

Based on the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design



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ADA National Network www.ADAta.org

Questions on the ADA 800-949-4232 voice/tty Questions on checklist 617-695-0085 voice/tty ADAinfo@NewEnglandADA.org This checklist was produced by the New England ADA Center, a project of the Institute for Human Centered Design and a member of the ADA National Network. This checklist was developed under a grant from the Department of Education, NIDRR grant number H133A060092-09A. However the contents do not necessarily represent the policy of the Department of Education, and you should not assume endorsement by the Federal Government.

Questions or comments on the checklist contact the New England ADA Center at 617-695-0085 voice/tty or ADAinfo@NewEnglandADA.org

For the full set of checklists, including the checklists for recreation facilities visit www.ADAchecklist.org.

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The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) requires state and local governments, businesses and non-profit organizations to provide goods, services and programs to people with disabilities on an equal basis with the rest of the public.

Some people think that only new construction and alterations need to be accessible and that older facilities are "grandfathered," but that's not true. Because the ADA is a civil rights law and not a building code, older facilities are often required to be accessible to ensure that people with disabilities have an equal opportunity to participate.

The ADA has different requirements for state and local governments and for places of public accommodation (businesses and non-profit organizations that serve the public).

## **Requirements for State and Local Governments**

State and local governments must ensure that services, programs and activities, when viewed in their entirety, are accessible to people with disabilities. This is part of public entities' program accessibility obligations. Alterations to older buildings may be needed to ensure program accessibility. Generally this is a greater obligation than "readily achievable barrier removal" the standard that applies to public accommodations. State and local governments are not required to take any action that would result in undue financial and administrative burdens.

State and local governments' ADA obligations for program accessibility are in the Department of Justice's ADA Title II regulations 28 CFR Part 35.150.

## How to Use this Checklist

### Get Organized

One person can conduct a survey, but it's easier with two people. One person can take measurements and the other person can fill out the checklist and take photos.

## **Obtain Floor Plan or Make Sketch**

A floor plan helps the surveyors to get organized and to know how many elements there are, such as entrances and toilet rooms. If plans are not available, sketch the exterior and interior layout of interior and exterior spaces and mark the elements on the sketch.

#### Make Copies of the Checklist

Determine how many copies of each section of the checklist you need. For example, most facilities have more than one toilet room.

### **Gather Tools**

- Checklist
- Clipboard
- Tape measure
- Electronic or carpenter's level 24 inches
- Door pressure gauge or fish scale
- Camera
- Bag to hold these items

## **Requirements for Places of Public Accommodation**

Businesses and non-profit organizations that serve the public must remove architectural barriers when it is "readily achievable" to do so; in other words, when barrier removal is "easily accomplishable and able to be carried out without much difficulty or expense."

The decision of what is readily achievable is made considering the size, type, and overall finances of the public accommodation and the nature and cost of the access improvements needed. Barrier removal that is difficult now may be readily achievable in the future as finances change.

Public accommodations' ADA obligations for barrier removal are in the Department of Justice's ADA Title III regulations 28 CFR Part 36.304.

### **Priorities for Accessibility**

The checklist follows the four priorities that are listed in the Department of Justice ADA Title III regulations. These priorities are equally applicable to state and local government facilities.

- Priority 1 Accessible approach and entrance
- Priority 2 Access to goods and services
- Priority 3 Access to public toilet rooms

Priority 4 - Access to other items such as water fountains and public telephones

## **Conduct the Survey**

### Start Outside

Start from site arrival points such as drop-off areas and sidewalks. Determine if there is an accessible route to an accessible entrance. If there is a parking lot or garage check for the correct number of accessible parking spaces, including van-accessible spaces. Is there an accessible route from the accessible parking spaces to an accessible entrance? Next survey the entrances. If there is an accessible entrance, determine if there are signs at inaccessible entrances directing people to the accessible entrance. Go inside and continue through the facility.

### **Keep Good Notes**

Write on the front of each checklist where you are surveying. You may end up with six toilet room checklists. When you get back to your office you'll want to know which one is the checklist for the first floor women's room. If there isn't an accessible entrance you'll want to indicate how many steps there are and how much space is available to install a ramp or lift. This is a good time to take photographs.

#### **Take Good Measurements**

When in doubt write it down. It's better to have too much information than not enough. Even if something is in compliance it's helpful to have exact measurements.

## 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design

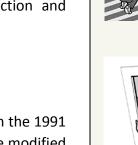
The checklist is based on the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design (2010 Standards). The checklist does not include all sections of the 2010 Standards. For example there are no questions about patient rooms in hospitals or guest rooms in hotels. Consult the 2010 Standards for situations not covered in the checklist. Full compliance with the 2010 Standards is required only for new construction and alterations.

## Safe Harbor – Construction Prior to March 15, 2012

Elements in facilities built or altered before March 15, 2012 that comply with the 1991 ADA Standards for Accessible Design (1991 Standards) are not required to be modified to specifications in the 2010 Standards. For example, the 1991 Standards allow 54 inches maximum for a side reach range to a control such as the operating part of a paper towel dispenser. The 2010 Standards lower that side reach range to 48 inches maximum. If a paper towel dispenser was installed prior to March 15, 2012 with the highest operating part at 54 inches, the paper towel dispenser does not need to be lowered to 48 inches.

## Elements in the 2010 Standards that aren't in the 1991 Standards

The 2010 Standards contain elements that are not in the 1991 Standards. These elements include recreation facilities such as swimming pools, team and player seating, accessible routes to court sports facilities, saunas and steam rooms, fishing piers, play areas, exercise machines, golf facilities, miniature golf facilities, amusement rides, shooting facilities with firing positions, and recreational boating facilities. Because these elements are not in the 1991 Standards, they are not subject to the safe harbor exemption. State and local governments must make these items





#### **Parking Spaces**

Measure from the center of marking lines. If lines are not adjacent to another space or aisle the measurement can be to the full width of the line.



**Door Clear Width** Open the door 90 degrees, measure from the face of the door to the edge of the door stop.



Door Opening Force

If you're using a door pressure gauge place it where you would push open the door.



If you're using a fish scale place it where you would pull open the door. accessible if necessary to ensure program accessibility, unless an undue burden would result. Public accommodations must remove architectural barriers to these items.

## What this Checklist is Not

The ADA Title II and III regulations require more than program accessibility and barrier removal. The regulations include requirements for nondiscriminatory policies and practices and for the provision of auxiliary aids and services, such as sign language interpreters for people who are deaf and material in Braille for people who are blind. This checklist does not cover those requirements.

Since this checklist does not include all of the 2010 Standards it is not intended to determine compliance for new construction or facilities being altered.

#### What are Public Accommodations?

Under the ADA public accommodations are private entities that own, lease, lease to or operate a place of public accommodation. This means that both a landlord who leases space in a building to a tenant and the tenant who operates a place of public accommodation have responsibilities to remove barriers.

A place of public accommodation is a facility whose operations affect commerce and fall within at least one of the following 12 categories:

- 1) Places of lodging (e.g., inns, hotels, motels, except for owner-occupied establishments renting fewer than six rooms)
- 2) Establishments serving food or drink (e.g., restaurants and bars)
- 3) Places of exhibition or entertainment (e.g., motion picture houses, theaters, concert



#### **Accessible Slopes**

You can measure slope with a 24 inch level and a tape measure. Put the level on the surface in the direction you are

measuring. Put one end at the high point of the surface and raise the other end so that the bubble is in the middle of the level's gauge. The level is now level. Measure the distance between the end of the level at its bottom point and the surface.

For a ramp the maximum running slope allowed is 1:12. That means for every inch of height change there should be at least 12 inches of ramp run. If the distance between the bottom of the level and the ramp surface is 2 inches or less, then the slope is 1:12 or less (2:24 = 1:12 and 1.5:24 = 1:16 which is a more gradual slope than 1:12). If the distance is greater than 2 inches, the ramp is too steep. For example, if the distance is 3 inches, then the slope is 1:8 (3:24 = 1:8 which is a steeper slope than 1:12).

For the parts of an accessible route that aren't a ramp, the maximum running slope allowed is 1:20. That means for every inch of height change there must be at least 20 inches of route run. The distance from the bottom edge of the level to the surface should be no more than 1.2 inches (1.2:24 = 1:20).

#### halls, stadiums)

- 4) Places of public gathering (e.g., auditoriums, convention centers, lecture halls)
- 5) Sales or rental establishments (e.g., bakeries, grocery stores, hardware stores, shopping centers)
- 6) Service establishments (e.g., laundromats, dry-cleaners, banks, barber shops, beauty shops, travel services, shoe repair services, funeral parlors, gas stations, offices of accountants or lawyers, pharmacies, insurance offices, professional offices of health care providers, hospitals)
- 7) Public transportation terminals, depots, or stations (not including facilities relating to air transportation)
- 8) Places of public display or collection (e.g., museums, libraries, galleries)
- 9) Places of recreation (e.g., parks, zoos, amusement parks)
- 10) Places of education (e.g., nursery schools, elementary, secondary, undergraduate, or postgraduate private schools)
- 11) Social service center establishments (e.g., day care centers, senior citizen centers, homeless shelters, food banks, adoption agencies)
- 12) Places of exercise or recreation (e.g., gymnasiums, health spas, bowling alleys, golf courses).

For the cross slope of an accessible route the maximum slope allowed is 1:48. The distance from the bottom edge of the level to the surface should be no more than  $\frac{1}{2}$  inch (.5:24 = 1:48). The cross slope of an accessible route is the slope that is perpendicular to the direction of pedestrian travel.

Slopes may also be measured using a digital level. Be sure to read the instructions. Measure with the percent calculation rather than the degrees calculation. For a ramp the maximum running slope allowed is 8.33% (8.33% is a 1:12 slope). For an accessible route without a ramp the maximum running slope allowed is 5% (1:20). For the cross slope of an accessible route the maximum slope allowed is 2.083% (1:48).

**Check that You Got Everything -** Before you leave the site review all the checklists. Make sure you know which checklist goes with which entrance and which toilet room and that you've got all the information you need. It is better to do it now than to have to go back.

## After the Survey

**List Barriers and Solutions** - Consider the solutions listed beside each question on the checklist and add your own ideas. Consult with building contractors and equipment suppliers to estimate the costs for making modifications.

#### Resources

U.S. Department of Justice ADA Information 800-514-0301 voice 800-514-0383 TTY www.ada.gov

ADA National Network 800-949-4232 voice/TTY connects to your regional ADA Center www.adata.org

#### **U.S. Access Board**

800- 872-2253 voice 800-993-2822 TTY www.access-board.gov

ADA Title III Regulations 28 CFR Part 36 www.ada.gov/regs2010/titleIII\_2010/titleIII\_2010\_regulations.htm

**2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design** www.ada.gov/2010ADAstandards index.htm

**1991 ADA Standards for Accessible Design** www.ada.gov/stdspdf.htm

**Tax Deductions and Credits for Barrier Removal** www.ada.gov/taxincent.htm

#### Acknowledgements

Many of the illustrations are from the U.S. Department of Justice and the U.S. Access Board or are based on illustrations produced by the U.S. Access Board and the U.S. Department of Justice.

#### **Develop an Implementation Plan -**

Although an implementation plan is not required, the Department of Justice recommends such a plan, specifying what barriers will be removed and when solutions will occur: "...Such a plan...could serve as evidence of a good faith effort to comply..." Prioritize items, make a timeline and develop a budget. Where the removal of barriers is not readily achievable, consider whether there are alternative methods for providing access that are readily achievable such as curbside takeout service at a restaurant with an accessible intercom system outside.

**Make Changes** - Use the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design. Note: Until March 15, 2012 the 1991 ADA Standards for Accessible Design may be used for readily achievable barrier removal. Check whether local and state building codes require greater accessibility when alterations are undertaken.

**Follow Up** - Review the implementation plan each year to evaluate whether more access improvements have become readily achievable.

# **Priority 1 – Approach & Entrance**

Based on the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design



Buildin	g Town Hall
Locatio	n 14 Park Place, Vernon, CT 06066
Date	May 13, 2022
Survey	ors
Contoo	t Information Daniel Wasilewski

An accessible route from site arrival points and an accessible entrance should be provided for

everyone.

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## Priority 1 – Approach & Entrance

Prio	ority 1 – Approach & Entra	ince			Comments	Possible Solutions
1.1	Is there at least one route from site arrival points (parking, passenger loading zones, public sidewalks and public transportation stops) that does not require the use of stairs? [See 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design – 206.2.1]	Yes No If yes, location of route:			Photo #:	<ul> <li>Add a ramp</li> <li>Regrade to 1:20 maximum slope</li> <li>Add a lift if site constraints prevent other solutions</li> </ul>
Park	ing Accessible parking spaces should t	be identified by size, a	access aisle and signal	ge.		
1.2	If parking is provided for the public, are an adequate number of accessible spaces provided? [208.2]	Yes No	Total Spaces	Accessible Spaces		Reconfigure by
		Total #: 7	1 - 25	1		repainting lines •
		Accessible #:	26 - 50	2		•
			51 - 75	3		
		)	76 - 100	4		
			100+ see 2010 Sta	andards 208.2	Photo #:	
1.3	Of the accessible spaces, is at least one a van accessible space?* [208.2.4]	Yes No	*For every 6 or fra- spaces required by at least 1 should be space.	the table above,		* If constructed before 3/15/2012, parking is compliant if at least 1 in every 8 accessible spaces is van accessible
			1			Reconfigure by
					Photo #:	repainting lines

## Priority 1 – Approach & Entrance

1.4	Are accessible spaces at least 8 feet wide with an access aisle at least 5 feet wide? [502.2, 502.3] Note: Two spaces may share an access aisle. Check state/local requirements; some specify that each space have its own aisle.	Yes No Measurement:	8'min 5'min>	8' E 8' 5 Photo #:	<ul> <li>Reconfigure by repainting lines</li> <li></li> </ul>
1.5	Is the van accessible space: At least 11 feet wide with an access aisle at least 5 feet wide? Or At least 8 feet wide with an access aisle at least 8 feet wide? [502.2]	Yes No Measurement: Yes No Measurement:	$ \begin{array}{c c} \hline \\ \hline $	10'	<ul> <li>Reconfigure to provide van-accessible space(s)</li> <li></li> </ul>
1.6	Is at least 98 inches of vertical clearance provided for the van accessible space? [502.5]	Yes No Measurement:	98"min	MA Photo #:	<ul> <li>Reconfigure to provide van-accessible space(s)</li> <li></li> </ul>

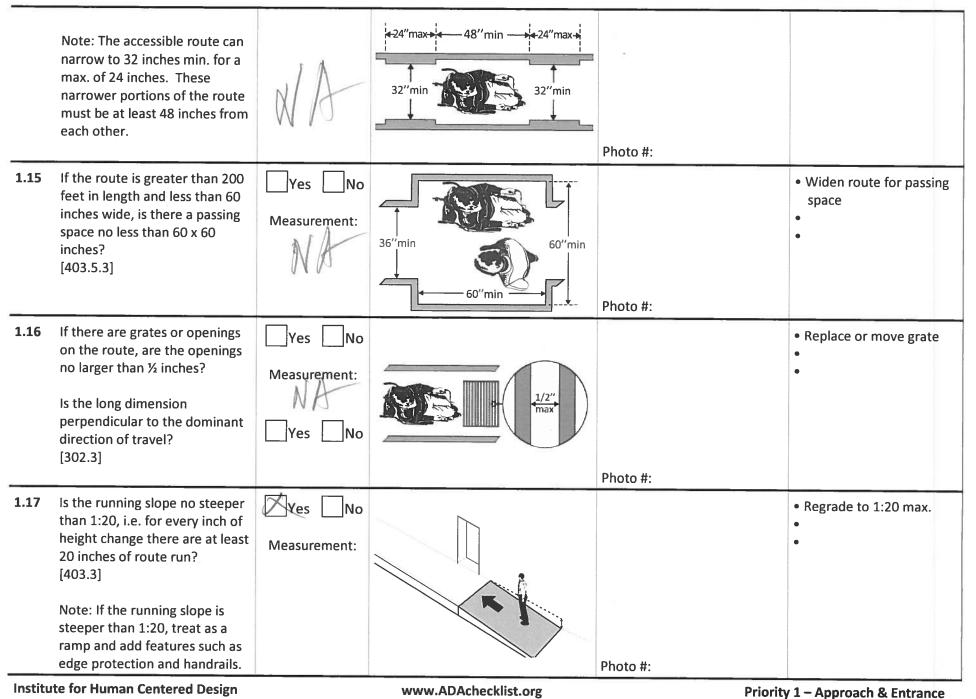
1.7	Are the access aisles marked so as to discourage parking in them? [502.3.3] Note: The marking method and color may be addressed by state/local requirements.	Yes No	<ul> <li>Mark access aisles</li> <li></li> </ul>
1.8	Is the slope of the accessible parking spaces and access aisles no steeper than 1:48 in all directions? [502.4]	area to be marked     Photo #:       Yes     No       Measurement:     Photo #:	<ul> <li>Regrade surface</li> <li></li> </ul>
1.9	Do the access aisles adjoin an accessible route? [502.3]	Yes No	<ul> <li>Create accessible route</li> <li>Relocate accessible space</li> <li></li></ul>
1.10	Are accessible spaces identified with a sign that includes the International Symbol of Accessibility? Is the bottom of the sign at least 60 inches above the ground? [502.6] Note: The International Symbol of Accessibility is not required on the ground.	Yes No Yes No Measurement:	• Install signs • •

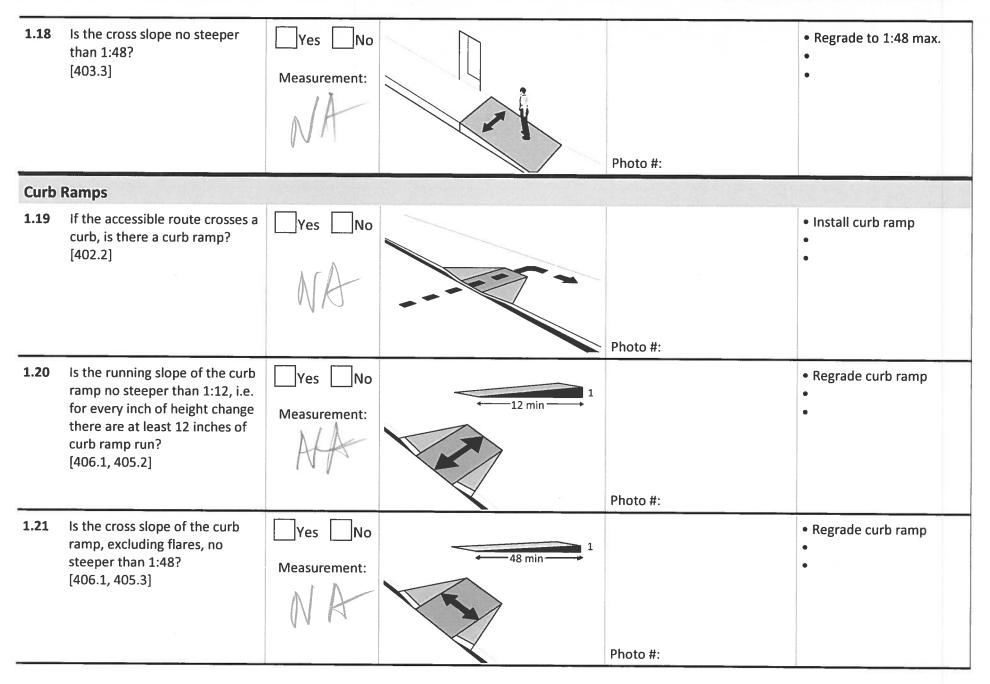
1.11	Are there signs reading "van accessible" at van accessible spaces? [502.6]	Yes No	VAN ACCESSIBLE	<ul> <li>Install signs</li> <li></li> </ul>
_			Photo #:	
1.12	Of the total parking spaces, are the accessible spaces located on the closest accessible route to the accessible entrance(s)? [208.3.1]	Yes No		<ul> <li>Reconfigure spaces</li> <li></li> </ul>
	Note: If parking serves multiple entrances, accessible parking should be dispersed.	d East Lot	Photo #:	
Exter	ior Accessible Route	/		
1.13	Is the route stable, firm and slip-resistant? [302.1]	Yes No	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Repair uneven paving</li> <li>Fill small bumps and breaks with patches</li> <li>Replace gravel with asphalt or other surface</li> </ul>
1.14	Is the route at least 36 inches wide? [403.5.1]	Yes No Measurement:		<ul> <li>Change or move landscaping, furnishings or other items</li> <li>Widen route</li> </ul>

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#### **Priority 1 – Approach & Entrance**





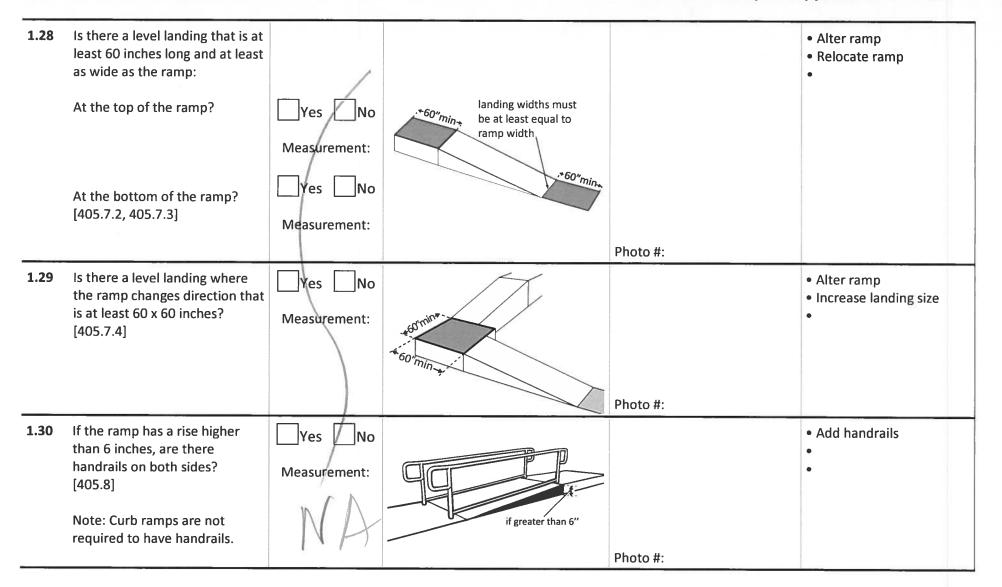
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Priority 1 – Approach & Entrance

1.22	Is the curb ramp, excluding flares, at least 36 inches wide? [406.1, 405.5]	Yes No Measurement:	36"min		• Widen curb ramp • •
1.23	At the top of the curb ramp is there a level landing (slope no steeper than 1:48 in all directions) that is at least 36 inches long and at least as wide as the curb ramp? [406.4] If there are curb ramp flares, are the slopes of the flares no steeper than 1:10, i.e. for every inch of height change there are at least 10 inches of flare run? [406.3]	Yes No Measurement: Yes No Measurement:	36"min -10 min	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Reconfigure</li> <li>Add ramp flares</li> <li></li> </ul>
1.24	If the landing at the top is less than 36 inches long, are there curb ramp flares? Are the slopes of the flares no greater than 1:12, i.e. for every inch of height change there are at least 12 inches of flare run? [406.4]	Yes No		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Add ramp flares</li> <li>Regrade flares</li> <li></li> </ul>

## Priority 1 – Approach & Entrance

Ramp	os If any portion of the accessible rout	te is steeper than 1:20	0, it should be treated as a ramp.		
1.25	If there is a ramp is it at least 36 inches wide? [405.5] Note: If there are handrails, measure between the handrails.	Yes No Measurement:	36"min	Photo #:	• Alter ramp •
1.26	Is the surface stable, firm and slip resistant? [405.4]	Yes No	ti	Photo #:	Resurface ramp
1.27	For each section of the ramp, is the running slope no greater than 1:12, i.e. for every inch of height change there are at least 12 inches of ramp run? [405.2] Note: Rises no greater than 3 inches with a slope no steeper than 1:8 and rises no greater than 6 inches with a slope no steeper than 1:10 are permitted when such slopes are necessary due to space	Yes No Measurement:	1 12 min		<ul> <li>Relocate ramp</li> <li>Lengthen ramp to decrease slope</li> </ul>
	limitations.			Photo #:	



## Priority 1 – Approach & Entrance

1.31	Is the top of the handrail gripping surface no less than 34 inches and no greater than 38 inches above the ramp surface? [505.4]	Yes No Measurement:	34"-38"		<ul> <li>Reconfigure or replace handrails</li> <li>Adjust handrail height</li> <li></li></ul>
				Photo #:	
1.32	Is the handrail gripping surface continuous and not obstructed along the top or sides? [505.3] If there are obstructions, is the bottom of the gripping surface obstructed no greater than 20%? [505.6]	Yes No		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Reconfigure or replace handrails</li> <li></li> </ul>
1.33	If the handrail gripping surface is circular, is it no less than 1 ¼ inches and no greater than 2 inches in diameter? [505.7.1]	Yes No Measurement:	+1½-2*	Photo #:	Replace handrails
1.34	If the handrail gripping surface is non-circular: Is the perimeter no less than 4 inches and no greater than 6¼ inches?	Yes No Measurement:	4"-6 %" perimeter		<ul> <li>Replace handrails</li> <li></li> </ul>

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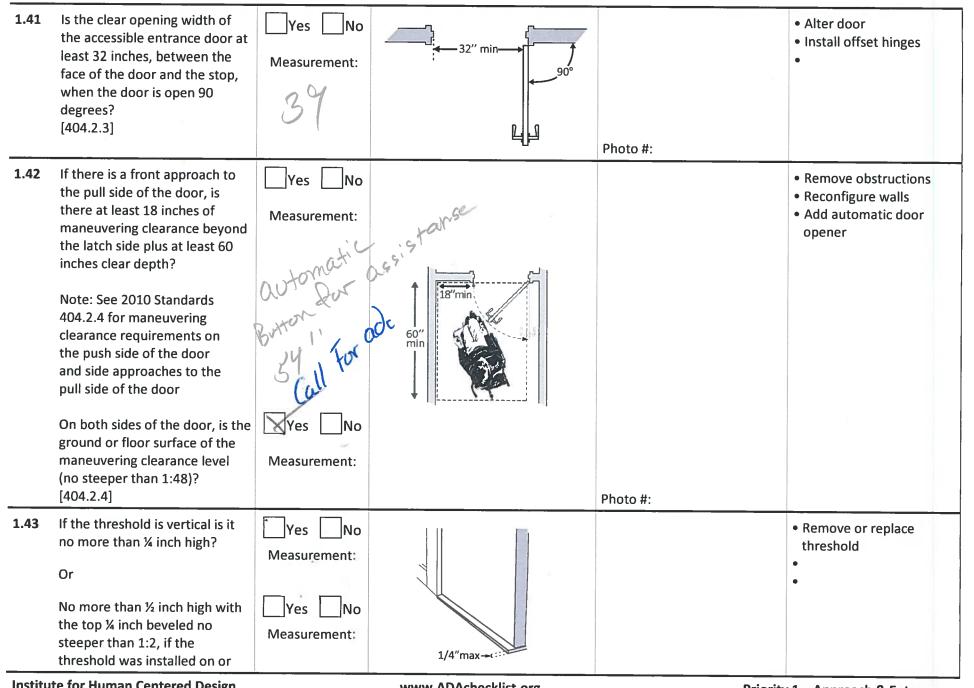
## Priority 1 – Approach & Entrance

	Is the cross section no greater than 2¼ inches? [505.7.2]	Yes No Measurement:		Photo #:	
1.35	Does the handrail: Extend at least 12 inches	Yes No			<ul> <li>Alter handrails</li> <li></li> </ul>
	horizontally beyond the top and bottom of the ramp?	Measurement:	The PP		
	Return to a wall, guard, or landing surface? [505.10.1]	Ves No	12"		
	Note: If a 12 inch extension would be a hazard (in circulation path) it is not required.		min	Photo #:	
1.36	To prevent wheelchair casters and crutch tips from falling off:				<ul> <li>Add curb</li> <li>Add barrier</li> <li>Extend ramp width</li> </ul>
	Does the surface of the ramp extend at least 12 inches	Yes No			• Extend ramp width
	beyond the inside face of the handrail? Or	Measurement:	12"min		
	Is there a curb or barrier that prevents the passage of a 4- inch diameter sphere?	Yes No Measurement:	less than 4"		
	[405.9.1, 405.9.2]	weastrement.		Photo #:	

## Priority 1 – Approach & Entrance

Entra	ince		/		
1.37	Is the main entrance accessible?	Yes No		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Redesign to make it accessible</li> <li></li> </ul>
1.38	If the main entrance is not accessible, is there an alternative accessible entrance? Can the alternative accessible entrance be used independently and during the same hours as the main entrance?	Yes No		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Designate an entrance and make it accessible</li> <li>Ensure that accessible entrance can be used independently and during the same hours as the main entrance</li> </ul>
1.39	Do all inaccessible entrances have signs indicating the location of the nearest accessible entrance? [216.6]	Ves No + Sign of (orner of Building	ACCESSIBLE ENTRANCE	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Install signs</li> <li>Install signs on route before people get to inaccessible entrances so that people do not have to turn around and retrace route</li> </ul>
1.40	If not all entrances are accessible, is there a sign at the accessible entrance with the International Symbol of Accessibility? [216.6]	Yes No	E	Photo #:	• Install sign • •

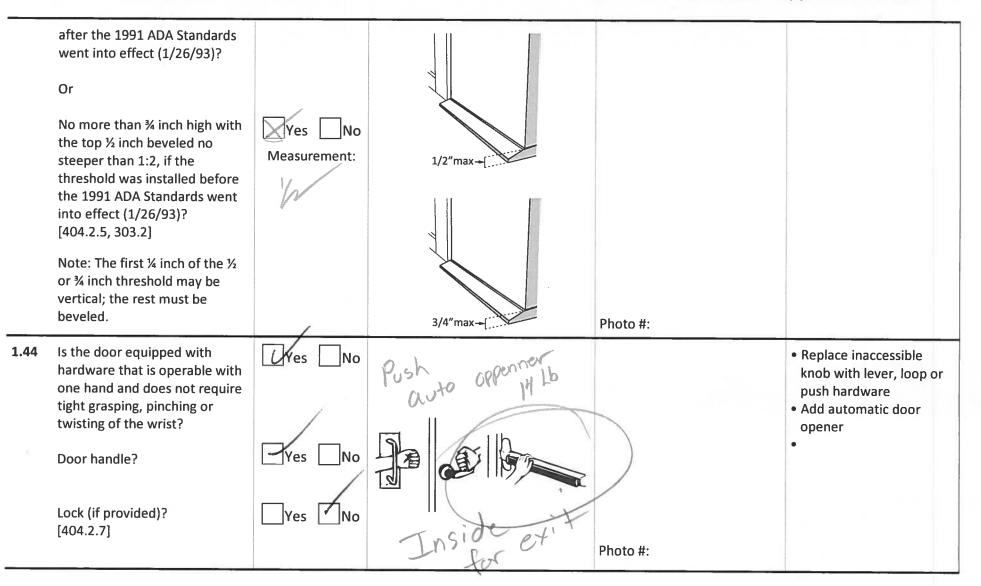
#### **Priority 1 – Approach & Entrance**



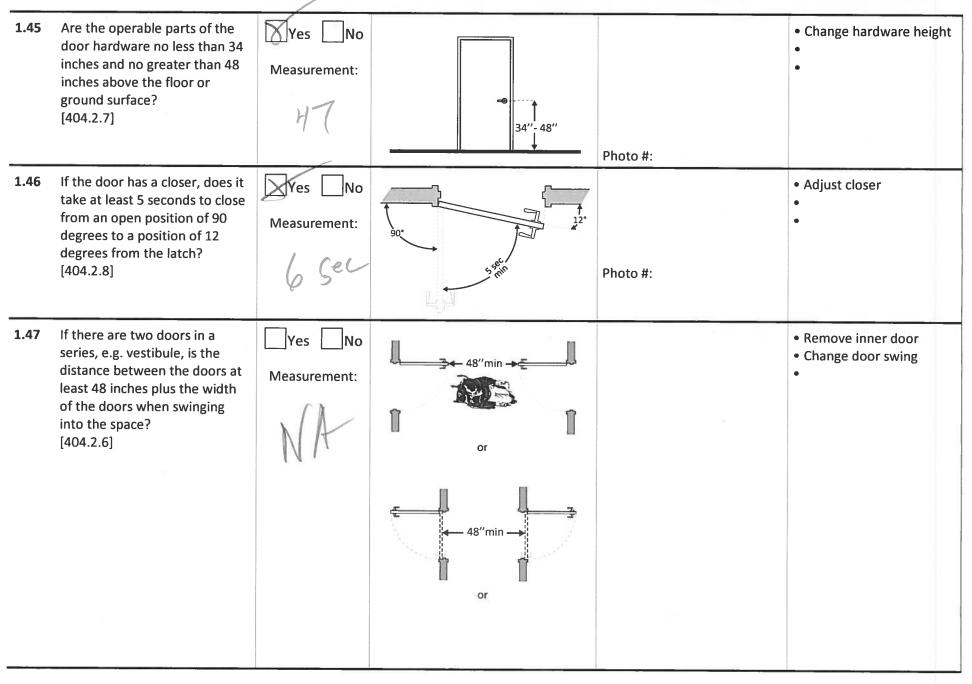
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**Priority 1 – Approach & Entrance** 



Priority 1 – Approach & Entrance

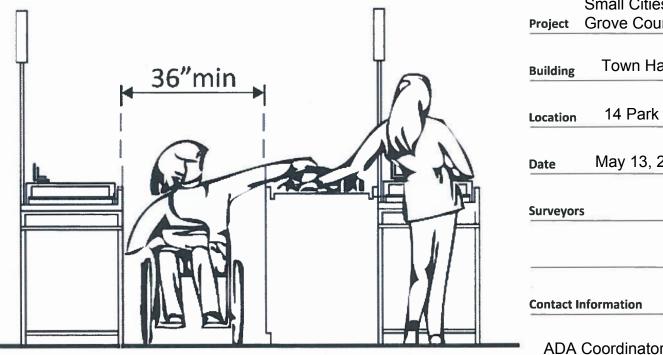


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			48"min → <sup>™</sup>		
				Photo #:	
1.48	If provided at the building entrance, are carpets or mats	Yes No			Replace or remove mats
	no higher than ½ inch thick? [302.2]	Measurement:	½"max		•
		· · · ·	/	Photo #:	
1.49	Are edges of carpets or mats securely attached to minimize tripping hazards? [302.2]	Yes Vo			<ul> <li>Secure carpeting or mats at edges</li> </ul>
	[302.2]			Photo #:	•
		Yes No			•
					•
					•
				Photo #:	
		Yes No			•
					•
					•
				Photo #:	والأسترج والمشرو والأكر

## **Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services**

Based on the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design



	Small Cities CDBG - Vernon Housing Authority -
Project	Grove Court
Building	Town Hall
Location	14 Park Place, Vernon, CT 06066
Date	May 13, 2022
Surveyor	5
Contact I	nformation Daniel Wasilewski
ADA	Coordinator, 860-870-3652

The layout of the building should allow people with disabilities to obtain goods and services and to participate in activities without assistance.

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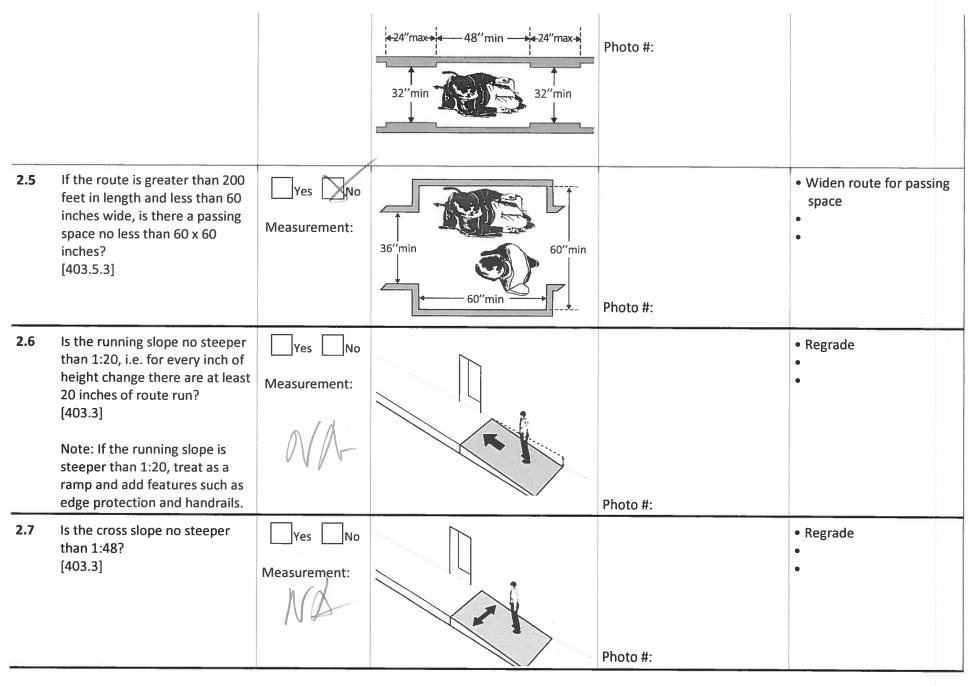
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## Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services

Prio	rity 2 – Access to Goods	& Services		Comments	Possible Solutions
2.1	Does the accessible entrance provide direct access to the main floor, lobby and elevator? [See 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design – 206.4]	Yes No		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Create accessible route</li> <li></li> </ul>
nter	ior Accessible Route	/			
2.2	Are all public spaces on at least one accessible route? [206.2.4]	Yes No			<ul> <li>Create accessible route</li> <li></li> </ul>
				Photo #:	
2.3	Is the route stable, firm and slip-resistant? [40.2, 302.1]	Yes No			<ul> <li>Repair uneven surfaces</li> <li></li> </ul>
				Photo #:	
2.4	Is the route at least 36 inches wide? [403.5.1] Note: The accessible route can narrow to 32 inches min. for a max. of 24 inches. These narrower portions of the route must be at least 48 inches from each other.	Yes No Measurement:	36"min		• Widen route • •

#### **Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services**



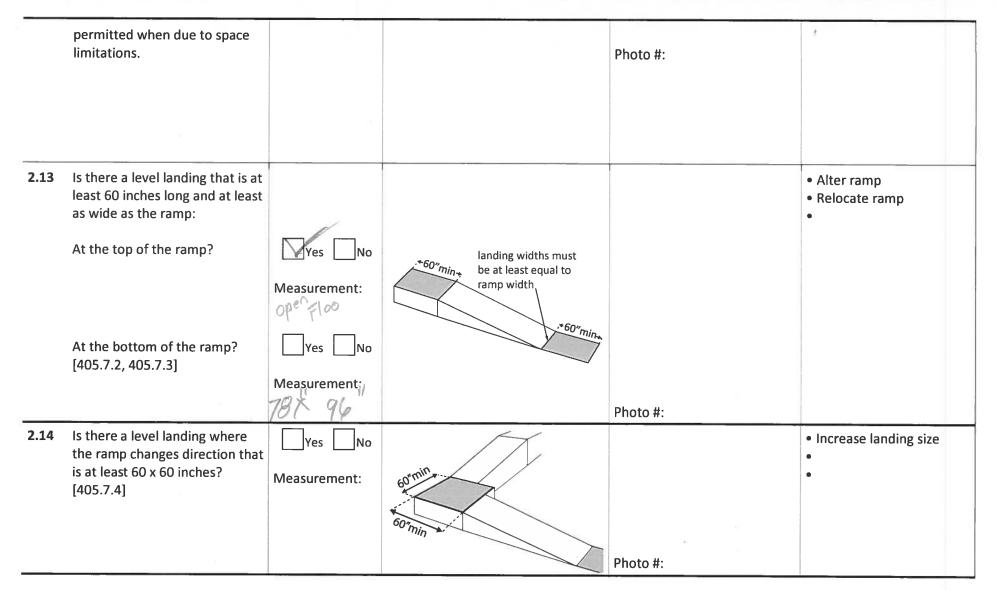
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#### 2.8 Do all objects on circulation • Remove object Yes No paths through public areas, e.g. • Add tactile warning such fire extinguishers, drinking as permanent planter or Measurement: fountains, signs, etc., protrude partial walls no more than 4 inches into the path? 4"max Or Or Yes No If an object protrudes more than 4 inches, is the bottom Measurement: leading edge at 27 inches or lower above the floor? [307.2] Or 27"max Or Yes XNo Is the bottom leading edge at BATHROOM 80 inches or higher above the Measurement: floor? [307.4] 80"min Photo #: 2.9 Are there elevators or platform Yes Install if necessary No lifts to all public stories? • Offer goods and services on an accessible story Note: Vertical access is not required in new construction or alterations if a facility is less than three stories or has less than 3,000 square feet per story, unless the facility is a shopping center, shopping mall,

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Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services

ADA Cl	necklist for Existing Facilities			Priority 2	– Access to Goods & Service
	professional office of a health care provider, transportation terminal, state facility or local government facility			Photo #:	
Ramp	)S	/			
2.10	If there is a ramp, is it at least 36 inches wide? [405.5]	Yes No Measurement:	O P		• Alter ramp • •
	Note: If there are handrails, measure between the handrails.	48	36"min		
	to concel champer			Photo #:	
2.11	Is the surface stable, firm and slip resistant? [405.4]	Yes No			<ul> <li>Resurface ramp</li> <li></li> </ul>
		/		Photo #:	
2.12	For each section of the ramp, is the running slope no greater than 1:12, i.e. for every inch of height change there are at least 12 inches of ramp run?	Yes No Measurement:			<ul> <li>Lengthen ramp to decrease slope</li> <li>Relocate ramp</li> </ul>
	[405.2]	1:11		1	
	Note: Rises no greater than 3 inches with a slope no steeper than 1:8 and rises no greater		12 min		
	than 6 inches with a slope no steeper than 1:10 are				
	ite for Human Centered Design ight © 2016	1	www.ADAchecklist.org	Prie	ority 2 – Access to Goods & Service Page 6

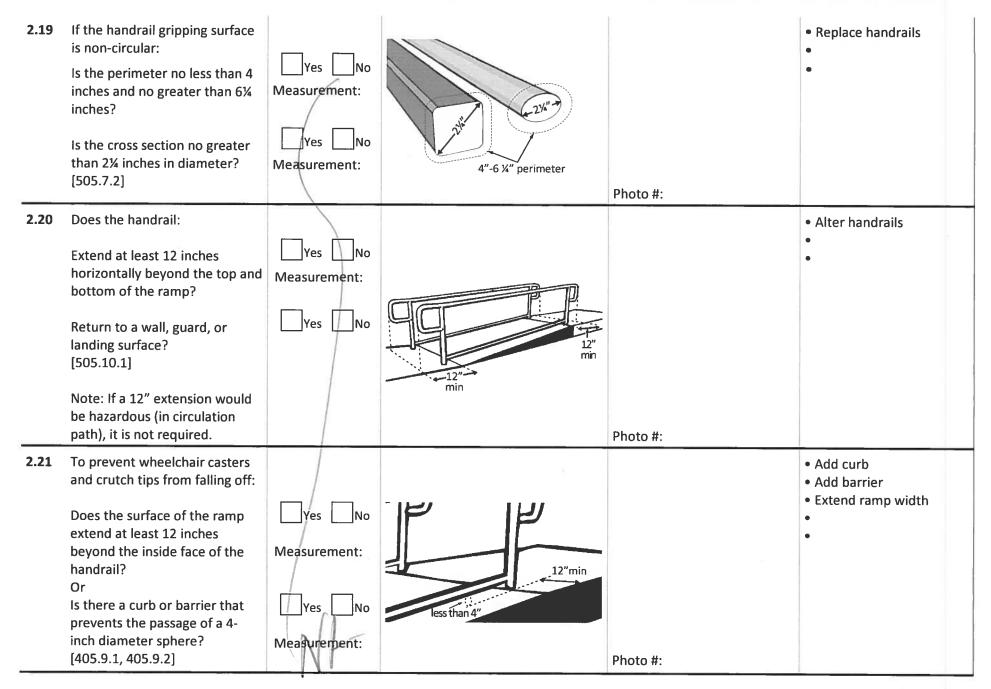


### Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services

2.15	If the ramp has a rise higher than 6 inches are there handrails on both sides? [405.8]	Yes No Measurement:	if greater than 6"		<ul> <li>Add handrails</li> <li></li> <li></li> </ul>
2.16	Is the top of the handrail gripping surface no less than 34 inches and no greater than 38 inches above the ramp surface? [505.4]	Yes No Measurement:	34"-38"	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Adjust handrail height</li> <li></li> </ul>
2.17	Is the handrail gripping surface continuous and not obstructed along the top or sides? [505.3] If there are obstructions, is the bottom of the gripping surface obstructed no more than 20%? [505.6]	Yes No		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Reconfigure or replace handrails</li> <li></li> </ul>
2.18	If the handrail gripping surface is circular, is it no less than 1 ¼ inches and no greater than 2 inches in diameter? [505.7.1]	Yes No Measurement:	11/4-2/4	Photo #:	Replace handrails

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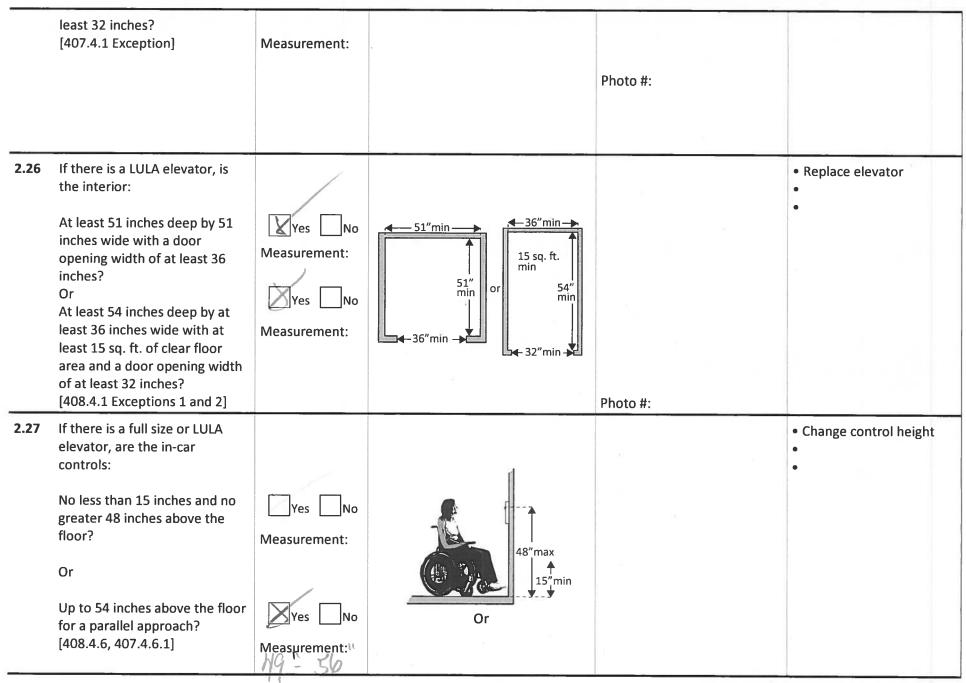
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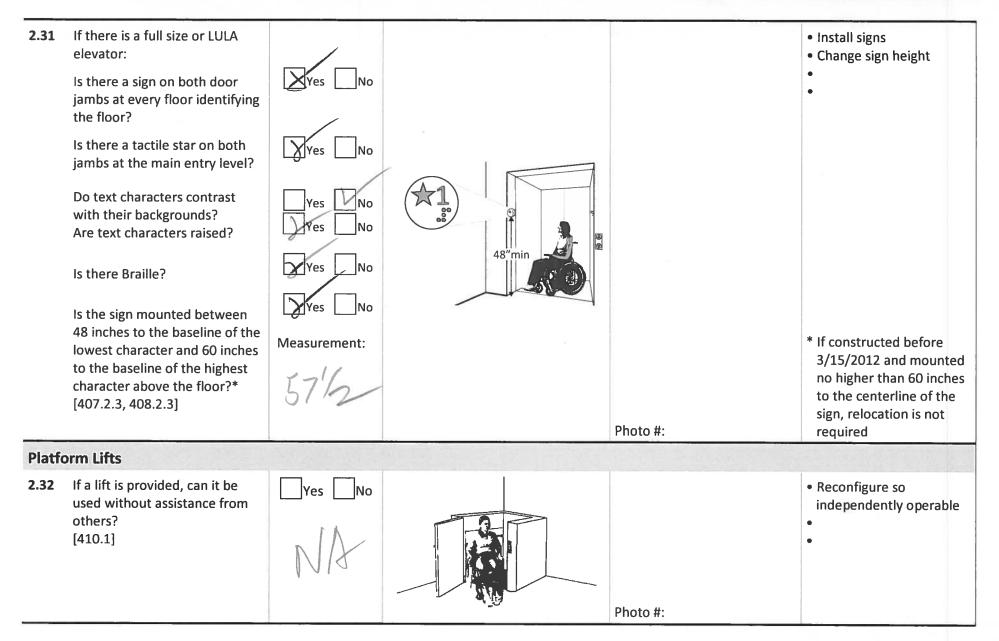
## Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services

2.22	If there is a full size or LULA elevator, are the call buttons no higher than 54 inches above the floor? [407.2.1.1]		54"max	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Change call button height</li> <li></li> <li></li> </ul>
2.23	If there is a full size or LULA elevator, does the sliding door reopen automatically when obstructed by an object or person?* [407.3.3]	Yes No		Photo #:	<ul> <li>* If constructed before 3/15/2012 and manually operated, the door is not required to reopen automatically</li> <li>Install opener</li> </ul>
2.24	If there is a LULA elevator with a swinging door: Is the door power- operated? Does the door remain open for at least 20 seconds when activated? [403.3.2]	Yes No Yes No Time:		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Add power operated door</li> <li>Adjust opening time</li> <li>•</li> </ul>
2.25	If there is a full size elevator: Is the interior at least 54 inches deep by at least 36 inches wide with at least 16 sq. ft. of clear floor area?	Yes No Measurement: Yes No	<ul> <li>4-36"min→</li> <li>16 sq.ft.min</li> <li>54"min</li> <li>54"min</li> </ul>		Replace elevator

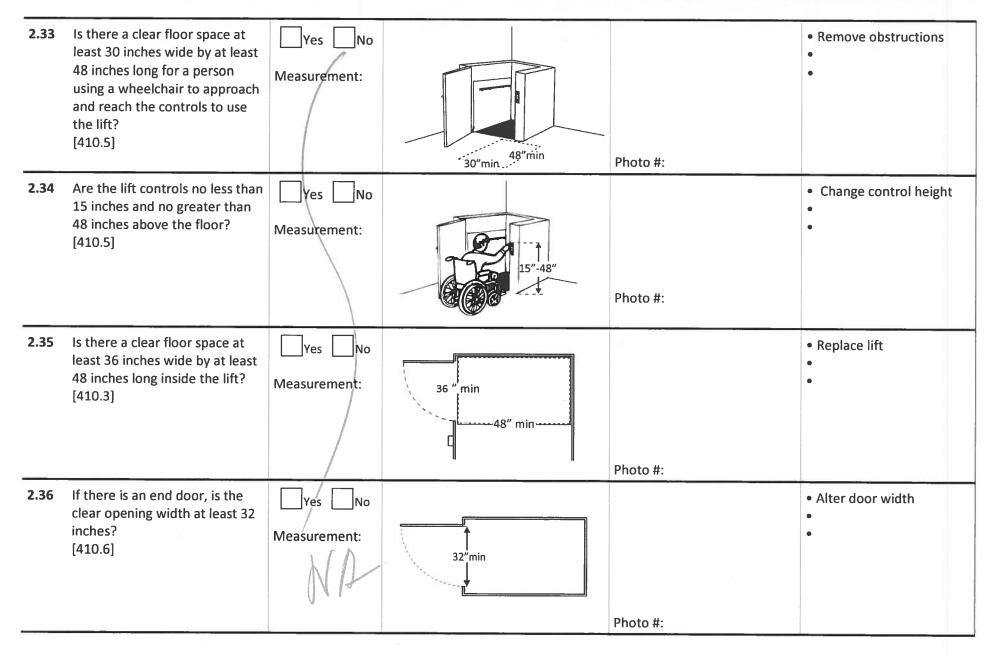


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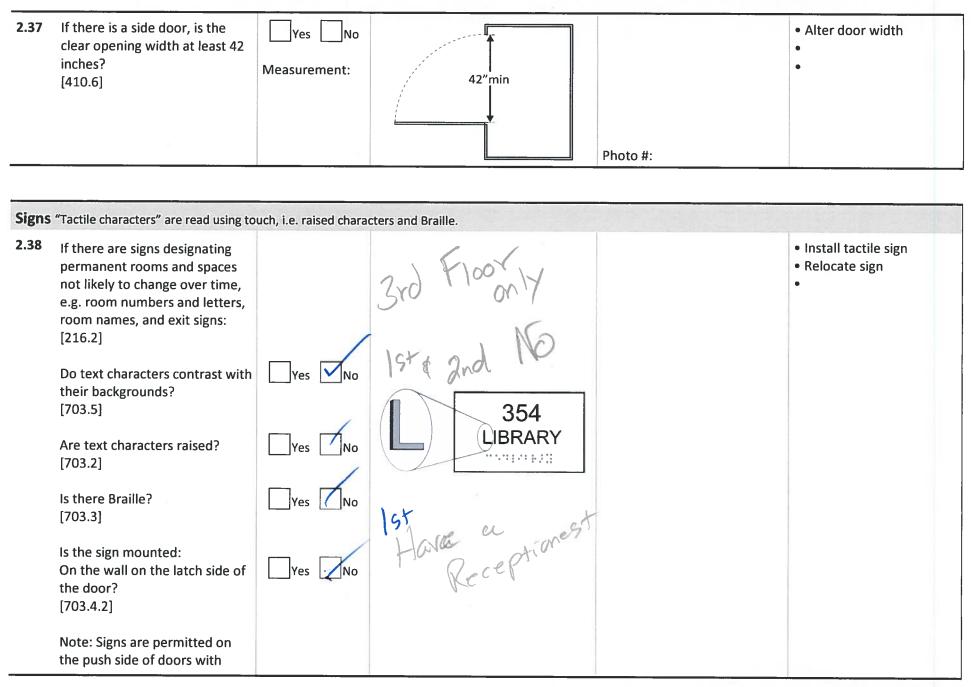
			54" max 15"min	Photo #:	
2.28	If there is a LULA elevator, are the in-car controls centered on a side wall? [408.4.6]	Yes No Measurement:		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Reconfigure controls</li> <li></li> </ul>
2.29	If there is a full size or LULA elevator: Are the car control buttons designated with raised characters? Are the car control buttons designated with Braille? [407.4.7.1, 703.2]	Yes No	<b>5</b> <b>5</b> <b>6</b> <b>6</b> <b>6</b> <b>7</b> <b>7</b> <b>7</b> <b>7</b> <b>7</b> <b>7</b> <b>7</b> <b>7</b>	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Add raised characters</li> <li>Add Braille</li> <li></li> </ul>
2.30	If there is a full size elevator, are there audible signals which sound as the car passes or is about to stop at a floor? [407.4.8]	Yes No		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Install audible signals</li> <li></li> </ul>



# **Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services**



# Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services



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closers and without hold-open devices.

With clear floor space beyond the arc of the door swing between the closed position and 45-degree open position, at least 18 x 18 inches centered on the tactile characters?\* [703.4.2]

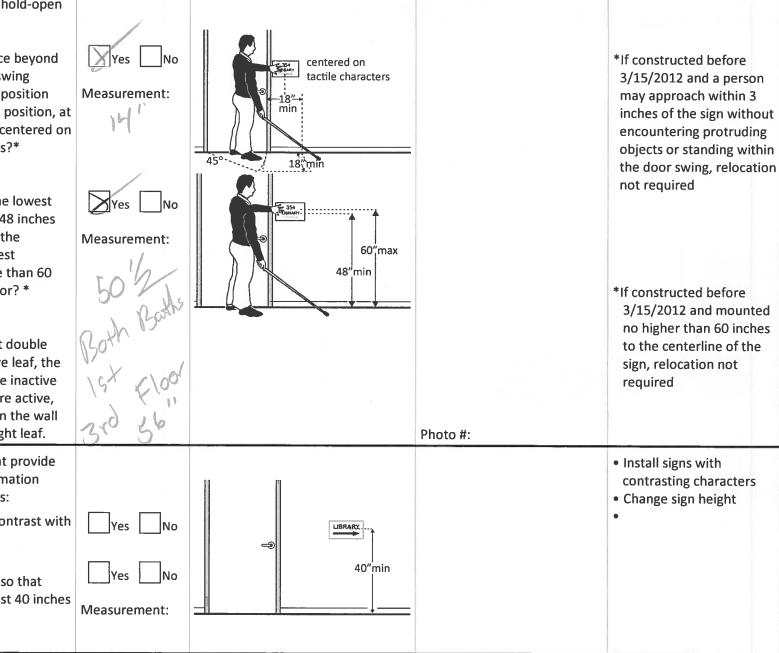
So the baseline of the lowest character is at least 48 inches above the floor and the baseline of the highest character is no more than 60 inches above the floor? \* [703.4.1]

Note: If the sign is at double doors with one active leaf, the sign should be on the inactive leaf; if both leaves are active, the sign should be on the wall to the right of the right leaf.

2.39 If there are signs that provide direction to or information about interior spaces:Do text characters contrast with

their backgrounds? [703.5.1]

Is the sign mounted so that characters are at least 40 inches above the floor? [703.5.6]



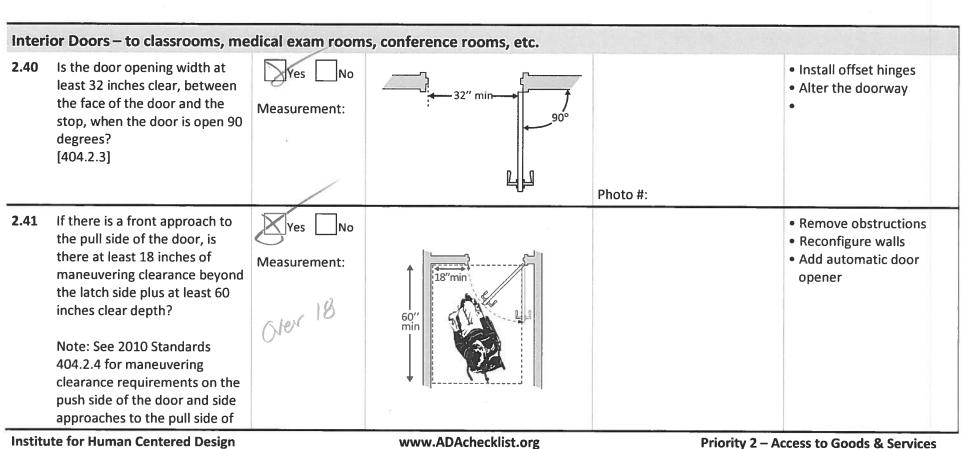
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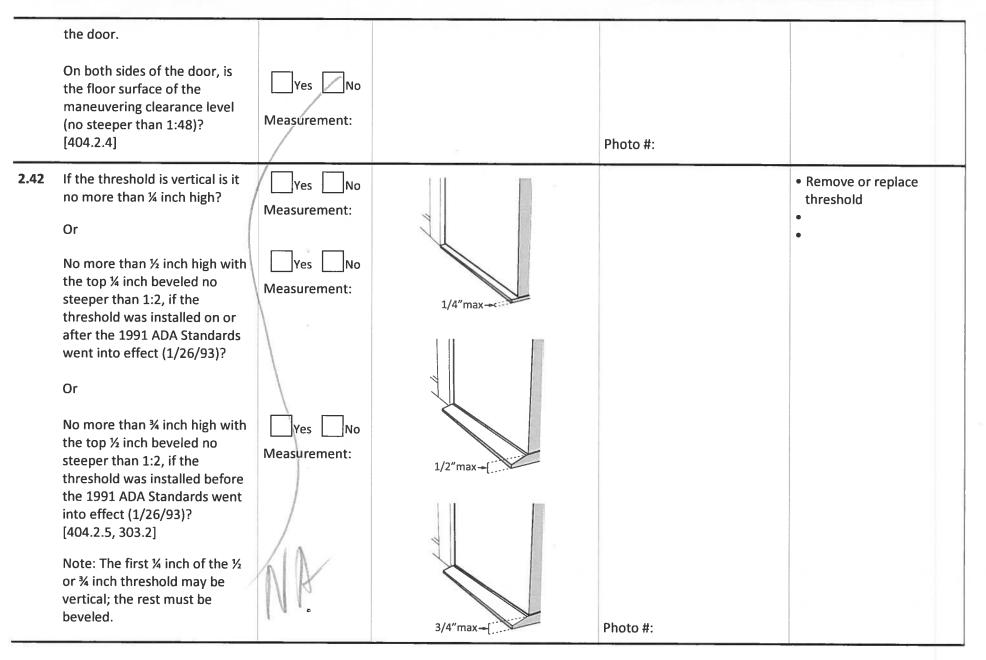
# Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services

Note: Raised characters and Braille are not required.		Photo #:	



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Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services

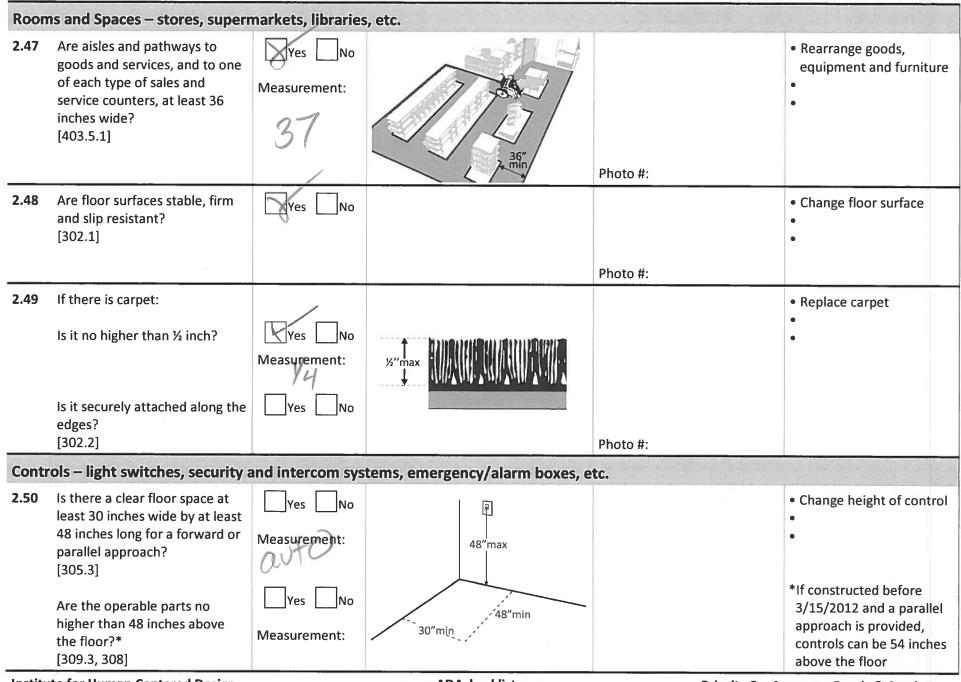


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2.43	Is the door equipped with hardware that is operable with one hand and does not require tight grasping, pinching or twisting of the wrist? Door handle? Lock (if provided)?	Yes No			<ul> <li>Replace inaccessible knob with lever, loop or push hardware</li> <li>Add automatic door opener</li> <li>•</li> </ul>
2.44	[404.2.7] Are the operable parts of the hardware no less than 34 inches and no greater than 48 inches above the floor? [404.2.7]	Ves No Measurement: 39-47	34"- 48"	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Change hardware height</li> <li></li> </ul>
2.45	Can the door be opened easily (5 pounds maximum force)? [404.2.9] Note: You can use a pressure gauge or fish scale to measure force. If you do not have one you will need to judge whether the door is easy to open.	Yes No Measurement:	3 5 lbf	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Adjust or replace closers</li> <li>Install lighter doors</li> <li>Install power-assisted or automatic door openers</li> </ul>
2.46	If the door has a closer, does it take at least 5 seconds to close from an open position of 90 degrees to a position of 12 degrees from the latch? [404.2.8.1]	Yes No Measurement:	90. 5 sec. 5 sec. 5 sec. 122	Photo #:	• Adjust closer • •

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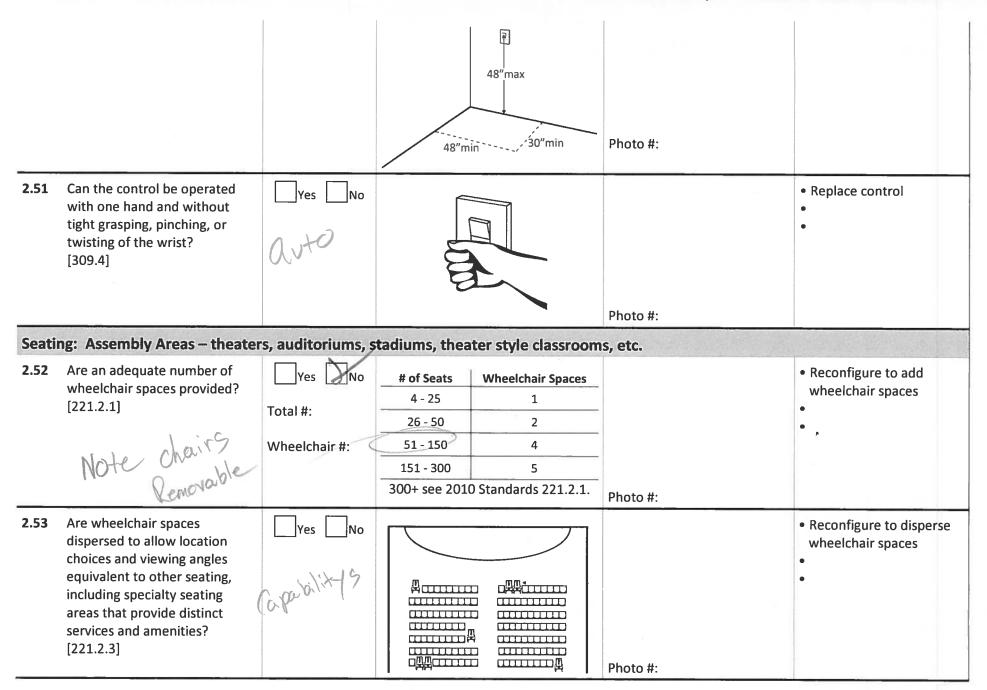
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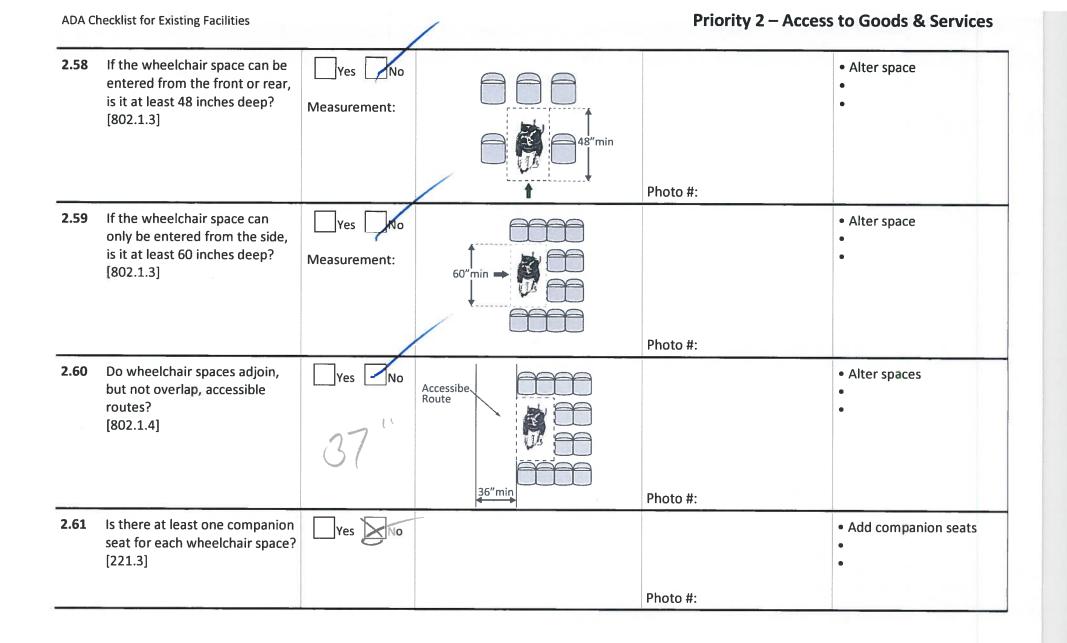
Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services Page 20

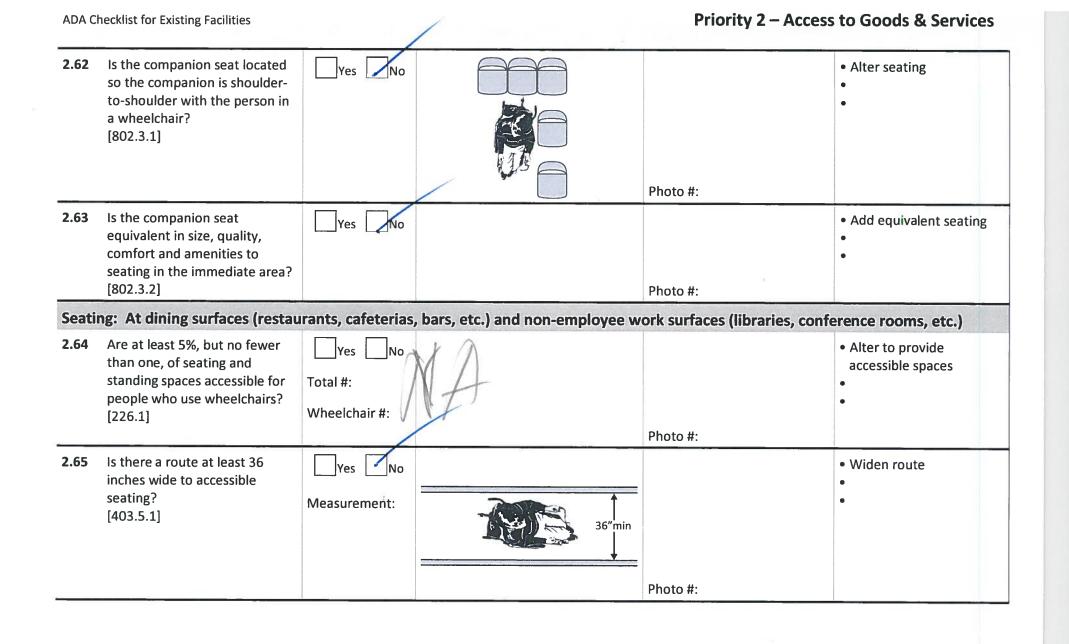
### Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services



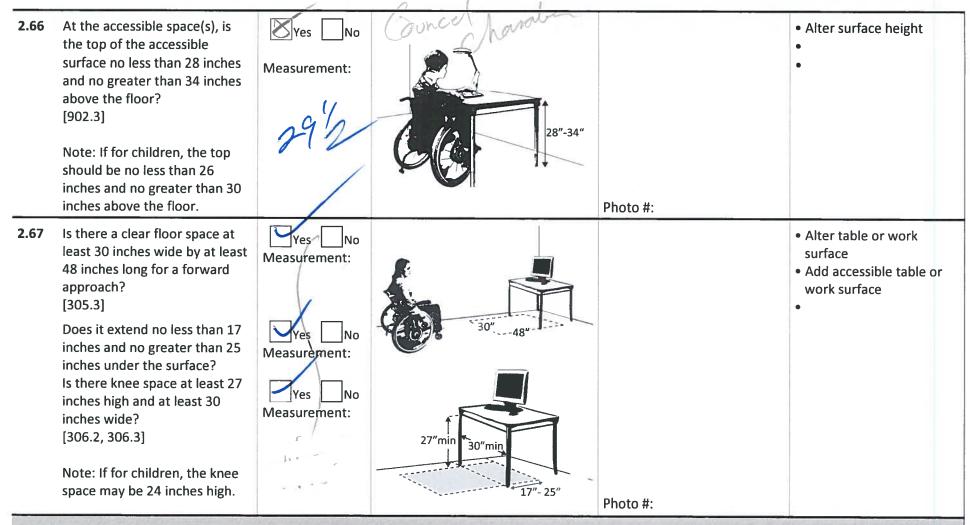
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2.54	Where people are expected to remain seated, do people in wheelchair spaces have a clear line of sight over and between the heads of others in front of them? [802.2.1.1, 802.1.1.2]	Yes No	1100	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Alter for line of sight</li> <li></li> </ul>
2.55	Where people are expected to stand, do people in wheelchair spaces have a clear line of sight over and between the heads of others in front of them? [802.2.2.1, 802.1.2.2]	Ves No		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Alter for line of sight</li> <li></li> </ul>
2.56	If there is a single wheelchair space, is it at least 36 inches wide? [802.1.2]	Yes No Measurement:	₩ 36"min→	Photo #:	Alter space
2.57	If there are two adjacent wheelchair spaces, are they each at least 33 inches wide? [802.1.2]	Yes No Measurement:	33"min	Photo #:	Alter spaces



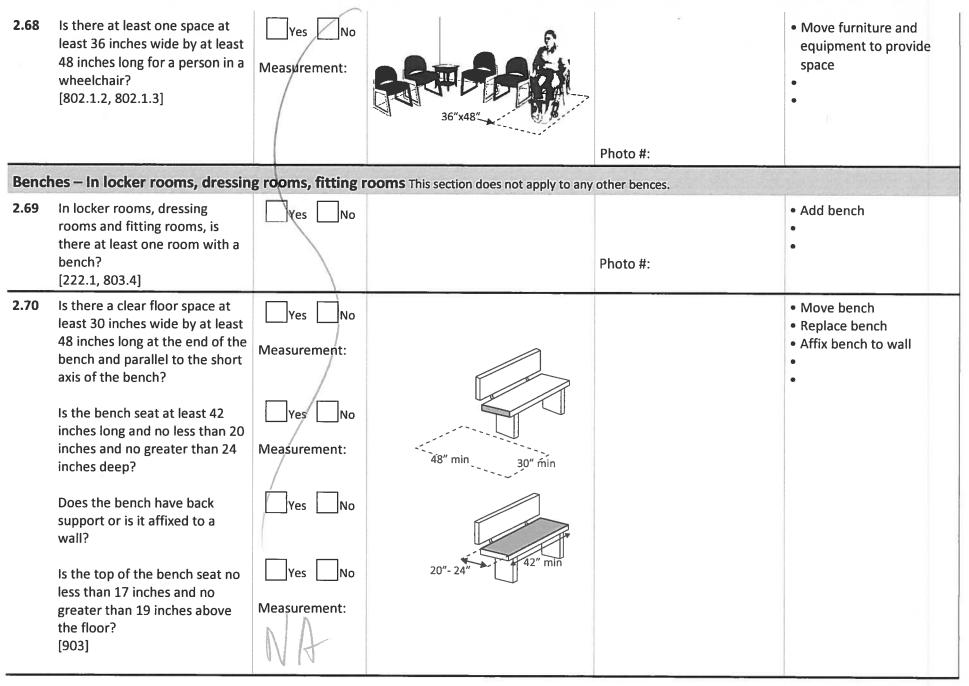


# **Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services**

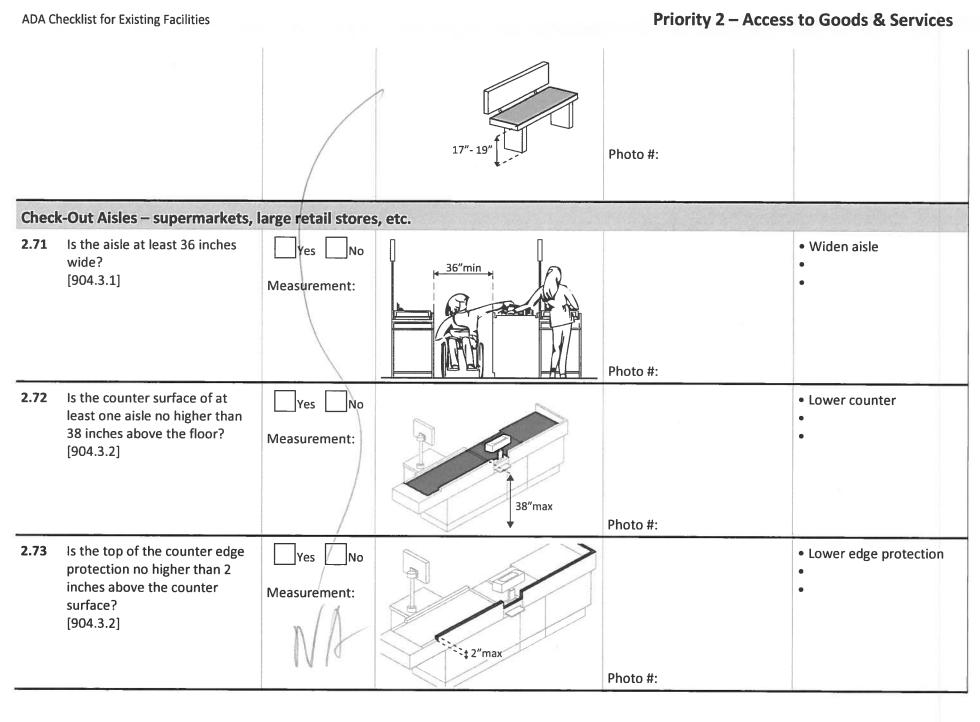


Seating: General - reception areas, waiting rooms, etc.

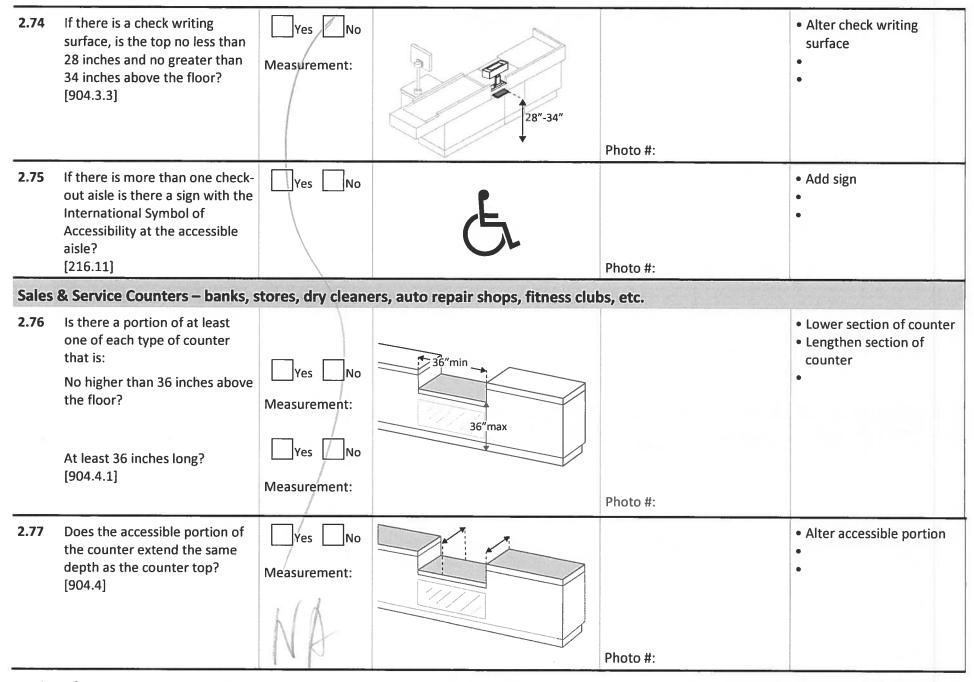
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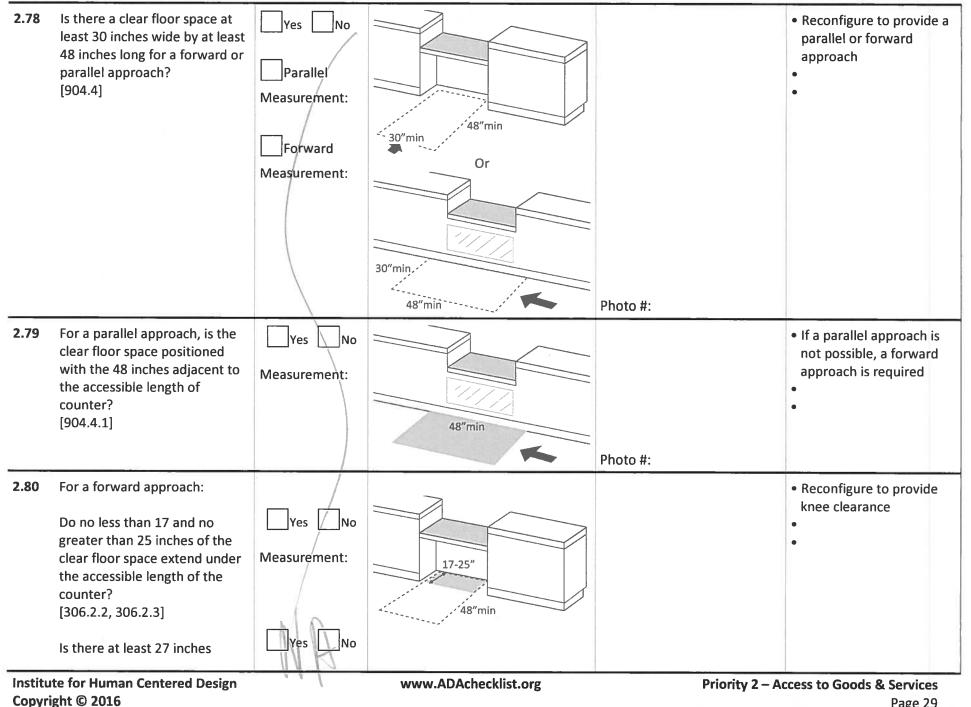


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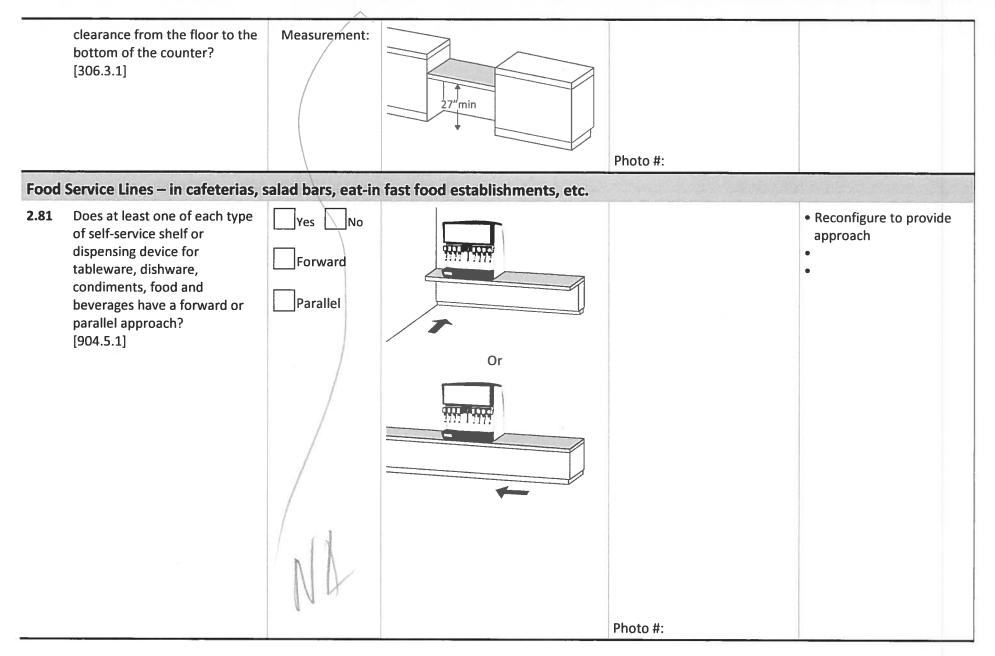
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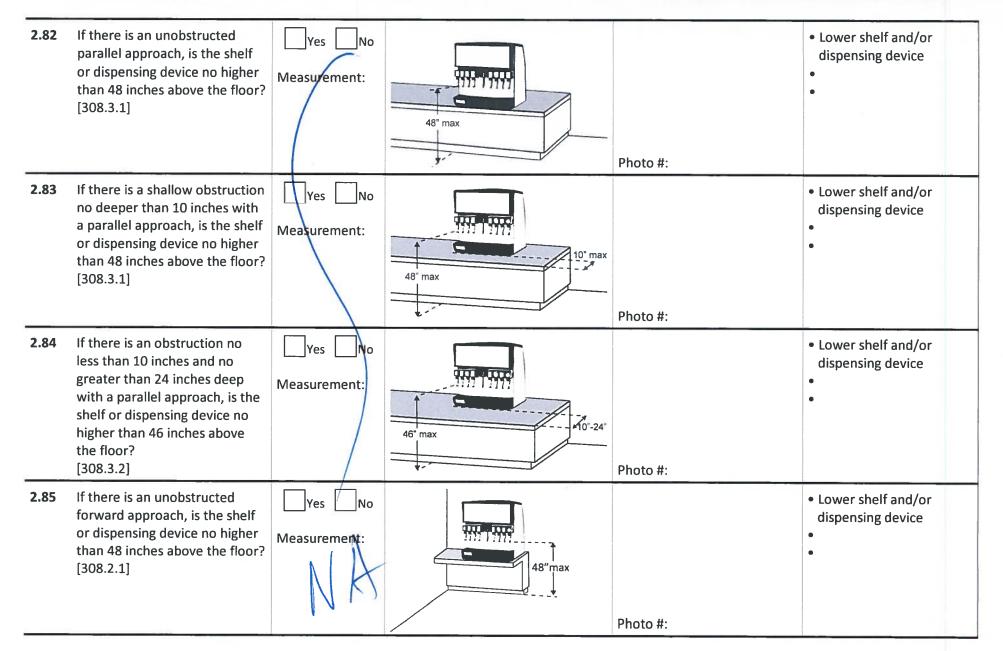
# **Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services**



# **Priority 2 – Access to Goods & Services**



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2.86	If there is an obstruction no deeper than 20 inches with a forward approach:				<ul> <li>Reconfigure to provide knee space</li> <li>Lower shelf and/or</li> </ul>
	Does clear floor space extend under the obstruction that is at least the same depth as the obstruction?	Yes No Measurement:	20"max 48" max		dispensing device •
	Is the shelf or dispensing device no higher than 48 inches above the floor? [904.5.1]	Yes No Measurement:	20"min		
	[504.5.1]			Photo #:	
2.87	If the obstruction is no less than 20 inches and no greater than 25 inches deep with a forward approach: Does clear floor space extend under the obstruction that is at least the same depth as the obstruction? Is the shelf or dispensing device no higher than 44 inches above the floor? [904.5.1]	Yes No Measurement: Yes No Measurement:	20"-25" 44" max	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Reconfigure to provide knee space</li> <li>Lower shelf and/or dispensing device</li> <li>•</li> </ul>
2.88					D (1
<b>2.</b> ōŏ	If there is a tray slide, is the top no less than 28 inches and no greater than 34 inches above	Yes No			<ul> <li>Reconfigure</li> <li></li> </ul>
	the floor? [904.5.2]	NA	28"-34"		
		NU		Photo #:	

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	the second s		A Company of the second s
	Yes No		•
			•
		_	
		Photo #:	
	Yes No		•
			•
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		Photo #:	
e	Yes No		•
			•
			•
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<u> </u>		11010 #.	
	Yes No		•
			•
			•
		Photo #:	
			•
	Yes No		•
			•
		Photo #:	

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# **Priority 3 - Toilet Rooms**

Based on the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design

	Small Cities CDBG - Vernon Housing Authority - <b>Project</b> Grove Court
	Building Town Hall
	Location 14 Park Place, Vernon, CT 06066
ALAC	Date May 13, 2022
	Surveyors
	Contact Information Daniel Wasilewski
	ADA Coordinator, 860-870-3652
When toilet rooms are open to disabilities.	o the public they should be accessible to people with
Institute for Human Centered Design www.HumanCenteredDesign.org	ADA National Network Questions on the ADA 800-949-4232 voice/tty
2014	www.ADAchecklist.org

This checklist was produced by the New England ADA Center, a project of the Institute for Human Centered Design and a member of the ADA National Network. This checklist was developed under a grant from the Department of Education, NIDRR grant number H133A060092-09A. However the contents do not necessarily represent the policy of the Department of Education, and you should not assume endorsement by the Federal Government.

Questions or comments on the checklist contact the New England ADA Center at 617-695-0085 voice/tty or ADAinfo@NewEnglandADA.org

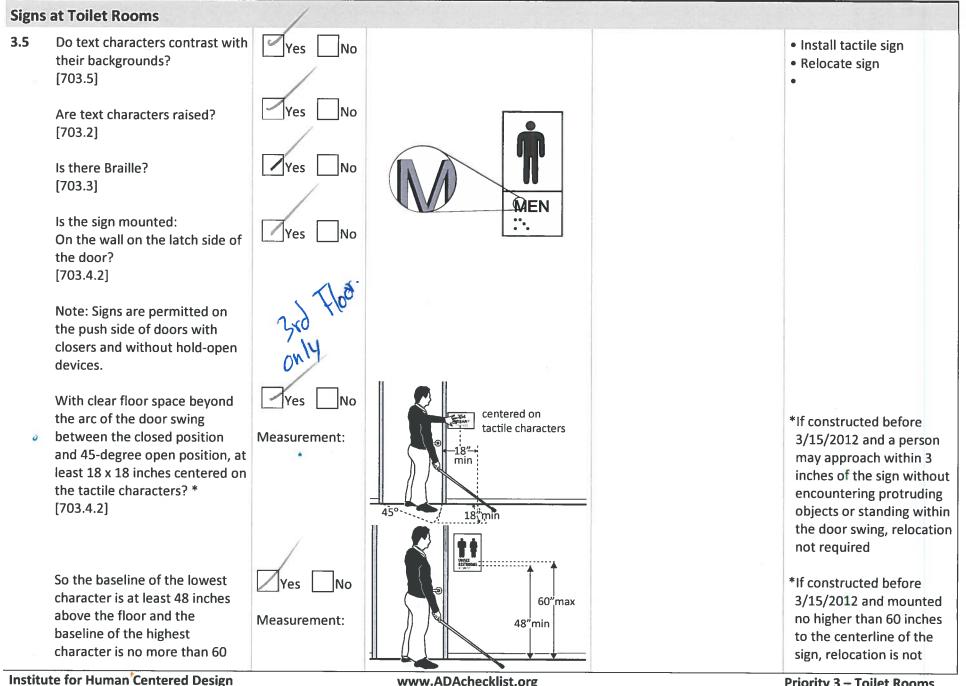
For the full set of checklists, including the checklists for recreation facilities visit www.ADAchecklist.org.

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# Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms

Prio	rity 3 – Toilet Rooms		Comments	Possible Solutions
3.1	If toilet rooms are available to the public, is at least one toilet room accessible? (Either one for each sex, or one unisex.) Note: If toilet rooms are chiefly for children, e.g., in elementary schools and day care centers, use the children's specifications in Toilets - 604.1, 604.8, 604.9, 609.4 and Lavatories and Sinks – 606.2.	Yes No	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Reconfigure toilet room</li> <li>Combine toilet rooms to create one unisex accessible toilet room</li> </ul>
3.2			FIOLO #.	a Install sizes
	toilet rooms that give directions to accessible toilet rooms? [See 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design – 216.8] Not 1 St Womans	Yes No	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Install signs</li> <li></li> <li></li> </ul>
3.3	If not all toilet rooms are accessible, is there a sign at the accessible toilet room with the International Symbol of Accessibility? [216.8]	Yes No	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Install sign</li> <li></li> </ul>
Acces	ssible Route	1		
3.4	Is there an accessible route to the accessible toilet room? [206.2.4]	Yes No		<ul> <li>Alter route</li> <li></li> </ul>

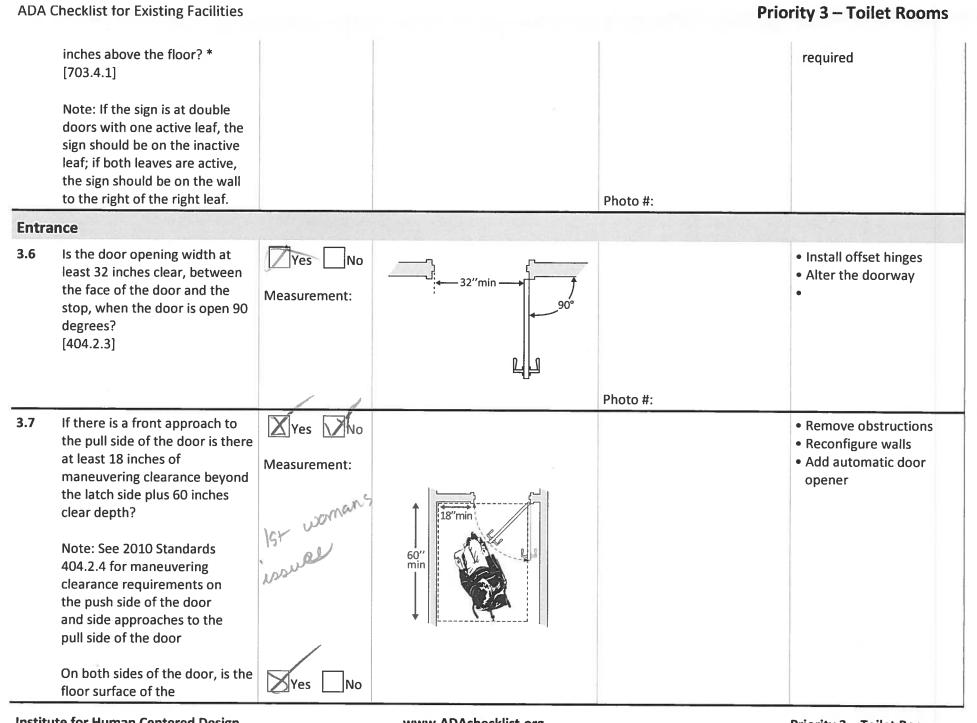
# **Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms**



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**Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms** Page 4



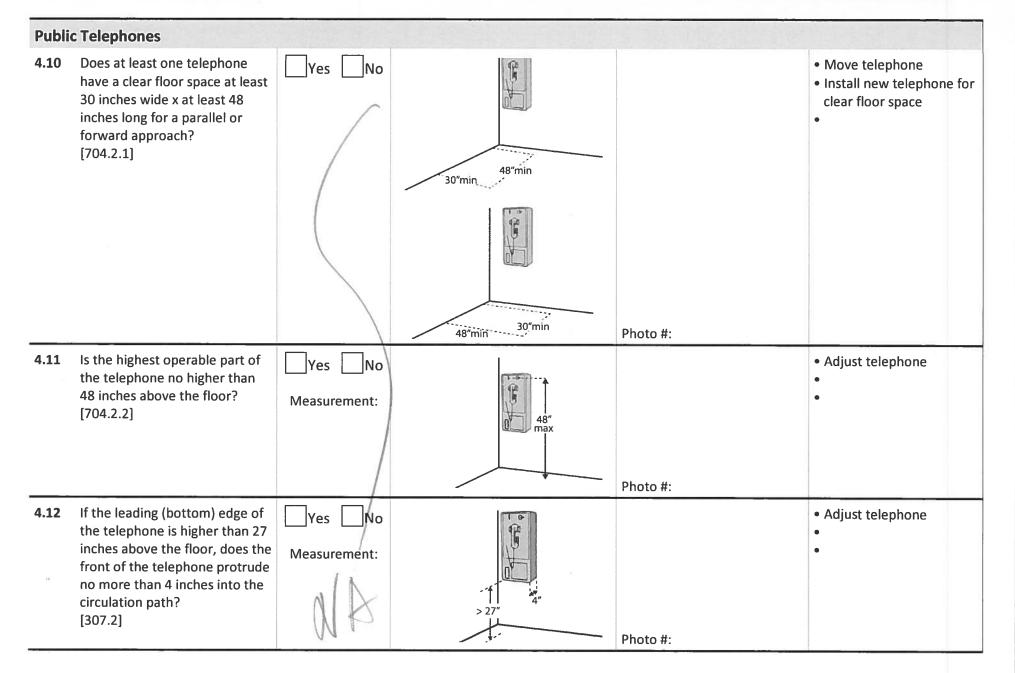
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**Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms** Page 5

# Priority 4 – Additional Access

4.7	Is the spout:				<ul><li> Adjust spout</li><li> Replace drinking fountain</li></ul>
	At least 15 inches from the rear of the drinking fountain?	Yes No			•
•	No more than 5 inches from the front of the drinking fountain? [602.5]	Measurement:	€ S <sup>2</sup> max min		
				Photo #:	
4.8	If there is more than one drinking fountain, is there at least one for standing persons? [211.2]	Yes No			<ul> <li>Adjust drinking fountain</li> <li>Install new drinking fountain for standing height</li> </ul>
	Is the spout outlet no lower than 38 inches and no higher	Yes No	38" to 43"		•
	than 43 inches above the floor? [602.7]	Measurement:		Photo #:	
4.9	If the leading (bottom) edge of the fountain is higher than 27 inches above the floor, does the front of the fountain protrude	Yes No Measurement:			<ul> <li>Adjust drinking fountain</li> <li>Replace drinking fountain</li> <li>Add tactile warning such as permanent planter or</li> </ul>
	no more than 4 inches into the circulation path? [307.2]	264	27"		partial walls
			✓ ¥4 IIIdX	Photo #:	



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4.13	Does at least one telephone have a volume control? [704.3]	Yes No	BC(1)) PRESS TO CHANGE VOLUME 3 LEVELS		<ul> <li>Install volume control</li> <li>Replace telephone with one that has volume control</li> </ul>
4.14	Is the volume control identified by a pictogram of a telephone handset with radiating sound waves? [703.7.2.3]	Yes No		Photo #: Photo #:	• Add pictogram • •
4.15	Does at least one telephone have a TTY? [217.4.1] Note: TTY's are devices that employ interactive text-based communication through the transmission of coded signals across the telephone network. They are mainly used by people who are deaf and/or cannot speak.	Yes No		Photo #:	• Install TTY • •

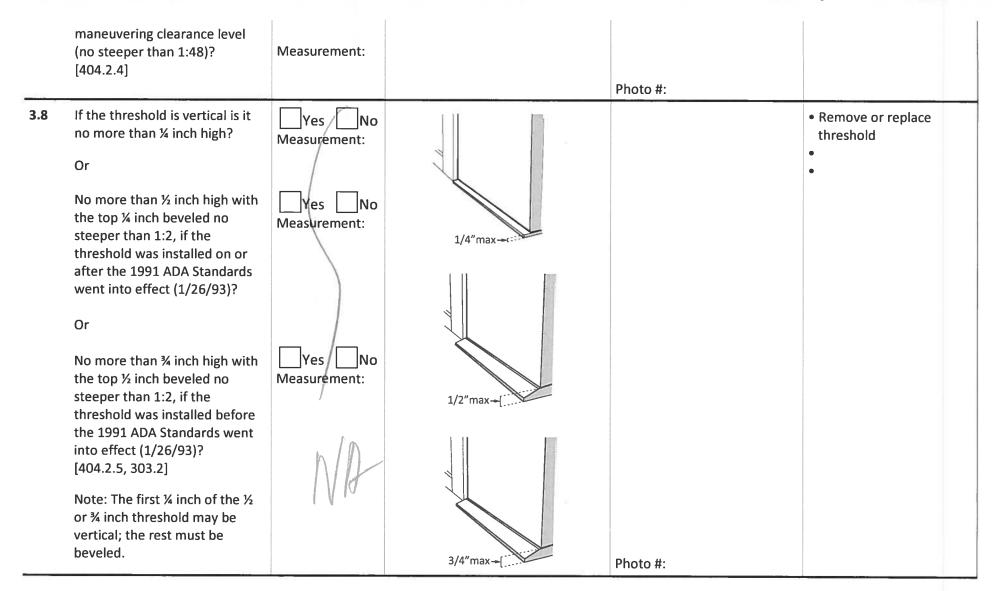
4.16	Is the touch surface of the TTY keypad at least 34 inches above the floor? [704.4.1] Note: If a seat is provided, the TTY is not required to be 34 inches minimum above the floor.	Yes No Measurement:	34"min	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Adjust height of TTY</li> <li></li> </ul>
4.17	Is the TTY identified by the International Symbol of TTY? [703.7.2.2]	Yes No		Photo #:	• Add symbol • •
4.18	Do signs that provide direction to public telephones also provide direction to the TTY? [216.9.2]	Yes No	Phone	Photo #:	• Add signs • •
4.19	Do telephones that do not have a TTY provide direction to the TTY? [216.9.2]	Yes No		Photo #:	• Add signs • •

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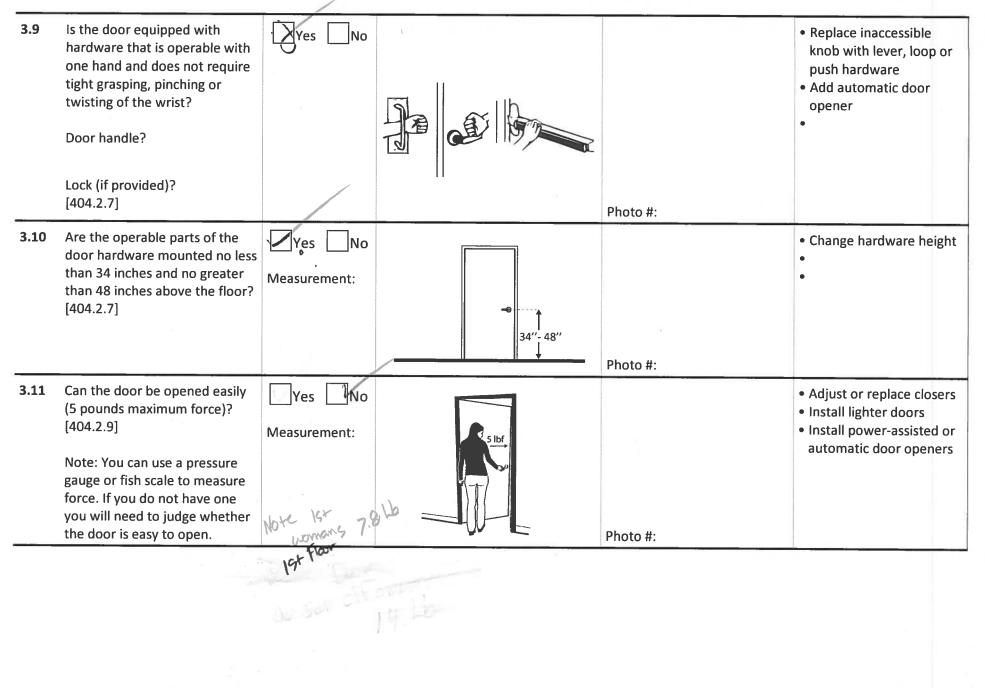
# Priority 4 – Additional Access

Fire /	Alarm Systems	/			
4.20	If there are fire alarm systems, do they have both flashing lights and audible signals? [702.1]	Yes No	FIRE	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Install audible and visual alarms</li> <li></li> </ul>
					•
		Yes No			•
					•
				Photo #:	
		Yes No			•
					•
					•
				Photo #:	
		1			
		Yes No			•
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		Yes No			•
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### **Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms**

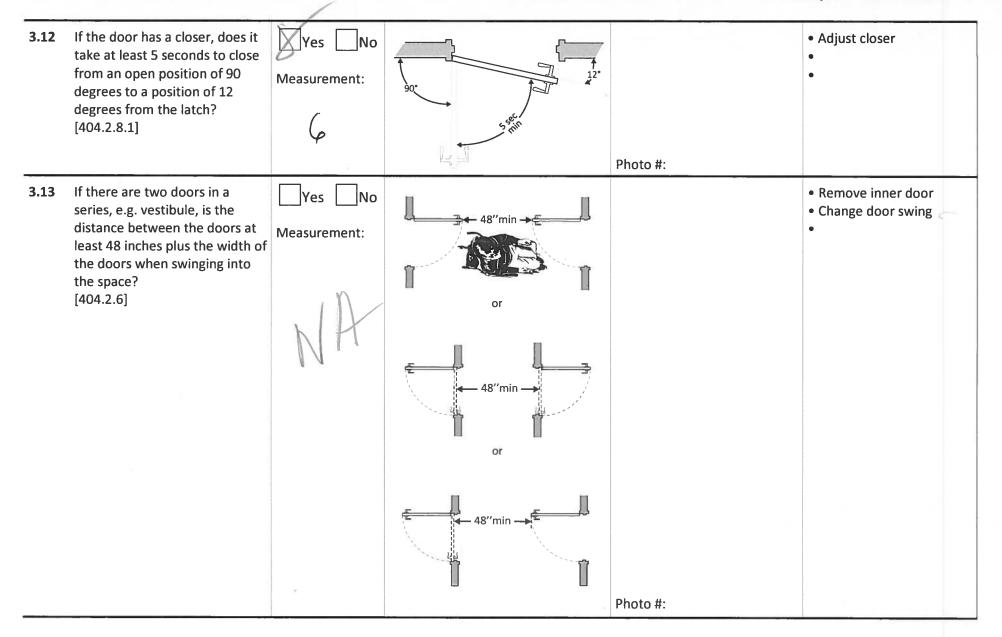


### **Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms**



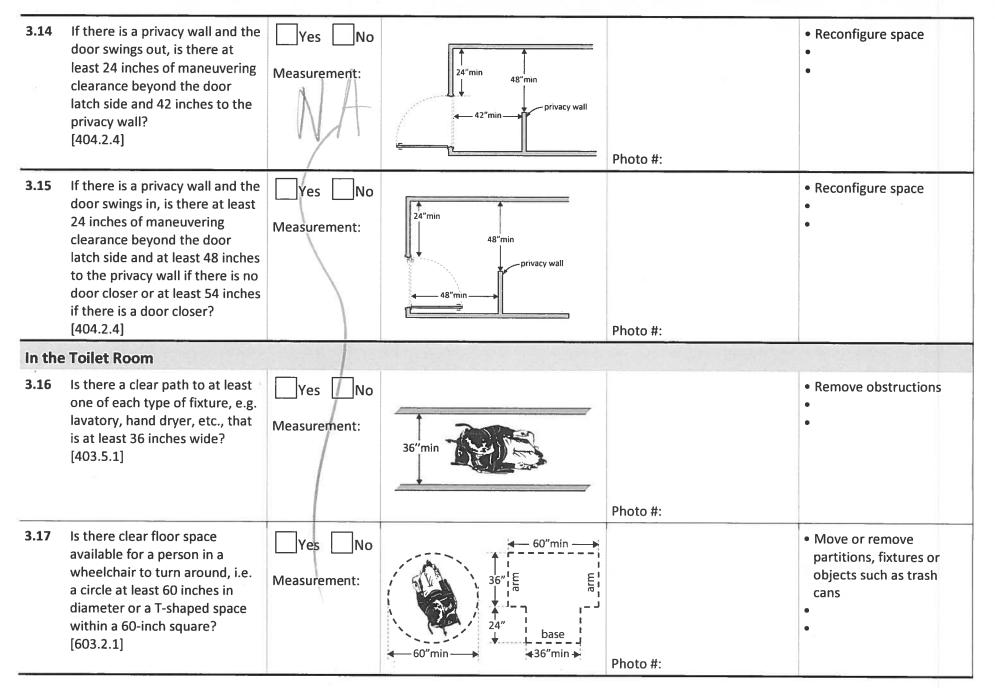
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# **Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms**



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#### **Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms**



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## Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms

3.18	In a single user toilet room if the door swings in and over a clear floor space at an accessible fixture, is there a clear floor space at least 30 x 48 inches beyond the swing of the door? [603.2.3 Exception 2]	Yes No Measurement:		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Reverse door swing</li> <li>Alter toilet room</li> </ul>
3.19	If the mirror is over a lavatory or countertop, is the bottom edge of the reflecting surface no higher than 40 inches above the floor? Or If the mirror is not over the lavatory or countertop, is the bottom edge of the reflecting surface no higher than 35 inches above the floor?* [603.3]	Yes No Measurement: Yes No Measurement:		Photo #:	<ul> <li>* If installed before 3/15/2012 and the bottom edge of the reflecting surface is no higher than 40 inches above the floor, lowering the mirror to 35 inches is not required</li> <li>Lower the mirror</li> <li>Add another mirror</li> </ul>
3.20	If there is a coat hook, is it no less than 15 inches and no greater than 48 inches above the floor?* [603.4]	Yes No Measurement:	48"max 15"min	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Adjust hook</li> <li>Replace with or provide additional accessible hook</li> <li>If installed before 3/15/2010 and the clear floor space allows a parallel approach, the coat hook may be 54 inches above the floor.</li> </ul>

## Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms

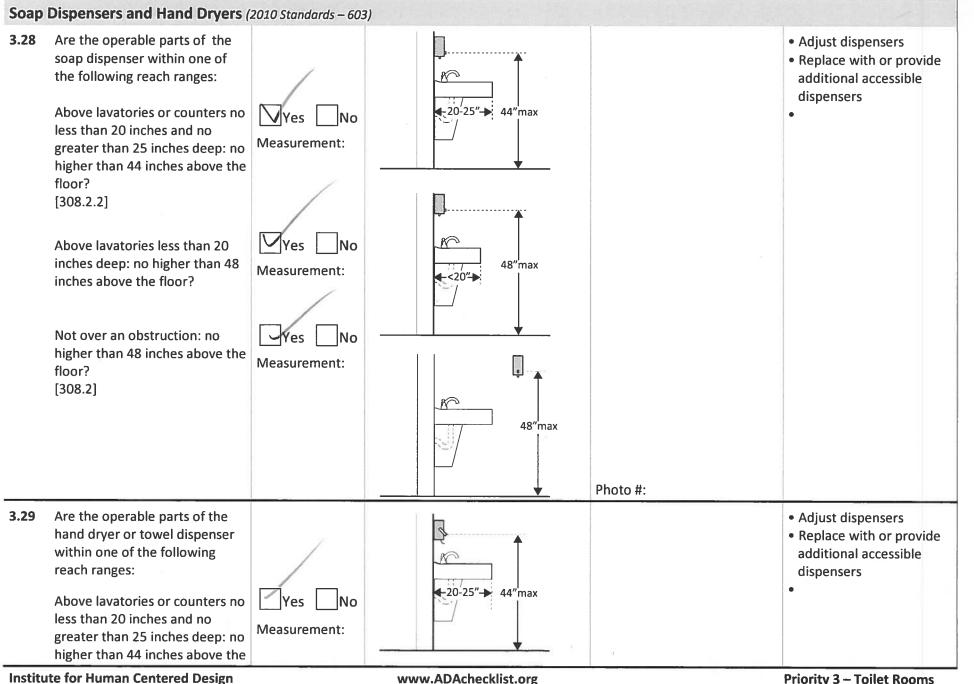
Lavat	tories The 2010 Standards refer to si	nks in toilet rooms as I	avatories.		
3.21	Does at least one lavatory have a clear floor space for a forward approach at least 30 inches wide and 48 inches long? [606.2]	Yes No Measurement:	48"min 30"min	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Alter lavatory</li> <li>Replace lavatory</li> <li></li> </ul>
3.22	Do no less than 17 inches and no greater than 25 inches of the clear floor space extend under the lavatory so that a person using a wheelchair can get close enough to reach the faucet? [306.2]	Yes No Measurement:	417"-25"→ 48"	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Alter lavatory</li> <li>Replace lavatory</li> <li></li> </ul>
3.23	Is the front of the lavatory or counter surface, whichever is higher, no more than 34 inches above the floor? [606.3]	Yes No Measurement:	34"max	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Alter lavatory</li> <li>Replace lavatory</li> <li></li> </ul>
3.24	Is there at least 27 inches clearance from the floor to the bottom of the lavatory that extends at least 8 inches under the lavatory for knee clearance? [306.3.3]	Yes No Measurement:	8"> min 27"min	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Alter lavatory</li> <li>Replace lavatory</li> <li></li> </ul>

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## Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms

3.25	Is there toe clearance at least 9 inches high? [306.3.3] Note: Space extending greater than 6 inches beyond the available toe clearance at 9 inches above the floor is not considered toe clearance.	Ves No Measurement:	9"" -6"+ min" 'max 48"	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Alter lavatory</li> <li>Replace lavatory</li> <li></li> </ul>
3.26	Are pipes below the lavatory insulated or otherwise configured to protect against contact? [606.5]	Ves No		8	<ul> <li>Install insulation</li> <li>Install cover panel</li> <li></li> </ul>
		/		Photo #:	
3.27	Can the faucet be operated without tight grasping, pinching, or twisting of the wrist?	Yes No			<ul> <li>Adjust faucet</li> <li>Replace faucet</li> <li></li></ul>
	Is the force required to activate the faucet no greater than 5 pounds? [606.4]	Yes No		Photo #:	

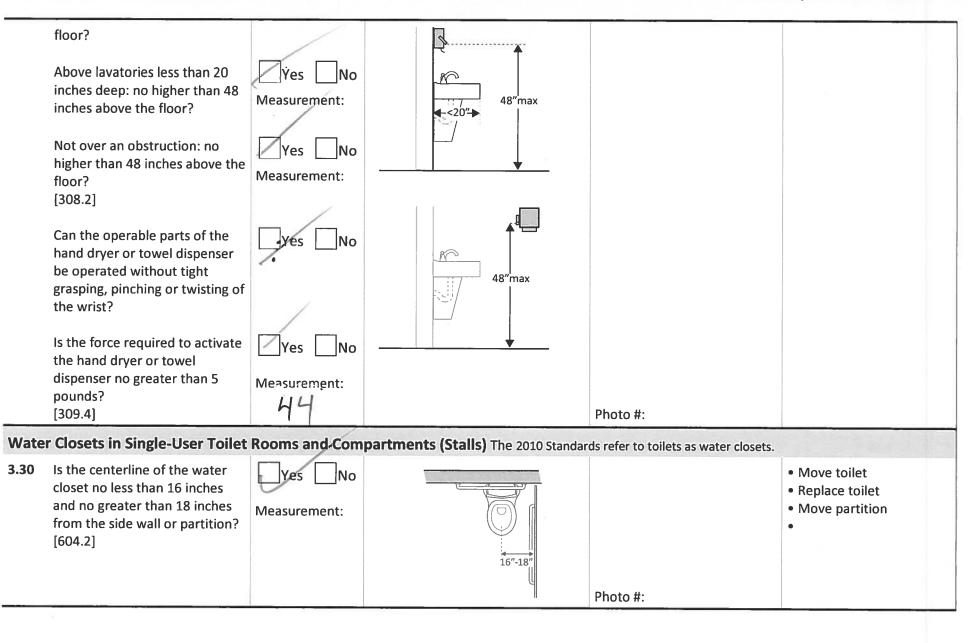
### **Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms**

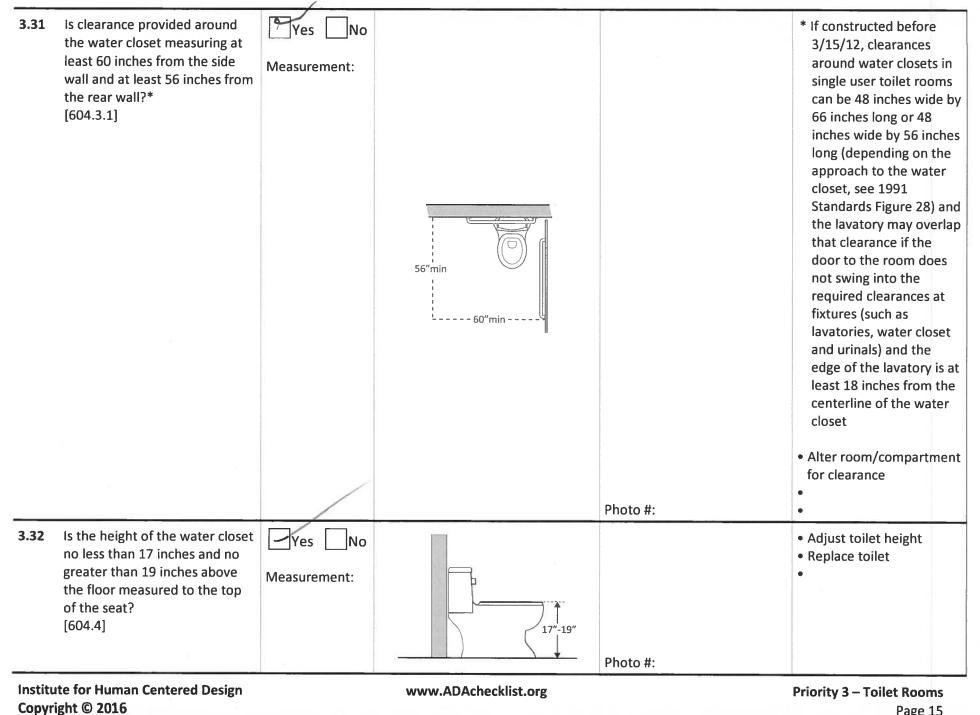


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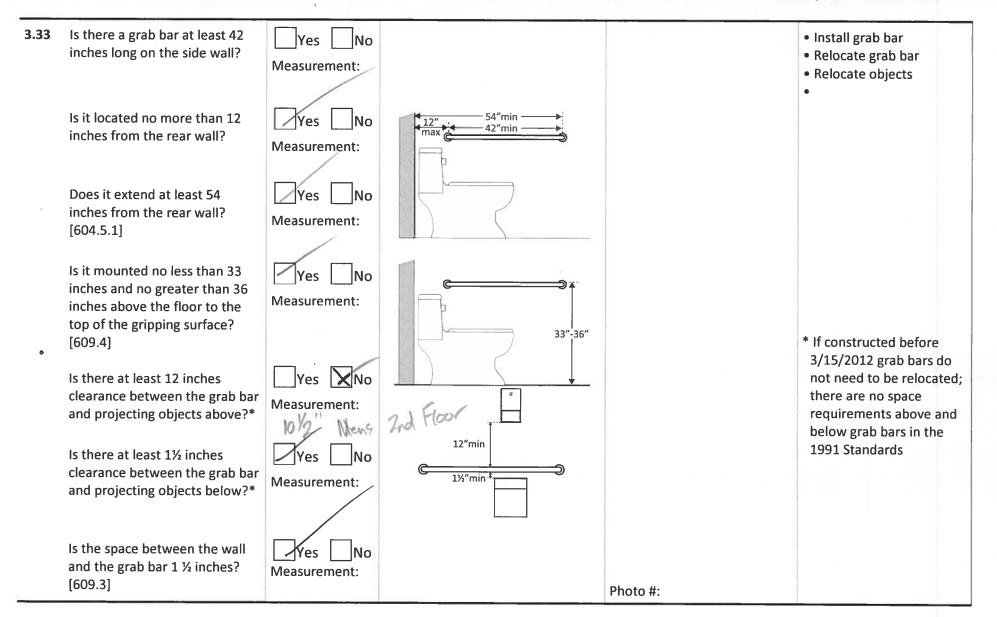
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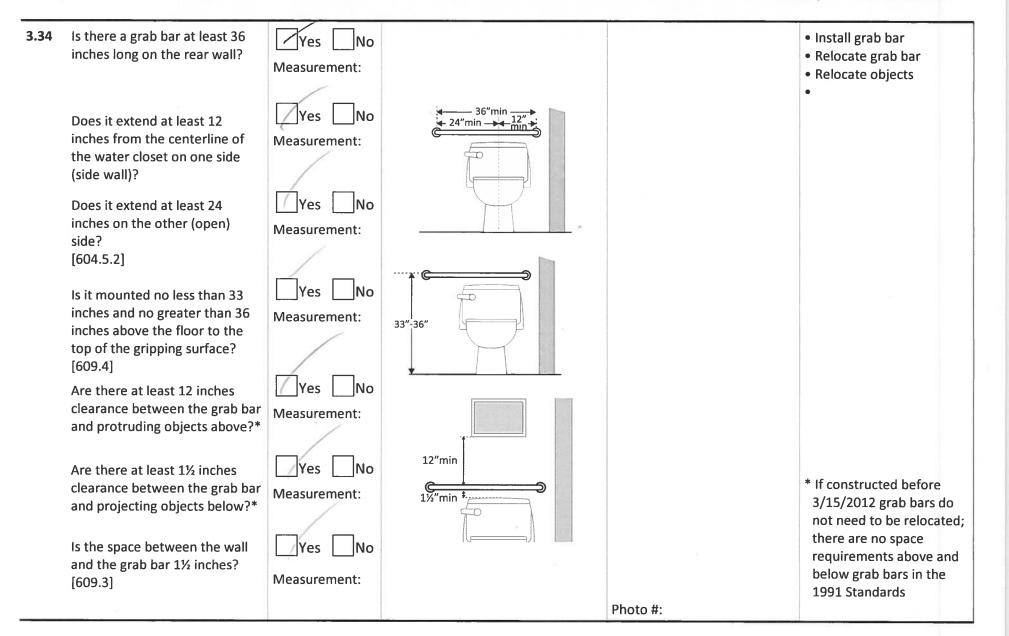
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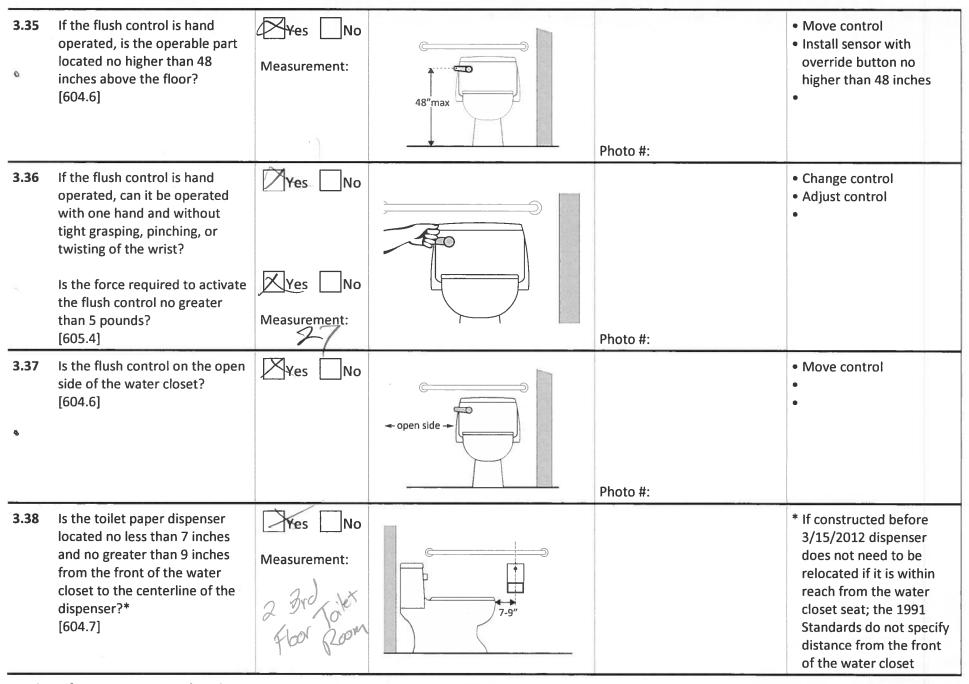
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#### **Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms**



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Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms

Is the outlet of the dispenser:			Photo #:	•
Located no less than 15 inches and no greater than 48 inches above the floor? Not located behind grab bars? [604.7]	Yes No Measurement:	data data data data data max outlet 15" min min	Photo #:	• Relocate dispenser • •
Does the dispenser allow continuous paper flow? [604.7]	Yes No		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Adjust dispenser</li> <li>Replace dispenser</li> <li></li> </ul>
Compartments (Stalls)	/			
Is the door opening width at least 32 inches clear, between the face of the door and the stop, when the door is open 90 degrees? [604.8.1.2]	Yes No Measurement:	90° → 32″min →		• Widen door width • •
	[604.7] Does the dispenser allow continuous paper flow? [604.7] <b>Compartments (Stalls)</b> Is the door opening width at least 32 inches clear, between the face of the door and the stop, when the door is open 90 degrees?	[604.7]         Does the dispenser allow continuous paper flow?         [604.7]         Yes         [604.7]         Compartments (Stalls)         Is the door opening width at least 32 inches clear, between the face of the door and the stop, when the door is open 90 degrees?	Not located behind grab bars? [604.7] Does the dispenser allow continuous paper flow? [604.7] Yes No Yes No Formartments (Stalls) Is the door opening width at least 32 inches clear, between the face of the door and the stop, when the door is open 90 degrees?	Not located behind grab bars? [604.7] Photo #: Does the dispenser allow continuous paper flow? [604.7] Ves No Yes No Yes No Photo #: Photo #: Compartments (Stalls) Is the door opening width at least 32 inches clear, between the face of the door and the stop, when the door is open 90 degrees?

## Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms

3.42	If there is a front approach to the pull side of the door, is there at least 18 inches of maneuvering clearance beyond the latch side plus 60 inches clear depth? [604.8.1.2]	Yes No Measurement:	18"min		<ul> <li>Remove obstructions</li> <li></li> </ul>
	Note: See 2010 Standards 604.8.1.2 Doors for maneuvering clearance requirements on the push side of the door and side approaches to the pull side of the door	<b>.</b> `	60''min	Photo #:	
3.43	Is the door self-closing? [604.8.1.2]	Yes No		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Add closer</li> <li>Replace door</li> <li></li> </ul>
3.44	Are there door pulls on both sides of the door that are operable with one hand and do not require tight grasping pinching or twisting of the wrist?* [604.8.1.2]	Yes No			<ul> <li>* If constructed before 3/15/2012 door pulls do not need to be added; door pulls are not required in the 1991 Standards</li> <li>• Replace hardware</li> <li>•</li> </ul>

## Priority 3 – Toilet Rooms

3.45	Is the lock operable with one hand and without tight grasping, pinching or twisting of the wrist? [309.4]	Yes No			Replace lock
				Photo #:	
3.46	Are the operable parts of the door hardware mounted no less than 34 inches and no greater than 48 inches above the floor? [404.2.7]	Yes No Measurement:	34''- 48''		<ul> <li>Relocate hardware</li> <li></li> </ul>
				Photo #:	
3.47	Is the compartment at least 60 inches wide? [604.8.1.1]	Yes No Measurement:	60"min		Widen compartment
				Photo #:	
3.48	If the water closet is wall hung, is the compartment at least 56 inches deep? [604.8.1.1]	Yes No Measurement:			<ul> <li>Widen compartment</li> <li></li> </ul>
		2nd '8"	← 56"min →	Photo #:	

# **Priority 4 – Additional Access**

Based on the 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design

	Small Cities CDBG Vernon Housing Authority - <b>Project</b> Grove Court
	Building Town Hall
	Location 14 Park Place, Vernon, CT 06066
Phone	Date May 13, 2022
	Surveyors
	Contact Information Daniel Wasilewski
	ADA Coordinator, 860-870-3652

Amenities such as drinking fountains and public telephones should be accessible to people with disabilities.



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ADA National Network Questions on the ADA 800-949-4232 voice/tty www.ADAchecklist.org This checklist was produced by the New England ADA Center, a project of the Institute for Human Centered Design and a member of the ADA National Network. This checklist was developed under a grant from the Department of Education, NIDRR grant number H133A060092-09A. However the contents do not necessarily represent the policy of the Department of Education, and you should not assume endorsement by the Federal Government.

Questions or comments on the checklist contact the New England ADA Center at 617-695-0085 voice/tty or ADAinfo@NewEnglandADA.org

For the full set of checklists, including the checklists for recreation facilities visit www.ADAchecklist.org.

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Priority 4 – Additional Access Page 3

Pric	ority 4 – Additional Access			Comments	Possible Solutions
Drin	king Fountains				
4.1	Does at least one drinking fountain have a clear floor space at least 30 inches wide x at least 48 inches long centered in front of it for a forward approach?* [See 2010 ADA Standards for Accessible Design – 602.2]	Yes No Measurement:	48"min 30"min	Photo #:	<ul> <li>*If installed before 3/15/2012, a parallel approach is permitted and the clear floor space is not required to be centered</li> <li>Alter space</li> <li>Relocate drinking fountain</li> <li>Install a drinking fountain in another location</li> </ul>
4.2	If there is a forward approach, do no less than 17 inches and no greater than 25 inches of the clear floor space extend under the drinking fountain? [306.2.2, 306.2.3] Note: If the drinking fountain is primarily for children's use and the spout is no more than 30 inches above the floor and no more than 3 ½ inches from the edge of the unit, a parallel approach is permitted.	Yes No Measurement:	17":25"	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Alter space</li> <li>Replace drinking fountain</li> <li></li> </ul>

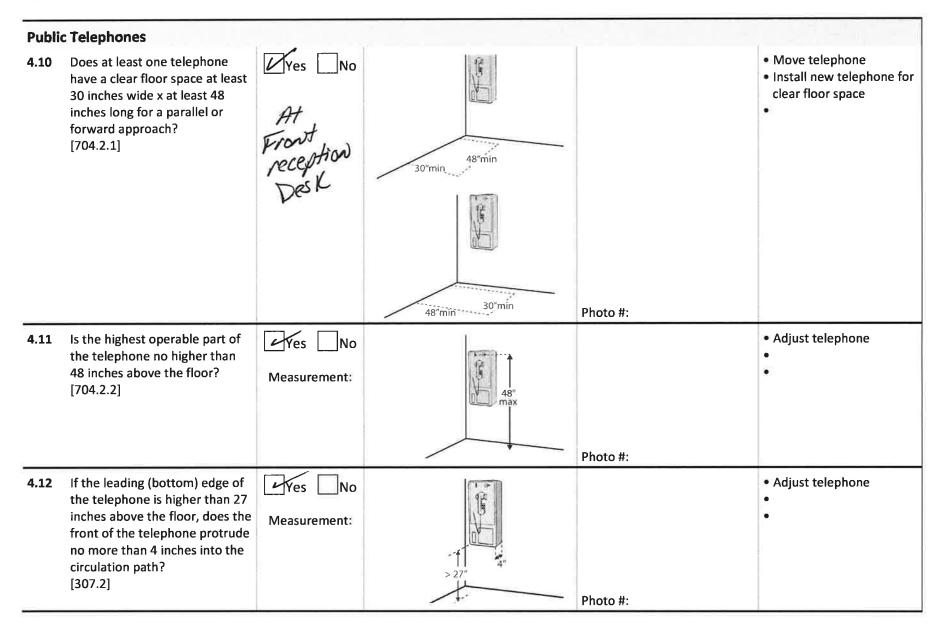
### **Priority 4 – Additional Access**

4.3	If the drinking fountain is no deeper than 20 inches, are the operable parts no higher than 48 inches above the floor? [308.2.2]	Ves No Measurement:	20" max 9 48" max	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Adjust drinking fountain</li> <li>Replace drinking fountain</li> <li></li> </ul>
4.4	If the drinking fountain is no less than 20 inches and no greater than 25 inches deep, are the operable parts no higher than 44 inches above the floor? [308.2.2]	Yes No Measurement:	20"min to 25"max 44" max	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Adjust drinking fountain</li> <li>Replace drinking fountain</li> <li></li> </ul>
4.5	Can the control be operated with one hand and without tight grasping, pinching or twisting of the wrist? Is the force required to activate the control no more than 5 pounds? [309.4]	Ves No Ves No Measurement:		Photo #:	Change control     Adjust control
4.6	Is the spout outlet no higher than 36 inches above the floor? [602.4]	Ves No Measurement:	36" max	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Adjust drinking fountain</li> <li>Replace drinking fountain</li> <li></li> </ul>

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#### **Priority 4 – Additional Access**

4.7	Is the spout: At least 15 inches from the rear of the drinking fountain? No more than 5 inches from the front of the drinking fountain? [602.5]	Ves No Measurement: Ves No Measurement:	S <sup>2</sup> - 15 <sup>"</sup> max. min		<ul> <li>Adjust spout</li> <li>Replace drinking fountain</li> <li></li> </ul>
				Photo #:	
4.8	If there is more than one drinking fountain, is there at least one for standing persons? [211.2] Is the spout outlet no lower than 38 inches and no higher than 43 inches above the floor? [602.7]	Yes No N/A Yes No Measurement:	38" to 43"	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Adjust drinking fountain</li> <li>Install new drinking fountain for standing height</li> </ul>
4.9	If the leading (bottom) edge of the fountain is higher than 27 inches above the floor, does the front of the fountain protrude no more than 4 inches into the circulation path? [307.2]	Yes No Measurement:	27" 4"max	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Adjust drinking fountain</li> <li>Replace drinking fountain</li> <li>Add tactile warning such as permanent planter or partial walls</li> </ul>



4.13	Does at least one telephone have a volume control? [704.3]	Yes No	D PRESE TO CHANGE VOLUNE 3 LEVELS	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Install volume control</li> <li>Replace telephone with one that has volume control</li> </ul>
4.14	Is the volume control identified by a pictogram of a telephone handset with radiating sound waves? [703.7.2.3]	Yes No	<b>(</b> (,))	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Add pictogram</li> <li></li> </ul>
4.15	Does at least one telephone have a TTY? [217.4.1] Note: TTY's are devices that employ interactive text-based communication through the transmission of coded signals across the telephone network. They are mainly used by people who are deaf and/or cannot speak.	Yes UNo		Photo #:	• Install TTY • •

4.16	Is the touch surface of the TTY keypad at least 34 inches above the floor? [704.4.1] Note: If a seat is provided, the TTY is not required to be 34 inches minimum above the floor.	Yes No Measurement:	34"min	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Adjust height of TTY</li> <li></li> </ul>
4.17	Is the TTY identified by the International Symbol of TTY? [703.7.2.2]	Yes No		Photo #:	• Add symbol • •
4.18	Do signs that provide direction to public telephones also provide direction to the TTY? [216.9.2]	Yes No	Phone	Photo #:	• Add signs •
4.19	Do telephones that do not have a TTY provide direction to the TTY? [216.9.2]	Yes No		Photo #:	<ul> <li>Add signs</li> <li></li> </ul>

<b>4.20</b>	If there are fire alorne systems				
l	If there are fire alarm systems, do they have both flashing lights and audible signals? [702.1]	Ves No	FIRE	Photo #:	<ul> <li>Install audible and visual alarms</li> <li></li> </ul>
					•
		Yes No			
					•
				Photo #:	
					•
		Yes No			•
					•
				Photo #:	
					•
		Yes No			
					•
				Photo #:	
					•
		Yes No	3:		•
					•
				Photo #:	