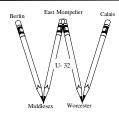
Washington Central Unified Union School District

WCUUSD exists to nurture and inspire in all students the passion, creativity and power to contribute to their local and global communities.

1130 Gallison Hill Road Montpelier, VT 05602 Phone (802) 229-0553 Fax (802) 229-2761

Debra Taylor, Ph.D. Interim Superintendent



WCUUSD Policy Committee Meeting Agenda 5.12.20 4:30-6:30 pm

Via Video Conference*

Link: https://tinyurl.com/yay7u925
Dial by Your Location 1-312-626-6799

Meeting ID: 964 2970 7553 Password: 744252

- 1. Call to Order
- 2. Approve Minutes of 5.6.20 pg. 2
- 3. Discuss Committee Meeting Schedule
- 4. New Proposed Policy
 - 4.1 School Choice
- 5. Review Existing Policies
 - 5.1 Section C Students 5.1.1 Current – pg. 4
- 6. Future Agenda Items
- 7. Adjourn

NEXT MEETING DATE: Wednesday, June 3, 2020 at 6 pm

*Open Meeting Law temporary changes as of 3/30/20:

Boards are not required to designate a physical meeting location. Board members and staff are not required to be present at a designated meeting location.

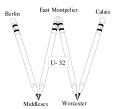
Our building will not be open for meetings. All are welcome to attend virtually.

Washington Central Unified Union School District

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1130 Gallison Hill Road Montpelier, VT 05602 Phone (802) 229-0553 Fax (802) 229-2761

Debra Taylor, Ph.D. Interim Superintendent



WCUUSD Policy Committee Unapproved Meeting Minutes 5.6.20 6:00 - 7:00 pm

Via Video Conference*

Present: Marylynne Strachan, Jody Emerson, Townes DeGroot, Jaiel Pulskamp, Aaron Boynton, Chris McVeigh

- 1. **Call to Order:** Chris McVeigh called the meeting to order at 6:15 p.m.
- 2. **Approve Minutes of 4.1.20:** Marylynne Strachan moved to approve the minutes of April 1, 2020. Seconded by Jaiel Pulskamp, this motion carried unanimously.

3. Further Review Requested

3.1 **B3 Alcohol & Drug Free Workplace:** Committee members discussed the full board's feedback about the policy. They reviewed the edits that had been made in response to the board meeting. Committee members felt that the edits were appropriate. Townes stated that he thinks some of the language is vague around "under the influence," but that he doesn't have huge concerns about the policy draft. Jody Emerson clarified that when the policy refers to a person under the influence "being removed" it means that they are removed at that time; this does not infer a long term removal from their job.

Chris McVeigh asked, do we look at this as a "zero tolerance" policy? Marylynne Strachan - yes, of non-prescribed substances. Chris McVeigh - suggested bringing the "illegal drug" verbiage from an earlier iteration. Some discussion followed around the definition of "under the influence." Jaiel Pulskamp suggested substituting "non-prescribed" for "illegal" in the policy.

The committee agreed to bring this iteration of the policy to the WCUUSD board.

4. Review Existing Policies

4.1 Section C - Students

C2 Student Alcohol and Drugs: Chris McVeigh had added some language about the educational component as the committee had discussed previously. Jody Emerson stated that it is illegal, by statute, to have marijuana on the school campus.

He reviewed the language that he had proposed around the educational component. Jody Emerson and Aaron Boynton reviewed some of the programs/ curriculum that are currently in place for drug and alcohol awareness. The language that the committee agreed on to add (after definitions): "Since education is an essential element to discourage inappropriate alcohol and drug use, the superintendent shall report to the board during its regularly scheduled june meeting, what efforts in the district fulfill this developmentally appropriate educational goal, at each of the district's schools."

C3 Transportation: Kelly Bushey explained that transportation is a conversation/ decision that occurs at the IEP level, unique to each student. Chris McVeigh asked how often the issue of transportation is discussed at the IEP level. Kelly Bushey indicated, not often, maybe once or twice a year across the district, aside from the instances when students attend an alternative setting. Committee members are satisfied with this policy as it stands.

C5 Weapons Firearms: Marylynne Strachan asked administrators and teachers whether they feel that there are any parts of this policy that need to be strengthened. Some discussion followed and the committee agreed that this policy is fine as it stands.

C6 Home Study Students: This policy is fine as it is written.

C7 Student Attendance: Marylynne Strachan asked, when do these policies sunset? (July 1st) Is this a policy we should wait to address, given the potential for continued distance learning? Aaron Boynton stated that we are getting direction from the state, and we are using their guidelines - he cautions against approaching changing policies to cater to this unique COVID experience. The committee agreed to keep this policy as written.

C8 Pupil Privacy Rights: no comments/ no changes suggested

5. Future Agenda Items

5.1 School Choice Policy Discussion

Marylynne Strachan stated that she finds it hard to have Policy Committee meetings as part of the carousel meetings. The committee agreed to send a survey around to find a date and time to hold a 2 hour Policy Committee meeting.

6. Adjourn: The committee adjourned at 7:03 p.m.

 $Respectfully\ submitted,\ Lisa\ Stoudt,\ Committee\ Recording\ Secretary$

NEXT MEETING DATE: Tuesday, May 12, 2020 at 4:30 pm

*Open Meeting Law temporary changes as of 3/30/20:

Boards are not required to designate a physical meeting location. Board members and staff are not required to be present at a designated meeting location.

Our building will not be open for meetings. All are welcome to attend virtually.

Section C – Students

Current Approved WCUUSD Policies

Required WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT Board of Directors' Policy ADOPTED: 6/12/19 EFFECTIVE: 7/1/19 PREVENTION OF HARASSMENT, HAZING AND BULLYING

I. Statement of Policy

The Washington Central Unified Union School District ¹ (hereinafter "district") is committed to providing all of its students with a safe and supportive school environment in which all members of the school community are treated with respect.

It is the policy of the district to prohibit the unlawful harassment of students based on race, color, religion, creed, national origin, marital status, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or disability. Harassment may also constitute a violation of Vermont's Public Accommodations Act, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990, the Age Discrimination Act of 1975, and/or Title IX of the federal Education Amendments Act of 1972.

It is also the policy of the district to prohibit the unlawful hazing and bullying of students. Conduct which constitutes hazing may be subject to civil penalties.

The district shall address all complaints of harassment, hazing and bullying according to the procedures accompanying this policy, and shall take appropriate action against any person - subject to the jurisdiction of the board - who violates this policy. Nothing herein shall be construed to prohibit punishment of a student for conduct which, although it does not rise to the level of harassment, bullying, or hazing as defined herein, otherwise violates one or more of the board's disciplinary policies or the school's code of conduct.

The procedures are expressly incorporated by reference as though fully included within this policy. The procedures are separated from the policy for ease of use as may be required.

Where language suggests a "district" will take action, it shall be the superintendent, or his/hertheir designee.

II. Implementation

The superintendent or his/hertheir designee shall:

- 1. Adopt a procedure directing staff, parents and guardians how to report violations of this policy and file complaints under this policy. (See Washington Central Unified Union School District Procedures on the Prevention of Harassment, Hazing and Bullying of Students.)
- 2. Annually, select two or more designated employees to receive complaints of hazing, bullying and/or harassment at each school campus and publicize their availability in any publication of the district that sets forth the comprehensive rules, procedures, and standards of conduct for the school.
- 3. Designate an Equity Coordinator to oversee all aspects of the implementation of this policy as it relates to obligations imposed by federal law regarding discrimination. This role may be also be assigned to one or both of the designated employees.
- **4.** Respond to notifications of possible violations of this policy in order to promptly and effectively address all complaints of hazing, harassment, and/or bullying.
- 5. Take action on substantiated complaints. In cases where hazing, harassment and/or bullying is substantiated, the district shall take prompt and appropriate remedial action reasonably calculated to stop the hazing, harassment and/or bullying; prevent its recurrence; and to remedy the impact of the offending conduct on the victim(s), where appropriate. Such action may include a wide range of responses from education to serious discipline.

Serious discipline may include termination for employees and, for students, expulsion or removal from school property. It may also involve penalties or sanctions for both organizations and individuals who engage in hazing. Revocation or suspension of an organization's permission to operate or exist within the district's purview may also be considered if that organization knowingly permits, authorizes or condones hazing.

III. Constitutionally Protected Speech

It is the intent of the district to apply and enforce this policy in a manner that is consistent with student rights to free expression under the First Amendment of the U.S. Constitution. The purpose of this policy is to (1) prohibit conduct or communication that is directed at a person's protected characteristics as defined below and that has the purpose or effect of substantially disrupting the educational learning process and/or access to educational resources or creates a hostile learning environment; (2) prohibit conduct intended to ridicule, humiliate or intimidate students in a manner as defined under this policy.

- **IV. Definitions.** For the purposes of this policy and the accompanying procedures, the following definitions apply:
 - **A. "Bullying"** means any overt act or combination of acts, including an act conducted by electronic means, directed against a student by another student or group of students and which:
 - Is repeated over time;
 - Is intended to ridicule, humiliate, or intimidate the student; and
 - (i) occurs during the school day on school property, on a school bus, or at a schoolsponsored activity, or before or after the school day on a school bus or at a schoolsponsored activity; or
 - (ii) does not occur during the school day on school property, on a school bus or at a school-sponsored activity and can be shown to pose a clear and substantial interference with another student's right to access educational programs.
 - **B. "Complaint"** means an oral or written report information provided by a student or any person to an employee alleging that a student has been subjected to conduct that may rise to the level of hazing, harassment or bullying.
 - **C. "Complainant"** means a student who has provided oral or written information about conduct that may rise to the level of hazing, harassment or bullying, or a student who is the target of alleged hazing, harassment or bullying.
 - **D. "Designated employee"** means an employee who has been designated by the school to receive complaints of hazing, harassment and bullying pursuant to subdivision 16 V.S.A. 570a(a)(7). The designated employees for each school building are identified in Appendix A of this policy.
 - **E. "Employee"** includes any person employed directly by or retained through a contract with the district, an agent of the school, a school board member, a student teacher, an intern or a school volunteer. For purposes of this policy, "agent of the school" includes <u>supervisory uniondistrict</u> staff.
 - **F.** "Equity Coordinator" is the person responsible for implementation of Title IX (regarding sex-based discrimination) and Title VI (regarding race-based discrimination) for the district and for coordinating the district's compliance with Title IX and Title VI in all areas covered by the implementing regulations. The equity coordinator is also responsible for overseeing implementation of the district's *Preventing and Responding to Harassment of Students and Harassment of Employees* policies. This role may also be assigned to designated employees.

G. "Harassment" means an incident or incidents of verbal, written, visual, or physical conduct, including any incident conducted by electronic means, based on or motivated by a student's or a student's family member's actual or perceived race, creed, color, national origin, marital status disability, sex, sexual orientation, or gender identity, that has the purpose or effect of objectively and substantially undermining and detracting from or interfering with a student's educational performance or access to school resources or creating an objectively intimidating hostile, or offensive environment.

Harassment includes conduct as defined above and may also constitute one or more of the following:

- (1) Sexual harassment, which means unwelcome conduct of a sexual nature, that includes sexual violence/sexual assault, sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal, written, visual or physical conduct of a sexual nature, and includes situations when one or both of the following occur:
 - (i) Submission to that conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of a student's education, academic status, or progress; or
 - (ii) Submission to or rejection of such conduct by a student is used as a component of the basis for decisions affecting that student.

Sexual harassment may also include student-on-student conduct or conduct of a non-employee third party that creates a hostile environment. A hostile environment exists where the harassing conduct is severe, persistent or pervasive so as to deny or limit the student's ability to participate in or benefit from the educational program on the basis of sex.

- (2) Racial harassment, which means conduct directed at the characteristics of a student's or a student's family member's actual or perceived race or color, and includes the use of epithets, stereotypes, racial slurs, comments, insults, derogatory remarks, gestures, threats, graffiti, display, or circulation of written or visual material, and taunts on manner of speech and negative references to cultural customs.
- (3) Harassment of members of other protected categories, means conduct directed at the characteristics of a student's or a student's family member's actual or perceived creed, national origin, marital status, disability, sex, sexual orientation, or gender identity and includes the use of epithets, stereotypes, slurs, comments, insults, derogatory remarks, gestures, threats, graffiti, display, or circulation of written or visual material, taunts on manner of speech, and negative references to customs related to any of these protected categories.
- **H. "Hazing"** means any intentional, knowing or reckless act committed by a student, whether individually or in concert with others, against another student: In connection with pledging, being initiated into, affiliating with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in any organization which is affiliated with the educational institution; and
 - (i)Which is intended to have the effect of, or should reasonably be expected to have the effect of, endangering the mental or physical health of the student.

Hazing shall not include any activity or conduct that furthers legitimate curricular, extracurricular, or military training program goals, provided that:

- (1) The goals are approved by the educational institution; and
- (2) The activity or conduct furthers the goals in a manner that is appropriate contemplated by the educational institution, and normal and customary for similar programs at other educational institutions.

With respect to Hazing, "Student" means any person who:

- (A) is registered in or in attendance at an educational institution;
- (B) has been accepted for admission at the educational institution where the hazing incident occurs; or
- (C) intends to attend an educational institution during any of its regular sessions after an official academic break.
- **I.** "Notice" means a written complaint or oral information that hazing, harassment or bullying may have occurred which has been provided to a designated employee from another employee, the student allegedly subjected to the hazing, harassment or bullying, another student, a parent or guardian, or any other individual who has reasonable cause to believe the alleged conduct may have occurred. If the school learns of possible hazing, harassment or bullying through other means, for example, if information about hazing, harassment or bullying is received from a third party (such as from a witness to an incident or an anonymous letter or telephone call), different factors will affect the school's response. These factors include the source and nature of the information; the seriousness of the alleged incident; the specificity of the information; the objectivity and credibility of the source of the report; whether any individuals can be identified who were subjected to the alleged harassment; and whether those individuals want to pursue the matter. In addition, for purposes of violations of federal anti-discrimination laws, notice may occur when an employee of the district, including any individual who a student could reasonably believe has this authority or responsibility, knows or in the exercise of reasonable care should have known about potential unlawful harassment or bullying.
- **J.** "Organization" means a fraternity, sorority, athletic team, association, corporation, order, society, corps, cooperative, club, or other similar group, whose members primarily are students at an educational institution, and which is affiliated with the educational institution.
- **K. "Pledging"** means any action or activity related to becoming a member of an organization.
- **L. "Retaliation"** is any adverse action by any person against a person who has filed a complaint of harassment, hazing or bullying or against a person who assists or participates in an investigation, proceeding or hearing related to the harassment complaint. Such adverse action may include conduct by a school employee directed at a student in the form of intimidation or reprisal such as diminishment of grades, suspension, expulsion, change in educational conditions, loss of privileges or benefits, or other unwarranted disciplinary action. Retaliation may also include conduct by a student directed at another student in the form of further harassment, intimidation, and reprisal.

M. "School administrator" means a superintendent, principal or his/hertheir designee assistant principal//technical center director or his/hertheir designee and/or the district's equity coordinator.

N. "Student Conduct Form" is a form used by students, staff, or parents, to provide, in written form, information about inappropriate student behaviors that may constitute hazing, harassment and/or bullying.

APPENDIX A

Designated Employees:

The following employees of the Washington Central Unified Union School District have been designated by the district to receive complaints of bullying and/or harassment pursuant to this policy and 16 V.S.A. §570a(a)(7) and 16 V.S.A. §570c(7) and under federal anti-discrimination laws;

Name:

Title:

Contact Information:

Name:

Title:

Contact Information:

WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT Board of Directors' Policy ADOPTED: 6/12/19 PREVENTION OF HARASSMENT, HAZING AND BULLYING

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 - (i) Which is intended to have the effect of, or should reasonably be expected to have the effect of, endangering the mental or physical health of the student.

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- **J.** "Organization" means a fraternity, sorority, athletic team, association, corporation, order, society, corps, cooperative, club, or other similar group, whose members primarily are students at an educational institution, and which is affiliated with the educational institution.
- **K.** "Pledging" means any action or activity related to becoming a member of an organization.
- **L. "Retaliation"** is any adverse action by any person against a person who has filed a complaint of harassment, hazing or bullying or against a person who assists or participates in an investigation, proceeding or hearing related to the harassment complaint. Such adverse action may include conduct by a school employee directed at a student in the form of intimidation or reprisal such as diminishment of grades, suspension, expulsion, change in educational conditions, loss of privileges or benefits, or other unwarranted disciplinary action. Retaliation may also include conduct by a student directed at another student in the form of further harassment, intimidation, and reprisal.

M. "School administrator" means a superintendent, principal or their designee assistant principal/technical center director or their designee and/or the district's equity coordinator.

N. "Student Conduct Form" is a form used by students, staff, or parents, to provide, in written form, information about inappropriate student behaviors that may constitute hazing, harassment and/or bullying.

APPENDIX A

Designated Employees:

The following employees of the Washington Central Unified Union School District have been designated by the district to receive complaints of bullying and/or harassment pursuant to this policy and 16 V.S.A. §570a(a)(7) and 16 V.S.A. §570c(7) and under federal anti-discrimination laws;

Name:

Title:

Contact Information:

Name:

Title:

Contact Information:

WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT PROCEDURES ON THE PREVENTION OF HARASSMENT, HAZING AND BULLYING OF STUDENTS

I. Reporting Complaints of Hazing, Harassment and/or Bullying

- **A.** <u>Student Reporting</u>: Any student who believes that <u>s/he hasthey have</u> been hazed, harassed and/or bullied under this policy, or who witnesses or has knowledge of conduct that <u>s/hethey</u> reasonably believes might constitute hazing, harassment and or/bullying, should promptly report the conduct to a designated employee or any other school employee.
- **B.** School employee reporting: Any school employee who **witnesses conduct** that s/hethey reasonably believes might constitute hazing, harassment and/or bullying shall take reasonable action to stop the conduct and to prevent its recurrence and immediately report it to a designated employee and immediately complete a Student Conduct Form.

Any school employee **who overhears or directly receives information** about conduct that might constitute hazing, harassment and/or bullying shall immediately report the information to a designated employee and immediately complete a Student Conduct Form. If one of the designated employees is a person alleged to be engaged in the conduct complained of, the incident shall be immediately reported to the other designated employee or the school administrator.

- C. Other reporting: Any other person who witnesses conduct that s/hethey reasonably believes might constitute hazing, harassment and/or bullying under this policy should promptly report the conduct to a designated employee.
- Documentation of the report: If the complaint is oral, the designated employee shall promptly reduce the complaint to writing in a Student Conduct Form, including the time, place, and nature of the alleged conduct, the identity of the complainant, alleged perpetrator, and any witnesses. Both the complainant and the alleged perpetrator will have the right to present witnesses and other evidence in support of their position.
- E. False complaint: Any person who knowingly makes a false accusation regarding hazing, harassment and/or bullying may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including suspension and expulsion with regard to students, or up to and including discharge with regard to employees. There shall be no adverse action taken against a person for reporting a complaint of hazing, harassment and/or bullying when the person has a good faith belief that hazing, harassment and/or bullying occurred or is occurring.
- **F.** <u>Rights to Alternative Complaint Process:</u> In addition to, or as an alternative to filing a harassment complaint pursuant to this policy, a person may file a harassment complaint with the Vermont Human Rights Commission or the

Office for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education at the addresses noted below:

Vermont Human Rights Commission 14-16 Baldwin Street Montpelier, VT 05633-6301 (800) 416-2010 or (802) 828-2480 (voice) (877) 294-9200 (tty) (802) 828-2481 (fax) Email: human.rights@state.vt.us

Office for Civil Rights, Boston Office U.S. Department of Education 8th Floor 5 Post Office Square Boston, MA 02109-3921 617-289-0111 (voice) 877-521-2172 (tdd) 617-289-0150 (fax)

Email: OCR.Boston@ed.gov

II. Responding to Notice of Possible Policy Violation(s)

- **A**. Upon notice of information that hazing, harassment and/or bullying may have occurred the designated employee shall:
 - i. Promptly reduce any oral information to writing, including the time, place, and nature of the conduct, and the identity of the participants and complainant.
 - ii. Promptly inform the school administrator(s) of the information;
 - iii. If in the judgment of the school administrator, the information alleges conduct which may constitute harassment, hazing or bullying, the school administrator shall, as soon as reasonably possible, provide a copy of the policy on hazing, harassment and bullying and these procedures to the complainant and accused individual, or if either is a minor, cause a copy to be provided or delivered to their respective parent or guardian.
- **B.** Upon initiation of an investigation, the designated employee shall:
 - i. Notify in writing both the complainant and accused individual (or if either is a minor inform their respective parent or guardian) that:
 - 1. an investigation has been initiated;
 - 2. retaliation is prohibited;
 - 3. all parties have certain confidentiality rights; and
 - 4. they will be informed in writing of the outcome of the investigation.
- C. All notifications shall be subject to state and/or federal laws protecting the confidentiality of personally identifiable student information. Pursuant to 34 CFR Part 99.30, a school administrator may seek the consent of the parent/guardian of the accused student, or the accused eligible student (if 18 or older, the accused student has the ability to consent), in order to inform the complainant of any

disciplinary action taken in cases where the school determined that an act(s) of harassment, hazing, and/or bullying, or other misconduct occurred. The parent/guardian or eligible student shall provide a signed and dated written consent before an educational agency or institution discloses personally identifiable information from the student's education records.

III. Investigating Hazing, Harassment and/or Bullying Complaints

- A. <u>Initiation of Investigation Timing</u>. Unless special circumstances are present and documented, such as reports to the Department for Children and Families ("DCF") or the police, the school administrator shall, no later than one school day after notice to a designated employee, initiate or cause to be initiated, an investigation of the allegations, which the school administrator reasonably believes may constitute harassment, hazing or bullying.
- **B.** <u>Investigator Assignment</u>. The school administrator shall assign a person to conduct the investigation; nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the school administrator from assigning him/herself.themself or a designated employee as the investigator. No person who is the subject of a complaint shall conduct such an investigation.
- C. <u>Interim Measures</u>. It may be appropriate for the school to take interim measures during the investigation of a complaint. For instance, if a student alleges that or she has they have been sexually assaulted by another student, the school may decide to place the students immediately in separate classes and/or transportation pending the results of the school's investigation. Similarly, if the alleged harasser is a teacher, allowing the student to transfer to a different class may be appropriate. In all cases, the school will make every effort to prevent disclosure of the names of all parties involved – the complainant, the witnesses, and the accused -- except to the extent necessary to carry out the investigation. In all cases where physical harm has resulted and/or where the targeted student is known to be expressing suicidal ideation, or experiencing serious emotional harm, a safety plan will be put in place. Safety plans must also be considered in cases where the targeted student is known to have difficulty accessing the educational programs at the school as a result of the inappropriate behavior. No contact orders, or their enforcement, may also be appropriate interim measures.
- Due Process. The United States Constitution guarantees due process to students and district employees who are accused of certain types of infractions, including but not limited to sexual harassment under Federal Title IX. The rights established under Title IX must be interpreted consistent with any federally guaranteed due process rights involved in a complaint proceeding, including but not limited to the ability of the complainant and the accused to present witnesses and other evidence during an investigation. The district will ensure that steps to accord due process rights do not restrict or unnecessarily delay the protections provided by Title IX to the complainant.

- E. Standard Used to Assess Conduct. In determining whether the conduct constitutes a violation of this policy, the investigator shall consider the surrounding circumstances, the nature of the behavior, past incidents or past or continuing patterns of behavior, the relationships between the parties involved and the context in which the alleged incidents occurred. The complainant and accused will be provided the opportunity to present witnesses and other evidence during an investigation. The school will also consider the impact of relevant off-campus conduct on the school environment where direct harm to the welfare of the school can be demonstrated or the conduct can be shown to pose a clear and substantial interference with another student's equal access to educational programs. Whether a particular action constitutes a violation of this policy requires determination based on all the facts and surrounding circumstances.
- **F**. <u>Completion of Investigation Timing</u>. No later than five school days from the filing of the complaint with the designated employee, unless special circumstances are present and documented, the investigator shall submit a written initial determination to the school administrator.
- G. <u>Investigation Report</u>. The investigator shall prepare a written report to include a statement of the findings of the investigator as to whether the allegations have been substantiated, and as to whether the alleged conduct constitutes hazing, harassment and/or bullying. The report, when referencing student conduct, is a student record and therefore confidential. It will be made available to investigators in the context of a review conducted by either Vermont AOE, or investigations of harassment conducted by the Vermont Human Rights Commission or U.S. Department of Education Office of Civil Rights.
- **H**. <u>Notice to Students/Parents/Guardians</u>. Within five school days of the conclusion of the investigation, the designated employee shall:
 - i. Notify in writing both the complainant and accused individual (or if either is a minor inform their respective parent or guardian) that:
 - 1. the investigation has been completed;
 - 2. whether or not the investigation concluded that a policy violation occurred (and which policy term was violated, i.e. harassment, hazing and/or bullying);
 - 3. that federal privacy law prevents disclosure of any discipline imposed as a result of the investigation unless the parent/guardian of the accused student and/or the accused eligible student consents to such disclosure, pursuant to 34 CFR Part 99.30, as set forth in Section II, Part C, above.
 - ii. Notify the Complainant Student or if a minor, their parent(s) or guardian in writing of their rights to:
 - 1. an internal review by the school of its initial determination as a result of its investigation as to whether harassment occurred;
 - 2. request an Independent Review of the school's "final" determination as to whether harassment occurred within thirty (30) days of the final determination or although a "final" determination was made that harassment indeed occurred the school's response to that harassment was inadequate to correct

- the problem; and that the review will be conducted by an investigator to be selected by the superintendent from a list developed by the Agency of Education:
- 3. file complaints of harassment with either the Vermont Human Rights Commission and/or the federal Department of Education's Office of Civil Rights.
- iii. Notify the Accused Student or if a minor, their parent(s) or guardian in writing of their right to appeal as set forth in Section V of these procedures.
- I. <u>Violations of Other Policies</u>. In cases where the investigation has identified other conduct that may constitute a violation of other school disciplinary policies or codes of conduct, the designated employee shall report such conduct to the school administrator for action in accordance with relevant school policies or codes of conduct.

IV. Responding to Substantiated Claims

- **A.** <u>Scope of Response</u>. After a final determination that an act(s) of hazing, harassment and/or bullying has been committed, the school shall take prompt and appropriate disciplinary and/or remedial action reasonably calculated to stop the hazing, harassment and/or bullying and prevent any recurrence of harassment, hazing and/or bullying, and remedy its effects on the victim(s). In so doing, the following should be considered:
 - i. Potential Remedial Actions. Remedial action may include but not be limited to an age appropriate warning, reprimand, education, training and counseling, transfer, suspension, and/or expulsion of a student, and warning, reprimand, education, training and counseling, transfer, suspension and/or termination of an employee. A series of escalating consequences may be necessary if the initial steps are ineffective in stopping the hazing, harassment and/or bullying. To prevent recurrences counseling for the offender may be appropriate to ensure that he or shethey understands what constitutes hazing/harassment and/or bullying and the effects it can have. Depending on how widespread the hazing/harassment/bullying was and whether there have been any prior incidents, the school may need to provide training for the larger school community to ensure that students, parents and teachers can recognize hazing/harassment/bullying if it recurs and know how to respond.
 - ii. School Access/Environment Considerations. The district will also take efforts to support victims' access to the district's programs, services and activities and consider and implement school-wide remedies, where appropriate. Accordingly, steps will be taken to eliminate any hostile and/or threatening environment that has been created. For example, if a female student has been subjected to harassment/bullying by a group of other students in a class, the school may need to deliver special training or other interventions for that class to repair the educational environment. If the school offers the student the option of withdrawing from a class in which a hostile environment/bullying occurred, the district will assist the student in making program or schedule changes and ensure that none of the changes adversely affect the student's

academic record. Other measures may include, if appropriate, directing a bully/harasser to apologize to the affected student. If a hostile environment has affected the entire school or campus, an effective response may need to include dissemination of information, the issuance of new policy statements or other steps that are designed to clearly communicate the message that the school does not tolerate harassment and/or bullying and will be responsive to any student who reports that conduct.

- iii. <u>Hazing Case Considerations</u>. Appropriate penalties or sanctions or both for organizations that or individuals who engage in hazing and revocation or suspension of an organization's permission to operate or exist within the institution's purview if that organization knowingly permits, authorizes, or condones hazing.
- iv. Other Remedies: Other remedies may include providing counseling to the victim(s) and/or the perpetrator(s), and additional safety planning measures for the victim(s).
- **B.** Retaliation Prevention. It is unlawful for any person to retaliate against a person who has filed a complaint of harassment or against a person who assists or participates in an investigation, proceeding or hearing related to the harassment complaint. A person may violate this anti-retaliation provision regardless of whether the underlying complaint of harassment is substantiated.

The district will take reasonable steps to prevent any retaliation against the student who made the complaint (or was the subject of the harassment), against the person who filed a complaint on behalf of a student, or against those who provided information as witnesses. At a minimum, this includes making sure that the students and their parents, and those witnesses involved in the school's investigation, know how to report any subsequent problems and making follow-up inquiries to see if there are have been any new incidents or any retaliation.

C. Alternative Dispute Resolution. At all stages of the investigation and determination process, school officials are encouraged to make available to complainants alternative dispute resolution methods, such as mediation, for resolving complaints. Certain considerations should be made before pursuing alternative dispute resolution methods, including, but not limited to:

(1) the nature of the accusations (for example, face-to-face mediation is not appropriate for sexual violence cases), (2) the age of the complainant and the accused individual, (3) the agreement of the complainant, and (4) other relevant factors such as any disability of the target or accused individual, safety issues, the relationship and relative power differential between the target and accused individual, or any history of repeated misconduct/harassment by the accused individual.

V. Post Investigative Reviews

Rights of Complainants

A. <u>Internal Review of Initial Harassment Determinations By Complainant.</u>

A complainant or parent of a complainant may request internal review by the district of a designee's initial determination (following investigation) that harassment has not occurred via written request submitted to the district superintendent. All levels of internal review of the investigator's initial determination, and the issuance of a final decision, shall, unless special circumstances are present and documented by the district, be completed within thirty (30) calendar days after review is requested.

B. Independent Reviews of Final Harassment Determinations By Complainant. A complainant may request an independent review within thirty (30) days of a final determination if s/he: (1) is dissatisfied with the final determination as to whether harassment occurred, or (2) believes that although a final determination was made that harassment occurred, the school's response was inadequate to correct the problem.

The complainant shall make such a request in writing to the superintendent of schools within thirty (30) days of a final determination. Upon such request, the superintendent shall promptly initiate an independent review by a neutral person as described under 16 V.S.A. § 570a. (b)(1) and shall cooperate with the independent reviewer so that s/he may proceed expeditiously. The review shall consist of an interview of the complainant and relevant school officials and a review of the written materials from the school's investigation.

Upon completion of the independent review, the reviewer shall advise the complainant and school officials in writing: (1) as to the sufficiency of the school's investigation, its determination, and/or the steps taken by the school to correct any harassment found to have occurred, and (2) of recommendations of any steps the school might take to prevent further harassment from occurring. A copy of the independent review report shall be sent to the Secretary of Education.

The reviewer shall advise the student of other remedies that may be available if the student remains dissatisfied and, if appropriate, may recommend mediation or other alternative dispute resolution. The independent reviewer shall be considered an agent of the school for the purpose of being able to review confidential student records. The costs of the independent review shall be borne by the district. The district may request an independent review at any stage of the process.

C. Rights to Alternative Harassment Complaint Process. In addition to, or as an alternative to filing a harassment complaint pursuant to this policy, a person may file a harassment complaint with the Vermont Human Rights Commission or the Office for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education at the addresses noted below:

Vermont Human Rights Commission 14-16 Baldwin Street Montpelier, VT 05633-6301 (800) 416-2010 or (802) 828-2480 (voice) (877) 294-9200 (tty) (802) 828-2481 (fax)

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Rights of Accused Students

- A. Appeal. Any person determined to have engaged in an act(s) of hazing, harassment and/or bullying may appeal the determination and/or any related disciplinary action(s) taken, directly to the school board of the school district. The school board shall conduct a review on the record. The standard of review by the school board shall be whether the finding that an act(s) of hazing, harassment, and/or bullying has been committed constitutes an abuse of discretion by the school level fact finder. Appeals should be made to the school board within ten (10) calendar days of receiving the determination that an act(s) of hazing, harassment and/or bullying has occurred and/or any announced discipline. The school board shall set the matter for a review hearing at the next scheduled school board meeting to the extent practicable, but not later than 30 days from receipt of the appeal filing.
- Accused Student/Appellant Access to Investigative Reports/Findings. The school В. district shall make available upon request of the Accused Student/Appellant, any relevant information, documents, materials, etc. related to the investigation and r elated finding on appeal that can be redacted and de-identified in compliance with the requirements set forth at 34 CFR Part 99. For those documents that cannot be provided due to the requirements set forth at 34 CFR Part 99, when an Accused Student/Appellant seeks a review on the record before the school board of the school district, a school administrator may seek the consent of the parent/guardian of the targeted student, or the accused eligible targeted student (if 18 or older, the targeted student has the ability to consent), in order to inform the accused student of the findings which gave rise to the school's determination that an act(s) of harassment, hazing, and/or bullying occurred. The parent/guardian or eligible student shall provide a signed and dated written consent before an educational agency or institution discloses personally identifiable information from the student's education records.

VI. Confidentiality and Record Keeping

A. Privacy Concerns. The privacy of the complainant, the accused individual, and the witnesses shall be maintained consistent with the district's obligations to investigate, to take appropriate action, and to comply with laws governing the disclosure of student records or other applicable discovery or disclosure obligations.

i. Concerns Related to Harassment Complaints. The scope of appropriate response to a harassment complaint may depend upon whether a student or parent of a minor student reporting the harassment asks that the student's name not be disclosed to the harasser or that nothing be done about the alleged harassment. In all cases, school officials will discuss confidentiality standards and concerns with the complainant initially. The school will inform the student that a confidentiality request may limit the school's ability to respond. The school will remind the student that both federal Title IX and Vermont Title 9 prevent retaliation and that if he or she is they are afraid of reprisals from the alleged harasser, the school will takes steps to prevent retaliation and will take strong action if retaliation occurs. If the student continues to ask that his or hertheir name not be revealed, the school should take all reasonable steps to investigate and respond to the complaint consistent with the student's request as long as doing so does not prevent the school from responding effectively to the harassment and preventing harassment of other students.

The school will evaluate the confidentiality request in the context of its responsibility to provide a safe and nondiscriminatory environment for all students. The factors the school might consider in this regard include the seriousness of the alleged harassment, the age of the student harassed, whether there have been other complaints or reports of harassment against the alleged harasser, and the rights of the accused individual to receive information about the accuser and the allegations if a formal proceeding with sanctions may result. If information about the incident is contained in an "education record" of the student alleging the harassment, as defined by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. 1232g, the school will consider whether FERPA prohibits it from disclosing information without the student's consent.

B. <u>Document Maintenance.</u> The superintendent or school administrator shall assure that a record of any complaint, its investigation and disposition, as well as any disciplinary or remedial action taken following the completion of the investigation, is maintained by the district in a confidential file accessible only to authorized persons. All investigation records created in conformance with this policy and procedures, including but not limited to, the complaint form, interview notes, additional evidence, and the investigative report, shall be kept by the equity coordinator, designated employees and district central office for at least six years after the investigation is completed.

VII. Reporting to Other Agencies

A. Reports to Department of Children and Families. When a complaint made pursuant to this policy includes allegations of child abuse, any person responsible for reporting suspected child abuse under 33 V.S.A. § 4911, et seq. must report the allegation to the Commissioner of DCF. If the victim is over the age of 18 and a report of abuse is warranted, the report shall be made to Adult Protective Services in accordance with 33 V.S.A. § 6901 et seq.

B. Reports to Vermont Agency of Education. If a harassment complaint is made in a public school about conduct by a licensed educator that might be grounds under Vermont law for licensing action, the principal shall report the alleged conduct to the superintendent and the superintendent shall report the alleged conduct to the commissioner. If a harassment complaint is made in an independent school about conduct by a licensed educator that might be grounds under Vermont law for licensing action, the head of school is encouraged to report the alleged conduct to the Secretary of Education.

C. Reporting Incidents to Police

- a. <u>FERPA Rights.</u> Information obtained and documented by school administration regarding the school's response to notice of student conduct that may constitute hazing, harassment and/or bullying may constitute an "educational record" regarding the student or student(s) involved as defined by the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act. Accordingly, such information may not be disclosed without prior parent approval to local law enforcement except in response to a lawfully issued subpoena, or in connection with an emergency if disclosure is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals.
- b. <u>First Hand Reports.</u> Nothing in this policy shall preclude persons from reporting incidents and/or conduct witnessed first-hand that may be considered to be a criminal act to law enforcement officials.
- c. <u>Hazing Incidents.</u> It is unlawful to (1) engage in hazing; (2) solicit direct, aid, or attempt to aid, or abet another person engaged in hazing; or (3) knowingly fail to take reasonable measures within the scope of the person's authority to prevent hazing. It is not a defense in an action under this section that the person against whom the hazing was directed consented to or acquiesced in the hazing activity. Hazing incidents will be reported to the police in a manner consistent with the confidentiality rights set forth above in this section.
- **D**. <u>Continuing Obligation to Investigate.</u> Reports made to either DCF or law enforcement shall not be considered to absolve the school administrators of their obligations under this policy to pursue and complete an investigation upon receipt of notice of conduct which may constitute hazing, harassment and/or bullying.

VIII. Disseminating Information, Training, and Data Reporting

A. <u>Disseminating Information</u>. Annually, prior to the commencement of curricular and co-curricular activities, the district shall provide notice of this policy and procedures to students, custodial parents or guardians of students, and staff members, including references to the consequences of misbehavior contained in the plan required by 16 V.S.A. 1161a. Notice to students shall be in ageappropriate language and include examples of hazing, harassment and bullying. At a minimum, this notice shall appear in any publication of the district that sets forth the comprehensive rules, procedures and standards of conduct for the district.

- **B.** <u>Student Training</u>. The school administrator shall use <u>his/hertheir</u> discretion in developing age-appropriate methods of discussing the meaning and substance of this policy with students to help prevent hazing, harassment and bullying.
- **C.** <u>Staff Training</u>. The board or its designee shall ensure that teachers and other staff receive training in preventing, recognizing and responding to hazing, harassment and bullying.
- **D.** <u>Data Gathering</u>. Public school districts shall provide the Vermont Agency of Education with data requested by the Secretary of Education.

Legal References:

Title V, Section B, 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. §794 et seq.;

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. §2000d;

Title IX of the Educational Amendments Act of 1972, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681 et seq.; Family Education Rights Privacy Act; 20 U.S.C. §1232g;

Public Accommodations Act, 9 V.S.A. §§4500 et seq.;

Education, Classifications and Definitions, 16 V.S.A. §11(26);(30)(A);(32); Education, 16 V.S.A. §140(a)(1); Education, 16 V.S.A. §166(e);

Education, Bullying, 16 V.S.A. §570c;

Education, Harassment, Hazing and Bullying, 16 V.S.A. § 570; Education, Harassment, 16 V.S.A. §570a;

Education, Harassment, 16 V.S.A. §570c; Education, Harassment, 16 V.S.A. §570f;

Education, Hazing, 16 V.S.A. §570b; Education, Hazing, 16 V.S.A. §570f Education,

Discipline, 16 V.S.A. §1161a;

Education, Suspension or Expulsion of Pupils; 16 V.S.A. §1162; Child Abuse, 33 V.S.A. §§4911 et seq.;

Adult Protective Services, 33 V.S.A. §6901 <u>et seq.</u>, all as they may be amended from time to time.

Washington v. Pierce, 179 VT 318 (2005).

WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT PROCEDURES ON THE PREVENTION OF HARASSMENT, HAZING AND BULLYING OF STUDENTS

I. Reporting Complaints of Hazing, Harassment and/or Bullying

- A. <u>Student Reporting</u>: Any student who believes that they have been hazed, harassed and/or bullied under this policy, or who witnesses or has knowledge of conduct that they reasonably believe might constitute hazing, harassment and or/bullying, should promptly report the conduct to a designated employee or any other school employee.
- **B.** School employee reporting: Any school employee who **witnesses conduct** that they reasonably believe might constitute hazing, harassment and/or bullying shall take reasonable action to stop the conduct and to prevent its recurrence and immediately report it to a designated employee and immediately complete a Student Conduct Form.

Any school employee **who overhears or directly receives information** about conduct that might constitute hazing, harassment and/or bullying shall immediately report the information to a designated employee and immediately complete a Student Conduct Form. If one of the designated employees is a person alleged to be engaged in the conduct complained of, the incident shall be immediately reported to the other designated employee or the school administrator.

- C. Other reporting: Any other person who witnesses conduct that they reasonably believe might constitute hazing, harassment and/or bullying under this policy should promptly report the conduct to a designated employee.
- Documentation of the report: If the complaint is oral, the designated employee shall promptly reduce the complaint to writing in a Student Conduct Form, including the time, place, and nature of the alleged conduct, the identity of the complainant, alleged perpetrator, and any witnesses. Both the complainant and the alleged perpetrator will have the right to present witnesses and other evidence in support of their position.
- E. False complaint: Any person who knowingly makes a false accusation regarding hazing, harassment and/or bullying may be subject to disciplinary action up to and including suspension and expulsion with regard to students, or up to and including discharge with regard to employees. There shall be no adverse action taken against a person for reporting a complaint of hazing, harassment and/or bullying when the person has a good faith belief that hazing, harassment and/or bullying occurred or is occurring.
- **F.** <u>Rights to Alternative Complaint Process:</u> In addition to, or as an alternative to filing a harassment complaint pursuant to this policy, a person may file a harassment complaint with the Vermont Human Rights Commission or the

Office for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education at the addresses noted below:

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II. Responding to Notice of Possible Policy Violation(s)

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 - ii. Promptly inform the school administrator(s) of the information;
 - iii. If in the judgment of the school administrator, the information alleges conduct which may constitute harassment, hazing or bullying, the school administrator shall, as soon as reasonably possible, provide a copy of the policy on hazing, harassment and bullying and these procedures to the complainant and accused individual, or if either is a minor, cause a copy to be provided or delivered to their respective parent or guardian.
- **B.** Upon initiation of an investigation, the designated employee shall:
 - i. Notify in writing both the complainant and accused individual (or if either is a minor inform their respective parent or guardian) that:
 - 1. an investigation has been initiated;
 - 2. retaliation is prohibited;
 - 3. all parties have certain confidentiality rights; and
 - 4. they will be informed in writing of the outcome of the investigation.
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- **B.** <u>Investigator Assignment</u>. The school administrator shall assign a person to conduct the investigation; nothing herein shall be construed to preclude the school administrator from assigning themself or a designated employee as the investigator. No person who is the subject of a complaint shall conduct such an investigation.
- C. <u>Interim Measures</u>. It may be appropriate for the school to take interim measures during the investigation of a complaint. For instance, if a student alleges that they have been sexually assaulted by another student, the school may decide to place the students immediately in separate classes and/or transportation pending the results of the school's investigation. Similarly, if the alleged harasser is a teacher, allowing the student to transfer to a different class may be appropriate. In all cases, the school will make every effort to prevent disclosure of the names of all parties involved – the complainant, the witnesses, and the accused -- except to the extent necessary to carry out the investigation. In all cases where physical harm has resulted and/or where the targeted student is known to be expressing suicidal ideation, or experiencing serious emotional harm, a safety plan will be put in place. Safety plans must also be considered in cases where the targeted student is known to have difficulty accessing the educational programs at the school as a result of the inappropriate behavior. No contact orders, or their enforcement, may also be appropriate interim measures.
- Due Process. The United States Constitution guarantees due process to students and district employees who are accused of certain types of infractions, including but not limited to sexual harassment under Federal Title IX. The rights established under Title IX must be interpreted consistent with any federally guaranteed due process rights involved in a complaint proceeding, including but not limited to the ability of the complainant and the accused to present witnesses and other evidence during an investigation. The district will ensure that steps to accord due process rights do not restrict or unnecessarily delay the protections provided by Title IX to the complainant.
- **E**. <u>Standard Used to Assess Conduct</u>. In determining whether the conduct constitutes a violation of this policy, the investigator shall consider the surrounding

circumstances, the nature of the behavior, past incidents or past or continuing patterns of behavior, the relationships between the parties involved and the context in which the alleged incidents occurred. The complainant and accused will be provided the opportunity to present witnesses and other evidence during an investigation. The school will also consider the impact of relevant off-campus conduct on the school environment where direct harm to the welfare of the school can be demonstrated or the conduct can be shown to pose a clear and substantial interference with another student's equal access to educational programs. Whether a particular action constitutes a violation of this policy requires determination based on all the facts and surrounding circumstances.

- **F**. <u>Completion of Investigation Timing</u>. No later than five school days from the filing of the complaint with the designated employee, unless special circumstances are present and documented, the investigator shall submit a written initial determination to the school administrator.
- G. <u>Investigation Report</u>. The investigator shall prepare a written report to include a statement of the findings of the investigator as to whether the allegations have been substantiated, and as to whether the alleged conduct constitutes hazing, harassment and/or bullying. The report, when referencing student conduct, is a student record and therefore confidential. It will be made available to investigators in the context of a review conducted by either Vermont AOE, or investigations of harassment conducted by the Vermont Human Rights Commission or U.S. Department of Education Office of Civil Rights.
- **H**. <u>Notice to Students/Parents/Guardians</u>. Within five school days of the conclusion of the investigation, the designated employee shall:
 - i. Notify in writing both the complainant and accused individual (or if either is a minor inform their respective parent or guardian) that:
 - 1. the investigation has been completed;
 - 2. whether or not the investigation concluded that a policy violation occurred (and which policy term was violated, i.e. harassment, hazing and/or bullying);
 - 3. that federal privacy law prevents disclosure of any discipline imposed as a result of the investigation unless the parent/guardian of the accused student and/or the accused eligible student consents to such disclosure, pursuant to 34 CFR Part 99.30, as set forth in Section II, Part C, above.
 - ii. Notify the Complainant Student or if a minor, their parent(s) or guardian in writing of their rights to:
 - 1. an internal review by the school of its initial determination as a result of its investigation as to whether harassment occurred;
 - 2. request an Independent Review of the school's "final" determination as to whether harassment occurred within thirty (30) days of the final determination or although a "final" determination was made that harassment indeed occurred the school's response to that harassment was inadequate to correct the problem; and that the review will be conducted by an investigator to be selected by the superintendent from a list developed by the Agency of Education;

- 3. file complaints of harassment with either the Vermont Human Rights Commission and/or the federal Department of Education's Office of Civil Rights.
- iii. Notify the Accused Student or if a minor, their parent(s) or guardian in writing of their right to appeal as set forth in Section V of these procedures.
- I. <u>Violations of Other Policies</u>. In cases where the investigation has identified other conduct that may constitute a violation of other school disciplinary policies or codes of conduct, the designated employee shall report such conduct to the school administrator for action in accordance with relevant school policies or codes of conduct.

IV. Responding to Substantiated Claims

- **A.** <u>Scope of Response</u>. After a final determination that an act(s) of hazing, harassment and/or bullying has been committed, the school shall take prompt and appropriate disciplinary and/or remedial action reasonably calculated to stop the hazing, harassment and/or bullying and prevent any recurrence of harassment, hazing and/or bullying, and remedy its effects on the victim(s). In so doing, the following should be considered:
 - i. Potential Remedial Actions. Remedial action may include but not be limited to an age appropriate warning, reprimand, education, training and counseling, transfer, suspension, and/or expulsion of a student, and warning, reprimand, education, training and counseling, transfer, suspension and/or termination of an employee. A series of escalating consequences may be necessary if the initial steps are ineffective in stopping the hazing, harassment and/or bullying. To prevent recurrences counseling for the offender may be appropriate to ensure that they understand what constitutes hazing/harassment and/or bullying and the effects it can have. Depending on how widespread the hazing/harassment/bullying was and whether there have been any prior incidents, the school may need to provide training for the larger school community to ensure that students, parents and teachers can recognize hazing/harassment/bullying if it recurs and know how to respond.
 - ii. School Access/Environment Considerations. The district will also take efforts to support victims' access to the district's programs, services and activities and consider and implement school-wide remedies, where appropriate. Accordingly, steps will be taken to eliminate any hostile and/or threatening environment that has been created. For example, if a female student has been subjected to harassment/bullying by a group of other students in a class, the school may need to deliver special training or other interventions for that class to repair the educational environment. If the school offers the student the option of withdrawing from a class in which a hostile environment/bullying occurred, the district will assist the student in making program or schedule changes and ensure that none of the changes adversely affect the student's academic record. Other measures may include, if appropriate, directing a bully/harasser to apologize to the affected student. If a hostile environment has affected the entire school or campus, an effective response may need to include dissemination of information, the issuance of new policy statements or

- other steps that are designed to clearly communicate the message that the school does not tolerate harassment and/or bullying and will be responsive to any student who reports that conduct.
- iii. <u>Hazing Case Considerations</u>. Appropriate penalties or sanctions or both for organizations that or individuals who engage in hazing and revocation or suspension of an organization's permission to operate or exist within the institution's purview if that organization knowingly permits, authorizes, or condones hazing.
- iv. Other Remedies: Other remedies may include providing counseling to the victim(s) and/or the perpetrator(s), and additional safety planning measures for the victim(s).
- **B.** Retaliation Prevention. It is unlawful for any person to retaliate against a person who has filed a complaint of harassment or against a person who assists or participates in an investigation, proceeding or hearing related to the harassment complaint. A person may violate this anti-retaliation provision regardless of whether the underlying complaint of harassment is substantiated.
 - The district will take reasonable steps to prevent any retaliation against the student who made the complaint (or was the subject of the harassment), against the person who filed a complaint on behalf of a student, or against those who provided information as witnesses. At a minimum, this includes making sure that the students and their parents, and those witnesses involved in the school's investigation, know how to report any subsequent problems and making follow-up inquiries to see if there are have been any new incidents or any retaliation.
- C. Alternative Dispute Resolution. At all stages of the investigation and determination process, school officials are encouraged to make available to complainants alternative dispute resolution methods, such as mediation, for resolving complaints. Certain considerations should be made before pursuing alternative dispute resolution methods, including, but not limited to:

 (1) the nature of the accusations (for example, face-to-face mediation is not appropriate for sexual violence cases), (2) the age of the complainant and the accused individual, (3) the agreement of the complainant, and (4) other relevant factors such as any disability of the target or accused individual, safety issues, the relationship and relative power differential between the target and accused individual, or any history of repeated misconduct/harassment by the accused individual.

V. Post Investigative Reviews

Rights of Complainants

A. Internal Review of Initial Harassment Determinations By Complainant.

A complainant or parent of a complainant may request internal review by the district of a designee's initial determination (following investigation) that harassment has not occurred via written request submitted to the district superintendent. All levels of internal review of the investigator's initial

determination, and the issuance of a final decision, shall, unless special circumstances are present and documented by the district, be completed within thirty (30) calendar days after review is requested.

B. Independent Reviews of Final Harassment Determinations By Complainant. A complainant may request an independent review within thirty (30) days of a final determination if s/he: (1) is dissatisfied with the final determination as to whether harassment occurred, or (2) believes that although a final determination was made that harassment occurred, the school's response was inadequate to correct the problem.

The complainant shall make such a request in writing to the superintendent of schools within thirty (30) days of a final determination. Upon such request, the superintendent shall promptly initiate an independent review by a neutral person as described under 16 V.S.A. § 570a. (b)(1) and shall cooperate with the independent reviewer so that s/he may proceed expeditiously. The review shall consist of an interview of the complainant and relevant school officials and a review of the written materials from the school's investigation.

Upon completion of the independent review, the reviewer shall advise the complainant and school officials in writing: (1) as to the sufficiency of the school's investigation, its determination, and/or the steps taken by the school to correct any harassment found to have occurred, and (2) of recommendations of any steps the school might take to prevent further harassment from occurring. A copy of the independent review report shall be sent to the Secretary of Education.

The reviewer shall advise the student of other remedies that may be available if the student remains dissatisfied and, if appropriate, may recommend mediation or other alternative dispute resolution. The independent reviewer shall be considered an agent of the school for the purpose of being able to review confidential student records. The costs of the independent review shall be borne by the district. The district may request an independent review at any stage of the process.

C. Rights to Alternative Harassment Complaint Process. In addition to, or as an alternative to filing a harassment complaint pursuant to this policy, a person may file a harassment complaint with the Vermont Human Rights Commission or the Office for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education at the addresses noted below:

Vermont Human Rights Commission 14-16 Baldwin Street Montpelier, VT 05633-6301 (800) 416-2010 or (802) 828-2480 (voice) (877) 294-9200 (tty) (802) 828-2481 (fax)

Email: human.rights@state.vt.us

Office for Civil Rights, Boston Office U.S. Department of Education 8th Floor 5 Post Office Square Boston, MA 02109-3921 617-289-0111 (voice) 877-521-2172 (tdd) 617-289-0150 (fax)

Rights of Accused Students

Email: OCR.Boston@ed.gov

- A. Appeal. Any person determined to have engaged in an act(s) of hazing, harassment and/or bullying may appeal the determination and/or any related disciplinary action(s) taken, directly to the school board of the school district. The school board shall conduct a review on the record. The standard of review by the school board shall be whether the finding that an act(s) of hazing, harassment, and/or bullying has been committed constitutes an abuse of discretion by the school level fact finder. Appeals should be made to the school board within ten (10) calendar days of receiving the determination that an act(s) of hazing, harassment and/or bullying has occurred and/or any announced discipline. The school board shall set the matter for a review hearing at the next scheduled school board meeting to the extent practicable, but not later than 30 days from receipt of the appeal filing.
- Accused Student/Appellant Access to Investigative Reports/Findings. The school В. district shall make available upon request of the Accused Student/Appellant, any relevant information, documents, materials, etc. related to the investigation and r elated finding on appeal that can be redacted and de-identified in compliance with the requirements set forth at 34 CFR Part 99. For those documents that cannot be provided due to the requirements set forth at 34 CFR Part 99, when an Accused Student/Appellant seeks a review on the record before the school board of the school district, a school administrator may seek the consent of the parent/guardian of the targeted student, or the accused eligible targeted student (if 18 or older, the targeted student has the ability to consent), in order to inform the accused student of the findings which gave rise to the school's determination that an act(s) of harassment, hazing, and/or bullying occurred. The parent/guardian or eligible student shall provide a signed and dated written consent before an educational agency or institution discloses personally identifiable information from the student's education records.

VI. Confidentiality and Record Keeping

- **A.** Privacy Concerns. The privacy of the complainant, the accused individual, and the witnesses shall be maintained consistent with the district's obligations to investigate, to take appropriate action, and to comply with laws governing the disclosure of student records or other applicable discovery or disclosure obligations.
 - i. <u>Concerns Related to Harassment Complaints</u>. The scope of appropriate response to a harassment complaint may depend upon whether a student or parent of a minor student reporting the harassment asks that the student's name not be disclosed to the harasser or that nothing be done about the

alleged harassment. In all cases, school officials will discuss confidentiality standards and concerns with the complainant initially. The school will inform the student that a confidentiality request may limit the school's ability to respond. The school will remind the student that both federal Title IX and Vermont Title 9 prevent retaliation and that if they are afraid of reprisals from the alleged harasser, the school will takes steps to prevent retaliation and will take strong action if retaliation occurs. If the student continues to ask that their name not be revealed, the school should take all reasonable steps to investigate and respond to the complaint consistent with the student's request as long as doing so does not prevent the school from responding effectively to the harassment and preventing harassment of other students.

The school will evaluate the confidentiality request in the context of its responsibility to provide a safe and nondiscriminatory environment for all students. The factors the school might consider in this regard include the seriousness of the alleged harassment, the age of the student harassed, whether there have been other complaints or reports of harassment against the alleged harasser, and the rights of the accused individual to receive information about the accuser and the allegations if a formal proceeding with sanctions may result. If information about the incident is contained in an "education record" of the student alleging the harassment, as defined by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA), 20 U.S.C. 1232g, the school will consider whether FERPA prohibits it from disclosing information without the student's consent.

B. <u>Document Maintenance.</u> The superintendent or school administrator shall assure that a record of any complaint, its investigation and disposition, as well as any disciplinary or remedial action taken following the completion of the investigation, is maintained by the district in a confidential file accessible only to authorized persons. All investigation records created in conformance with this policy and procedures, including but not limited to, the complaint form, interview notes, additional evidence, and the investigative report, shall be kept by the equity coordinator, designated employees and district central office for at least six years after the investigation is completed.

VII. Reporting to Other Agencies

- A. Reports to Department of Children and Families. When a complaint made pursuant to this policy includes allegations of child abuse, any person responsible for reporting suspected child abuse under 33 V.S.A. § 4911, et seq. must report the allegation to the Commissioner of DCF. If the victim is over the age of 18 and a report of abuse is warranted, the report shall be made to Adult Protective Services in accordance with 33 V.S.A. § 6901 et seq.
 - **B.** Reports to Vermont Agency of Education. If a harassment complaint is made in a public school about conduct by a licensed educator that might be grounds under Vermont law for licensing action, the principal shall report the alleged conduct to the superintendent and the superintendent shall report the alleged conduct to the commissioner. If a harassment complaint is made in an independent school about conduct by a licensed educator that might be grounds

under Vermont law for licensing action, the head of school is encouraged to report the alleged conduct to the Secretary of Education.

C. Reporting Incidents to Police

- a. <u>FERPA Rights.</u> Information obtained and documented by school administration regarding the school's response to notice of student conduct that may constitute hazing, harassment and/or bullying may constitute an "educational record" regarding the student or student(s) involved as defined by the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act. Accordingly, such information may not be disclosed without prior parent approval to local law enforcement except in response to a lawfully issued subpoena, or in connection with an emergency if disclosure is necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other individuals.
- b. <u>First Hand Reports.</u> Nothing in this policy shall preclude persons from reporting incidents and/or conduct witnessed first-hand that may be considered to be a criminal act to law enforcement officials.
- c. <u>Hazing Incidents.</u> It is unlawful to (1) engage in hazing; (2) solicit direct, aid, or attempt to aid, or abet another person engaged in hazing; or (3) knowingly fail to take reasonable measures within the scope of the person's authority to prevent hazing. It is not a defense in an action under this section that the person against whom the hazing was directed consented to or acquiesced in the hazing activity. Hazing incidents will be reported to the police in a manner consistent with the confidentiality rights set forth above in this section.
- **D**. Continuing Obligation to Investigate. Reports made to either DCF or law enforcement shall not be considered to absolve the school administrators of their obligations under this policy to pursue and complete an investigation upon receipt of notice of conduct which may constitute hazing, harassment and/or bullying.

VIII. Disseminating Information, Training, and Data Reporting

- A. <u>Disseminating Information</u>. Annually, prior to the commencement of curricular and co-curricular activities, the district shall provide notice of this policy and procedures to students, custodial parents or guardians of students, and staff members, including references to the consequences of misbehavior contained in the plan required by 16 V.S.A. 1161a. Notice to students shall be in ageappropriate language and include examples of hazing, harassment and bullying. At a minimum, this notice shall appear in any publication of the district that sets forth the comprehensive rules, procedures and standards of conduct for the district.
- **B.** Student Training. The school administrator shall use their discretion in developing age-appropriate methods of discussing the meaning and substance of this policy with students to help prevent hazing, harassment and bullying.
- **C.** <u>Staff Training</u>. The board or its designee shall ensure that teachers and other staff receive training in preventing, recognizing and responding to hazing, harassment and bullying.

D. <u>Data Gathering</u>. Public school districts shall provide the Vermont Agency of Education with data requested by the Secretary of Education.

Legal References:

Title V, Section B, 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, 29 U.S.C. §794 et seq.;

Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, 42 U.S.C. §2000d;

Title IX of the Educational Amendments Act of 1972, 20 U.S.C. §§ 1681 et seq.; Family Education Rights Privacy Act; 20 U.S.C. §1232g;

Public Accommodations Act, 9 V.S.A. §§4500 et seq.;

Education, Classifications and Definitions, 16 V.S.A. §11(26);(30)(A);(32); Education, 16 V.S.A. §140(a)(1); Education, 16 V.S.A. §166(e);

Education, Bullying, 16 V.S.A. §570c;

Education, Harassment, Hazing and Bullying, 16 V.S.A. § 570; Education, Harassment, 16 V.S.A. §570a;

Education, Harassment, 16 V.S.A. §570c; Education, Harassment, 16 V.S.A. §570f;

Education, Hazing, 16 V.S.A. §570b; Education, Hazing, 16 V.S.A. §570f Education,

Discipline, 16 V.S.A. §1161a;

Education, Suspension or Expulsion of Pupils; 16 V.S.A. §1162; Child Abuse, 33 V.S.A. §§4911 et seq.;

Adult Protective Services, 33 V.S.A. §6901 <u>et seq.</u>, all as they may be amended from time to time.

Washington v. Pierce, 179 VT 318 (2005).

Required

WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

Board of Directors' Policy

C11
6/1/19
6/12/19

7/1/19

STUDENT FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION IN SCHOOL-SPONSORED MEDIA

Freedom of expression is a fundamental principle in a democratic society that provides all citizens, including students, with the right to engage in a robust discussion of ideas. It is the policy of the Washington Central Unified Union School District to ensure that students enjoy free speech and free press protections related to school-sponsored media, and to encourage students to become educated, informed, and responsible members of society.

EFFECTIVE:

No expression made by students in school-sponsored media shall be deemed to be an expression of school policy.

Definitions

"Media advisor" means a person employed, appointed, or designated by the district/supervisory union to provide instruction relating to school-sponsored media.

"School-sponsored media" means any material prepared, written, published, or broadcast as part of a school-supported program or activity by a student journalist that is distributed or generally made available as part of a school-supported program or activity to an audience beyond the classroom in which the material is produced.

"Student journalist" means a student enrolled in the district/supervisory union who gathers, complies, writes, edits, photographs, records or prepares information for dissemination in school-sponsored media.

"Student supervisor" means a student who is responsible for editing school-sponsored media.

Implementation

Subject only to the conditions 1-6 below, a student journalist may exercise freedom of speech and freedom of the press in school-sponsored media. Student supervisors of school-sponsored media are responsible for determining the content of their respective media.

This policy does not authorize or protect content of school-sponsored media that:

- 1. Is libelous or slanderous;
- 2. Constitutes an unwarranted invasion of privacy;
- 3. May be defined as obscene, gratuitously profane, threatening or intimidating;
- 4. May be defined as harassment, hazing, or bullying under Title 16 § 11;
- 5. Violates federal or state law; or
- 6. Creates the imminent danger of materially or substantially disrupting the ability of the school to perform its educational mission.

District staff may restrain the distribution of content in school-sponsored media that can be demonstrated to violate any of the conditions 1-6 above.

Content in school-sponsored media will not be restrained solely because it involves political or controversial subject matter, or is critical of the school or its administration. A student journalist may not be disciplined for acting in accordance with this policy.

A media advisor may not be disciplined for taking reasonable and appropriate action to protect a student journalist in conduct protected by this policy or for refusing to infringe on conduct that is protected by this policy, by the first amendment to the U.S. Constitution, or by the Vermont Constitution.

Legal Reference: 16 V.S.A. § 1623

Required WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT Board of Directors' Policy ADOPTED: 6/12/19 EFFECTIVE: 7/1/19

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Recommended

WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

Board of Directors' Policy

POLICY: C20

WARNED: 6/7/19

ADOPTED: 6/26/19

EFFECTIVE: 7/1/19

STUDENT CONDUCT AND DISCIPLINE

The Board of School Directors is committed to fostering healthy, safe places for children to learn and grow.

In the context of this purpose, discipline should be designed to help move a child from a dependency upon external controls for managing behavior to developing the internal controls necessary for managing one's own behavior.

Student Expectations: Students are expected to conduct themselves in a manner that is respectful of: others, property, and their own well-being. Students are expected to be responsible for attendance, work completion, and cooperation in the classroom and other school environments. Students are expected to follow the rules set forth in the family handbook and by the classroom teacher. Basic rules of student conduct will be stated in a family handbook and distributed to all families.

Responses to student misbehavior will be progressive in nature. When student misbehavior cannot be adequately addressed in the classroom, such options as time-out and planning room will be considered before school removal is contemplated (as delineated in articles 1 through 5).

The principal or <u>his/hertheir</u> designee shall be responsible for carrying out discipline procedures conforming with the following guidelines.

When suspension or expulsion of students is deemed necessary, due process requirements will be followed. The term suspension means removal from school activities for a specified amount of time that is non-negotiable. Once the specified time has elapsed, the student will return to normal school activities, unless otherwise determined by the principal in consultation with the student's parent(s) and teacher(s).

1. **Emergency Removal:** A student who poses a continuing danger to persons or property, or an ongoing threat of disrupting the academic process of the school, shall be immediately removed from the school, or to a place within the school determined by the principal or his/hertheir designee to be sufficiently secure to permit the academic process of the school to continue. The parent or guardian of a student who is to be removed from school will be notified by the principal, or his/hertheir designee. If the parent or guardian cannot be located, the student will be detained at school for the remainder of the school day.

- 2. **In School Detention or Suspensions:** The principal or his/hertheir designee may assign a student to in-school suspension for up to 10 consecutive days. The educational program of a student assigned to in-school suspension shall be continued to an extent determined to be feasible and appropriate by the principal. Students assigned to in-school detention shall be provided with a reasonable opportunity to complete academic assignments. The student and his/hertheir parent or guardian must be given notice of the infraction, an explanation of the evidence against the student, an opportunity for the student to tell his/hertheir side of the story, and a decision in writing to the parent or guardian. If appropriate, the school may provide counseling or related activities designed to bring about an improvement in their behavior. The school will request a parent conference before reinstating the student to pre-suspension status.
- 3. **Suspensions for < Ten Days:** The principal may suspend a student from school for a period of 10 days or less for violations of school rules. Prior to such a suspension, the student and his/hertheir parent or guardian shall be given an opportunity for an informal hearing with the principal or his/hertheir designee. The student and his/hertheir parent or guardian must be given notice of the charges, an explanation of the evidence against the student, an opportunity for the student to tell his/hertheir side of the story, and a decision in writing to the parent or guardian. The student will be responsible for class assignments during his/hertheir period of suspension. The school will request a parent conference before reinstating the student to pre-suspension status.
- 4. **Suspensions for > Ten Days:** The principal may suspend a student for more than 10 days, but for a fixed period of time for misconduct when the misconduct makes the continued presence of the student harmful to the welfare of the school. Long-term suspension must be preceded by notice and formal due process procedures, including the opportunity for a hearing before the board. The student and his/hertheir parents must be notified in writing of the date, time, and place of the hearing and given an opportunity to present evidence, cross-examine witnesses, to be represented by counsel, and receive a written decision within 10 days of the hearing. The notice shall also include a statement of the rule infraction(s) alleged, the potential consequences of the hearing, and a summary of the evidence to be introduced at the hearing. The student will be responsible for class assignments during his/hertheir period of suspension. The school will request a parent conference before reinstating the student to presuspension status.
- 5. **Expulsion:** The superintendent or principal may recommend for expulsion any student whose misconduct makes the continued presence of the student harmful to the welfare of the school. A student may be expelled only after a majority vote of the board supporting the recommendation of the superintendent or principal, preceded by notice and a due process hearing conforming to the requirements set forth in paragraph 4 above.
- 6. A legal pupil who has a disability or suspected of having a disability that has yet to be diagnosed is subject to the due process protections outlined in Articles 1 through 13 of **Rule 4313: Discipline Procedures for Students Eligible for Special Education Services** of the Vermont Department of Education Special Education Regulations.

Legal Reference(s): 16 V.S.A. §1161a, et seq.

Individuals with Disabilities Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973

Vt. State Board of Education Manual of Rules & Practices §4313

Recommended WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT Board of Directors' Policy ADOPTED: 6/26/19 EFFECTIVE: 7/1/19

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Vt. State Board of Education Manual of Rules & Practices §4313

Recommended

WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED	POLICY:	C21
UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT		∠ = 14 0
Board of Directors' Policy	WARNED:	6/7/19
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	EFFECTIVE:	7/1/19

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SEARCH & SEIZURE OF STUDENTS BY SCHOOL PERSONNEL

Policy

In order to provide a safe and orderly school environment, Washington Central Unified Union School District retains the right to examine all its property and to carry out searches or to seize property of students while on school property or at school related events under the guidelines provided in this policy.

I. SCOPE AND GENERAL POLICIES

- A. This policy applies to searches of students' persons, possessions, and vehicles by school administration or teachers.
- B. Searches may be conducted only upon reasonable suspicion that the search will uncover evidence that a student has violated a school rule or policy, or has violated the law, including possession of contraband. Searches will be conducted within the law, will meet the requirements of the state and federal constitutions, and in the least invasive manner possible.
- C. Desks, lockers, textbooks, technological devices and other materials or supplies loaned by the school to students remain the property of the school, and may be opened by school employees for cleaning, maintenance, and emergencies. Pursuant to the policy outlined in section I, subsection B, they may also be searched.
- D. If there is a clear and imminent danger to the health and safety of school individuals, or clear and imminent risk of danger to school property (such as a bomb scare), general searches of school property may be allowed under closely supervised conditions that respect individual rights.

II. DEFINITIONS

As used in this policy:

"Contraband" means weapons, drugs and other illegal substances, or other objects which are evidence of a violation of state or federal law or school policy.

"School property search" means the search of desks, lockers, textbooks and other materials or supplies loaned by the school to a student.

"Possessions search" means a search of the student's pockets, bags, purses and other movable possessions performed by requiring a student to empty those items.

"Vehicle search" means a search of a student's vehicle.

"Person search" means a search of a student's person and may require the student to loosen or remove clothing.

"Student" means a student of Washington Central Unified Union School District schools or of another elementary or secondary school who is participating in Washington Central Unified Union School District activities, or is otherwise on school property.

III. PUBLICATION

The student handbook shall describe student search and seizure procedures, and in particular shall describe the ability of the school to open desks, lockers, textbooks and other materials or supplies loaned by the school to students for routine cleaning and maintenance and in emergencies.

WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED	POLICY:	C30
UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT	WARNED:	6/1/19
Board of Directors' Policy	ADOPTED:	6/26/19
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STUDENT MEDICATION

Washington Central Unified Union School District recognizes that some students are able to attend school because of the effective use of prescription and over the counter medication in the treatment of chronic or acute disabilities or illnesses. It is more desirable for medication to be administered at home; however, any student who needs to take medication during the regular school day must comply with school procedures. It is the policy of the Washington Central Unified Union School District to have procedures in place to assure that medication required by students during the school day will be administered and maintained in a safe manner as directed by the school nurse in collaboration with the student's parent/guardian and health care provider.

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WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED	POLICY:	C32	
UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT	WARNED:	6/1/19	
Board of Directors' Policy	WARNED:	0/1/17	
Doard of Directors Toncy	ADOPTED:	6/26/19	
	EFFECTIVE:	7/1/19	
	EFFECTIVE:	7/1/19	

EIGHTEEN YEAR-OLD STUDENTS

Policy

Eighteen year-old students are subject to all school policies, rules and standards. Except as provided in this policy, report cards, discipline reports and other communications from the school will be provided to responsible parents or guardians of all students regardless of the age of those students.

Permission

Permission slips for participation in field trips or other school activities may be signed by 18 year old students. Eighteen year old students may sign their own absence and late notes, but parents will be notified of absences and tardy incidents for their 18 year old children on the same basis as other students, unless communications from the school are limited to the student only in accord with this policy.

Communications with Parents/Guardians

Students who are 18 years old or older may request, in a manner designated by the superintendent, that communications to their parents or guardians be provided to them as well. The school will comply with these requests.

Students who are 18 years old or older may request, in a manner designated by the superintendent, that all communications from the school be made to them and not to their parents. These requests will be granted by the superintendent or his or hertheir designee only when the student's responsible parents or guardians agree in writing, or when the student shows that he or shethey is are not a dependent student as defined in section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954.

The maintenance and distribution of documents defined by the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 as student records will be governed by that Act and the regulations promulgated pursuant to that Act.

The superintendent or his or hertheir designee shall develop procedures where necessary to implement this policy.

Legal 20 U.S.C. §§1232f-1232j (Family Educational Rights & Privacy Act of

Reference(s): 1974)

34 C.F.R. Part 99

15 V.S.A. §670 (Access to records by divorced parents)

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WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED	POLICY:	C32
UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT	WARNED:	6/1/19
Board of Directors' Policy	ADOPTED:	6/26/19
	EFFECTIVE:	7/1/19

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WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED	POLICY:	C34
Union School District		
	WARNED:	6/1/19
Board of Directors' Policy		
	ADOPTED:	6/26/19
	EFFECTIVE:	7/1/19
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USE OF RESTRAINT AND SECLUSION

Section 1. Statement of Purpose

1.1 It is the policy of this unified union school district that students not be subjected to inappropriate restraint or seclusion as defined by Vermont State Board of Education Rule 4500. It is the district/supervisory union's intent to create and maintain a positive and safe learning environment, and promote positive behavioral interventions and supports in district schools. This policy is further intended to assist in creating a common understanding within the district of appropriate interventions by district staff.

Section 2. Definitions. The following terms, as defined in State Board Rule 4500.3, shall apply to this policy.

- 2.1 **Behavioral Intervention Plan** means a plan that details strategies to address behaviors that impede learning, or are ongoing, and do not readily respond to general intervention or classroom management techniques, by teaching pro-social skills and other positive replacement behaviors. The plan may include positive strategies, program or curricular modifications, and supplementary aids and supports required to address problem behaviors.
- 2.2 **Chemical Restraint** means a drug, medication or chemical used on a student to control behavior or restrict movement that is not:
 - a. Prescribed by a student's licensed physician for the standard treatment of a student's medical or psychiatric condition; and
 - b. Administered as prescribed by the licensed physician.
- 2.3 **Functional Behavioral Assessment** means the analysis of a student's behavior patterns before, during, and after rule-breaking or other inappropriate behavior for the purpose of guiding the development of a behavioral intervention plan.
- 2.4 **Mechanical Restraint** means the use of any device or object that restricts a student's movement or limits a student's sensory or motor functions unless under the direction of a healthcare professional for medical or therapeutic purposes. The term does not include devices implemented by trained school personnel, or utilized by a student for the specific and approved therapeutic and safety purposes for which such devices were designed including:
 - a. Restraints for medical immobilization,
 - b. Adaptive devices or mechanical supports used to achieve proper body position, balance or alignment;

- c. Vehicle safety restraints including a seat belt or harness used for balance or safety on a car or bus; or
- d. Seat belts in wheelchairs or on toilets.

2.5 **Parent** means:

- a. A biological or adoptive parent of the child;
- b. A legal guardian of the child;
- c. A person acting in place of a biological or adoptive parent, including a grandparent, stepparent or other relative with whom the child lives, or a person legally responsible for the child's welfare;
- d. A foster parent or developmental home provider who has been appointed the educational surrogate parent by the educational surrogate parent program; or
- e. An educational surrogate parent.
- 2.6 Physical **Escort** means the temporary touching or holding, without the use of force, of the hand, wrist, arm, or back of a student who is exhibiting minimal resistance for the purpose of directing movement from one place to another.
- 2.7 **Physical Restraint** means the use of physical force to prevent an imminent and substantial risk of bodily harm to the student or others. Physical restraint does not include:
 - a. Momentary periods of physical restriction by direct person-to-person contact, accomplished with limited force and designed either
 - i. to prevent a student from completing an act that would result in potential physical harm to himself/herself or another person; or
 - ii. to remove a disruptive student who is unwilling to leave the area voluntarily;
 - b. The minimum contact necessary to physically escort a student from one place to another;
 - c. Hand-over-hand assistance with feeding or task completion; or
 - d. Techniques prescribed by a qualified medical professional for reason of safety or for therapeutic or medical treatment.
- 2.8 Positive **Behavioral Interventions and Supports** means an approach to preventing and responding to targeted behavior that:
 - a. Is based on evidence-based practices;
 - b. Is proactive and instructional, rather than reactive;
 - c. Can operate on individual, group, classroom, or school wide levels;
 - d. Includes a system of continual data collection; and
 - e. Relies on data-driven decisions.
- 2.9 **Prone Physical Restraint** means holding a student face down on his or her stomach using physical force for the purpose of controlling the student's movement.
- 2.10 **School** means a learning environment receiving public funds or over which the Vermont Department of Education has regulatory authority.
- 2.11 **School Personnel** means individuals working in schools as defined in 4500.3(10) who are employed by the <u>school_district</u> or who perform services for the <u>school_district</u> on a contractual basis, and school resource officers, while acting in that capacity.

- 2.12. **Seclusion** means the confinement of a student alone in a room or area from which the student is prevented or reasonably believes he or she will be prevented from leaving. Seclusion does not include time-out where a student is not left alone and is under adult supervision.
- 2.13 **Substantial Risk** means an imminent threat of bodily harm where there is an ability to enact such harm. Substantial risk shall exist only if all other less restrictive alternatives to defuse the situation have been exhausted or failed or the level of risk prohibits exhausting other means.
- 2.14 **Supine Physical Restraint** means holding a student on his or hertheir back using physical force for the purpose of controlling the student's movement.
- 2.15 **Student** means a student enrolled in a school district as defined in paragraph 10.

Section 3. Policy

- 3.1 The superintendent or his or hertheir designee shall develop administrative procedures to ensure district compliance with the requirements of Vermont State Board of Education Rule 4500. The administrative procedures shall include at least the following components.
- 3.2 Prohibitions against the imposition on students of mechanical or chemical restraints by school district personnel and contract service providers.¹
- 3.3 Prohibitions against the imposition on students of physical restraint in circumstances designated as impermissible by State Board of Education rules.²
- 3.4 Restrictions on the use of physical restraint and seclusion to circumstances allowed by State Board of Education rules, including provisions that allow the inclusion of restraint or seclusion as part of a student's individual safety plan only when that plan meets the conditions set forth in State Board of Education rules, and provisions that require the termination of restraint or seclusion, and the monitoring of students subjected to restraint or seclusion, as established by State Board of Education rules.³
- 3.5 Procedures to ensure that only school district personnel or contract service providers who are trained in the use of restraint and seclusion are authorized to impose restraint or seclusion unless, due to the unforeseeable nature of the danger of a particular circumstance, trained personnel are not immediately available.⁴
- 3.6 Processes to ensure that impositions of restraint or seclusion are reported to school administrators, parents, superintendents and the Commissioner of the Vermont Department of Education under circumstances and within the time limitations required by State Board of Education rules.⁵
- 3.7 Processes to ensure that each school in the district maintains written records of each use of restraint and seclusion in accordance with the requirements of State Board of Education rules.⁶

¹ See Vermont State Board of Education Manual of Rules and Practices Rule 4501.1.

² See SBE Rule 4501.2.

³ See SBE Rule 4502.

⁴ See SBE Rules 4502.3 and 4502.4.

⁵ See SBE Rule 4503.

⁶ See SBE Rule 4504.

- 3.8 Procedures to ensure that each school in the district implements follow-up procedures that are consistent with the requirements of State Board of Education rules.⁷
- 3.9 Annual notification procedures to ensure that each school in the district informs school personnel and parents of students enrolled in the school of the policies and procedures pertaining to the use of physical restraint and seclusion, and the intent of the school to emphasize the use of positive behavioral interventions as well as supports and its intention to avoid the use of physical restraint or seclusion to address targeted student behavior.⁸
- 3.10 Processes for the filing, investigation and resolution of complaints by school_district personnel or parents regarding the use of restraint or seclusion, including the designation of school officials who are authorized to receive complaints. The procedures for resolving complaints shall require that any complaint regarding the use of restraint or seclusion is investigated and written findings are issued within thirty (30) days of the complaint's receipt. If a complaint regarding the use of restraint or seclusion is unresolved at the school building level, it shall be directed to the superintendent in accordance with the complaint processes established by the board in policy B22.9

Section 4. Implementation

The superintendent shall ensure that appropriate staff are provided training by programs recommended by the Vermont Department of Education unless he or shethey submits a plan to the Commissioner of Education demonstrating how a training program not recommended by the Department of Education contains the elements required of recommended programs and meets the purposes of the State Board of Education rules on restraint and seclusion.¹⁰

The superintendent shall report annually to the board on the implementation of the administrative procedures required by this policy, and shall include in his or hertheir report recommendations for changes, if any, to related school district/supervisory union policies or procedures.¹¹

⁷ See SBE Rule 4505.

⁸ See SBE Rule 4506.

⁹ See SBE Rule 4507

¹⁰ See SBE Rule 4509, 4510.

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WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED	POLICY:	C34
UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT		
	WARNED:	6/1/19
Board of Directors' Policy		
	ADOPTED:	6/26/19
	EFFECTIVE:	7/1/19
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- 3.10 Processes for the filing, investigation and resolution of complaints by district personnel or parents regarding the use of restraint or seclusion, including the designation of school officials who are authorized to receive complaints. The procedures for resolving complaints shall require that any complaint regarding the use of restraint or seclusion is investigated and written findings are issued within thirty (30) days of the complaint's receipt. If a complaint regarding the use of restraint or seclusion is unresolved at the school building level, it shall be directed to the superintendent in accordance with the complaint processes established by the board in policy B22.⁹

Section 4. Implementation

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WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED	POLICY:	C45
Union School District	WARNED:	6/1/19
Board of Directors' Policy	ADOPTED:	6/26/19
	EFFECTIVE:	7/1/19
BUS DISCIPLINE	•	

Student Expectations: Students are expected to conduct themselves in a manner that is respectful of others, property, and their own well-being. Students are expected to follow the rules set forth in the family handbook and by the bus driver, which will be distributed to all families.

Students are responsible for their own behavior. The driver is responsible for monitoring behavior. Unmanageable behavior will be reported to the school principal. Parents will be notified by the principal or by his or hertheir designee.

School discipline policies and procedures will be followed. Riding the bus is a privilege and not a right. Under certain circumstances, that privilege could be taken away.

In the event a student is denied transportation privileges for a period of time, parents will be given notice by letter as well as by direct verbal contact when possible. The driver in consultation with the principal or designee may remove a student from the bus when that student's behavior represents a serious immediate threat to the health and safety of fellow passengers and/or the driver. The student's health and safety will be taken into consideration in such instances.

Student behavior may be monitored by video cameras and other monitoring procedures at the discretion of the board. Students' rights of access as stated in Federal Law (IDEA 504 and American Disabilities) will be adhered to.

Bus discipline removal procedures will follow state and federal regulations and due process procedures.

Legal Reference(s): 16 V.S.A. §§1221

WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED	POLICY:	C45
UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT	WARNED:	6/1/19
Board of Directors' Policy	ADOPTED:	6/26/19
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WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED	POLICY:	C46
Union School District		
	WARNED:	6/1/19
Board of Directors' Policy	A D O DEED	CIO CIA D
	ADOPTED:	6/26/19
	EFFECTIVE:	7/1/19
INTERROGATION OR SEARCHES OF		
STUDENTS BY LAW ENFORCEMENT O	R OTHER NON-SCHO	OOL PERSONNEL

The purpose of this policy is to establish guidelines pertaining to interrogation of students on school grounds or at school-sponsored activities. Students may not be interrogated by law enforcement or other non-school government officials unless there is a legal basis to do so, including evidence of abuse or neglect or an imminent health or safety threat.

- 1. A student in school may not be interrogated by any non-school authority without the knowledge of the school principal or historia designee, and knowledge and permission of parent or guardian, unless the interview or interrogation is part of a child abuse or neglect investigation conducted by the department of social and rehabilitation services in accordance with Chapter 49 of Title 33 of the Vermont Statutes Annotated.
- 2. Any interrogation by non-school personnel must be conducted in private with the principal or his or hertheir designee present.
- 3. A student may not be released to the custody of persons other than a parent or legal guardian, unless placed under arrest by legal authority or otherwise taken by legal authority exercised by child protective services.
- 4. If a student is removed from the school by legal authority, the student's parent(s) or guardian(s) shall be notified of this action by school officials as soon as possible.
- 5. No questioning by non-school personnel of a student under the age of eighteen who may be accused of an offense shall occur unless the parent(s) or guardian(s) have been notified and have been given the opportunity to be present at the time of the questioning. Questioning may, however, take place without notification of parents if such questioning is required due to an emergency or urgent potential danger to life, or property, as determined by the Principal, and reasonable efforts to notify the student's parents are unsuccessful.

WASHINGTON CENTRAL UNIFIED	POLICY:	C46
Union School District		
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