LENAPE TECHNICAL SCHOOL

SECTION: PUPILS

TITLE: FOOD ALLERGY MANAGEMENT

ADOPTED: May 18, 2017

REVISED:

209.1 FOOD ALLERGY MANAGEMENT

1. Purpose

The Board is committed to providing a safe and healthy environment for students with severe or life-threatening food allergies and shall establish a policy to address food allergy management in the school in order to:

1. Reduce and/or eliminate the likelihood of severe or potentially life-threatening allergic reactions.
2. Ensure a rapid and effective response in the case of a severe or potentially life-threatening allergic reaction.
3. Protect the rights of students by providing them, through necessary accommodations when required, the opportunity to participate fully in all school programs and activities, including classroom parties and field trips.

The focus of food allergy management shall be on prevention, education, awareness, communication and emergency response.

2. Authority
24 P.S. 1422.3

The Joint Operating Committee adopts this policy in accordance with applicable state and federal laws and regulations, and the guidelines established jointly by the PA Department of Education and PA Department of Health on managing severe or life-threatening food allergies in the schools.

3. Definitions

Food allergy – an abnormal, adverse reaction to a food that is triggered by the body's immune system.

Medical Plans of Care – written documents individualized for a particular student with a severe or life-threatening food allergy to address the student's needs throughout the school day, including an Emergency Care Plan (ECP).

Emergency Care Plan (ECP) – A medical plan of care based on the information provided in the student's Individualized Healthcare Plan (IHP) and distributed to all school personnel who have the responsibilities for the student which specifically describes how to recognize a food allergy emergency and what to do when signs or symptoms of these conditions are observed.

4. Guidelines	Prior to enrollment in the school or immediately after diagnosis of a food allergy, appropriate medical plans of care such as an ECP, IHP, Section 504 Service Agreement and/or IEP shall be developed for each student identified with a food allergy. Plans shall be developed by the school nurse, in collaboration with the student's healthcare provider, the student's parents/guardians, or school nutrition staff, the student, if appropriate, and any other appropriate persons. Where a medical plan of care is developed, it should carefully describe the plan for coverage and care of a student during the school day as well as during school-sponsored activities which take place while the student is under school jurisdiction during or outside of school hours. Medical plans of care shall include a component which provides information to the school nutrition service regarding each student with documented severe or life-threatening food allergies.
Pol. 210 Pol. 210.1	Medical plans of care should include both preventative measures to help avoid accidental exposure to allergens and emergency measures in case of exposure, including administration of emergency medication. A complete set of a student's current medical plans of care related to food allergies shall be maintained by the school nurse. Information or copies of the different components of a student's medical plans of care shall be provided to appropriate personnel who may be involved in implementation of the medical plans of care. <u>Accommodating Students With Disabling Special Dietary Needs</u>
Pol. 103 Pol. 113	Students with food allergies may be identified, evaluated and determined to be disabled, in which case the district shall make appropriate accommodations, substitutions or modifications in accordance with the student's medical plans of care. The school must provide reasonable accommodations, substitutions or modifications for students with disabling dietary needs. The student's physician shall determine and document if the student has a disabling dietary need. Examples of a disability under this policy would include metabolic conditions (e.g., diabetes), severe food allergies or cerebral palsy.
7 CFR 15b.40	Students who fall under this provision must have a written medical statement signed by a licensed physician, which shall be included with the student's IHP. The medical statement must identify: 1. The student's special dietary disability. 2. An explanation of why the disability restricts the student's diet. 3. The major life activity(ies) affected by the disability.

	4. The food(s) to be omitted from the student's diet. 5. The food or choice of foods that must be provided as the substitute. <u>Accommodating Students With Nondisabling Special Dietary Needs</u> The school may, at its discretion, make appropriate accommodations, substitutions or modifications for students who have a special dietary need but who do not meet the definition of disability, such as a food intolerance or allergy that does not cause a reaction that meets the definition of a disability. The decision to accommodate such a student shall be made on a case-by-case basis. Students who fall under this provision must have a written medical statement signed by a physician, physician assistant or certified registered nurse practitioner identifying the following: 1. The medical or other special dietary condition which restricts the student's diet. 2. The food(s) to be omitted from the student's diet. 3. The food or choice of foods to be substituted. <u>Confidentiality</u>
Pol. 113.2 Pol. 209 Pol. 216	The school shall maintain the confidentiality of students with food allergies, to the extent appropriate and as requested by the student's parents/guardians. School staff shall maintain the confidentiality of student records as required by law, regulations and Board policy.
5. Delegation of Responsibility Pol. 121 Pol. 246 Pol. 808 Pol. 810	The Administrative Director or appropriate personnel designated by the Administrative Director, in coordination with the school nurse, school nutrition services staff, and other pertinent staff, shall develop administrative regulations to implement this policy or adopt as administrative regulations the suggested guidelines developed by the Pennsylvania Departments of Education and Health and National School Boards Association (NSBA) guidance on managing severe or life-threatening food allergies in district schools, including all classrooms and instructional areas, school cafeterias, outdoor activity areas, on school buses, during field trips, and during school activities held before the school day and after the school day. Administrative regulations should address the following components: 1. Identification of students with food allergies and provision of school health services.

Pol. 210 Pol. 210.1 Pol. 246 Pol. 113.2 Pol. 209 & 216 Pol. 805	2. Development and implementation of individual written management plans. 3. Medication protocols, including methods of storage, access and administration. 4. Development of a comprehensive and coordinated approach to creating a healthy school environment. 5. Communication and confidentiality. 6. Emergency response. 7. Professional development and training for school personnel. 8. Awareness education for students. 9. Awareness education and resources for parents/guardians. 10. Monitoring and evaluation. The Administrative Director or appropriate personnel designated by the Administrative Director shall annually notify students, parents/guardians, staff and the public about the district's food allergy management policy by publishing such in handbooks and newsletters, on the school's website, and through posted notices and other efficient methods. 24 P.S. 1422.3 7 CFR 15b.40 24 P.S. 1422.1 22 PA Code 12.41 20 U.S.C. 1232q 20 U.S.C. 1400 et seq. 29 U.S.C. 794 42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq. 7 CFR Part 15 28 CFR Part 35 34 CFR Part 99 34 CFR Part 104 34 CFR Part 300