ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2022

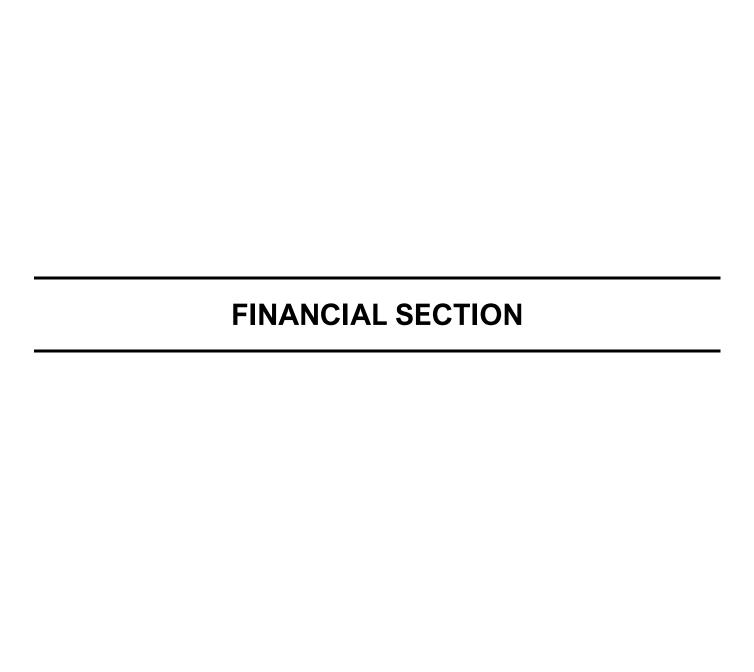
FINANCIAL SECTION

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds – Balance Sheet	
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	
Governmental Funds – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	
Proprietary Funds – Statement of Net Position	
Proprietary Funds – Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position	
Proprietary Funds – Statement of Cash Flows	
Notes to Financial Statements	21
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
General Fund – Budgetary Comparison Schedule	53
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalPERS	
Schedule of District Contributions - CalSTRS	
Schedule of District Contributions - CalPERS	
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	
Troible to Troquired Euppionicitiary Information	
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	61
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	62
Schedule of Instructional Time	63
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements	65
Combining Statements – Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	
Local Education Agency Organization Structure	
Notes to Supplementary Information	69

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2022

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	
Report on Compliance For Each Major Federal Program; and Report on Internal Control Over	· / U
Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	72
Report on State Compliance	
COLLEGE FOR EINDINGS AND OUTSTIONED COSTS	
Summary of Auditors' Results	70
Summary of Auditors' Results	79 80
Summary of Auditors' ResultsFinancial Statement Findings	80
Summary of Auditors' Results	80 81
Summary of Auditors' ResultsFinancial Statement Findings	80 81 82



REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Encinitas Union School District Encinitas, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Encinitas Union School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Encinitas Union School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Encinitas Union School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Encinitas Union School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Encinitas Union School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the Encinitas Union School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
 estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Encinitas Union School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of district contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Encinitas Union School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2022 on our consideration of the Encinitas Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Encinitas Union School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Encinitas Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California October 28, 2022

husty White, Inc.

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

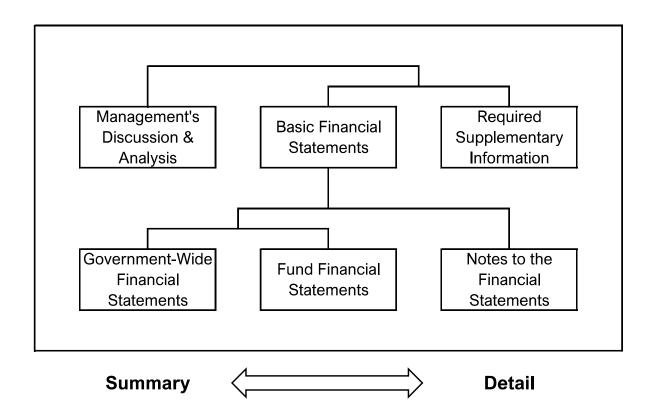
Our discussion and analysis of Encinitas Union School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position was \$4,133,027 at June 30, 2022. This was an increase of \$1,844,914 from the prior year, after restatement.
- Overall revenues were \$77,734,100 which exceeded expenses of \$75,891,893.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financial Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financial Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - ▶ Governmental Funds provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
 - **Proprietary Funds** report services for which the District charges customers a fee. Like the government-wide statements, they provide both long- and short-term financial information.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$4,133,027 at June 30, 2022, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(81,508,948) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Go	vern	mental Activit	ies		Business-Type Activities						
	2022		2021		Net Change	20	22		2021	N	let Change	
ASSETS												
Current and other assets	\$ 74,036,071	\$	74,830,216	\$	(794,145)	\$	-	\$	68,370	\$	(68,370)	
Capital assets	86,805,344		92,000,001		(5,194,657)		-		-		-	
Total Assets	160,841,415		166,830,217		(5,988,802)		-		68,370		(68,370)	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 17,109,667		20,627,723		(3,518,056)		_		411,868		(411,868)	
LIABILITIES												
Current liabilities	9,734,990		5,187,228		4,547,762		-		65,663		(65,663)	
Long-term liabilities	133,391,727		173,348,899		(39,957,172)		-		2,203,063		(2,203,063)	
Total Liabilities	143,126,717		178,536,127		(35,409,410)		-		2,268,726		(2,268,726)	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	 30,691,338		3,877,099		26,814,239		_		29,105		(29,105)	
NET POSITION												
Net investment in capital assets	50,539,796		61,344,059		(10,804,263)		-		-		-	
Restricted	35,102,179		38,622,932		(3,520,753)		-		-		-	
Unrestricted	 (81,508,948)		(94,922,277)		13,413,329		-		(1,817,593)		1,817,593	
Total Net Position	\$ 4,133,027	\$	5,044,714	\$	(911,687)	\$	-	\$	(1,817,593)	\$	1,817,593	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, and transfers for the year.

	Go	vern	mental Activit	ies		Business-Type Activities						
	2022		2021	-	Net Change	20	22		2021	1	Net Change	
REVENUES												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$ 791,852	\$	336,245	\$	455,607	\$	-	\$	445,729	\$	(445,729)	
Operating grants and contributions	11,296,488		17,798,491		(6,502,003)		-		13,421		(13,421)	
General revenues												
Property taxes	60,765,885		58,154,060		2,611,825		-		-		-	
Unrestricted federal and state aid	3,490,218		3,893,361		(403,143)		-		-		-	
Other	 1,389,657		1,472,923		(83,266)		-		815,441		(815,441)	
Total Revenues	77,734,100		81,655,080		(3,920,980)		-		1,274,591		(1,274,591)	
EXPENSES												
Instruction	41,590,361		51,578,061		(9,987,700)		-		-		-	
Instruction-related services	5,588,345		6,519,426		(931,081)		-		-		-	
Pupil services	6,923,398		6,496,229		427,169		-		-		-	
General administration	4,044,191		4,125,415		(81,224)		-		-		-	
Plant services	7,183,774		6,345,412		838,362		-		-		-	
Ancillary and community services	396,691		318,966		77,725		-		-		-	
Debt service	3,776,021		4,040,266		(264,245)		-		-		-	
Other outgo	143,331		63,139		80,192		-		-		-	
Depreciation	6,245,781		6,663,954		(418,173)		-		-		-	
Enterprise activities	 -		56,739		(56,739)		-		1,760,380		(1,760,380)	
Total Expenses	75,891,893		86,207,607		(10,315,714)		-		1,760,380		(1,760,380)	
Transfers & special items	2,707		-		2,707		(2,707)		-		(2,707)	
Change in net position	 1,844,914		(4,552,527)		6,397,441		(2,707)		(485,789)		483,082	
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated*	 2,288,113		9,597,241		(7,309,128)		2,707		(1,331,804)		1,334,511	
Net Position - Ending	\$ 4,133,027	\$	5,044,714	\$	(911,687)	\$	-	\$	(1,817,593)	\$	1,817,593	

^{*}Beginning net position for governmental activities and business-type activities was restated for the 2022 year only. More detail information about the restatements is outlined in Note 15 of the Notes to Financial Statements section.

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$75,891,893 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was \$60,765,885 while the remaining portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost o	f Serv	/ices
	2022		2021
Instruction	\$ 34,388,036	\$	37,838,904
Instruction-related services	5,322,240		5,977,135
Pupil services	3,546,360		4,181,086
General administration	3,717,173		3,899,879
Plant services	7,030,449		5,295,276
Ancillary and community services	(272,161)		112,923
Debt service	3,776,021		4,040,266
Transfers to other agencies	49,654		23,201
Depreciation	6,245,781		6,663,954
Enterprise activities	<u>-</u> _		40,247
Total Expenses	\$ 63,803,553	\$	68,072,871

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$64,264,953 which is more than this year's restated beginning fund balance of \$63,644,139. The District's General Fund had \$1,386,778 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects Fund had \$749,725 less in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund had \$114,316 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2021-2022

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a regular basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2021-2022 the District had invested \$86,805,344 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	 Go	vern	mental Activiti	ies	
	2022		2021		Net Change
CAPITAL ASSETS					
Land	\$ 20,468,378	\$	20,468,378	\$	-
Construction in progress	388,131		1,639,689		(1,251,558)
Land improvements	2,882,364		2,882,364		-
Buildings & improvements	140,142,680		137,997,061		2,145,619
Furniture & equipment	17,061,313		16,904,250		157,063
Accumulated depreciation	 (94,137,522)		(87,891,741)		(6,245,781)
Total Capital Assets	\$ 86,805,344	\$	92,000,001	\$	(5,194,657)

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$133,391,727 in long-term liabilities, a decrease of 21.80% from this year's restated beginning balance – as shown in the table below. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the Notes to Financial Statements section.

	Go	vern	mental Activiti	ies	
	2022		2021		Net Change
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES					
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 89,670,954	\$	91,183,551	\$	(1,512,597)
Compensated absences	466,327		451,277		15,050
Total OPEB liability	9,168,266		9,848,835		(680,569)
Net pension liability	38,866,047		73,655,864		(34,789,817)
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities	 (4,779,867)		(4,560,000)		(219,867)
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$ 133,391,727	\$	170,579,527	\$	(37,187,800)
Total general obligation bonds Compensated absences Total OPEB liability Net pension liability Less: current portion of long-term liabilities	 466,327 9,168,266 38,866,047 (4,779,867)	•	451,277 9,848,835 73,655,864 (4,560,000)	·	15,05 (680,56 (34,789,81 (219,86

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

In its September 2022 quarterly report, the UCLA Anderson Forecast stated the U.S. economy was likely to muddle along with below-trend growth and continued high inflation over the next twelve months. No recession is forecast at this time; however, the possibility still exists that persistent inflation and aggressive interest rate policy will lead to a hard landing of the economy, potentially triggering a recession. In California, defense spending and technology demands will likely keep the economy growing.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. The May 2022 Budget Revision includes total funding of \$128.3 billion (\$78.4 billion General Fund and \$49.9 billion other funds) for all K-12 education programs, additionally, the revised spending plan further accelerates the implementation of the "California for All Kids" plan, which is a whole-child support framework designed to target inequities in educational outcomes among students from different demographic backgrounds and empower parents and families with more options and services. The Proposition 98 Guarantee continues to be in Test 1 for 2021-22 and 2022-23. To accommodate enrollment increases related to the expansion of transitional kindergarten, the Governor's Budget proposed re-benching the Test 1 percentage to increase the percentage of General Fund revenues due to the Guarantee, from 38.03 percent to approximately 38.4 percent. The May Revision updates the increased Test 1 percentage from approximately 38.4 percent to approximately 38.3 percent. At May Revision, the 2022-23 cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is updated to 6.56 percent, the largest COLA in the history of LCFF.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. The CalSTRS projected employer contribution rate for 2022-23 is 19.10 percent. The CalPERS projected employer contribution rate for 2022-23 is 25.37 percent. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the business office at Encinitas Union School District, 101 South Rancho Santa Fe Road, Encinitas, California, 92024.

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 69,761,470	\$ - \$	69,761,470
Accounts receivable	4,079,793	=	4,079,793
Inventory	194,808	-	194,808
Capital assets, not depreciated	20,856,509	-	20,856,509
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	65,948,835	-	65,948,835
Total Assets	160,841,415	-	160,841,415
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows related to pensions	15,965,053	-	15,965,053
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,144,614	-	1,144,614
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	17,109,667	-	17,109,667
LIABILITIES			
Accrued liabilities	2,897,534	-	2,897,534
Unearned revenue	2,057,589	-	2,057,589
Long-term liabilities, current portion	4,779,867	-	4,779,867
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	133,391,727	-	133,391,727
Total Liabilities	143,126,717	-	143,126,717
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to pensions	28,650,024	-	28,650,024
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	2,041,314	-	2,041,314
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	30,691,338	-	30,691,338
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	50,539,796	-	50,539,796
Restricted:			
Capital projects	1,823,268	-	1,823,268
Debt service	28,134,734	-	28,134,734
Educational programs	4,316,292	-	4,316,292
Food service	827,885	-	827,885
Unrestricted	(81,508,948)	-	(81,508,948)
Total Net Position	\$ 4,133,027	\$ - \$	4,133,027

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net (Expenses)
Revenues and
Changes in

				Program	Reve	nues	Changes in Net Position							
Function/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		(Operating Grants and ontributions	Governmental Activities			iness-Type ctivities	Total			
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES														
Instruction	\$	41,590,361	\$	54,739	\$	7,147,586	\$	(34,388,036)						
Instruction-related services														
Instructional supervision and administration		1,783,758		5		100,570		(1,683,183)						
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,379,012		-		4,003		(1,375,009)						
School site administration		2,425,575		-		161,527		(2,264,048)						
Pupil services														
Home-to-school transportation		540,278		-		-		(540,278)						
Food services		1,963,571		52,088		2,633,948		722,465						
All other pupil services		4,419,549		6,943		684,059		(3,728,547)						
General administration														
Centralized data processing		129,214		-		-		(129,214)						
All other general administration		3,914,977		6,762		320,256		(3,587,959)						
Plant services		7,183,774		2,247		151,078		(7,030,449)						
Community services		396,691		668,852		-		272,161						
Interest on long-term debt		3,776,021		-		-		(3,776,021)						
Other outgo		143,331		216		93,461		(49,654)						
Depreciation (unallocated)		6,245,781		-		-		(6,245,781)						
Total Governmental Activities	\$	75,891,893	\$	791,852	\$	11,296,488		(63,803,553)	•					
	Gene	eral revenues							-					
	Tax	es and subvent	ions											
	Р	roperty taxes, le	evied for	general purp	oses			55,439,237	\$	- \$	55,439,237			
	Р	roperty taxes, le	evied for	debt service				5,327,037		_ `	5,327,037			
		roperty taxes, le				poses		(389)		=	(389)			
		ederal and state						3,490,218		_	3,490,218			
		rest and investi			-,			(733,218)		_	(733,218)			
		ragency revenu		9+				58,150		_	58,150			
		cellaneous						2,064,725		_	2,064,725			
		otal, General F	Revenue	•				65,645,760		_	65,645,760			
		nge in net posi			s & sn	ecial items		1,842,207		_	1,842,207			
		rnal transfers			₋			2,707		(2,707)	-			
	Tota	Transfers & S	pecial I	tems			-	2,707		(2,707)	_			
		NGE IN NET PO						1,844,914		(2,707)	1,842,207			
		Position - Begi						2,288,113		2,707	2,290,820			
		Position - Endi					\$	4,133,027	\$	- \$	4,133,027			

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund		Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects			nd Interest and demption Fund				Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and investments	\$	27,256,291	\$	7,329,816	\$	28,438,325	\$	2,438,231	\$	65,462,663
Accounts receivable		3,563,613		17,150		=		488,883		4,069,646
Due from other funds		61,813		-		_		965		62,778
Stores inventory		150,453		-		-		44,355		194,808
Total Assets	\$	31,032,170	\$	7,346,966	\$	28,438,325	\$	2,972,434	\$	69,789,895
LIABILITIES										
Accrued liabilities	\$	2,290,196	\$	199,230	\$	=	\$	104,517	\$	2,593,943
Due to other funds		811,597		-		=		61,813		873,410
Unearned revenue		2,057,589		-		-		-		2,057,589
Total Liabilities		5,159,382		199,230		-		166,330		5,524,942
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		165,453		-		-		44,355		209,808
Restricted		4,205,696		-		28,438,325		2,761,749		35,405,770
Assigned		19,008,525		7,147,736		-		-		26,156,261
Unassigned		2,493,114		-		-		-		2,493,114
Total Fund Balances		25,872,788		7,147,736		28,438,325		2,806,104		64,264,953
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	31,032,170	\$	7,346,966	\$	28,438,325	\$	2,972,434	\$	69,789,895

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2022

Total E	und Ralan	co - Cover	nmontal	Eunde

64,264,953

Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital assets:

In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets, lease assets, accumulated depreciation and accumulated amortization:

 Capital assets
 \$ 180,942,866

 Accumulated depreciation
 (94,137,522)
 86,805,344

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period was:

(303,591)

Long-term liabilities:

In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:

 Total general obligation bonds
 \$ 89,670,954

 Compensated absences
 466,327

 Total OPEB liability
 9,168,266

 Net pension liability
 38,866,047
 (138,171,594)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 15,965,053

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions \$ (28,650,024) (12,684,971)

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:

In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$ 1,144,614

Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (2,041,314) (896,700)

Internal service funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to operate for the benefit of governmental activities, assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the statement of net position. Net position for internal service funds is:

5,119,586

Total Net Position - Governmental Activities

\$ 4,133,027

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ge	eneral Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund		G	Total overnmental Funds
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$	57,828,180	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$	57,828,180
Federal sources		3,142,581	-	-	2,628,877		5,771,458
Other state sources		9,193,178	=	25,440	138,14		9,356,759
Other local sources		5,089,603	(161,191		398,817		10,704,723
Total Revenues		75,253,542	(161,191	5,402,934	3,165,83	5	83,661,120
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Instruction		50,785,448	-	-			50,785,448
Instruction-related services							
Instructional supervision and administration		2,108,389	-	-	•		2,108,389
Instructional library, media, and technology		1,407,296	-	-	,		1,407,296
School site administration		2,892,374	-	-	,		2,892,374
Pupil services							
Home-to-school transportation		540,278	-	-	,		540,278
Food services		20,691	-	-	1,948,166	3	1,968,857
All other pupil services		5,017,998	-	-	,		5,017,998
General administration							
Centralized data processing		129,214	-	-	,	-	129,214
All other general administration		4,039,489	-	-	52,300)	4,091,789
Plant services		6,385,372	219,747	-	75,660)	6,680,779
Facilities acquisition and construction		_	368,787	-	1,222,97		1,591,758
Community services		396,884	-	-	,		396,884
Transfers to other agencies		143,331	-	-		-	143,331
Debt service							
Principal		-	-	1,082,362		-	1,082,362
Interest and other		-	-	4,206,256		-	4,206,256
Total Expenditures		73,866,764	588,534	5,288,618	3,299,097	7	83,043,013
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	-						
Over Expenditures		1,386,778	(749,725) 114,316	(133,262	2)	618,107
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			,		,		
Transfers in		2,707	300,000	-			302,707
Transfers out		(300,000)	· -	-			(300,000)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(297,293)	300,000	-	,		2,707
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		1,089,485	(449,725) 114,316	(133,262	2)	620,814
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated		24,783,303	7,597,461	28,324,009	2,939,366		63,644,139
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	25,872,788	\$ 7,147,736		\$ 2,806,104		64,264,953

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 620,814

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets and lease assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets and lease assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense and amortization expense, respectively. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense and amortization expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay:	\$ 1,051,124	
Depreciation expense:	(6,245,781)	(5,194,657)

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

1,082,362

Accreted interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded as an expenditure from current sources. In the government-wide statement of activities, however, this is recorded as interest expense for the period.

350,470

Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(15,050)

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

(500,315)

(continued on the following page)

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

5,255,643

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

79,765

Internal Service Funds:

Internal service funds are used to conduct certain activities for which costs are charged to other funds on a full cost-recovery basis. Because internal service funds are presumed to benefit governmental activities, internal service activities are reported as governmental in the statement of activities. The net increase or decrease in internal service funds was:

165,882

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,844,914

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Busines Activ Child Enterpri	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
ASSETS	<u> </u>			
Current assets				
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	4,298,807
Accounts receivable		-		10,147
Due from other funds		-		810,632
Total current assets		-		5,119,586
Total Assets				5,119,586
NET POSITION				
Restricted		_		5,119,586
Total Net Position	\$	-	\$	5,119,586

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		ess-Type tivities	Governmental Activities		
	Child Care Enterprise Fund		Internal Service Fund		
OPERATING REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	810,975	
Total operating revenues				810,975	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Professional services		_		551,059	
Total operating expenses		-		551,059	
Operating income/(loss)		-		259,916	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES/(EXPENSES)					
Interest income		_		(94,034)	
Transfers out		(2,707)		-	
Total non-operating revenues/(expenses)		(2,707)		(94,034)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(2,707)		165,882	
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated		2,707		4,953,704	
Net Position - Ending	\$	<u> </u>	\$	5,119,586	

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities Child Care Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities				
Cash received from user charges	\$	-	\$	810,975
Cash received (paid) from assessments made to				
(from) other funds		2,550		(52,392)
Cash payments for payroll, insurance, and operating costs		(76,520)		(551,059)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		(73,970)		207,524
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities				
Interfund transfers in (out)		(2,707)		-
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital financing activities		(2,707)		-
Cash flows from investing activities		_		
Interest received		-		(94,034)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities				(94,034)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(76,677)		113,490
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of year		76,677		4,185,317
End of year	\$		\$	4,298,807
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to cash provided by (used for) operating activities				
Operating income/(loss)	\$	-	\$	259,916
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash				
provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Changes in assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivables		2,550		(2,767)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds		-		(49,625)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(65,663)		-
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		(10,857)		
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	(73,970)	\$	207,524

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Encinitas Union School District District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-6 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its proprietary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the District, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects: This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Cafeteria Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Permanent Funds: Permanent funds were introduced as part of the governmental financial reporting model established by GASB Statement 34 to account for permanent foundations that benefit a District.

Foundation Permanent Fund: This fund is used to account for resources received from gifts or bequests pursuant to *Education Code Section* 41031 that are restricted to the extent that earnings, but not principal, may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs and where there is a formal trust agreement with the donor.

Proprietary Funds

Enterprise Funds: Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services.

Child Care Enterprise Fund: The only enterprise fund of the District accounts for the financial transactions related to the child care operations of the District. This fund was closed during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Internal Service Funds: Internal service funds are created principally to render services to other organizational units of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds are designed to be self-supporting with the intent of full recovery of costs, including some measure of the cost of capital assets, through user fees and charges.

Self-Insurance Fund: Self-insurance funds are used to separate moneys received for self-insurance activities from other operating funds of the District. Separate funds may be established for each type of self-insurance activity, such as workers' compensation, health and welfare, and deductible property loss (*Education Code Section* 17566).

Government-Wide and Proprietary Financial Statements

The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the internal service fund are charges to other funds for self-insurance costs. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the costs of insurance premiums and claims related to self-insurance.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursement grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the purchases method in that the cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time the individual inventory items are requisitioned. Inventories are valued at historical cost and consist of expendable supplies held for consumption.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles

Estimated Useful Life

20 to 50 Years 5 to 15 Years 5 to 15 Years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2021 Measurement Date June 30, 2022

Measurement Period July 1, 2021 – June 30, 2022

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB) (continued)

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, lease receivables (net of related deferred inflows), prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 92 – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 96 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. This statement defines a SBITA; establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 97 – In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This standard's primary objectives are to increase consistency and comparability related to reporting fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; to mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and to enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99 - In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The statement addresses various practice issues, including: (a) clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives, (b) disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements, (c) terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and (d) terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the remaining portions of this statement were effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022 and for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

GASB Statement No. 100 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 101 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Go	overnmental	Int	ernal Service	G	overnmental
		Funds		Fund		Activities
Investment in county treasury	\$	44,281,198	\$	4,407,714	\$	48,688,912
Fair value adjustment		(912,837)		(108,907)		(1,021,744)
Cash on hand and in banks		20,000		=		20,000
Cash with fiscal agent		22,059,302		=		22,059,302
Cash in revolving fund		15,000		-		15,000
Total	\$	65,462,663	\$	4,298,807	\$	69,761,470

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The San Diego County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$47,667,168, which is equal to the adjusted book value. The average weighted maturity for this pool is 551 days.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2022, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2022, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the San Diego County Treasury Investment Pool and/or Local Agency Investment Funds/State Investment Pools are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Un	categorized
Investment in county treasury	\$	47,667,168
Total	-\$	47,667,168

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	General Fund			erve pital ects	Non-Major overnmental Funds	Internal Service Fund		 overnmental Activities
Federal Government								
Categorical aid	\$	2,034,704	\$	-	\$ 444,537	\$	-	\$ 2,479,241
State Government								
Apportionment		99,460		-	-		_	99,460
Categorical aid		778,275		_	24,827		-	803,102
Lottery		304,498		-	-		-	304,498
Local Government								
Other local sources		346,676	1	7,150	19,519		10,147	393,492
Total	\$	3,563,613	\$ 1	7,150	\$ 488,883	\$	10,147	\$ 4,079,793

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance ly 01, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2022
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 20,468,378	\$ -	\$ -	\$	20,468,378
Construction in progress	1,639,689	388,131	1,639,689		388,131
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 22,108,067	388,131	1,639,689		20,856,509
Capital assets being depreciated					
Land improvements	2,882,364	-	-		2,882,364
Buildings & improvements	137,997,061	2,145,619	-		140,142,680
Furniture & equipment	16,904,250	157,063	-		17,061,313
Total capital assets being depreciated	 157,783,675	2,302,682	-		160,086,357
Less accumulated depreciation					
Land improvements	2,721,238	10,934	-		2,732,172
Buildings & improvements	71,851,488	5,194,888	-		77,046,376
Furniture & equipment	 13,319,015	1,039,959	-		14,358,974
Total accumulated depreciation	87,891,741	6,245,781	-		94,137,522
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, net	\$ 92,000,001	\$ (3,554,968)	\$ 1,639,689	\$	86,805,344

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

		Due From Other Funds										
Due To Other Funds	Gen	eral Fund		Non-Major overnmental Funds	Inte	ernal Service Fund		Total				
General Fund	\$	-	\$	965	\$	810,632	\$	811,597				
Non-Major Governmental Funds		61,813		-		-		61,813				
Total	\$	61,813	\$	965	\$	810,632	\$	873,410				
Due from the General Fund to the Interal Service Fund Due from the Cafeteria Fund to the General Fund for C Due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund for a	OPEB and indirect o	osts.					\$	810,632 61,813 965				
Total	arminoa auvo suppe	/ t 000t0					\$	873,410				

B. Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Interfund Transfers In										
				cial Reserve d for Capital							
Interfund Transfers Out	Gene	eral Fund	Out	lay Projects		Total					
General Fund	\$	-	\$	300,000	\$	300,000					
Child Care Enterprise Fund		2,707		-		2,707					
Total	\$	2,707	\$	300,000	\$	302,707					
Transfer from the General Fund to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects to the Gene Transfer from the Child Care Enterprise Fund to the General Fund to close the fund.	ral Fund fo	r capital out	lay pr	ojects.	\$	300,000 2,707					
Total					\$	302,707					

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Ge	neral Fund	Fu	ecial Reserve and for Capital utlay Projects	Non-Major overnmental Funds	ı	District-Wide	G	overnmental Activities
Payroll	\$	642,077	\$	-	\$ 39,345	\$	-	\$	681,422
Construction		-		199,230	-		-		199,230
Vendors payable		1,647,976		-	65,172		-		1,713,148
Due to grantor government		143		-	=		-		143
Unmatured interest		-		-	-		303,591		303,591
Total	\$	2,290,196	\$	199,230	\$ 104,517	\$	303,591	\$	2,897,534

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Ge	neral Fund
Federal sources	\$	237,858
State categorical sources		1,122,483
Local sources		697,248
Total	\$	2,057,589

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	 tated Balance uly 01, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Balance Due In One Year
Governmental Activities	 , ,				
General obligation bonds	\$ 68,183,944	\$ -	\$ 1,082,362	\$ 67,101,582	\$ 2,868,408
Unamortized premium	713,731	_	79,765	633,966	79,867
Accreted interest	22,285,876	3,127,168	3,477,638	21,935,406	1,831,592
Total general obligation bonds	91,183,551	3,127,168	4,639,765	89,670,954	4,779,867
Compensated absences	 451,277	15,050	-	466,327	_
Total OPEB liability	9,848,835	-	680,569	9,168,266	-
Net pension liability	 73,655,864	=	34,789,817	38,866,047	=_
Total	\$ 175,139,527	\$ 3,142,218	\$ 40,110,151	\$ 138,171,594	\$ 4,779,867

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

A. General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding bonded debt of the District, including accreted interest, at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

Series	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 01, 2021		Additions	Deductions	Bonds Outstanding une 30, 2022
Election 1995	8/1/1996	8/1/2021	3.60% - 5.85%	\$ 29,498,820	4,430,270	\$	129.730	\$ 4,560,000	\$ -
Election 2010 Series 2011	4/20/2011	8/1/2035	5.43% - 6.75%	12,998,720	24,477,337	•	1,653,074	-	26,130,411
Election 2010 Series 2013	2/5/2013	8/1/2037	3.00% - 4.35%	9,998,411	13,925,303		593,088	-	14,518,391
Election 2010 Series 2015	9/3/2015	8/1/2039	2.49% - 4.61%	13,999,453	17,531,910		751,276	-	18,283,186
Election 2010 Series 2017	4/27/2017	8/1/2029	2.75% - 4.00%	7,200,000	7,200,000		-	-	7,200,000
2020 GO Refunding Bonds, Series A	9/23/2021	8/1/2027	0.402% - 1.161%	2,440,000	2,440,000		-	-	2,440,000
2020 GO Refunding Bonds, Series B	9/23/2021	8/1/2039	1.011% - 2.484%	20,465,000	20,465,000		-	-	20,465,000
					\$ 90,469,820	\$	3,127,168	\$ 4,560,000	\$ 89,036,988

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A. General Obligation Bonds (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 2,868,408	\$ 711,618	\$ 3,580,026
2024	2,584,477	2,536,598	5,121,075
2025	2,671,239	2,507,221	5,178,460
2026	2,817,738	2,468,145	5,285,883
2027	3,075,124	2,429,466	5,504,590
2028 - 2032	14,152,681	10,447,705	24,600,386
2033 - 2037	18,328,498	5,536,706	23,865,204
2038 - 2040	20,603,417	631,328	21,234,745
Accretion	21,935,406	(21,935,406)	-
Total	\$ 89,036,988	\$ 5,333,381	\$ 94,370,369

B. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$466,327. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

C. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning total OPEB liability was \$9,848,835 and decreased by \$680,569 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was \$9,168,266. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

D. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$73,655,864 and decreased by \$34,789,817 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2022 was \$38,866,047. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2022:

	Ge	neral Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capita Outlay Projects	i I	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Non-spendable								
Revolving cash	\$	15,000	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	15,000
Stores inventory		150,453		-	-	44,355		194,808
Total non-spendable	·	165,453		-	-	44,355		209,808
Restricted								
Permanent fund balance		-		-	-	110,596		110,596
Educational programs		4,205,696		-	-	-		4,205,696
Food service		-		-	-	827,885		827,885
Capital projects		-		-	-	1,823,268		1,823,268
Debt service		-		-	28,438,325	-		28,438,325
Total restricted		4,205,696		-	28,438,325	2,761,749		35,405,770
Assigned								
Board fund policy		7,466,947		-	-	-		7,466,947
Lottery		3,815,993		-	-	-		3,815,993
One-time mandate cost		1,284,040		-	-	-		1,284,040
Special reserve		5,558,464		-	-	-		5,558,464
Other assignments		883,081	7,147,73	6	-	-		8,030,817
Total assigned	<u></u>	19,008,525	7,147,73	6	-	-		26,156,261
Unassigned		2,493,114		-	-	-		2,493,114
Total Fund Balance	\$	25,872,788	\$ 7,147,73	6	\$ 28,438,325	\$ 2,806,104	\$	64,264,953

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 10 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Encinitas Union School District's defined benefit OPEB plan, Encinitas Union School District Retiree Benefit Plan (the Plan) is described below. The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

B. Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, Teachers of Encinitas (TOE), and the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The benefit payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements as determined annually through the agreements with the District, TOE, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups.

C. Contributions

For the measurement period, the District contributed \$477,140 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	70
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	=
Participating active employees	496
Total number of participants**	566

^{*}Information not provided

E. Total OPEB Liability

The Encinitas Union School District's total OPEB liability of \$9,168,266 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021.

^{**}As of the June 30, 2021 valuation date

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2022.

Economic assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.75%
Discount rate	3.54%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2017 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table for classified employees.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021.

G. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	June 30, 2022	
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	760,904
Interest on total OPEB liability		215,799
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,180,132)
Benefits payments		(477,140)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(680,569)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		9,848,835
Total OPEB liability - ending	_\$_	9,168,266

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Encinitas Union School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

			,	/aluation		
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	count Rate	19	% Increase
		(2.54%)		(3.54%)		(4.54%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	10,040,412	\$	9,168,266	\$	8,549,131

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

I. <u>Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate</u>

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Encinitas Union School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Valu	uation Trend		
	1%	Decrease		Rate	1	% Increase
		(3.00%)		(4.00%)		(5.00%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	7,992,544	\$	9,168,266	\$	10,528,845

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Encinitas Union School District recognized OPEB expense of \$977,455. At June 30, 2022, the Encinitas Union School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$ 635,787	\$	329,018	
Changes in assumptions	 508,827		1,712,296	
Total	\$ 1,144,614	\$	2,041,314	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	erred Inflows		
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of Resources		of	Resources
2023	\$	198,790	\$	198,038		
2024		198,790		198,038		
2025		198,790		198,038		
2026		198,790		179,753		
2027		187,685		161,469		
Thereafter		161,769		1,105,978		
Total	\$	1,144,614	\$	2,041,314		

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

	N	et pension liability	outf	Deferred flows related pensions	erred inflows related to pensions	Pension expense
STRS Pension	\$	25,879,472	\$	12,772,933	\$ 23,635,552	\$ 829,577
PERS Pension		12,986,575		3,192,120	 5,014,472	1,867,221
Total	\$	38,866,047	\$	15,965,053	\$ 28,650,024	\$ 2,696,798

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2022, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022 was 16.92% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$5,738,644 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$3,657,330 to CalSTRS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 25,879,472
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	13,021,818
Total	\$ 38,901,290

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.057 percent, which was an increase of 0.001 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$829,577. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$(2,269,690) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$	20,471,329
Differences between expected and actual experience	64,829		2,754,115
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and	3,666,846		-
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent	3,302,614		410,108
to the measurement date	5,738,644		-
Total	\$ 12,772,933	\$	23,635,552

The \$5,738,644 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Def	erred Inflows		
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of Resources		of	Resources
2023	\$	2,594,076	\$	6,478,649		
2024		2,595,780		5,167,377		
2025		807,020		5,305,271		
2026		666,781		6,089,532		
2027		305,627		320,051		
2028		65,005		274,672		
Total	\$	7,034,289	\$	23,635,552		

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

^{*} Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	42%	4.80%
Real Estate	15%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0 <u>.</u> 40%
	100%	

^{*20-}year geometric average

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	 Decrease (6.10%)	Di:	scount Rate (7.10%)	 Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 52,681,343	\$	25,879,472	\$ 3,634,431

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022 was 22.91% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$2,213,797 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$12,986,575 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.064 percent, which was unchanged from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,867,221. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 erred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ _	\$ 4,983,857
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in proportion and differences	387,683	30,615
between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions	590,640	_
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 2,213,797	
Total	 3,192,120	\$ 5,014,472

The \$2,213,797 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	red Outflows Resources	rred Inflows Resources
2023	\$ 706,375	\$ 1,260,153
2024	249,345	1,159,640
2025	22,603	1,208,570
2026	 <u>-</u>	 1,386,109
Total	\$ 978,323	\$ 5,014,472

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50% Discount Rate 7.15%

Salary Increases Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 through 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+-years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

^{*}An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease (6.15%)	Di	scount Rate (7.15%)	Increase (8.15%)
District's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability	\$ 21,897,189	\$	12,986,575	\$ 5,588,854

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

^{**}An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 12 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

B. <u>Litigation</u>

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District participates in one joint venture under a joint powers agreement (JPA) with the San Diego County Schools Risk Management JPA (RM). The JPA arranges the operation and maintenance for the services and other necessary items associated with administering a self-insurance plan for workers' compensation, health, and property and liability insurance for its member school districts.

San Diego Schools Risk Management JPA (RM) arranges for the operation and maintenance for the services and other necessary items associated with administering a self-insurance plan for workers' compensation, health, and property and liability insurance for its member school districts.

Copies of the annual financial report for RM can be obtained from the Risk Management Department of the San Diego County Office of Education, 6401 Linda Vista Road; San Diego, California, 92111.

NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2022, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$15,965,053 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$28,650,024.

B. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2022, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$1,144,614 and total deferred inflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$2,041,314.

NOTE 15 - RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

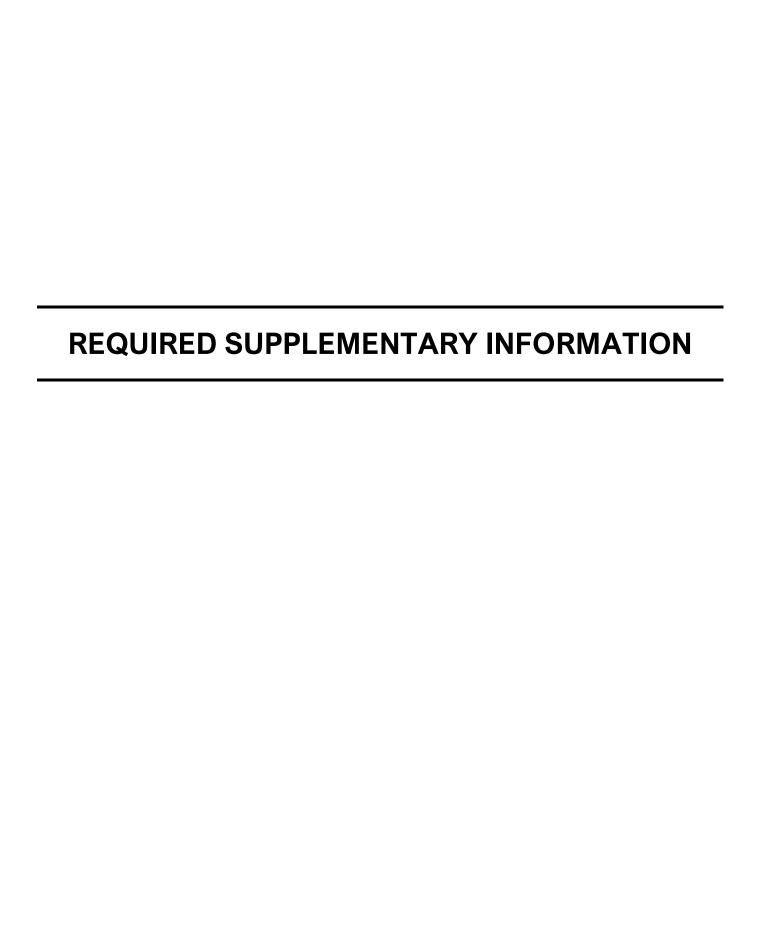
The beginning net position for governmental activities and business-type activities have been restated to reflect the closure of the Child Care Enterprise Fund. In addition, other restatements have been made to the beginning net position of governmental activities and the beginning fund balance of the General Fund in order to more accurately reflect the substance of the underlying transactions that occurred in the prior year.

The effect on beginning net position is presented as follows:

	vernmental Activities	siness-Type Activities
Net Position - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$ 5,044,714	\$ (1,817,593)
Restatement	 (2,756,601)	 1,820,300
Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$ 2,288,113	\$ 2,707

The effect on beginning fund balance is presented as follows:

	Ge	eneral Fund
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Previously Reported	\$	26,132,039
Restatement		(1,348,736)
Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated	-\$	24,783,303



ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual*	V	ariances -
	Original		Final	(Buc	lgetary Basis)	Fir	nal to Actual
REVENUES							
LCFF sources	\$ 57,751,791	\$	57,797,832	\$	57,828,180	\$	30,348
Federal sources	1,838,903		6,681,729		3,291,462		(3,390,267)
Other state sources	9,288,680		8,732,343		9,193,178		460,835
Other local sources	4,384,609		5,127,538		5,064,008		(63,530)
Total Revenues	73,263,983		78,339,442		75,376,828		(2,962,614)
EXPENDITURES							
Certificated salaries	34,502,038		36,454,733		35,079,774		1,374,959
Classified salaries	10,321,711		10,602,541		10,434,525		168,016
Employee benefits	20,260,743		20,146,417		20,068,512		77,905
Books and supplies	1,776,923		4,728,393		1,293,237		3,435,156
Services and other operating expenditures	6,415,893		8,459,704		6,748,204		1,711,500
Capital outlay	127,800		152,149		151,481		668
Other outgo							
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	25,000		25,000		143,331		(118,331)
Transfers of indirect costs	 -		-		(52,300)		52,300
Total Expenditures	 73,430,108		80,568,937		73,866,764		6,702,173
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures	 (166,125)		(2,229,495)		1,510,064		3,739,559
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							_
Transfers in	-		-		2,707		2,707
Transfers out	 (300,000)		(800,000)		(800,000)		-
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 (300,000)		(800,000)		(797,293)		2,707
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(466,125)		(3,029,495)		712,771		3,742,266
Fund Balance - Beginning	 20,950,289		19,601,553		19,601,553		_ =
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 20,484,164	\$	16,572,058	\$	20,314,324	\$	3,742,266

^{*} The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

- Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.
- Revenues for Medi-Cal Billing Option and Medi-Cal Administrative Activities are presented as federal
 revenues in this schedule, while these amounts have been reclassified as local revenues in the Statement of
 Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Jui	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Jur	ie 30, 2019	Jun	ie 30, 2018
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	760,904	\$	596,169	\$	578,805	\$	521,052	\$	546,524
Interest on total OPEB liability		215,799		233,407		241,518		298,407		261,115
Difference between expected and actual experience		(1,180,132)		(387,252)		953,682		-		-
Changes of assumptions		=		(580,145)		502,287		322,030		(310,838)
Benefits payments		(477,140)		(649,319)		(700,002)		(644,462)		(548,738)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(680,569)		(787,140)		1,576,290		497,027		(51,937)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		9,848,835		10,635,975		9,059,685		8,562,658		8,614,595
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	9,168,266	\$	9,848,835	\$	10,635,975	\$	9,059,685	\$	8,562,658
Covered-employee payroll		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*		N/A*

^{*}Note: The District's OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ju	June 30, 2022	Jun	June 30, 2021	June	June 30, 2020	June	June 30, 2019	June	June 30, 2018	June	June 30, 2017	June	June 30, 2016	June	June 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.057%		0.056%		0.054%		0.051%		0.050%		0.049%		0.056%		0.058%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	↔	25,879,472	↔	54,126,723	\$	48,931,698	↔	46,870,593	↔	46,014,779	↔	39,272,664	↔	37,648,203	€	33,981,002
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		13,021,818		27,902,332		26,695,508		26,835,606		27,221,954		22,360,518		19,911,696		20,519,196
Total	↔	38,901,290	\$	82,029,055	\$	75,627,206	\$	73,706,199	\$	73,236,733	\$	61,633,182	₩	57,559,899	€	54,500,198
District's covered payroll	↔	30,718,972	↔	30,107,760	↔	28,587,549	↔	26,486,223	↔	26,468,362	↔	24,647,074	↔	25,361,982	8	26,213,193
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		84.2%		179.8%		171.2%		177.0%		173.8%		159.3%		148.4%		129.6%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.2%		71.8%		72.6%		71.0%		69.5%		%0*02		74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Jun	June 30, 2022	June	June 30, 2021	June	June 30, 2020	Jun	June 30, 2019	June	June 30, 2018	Jun	June 30, 2017	June	June 30, 2016	June	June 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.064%		0.064%		%650.0		0.054%		0.053%		0.053%		0.052%		0.050%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	↔	12,986,575	ø	19,529,141	↔	17,247,981	€	14,460,942	s	12,736,333	€	10,411,255	s	7,724,889	↔	5,684,758
District's covered payroll	↔	9,190,401	s	9,182,506	€	8,005,215	↔	7,179,750	s	6,839,178	↔	6,328,919	s	5,813,049	↔	5,311,849
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		141.3%		212.7%		215.5%		201.4%		186.2%		164.5%		132.9%		107.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.0%		70.0%		%0.07		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	n C	June 30, 2022	June	June 30, 2021	Jun	June 30, 2020	튀	June 30, 2019	n P	June 30, 2018	튀	June 30, 2017	Jun	June 30, 2016	Jul	June 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	↔	5,738,644	↔	4,961,114	↔	5,148,427	↔	4,654,053	↔	3,821,962	↔	3,329,720	↔	2,644,631	↔	2,252,144
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(5,738,644)		(4,961,114)		(5,148,427)		(4,654,053)		(3,821,962)		(3,329,720)		(2,644,631)		(2,252,144)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	↔	1	8	ı	↔	1	8	ı	€	ı	\$	ı	€	1	69	ı
District's covered payroll	↔	34,949,055	↔	30,718,972	€	30,107,760	↔	28,587,549	↔	26,486,223	↔	26,468,362	↔	24,647,074	↔	25,361,982
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.42%		16.15%		17.10%		16.28%		14.43%		12.58%		10.73%		8.88%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	J.	June 30, 2022	June 30,	e 30, 2021	Jul	June 30, 2020	Jul	June 30, 2019	Jun	June 30, 2018	Jun	June 30, 2017	Jun	June 30, 2016	Jun	June 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	↔	2,213,797	↔	1,902,413	↔	1,810,882	↔	1,445,902	↔	1,115,087	છ	949,825	↔	749,787	↔	684,254
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(2,213,797)		(1,902,413)		(1,810,882)		(1,445,902)		(1,115,087)		(949,825)		(749,787)		(684,254)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	↔	ı	↔	1	↔	ı	8	1	€	ı	69	ı	8	ı	↔	1
District's covered payroll	↔	9,976,275	↔	9,190,401	↔	9,182,506	₩	8,005,215	↔	7,179,750	⇔	6,839,178	↔	6,328,919	↔	5,813,049
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		22.19%		20.70%		19.72%		18.06%		15.53%		13.89%		11.85%		11.77%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes in Assumptions

The discount rate used in the current measurement was 3.54%, while the discount rate in the previous measurement was 2.16%. The inflation rate used in the current measurement was 2.75%, while the discount rate in the previous measurement was 3.00%.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Schedule of District Contributions

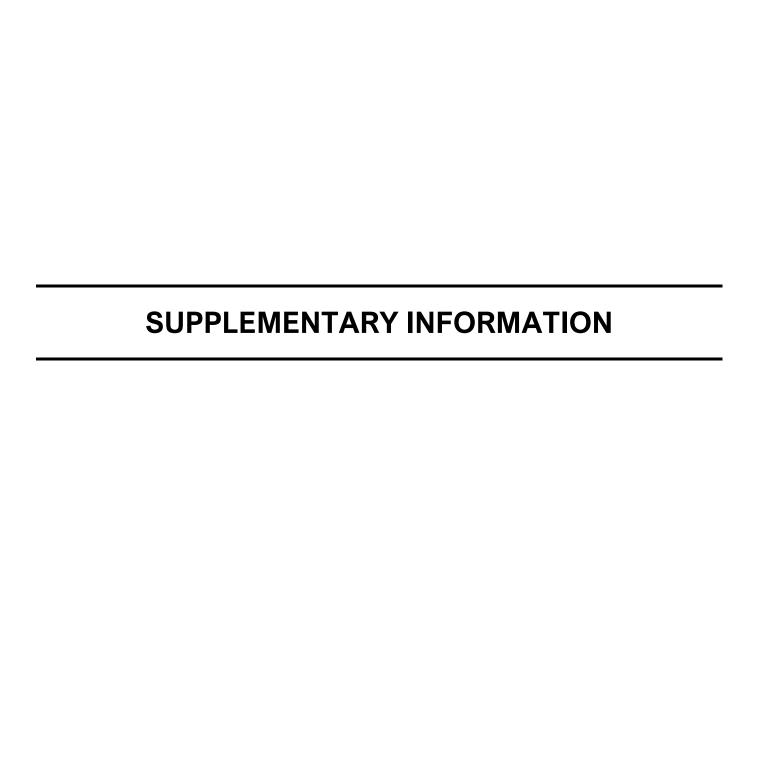
This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

	Expe	nditu	ures and Other	Use	S
	 Budget		Actual		Excess
General Fund					
Other outgo					
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	\$ 25,000	\$	143,331	\$	118,331



ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS **FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022**

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Passed through California Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$ 407,676
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	150,210
Title III			,
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	28,086
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146	245
Subtotal Title III			28,331
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	108,849
Special Education Cluster			·
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	906,871
ARP IDEA Part B, Sec. 611, Local Assistance Entitlement	84.027	15638	52,522
IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115	13,131
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation, Part B, Sec 611	84.027A	15197	86,228
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	13430	33,367
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Sec 619	84.173	15639	19,349
IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	370
Subtotal Special Education Cluster			1,111,838
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants: [1]			·
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425	15536	30
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425	15559	415,281
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant ESSER II State Reserve	84.425	15618	449,060
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant GEER II	84.425	15619	103,063
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425	15620	292,735
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425	15621	75,509
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants			1,335,678
Total U. S. Department of Education			3,142,582
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE: Passed through California Department of Education: COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Extending Summer Food Service Program and SSO: Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program - Basic	10.553	13525	169
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526	68,576
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	2,364,641
USDA Commodities [2]	10.555	*	195,490
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			2,628,876
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			2,628,876
Total Federal Expenditures			\$ 5,771,458
·			

^{[1] -} Major Program

^{[2] -} In-Kind Contribution
* - Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT	•	•
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	2,444.08	2,444.14
Extended Year Special Education	14.14	14.14
Total TK/K through Third	2,458.22	2,458.28
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	2,036.81	2,036.82
Extended Year Special Education	14.12	14.12
Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.93	0.98
Extended Year Special Education - Nonpublic Schools	0.11	0.11
Total Fourth through Sixth	2,051.97	2,052.03
Total School District	4,510.19	4,510.31
BASIC AID - DISTRICT OF CHOICE ADA		
TK/K through Third	27.89	28.11
Fourth through Sixth	14 <u>.</u> 84	17 <u>.</u> 64
Total District of Choice	42.73	45.75
Total ADA	4,552.92	4,556.06

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		2021-22		
	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	54,320	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	54,320	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	54,320	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	54,320	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	54,320	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,320	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	54,320	180	Complied

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	20)23 (Budget)	2022	2021	2020
General Fund - Budgetary Basis** Revenues And Other Financing Sources Expenditures And Other Financing Uses	\$	74,498,830 76,372,099	\$ 75,379,535 74,666,764	\$ 74,414,398 71,385,174	\$ 67,070,307 65,566,112
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(1,873,269)	\$ 712,771	\$ 3,029,224	\$ 1,504,195
Ending Fund Balance	\$	18,441,055	\$ 20,314,324	\$ 20,920,289	\$ 17,921,065
Available Reserves* Available Reserves As A	_\$_	2,291,163	\$ 2,493,114	\$ 16,904,182	\$ 7,008,561
Percentage Of Outgo		3.00%	3.34%	23.68%	10.69%
Long-term Liabilities Average Daily	\$	133,391,727	\$ 138,171,594	\$ 152,646,962	\$ 147,203,486
Attendance At P-2***		4,801	4,510	5,073	5,073

The General Fund ending fund balance has increased by \$2,393,259 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2022-23 budget projects a decrease of \$1,873,269. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2022-23 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$9,031,892 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 563 ADA over the past two years. An increase in ADA of 291 is anticipated during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

^{**}The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

^{***}Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Average Daily Attendance at P-2 was not reported in 2021. Funding was based on Average Daily Attendance at P-2 as reported in 2020.

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	 General Fund	Fur Th	ecial Reserve nd for Other nan Capital tlay Projects
June 30, 2022, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications:	\$ 20,314,324	\$	5,558,464
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:			
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)	 5,558,464		(5,558,464)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	5,558,464		(5,558,464)
June 30, 2022, audited financial statement fund balance	\$ 25,872,788	\$	-

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

								Ž	Non-Major
	Cafe	Cafeteria Fund	Building Fund	Cab	Capital Facilities Fund	Found Permane	Foundation Permanent Fund	<u>6</u>	Governmental Funds
ASSETS)						
Cash and investments	↔	501,929	₩	s	1,825,961	\$	110,341	s	2,438,231
Accounts receivable		484,435	•		4,193		255		488,883
Due from other funds		965	ı		•		1		965
Stores inventory		44,355	ı		•		1		44,355
Total Assets	မှ	1,031,684	\$	₩	1,830,154	\$	110,596	&	2,972,434
LIABILITIES									
Accrued liabilities	↔	97,631	₩	↔	6,886	\$	ı	↔	104,517
Due to other funds		61,813	•		•		ı		61,813
Total Liabilities		159,444	1		988'9		1		166,330
FUND BALANCES									
Non-spendable		44,355	•		•				44,355
Restricted		827,885	ı		1,823,268		110,596		2,761,749
Total Fund Balances		872,240			1,823,268		110,596		2,806,104
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	မ	1.031.684	8	8	1.830.154	€:	110.596	8	2,972,434

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Capital Facilities	Foundation	Non-Major Governmental
	Caf	Cafeteria Fund	Building Fund	Fund	Permanent Fund	
REVENUES)			
LCFF sources	€	1	\$	· \$	€	↔
Federal sources		2,628,877	•	•	•	2,628,877
Other state sources		138,141	•	•	•	138,141
Other local sources		44,446	(3,091)	359,916	(2,454)	398,817
Total Revenues		2,811,464	(3,091)	359,916	(2,454)	3,165,835
EXPENDITURES Current						
Pupil services						
Food services		1,948,166	•	•	•	1,948,166
General administration						
All other general administration		52,300	'	•	•	52,300
Plant services		75,660	•	•	•	75,660
Facilities acquisition and construction		1	1,105,101	117,870	•	1,222,971
Total Expenditures		2,076,126	1,105,101	117,870		3,299,097
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		735,338	(1,108,192)	242,046	(2,454)	(133,262)
Fund Balance - Beginning		136,902	1,108,192	1,581,222	113,050	2,939,366
Fund Balance - Ending	ક	872,240	\$	\$ 1,823,268	\$ 110,596	\$ 2,806,104

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2022

The Encinitas Union School District was established in 1944 and is comprised of an area of approximately 24.6 square miles located in the north coastal portion of San Diego County and serves the City of Encinitas and the La Costa area of Carlsbad. There were no changes in the boundaries of the District during the current year. The District operates nine elementary schools.

GOVERNING BOARD

Member	Office	Term Expires
Marla Strich	President	2022
Marlon Taylor	Vice President	2024
Greg Sonken	Clerk	2022
Emily Andrade	Member	2022
Jodie Williams	Member	2024

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Andrée Grey, Ed. D Superintendent

Amy Illingworth, Ed. D
Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

Angelica Lopez, Ed. D
Assistant Superintendent, Administrative Services

Joseph Dougherty
Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Encinitas Union School District Encinitas, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Encinitas Union School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Encinitas Union School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2022.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Encinitas Union School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Encinitas Union School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Encinitas Union School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Encinitas Union School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statement. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103 0: 619-270-8222 F: 619-260-9085 **christywhite.com**

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California October 28, 2022

hristy White, Inc.

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Encinitas Union School District Encinitas, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Encinitas Union School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Encinitas Union School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Encinitas Union School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Encinitas Union School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Encinitas Union School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Encinitas Union School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Encinitas Union School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit for Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Encinitas Union School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Encinitas Union School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Encinitas Union School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Encinitas Union School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Encinitas Union School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

husty White, Inc.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California October 28, 2022

REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Encinitas Union School District Encinitas, California

Report on State Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Encinitas Union School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed by Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Encinitas Union School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, as identified below.

In our opinion, Encinitas Union School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the applicable state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on State Compliance

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, prescribed by Title 5, *California Code of Regulations*, section 19810 as regulations (the K-12 Audit Guide). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Encinitas Union School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on state compliance. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Encinitas Union School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Encinitas Union School District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Encinitas Union School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Encinitas Union School District's compliance with the requirements of the applicable state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Encinitas Union School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Encinitas Union School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the K-12 Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Encinitas Union School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Select and test transactions and records to determine Encinitas Union School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations related to the following items:

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No
Continuation Education	Not Applicable
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Yes

PROGRAM NAME	PROCEDURES PERFORMED
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Not Applicable
In-Person Instruction Grant	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for independent study because program ADA was not material. The term "Not Applicable" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

hristy White, Inc.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the K-12 Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California October 28, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting:	Unmodified
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS Internal control over major program: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of auditors' report issued: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)? Identification of major programs:	No None Reported Unmodified No
AL Number(s) Name of Federal Program or Cluster	
84.425 Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants	<u></u>
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes
STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs: Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	. 10110 110001100
with 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies?	No
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

20000 30000

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2022.

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

ENCINITAS UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

There were no findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

MANAGEMENT LETTER

Governing Board Encinitas Union School District Encinitas, California

In planning and performing our audit of the basic financial statements of Encinitas Union School District for the year ended June 30, 2022, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the basic financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit we noted matters that are an opportunity for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The following items represent conditions noted during our audit that we consider important enough to bring to your attention. This letter does not affect our report dated October 28, 2022, on the financial statements of Encinitas Union School District.

1. Capital Assets Reporting

histy White, Inc.

Observation: Based on our understanding gained through performing audit procedures over capital assets reporting, it does not appear that the District has adequate procedures in place to ensure timely and reliable reporting of capital assets balances, the related accumulated depreciation, and construction in progress in progress balances.

Recommendation: In order ensure that the balances outlined above are reported in a timely and accurate manner, we recommend redesigning and implementing improved procedures to ensure that current year additions, disposals, depreciation, and construction in progress activity are accurately summarized and reported during the year-end closing process. These procedures should include timely supervision and review of reporting documents.

We will review the status of the recommendation outlined above during our next audit engagement.

San Diego, California October 28, 2022

·