LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE

TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

TABLE OF CONTENTS		
	Paga	Exhibit
	Page	<u>EXHIUI</u>
CERTIFICATE OF BOARD	3	
Independent Auditors' Report	5	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	7	
Basic Financial Statements		
Government Wide Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	17	A-1
Statement of Activities	18	B-1
Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	20	C-1
Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	20	C-1 C-2
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	23	C-2 C-3
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	21	0.5
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	26	C-4
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -		
Budget and Actual – General Fund	27	C-5
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:		
Statement of Net Position	28	D-1
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	29	D-2
Statement of Cash Flows	30	D-3
Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements:	31	E-1
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	31	E-1 E-2
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	33	L-2
Notes to the Daste I manetal Statements		
Required Supplementary Information		
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability -		
Teacher Retirement System of Texas	64	G-1
Schedule of District's Contributions for Pensions -		
Teacher Retirement System of Texas	66	G-2
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability -	(9	C 2
Teacher Retirement System of Texas	68	G-3
Schedule of District's Contributions for Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) - Teacher Retirement System of Texas	70	G-4
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	78 72	0.1
Notes to Required Supplementary intornation		
Combining Schedules		
Nonmajor Governmental Funds:		
Combining Balance Sheet	74	H-1
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	78	H-2
Required TEA Schedules	84	J-1
Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable-Ten Months Ended June 30, 2022 Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable-Twelve Months Ended August 31, 2022	86	J-1
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	00	
Budget and Actual - Child Nutrition Program	88	J- 2
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -		
Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund	89	J-3
Use of Funds Report - Select State Allotment Programs	90	J-4

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS-continued

93	
95	
97	
98	
99	K-1
100	
	93 95 97 98 99 100

Page Exhibit

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Little Ehn Independent School District Name of School District

Denton County <u>061–914</u> Co. – Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above-named school district were reviewed and (check one) _____ approved _____ disapproved for the ten months ended June 30, 2022,

at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the 24th day of October, 2022.

Signature of Board President

Signature of Board Secretary

This page left blank intentionally.

Members: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN & SEAY A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

TEL. (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

Independent Auditors' Report

Little Elm Independent School District Little Elm, Texas

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Little Elm Independent School District as of and for the ten months ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Little Elm Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Little Elm Independent School District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the ten months then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financials section of our report. We are required to be independent of Little Elm Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Little Elm Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with general accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Little Elm Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Little Elm Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 7 through 13 and the Teacher Retirement System schedules on page 64 through 72 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Little Elm Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 17, 2022 on our consideration of Little Elm Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of the compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Little Elm Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Little Elm Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Torm + leavy, DC

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC Denton, Texas

October 17, 2022

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

As management of Little Elm Independent School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statement this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the ten months ended June 30, 2022. Please read this narrative in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 5, and the District's Basic Financial Statements that begin on page 17.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Texas State Legislature enacted legislation in 1999 that gives school districts the option to change their fiscal year-end to June 30. The District elected to act on this option and changed its fiscal year-end to June 30 effective with the fiscal period beginning September 1, 2021. The Annual Financial Report for the ten months ended June 30, 2022 represents data for the District's ten-month transitional fiscal period from September 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. All financial statements and exhibits included in the Annual Financial Report have been prepared on a ten-month basis. By changing to a June 30 fiscal year-end, the District is able to align its budget, accounting, and reporting year more closely with its educational year. Annually, tax collections for the District's debt service payment due in August will be levied and collected in the fiscal year ended on June 30 prior to the August debt payment. The change in fiscal year is a key factor in the variance explanations throughout this Management's Discussion and Analysis due to the ten-month transitional period.

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal period by \$40,407,994 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$(20,658,399) represents negative unrestricted net position.
- The District's total net position increased by \$24,273,050 during the current fiscal period.
- As of the close of the current fiscal period, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$105,407,718. 25.6% of this total amount, \$26,949,736, is unassigned and available for use within the District's policies.
- At the end of the current fiscal period, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$26,949,736 or 38.4% of the total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 17 through 19). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 20) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 33) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by TEA. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 17. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the period while the Statement of Activities includes all revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the period. These apply the accrual basis of accounting (the basis used by private sector companies).

All of the current period's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current period or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two kinds of activities:

· Governmental activities-Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

• Business-type activities-The District charges a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides in its childcare operation.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 20 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds-not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's two kinds of funds-government and proprietary-use different accounting approaches.

• Governmental funds–All of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

• Proprietary funds—The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's enterprise funds (one category of propriety funds) are the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statements but containing more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the fiduciary, or custodian, for money raised by student activities. The District's custodial activity is reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages 31 and 32. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The following analysis of comparative balances and changes therein is presented for the current period and prior year's operations and a discussion of significant changes in the accounts. The analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$16,109,286 to \$40,359,200. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was (\$20,682,345) at June 30, 2022.

	Govern		Busines	••	То	otal
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities		
	August 31,	June 30,	August 31,	June 30,	August 31,	June 30,
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022
		1.2				
Current and other assets	117,638,265	122,473,856	\$ (3,725)	\$ 138,292	\$117,634,540	\$122,612,148
Capital assets	332,052,795	352,964,547	34,406	24,848	332,087,201	352,989,395
Total assets	449,691,060	475,438,403	30,681	163,140	449,721,741	475,601,543
Deferred outflows of resources	14,644,235	16,272,675		-	14,644,235	16,272,675
Total assets and deferred outflows						
of resources	464,335,295	491,711,078	30,681	163,140	464,365,976	491,874,218
Long-term liabilities	415,315,160	404,038,266			415,315,160	404,038,266
Other liabilities	13,662,261	20,198,400	5,023	114,346	13,667,284	20,312,746
Total liabilities	428,977,421	424,236,666	5,023	114,346	428,982,444	424,351,012
Deferred inflows of resources	19,248,588	27,115,212			19,248,588	27,115,212
Total liabilities and deferred inflows					191 - 194 - 201	
of resources	448,226,009	451,351,878	5,023	114,346	448,231,032	451,466,224
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	39,840,077	36,253,012	34,406	24,848	39,874,483	36,277,860
Restricted	8,089,249	24,788,533	-	-	8,089,249	24,788,533
Unrestricted	(31,820,040)	(20,682,345)	(8,748)	23,946	(31,828,788)	(20,658,399)
Total Net Position	\$ 16,109,286	\$ 40,359,200	\$ 25,658	\$ 48,794	\$ 16,134,944	\$ 40,407,994

Table I NET POSITION

	CHANGES IN NET POSITION						
	Govern	mental	Business	s-type	Total		
	Acti	vities	Activi	ties			
	Year	Ten Months	Year	Ten Months	Year	Ten Months	
	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended	Ended	
	August 31, 2021	June 30, 2022	August 31, 2021	June 30, 2022	August 31, 2021	June 30, 2022	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 2,201,868	\$ 2,834,921	\$ 470,765	\$ 467,712	\$ 2,672,633	\$ 3,302,633	
Operating grants and contributions	10,297,939	13,812,209	94,263	-	10,392,202	13,812,209	
General Revenues:							
Maintenance and operations taxes	56,429,150	58,919,266	-	-	56,429,150	58,919,266	
Debt service taxes	25,900,444	28,828,817	-	-	25,900,444	28,828,817	
State aid	20,697,740	14,372,417	-	-	20,697,740	14,372,417	
Other grants and contributions	1,020,446	548,656	-	-	1,020,446	548,656	
Investment earnings	156,017	223,468	-	-	156,017	223,468	
Miscellaneous	786,865	571,374	-	-	786,865	571,374	
Extraordinary item - resource	776,820	3,166,617	-	-	776,820	3,166,617	
Extraordinary item - (use)	(776,820)	-	-		(776,820)	_	
Total Revenue	117,490,469	123,277,745	565,028	467,712	118,055,497	123,745,457	
Expenses:							
Instruction, curriculum and media services	58,246,446	50,188,721	-	-	58,246,446	50,188,721	
Instructional and school leadership	6,318,616	5,582,125	_		6,318,616	5,582,125	
	6,697,299	6,620,202			6,697,299	6,620,202	
Student support services Child nutrition	4,598,252	4,956,940	_	-	4,598,252	4,956,940	
Extracurricular activities	3,558,008	3,713,075		_	3,558,008	3,713,075	
	3,422,625	2,892,294		-	3,422,625	2,892,294	
General administration		2,892,294 13,54 6 ,497	-		14,593,859	13,546,497	
Plant maintenance, security and data processing	14,593,859	13,340,497	-	-	14,373,007	13,340,497	
	144,618	85,892			144,618	85,892	
Community services	144,010	05,092	539,370	444,576	539,370	444,576	
Childcare services	- 13,397,720	10,023,523	557,570	444,370	13,397,720	10,023,523	
Debt services		291,689	-	-	250,519	291,689	
Capital outlay	250,519	291,009	-	-	230,317	291,009	
Contracted instructional services	226.019	610 100			326,918	618,198	
between schools	326,918	618,198	-	-	520,910	010,190	
Payments to juvenile justice		(020				6 0 2 0	
alternative ed. prg.	475.075	6,039	-	-	475.075	6,039	
Intergovernmental charges	475,975	502,636	-	444 576	475,975	502,636	
Total Expenses	112,030,855	99,027,831	539,370	444,576	5,485,272	99,472,407	
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	5,459,614	24,249,914	25,658	23,136 25,658	10,649,672	24,273,030 16,134,944	
Net Position - beginning of year	10,649,672	16,109,286 \$ 40,359,200	\$ 25,658	\$ 48,794	\$ 16,134,944	\$ 40,407,994	
Net Position - end of year	\$ 16,109,286	\$ 40,359,200	\$ 25,658	φ 40,/74	φ 10,137,244	\$ 10,107,994	

Table IICHANGES IN NET POSITION

The District notes the following highlights for the 2021-2022 school year in response to changes in personnel and continued growth in student enrollment.

- The District maintained its contract with a professional demographer in an effort to plan for future facility needs.
- The District maintained the employer's health insurance contribution at \$397 per month.
- The District operated an Energy Education Plan and an Energy Manager in an effort to conserve energy and reduce energy costs.
- The Board of Trustees approved a property tax rate of \$1.4303/\$100 of taxable value (\$0.9603 for M&O and \$0.47 for Debt Service).
- The District maintained an employee induction program for new teachers that provides training and staff development.
- The District maintained its status of "Superior Achievement" according to the Financial Integrity Rating System of Texas.

The cost of all governmental activities for the current fiscal year was \$99,027,831. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on pages 18 and 19, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through District taxes was \$87,748,083 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$2,834,921) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$13,812,209) or by State equalization funding (\$14,372,417), or by other grants and contributions (\$548,656).

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the fiscal period, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 20) reported a combined fund balance of \$105,407,718, which is \$1,683,148 more than last year's total of \$103,724,570. Included in this period's total change in fund balance is an increase of \$9,832,127 in the District's Growth/Transition Fund and an increase of \$19,296,468 in the Debt Service Fund.

Over the course of the period, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the period and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in August 2021). The second category includes changes that the Board made during the period to reflect new information regarding revenue sources and expenditure needs. The third category involves amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

The District's General Fund balance of \$33,953,476 reported on page 20 is the same as the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$33,953,476 reported in the budgetary comparison schedule on page 27.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the District's governmental activities had \$352,964,547 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents a net increase of \$20,911,752 or 6.3 percent, more than last year.

This period's major additions were completion of several buildings, and renovations and additions and construction in progress on several new building projects.

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Debt Administration

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$374,335,475 in bonds payable and other long-term debt outstanding (including accreted interest on bonds) versus \$378,072,558 last year-a decrease of 0.99 percent. The District's general obligation bond rating is AAA (as a result of guarantees of the Texas Permanent School Fund), according to national rating agencies.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District took actions for 2022-2023 to compensate for some increases in costs and continued increases in enrollment:

- The Board adopted a \$120.6 million appropriations budget including General Operating, Child Nutrition, and Debt Service.
- Certified Taxable Property Values increased \$1.2 billion from \$6,394,748,827 to \$7,596,741,829 from 2021 to 2022.
- Student enrollment is estimated to increase 381 students from 8,308 to 8,689 students from the end of the 21-22 school year to the beginning of the 22-23 school year.

The following shows the enrollment at the end of the last six school years:

2016-2017 - 7,371 2017-2018 - 7,564 2018-2019 - 7,817 2019-2020 - 8,091 2020-2021 - 8,011 2021-2022 - 8,308

• The Board adopted a total tax rate of \$1.4129/\$100 of taxable property value (\$0.9429 for M&O and \$.47 for Debt Service).

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's Finance Department, at Little Elm Independent School District, 400 Lobo Lane, Little Elm, Texas 75068, (972) 947-9340.

This page left blank intentionally.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This page left blank intentionally.

EXHIBIT A-1

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	301	NL 50, 20	1	Delineo	2 ry Government		3
Data		_				_	
Contro	1			E	Business		
Codes		(Governmental		Туре		T . I
			Activities	A	ctivities		Total
ASSE	TS						
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	116,015,069	\$	135,760	\$	116,150,829
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		1,607,216		-		1,607,216
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(104,469)		-		(104,469)
1240	Due from Other Governments		1,904,147		-		1,904,147
1290	Other Receivables, Net		3,048,153		2,532		3,050,685
1410	Prepayments		3,740		-		3,740
	Capital Assets:		a (505 055				24 505 055
1510	Land		26,595,955		24.949		26,595,955
1520	Buildings, Net		298,129,251		24,848		298,154,099
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net		5,059,614		-		5,059,614
1580	Construction in Progress		23,179,727				23,179,727
1000	Total Assets		475,438,403		163,140		475,601,543
DEFE	RRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
1701	Deferred Charge on Bond Refundings		3,420,756		-		3,420,756
1705	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension		7,361,133		-		7,361,133
1706	Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB		5,490,786		-		5,490,786
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		16,272,675		-		16,272,675
LIAB	ILITIES						
2110	Accounts Payable		7,642,721		4,942		7,647,663
2140	Accrued Interest Payable		4,635,009		-		4,635,009
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		6,491,694		4,013		6.495.707
2200	Accrued Expenses		699,110		75		699,185
2300	Unearned Revenue Noncurrent Liabilities:		729,866		105.316		835,182
2501	Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc. Due in More than One Year:		8,676,267		-		8,676,267
2502	Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.		365,659,208		-		365,659,208
2540	Net Pension Liability (District's Share)		10,088,908		-		10,088,908
2545	Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)		19,613,883		-		19,613,883
2000	Total Liabilities		424,236,666		114,346		424,351,012
DEFE	RRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension		12,317,526		-		12,317,526
2606	Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB		14,797,686		-		14,797.686
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		27,115,212		-	-	27,115,212
NET	POSITION		······································				
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:		36,253,012		24,848		36,277,860
3820	Restricted for Federal and State Programs		2,485,196		-		2,485,196
3850	Restricted for Debt Service		22,303,337		-		22,303,337
3900	Unrestricted		(20,682,345)		23,946		(20,658,399)
3000	Total Net Position	\$	40,359,200	\$	48,794	\$	40,407,994
5000		Ф 	40,337,200	ф 	+0,774	Ф ———	TU,TU/,774

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Program Revenues			
Data		1		3		4	
Control						Operating	
				Charges for		Grants and	
Codes		Expenses		Services	C	ontributions	
Primary Government:							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
11 Instruction	\$	46,176,198	\$	1,439,939	\$	4,817,440	
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services		1,119,107		5,426		70,330	
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		2,893,416		4,164		605,849	
21 Instructional Leadership		1,378,012		-		154,805	
23 School Leadership		4,204,113		68,348		296,970	
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		2,530,666		-		670,180	
32 Social Work Services		32,000		-		-	
33 Health Services		615,927		-		38,994	
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		3,441,609		-		772,431	
35 Food Services		4,956,940		654,054		5,292,163	
36 Extracurricular Activities		3,713,075		591,640		72,082	
41 General Administration		2,892,294		1,211		355,864	
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		11,065,178		70,139		238,025	
52 Security and Monitoring Services		926,249		-		5,231	
53 Data Processing Services		1,555,070		-		72,465	
51 Community Services		85,892		-		98,678	
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		10,019,323		-		236,465	
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		4,200		-		-	
81 Capital Outlay		291,689		-		14,237	
91 Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools		618,198		-		-	
95 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		6,039		-		-	
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		502,636		-			
[TG] Total Governmental Activities:		99,027,831		2,834,921		13,812,209	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:							
01 Chilcare Fund		444,576		467,712	_	-	
[TB] Total Business-Type Activities		444,576		467,712		-	
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	99,472,407	\$	3,302,633	\$	13,812,209	
Data Control Gener	al Revenues:						

General Revenues: Codes Taxes:

MT DT

CN

Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service State Aid - Formula Grants

SF Grants and Contributions not Restricted GC

Investment Earnings

- ΙE MI Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue
- Extraordinary Item resource E1
- Total General Revenues & Extraordinary Items TR
 - Change in Net Position
- NB Net Position - Beginning

NE Net Position - Ending

EXHIBIT B-1

	6	_	7	 8
	U	Primar	y Government	0
(Governmental	Bus	siness-type	
	Activities	A	ctivities	Total
5	(39,918,819)	\$	-	\$ (39,918,819)
	(1,043,351)		-	(1,043,351)
	(2,283,403)		-	(2,283,403)
	(1,223,207)		-	(1,223,207)
	(3,838,795)		-	(3,838,795
	(1,860,486)		-	(1,860,486)
	(32,000)		-	(32,000)
	(576,933)		-	(576,933)
	(2,669,178)		-	(2,669,178
	989,277 (3,049,353)		-	989,277 (3,049,353)
	(2,535,219)		-	(2,535,219)
	(10,757,014)		-	(10,757,014)
	(921,018)		_	(921,018
	(1,482,605)		-	(1,482,605)
	12,786		-	12,786
	(9,782,858)		-	(9,782,858)
	(4,200)		_	(4,200)
	(277,452)		-	(277,452)
	(618,198)		-	(618,198)
	(6,039)		-	(6,039)
	(502,636)		-	 (502,636)
	(82,380,701)		-	 (82,380,701)
	-		23,136	23,136
	-		23,136	 23,136
	(82,380,701)		23,136	 (82,357,565)
	58,919,266		-	58,919,266
	28,828,817		-	28,828,817
	14,372,417		-	14,372,417
	548,656		-	548,656
	223,468		-	223,468
	571,374 3,166,617		-	571,374 3,166,617
	106,630,615			 106,630,615
	24,249,914		23,136	24,273,050
	16,109,286	····	25,658	 16,134,944
	40,359,200	\$	48,794	\$ 40,407,994

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

Data			10	50	60
Contro Codes	1		General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects
45	SETS				
1110 1220 1230	Cash and Cash Equivalents Property Taxes - Delinquent Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	\$	42,130,903 \$ 1,102,962 (71,693)	5 26,466,868 \$ 504,254 (32,776)	35,235,034
1240 1260 1290 1410	Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds Other Receivables Prepayments		8,478 51,557 3,740	- - -	 2,996,519
1000	Total Assets	\$	43,225,947 \$	5 26,938,346 \$	38,231,553
LIA 2110 2160 2170 2200 2300	ABILITIES Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Payable Due to Other Funds Accrued Expenditures Unearned Revenue	\$	1,139,320 \$ 5,890,928 8,478 641,766 560,710		
2000	Total Liabilities	: 	8,241,202	_	6,080,106
DE 2601	FERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		1,031,269	471,478	
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,031,269	471,478	-
3430	ND BALANCES Nonspendable Fund Balance: Prepaid Items Restricted Fund Balance:		3,740	-	-
3450 3470	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation		-	-	- 32,151,447
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt Committed Fund Balance:		-	26,466,868	
3545	Local Grants		-	-	-
3545	Campus Activities		-	-	-
3545	Textbooks Assigned Fund Balance:		-	-	-
3590 3600	Other Assigned Fund Balance Unassigned Fund Balance		7,000,000 26,949,736	-	-
3000	Total Fund Balances		33,953,476	26,466,868	32,151,447
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	43,225,947 \$	5 26,938,346 \$	38,231,553

_			
			Total
	Other		Governmental
	Funds		Funds
\$	12,182,264	\$	116,015,069
	-		1,607,216
	-		(104,469)
	1,904,147		1,904,147
	-		8,478
	77		3,048,153
	-		3,740
\$	14,086,488	\$	122,482,334
\$	423,295	\$	7,642,721
	600,766		6,491,694
	-		8,478
	57,344		699,110
	169,156		729,866
	1,250,561		15,571,869
	_		1,502,747
			1,502,747
			1,302,747
	-		3,740
	2,485,196		2,485,196
	~		32,151,447
	-		26,466,868
	71,236		71,236
	431,457		431,457
	15,911		15,911
	9,832,127		16,832,127
			26,949,736
	12,835,927	-	105,407,718
\$		\$	·····
\$	14,086,488	\$	122,482,334

This page left blank intentionally.

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

1011E 50, 2025		
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	105,407,718
I Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.		451,018,405
2 Accumulated depreciation has not been included in the fund financial statements.		(98,053,858)
3 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$10,088,908, a Deferred Inflow of Resources related to TRS in the amount of \$12,317,526, and a Deferred Outflow of Resources related to TRS in the amount of \$7,361,133. This results in a decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$15,045,301.		(15,045,301)
4 Bonds payable are not included in the fund financial statements.		(327,216,408)
5 Accreted interest payable on capital appreciation bonds has not been included in the fund financial statements.		(22,051,737)
6 Deferred loss on bond refunding has not been included in the fund financial statements.		3,420,756
7 Bond discounts and premiums were not recognized in the fund financial statements.		(25,067,330)
8 Interest on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due.		(4,635,009)
9 Property tax revenue reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements is recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.		1,502,747
10 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$19,613,883, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$14,797,686, and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$5,490,786. This results in a net decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$28,920,783.		(28,920,783)
	¢	40.250.200

19 Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 40,359,200

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Data Control	10 General	50 Debt Service	60 Capital
Codes	Fund	Fund	Projects
REVENUES:			
 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 	\$ 59,356,991 \$ 18,270,247 2,469,956	28,682,427 236,465	\$ 58,923
5020 Total Revenues	80,097,194	28,918,892	58,923
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
0011 Instruction	39,756,045	-	-
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	925,020	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	2,350,686	-	-
0021 Instructional Leadership	1,295,592	-	-
0023 School Leadership	3,985,255	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	1,982,416 32,000	-	-
0032 Social Work Services 0033 Health Services	596,011	-	-
	2,916,104	_	92,276
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services	121,479	_	,2,2,0
0036 Extracurricular Activities	2,152,720	-	151,975
0041 General Administration	2,913,217	-	
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	7,703,756	-	619,539
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	884,112	-	-
0053 Data Processing Services	1,479,921	-	206,749
0061 Community Services Debt Service:	30,183	-	-
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities	_	3,225,000	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities	-	6,393,224	-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Capital Outlay:	-	4,200	-
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:	13,677	-	27,740,017
0091 Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools	618,198	-	-
0095 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	6,039	-	-
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	502,636	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	70.265,067	9,622,424	28.810,556
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	9,832,127	19,296,468	(28,751,633)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
7915 Transfers In 8911 Transfers Out (Use)	(9,832,127)	-	-
	(9,832,127)		
_			
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
7919 Extraordinary Item - Resource	170,098	-	2,996,519
3913 Extraordinary Item - (Use)	(170,098)	10 204 449	(2,996,519)
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	-	19,296,468	(28,751,633)
100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	33,953,476	7,170,400	60,903,080
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 33,953,476 \$	5 26,466,868	\$ 32,151,447

	Total
Other	Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$ 1,368,613 \$	89,466,954
439,989	18,946,701
8,524,552	10,994,508
10,333,154	119,408,163
2,831,375	42,587,420
23,803	948,823
499,907	2,850,593
93,859	1,389,451
122,353	4,107,608
564,510	2,546,926
-	32,000
5,677	601,688
83,161	3,091,541
4,320,340	4,441,819
413,512	2,718,207
1,211	2,914,428
**	8,323,295
-	884,112
-	1,686,670
67,260	97,443
-	3,225,000
-	6,393,224
-	4,200
-	27,753,694
-	618,198
-	6,039
	502,636
9,026,968	117,725,015
1,306,186	1,683,148
9,832,127	9,832,127
	(9,832,127)
9,832,127	-
_	3,166,617
_	(3,166,617)
11,138,313	1,683,148
1,697,614	103,724,570
\$ 12,835,927 \$	105,407,718
φ 12,000,727 Φ	

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,683,148
Current year capital asset additions are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of reclassifying the current year capital asset additions is to increase net position.	5	30,994,120
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position in the government-wide financial statements.		(10,082,368)
Current year long-term debt principal payments on bonds payable and payment of accreted interest on capita appreciation bonds are expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.		3,225,000
Current year interest accretion on capital appreciation bonds is not recognized in the fund financial statements but is shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	,	(698,532)
The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2021 caused the ending net position to decrease in the amount of \$49,901. These contributions were replaced with the District's negative pension expense for the fiscal period of (\$660,227), which caused an increase in the change in net position The net effect of these is to increase the change in net position by \$610,326.	t >	610,326
Revenues from property taxes are shown as unearned in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts, in the government-wide financial statements.		571,687
Current year amortization of the premium/discount on bonds payable is not recorded in the fund financia statements, but is shown as a reduction in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	l	1,210,615
Current year amortization of deferred charge on bond refunding is not recorded in the fund financia statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred loss in the government-wide financial statements.	1	(182,799)
Interest expense on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements, interest expenditures are reported when due.		(3,955,383)
The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2021 but during the current fiscal period caused the ending net position to decrease in the amount of \$37,265. These conributions were replaced with the District's negative OPEB expense for the fiscal period of (\$911,365), which caused an increase in the change in net position. The net effect of these is to increase the change in net position by \$874,100	; ; ;	874,100
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	24,249,914

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Data					tual Amounts AAP BASIS)		riance With nal Budget
Control Codes		 Budgeted Amounts				Positive or	
cour		Original	Final				Negative)
	EVENUES:						
	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 60,677,086 \$		\$	59,356,991	\$	(1,334,511)
	State Program Revenues	21,504,495	21,557,183		18,270,247		(3,286,936)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	 1,750,000	1,750,000		2,469,956		719,956
5020	Total Revenues	 83,931,581	83,998,685		80,097,194		(3,901,491)
E	XPENDITURES:						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction	46,255,713	45,998,490		39,756,045		6,242,445
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	805,939	1,010,939		925,020		85,919
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	3,079,123	3,128,010		2,350,686		777,324
0021	Instructional Leadership	1,462,487	1,580,978		1,295,592		285,386
0023	School Leadership	5,000,424	5,051,424		3,985,255		1,066,169
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	2,945,419	2,660,419		1,982,416		678,003
0032	Social Work Services	37,300	57,300		32,000		25,300
0033	Health Services	680,727	705,727		596,011		109,716
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	2,987,225	3,052,225		2,916,104		136,121
0035	Food Services	200,351	206,351		121,479		84,872
0036	Extracurricular Activities	3,047,504	3,087,453		2,152,720		934,733
0041	General Administration	3,529,266	3,529,266		2,913,217		616,049
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	9,886,754	9,716,754		7,703,756		2,012,998
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	1,058,781	1,148,781		884,112		264,669
0053	Data Processing Services	1,723,072	1,743,072		1,479,921		263,151
0061	Community Services	60,296	65,296		30,183		35,113
	Capital Outlay:						
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	25,007	32,007		13,677		18,330
	Intergovernmental:						
0091	Contracted Instructional Services Between Schools	626,193	701,193		618,198		82,995
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed, Prg	5,000	8,000		6,039		1,961
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	515,000	515,000		502,636		12,364
6030	Total Expenditures	 83,931,581	83,998,685		70,265,067		13,733,618
1100	Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	 -	-		9,832,127		9,832,127
	THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
	Transfers Out (Use)	-	-		(9,832,127)		(9,832,127)
	THER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				150.000		(51.4.4.)
	Extraordinary Item - Resource	-	241,742		170,098		(71,644)
	Extraordinary Item - (Use)	 -	(241,742)		(170,098)		71,644
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-		-		-
0100	Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	 33,953,476	33,953,476		33,953,476		-
2000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 33,953,476 \$	\$ 33,953,476	\$	33,953,476	\$	-

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities
	Total
	Enterprise
	Funds
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 135,760
Other Receivables	2,532
Total Current Assets	138,292
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Buildings and Improvements	114,687
Depreciation on Buildings	(89,839)
Total Noncurrent Assets	24,848
Total Assets	163,140
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	4,942
Accrued Wages Payable	4,013
Accrued Expenses	75
Unearned Revenues	105,316
Total Liabilities	114,346
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted Net Position	48,794
Total Net Position	\$ 48,794

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities	
	Total	
	Enterprise	
	Funds	
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 467,712	
Total Operating Revenues	467,712	
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Payroll Costs	402,118	
Professional and Contracted Services	1,223	
Supplies and Materials	26,138	
Other Operating Costs	5,539	
Depreciation Expense	9,558	
Total Operating Expenses	444,576	
Operating Income	23,136	
Total Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	25,658	
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 48,794	

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Total	
	I	Enterprise
	Funds	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Received from User Charges	\$	570,496
Cash Payments for Payroll Costs		(400,994)
Cash Payments for Professional Services		(1,223)
Cash Payments for Suppliers and Materials		(23,255)
Cash Payments for Other Costs		(5,539)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		139,485
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		139,485
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of the Period		(3,725)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of the Period	\$	135,760
·		
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
Provided by Operating Activities:	\$	23,136
Operating Income:	Ψ	201100
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income		
to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:		
Depreciation		9,558
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current		
Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in Other Receivables		(2,532)
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable		2,883
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Wages Payable		1.098
Increase (decrease) in Accrued Expenses		26
Increase (decrease) in Unearned Revenues		105,316
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$	139,485

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 150,038
Other Receivables	1,951
Total Assets	151,989
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted Net Position	151,989
Total Net Position	\$ 151,989

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Total Custodial Funds		
ADDITIONS:			
Receipts of Student and Other Groups	\$ 242,888		
Total Additions	242,888		
DEDUCTIONS:			
Expenses of Student and Other Groups	218,560		
Total Deductions	218,560		
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	24,328		
Fotal Net Position - September 1 (Beginning)	127,661		
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 151,989		

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Little Elm Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable rules and regulations of the State of Texas. The District's combined financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FAR). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

<u>Change in Fiscal Year</u> - The Texas State Legislature enacted legislation in 1999 that gives school districts the option to change their fiscal year-end to June 30. The District elected to act on this option and changed its fiscal year-end to June 30 effective with the fiscal period beginning September 1, 2021. The Annual Financial Report for the ten months ended June 30, 2022 represents data for the District's ten-month-transitional fiscal period from September 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. All financial statements and exhibits included in the Annual Financial Report have been prepared on a ten-month basis.

A. **REPORTING ENTITY**

The Board of Trustees, a seven member group elected by registered voters of the District, has fiscal accountability over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The board of trustees are elected by the public. The trustees as a body corporate have the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the district. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the trustees, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the trustees. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>.

The District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, Little Elm Independent School District has no component units.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The District has presented the following major governmental funds:

- 1. General Fund This fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the community, in enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities.
- 2. Debt Service Fund This fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met.
- 3. Capital Projects Fund This fund is established to account for proceeds, from the sale of bonds and other resources to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishings and equipping of major capital facilities.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

- 1. Special Revenue Funds These funds are established to account for federally financed or expenditures legally restricted for specified purposes. In many special revenue funds, any unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. For funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.
- 2. Enterprise Fund The District utilizes an enterprise fund to account for the Districts' activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities. The District uses this fund to account for its child care program, because the child care program is self-supporting and does not require subsidies from the general fund.
- 3. Fiduciary Funds These funds are used to account for activities of student groups and other organizational activities requiring clearing accounts. If any unused resources are declared surplus by the student groups, they are transferred to the General Fund with a recommendation to the Board for an appropriate utilization through a budgeted program.

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements and fund financial statements for proprietary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets, deferred outflows of resources and liabilities (whether current or non-current) are included on the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

The revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. All other Governmental Fund Type revenues are recognized when received.

Revenues from state and federal grants are recognized as earned when the related program expenditures are incurred. Funds received but unearned are reflected as unearned revenues, and funds expended but not yet received are shown as receivables.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pool, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pools are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

In accordance with the FAR, the District has adopted and installed an accounting system which exceeds the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. Specifically, the District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the Accounting Code Section of the FAR.

D. BUDGETARY CONTROL

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required Governmental Fund Types, as outlined in TEA's FAR module, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget was prepared for adoption for required Governmental Fund Types prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal period beginning September 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given. The budget is prepared by fund, function, object, and organization. The budget is controlled at the organizational level by the appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations. Therefore, organizations may transfer appropriations as necessary without the approval of the board unless the intent is to cross fund, function or increase the overall budget allocations. Control of appropriations by the Board of Trustees is maintained within Fund Groups at the function code level and revenue object code level.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and Child Nutrition Fund. The special revenue funds adopt project-length budgets which do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is amended throughout the year by the Board of Trustees. Such amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the Board.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

June 30, 2022 Fund Balance

Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund	\$ 2,477,756
Nonappropriated Budget Funds	10,358,171
All Special Revenue Funds	<u>\$12,835,927</u>

E. ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at August 31 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2022 that were subsequently provided for in the 2022-2023 budget.

F. PREPAID ITEMS

Prepaid balances are for payments made by the District in the current period to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year, and the nonspendable fund balance has been recognized to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

G. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements for propriety funds. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one-year of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	40 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5-10 Years

H. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the statement of financial position as described below:

A *deferred outflow of resources* is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Deferred outflows of resources for refunding - Reported in the government-wide statement of net position, the deferred charge on bond refundings results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for the deferred charge on bond refundings at June 30, 2022 was \$3,420,756.

Deferred outflows of resources for pensions - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results of differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. The other pension related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan which is currently approximately 6.3 years.

The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for deferred pension expenses at June 30, 2022 was \$7,361,133.

Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB- Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from OPEB plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability and the results of differences between expected and actual investment earnings and changes in proportionate share. The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year. The other OPEB related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan which is currently approximately 9.2 years. The amount of deferred outflows reported for deferred OPEB expense at June 30, 2022 was \$5,490,786.

A *deferred inflow of resources* is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues - Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District reported property taxes that are unavailable as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. The amount of deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds at June 30, 2022 was \$1,502,747.

Deferred inflows of resources for pensions - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and other actuarial and other assumption differences. These amounts will be amortized over a closed 5 year period. In fiscal period 2022, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for pensions in the governmental activities in the amount of \$12,317,526.

Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between expected and actual experience and from changes in assumptions. These amounts will be amortized over the average expected remaining service life (AERSL) of all members (9.2 years for the 2021 measurement year). In fiscal period 2022, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for OPEB in the governmental activities in the amount of \$14,797,686.

I. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

J. CASH EQUIVALENTS

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they are highly liquid with maturity three months or less.

K. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation's adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Unrestricted net position is available for general governmental uses. When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, restricted net position is expended before unrestricted net position if such use is consistent with the restricted purpose.

L. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures in the year bonds are issued.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal 2022, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal period, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

During the period ended June 30, 2022, the District participated in the Texas Association of School Boards Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The following are Funds the District participated in during the period ended June 30, 2022.

Workers' Compensation Aggregate Deductible

The District met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

The District participates in the Fund's reimbursable aggregate deductible program. As such, the member is responsible for a certain amount of claims liability as outlined on the member's Contribution and Coverage Summary document. After the member's deductible has been met, the Fund is responsible for additional claims liability. The District's 2022 deductible was \$253,164.

The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims cost through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2.0 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2021, the fund carries a discounted reserve of \$44,985,187 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the period-ended June 30, 2022, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions and reimbursable aggregate deductibles.

The Fund engages the services of independent auditors to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2021, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Changes in the workers compensation claims liability amounts in fiscal periods 2022 and 2021 is presented below:

	September 1	Claims and		June 30
Fiscal	Claims	Changes in	Claims	Claims
Period	Liability	Estimates	Payments	Liability
2022	\$180,989	\$178,319	\$210,672	\$148,636
2021	110,467	186,627	116,105	180,989

Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the period ended June 30, 2022, Little Elm ISD provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the Unemployment Compensation pool. For the period ended June 30, 2022, the Fund anticipates that Little Elm ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2021, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Auto, Liability and Property Programs

During the period ended June 30, 2022, Little Elm ISD participated in the following TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund) programs:

Auto Liability Auto Physical Damage School Liability Privacy & Information Security Property

The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its Auto, Liability and Property programs. The terms and limits of the stoploss program vary by line of coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the period ended June 30, 2022, the Fund anticipates that Little Elm ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2021, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

N. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. FUND BALANCE

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

<u>Fund Balance Classification</u>: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

• <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has classified prepaid items as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash.

• <u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Unspent bond proceeds are restricted for future capital acquisition programs. Federal and State grant resources are restricted because their use is restricted pursuant to the mandates of the Federal or State grants.

• <u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This can also be done through adoption and amendment of the budget. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Board of Trustees have committed resources as of June 30, 2022 for campus activities, textbooks, and local grants.

• <u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or through the Board of Trustees delegating this responsibility to other individuals in the District. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board of Trustees may assign amounts for specific purposes. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. At June 30, 2022, the District has assigned \$7.0 million of the General Fund fund balance for future capital projects, payroll, and general operating expenses.

• <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications, including the residual fund balance for the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (pages 20 & 21) and are described below:

General Fund

The General Fund has unassigned fund balance of \$26,949,736 at June 30, 2022. Prepayments of \$3,740 are considered nonspendable fund balance. \$7,000,000 has been assigned for future capital projects, payroll, and general operating expenditures.

Other Major Funds

The Debt Service Fund has restricted funds of \$26,466,868 at June 30, 2022 consisting primarily of property tax collections that are restricted for debt service payments on bonded debt.

The Capital Projects Fund has restricted funds of \$32,151,447 at June 30, 2022 consisting primarily of unspent bond funds for future construction and other approved projects.

Other Funds

The fund balance of \$431,457 of the Campus Activity Fund and \$15,911 of Textbook Funds and \$71,236 of local grant funds (special revenue funds) are shown as committed due to Board policy committing those funds to campus activities, textbooks, and local grants. The fund balance of \$2,477,756 in the Food Service Fund is shown as restricted for food service operations and the fund balance of \$7,440 in Advanced Placement Incentives is restricted for those incentives. The fund balance in the State Textbook Fund is shown as committed for textbooks. The remaining special revenue fund balance of \$9,832,127 is assigned for growth costs of the District, as well as to mitigate the ongoing financial impact of the pandemic.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits in checking accounts and interest-bearing savings accounts was \$28,364,729, which includes \$3,353 cash on hand. The combined bank balance was \$29,661,289. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2022 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Investments:

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The district is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

a. Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2022, the District's cash balances in the bank totaled \$29,661,289. This entire amount was either collateralized with securities held by the District's financial institution's agent in the District's name or covered by FDIC insurance. Thus, the District's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2022.

- b. Custodial Credit Risk Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2022, the District held investments in four public funds investment pools (TexPool, TexSTAR, Lone Star and Texas Class). Investments in external investment pools are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
- c. Credit Risk: This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The rating of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk. The credit quality rating for the four investment pools range from AAA (Standard & Poor's) to AAAm (Standard & Poor's).
- d. Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity for all investment pools is less than 90 days.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk: This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At June 30, 2022, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.
- f. Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer (i.e., lack of diversification). Concentration risk is defined as positions of 5 percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. Investment pools and government securities are excluded from the 5 percent disclosure requirement.

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The District's investments pools at June 30, 2022, are shown below:

Name	Carrying Amount	Market Value
TexPool	\$25,873,371	\$25,873,371
TexSTAR	1,634,903	1,634,903
Lone Star	39,465,217	39,465,217
Texas Class	20,959,291	20,959,291
Total	<u>\$87,932,782</u>	<u>\$87,932,782</u>

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The District's investment in Texpool, TexStar, Lone Star, and Texas Class (statewide 2a7-like external investment pools) are not required to be measured at fair value but are measured at amortized cost.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the period ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Balance September 1	Additions/ Completions	Retirement/ Adjustments	Balance June 30
Governmental Activities:	Beptember 1	Completions		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 26,595,955	\$-	\$-	\$ 26,595,955
Construction in Progress	9,076,234	29,547,568	(15,444,075)	23,179,727
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	35,672,189	29,547,568	(15,444,075)	49,775,682
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	371,292,349	16,349,263	-	387,641,612
Furniture and Equipment	13,059,747	541,364	-	13,601,111
Total capital assets, being depreciated	384,352,096	16,890,627		401,242,723
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(80,313,916)	(9,198,445)	-	(89,512,361)
Furniture and Equipment	(7,657,574)	(883,923)		(8,541,497)
Total accumulated depreciation	(87,971,490)	(10,082,368)		(98,053,858)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	296,380,606	6,808,259		303,188,865
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 332,052,795	\$ 36,355,827	<u>\$ (15,444,075</u>)	\$ 352,964,547
Dusinges time estimition				
Business-type activities: Buildings and improvements	\$ 114,687	\$-	\$ -	\$ 114,687
	·····	Ψ	<u> </u>	114,687
Totals at historic cost	114,687			
Less accumulated depreciation for:	(90, 292)	(0.557)		(89,839)
Buildings and improvements	(80,282)	(9,557)		
Total accumulated depreciation	(80,282)	(9,557)		(89,839)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 34,405	<u>\$ (9,557</u>)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 24,848</u>

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 4,266,909
Instructional Resources & Media Services	191,333
Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	87,432
Instructional Leadership	13,253
School Leadership	194,943
Guidance, Counseling & Evaluation Services	26,553
Health Services	27,737
Student (Pupil) Transportation	442,344
Food Services	570,328
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,169,238
General Administration	31,353
Plant Maintenance and Operations	2,945,982
Security and Monitoring Services	44,256
Data Processing Services	69,529
Community Services	1,178
Total depreciation expense-Governmental activities	<u>\$10,082,368</u>
Business-type activities:	
Child Care	<u>\$ 9,557</u>
Total depreciation expense-Business-type activities	<u>\$ </u>

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt includes par bonds and capital appreciation (deep discount) serial bonds. All long-term debt represents transactions in the District's governmental activities.

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

The following is a summary of the changes in the District's Long-term Debt for the ten months ended June 30, 2022:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Outstanding 9/1/2021	A	dditions		Refunded/ Retired	0	Amounts utstanding 5/30/2022	(Due Within One Year
Bonded Indebtness:										
1995A School Bldg.	5.90%	\$ 90,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	90,000	\$	-
1999 School Bldg. & Ref.	6.22%	851,408		-		-		851,408		111,267
2008B Refunding	4.00%	215,000		-		-		215,000		110,000
2012 Refunding	5.00%	190,000		-		-		190,000		100,000
2013 School Bldg. & Ref.	5.00%	10,000		-		-		10,000		-
2015A Refunding	4.00%	8,675,000		-		-		8,675,000		440,000
2015B Refunding	4.00%	7,375,000		-		-		7,375,000		780,000
2016 School Bldg. & Ref.	5.00%	30,410,000		-		-		30,410,000		1,205,000
2017 School Refunding	4.00%	8,545,000		-		-		8,545,000		245,000
2018 School Building	3.00-5.00%	133,040,000		-		-		133,040,000		-
2018A School Building	4.00-5.00%	21,255,000		-		-		21,255,000		425,000
2019 School Building	1.14-2.35%	16,040,000		-		-		16,040,000		905,000
2019A Refunding	1.73-2.91%	49,605,000		-		-		49,605,000		70,000
2020 Building	5.00% & Var.	24,930,000		-		3,225,000		21,705,000		4,040,000
2021 Refunding	1.505-5.00%	20,380,000		-		-		20,380,000		-
2021 Building	2.00-5.00%	8,830,000		-		-		8,830,000		245,000
Total Bonded Indebtedness	1	330,441,408		-	_	3,225,000		327,216,408		8,676,267
Accreted Interest Payable		21,353,205		698,532		-		22,051,737		-
Discount/Premium on Issuar	ice of Debt	26,277,945		-	_	1,210,615		25,067,330		
Total Other Obligations		47,631,150		698,532		1,210,615		47,119,067		
Total Obligations of Distric	t	\$ 378,072,558	<u>\$</u>	698,532	\$	4,435,615	<u>\$</u>	374,335,475	\$	8,676,267

The 1995A, 1999, 2008B, 2012, 2013 and 2019A bond series include outstanding capital appreciation bonds in the principal amount of \$1,461,408. The bonds mature variously beginning in 2023 through 2030. Interest accrues on these bonds each February 15 and August 15, even though the interest is not paid until maturity. The accreted interest of \$22,051,737 is accounted for as Accreted Interest Payable-Capital Appreciation Bonds.

General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power for the payment of the debt obligations of the District. General Obligation Bonds require the District to compute, at the time taxes are levied, the rate of tax required to provide (in each year bonds are outstanding) a fund to pay interest and principal at maturity. The District is in compliance with this requirement.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various general obligation bonds indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2022.

Presented below is a summary of general obligation bond requirements to maturity:

Year Ended			Total
June 30,	Principal	Interest	<u>Requirements</u>
2023	\$ 8,676,267	\$ 16,166,149	\$ 24,842,416
2024	3,924,267	16,850,837	20,775,104
2025	4,773,138	16,285,991	21,059,129
2026	5,551,678	15,784,227	21,335,905
2027	5,724,306	15,882,289	21,606,595
2028-2032	43,906,752	61,611,751	105,518,503
2033-2037	57,820,000	46,894,926	104,714,926
2038-2042	63,790,000	36,608,582	100,398,582
2043-2047	91,295,000	20,003,346	111,298,346
2048-2049	41,755,000	1,625,500	43,380,500
	\$327,216,408	<u>\$247,713,598</u>	<u>\$574,930,006</u>

NOTE 6. DEBT ISSUANCES AND DEFEASED BONDS OUTSTANDING

In prior years, the District issued refunding bonds to defease certain outstanding bonds for the purpose of consolidation and to achieve debt service savings. The District has placed the proceeds from the refunding issues in irrevocable escrow accounts with a trust agent to ensure payment of debt service on the refunded bonds.

Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds and notes are not included in the District's financial statements. Although defeased, the refunded debt from those earlier issues will not be actually retired until the call dates have come due or until maturity if they are not callable issues. On June 30, 2022, \$14,035,000 of bonds and notes outstanding are considered defeased.

The District's deferred charges on bond refundings are as follows:

Balance – August 31, 2021	\$3,603,555
Current year amortization	_(182,799)
Balance – June 30, 2022	<u>\$3,420,756</u>

NOTE 7. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District levies its taxes on October 1 on the assessed (appraised) value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. The assessed value of the property tax roll upon which the levy for the 2021-22 fiscal year was based was \$6,307,564,145. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest charges plus 15 % delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the ten months ended June 30, 2022, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$0.9603 and \$0.47 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.4303 per \$100 valuation.

Current tax collections for the ten months ended June 30, 2022 were 98.9% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of June 30, 2022, property taxes receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$1,031,269 and \$471,478 for the General and Debt Service Funds, respectively.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected. Additional amounts estimated to be collectible in time to be a resource for payment of obligations incurred during the fiscal year and therefore susceptible to accrual in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles have been recognized as revenue.

NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Little Elm Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://trs.texas.gov/pages/aboutpublications.aspx, by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512)542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the System's actuary.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Contribution Rate	S	
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Member	7.7%	8.0%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.5%	7.75%
Employers	7.5%	7.75%
Little Elm ISD FP2022 Employer Contributions	S	\$ 1,640,356
Little Elm ISD FP2022 Member Contributions		\$ 3,573,797
Little Elm ISD FP2022 NECE On-Behalf Contr	ributions	\$ 2,488,669

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including the TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered payroll to the pension fund beginning in fiscal year 2020. The contribution rate called the Public Education Employer Contribution replaced the Non (OASDI) surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2019.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- All public schools must contribute 1.6 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2021, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2020	1.95%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases Including Inflation	3.05% to 9.05%
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2020. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2020.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation ¹	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return ²	Expected Contribution To Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity		ALC: ALC: A	
U.S.	18%	3.6%	0.94%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	4.4%	0.83%
Emerging Markets	9%	4.6%	0.74%
Private Equity	14%	6.3%	1.36%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16%	2%	0.01%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5%	2.2%	0.12%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15%	4.5%	1.00%
Energy, Natural Resources	6%	4.7%	0.35%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8%	2.8%	0.28%
Leverage			
Cash	2%	7%	-0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6%	5%	0.03%
Inflation Expectation	-		2.20%
Volatility Drag ³			-0.95%
Total	100%		6.90%

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.25%)
Little Elm ISD's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$22,045,868	\$10,088,908	\$388,187

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2022, Little Elm Independent School District reported a liability of \$10,088,908 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Little Elm Independent School District. The amount recognized by Little Elm Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Little Elm Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$10,088,908
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	15,730,061
Total	<u>\$25,818,969</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

¹ Target allocations are based on the FY21 policy model.

² Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 08/31/2021).

³ The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

At August 31, 2021 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.039616451%, an increase of 13.2% from its proportionate share of 0.034981421% at August 31, 2020.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For the period ended June 30, 2022, Little Elm Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$2,488,669 and revenue of \$2,488,669 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2022, Little Elm Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.):

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 16,883	\$ 710,267
Changes in actuarial assumptions	3,566,232	1,554,571
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	8,459,418
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	2,137,662	1,593,270
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	1,640,356	-
Total	\$7,361,133	\$12,317,526

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Pension Expense Amount
2023	\$ (1,095,793
2024	(1,256,113
2025	(1,999,869
2026	(2,522,042
2027	190,64
Thereafter	86,42

NOTE 9. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS- Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/aboutpublications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees		
	Medicare	<u>Non-Medicare</u>
Retiree*	\$ 135	\$ 200
Retiree and Spouse	529	689
Retiree* and Children	468	408
Retiree and Family	1,020	999

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

* or surviving spouse

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2022</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Little Elm ISD FP22 Employer Contributions	\$35	59,897
Little Elm ISD FP22 Member Contributions	\$29	0,378
Little Elm ISD FP22 NECE On-behalf Contributions	\$54	8,175

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to, regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program. When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$5,520,343 in fiscal year 2021 for consumer protection against medical and health care billing by certain out-of-network providers.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2021.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2020 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2021:

Rates of Mortality	General Inflation
Rates of Retirement	Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination	Expected Payroll Growth
Rates of Disability	

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2018.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2020 rolled forward
	to August 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	1.95%
Aging Factors	Based on specific plan experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the
	delivery of health care benefits are included in the
	age-adjusted claim costs
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 65%
	participation prior to age 65
	and 40% participation after age 65
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 1.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 0.38 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021 using the fixed-income market data/yield curve/data municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single Discount	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate (0.95%)	Rate (1.95%)	Discount Rate (2.95%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$23,658,863	\$19,613,883	\$16,430,353

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is one-percentage less than or one-percentage point greater than the health trend rates is assumed.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single Healthcare	1% Increase in
	Healthcare Trend Rate	Trend Rate	Healthcare Trend Rate
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$15,886,596	\$19,613,883	\$24,614,978

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$19,613,883 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liability	\$19,613,883
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	<u>\$26,278,233</u>
Total	<u>\$45,892,116</u>

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.050846802%, an increase of 4.44% compared to the August 31, 2020 proportionate share of 0.048684735%.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95 percent as of 2021. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

The amount of OPEB expense recognized by the District in the reporting period was \$359,897.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 844,471	\$ 9,494,492
Changes in actuarial assumptions	2,172,468	4,147,973
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	21,294	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	2,092,656	1,155,221
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	359,897	
Total	\$5,490,786	\$14,797,686

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	OPEB Expense Amount					
2023	\$ (1,925,793)					
2024	(1,926,273)					
2025	(1,926,142)					
2026	(1,409,852)					
2027	(710,886)					
Thereafter	(1,767,851)					

NOTE 10. MEDICARE PART D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the period ended June 30, 2022, and the years ended August 31, 2021 and 2020, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$171,716, \$241,276 and \$198,571, respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statement of the District.

NOTE 11. HEALTH CARE

During the period ended June 30, 2022, employees of Little Elm Independent School District were covered by the TRS-Active Care health insurance plan (the Plan). The District contributed \$397 per month per employee to the Plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay any additional contribution and contributions for dependents. All contributions were paid to a self-funded pool. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

NOTE 12. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30 2022, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

	State	Federal	
Fund	Grant	Grants	Total
General Fund	\$	\$ -	\$ -
Special Revenue	17,266	1,886,881	<u>1,904,147</u>
Total	\$17,266	<u>\$1,886,881</u>	\$1,904,147

NOTE 13. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2022 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 14. REVENUES FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Special <u>Revenue Funds</u>	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total
Property Taxes	\$58,346,183	\$-	\$28,551,843	\$ -	\$ 86,898,026
Food Sales	-	654,054	-	-	654,054
Investment Income	107,158	8,262	49,125	58,923	223,468
Penalties, interest and other					
tax related income	196,911	-	81,459	-	278,370
Co-curricular student activities	180,629	626,507	-	-	807,136
Other	526,110	79,790			605,900
Total	\$59,356,991	\$ 1,368,613	\$28,682,427	\$ 58,923	\$ 89,466,954

NOTE 15. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at year-end consisted of the following:

	 General Fund		Special enue Funds	Total		
State Aid	\$ 509,247	\$	-	\$	509,247	
Tuition and Fees	2,100		-		2,100	
Athletics	32,425		-		32,425	
Grant Funds	-		36,541		36,541	
Child Nutrition	-		132,615		132,615	
Insurance Proceeds	 16,938				16,938	
Total	\$ 560,710	\$	169,156	\$	729,866	

NOTE 16. GENERAL FUND FEDERAL SOURCE REVENUES

Program or Source	FALN <u>Number</u>	Amount	Total Grant or Entitlement
General Fund:			
Impact Aid	84.041	\$ 428,599	\$ 428,599
Watershed Protection & Flood Control	10.904	120,057	120,057
SHARS		1,343,917	1,343,917
Indirect Costs		574,320	574,320
Other		3,063	3,063
Total for General Fund		\$2,469,956	<u>\$2,469,956</u>

NOTE 17. GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS EXPENDITURES

Expenditures reported in the governmental funds are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting, and reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances according to function or general operational area.

	General Fund	Special Revenue Funds	Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds
TRS On-Behalf	\$ 3,208,560	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,208,560
Other payroll costs	49,744,603	3,845,607		163,324	53,753,534
6100 Total payroll costs	52,953,163	3,845,607	-	163,324	56,962,094
Recapture payments	618,198	-	-	-	618,198
Other professional and contracted services	10,240,492	716,797		606,896	11,564,185
6200 Total professional and					-
contracted services	10,858,690	716,797		606,896	12,182,383
6300 Supplies and materials	4,426,732	4,079,579		153,673	8,659,984
6400 Other operating costs	1,925,171	375,358		-	2,300,529
6500 Debt service expenditures	-	-	9,622,424	-	9,622,424
6600 Capital outlay	101,311	9,627		27,886,663	27,997,601
Total governmental expenditures	<u>\$ 70,265,067</u>	<u>\$ 9,026,968</u>	<u>\$ 9,622,424</u>	<u>\$ 28,810,556</u>	<u>\$117,725,015</u>

The following presents Little Elm ISD's expenditures according to the nature of the transactions.

NOTE 18. CONSTRUCTION COMMITTMENTS

As of June 30, 2022, the District had entered into construction contracts for construction and renovation of several facilities totaling \$28.1 million. At June 30, 2022, there was \$6.4 million remaining costs under these contracts. These costs will be paid from the District's Capital Projects Fund.

NOTE 19. EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS

During the period ended June 30, 2022, the District recorded an Extraordinary Item - Resource of \$3,166,617 and an Extraordinary Item - (Use) of \$3,166,671 for the insurance proceeds received and the costs incurred related to damage to District property during the severe winter storm in February 2021 and hail damage to roofs in 2022. These items were recorded in the General Fund and Capital Projects Fund.

NOTE 20. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

During the period ended June 30, 2022, the District transferred \$9,832,127 to the special revenue fund (Growth/Transition Fund) to fund future projects required due to growth and a reduction in federal funding in the future.

NOTE 21. LEASES

In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87 - Leases. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The initial adoption date was postponed to fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2021 (FY2022) by GASB Statement No. 95 - Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance, which was issued in May of 2020.

Per review of the agreements identified by the District as potential leases, the leases were determined to either not meet the definition of a lease or were immaterial to the financial statements.

NOTE 22. RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The outbreak of COVID-19, a respiratory disease caused by a new strain of coronavirus, has been characterized as a pandemic (the "Pandemic") by the World Health Organization and is currently affecting many parts of the world, including the United States and the State of Texas. On January 31, 2020, the Secretary of the United States Health and Human Services Department declared a public health emergency for the United States and on March 13, 2020, the President of the United States declared the outbreak of COVID-19 in the United States centers for Disease Control and Prevention called upon Americans to take actions to slow the spread of COVID-19 in the United States.

On March 13, 2020, the Governor of Texas (the "Governor") declared a state of disaster for all counties in the State in response to the Pandemic, which disaster declaration he has subsequently extended. Pursuant to Chapter 418 of the Texas Government Code, the Governor has broad authority to respond to disasters, including suspending any regulatory statute prescribing the procedures for conducting State business or any order or rule of a State agency that would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay necessary action in coping with the disaster, and issuing executive orders that have the force and effect of law. The Governor has issued a series of executive orders relating to COVID-19 preparedness, mitigation and reopening.

On June 3, 2021, TEA issued updated public planning health guidance to address on-campus instruction, administrative activities by teachers, staff or students that occur on school campuses, non-UIL extracurricular sports and activities, and any other activities that teachers, staff, or students must complete. Within the guidance, TEA instructs schools that school systems cannot require students or staff to wear a mask; however, school systems must allow individuals to wear a mask if they choose to do so.

Within the guidance, TEA instructs schools to notify their local health department, in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local laws and regulations, including any applicable confidentiality requirements, of individuals who have been in a school and test-confirmed to have COVID-19. Additionally, upon receipt of information that any teacher, staff member, student, or visitor at a school is test-confirmed to have COVID-19, the school must submit a report to the Texas Department of Health Services via its online portal.

During the 87th Legislative Session, the Texas Legislature failed to pass legislation that would include virtual learning in ADA calculations. As a result, the 2021-2022 school year began with funding based on in-person attendance. During the second called special session, the Texas Legislature adopted Senate Bill 15, which allows virtual instruction attendance to be used for ADA funding purposes under certain circumstances. The District does not currently expect that all virtual instruction attendance will qualify for ADA funding. A return to funding based on actual attendance during the Pandemic may have a negative impact on revenues available to the District for operations and maintenance if the District does not qualify for the additional hold harmless periods or if students do not take part in the instruction options made available by the District. TEA announced on August 5, 2021 that a school district has the authority to provide remote instruction to a student if the school district meets certain state and federal requirements. Students receiving remote instruction are considered enrolled, but do not meet the requirements for ADA funding. Further, on March 29, 2022, TEA issued guidance on the calculation of the ADA hold harmless for the 2021-2022 school year, providing that each district will receive an adjustment to ADA such that the total percentage attendance rate for the first four six weeks of the 2021-2022 school year.

The full extent of the ongoing impact of COVID-19 on the District's longer-term operational and financial performance will depend on future developments, many of which are outside of its control, including the effectiveness of the mitigation strategies discussed above, the duration and spread of COVID-19, and future governmental actions, all of which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted. The District continues to monitor the spread of COVID-19 and is working with local, State and national agencies to address the potential impact of the Pandemic upon the District. While the potential impact of the Pandemic on the District cannot be quantified at this time, the continued outbreak of COVID-19 could have an adverse effect on the District's operations and financial condition.

The Pandemic has negatively affected travel, commerce, and financial markets globally, and is widely expected to continue negatively affecting economic growth and financial markets worldwide. These negative impacts may reduce or negatively affect property values within the District. The District's bonded debt is secured by an unlimited ad valorem tax, and a reduction in property values may require an increase in the ad valorem tax rate required to pay the bonds as well as the District's share of operations and maintenance expenses payable from ad valorem taxes.

Additionally, State funding of District operations and maintenance in future fiscal years could be adversely impacted by the negative effects on economic growth and financial markets resulting from the Pandemic as well as ongoing disruptions in the global oil markets.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ŀ	FY 2022 Plan Year 2021	Р	FY 2021 Plan Year 2020	Pl	FY 2020 an Year 2019
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.039616451%		0.034981421%		0.0391078%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	10,088,908	\$	18,735,336	\$	20,329,470
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		15,730,061		33,573,739		30,766,345
Total	\$	25,818,969	\$	52,309,075	\$	51,095,815
District's Covered Payroll	\$	49,699,556	\$	46,541,197	\$	44,166,020
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		20.30%		40.26%		46.03%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		88.79%		75.54%		75.24%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2021 for year 2022, August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

Pl	FY 2019 an Year 2018	Pl	FY 2018 an Year 2017	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	P	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
	0.0409388%		0.0396664%	0.0393544%		0.038084%	0.0253074%
\$	22,533,699	\$	12,683,167	\$ 14,871,455	\$	13,460,915	6,759,957
	33,210,755		19,618,342	23,843,301		21,232,603	18,037,366
\$	55,744,454	\$	32,301,509	\$ 38,714,756	\$	34,693,518	\$ 24,797,323
\$	43,300,209	\$	41,426,312	\$ 40,626,075	\$	36,340,923	34,299,303
	52.04%		30.62%	36.61%		37.04%	19.71%
	73.74%		82.17%	78.00%		78.43%	83,25%

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL PERIOD 2022

	 2022	2021	2020
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 1,640,356	\$ 1,690,257	\$ 1,443,435
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(1,640,356)	(1,690,257)	(1,443,435)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	\$ -	\$
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 44,677,247	\$ 49,699,556	\$ 46,541,197
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	3.67%	3.40%	3.10%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

 2019	2018	2017	 2016	 2015
\$ 1,368,512 \$	1,379,178 \$	1,309,535	\$ 1,250,351	\$ 1,127,615
(1,368,512)	(1,379,178)	(1,309,535)	(1,250,351)	(1,127,615)
\$ - \$	- \$	-	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 44,166,020 \$	43,300,209 \$	41,426,312	\$ 40,626,075	\$ 36,340,923
3.10%	3.19%	3.16%	3.07%	3.10%

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Pl	FY 2022 an Year 2021	Р	FY 2021 lan Year 2020	Pl	FY 2020 an Year 2019
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.050846802%		0.048684735%		0.0494296%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	19,613,883	\$	18,507,266	\$	23,375,840
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		26,278,233		24,869,329		31,061,264
Total	\$	45,892,116	\$	43,376,595	\$	54,437,104
District's Covered Payroll	\$	49,699,556	\$	46,541,197	\$	44,166,020
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		39.46%		39.77%		52.93%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		6,18%		4.99%		2.66%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. The amounts reported for FY 2022 are for measurement date August 31, 2021. The amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

Pla	FY 2019 an Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017					
	0.05133%	0.048687%					
\$	25,629,348	\$ 21,172,128					
	37,839,539	33,151,472					
\$	63,468,887	\$ 54,323,600					
\$	43,300,209	\$ 41,426,312					
	59.19%	51.11%					
	1.57%	0.91%					

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL PERIOD 2022

	 2022	2021	2020
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 359,897 \$	397,162	\$ 370,040
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(359,897)	(397,162)	(370,040)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$		β
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 44,677,247 \$	49,699,556	46,541,197
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.81%	0.80%	0.80%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

 2019	 2018
\$ 350,816	\$ 343,937
(350,816)	(343,937)
\$ -	\$
\$ 44,166,020	\$ 43,300,209
0.79%	0.79%

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

PENSION LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions:

There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

OPEB LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes of assumptions:

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

_			211		224		225		240
Data]	ESEA I, A	ID	EA - Part B	IDE	A - Part B		National
Contro			Improving		Formula	Pr	eschool	E	reakfast and
Codes		Ba	sic Program						inch Program
1	ASSETS								
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(461,452)	\$	(90,395)	\$	(256)	\$	2,858,119
1240	Due from Other Governments		465,260		228,602		256		37,134
1290	Other Receivables		-		-		-		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	3,808	\$	138,207	\$	_	\$	2,895,253
I	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	3,808	\$	-	\$	_	\$	52,080
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-		119,337		-		201,243
2200	Accrued Expenditures		-		18,870		-		31,559
2300	Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		132,615
2000	Total Liabilities		3,808		138,207		-		417,497
Ι	FUND BALANCES								
	Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-		-		2,477,756
	Committed Fund Balance:								
3544	Local Grants		-		-		-		-
3545	Campus Activities		-		-		_		-
3546	Textbooks		-		-		-		-
	Assigned Fund Balance:								
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances	_	-		-		-	_	2,477,756
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,808	\$	138,207	\$	-	\$	2,895,253

Car	244 reer and hnical -		255 SEA II,A aining and		263 itle III, A glish Lang		281 ESSER II RRSA Act		282 ESSER III ARP Act	ES	283 SER-SUPP		284 IDEA B Formula	ID	285 DEA B
	ic Grant	Recruiting		Acquisition		Supplemental						ARP Act		Preschool ARP Act	
\$	(4,508) 5,657	\$	(40,616) 45,800	\$	(30,539) 83,595	\$	(258,616) 632,927	\$	(240,218) 240,218	\$	(42,818) 59,340	\$	(58,988) 66,699	\$	(4 4
\$	1,149	\$	5,184	\$	53,056	\$	374,311	\$	-	\$	16,522	\$	7,711	\$	-
\$	1,149	\$	5,184	\$	53,056	\$	87,210	\$	-	\$	16,522	\$	7,711	\$	-
	-		-		-		280,186 6,915		-		-		-		-
	1,149		5,184		53,056		374,311		-		16,522		7,711		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		_
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-				-				-		-		-
\$		\$	5,184	\$		\$	374,311	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	5	UNE 30, 20.		 			 110
Data			289	385		397	410
Contro	1		er Federal	'isually		dvanced	State
Codes	1		Special	npaired		acement	structional
		Reve	enue Funds	SSVI	In	centives	 Materials
1	ASSETS						
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(4,523)	\$ -	\$	8,781	\$ 170,598
1240	Due from Other Governments		21,389	-		-	-
1290	Other Receivables		-	-		-	-
1000	Total Assets	\$	16,866	\$ -	\$	8,781	\$ 170,598
Ι	LIABILITIES						
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	16,866	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 170,476
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		-	-		-	-
2200	Accrued Expenditures		-	-		-	-
2300	Unearned Revenue		-	-		1,341	-
2000	Total Liabilities		16,866	 +*	·	1,341	 170,476
F	FUND BALANCES						
	Restricted Fund Balance:						
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-	-		7,440	-
	Committed Fund Balance:						
3544	Local Grants		-	-		-	-
3545	Campus Activities		-			-	-
3546	Textbooks		-	-		-	122
	Assigned Fund Balance:						
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance		-	-		-	-
3000	Total Fund Balances			 -		7,440	 122
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	16,866	\$ -	\$	8,781	\$ 170,598

427 Special Ed Fiscal Support		429 Other State Special Revenue Funds		461 Campus Actīvity Funds		491 Textbook Fund		492 Growth/ Transition Fund		499 Local Grants		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$	-	\$	(16,916) 17,266	\$	461,700 - 77	\$	15,789	\$	9,832,127	\$	84,999 -	\$ 12,182,264 1,904,147 77
\$	-	\$	350	\$	461,777	\$	15,789	\$	9,832,127	\$	84,999	\$ 14,086,488
\$	-	\$	350	\$	6,620	\$	_	\$	~	\$	2,263	\$ 423,295
	-		-		-		-		-		-	600,766
	-		-		-		-		-		-	57,344
	-		-		23,700		-		-		11,500	169,156
	-	·	350		30,320		-	_	-		13,763	1,250,561
	-		-		-		-		-		-	2,485,196
	-		-		-		-		-		71,236	71,236
	-		-		431,457		-		-		-	431,457
	-		-		-		15,789		-		-	15,911
	ve				-		-		9,832,127		-	9,832,127
	-		-		431,457		15,789		9,832,127		71,236	12,835,927
\$	-	\$	350	\$	461,777	\$	15,789	\$	9,832,127	\$	84,999	\$ 14,086,488

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		211	224	225	240
Data	ES	SEA I, A	IDEA - Part B	IDEA - Part B	National
Control	In	proving	Formula	Preschool	Breakfast and
Codes	Basic Program				Lunch Program
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 662,316
5800 State Program Revenues		-	-	-	10,264
5900 Federal Program Revenues		590,388	1,038,502	4,878	4,810,444
5020 Total Revenues		590,388	1,038,502	4,878	5,483,024
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011 Instruction		481,809	438,620	4,028	-
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		18,377	-	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		27,232	34,852	850	-
0021 Instructional Leadership		2,637	89,554	-	-
0023 School Leadership		3,980	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		-	475,476	-	-
0033 Health Services		-	-	-	-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		-	-	-	-
0035 Food Services		-	-	-	4,320,340
0036 Extracurricular Activities		2,501	-	-	-
0041 General Administration		-	-	-	-
0061 Community Services		53,852	-	-	
6030 Total Expenditures		590,388	1,038,502	4,878	4,320,340
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	-	-	1,162,684
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7915 Transfers In		-	-	-	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-	1,162,684
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		-	-		1,315,072
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2.477.756

Car	244 reer and chnical -	255 ESEA II,A Training and	263 Title III, A English Lang.	281 ESSER II CRRSA Act	282 ESSER III ARP Act	283 ESSER-SUPP	284 1DEA B Formula	285 IDEA B Preschool
	ic Grant	Recruiting	Acquisition	Supplemental	And Add		ARP Act	ARP Act
5	- :	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	-
	-	-	-	-	-	- 106,974	122,440	- 82
	49,197 49,197	88,845 88,845	160,774	<u>625,123</u> 625,123	873,885 873,885	106,974	122,440	82
	49,197		100,774			100,774		
	49,197	-	90,341	400,439	840,020	66,826	58,900	82
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	87,177 1,668	70,433	100,631	19,055	40,148	3.190	-
	-	1,008	-	35,215	14,810	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-		-	60,350	
	-	-	-	5,677	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	83,161	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	49,197	88,845	160,774	625,123	873,885	106,974	122,440	8
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-			
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-					-	-
S	- 3	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$-	\$ - \$	- \$	-

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		289	385	397	410
Data	Othe	er Federal	Visually	Advanced	State
Control	S	pecial	Impaired	Placement	Instructional
Codes	Reve	nue Funds	SSVI	Incentives	Materials
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	- \$	4,712 \$	-	\$-
5800 State Program Revenues		-	-	-	328,478
5900 Federal Program Revenues		53,020	-	-	-
5020 Total Revenues		53,020	4,712	-	328,478
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011 Instruction		-	4,712	-	328,478
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		-	-	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		17,646	-	-	-
0021 Instructional Leadership		-	-	-	-
0023 School Leadership		-	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		21,966	-	-	-
0033 Health Services		-	-	-	-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		-	-	-	-
0035 Food Services		-	-	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities		-	-	-	-
0041 General Administration		-	-	**	-
0061 Community Services		13,408		-	-
6030 Total Expenditures		53,020	4,712	-	328,478
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		-	-	-	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7915 Transfers In		-	-	-	-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	<u> </u>	-		7,440	122
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	- \$	- \$	7,440	\$ 122

	427	429		461	491		492	499	Total	
	Special Ed	Other State		Campus	Textbook		Growth/	Local	Nonmajor	
	Fiscal	Special		Activity	Fund	~	Transition	Grants	Governmental	
	Support	Revenue Funds		Funds			Fund		Funds	
6	-	\$ -	\$	626,507 \$	-	\$	- \$	75,078 \$		
	6,718	94,529	•	-	-		-	-	439,989	
	-	-		-	-		-	-	8,524,552	
	6,718	94,529	}	626,507			-	75,078	10,333,154	
	-	-		64,065	-		-	3,858	2,831,375	
	-	-		5,426	-		-	-	23,803	
	-	94,529	•	4,164	-		-	-	499,90	
	-	-		-	-		-	-	93,85	
	-	-		68,348	-		-	-	122,353	
	6,718	-		-	-		-	-	5,67	
	-	-		-	-		-	-	83,16	
	-	-		-	-		-	-	4,320,340	
	-	-		390,956	-		-	20,055	413,512	
	-	-		-	_		-	1,211	1,21	
	-	-		_	-		-		67,260	
	6,718	94,529		532,959	-		-	25,124	9,026,968	
		-		93,548	-		-	49,954	1,306,180	
	_	-		-	-		9,832,127	-	9,832,12	
	-	-		93,548	-		9,832,127	49,954	11,138,31	
		-		337,909	15,789			21,282	1,697,614	
5	_	\$ -	\$	431,457 \$	15,789	\$	9,832,127 \$	71,236 \$	12,835,92	

This page left blank intentionally.

REQUIRED T.E.A. SCHEDULES

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

st 10 Years	(1) Tax F	(2) Rates	(3) Assessed/Appraised Value for School
	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes
13 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various
14	1.040000	0,500000	2,009,976,804
15	1.040000	0.500000	2,333,023,752
16	1.170000	0.370000	2,674,137,297
17	1.170000	0.370000	3,245,898,900
18	1.170000	0.370000	3,904,942,803
19	1.170000	0.470000	4,710,400,731
20	1.068300	0.470000	5,226,184,446
21	1.023600	0.470000	5,615,229,100
22 (School year under audit)	0.960300	0.470000	6,307,564,145

1000 TOTALS

5

	(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2021	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections		(40) Entire Year's Adjustments		(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2022
\$	137,885 \$	-	\$ 3,854	\$	1,474	\$	(14,685) \$	5 117,872
	27,816	-	150		72		-	27,594
	25,842	-	1,402		674		-	23,766
	29,797	-	4,595		1,453		-	23,749
	47,429	-	(23,484)		(7,427)		(39,570)	38,770
	60,053	-	8,209		2,596		(921)	48,327
	91,309	-	31,519		12,661		21,460	68,589
	166,702	-	4,755		2,092		(37,078)	122,777
	408,953	-	98,310		45,140		(83,447)	182,056
	-	86,761,750	58,216,873		28,493,107		901,946	953,716
;	995,786 \$	86,761,750	\$ 58,346,183	\$	28,551,842	\$	747,705 \$	6 1,607,216

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE TWELVE MONTHS ENDED AUGUST 31, 2022

	(1)	(2)	(3) Assessed/Appraised
Last 10 Years	Tax Ra		Value for School
	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes
2013 and prior years	Various	Various	Various
2014	1.040000	0.500000	2,009,976,804
2015	1.040000	0.500000	2,333,023,752
2016	1.170000	0.370000	2,674,137,297
2017	1.170000	0.370000	3,245,898,900
2018	1.170000	0.370000	3,904,942,803
2019	1.170000	0.470000	4,710,400,731
2020	1.068300	0.470000	5,226,184,446
2021	1.023600	0.470000	5,615,229,100
2022 (School year under audit)	0.963000	0.470000	6,307,564,145
TOTALS			

(10) Beginning Balance 09/01/21		(20) Current Year's Total Levy		(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments			(50) Ending Balance 08/31/22
\$ 137,885	\$	-	\$	3,854	\$ 1,474	\$	(14,685)	\$	117,872
27,816		-		1,301	625		-		25,890
25,842		-		2,553	1,227		-		22,062
29,797		-		5,762	2,014		, –		22,021
47,429		-		(22,171)	(7,012)		(39,569)		37,043
60,053				9,596	3,035		(1,767)		45,655
91,309		-		32,367	12,929		19,457		65,470
166,702		-		6,258	2,696		(35,891)		121,857
408,953		-		94,424	43,430		(95,970)		175,129
		86,761,750		58,484,950	28,616,198		852,695		513,297
\$ 995,786	\$	86,761,750	\$	58,618,894	\$ 28,676,616	\$	684,270	\$	1,146,296

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Data Control Codes		Budgeted	unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)		
		Original		Final			
REVENUES:							
Total Local and Intermediate SourcesState Program RevenuesFederal Program Revenues	\$	499,398 16,300 4,700,668	\$	499,398 16,300 4,700,668	\$ 662,316 10,264 4,810,444	\$	162,918 (6,036) 109,776
020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current:		5,216,366		5,216,366	5,483,024		266,658
035 Food Services		5,216,366		5,516,330	4,320,340		1,195,990
030 Total Expenditures		5,216,366		5,516,330	4,320,340		1,195,990
200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(299,964)	1,162,684		1,462,648
100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		1,315,072		1,315,072	1,315,072		-
000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	1,315,072	\$	1,015,108	\$ 2,477,756	\$	1,462,648

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts				Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget	
		Original Final					Positive or (Negative)		
REVENUES:									
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues	\$	28,075,275 250,000	\$	28,075,275 250,000	\$	28,682,427 236,465	\$	607,152 (13,535)	
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:		28,325,275		28,325,275		28,918,892		593.617	
Debt Service:						2 22 5 000		0.000	
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities		11,901,268		11,901,268		3,225,000		8,676,268	
D072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities D073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		16,404,007 20,000		16,404,007 20,000		6,393,224 4,200		10,010,783 15,800	
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
5030 Total Expenditures		28,325.275		28.325.275		9,622,424		18,702,851	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		-		19,296,468		19,296,468	
100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)		7,170,400		7,170,400		7,170,400			
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	7,170,400	\$	7,170,400	\$	26,466,868	\$	19,296,468	

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Section A: Compensatory Education Programs

Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$5,251,513
List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$2,588,756
Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$1,162,610
List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25,35)	\$551,349

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

This page left bank intentionally.

Members: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN & SEAY A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

TEL. (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Trustees Little Elm Independent School District Little Elm, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Little Elm Independent School District, as of and for the ten months ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Little Elm Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated October 17, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of the audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Homkens, Easterp, Deaton, Tom + leay, PC

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC Denton, Texas

October 17, 2022

Members; AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN & SEAY

TEL. (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

A PROFESSIONAL CORPORATION

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees Little Elm Independent School District Little Elm, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Little Elm Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Little Elm Independent School District's major federal programs for the ten months ended June 30, 2022. Little Elm Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Little Elm Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the ten months ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Little Elm Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Little Elm Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Little Elm Independent School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Little Elm Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Little Elm Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform
 audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence
 regarding Little Elm Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Little Elm Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Little Elm Independent School District's internal control over compliance is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn+ Seay, P.C

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn & Seay, PC Denton, Texas

October 17, 2022

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

- I. Summary of Auditor's Results
 - 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
 - Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified: None Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported
 - 3. Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: None
 - Internal controls over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified: None Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: No
 - 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified.
 - 6. Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?: No
 - 7. Major programs include:

FALN 84.041 Impact Aid - P.L. 81.874
FALN 84.425D Elementary & Secondary School Emergency Relief II
FALN 84.425U ESSER III - ARP School Emergency Relief
FALN 84.425U Supplemental ESSER Fund

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Low risk auditee: Yes
- II. Findings Related to the Financial Statements which are Required to be Reported in Accordance with *Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards*

None

III. Findings and Questioned Costs Related to Federal Awards

None

IV. Other Findings

None

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

No Prior Findings.

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)		
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through			
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	Assistance	Entity Identifying	Federal Expenditures		
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Listing No.	Number			
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					
Direct Programs	84.041	CO41A 2021 5010	\$	428,599	
Impact Aid - P.L. 81.874	84.041	S041A-2021-5019	•		
Total Direct Programs				428,599	
Passed Through Texas Education Agency ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	21610101061914		619,754	
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A	21660001061914		1,122,032	
*IDEA, Part B, Formula - American Rescue Act (ARP)	84.027X	225350010619145350		128,863	
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)				1,256,029	
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	21420006061914		51,467	
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173A	21661001061914		5,134	
IDEA, Part B, Preschool - American Rescue Act (ARP)	84,173X	225360010619145360		80	
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365A	21671001061914		168,94	
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	21694501061914		93,50	
Summer School LEP	84.369A	69552002		17.64	
ESEA Title IV, Part A - Student Support	84.424A	22680101061914		37,22	
Elementary Secondary School Emergency Relief II	84,425D	21521001061914		657,91	
ESSER III - ARP School Emergengy Relief	84.425U 84.425U	21521001061914 21528043061914		919,729 112,58	
Supplemental ESSER Fund Total Assistance Listing Number 84,425	64.4250	21528045001914		1,690,232	
- 0				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency				3.934.89	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				4,363,490	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture					
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	806780706		1,052,613	
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	806780706		3,733,380	
*National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	806780709		377,98	
*P-EBT 2021 Admin. Exp. Reimbursement	10.555	806780709		3,06	
Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555				4,114,43	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				5,167,04	
Watershed Protection & Flood Control	10.904	806780706		120,05	
Total Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture				5,287,101	
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				5.287,10	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	9,650,59	

*Clustered Programs

LITTLE ELM INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS TEN MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

- For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*.
 - General Fund is used to account for among other things, resources related to the United States Department of Education's Impact Aid.
 - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund or, in some instances, in the General Fund which are Governmental Fund type funds.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used in the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

- The period of performance for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 90 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Performance of Federal Funds, 3 CFR Section 200.343 (b).
- FALN numbers for commodity assistance are the FALN numbers of the programs under which USDA donated the commodities.
- Indirect cost reimbursement for federal programs for this fiscal year was received in the amount of \$574,320.
- Reconciliation Information:

Amount reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal awards	\$ 9,650,591
SHARS Revenue reported in the General Fund	<u>1,343,917</u>
Total Federal Program Revenue	<u>\$10,994,508</u>