Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2017





Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Park City School District

Report on the Basic Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Park City School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Basic Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Park City School District as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the

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general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the schedules of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) – Utah Retirement Systems, the schedules of District contributions – Utah Retirement Systems, and the related notes to the required supplementary information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the required supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements and schedules and other information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The other information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 9, 2017, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Orem, Utah

November 9, 2017

Again & Company, PC

Management's Discussion and Analysis

This section of the financial report of Park City School District (the District) presents management's discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2017.

Financial Highlights

- The District is dependent on revenues generated by property taxes. Property tax revenues increased by 1.5% in 2017 to \$60.8 million as a result of a combination of an increase in the taxable value of property and a decrease in the overall tax rate.
- The District's total net position was \$126.5 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year, most of which is invested in capital assets or restricted for capital outlay.
- During the year, expenses were \$0.2 million more than the \$74.1 million generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- District student enrollment increased by 128 students to a total of 4,891 students as of October 1, 2016 for the 2016-2017 school year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements – The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a consolidated broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the District, with the remainder being reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the net position of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (such as, uncollected taxes and pension benefits).

The government-wide financial statements of the District are reported as *governmental activities*. The District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, various supporting services, nutrition services, and community services. Property taxes and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the District itself but also the Park City Education Foundation (the Foundation), a legally separate entity for which the District is financially accountable. The Foundation is reported as a special revenue fund of the District. The Foundation exclusively benefits the District and its students. Most of the administrative costs of the Foundation are financed by the District.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 11 and 12 of this report.

Fund financial statements – A *fund* is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are grouped into two categories: governmental and proprietary funds.

• **Governmental funds** – *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the *general fund* and the *capital projects fund*, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of the governmental funds is provided in the *combining and individual statements and schedules* section of this report.

The District adopts an annual budget for its *general fund*. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the *general fund* to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 13 through 17 of this report.

• **Proprietary fund** – The District maintains one proprietary fund type. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses one internal service fund (the self-insurance fund) to account for employee health and accident and dental benefits and health care reimbursements provided as a service to all the other funds of the District. This internal service fund is included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 20 of this report.

Notes to the basic financial statements – The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 39 of this report.

Additional information – In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees. This required supplementary information and related notes can be found on pages 40 to 42 of this report.

The individual and combining statements referred to earlier in connection with governmental funds are presented as supplementary information on pages 43 through 51 of this report.

To provide comparative data, selected financial, tax, and demographic information is provided as other information. This other information can be found on pages 52 through 58 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$126.5 million at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S Net Position June 30, 2017 and 2016

(in millions of dollars)

	Governmental activities				Total change	
	2017		2016		201	7-2016
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$	120.4 99.7	\$	118.7 102.0	\$	1.7 (2.3)
Total assets		220.1		220.7		(0.6)
Deferred outflows of resources		12.2		11.1		1.1
Current and other liabilities		9.1		9.4		(0.3)
Long-term liabilities outstanding		33.1		33.3		(0.2)
Total liabilities		42.2		42.7		(0.5)
Deferred inflows of resources		63.6		62.4		1.2
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets		99.7		102.0		(2.3)
Restricted		22.8		22.3		0.5
Unrestricted		4.0		2.4		1.6
Total net position	\$	126.5	\$	126.7	\$	(0.2)

- The largest portion of the District's net position (\$99.7 million or 78.8%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, and equipment and buses, net of accumulated depreciation). The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending.
- An additional portion of the District's net position (\$22.8 million or 18.1%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The majority of the restricted balance is for capital outlay.
- The remaining net position (\$4.0 million) is unrestricted. This balance is net of the District's proportionate share of the unfunded obligation of the defined benefit pension plans administered by Utah Retirement Systems.
- Unrestricted net position increased by \$1.6 million during the year ended June 30, 2017. This net increase reflects an increase in resources available in each of the District's funds.
- Restricted net position increased by \$0.5 million during the year ended June 30, 2017. This increase resulted primarily from an increase in unspent resources for nutrition services and scholarships.

The District's total net position decreased by \$0.2 million during the current year. The following discussion and analysis on governmental activities focuses on this increase:

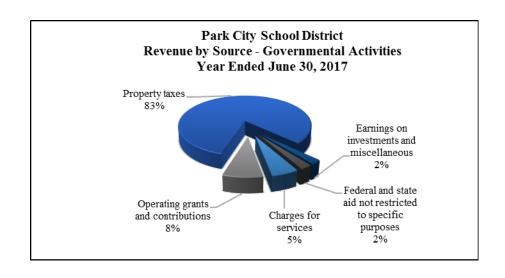
PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S Changes in Net Position Years Ended June 30, 2017 and 2016

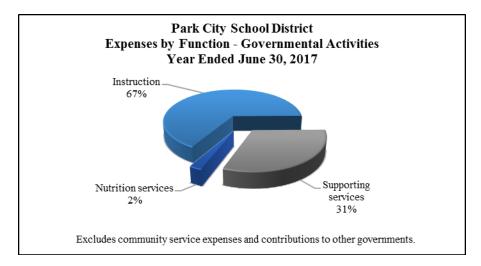
(in millions of dollars)

	Governmental activities				Total change	
	2017		2016			ange 7-2016
D						2010
Revenues:						
Program revenues: Charges for services	\$	4.0	\$	3.9	\$	0.1
Operating grants and contributions	Ф	5.8	Φ	5.7	Φ	0.1
General revenues:		5.0		3.1		0.1
Property taxes		60.8		59.9		0.9
Federal and state aid not restricted to		00.0		37.7		0.7
specific purposes		1.8		1.8		_
Earnings on investments		0.7		0.5		0.2
Miscellaneous		1.0		0.8		0.2
Total revenues		74.1		72.6		1.5
	-	,		72.0	-	1.0
Expenses:		4.0				
Instruction		43.9		42.2		1.7
Supporting services:		2.5		2.5		0.0
Students		2.7		2.5		0.2
Instructional staff		3.1		3.1		-
General administration		1.1		0.6		0.5
School administration		2.9		2.9		-
Central		3.2		3.0		0.2
Operation and maintenance of facilities		5.2		5.1		0.1
Student transportation		2.4		2.5		(0.1)
Nutrition services		1.6		1.7		(0.1)
Community services		1.6		1.8		(0.2)
Contributions to other governments		6.6		6.4		0.2
Total expenses		74.3		71.8		2.5
Change in net position		(0.2)		0.8		(1.0)
Net position - beginning		126.7		125.9		0.8
Net position - ending	\$	126.5	\$	126.7	\$	(0.2)

- The District is dependent on revenues generated by property taxes. Property tax revenues increased by 1.5% in 2017 to \$60.8 million as a result of a combination of an increase in the taxable value of property and a decrease in the overall tax rate.
- State aid is based primarily on weighted pupil units (WPUs) and other appropriations.

State WPU-based programs – If a student is in membership a full 180 days, the state awards the District one WPU. Certain students receive a weighting greater than one. The state guarantees that if taxes collected from the basic levy do not provide money equal to the WPU, the state will make up the difference with state funding. The value of the WPU increased by 3.0% during the year ended June 30, 2017 (\$3,184 during 2017 as compared to \$3,092 in 2016). The combination of an increase in the value of the WPU and an increase in student membership resulted in an increase of state WPU-based program revenue of \$0.7 million compared to the prior year. However, taxes collected from the basic levy exceeded the state guarantee by \$4.0 million. Consequently, the District received no state WPU funding in 2017 and was required to pay the excess to the state.





Other state appropriations – Overall revenue from other state appropriations totaled \$4.1 million in 2017, about the same as what was received from the state in the prior year.

- Federal aid is received through the state primarily for students eligible to participate in child nutrition, special education, and economically disadvantaged programs. Overall revenue from federal programs totaled \$1.8 million in 2017, about the same amount as what was received in the prior year.
- The District's total expenses increased by \$2.5 million to a total of \$74.3 million during 2017 as compared to the prior year. This increase is primarily from recording contributions to other governments from taxes levied by the District and 1) forwarded directly to a redevelopment agency within the District for the purposes of financing urban renewal, economic development, and community development projects (\$1.9 million); 2) paid to the state for taxes collected from the basic levy in excess of the state WPU guarantee (\$4.0 million); and 3) paid to the state for charter schools (\$0.7 million). Expenditures in other functions primarily increased for salaries and benefits.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds – The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's

financing requirements. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$44.4 million, \$1.1 million greater than the previous year. Included in this year's change in the combined fund balance is an increase in the fund balance of the *general fund* of \$0.7 million; this year's change also includes an increase in the fund balance of the other governmental funds of \$0.4 million. These increases resulted primarily from an increase in property tax revenues and an increase in contributions to other governments. In addition, the following other changes in fund balances should be noted:

- Expenditures for general District purposes (excluding community service expenditures and contributions to other governments) totaled \$54.9 million, an increase of 4.2% during the current fiscal year. This compares to a 2.3% increase in 2016. Instruction represents 63.3% of *general fund* expenditures (excluding community service expenditures and contributions to other governments).
- *General fund* salaries totaled \$32.4 million while the associated employee benefits of retirement, social security, and insurance (health and accident, industrial, and unemployment) added \$16.7 million to arrive at 80.2% of total *general fund* expenditures.

Governmental funds report the differences between their assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources as fund balance, which is divided into nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted portions. *Nonspendable* includes endowments, inventories, and prepaid items that are not expected to be converted to cash. *Restricted* includes net fund resources of the District that are subject to external constraints due to state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors. Restrictions include tax revenues levied for specific purposes. The unrestricted fund balance is, in turn, subdivided between committed, assigned, and unassigned portions. *Committed* balances reflect the District's self-imposed limitation on the use of otherwise available expendable financial resources in governmental funds. *Assigned* balances in the *general fund* and other governmental funds are those that do not meet the requirements of restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. *Unassigned* balances in the *general fund* are all other available net fund resources. At June 30, 2017, the District's combined governmental fund balance is \$44.4 million (\$0.2 million in nonspendable, \$22.5 million in restricted, \$3.4 million in committed, \$3.6 million in assigned, and \$14.7 million in unassigned fund balances).

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the year, the Board revised the District's budget. Budget amendments were to reflect changes in programs and related funding. The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was an increase of \$0.1 million in total *general fund* revenues to reflect an increase in other local revenue and an increase in state revenues.

Actual expenditures were \$1.5 million less than final budgeted amounts. Actual revenues were \$0.4 million more than final budgeted amounts primarily due to positive variances in revenue from property taxes. Property tax collection rates exceeded expectations.

Capital Asset Administration

Capital assets – The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2017 amounts to \$99.7 million (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and equipment and buses. The total decrease in capital assets for the current year was \$2.3 million or 2.3%, primarily for depreciation expense.

Capital assets at June 30, 2017 and 2016 are outlined below:

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S Capital Assets June 30, 2017 and 2016

(net of accumulated depreciation, in millions of dollars)

	G	overnmen	ıtal acı	tivities		otal lange
	2017		2016		201	7-2016
Land and construction in progress Buildings and improvements Equipment and buses	\$	5.2 92.1 2.4	\$	4.9 94.6 2.5	\$	0.3 (2.5) (0.1)
Total capital assets	\$	99.7	\$	102.0	\$	(2.3)

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

Enrollment

The District anticipates moderate growth in student enrollment. The following enrollment information is based on the annual October 1 count:

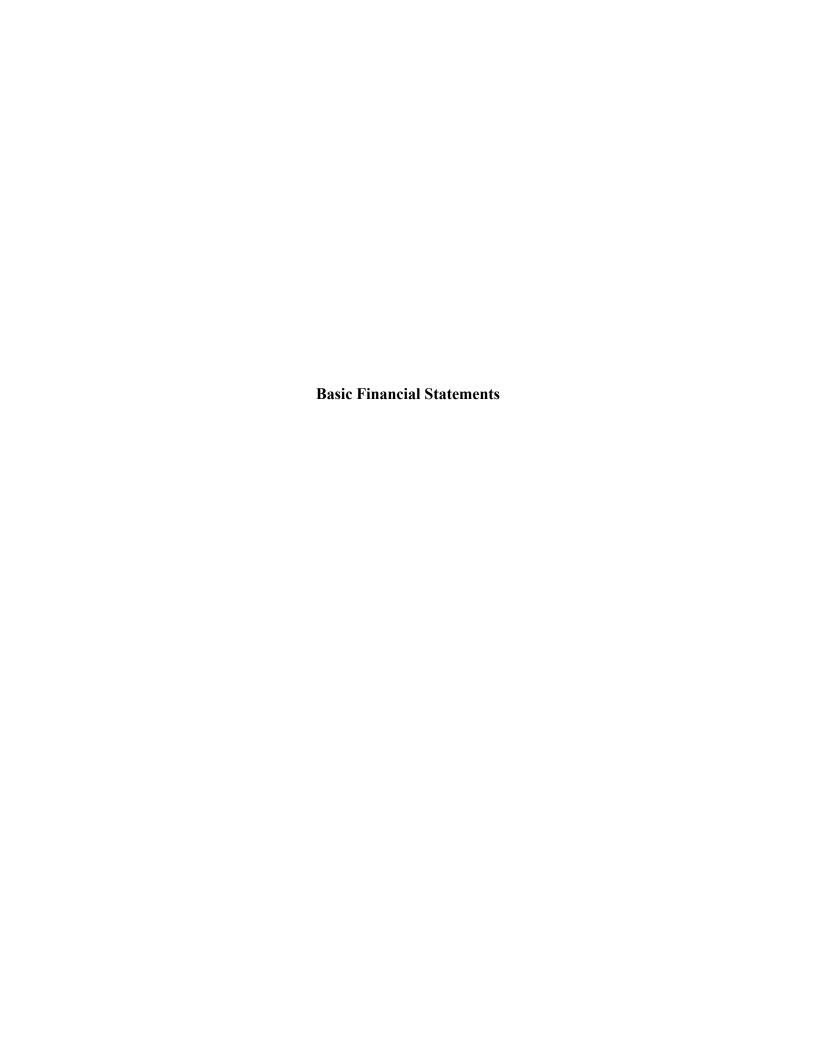
PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT'S Enrollment October 1 Count

School Year	<u>fear</u> <u>Enrollment</u> Chang			
2017-18	4,816	-1.5%		
2016-17	4,891	2.7%		
2015-16	4,763	0.5%		
2014-15	4,739	2.4%		
2013-14	4,630	4.7%		
2012-13	4,421	0.5%		
2011-12	4,400	1.1%		
2010-11	4,351	-4.6%		
2009-10	4,563	1.9%		
2008-09	4,477	0.8%		

District enrollment for the 2016-2017 school year increased by 128 students to a total of 4,891 students. A public charter school opened within the District's boundaries in the 2010-11 school year; the charter school enrolled 605 students in the 2016-2017 school year.

Contacting the District's Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of Park City School District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of the Business Administrator, Park City School District, 2700 Kearns Blvd., Park City, UT 84060.



Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities
Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 59,209,117
Receivables:	
Property taxes	59,957,002
Local	427,579
State	183,098
Federal	698,129
Inventories and prepaid items	52,573
Capital assets:	
Land and construction in progress	5,174,771
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	94,501,482
Total assets	220,203,751
Deferred outflows of resources:	
Related to pensions	12,170,576
Liabilities:	
Accounts and contracts payable	2,945,082
Accrued payroll and related benefits	5,927,921
Unearned revenue:	
Local	121,313
State	131,145
Federal	992
Long-term liabilities:	
Portion due or payable within one year	2,578,653
Portion due or payable after one year	30,518,931
Total liabilities	42,224,037
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Property taxes levied for future year	59,581,310
Related to pensions	4,029,223
Total deferred inflows of resources	63,610,533
Net position:	
Net investment in capital assets	99,676,253
Restricted for:	,,
Capital outlay	21,714,421
Nutrition services	611,959
Scholarships	522,476
Unrestricted	4,014,648
Total net position	\$ 126,539,757
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Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2017

			Program	Reve	nues	I	let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Activities / Functions	Expenses	C	Charges for Services	(G	Operating Grants and ontributions		Total overnmental Activities
Governmental activities:							
Instruction	\$ 43,903,218	\$	3,022,952	\$	3,658,154	\$	(37,222,112)
Supporting services:							
Student	2,736,234		-		273,566		(2,462,668)
Instructional staff	3,086,593		-		114,909		(2,971,684)
General administration	1,138,540		-		-		(1,138,540)
School administration	2,850,555		-		-		(2,850,555)
Central	3,169,395		-		-		(3,169,395)
Operation and maintenance							
of facilities	5,161,691		26,470		336		(5,134,885)
Student transportation	2,368,461		1,649		903,640		(1,463,172)
Nutrition services	1,613,107		616,942		896,070		(100,095)
Community services	1,597,440		297,690		17,266		(1,282,484)
Contributions to other governments	6,619,678						(6,619,678)
Total school district	\$ 74,244,912	\$	3,965,703	\$	5,863,941		(64,415,268)
General revenues:							
Property taxes levied for: Basic							22 405 096
Board local							23,405,986
Voted local							13,205,168 17,327,417
Capital local							5,030,540
Tax increment financing							1,886,023
_							
Total property tax revenue							60,855,134
Federal and state aid not restricted	l to specific purpose	S					1,763,122
Earnings on investments							674,278
Miscellaneous							989,447
Total general revenues							64,281,981
Change in net position							(133,287)
Net position - beginning							126,673,044
Net position - ending						\$	126,539,757

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2017

	Major	r Funds	Other	Total
		Capital	Governmental	Governmental
Assets:	General	Projects	Funds	Funds
Cash and investments	\$ 25,333,380	\$ 23,451,926	\$ 3,751,845	\$ 52,537,151
Receivables:	\$ 23,333,360	\$ 25,451,920	\$ 3,731,643	\$ 32,337,131
Property taxes	52,138,474	4,931,121	2,887,407	59,957,002
Local	217,179	4,731,121	210,400	427,579
State	79,585	_	103,513	183,098
Federal	677,903	_	20,226	698,129
Inventories and prepaid items	16,348	5,250	30,975	52,573
Due from other funds	478,181	3,230	30,973	478,181
Total assets	\$ 78,941,050	\$ 28,388,297	\$ 7,004,366	\$ 114,333,713
Liabilities:				
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 849,068	\$ 1,771,629	\$ 103,504	\$ 2,724,201
Accrued payroll and related benefits	5,927,921	-	-	5,927,921
Unearned revenue:				
Local	34,738	-	86,575	121,313
State	131,145	-	-	131,145
Federal	992	-	-	992
Due to other funds			478,181	478,181
Total liabilities	6,943,864	1,771,629	668,260	9,383,753
Deferred inflows of resources:				
Unavailable local revenue	-	_	210,400	210,400
Unavailable property tax revenue	697,060	65,930	38,317	801,307
Property taxes levied for future year	51,829,973	4,902,247	2,849,090	59,581,310
Total deferred inflows of resources	52,527,033	4,968,177	3,097,807	60,593,017
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Fund balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Scholarship endowments	-	-	86,970	86,970
Inventories and prepaid items	16,348	5,250	30,975	52,573
Restricted for:				
Capital outlay	-	21,643,241	-	21,643,241
Nutrition services	-	-	591,456	591,456
Scholarships	-	-	225,106	225,106
Committed to:				
Economic stabilization	3,432,024	-	-	3,432,024
Assigned to:				
Compensated absences	945,765	-	29,289	975,054
Students	-	-	735,614	735,614
Foundation	-	-	1,538,889	1,538,889
Basic levy recapture	350,000	-	-	350,000
Unassigned	14,726,016			14,726,016
Total fund balances	19,470,153	21,648,491	3,238,299	44,356,943
Total liabilities, deferred inflows				
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 78,941,050	\$ 28,388,297	\$ 7,004,366	\$ 114,333,713

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2017

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 44,356,943
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:	
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements, net of \$51,167,148 accumulated depreciation Equipment and buses, net of \$5,786,994 accumulated depreciation 2,426,688	99,676,253
Some of the District's local revenue will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the funds.	
Unavailable property tax revenue801,307Accounts payable(38,317)Unavailable local revenue210,400	973,390
Long-term liabilities, including the net pension liability, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. All liabilities - both current and long-term portions - are reported in the statement of net position. These and related balances at year end are:	
Net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions Unpaid vacation Accrued sick leave (29,352,692) 12,170,576 (4,029,223) (219,440) (755,614)	(22,186,393)
An internal service fund is used by the District to charge the cost of health care benefits to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net position of the internal service fund is:	3,719,564
Total net position of governmental activities	\$ 126,539,757

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Major	Funds	Other	Total	
	General	Capital Projects	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds	
Revenues:					
Local:					
Property taxes	\$ 53,988,820	\$ 5,027,233	\$ 1,886,023	\$ 60,902,076	
Earnings on investments	343,803	254,697	75,778	674,278	
Other	2,955,019	346,323	4,458,633	7,759,975	
State	3,883,227	-	240,609	4,123,836	
Federal	1,200,145		655,461	1,855,606	
Total revenues	62,371,014	5,628,253	7,316,504	75,315,771	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	34,756,028	-	3,968,195	38,724,223	
Supporting services:					
Student	2,800,881	-	-	2,800,881	
Instructional staff	3,135,669	-	-	3,135,669	
General administration	1,133,207	-	-	1,133,207	
School administration	2,770,965	-	-	2,770,965	
Central	3,183,306	-	-	3,183,306	
Operation and maintenance of					
facilities	5,042,549	-	-	5,042,549	
Student transportation	2,125,058	-	-	2,125,058	
Nutrition services	-	-	1,475,689	1,475,689	
Community services	1,584,358	-	1 006 022	1,584,358	
Contributions to other governments	4,733,655	-	1,886,023	6,619,678	
Capital outlay		5,670,098		5,670,098	
Total expenditures	61,265,676	5,670,098	7,329,907	74,265,681	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	1,105,338	(41,845)	(13,403)	1,050,090	
Other financing sources (uses):					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	27,338	-	27,338	
Transfers in	-	-	382,886	382,886	
Transfers out	(382,886)			(382,886)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(382,886)	27,338	382,886	27,338	
Net change in fund balances	722,452	(14,507)	369,483	1,077,428	
Fund balances - beginning	18,747,701	21,662,998	2,868,816	43,279,515	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 19,470,153	\$ 21,648,491	\$ 3,238,299	\$ 44,356,943	

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net change in fund balances for governmental funds		\$	1,077,428
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different became	iuse:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for land, equipment and buses at for buildings and improvements are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimatelives and reported as depreciation expense. The net effect of transactions involving capital decreased net position in the current period.	nd \$100,000 ed useful		
Capital outlay \$	1,153,524		
Proceeds from sales of capital assets	(27,338)		
Gain on sale of capital assets	(22,422)		
Depreciation expense	(3,411,975)		(2,308,211)
Certain revenue sources are collected several months after the District's fiscal year end are considered available revenues in the governmental funds and are, instead, counted as defe of resources at year end. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of acti	rred inflows		
Property tax revenue	(46,942)		
Local revenue	189,900		142,958
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current fina resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	ncial		
Pension expense	(365,556)		
Vacation and sick leave expense	21,891		(343,665)
An internal service fund is used by the District to charge the cost of health care benefits to funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service fund is reported with government			1,298,203
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	(133,287)
Change in net position of governmental activities		Ψ	(133,207)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Revenues:				
Local:				
Property taxes	\$ 53,689,688	\$ 53,689,688	\$ 53,988,820	\$ 299,132
Earnings on investments	159,811	249,946	343,803	93,857
Other	2,730,303	3,051,308	2,955,019	(96,289)
State	3,755,888	3,904,910	3,883,227	(21,683)
Federal	1,137,645	1,105,772	1,200,145	94,373
Total revenues	61,473,335	62,001,624	62,371,014	369,390
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	36,624,271	35,683,227	34,756,028	927,199
Supporting services:				
Student	2,722,503	2,742,957	2,800,881	(57,924)
Instructional staff	3,371,428	3,341,639	3,135,669	205,970
General administration	666,498	1,080,059	1,133,207	(53,148)
School administration	2,864,960	2,852,311	2,770,965	81,346
Central	3,219,567	3,207,072	3,183,306	23,766
Operation and maintenance of facilities	5,093,022	5,106,781	5,042,549	64,232
Student transportation	2,259,976	2,278,577	2,125,058	153,519
Community services	1,448,420	1,754,114	1,584,358	169,756
Contributions to other governments	4,460,238	4,734,146	4,733,655	491
Total expenditures	62,730,883	62,780,883	61,265,676	1,515,207
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(1,257,548)	(779,259)	1,105,338	1,884,597
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out	(398,667)	(370,609)	(382,886)	(12,277)
Net change in fund balances	(1,656,215)	(1,149,868)	722,452	1,872,320
Fund balances - beginning	16,129,038	18,747,701	18,747,701	<u>-</u>
Fund balances - ending	\$ 14,472,823	\$ 17,597,833	\$ 19,470,153	\$ 1,872,320

Statement of Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 6,671,966
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	182,564
Medical claims payable	1,734,119
Health reimbursement accounts	1,035,719
Total liabilities	2,952,402
Net position:	
Unrestricted	3,719,564
Total net position	\$ 3,719,564

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Operating revenues:		
Premiums charged to other funds	\$ 7,401,269	
Refunds	229,526	
Total operating revenues	7,630,795	
Operating expenses:		
Medical claims	5,538,073	
Administrative expenses	624,533	
Contributions to health savings accounts	141,184	
Contributions to health reimbursement accounts	28,802	
Total operating expenses	6,332,592	
Total operating income / change in fund net position	1,298,203	
Net position - beginning	2,421,361	
Net position - ending	\$ 3,719,564	

Statement of Fund Cash Flows Proprietary Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2017

	A	vernmental Activities - Internal rvice Fund
Cash flows from operating activities:		_
Insurance premiums received	\$	7,401,269
Refunds received		229,526
Medical claims paid		(5,236,270)
Administrative expenses paid		(624,533)
Contributions to health savings accounts		(141,184)
Healthcare reimbursements paid		(537,765)
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,091,043
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		5,580,923
Cash and cash equivalents - ending (displayed as cash and investments		
on the statement of fund net position)	\$	6,671,966
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Operating income	\$	1,298,203
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Incease in accounts payable		123,949
Increase in medical claims payable		177,854
Decrease in health reimbursement accounts		(508,963)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,091,043

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Basic Financial Statements

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Park City School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

Reporting entity – The Board of Education, comprised of five elected individuals, is the primary governing authority for the District. As required by GAAP, these financial statements present the District and its blended component unit, Park City Education Foundation (the Foundation), for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. The Foundation exclusively benefits the District and its students. Most of the administrative costs of the Foundation are financed by the District. A blended component unit, although a legally separate entity, is in substance part of the District's operations.

Government-wide and fund financial statements – The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the primary government (the District) and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. *Governmental activities* generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Depreciation expense for capital assets that can specifically be identified with a function are included in its direct expenses. Depreciation expense for "shared" capital assets (for example, a school building is used primarily for instruction, school administration, operation and maintenance of facilities, and nutrition services) are ratably included in the direct expenses of the appropriate functions. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Interest on general long-term liabilities is considered an indirect expense and is reported in the statement of activities as a separate line. Program revenues include 1) fees and charges paid by students and other recipients of goods or services offered by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including property taxes, are presented as general revenues.

The *fund financial statements* provide information about the District's funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *capital projects fund* accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for the acquisition and improvement of sites, construction and remodel of facilities, and procurement of equipment necessary for providing educational programs for all students within the District.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

• The self-insurance fund (a proprietary fund) is the only internal service fund used by the District and accounts for the risk management services associated with the District's self-insurance plan covering employee health and accident and dental claims and healthcare reimbursements. Premiums are charged to the District's other funds to cover anticipated costs.

Classifications of expenditures/expenses are reported by function. The function describes the activity for which a service or material object is acquired. The functions of the District are classified into six broad areas: instruction, supporting services, nutrition services, community services, contributions to other governments, and capital outlay. Functions are further classified into subfunctions.

- Instruction Instruction includes the activities dealing directly with the interaction between teachers and students. This function includes teachers, aides, textbooks, and classroom supplies.
- Supporting services Supporting services provide administrative, technical (such as guidance and curriculum development), and logistical support to facilitate and enhance instruction. These services exist as adjuncts for fulfilling the objectives of instruction, community services, and nutrition services, rather than as entities within themselves.

Student – Activities designed to assess and improve the well-being of students and to supplement the teaching process. This subfunction includes attendance, guidance, health, and therapy services.

Instructional staff – Activities associated with assisting the instructional staff with the content and process of providing learning experiences for students. This subfunction includes improvement of instruction, instruction and curriculum development, instructional staff training, library and media, instruction-related technology, and academic student assessment services.

General administration – Activities concerned with establishing and administering policy for operating the District. This subfunction includes Board of Education, superintendent, and community relation services.

School administration – Activities concerned with overall administrative responsibility for a school. This subfunction includes principals, assistants, records, and clerical services.

Central – Activities that support other administrative and instructional functions, including fiscal services, purchasing, printing, human resources, planning, and administrative information technology.

Operation and maintenance of facilities – Activities concerned with keeping physical facilities open, comfortable, and safe for use and with keeping grounds, buildings, and equipment in effective working conditions and state of repair.

Student transportation – Activities concerned with conveying students to and from school, as provided by state and federal law. These include trips between home and school and trips to school activities as well as vehicle acquisition, operation, and maintenance.

• Nutrition services – Nutrition services include activities concerned with providing food to students and staff in a school as part of the National School Lunch Program. Program revenues include federal and state reimbursements, federal donated commodities, and lunch sales.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

- Community services Community services include activities concerned with providing services to the community. Examples of this function are offering after-school, operating a swimming pool, and providing other community recreation programs.
- Contributions to other governments Contributions to other governments include required payments to other governments of property taxes levied by the District of 1) incremental taxes to a redevelopment agency, 2) excess basic levy collections to the state, and 3) the charter school levy to the state.
- Capital outlay Capital outlay includes payments for the acquisition and improvement of sites, construction and remodel of facilities, and procurement of equipment.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation – The government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and are reported using the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District generally considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within thirty days after year-end. Expenditures generally are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except pension benefits, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Budgetary data – The District operates within the budget requirements for school districts as specified by Utah state law and as interpreted by the Utah State Superintendent of Public Instruction. Budgets are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for all governmental funds, except for the Foundation, which operates within its own budget. A budget for the self-insurance fund is not required. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end with the exception of those indicated as a fund balance commitment. The following procedures are used in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- By June 1 of each year, the District business administrator prepares a proposed annual budget (for the fiscal year beginning July 1) for all applicable funds. The budget is presented to the Board of Education by the superintendent. This budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Also included is a final budget for the current fiscal year ending June 30.
- Copies of the proposed budget are made available for public inspection and review by the District's patrons.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

- If the District does not exceed the certified tax rate, a public hearing is held prior to June 22 at which time the budget is legally adopted by resolution of the Board after obtaining taxpayer input. If the District exceeds the certified tax rate, the budget is usually adopted in August when data is available to set the rates.
- Once adopted, the budget can be amended by subsequent Board action. The Board upon
 recommendation of the superintendent can approve reductions in appropriations, but increases in
 appropriations by fund require a public hearing prior to amending the budget. In accordance with Utah
 state law, interim adjustments may be made by administrative budget reallocation from one
 appropriation to another within any given fund.
- Certain interim adjustments in estimated revenue and expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2017 have been included in the final budget approved by the Board, as presented in the financial statements.
- Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level.

Deposits and investments – The cash balances of substantially all funds are pooled and invested by the District for the purpose of increasing earnings through investment activities and providing efficient management of temporary investments. The pool's investments are reported at fair value at year-end. Changes in the fair value of investments are recorded as investment earnings. Earnings on pooled funds are apportioned and paid or credited to the funds based on the average balance of each participating fund.

Cash and cash equivalents – The District considers cash and cash equivalents in proprietary funds to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, including investments in the Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF).

Receivables and payables – Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at year-end are referred to as either "due to/from other funds."

Inventories and prepaid items – Inventories are valued at cost or, if donated, at acquisition value when received, stated at the lower of average cost or market. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Donated food commodities are recorded as revenue when received. Inventories reported in the governmental funds are equally offset by a nonspendable portion of fund balance, indicating that they are not expected to be converted to cash.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenses/expenditures when consumed rather than when paid.

Capital assets – Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and equipment and buses, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for land, equipment and buses and \$100,000 for buildings and improvements. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Buildings and improvements and equipment and buses of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives as indicated in the chart below:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

Assets	Years		
Buildings	50		
Athletic field improvements	20		
Musical instruments	20		
Kitchen equipment	15		
Maintenance equipment	15		
School buses and vehicles	10		
Copiers	7		
Computer equipment and software	5		

Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems (URS) and additions to/deductions from URS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by URS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Pension plan investments are reported at fair value.

Vacation and sick leave — Under terms of association agreements, employees are granted vacation leave in amounts varying with tenure. Under Board policy, the District provides employees a sick leave incentive available to all employees upon their separation from the District. The benefit is up to 25% (based on years of service within the District) of the amount of unused sick leave days allowed to be accumulated using the daily rate of pay at the time of separation. The District records expenditures in the governmental funds for vacation and sick pay benefits at the time of separation. An expense and related liability are recorded in the governmental-wide financial statements as these benefits are earned. The liability will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Long-term obligations – In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position and include net pension liability, unpaid vacation, accrued sick leave, medical claims payable, and health reimbursement account.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds usually recognize expenditures when paid; long-term obligations are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds.

Deferred outflows of resources – In addition to assets, financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has the following source that qualifies for reporting in this category; this item is reported in the statement of net position:

• Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions – includes a) changes of assumptions in the measurement of the net pension liability (asset), b) net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, c) changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions, and d) District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2016.

Deferred inflows of resources – In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred*

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The following items arise only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet; these items are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available:

- Unavailable property tax revenue consists of uncollected, delinquent property taxes.
- Unavailable local revenue made up of uncollected pledges to the Foundation.

The following source is reported in both the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet:

• Property taxes levied for future year – property taxes levied on January 1, 2016 for the following school year.

The following source is reported in the statement of net position:

• Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions – includes a) differences between expected and actual experience, b) changes of assumptions in the measurement of the net pension liability (asset), c) net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and d) changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions.

Net position/fund balances – The residual of all other elements presented in a statement of net position is *net position* on the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements and the residual of all other elements presented in a balance sheet on the governmental fund financial statements is *fund balance*.

Net position is divided into three components: net investment in capital assets (capital assets net of accumulated depreciation), restricted, and unrestricted. Net position is reported as restricted when constraints are placed upon it by external parties or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on a hierarchy that shows, from highest to lowest, the level or form of constraints on fund balance resources and the extent to which the District is bound to honor them. The District first determines and reports nonspendable balances, then restricted, then committed, and so forth.

Fund balance classifications are summarized as follows:

- Nonspendable This category includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent because they are either a) not in spendable form or b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Fund balance amounts related to endowments, inventories, and prepaid items are classified as nonspendable.
- Restricted This category includes net fund resources that are subject to external constraints that have been placed on the use of the resources either a) imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted fund balance amounts include the unspent tax revenue for specific purposes (capital outlay), remaining amounts for nutrition services held

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

in other governmental funds (food services fund), and unspent expendable donations for scholarships held in other governmental funds (Park City Education Foundation).

- Committed This category includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes established by formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.
 - a) Economic stabilization. As defined in Utah law as an "undistributed reserve," the District maintains for economic stabilization up to five percent of *general fund* budgeted expenditures. Potential state budget cuts, disasters, immediate capital needs, and other significant events are circumstances or conditions that signal the need for stabilization. Additionally, the commitment is necessary to maintain liquidity (i.e., reducing any disparity between when financial resources are available to make payments and the maturity of related liabilities). Also defined by state law, the commitment is not to be used "in the negotiation or settlement of contract salaries for school district employees" and the use of this reserve requires a written resolution adopted by a majority vote of the Board of Education filed with the Utah State Board of Education and the Utah State Auditor.
 - b) Community programs. The District maintains a commitment for unspent amounts generated by community recreation, community education, and other community programs accounted for in the *general fund*.
- Assigned This category includes resources held in the governmental funds to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has authorized the business administrator to assign fund balances. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment. The District has assigned amounts in the *general fund* that it intends to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. Also residual balances in other governmental funds are classified as assigned fund balances.
- Unassigned Residual balances in the *general fund* are classified as unassigned.

Net position/fund balance flow assumption – Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report in each category of net position and fund balance, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

- Net position It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position.
- Fund balance It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and investments are carried at fair value. A reconciliation of cash and investments at June 30, 2017 as shown on the financial statements is as follows:

Carrying amount of deposits Carrying amount of investments	\$ 7,662,919 51,546,198
Total cash and investments	\$ 59,209,117
Governmental funds cash and investments Internal service fund cash and investments	\$ 52,537,151 6,671,966
Total cash and investments	\$ 59,209,117

The District complies with the State Money Management Act (*Utah Code* Title 51, Chapter 7) (the Act) and related Rules of the Money Management Council (the Council) in handling its depository and investing transactions. District funds are deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Act. The Act also authorizes the District to invest in the Utah Public Treasurers' Investment Fund (PTIF), certificates of deposit, US Treasury obligations, US agency issues, high-grade commercial paper, banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, corporate bonds, money market mutual funds, and obligations of governmental entities within the State of Utah.

The Act and Council rules govern the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe the conditions under which the designation of a depository shall remain in effect. The District considers the rules of the Council to be necessary and sufficient for adequate protection of its uninsured bank deposits.

Deposits – At June 30, 2017, the District and Foundation have the following deposits with financial institutions:

	Carrying Amount		Bank Balance		Amount Insured
Park City School District Park City Education Foundation	\$ 6,273,891 1,389,028	\$	6,609,568 1,398,838	\$	329,236 500,000
	\$ 7,662,919	\$	8,008,406	\$	829,236

• Custodial credit risk – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2017, the uninsured amount of the District's and Foundation's bank deposits was uncollateralized nor is it required to be collateralized by state law.

Investments – At June 30, 2017, the District and Foundation have the following investments:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

Investment Type	Fair Value	
Park City School District: Utah Public Treasurers'		
	_	
Investment Fund (PTIF)	\$	50,441,759
Park City Education Foundation:		
U.S. Treasury bond ETF		516,825
Common stock ETF		587,614
Total investments	\$	51,546,198

The District invests with the PTIF. The PTIF is an external local government investment pool managed by the Utah State Treasurer. The PTIF is authorized and makes investments in accordance with the Act. The Council provides regulatory oversight for the PTIF. Participant accounts with the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah. Participants in the PTIF share proportionally in the income, costs, gains and losses from investment activities. The degree of risk of the PTIF depends upon the underlying portfolio, which primarily consists of money market securities held by the Utah State Treasurer, including investment-grade corporate notes, top-tier commercial paper, money market mutual funds, and certificates of deposit. The portfolio has a weighted average maturity of 55 days. The PTIF is not rated. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

The Foundation invests through a broker in three exchange-traded funds (ETFs): a U.S. Treasury bond ETF and two common stock ETFs. An ETF is a marketable security that tracks an index or bonds. An ETF owns the underlying assets (shares of stocks or bonds) and divides ownership of those assets into shares. Shareholders indirectly own these assets and are entitled to a portion of the earnings. ETF shares are traded on public stock exchanges. The U.S. Treasury bond ETF invests only in U.S. Treasury bonds with maturities from one to three years. This fund has an AAA credit rating and a weighted average maturity of two years. The common stock ETFs seek to provide investment results that correspond to developed equities based in Europe, Australia, and the Far East or the S&P 500 Index (composed of five hundred selected stocks, all of which are listed on national stock exchanges and spans over 25 separate industry groups).

- Interest rate risk Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by complying with the Act, which requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments to not exceed the period of availability of the funds invested. Except for endowments, the Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper and bankers' acceptances to 270 days or less and fixed-income securities to 365 days or less. In addition, variable-rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years. The Foundation can invest private funds in fixed-income securities with a dollar-weighted average maturity not to exceed ten years.
- Credit risk Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Act and related rules. The Act and related rules limit investments in commercial paper to a first tier rating and investments in fixed-income and variable-rate securities to a rating of A or higher as rated by Moody's Investors Service or by Standard & Poor's. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

- Concentration of credit risk Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The District's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Act and related rules. The Act limits investments in commercial paper and or corporate obligations to 5% of the District's total portfolio with a single issuer. The District places no other limits on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The Foundation can invest private funds in certain equity and fixed-income securities provided no more than 5% of all funds are invested in any one issuer and no more than 25% of all funds are invested in a particular industry. Also, for the Foundation's investments in private funds, no more than 75% may be invested in equity securities and no more than 5% in collateralized mortgage obligations.
- Custodial credit risk Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Act and related rules. The District places no other limit on the amount of investments to be held by counterparties. The Act requires the Foundation's public treasurer to have custody of all securities purchased or held or deposit these securities with a bank or trust company to be held in safekeeping by that custodian. The Foundation's investments held in a brokerage account are covered by Securities Investor Protection Corporation up to \$500,000.

3. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

- Public Treasurers' Investment Fund of \$50,441,759 is valued at the District's position in the PTIF multiplied by the published fair value factor (Level 2 inputs).
- U.S Treasury bond exchange-traded fund of \$516,825 is valued using quoted market prices (Level 2 inputs).
- Common stock exchange-traded fund of \$587,614 is valued at quoted market prices (Level 2 inputs).

4. PROPERTY TAXES

District property tax revenue – The property tax revenue of the District is collected and distributed by the Summit County treasurer as an agent of the District. Utah statutes establish the process by which taxes are levied and collected. The county assessor is required to assess real property as of January 1 and complete the tax rolls by May 15. By July 21, the county auditor is to mail assessed value and tax notices to property owners. A taxpayer may then petition the county board of equalization between August 1 and August 15 for a revision of the assessed value. The county auditor makes approved changes in assessed value by November 1 and on this same date the county auditor is to deliver the completed assessment rolls to the county treasurer. Tax notices are mailed with a due date of November 30.

An annual uniform fee based on the age of motor vehicles is levied in lieu of an ad valorem tax on motor vehicles that is due each time a vehicle is registered. Revenue collected in each county from motor vehicle

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

fees is distributed by the county to each taxing entity in the same proportion in which revenue collected from ad valorem real property tax is distributed. The District recognizes motor vehicle fees as property tax revenue when collected.

As of June 30, 2017, property taxes receivable by the District includes uncollected taxes assessed as of January 1, 2017 or earlier. It is expected that all assessed taxes (including delinquencies plus accrued interest and penalties) will be collected within a five-year period, after which time the county treasurer may force sale of property to collect the delinquent portion.

Contributions to other governments – The District is required to allocate some of the property taxes it levies to other governments as follows:

• Incremental taxes – In addition to property taxes the District levies for its own purposes, the District levies property taxes for Park City Redevelopment Agency (the Agency), a legally separate governmental entity which is reported as a component unit of Park City Municipal Corporation, in accordance with the Community Development and Renewal Agencies Act (*Utah Code* 17C-1). Collections of these taxes are forwarded directly by Summit County to the Agency.

Property tax revenue (or incremental taxes) from increased assessed values within project areas are earmarked to finance urban renewal, economic development, and community development projects managed by the Agency. Project completion dates range from 2021 to 2031.

In 2017, incremental taxes levied by the District for the Agency totaling \$1,886,023 were recorded in the other governmental funds (*pass-through taxes fund*).

As part of a mitigation agreement between the Agency and the District, the Agency paid the District \$732,320 during the year ended June 30, 2017. Of the amount paid, the agreement requires the District to allocate 61% to general purposes and 39% for capital outlay.

- Basic levy recapture (and basic levy incremental tax) The state guarantees a contribution to a school district's basic program when the amount generated by weighted pupil units exceeds the amount of tax revenue produced by the basic levy. When a school district produces tax revenue from the basic levy in excess of what is to be applied to the amount generated by weighted pupil units, the excess is paid (or recaptured) to the state. In 2016 per *Utah Code* 53A-17a-135, the state added an incremental rate to the basic levy. This incremental tax is paid by the District to the state to fund certain state programs. The District is not eligible to participate in these state programs even though it is required to levy the incremental tax. In 2017, combined basic levy recapture and basic levy incremental tax of \$4,045,055 was paid from the *general fund*.
- Charter school levy (formerly, charter school local replacement program) For each charter school student residing within the District's boundaries, the state withholds a portion of its state funding to the District. The amount withheld is paid by the state to the charter school where the student is enrolled. In 2017, the amount withheld of \$688,600 was reported in the *general fund*.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 4,928,568	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,928,568
Construction in progress		246,203		246,203
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,928,568	246,203	-	5,174,771
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	142,809,995	431,947	=	143,241,942
Equipment and buses	8,429,882	475,374	(691,574)	8,213,682
Total capital assets, being depreciated	151,239,877	907,321	(691,574)	151,455,624
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(48,261,682)	(2,905,466)	-	(51,167,148)
Equipment and buses	(5,922,299)	(506,509)	641,814	(5,786,994)
Total accumulated depreciation	(54,183,981)	(3,411,975)	641,814	(56,954,142)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	97,055,896	(2,504,654)	(49,760)	94,501,482
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 101,984,464	\$ (2,258,451)	\$ (49,760)	\$ 99,676,253

For the year ended June 30, 2017, depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:

Instruction	\$ 2,557,579
Supporting services:	
General administration	20,034
School administration	140,450
Business	18,497
Operation and maintenance of facilities	191,841
Student transportation	293,254
Food services	153,234
Community services	37,086
Total depreciation expense, governmental activities	\$ 3,411,975

6. STATE RETIREMENT PLANS

Description of plans – Eligible employees of the District are provided with the following plans through the Utah Retirement Systems (the URS) administered by the URS:

Defined Benefit Pension Plans (cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans):

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Tier 1 Noncontributory System)
- Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 1 Contributory System)

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Contributory System)

Defined Contribution Plans (individual account plans):

- 401(k) Plan (includes the Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plan)
- 457 Plan and other individual plans

District employees qualify for membership in the retirement systems if a) employment, contemplated to continue during a fiscal or calendar year, normally requires an average of 20 or more hours per week and the employee receives benefits normally provided by the District as approved by the Utah State Retirement Board, b) the employee is a classified school employee whose employment normally requires an average of 20 hours or more per week regardless of benefits, c) the employee is a teacher who teaches half-time or more and receives benefits normally provided by the District as approved by the Utah State Retirement Board, or d) the employee is an appointed officer.

Title 49 of the *Utah Code* grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms to the Utah State Retirement Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor. The URS (a component unit of the State of Utah) issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.urs.org.

The Tier 2 systems became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with any of the systems, are members of the Tier 2 systems.

Benefits provided – The URS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to participants in the plans.

Retirement benefits in the defined benefit pension plans are determined from 1.50% to 2.00% of the employee's highest 3 or 5 years of compensation times the employee's years of service depending on the pension plan; benefits are subject to cost-of-living adjustments up to 2.50% or 4.00%, limited to the actual Consumer Price Index increase for the year. Employees are eligible to retire based on years of service and age.

Defined contribution plans are available as supplemental plans to the basic retirement benefits of the defined benefit pension plans and as a primary retirement plan for some Tier 2 participants. Participants in the defined contribution plans are fully vested in employer and employee contributions at the time the contributions are made, except Tier 2 required contributions and associated earnings are vested during the first four years of employment. If an employee terminates prior to the vesting period, employer contributions and associated earnings for that employee are subject to forfeiture. Forfeitures are used to cover a portion of the plan's administrative expenses paid by participants. Benefits depend on amounts contributed to the plans plus investment earnings. Individual accounts are provided for each employee and are available at termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

Contributions – As a condition of participation in the plans, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the Utah State Retirement Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable), is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, District required contribution rates for the plans were as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

	Defi	ned Benefit Plans Ra	ates		
	District Contribution	Amortization of UAAL *	Paid by District for Employee	District Rates for 401(k) Plan	Totals
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	12.25%	9.94%	-	1.50%	23.69%
Tier 1 Contributory System	5.45%	12.25%	5.00%	-	22.70%
Tier 2 Contributory System **	8.30%	9.94%	-	1.78%	20.02%
Tier 2 Defined Contribution Plan **	0.08%	9.94%	-	10.00%	20.02%

^{*} The District is required to contribute additional amounts based on covered-employee payroll to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of the Tier 1 plans.

Employees can make additional contributions to defined contribution plans, up to applicable plan and Internal Revenue Code limits.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, District and employee contributions to the plans were as follows:

	Cor	District ntributions *	Employee Contributions		
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	\$	5,137,730	\$	-	
Tier 1 Contributory System		15,237		861	
Tier 2 Contributory System		1,075,782		-	
401(k) Plan		839,012		972,095	
457 Plan and other individual plans		-		169,977	

^{*} Required contributions from Tier 2 plans to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Tier 1 plans are reported as contributions to the Tier 2 plans.

Pension assets and liabilities, pension expense, and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions – At June 30, 2017, the District reported an asset of zero and a liability of \$29,352,692 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) for the following plans:

	Pension Asset	N	Net Pension Liability		
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	\$ _	\$	29,039,004		
Tier 1 Contributory System	-		246,297		
Tier 2 Contributory System	-		67,391		
Total	\$ _	\$	29,352,692		

The net pension liability (asset) was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016, rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset) is equal to the ratio of the District's actual contributions compared to the total of all employer contributions during the plan year. The following presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability (asset) at December 31, 2016 and the change in its proportion since the prior measurement date for each plan:

^{**} District contribution includes 0.08% of covered-employee payroll of the Tier 2 plans for death benefits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

	Proportionate Share				
	2016	Change			
Tier 1 Noncontributory System	0.8960120%	-0.0202712%			
Tier 1 Contributory System	0.4494815%	-0.0723215%			
Tier 2 Contributory System	0.6041406%	0.0276748%			

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,758,558 for the defined benefit pension plans and pension expense of \$839,012 for the defined contribution plans. At June 30, 2017, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plans from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	1,622,471	
Changes of assumptions		3,122,510		366,310	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on					
pension plan investments		5,592,530		1,605,172	
Changes in proportion and differences between District					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		250,204		435,270	
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		3,205,332		-	
Total	\$	12,170,576	\$	4,029,223	
10131	<u> </u>	12,1/0,3/6	2	4,029,223	

The \$3,205,332 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2016 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018. The other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to defined benefit pension plans will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources			
¢	1,503,322		
Ф	, ,		
	1,579,141		
	2,071,278		
	(239,981)		
	1,831		
	20,430		
	(I		

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60%

Salary increases 3.35% to 10.35%, average, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.20%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 mortality tables or were developed from actual experience, based on gender, occupation, and age, as appropriate, with adjustments for future improvement in mortality based on Scale AA, a model developed by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended December 31, 2013. Changes of assumptions that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement date include adjustments for inflation, salary increases, payroll growth, post retirement mortality, preretirement mortality, and certain demographics to more closely reflect actual experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on defined benefit pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class and is applied consistently to each defined benefit pension plan. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Expect	Expected Return Arithmetic Basis					
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return Arithmetic Basis	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return				
Equity securities	40%	7.06%	2.82%				
Debt securities	20%	0.80%	0.16%				
Real assets	13%	5.10%	0.66%				
Private equity	9%	11.30%	1.02%				
Absolute return	18%	3.15%	0.57%				
Cash and cash equivalents	0%	0.00%	0.00%				
Total	100%		5.23%				
Inflation			2.60%				
Expected arithmetic nominal	return		7.83%				

The 7.20% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.60% and a real return of 4.60% that is net of investment expense.

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined and certified by the Utah State Retirement Board. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate was not changed from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.20%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20%) than the current rate:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

		1% Discount Decrease Rate (6.20%) (7.20%)		Rate	1% Increase (8.20%)		
District's proportionate share of the net pension (asset) liability: Tier 1 Noncontributory System Tier 1 Contributory System Tier 2 Contributory System	\$	53,243,541 605,516 458,711	\$	29,039,004 246,297 67,391	\$	8,753,240 (58,780) (230,305)	
Total	\$	54,307,768	\$	29,352,692	\$	8,464,155	

Pension plan fiduciary net position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

Payables to the pension plans – At June 30, 2017, the District reported payables of \$908,352 for contributions to defined benefit pension plans and \$260,084 for contributions to defined contribution plans.

7. RISK MANAGEMENT

The self-insurance fund, an internal service fund, was established to pay self-insurance claims for health and accident and dental coverage and healthcare reimbursements for qualified District employees. The District carries commercial insurance, which covers claims in excess of \$125,000. The fund collects premiums, as established by the District and the plan administrator, from other District funds. The District has recorded an estimate of claims incurred but not reported of \$1,734,119 as of June 30, 2017. This liability is based on experience and information provided by the plan administrator. The following table shows a history of accrued claims payable for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Medical Coverage				
		2017	2016		
Medical claims payable (beginning of year)	\$	1,556,261	\$	1,511,061	
Medical claims (including incurred but not reported)		6,497,856		5,825,205	
Payments of medical claims and administrative costs		(6,319,998)		(5,780,005)	
Medical claims payable (end of year)	\$	1,734,119	\$	1,556,261	

The District has established health reimbursement accounts (HRA) for certain qualifying employees not participating in the District's health and accident plan. The District makes annual contributions to the HRAs; the HRA balances are reduced by reimbursements paid up to the amount available in the HRA. Upon termination, any accumulated balance is forfeited to the District. The following table shows a history of accumulated balances in HRAs for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Health Reimbursement Accounts					
	2017			2016		
Health reimbursement accounts (beginning of year)	\$	1,544,682	\$	961,495		
Contributions to health reimbursement accounts		28,802		1,036,479		
Forfeitures for terminated employees		(16,488)		(14,832)		
Healthcare reimbursements paid		(521,277)		(438,460)		
Health reimbursement accounts (end of year)	\$	1,035,719	\$	1,544,682		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

The District also maintains insurance coverage for general, automobile, personal injury, errors and omissions, employee dishonesty, and malpractice liability up to \$10,000,000 per occurrence through policies administered by the Utah State Risk Management Fund. The District pays an annual premium to the Fund. The District also insures its buildings, including those under construction, and contents against all insurable risks of direct physical loss or damage with the Utah State Risk Management Fund. This all-risk insurance coverage provides for repair or replacement of damaged property at a replacement cost basis subject to a deductible of \$1,000 per occurrence. Settled claims have not exceeded the District's insurance coverage for any of the past three years. The District also maintains a public treasurer's fidelity bond of \$1,500,000 with a private carrier.

All District employees are covered for workers compensation by the Utah Local Governments Trust. Unemployment insurance is covered by the District on a pay-as-you-go basis; settled claims for the past three years have been insignificant.

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due or Payable Within One Year
Net pension liability	\$ 29,110,068	\$ 6,635,626	\$ (6,393,002)	\$ 29,352,692	\$ -
Unpaid vacation	225,652	202,623	(208,835)	219,440	175,552
Accrued sick leave	771,293	149,735	(165,414)	755,614	151,123
Medical claims payable	1,556,261	6,497,856	(6,319,998)	1,734,119	1,734,119
Health reimbursement accounts	1,544,682	28,802	(537,765)	1,035,719	517,860
Total long term liabilities	\$ 33,207,956	\$ 13,514,642	\$(13,625,014)	\$ 33,097,584	\$ 2,578,653

9. COMMITMENTS

The District has a noncancelable operating lease agreement for equipment. Lease payments for the year ending June 30, 2017 totaled \$64,674. Future minimum payments due under the lease are \$64,674 for the year ending June 30, 2018.

10. TRANSFERS AND INTERFUND BALANCES

The District transferred \$382,886 from the *general fund* to the other governmental funds primarily to cover nutrition service costs incurred by the *food services fund* and administrative costs incurred by the Park City Education Foundation.

Amounts due to and due from other funds at June 30, 2017 include \$478,181 due from other governmental funds (the *Park City Education Foundation fund*) to the *general fund* for personnel and other administrative costs.

11. LITIGATION AND COMPLIANCE

At certain times, claims or lawsuits are pending in which the District is involved. The District's counsel and insurance carriers estimate that the District's potential obligations resulting from such claims or litigation would not significantly affect the financial statements of the District.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Continued

The District receives significant financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the District's independent auditors and other governmental auditors. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the *general fund* or other applicable fund. Based on prior experience, District administration believes such disallowance, if any, would be insignificant.

All fund balances are positive at June 30, 2017.

Fund expenditures are within budgeted amounts during the year ended June 30, 2017, except expenditures in the *student activities fund* exceeded budgeted appropriations by \$30,805.



Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Utah Retirement Systems

Last Three Plan (Calendar) Years

		2016		2015		2014	
Tier 1 Noncontributory System:							
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.8960120%		0.9162832%		0.9007547%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	29,039,004	\$	28,783,079	\$	22,631,720	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	23,880,531	\$	24,539,515	\$	24,778,611	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)							
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		121.6%		117.3%		91.3%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension							
liability		84.9%		84.5%		87.2%	
Tier 1 Contributory System:							
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.4494815%		0.5218030%		0.4366610%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	246,297	\$	326,989	\$	47,879	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	120,491	\$	165,295	\$	160,058	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)							
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		204.4%		197.8%		29.9%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension							
liability		93.4%		92.4%		98.7%	
Tier 2 Contributory System:							
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.6041406%		0.5764658%		0.5797030%	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	67,391	\$	(1,258)	\$	(17,568)	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	4,954,443	\$	3,722,327	\$	2,836,017	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)							
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		1.4%		0.0%		-0.6%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension							
liability		95.1%		100.2%		103.5%	

These schedules only present information for the 2014 and subsequent measurement periods of the plans; prior-year information is not available.

Schedules of District Contributions

Utah Retirement Systems

Last Three Fiscal Years

	2017		2016			2015
Tier 1 Noncontributory System:						
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required	\$	5,137,730	\$	5,315,383	\$	5,313,716
contribution		(5,137,730)		(5,315,383)		(5,313,716)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	_	\$		\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	23,482,993	\$	24,295,601	\$	24,617,692
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		21.9%		21.9%		21.6%
Tier 1 Contributory System:						
Contractually required contribution	\$	15,237	\$	28,357	\$	28,329
Contributions in relation to the contractually required		(15.005)		(20.255)		(20, 220)
contribution		(15,237)		(28,357)		(28,329)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	-
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	86,087	\$	160,208	\$	162,624
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		17.7%		17.7%		17.4%
Tier 2 Contributory System:						
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,075,782	\$	768,661	\$	588,177
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,075,782)		(768,661)		(588,177)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(1,070,702)	\$	(/00,001)	\$	-
Controlling deficiency (excess)	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,893,766	\$	4,217,092	\$	3,244,261
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		18.3%		18.2%		18.1%

These schedules only present information for the District's 2015 and subsequent reporting periods; prior-year information is not available.

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT Notes to Required Supplementary Information

A. Changes in Assumptions-Utah Retirement Systems

Amounts reported in plan year 2016 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 1, 2016 valuation:

- The investment return assumption was decreased from 7.50% to 7.20%.
- The inflation assumption decreased from 2.75% to 2.60%.
- With the decrease in the assumed rate of inflation, both the payroll growth and wage inflation assumptions were decreased by 0.15% from the prior year's assumption.

Amounts reported in plan year 2015 reflect the following assumption changes adopted from the January 1, 2015 valuation:

- The wage inflation assumption for all employee groups was decreased from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- The rate of salary increases assumption for most groups was modified.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- The post retirement mortality assumption for female educators showed an improvement.
- Minor adjustments to the preretirement mortality assumption were made.
- Certain demographic assumptions were changed that generally resulted in a) an increase in members anticipated to terminate employment prior to retirement, b) a slight decrease in members expected to become disabled, and c) a slight increase in the expected age of retirement.

B. Schedules of District Contributions-Utah Retirement Systems

Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll may be different than the Utah State Retirement Board certified rate due to rounding or other administrative issues. Required contributions from Tier 2 plans to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Tier 1 plans are reported as contributions to the Tier 2 plans.

Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		2017		2016
	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	Actual Amounts
Revenues:				
Local:				
Property taxes	\$ 53,689,688	\$ 53,988,820	\$ 299,132	\$ 53,026,849
Earnings on investments	249,946	343,803	93,857	220,872
Other	3,051,308	2,955,019	(96,289)	2,960,715
State	3,904,910	3,883,227	(21,683)	3,892,264
Federal	1,105,772	1,200,145	94,373	1,139,370
Total revenues	62,001,624	62,371,014	369,390	61,240,070
Expenditures:				
Current:			40=004	
Salaries	32,869,216	32,381,322	487,894	31,229,693
Employee benefits	16,929,373	16,752,007	177,366	16,534,057
Purchased professional services	511,954	500,559	11,395	407,795
Purchased property services	1,832,809	1,787,046	45,763	1,582,535
Other purchased services	878,479	823,740	54,739	811,709
Supplies	4,427,541	3,663,083	764,458	3,764,671
Equipment	138,715	93,283	45,432	151,084
Other objects	5,192,796	5,264,636	(71,840)	4,466,450
Total expenditures	62,780,883	61,265,676	1,515,207	58,947,994
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over				
(under) expenditures	(779,259)	1,105,338	1,884,597	2,292,076
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers out	(370,609)	(382,886)	(12,277)	(180,609)
Net change in fund balances	(1,149,868)	722,452	1,872,320	2,111,467
Fund balances - beginning	18,747,701	18,747,701		16,636,234
Fund balances - ending	\$ 17,597,833	\$ 19,470,153	\$ 1,872,320	\$ 18,747,701

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

	2017							2016	
		Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget		Actual Amounts	
Revenues:									
Local:									
Property taxes	\$	5,007,329	\$	5,027,233	\$	19,904	\$	5,063,229	
Earnings on investments		288,504		254,697		(33,807)		161,486	
Other		296,998		346,323		49,325		296,998	
Total revenues		5,592,831		5,628,253		35,422		5,521,713	
Expenditures:									
Capital outlay:									
Purchased professional services		-		495		(495)		74,234	
Purchased property services		3,881,894		3,468,092		413,802		2,522,936	
Other purchased services		-		3,388		(3,388)		3,577	
Supplies		-		212		(212)		_	
Equipment		2,579,458		2,197,911		381,547		2,302,511	
Total expenditures		6,461,352		5,670,098		791,254		4,903,258	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(868,521)		(41,845)		826,676		618,455	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Proceeds from sale of capital assets				27,338		27,338		24,242	
Net change in fund balances		(868,521)		(14,507)		854,014		642,697	
Fund balances - beginning		21,662,998		21,662,998				21,020,301	
Fund balances - ending	\$	20,794,477	\$	21,648,491	\$	854,014	\$	21,662,998	

Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2017

							F	Park City	_ ,	Total Sonmajor	
	Food Services		Student S Activities		Pa	Pass-Through Taxes		Education Foundation		Governmental Funds	
Assets:											
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	586,930	\$	738,145	\$	-	\$	2,426,770	\$	3,751,845	
Property taxes		-		-		2,887,407		-		2,887,407	
Local		-		-		-		210,400		210,400	
State		103,513		-		-		-		103,513	
Federal		20,226		-		-		-		20,226	
Inventories and prepaid items		20,503		1,014				9,458		30,975	
Total assets	\$	731,172	\$	739,159	\$	2,887,407	\$	2,646,628	\$	7,004,366	
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	15,621	\$	2,531	\$	-	\$	85,352	\$	103,504	
Unearned revenue:											
Local		86,575		-		-		-		86,575	
Due to other funds								478,181		478,181	
Total liabilities		102,196		2,531				563,533		668,260	
Deferred inflows of resources:											
Unavailable local revenue		_		-		-		210,400		210,400	
Unavailable property tax revenue		_		_		38,317				38,317	
Property taxes levied for future year		-		-		2,849,090		-		2,849,090	
Total deferred inflows of resources		-		-		2,887,407		210,400		3,097,807	
Fund balances:											
Nonspendable:											
Scholarship endowments		_		_		_		86,970		86,970	
Inventories and prepaid items		20,503		1,014		_		9,458		30,975	
Restricted for:		- ,		,-				.,		,-	
Nutrition services		591,456		-		-		-		591,456	
Scholarships		-		-		-		225,106		225,106	
Assigned to:											
Compensated absences		17,017		-		-		12,272		29,289	
Students		-		735,614		-		-		735,614	
Foundation				_				1,538,889		1,538,889	
Total fund balances		628,976		736,628				1,872,695		3,238,299	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	731,172	\$	739,159	\$	2,887,407	\$	2,646,628	\$	7,004,366	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2017

					Total	
	Food Services	Student Activities	Pass-Through Taxes	Park City Education Foundation	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:						
Local:						
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,886,023	\$ -	\$ 1,886,023	
Earnings on investments	3,317	-	-	72,461	75,778	
Lunch sales	551,029	-	-	-	551,029	
Other	66,984	1,991,613	-	1,849,007	3,907,604	
State	240,609	-	-	-	240,609	
Federal	655,461				655,461	
Total revenues	1,517,400	1,991,613	1,886,023	1,921,468	7,316,504	
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction		1,941,962		2,026,233	3,968,195	
Nutrition services	1,475,689	1,741,702	_	2,020,233	1,475,689	
Contributions to other governments	-		1,886,023		1,886,023	
Total expenditures	1,475,689	1,941,962	1,886,023	2,026,233	7,329,907	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	41,711	49,651		(104,765)	(13,403)	
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	190,000			192,886	382,886	
Net change in fund balances	231,711	49,651	-	88,121	369,483	
Fund balances - beginning	397,265	686,977	<u>-</u>	1,784,574	2,868,816	
Fund balances - ending	\$ 628,976	\$ 736,628	\$ -	\$ 1,872,695	\$ 3,238,299	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual *Food Services*

Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2017

With Comparative Totals for 2016

		2016		
	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	Actual Amounts
Revenues:				
Local:				
Lunch sales	\$ 515,185	\$ 551,029	\$ 35,844	\$ 514,149
Earnings on investments	5,591	3,317	(2,274)	1,904
Vending	63,749	66,984	3,235	64,287
State	229,929	240,609	10,680	234,710
Federal	705,673	655,461	(50,212)	700,843
Total revenues	1,520,127	1,517,400	(2,727)	1,515,893
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Salaries	556,064	531,697	24,367	542,392
Employee benefits	269,095	265,720	3,375	313,179
Purchased professional services	2,000	2,000	-	5,229
Purchased property services	10,079	9,903	176	10,578
Other purchased services	52,348	44,919	7,429	44,055
Food and other supplies	757,553	587,334	170,219	603,329
Equipment	9,409	34,116	(24,707)	2,535
Total expenditures	1,656,548	1,475,689	180,859	1,521,297
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(136,421)	41,711	178,132	(5,404)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	190,000	190,000	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Net change in fund balances	53,579	231,711	178,132	(5,404)
Fund balances - beginning	397,265	397,265	-	402,669
Fund balances - ending	\$ 450,844	\$ 628,976	\$ 178,132	\$ 397,265
i una baiances - chaing	Ψ +30,044	Ψ 020,770	Ψ 170,132	Ψ 371,203

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Student Activities

Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

		2016		
	Final Budgeted Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget	Actual Amounts
Revenues:				
Local:				
Other	\$ 1,913,916	\$ 1,991,613	\$ 77,697	\$ 1,832,166
Expenditures: Current:				
Salaries	53,698	66,932	(13,234)	45,817
Employee benefits	18,525	20,845	(2,320)	14,570
Purchased professional services	-	-	-	750
Other purchased services	41,673	38,595	3,078	57,720
Supplies	1,796,130	1,814,647	(18,517)	1,622,919
Equipment	1,131	-	1,131	-
Other objects		943	(943)	1,337
Total expenditures	1,911,157	1,941,962	(30,805)	1,743,113
Excess of revenues over expenditures / net change in fund balances	2,759	49,651	46,892	89,053
Fund balances - beginning	686,977	686,977		597,924
Fund balances - ending	\$ 689,736	\$ 736,628	\$ 46,892	\$ 686,977

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Pass-Through Taxes

Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2017 With Comparative Totals for 2016

				2016			
	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts			Actual Amounts	
Revenues:					<u>.</u>		_
Property taxes	\$	1,886,023	1,886,023	\$	-	\$	1,962,976
Expenditures: Current: Contributions to other governments		1,886,023	1,886,023	<u> </u>			1,962,976
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures / net change in fund balance		-	-		-		-
Fund balances - beginning		_					_
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	

Comparative Balance Sheets Park City Education Foundation Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund

June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
Assets:		
Cash and investments	\$ 2,426,770	\$ 2,071,728
Receivables:		
Local	210,400	20,500
Prepaid items	9,458	19,719
Total assets	\$ 2,646,628	\$ 2,111,947
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 85,352	\$ 30,425
Due to other funds	478,181	276,448
Total liabilities	563,533	306,873
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Unavailable local revenue	210,400	20,500
Fund balances:		
Nonspendable:		
Scholarship endowments	86,970	-
Prepaid items	9,458	19,719
Restricted for:		
Scholarships	225,106	198,515
Assigned to:		
Compensated absences	12,272	6,003
Foundation	1,538,889	1,560,337
Total fund balances	1,872,695	1,784,574
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		
resources, and fund balances	\$ 2,646,628	\$ 2,111,947

Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Park City Education Foundation

Nonmajor Special Revenue Fund

June 30, 2017 and 2016

	2017	2016
Revenues:		
Local:		
Earnings on investments	\$ 72,461	\$ 115,444
Other	1,849,007	1,622,504
Total revenues	1,921,468	1,737,948
Expenditures:		
Current:		
Salaries	316,423	247,427
Employee benefits	170,727	120,534
Other purchased services	3,434	4,904
Instructional grants and scholarships	1,324,682	1,061,547
Supplies	210,967	183,705
Equipment		4,415
Total expenditures	2,026,233	1,622,532
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(104,765)	115,416
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfers in	192,886	180,609
Net change in fund balances	88,121	296,025
Fund balances - beginning	1,784,574	1,488,549
Fund balances - ending	\$ 1,872,695	\$ 1,784,574



PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (Accrual Basis) GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Last Five Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 59,209,117	\$ 57,794,712	\$ 51,800,487	\$ 44,549,791	\$ 43,501,360
Receivables:					
Property taxes	59,957,002	60,050,209	60,095,675	51,409,116	52,530,464
Other governments	1,308,806	780,198	950,514	1,004,634	1,605,538
Inventories and prepaid items	52,573	119,399	51,515	43,338	29,976
Net pension asset	-	1,258	17,568	-	-
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress	5,174,771	4,928,568	4,928,568	4,928,568	4,928,568
Other capital assets, net of	04 501 493	07.055.006	100 104 150	102 020 074	105 772 975
accumulated depreciation	94,501,482	97,055,896	100,104,150	102,930,974	105,772,875
Total assets	220,203,751	220,730,240	217,948,477	204,866,421	208,368,781
Deferred outflows of resources:					
Related to pensions	12,170,576	11,102,953	3,468,187		
Liabilities:					
Accounts and contracts payable	2,945,082	3,446,679	1,522,940	976,370	2,217,224
Accrued interest	-		-	52,610	108,023
Accrued payroll and related benefits	5,927,921	5,595,832	5,646,255	5,099,547	4,876,633
Unearned revenue	253,450	382,168	516,993	560,120	403,357
Noncurrent liabilities:					
Portion due or payable within one year	2,578,653	2,722,001	2,294,396	5,889,922	5,322,017
Portion due or payable after one year	30,518,931	30,544,574	23,785,040	860,467	4,396,573
Total liabilities	42,224,037	42,691,254	33,765,624	13,439,036	17,323,827
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Property taxes levied for future year	59,581,310	59,628,969	59,653,204	50,450,558	51,512,828
Related to pensions	4,029,223	2,839,926	2,132,988	-	-
Total deferred inflow of resources	63,610,533	62,468,895	61,786,192	50,450,558	51,512,828
Net position:					
Net investment in capital assets	99,676,253	101,987,464	105,032,718	104,061,285	103,242,602
Restricted for:	>>,0 / 0, 2 22	101,507,101	100,002,710	10.,001,200	100,2 .2,002
Debt service	_	-	-	717,842	1,352,173
Capital projects	21,714,421	21,729,757	21,097,567	19,108,308	19,110,542
Nutrition services	611,959	381,558	389,194	376,243	426,710
Foundation	522,476	219,015	244,112	326,150	428,348
Unrestricted	4,014,648	2,358,250	(898,743)	16,386,999	14,971,751
Total net position	\$ 126,539,757	\$ 126,676,044	\$ 125,864,848	\$ 140,976,827	\$ 139,532,126

The District implemented GASB Statements 68 and 71 in 2015, recording its proportional share of net pension liabilities.

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES (Accrual Basis) GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Last Five Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Expenses:					
Instruction	\$ 43,903,218	\$ 42,253,598	\$ 38,509,648	\$ 38,782,594	\$ 34,489,088
Supporting services:					
Student	2,736,234	2,474,259	2,288,158	2,171,571	2,189,097
Instructional staff	3,086,593	3,086,850	2,977,874	2,576,542	2,407,475
General administration	1,138,540	574,325	560,323	598,584	488,807
School administration	2,850,555	2,947,831	2,892,912	2,711,820	2,474,246
Central	3,169,395	2,992,336	2,848,976	2,899,939	2,907,399
Operation and maintenance of facilities	5,161,691	5,136,891	4,677,419	4,871,006	4,631,376
Student transportation	2,368,461	2,502,914	2,609,541	2,507,650	2,503,474
Nutrition services	1,613,107	1,655,328	1,635,069	1,625,002	1,670,407
Community services	1,597,440	1,793,806	3,535,186	2,692,544	2,589,212
Contributions to other governments	6,619,678	6,411,576	2,029,197	2,360,204	4,990,449
Interest on long-term liabilities			71,972	200,018	325,680
Total school district	74,244,912	71,829,714	64,636,275	63,997,474	61,666,710
Program revenues:					
Instruction	6,681,106	6,218,189	6,772,395	4,736,082	4,211,648
Supporting services:					
Student	273,566	301,090	197,246	249,292	175,390
Instructional staff	114,909	128,972	188,872	165,235	117,485
Central	-	-	-	-	149,671
School administration	-	-	3,398	13,709	601
Operation and maintenance of facilities	26,806	9,500	7,427	367	-
Student transportation	905,289	889,784	806,603	791,199	845,617
Nutrition services	1,513,012	1,512,989	1,558,752	1,452,116	1,451,357
Community services	314,956	507,983	647,060	1,292,209	1,200,126
Total program revenues	9,829,644	9,568,507	10,181,753	8,700,209	8,151,895
Net (expense) revenue	(64,415,268)	(62,261,207)	(54,454,522)	(55,297,265)	(53,514,815)
General revenues:					
Property taxes levied for:					
General purposes	53,938,571	52,981,595	49,426,090	46,053,060	48,297,164
Debt service	-	-	3,478,349	3,207,123	4,174,907
Capital outlay	5,030,540	4,990,172	4,989,147	4,838,621	4,694,121
Tax increment financing	1,886,023	1,962,976	1,911,673		
Total property tax revenue Federal and state aid not restricted to	60,855,134	59,934,743	59,805,259	54,098,804	57,166,192
specific purposes	1,763,122	1,815,407	1,808,325	1,536,257	1,672,203
Earnings on investments	674,278	499,706	232,938	208,189	247,822
Miscellaneous	989,447	819,547	764,993	898,716	924,231
Total general revenues	64,281,981	63,069,403	62,611,515	56,741,966	60,010,448
Change in net position	(133,287)	808,196	8,156,993	1,444,701	6,495,633
Net position - beginning	126,673,044	125,864,848	117,707,855	139,532,126	133,036,493
Net position - ending	\$ 126,539,757	\$ 126,673,044	125,864,848	140,976,827	139,532,126

The District implemented GASB Statements 68 and 71 in 2015, restating and decreasing beginning net position by \$23,268,972 for 2015.

GENERAL FUND

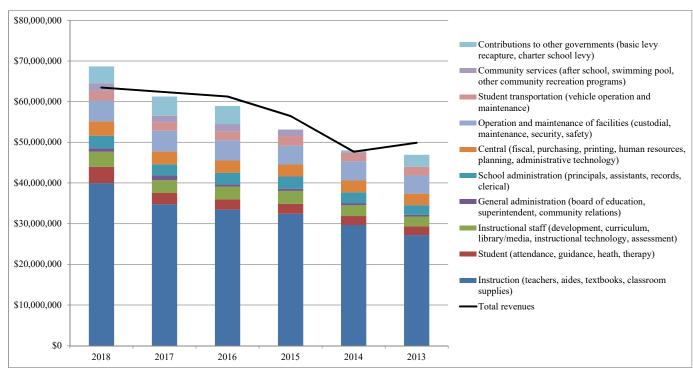
COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS (Modified Accrual Basis)

Last Five Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 25,333,380	\$ 25,482,817	\$ 22,338,184	\$ 17,918,789	\$ 17,851,022
Receivables:					
Property taxes	52,138,474	53,059,297	53,053,859	43,615,863	44,467,764
Local	217,179	65,865	142,298	53,962	7,268
State	79,585	43,635	207,750	188,234	142,697
Federal	677,903	540,664	454,137	457,594	424,747
Prepaid items	16,348	72,835	8,956	11,789	-
Due from other funds	478,181	276,448	414,792	126,186	-
Total assets	\$ 78,941,050	\$ 79,541,561	\$ 76,619,976	\$ 62,372,417	\$ 62,893,498
Liabilities:					
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 849,068	\$ 1,476,609	\$ 376,540	\$ 252,972	\$ 334,526
Accrued payroll and related benefits Unearned revenue:	5,927,921	5,595,832	5,646,255	5,099,547	4,876,633
Local	34,738	100,075	242,532	-	-
State	131,145	206,513	204,306	331,098	245,550
Federal	992	-	-	-	-
Total liabilities	6,943,864	7,379,029	6,469,633	5,683,617	5,456,709
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable property tax revenue	697,060	715,803	820,345	1,001,842	943,877
Property taxes levied for future year	51,829,973	52,699,028	52,693,764	42,803,650	43,613,097
Total deferred inflows of resources	52,527,033	53,414,831	53,514,109	43,805,492	44,556,974
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	16,348	72,835	8,956	11,789	-
Committed to:					
Economic stabilization	3,432,024	3,156,478	2,729,314	2,375,000	2,180,000
Self insurance	-	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Community services	-	-	503,940	-	-
Assigned to:					
Compensated absences	945,765	975,235	912,158	890,396	811,674
Basic levy recapture	350,000	350,000	-	50,000	300,000
Unassigned	14,726,016	14,193,153	12,481,866	8,556,123	8,588,141
Total fund balances	19,470,153	18,747,701	16,636,234	12,883,308	12,879,815
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 78,941,050	\$ 79,541,561	\$ 76,619,976	\$ 62,372,417	\$ 62,893,498
Unassigned fund balance as a percent					
of general fund expenditures	24.0%	23.2%	21.2%	17.8%	18.3%

Last Five Fiscal Years with Anticipated Budget for 2018

	Anticipated Budget 2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Revenues:						
Local:						
Property taxes	\$ 55,155,811	\$ 53,988,820	\$ 53,026,849	\$ 47,571,866	\$ 42,803,490	\$ 44,930,279
Earnings on investments	249,946	343,803	220,872	120,776	94,699	112,655
Other	3,067,977	2,955,019	2,960,715	2,870,883	679,980	449,468
State	3,906,362	3,883,227	3,892,264	4,728,014	3,047,465	3,262,680
Federal	1,084,454	1,200,145	1,139,370	1,176,615	1,082,791	1,130,510
Total revenues	63,464,550	62,371,014	61,240,070	56,468,154	47,708,425	49,885,592
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction	39,947,650	34,756,028	33,433,848	32,434,731	29,663,497	27,185,196
Supporting services:						
Student	4,044,977	2,800,881	2,524,099	2,447,605	2,227,615	2,183,812
Instructional staff	3,713,070	3,135,669	3,141,797	3,162,792	2,612,964	2,407,475
General administration	849,263	1,133,207	558,830	573,866	554,730	425,628
School administration	3,063,904	2,770,965	2,865,742	2,958,425	2,620,934	2,334,526
Central	3,546,376	3,183,306	3,012,737	2,969,018	2,912,681	2,864,673
Operation and maintenance of facilities	5,114,680	5,042,549	4,992,209	4,644,256	4,733,932	4,441,012
Student transportation	2,342,593	2,125,058	2,184,942	2,354,087	2,160,530	2,133,773
Community services	1,858,108	1,584,358	1,785,190	1,539,177	-	
Contributions to other governments	4,159,868	4,733,655	4,448,600	117,524	573,421	2,982,161
Total expenditures	68,640,489	61,265,676	58,947,994	53,201,481	48,060,304	46,958,256
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,175,939)	1,105,338	2,292,076	3,266,673	(351,879)	2,927,336
Other financing sources (uses):						
Net transfers and other financing sources (uses)	(370,609)	(382,886)	(180,609)	486,253	355,372	90,547
Net change in fund balances	(5,546,548)	722,452	2,111,467	3,752,926	3,493	3,017,883
Fund Balances - Beginning	18,747,702	18,747,701	16,636,234	12,883,308	12,879,815	9,861,932
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 13,201,154	\$ 19,470,153	\$ 18,747,701	\$ 16,636,234	\$ 12,883,308	\$ 12,879,815



The 2018 anticipated budget is from the proposed budget approved by the Board in June 2017. In 2015, the District began reporting community services in the ${\it general fund}$.

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES PER STUDENT *

Last Five Fiscal Years with Anticipated Budget for 2018

	Anticipated Budget 2018		2017		2016		2015		2014		2013	
General fund expenditures per student:												
Instruction	\$	8,065	\$	7,106	\$	7,019	\$	6,844	\$	6,407	\$	6,149
Supporting services:												
Student		817		573		530		516		481		494
Instructional staff		750		641		660		667		564		545
General administration		171		232		117		121		120		96
School administration		619		567		602		624		566		528
Central		716		651		633		627		629		648
Operation and maintenance of facilities		1,033		1,031		1,048		980		1,022		1,005
Student transportation		473		434		459		497		467		483
Total general fund expenditures per student *	\$	12,644	\$	11,235	\$	11,068	\$	10,876	\$	10,256	\$	9,948
Student fall enrollment count		4,953		4,891		4,763		4,739		4,630		4,421

^{*} In this schedule, community service expenditures and contributions to other governments have been excluded. 2018 student fall enrollment count is projected.

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT HISTORICAL SUMMARIES OF TAXABLE VALUES OF PROPERTY

Last Five Tax (Calendar) Years

	2016		2015	2014	2013	2012
	Taxable Value	% of TV	Taxable Value	Taxable Value	Taxable Value	Taxable Value
Set by County Assessor-Locally Assessed Real property:						
Primary residential	\$ 3,830,045,477	27.0 %	\$ 3,443,252,037	\$ 3,122,215,248	\$ 2,892,826,137	\$ 2,862,336,394
Other residential	7,774,700,795	54.9	7,220,873,340	6,612,872,484	6,218,201,425	6,086,020,786
Commercial and industrial	1,242,128,912	8.8	1,177,768,827	1,160,545,704	1,158,599,259	1,212,881,295
Agricultural and Farmland Assessment Act (FAA)	14,299,539	0.1	13,323,553	12,685,696	12,307,890	12,360,621
Unimproved non FAA	904,724,555	6.4	863,535,095	814,990,352	839,175,932	869,098,098
Total real property	13,765,899,278	97.2	12,718,752,852	11,723,309,484	11,121,110,643	11,042,697,194
Personal property	194,919,398	1.4	172,475,032	176,634,304	178,557,487	188,634,918
Fee in lieu (motor vehicles, etc.) estimate	101,305,708	0.7	98,037,941	85,903,740	92,668,286	82,629,219
Total locally assessed	14,062,124,384	99.3	12,989,265,825	11,985,847,528	11,392,336,416	11,313,961,331
Set by State Tax Commission-Centrally Assessed	100,919,989	0.7	93,958,032	84,577,628	81,580,677	76,804,399
Total taxable value	\$ 14,163,044,373	100.0 %	\$ 13,083,223,857	\$ 12,070,425,156	\$ 11,473,917,093	\$ 11,390,765,730
Total taxable value (less fee in lieu property)	\$ 14,061,738,665		\$ 12,985,185,916	\$ 11,984,521,416	\$ 11,381,248,807	\$ 11,308,136,511
Amounts include increases in taxable values within tax in	ncrement financing (TIF)	districts locate	ed within the taxing are	a of Park City School D	istrict as follows:	
Redevelopment incremental taxable value	\$ 478,210,726		\$ 453,479,903	\$ 413,623,548	\$ 399,872,577	\$ 411,050,480

Source: Utah State Tax Commission.

PARK CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT TAX RATES AND COLLECTIONS

Last Four Fiscal Years with Anticipated Budget for 2017

	Anticipated Budget										
		2018		2017		2016		2015		2014	
	Tax Rate	Budget	Tax Rate	Collections	Tax Rate	Collections	Tax Rate	Collections	Tax Rate	Collections	
General Fund:											
Basic	0.001568	\$ 23,930,357	0.001675	\$ 23,393,784	0.001736	\$ 22,528,332	0.001419	\$ 16,751,252	0.001535	\$ 17,321,174	
Board local	0.000834	12,783,770	0.000945	13,198,284	0.001018	13,210,738	0.001120	13,221,566	0.000872	8,512,640	
Voted local	0.001161	17,718,842	0.001240	17,318,383	0.001323	17,168,769	0.001449	17,105,401	0.001503	16,960,081	
Judgment recovery							0.000069	814,543			
Total general fund	0.003563	54,432,969	0.003860	53,910,451	0.004077	52,907,839	0.004057	47,892,762	0.003910	42,793,895	
Non K-12 Programs Fund:											
Board local										1,327,141	
Pass-Through Taxes Fund:											
Incremental taxes	_	1,886,023	_	1,886,023	_	1,962,976	_	1,911,673	_	1,786,783	
Charter school	0.000051	722,842	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	
Total pass-through taxes fund	0.000051	2,608,865		1,886,023		1,962,976		1,911,673		1,786,783	
Debt Service Fund:							0.000202	2.450.056	0.000007	2 222 010	
Debt service	-		-				0.000293	3,458,856	0.000287	3,233,818	
Capital Projects Fund:											
Capital local	0.000337	5,143,196	0.000360	5,027,918	0.000384	4,983,226	0.000420	4,958,088	0.000433	4,886,038	
Total tax rate / collections	0.003951	62,185,030	0.004220	60,824,392	0.004461	59,854,041	0.004770	58,221,379	0.004630	54,027,675	
Contributions to Other Governme	nts:										
Basic levy recapture		3,437,026		4,045,055		3,836,331		_		446,381	
Incremental taxes		1,886,023		1,886,023		1,962,976		1,911,673		1,786,783	
Charter school levy / local replacer	nent	722,842		688,600		612,269		117,524		127,040	
Total contributed		6,045,891		6,619,678		6,411,576		2,029,197		2,360,204	
Net taxes retained by the District		\$ 56,139,139		\$ 54,204,714		\$ 53,442,465		\$ 56,192,182		\$ 51,667,471	
ivet taxes retained by the District		\$ 50,139,139		\$ J4,2U4,714		\$ 33, 44 2,403		\$ 50,192,182		\$ 31,007,471	

Notes:

Tax rates are levied for the calendar year. For example, calendar year 2017 tax rates apply to the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

Collections include current taxes, redemptions (delinquent taxes collected in the current year) and fees in lieu of taxes (primarily motor vehicle fees).

Collections will differ from tax revenue reported in the fund financial statements which use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The 2018 budget reflects the rates and anticipated collections as approved by the Board in June 2017.

The District has committed to allocate a portion of the board local levy to community recreation programs; community recreation programs are recorded in the general fund beginning in 2015.