	<del>-</del>		-	
Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES				<del>-</del>	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
TOTAL FOND BALANGEO								
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND								
FUND BALANCES	\$		\$		\$ 3,288	\$	263,444	

### SCHEDULE E (CONTINUED) WASHINGTON CENTRAL SUPERVISORY UNION

## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Local										
		EPSDT evenues	Stand Board (		-	Title IIA		VEHI			Total
	1107011000		Board	Dodra Grant		THIC II/		V = 1 11			Total
ASSETS Accounts receivable (net of allowance											
for uncollectibles)	\$	- 11 171	\$	583	\$	25,030	\$		-	\$	39,340
Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$	14,474 14,474	\$	583	\$	25,030	\$		<u> </u>	\$	277,918 317,258
LIABILITIES											
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,856	\$		-	\$	1,856
Due to other funds TOTAL LIABILITIES				583 583	_	23,174 25,030	_		-		37,484 39,340
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Deferred revenue		14,474		<u>.</u>							277,918
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		14,474							-		277,918
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable		-		-		-			-		-
Restricted Committed				-		-			-		-
Assigned				-		-			-		-
Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		•					_		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED											
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND			•	<b>.</b>	•	05.000	•			•	0.47.075
FUND BALANCES	<u>\$</u>	14,474	<u>\$</u>	583	<u>\$</u>	25,030	\$		<u> </u>	<u>\$</u>	317,258

#### SCHEDULE F

#### WASHINGTON CENTRAL SUPERVISORY UNION

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	 Γitle IV	Act 230 Grant		IDEA-B Formula Grant		 EA-B eschool
REVENUES Intergovernmental Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 17,375 - 17,375	\$	3,054 - 3,054	\$	413,777 - 413,777	\$ 5,352 - 5,352
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES  EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	11,248 11,248 6,127	<u>_</u>	3,054 3,054		413,777	5,352 5,352
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(6,127) (6,127)		-		- - -	- - -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-		-		-	-
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	-					
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ -	\$		\$		\$ 

### SCHEDULE F (CONTINUED) WASHINGTON CENTRAL SUPERVISORY UNION

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Title I	Schoolwide Program and Admin	Snack Grants	Medicaid Reimb IEP
REVENUES Intergovernmental Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 353,806 - 353,806	\$ -	\$ 14,224 - 14,224	\$ 156,381 - 156,381
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES	11,173 11,173	363,212 363,212	14,224 14,224	156,381 156,381
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	342,633	(363,212)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(342,633) (342,633)	363,212	- - -	- - -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	-	-
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	_			
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

### SCHEDULE F (CONTINUED) WASHINGTON CENTRAL SUPERVISORY UNION

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	EPSDT Revenues	Local Standard Board Grant	Title IIA	VEHI	Total
REVENUES Intergovernmental Other TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 24,950 - 24,950	\$ - 583 583	\$ 127,763 - 127,763	\$ - 5,676 5,676	\$ 1,116,682 6,259 1,122,941
EXPENDITURES Other TOTAL EXPENDITURES	24,950 24,950	583 583	113,311 113,311	5,676 5,676	1,122,941 1,122,941
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	<u> </u>		14,452		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out) TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			(14,452) (14,452)	- - -	363,212 (363,212)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES			-	-	-
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1	_				
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

#### Capital Projects Funds

Capital projects funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary or trust funds.



## COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		Office ipment and echnology	Building Capital	Total		
ASSETS Due from other funds TOTAL ASSETS	\$ \$	366,273 366,273	\$ 98,970 98,970	\$	465,243 465,243	
LIABILITIES Accounts payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	-	\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned TOTAL FUND BALANCES		366,273 - 366,273	98,970 - 98,970		- 465,243 - - 465,243	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	366,273	\$ 98,970	\$	465,243	

## COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Office Equipment and		Building		<b>.</b>	
	rec	hnology	Capital		 Total	
REVENUES						
Intergovernmental Interest income	\$	40,812 4,965	\$	- 1,477	\$ 40,812 6,442	
TOTAL REVENUES		45,777		1,477	47,254	
EXPENDITURES						
Capital outlay		10,489		960	11,449	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		10,489		960	11,449	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES		35,288		517	 35,805	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers (out)		125,000		20,000	145,000	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		125,000		20,000	145,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		160,288		20,517	180,805	
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1		205,985		78,453	284,438	
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30	\$	366,273	\$	98,970	\$ 465,243	

#### **General Capital Assets**

General capital assets are those assets related to activities reported in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position.



## SCHEDULE OF GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION JUNE 30, 2019

	Land and Non-deprecia Assets	ble	Buildings, Building Improvem and Land Improvem		F Ed	urniture, ixtures, quipment d Vehicles	Infrastro	ucture	 Total
Direct Services S.S Staff S.S General Admin	\$	- - -	\$	-	\$	17,697 17,684 180,482	\$	- - -	\$ 17,697 17,684 180,482
Total General Capital Assets		-		-		215,863		-	215,863
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				-		(173,945)			(173,945)
Net General Capital Assets	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,918	\$		\$ 41,918

## SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN GENERAL CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	General Capital Assets 7/1/18	Ad	dditions	General Capital Assets 6/30/19		
Direct Services S.S Staff S.S General Admin	\$ 17,697 17,684 180,482	\$	<u>.</u>	\$	\$	17,697 17,684 180,482
Total General Capital Assets	215,863		-	-		215,863
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(159,004)		(14,941)	 		(173,945)
Net General Capital Assets	\$ 56,859	\$	(14,941)	\$ 	\$	41,918

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Federal Grantor Pass-through Grantor Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-through Grantor Number	Federal Expenditures	Expenditures to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through State of Vermont - Department of Education and Cultural Services:					
Child Nutrition Cluster: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program School Lunch Program - USDA Food Summer Food Service Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555 10.555 10.559	4452S0321900 4450S0321900 4456S0321900 4455S0321900	\$ 56,266 181,631 35,736 12,503 286,136	\$ - 35,736 - 35,736	
Fresh Fruits and Vegetables	10.582	4449S0321900	14,224	14,224	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			300,360	49,960	
U.S. Department of Education Passed through State of Vermont - Department of Education and Cultural Services:					
Title IA - Educationally Deprived	84.010	4250S0321901	353,806	342,634	
Special Education Cluster (IDEA): IDEA-B Flow Through IDEA-B Part B Section 619 Subtotal Special Education Cluster (IDEA)	84.027 84.173	4226S0321901 4228S0321801	413,777 5,352 419,129	- - -	
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	4651S0321901	127,763	14,452	
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	4570S0321901	17,375	6,127	
Total U.S. Department of Education			918,073	363,213	
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 1,218,433	\$ 413,173	

#### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Washington Central Supervisory Union under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2019. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Washington Central Supervisory Union, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Washington Central Supervisory Union.

#### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- a. Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and/or OMB Circular A-87, Cost Principles for State, Local, and Indian Tribal Governments, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- b. The U.S. Department of Education (USED) has delegated to the State of Vermont Agency of Education the authority to issue indirect cost rates to all Local Education Agencies (LEAs) based on a plan approved by the USED. Therefore, the Washington Central Supervisory Union does not use the 10% de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

#### 3. Noncash Awards

The Washington Central Supervisory Union reports U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) Foods consumed on the Schedule at the fair value [or entitlement value]. The State of Vermont allocated USDA Foods to the respective program(s) that benefitted from the use of those USDA Foods.

#### 4. Expenditures to Subrecipients

CFDA Number	Berlin School District	Calais School District	Doty emorial School	East ontpelier ool District	M	umney emorial School	;	nion 32 School District	Total
10.555	\$ 5,335	\$ 2,771	\$ 2,694	\$ 4,605	\$	4,743	\$	15,588	\$ 35,736
10.582	9,349	-	4,875	-		-		-	14,224
84.010	203,633	53,000	86,000	-		-		-	342,634
84.367	13,398	232	822	-		-		-	14,452
84.424	6,127	-	-	-		-			6,127
	\$ 237,842	\$ 56,003	\$ 94,391	\$ 4,605	\$	4,743	\$	15,588	\$ 413,173



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors
Washington Central Supervisory Union
Montpelier, Vermont

We have audited, in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Washington Central Supervisory Union as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Washington Central Supervisory Union's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 12, 2019.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Washington Central Supervisory Union's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Washington Central Supervisory Union's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Washington Central Supervisory Union's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

3 Old Orchard Road, Buxton, Maine 04093 Tel: (800) 300-7708 (207) 929-4606 Fax: (207) 929-4609 www.rhrsmith.com Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Washington Central Supervisory Union's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 December 12, 2019



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Directors Washington Central Supervisory Union Montpelier, Vermont

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Washington Central Supervisory Union's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Washington Central Supervisory Union's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. Washington Central Supervisory Union's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the federal statutes, regulations and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Washington Central Supervisory Union's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Washington Central Supervisory Union's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Washington Central Supervisory Union's compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Washington Central Supervisory Union complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Washington Central Supervisory Union is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Washington Central Supervisory Union's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Washington Central Supervisory Union's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buxton, Maine Vermont Registration No. 092.0000697 December 12, 2019

#### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS JUNE 30, 2019

#### **Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results**

#### Financial Statements Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? yes X no Significant deficiency(ies) identified? yes no Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? yes no Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? yes no Significant deficiency(ies) identified? ves no Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)? X no yes Identification of major programs: **CFDA Numbers** Name of Federal Program or Cluster 10.553/10.555/10.559 **Child Nutrition Cluster** Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and B: \$750,000

#### <u>Section II – Financial Statement Findings</u>

X yes

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

None

Section III - Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None

no

# Additional handouts at the board meeting....

### WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT WARNING

The legal voters of the Washington Central Unified Union School District, a municipal corporation consisting of the Towns of Berlin, Calais, East Montpelier, Middlesex, and Worcester, Vermont, are hereby notified and warned to meet in their respective towns at the polling places hereinafter named on Tuesday, March 3, 2020, to vote by Australian ballot on Articles 1 through 9 as outlined below. The polls will open beginning at 10:00 AM in Berlin; 7:00 AM in Calais; 7:00 AM in East Montpelier; 7:00 AM in Middlesex; and 10:00 AM in Worcester. The polls will close in all towns at 7:00 PM.

- **ARTICLE 1.** To elect a Clerk for a term of one (1) year.
- **ARTICLE 2.** To elect a Treasurer for a term of one (1) year.
- **ARTICLE 3.** To elect a Moderator for a term of one (1) year.
- **ARTICLE 4.** To elect the following School Directors:

Berlin	One (1) School Director	Two (2) Year Term
	One (1) School Director	Three (3) Year Term
Calais	One (1) School Director	One (1) Year Term
	One (1) School Director	Three (3) Year Term
East Montpelier	One (1) School Director	Three (3) Year Term
Middlesex	One (1) School Director	Two (2) Year Term
	One (1) School Director	Three (3) Year Term
Worcester	One (1) School Director	One (1) Year Term
	One (1) School Director	Three (3) Year Term

**ARTICLE 5.** To fix the annual compensation of the Union School District officers.

Clerk \$500.00 Treasurer \$6,600.00 Directors \$1000.00 each

- ARTICLE 6. Shall the voters of the Washington Central Unified Union School District approve the school board to expend \$35,430,502 which is the amount the school board has determined to be necessary for the ensuing fiscal year? It is estimated that this proposed budget, if approved, will result in education spending of \$19,518 per equalized pupil. This projected spending per equalized pupil is 4.61% higher than spending for the current year.
- ARTICLE 7. Shall the School District authorize the Board of School Directors of Washington Central Unified Union School District to hold any audited fund balance as of June 30, 2020 in a reserve fund to be expended under the control and direction of the Board of School Directors for the purpose of operating the school?
- **ARTICLE 8.** Shall the School District authorize the Board of School Directors to borrow money in anticipation of the receipt of revenues for the 2020-2021 school year?

ARTICLE 9. Shall the School District authorize a capital improvement/replacement reserve fund, pursuant to the provisions of 24 V.S.A. §2804 for the purpose of the funding necessary for capital improvements and replacement projects?

#### **Polling Places and Times:**

Berlin Elementary School in Berlin Corners – 10:00 AM - 7:00 PM Calais Elementary School in Calais – 7:00 AM - 7:00 PM East Montpelier Elementary School in East Montpelier – 7:00 AM – 7:00 PM Rumney Memorial School in Middlesex – 7:00 AM – 7:00 PM Doty Memorial School in Worcester – 10:00 AM – 7:00 PM

A public hearing will take place at U-32, Room 128/131 at 6:30 PM on March 2, 2020 to provide information on the articles to be voted by Australian Ballot at the municipalities' respective Town Meetings on Tuesday, March 3, 2020.

Upon closing of the polls, the ballots shall be transported and delivered to the Berlin Elementary School in the Town of Berlin and comingled and counted by members of the Boards of Civil Authority of several towns under the supervision of the Clerk of the Washington Central Unified Union School District.

The legal voters of Washington Central Unified Union School District are further notified that voter qualification, registration, and absentee voting relative to said annual meeting shall be as provided in Sections 553 and 706(u) of Title 16, and Chapters 43, 51 and 55 of Title 17, Vermont Statutes Annotated.

	Mary Ormsby, Clerk
SCHOOL DIRECTORS	
C. Scott Thompson, Chair (Calais)	George Gross (Berlin)
Flor Diaz Smith, Vice-Chair (East Montpelier)	Dorothy Naylor (Calais)
Jonas Eno-Van Fleet, Clerk (Worcester)	Jaiel Pulskamp (Worcester)
Vera Frazier (Berlin)	Malinda (Lindy) Johnson (East Montpelier)
Marylynne Strachan (Middlesex)	Chris McVeigh (Middlesex)

WCUUSD Budget FY2020-2021 CHANGE SUMMARY		DRAFT 3		
Budget Draft 3-January 15, 2020	ADJUSTED	INCREASE	BUDGET	
	BUDGET 2020	(DECREASE)	% CHANGE	<b>BUDGET 2021</b>
SALARIES AND BENEFITS				
Negotiated Items Salary Estimate	٦ ٢	\$762,766	2.25%	
Benefits Related to Salary Estimate	-	\$75,105	0.22%	
Health Insurance @ 12.9% Increase with current coverage	1	\$340,910	1.01%	
Miscellaneous Benefit Changes	† †	\$4,144	0.01%	
SUBTOTAL NEGOTIATED ITEMS		\$1,182,925	3.49%	
Other Staffing Changes				
Staffing Changes Fy19-20	] [	\$160,646	0.47%	
Special Education Programs-Staffing Changes	] [	\$181,198	0.54%	*See Revenues Below
Academic Programs-Staffing Changes		\$314,530	0.93%	
SUBTOTAL OTHER STAFFING CHANGES		\$656,374	1.94%	
TOTAL SALARY & BENEFITS	\$23,107,377	\$1,839,299	5.43%	\$24,946,676
NONSALARY ITEMS				
Auditor Savings Due to Merger	] [	-\$12,985	-0.04%	
Interest Expense	1	-\$40,000	-0.12%	*See Revenues Below
Technology Services-Fiscal Software	1	-\$100,000	-0.30%	
School-wide Expenses, Books, Supplies, Equipment, Prek Services	1	\$143,865	0.42%	
Fund Transfer Food Program	† †	\$39,712	0.12%	
Transportation Services	† †	\$43,535	0.13%	
Technical Education Tuition(Using latest information)	-	\$25,837	0.08%	
Special Education Programs-Tuition & Prof Svcs	1	\$27,253		*See Revenues Below
TOTAL NONSALARY-w/o OTHER ITEMS	」 \$8,408,763	\$127,217	0.38%	\$8,535,980
	,,,,,,,,	, ,		, ., ,
SUBTOTAL BASE BUDGET INCREASE	\$31,516,140	\$1,966,516	5.81%	\$33,482,656
OTHER ITEMS				
Debt Service-Bond Payment	\$1,702,107	-\$460,783	-1.36%	\$1,241,324
Capital Fund -Transfer-Doty Change	\$636,522	\$70,000	0.21%	\$706,522
TOTAL OTHER ITEMS	\$2,338,629	-\$390,783	-1.15%	\$1,947,846
Combined Total WCUUSD Expenses	\$33,854,769	\$1,575,733	4.65%	\$35,430,502
Revenues that Offset Expense Increases(Decreases):				
Tuition Income-Level Budget @53 Students -Per Announced Tuition Formu	_ la	\$151,944	0.45%	
Interest Income	Ī	-\$40,000		*See Expenses Above
Miscellaneous Income		-\$15,800	-0.05%	
Special Education Reimbursements	_  [	\$312,675	0.92%	*See Expenses Above
Transportation Aid	_	\$133,174	0.39%	
Use of Fund Balance for Retirement	]	-\$12,720	-0.04%	
Subtotal Revenues		\$529,273	1.56%	
Net Impact on Taxes	] [	\$1,046,460	3.09%	
-				

%

BUDGET 2020-2021 VS BUDGET 2019-2020

**ADJUSTED** 

BUDGET 2020-2021 VS BUDGET 2019-2020	ADJUSTED			/0
DESCRIPTION	BUDGET 2020	BUDGET 2021	ncrease(Decrease)	Budget21/ Budget 20
REVENUES	BUDGET 2020	BUDGET 2021	increase(Decrease)	Budget 20
TUITION-SCHOOL DISTRICTS & INDIVIDUALS	\$942,347	\$1,094,291	\$151,944	
INVESTMENT EARNINGS INTEREST	\$323,755	\$283,755		
MISCELLANEOUS INCOME-OTHER	\$330,917	\$315,118		
EDUC. SPENDING REVENUES	\$27,091,430	\$28,137,890		
MISC STATE REIMBURSEMENTS	\$639,490	\$772,663		
SPED EXPENDITURE REIMBURSEMENT	\$4,514,110	\$4,826,785	\$312,675	
SUBTOTAL REVENUES	\$33,842,049	\$35,430,502	\$1,588,453	
FUND BALANCE	\$12,720	\$0		
TOTAL REVENUES	\$33,854,769	\$35,430,502	\$1,575,733	4.65%
EXPENSES				
INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES				
SALARIES	\$8,179,768	\$8,540,110	\$360,341	
MISCELLANEOUS BENEFITS	\$2,319,070	\$2,629,714		
TUITION REIMBURSEMENT	\$197,042	\$197,042		
PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION SVC	\$66,263	\$73,263		
TUITION TO OTHER SCHOOL DISTRICTS	\$480,831	\$506,268		
TRAVEL	\$14,700	\$15,100		
GENERAL SUPPLIES	\$269,402	\$276,105		
BOOKS AND PERIODICALS	\$80,793	\$83,593		
EQUIPMENT	\$39,000	\$64,000		
DUES AND FEES	\$700	\$700		0.040/
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES	\$11,647,570	\$12,385,895	\$738,325	6.34%
PRESCHOOL PROGRAM				
SALARIES	\$362,438	\$366,368		
MISCELLANEOUS BENEFITS	\$89,755	\$100,318		
TUITION REIMBURSEMENT	\$4,331	\$4,331		
PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION SVC	\$32,927	\$112,927		
TUITION TO PRIVATE SCHOOLS	\$148,325	\$148,325		
GENERAL SUPPLIES TOTAL PRESCHOOL PROGRAM	\$6,715 <b>\$644,491</b>	\$7,915 <b>\$740,184</b>		44.050/
TOTAL PRESCHOOL PROGRAM	<b>Ф044,491</b>	<b>\$740,104</b>	\$95,693	14.85%
GUIDANCE SERVICES				
SALARIES	\$740,565	\$773,088		
MISCELLANEOUS BENEFITS	\$245,340	\$270,590		
TUITION REIMBURSEMENT	\$3,575	\$3,575		
GENERAL SUPPLIES	\$34,176	\$34,200		
BOOKS AND PERIODICALS	\$2,260	\$2,260		=/
TOTAL GUIDANCE SERVICES	\$1,025,916	\$1,083,713	\$57,797	5.63%
HEALTH SERVICES				
SALARIES	\$349,907	\$340,061	-\$9,846	
MISCELLANEOUS BENEFITS	\$117,205	\$139,871		
TUITION REIMBURSEMENT	\$2,300	\$2,300		
TECHNICAL SERVICES	\$550	\$550		
GENERAL SUPPLIES	\$6,235	\$6,535		
BOOKS AND PERIODICALS	\$933	\$933		
TOTAL HEALTH SERVICES	\$477,130	\$490,250	\$13,120	2.75%
LIBRARY SERVICES				
SALARIES	\$346,731	\$350,669	\$3,938	
MISCELLANEOUS BENEFITS	\$110,446	\$116,849		
TUITION REIMBURSEMENT	\$5,400	\$5,400		
GENERAL SUPPLIES	\$19,401	\$19,901	\$500	
BOOKS AND PERIODICALS	\$50,258	\$50,658	\$400	
TOTAL LIBRARY SERVICES	\$532,236	\$543,477	\$11,241	2.11%
CURRICULUM SERVICES				
PROGRAM COSTS	\$253,501	\$349,369	\$95,868	
TOTAL CURRICULUM SERVICES	\$253,501	\$349,369		37.82%
	,,	, ,	,	

%

**ADJUSTED** 

BUDGET 2020-2021 VS BUDGET 2019-2020 ADJUSTED 70							
DESCRIPTION	BUDGET 2020	BUDGET 2021	Increase(Decrease)	Budget21/ Budget 20			
INSTRUCTIONAL -RELATED TECHNOLOGY SVCS							
SALARIES	\$486,125	\$518,692	\$32,567				
MISCELLANEOUS BENEFITS	\$95,839	\$104,089					
TUITION REIMBURSEMENT	\$8,600	\$8,600					
TECHNOLOGY RELATED R&M	\$32,516	\$32,516	\$0				
RENTALS AND LEASES-COPIER	\$50,700	\$50,700	\$0				
COMMUNICATIONS	\$113,400	\$136,400	\$23,000				
SUPPLIES-TECHN RELATED	\$32,300	\$36,300	\$4,000				
SUPPLIES-TECHN RELATED-SOFTWARE	\$234,324	\$234,324					
EQUIPMENT/FINANCIAL SOFTWARE	\$424,250	\$324,250	-\$100,000				
TOTAL INSTR REL-TECHNOLOGY SVCS	\$1,478,054	\$1,445,871	-\$32,183	-2.18%			
BOARD OF EDUCATION SVCS.  SALARIES	\$21,888	\$27,964	\$6,076				
MISCELLANEOUS BENEFITS	\$2,243	\$2,624					
OFFICIAL SVC TAX COLLECT.	\$14,300	\$2,024					
LEGAL SERVICES	\$25,850	\$25,850					
INSURANCE	\$99,832	\$99,832					
ADVERTISING	\$12,700	\$10,200					
GENERAL SUPPLIES	\$11,095	\$17,700					
DUES AND FEES	\$23,765						
TOTAL BOARD OF EDUCATION SVCS.	\$211,673	\$207,935		-1.77%			
TOTAL BOARD OF EDUCATION 3VCC.	Ψ211,073	Ψ201,933	-ψ3,730	-1.7770			
SUPERINTENDENT SERVICES							
PROGRAM COSTS	\$528,273						
TOTAL SUPERINTENDENT SERVICES	\$528,273	\$554,670	\$26,397	5.00%			
OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL							
SALARIES	\$1,394,199	\$1,417,005	\$22,806				
MISCELLANEOUS BENEFITS	\$432,560	\$492,590	\$60,030				
TUITION REIMBURSEMENT	\$21,200	\$21,200	\$0				
PURCHASED PROF & TECHNICAL SERVICES	\$12,550	\$17,625	\$5,075				
COMMUNICATIONS-POSTAGE	\$17,960	\$17,960	\$0				
TRAVEL	\$4,600	\$5,100					
GENERAL SUPPLIES	\$41,410	\$43,410					
DUES AND FEES	\$7,386	\$7,475	\$89				
TOTAL OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL	\$1,931,865	\$2,022,365	\$90,500	4.68%			
FISCAL SERVICES							
INTEREST ON SHORT-TERM DEBT	\$302,925	\$262,925	-\$40,000				
PROGRAM COSTS	\$541,583	\$539,298					
TOTAL FISCAL SERVICES	\$844,508	\$802,223	-\$42,285	-5.01%			
OPERATION AND MAINT.PLANT							
SALARIES	\$1,179,139	\$1,216,820	\$37,681				
MISCELLANEOUS BENEFITS	\$384,146	\$414,615					
UTILITY SERVICES	\$42,350	\$42,100	' '				
CLEANING SERVICES	\$87,355	\$87,355					
REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE SERVICES &PROP	\$176,743	\$189,892					
TRAVEL/GAS &BOTTLED GAS	\$10,640	\$10,640					
SHARED SERVICES	\$10,000	\$0	T -				
GENERAL SUPPLIES	\$140,294	\$129,294	' '				
ELECTRICITY	\$311,220	\$299,710					
OIL	\$111,440	\$94,950					
OTHER ENERGY-WOOD CHIPS / WOOD PELLETS	\$121,129	\$166,129					
EQUIPMENT	\$20,600						
TOTAL OPER. AND MAINT.PLANT	\$2,595,056	\$2,672,105		2.97%			
STUDENT TRANSPORTATION SV							
STUDENT TRANSPORTATION SV	¢1 /E1 100	¢4 404 740	¢40 E0E				
TOTAL STUDENT TRANSPORTATION SV	\$1,451,183 <b>\$1,451,183</b>	\$1,494,718 <b>\$1,494,718</b>		3.00%			
TOTAL STUDENT TRANSPORTATION SV	\$1, <del>4</del> 51,183	φ1,494, <i>1</i> 18	\$43,535	3.00%			

Draft #3

**ADJUSTED** % BUDGET 2020-2021 VS BUDGET 2019-2020 Budget21/ **Budget 20** BUDGET 2020 BUDGET 2021 Increase(Decrease) **DESCRIPTION** STUDENT TRANS-OTHER STUDENT TRANS-FIELD TRIPS \$41,805 \$44,805 \$3,000 \$44,805 **TOTAL STUDENT TRANS-OTHER** \$41,805 \$3,000 7.18% **DEBT SERVICE** REDEMPTION OF PRINCIPAL \$1,374,466 \$926,910 -\$447,556 INTEREST LONG TERM DEBT \$327,641 \$314,414 -\$13,227 TOTAL DEBT SERVICE \$1,702,107 \$1,241,324 -\$460,783 -27.07% **FUND TRANSFER OUT** FUND TRANSFER-CAPITAL \$636,522 \$706,522 \$70,000 FUND TRANSFER-FOOD SERVICE \$109,403 \$149,115 \$39,712 FUND TRANSFER-COMMUNITY CONNECTIONS \$40,000 \$40,000 \$0 **TOTAL TRANSFER TO OTHER FUNDS** \$745,925 \$149,712 20.07% \$895,637 SUPPORT PROGRAMS-SP ED SALARIES \$856,489 \$1,081,228 \$224,739 MISCELLANEOUS BENEFITS \$420,857 \$592,323 \$171,466 PROGRAM COSTS \$5,649,032 \$5,924,465 \$275,433

**ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNER** 

TOTAL SUPPORT PROGRAMS

 PROGRAM COSTS
 \$51,121
 \$83,408
 \$32,287

 TOTAL ENGLISH LANGUAGE LEARNER
 \$51,121
 \$83,408
 \$32,287
 63.16%

\$6,926,378

\$7,598,016

\$671,638

9.70%

**CO-CURRICULAR ACTIVITIES** 

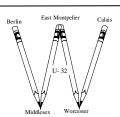
| MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES | \$765,978 | \$774,537 | \$8,559 | TOTAL COCURRICULAR ACTIVITIES | \$765,978 | \$774,537 | \$8,559 | 1.12% | TOTAL EXPENSES | \$33,854,769 | \$35,430,502 | \$1,575,733 | 4.65% |

#### **Washington Central Unified Union School District**

WCUUSD exists to nurture and inspire in all students the passion, creativity and power to contribute to their local and global communities.

1130 Gallison Hill Road Montpelier, VT 05602 Phone (802) 229-0553 Fax (802) 229-2761

Debra Taylor Interim Superintendent



TO: WCUUSD School Board

FROM: Debra Taylor, Interim Superintendent

Lori T. Bibeau, WCUUSD Business Administrator

**RE:** Capital Projects and Budgeting FY 20-21

**DATE: January 3, 2020** 

In reviewing the latest Capital Project plan, direction is needed for budgeting and planning purposes. Here is a summary of the information regarding WCUUSD Capital Funds:

- The original balances dated July 1, 2019 were restricted by building.
- The current interest income through November 30, 2019 amounts to \$23,206. It is difficult to project the interest for this fiscal year until the Request for Proposal process is complete.
- Future budget allocations, by building, are at the discretion of the WCUUSD Board.
- This fall, Black River Design was hired to develop a WCUUSD preliminary project list. It was included in the December 4, 2019 Board packet.
- Prior to the merger, some projects were identified by the local boards. If they have not yet been completed, they will be included on this list.
- The WCUUSD Finance Committee is recommending hiring a Facilities Director to oversee the Capital Fund and Capital Projects.

#### The current estimated totals for FY 20-21 are:

School	Fund Bal.	Spending	Shortfall-FY20-21	Carryover FY 21-22
Berlin	\$459,271	\$450,000	\$0	\$ 9,271
Calais	\$140,454	\$350,000	\$209,546	\$0
East Montpelier	\$914,769	\$0	\$0	\$914,769
Middlesex	\$132,590	\$270,000	\$137,410	\$0
Worcester	\$235,714	\$324,000	\$ 88,286	\$0
U32	\$429,921	\$TBD	\$0	\$429,921
Cent. Office	\$117,370	\$0	\$0	\$117,370
	Budget FY20-21		Allocation per above	<del>g</del>
District Wide	\$706,522	\$110,000	(\$435,242)	\$ 161,280
<b>Grand Total</b>	\$3,136,611	\$1,504,000	<b>\$0</b>	\$1,632,611

#### The Capital Plans are as follows:

#### Projects committed by prior boards-RFP/work in process

- Rumney-Acoustic Project
- Doty-Building Envelope-Siding/Windows
- U-32-complete Track project

### Other FY 20-21 Projects/items from Black River Design plan with input from Principals

- Berlin-Repaying, fencing, masonry repair
- Calais-Cafeteria roof repair, security entrance and barrier
- East Montpelier- None
- Middlesex-Roof Repair, Sidewalk replacement
- Worcester-Security Entrance/Barrier and Roof Repair
- U-32-To be determined
- Central Office-None
- District-wide-Hire a Facilities Director

#### Here is the board direction that is needed:

- Approval for a formula for budget allocations for FY 20-21.
- Permission to solicit requests for proposals in February/March to ensure plans are in place for the summer work.
- Award Capital bids in February/March(after Town Meeting)