Financial Statements Together with Reports of Independent Public Accountants

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019



JUNE 30, 2019

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Members of the Board of Education St. Mary's County Public Schools Leonardtown, Maryland

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of St. Mary's County Public Schools (the School System), a component unit of St. Mary's County, Maryland, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School System's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The School System's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of St. Mary's County Public Schools, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and the Required Supplementary Information -Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - Maryland State Retirement and Pension System, Schedule of School System Contributions to Maryland State Retirement and Pension System, Schedule of Changes in the School System's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of School System's Contributions - OPEB, Schedule of Investment Returns -OPEB, Notes to the Required Supplementary Information, and Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General Fund be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.



Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the basic financial statements that collectively comprise the School System's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), combining budgetary comparison schedule – general fund – unrestricted funds and restricted funds, combining budgetary comparison schedule – general fund – unrestricted funds, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position – proprietary fund – budget vs. actual, and the schedules of changes in cash and cash equivalents – school activity funds, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules of changes in cash and cash equivalents – school activity funds and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of changes in cash and cash equivalents – school activity funds and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The combining budgetary comparison schedule – general fund – unrestricted funds and restricted funds, combining budgetary comparison schedule – general fund – unrestricted funds, the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position – proprietary fund – budget vs. actual have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2019, on our consideration of the School System's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the School System's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Owings Mills, Maryland September 26, 2019 SB + Company, If C

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

This section of St. Mary's County Public Schools' (School System) annual financial report presents its discussion and analysis of the School System's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This is to be read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The financial status of the School System decreased slightly this year. Net change in fund balance of the Governmental Funds decreased by \$365,028 (see page 20).
- The net investments in capital assets decreased by \$4.3 million (see Note 4, pages 36-37).
- The School System is reporting a net position for governmental activities in 2019 of \$(100,454,067). The school system reported \$(76,535,434) for 2018, a difference of almost \$(24M). The requirements under GASB No. 75 for OPEB reporting is the primary contributor to this difference (see page 19).
- Budgetary savings were recognized in the unrestricted funds due primarily to a pharmaceutical rebate of approximately \$3.5 million.

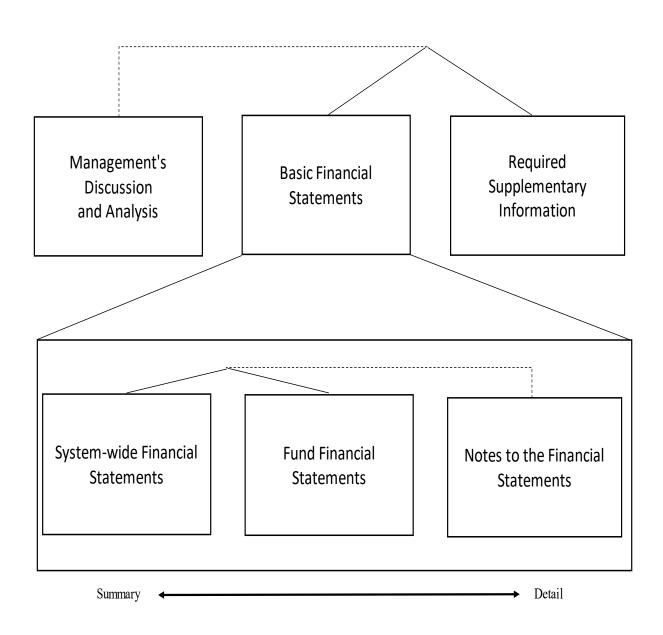
Overview of Financial Statements

This report consists of several sections: Independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements, required supplemental information, and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the School System's financial operations/condition.

- The first two statements are system-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the School System's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the School System's operations. These statements report operations in greater detail than the system-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term, as well as what is available for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about activities that are operated like businesses Food Services.
- Fiduciary funds statements provide information about financial relationships in which the School System acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detail data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison to the School System's general fund budget and actual for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-1
Organization of SMCPS Annual Financial Report



Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the School System's financial statements, including the portion of the School System's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

	Figure A-2 Major Features of the District-wide and Fund Financial Statements											
Ma	ajor Features of th District-wide	Governmental	Fund Financial Sta Proprietary	riduciary								
	Statements	Funds	Funds	Funds								
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the system that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Activities the system operates similar to private businesses: food services	Instances in which the system administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies								
Required financial statements	 Statement of net position Statement of activities 	 Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances 	 Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position Statement of cash flows 	 Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position 								
Accounting basis and measurement	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus								
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities includes	All assets and liabilities; both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities; both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can								
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods and services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid								

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

System-wide Statements

The system-wide statements report information about the School System as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the School System's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two system-wide statements report the School System's net position and how they have changed. Net position - the difference between the School System's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources - is one way to measure the School System's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the School System's Net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the School System's overall health, one needs to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes to the county's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and facilities.

In the School System-wide financial statements, the School System's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities: Most of the School System's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. County appropriation and state formula aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The School System charges a fee to cover the costs of certain services it supplies. This is where our Food Service activities will be reported.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School System's funds, focusing on its most significant funds - not the School System as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the School System uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by state law.
- The School System establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (such as repaying long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues such as federal grants.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The School System has three kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the School System's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at the year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps one determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in future fiscal years to finance School System based programs or new initiatives. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the system-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement explains the relationship, or difference, between them.
- Proprietary fund: Services for which the School System charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. The School System's enterprise funds are the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows. Food Services is the only Enterprise Fund of the School System.
- Fiduciary funds: The School System is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as scholarship funds and student activities funds. The School System is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School System excludes these funds from the system-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Financial Analysis of the School System as a Whole

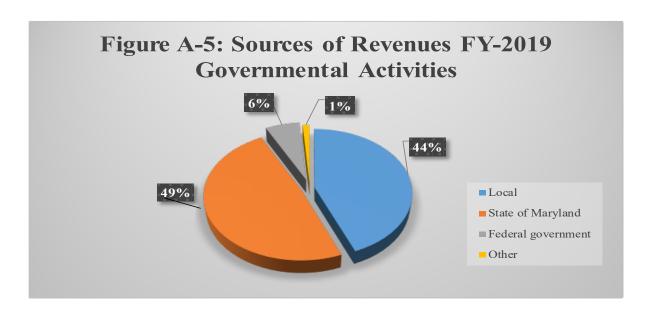
The School System's combined net position decreased \$23.9 million, which came predominantly from an increase in OPEB liabilities (see page 17).

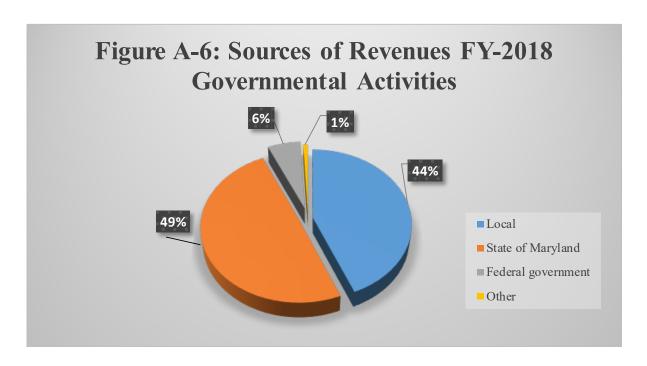
Figure A-3
Condensed Statement of Net Position (in millions of dollars)

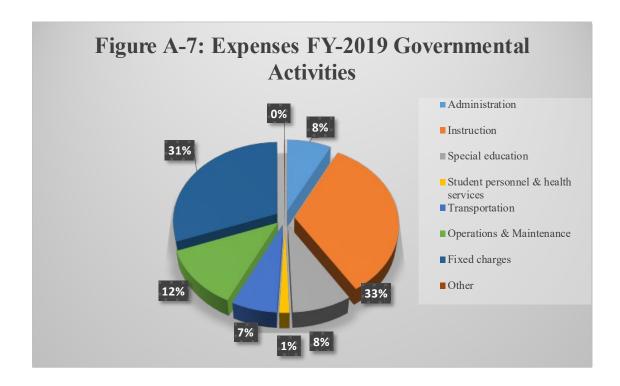
	Governmental				Busine	ss-type			To				
		Activ	vities		Activities					School	Syste	m	Total %
		2019		2018	2019			2018		2019		2018	Change
Current and other assets	\$	39.7	\$	40.8	\$	1.9	\$	2.1	\$	41.6	\$	42.9	-3.0%
Capital assets		247.4		251.7		0.5		0.5		247.9		252.2	-1.7%
Total Assets		287.1		292.5		2.4		2.6		289.5		295.1	-1.9%
Total Deferred outflows		35.0		2.8						35.0		2.8	1150.0%
Liabilities													
Long-term outstanding		367.7		341.1		0.2		0.2		367.9		341.3	7.8%
Other liabilities		26.7		27.5		0.5		0.9		27.2		28.4	-4.2%
Total Liabilities		394.4		368.6		0.7		1.1		395.1		369.7	6.9%
Deferred inflows		28.1		3.2						28.1		3.2	778.1%
Net Position													
Net investment in capital assets		246.2		250.2		0.5		0.5		246.7		250.7	-1.6%
Restricted		0.1		0.1		-		-		0.1		0.1	15.5%
Unrestricted		(346.7)		(326.8)		1.2		1.0		(345.5)		(325.8)	6.1%
Total Net Position	\$	(100.4)	\$	(76.5)	\$	1.7	\$	1.5	\$	(98.7)	\$	(75.0)	31.5%

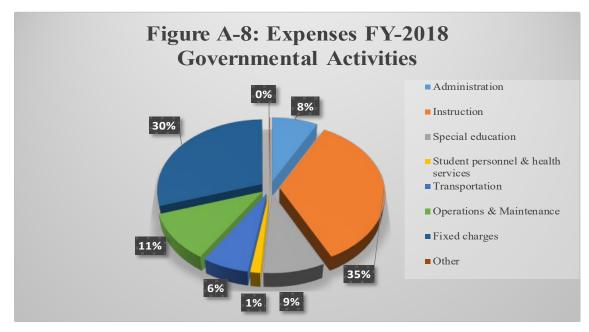
Figure A-4
Condensed Statement of Net Activities (in millions of dollars)

		nmental vities		ss-type vities		otal System	Total %
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018	Change
Revenue							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 0.3	\$ 0.2	\$ 2.9	\$ 2.9	\$ 3.2	\$ 3.1	3.2%
Operating grants and contributions	39.9	39.3	4.5	4.3	44.4	43.6	1.8%
Capital grants and contributions	4.7	3.1	-	-	4.7	3.1	51.6%
General revenues:							
County	103.8	102.2	-	-	103.8	102.2	1.6%
State	92.5	91.7	-	-	92.5	91.7	0.9%
Federal	3.4	2.4	-	-	3.4	2.4	41.7%
Other	2.0	1.0	-	-	2.0	1.0	100.0%
Total Revenue	246.6	239.9	7.4	7.2	254.0	247.1	2.8%
Expenses							
Administrative	20.4	20.4			20.4	20.4	0.0%
Instruction	90.4	91.5	-	-	90.4	91.5	-1.2%
Special education	22.8	22.3	_	_	22.8	22.3	2.2%
Student personnel & health services	3.9	3.7	_	_	3.9	3.7	5.4%
Transportation	17.4	16.9			17.4	16.9	3.0%
Operations & maintenance	32.9	28.7			32.9	28.7	14.6%
Fixed charges	82.4	76.2		_	82.4	76.2	8.1%
Other	0.4	0.4	7.3	7.4	7.7	7.8	-1.3%
Total Expenses	270.6	260.1	7.3	7.4	277.9	267.5	3.9%
1 otal Expenses	270.0	200.1			211.9		3.970
Change in Net Position	\$ (24.0)	\$ (20.2)	\$ 0.1	\$ (0.2)	\$ (23.9)	\$ (20.4)	17.2%









Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

Governmental Activities

Variances between budgeted Revenues and Expenses and actual Revenues and Expenses can be attributed to:

- Negatives:
 - o None.
- Positives:
 - Health Insurance Rebate Pharmaceutical rebate of \$3.5 million.
 - o Interest rates produced higher than budgeted returns on investments.

Figure A-9
Net Cost of Governmental Activities (in millions of dollars)

	Total Cost of Services					Ne	S			
	2	2019		2018	% change	2019		2018		% change
Administrative	\$	20.4	\$	20.4	0%	\$	19.6	\$	19.5	1%
Instruction		90.4		91.5	-1%		85.0		86.4	-2%
Special education		22.8		22.3	2%		13.6		12.8	6%
Student personnel & health services		3.9		3.7	5%		3.7		3.5	6%
Transportation		17.4		16.9	3%		9.6		9.2	4%
Operations & maintenance		32.9		28.7	15%		27.5		25.4	8%
Fixed charges		82.4		76.2	8%		66.6		60.7	10%
Other		0.4		0.4	0%		-		-	0%
Total	\$	270.6	\$	260.1	4%	\$	225.6	\$	217.5	4%

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

Business-Type Activities

• Net position for Food Service increased by \$102,480.

Financial Analysis of the School System's Funds

The financial performance of the School System's general operations is reflected in its governmental funds. For FY 2019, the General Fund shows \$367,594 of expenditures over revenues and other financing sources (page 20).

Capital Projects expenditures amounted to \$5.1M for the year ended June 30, 2019 (page 20). As discussed later, these expenditures were for a full array of capital projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Overall, revenues came in at 99.95% of the unrestricted fund budget. The FY 2019 year-end budgetary balance of (\$6,143,705) included an accrual for an estimated healthcare account position (\$703,046) and RX rebate (\$3,504,374), netting these amounts, the balance of the planned budget was (\$1,936,285), or 99.13% of the unrestricted fund budget.

Over the course of the fiscal year, the School System revised the annual operating budget several times on a categorical basis and several times for within categorical adjustments. These budget amendments fall into two categories:

- Adjustments outside a category to include: recognizing a planned use of fund balance, approval to utilize restricted grants, and year-end adjustments for annual leave payouts.
- Adjustments within a category to realign the budget to meet emerging needs.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

During FY 2019, the School System invested \$4.4M (prior to depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, vehicles, and equipment. More information can be found in Note 4 to the basic Financial Statements (page 36).

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

Figure A-10
Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in millions of dollars)

	Gover Acti	nme n vities			Busine Activ	ss-ty _l vities	be	To School	Total %	
	2019		2018	2	019	2	018	2019	2018	Change
Land	\$ 3.7	\$	3.7	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 3.7	\$ 3.7	0%
Facilities under construction	27.4		26.5		-		-	27.4	26.5	3%
Buildings	212.4		217.8		-		-	212.4	217.8	-2%
Equipment	 3.9		3.6		0.5		0.5	4.4	4.1	7%
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ 247.4	\$	251.6	\$	0.5	\$	0.5	\$ 247.9	\$ 252.1	-2%

Long-term Debt

The long-term debt is expected to grow over time as funding for OPEB remains at less than desirable amounts. For FY 2019 there was one payment made to the OPEB trust for \$1M and the liability for OPEB increased \$25.7M in the current year. GASB 68 required the School System to record an increase in pension liability for FY 2019 of \$1.3M. Additional information on long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the basic Financial Statements (page 38).

Figure A-11
Outstanding Long-term Debt (in millions of dollars)

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities					To School	Total %			
	2019	2018		2019		2018		2019		2018		Change	
Equipment financing agreements	\$ 1.2	\$	1.5	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1.2	\$	1.5	\$	(0.2)
Compensated absences	4.9		4.9		0.2		0.2		5.1		5.1		(0.0)
Net OPEB Liability	348.7	3	323.0		-		-	3	348.7	3	323.0		0.1
Net pension liability	12.9		11.7		-		-		12.9		11.7		0.1
Total long-term debt	\$ 367.7	\$ 3	341.1	\$	0.2	\$	0.2	\$ 3	867.9	\$ 3	341.3		8%

Factors bearing on the School System's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the School System was aware of three items that could significantly affect the financial health in the future:

- GASB 75 replaced GASB 45, which required St. Mary's County Public Schools to recognize the entire unfunded accrued liability associated with post-employment benefits starting in FY 2018. The School System's current liability is \$348.7 million as of June 30, 2019. This liability will keep the government wide net position in a negative position for the foreseeable future.
- GASB 68 requires St. Mary's County Public Schools to recognize a long term pension liability of \$12.9 million for the year ending June 30, 2019. All Boards of Education are now responsible for reporting the net unfunded pension liability for participants in the Employees' Pension Systems.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2019

Factors bearing on the School System's Future (continued)

• SMCPS will continue to work with local, state, and federal funding agencies for safety & security enhancements to our schools.

Contacting SMCPS' Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the School System's citizens, stakeholders, elected officials, and the financial market with a general overview of the School System's finances and to demonstrate accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Assistant Superintendent of Fiscal Services and Human Resources, St. Mary's County Public Schools, 23160 Moakley Street, Leonardtown, Maryland 20650.

Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 31,489,783	\$ 555,230	\$ 32,045,013
Certificate of deposit	89,465	-	89,465
Due from other governments	9,093,714	204,389	9,298,103
Internal balances	(1,029,798)	1,029,798	-
Other receivables, net	20,245	16,317	36,562
Inventory	-	141,488	141,488
Prepaid items	7,810	-	7,810
Capital assets			
Land	3,742,759	-	3,742,759
Building and improvements	376,096,431	-	376,096,431
Furniture and equipment	9,413,031	1,906,897	11,319,928
Equipment leased under financing agreements	6,676,139	-	6,676,139
Construction in process	27,434,360	-	27,434,360
Accumulated depreciation	(175,977,625)	(1,456,295)	(177,433,920)
Total assets	287,056,314	2,397,824	289,454,138
D.C. 10.49			
Deferred Outflows	2 1 10 120		2 1 40 420
Deferred outflows related to pensions	2,148,438	-	2,148,438
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	32,827,573		32,827,573
Total deferred outflows	34,976,011		34,976,011
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	2,616,928	79,500	2,696,428
Accrued salaries and related costs	16,095,717	288,043	16,383,760
Due to other governments	61,402	_	61,402
Unearned revenue	7,942,466	188,528	8,130,994
Long-term liabilities	, ,	,	, ,
Due within one year:			
Compensated absences	542,946	13,242	556,188
Financing agreements payable	385,676	-	385,676
Due after one year:	,		202,070
Compensated absences	4,320,825	173,100	4,493,925
Financing agreements payable	808,162	-	808,162
Net pension liability	12,920,066	_	12,920,066
Net OPEB liability	348,695,444	_	348,695,444
Total Liabilities	394,389,632	742,413	395,132,045
Deferred Inflows			
Deferred inflows related to pension	978,725	-	978,725
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	27,118,035		27,118,035
Total deferred inflows	28,096,760		28,096,760
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	246,191,257	450,602	246,641,859
Restricted - capital projects	89,152	· -	89,152
Unrestricted (deficit)	(346,734,476)	1,204,809	(345,529,667)
Total Net Position	\$(100,454,067)	\$ 1,655,411	\$ (98,798,656)

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

					Program Revenue					Change in Net Position						
	-										Prima	ry Government				
			C	harges for	Ope	rating Grants	Capital Grants and		Governmental		Bu	siness-type				
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services		and Contributions		Contributions		Activities			Activities		Total		
Governmental Activities:						_						_				
Administration	\$	3,564,323	\$	-	\$	263,315	\$	-	\$	(3,301,008)	\$	-	\$	(3,301,008)		
Mid-level adminitration		16,825,652		-		532,812		-		(16,292,840)		-		(16,292,840)		
Instructional salaries		82,978,999		-		3,630,848		-		(79,348,151)		-		(79,348,151)		
Instructional textbooks and supplies		4,921,261		54,876		758,196		-		(4,108,189)		-		(4,108,189)		
Other instructional costs		2,462,801		-		926,742		-		(1,536,059)		-		(1,536,059)		
Special education		22,793,447		-		9,169,039		-		(13,624,408)		-		(13,624,408)		
Student personnel services		1,312,320		-		95,494		-		(1,216,826)		-		(1,216,826)		
Student health services		2,556,039		-		97,031		-		(2,459,008)		-		(2,459,008)		
Student transportation services		17,397,922		-		7,779,095		-		(9,618,827)		-		(9,618,827)		
Operation of plant		28,822,934		216,223		485,080		4,677,320		(23,444,311)		-		(23,444,311)		
Maintenance of plant		4,050,349		-		34,169		_		(4,016,180)		-		(4,016,180)		
Community services		321,828		_		325,438		-		3,610		-		3,610		
Fixed charges		82,437,672		-		15,813,193		_		(66,624,479)		_		(66,624,479)		
Interest on long-term debt		52,737		_		-		-		(52,737)		-		(52,737)		
Total Governmental Activities		270,498,283		271,099		39,910,452		4,677,320		(225,639,412)		-		(225,639,412)		
Business-type Activities																
Food services		7,279,896		2,908,611		4,460,025		_		_		88,740		88,740		
Total Government	\$	277,778,179	\$	3,179,710	\$	44,370,477	\$	4,677,320		(225,639,412)		88,740		(225,550,672)		
					Gene	ral Revenue										
						estricted grants	and cont	ributions:								
						ocal				103,835,926		_		103,835,926		
						tate				92,471,455		_		92,471,455		
					_	ederal				3,422,073		_		3,422,073		
						tment earnings				602,502		13,210		615,712		
					Other	\mathcal{C}				1,388,823		530		1,389,353		
					oulei	Total Genera	ıl Revei	nue		201,720,779		13,740		201,734,519		
						Change in No	t Positi	on		(23,918,633)		102,480		(23,816,153)		
					Net p	osition, beginni	ng of yea	ır		(76,535,434)		1,552,931		(74,982,503)		
					Net I	Position, End of	Year		\$	(100,454,067)	\$	1,655,411	\$	(98,798,656)		

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2019

	_ G	eneral Fund	Сар	oital Projects Fund	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	31,468,363	\$	21,420	\$	31,489,783
Certificate of deposit		-		89,465		89,465
Due from other governments		8,220,641		873,073		9,093,714
Due from other funds		-		2,947,247		2,947,247
Other receivables		20,245		-		20,245
Prepaid items		7,810		<u>-</u> _		7,810
Total assets	\$	39,717,059	\$	3,931,205	\$	43,648,264
Liabilities						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	1,859,154	\$	757,774	\$	2,616,928
Accrued salaries and related costs		16,095,717		-		16,095,717
Due to other governments		61,402		-		61,402
Due to other funds		3,977,045		-		3,977,045
Unearned revenue		4,858,187		3,084,279		7,942,466
Total liabilities		26,851,505		3,842,053		30,693,558
Fund balances (See footnote 8)						
Non-spendable		7,810		-		7,810
Restricted		-		89,152		89,152
Assigned		8,763,090		-		8,763,090
Unassigned	_	4,094,654				4,094,654
Total fund balance		12,865,554		89,152		12,954,706
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	39,717,059	\$	3,931,205	\$	43,648,264

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position As of June 30, 2019

\$ 12,954,706

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

Cost of capital assets	\$ 423,362,720	
Accumulated depreciation	(175,977,625)	247,385,095

Long-term liabilities including net pension liability and related deferred inflow and outflow and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

madifiaes at year end compist of.		
Compensated absences	\$ (4,863,771)	
Financing agreeements payable	(1,193,838)	
Net OPEB obligation	(348,695,444)	
Net pension Liability	(12,920,066)	
Deferred outflows/inflows - related to pension	1,169,713	
Deferred outflows/inflows - related to OPEB	5,709,538	(360,793,868)

Total net position - governmental activities \$\((100,454,067) \)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenue				
St. Mary's County	\$ 104,017,525	\$ 3,945,736	\$ 107,963,261	
State of Maryland	119,520,990	731,584	120,252,574	
Federal government	15,318,693	-	15,318,693	
Tuition	46,856	-	46,856	
Investment income	599,936	2,566	602,502	
Other	1,936,737	459,027	2,395,764	
Total revenue	241,440,737	5,138,913	246,579,650	
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration	3,525,238	-	3,525,238	
Mid-level administration	16,776,757	-	16,776,757	
Instructional salaries	82,978,999	-	82,978,999	
Instructional textbooks and supplies	4,921,261	-	4,921,261	
Other instructional costs	2,288,446	-	2,288,446	
Special education	22,783,665	-	22,783,665	
Student personnel services	1,311,276	-	1,311,276	
Student health services	2,556,039	-	2,556,039	
Student transportation services	17,184,867	-	17,184,867	
Operation of plant	15,798,310	-	15,798,310	
Maintenance of plant	4,007,866	-	4,007,866	
Community services	321,828	-	321,828	
Fixed charges	63,203,238	-	63,203,238	
Capital outlay	3,747,588	5,136,347	8,883,935	
Debt service				
Principal	350,216	-	350,216	
Interest	52,737	-	52,737	
Total expenditures	241,808,331	5,136,347	246,944,678	
Net change in fund balances	(367,594)	2,566	(365,028)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	13,233,148	86,586	13,319,734	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 12,865,554	\$ 89,152	\$ 12,954,706	

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (365,028)
Amounts reported for governmental activitis in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of capital assets	
is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	(4,319,171)
Repayment of financing agreement principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	350,216
Certain expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Compensated absences	18,974
Net OPEB current year expense	(25,686,547)
Net pension liabilities	(1,251,567)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions	(499,128)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB	 7,833,618
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (23,918,633)

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund As of June 30, 2019

Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 555,230
Due from other governments	204,389
Due from other funds	1,029,798
Accounts receivable, net	16,317
Inventory, at cost	 141,488
	 1,947,222
Noncurrent Assets	
Food service equipment	1,906,897
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,456,295)
	 450,602
Total assets	 2,397,824
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 79,500
Accrued salaries and related costs	288,043
Unearned revenue	188,528
Compensated absenses	 13,242
	 569,313
Noncurrent liabilities	
Compensated absences	173,100
Total liabilities	 742,413
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	450,602
Unrestricted	 1,204,809
Total Net Position	\$ 1,655,411

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – **Proprietary Fund**

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Operating Revenue	
Food service sales	\$ 2,908,611
Federal grants and commodities	4,208,579
State matching and other	251,446
Total operating revenue	7,368,636
Operating Expenses	
Payroll costs	4,009,882
Professional and contract services	55,392
Supplies and materials	2,996,723
Depreciation	83,481
Other operating costs	134,418
Total operating expenses	7,279,896
Operating income	88,740
Non-Operating Revenue	
Interest income	13,210
Donations	530_
	13,740
Change in net position	102,480
Net position, beginning of year	1,552,931_
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 1,655,411

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash received from user charges	\$ 2,905,674
Operating grants and subsidies received	4,494,788
Payments to employees for services	(4,028,859)
Payments to suppliers for goods and services	(3,337,417)
Payments for other operating expenses	(134,418)
Net cash used by operating activities	 (100,232)
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities	
Internal activity - net receipts from other funds	103,656
Net cash provided in non-capital financing activities	103,656
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Acquisition of capital assets	(8,898)
Donations	530
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(8,368)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities	
Interest received on investments	13,211
Net cash provided by investing activities	13,211
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	8,267
Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Beginning	 546,963
Ending	\$ 555,230
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Operating Income	\$ 88,740
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	83,481
Changes in assets and liabilities:	
Due from other governments	24,987
Receivables	(2,936)
Inventory	21,284
Accounts payable	(306,586)
Accrued salaries and related costs	(444)
Unearned revenue	9,775
Compensated absences	 (18,533)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ (100,232)

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2019

	R Private-Purpose Trust Fund		Retiree Benefit Trust Fund (OPEB)		School Activity Funds	
Assets		ust Fund		(OIED)	-	Tunus
Cash and cash equivalents Investments held in MABE Trust	\$	98,414	\$	49,753,329	\$	1,894,365
Total assets		98,414		49,753,329	\$	1,894,365
Liabilities						
Accounts payable		1,095		_	\$	-
Due to student groups						1,894,365
Total liabilities		1,095			\$	1,894,365
Net Position						
Reserved for scholarships	\$	97,319				
Held in trust for retiree benefits			\$	49,753,329		

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Private-Purpose Trust Fund		Retiree Benefit Trust Fund (OPEB)	
Additions				
Investment and other income, net of administrative fees	\$	2,153	\$	3,280,712
Employer Contributions		-		1,000,000
Deductions				
Scholarships awarded		1,551		
Change in net position		602		4,280,712
Net position				
Beginning of Year		96,717		45,472,617
End of Year	\$	97,319	\$	49,753,329

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

In Maryland, public schools are part of a statewide system of county school boards. The school boards' political boundaries conform to the county boundaries. The purpose of St. Mary's County Public Schools (the School System) is to operate the local public school system in accordance with state and community standards.

The School System does not have the authority to levy any taxes or incur debt. Schools are funded with local (county), state and federal monies. St. Mary's County, Maryland has oversight responsibility for approval and partial funding of the School System's operating budget.

The School System is a component unit of St. Mary's County, Maryland by virtue of the County's responsibility for levying taxes and its budgetary control over the School System.

The School System's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (the Codification) as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The more significant policies of the School System are described below:

Reporting Entity

The main criterion used in determining the entity for financial reporting purposes is whether the School System is financially accountable for any governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other organization. As part of that criterion, the following factors were considered:

- Financial benefit or burden
- Appoints a voting majority of the component unit board
- Designation of management
- Ability to impose its will
- Fiscally dependent

Based on these factors, no other organizations exist that should have been included in these financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the School System as a whole and categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. The School System's food service program is classified as a business-type activity.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Statements (continued)

In the government-wide statement of net position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns are presented on a consolidated basis by column and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. The School System's net position is reported in three parts - net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The School System first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide statement of activities reduces gross expenses by directly related program revenues. Program revenues include: (1) charges to students or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function, and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Other income including investment income and grants and contributions that are not restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function are instead reported as general revenues. The School System does not allocate indirect costs.

Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the School System are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenses expenditures as appropriate. School System resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

The emphasis in the fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Non-major funds by category are summarized into a single column. The Codification sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The various funds are grouped, in the financial statements in this report, into six generic fund types and three broad fund categories as follows:

Governmental Funds:

General Fund: The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School System. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This fund includes appropriations and grants for both restricted and unrestricted purpose. The operations of the Chesapeake Public Charter School are also accounted for in the General Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

<u>Capital Projects Fund:</u> The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Both the General and Capital Projects Funds have been classified as major funds in the accompanying fund financial statements. While the fund does not meet the criteria set forth by the Codification, the School System has elected to present the Capital Projects Fund as a major fund, due to public interest.

Proprietary Funds:

<u>Enterprise Fund</u>: The Enterprise Fund is used to account for the operations of the food service program. The Enterprise Fund is presented in the business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

The Proprietary Fund distinguishes operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods or services in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. Operating revenue of the Enterprise Fund consists of fees charged to users of food services along with state and federal subsidies and grants received for providing such services. Operating expenses of the Enterprise Fund consist of employee salaries and benefits, supplies, materials, administrative costs, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds: Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School Activity Funds account for the funds of other persons or organizations which are the direct responsibility of the principals of the respective schools.

<u>Private-Purpose Trust Fund</u>: The Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the assets donated to the School System to finance memorial scholarships, which are limited to revenues earned (additions).

Retiree Benefit Trust Fund: The Retiree Benefit Trust Fund (OPEB) consists of contributions of the School System to establish a reserve to pay for health and welfare benefits of future retirees. Contributions to the Trust qualify as contributions and are reported as additions using the economic resource measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, under which expenses (deduction) are recorded when the liability is incurred or benefits are paid.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Fund Financial Statements (continued)

By definition, Fiduciary Funds assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to satisfy obligations of the School System, and are, therefore, not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses/expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) food commodities are recorded as revenue and expense when they are consumed.

The governmental funds financial statements are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School System considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Expenditures are generally recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting when the related fund liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include general long-term liabilities. As such, debt service expenditures, expenditures related to compensated absences and future pension and other retirement obligations are recorded only when payment is due.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School System's cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less. Short-term investments are stated at amortized cost, and consist of investments in the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool (MLGIP). Amortized cost generally approximates fair value.

Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Interfund Activity (continued)

Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental or proprietary funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Accounts Receivable

Food services are accounted for in the Enterprise Fund. Receivables are carried at original invoice less an estimate for doubtful accounts. It is management's policy to provide an allowance for all balances greater than one year old. Accounts receivables are written off when deemed uncollectible. Recoveries of accounts receivable previously written off are recorded when received.

Inventory

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost, determined by using the first-in, first-out method of accounting, or market. Inventory in the Enterprise Fund consists of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an asset at the time individual inventory items are purchased. As inventory is consumed, the cost is charged to expenses.

Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Library books are expensed at the time they are purchased. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance is expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight- line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 20-50 years Furniture and equipment 5-15 years

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources (continued)

The School System has four items that meet this criterion at June 30, 2019; contributions made to a pension plan in the current fiscal year, the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan assets, net difference in actual and expected experience in OPEB plan activity, and changes in actuarial assumptions.

Accrued Salaries

Teachers' salaries are considered earned at the completion of the school year and are recognized as expenses/ expenditures over the school year. Teachers are paid their ten-month salary over twelve months. The accrued salaries are paid within the first two months of the succeeding fiscal year.

Long-Term Debt

The School System is not obligated to repay principal or interest on any bonds or loans issued for school construction. Such bonds or loans are obligations of the county and state governments. The authorization for expenditures related to debt service for school construction is in the County's Operating Budget. The County, not the School System, reflects annual debt service expenditures for school construction in their annual financial statements. However, the School System does reflect long-term debt in their financial statements for financing agreement obligations incurred by the School System for the lease-purchase of certain office and computer equipment.

Compensated Absences

The School System accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employee- related costs when earned or estimated to be earned by the employee. The accrual of vacation leave is based upon individual salary rates in effect as of June 30. The accrual of sick leave is based on payment upon retirement or death of a maximum of \$3,250 for each non-exempt employee and \$6,200 for each exempt employee, based on sick leave balances if the employee has worked for the school system for 10 years. Sick leave is estimated to be earned once an employee has attained either 55 years of age with 10 years of service in the School System, or 30 years of service with the School System, or 20 years of service in the State of Maryland regardless of age.

For governmental funds, the amount of accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave which is payable from available resources, is recorded as a liability of the respective fund only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee retirements and resignations. As of June 30, 2019, no accumulated unpaid vacation or sick leave had matured, resulting in them being maintained separately and being a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide financial statement presentations.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The School System has three items that meets this criterion at June 30, 2019; the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on OPEB plan assets, changes in actuarial assumptions, and the net difference in actual and expected experience in pension plan activity.

Fund Balances

The Board of Education must approve a motion in order to establish a fund balance commitment or assignment and only needs to approve the elimination of a fund balance commitment. The School System first considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. When unrestricted amounts are considered to have been spent, the School System considers committed amounts first, then assigned, and finally unassigned when an expenditure is incurred for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Net Position

Net position equals assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position, net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position, net investment in capital assets, excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School System or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, granters or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School System first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred, for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

Post-Employment Benefits

By terms of a negotiated contract with employee associations, the School System partially supports the group insurance plan for retired employees who have been employed by the School System for ten or more years. Effective July 1, 2007, these negotiated agreements provide that the Board will contribute from 45% to 65% of a retirees' group health insurance premium for years of experience ranging from 10 years to 30 or more years, respectively. The School System has elected to partially fund the actuarially determined costs for future periods as further discussed in Note 11.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School System's deposits may not be returned to it. Maryland State Law prescribes that local government units such as the School System must deposit its cash in banks transacting business in the State of Maryland, and that such banks must secure any deposits in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance levels with collateral whose market value is at least equal to the deposits. As of June 30, 2019, all of the School System's deposits, including the certificate of deposit, were either covered by federal depository insurance or were covered by collateral held by the School System's agent in the School System's name. As of June 30, 2019, the carrying amount of the School System's deposits was \$7,475,877 and the bank balance was \$8,593,200.

Short-Term Investments

Maryland State Law authorizes the School System to invest in obligations of the United States government, federal government obligations and repurchase agreements secured by direct government or agency obligations, the State's sponsored investment pool, or interest bearing accounts in any bank. At June 30, 2019, short-term investments consist primarily of deposits in the MLGIP. The MLGIP is rated "AAAm" by Standard and Poor's (their highest rating). The School System has no policy on credit risk.

The carrying amount and market value of such investments were \$24,145,448, \$423,605, and \$603,674 for governmental activities, business-type activity, and fiduciary responsibilities, respectively.

The MLGIP was established in 1982 under Article 95 Section 22G of the Annotated Code of Maryland and is under the administration of the State Treasurer. The MLGIP seeks to maintain a constant unit value of \$1.00 per unit. Unit value is computed using the amortized cost method. In addition, the net asset value of the pool, marked to market, is calculated and maintained on a weekly basis to ensure a \$1.00 per unit constant value. The pool is managed in a "Rule 2(a)-7 like" manner and is reported at amortized cost pursuant to Rule 2(a)-7 under the Investment Company Act of 1940, which is MLGIP's share price.

The School System is not subject to any limitations or restrictions on withdrawals of its investments in MLGIP.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

2. **DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS** (continued)

Long-Term Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the Capital Projects Fund's long-term investment consisted of a certificate of deposit which had a maturity of greater than one year but less than five years.

The Retiree Benefit Trust Fund (OPEB)'s investments are invested in the Maryland Association of Board of Educations Pooled OPEB Trust (MABE Trust). The MABE Trust is administered by the Maryland Association of Board of Education, and is a wholly-owned instrumentality of its members. The nine members who are the sole contributors to the MABE Trust are the boards of education of the following counties in Maryland: Allegany, Caroline, Cecil, Charles, Harford, Kent, Prince George's, St. Mary's, and Washington.

The investments of the MABE Trust are stated at fair value and are managed by Wells Fargo Advisors and consist of money market funds, U.S. government and agency fixed income and asset backed securities, equity securities, mutual funds and exchange traded funds, and corporate bonds and corporate asset backed securities. The MABE Trust categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Although all of the investments in the MABE Trust are considered Level 1 and Level 2, the School Systems membership investment in the MABE Trust is considered Level 2. As of June 30, 2019, the pooled net position of the MABE Trust was \$397,278,841 in total, of which the School System's allocated investment balance was \$49,753,329. The School System places no limits on the amount they may be invested with any one issuer. The School System may terminate its membership in the MABE Trust and withdrawal its allocated investment balance by providing written notice six months prior to the intended date of withdrawal.

The MABE Trust financial statements can be obtained by sending a request to the following address: Administrator of the MABE Pooled Investment Trust, 621 Ridgely Road, Suite 300, Annapolis, Maryland 21401-1112.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

3. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables and payables at June 30, 2019, consist of the following:

	Governmental Activities				
		General	Capital Projects	iness-Type Activities	Total
Due from other governments			· ·		
Local	\$	4,476,998	\$ 406,477	\$ 436	\$ 4,883,911
State		587,429	466,596	16,101	1,070,126
Federal		3,156,214	-	187,852	3,344,066
	\$	8,220,641	\$ 873,073	\$ 204,389	\$ 9,298,103
Other receivables					
Accounts	\$	20,245	\$ -	\$ 16,317	\$ 36,562
	\$	20,245	\$ -	\$ 16,317	\$ 36,562
Accounts payable					
Vendors	\$	1,859,154	\$ 691,253	\$ 79,500	\$ 2,629,907
Contractor retainages		-	66,521	-	66,521
	\$	1,859,154	\$ 757,774	\$ 79,500	\$ 2,696,428
Due to other governments					
Local	\$	61,402	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 61,402

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is as follows:

]	Balance,]	Deletions/		Balance,	
	Ju	June 30, 2018		Additions		Transfers		June 30, 2019	
Governmental activities		_		_		_			
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	3,742,759	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,742,759	
Construction in process		26,465,856		2,700,154		(1,731,650)		27,434,360	
		30,208,615		2,700,154		(1,731,650)		31,177,119	
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings and improvements		373,560,694		804,087		1,731,650		376,096,431	
Furniture and equipment		9,262,863		874,269		(724,101)		9,413,031	
Equipment leased under financing agreements	1	6,676,139		-				6,676,139	
		389,499,696		1,678,356		1,007,549		392,185,601	
Accumulated depreciated for									
Building and improvements	(155,714,100)		(8,027,102)		-		(163,741,202)	
Furniture and equipment		(12,289,945)		(599,072)		652,594		(12,236,423)	
	(168,004,045)		(8,626,174)		652,594		(175,977,625)	
Governmental activities capital		_		_					
assets, net	\$	251,704,266	\$	(4,247,664)	\$	(71,507)	\$	247,385,095	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

	Balance, June 30, 2018		Additions		Deletions/ Transfers		Balance, June 30, 2019	
Business-type activities								
Capital assets being depreciated								
Furniture and equipment	\$	1,933,177	\$	8,898	\$	(35,178)	\$	1,906,897
		1,933,177		8,898		(35,178)		1,906,897
Accumulated depreciated for								
Furniture and equipment		(1,407,992)		(83,481)		35,178		(1,456,295)
		(1,407,992)		(83,481)		35,178		(1,456,295)
Business-type activities capital								
assets, net	\$	525,185	\$	(74,583)	\$	_	\$	450,602

Depreciation expense that was charged in the statement of activities for the year ended June 30, 2019, was as follows:

Governmental activities	
Administration	\$ 25,536
Mid-level administration	31,945
Other instructional costs	113,914
Special education	6,391
Student personnel services	682
Student transportation services	139,198
Operation of plant	8,280,752
Maintenance of plant	27,756
	\$ 8,626,174
Business-type activities	
Food service	\$ 83,481

5. UNEARNED REVENUE

General Fund: Unearned revenue primarily consists of payments received under restricted programs in excess of the expenses/ expenditures incurred to date under those programs at June 30, 2019, of \$4,858,187.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: Unearned revenue consists of prefunding in the amount of \$3,002,442 for construction projects at Spring Ridge Middle School and funds received for a removal security deposit to be used either towards the purchase of, or removal of an installed solar generating facility upon the expiration of a solar power purchase agreement in the amount of \$81,837.

<u>Enterprise Fund</u>: Unearned revenue of \$188,528 represents student lunch ticket sales collected in advance which will be consumed by students in fiscal year 2020.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

6. INTERFUND BALANCES

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2019, was as follows:

	Receivable Fund						
Payable Fund	Cap	ital Projects	Projects E				
General	\$	2,947,247	\$	1,029,798			

The above balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. Interfund receivables and payables are non-interest-bearing and are normally settled in the subsequent period.

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Long-term debt at June 30, 2019, consists of equipment financing obligations, accumulated compensated absences payable, net OPEB obligation, and net pension liability. The following is a summary of changes in the School System's long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Jı	Balance, une 30, 2018		Additions	D	eductions	Jı	Balance, une 30, 2019	 ounts Due in one Year
Governmental activities									
Equipment financing									
agreements	\$	1,544,054	\$	-	\$	350,216	\$	1,193,838	\$ 385,676
Compensated absences		4,882,745		372,652		391,626		4,863,771	542,946
Net OPEB liability		323,008,887		25,686,557		-		348,695,444	-
Net pension liability		11,668,499		1,251,567		-		12,920,066	-
	\$	341,104,185	\$	27,310,776	\$	741,842	\$	367,673,119	\$ 928,622
Business-type activities			•						•
Compensated absenses	\$	204,875	\$		\$	18,533	\$	186,342	\$ 13,242

The compensated absences liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated solely by the General Fund.

The School System entered into various lease-purchase agreements to acquire certain office equipment and various student, teacher and administrative computers. These agreements have varying terms consisting of combined monthly payments of \$28,768 at interest rates ranging from 1.99% to 4.00%, expiring through 2023. All items purchased under the lease-purchase agreements are pledged as collateral under the agreements. Principal and interest payments for lease-purchase agreements are recorded as expenditures of the General Fund when due. Principal payments are reported as reductions of long-term obligations in the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

The future minimum lease payments and the net present value of the minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2019, under these equipment financing agreements are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2020	\$ 385,676
2021	299,297
2022	299,297
2023	 299,297
	1,283,567
Less amount representing interest	 (89,729)
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 1,193,838

8. GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Governmental fund balances at June 30, 2019, are summarized as follows:

	General Fund		Capit	tal Projects	Total		
Non-spendable							
Prepaid items	\$	7,810	\$		\$	7,810	
Restricted for							
Capital projects	\$		\$	89,152	\$	89,152	
Assigned to							
Purchase orders:							
Administration		16,500		-		16,500	
Mid-level administration		23,267		-		23,267	
Instructional textbooks and supplies		10,131		-		10,131	
Other instructional costs		6,324		-		6,324	
Maintenance of plant		31,852		-		31,852	
Fixed charges		80,835		-		80,835	
Capital outlay		9,010				9,010	
Total purchase orders		177,919		-		177,919	
Healthcare		4,000,000		-		4,000,000	
Wellness - Restricted Fund		1,091,150		-		1,091,150	
CPCS		159,151		-		159,151	
FY20 CPCS adopted budget		34,870		-		34,870	
FY20 adopted budget		1,900,000		-		1,900,000	
Lease - Building Purchase Option		400,000		-		400,000	
Fuel		500,000		-		500,000	
Snow / Emergency		500,000				500,000	
Total Assigned		8,763,090				8,763,090	
Unassigned		4,094,654		-		4,094,654	
Total fund balances	\$	12,865,554	\$	89,152	\$	12,954,706	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School System is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; personal injury; and natural disasters. The School System is one of 17 Boards of Education within the State of Maryland belonging to the Maryland Association of Boards of Education Group Insurance Pool (the Pool), a public entity risk pool organized as a trust.

The School System pays an annual premium to the Pool for its property, liability, and automobile coverage. Such premiums are actuarially calculated for the Pool as a whole, based on loss data, and are allocated to members based on student enrollment and number and type of vehicles as well as experience modification factors. The Pool is reinsured on a claims-made basis for legal liability, covering claims aggregating \$5 million per district per year.

Additionally, the School System is one of 17 Boards of Education within the State of Maryland belonging to the Maryland Association of Boards of Education Workers' Compensation Group Self-Insurance Fund (the Fund). The Fund was established to provide workers' compensation indemnity and medical benefits coverage for participating school boards. The Fund is operated under regulations promulgated by the State's Workers' Compensation Commission (COMAR 14.09.02). Each Fund participant pays an annual premium calculated on its payroll, according to the standard classifications, with an experience modification applied. Although premiums billed to the Fund members are determined on an actuarial basis, ultimate liability for claims remains with the respective members and accordingly, the insurance risks are not transferred to the Fund. Six months following the end of the Fund's fiscal year, the Fund's trustees declare unneeded funds as surplus and distribute as dividends to the Fund members. This dividend distribution is made no sooner than one year after the close of that fiscal year. The Fund carries an excess insurance policy providing specific excess and employer liability protection coverages, thus reducing the potential of assessment against Fund members. The Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$475,000 for each worker's compensation claim. The School System carries commercial insurance on all other risks of loss.

Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded the planned coverage during any of the past three years.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

10. PENSION PLANS

Plan Description, Benefits, and Funding Policy

<u>Plan Description</u>: The employees of the School System are covered by one of the following pension plans (Pension Plans) affiliated with the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland (SRPS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by the State Retirement Agency (Agency):

- The Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Maryland
- The Employees' Retirement System of the State of Maryland
- The Pension System for Teachers of the State of Maryland
- The Pension System for Employees of the State of Maryland

During the 1979 legislative session, the Maryland General Assembly created, effective January 1, 1980, the "Pension System for Teachers of the State of Maryland" and the "Pension System for Employees of the State of Maryland." Prior to this date, all teachers and related positions were required to be members of the "Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Maryland," and non-certificated positions were members of the "Employees' Retirement System of the State of Maryland." All School System employees who were members of the "Retirement System" may remain in that System, or they may elect to join the "Pension System." All teachers hired within the State after December 31, 1979, must join the "Pension System for Teachers." All non-certificated employees hired within the State after December 31, 1979, must join the "Pension System for Employees." The "Employees' Retirement System" and the "Pension System for Employees" cover those employees not covered by the teachers' plans. These employees are principally custodial, maintenance, and food service employees.

In addition to the Pension Plans discussed above, the SRPS is also comprised of the State Police Retirement System, Judges 'Retirement System, and the Law Enforcement Officers' Pension System. The State of Maryland is the statutory guarantor for the payment of all pensions, annuities, retirement allowances, refunds, reserves, and other benefits of the System. The Agency is legally authorized to use all assets accumulated for the payment of benefits to pay such obligations to any plan member or beneficiary as defined by the terms of the plan. Consequently, the System is accounted for as a single plan as defined in GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans -An Amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. Additionally, the SRPS is fiscally dependent on the State by virtue of the legislative and executive controls exercised with respect to its operations, policies, and administrative budget. Accordingly, the SRPS is included in the State's reporting entity and disclosed in its financial statements as a pension trust fund. Additionally, the Agency issues a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the SRPS. That report may be obtained by writing to State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, 120 East Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202, by calling 410-625-5555, or online at http://www.sra.state.md.us/.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

10. PENSION PLANS (continued)

Plan Description, Benefits, and Funding Policy (continued)

<u>Benefits</u>: These pension plans provide pension benefits and death and disability benefits. A member may retire after 25 years of service from the Retirement Systems, and as early as age 55 and 15 years of service from the Pension Systems. Benefits generally vest after ten years of service.

<u>Funding Policy</u>: Contributions to the SRPS are specified by the State Personnel and Pensions Article of the Annotated Code of Maryland. The State Personnel and Pensions Article requires both active members and their respective employers to make contributions to the respective Systems. Rates for required contributions by active members are established by law. Under the "Retirement System" employees contribute 5% or 7% of their earnable compensation depending upon the retirement option selected, and under the "Pension System" employees contribute 7% of their earnable compensation.

Effective, July 1, 1980, in accordance with the law governing the Systems, all benefits of the Systems are funded in advance.

Contribution rates for employer and other non-employer contributing entities (including the State of Maryland) are established by annual actuarial valuations using the individual entry age normal cost method. The method produces an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), and (2) the amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The School System made required contributions totaling \$6,299,724 or 4.82% of current covered payroll, and the State of Maryland made contributions on behalf of the School System totaling \$12,970,057 or 10.00% of current covered payroll for fiscal year 2019. The contributions made by the State of Maryland on behalf of the School System were recognized as both revenue and expenditures in the General Fund as required by the GASB Codification.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The 24 Boards of Education in the State of Maryland have a special funding situation as defined within GASB 68. Because the State of Maryland pays the unfunded liability and the local jurisdictions pay the normal costs for the Teachers' Pension Systems, the local Boards of Education are not required to record their share of the unfunded pension liability associated with the Teachers' Pension Systems, but instead, that liability is recorded by the State of Maryland. However, Boards of Education are responsible for any net unfunded pension liability for participants in the Employees' Pension Systems.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

10. PENSION PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Because the State of Maryland must record the liability for the Boards of Education and because the State of Maryland and the Boards of Education did not fully contribute their normal and past service costs for the Teachers' Pension Systems, the net proportionate share calculation has been adjusted to account for total contributions to ensure the Boards of Educations' liability was not improperly allocated to other participating government units. Actual employer contributions billed to participating government units for the year ending June 30, 2018, are used as the basis for determining each employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability. As of June 30, 2019, the School System reported a liability of \$12,920,066 of the SRPS total liability of \$20,981,600,000.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the School System recognized pension expense of approximately \$1,355,369. At June 30, 2019, the School System reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	rred Outflows Resources	Deferred Infloor		
2019 Contributions	\$ 1,319,557	\$	-	
Change in assumptions	365,442		-	
Actual and expected experience	-		978,725	
Difference in investment earnings	463,439		-	
Total	\$ 2,148,438	\$	978,725	

\$1,319,557 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School System contributions to the employees' pension system subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

10. PENSION PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:		
2020	\$	347,575
2021		62,123
2022		(320,479)
2023		(186,539)
2024		(52,524)
Total	\$	(149,844)

<u>Actuarial Methods and Assumptions</u>: The total pension liability of the SRPS in the June 30, 2018, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.60% general, 3.10% wage

Salary increases 3.10% to 9.10%, including wage inflation

Investment rate of return 7.45%

Mortality RP-2014 Mortality Tables with generational mortality

improvements based on the MP-2014 2-dimensional

mortality improvement scale.

<u>Investments</u>: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return were adopted by the Board after considering input from the System's investment consultant(s) and actuary(s).

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

10. PENSION PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For each major asset class that is included in the System's target asset allocation, these best estimates are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Public Equity	37%	5.80%
Private Equity	13%	6.70%
Rate Sensitive	19%	1.10%
Credit/Debt Related Strategies	9%	3.60%
Absolute Return	8%	3.20%
Real Assets	14%	4.80%
	100%	

The above was the Pension Systems' Board of Trustees adopted asset allocation policy and best estimate of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2018. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of the pension plan investment expense, was 8.08%. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

<u>Discount Rate</u>: A single discount rate of 7.45% was used to measure the total pension liability. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.45%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate.

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability</u>: Regarding the sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the single discount rate, the following presents the School System's proportionate share of the net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.45%, as well as what the School System's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

10. PENSION PLANS (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

	% Decrease to 6.45%	Current Discount	1% Increase to 8.45%	
School System's proportionate share of the net				_
pension liability	\$ 18,609,329	\$ 12,920,066	\$	8,198,387

Detailed information about the SRPS' fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CAFR by the Agency which may be obtained by writing to State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, 120 East Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202, by calling 410-625-5555, or online at http://www.sra.state.md.us/.

11. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE AND LIFE INSURANCE PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u>: In addition to providing the pension benefits described in Note 10, the School System provides post-employment health care and life insurance benefits (OPEB Plan) to employees, former employees, or beneficiaries who meet retirement eligibility requirements of the pension plans. Effective July 1, 2007, by terms of a negotiated contract with employee associations, the School System partially supports the group insurance plan for retired employees who have been employed by the School System for ten or more years. These negotiated agreements provide that the School System will contribute from 45% to 65% of a retirees' group health insurance premium for years of experience ranging from 10 years to 30 or more years, respectively. In addition, the School System pays 100% of life insurance premiums based upon 50% of final salary coverage.

In March 2009, the School System established the Retiree Benefit Trust of the Board of Education of St. Mary's County (Benefit Trust) in order to facilitate the partial funding of the actuarially calculated OPEB liability. The Benefit Trust established a trust account with, and became a member of, the Maryland Association of Boards of Education Pooled OPEB Investment Trust (MABE Trust). The School System reserves the right to establish and amend the provisions of its relationship with the MABE Trust with respect to participants, any benefit provided there under, or its participation therein, in whole or in part at any time, by resolution of its governing body and upon advance written notice to the Trustees of the MABE Trust.

The MABE Trust was established to pool assets of its member Boards of Education for investment purposes only. Each member of the Investment Trust is required to designate a member trustee who is a trustee of the member trust. The member trustees of the MABE Trust shall ensure that the MABE Trust keep such records as are necessary in order to maintain a separation of the assets of the MABE Trust from the assets of trusts maintained by other governmental employers. Assets of the member trusts are reported in their respective financial statements using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, under which expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

11. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE AND LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (continued)

Employer contributions are recorded in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable. Investments are reported at fair value and are based on published prices and quotations from major investment brokers at current exchange rates, if available.

The MABE Trust issues a publicly available audited GAAP-basis report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Investment Trust. This report may be obtained by writing to the Trust Administrator, Maryland Association of Boards of Education, 621 Ridgely Avenue, Suite 300, Annapolis, Maryland 21401-1112, or calling 410-841-5414.

Membership of the OPEB Plan currently enrolled in medical/drug coverage consisted of the following at May 1, 2019, the date of the actuarial valuation:

Number of Participants

Active employees	1,653
Retirees - pre-medicare*	179
Retirees - post-medicare*	813
Total	2,645

Contribution: The School System contributes the pay as you go portion, along with an annually budgeted prefunding amount of the annual determined contribution (ADC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of the GASB Codification. The ADC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The current ADC rate is 10.79% of annual covered payroll. The ADC consisted of the normal cost of \$5,211,000, and the amortization of unfunded accrued liability of \$8,888,000. The School System contributed \$5,811,441, for the year ended June 30, 2019, entirely consisting of contributions towards current healthcare and life insurance premiums accounted for in the general fund with no additional contributions in the current year to prefund future benefits to the retirement benefit trust fund.

Investments

Investment policy: The school System's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the School System board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The School System's target asset allocation policy was 100% in the MABE Trust as of June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

11. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE AND LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (continued)

<u>Investments</u> (continued)

Rate of return. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 7.21 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Net OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability of the School System at June 30, 2019, were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 398,448,773
Plan fiduciary net position	(49,753,329)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 348,695,444

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability

12.49%

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions below, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified.

Actuarial assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation were:

Inflation rate 2.40%
Salary increases 3.5%
Investment rate of return
Discount rate 3.13%

Healthcare cost trend rate 5.4% initially reduced annually to an ultimate rate of

4% (pre-Medicine) 3.9% (post- Medicine)

Mortality RP 2014 fully generational

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019, valuation was based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2013 to December 31, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return, expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for the MABE Trust as of June 30, 2019, was 3.13%.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

11. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE AND LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (continued)

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.13 percent. The projection of cash flow used to determine the discount rate assumed that the School System contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the School System, as well as what the School System's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.13%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.13%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	2.13%	3.13%	4.13%
Net OPEB liability	\$ 440,442,590	\$ 348,695,444	\$ 278,777,174

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate.

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the School System, as well as what the School System's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare Cost					
	1% Decrease 3.00%	Trend Rates 4.00%	1% Increase 5.00%				
Net OPEB liability	\$ 276,528,551	\$ 348,695,444	\$ 446,946,652				

OPEB expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the Board recognized OPEB expense of \$23,664,244. At June 30, 2019, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

11. POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE AND LIFE INSURANCE PLAN (continued)

	 red Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Changes in experience	\$ 241,138	\$	24,973,220			
Changes in assumptions	32,586,435		1,990,286			
Projected and actual earnings	 -		154,529			
Total	\$ 32,827,573	\$	27,118,035			

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	 Total
2020	\$ 655,357
2021	655,357
2022	655,357
2023	686,492
2024	701,773
Thereafter	 2,355,202
Total	\$ 5,709,538

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the September 4, 2019, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit, with proration to assumed retirement date, actuarial cost method was used. Significant actuarial assumptions used, include (a) a rate of return on the investment of 7.00% per year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 3.50% compounded annually (used for amortization purposes), (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 2.00% to 6.50% per year, attributable to seniority/merit (used for life insurance purposes), (d) annual healthcare cost trend rate of 5.4% initially, reduced annually to arrive at an ultimate healthcare cost trend of 4.00%, (e) rates of mortality based upon RP 2014 Combined Healthy Mortality Table, (f) termination of service rates based upon age and sex, ranging from 1.00% to 18.00%, disablement rates based on age, ranging from 0.03% to 0.46%, (h) retirement rates based on age, sex, and length of service, ranging from 1.00% to 33.00%, and (i) medical claims including prescription drugs are based on actual experience during the period from July 1, 2013 through December 31, 2016, and were projected with annual increases of 5.00% for medical claims and 5.00% for prescription drug claims. The plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis over a period of 21 years for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

12. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

<u>Legal Proceedings</u>: In the normal course of operations, the School System is subject to lawsuits and claims. In the opinion of management, the disposition of such lawsuits and claims will not have a material effect on the School System's financial position or results of operations.

School Construction: As of June 30, 2019, the School System had entered into various school construction commitments which are not reflected in the statement of net position or balance sheet - governmental funds. They will be funded by the State of Maryland or County bond issues, totaling approximately \$20,591,632.

Grant Program: The School System participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs which are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Such federal programs were audited in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* for the current year. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School System expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Health Insurance: The School System is under a modified retrospective billing arrangement with a commercial insurance carrier to provide group health coverage. Under this arrangement, the insurance carrier assesses an initial charge paid by the School System through monthly premiums. At the end of the coverage period, there is a settlement of the difference between the billed premium and the actual claims and expenses. A deficiency in the billed premium represents the callable margin, which is owed by the School System, up to a maximum of 5%. If the actual claims and expenses are less than the billed premium, the School System would be entitled to a refund. For the year ended June 30, 2019, management anticipates a refund in the amount of \$4,207,420.

13. NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING BOARD STANDARDS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued several pronouncements prior to the year ended June 30, 2019, that have effective dates that may impact future financial presentations. Management will be analyzing the effects of these pronouncements and plans to adopt them as applicable by their effective date.

• GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, and will be effective for the School System beginning with its year ending June 30, 2021. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – Maryland State Retirement and Pension System June 30, 2019

	 2019	 2018	2017	2016	 2015
School System's proportion of the net pension liability	0.062%	0.054%	0.056%	0.060%	0.054%
School System's proportionate share of the ERS net pension liability	\$ 12,920,066	\$ 11,668,499	\$ 13,229,614	\$ 12,514,609	\$ 9,640,511
School System's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability	\$ 188,110,615 201,030,681	\$ 189,998,229 201,666,728	\$ 215,427,373 228,656,987	\$ 171,331,354 183,845,963	\$ 42,592,154 52,232,665
School System's covered- payroll	\$ 130,613,111	\$ 127,901,817	\$ 125,980,783	\$ 121,123,057	\$ 115,255,917
School System's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- payroll	9.892%	9.123%	10.501%	10.332%	8.364%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.180%	69.380%	65.790%	68.780%	71.870%

Schedule of School System Contributions to Maryland State Retirement and Pension System June 30, 2019

		2019	2018	2017		2016		2015		2014	2013		2012
Contractually required contributions	\$	6,299,724	\$ 6,172,196	\$ 5,879,367	\$	5,726,546	\$	5,299,971	\$	4,416,608	\$ 3,626,191	\$	1,428,621
Actual contributions made:													
Employee systems		1,319,557	1,227,914	1,098,302		1,092,326		1,269,260		1,265,916	1,140,494		1,428,621
Teacher system		4,980,167	4,944,282	4,781,065		4,634,220		4,030,711		3,150,692	2,485,697		-
		6,299,724	6,172,196	5,879,367		5,726,546		5,299,971		4,416,608	3,626,191		1,428,621
Contribution deficiency	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
School system's covered- payroll	\$ 1	30,613,111	\$ 127,901,817	\$ 125,980,783	\$ 1	121,123,057	\$ 1	115,255,917	\$ 1	118,651,284	\$ 116,191,213	\$ 1	14,323,669
Contributions as a percentage of covered-payroll		4.823%	4.826%	4.667%		4.728%		4.598%		3.722%	3.121%		1.250%

Schedule of Changes in the School System's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios June 30, 2019

	2019		2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability	 			
Service cost	\$ 13,007,551	\$	12,676,617	\$ 12,238,000
Interest	13,206,282		12,506,803	11,001,955
Differences between expected and actual experience	(28,094,872)		310,034	3,131,014
Changes of assumptions	36,659,739		(2,558,940)	(56,209,000)
Benefit payments	 (4,811,441)		(7,300,000)	 (6,696,969)
Net change in total OPEB liability	29,967,259		15,634,514	(36,535,000)
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 368,481,514		352,847,000	389,382,000
Total OPEB liability - ending (a)	\$ 398,448,773	\$	368,481,514	\$ 352,847,000
Plan Fiduciary Net Position				
Contributions - employer	\$ 5,811,441	\$	8,300,000	\$ 6,696,969
Net investment income	3,293,993		3,088,016	4,215,949
Benefit payments	(4,811,441)		(7,300,000)	(6,696,969)
Administrative expense	(12,650)		(12,942)	(15,243)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 4,281,343		4,075,074	4,200,706
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	45,471,986		41,396,912	37,196,206
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 49,753,329	\$	45,471,986	\$ 41,396,912
School System's net OPEB liability (a) - (b)	\$ 348,695,444	\$	323,009,528	\$ 311,450,088
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of				
the total OPEB liability	12.49%		12.34%	11.73%
Covered-payroll	\$ 130,613,111	\$	127,901,817	\$ 125,980,783
School System's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-payroll	266.97%		252.54%	247.22%

Schedule of School System's Contributions - OPEB June 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Actuarial determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$ 14,099,000	\$ 14,401,000	\$ 22,393,000
determined contribution	5,811,441	8,300,000	6,630,000
Contribution deficiency	\$ 8,287,559	\$ 6,101,000	\$ 6,101,000
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 130,613,111	\$ 127,901,817	\$ 125,980,783
Contributions as a percentage of covered-payroll	4.45%	6.49%	5.26%

Schedule of Investment Returns – OPEB June 30, 2019

	2019	2018	2017
Annual money-weighted rate of		<u>.</u>	
return,			
net of investment expense	7.21%	7.43%	11.29%

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund June 30, 2019

				Variance With
	Rudgeted	d Amounts	Actual (Budgetary	Amended Budget Favorable
	Original	Amended	Basis)	(Unfavorable)
Revenues	O'I'giimi	1 IIII III III III	Dusisy	(Cinavorable)
Local	\$ 103,882,525	\$ 104,199,124	\$ 104,199,124	\$ -
State of Maryland	107,319,299	107,737,936	107,225,083	512,853
Federal government	20,249,741	20,906,275	14,492,943	6,413,332
Tuition	110,120	110,120	46,856	63,264
Investment income	235,000	235,000	599,936	(364,936)
Utilization of fund balance	,	,	,	())
Unassigned	326,366	6,371,295	6,371,295	_
Other	3,758,314	3,278,993	1,906,735	1,372,258
	235,881,365	242,838,743	234,841,972	7,996,771
		, ,	, ,	, ,
Expenditures				
Administration	3,825,503	3,955,857	3,541,735	414,122
Mid-level administration	17,190,707	17,128,192	16,800,026	328,166
Instructional salaries	85,657,210	86,010,614	82,978,990	3,031,624
Intructional textbooks and supplies	4,153,652	5,315,594	4,931,386	384,208
Other instructional costs	3,443,338	3,039,785	2,294,771	745,014
Special education	24,825,987	24,828,502	22,783,667	2,044,835
Student personnel services	1,423,379	1,460,639	1,311,276	149,363
Student health services	2,634,468	2,673,508	2,556,038	117,470
Student transportation services	17,750,531	17,842,159	17,184,868	657,291
Operation of plant	16,111,649	17,055,980	16,171,268	884,712
Maintenance of plant	4,154,443	4,155,640	4,069,716	85,924
Fixed charges	53,395,883	55,058,444	49,992,491	5,065,953
Community services	521,177	547,462	325,438	222,024
Capital outlays	793,438	3,766,367	3,756,597	9,770
	235,881,365	242,838,743	228,698,267	14,140,476
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	6,143,705	\$ (6,143,705)
Adjustments to conform with generally				
accepted accounting principles			(6,511,299)	
From 1 D 11				
Fund Balance			12 222 140	
Beginning			13,233,148	<u>-</u>
Ending			\$ 12,865,554	•

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

1. BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

The School System generally follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the required supplementary information:

Operating Budget (General Fund)

- 1. Subsequent to December 31, the School System submits a proposed operating budget to the St. Mary's County Commissioners for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and revenues.
- 2. The approved appropriation is generally returned to the School System by the County Commissioners on or before June 1.
- 3. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and the Enterprise Fund.
- 4. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP except for: (1) the inclusion of encumbrances and operating transfers as expenditures, (2) annual debt service requirements on financing agreements which are recognized as a current expense rather than as debt service expense in the General Fund, (3) financing agreement proceeds and corresponding acquisition costs which are not recognized as another financing source and current expense, (4) the inclusion of the previous years' unexpended budgetary appropriations as revenue, (5) retirement contributions made by the State on behalf of the School System are not recognized as revenue and current expense, and (6) value of donated capital assets are not recognized as revenue and current expense.
- 5. Reallocation of the appropriation between budget categories requires the approval of both the Board of Education and the Board of County Commissioners. Reallocations of appropriations of federal programs administered by the state must have state approval. The Superintendent has the authority to make necessary transfers of funds between and within object appropriations.

Budgetary comparisons presented in the required supplementary information are on a non-GAAP budgetary basis.

<u>Capital Budget</u>: School construction is budgeted on a project basis with funds primarily provided by the State of Maryland and St. Mary's County bonds. Revenues from the bond proceeds and grants are earned when all significant terms of the proceeds have been met. Such terms are generally met at the time of expenditure. Annual budgetary comparisons to actual expenditures are not presented in the required supplementary information for the Capital Projects Fund.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2019

2. RECONCILIATION OF BUDGETARY BASIS TO GAAP

Actual results of operations are presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule on the budget basis of accounting, in order to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with budget estimates. Under the budget basis, encumbrances are recorded as the equivalent of expenditures, as opposed to only an assignment of fund balance as on a GAAP basis. With respect to financing agreements, the School System recognizes the annual debt service requirements as a current expense for budget purposes.

Financing agreement proceeds and the corresponding acquisition expense are not recognized on the budget basis. Additionally, the previous year's unexpended budgetary appropriation is recognized as revenue on the budget basis. Also, retirement contributions made by the State on behalf of the School System are not recognized as revenue and current expense on the budget basis.

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations and fund balance for the General Fund for fiscal year 2019 from the budget basis to the GAAP basis, are as follows:

	Revenues		Expenditures and Encumbrances		Other Financing Sources (Uses)	Current Year Effect on Fund Balances	
General Fund - budgetary basis	\$	234,841,972	\$	228,698,267	\$ -	\$	6,143,705
Budget to GAAP reconciliation							
Current year encumbrances outstanding, 6/30/19		-		(177,919)	-		177,919
State retirement contribution		12,970,057		12,970,057	-		-
Fund balance usage		(6,371,295)		-	-		(6,371,295)
Other adjustments		3		317,926	-		(317,923)
		6,598,765		13,110,064	-		(6,511,299)
General Fund - GAAP basis	\$	241,440,737	\$	241,808,331	\$ -	\$	(367,594)



Combining Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – Unrestricted Funds and Restricted Funds June 30, 2019

-	Budgeted A Original	mounts	Actual	Variance With Amended				Variance With				Variance With
	Original	Amended	(Budgetary Basis)	Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budgeted Original	Amounts Amended	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)	Budgeted A	Amounts Amended	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Amended Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues		Amenacu	Dasisj	(Cinavorabic)	Original	Amenaea	Dasisj	(Cinavorabic)	Originar	Amenacu	Dasisj	(Cinavorabic)
	\$ 103,852,525 \$	104,017,525	\$ 104,017,525	s -	\$ 30,000	\$ 181,599	\$ 181,599	s -	\$ 103,882,525	\$ 104,199,124	104,199,124	s -
States of Maryland	106,348,590	106,348,590	105,984,960	363,630	970,709	1,389,346	1,240,123	(149,223)	107,319,299	107,737,936	107,225,083	512,853
Federal government	2,765,300	2,765,300	2,596,323	168,977	17,484,441	18,140,975	11,896,620	(6,244,355)	20,249,741	20,906,275	14,492,943	
Tuition	20,000	20,000	9,195	10,805	90,120	90,120	37,661	(52,459)	110,120	110,120	46,856	
Investment Income	235,000	235,000	599,936	(364,936)	,0,120	,0,120	-	(52,107)	235,000	235,000	599,936	
Utilization of fund balance	255,000	255,000	5,7,,50	(501,750)				_	255,000	255,000	5,,,,50	(50.,750)
Unassigned	200,000	6,244,929	6,244,929	_	126,366	126,366	126,366	_	326,366	6,371,295	6,371,295	_
Other	838,500	838,500	907,814	(69,314)	2,919,814	2,440,493	998,921	(1,441,572)	3,758,314	3,278,993	1,906,735	
_	214,259,915	220,469,844	220,360,682	109,162	21,621,450	22,368,899	14,481,290	(7,887,609)	235,881,365	242,838,743	234,841,972	
Expenditures				_								
Administration	3,357,329	3,487,329	3,278,420	208,909	468,174	468,528	263,315	205,213	3,825,503	3,955,857	3,541,735	414,122
Mid-level administration	16,304,178	16,304,178	16,267,214	36,964	886,529	824,014	532,812	291,202	17,190,707	17,128,192	16,800,026	,
Instructional Salaries	80,590,442	80,390,442	79,310,481	1,079,961	5,066,768	5,620,172	3,668,509	1,951,663	85,657,210	86,010,614	82,978,990	
Instructional textbooks and supplies	2,769,776	4,239,776	4,173,190	66,586	1,383,876	1,075,818	758,196	317,622	4,153,652	5,315,594	4,931,386	
Other instructional costs	1,535,572	1,585,572	1,368,029	217,543	1,907,766	1,454,213	926,742	527,471	3,443,338	3,039,785	2,294,771	745,014
Special education	19,390,370	19,390,370	19,329,458	60,912	5,435,617	5,438,132	3,454,209	1,983,923	24,825,987	24,828,502	2,294,771	2,044,835
Student personnel services	1,183,947	1,283,947	1,215,782	68,165	239,432	176,692	95,494	81,198	1,423,379	1,460,639	1,311,276	
Student health services Student health services	2,432,313	2,459,007	2,459,007	00,105	202,155	214,501	97,031	117,470	2,634,468	2,673,508	2,556,038	
Student transportation services	16,718,358	16,718,358	16,530,298	188,060	1,032,173	1,123,801	654,570	469,231	17,750,531	17,842,159	17,184,868	
Operation of plant	15,302,848	15,567,848	15,469,965	97,883	808,801	1,488,132	701,303	786,829	16,111,649	17,055,980	16,171,268	
Maintenance of plant	4,063,336	4,063,336	4,035,547	27,789	91,107	92,304	34,169	58,135	4,154,443	4,155,640	4,069,716	
Fixed charges	49,818,008	51,213,314	47,022,989	4,190,325	3,577,875	3,845,130	2,969,502	875.628	53,395,883	55,058,444	49,992,491	5,065,953
Community services	49,010,000	31,213,314	47,022,969	4,190,323	521,177	547,462	325,438	222,024	521,177	547,462	325,438	
Capital outlay	793,438	3,766,367	3,756,597	9,770	321,177	347,402	323,436	222,024	793,438	3,766,367	3,756,597	9,770
Сарпагоннау	214,259,915	220,469,844	214,216,977	6,252,867	21,621,450	22,368,899	14,481,290	7,887,609	235,881,365	242,838,743	228,698,267	14,140,476
_	,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,,,-	*,===,***		,,	- 1,102,-2	,,,,,,,,,		, -,		
Net change in fund balances	s - s	<u>-</u>	6,143,705	\$ (6,143,705)	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ (15,775,218)	\$ - 5	\$ -	6,143,705	\$ (6,143,705)
Adjustments to Conform With Generally												
Accepted Accounting Principles			(6,384,933)				(126,366)				(6,511,299)	,
Fund Balance												
Beginning			12,015,632				1,217,516				13,233,148	
Ending		_	\$ 11,774,404	=		·-	\$ 1,091,150	=		-	12,865,554	-

Note: The FY19 year-end budgetary balance of (\$6,143,705) included an accrual for an estimated healthcare account position (\$703,046) and RX rebate (\$3,504,374), netting these amounts the balance of the planned budget was (\$1,936,285).

Combining Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund – Unrestricted Funds June 30, 2019

	(ex		cted Fund School by categ	ory)			Unrestric			Т	Cotal Combined V	Unrestricted Fu	nd
	Budgeted	l Amounts	Actual (Budgetary	Variance With Amended Budget Favorable	Bı	ıdgeted	Amounts	Actual (Budgetary	Variance With Amended Budget Favorable	Budgetee	d Amounts	Actual (Budgetary	Variance With Amended Budget Favorable
	Original	Amended	Basis)	(Unfavorable)	Orig	inal	Amended	Basis)	(Unfavorable)	Original	Amended	Basis)	(Unfavorable)
Revenues													
Local	\$103,852,525	\$104,017,525			\$	-	•	\$ -	\$ -	\$103,852,525		\$104,017,525	
States of Maryland	106,348,590	106,348,590	105,984,960	363,630		-	-	-	-	106,348,590	106,348,590	105,984,960	363,630
Federal government	2,765,300	2,765,300	2,596,323	168,977		-	-	-	-	2,765,300	2,765,300	2,596,323	168,977
Tuition	20,000	20,000	9,195	10,805		-	-	-	-	20,000	20,000	9,195	10,805
Investment Income Utilization of fund balance	235,000	235,000	599,936	(364,936)		-	-	-	-	235,000	235,000	599,936	(364,936)
Unassigned	200,000	6,244,929	6,244,929	-		-	-	-	-	200,000	6,244,929	6,244,929	-
Other	838,500	838,500	907,814	(69,314)		-	-	-	-	838,500	838,500	907,814	(69,314)
	214,259,915	220,469,844	220,360,682	109,162		-	=	-		214,259,915	220,469,844	220,360,682	109,162
Expenditures													
Administration	3,357,329	3,487,329	3,278,420	208,909		-	_	-	-	3,357,329	3,487,329	3,278,420	208,909
Mid-level administration	15,805,806	15,805,806	15,773,736	32,070	49	98,372	498,372	493,478	4,894	16,304,178	16,304,178	16,267,214	36,964
Instructional Salaries	78,312,445	78,112,445	77,111,314	1,001,131	2,27	77,997	2,277,997	2,199,167	78,830	80,590,442	80,390,442	79,310,481	1,079,961
Instructional textbooks and supplies	2,735,876	4,205,876	4,149,230	56,646		33,900	33,900	23,960	9,940	2,769,776	4,239,776	4,173,190	66,586
Other instructional costs	1,518,572	1,568,572	1,351,096	217,476]	17,000	17,000	16,933	67	1,535,572	1,585,572	1,368,029	217,543
Special education	19,053,686	19,053,686	19,008,808	44,878		36,684	336,684	320,650		19,390,370	19,390,370	19,329,458	60,912
Student personnel services	1,180,947	1,280,947	1,215,210	65,737		3,000	3,000	572		1,183,947	1,283,947	1,215,782	68,165
Student health services	2,377,750	2,404,444	2,402,913	1,531	4	54,563	54,563	56,094		2,432,313	2,459,007	2,459,007	
Student transportation services	16,518,358	16,518,358	16,339,432	178,926		00,000	200,000	190,866		16,718,358	16,718,358	16,530,298	188,060
Operation of plant	14,675,876	14,940,876	14,848,654	92,222		26,972	626,972	621,311		15,302,848	15,567,848	15,469,965	97,883
Maintenance of plant	4,063,336	4,063,336	4,035,547	27,789		-	-	-	-	4,063,336	4,063,336	4,035,547	27,789
Fixed charges	48,917,812	50,313,118	46,156,487	4,156,631	90	00,196	900,196	866,502	33,694	49,818,008	51,213,314	47,022,989	4,190,325
Community services	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay	793,438	3,766,367	3,756,597	9,770		-	-	-	-	793,438	3,766,367	3,756,597	9,770
	209,311,231	215,521,160	209,427,444	6,093,716	4,94	18,684	4,948,684	4,789,533	159,151	214,259,915	220,469,844	214,216,977	6,252,867
Net change in fund balances	\$ 4,948,684	\$ 4,948,684	10,933,238	\$ (5,984,554)	\$ (4,94	18,684)	\$ (4,948,684)	(4,789,533)	\$ (159,151)	\$ -	\$ -	6,143,705	\$ (6,143,705)
Adjustments to Conform With Generally													
Accepted Accounting Principles			(6,384,933)					-				(6,384,933)	
Charter School funding			(4,948,684)					4,948,684				-	
Fund Balance													
Beginning			11,980,762	_				34,870	_			12,015,632	_
Ending			\$ 11,580,383	=				\$ 194,021	=			\$ 11,774,404	=

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Fund – Budget vs. Actual June 30, 2019

					Variance With Amended Budget
	I	Amended Budget		Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues		Duaget		rictuur	(cmavorable)
Food service sales	\$	3,070,100	\$	2,916,461	\$ (153,639)
Federal grants and commodities		4,205,000		4,208,579	3,579
State matching and other		228,000		244,126	16,126
Local contribution		_		-	-
Interest income		2,000		13,210	11,210
		7,505,100		7,382,376	(122,724)
Expenses					
Payroll costs		3,989,660		3,998,266	8,606
Professional and contract services		109,390		113,389	3,999
Supplies and materials		3,226,250		3,007,589	(218,661)
Depreciation		113,000		83,481	(29,519)
Other operating costs		66,800		77,171	10,371
		7,505,100		7,279,896	(225,204)
Change in net position	\$	-	=	102,480	\$ 102,480
Net Position					
Beginning				1,552,931	-
Ending			\$	1,655,411	•

Statement of Changes in Cash and Cash Equivalents – School Activity Funds June 30, 2019

	School Acitivi Accounts Balar July 1, 2018	ice	Additions	Deductions	School Acitivity Accounts Balance June 30, 2019
School - Checking	• /				,
Benjamin Banneker Elementary	\$ 38,	114 \$	99,426	\$ (96,257)	\$ 41,283
Capt. Walter Francis Duke Elementary	39,	386	106,142	(97,082)	
Chesapeake Public Charter School	39,	195	95,217	(86,021)	48,391
Dynard Elementary	24,4	456	46,270	(39,269)	31,457
Evergreen Elementary	24,	355	100,239	(97,126)	27,468
George Washington Carver Elementary	11,4	473	30,999	(37,664)	4,808
Green Holly School	10,3	385	46,312	(51,886)	4,811
Greenview Knolls Elementary	3,	768	41,158	(38,039)	6,887
Hollywood Elementary	10,3	359	52,568	(51,185)	11,742
Leonardtown Elementary	10,0	033	98,676	(100,435)	8,274
Lettie Marshall Dent Elementary	22,4	460	92,991	(83,615)	31,836
Lexington Park Elementary	7,0	523	38,062	(29,482)	16,203
Mechanicsville Elementary	21,	711	39,584	(43,608)	17,687
Oakville Elementary	10,2	228	38,642	(38,397)	10,473
Park Hall Elementary	4,9	913	35,509	(35,365)	5,057
Piney Point Elementary	29,:	570	66,969	(62,408)	34,131
Ridge Elementary	13,0	001	36,221	(35,750)	13,472
Town Creek Elementary	18,9	929	21,147	(18,122)	21,954
White Marsh Elementary	32,	105	51,471	(46,561)	37,015
Esperanza Middle	56,9	983	95,610	(87,761)	64,832
Leonardtown Middle	57,	593	111,152	(80,918)	87,827
Margaret Brent Middle	28,	119	111,900	(116,042)	23,977
Spring Ridge Middle	61,	542	205,729	(213,787)	53,584
Chopticon High	237,2	206	644,567	(674,058)	207,715
Great Mills High	128,0	040	480,283	(486,564)	121,759
Leonardtown High	157,	172	583,566	(582,795)	157,943
Dr. J. A. Forrest Career & Tech Ctr	35,9	909	246,383	(231,540)	50,752
Fairlead Academy	6,0	509	28,201	(26,637)	8,173
Fairlead Academy II	2,	132	4,879	(4,968)	2,043
Pupil Services Shoe Fund	7,0	091	8,625	(2,772)	12,944
DCI PD		753	1,499	-	2,252
	1,151,	313	3,659,997	(3,596,114)	1,215,196

Statement of Changes in Cash and Cash Equivalents – School Activity Funds (continued) **June 30, 2019**

		ol Acitivity ints Balance					4	School Acitivity Accounts Balance
	Jul	July 1, 2018 Additions				ductions		June 30, 2019
School - Savings								_
Benjamin Banneker Elem	\$	2,737	\$	7	\$	-	\$	2,744
Carver Elem		300		1		-		301
Chopticon High		99,427		1,376		-		100,803
Forrest Career & Tech Center		70,460		1,198		(1,596)		70,062
		172,924		2,582		(1,596)		173,910

		ool Acitivity unts Balance					School Acitivity Accounts Balance
	Ju	ly 1, 2018	1	Additions	De	eductions	June 30, 2019
School - MLGIP (Maryland Local							
Government Investment Pool)							
Dynard Elem	\$	5,210	\$	116	\$	-	\$ 5,326
Green Holly School		8,524		1,690		-	10,214
Greenview Knolls Elem		13,484		300		-	13,784
Hollywood Elem		10,765		240		-	11,005
Leonardtown Elem		5,419		121		-	5,540
Oakville Elem		1,286		29		-	1,315
Park Hall Elem		5,308		99		(1,000)	4,407
Piney Point Elem		8,452		188		-	8,640
Esperanza Middle		6,360		142		-	6,502
Leonardtown Middle		15,710		350		-	16,060
Margaret Brent Middle		42,423		945		-	43,368
Spring Ridge Middle		9,598		207		(398)	9,407
Great Mills High		174,474		3,888		-	178,362
Leonardtown High		149,272		3,326		-	152,598
Forrest Career & Tech Center		37,886		845		-	38,731
		494,171		12,486		(1,398)	505,259
Total	\$	1,818,408	\$	3,675,065	\$ ((3,599,108)	\$ 1,894,365



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANARDS

Members of the Board of Education St. Mary's County Public Schools Leonardtown, Maryland

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of St. Mary's County Public Schools (the School System), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School System's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 26, 2019.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School System's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School System's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School System's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School System's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School System's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School System's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

S& + Company, If C

Owings Mills, Maryland September 26, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board of Education St. Mary's County Public Schools Leonardtown, Maryland

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited St. Mary's County Public Schools' (the School System) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect School System's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019. The School System's major Federal programs are identified in the summary of the auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its Federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School System's major Federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School System's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School System's compliance.



Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the School System complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the School System is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School System's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School System's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Owings Mills, Maryland September 26, 2019 S& + Company, If C

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2019

	CFDA		Project			Accrued/	Cash received	FY '19 Revenue Recognized &	Refunded to MSDE/ (Write	Accrued/
Grant Name	Number	Grant Number	Period	Grant Award	(D	Deferred) 6/30/18	FY 2019	Expenditures	Off)	(Deferred) 6/30/19
U.S. Department of Agriculture:						· ·		•	·	<u> </u>
Passed through the										
Maryland State Dept. of Education:										
Maryland State Dept. of Education.										
Professional Standards for School Nutrition Employees	10.547	171550	5/1/2017 - 1/31/2018	\$ 7,241	\$	- \$	- 5	s -	\$ -	\$ -
USDA Commodities	10.555		7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	455,000)	-	454,214	454,214	-	-
Summer Food Program	10.559		7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	45,788	3	4,083	4,083	-	-	-
Summer Food Program	10.559		7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	50,000)	-	34,618	37,422	-	2,805
Breakfast	10.553		7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	1,153,312		64,227	64,227	-	-	-
Breakfast	10.553		7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	1,100,000)	-	1,094,602	1,153,796	-	59,194
Lunch (Sec 4 & 11)	10.555		7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	2,509,124	ļ	134,424	134,424	-	-	-
Lunch (Sec 4 & 11)	10.555		7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	2,500,000		-	2,404,498	2,530,135	-	125,637
Federal Snack Program	10.555		7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	6,536		123	123	-	-	-
Federal Snack Program	10.555		7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	 25,000		-	3,188	3,188	-	<u> </u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				 7,852,001		202,857	4,193,977	4,178,755	-	187,636
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558		7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	92,885		1,586	1,586			
Child and Adult Care Food Program Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558		7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	75,000		1,560	29,608	29,824	-	216
Total Program	10.556		//1/2018 - 0/30/2019	 167,885		1,586	31,194	29,824		216
Total Frogram				 107,883		1,560	31,194	29,024		210
Total Department of Agriculture				8,019,886	<u> </u>	204,443	4,225,170	4,208,579	-	187,852
U.S. Department of Defense:										
D'act Paragraph										
Direct Program:										
ROTC Navy	12.000		7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	75,000)	20,978	20,978	-	-	-
ROTC Navy	12.000		7/2/2018 - 6/30/2019	120,000		· -	69,597	95,912	-	26,315
ROTC Air Force	12.000		7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	55,000)	(768)	-	768	-	· -
ROTC Air Force	12.000		7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	55,300)	-	57,234	57,234	-	-
Total Program				305,300)	20,210	147,809	153,914	-	26,315
						_	·	_		
Public Law 102-484	12.000		7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	430,000		405,737	405,737	-	-	-
Public Law 102-484	12.000		7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	 430,000		-	-	516,603	-	516,603
Total Program				 860,000)	405,737	405,737	516,603	-	516,603
Total U.S. Department of Defense				1,165,300	0	425,947	553,546	670,517		542,918
								·		

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) June 30, 2019

Grant Name	CFDA Number	Grant Number	Project Period	Grant Award	Accrued/ (Deferred) 6/30/18	Cash received FY 2019	FY '19 Revenue Recognized & Expenditures	Refunded to MSDE/ (Write Off)	Accrued/ (Deferred) 6/30/19
U.S. Department of Education:	rumoer	Grant Transcer	Teriou	Giant Hwara	(Beleffed) 6/36/16	11 2017	Expenditures	OH)	(Belefica) 0/30/19
C.S. Department of Education.									
Direct Program:									
School Emergency Response to Violence (SERV)	84.184S	S184S180010	6/11/2018 - 12/10/2019	189,202	-	140,646	145,555	-	4,909
Passed through the Maryland State Dept. of Education:									
E.C.I.A. Title I	84.010	170927.01	7/1/2016 - 6/30/2018	2,970,717	199,230	199,230	-	-	-
E.C.I.A. Title I	84.010	180658.01	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2019	3,028,121	659,164	1,220,039	588,853	-	27,978
E.C.I.A. Title I	84.010	181308.01	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2018	120,000	40,457	41,164	707	-	-
E.C.I.A. Title I	84.010	190629.01	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2020 _	3,025,186	-	2,116,876	2,643,522	-	526,645
Total Program			_	9,144,024	898,851	3,577,309	3,233,082	-	554,623
SPED Pass Thru	84.027	170286.01	7/1/2016 - 9/30/2018	3,364,046	_	-	_	_	_
SPED Pass Thru	84.027	180525.01	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2019	3,428,936	885,199	1,264,460	403,526	_	24,265
SPED Pass Thru	84.027	180957.01	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2018	13,631	13,631	13,631	-	-	-
SPED Pass Thru	84.027	190306.01	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2020	3,480,564	-	2,486,398	3,314,357	-	827,959
SPED Pass Thru Parent Placed	84.027	170286.02	7/1/2016 - 9/30/2018	52,769	-	-	-	-	-
SPED Pass Thru Parent Placed	84.027	180525.02	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2019	44,945	-	10,610	11,703	-	1,093
SPED Pass Thru Parent Placed	84.027	180957.02	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2018	214	182	182	-	-	-
SPED Pass Thru Parent Placed	84.027	190306.02	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2020	69,386	-	-	44	-	44
Local Flexibility Reading	84.027	180525.04	7/1/2017 - 10/31/2018	59,978	(3,800)	12,641	16,441	-	-
Local Flexibility Family Partnerships	84.027	180525.06	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2018	16,000	1,221	1,557	336	-	-
Local Flexibility Secondary Transition	84.027	180525.07	7/1/2017 - 10/31/2018	35,365	8,818	24,167	15,349	-	270
Family Support System	84.027	190306.04	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2019	16,000	-	14,348 2,351	14,726 2,351	-	378
SPED SEAC SPED SEAC	84.027 84.027	180525.03 190306.03	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2018 7/1/2018 - 9/30/2019	2,500 2,500	-	2,331 1,387	1,743	-	356
NASDE	84.027	180525.05	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2019	500	116	334	219	-	330
Infants & Toddlers Program	84.027	170122.01	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2018	55,202	4,760	4,760	217	_	_
Infants & Toddlers Program	84.027	180197.01	7/1/2017 - 6/30/2019	58,897	36,174	36,174	10,043	_	10,043
Infants & Toddlers Program	84.027	190111.01	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2019	59,110	-	59,110	59,110	_	
SSCD-PLO	84.027	181672.01	6/1/2018 - 5/31/2019	1,500	_	816	816	-	-
Early Childhood Implementation	84.027	181315.01	12/1/2017 - 9/30/2019	60,000	-	20,706	20,706	-	-
LIR: Access, Equity and Progress	84.027	181641.01	4/1/2018 - 9/30/2019	41,624	-	2,361	27,394	-	25,033
LIR: Access, Equity and Progress	84.027	190306.07	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2020	63,649	-	24,725	78	-	(24,646)
LIR: Early Childhood	84.027	190306.05	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2020	68,057	-	15,502	7,662	-	(7,840)
LIR: Secondary Transition	84.027	190306.06	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2020	75,965	-	11,470	14,436	-	2,967
Discretionary: Secondary Transition	84.027	181474.01	2/1/2018 - 9/30/2019	18,586	1,087	17,933	16,846	-	-
Professional Development for Students with Dyslexia	84.027A	181598.01	6/1/2018 - 9/30/2019	58,170	-	29,897	39,820	-	9,923
IDEA Pre-school	84.173	170285.01	7/1/2016 - 9/30/2018	109,734	24.106	25.000	- 010	-	-
IDEA Pre-school	84.173	180475.01	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2019	109,211	34,106	35,009	919	-	16
IDEA Pre-school IDEA Pre-school Parent Placed	84.173 84.173	190270.01 180475.02	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2020 7/1/2017 - 9/30/2019	111,715 523	-	93,161	111,715 523	-	18,554 523
IDEA Pre-school Parent Placed	84.173	190270.02	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2019	1,101	-	-	323	-	323
Infants & Toddlers Program	84.173	170214.01	7/1/2016 - 6/30/2018	7,000	1.029	1,029		_	_
Infants & Toddlers Program Infants & Toddlers Program	84.173	180167.01	7/1/2010 - 6/30/2019	7,000	(1,054)	1,166	7,000	-	4,780
Infants & Toddlers Program	84.173	180167.02	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2019	4,799	2,481	2,481	-,000	_	
Infants & Toddlers Program	84.173	190152.01	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2019	7,000		3,368	57	-	(3,311)
Infants & Toddlers Program	84.173	190152.02	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2019	4,816	-	2,831	2,848	-	17
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			_	11,510,993	983,950	4,194,565	4,100,768	-	890,154
- , ,			72						

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) June 30, 2019

Grant Name	CFDA Number	Grant Number	Project Period	Grant Award	Accrued/ (Deferred) 6/30/18	Cash received FY 2019	FY '19 Revenue Recognized & Expenditures	Refunded to MSDE/ (Write Off)	Accrued/ (Deferred) 6/30/19
Direct Program:									
Impact Aid	84.041		7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	2,000,000	154,485	154,485	-	_	_
Impact Aid	84.041		7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	2,160,000	-	1,925,806	1,925,806	-	_
Total Program			- -	4,160,000	154,485	2,080,291	1,925,806	-	
Passed through the Maryland State Dept. of Education:									
Perkins (Program Improvement)	84.048	180624.01	7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	164,105	6,792	6,792	-	_	_
Perkins (Program Improvement)	84.048	190674.01	7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	174,151	-	136,820	173,746	-	36,926
CTE Reserve Fund	84.048	180866.01	7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	41,565	5,252	5,252	-	-	-
CTE Reserve Fund (Perkins \$)	84.048	190794.01	7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	12,980	-	11,524	11,626	-	102
CTE Reserve Fund (Non-Trad\$)	84.048	190796.01	7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	7,485	-	7,129	7,466	-	337
Total Program			-	400,286	12,044	167,517	192,838	-	37,365
Vocational Rehabilitation	84.126	181664.01	5/21/2018 - 8/31/2018	15,127	882	8,258	7,376	_	-
Vocational Rehabilitation	84.126	191647.01	5/20/2019 - 8/31/2019	18,294	_	´ -	74	_	74
Total Program			-	33,421	882	8,258	7,450	-	74
Infants & Toddlers Program	84.181	154242.01	7/1/2014 - 6/30/2016	98,836	(718)	_	_	718	-
Infants & Toddlers Program	84.181	170252.02	7/1/2016 - 6/30/2018	122,404	16,484	16,484	-	_	-
Infants & Toddlers Program	84.181	180191.01	7/1/2017 - 6/30/2019	130,597	16,912	60,706	65,054	-	21,260
Infants & Toddlers Program	84.181	190165.01	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2019	133,241	-	28,124	38,916	-	10,792
Total Program			- -	485,078	32,678	105,314	103,970	718	32,052
Charter Schools Program	84.282A	191272.01	7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	300	-	206	206	-	
Homeless Education	84.196a	181345.01	7/1/2017 - 12/31/2018	61,750	23,323	51,107	27,784	-	-
Homeless Education	84.196a	191142.01	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2019	61,884	-	13,117	34,542	-	21,425
Total Program			-	123,634	23,323	64,224	62,326	-	21,425
21st Century Learning Centers	84.287	181136.01	9/1/2017 - 8/31/2018	162,364	14,231	57,674	39,955	3,488	_
21st Century Learning Centers	84.287	181333.01	10/1/2017 - 8/31/2018	16,236	329	1,210	882	-,.00	_
21st Century Learning Centers	84.287	181135.01	9/1/2017 - 8/31/2018	363,127	69,816	74,110	4,293	_	_
21st Century Learning Centers	84.287C	191661.01	5/1/2019 - 8/31/2019	116,549		-	7,632	-	7,632
21st Century Learning Centers	84.287C	191660.01	5/1/2019 - 8/31/2019	100,350	-	_	22,554	-	22,554
Total Program				758,626	84,376	132,994	75,316	3,488	30,186

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) June 30, 2019

	CFDA				Accrued/	Cash received	FY '19 Revenue Recognized &	Refunded to MSDE/ (Write	Accrued/
Grant Name	Number	Grant Number	Project Period	Grant Award	(Deferred) 6/30/18	FY 2019	Expenditures	Off)	(Deferred) 6/30/19
Title III	84.365A	170667.01	7/1/2016 - 9/30/2018	33,848	462	5,674	5,212	-	-
Title III	84.365A	180411.01	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2019	34,290	461	9,860	10,477	-	1,078
Title III	84.365A	190373.01	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2020	30,866	-	12,003	11,634	-	(369)
Title III (Immigrant)	84.365A	170667.02	7/1/2016 - 9/30/2018	5,372	88	444	356	-	-
Title III (Immigrant)	84.365A	180411.02	7/1/2017 - 9/30/2019	5,064	39	441	408	-	6
Total Program			=	109,440	1,050	28,422	28,087	-	715
Title II Part A	84.367	171219.01	7/1/2016 - 6/30/2018	591,355	103,796	103.796	_	_	_
Title II Part A	84.367	181249.01	7/1/2017 - 6/30/2019	536,319	(3,393)	216,643	220,036	_	_
Title II Part A	84.367	191367.01	7/1/2018 - 6/30/2020	504,221	(3,373)	135,557	259,047	_	123,490
Title II Part A	84.367	181816.01	5/1/2018 - 10/31/2018	4,949	_	2,700	2,700		125,470
Title II Part A	84.367	190762.01	7/1/2018 - 9/30/2018	22,875	_	21,946	21,946	_	
Title II Part A	84.367	190393.01	7/23/2018 - 6/30/2019	600		600	600		
Total Program	04.507	170373.01	1/25/2010 - 0/50/2017	1,660,319	100,403	481,242	504,329	-	123,490
Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy	84.371C	181751.01	10/1/2017 - 8/30/2019	600,000	-	252,359	375,879	-	123,520
Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy	84.371C	191090.01	10/1/2018 - 6/30/2020	472,000	-	-	-	-	-
Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy	84.371C	191428.01	9/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	592	-	577	577	-	-
Striving Readers Comprehensive Literacy	84.371C	191039.01	9/1/2018 - 10/31/2018	1,875	-	1,875	1,875	-	122.520
Total Program			-	1,074,467	-	254,811	378,331	-	123,520
SLDS	84.372	180398.01	7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	14,043	5,783	5,783	-	-	-
SLDS	84.372A	180843.01	7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	5,025	3,150	3,150	-	-	-
SLDS	84.372A	190764.01	7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	6,390	-	4,210	5,180	-	970
Total Program			=	25,458	8,933	13,143	5,180	-	970
Judy Center Continuation	84.419B	180607.02	7/1/2017 - 8/31/2018	165,000	30,692	70,509	39,817	-	_
Preschool Development	84.419	180588.01	7/1/2017 - 6/30/2018	249,696	106,995	106,995		_	-
Total Program			-	414,696	137,687	177,504	39,817	-	
Title IV, Part A	84.424A	181088.01	7/1/2017 - 6/30/2019	79,151	3,316	30,082	43,277	_	16,511
Title IV, Part A	84.424A	191299.01	7/1/2017 - 6/30/2019	219,162	3,310	40,680	51,000	-	10,320
Total Program	04.424A	191299.01	//1/2018 - 0/30/2020 _	298,313	3,316	70,762	94,277		
Total Hogiam			-	270,313	3,310	70,702	74,277		20,031
Total U.S. Department of Education:			-	30,388,257	2,441,978	11,497,208	10,897,338	4,206	1,846,314
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:									
Passed through the Maryland State Dept. of Education:									
Child Care Development Discretionary Block Grant	93.575	190838.01	7/1/2018 - 7/31/2019	330,000	-	222,793	255,534	-	32,741
Direct Program									
Office of Head Start	02.600	02611010070 01	4/1/2010 2/21/2024	2 420 510			(20.110		(00.110
Office of Head Start	93.600	03CH010878-01	4/1/2019 - 3/31/2024	2,420,710	410.929	2.052.017	620,118	-	620,118
Office of Head Start	93.600	03CH3375/06	7/1/2013 - 6/30/2019	2,312,241	410,828	2,053,017	1,642,189		(20.110
Total Program			=	4,732,951	410,828	2,053,017	2,262,307	-	620,118

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (continued) June 30, 2019

Grant Name	CFDA Number	Grant Number	Project Period	Grant Award	Accrued/ (Deferred) 6/30/18	Cash received FY 2019	FY '19 Revenue Recognized & Expenditures	Refunded to MSDE/ (Write Off)	Accrued/ (Deferred) 6/30/19
Passed through the	1,41110-01	Grant I tamour	110,000101104	Grant Tivara	(Belefica) 6/36/10	11201)	Emperiances	011)	(Belefied) 0/30/13
St. Mary's County Health Department:									
School and Child Care Center Wellness Activity	93.758	FHF09PHS	7/1/2016 6/30/2017	15,000	(16)	-	-	16	-
School and Child Care Center Wellness Activity	93.758	FHF09PHS	7/1/2017 6/30/2018	14,500	(592)	-	-	592	-
Total Program				29,500	(608)	-	-	608	<u> </u>
Passed through the Maryland State Dept. of Education:									
Medical Assistance	93.778	N/A	7/1/2018 - 6/30/2019	1,870,065	(2,054,759)	1,107,946	407,248	-	(2,755,457)
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Service	es			6,962,516	(1,644,539)	3,383,756	2,925,089	608	(2,102,598)
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$ 46,535,959	\$ 1,427,829 \$	19,659,680 \$	18,701,523	\$ 4,814	\$ 474,486

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2019

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

All Federal grant operations of the Saint Mary's County Public Schools (the School System) are included in the scope of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the Single Audit) for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Single Audit was performed in accordance with the provisions of the U.S. Office of Budget and Management (OMB) Compliance Supplement (the Compliance Supplement). Compliance testing of all requirements, as described in the Compliance Supplement, was performed for the major grant programs noted below. The programs on the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards represent all Federal award programs for fiscal year 2019 cash or non-cash expenditure activities to ensure coverage of at least 20% of federally granted funds. Our actual coverage was 28%.

Expenditures reported on the schedule of expenditures of Federal awards (the Schedule) are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The School System did not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance. The School System was required to use an indirect allocation rate of 1.56% for the year ended June 30, 2019 which was approved by the Maryland State Department of Education.

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Program Expenditures		
U.S. Department of Education			
Pass through from Maryland Department of Education			
Title I	84.010	\$ 3,233,082	
Direct			
Impact Aid	84.041	1,925,806	
Total		\$ 5,158,888	

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of Federal awards is presented on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America.

3. PROGRAM EXCLUSIONS

Medical assistance received under CFDA No. 93.778 has been included in the Schedule but is not subject to single audit testing as funding is received under a vendor-type relationship, thus is excluded from major program determination.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2019

Section I – Summary of Independent Public Account's Results

Financial Statements

Type of Independent Public Accountants'	
report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness identified?	No
Significant deficiency identified that is not	
considered to be a material weakness?	None reported
Noncompliance material to the financial	
statements noted?	No
Federal Awards	
Type of Independent Public Accountants' report issued	
on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness identified?	No
Significant deficiency identified that is not	
considered to be a material weakness?	None reported
Audit findings disclosed that are required to	
be reported in accordance with section	
200.516(a) of the Uniform Guidance?	No

Identification of Major Programs:

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/	Federal Program		
Program Title	CFDA Number	<u>Expenditures</u>	
U.S. Department of Education			
Pass through from Maryland Department of Education			
Title I	84.010	\$ 3,233,082	
Direct			
Impact Aid	84.041	1,925,806	
Total		\$ 5,158,888	
Threshold for distinguishing between Type A and B programs		\$ 750,000	
Did the School System qualify as a low risk auditee?		Yes	

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2019

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings

None

Schedule of Prior Year Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2019

No findings were reported during the prior year.