# BEAUFORT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT Beaufort, SC

**Annual Comprehensive Financial Report** 



#WhereGreatThingsHappen



For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Frank Rodriguez, Ph.D, Superintendent - www.beaufortschools.net

# BEAUFORT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT BEAUFORT, SOUTH CAROLINA

### **ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Prepared by:
Beaufort County School District
Finance Department



# ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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# BOARD OF EDUCATION AND ADMINISTRATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### Administrative Office

2900 Mink Point Boulevard Beaufort, South Carolina 29902

### **Senior Management**

Frank Rodriguez, Ph.D. Superintendent

Ms. Wendy Cartledge Chief Legal Services Officer

Dr. Mary Stratos Chief Instructional Services Officer

Ms. Tonya Crosby, CPA, CGFO Chief Financial Officer

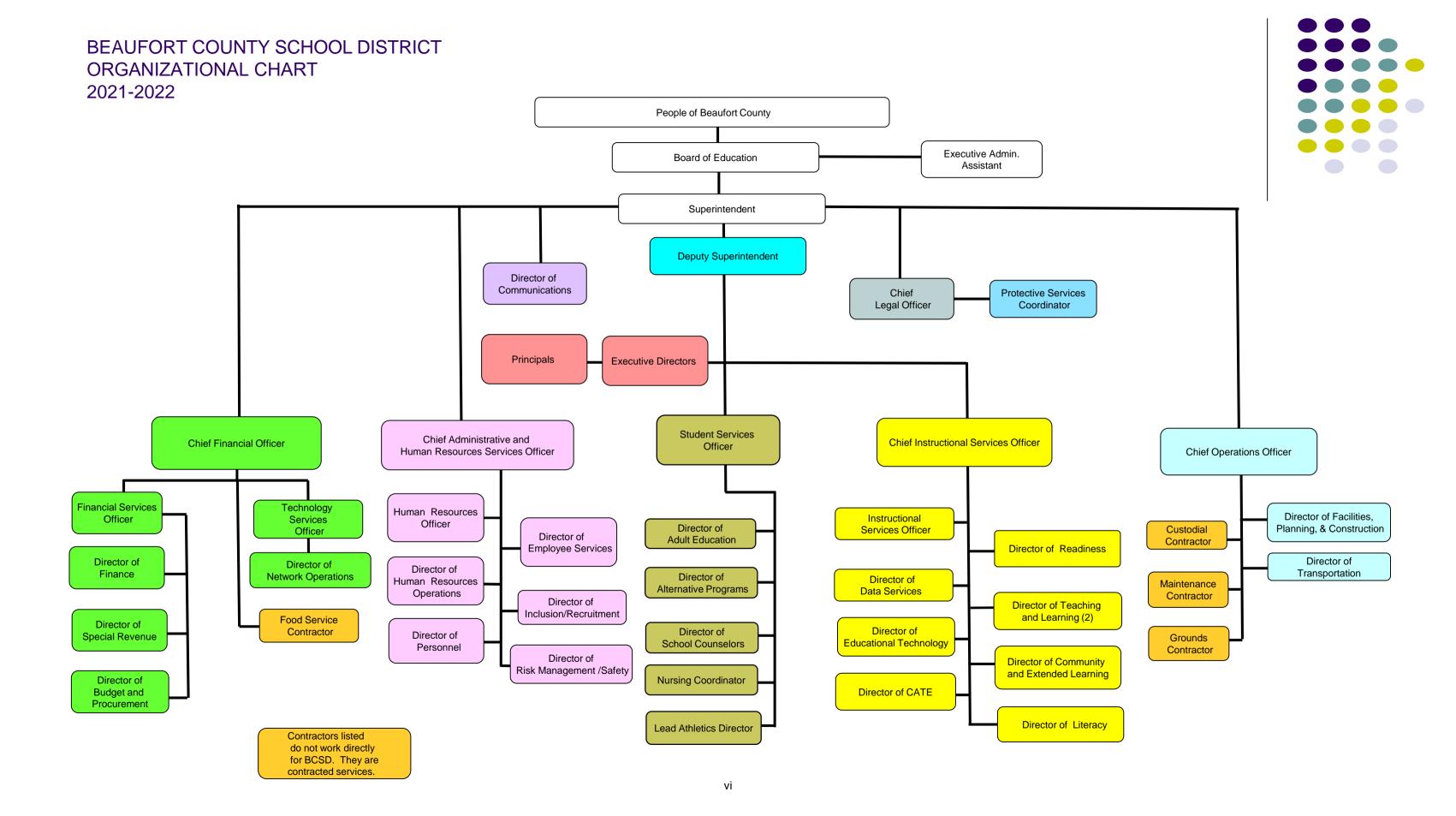
Mr. Robert Oetting Chief Operations Officer

Ms. Alice Walton Chief Administrative and Human Resource

Services Officer

### Officials Issuing Report

Ms. Tonya Crosby, CPA, CGFO, Chief Financial Officer Mr. Reggie Murphy, Financial Services Officer





December 1, 2022

To the Members of the Beaufort County Board of Education and Citizens of Beaufort County, South Carolina:

We are pleased to present the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") of the Beaufort County School District (the "School District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the School District. Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all the information presented in this report. Management has established a comprehensive internal control framework. Internal accounting controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are properly safeguarded and accounted for and to ensure the reliability of accounting information for preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"). The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The School District's financial statements have been audited by Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC, an independent firm of certified public accountants. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. The School District also is required to undergo a federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. In addition to reporting on the fair presentation of the financial statements, the single audit places special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involved in the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the School District's separately issued Single Audit Report located in the Single Audit Section of this document.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A"). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The School District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of independent auditors.

### **Relevant Financial Policies**

The majority of the School District's financial policies endorsed by the Board of Education policies and regulations remain unchanged: organize and optimize resources for improved academic results; deliver high academic results at a low per student cost; evaluate the use of resources for applicability to goals of the Board of Education's strategic plan; provide financial accountability and transparency to the citizens of

Beaufort County; and carefully manage indebtedness and debt service. The Board of Education has a fund balance policy in compliance with Government Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") 54.

The School District uses zero-based budgeting as a tool to manage its exposure to rising costs and to assure spending efficiencies. Innovative approaches to continuous improvement are employed to streamline processes and eliminate waste and to measure process performance in meeting the goals of the Board of Education's strategic plan.

### **Profile of the School District**

Beaufort County School District serves approximately 21,000 students. Located along the Atlantic Ocean, its area covers 587 square miles including 64 major islands and thousands of small islands in the state's southeastern corner. Beaufort County is characterized by isolated small towns, islands, and farming communities.

Beaufort County School District has 17 elementary schools, 2 pre-K-8 schools, 6 middle schools, 6 high schools, 1 charter school and 1 career center shared with neighboring Jasper County. It serves students in pre-kindergarten through grade 12 and includes programs such as: Montessori education, alternative education programs, English for Speakers of Other Languages ("ESOL"), vocational education, adult education, Science Technology Engineering and Math ("STEM"), Junior ROTC, and aeronautical engineering, among others. In addition, two magnet programs, Advanced Math, Engineering and Science ("AMES"), have been established within two of our elementary schools, as well as a dual high school and college program at Whale Branch Early College High School. The School District partners with Beaufort-Jasper EOC Head Start to serve children ages birth to five years old. Additionally, the School District partners with the Technical College of the Lowcountry and the University of South Carolina-Beaufort to provide dual enrollment courses for high school students county-wide.

The School District is governed by the Board of Education (the "Board") which consists of 11 members elected from single member districts. The chief executive officer is the Superintendent of Schools, Dr. Frank Rodriguez, appointed by and responsible to the Board. An updated organizational chart of the management of the School District is included in the Introductory Section.

The School District does not have fiscal autonomy from Beaufort County. The County Council (an 11-member council) reviews the School District's budget requests for reasonableness and levies the millage necessary in compliance with State Act 388 to ensure sufficient tax revenue is generated. Funds are appropriated on an annual basis for the general operating fund.

### **Factors Affecting Financial Conditions**

**Local Economy** - The School District receives approximately 60% of its operating budget from Beaufort County. The remaining 40% is primarily received from the State - 44% of which is funded through sales tax reimbursement as a part of Act 388. The School District's state support increased primarily due to an increase in the fringe benefit funding. The increase in the fringe benefit funding was due to an increase in teacher salaries. Prior to the enactment of Act 388 in 2006, the School District's local support was as high as 91%.

According to the 2021 Census estimates, Beaufort County has grown by 17.8% since the 2010 Census, making it the ninth fastest growing county in the state. The other counties that grew faster during that

period were Horry at 35.3%, Berkeley at 31.9%, Lancaster at 30.3%, York at 27.2%, Jasper at 21.5%, Dorchester at 19.2%, Greenville at 17.9% and Spartanburg at 17.9%. Since the 2010 Census, the student population has grown by 9.0% based on enrollment projected for the 2022-2023 school year.

The School District also continues to derive economic benefits from the presence and expansion of military facilities, including the U.S. Marine Corps Recruit Depot, the Marine Corps Air Station and the Beaufort Naval Hospital. Currently, the Marine Corps Air Station Beaufort consists of more than 4,700 Marines, Sailors and civilian personnel in support of Marine Air Group 31. Its component squadrons and tenant units are readily deployable. At the U.S. Marine Corps Recruit Depot, there are over 6,000 military and non-military personnel in the School District's local area supporting the over 19,000 recruits. According to a 2017 study performed by the University of South Carolina's Moore School of Business entitled "The Economic Impact of South Carolina's Military Community: A Statewide and Regional Analysis," the total economic impact of these three military installations on Beaufort and neighboring Jasper counties was \$2.3 billion and supported 19,060 jobs generating \$1.0 billion in labor income.

Tourism is the major industry in Beaufort County. In 2020, tourists spent approximately \$1.45 billion in Beaufort County, according to a report by College of Charleston entitled "Estimated Total Impact of Tourism on Beaufort County, South Carolina 2020." In 2020, tourism was responsible for an estimated 18,766 jobs and approximately \$15 million in net revenues for local governments. This figure excludes revenue generated by state and local accommodations tax, local hospitality and recreation taxes. As stated in the report, "The year 2020 was a unique time for the global hospitality and tourism sector, as it was defined by the COVID-19 pandemic that significantly curtailed tourism activity, particularly during the spring. In addition, the pandemic led to broader changes in consumer behavior, as people adjusted their behaviors in order to take precautions against the virus. Beaufort County was not immune from these impacts, which were substantial in the spring."

Total retail sales were up 16% from April 2021 to April 2022. County-wide, the number of residential new construction permits issued in 2021 (2,827) increased 23.6% from the 2020 number (2,287). Many residences are currently under construction, particularly in the Bluffton area.

Beaufort County's unemployment rate at 3.2% matches the State of South Carolina's rate of 3.2% as of June 2022. The unemployment rate has continued to drop the past few years, except for 2020 when all unemployment rates increased due to the pandemic. The presence of military bases and the rebound of the tourism industry have contributed to the low rate.

The most recent available U.S. Census Bureau information shows Beaufort County has a median household income of \$76,515 at the end of calendar year 2020. This income level continually ranks Beaufort County as one of the highest in the State and is above national levels.

Despite having a very high median family income, the number of students eligible for free and reduced-price meals has increased from 50% to 56% since 2010. To assist families in our community, the School District applied for and was granted permission from the United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") to declare 11 schools Community Eligible Program schools. Under this program, all students in the schools receive free breakfast and lunch meals. Wherever high poverty conditions exist, it puts an increased financial burden on our community and schools.

**Long-Term Financial Planning** - The Board's fund balance policy requirements are the guide for long-term financial planning. The Board's policy requires the School District to maintain an unassigned fund balance

not less than 15% of the next year's budgeted expenditures with a desired target between 15% to 17%. This guidance is a critical component for long-range financial planning.

Five-year operating budget projections are updated each year, used as a starting point for budget discussion and planning, and revised each year to reflect trends and factors affecting enrollment. In addition, ten-year capital and debt plans are updated annually to ensure financial stability while meeting the facility needs of the School District.

Major Initiatives – The top priorities for FY 2022 were teacher recruitment/retention and safety. The School District implemented a \$1,000 locality supplement in 2015-2016 as an incentive to offset the high cost of living in our county, especially in the area of Hilton Head Island. The goal was to increase this supplement by \$1,000 each year for five years. In 2018-2019, the supplement was increased by \$2,000 to reach the \$5,000 supplement a year early. The \$5,000 teacher supplement remained in the 2021-2022 budget. During FY 2022, all full-time employees were given a step increase in June, retroactive to the beginning of the fiscal year. Teachers who performed dual modality instruction received a bonus for each semester, dependent upon the number of days of instruction provided. Classified, professional and administrative employees received a one-time bonus of \$1,000 for their efforts during the COVID-19 pandemic.

**Enrollment** – Until the onset of COVID-19, student enrollment had been on the rise since 2010, averaging 1.3% per year through 2019. Enrollment at the 135<sup>th</sup> day of 2019-2020 was reported at 22,259 students, an increase of 45 students from the prior year. Initially, enrollment decreased post-pandemic with enrollment at the 135<sup>th</sup> day of the 2020-2021 school year at 21,120. Enrollment increased but has not reached pre-pandemic level with the 135<sup>th</sup> day of the 2021-2022 school year at 21,199. The projected enrollment for the 2022-2023 school year is 21,387.

The face of our community is changing as demonstrated by our demographics. Since 2010, the School District's Hispanic population has increased from 19% to 31% of the total student population (from 3,753 to 6,488). This represents a growth of 72% over a ten-year period. Our School District currently has 38% Caucasian, 25% African American, 31% Hispanic and 7% other.

### **Accomplishments and Awards**

**Academic Achievements** – The School District continues to out-perform the state graduation rate of 83.8% with a 2.3 percentage point decrease from 88.5% for the Class of 2021 to 86.2% for the Class of 2022. That compares to 86.0% five years ago. South Carolina's statewide graduation rate for 2022 was 83.8%, up from 83.3% in 2021.

Beaufort County high school seniors' average SAT score of 1,033 was higher than South Carolina's average score of 1,023, and slightly below the average national score of 1,050. Forty-eight percent of School District students took the SAT compared to 49% of students statewide.

**Financial Reporting Awards** – The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada ("GFOA") awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Beaufort County School District for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the past 29 years. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition for excellence in state and local government financial reporting. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents

conform to program standards. Such reports satisfy both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition to the award for excellence in financial reporting, the School District has not had a negative finding in any of its annual independent audits in the past 21 years.

### **Acknowledgements**

We wish to express our appreciation to the entire staff of the Finance Department whose dedicated efforts have enabled this report to be prepared on a timely basis.

In closing, sincere gratitude is expressed to the Board of Education for their leadership and dedication to the Beaufort County School District, its taxpayers, employees, and most importantly, its students. To the citizens of the Beaufort County School District, please accept our gratitude for your support of our successful School District.

Respectfully submitted,

Tonya V. Crosby, CPA Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

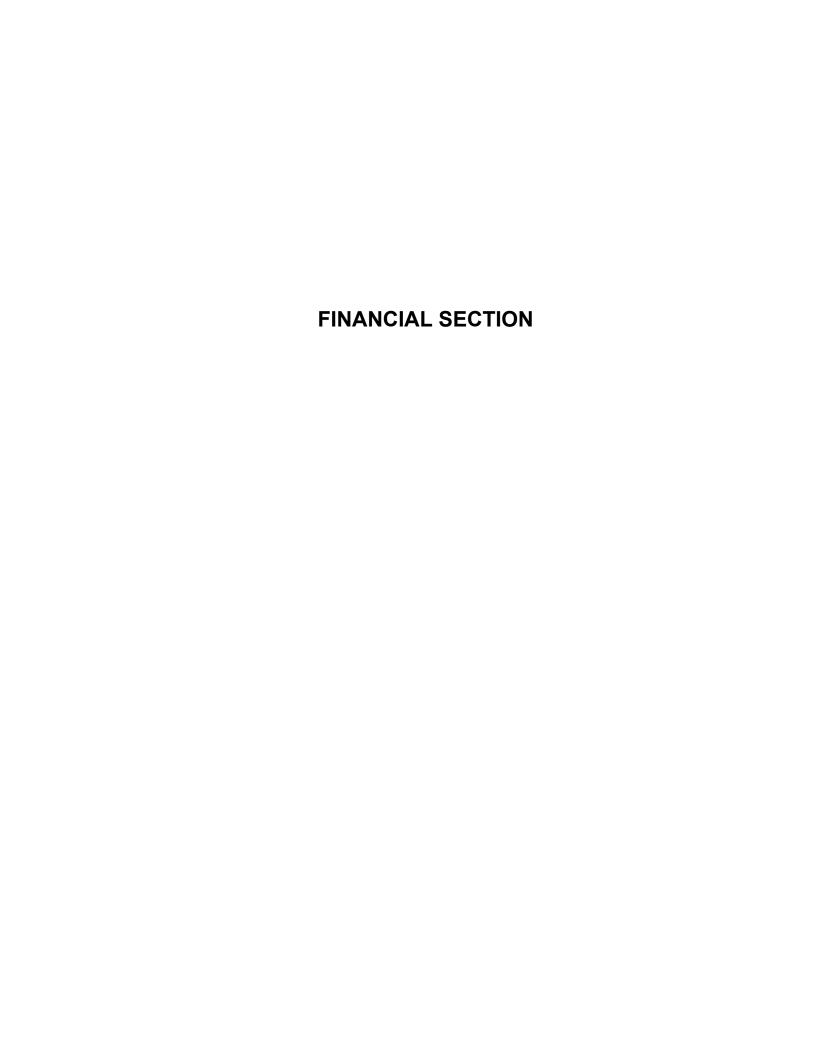
# **Beaufort County School District South Carolina**

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the Board of Trustees Beaufort County School District Beaufort, South Carolina

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Beaufort County School District** (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We did not audit the financial statements of Riverview Charter School, which represents 100% of the assets, net position, and revenues of the discretely presented component unit as of June 30, 2022. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for Riverview Charter School, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
  examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 5 – 18, Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on pages 87 and 88, Schedule of the School District's Contributions – Pensions on pages 89 and 90, Schedules of School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability on page 91 and 92, Schedule of the School District's Contributions – OPEB on pages 93 and 94, and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 95 – 99 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated December 1, 2022 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Beaufort County School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia December 1, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

As management of the Beaufort County School District (the School District), we offer readers of the Beaufort County School District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Management encourages the readers to consider the information presented in this discussion in conjunction with additional information that is presented as part of this report. Readers are directed to the transmittal letter, financial statements, notes to the financial statements and statistical information to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

### **Financial Highlights**

**Net Position** - The School District's total net position (as reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position) as of June 30, 2022, was \$-36.3 million. This amount reflects an increase of \$45.5 million which is primarily attributable to an increase in current and other assets due to the inflow of cash from the issuance of bonds purposed for the successful 2019 referendum and the net investment in capital assets.

Revenues, Other Financing Sources and Expenditures - Governmental revenues totaled \$416.6 million, other financing sources/(uses) totaled \$168.6 million, and expenditures totaled \$509.6 million for all Governmental Funds at the fund level. Fund balances increased by \$75.6 million. This is largely attributable to the issuance of long-term debt for capital projects. General obligation bonds issued in FY 2022 were to be used for the 2019 referendum, repair and maintenance of School District facilities and refunding of two previous bond issuances.

**General Fund/Fund Balance** - The School District's principal operating fund, the General Fund, had \$280.4 million in revenues and other financing sources and \$273.8 million in expenditures and other financing uses, generating a net increase in fund balance of \$6.6 million. This resulted in the General Fund's fund balance increasing from \$50.6 million to \$57.1 million or 19.2% of budgeted FY 2023 general fund expenditures.

**General Fund Budget** - Local tax collections were \$4,870,307 more than the amount budgeted, and total local sources of revenues were \$5,081,810 more than the budgeted amount. State revenues in the General Fund were \$292,805 more than the amount budgeted, chiefly due to an increase in reimbursement in property tax relief. The original budget was designed as a balanced budget with no impact on fund balance; however, primarily due to an increase in local property tax collections, fund balance was increased by \$6.6 million.

**Debt** - The School District sold \$180.4 million of long-term general obligation bonds in FY 2022. New bonds were issued to fund the 2019 referendum, repair and maintenance of School District facilities and refunding of two previous bond issuances. The fund balance of the Debt Service Fund increased by \$0.4 million to a total of \$20.3 million.

**Major Capital Additions** - The School District's capital assets for governmental activities increased by \$70.4 million or 12.4%. This is attributable primarily to the current year's amount of capital projects completed and construction in progress for the 2019 referendum projects.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

**Proprietary Funds** - The Enterprise Fund, the School District's Food Service Fund, ended the year with an increase in net position of \$3,511,381. This increase is primarily due to an increase in operating grants and contributions for program revenues. The Internal Service Fund, used as an Insurance Reserve Fund, had an increase in fund balance of \$49,291 to a net position of \$1,522,603. The increase is attributable to the receipt of insurance proceeds received during the fiscal year.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of three parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements consist of three parts: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Short-term and long-term information about the School District's overall financial status is provided in these statements. These statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting recognizes revenue when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the School District itself (known as the primary government) but also the component unit Riverview Charter School, a charter school sponsored by the School District. Financial information for the charter school is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself. Additional information on the School District's component unit can be found on page 144.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the School District is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

**Governmental Activities** - Most of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

**Business-Type Activities** - These services are provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover all the expenses of the goods or services provided. The School District's food service activities are reported as business activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all the School District's assets plus deferred outflows, and liabilities plus deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (i.e. uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the School District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the School District include general fund, special revenue fund, pupil activity fund, COVID related funds, EIA fund, debt service, capital projects, and the internal service fund. The business-type activities of the School District include the food service fund.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19-22 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements** - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds - Most of the School District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for near-term spending. These funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, which recognizes revenue when it is measurable and available, and expenses are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's education programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

**Proprietary funds** - Services for which the School District charges a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The School District's food service fund and the internal service fund are the only proprietary funds.

**Notes to the financial statements** - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 32-86.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

**Other supplemental information** - In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplemental information that further supports the financial statements with a comparison of the School District's budget for the year and other supplementary information schedules required either by the State Department of Education or the Certificate-of-Excellence program of the Government Finance Officers Association.

### **Government-Wide Financial Analysis**

The condensed statement of net position describes the financial position of the School District on June 30, 2022. In the case of the School District's Primary Government, assets and deferred outflows of resources were exceeded by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$36.3 million.

The largest portion of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although net investment in its capital assets is reported, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The increase in net investment in capital assets of \$11.8 million is due to increased construction in progress.

Unrestricted Net Position, the portion of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements, decreased \$25.6 million (5.9%) from a \$430.8 million deficit at June 30, 2021, to a \$405.2 million deficit at June 30, 2022. The primary cause of the decrease in Unrestricted Net Position is the issuance of long-term debt associated with the 2019 referendum. A summary of the School District's net position for 2022 compared to 2021 is presented below:

### Condensed Statement of Net Position

							Total
							Percent
	Governmen	tal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	Total Scho	Change	
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021-2022
Current and other assets	\$ 312,267,350	\$ 409,524,884	\$ 6,221,890	\$ 9,728,800	\$ 318,489,240	\$ 419,253,684	31.6%
Capital assets	565,978,906	636,954,825	2,019,631	1,924,768	567,998,537	638,879,593	12.5%
Total assets	878,246,256	1,046,479,709	8,241,521	11,653,568	886,487,777	1,058,133,277	19.4%
Deferred outflows of resources	106,736,767	141,244,747	251,486	335,643	106,988,253	141,580,390	32.3%
Current liabilities	97,667,251	133,282,307	1,657,785	1,587,016	99,325,036	134,869,323	35.8%
Long-term liabilities	950,113,700	1,039,254,164	1,395,885	1,403,228	951,509,585	1,040,657,392	9.4%
Total liabilities	1,047,780,951	1,172,536,471	3,053,670	2,990,244	1,050,834,621	1,175,526,715	11.9%
Deferred inflows of resources	24,137,367	60,128,401	279,036	327,285	24,416,403	60,455,686	147.6%
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	316,578,409	328,510,725	2,019,631	1,924,768	318,598,040	330,435,493	3.7%
Capital projects	6,577,083	10,758,936	_	-	6,577,083	10,758,936	63.6%
Debt service	17,873,081	17,722,677	-	=	17,873,081	17,722,677	-0.8%
Food services	-	-	3,140,670	6,746,914	3,140,670	6,746,914	114.8%
Student activities	2,825,862	3,239,214	-	-	2,825,862	3,239,214	14.6%
Unrestricted	(430,789,730)	(405,171,968)			(430,789,730)	(405,171,968)	-5.9%
Total net position	\$ (86,935,295)	\$ (44,940,416)	\$ 5,160,301	\$ 8,671,682	\$ (81,774,994)	\$ (36,268,734)	-55.6%

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022:

							Total
	Governme	ntal activities	Business-t	ype activities	Total Sch	ool District	Percent Change
	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021-2022
REVENUES		· ·					
Program revenues							
Charges for sales and services	\$ 1,626,286	\$ 1,678,987	\$ 8,876	\$ 33,604	\$ 1,635,162	\$ 1,712,591	4.7%
Operating grants and contributions	88,820,001	104,969,680	10,890,789	16,149,483	99,710,790	121,119,163	21.5%
General revenues							
Property taxes	220,196,786	245,049,579	-	-	220,196,786	245,049,579	11.3%
Federal and state formula aid	58,802,219	60,019,402	-	-	58,802,219	60,019,402	2.1%
Other	3,667,323	2,628,364	2,782	1,482	3,670,105	2,629,846	-28.3%
Total revenues	373,112,615	414,346,012	10,902,447	16,184,569	384,015,062	430,530,581	7.1%
EXPENSES							
Instruction	212,604,291	219,361,434	-	-	212,604,291	219,361,434	3.2%
Support services	130,525,698	143,337,181	-	-	130,525,698	143,337,181	9.8%
Community services	736,866	602,003	-	-	736,866	602,003	-18.3%
Interest and other charges	10,078,244	9,029,570	-	-	10,078,244	9,029,570	-10.4%
Food service	-	-	8,598,678	12,694,133	8,598,678	12,694,133	47.6%
Total expenses	353,945,099	372,330,188	8,598,678	12,694,133	362,543,777	385,024,321	0.5%
Excess before transfers	19,167,516	42,015,824	2,303,769	3,490,436	21,471,285	45,506,260	111.9%
Transfers	(23,619)	(20,945)	23,619	20,945			- %
Increase in net position	19,143,897	41,994,879	2,327,388	3,511,381	21,471,285	45,506,260	111.9%
Net position, beginning of year	(109,127,553)	(86,935,295)	2,832,913	5,160,301	(106,294,640)	(81,774,994)	-23.1%
Restatement for GASB 84	3,048,361	-	-	-	3,048,361	-	- %
Net position, beginning of year as restated	(106,079,192)	(86,935,295)	2,832,913	5,160,301	(103,246,279)	(81,774,994)	-20.8%
Net position, end of year	\$ (86,935,295)	\$ (44,940,416)	\$ 5,160,301	\$ 8,671,682	\$ (81,774,994)	\$ (36,268,734)	-55.6%
Component Unit: Charter School Expenses Operating grants and contributions Other general revenues Increase in net position Net position, beginning of year Net position, end of year						\$ 9,638,329 8,781,145 441,610 (415,574) (5,872,178) \$ (6,287,752)	

**Governmental Activities.** Governmental activities increased the School District's net position by \$42.0 million. Key elements of the increase are as follows:

Capital Assets increased by \$70.4 million due primarily to the \$64.8 million increase in equipment and construction in progress during the period.

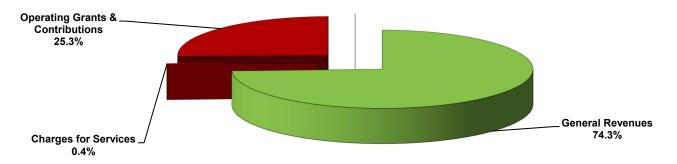
Long-term liabilities outstanding increased by \$89.1 million (9.4%). As new referendum construction continued, the need for additional bond issuances increased. The increase in debt outstanding resulted from the excess of new debt issued over the principal debt payments made. The School District issued \$180.4 million to fund projects in the 2019 referendum, advance refunding of existing debt and ongoing capital improvements, subject to the 8% limitation. Principal payments of \$87.7 million were made, representing an increase of \$27.3 million over the prior year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

Beaufort County is still considered one of the wealthiest counties in the state since the state's primary funding formula, Education Finance Act (EFA), uses a wealth index based on county real estate values. Beaufort County's close proximity to the coast causes property values to have a higher value thereby providing less state support. The School District's EFA support was \$16.4 million based on the wealth index, up \$950,995 from the prior year.

The School District's dependence on local and state tax revenues for government activities is apparent as is demonstrated below. Seventy-four percent of all revenues are provided by general revenues which include local property taxes and federal and state aid, the majority of which is local property taxes.

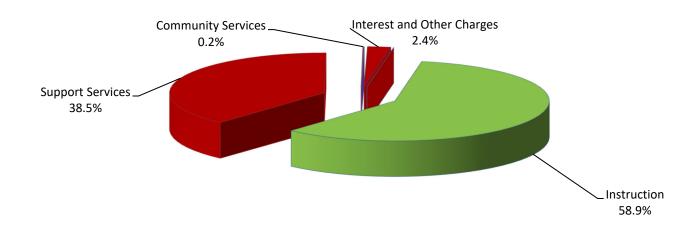
### **Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities**



The total cost of governmental activity programs and services increased 5.2% to \$372.3 million. Instructional expenses increased \$6.8 million to \$219.4 million, and support expenses increased by \$12.8 million to \$143.3 million. Changes in instructional costs are attributable to a greater emphasis on recruiting and retaining instructional staff by increasing teacher's salaries and benefits.

The figure below represents the cost of five major School District activities: instruction, support services, community services, intergovernmental, and interest and other charges.

### Expenses by Function-Governmental Activities



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

The following table shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

### **Net Cost of Governmental Activities**

				Total Percent				Total Percent
	Total cost	of se	ervices	Change	Net cost of	of sei	rvices	Change
	2021		2022	2021-2022	2021		2022	2021-2022
Instruction	\$ 212,604,291	\$	219,361,434	3.2%	\$ 154,162,051	\$	155,286,899	0.7%
Support services	130,525,698		143,337,181	9.8%	99,241,672		101,350,928	2.1%
Community services	736,866		602,003	-18.3%	16,845		14,124	-16.2%
Interest and other charges	10,078,244		9,029,570	-10.4%	10,078,244		9,029,570	-10.4%
Total	\$ 353,945,099	\$	372,330,188	5.2%	\$ 263,498,812	\$	265,681,521	0.8%

The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$372.3 million.

The federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$105.0 million).

Most of the School District's net costs (\$265.7 million), however, were financed by the School District and local taxpayers.

This portion of governmental activities was financed with \$245.0 million in property taxes, \$60.0 million from state and federal aid and \$2.6 million of miscellaneous revenues.

The increase in instructional costs is attributable to a greater emphasis on recruiting and retaining instructional staff by increasing teacher's salaries and benefits.

The increase in support services is primarily due to a return to face-to-face instruction along with dual modality instruction for remote students.

The decrease in interest and other charges is primarily due to the effect of the timing of interest payments on the amount of interest accrued for outstanding bond issues.

**Business Type Activities.** The Net Position of business-type activities increased by \$3,511,381 from June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022 to \$8.7 million. Key elements of the increase include:

Business-type expenses increased by 47.6% to \$12.7 million due primarily to a return of students to the classroom and provision of meals to classroom locations rather than lunchroom service.

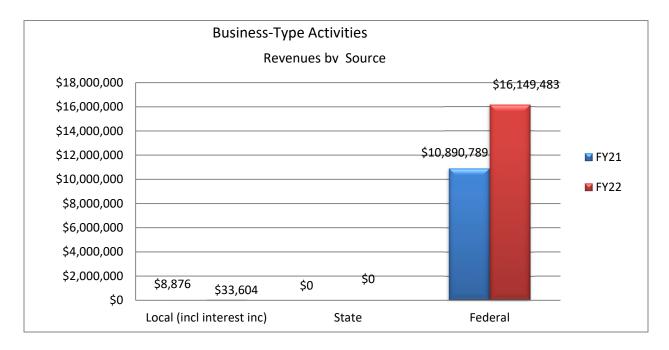
Program Revenues - Charges for sales and service, which are primarily proceeds from meal sales, increased by 278.6% to \$33,604 because of the provision of revenues through operating grants and contributions.

Program Revenues — Operating Grants and Contributions, which are primarily federal reimbursements for meals served, increased by 48.3% to \$16.1 million, 87% of which came from the summer feeding program.

Food service operations produced a net gain of \$3.5 million compared to the prior year's net gain of \$2.3 million. The gain is attributed to an increase in operating grants and contributions.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

This operation receives no support from local property tax revenues. As demonstrated below, most of the revenue received (99.8%) is from federal sources, an increase of 48.3% of overall revenue from the prior year.

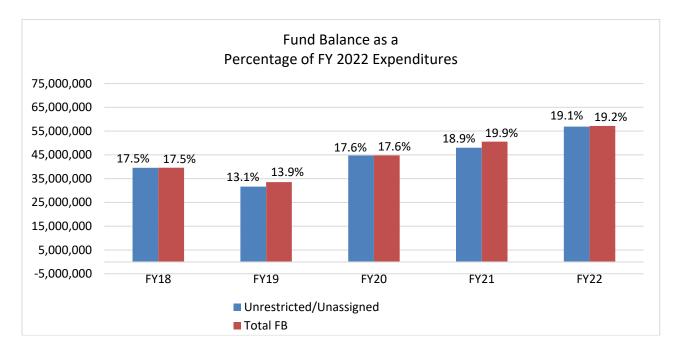


### **Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds**

**Governmental Funds.** Information about the School District's major funds begins on page 95. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting and include the following funds: General Fund, Special Projects, Special Projects-EIA, Special Projects-Pupil Activity Fund, Special Projects-COVID Related Fund, Debt Service, Debt Service-EFC and Capital Projects. As the School District completed the year, its government funds reported combined fund balances of \$329.2 million - a \$75.6 million increase from last year's ending fund balances. The net change in fund balance was most significant in the capital projects fund (\$68.2 million increase) and the general fund (\$6.6 million increase). The capital projects fund increase is attributable to the issuance of \$180.4 million in general obligation bonds and the increased local tax collections are the primary reasons for the increase in the general fund.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the School District. The following graph shows the general fund's unassigned fund balance as a percentage of current year budgeted expenditures and other financing uses. Our Board requires a 15-17% fund balance measured against the next year's expenditure budget.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022



The graph above can be used to measure the overall financial health of the School District. The General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$57,132,200 at June 30, 2022 represents 19.2% of budgeted FY 2023 expenditures or approximately seventy days of operations. The School District has engaged measures to ensure the fund balance is maintained within acceptable levels to meet Board policy. The Board's policy is to maintain a 15% to 17% unassigned fund balance of the next year's projected expenditure budget. Measures to do this include cost containment and seeking alternative revenue sources through grants and lease agreements, as well as a collaborative relationship with County Council who approves the millage rate for general operations. In FY 2022, the School District proposed a balanced budget with no increase or decrease in fund balance. However, due primarily to an increase in property tax revenues, fund balance was improved by \$6.6 million. The increase in property tax revenues is attributable to an increase is assessed property values and the increased millage rate

The School District's Special Revenue and EIA Funds are used to account for revenues derived from the State of South Carolina and the Federal Government. Most Special Revenue Funds do not have fund balances as revenues should be expended, deferred or returned to the grantor. Total revenue for Special Revenue funds increased by \$7.8 million due to an allocation of COVID response funds, and total revenue for EIA funds decreased by \$596,320, the result of the change in the state funding formula. The School District maintains adequate carryover balances to support long-term initiatives and to offset potential reductions in state and federal allocations.

The Debt Service Fund shown in the accompanying financial statements of the School District includes the regular School District Debt Service Fund and the EFC (Educational Facilities Corporation) Debt Service Fund. Both funds are used to account for the accumulation of funds for debt retirement. The debt millage rate remained at 36.3 mills in FY 2022, a rate needed to adequately support the School District's scheduled debt payments and the approval of a bond referendum in 2019. The fund balance for the regular School District Debt Service increased by \$397,839 primarily due to planned bond payments in FY 2023 and to maintain the fund balance within a desired range for reserves. The fund balance for the EFC Debt Service Fund decreased by \$8,355 to a total of \$22,411. The EFC Debt Service Fund is funded by the issuance of short-term bonds that are recorded as a transfer from the regular School District Debt Service Fund to the

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

EFC Debt Service Fund. The amount of the short-term bonds issued are planned to equal the debt payments made from the EFC Debt Service Fund, so no material change in fund balance is expected.

The School District uses Capital Projects Funds to account for school construction and improvement projects which are primarily financed through bond referenda or 8% debt issues. The Capital Projects fund balance increased by \$68.2 million to a total of \$248.4 million. The relatively large change in fund balance is primarily due to the issuance of a \$180 million general obligation bond for the second phase of design and construction of the 2019 referendum projects. General obligation bonds are issued annually in an amount to fund ongoing referendum projects and sustain ongoing repair and maintenance functions.

**Proprietary Funds.** The School District's proprietary funds consist of the School District's Food Service operations and the Internal Service Fund. The proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements but in more detail.

Food Service operations, which are outsourced to an external vendor, are business-type activities, while the other proprietary fund, the Internal Service Fund, is a governmental activity. The Internal Service Fund was established at the end of FY 2006 for insurance and risk management services to include:

- Payment of claims (under \$25,000 deductible per claim),
- Obtain services or programs to enable the School District to maintain insurance or purchase additional coverage,
- Provide services or programs aimed at reducing hazards or exposures thereby reducing the cost of insurance and
- Utilize actuarial or other consulting services related to our commercial insurance programs that will benefit the program.

Net position in the Internal Service Fund increased from \$1,473,312 at June 30, 2021 to \$1,522,603 at June 30, 2022. This is the result of insurance proceeds recorded in FY 2022.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

As always, the School District's budget was developed utilizing a long-term approach. It is essential to consider projected expenditures over the next 5 years, especially for a School District that has historically experienced an annual increase in enrollment.

The key revenue highlights for FY 2022 are as follows:

- Total actual property tax revenues for the General Fund of \$168.3 million were more than the final budgeted revenues of \$163.5 million. This \$4.9 million surplus is primarily due to increased taxes billed for tax year 2021 (increase of 7.6 mills).
- State revenues exceeded the final budget by \$292,805 primarily due to an increase in reimbursement in property tax relief.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

- Federal revenues reflect collections of multi-year E-rate and impact aid reimbursements. These funds represent reimbursements for telecommunications upgrades, wireless access points and other technology infrastructure. The E-rate reimbursements are dependent upon the release of federal funds, therefore, very unpredictable and difficult to budget.
- A tax anticipation note (TAN) in the amount of \$15.0 million was drawn down in the Fall of 2021 and repaid in January 2022. Since the fund balance is inadequate to support operational costs during periods of low revenue collections of local property taxes, the School District continues to be dependent on short-term borrowing. Once tax collections resume in January, the TAN is repaid.
- Total spending in the General Fund is reported at 99.8% of the \$274.1 million budget. This represents under spending in the amount of \$414,817.
- The School District's first charter school opened in FY 2010. Payments to the charter school are allocated using a state-required formula involving enrollment and District-wide revenues. Funding increased by \$268,349 from FY 2021 to FY 2022 due to an increase in students and local tax collections.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

**Capital Assets** - At the end of fiscal year 2022, the School District had invested \$1.05 billion in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, and various types of equipment necessary to operate the School District's 32 schools and an administrative office. This amount represents an increase of \$98.8 million from the prior year (more detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 6 to the financial statements). Total depreciation expense for the year was \$25.6 million.

### Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation)

	Governmen	ital a	ctivities	Business-ty	pe ac	tivities	Percent Change
	2021		2022	2021		2022	2021-2022
Land	\$ 41,269,484	\$	41,299,484	\$ -	\$	-	0.1%
Improvements	117,887,574		135,082,615	-		-	14.6%
Buildings	318,369,767		305,398,882	-		-	-4.1%
Equipment	22,987,430		24,222,631	1,877,466		1,917,508	5.1%
Construction/equipment							
in progress	65,464,651		130,423,782	 142,165		7,260	98.8%
Total	\$ 565,978,906	\$	636,427,394	\$ 2,019,631	\$	1,924,768	12.4%

Capital expenditures consisted primarily of the renovations of Battery Creek High School and Beaufort Elementary School, design and construction of a replacement facility for Robert Smalls International Academy, safety and security upgrades to all facilities, design of upcoming referendum projects, as well as minor renovations and preventive maintenance of existing facilities. The new facilities and renovations were funded using a 2019 referendum general obligation bond. The School District also continues to develop and update an annual 5-year capital improvement plan to cover the School District's prioritized capital renewal and new construction needs. Project priorities include the health and safety of children and staff, asset preservation, the adequacy of facilities for effective learning, the reduction of school overcrowding, and the completion of phased renovations and building modifications.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

**Long-Term Debt** - At year-end, the School District had \$487,466,700 in bonds outstanding (excluding short-term debt obligations, deferred charges and unamortized premiums), an increase of \$96.9 million. Continuation of projects approved in the 2019 referendum and the ongoing renovation and building modification projects triggered the need for \$180.4 million in new general obligation debt during the year. More detailed information about long-term debt can be found in Note 6 of the financial statements.

### **Outstanding Long-Term Debt**

			Percent Change
	2021	2022	2021-2022
General obligation debt related to referenda	\$ 317,217,000	\$ 430,690,640	35.8%
General obligation debt subject to 8%	54,204,000	39,801,060	-26.6%
Installment purchase revenue bonds	19,125,000	16,957,000	-11.3%
Total outstanding debt	\$ 390,546,000	\$ 487,448,700	24.8%

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to eight percent (8%) of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the School District is \$173.4 million which is in excess of the School District's applicable outstanding debt of \$39.8 million, leaving capacity of \$133.6 million.

**Bond Ratings** - The School District maintains an "Aa1" underlying rating from Moody's Investor Service for general obligation debt. Additional security is provided by the South Carolina School District Credit Enhancement Program (Government Obligations Rated Aa1 and AA), which applies to all the School District's outstanding general obligation debt.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

According to the 2021 Census estimates, Beaufort County has grown by 17.8% since the 2010 Census. The population of Beaufort County ranks as the ninth highest in South Carolina. Greenville, Richland and Charleston top the list for the most populated counties in the state. Since the 2010 Census, the student population has grown by 9.0% based on enrollment projected for the 2022-2023 school year.

The District also continues to derive economic benefits from the presence and expansion of military facilities, including the U.S. Marine Corps Recruit Depot, the Marine Corps Air Station and the Beaufort Naval Hospital. The military facilities provide steady employment during poor economic times. The U.S. Marine Corps Recruit Depot at Parris Island, the Marine Corps Air Station-Beaufort, and the Beaufort Naval Hospital are all located within the County.

Tourism is the major industry in Beaufort County. It was estimated that approximately \$1.45 billion in tourist spending was done in Beaufort County in 2020. This is according to a report by Regional Transactions Concepts, LLC entitled "Estimated Total Impact of Tourism in Hilton Head Island, 2019 on Beaufort County, South Carolina." In 2020, tourism was responsible for over 18,766 jobs, and approximately \$15.0 million in net revenues for local governments. This figure excludes revenue generated by state and local accommodations tax, local hospitality and recreation taxes. Visitation to Beaufort County is anticipated to increase in 2022 along with other areas in South Carolina as people continue adjusting their behaviors in order to take precautions against the COVID-19 virus.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

Total retail sales were up 16% from April 2021 to April 2022. Countywide, the number of residential new construction permits issued in 2021 (2,827) increased 23.6% from the 2020 number (2,287). Many residences are currently under construction, particularly in the Bluffton area.

The county's unemployment rate at 2.3% remains below the State of South Carolina's rate of 3.3% as of April 2022. The unemployment rate has continued to drop the past few years, except for 2020 when all unemployment rates increased due to the pandemic. The presence of military bases and the rebound of the tourism industry have contributed to the low rate.

The most recent available U. S. Census Bureau information shows the County has a median household income of \$76,515 at the end of calendar year 2020. This income level continually ranks the County as one of the highest in the State and is above national levels.

During tax year 2021 (fiscal year 2022), the Beaufort County Council increased the operating millage from 114.0 mills to 121.6 resulting in a positive variance in the amount of \$4.9 million. This positive variance was a primary factor in increasing unassigned fund balance at a level that falls above the 15% to 17% range of budgeted expenditures required by Board policy. The Beaufort County Council approved a 4.0 mill increase in the operating millage to 125.6 for tax year 2022 (fiscal year 2023).

The Board of Education and County Council continue to work as a team to determine a realistic mill value and set the millage at a level that supports the School District's instructional goals while minimizing the impact on taxpayers.

Until the onset of COVID-19, student enrollment had been on the rise since 2010, averaging 1.3% per year through 2019. Enrollment at the 135<sup>th</sup> day of 2019-2020 was reported at 22,259 students, an increase of 45 students from the prior year. Initially, enrollment decreased post-pandemic with enrollment at the 135<sup>th</sup> day of the 2020-2021 school year at 21,120. Enrollment increased but has not reached pre-pandemic level with the 135<sup>th</sup> day of the 2021-2022 school year at 21,199. The projected enrollment for the 2022-2023 school year is 21,387.

The FY 2023 budget focused on compensation increases necessary to remain competitive in recruiting and retaining teachers and support staff. Local tax revenues for FY 2023 are based upon a millage rate of 125.6. This represents a 3.3% increase from the prior year. The debt millage maintained a rate of 36.3 mills because of the ongoing debt payments associated with the 2019 referendum. The School District continues to work with the County staff by preparing long-range plans to maintain continuity of the School District's excellent bond rating which ultimately saves interest costs for the taxpayers of Beaufort County.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide the School District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, Beaufort County School District, 2900 Mink Point Blvd, P.O. Drawer 309, Beaufort, South Carolina 29901. In addition, this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report may be found on the School District's website at http://www.beaufortschools.net.

# BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Primary Government							
	_	Governmental		siness-type			С	omponent
	Activities			Activities		Total		Unit
ASSETS								
Current Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	42,824,358	\$	458,714	\$	43,283,072	\$	2,920,110
Deposits with Beaufort County Treasurer		341,484,210		8,691,009		350,175,219		-
Accounts receivable		209,893		462,745		672,638		20,731
Lease receivable		575,141		-		575,141		-
Taxes receivable, net of allowances		7,821,721		-		7,821,721		-
Due from other governmental units		16,295,095		-		16,295,095		46,507
Internal balances		(53,109)		53,109		-		-
Prepaid items		345,164		232		345,396		20,094
Inventory		-		62,991		62,991		-
Restricted cash		22,411		-		22,411		-
Total Current Assets		409,524,884		9,728,800		419,253,684		3,007,442
Non-current Assets								
Deposits		-		-		-		10,000
Leased assets, net of accumulated amortization		557,431		-		557,431		-
Non-depreciable capital assets		171,693,266		-		171,693,266		-
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		464,704,128		1,924,768		466,628,896		13,831,316
Total Non-current Assets		636,954,825		1,924,768		638,879,593		13,841,316
Total Assets	\$	1,046,479,709	\$	11,653,568	\$	1,058,133,277	\$	16,848,758
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_				_		
Deferred refunding of bonds	\$	3,315,088	\$	-	\$	3,315,088	\$	-
Deferred outflows related to pensions		42,405,313		103,189		42,508,502		1,469,075
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		95,524,346		232,454		95,756,800		2,639,328
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	141,244,747	\$	335,643	\$	141,580,390	\$	4,108,403
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	39,190,575	\$	1,559,273	\$	40,749,848	\$	166,217
Accrued liabilities		24,780,069		25,487		24,805,556		109,605
Short-term bonds payable		277,000		-		277,000		-
Retainage payable		2,597,808		-		2,597,808		-
Due to other governmental units		· · ·		-		-		4,556
Accrued interest		3,978,341		-		3,978,341		-
Long-term liabilities, due within one year		62,458,514		2,256		62,460,770		253,347
Total Current Liabilities		133,282,307		1,587,016	-	134,869,323		533,725
Non-current Liabilities								
Long-term liabilities, net of current portion		463,329,311		1,766		463,331,077		8,866,070
Net pension liability		257,647,614		626,963		258,274,577		7,331,971
Net OPEB liability		318,277,239		774,499		319,051,738		8,950,428
Total Non-current Liabilities		1,039,254,164		1,403,228		1,040,657,392		25,148,469
Total Liabilities	\$	1,172,536,471	\$	2,990,244	\$	1,175,526,715	\$	25,682,194

(Continued)

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	Primary Government							
	Governmental		Business-type				(	Component
		Activities		Activities		Total		Unit
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						•		
Deferred refunding of bonds	\$	65,581	\$	-	\$	65,581	\$	-
Deferred revenue		5,200,544		195,221		5,395,765		40,387
Deferred inflows related to leases		591,752		-		591,752		-
Deferred inflows related to pensions		37,925,627		92,290		38,017,917		1,074,960
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		16,344,897		39,774		16,384,671		447,372
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	60,128,401	\$	327,285	\$	60,455,686	\$	1,562,719
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	328,510,725	\$	1,924,768	\$	330,435,493	\$	4,711,899
Restricted for:								
Debt service		17,722,677		-		17,722,677		-
Capital projects		10,758,936		-		10,758,936		-
Food services		-		6,746,914		6,746,914		183,281
Student activities		3,239,214		-		3,239,214		-
Unrestricted		(405,171,968)				(405,171,968)		(11,182,932)
Total Net Position	\$	(44,940,416)	\$	8,671,682	\$	(36,268,734)	\$	(6,287,752)

# STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Program revenues					
	Charges for Sales and		Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Serivces		Contibutions		Contibutions		
Primary Government								
Governmental activities:								
Instruction	\$ 219,361,434	\$	1,678,987	\$	62,395,548	\$	-	
Support services	143,337,181		-		41,986,253		-	
Community services	602,003		-		587,879		-	
Interest and other charges	 9,029,570						-	
Total governmental activities	 372,330,188		1,678,987		104,969,680		-	
Business-type activities:								
Food service	 12,694,133		33,604		16,149,483		-	
Total	\$ 385,024,321	\$	1,712,591	\$	121,119,163	\$	-	
Component unit:								
Charter school	\$ 9,638,329	\$		\$	8,781,145	\$	-	
Total component unit	\$ 9,638,329	\$	_	\$	8,781,145	\$	-	

General revenues:

Property taxes levied for:

General purposes

Debt service

Federal and state aid not restricted for specific purpose

Unrestricted investment earnings

Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net position before transfers

Transfers

Change in net position

Net position, beginning of the year, as restated

Net position, end of year

	Pı	rimary Governme	ent			
G	overnmental	Business-type			C	component
	Activities	Activities		Total		Unit
\$	(155,286,899)	\$ -	\$	(155,286,899)	\$	-
	(101,350,928)	-		(101,350,928)		-
	(14,124)	-		(14,124)		-
	(9,029,570)			(9,029,570)		-
	(265,681,521)		_	(265,681,521)		
	_	3,488,954		3,488,954		-
	(265,681,521)	3,488,954		(262,192,567)		-
	_	_		_		(857,184)
						(857,184)
						(001,101)
	167,627,847	-		167,627,847		-
	77,421,732	-		77,421,732		-
	60,019,402	-		60,019,402		-
	1,147,769	1,482		1,149,251		-
	1,480,595			1,480,595		441,610
	307,697,345	1,482		307,698,827		441,610
	42,015,824	3,490,436		45,506,260		(415,574)
	(20,945)	20,945		-		-
	41,994,879	3,511,381		45,506,260		(415,574)
	(86,935,295)	5,160,301		(81,774,994)		(5,872,178)
\$	(44,940,416)	\$ 8,671,682	\$	(36,268,734)	\$	(6,287,752)

#### BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

			Special Reve	enue	Funds	
	General	 Special Projects	Education provement Act		Pupil Activity Fund	COVID Related Funds
ASSETS	 	 ,	 			 
Cash and investments	\$ 28,947,626	\$ _	\$ _	\$	3,393,651	\$ _
Deposits with Beaufort County Treasurer	52,012,774	-	3,787,010		-	_
Receivables:						
Accounts receivable, net	144,328	62,725	-		1,891	-
Taxes receivable, net	5,954,867	-	-		-	-
Lease receivable	575,141	-	-		-	-
Due from other governmental units	354,906	8,832,859	251,726		-	6,855,604
Due from other funds	2,841	-	-		3,153	-
Prepaid items	274,018	62,104	8,000		1,042	-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		 -	 -			 -
Total Assets	\$ 88,266,501	\$ 8,957,688	\$ 4,046,736	\$	3,399,737	\$ 6,855,604
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 4,762,666	\$ 5,541,159	\$ 87,446	\$	139,130	\$ 5,185,186
Accrued salaries and benefits	20,910,249	1,563,307	613,724		3,642	1,666,633
Retainage payable	-	-	-		-	-
Short-term bonds payable	-	-	-		-	-
Due to other funds	 54,233	 -	 		17,751	 2,029
Total Liabilities	 25,727,148	 7,104,466	 701,170		160,523	 6,853,848
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred revenue	-	1,853,222	3,345,566		-	1,756
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	4,815,401	-	-		-	-
Leases	591,752	 -	 -			 -
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 5,407,153	 1,853,222	 3,345,566			 1,756
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	274,018	62,104	8,000		1,042	-
Restricted	-	-	-		3,238,172	-
Unassigned	 56,858,182	 (62,104)	 (8,000)		<u>-</u>	 -
Total Fund Balances	 57,132,200	 	 _		3,239,214	 -
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 88,266,501	\$ 8,957,688	\$ 4,046,736	\$	3,399,737	\$ 6,855,604

Debt Service - District \$ - 20,111,164	Capital Projects  \$ 8,591,138 265,573,262  949	Nonmajor  Debt Service - EFC	Total Governmental Funds  \$ 40,932,415 341,484,210  209,893 7,821,721 575,141 16,295,095
- -	14,910 -	-	20,904 345,164
-	<u> </u>	22,411	22,411
\$ 21,978,018	\$ 274,180,259	\$ 22,411	\$ 407,706,954
\$ -	\$ 23,105,648 22,514	\$ -	\$ 38,821,235 24,780,069
-	2,597,808	-	2,597,808
277,000	-	-	277,000
<u> </u>			74,013
277,000	25,725,970		66,550,125
1,376,255 	- - -	- - -	5,200,544 6,191,656 591,752
1,376,255	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	11,983,952
20,324,763	248,454,289 	22,411 	345,164 272,039,635 56,788,078 329,172,877
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
\$ 21,978,018	\$ 274,180,259	\$ 22,411	\$ 407,706,954

# RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 329,172,877
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because of the following:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds. The cost of assets is \$1,045,327,530 and the accumulated depreciation is \$408,930,163.	636,397,394
reported in governmental funds. The cost of assets is \$702,026 and the accumulated amortization is \$144,595.	557,431
Property taxes receivable not collected within 60 days of fiscal year-end are not considered available and are deferred on the governmental funds' balance sheet but are recognized as revenue on the government-wide statement of net position.	6,191,656
Internal service funds are used by the School District to charge costs of operating the supplies warehouse to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position.	1,522,603
Accrued interest on outstanding bonds in governmental accounting is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, has not been reported as a liability in the funds.	(3,978,341)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to leases, pensions, and OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	42,405,313
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	95,524,346
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(37,925,627)
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	(16,344,897)
Some liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	
Net pension liability	(257,647,614)
Net OPEB liability	(318,277,239)
Lease liabilities	(459,985)
Bonds payable	(487,466,700)
Bond premiums, net of accumulated amortization	(35,758,819)
Deferred gain/loss on refunding, net of accumulated amortization	3,249,507
Accrued compensated absences	 (2,102,321)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (44,940,416)

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Special Revenue Funds				
			Education	Pupil	COVID	
		Special	Improvement	Activity	Related	
	General	Projects	Act	Fund	Funds	
Revenues						
Local sources	\$ 170,311,795	\$ 1,379,832	\$ -	\$ 3,509,250	\$ -	
State sources	98,601,120	2,778,379	13,975,078	-	168,320	
Federal sources	658,373	21,329,422			22,590,495	
Total revenues	269,571,288	25,487,633	13,975,078	3,509,250	22,758,815	
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction	162,117,220	16,223,077	5,129,875	667,573	14,146,355	
Support services	102,978,908	7,849,355	1,468,767	2,428,325	5,740,435	
Community services	-	334,423	-	-	253,456	
Intergovernmental expenditures	8,099,611	355,114	149,673	-	30,000	
Debt service:						
Redemption of principal	242,041	-	-	-	-	
Interest	265,134	-	-	-	-	
Other objects	44,869	-	-	-	-	
Capital outlay						
Total expenditures	273,747,783	24,761,969	6,748,315	3,095,898	20,170,246	
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over (under) expenditures	(4,176,495)	725,664	7,226,763	413,352	2,588,569	
Other financing sources (uses)						
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	
Premium on bond sold	238,350	-	-	-	-	
Issuance of long-term debt	-	-	-	-	-	
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers in	10,630,051	-	-	-	-	
Transfers out	(110,000)	(725,664)	(7,226,763)		(2,588,569)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,758,401	(725,664)	(7,226,763)		(2,588,569)	
Net change in fund balances	6,581,906	-	-	413,352	-	
Fund balances, beginning of year	50,550,294			2,825,862		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 57,132,200	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,239,214	\$ -	

 Debt Service - District		Capital Projects		Nonmajor Debt Service - EFC	G	Total overnmental Funds
\$ 77,974,380	\$	1,683,732	\$	112	\$	254,859,101
1,607,699		-		-		117,130,596
 -		6,302				44,584,592
 79,582,079		1,690,034		112		416,574,289
		_				198,284,100
_		-		-		120,465,790
_		_		_		587,879
-		-		-		8,634,398
62,909,400		-		2,150,000		65,301,441
13,558,559		-		568,327		14,392,020
121,742		-		13,602		180,213
<del>-</del>	1	01,720,046				101,720,046
 76,589,701	1	01,720,046		2,731,929		509,565,887
 2,992,378	(1	00,030,012)		(2,731,817)		(92,991,598)
-		4,850		-		4,850
40,423		8,658,039		-		8,936,812
20,777,500	1	59,610,000		-		180,387,500
(20,689,000)		-		-		(20,689,000)
-		-		2,723,462		13,353,513
 (2,723,462)						(13,374,458)
 (2,594,539)	1	68,272,889		2,723,462		168,619,217
397,839		68,242,877		(8,355)		75,627,619
 19,926,924	1	80,211,412		30,766		253,545,258
\$ 20,324,763	\$ 2	48,454,289	\$	22,411	\$	329,172,877

# RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 75,627,619
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because of the following:	
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$96,045,424) exceeds depreciation expense (\$25,562,040) in the period.	70,483,384
Capital outlays to purchase leased assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (\$-) exceeds amortization expense (\$144,595) in the period.	(144,595)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e. sales and donations) is to decrease net position.	(64,896)
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the government funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	
Bond principal retirement Bond proceeds Payment to escrow agent Notes payable payments Lease liability payments	64,336,800 (180,387,500) 20,689,000 722,600 242,041
Bond premiums are revenues in the year they are received in governmental funds but are amortized over the lives of the bonds in the statement of activities.	
Premiums on bonds sold Amortization of bond premiums	(8,936,812) 6,376,678
Certain property tax revenues that are reported in the government-wide statement of activities do not provide current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds' operating	(2,228,277)
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences (sick pay and vacations) - are measured by the amounts <i>earned</i> during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually <i>paid</i> ). This year, vacation and sick leave earned exceeded the amounts used.	(100,737)
An internal service fund is used by the School District's management to fund insurance and risk management of the School District. The change in net position of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities.	49,291
Deferred gain/loss on refundings are expenditures the year they are incurred in governmental funds, but are amortized over the lives of the bonds in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences.	(784,613)
Governmental funds report pension and OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	
Pension related OPEB related	4,441,347 (8,277,049)
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest expense is recognized as the	(40,400)
interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.  Change in net position of governmental activities	 (49,402)
Change in her position of governmental activities	\$ 41,994,879

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund - Student Nutrition	Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund		
ASSETS	Student Nutrition	<u> </u>		
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 458,714	\$ 1,891,943		
Deposits with Beaufort County Treasurer	8,691,009	-		
Accounts receivable, net	462,745	-		
Due from other funds	53,109	-		
Prepaids	232	-		
Inventory	62,991			
Total Current Assets	9,728,800	1,891,943		
Non-current Assets	4.004.700			
Depreciable capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1,924,768			
Total Assets	11,653,568	1,891,943		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred outflows related to pensions	103,189	-		
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	232,454			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	335,643			
LIABILITIES				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	1,559,273	337		
Accrued salaries and benefits	25,487	-		
Current portion of compensated absences payable	2,256	200.002		
Claims payable  Total Current Liabilities		369,003 369,340		
	1,367,010	309,340		
Non-current Liabilities				
Non-current portion of compensated absences payable	1,766	-		
Net pension liability  Net other post-employment benefit liability	626,963 774,499	-		
	<del></del>			
Total Non-current Liabilities Total Liabilities	1,403,228 2,990,244	369,340		
Total Liabilities	2,990,244	309,340		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred inflavo related to pagains	195,221	-		
Deferred inflows related to pensions Deferred inflows related to OPEB	92,290 39,774	-		
Deletted Illilows related to OF LB	39,114			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	327,285			
NET POSITION				
Investment in capital assets	1,924,768	-		
Restricted for food services Unrestricted	6,746,914	1 500 600		
	Ф 0.074.000	1,522,603		
Total Net Position	\$ 8,671,682	\$ 1,522,603		

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund -	Governmental Activities Internal Service	
Operating revenues	Student Nutrition	Fund	
Operating revenues  Meals sales	\$ 33,604	\$ -	
Miscellaneous		1,607,510	
Total operating revenues	33,604	1,607,510	
Operating expenses			
Food costs	844,805	-	
Salaries and benefits	341,097	1,438,671	
Purchased services	9,965,778	32,671	
Supplies and materials	819,673	86,877	
Depreciation	265,280	-	
Other operating costs	4,336		
Total operating expenses	12,240,969	1,558,219	
Operating income (loss)	(12,207,365)	49,291	
Non-operating revenues (expenses)			
Commodities received from USDA	844,805	-	
USDA reimbursements	14,796,121	-	
Revenue from other local sources	164,240	-	
Revenue from other federal sources	344,317	-	
Interest on investments	1,482	-	
Gain on disposal of capital assets	6,934	-	
Payments to charter school	(426,161)	-	
Payments to other governmental units	(33,937)		
Total non-operating revenues	15,697,801		
Income before transfers	3,490,436	49,291	
Transfers			
Transfers in	110,000	-	
Transfers out	(89,055)		
Total transfers	20,945		
Change in net position	3,511,381	49,291	
Net position, beginning of year	5,160,301	1,473,312	
Net position, end of year	\$ 8,671,682	\$ 1,522,603	

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities
	Enterprise Fund - Student Nutrition	Internal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating activities: Payments received from customers and users	\$ 790,288	\$ -
Charges from other funds Payments to employees for services Payments to suppliers for goods and services	- (341,546) (11,666,943)	1,607,510 (1,360,694) (119,311)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(11,218,201)	127,505
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:	(11,210,201)	121,000
USDA reimbursements Local and federal grants	15,640,926 508,557	-
Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds	110,000 (89,055)	-
Payments to other school Payments to other governmental units	(426,161) (33,937)	-
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	15,710,330	
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Acquisition of capital assets	6,934 (170,417)	<u> </u>
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities	(163,483)	
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest income	1,482	
Net cash provided by investing activities	1,482_	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	4,330,128	127,505
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	4,819,595	1,764,438
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 9,149,723	\$ 1,891,943
Classified as:		
Cash and cash equivalents Deposits with Beaufort County Treasurer	\$ 458,714 8,691,009	\$ 1,891,943 -
,	\$ 9,149,723	\$ 1,891,943
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used in) operating activities:  Operating income (loss)	\$ (12,207,365)	\$ 49,291
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	265,280	-
Changes in assets and liabilities:  Accounts receivable	800,434	
Due from other funds	(7,844)	- -
Prepaids	(232)	-
Inventory Deferred outflows - pension	30,860 5,154	-
Deferred outflows - OPEB	(89,311)	- -
Accounts payable	(62,979)	237
Accrued salaries and benefits	(8,305)	-
Claims payable Unearned revenue	(35,906)	77,977
Net pension liability	(104,627)	_
Net OPEB liability	113,962	-
Accrued compensated absences	(1,477)	-
Deferred inflows - pension Deferred inflows - OPEB	88,667 (4,512)	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (11,218,201)	\$ 127,505
Supplemental disclosure of non-cash capital	<del></del>	
and related financing activities:  Non-cash commodities received from the USDA	\$ 844,805	¢
Non-cash commodities received from the USDA	φ 044,805	\$ -

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Reporting Entity

Beaufort County School District (the "School District") is governed by an 11-member elected Board of Education (the "Board"). The School District provides regular and exceptional education for students in pre-school through grade twelve and funds two-thirds of the Beaufort-Jasper Academy for Career Excellence, which provides vocational instruction.

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The following is a summary of the more significant policies:

The School District's financial statements include all funds over which the Board is considered to be financially accountable. The School District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the School District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity because it does not meet the financial accountability criteria for inclusion established by governmental accounting standards. Local board members have decision-making authority.

The School District has determined that there is one support entity that meets the requirements for inclusion as a blended component unit, and one as a discretely presented component unit.

#### **Blended Component Unit**

South Carolina Association of Governmental Organizations ("SCAGO") Educational Facilities Corporation ("EFC") for the School District was incorporated on December 11, 2006, for educational and charitable purposes, specifically to undertake certain obligations with respect to the acquisition or sale of real and/or personal property in connection with the design, construction, operation, financing, and refinancing of education facilities to be used by the School District and such other projects located in and for the benefit of the School District as may be permitted by applicable law. The EFC is organized and shall be operated exclusively for the charitable purposes within the meaning of Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. The EFC has five board members, three are appointed by the board of directors of the SCAGO and two consist of the Superintendent and the Director of Finance (or their equivalents) of the School District. The Board of Directors of the EFC may increase from a minimum of five to a maximum of 10; however, in all events, less than 50% of the members of the Board of Directors shall be representatives of or controlled by the School District. The EFC meets the criteria of a blended component unit and, therefore, the operations of the EFC are blended with the operations of the School District as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Reporting Entity (Continued)**

#### **Discretely Presented Component Unit**

Riverview Charter School provides education to students in kindergarten through eighth grade in an experiential-based learning environment. The school is owned and operated by a non-profit corporation. It operates under an agreement with the Beaufort County School District and began operations in August 2009. The agreement is governed by state statutes which, as interpreted by the State Department of Education, require the inclusion of charter schools as discretely presented component units of the sponsoring district. Riverview Charter School is funded by Beaufort County School District and is located within the bounds of the School District. Financial statements of Riverview Charter School may be available at the school's administrative offices at 81 Savannah Hwy, Beaufort, South Carolina 29906.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

The statements of the School District are presented as follows:

Government-wide Statements. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the School District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in part by fees and charged to external parties.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements and the financial statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the School District and for each function or program of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Reporting Entity (Continued)**

#### **Basis of Presentation (Continued)**

Government-wide Statements (Continued). Depreciation expense has been allocated to individual functions in the governmental activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, including taxes, which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business segment or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

**Fund Financial Statements**. Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds, if any, are denoted as such.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

**Statements of Cash Flows**. For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the proprietary fund considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Reporting Entity (Continued)

#### **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The School District reports the following funds:

#### **Governmental Funds**

General Fund (major fund). The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School District. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. All property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, charges for services, education finance act revenues, and miscellaneous revenues are recorded in this fund except amounts which are specifically collected to service debt. Operational expenditures for general instruction, support services, general administration and other departments of the School District are paid through the General Fund.

**Special Revenue Funds (major funds).** The Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than debt service or major capital projects) that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes. The School District has four special revenue funds:

- (1) Special Projects Fund, a budgeted fund used to account for financial resources provided by federal, state, and local projects and grants.
- (2) The Education Improvement Act ("EIA") Fund, a budgeted fund used to account for the revenue from the Education Improvement Act of 1984 and legally required to be accounted for as a specific revenue source.
- (3) The Pupil Activity Fund, a fund used to record the receipts and disbursements of monies from various pupil activity organizations. These organizations exist at the explicit approval of the Board.
- (4) The COVID Related Funds, a budgeted fund used to account for the revenue received from the Federal government related to the Coronavirus pandemic.

Capital Projects (Building) Fund (major fund). A fund that holds financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to account for capital outlay expenditures.

**Debt Service Fund – District (major fund).** A budgeted fund used to account for annual payments of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and related costs for non-EFC obligations.

**Debt Service Fund – EFC (non-major fund).** A non-budgeted fund used to account for annual payments of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and related costs for the EFC.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Reporting Entity (Continued)**

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary or useful to provide sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies primarily within the government (internal service funds).

Within proprietary funds, operating revenues and expenses are presented in the Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. Sales for food service represent the operating revenues of the School District's enterprise fund. Non-operating revenues consist primarily of contributions of commodities and reimbursements from the United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") and other state aid. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the goods or services that are the primary activity of the fund. Non-operating expenses relate primarily to commodities from the USDA and other state aid.

Enterprise Funds (major fund). To account for operations: a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or covered primarily through user charges; or b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenue earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes. The Student Nutrition Fund is the School District's only enterprise fund and is used to account for the USDA approved school breakfast and lunch programs.

Internal Service Funds (nonmajor fund). A fund to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District. When services are rendered, charges are made to the users and revenue is accumulated in the Internal Service Funds to cover costs of operations. The School District has one such fund: Insurance Services. This fund accounts for the insurance and risk management services of the School District and services provided are on a cost reimbursement basis. The assets and related liabilities for the Internal Service Fund are included in the governmental activities column on the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Reporting Entity (Continued)**

#### **Basis of Accounting**

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. On the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues and expenditures are recognized when they become both measurable and available.

Revenues resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, are recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (see Note 4). Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized. Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes, interest, tuition, grants, student fees, and rentals.

The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the operating statement as an expense with a like amount reported as donated commodities revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation, are not recognized in governmental funds.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Reporting Entity (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance

**Cash and investments** – South Carolina statutes authorize investments in certificates of deposit, savings accounts, repurchase agreements, the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (invested in government guaranteed securities), obligations of the U.S. Government, and government agencies unconditionally guaranteed by the U.S. Government. Investments are recorded at fair value.

The Beaufort County Treasurer invests in authorized instruments on behalf of the School District. The Beaufort County Treasurer invests School District and other entity funds on a pooled basis with the Treasurer of the State of South Carolina. The State Treasurer invests in certificates of deposit, insured savings accounts, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States government, and government agencies guaranteed by the United States government.

Receivables and payables – During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. On fund financial statements, these receivables and payables, if containing a balance at the end of the fiscal year, are classified as due from other funds or due to other funds on the Balance Sheet. These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Net Position, except for net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances. Amounts due to and from outside sources are recorded when earned or payable. The School District records its property tax receivables as levied net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

**Inventories** – Under the system of accounting for inventories, materials and supplies are carried in an inventory account at cost using the first-in/first-out method of accounting and are subsequently charged to expense when consumed. Inventories include food, supplies, and commodities. An amount for commodities received from the United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA"), but not consumed as of June 30, 2022, has been recorded at fair value as provided by the USDA.

**Prepaid items** – Payments made to vendors for services benefiting future periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

**Capital assets** – Capital assets and right to use leased assets, which include property and equipment and construction in progress, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Reporting Entity (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Capital assets (Continued) – All capital assets and right to use leased assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The cost and accumulated depreciation of property sold or retired are removed from the accounts, and gains or losses, if any, are reflected in revenue or expenditures/expenses for the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are expensed.

In the enterprise fund, assets acquired or constructed by grants and shared revenues externally restricted for capital acquisitions and construction are reported as revenue in the period received.

All reported capital assets and right to use leased assets other than land and construction-in-progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

#### **Governmental Assets**

Improvements	15 – 50 years
Buildings	15 – 50 years
Equipment	5 – 25 years
Vehicles	5 – 10 years

#### **Business-type Assets**

Improvements	N/A
Buildings	N/A
Equipment	3 – 12 years
Vehicles	5 – 10 years

**Leases** – *Lessee*. The School District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of equipment. The School District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements. The School District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Reporting Entity (Continued)**

Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

**Leases (Continued)** – At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the School District determines: 1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, 2) lease term, and 3) lease payments.

- The School District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When
  the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the School District generally uses its
  estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included
  in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase
  option prices that the School District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The School District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor. The School District is a lessor for noncancellable leases of land. The School District recognizes a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the School District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Reporting Entity (Continued)**

Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

**Leases** – *Lessor* (Continued). Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the School District determines: 1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, 2) lease term, and 3) lease receipts.

- The School District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable are composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The School District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

**Compensated absences** – Vacation leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 45 days and is fully vested when earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences will be paid from the fund where the employee's salary is paid; typically, this would include the general, special revenue, and food service funds.

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement. In the proprietary funds, compensated absences are recorded as an expense and liability of the fund as the benefits accrue to employees.

Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations — All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements, and all payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations payable from proprietary funds are reported on the proprietary fund financial statements. In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, claims and judgments and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, payments made within 60 days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Reporting Entity (Continued)**

Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

**Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations (Continued)** – Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

For governmental funds, bond premiums, and discounts are recognized during the period in which the underlying debt was issued. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as debt service expenditures. Issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

**Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources** – In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School District has two types of items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Changes in net pension liability and OPEB liability not included in pension expense or OPEB expense, respectively, are reported as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources. Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date of the net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources.

When debt is refunded, the reacquisition price less the net carrying amount of the previous debt is calculated. The amount is either a gain or loss on refunding that is recognized as a component of interest expense, over the shorter of the new debt's life or the remaining life of the previous debt. The unamortized gain or loss is a deferred outflow/inflow of resources in the Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category in addition to deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB and deferred refunding on bonds discussed previously.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Reporting Entity (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

**Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources (Continued)** – The first item, deferred revenue, is reported in both the governmental funds balance sheet and the statement of net position, and arises from voluntary non-exchange transactions in which the School District has received resources before time requirements are met but after all other eligibility requirements have been met.

The second item, unavailable revenue, is reported only by the governmental funds balance sheet and includes amounts from property taxes and special assessments that are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available under the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The third item, deferred inflows of resources related to leases, is discussed further in Note 9.

**Pensions** – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Carolina Retirement System ("SCRS") and the South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System ("PORS"), and additions to/deductions from SCRS's and PORS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by SCRS or PORS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("OPEB") – For purposes of measuring the School District's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund ("SCRHITF") and the South Carolina Long-Term Disability Insurance Trust Fund ("SCLTDITF"), collectively referred to as the Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds ("OPEB Trusts"), and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Trusts fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB Trusts. For this purpose, the OPEB Trusts recognize benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Reporting Entity (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Fund Balances and Net Position – Government-Wide Statements – Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

**Net Position Flow Assumption** – Sometimes the School District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as "restricted net position" and "unrestricted net position" in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider "restricted net position" to have been depleted before "unrestricted net position" is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumption – Sometimes the School District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

**Fund Balances and Net Position – Fund Statements** – Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes.

The non-spendable fund balance classification represents portions of fund balances which are inherently non-spendable because of their form (such as inventory) or which are required to be maintained intact. Fund balance is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislations or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Reporting Entity (Continued)**

Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Fund Balances and Net Position – Fund Statements (Continued) – The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School District's highest level of decision-making authority. The School District's Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the government that can, by majority vote, prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. Intent can be expressed by the School District's Board of Education or by an official or body to which the Board delegates its authority. As of June 30, 2022, no such delegation of authority had been made.

The Board of Education may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned fund balance includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. However, in governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

The School District has adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund which requires the unassigned fund balance at year-end to be no less than 15% of next year's budgeted expenditures. The desired target is to maintain an unassigned General Fund balance between 15-17% of annual operating expenditures for the next fiscal year. At June 30, 2022, the School District's unassigned General Fund balance was 20.7% of 2022 budgeted expenditures and 19.1% of 2023 budget expenditures. Proprietary net position is classified the same as in government-wide statements.

**Interfund Activity** – Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Transfers between governmental funds and enterprise balances are eliminated.

#### NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### Reporting Entity (Continued)

Assets, Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources, Liabilities and Net Position/Fund Balance (Continued)

Interfund Activity (Continued) – Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

**Operating Revenues and Expenses** – Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the School District, those revenues consist of sales of breakfasts and lunches to students and teachers.

**Use of Estimates** – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the School District's financial position and results of operations and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### NOTE 2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

**Budgetary Accounting** – State statutes require a budget for operations be approved before any expenditures are made. The Board will usually approve the operating budget in May for the fiscal year beginning July 1. A budget is adopted by July 1 of each fiscal year for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds on the same modified accrual basis used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures in the fund financial statements. Budget and actual comparisons are presented in the required supplementary information accompanying these financial statements. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts adopted in the original appropriations. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the final amended budget issued during the year ended June 30, 2022. Each budget is prepared by function and object as dictated by the State-adopted Program Oriented Budgeting and Accounting System and for management control purposes. The School District's policies allow funds to be transferred between functions with administrative approval. The total budget cannot be increased beyond that level approved by the Board originally and in supplementary action. The legal level of control is at the fund level. No supplemental appropriations were necessary during the year.

#### NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A reconciliation of cash for the School District as of June 30, 2022 to total deposits is as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents - governmental funds	\$ 40,932,415
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - governmental funds	22,411
Cash and cash equivalents - enterprise fund	458,714
Cash and cash equivalents - internal service fund	 1,891,943
Total	\$ 43,305,483

#### **Amount on Deposit with Beaufort County Treasurer**

Amounts on deposit with the Beaufort County Treasurer are not categorized since they cannot be identified by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These amounts are subject to the same investment authorizations as the School District under state law. The carrying values of these investments approximate the fair values. The Beaufort County Treasurer is responsible for maintaining these investments in accordance with state laws.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits of the School District are subject to South Carolina state statutes for custodial credit risk. The statutes provide that banks accepting deposits of funds from local government units must furnish an indemnity bond or pledge as collateral obligations of the United States, South Carolina, political subdivisions of South Carolina, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Farm Credit Bank, or the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation. In accordance with the aforementioned statute, the School District's policy requires deposits to be secured by collateral valued at market or par, whichever is lower, less the amount of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance. Deposited funds may be invested in demand or time deposits, continuously and fully secured with direct obligations of or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America having a market value not less than the amount of such monies. At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$43,305,483 and the bank balance was \$37,116,458. All of these deposits were fully collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department in the School District's name or insured by the FDIC. Information was not available regarding the custodial risk of deposits with the Beaufort County Treasurer of \$350,175,219.

#### NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Investments**

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a formal investment policy to address custodial credit risk but follows the investment policy strategy of the State of South Carolina.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The School District contracts with a banking institution for a guaranteed interest rate. The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities to reduce its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates but follows the investment policy strategy of the State of South Carolina. Information pertaining to the reported amounts, fair values, maturities, credit risk, interest rate risk and concentration risk is disclosed in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") of the State of South Carolina.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The School District has adopted an investment policy in accordance with state statutes, which authorize the School District to invest in the following:

- 1. Obligations of the United States and agencies thereof.
- 2. Obligations issued by the Federal Financing Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, the Bank of Cooperatives, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Federal Land Banks, the Federal Home Loan Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the Government National Mortgage Association, the Federal Housing Administration, and the Farmers Home Administration, if, at the time of investment, the obligor has a long-term, unenhanced, unsecured debt rating in one of the top two categories, without regard to a refinement or gradation of rating by numerical modifier or otherwise, issued by at least two nationally recognized credit rating organizations;
- 3. General obligations of the State of South Carolina or any of its political units.
- 4. Savings and loan association deposits to the extent insured by the FDIC.
- 5. Certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements collateralized by securities of the type described in (1) and (2) above held by a third-party as escrow agent or custodian, of a market value not less than the amount of certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements so secured, including interest; and

#### NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### **Credit Risk (Continued)**

6. No-load open and closed-end management type investment companies or investment trusts registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, where the investment is made by a bank or trust company or savings and loan association or other financial institution when acting as trustee or agent for a bond or other debt issue of that local government unit.

In addition, South Carolina state statutes authorize the School District to invest in the South Carolina Local Government Investment Pool ("SCLGIP"). The SCLGIP is an investment trust fund created by state legislation, in which public monies under the custody of any political subdivision in excess of current needs may be deposited. The SCLGIP is permitted to purchase obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities, and any corporation within the United States if such obligations bear any of the three highest ratings of at least two nationally recognized rating services. The SCLGIP is a 2a7-like pool, which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company but has a policy that it will operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The fair value of the School District's position in the SCLGIP approximates the same value of the School District's LGIP shares. The SCLGIP is not rated. The SCLGIP's complete financial statements may be obtained by writing the Office of the State Treasurer, Local Government Investment Pool, Post Office Box 11778, Columbia, South Carolina 29211.

#### Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Amounts on deposit in the SCLGIP are not categorized since they cannot be identified by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. These amounts are subject to the same investment requirements as the School District under state law. The carrying values of these investments approximate fair values. The SCLGIP is responsible for maintaining these investments in accordance with state law.

#### NOTE 4. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on January 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. The School District's property tax is levied and billed each October on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the School District. Taxes are delinquent on March 15, the collection date, following the October 1 levy date. If not paid by the following October 1, the property is subject to sale by the delinquent tax office. Taxes on licensed motor vehicles are levied during the month when the taxpayer's license registration is due for renewal. The taxpayer must provide proof of payment to the Highway Department before that agency will renew the vehicle license. Total tax collections, which include delinquent tax collections and penalties, equaled approximately 102.5% of the current tax levy for the year ended June 30, 2022.

The assessed value of real and other personal property, exclusive of vehicles (valued at \$127,705,230) is \$2,039,767,430. The School District's general operations millage is 121.00 mills (\$12.10 per \$100 assessed valuation), and debt service fund millage is 36.30 mills (\$3.63 per \$100 assessed valuation).

South Carolina Code Section 12-37-251(A) provides a property tax exemption for property classified pursuant to Section I2-43-220(C) (homestead exemption) from property taxes levied for other than bonded indebtedness and payments pursuant to lease purchase agreements for capital construction. The exemption applies against millage imposed for school operations and the amount of fair market value of the homestead that is exempt from such millage must be set by the Department of Revenue and Taxation based on the amount available in the State Property Tax Relief Fund.

#### NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022 consisted of taxes, intergovernmental grants, and reimbursements. All intergovernmental receivables are considered collectible in full due to the stable condition of State programs and the current year guarantee of federal funds. Receivables as of year-end, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General		Special Projects	Education provement Act	Pu	oil Activity Fund
Receivables							
Property taxes	\$	9,432,423	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Due from other governments		354,906		8,832,859	251,726		- '
Other		144,328		62,725	-		1,891
Gross receivables		9,931,657		8,895,584	251,726		1,891
Less allowance for uncollectible	:						
property tax		(3,477,556)		-	 		
Net receivables	\$	6,454,101	\$	8,895,584	\$ 251,726	\$	1,891
		COVID	De	bt Service -	Capital		od Service
	Re	elated Fund		District	 Projects	F	rogram
Receivables							
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	2,926,754	\$ -	\$	
Due from other governments	•	6,855,604		· · ·	-		268,974
Other		-		-	949		193,771
Gross receivables		6,855,604		2,926,754	949		462,745
Less allowance for uncollectible	:						
property tax		-		(1,059,900)	-		_ '
Net receivables	\$	6,855,604	\$	1,866,854	\$ 949	\$	462,745

# NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Additions/ Transfers		Deductions/ Transfers	Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated			_						
Land	\$	41,269,484	\$	<del>-</del>	\$	-	\$	41,269,484	
Construction in progress		65,464,651		86,921,348		(21,962,217)		130,423,782	
Total		106,734,135		86,921,348		(21,962,217)		171,693,266	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Buildings		545,267,120		-		1,768,029		547,035,149	
Improvements		245,740,195		2,557,211		20,167,762		268,465,168	
Equipment		52,294,704		6,566,865		(727,622)		58,133,947	
Total		843,302,019		9,124,076		21,208,169		873,634,264	
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings		(233,084,771)		(8,551,496)		_		(241,636,267)	
Improvements		(121,665,203)		(11,717,350)		-		(133,382,553)	
Equipment		(29,307,274)		(5,293,194)		689,152		(33,911,316)	
Total		(384,057,248)		(25,562,040)		689,152		(408,930,136)	
Tatal assital assata hains									
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		459,244,771		(16,437,964)		21,897,321		464,704,128	
doprociated, not		100,211,771	-	(10, 101,001)	_	21,007,021		101,101,120	
Governmental activities capital	_		_		_	(2 ( 222)			
assets, net excluding lease assets	\$	565,978,906	\$	70,483,384	\$	(64,896)	\$	636,397,394	
Lease assets, net (Note 9)								557,431	
Total capital assets, net as reported							Ф	020 054 025	
in the statement of net position							\$	636,954,825	
		Beginning Balance		Increases		Deductions		Ending Balance	
Business-type Activities:									
Capital assets, not being depreciated:									
Equipment in progress	\$	142,165	\$	15,011	\$	(149,916)	\$	7,260	
Total		142,165		15,011		(149,916)		7,260	
Capital assets, being depreciated:									
Equipment		5,434,984		233,588		_		5,668,572	
Vehicles		275,601		71,734		(16,861)		330,474	
Total		5,710,585		305,322		(16,861)		5,999,046	
Loss accumulated depresiation for		_	_	_		_	_	_	
Less accumulated depreciation for:		(2 610 062)		(252 252)				(3,872,114)	
Equipment Vehicles		(3,618,862) (214,257)		(253,252)		- 16,861		,	
Total	_	(3,833,119)		(12,028) (265,280)	_	16,861		(209,424) (4,081,538)	
Total		(5,655,119)		(203,200)		10,001		(4,001,000)	
Total capital assets, net	\$	2,019,631	\$	55,053	\$	(149,916)	\$	1,924,768	

# NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental activities:

Instruction \$ 3,895,698
Support Services 21,654,233
Community Services 12,109

Total depreciation expense - governmental activities \$ 25,562,040

#### NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance		Due Within One Year
		Dalalice	_	Additions	_	Reductions		Dalatice		One rear
Governmental Activities:										
Bonds Payable										
General obligation bonds	\$	349,075,000	\$	180,387,500	\$	(80,677,800)	\$	448,784,700	\$	59,121,800
Total bond indebtedness		349,075,000		180,387,500		(80,677,800)		448,784,700		59,121,800
Unamortized bond premiums		34,114,029		8,658,039		(7,013,249)		35,758,819		-
Total bonds payable		383,189,029		189,045,539		(87,691,049)		484,543,519		59,121,800
Direct Borrowing/Direct Placement										
General obligation bonds		22,346,000		-		(639,000)		21,707,000		657,000
IPRB bonds		19,125,000		-		(2,150,000)		16,975,000		2,210,000
Note payable		722,600		-		(722,600)		-		-
Total		42,193,600		-		(3,511,600)		38,682,000		2,867,000
Other liabilities										
Net pension liability		300,643,815		37,515,282		(80,511,483)		257,647,614		-
Net OPEB liability		271,444,801		59,016,025		(12, 183, 587)		318,277,239		-
Compensated absences		2,001,584		1,146,217		(1,045,480)		2,102,321		271,419
Total other liabilities		574,090,200		97,677,524		(93,740,550)		578,027,174		271,419
Governmental activities:										
Long-term liabilities	\$	999,472,829	\$	286,723,063	\$	(184,943,199)	\$	1,101,252,693	\$	62,260,219
Dunings tone Asticities										
Business-type Activities:	Φ	704 500	Φ	04.000	Φ	(405.047)	Φ	000 000	Φ	
Net pension liability	\$	731,590	\$	91,290	\$	(195,917)	\$	626,963	\$	-
Net OPEB liability		660,537		143,610		(29,648)		774,499		2.256
Compensated absences Business-type activities:		5,499		6,228		(7,705)		4,022		2,256
Long-term liabilities	\$	1,397,626	\$	241,128	\$	(233,270)	\$	1,405,484	\$	2,256

For the governmental activities, compensated absences, the net OPEB liability, and the net pension liability are substantially liquidated by the General Fund.

#### NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

The School District issues general obligation bonds, regular and direct issuance, to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and major improvement of major capital facilities. No unusual events of default or termination exist for these debt issuances. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. These bonds generally are issued as 5 to 20 year serial bonds with principal maturing each year.

Article X, Section 15 of the Constitution of the State of South Carolina, as amended, empowers each school district of the State to incur general obligation debt in such manner and upon such terms and conditions as the General Assembly shall prescribe by law. Each school district may incur general obligation debt, without an election and upon such terms and conditions as the General Assembly may prescribe, in an amount not exceeding 8% of the assessed value of all taxable property of such school district.

Bonded indebtedness authorized by a majority vote of the qualified electors of the School District voting in a referendum will not be considered in the computation of the 8% limitation.

General obligation bonds payable at June 30, 2022 are comprised of the following:

Date of Issue	Series	Interest Rates	Payment Dates	Maturity	Original Issue		utstanding at une 30, 2022
December 1, 2009	2009E	1.05**	Sept,/Mar.	2026	\$	10,000,000	\$ 10,000,000
November 14, 2013	2013D	2.35**^	March	2028		22,000,000	14,932,000
March 1, 2014	2014B	1.25**	Sept./Mar.	2034		25,000,000	2,435,000
February 19, 2015	2015A	2.0-5.0*-	March	2025		95,945,000	27,455,000
March 31, 2015	2015B	3.5-5.0/	March	2023		62,500,000	51,250,000
December 3, 2015	2015F	0.85^	March	2025		6,788,000	6,775,000
February 2, 2016	2016A	5.0**	March	2024		28,090,000	12,960,000
August 29, 2019	2019B	3.0-5.0	March	2023		19,300,000	2,745,000
April 15, 2020	2020A	3.0-5.0	March	2040		75,000,000	57,500,000
April 21, 2021	2021A	2.0-5.0	April	2041		130,000,000	120,000,000
July 8, 2021	2021C	1.25-5.00	March	2025		20,000,000	4,500,000
December 23, 2021	2021E	1.51	March	2034		17,217,100	16,769,300
March 1, 2022	2022A	0.99	March	2024		3,560,400	3,560,400
June 23, 2022	2022C	3.5-5.0	March	2041		139,610,000	139,610,000
					\$	655,010,500	\$ 470,491,700

<sup>\*</sup> Approved in whole or in part by 1995/2000 bond referendum; not subject to assessed value issuance restrictions.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Approved in whole or in part by 2008 bond referendum; not subject to assessed value issuance restrictions.

<sup>-</sup> Includes \$56,665,000 of non-referendum debt.

<sup>/</sup> Includes \$26,545,500 of 2000/1995 of referendum debt and \$32,444,500 of 2006 referendum debt; not subject to assessed value issuance restrictions.

<sup>^</sup> General obligation bond direct borrowing.

#### NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

#### **General Obligation Bonds (Continued)**

During May 2006, a \$43,660,000 bond referendum was passed. In this referendum, the following facilities were approved: an elementary school, a middle school, land for a high school, and additional funding for the completion of a high school. During December 2007, the School District issued \$43,660,000 in general obligation bonds under the referendum, with an annual interest rate ranging from 4.5% to 6.5%. Debt outstanding at June 30, 2022 against these bonds totaled \$28,187,500.

On April 26, 2008, the voters of Beaufort County approved a \$162,700,000 bond referendum. The bonds paid for the construction of two early childhood centers, two elementary schools, several building additions, land for future schools, and a performing arts center. Debt outstanding at June 30, 2022 against the \$162,700,000 in general obligation bonds totaled \$40,327,000.

On November 5, 2019, the voters of Beaufort County approved a \$344,610,000 bond referendum. The first general obligation bond of \$75 million was issued in April 2020 and was used to fund the first year of projects including the expansion of a pre-8 and a high school, as well as renovations of an elementary school. Additionally, safety, security, technology and athletic facilities upgrades were made at multiple schools. The second general obligation bond of \$130,000,000 was issued in April 2021 and was used to fund the second phase of the 2019 referendum projects. The third general obligation bond of \$130,610,000 was issued in June 2022 and was used to fund the third phase of the 2019 referendum projects. Debt outstanding on these bonds at June 30, 2022 totaled \$317,110,000.

The total debt outstanding against the 2022 referendum general obligation bonds, the 2000 referendum general obligation bonds, the 1995 referendum general obligation bonds, the 2006 referendum general obligation bonds, and 2008 referendum general obligation bonds, not subject to the 8% limitation, was \$44,940,949 at June 30, 2022. In addition, the 2016 EFC IPRB refunding bonds and the lease acquisition referenced are not subject to the 8% limitation.

The School District issued general obligation bonds on August 29, 2019 in the amount of \$19,300,000, maturing in March 2023, bearing interest from 3.0% to 5.0%, to fund construction projects. Debt outstanding at June 30, 2022 against the \$19,300,000 in general obligation bonds totaled \$2,745,000.

#### NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

#### **General Obligation Bonds (Continued)**

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District issued \$17,217,100 of general obligation bonds with an interest rate of 1.51%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$15,590,000 of outstanding 2014B general obligation bonds which had interest rates ranging from 4.00% to 5.00%. The net proceeds of \$17,149,000 (after payment of \$68,100 in other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, a portion of the 2014B general obligation bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position. The reacquisition price exceeded the carrying amount of the old debt by \$742,028. This amount is reported as a deferred outflow of resources and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which had a shorter remaining life than the refunded debt. The advance refunding reduced its total debt service payments by \$1,631,050 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$1,466,347.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District issued \$3,560,400 of general obligation bonds with an interest rate of 0.99%. The proceeds were used to advance refund \$3,540,000 of outstanding 2012B general obligation bonds which had an interest rate of 4.00%. The net proceeds of \$3,540,000 (after payment of \$20,400 in other issuance costs) were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, a portion of the 2012B general obligation bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position. The carrying amount of the old debt exceeded the reacquisition price by \$98,372. This amount is reported as a deferred inflow of resources and amortized over the remaining life of the refunding debt, which had a shorter remaining life than the refunded debt. The advance refunding reduced its total debt service payments by \$140,294 and obtained an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of \$138,753.

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022, including interest payments over the life of the debt, are summarized as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	 Premiums	Interest		 Total
2023	\$ 59,121,800	\$ 5,509,698	\$	11,454,900	\$ 76,086,398
2024	43,834,900	4,315,583		9,773,900	57,924,383
2025	14,784,800	3,438,378		7,703,750	25,926,928
2026	23,397,300	3,212,416		7,355,000	33,964,716
2027	24,232,600	3,050,030		6,909,250	34,191,880
2028 - 2032	116,807,000	10,502,821		22,613,025	149,922,846
2033 - 2037	98,696,300	4,501,524		10,392,725	113,590,549
2038 - 2042	67,910,000	1,228,369		2,130,000	71,268,369
Total	\$ 448,784,700	\$ 35,758,819	\$	78,332,550	\$ 562,876,069

#### NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Direct Borrowing and Placement Bonds**

**Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds ("IPRB")** – The December 1, 2006 IPRB Bonds are not an obligation of the School District; however, as the EFC is blended with the operations of the School District, the debt of the EFC is included with the School District's other obligations as required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the School District advance refunded these IPRB Bonds through the issuance of Series 2016 IPRB Bonds.

The EFC executed a trust agreement in connection with the IPRB Bonds and established several accounts as follows. Because these bonds were advance refunded during the year ended June 30, 2017, these accounts were liquidated as part of the advance refunding and deposited. These accounts established by the trust agreement were in compliance with the agreement.

The IPRB Bonds were issued pursuant to a Facilities Agreement between the School District and the EFC and evidence proportionate interests of the owners in certain rental payments be made by the School District under the terms of a Base Lease Agreement between the School District and the EFC. These agreements were authorized by the Board of Education of the School District on December 5, 2006. The School District will purchase the facilities from the EFC pursuant to the Facilities Agreement, which will obligate the School District to make installment payments of purchase price (lease rental payments) to the EFC in amounts calculated to be sufficient to enable the EFC to pay the principal and interest on the outstanding bonds. The refunding bonds bear interest at 1.9% to 3.3% and are payable in December of each year, maturing in 2028.

The School District's obligations under the Facilities Agreement are from year to year only and do not constitute a mandatory payment obligation of the School District in any fiscal year in which funds are not appropriated by the School District to pay the installment payments of purchase price due in such fiscal year. However, the School District would forfeit possession of the facilities for the remainder of the term of the lease if they were to not pay the installment payments.

Advance Refunding of IPRB Bonds – The School District issued \$29,050,000 in IPRB bonds, series 2016, with an average coupon rate of 3.07%. The proceeds, along with EFC cash totaling \$2,888,013, were used to advance refund \$30,585,000 of outstanding 2006 IPRB bonds which had interest rates ranging from 4.0% to 5.0%. Total costs to issue the 2016 IPRB Bonds totaled \$642,668. The net proceeds of \$31,295,345 were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide funds for the future debt service payment on the refunded bonds. As a result, \$30,585,000 of the 2006 IPRB Bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the Statement of Net Position.

#### NOTE 7. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Direct Borrowing and Placement Bonds (Continued)**

The acquisition price exceeded the net carrying amount of the previous debt by \$731,908. The School District refunded the bonds to reduce its total debt service payments over 16 years by approximately \$5,200,000 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$3,500,000.

The annual requirements to amortize the direct borrowing/direct placement IPRB bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022, including interest payments over the life of the debt are summarized as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest		 Total
2023	\$ 2,210,000	\$	506,284	\$ 2,716,284
2024	2,275,000		439,551	2,714,551
2025	2,345,000		368,502	2,713,502
2026	2,415,000		293,280	2,708,280
2027	2,495,000		214,097	2,709,097
2028 – 2031	5,235,000		175,355	5,410,355
Total	\$ 16,975,000	\$	1,997,069	\$ 18,972,069

The annual requirements to amortize the direct borrowing/ direct placement general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2022, including interest payments over the life of the debt are summarized as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		 Interest	Total		
2023	\$	657,000	\$ 408,490	\$	1,065,490	
2024		2,624,000	393,050		3,017,050	
2025		10,382,000	331,386		10,713,386	
2026		343,000	189,034		532,034	
2027		3,807,000	180,974		3,987,974	
2028 - 2031		3,894,000	91,509		3,985,509	
Total	\$	21,707,000	\$ 1,594,443	\$	23,301,443	

Repayment of the general obligation bonds is funded by the School District Debt Service Fund, while repayment of the IPRB bonds is funded by the EFC Debt Service Fund.

#### NOTE 8. SHORT-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The School District's short-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following activity:

	Beginning Balance		Additions		Reductions		Ending Balance	
Governmental activities:								
General obligation bonds	\$	299,000	\$	3,440,000	\$	(3,462,000)	\$	277,000
Tax anticipation note		-		15,000,000		(15,000,000)		-
Unamortized bond premiums		-		278,773		(278,773)		-
Governmental activities:								
Short-term liabilities	\$	299,000	\$	18,718,773	\$	(18,740,773)	\$	277,000

The School District issued general obligation bonds through SCAGO on May 13, 2021 in the amount of \$299,000, maturing in March 2022, bearing interest at 3.00%, for the purpose of making payments to EFC. The School District repaid the bonds, including interest of approximately \$7,000, in March 2022.

The School District issued general obligation bonds through SCAGO on September 23, 2021 in the amount of \$3,163,000, maturing in March 2022, bearing interest at 3.00%, for the purpose of making payments to EFC. The School District repaid the bonds, including interest of approximately \$42,000, in March 2022.

The School District issued general obligation bonds through SCAGO on May 17, 2022 in the amount of \$277,000, maturing in March 2023, bearing interest at 1.79%, for the purpose of making payments to EFC. Debt outstanding at June 30, 2022, against the general obligation bonds was \$277,000.

The School District issued a Tax Anticipation Note on September 29, 2021 in the amount of \$15,000,000, maturing in June 2022, bearing interest at 3.0%, to fund operations. The School District repaid the note, including interest of approximately \$245,000, in February 2022.

None of the School District's short-term obligations were direct issuances of the School District, and no unusual events of default or termination exist for these debt issuances. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District.

#### NOTE 9. LEASES

**Lessor – Lease Receivable.** During the year ended June 30, 2011, the School District began leasing land to a third-party. The lease is for 50 years and the School District will receive monthly payments of \$1,000, increasing annually by 3%. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized \$16,611 in lease revenue. As of June 30, 2022, the School District's receivable for lease payments was \$575,141. Also, the School District has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$591,752.

**Lessee – Leased Assets.** A summary of lease asset activity for the School District for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance		 Additions	Deductions		Ending Balance	
Governmental activities: Leased equipment	\$	702,026	\$ -	\$	-	\$	702,026
Less accumulated amortization for leased equipment		_	 (144,595)		<u>-</u>		(144,595)
Total leased equipment, net	\$	702,026	\$ (144,595)	\$	_	\$	557,431

**Lessee – Lease Liability.** The School District's long-term lease liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, is as follows:

	eginning Balance	Ad	ditions	R	eductions	Ending Balance		ne Within One Year
Governmental activities: Lease liabilities	\$ 702,026	\$	-	\$	(242,041)	\$ 459,985	\$	198,295
Total long-term lease liabilities	\$ 702,026	\$		\$	(242,041)	\$ 459,985	\$	198,295

#### NOTE 9. LEASES (CONTINUED)

**Lessee – Lease Liability (Continued).** The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal		 nterest	Total		
2023	\$	198,295	\$ 16,099	\$	214,394	
2024		170,493	9,159		179,652	
2025		60,923	3,192		64,115	
2026		30,274	1,060		31,334	
Total	\$	459,985	\$ 29,510	\$	489,495	

#### NOTE 10. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Transfers from (to) other funds for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

Fund	Transfers In			Transfers Out			
General Fund	\$	10,630,051	\$	110,000			
Special Projects Fund		-		725,664			
Education Improvement Act Fund		-		7,226,763			
COVID Related Fund		-		2,588,569			
Debt Service - District		-		2,723,462			
Nonmajor governmental fund		2,723,462		-			
Total governmental funds		13,353,513		13,374,458			
Food Service Fund		110,000		89,055			
Total proprietary funds		110,000		89,055			
Total	\$	13,463,513	\$	13,463,513			

Transfers are used: 1) to move revenues from the fund that a statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that a statute or budget requires to expend them, and 2) to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Transfers out of the General Fund to the Food Service Fund are to supplement operations. Transfers out of the Special Projects Fund, Education Improvement Act Fund, and COVID Related Fund to the General Fund are to cover allowable salaries paid out of the General Fund. Transfers out of the School Food Service Fund to the General Fund are to cover indirect costs. Transfers out of the Debt Service Fund – School District to the Debt Service Fund – EFC are to make interest and principal payments on the Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds with proceeds from short-term borrowings.

#### NOTE 11. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following individual fund receivables and payables:

Fund	Red	ceivables	Payables		
General Fund	\$	2,841	\$	54,233	
Pupil Activity Fund		3,153		17,751	
COVID Related Funds		-		2,029	
Capital Projects		14,910		_	
Total governmental funds		20,904		74,013	
Food Service Fund		53,109			
Total proprietary funds		53,109			
Total	\$	74,013	\$	74,013	

#### NOTE 12. FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION

The fund balances/net position have been classified to reflect the limitations and restrictions placed on the respective funds as follows:

#### **Governmental fund financial statements**

Fund balance - Non-spendable - balances that, by their nature, are unable to be spent.

<u>Fund balances – Restricted</u> – balances that can only be spent for the specific purpose stipulated by a constitution, external resources providers, or through enabling legislation.

<u>Fund balances – Committed</u> – balances that can only be used for the specific purpose determined by the Board. The Board, as the School District's highest level of decision making authority, may commit fund balances by a formal vote prior to the School District's fiscal year-end for that fiscal year. Further modification or rescission of committed funds must also be accomplished by a formal vote of the Board prior to fiscal year-end.

<u>Fund balances – Assigned</u> – balances classified as assigned are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. Intent can be expressed by the Board or an official or body to which the Board delegates the authority. As of June 30, 2022, no such delegation of authority has been made.

#### NOTE 12. FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

#### **Governmental fund financial statements (Continued)**

<u>Fund balances – Unassigned</u> – balances that are spendable amounts not contained in other classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amounts that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

#### Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – represents the net cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and outstanding debt less unexpended proceeds attributable to the investment in capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred, but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets. Detail of net investment in capital assets is as follows:

Fund	. <u> </u>	Activities
Capital and leased assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$	636,954,825
Unspent bond proceeds		237,695,353
Net deferred charges on refunding		3,249,507
Accounts and retainages payable		(25,703,456)
Lease liabilities		(459,985)
Bonds payable		(487,466,700)
Unamortized bond premiums		(35,758,819)
Total net investment in capital assets	\$	328,510,725

<u>Restricted net position</u> – represents net position restricted externally by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws and regulations of other governments; or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – represents the remainder of the School District's net position in government-wide and business-type activities.

#### NOTE 12. FUND BALANCES AND NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

#### Government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements (Continued)

Fund balances of the governmental-fund financial statements are as follows:

	 General	Special Projects	-	Education provement Act	<b>Ρ</b> ι	ipil Activity Fund
Nonspendable: Prepaid items	\$ 274,018	\$ 62,104	\$	8,000	\$	1,042
Restricted for: Capital projects Debt service Student activities	- - -	- - -		- - -		- - 3,238,172
Unassigned	 56,858,182	 (62,104)		(8,000)		
	\$ 57,132,200	\$ -	\$		\$	3,239,214

	Debt Service - District		Capital Projects	EFC Debt Service			Total		
Nonspendable: Prepaid items	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	345,164		
Restricted for: Capital projects Debt service Student activities		20,324,763	248,454,289		- 22,411 -		248,454,289 20,347,174 3,238,172		
Unassigned					_		56,788,078		
	\$	20,324,763	\$ 248,454,289	\$	22,411	\$	329,172,877		

#### NOTE 13. FOOD SERVICE

#### **Federal Guidelines**

The School District's Food Service Fund administers the lunch programs in accordance with the United States Department of Agriculture ("USDA") guidelines. Revenues are provided from USDA reimbursements and cash collections. The meals served to pupils are classified as regular, reduced, or free by the Food Service Program. The type of meal served and classification of students determines the amount of reimbursement from the USDA. Reimbursements may be in the form of cash or commodities. The food service expenditures are inclusive of \$844,805 of commodities provided and consumed during the year ended June 30, 2022.

#### NOTE 13. FOOD SERVICE (CONTINUED)

#### Administrative Costs

The General Fund performs certain administrative functions and pays for certain costs of the Food Service Fund. The School District's accounting policies for food service operations reflect these expenditures in the General Fund.

#### NOTE 14. RETIREMENT PLANS

#### **Description of the Entity**

The South Carolina Public Employee Benefit Authority ("PEBA"), created July 1, 2012, is the state agency responsible for the administration and management of the various Retirement Systems ("Systems") and retirement programs of the state of South Carolina, including the State Optional Retirement Program and the South Carolina Deferred Compensation Program, as well as the state's employee insurance programs. As such, PEBA is responsible for administering the South Carolina Retirement Systems' ("SCRS") five defined benefit pension plans. PEBA has an 11-member Board of Directors, appointed by the Governor and General Assembly leadership, which serves as custodian, co-trustee and co-fiduciary of the Systems and the assets of the retirement trust funds. The Retirement System Investment Commission ("RSIC") (Commission as the governing body, RSIC as the agency), created by the General Assembly in 2005, has exclusive authority to invest and manage the retirement trust funds' assets. The Commission, an eightmember board, serves as co-trustee and co-fiduciary for the assets of the retirement trust funds. By law, the State Fiscal Accountability Authority ("SFAA"), which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions regarding the actuary of the Systems.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Systems and additions to/deductions from the Systems fiduciary net position have been determined on the accrual basis of accounting as they are reported by the Systems in accordance with GAAP. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Benefit and refund expenses are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Investments are reported at fair value.

PEBA issues an Annual Comprehensive Financial Report ("ACFR") containing financial statements and required supplementary information for the Systems' Pension Trust Funds. The ACFR is publicly available through the Retirement Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov, or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, South Carolina 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and, therefore, retirement trust fund financial information is also included in the ACFR of the state.

#### NOTE 14. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Plan Descriptions**

The SCRS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established July 1, 1945, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-1-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits for teachers and employees of the state and its political subdivisions. SCRS covers employees of state agencies, public school districts, higher education institutions, other participating local subdivisions of government and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly at or after the 2012 general election.

The South Carolina Police Officers' Retirement System ("PORS"), a cost–sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, was established July 1, 1962, pursuant to the provisions of Section 9-11-20 of the South Carolina Code of Laws for the purpose of providing retirement and other benefits to police officers and firefighters. PORS also covers peace officers, coroners, probate judges and magistrates.

#### Membership

Membership requirements are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. A brief summary of the requirements under each system is presented below.

SCRS – Generally, all employees of covered employers are required to participate in and contribute to the system as a condition of employment. This plan covers general employees and teachers and individuals newly elected to the South Carolina General Assembly beginning with the November 2012 general election. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

PORS – To be eligible for PORS membership, an employee must be required by the terms of his/her employment, by election or appointment, to preserve public order, protect life and property, and detect crimes in the state; to prevent and control property destruction by fire; be a coroner in a full-time permanent position; or be a peace officer employed by the Department of Corrections, the Department of Juvenile Justice or the Department of Mental Health. Probate judges and coroners may elect membership in PORS. Magistrates are required to participate in PORS for service as a magistrate. PORS members, other than magistrates and probate judges, must also earn at least \$2,000 per year and devote at least 1,600 hours per year to this work, unless exempted by statute. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership prior to July 1, 2012, is a Class Two member. An employee member of the system with an effective date of membership on or after July 1, 2012, is a Class Three member.

#### NOTE 14. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Benefits

Benefit terms are prescribed in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. PEBA does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms without a legislative change in the code of laws. Key elements of the benefit calculation include the benefit multiplier, years of service, and average final compensation/current annual salary. A brief summary of the benefit terms for each system is presented below.

SCRS – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 65 or with 28 years credited service regardless of age. A member may elect early retirement with reduced pension benefits payable at age 55 with 25 years of service credit. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension upon satisfying the Rule of 90 requirement that the total of the member's age and the member's creditable service equals at least 90 years. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a reduced deferred annuity at age 60 if they satisfy the five- or eight-year earned service requirement, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program.

The annual retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of 1% or \$500 every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase. Members who retire under the early retirement provisions at age 55 with 25 years of service are not eligible for the benefit adjustment until the second July 1 after reaching age 60 or the second July 1 after the date they would have had 28 years of service credit had they not retired.

PORS – A Class Two member who has separated from service with at least five or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 25 years of service regardless of age. A Class Three member who has separated from service with at least eight or more years of earned service is eligible for a monthly pension at age 55 or with 27 years of service regardless of age. Both Class Two and Class Three members are eligible to receive a deferred annuity at age 55 with five or eight years of earned service, respectively. An incidental death benefit is also available to beneficiaries of active and retired members of employers who participate in the death benefit program. Accidental death benefits are also provided upon the death of an active member working for a covered employer whose death was a natural and proximate result of an injury incurred while in the performance of duty.

The retirement allowance of eligible retirees or their surviving annuitants is increased by the lesser of 1% or \$500 every July 1. Only those annuitants in receipt of a benefit on July 1 of the preceding year are eligible to receive the increase.

#### NOTE 14. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Contributions

Actuarial valuations are performed annually by an external consulting actuary to ensure applicable contribution rates satisfy the funding parameters specified in Title 9 of the South Carolina Code of Laws. Under these provisions, SCRS and PORS contribution requirements must be sufficient to maintain an amortization period for the financing of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") over a period that does not exceed the number of years scheduled in state statute.

Legislation in 2017 increased, but also established a ceiling for SCRS and PORS employee contribution rates. Effective July 1, 2017, employee rates were increased to a capped rate of 9.00% for SCRS and 9.75% for PORS. The legislation also increased employer contribution rates beginning July 1, 2017 for both SCRS and PORS by two percentage points and further scheduled employer contribution rates to increase by a minimum of one percentage point each year in accordance with state statute. However, the General Assembly postponed the 1% increase in the SCRS and PORS employer contribution rates that was scheduled to go into effect beginning July 1, 2020. If the scheduled contributions are not sufficient to meet the funding periods set in state statute, the Board shall increase the employer contribution rates as necessary to meet the funding periods set for the applicable year. The maximum funding period of SCRS and PORS is scheduled to be reduced over a ten-year schedule from 30 years beginning fiscal year 2018 to 20 years by fiscal year 2028.

Additionally, the Board is prohibited from decreasing the SCRS and PORS contribution rates until the funded ratio is at least 85%. If the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the Systems for funding purposes shows a ratio of the actuarial value of System assets to the actuarial accrued liability of the System (the funded ratio) that is equal to or greater than 85%, then the Board, effective on the following July 1st, may decrease the then current contribution rates upon making a finding that the decrease will not result in a funded ratio of less than 85%. If contribution rates are decreased pursuant to this provision, and the most recent annual actuarial valuation of the System shows a funded ratio of less than 85%, then effective on the following July 1st, and annually thereafter as necessary, the Board shall increase the then current contribution rates until a subsequent annual actuarial valuation of the System shows a funded ratio that is equal to or greater than 85%.

#### NOTE 14. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Contributions (Continued)**

Required employee contribution rates are as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2021
SCRS		
Employee Class Two	9.00%	9.00%
Employee Class Three	9.00%	9.00%
PORS		
Employee Class Two	9.75%	9.75%
Employee Class Three	9.75%	9.75%

Required employer contribution rates are as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2021
SCRS		
Employer Class Two	16.41%	15.41%
Employer Class Three	16.41%	15.41%
Employer incidental death benefit	0.15%	0.15%
PORS		
Employer Class Two	18.84%	17.84%
Employer Class Three	18.84%	17.84%
Employer incidental death benefit	0.20%	0.20%
Employer accidental death program	0.20%	0.20%

#### **Actuarial Assumptions and Methods**

Actuarial valuations of the ongoing plan involve estimates of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. South Carolina state statute requires that an actuarial experience study be completed at least once in each five-year period. An experience report on the Systems was most recently issued for the period ended June 30, 2019.

#### NOTE 14. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (Continued)**

The June 30, 2021, total pension liability ("TPL"), net pension liability ("NPL"), and sensitivity information shown in this report were determined by our consulting actuary, Gabriel, Roeder, Smith and Company ("GRS") and are based on an actuarial valuation performed as of July 1, 2020. The total pension liability was rolled-forward from the valuation date to the plans' fiscal year-end, June 30, 2021, using generally accepted actuarial principles. There was no legislation enacted during the 2021 legislative session that had a material change in the benefit provisions for any of the Systems. In FY 2021, the Board adopted updated demographic assumptions. Also, the General Assembly permitted the investment return assumption at July 1, 2021 to decrease from 7.25% to 7.00%, as provided by Section 9-16-335 in South Carolina State Code.

The following table provides a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods used to calculate the TPL as of June 30, 2021.

	SCRS	PORS
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age	Entry Age
Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return	7.00%	7.00%
Projected salary increases	3.0% to 11% (varies by service)	3.5% to 10.5% (varies by service)
Includes inflation at	2.25%	2.25%
Benefit adjustments	lesser of 1% or \$500	lesser of 1% or \$500

The post-retiree mortality assumption is dependent upon the member's job category and gender. The base mortality assumptions, the 2020 Public Retirees of South Carolina Mortality table (2020 PRSC), was developed using the Systems' mortality experience. These base rates are adjusted for future improvement in mortality using 80% of Scale UMP projected from the year 2020.

Assumptions used in the determination of the June 30, 2021, TPL are as follows:

Former Job Class	Males	Females
Educators	2020 PRSC Males	2020 PRSC Females
	multiplied by 95%	multiplied by 94%
Public Safety and Firefighters	2020 PRSC Males	2020 PRSC Females
	multiplied by 127%	multiplied by 107%
General Employees	2020 PRSC Males	2020 PRSC Females
	multiplied by 127%	multiplied by 107%

#### NOTE 14. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### **Net Pension Liability**

The NPL is calculated separately for each System and represents that particular System's TPL determined in accordance with GASB No. 67 less that System's fiduciary net position. NPL totals, as of June 30, 2021, for SCRS and PORS are presented below.

	SCRS	PORS
Total pension liability	\$ 55,131,579,363	\$ 8,684,586,488
Plan fiduciary net position	 33,490,305,970	 6,111,672,064
Employer's net pension liability	\$ 21,641,273,393	\$ 2,572,914,424
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	CO 70/	70.40/
of the total pension liability	60.7%	70.4%

The TPL is calculated by the Systems' actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the Systems' financial statements. The NPL is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB 67 in the Systems' notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information. Liability calculations performed by the Systems' actuary for the purpose of satisfying the requirements of GASB Nos. 67 and 68 are not applicable for other purposes, such as determining the plans' funding requirements.

#### Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for actuarial purposes is based upon the 20-year capital market assumptions. The actuarial long-term expected rates of return represent assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. Expected returns are net of investment fees.

The expected real rates of investment return, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2021 fiscal year of the Systems. The long-term expected rate of return is calculated by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and then adding the actuarial expected inflation, which is summarized in the table on the following page. For actuarial purposes, the 7.00% assumed annual investment rate of return used in the calculation of the total pension liability includes a 4.75% real rate of return and a 2.25% inflation component.

#### NOTE 14. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Long-term Expected Rate of Return (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Long-term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return
Public Entity	46.0%	6.87%	3.16%
Bonds	26.0%	0.27%	0.07%
Private Equity	9.0%	9.68%	0.87%
Private Debt	7.0%	5.47%	0.39%
Real assets	12.0%		
Real estate	9.0%	6.01%	0.54%
Infrastructure	3.0%	5.08%	0.15%
	100%		
	Total expected	real return	5.18%
	Inflation for actuarial purposes		2.25%
	Total expected	nominal return	7.43%

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers in SCRS and PORS will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on provisions in the South Carolina State Code of Laws. Based on those assumptions, each System's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### **Sensitivity Analysis**

The following table presents the School District's net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using the discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

#### Sensitivity of the Net Position Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	Current						
	1	1% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1% Increase		
(6.00%)		(7.00%)			(8.00%)		
SCRS	\$	338,298,253	\$	258,267,487	\$	19,145,368	
PORS		10,286		7,090		4,471	

#### NOTE 14. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

#### Additional Financial and Actuarial Information

Information contained in these Notes to the Schedules of Employer and Non-employer Allocations and Schedules of Pension Amounts Employer ("Schedules") was compiled from the Systems' audited financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, and the accounting valuation report as of June 30, 2021. Additional financial information supporting the preparation of the Schedules (including the unmodified audit opinion on the financial statements and required supplementary information) is available in the Systems' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

## Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions and Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District's pension expense was \$19,665,734 and (\$28,332) for SCRS and PORS, respectively. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred	Deferred
SCRS	C	Outflows of	Inflows of
		Resources	 Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,399,288	\$ 348,567
Changes of assumptions		14,136,715	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	37,516,756
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,452,603	127,565
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		21,517,704	
Total	\$	42,506,310	\$ 37,992,888

#### NOTE 14. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

## Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions and Pension Expense (Continued)

PORS	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	241	\$	22
Changes of assumptions		506		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,589
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		23,418
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,445		<u>-</u> _
Total	\$	2,192	\$	25,029

School District contributions subsequent of the measurement date of \$21,517,704 and \$1,445 reported as deferred outflow of resources for the SCRS and PORS, respectively, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	SCRS	PORS
2023	\$ (580,152)	\$ (18,903)
2024	107,202	(3,773)
2025	(2,493,045)	(962)
2026	(14,038,287)	(644)
Total	\$ (17,004,282)	\$ (24,282)

#### NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS

#### Overview

The South Carolina PEBA was created by the South Carolina General Assembly as part of Act No. 278 effective July 1, 2012. PEBA – Insurance Benefits is a state agency responsible for the administration and management of the state's employee insurance programs, other post-employment benefits trusts and retirement systems and is part of the State of South Carolina primary government.

The governing board of PEBA is a board of 11 members. The membership composition is three members appointed by the Governor, two members appointed by the President Pro Tempore of the Senate, two members appointed by the Chairman of the Senate Finance Committee, two members appointed by the Speaker of the House of Representatives and two members appointed by the Chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee. Individuals appointed to the PEBA Board must possess certain qualifications. Members of the PEBA Board serve for terms of two years and until their successors are appointed and qualify. Terms commence on July 1st of even numbered years. The PEBA Board appoints the Executive Director. The laws of the State and the policies and procedures specified by the State for State agencies are applicable to all activities of PEBA. By law, the State Fiscal Accountability Authority ("SFAA"), which consists of five elected officials, also reviews certain PEBA Board decisions in administering the State Health Plan and other postemployment benefits ("OPEB").

#### **Plan Description**

The Other Post-Employment Benefits Trust Funds ("OPEB Trusts"), collectively refers to the South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund ("SCRHITF") and the South Carolina Long-Term Disability Insurance Trust Fund ("SCLTDITF"), were established by the State of South Carolina as Act 195, which became effective in May 2008. The SCRHITF was created to fund and account for the employer costs of the State's retiree health and dental plans. The SCLTDITF was created to fund and account for the employer costs of the State's Basic Long-Term Disability Income Benefit Plan.

In accordance with Act 195, the OPEB Trusts are administered by the PEBA – Insurance Benefits and the State Treasurer is the custodian of the funds held in trust. The Board of Directors of PEBA has been designated as the Trustee.

#### NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### Plan Description (Continued)

The OPEB Trusts are cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans. Article 5 of the State Code of Laws defines the two plans and authorizes the Trustee to at any time adjust the plans, including its benefits and contributions, as necessary to insure the fiscal stability of the plans. In accordance with the South Carolina Code of Laws and the annual Appropriations Act, the State provides post-employment health and dental and long-term disability benefits to retired State and School District employees and their covered dependents.

#### **Benefits**

The SCRHITF is a healthcare plan that covers retired employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies, and public school districts. The SCRHITF provides health and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees. Generally, retirees are eligible for the health and dental benefits if they have established at least ten years of retirement service credit. For new hires beginning employment May 2, 2008 and after, retirees are eligible for benefits if they have established 25 years of service for 100% employer funding and 15-24 years of service for 50% employer funding.

The SCLTDITF is a long-term disability plan that covers employees of the State of South Carolina, including all agencies and public school districts and all participating local governmental entities. The SCLTDITF provides disability payments to eligible employees that have been approved for disability. Since the employer contribution/premium paid and the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the SCLTDITF are not material to the School District, no SCLTDITF OPEB amounts have been recorded in these financial statements and only limited note disclosures have been provided related to these benefits.

#### **Contributions and Funding Policies**

Section 1-11-710 of the South Carolina Code of Laws of 1976, as amended, requires the post-employment and long-term disability benefits to be funded through non-employer and employer contributions for active employees and retirees to the PEBA – Insurance Benefits.

#### NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Contributions and Funding Policies (Continued)**

The SCRHITF is funded through participating employers that are mandated by State statute to contribute at a rate assessed each year by the Department of Administration Executive Budget Office on active employee covered payroll. The covered payroll surcharge for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 6.25%. The SCRS collects the monthly covered payroll surcharge for all participating employers and remits it directly to the SCRHITF. Other sources of funding for the SCRHITF also include the implicit subsidy, or age-related subsidy inherent in the healthcare premiums structure. The implicit subsidy represents a portion of the healthcare expenditures paid on behalf of the employer's active employees. For purposes of GASB Statement No. 75, this expenditure on behalf of the active employee is reclassified as a retiree healthcare expenditure so that the employer's contributions towards the plan reflect the underlying age-adjusted, retiree benefit costs. Non-employer contributions consist of an annual appropriation by the General

Assembly and the statutorily required transfer from PEBA – Insurance Benefits' reserves. However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic and the impact it has had on the PEBA – Insurance Benefits reserves, the General Assembly has indefinitely suspended the statutorily required transfer until further notice. The SCRHITF is also funded through investment income.

The allocation percentage of the OPEB amounts are calculated differently for each OPEB Trust. For the SCRHITF, the allocation percentage is based on the covered payroll surcharge contribution for each employer. Please note that actual covered payroll contributions received from SCRS for the fiscal year 2021 totaled \$585,482,183. However, the covered payroll contributions total includes prior year covered payroll contribution adjustments and true-ups that net to a total of \$2,619,984.

In accordance with part (b) of paragraph 69 of GASB Statement No. 75, participating employers should recognize revenue in an amount equal to the employer's proportionate share of the change in the collective net OPEB liability arising from contributions to the OPEB plan during the measurement period from non-employer contributing entities for purposes other than the separate financing of specific liabilities to the OPEB plan. Therefore, employers should classify this revenue in the same manner as it classifies grants from other entities.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB Trusts, and additions to and deductions from the OPEB Trusts fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the OPEB Trusts. For this purpose, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Therefore, benefit and administrative expenses are recognized when due and payable. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Contributions and Funding Policies (Continued)**

PEBA – Insurance Benefits issues audited financial statements and required supplementary information for the OPEB Trust Funds. This information is publicly available through the PEBA – Insurance Benefits' link on PEBA's website at www.peba.sc.gov or a copy may be obtained by submitting a request to PEBA – Insurance Benefits, 202 Arbor Lake Drive, Columbia, South Carolina 29223. PEBA is considered a division of the primary government of the state of South Carolina and, therefore, OPEB Trust fund financial information is also included in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the state.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions and Methods**

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plans (as understood by the employer and plan participants) and include the types of benefits provided at the time the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation for SCRHITF:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2020
Actuarial Cost Method: Entry Age Normal

Inflation: 2.25%

Investment Rate of Return: 2.75%, net of OPEB Plan investment expense; including inflation

Single Discount Rate: 1.92% as of June 30, 2021

Demographic Assumptions: Based on the experience study performed for the South Carolina

Retirement Systems for the five-year period ended June 30, 2019.

Mortality: For healthy retirees, the gender-distinct South Carolina Retirees

2020 Mortality Tables are used with fully generational mortality projections based on a fully generational basis by the 80% of Scale UMP to account for future mortality improvements and adjusted

with multipliers based on plan experience.

Healthcare Trend Rate: Initial trend starting at 6.00% and gradually decreasing to an

ultimate trend rate of 4.00% over a period of 15 years.

#### NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions and Methods (Continued)**

Retiree Participation: 79% for retirees who are eligible for funded premiums;

59% for retirees who are eligible for partial funded premiums;

20% for retirees who are eligible for non-funded premiums.

Notes: The discount rate changed from 2.45% as of June 30, 2021 to

1.92% as of June 30, 2022; demographic and salary increases assumptions were updated to reflect the 2020 SCRS experience study and the healthcare trend rates were reset to better reflect the

plan's anticipated experience.

#### **Roll Forward Disclosure**

The actuarial valuation was performed as of June 30, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2021 (measurement date used for the School District's reporting as of June 30, 2022).

#### **Net OPEB Liability**

The Net OPEB Liability ("NOL") is calculated separately for each OPEB Trust Fund and represents that particular Trust's Total OPEB Liability ("TOL") determined in accordance with GASB No. 74 less that Trust's fiduciary net position. The allocation of each employer's proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB liability and collective OPEB expense was determined using the employer's payroll-related contributions over the measurement period. This method is expected to be reflective of the employer's long-term contribution effort as well as be transparent to individual employers and their external auditors.

At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of \$319,051,738. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on contributions to SCRHITF during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. At June 30, 2021, the School District's proportion of the total net OPEB liability was 1.532195%, which was an increase of 0.024807% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

#### Single Discount Rate

The Single Discount Rate of 1.92% was used to measure the total OPEB liability for the SCRHITF. The accounting policy for this plan is to set the Single Discount Rate equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. Due to the plan's investment and funding policies, the difference between a blended discount rate and the municipal bond rate would be less than several basis points (several hundredths of 1%).

#### NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### Long-term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return represents assumptions developed using an arithmetic building block approach primarily based on consensus expectations and market-based inputs. The expected returns, along with the expected inflation rate, form the basis for the target asset allocation adopted at the beginning of the 2018 fiscal year. The long-term expected rate of return is produced by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. This information is summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return	Weighted Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Domestic Fixed Income	80.00%	0.60%	0.48%
Cash	20.00%	0.35%	0.07%
Total	100.00%		0.55%
	Total expected v	weighted real return	0.55%
	Inflation for actua	arial purposes	2.25%
	Total expected r	nominal return	2.80%
	Investment retur	n assumption	2.75%

#### Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the SCRHITF's net OPEB liability calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 1.92%, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount Rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (0.92%) or 1-percentage-point higher (2.92%):

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate						
Current						
1% Decrease			Discount Rate		1% Increase	
	(0.92%) (1.92%)			(2.92%)		
\$	384,536,258	\$	319,051,738	\$	267,425,259	

South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund

#### NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Sensitivity Analysis (Continued)**

Regarding the sensitivity of the SCRHITF's net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates, the following table presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using the assumed trend rates as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if were calculated using a trend rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher:

# South Carolina Retiree Health Insurance Trust Fund Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Current Healthcare 1% Decrease Cost Trend Rates 1% Increase \$ 255,965,362 \$ 319,051,738 \$ 403,112,239

### Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources and OPEB Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$27,932,054. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

SCRHITF	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 6,456,605	\$	8,177,799		
Changes of assumptions	64,864,734		7,682,345		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-		86,273		
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	4,917,931		438,254		
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 19,517,530				
Total	\$ 95,756,800	\$	16,384,671		

#### NOTE 15. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

## Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources and OPEB Expense (Continued)

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$19,517,530 will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2022, other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

SCRHITF								
Year ending June 30,								
2023		\$	9,452,738					
2024			9,311,469					
2025			11,762,825					
2026			12,582,904					
2027			11,090,818					
Thereafter			5,653,845					
		\$	59,854,599					

#### NOTE 16. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

School District employees may participate in the 457 and/or 401(k) deferred compensation plans available to state and local governmental employees through the state public employee retirement system. These programs are administered by a state approved nongovernmental third-party. Contributions by School District employees under the 457 and 401(k) programs totaled \$480,691 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Participation in the plan is optional. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, disability, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

All amounts of compensation deferred under the plan, all property and rights purchased with those amounts, and all income attributable to those amounts, are held in trust for the contributing employee and are not subject to the claims of the School District's general creditors. The plan is administered by the State of South Carolina.

#### NOTE 17. RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the School District carries commercial insurance. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District obtained its general liability and property insurance through the South Carolina School Boards Insurance Trust (the "Trust") which represents the majority of South Carolina school districts joined together in a public entity risk pool. The School District pays an annual premium to the Trust for its general liability and property insurance. The agreement for formation of the Trust provides that the Trust will be self-sustaining through member premiums.

The School District obtains its employee health and life insurance through the South Carolina State Budget and Control Board's Office of Insurance Services which represents all school agencies and most State agencies in South Carolina joined together in a public entity risk pool. The School District pays a portion of monthly premiums based on each participating employee. Life insurance is also obtained through the South Carolina State Budget and Control Board's Office of Insurance Services and the carrier is Met Life.

The School District is self-insured for Workers' Compensation and Brentwood Services Administrators acts as third-party administrator. The School District's risk management activities related to workers' compensation insurance are recorded in the Insurance Reserve Fund (Internal Service Fund).

The School District establishes an estimated liability for workers' compensation claims and judgments based on estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Estimated amounts of subrogation and reinsurance recoverable on unpaid claims are deducted from the liability for unpaid claims. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability and damage awards, the process used in computing claim liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Adjustments to claim liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the period in which they are made.

Claims liability in excess of available financial resources is recorded in the Statement of Net Position as a current liability. The specific stop-loss and aggregate retention provisions for workers' compensation are \$450,000 and \$2,584,759, respectively.

#### NOTE 17. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

Changes in the balances of liability for claims and judgments during the last two years were as follows:

_	Year	ginning of ar Liability	Ch	aims and langes in stimates	CI	aims Paid	End of Year Liability		
	2021	\$ 149,306	\$	416,260	\$	(274,540)	\$	291,026	
	2022	291,026		219,928		(141,951)		369,003	

Prior to July 1, 1978, school districts in South Carolina were exempt from unemployment taxes. Effective July 1, 1978, school districts were no longer exempted from these taxes. As a result, the School District established a limited risk management program for unemployment compensation. The School District reimburses the South Carolina Department of Employment and Workforce for actual claims paid attributable to service in the employ of the School District. Claims paid during the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$16,665 and were reported in the General Fund. No separate liability for unemployment claims has been established due to the insignificant amounts of the expenditures.

The School District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related organizations – Beaufort-Jasper Academy for Career Excellence (the "Academy") is a career center that was created by an agreement between the School District and Jasper County School District dated June 13, 1975, under the provisions of legislation enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina. The Academy operates as a vocational school for high school students in Beaufort and Jasper counties. The Academy's Board of Directors is comprised of three members from each of the Boards of Education of the respective two School Districts, along with the Superintendent of each School District as ex-officios. Budgetary controls are held by the Board of Education of the respective two School Districts. The agreement states that the responsibility for the Academy's general fund cost of maintenance, support, and operation of the Academy shall be borne jointly and on an enrollment ratio of two to one, respectively. The School District assumes the responsibility for two-thirds of these costs and Jasper County School District assumes the responsibility for one-third of these costs. During the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District's expenses related to this agreement were approximately \$1,800,000 and included in the General Fund instruction (Career and Technology Education) expenditures.

**Component unit** – Allocated funding from the School District to Riverview Charter School during 2022 amounted to approximately \$7,500,000.

#### NOTE 19. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Construction Commitments**

The School District has entered into contracts for various construction projects. Outstanding obligations at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	 Contract Amount	pended as of une 30, 2022	Remaining Contract		
Ajax	\$ 4,436,633	\$ 314,599	\$	4,122,034	
Ce Bourne	600,400	384,861		215,539	
Charles Perry Partners, Inc.	712,904	-		712,904	
Contract Construction	15,028,454	10,502,101		4,526,353	
H.G. Reynolds	26,449,229	23,851,390		2,597,839	
J.E. Dunn	61,698,567	18,835,891		42,862,676	
MB Kahn	92,125,881	52,549,595		39,576,286	
Southeast Roofing Solution	230,000	-		230,000	
Thompson Turner	61,775,785	 21,030,409		40,745,376	
	\$ 263,057,853	\$ 127,468,846	\$	135,589,007	

#### Litigation

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the School District. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the School District's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

#### **Grants**

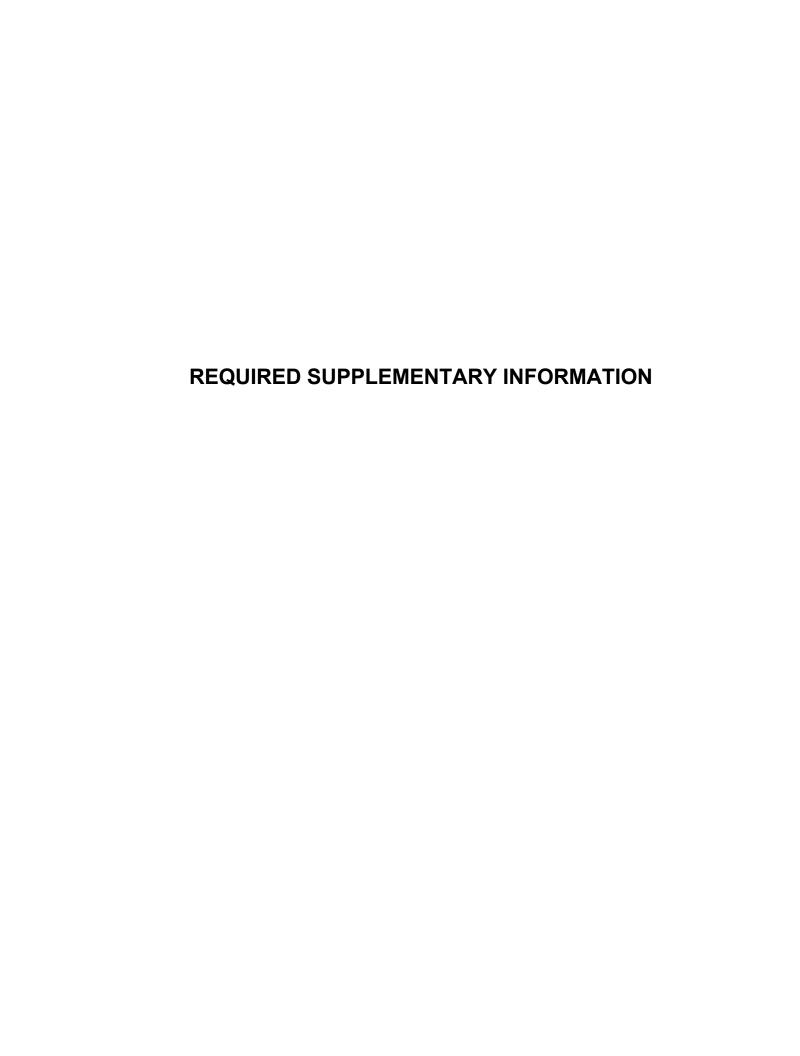
The School District participates in a number of federally assisted grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives.

#### NOTE 20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The School District issued a Tax Anticipation Note through South Carolina Association of Governmental Organizations ("SCAGO") on September 29, 2022 in the amount of \$7,500,000, maturing in April 2023, bearing interest at 5.00%, to facilitate operating cash flow needs until the collection of future levied property taxes.

The School District issued General Obligation Bonds through Fidelity Investments on September 1, 2022 in the amount of \$25,000,000, maturing in March 2025, bearing interest at 5.00%, for the purpose of making payments to the EFC and various 8% capital projects.

The School District issued General Obligation Bonds through South Carolina Association of Governmental Organizations ("SCAGO") on September 22, 2022 in the amount of \$2,479,000, maturing in March 2023, bearing interest at 4.00%, for the purpose of making payments to the EFC.



#### **BEAUFORT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM	2022			2021	 2020
School District's proportion of the net pension liability		1.19340%		1.17942%	1.18046%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	258,267,487	\$	301,363,300	\$ 269,548,505
School District's covered payroll	\$	118,383,905	\$	138,943,062	\$ 131,386,738
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		218.16%		216.90%	205.16%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		60.70%		50.70%	54.40%
POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM					
School District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.000276%		0.000365%	0.000541%
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	7,090	\$	12,105	\$ 15,502
School District's covered payroll	\$	4,144	\$	5,514	\$ 7,845
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		171.09%		219.53%	197.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		70.40%		58.80%	62.70%

**NOTE:** This Schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

2019	2018	2017	2016 2		2015	 2014
1.17962%	1.18180%	1.15049%	1.13980%		1.17216%	1.17216%
\$ 264,315,046	\$ 266,042,861	\$ 245,743,607	\$ 216,168,376	\$	201,806,920	\$ 210,243,511
\$ 128,517,247	\$ 126,181,528	\$ 118,268,860	\$ 113,294,579	\$	112,911,730	\$ 99,991,462
205.67%	210.84%	207.78%	190.80%		178.73%	181.94%
54.10%	53.30%	52.91%	57.00%		59.90%	56.39%
0.00205%	0.00635%	0.00452%	0.00581%		0.00544%	N/A
\$ 58,038	\$ 174,017	\$ 114,573	\$ 126,629	\$	104,144	N/A
\$ 28,351	\$ 82,048	\$ 57,592	\$ 71,983	\$	53,518	N/A
204.71%	212.09%	198.94%	175.92%		194.60%	N/A
61.70%	60.90%	60.44%	64.57%		67.55%	N/A

#### **BEAUFORT COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT**

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SOUTH CAROLINA RETIREMENT SYSTEM		2022	 2021	2020		
Contractually required contribution	\$	21,517,704	\$ 18,420,536	\$	18,056,976	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(21,517,704)	 (18,420,536)		(18,056,976)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>		\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	
School District's covered payroll	\$	129,937,826	\$ 118,383,905	\$	138,943,062	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		16.56%	15.56%		13.00%	
POLICE OFFICERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM						
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,445	\$ 747	\$	995	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(1,445)	 (747)		(995)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$ -	\$		
School District's covered payroll	\$	6,705	\$ 4,144	\$	5,514	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		21.55%	18.03%		18.04%	

**NOTE:** This Schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

2019	2018	 2017	 2016		2015		2014
\$ 16,942,106	\$ 15,370,022	\$ 13,784,757	\$ 12,321,935	\$	11,648,817	\$	11,280,173
(16,942,106)	(15,370,022)	(13,784,757)	(12,321,935)		(11,648,817)		(11,280,173)
\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>
\$ 131,386,738	\$ 128,517,247	\$ 126,181,528	\$ 118,268,860	\$	113,294,579	\$	112,911,730
12.89%	11.96%	10.92%	10.42%		10.28%		9.99%
\$ 761	\$ 4,012	\$ 11,684	\$ 7,913	\$	9,653	\$	6,872
 (761)	(4,012)	(11,684)	(7,913)		(9,653)		(6,872)
\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$		\$	
\$ 7,845	\$ 28,351	\$ 82,048	\$ 57,592	\$	71,983	\$	53,518
9.70%	14.15%	14.24%	13.74%		13.41%		12.84%

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCRHITF	 2022	 2021	 2020
School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	1.532195%	1.507388%	1.502368%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 319,051,738	\$ 272,105,338	\$ 227,180,947
School District's covered payroll	\$ 118,388,049	\$ 138,948,576	\$ 131,394,583
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	269.50%	195.83%	172.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	7.48%	8.44%	7.91%

**NOTE:** This Schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

 2019	 2018	2017
1.490590%	0.540623%	0.540623%
\$ 211,225,322	\$ 202,804,666	\$ 216,636,496
\$ 128,545,598	\$ 126,263,576	\$ 118,326,452
164.32%	160.62%	183.08%
7.97%	7.60%	6.62%

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE SCHOOL DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30,

SCRHITF	2022			2021	2020		
Contractually required contribution	\$	19,517,530	\$	8,789,059	\$	7,750,891	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(19,517,530)		(8,789,059)		(7,750,891)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		
School District's covered payroll	\$	129,944,531	\$	118,388,049	\$	138,948,576	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		15.02%		7.42%		5.58%	

**NOTE:** This Schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the School District will present information for those years for which information is available.

2019	 2018	2017			
\$ 7,750,891	\$ 6,502,595	\$ 6,729,849			
(7,750,891)	(6,502,595)	(6,729,849)			
\$ 	\$ 	\$ -			
\$ 131,394,583	\$ 128,545,598	\$ 126,263,576			
5.90%	5.06%	5.33%			

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				-
Local sources	\$ 165,230,615	\$ 165,230,615	\$ 170,311,795	\$ 5,081,180
State sources	98,308,315	98,308,315	98,601,120	292,805
Federal sources	660,000	660,000	658,373	(1,627)
Total revenues	264,198,930	264,198,930	269,571,288	5,372,358
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	163,418,630	163,276,646	162,117,220	1,159,426
Support services	103,096,296	103,238,280	102,978,908	259,372
Intergovernmental expenditures:				
Payments to other governmental units	7,584,674	7,584,674	8,099,611	(514,937)
Debt service	65,000	65,000	552,044	(487,044)
Total expenditures	274,164,600	274,164,600	273,747,783	416,817
Deficiency of revenues				
under expenditures	(9,965,670)	(9,965,670)	(4,176,495)	5,789,175
Other financing sources (uses)				
Premium on bonds sold	-	-	238,350	238,350
Operating transfers in	10,075,670	10,075,670	10,630,051	554,381
Operating transfers out	(110,000)	(110,000)	(110,000)	-
Total other financing sources, net	9,965,670	9,965,670	10,758,401	792,731
Excess of revenues and other financing				
sources over expenditures and other				
financing (uses)	-	-	6,581,906	6,581,906
Fund balances, beginning of year	50,550,294	50,550,294	50,550,294	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 50,550,294	\$ 50,550,294	\$ 57,132,200	\$ 6,581,906

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	R	udgeted	Δmo	unte		Vari	ance with
	Origin		Aiiio	Final	Actual		al Budget
Revenues					 		
Local sources	\$ 93	0,292	\$	1,366,673	\$ 1,379,832	\$	13,159
State sources	3,58	0,417		2,835,056	2,778,379		(56,677)
Federal sources	23,94	9,877		21,331,880	21,329,422		(2,458)
Total revenues	28,46	0,586		25,533,609	25,487,633		(45,976)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	16,45	5,320		16,223,077	16,223,077		-
Support services	6,57	0,832		7,858,925	7,849,355		9,570
Community services	1,58	6,421		338,413	334,423		3,990
Intergovernmental expenditures:							
Payments to other governmental units	1,26	9,343		355,114	 355,114		=
Total expenditures	25,88	1,916		24,775,529	24,761,969		13,560
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures	2,57	8,670		758,080	 725,664		(32,416)
Other financing sources (uses)							
Operating transfers out	(2,57	8,670)		(758,080)	(725,664)		32,416
Total other financing uses	(2,57	8,670)		(758,080)	(725,664)		32,416
Excess of revenues and other financing							
sources over expenditures and other							
financing sources (uses)		-		-	-		-
Fund balances, beginning of year					 <u>-</u>		
Fund balances, end of year	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE PUPIL ACTIVITY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

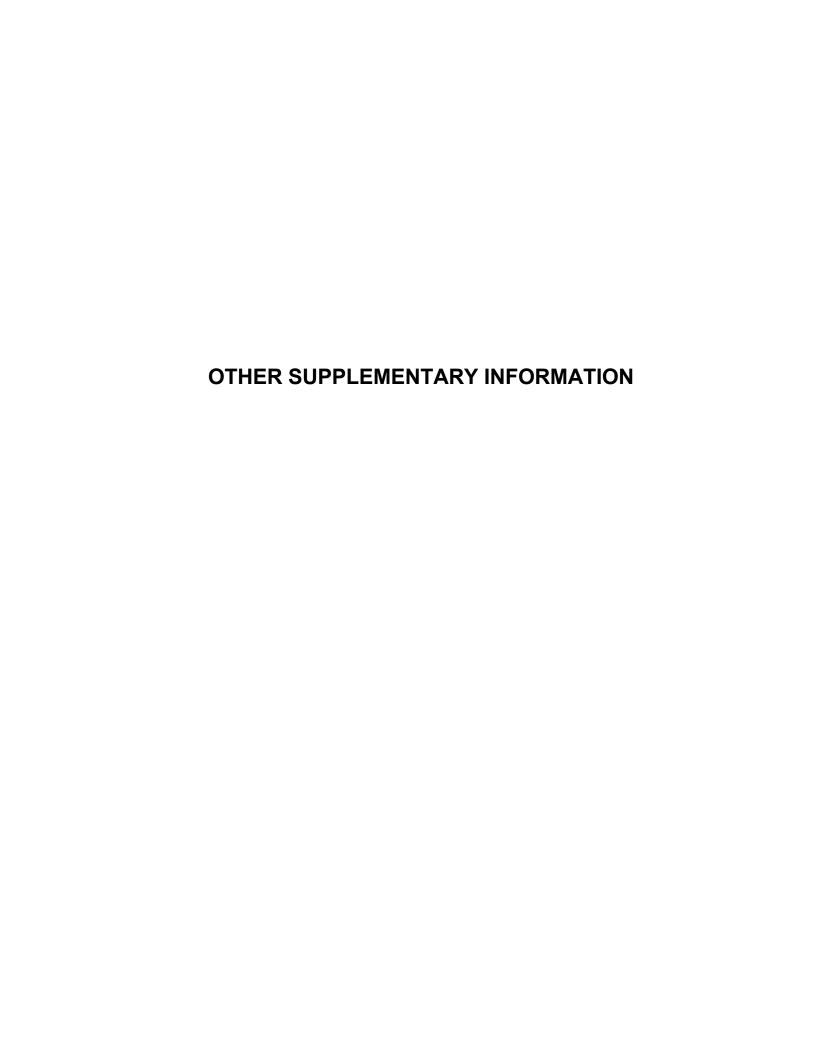
	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance with Final Budget		
	Original	Final	Actual			
Revenues						
Local sources	\$	\$ 3,200,748	3,509,250	\$ 308,502		
Total revenues	<u> </u>	3,200,748	3,509,250	308,502		
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction	-	310,152	667,573	(357,421)		
Support services	-	2,890,596	2,428,325	462,271		
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	3,200,748	3,095,898	104,850		
Deficiency of revenues						
under expenditures	-	-	413,352	413,352		
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,825,862	2,825,862	2,825,862	-		
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,825,862	\$ 2,825,862	\$ 3,239,214	\$ 413,352		

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE COVID RELATED FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Amo	unts		Variance with	
	Orig	inal		Final	Actual	Fi	nal Budget
Revenues							
State sources	\$	-	\$	168,320	\$ 168,320	\$	-
Federal sources	21,0	92,742		72,740,967	 22,590,495		(50,150,472)
Total revenues	21,0	92,742		72,909,287	 22,758,815		(50,150,472)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	10,9	33,578		37,480,967	14,146,355		23,334,612
Support services	3,9	61,685		24,529,761	5,740,435		18,789,326
Community services	3	79,809		421,844	253,456		168,388
Intergovernmental expenditures:							
Payments to other governmental units					30,000		(30,000)
Total expenditures	15,2	75,072		62,432,572	 20,170,246		42,262,326
Excess of revenues							
over expenditures	5,8	17,670		10,476,715	 2,588,569		(7,888,146)
Other financing uses							
Operating transfers out	(5,8	17,670)		(10,476,715)	 (2,588,569)		7,888,146
Total other financing uses	(5,8	17,670)		(10,476,715)	 (2,588,569)		7,888,146
Excess of revenues and other financing							
sources over expenditures and other							
financing (uses)		-		-	-		-
Fund balances, beginning of year				<u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>		-
Fund balances, end of year	\$	-	\$	-	\$ _	\$	_

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
State sources	\$ 17,397,128	\$ 17,320,645	\$ 13,975,078	\$ (3,345,567)
Total revenues	17,397,128	17,320,645	13,975,078	(3,345,567)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	8,794,091	8,215,293	5,129,875	3,085,418
Support services:	1,373,222	1,728,916	1,468,767	260,149
Payments to other governmental units	136,808	149,673	149,673	
Total expenditures	10,304,121	10,093,882	6,748,315	3,345,567
Excess of revenues				
over expenditures	7,093,007	7,226,763	7,226,763	
Other financing uses				
Operating transfers out	(7,093,007)	(7,226,763)	(7,226,763)	
Total other financing uses	(7,093,007)	(7,226,763)	(7,226,763)	
Excess of revenues and other financing				
sources over expenditures and other				
financing (uses)	-	-	-	-
Fund balances, beginning of year				
Fund balances, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -



#### **GENERAL FUND**

The General Fund, also referred to as the "operating fund", is the basic budgetary fund of the School District. It is used to record all operating revenues and expenditures for the educational and support programs of the School District and for limited capital outlays. The appropriations and the anticipated revenue sources originate in the School District's operating budget. Any unassigned fund balance may be appropriated to support operating expenditures in subsequent years.

					Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Reven	ues							'
1000		ue from lo						
	1200		e from lo han LE <i>A</i>	cal governmental units As				
		1210	Ad valo	orem taxes - including delinquent	\$163,467,115	\$163,467,115	\$168,337,422	\$ 4,870,307
		1240	Penalti	es and interest on taxes	800,000	800,000	1,003,118	203,118
		1280	Reven	ue in lieu of taxes	5,000	5,000	16,743	11,743
	1300	Tuition	<b>-</b> ···					
		1320	scho		50,000	50,000	71,288	21,288
	1500	Earnings						
		1510		t on investments	250,000	250,000	225,576	(24,424)
	1900			om local sources			400.000	=
		1910	Rentals		93,500	93,500	166,838	73,338
		1950		d of prior year's expenditures	-	-	12,496	12,496
		1990		aneous local revenue	F0F 000	FOF 000	470 04 4	(00.000)
			1999	Revenue from other local sources Total local sources	565,000 165,230,615	565,000 165,230,615	478,314 170,311,795	(86,686) 5,081,180
3000		ue from s						
	3100	Restricte						
		3130	•	l programs	0.450	0.450	0.740	554
		0400	3131	Handicapped transportation	2,159	2,159	2,710	551
		3160		bus driver salary ortation workers' compensation	1,301,910	1,301,910	1,445,492 72,410	143,582
		3162	•	·	72,410	72,410	,	(070,000
		3180 3181	•	benefits employer contributions	8,648,812	8,648,812	7,976,192	(672,620)
		3186		e insurance aid to classrooms	5,762,741 7,191,453	5,762,741 7,191,453	5,890,717 7,437,249	127,976 245,796
		3199		restricted state grants	7,191,455	7,191,433	7,437,249 1,985	1,985
	3300			ce Act ("EFA")	-	-	1,903	1,905
	5500	3310		ne programs				
		0010	3311	Kindergarten	762,557	762,557	765,556	2,999
			3312	Primary	2,401,808	2,401,808	2,305,651	(96,157)
			3313	Elementary	4,369,259	4,369,259	4,086,454	(282,805)
			3314	High school	1,573,317	1,573,317	1,514,348	(58,969)
			3315	Trainable mentally handicapped	37,942	37,942	34.714	(3,228
			3316	Speech handicapped	854,748	854,748	864,292	9,544
			3317	Homebound	-	-	5,617	5,617
		3320	Part-tir	ne programs				
			3321	Emotionally handicapped	42,163	42,163	35,049	(7,114)
			3322	Educable mentally handicapped	18,551	18,551	17,810	(741)
			3323	Learning disabilities	1,122,709	1,122,709	1,141,147	18,438
			3324	Hearing handicapped	39,079	39,079	42,840	3,761
			3325	Visually handicapped	37,656	37,656	36,118	(1,538)
			3326	Orthopedically handicapped	28,539	28,539	27,452	(1,087)
			3327	Vocational	2,708,489	2,708,489	2,609,858	(98,631)
		3330		aneous EFA programs				
			3331	Autism	235,839	235,839	279,981	44,142
			3332	High achieving students	362,116	362,116	317,263	(44,853)
			3334	Limited English proficiency	367,049	367,049	353,587	(13,462)
		3350		aneous EFA Programs				
			3351	Academic assistance	564,843	564,843	558,981	(5,862)
			3352	Pupils in poverty	1,428,958	1,428,958	1,340,401	(88,557)
			3353	Dual credit enrollment	28,745	28,745	30,484	1,739
			3392	NBC excess EFA formula			45,733	45,733

					Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Variance with nal Budget
Reven	ues (C	ontinued	i)							
3000			state sources (Continued)							
	3800		evenue in lieu of taxes							
		3810	Reimbursement for local residential property tax relief	\$	7,036,261	\$	7,036,261	\$	7,036,261	\$ -
		3820	Homestead exemption		2,045,867		2,045,867		2,045,867	-
		3825	Reimbursement for property tax relief		47,448,832	4	7,448,832		48,441,909	993,077
		3830	Merchant's inventory tax		332,079		332,079		332,079	-
		3890	Other state property tax revenues		225,000		225,000		296,524	71,524
	3900	Other s	tate revenue							
		3993	PEBA on behalf payments		1,206,425		1,206,425		1,207,231	806
		3999	Revenue from other state sources		49,999		49,999		1,158	(48,841)
			Total state sources		98,308,315	9	8,308,315		98,601,120	292,805
4000	Reven	ue from	federal sources							
	4100	Federal	lly impacted areas							
		4110	Maintenance and operations, P.L. 81-874		40,000		40,000		77,155	37,155
	4900	Other fe	ederal sources							
		4999	Revenue from other federal sources		620,000		620,000		581,218	(38,782)
			Total federal sources		660,000		660,000		658,373	(1,627)
			Total revenue all sources	\$2	264,198,930	\$26	64,198,930	\$2	269,571,288	\$ 5,372,358

					Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expend	ditures					<u> </u>	7101441	- mai Baagot
100	Instructi	ion						
	110	Genera	ıl instructi	on				
		111	-	garten programs				
			100	Salaries	\$ 8,268,275	\$ 6,709,499	\$ 6,568,393	\$ 141,106
			140	Terminal leave	-		937	(937
			200	Employee benefits	3,056,261	2,971,978	2,860,976	111,002
			300	Purchased services	187,992	233,825	227,927	5,898
			400	Supplies and materials	98,206	116,077	112,979	3,098
		112	Drimon	/ programs	11,610,734	10,031,379	9,771,212	260,167
		112	100	y programs Salaries	19,476,330	18,626,062	18,619,495	6,567
			140	Terminal leave	19,470,550	10,020,002	2,235	(2,23
			200	Employee benefits	7,270,498	8,097,378	7,850,939	246,439
			300	Purchased services	2,121,240	2,040,458	1,918,579	121,879
			400	Supplies and materials	518,941	742,111	740,512	1,599
			600	Other objects	3,050	2,491	2,220	27
			000		29,390,059	29,508,500	29,133,980	374,520
		113	Elemer	ntary programs				
			100	Salaries	31,626,325	31,588,510	31,585,177	3,333
			140	Terminal leave	-	-	1,618	(1,618
			200	Employee benefits	12,605,853	12,475,762	12,472,882	2,880
			300	Purchased services	1,341,290	1,729,580	1,659,227	70,353
			400	Supplies and materials	643,291	712,255	711,336	919
			600	Other objects	6,150	4,400	4,275	125
					46,222,909	46,510,507	46,434,515	75,992
		114	High so	chool programs				
			100	Salaries	23,581,170	22,852,508	22,825,386	27,122
			140	Terminal leave	-	-	8,845	(8,845
			200	Employee benefits	9,698,254	8,871,545	8,864,703	6,842
			300	Purchased services	1,586,755	2,031,908	1,959,724	72,184
			400	Supplies and materials	920,179	705,710	704,096	1,614
			600	Other objects	51,200	18,491	15,833	2,658
		445	0		35,837,558	34,480,162	34,378,587	101,575
		115		and technology education				
			(voca	tional) programs Salaries	2,480,877	3,136,124	3,134,451	1,673
			140	Terminal leave	2,400,077	3, 130, 124	590	
			200	Employee benefits	1,234,683	1,269,525	1,268,680	(590 845
			300	Purchased services	1,842,940	1,854,496	1,854,488	8
			400	Supplies and materials	40,450	45,397	42,939	2,458
			600	Other objects	2,800	492	493	2,430
			000		5,601,750	6,306,034	6,301,641	4,393
		117	Driver e	education program	0,001,100	0,000,001	0,001,011	1,000
			100	Salaries	151,838	166,385	165,690	695
			140	Terminal leave	-	-	433	(433
			200	Employee benefits	59,123	59,202	58,872	`33(
			300	Purchased services	1,608	1,695	1,694	•
			400	Supplies and materials	850	934	933	•
			600	Other objects		500	266	234
					213,419	228,716	227,888	828
		118		sori programs				
			100	Salaries	719,998	762,840	762,130	710
			200	Employee benefits	312,302	334,694	334,321	373
			300	Purchased services	13,697	24,758	23,856	902
			400	Supplies and materials	10,250	10,857	10,683	174
					1,056,247	1,133,149	1,130,990	2,159
				Total general instruction	129,932,676	128,198,447	127,378,813	819,634
				. Star gorioral mondon	120,002,070	120, 100,441	127,070,010	010,004

				Origi Budg		Fin: Budg			Actual	v	riance vith Budget
xpenditures (	Continu	ed)									
		ntinued)									
120		ional progr	rams								
	121		le mentally handicapped								
		100	Salaries	\$ 1,03	2,578	\$ 92	21,524	\$	920,798	\$	726
		200	Employee benefits		0,272		1,189		410,875		314
		300	Purchased services		6,504	5	2,125		51,881		244
		400	Supplies and materials		1,545		1,295		1,197		98
				1,53	0,899	1,38	86,133		1,384,751		1,382
	122	Trainabl	e mentally handicapped								
		100	Salaries	1,20	8,066	1,21	8,298		1,217,808		490
		200	Employee benefits	50	1,273	51	8,946		518,682		264
		300	Purchased services		-		2,789		2,787		2
		400	Supplies and materials		5,100		3,846		3,741		105
			• •		4,439	1,74	3,879		1,743,018		861
	123	Orthope	dically handicapped								
		100	Salaries	19	0,888,0	18	86,645		185,990		655
		200	Employee benefits		4,571		4,264		63,951		313
		300	Purchased services		-		6,500		15,961		539
		400	Supplies and materials		2,990		1,904		1,742		162
			Cappillo alla matemalo		8,449	26	9,313		267,644		1,669
	124	Visually	handicapped		-,		-,			-	.,
		100	Salaries	7	4,780	c	7,321		96,055		1,266
		200	Employee benefits		0,061		86,409		35,608		801
		300	Purchased services	O	-		225		221		4
		000	r drondsed services	10	4,841	13	3,955		131,884	-	2,071
	125	Hearing	handicapped		4,041		00,900		131,004		2,071
	120	100	Salaries	25	8,414	33	32,464		331,847		617
		200	Employee benefits		1,913		27,075		126,852		223
		300	Purchased services	10	1,313	12	1,645		1,512		133
		400	Supplies and materials		700		730		527		203
		400	Supplies and materials	36	1,027		31,914		460,738		1,176
	126	Speech	handicapped		1,021		71,314		400,730		1,170
	120	100	Salaries	1 67	4,322	1 55	8,106		1,556,527		1,579
		140	Terminal leave	1,07	4,322	1,50	00, 100		855		
		200	Employee benefits	67	1,573	60	22,982		622,544		(855 438
		300	Purchased services		0,700		7,654		157,216		438
		400				10			2,823		
		400	Supplies and materials		6,033	2.24	3,282				459
	107	Laarnin	a diaghilities	2,55	2,628	2,34	2,024		2,339,965		2,059
	127		g disabilities	6.01	0.540	7 5 4	9,953		7 5 1 6 1 0 5		2 5 4 0
			Salaries	0,21	9,542	7,51	9,955		7,516,405		3,548
		140	Terminal leave	0.47	- 0.40	0.50	-		2,031		(2,031
		200	Employee benefits		8,042		9,880		3,538,926		954
		300	Purchased services		7,074		9,741		918,847		894
		400	Supplies and materials	6	3,711	5	6,643		55,999		644
		600	Other objects		100	40.00	1,544		1,072		472
	400	F	- Heads and Barrier and	9,85	8,469	12,03	37,761		12,033,280		4,481
	128		nally handicapped		0.046		F 000		4.040.074		4.00:
		100	Salaries	1,04	9,218	1,04	5,298		1,043,674		1,624
		140	Terminal leave		-		-		640		(640
		200	Employee benefits		5,057	42	21,588		421,032		556
		300	Purchased services	4	5,630		2,461		2,458		3
		400	Supplies and materials		300		300		-		300
				1,52	0,205	1,46	9,647		1,467,804		1,843
			Total exceptional programs	17,91	0.057	10.04	4,626	,	19,829,084		15,542

	- (Oti-	راد د د			riginal udget		nal dget		Actual		ariance with al Budget
kpenditures											
	ruction (Co	,									
130	Prescr	nool progra									
	135		ool handicapped speech								
		•	d 4 year olds)	Φ.	07.770	Φ.	100.057	•	400 545	Φ.	440
		100 200	Salaries	\$	97,779	\$ 1	102,657	\$	102,515	\$	142 140
		300	Employee benefits Purchased services		37,581		39,802 650		39,662 650		
		300	Fulcilased services		135,360		143,109		142,827		282
	137	Presch	ool handicapped -		100,000	-	143, 103		142,021		202
	107		contained (3 and 4 year olds)								
		100	Salaries		731,565	ŗ	581,989		579,169		2,820
		200	Employee benefits		319,748		280,475		248,839		31,636
		300	Purchased services		22,815	-	39,429		39,423		6
					,074,128		901,893		867,431		34,462
	139	Early c	hildhood programs		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,				0 1,110
		100	Salaries	3	3,177,889	3,1	127,558		2,967,770		159,788
		140	Terminal leave		-		-		371		(371
		200	Employee benefits	1	,356,525	1,3	300,637		1,296,056		4,581
		300	Purchased services		109,511		61,593		61,576		17
		400	Supplies and materials		41,000		43,117		38,548		4,569
				4	,684,925	4,5	32,905		4,364,321		168,584
			Total preschool programs	5	5,894,413	5,5	577,907		5,374,579		203,328
140	Specia	al program	s								
	141		and talented academic								
		100	Salaries	2	2,077,507	2,2	215,720		2,214,817		903
		140	Terminal leave		· · ·	,	-		155		(155
		200	Employee benefits		833,532	3	380,445		880,035		410
		300	Purchased services		89,189		20,344		20,115		229
		400	Supplies and materials		57,400		85,747		85,626		121
		600	Other objects		6,709		3,260		2,550		710
				3	3,064,337	3,2	205,516		3,203,298		2,218
	144		tional baccalaureate								
		100	Salaries		31,606		45,751		45,434		317
		200	Employee benefits		15,949		20,348		20,122		226
		300	Purchased services		50,000		4,450		3,942		508
		400	Supplies and materials		17,000		7,001		6,878		123
		600	Other objects		68,275		42,000		41,798		202
	115	Homeb	anund		182,830		119,550		118,174		1,376
	145	100	Salaries		40,000	,	110,900		110 205		595
		200	Employee benefits		5,000		33,616		110,305 33,475		141
		300	Purchased services		77,742		39,342		39,068		274
		300	Fulcilased services		122,742		183,858		182,848		1,010
	148	Gifted :	and talented artistic	-	144,144	-	100,000		102,040		1,010
	170	300	Purchased services		19,000		500		144		356
		400	Supplies and materials		16,000		14,400		14,326		74
		600	Other objects		19,000		4,125		3,619		506
		550	Carior objects	-	54,000		19,025		18,089	-	936
			Total special programs	.3	3,423,909	3.5	527,949		3,522,409		5,540
			. Star oposiai programo		,0,000		· - · , o - o		=,==,===		5,070

	(Con	4:	٠J\			Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance with al Budget
E <b>xpenditure</b> 100 Ins	es (Con struction											
160				programs								
100	16		Autism	programs								
		•	100	Salaries	\$	163,136	\$	94,886	\$	94,466	\$	420
			200	Employee benefits	Ψ	73,838	Ψ	37,564	Ψ.	37,190	Ψ.	374
			300	Purchased services		913		34,907		34,645		262
			400	Supplies and materials		150		185		92		93
						238,037		167,542		166,393		1,149
		162	Limited	English proficiency								
			100	Salaries		4,169,626		4,093,699		4,064,524		29,175
			140	Terminal leave		-		-		727		(727)
			200	Employee benefits		1,595,368		1,617,785		1,556,943		60,842
			300	Purchased services		51,689		18,734		15,387		3,347
			400	Supplies and materials		43,214		34,511		33,150		1,361
			600	Other objects		6,000		350		280		70
				•		5,865,897		5,765,079		5,671,011		94,068
				Total other executional								
				Total other exceptional programs	-	6,103,934		5,932,621		5,837,404		95,217
170	0 Sui 175		schoo	onal programs beyond regular I day		4.450		4 500		4.040		404
			400	Supplies and materials		1,150		1,500		1,316		184
			600	Other objects		11,100		6,865		185		6,680
						12,250		8,365		1,501		6,864
				Total summer school programs		12,250		8,365		1,501		6,864
180	0 Ad			education programs asic Education Programs								
	10	•	400	Supplies and materials		_		250		109		141
			100	Supplies and materials				250		109		141
	188	8	Parentin	g/family literacy	-		-					
			100	Salaries		19,500		58,877		58,649		228
			200	Employee benefits		2,414		21,116		20,985		131
			300	Purchased services		· -		2,150		2,036		114
			400	Supplies and materials		-		1,300		1,137		163
				• •		21,914		83,443		82,807		636
				Total adult/continuing education programs		21,914		83,693		82,916		777
190	0 Ins	structi	onal pupi	il activity								
			300	Purchased services		7,015		2,344		2,222		122
			400	Supplies and materials		158		1,861		1,856		5
			600	Other objects		111,404		98,833		86,436		12,397
				Total instructional pupil activity		118,577		103,038		90,514		12,524
				Total instruction	1	63,418,630	1	63,276,646	1	162,117,220		1,159,426
(Continued	i)				·							

				Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures	(Continu	ıed)					<u></u>
•	ort servic						
210	Pupil s	ervices					
	211	Attenda	ance and social work services				
		100	Salaries	\$ 2,678,520	\$ 2,564,569	\$ 2,519,056	\$ 45,513
		140	Terminal leave	-	-	562	(562
		200	Employee benefits	1,272,551	1,161,242	1,130,248	30,994
		300	Purchased services	50,953	38,076	37,194	882
		400	Supplies and materials	32,865	23,767	18,802	4,965
		600	Other objects	2,750	950	950	
			•	4,037,639	3,788,604	3,706,812	81,792
	212	Guidan	ce services				
		100	Salaries	4,408,892	4,298,695	4,296,655	2,040
		200	Employee benefits	1,752,690	1,770,750	1,769,669	1,081
		300	Purchased services	35,040	29,312	29,145	167
		400	Supplies and materials	43,665	52,273	52,008	265
		600	Other objects	15,040	12,421	12,247	174
			,	6,255,327	6,163,451	6,159,724	3,727
	213	Health	services	<del></del> _			
		100	Salaries	1,662,080	1,583,262	1,556,081	27,181
		200	Employee benefits	745,878	829,078	808,131	20,947
		300	Purchased services	20,672	73.850	73,810	40
		400	Supplies and materials	41,467	43,090	42,206	884
		600	Other objects	620	396	232	164
			<b>,</b>	2,470,717	2,529,676	2,480,460	49,216
	214	Psvcho	ological services				
		100	Salaries	1,051,155	936,517	935,719	798
		140	Terminal leave	-	-	634	(634
		200	Employee benefits	442,497	369,935	369,786	149
		300	Purchased services	53,200	22,180	22,015	165
		400	Supplies and materials	20,300	19,540	19,324	216
		600	Other objects	2,500	2,710	2,710	
		000		1,569,652	1,350,882	1,350,188	694
	217	Career	specialist services	1,505,052	1,000,002	1,000,100	
	211	100	Salaries	_	64,373	63,705	668
		200	Employee benefits	_	25,927	25,790	137
		200	Employee benefits		90,300	89,495	805
							-
			Total pupil services	14,333,335	13,922,913	13,786,679	136,234
220	Instruc	tional staf	f services				
	221	Improv	ement of instruction -				
		•	culum development				
		100	Salaries	6,000,770	5,592,247	5,591,807	440
		200	Employee benefits	2,148,864	2,108,782	2,108,512	270
		300	Purchased services	607,363	236,777	234,172	2,605
		400	Supplies and materials	751,401	524,655	525,380	(725
		500	Capital outlay	10,000	1,050	-	1,050
		600	Other objects	169,000	143,358	142,186	1,172
			,	9,687,398	8,606,869	8,602,057	4,812
	222	Library	and media services				,
		100	Salaries	2,739,284	2,841,357	2,839,297	2,060
		140	Terminal leave	, , , <u>-</u>	-	663	(663
		200	Employee benefits	1,204,688	1,222,211	1,221,982	229
		300	Purchased services	80,102	62,358	61,913	445
		400	Supplies and materials	272,712	346,123	345,162	961
		500	Capital outlay	, <b>-</b>	48	-	48
		600	Other objects	6,210	170	153	17
			- ··-· <b>j</b>	4,302,996	4,472,267	4,469,170	3,097
				.,00=,000	.,,	.,,	5,501

				Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
enditures (							
Suppo	ort service						
220	Instructi		f services (Continued)				
	223		ision of special programs				
		100	Salaries	\$ 197,745	\$ 329,106	\$ 327,246	\$ 1,860
		200	Employee benefits	91,517	128,349	125,341	3,008
		300	Purchased services	23,371	52,751	51,761	990
		400	Supplies and materials	19,000	37,200	22,809	14,391
		600	Other objects	950	2,950	2,730	220
	224	Improv	ament of instruction	332,583	550,356	529,887	20,469
	224		ement of instruction -				
		100	ervice and staff training Salaries		42,241	41,297	944
		200	Employee benefits	-	31,071	30,909	162
		300	Purchased services	248,387	288,587	287,791	796
		400	Supplies and materials	28,250	54,898	53,580	1,318
		500	Capital outlay	50,000	J4,0J0 -	55,500	1,010
		600	Other objects	42,900	22,036	21,597	439
		000		369,537	438,833	435,174	3,659
			T		.00,000	,	
			Total instructional staff	14 600 514	14.060.305	14 026 200	22.027
			services	14,692,514	14,068,325	14,036,288	32,037
230	General	l adminis	tration services				
	231	Board o	of Education				
		100	Salaries	180,451	188,246	187,730	516
		200	Employee benefits	73,312	76,479	76,015	464
		300	Purchased services	361,109	169,989	183,201	(13,212)
		318	Audit services	62,805	66,925	53,400	13,525
		400	Supplies and materials	20,000	26,000	25,006	994
		600	Other objects	54,881	51,381	50,856	525
				752,558	579,020	576,208	2,812
	232		of the Superintendent	004.000	204.040	004 400	450
		100	Salaries	261,902	291,642	291,489	153
		200 300	Employee benefits	128,811	155,888	155,467	421
		400	Purchased services Supplies and materials	15,910	21,627 4,854	20,943 4,157	684 697
		600	Other objects	7,500 7,450	4,834 4,379	3,738	641
		000	Other objects	421,573	478,390	475,794	2,596
	233	School	administration	421,575	470,530	473,734	2,590
	200	100	Salaries	12,702,985	12,773,629	12,707,716	65,913
		140	Terminal leave	-	-	43,390	(43,390)
		200	Employee benefits	5,293,527	5,245,384	5,244,519	865
		300	Purchased services	220,532	209,317	209,113	204
		400	Supplies and materials	431,318	970,265	968,135	2,130
		600	Other objects	30,215	19,286	18,872	414
			•	18,678,577	19,217,881	19,191,745	26,136
			Total general administration	_ <del></del> ,			
			services	19,852,708	20,275,291	20,243,747	31,544
				10,002,700	20,210,201	20,240,141	01,044
250			erations services				
	252		services	4 40= 0= 4	4 = 4 4 005	4 = 4 4 4 4	A 45=
		100	Salaries	1,487,051	1,514,839	1,511,342	3,497
		140	Terminal leave	19,487	19,487	22,410	(2,923)
		200	Employee benefits	596,201	609,723	609,403	320
		300	Purchased services	43,588	94,116	93,754	362
		400	Supplies and materials	155,000	84,850	84,349	501
		600	Other objects	5,678	5,300	3,473	1,827
				2,307,005	2,328,315	2,324,731	3,584

					iginal ıdget		inal udget	Actual	,	riance with I Budget
Expenditures	(Continu	ied)			<b>J</b>					
200 Suppo	ort servic	es (Contin								
250			rations services (Continued)							
	253		es acquisition and construction							
		100	Salaries	\$	6,000	\$	11,702	\$ 10,750	\$	952
		200	Employee benefits		6,448		8,305	7,856		449
		300 400	Purchased services		17,700		14,980	14,738		242 145
		600	Supplies and materials Other objects		11,000 3,500		15,400 1,820	15,255 706		1,114
		000	Other objects		44,648		52,207	 49,305		2,902
	254	Operati	on and maintenance of plant		77,070		02,201	 +3,000		2,002
	_0.	100	Salaries		446,097		354,892	348,894		5,998
		140	Terminal leave		-		-	3,922		(3,922
		200	Employee benefits		269,449		138,071	136,082		1,989
		300	Purchased services	18	,332,142	18	,386,934	18,384,361		2,573
		400	Supplies and materials		860,000		,724,299	1,205,284		519,015
		470	Energy	7	,094,754	5	,856,266	6,374,409		(518,143
		500	Capital outlay		5,000		657,283	654,366		2,917
		600	Other objects		326,000		307,000	 306,680		320
	٥٢٢	Chudan		27	,333,442	27	,424,745	 27,413,998		10,74
	255	100	t transportation Salaries	4	.547,086	1	027 466	4 04E 704		21,685
		140	Terminal leave	4	,547,000	4	,937,466	4,915,781 18,918		(18,918
		200	Employee benefits	2	.074,950	2	,170,524	2,169,507		1,01
		300	Purchased services	2	345,900	2	233,104	232,816		288
		400	Supplies and materials		377,100		135,350	134,761		589
		600	Other objects		2,400		1,400	1,168		232
		000	Other objects	7	,347,436	7	,477,844	 7,472,951		4,893
	258	Security	V	<del></del>	,0 17,100		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	 1,112,001		1,000
		100	, Salaries		93,000		98,631	98,630		
		200	Employee benefits		40,787		42,274	42,127		147
		300	Purchased services	2	,163,061	1	,749,684	1,749,227		457
		400	Supplies and materials		2,000		146,876	146,545		331
		600	Other objects		20,135		4,661	4,282		379
			•	2	,318,983	2	,042,126	 2,040,811		1,315
			Total finance and operations					 		
			services	39	,351,514	39	,325,237	39,301,796		23,441
					,001,014		,020,201	 00,001,700		20,11
260		l support s								
	262	Plannin	•							
		100	Salaries		82,744		72,726	71,672		1,054
		200	Employee benefits		35,324		30,953	30,379		574
		300	Purchased services		3,402		2,702	2,211		491
		400	Supplies and materials		500		1,200	1,158		42
		600	Other objects		500		500	 105 100		500
	263	Informa	ition services		122,470		108,081	 105,420		2,661
	203	100	Salaries		273,336		291,936	291,899		37
		200			110,732		118,431	117,623		808
		300	Employee benefits Purchased services		34,370		29,278	28,952		326
		400	Supplies and materials		5,250		11,600	11,495		10
		600	Other objects		5,250 1,400		2,700	2,552		148
		000	Other Objects		425,088		453,945	 452,521		1,424
(Continued)					723,000		700,840	 702,021		1,424

					Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
		(Continu						
200			es (Contin					
	260			services (Continued)				
		264	Staff se		ф 0.400 F4F	Ф 0.000 500	Ф 0.705.007	<b>ሰ</b> (4፫ 007)
			100 140	Salaries Terminal leave	\$ 2,480,545 25,000	\$ 2,689,500 25,000	\$ 2,705,327 2,284	\$ (15,827) 22,716
			200	Employee benefits	1,019,902	1,191,587	1,186,264	5,323
			300	Purchased services	648,596	453,904	450,266	3,638
			400	Supplies and materials	187,855	130,248	129,648	600
			600	Other objects	10,120	10,470	5,559	4,911
			000	Other objects	4,372,018	4,500,709	4,479,348	21,361
		266	Techno	logy and data processing services	4,072,010	4,500,705	7,770,040	21,001
		200	100	Salaries	2,654,485	2,573,242	2,595,812	(22,570)
			140	Terminal leave	25,000	25,000	1,112	23,888
			200	Employee benefits	1,122,634	1,088,457	1,087,946	511
			300	Purchased services	2,100,765	1,916,765	1,911,303	5,462
			400	Supplies and materials	113,700	158,374	157,432	942
			500	Capital outlay	125,960	217,960	217,234	726
			600	Other objects	1,500	500	152	348
			000		6,144,044	5,980,298	5,970,991	9,307
				Total control cupport convices				
				Total central support services	11,063,620	11,043,033	11,008,280	34,753
	270			s - Pupil Activity				
		271	•	ervice activities				
			100	Salaries	1,883,024	2,002,737	2,002,286	451
			200	Employee benefits	588,553	517,368	517,078	290
			300	Purchased services	88,195	135,209	135,078	131
			400	Supplies and materials	308,333	349,635	349,341	294
			500	Capital outlay		568,501	568,450	51
			600	Other objects	934,500	1,030,031	1,029,885	146
					3,802,605	4,603,481	4,602,118	1,363
				Total support services - pupil				
				activity	3,802,605	4,603,481	4,602,118	1,363
				Total support services	103,096,296	103,238,280	102,978,908	259,372
400	Other	charges						
.00	410	•	vernmen	tal expenditures				
		412	Payme	nts to other governmental units				
			300	Purchased services	60,000	60,000	148,151	(88,151)
			720	Transits	15,000	15,000	2,700	12,300
			120	Tanata				
		440	1		75,000	75,000	150,851	(75,851)
		416	720	yments to public charter schools  Transits	7 500 674	7 500 674	7 049 760	(420.096)
			720		7,509,674	7,509,674	7,948,760	(439,086)
				Total intergovernmental				
				expenditures	7,584,674	7,584,674	8,099,611	(514,937)
				Total other charges	7,584,674	7,584,674	8,099,611	(514,937)
500	Debt	service						
		610	Reden	nption of principal	-	-	242,041	(242,041)
		620	Interes	st	65,000	65,000	265,134	(200,134)
		690	Other	objects			44,869	(44,869)
				Total debt service	65,000	65,000	552,044	(487,044)
				Total expenditures	274,164,600	274,164,600	273,747,783	416,817
				i otal experientales	217,104,000	217,104,000	210,141,100	+10,017

#### GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Other financing sources (uses)	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
5110 Premium on bond sold	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 238,350	\$ (238,350)
Interfund transfers, from (to) other funds:	,	•	,	, (,,
5220 Transfer from Special Revenue Fund (excludes indirect cost) 5230 Transfer from special revenue EIA fund 5280 Transfer from other funds indirect costs 425-710 Transfer to food service fund  Total other financing sources, net	2,451,600 7,124,070 500,000 (110,000) 9,965,670	2,451,600 7,124,070 500,000 (110,000) 9,965,670	7,226,763 3,403,288 (110,000)	2,451,600 (102,693) (2,903,288) 
Excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses	-	-	6,581,906	6,581,906
Fund balance, beginning of year	50,550,294	50,550,294	50,550,294	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 50,550,294	\$ 50,550,294	\$ 57,132,200	\$ 6,581,906

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS - SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND

The Special Revenue Funds are used to record revenues derived from the State of South Carolina and the federal government, certain of which require matching revenues from local sources, which are required to finance particular activities. Separate revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances are set forth for various reporting requirements.

The Special Projects Fund is used to account for all federal, state and local projects except for those subject to the Education Improvement Act.

#### **Purpose of Special Revenue Sub-funds:**

*Title I.* Title I funds are used for programs to benefit the educationally disadvantaged. Guidelines are set by the Federal Government.

**IDEA and Preschool Handicapped.** IDEA and Preschool Handicapped funds are provided for the purpose of educating the handicapped. Guidelines are set by the Federal Government.

**Occupational Education.** The purpose of these funds is to provide vocational education. Guidelines are set by the Federal Government.

**Adult Education.** The purpose of these funds is to provide adult education. Guidelines are set by the Federal Government.

*Other Restricted State Grants.* The purpose of these funds varies. Guidelines are set by the South Carolina General Assembly.

*Other Special Revenue Programs.* The purpose of these funds varies. Guidelines are set by the grantor/donors.

# SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Title I (201/202)	IDEA (203)	Preschool Handicapped (205)
Rever					
1000		ue from local sources			
	1900	Other revenue from local sources	•	•	•
		1920 Contributions and donations from private sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
		1930 Medicaid	-	-	-
		1930 Special needs transportation 1999 Revenue from other local sources	-		-
		Total local sources			
3000	Povon	ue from state sources			
3000	3100	Restricted state funding			
	3100	3110 Occupational education			
		3118 EEDA career specialists	_	_	_
		3120 General education			
		3127 Student health and fitness - PE teachers	_	_	_
		3130 Special programs			
		3135 Reading coaches	_	_	-
		3136 Student health and fitness - Nurses	-	_	-
		3150 Adult education			
		3155 DSS SNAP and E&T programs	-	-	-
		3156 Adult education	-	-	-
		3190 Miscellaneous restricted state grants			
		3193 Education license plates	-	-	-
	3990	Other state revenue			
		3999 Revenue from other state sources			
		Total state sources			
4000		ue from federal sources			
	4200	Occupational education			
	4000	4210 Perkins Aid, Title I	-	-	-
	4300	Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965	0.005.440		
		4310 Title I	8,285,116	-	-
		4341 Language instruction for limited English proficient			
		and immigrant students, Title III	-	-	-
		4343 McKinney-Vento education for homeless children and youth program			
		4351 Improving teacher quality	-	-	-
	4400	Adult education	-	-	-
	4400	4410 Basic adult education	_	_	_
	4500	Programs for children with disabilities	_	_	_
	4000	4510 Individuals with Disabilities Education Act ("IDEA")	_	4,866,125	_
		4520 Preschool grants ("IDEA")	_	1,000,120	292,925
	4990	Other federal revenue			202,020
		4931 ARP IDEA	_	_	_
		4933 ARP IDEA Preschool	_	_	_
		4997 SSAE Title IV	_	-	_
		4999 Revenues from other federal sources	_	-	_
		Total federal sources	8,285,116	4,866,125	292,925
		Total revenues	8,285,116	4,866,125	292,925
		I otal lovolides	0,200,110	7,000,123	232,323

(Continued)

Occupa Educ (20	ation	Adult Education (243)	* Other Restricted State Grants	ricted Special ate Revenue		Total
\$	- - - -	\$ - - - 8,644	\$	- \$ - <u>-</u>	160 859,216 10,129 501,683	\$ 160 859,216 10,129 510,327
		8,644	_	<del>-</del> _	1,371,188	1,379,832
	-	-	1,105,17	6	-	1,105,176
	-	-	138,99	0	-	138,990
	-	-	972,62 409,53		-	972,622 409,530
	-	499 74,387		- -	-	499 74,387
	-	-	3,51	1	-	3,511
	-	-		-	73,664	73,664
	-	74,886	2,629,82	9	73,664	2,778,379
2	295,927	-		-	-	295,927
	-	-		-	-	8,285,116
	-	-		-	278,922	278,922
	_	_		_	22,199	22,199
	-	-		-	903,311	903,311
	-	173,121		-	-	173,121
	_	-		_	_	4,866,125
	-	-		-	-	292,925
	-	-		-	539,669	539,669
	-	-		-	16,396	16,396
	-	-		-	644,450	644,450
2	295,927	173,121		<del>-</del> –	5,011,261 7,416,208	5,011,261 21,329,422
	295,927	256,651	2,629,82	<u> </u>	8,861,060	25,487,633
		200,001	2,020,02	<u> </u>	0,001,000	20,401,000

# SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Title I (201/202)	IDEA (203)	Preschool Handicappe (205)
enditures				<u> </u>	
Instruct					
	General instr				
		dergarten programs			
	100		\$ 29,158	\$ -	\$
	200	, ,	8,882	-	
	300		3,813	-	
	400	• •	52,570	-	
		mary programs			
	100		1,019,425	-	
	200	, ,	418,340	-	
	300		35,816	-	
	400	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	243,399	-	
	600	,	-	-	
		mentary programs	4 477 700		
	100		1,177,796	-	
	200	. ,	499,055	-	
	300		26,125	-	
	400	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	168,589	-	
	600	- ,	-	-	
	-	h school programs	197,502		
	100 140		197,502	-	
	200		44,497	-	
	300	, ,		-	
	400		7,015 2,552	-	
		• •	2,332	-	
	200	reer and technology education programs  Employee benefits			
	300		-	-	
	400		-	-	
120	Exceptional				
120		ucable mentally handicapped			
	100		_	111,088	
	200		_	55,633	
	300		_	1,264	
	400		_	516	
		inable mentally handicapped		0.0	
	100		-	52,848	
	200		-	32,575	
	300	, ,	-	60,127	
	400	Supplies and materials	-	3,962	
		hopedically handicapped		•	
	100		-	103,419	
	200	Employee benefits	-	28,336	
	300		-	63,168	
	400	Supplies and materials	-	19,476	
	600	Other objects	-	500	
	124 Vis	ually handicapped			
	100	Salaries	-	163,395	
	200	Employee benefits	-	75,394	
	300		-	25,661	
	400	• •	-	34,447	
	125 Hea	aring handicapped			
	100		-	163,840	
	200		-	61,060	
				1 105	
	300 400		-	1,465 7,491	

(Continued)

ccupational Education	Aduli Educati	ion	Res S	Other stricted State		* Other Special Revenue	
 (207)	(243)	)	G	irants	<u>+</u>	Programs	 Total
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 29,158
-		-		-		-	8,882
-		-		-		-	3,813
-		-		-		4,463	57,033
_		_		94,677		259,394	1,373,496
-		-		36,363		103,771	558,474
-		-		-		70,546	106,362
-		-		1,154		49,269	293,822
-		-		-		426	426
_		_		_		107,645	1,285,441
_		_		_		50,056	549,111
_		-		_		157,472	183,597
-		-		808		2,886,062	3,055,459
-		-		-		180	180
						303,536	501,038
-		-		-		2,988	2,988
_		_		_		94,456	138,953
_		-		_		270,603	277,618
-		-		1,549		184,156	188,257
						45	45
- 194,464		-		-		45	45 194,464
50,331		_		_		_	50,331
,							,
							444.000
-		-		-		-	111,088 55,633
-		-		-		-	1,264
-		_				_	516
-		-		-		-	52,848
-		-		-		-	32,575
-		-		-		-	60,127 3,962
							0,002
-		-		-		82,360	185,779
-		-		-		25,242	53,578
-		-		-		-	63,168
-		-		-		-	19,476 500
_		-				_	300
-		-		-		33,434	196,829
-		-		-		12,635	88,029
-		-		-		-	25,661
-		-		-		-	34,447
_		_		_		_	163,840
-		_		-		-	61,060
-		-		-		-	1,465
-		-		-		-	7,491

# SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

vnond:4	turoc	(Contin-	uod)		Title (201/20		IDEA (203)	eschool dicapped (205)
		(Continution (Con						
				rams (Continued)				
		126		handicapped				
			100	Salaries	\$	-	\$ 215,225	\$
			200	Employee benefits		-	91,003	-
			300	Purchased services		-	299,379	-
			400	Supplies and materials		-	9,866	-
			600	Other objects		-	6,927	-
		127		g disabilities				
			100	Salaries		2,897	392,617	
			200	Employee benefits	2	5,456	191,072	
			300	Purchased services		-	34,746	-
			400	Supplies and materials		-	48,274	-
		128		nally handicapped				
			100	Salaries		-	116,811	
4.	00	D	200	Employee benefits		-	55,669	-
13	30	Prescho						
		137		ool handicapped self-contained (3 and 4 year olds)			04.040	407.744
			100	Salaries		-	34,048	167,714
			200	Employee benefits Purchased services		-	17,992	75,344
			300 400			-	250	10.060
		120		Supplies and materials		-	49,714	10,268
		139	100	nildhood programs Salaries	70/	2 200		
			200			3,386	-	,
			400	Employee benefits	320	0,149	-	
1/	40	Special		Supplies and materials		-	-	
		145	Homebo					
		1 10	300	Purchased services		_	9,997	
		149		pecial programs			0,001	
			100	Salaries		-	29,742	
			200	Employee benefits		-	15,405	
16	60	Other ex	ceptiona	l programs				
		161	Autism					
			100	Salaries	17	7,384	69,719	
			200	Employee benefits	4	4,109	33,871	
			300	Purchased services		-	537,039	
			400	Supplies and materials		-	81,146	
			500	Capital outlay		-	8,406	
		162	Limited	English proficiency				
			100	Salaries	14	1,649	-	
			200	Employee benefits	6	5,289	-	
			_	hensive Coordinated Early Intervening Services				
		163	Compre	monero Coordinated Early Intervening Corvices			406,110	27,146
		163	300	Purchased services		-	•	
			300 400	Purchased services Supplies and materials		-	23,830	-
17	70	Summer	300 400 school p	Purchased services Supplies and materials programs		-	•	-
17	70		300 400 school p Primary	Purchased services Supplies and materials		-		-
17	70	Summer	300 400 school p Primary 100	Purchased services Supplies and materials programs summer school Salaries		-		-
17	70	Summer 171	300 400 school p Primary 100 200	Purchased services Supplies and materials programs summer school Salaries Employee benefits		-		- - -
17	70	Summer	300 400 school p Primary 100 200 Instructi	Purchased services Supplies and materials programs summer school Salaries Employee benefits ional programs beyond regular school day		-		
17	70	Summer 171	300 400 school p Primary 100 200 Instructi 100	Purchased services Supplies and materials programs summer school Salaries Employee benefits ional programs beyond regular school day Salaries		- - - 3,397		
17	70	Summer 171	300 400 school p Primary 100 200 Instructi 100 200	Purchased services Supplies and materials programs summer school Salaries Employee benefits ional programs beyond regular school day Salaries Employee benefits		- - - 3,397 9,038		- -
17	70	Summer 171	300 400 school p Primary 100 200 Instructi 100	Purchased services Supplies and materials programs summer school Salaries Employee benefits ional programs beyond regular school day Salaries	(			- -

Occupation Education (207)		Adult Education (243)	Res S	Other stricted tate rants	* Other Special Revenue Programs	 Total
\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 215,225 91,003
	- - -	- - -		- - -	- 122 -	299,379 9,988 6,927
	-	-		-	240,000 97,104	675,514 313,632
	-	-		-	50,884	34,746 99,158
	-	-		-		116,811 55,669
	-	-		-	-	201,762 93,336 250
	-	-		-	16,396	76,378
	- - -	- - -		- - -	- - 748	726,386 320,149 748
						9,997
	-	-		-	4,908	34,650
	-	-		-	2,102	17,507
	-	-		-	30,001 14,042	117,104 52,022 537,039
	-	-		-	-	81,146 8,406
	-	-		-	-	141,649 65,289
	-	-		-	-	433,256 23,830
	-	-		-	12,670	12,670
	-	-		-	3,986 67,436	3,986 100,833
	- - -	- - -		- - -	19,736 9,819 5,407	28,774 9,819 10,329

# SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

					Title I (201/202)	IDEA (203)	Preschool Handicapped (205)
-		s (Contin					
100		ction (Co		des de la Company			
	180		-	education programs			
		181		pasic education programs	¢	¢	¢
			100 200	Salaries Employee benefits	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
			300	Purchased services	-	-	-
			400	Supplies and materials	-	-	-
			600	Other objects	_	_	_
		182		econdary education programs			
		102	100	Salaries	_	_	_
			200	Employee benefits	-	-	-
			300	Purchased services	-	-	-
			400	Supplies and materials	-	-	-
		183	Adult E	English literacy - ESL			
			100	Salaries	-	-	-
			200	Employee benefits	-	-	-
		188		ing/family literacy			
			100	Salaries	494,204	-	-
			200	Employee benefits	228,678	-	-
			300	Purchased services	54,158	-	-
			400	Supplies and materials	86,185	-	-
	190	Instruct	600	Other Objects	6,813	-	-
	190	mstruct	600	oil activity Other Objects		_	_
			000	Total instruction	6,195,248	3,844,523	280,472
200	Suppo	ort service	25	Total motidation	0,100,240	0,044,020	200,472
_00	210	Pupil se					
		211		ance and social work services			
			100	Salaries	-	212	-
			200	Employee benefits	-	16	-
		212	Guidar	nce services			
			100	Salaries	-	-	-
			200	Employee benefits	-	-	-
			300	Purchased services	-		-
			400	Supplies and materials	11,394	-	-
		213	Health	services			
			100	Salaries	-	35,688	-
			140	Terminal leave	-	-	-
			200	Employee benefits	-	10,870	-
			300	Purchased services	-	41,678	-
			400	Supplies and materials	-	-	-
		214	Psycho	ological services			
			100	Salaries	-	48,662	-
			200	Employee benefits	-	16,192	-
			300	Purchased services	-	113,349	-
			400	Supplies and materials	-	4,390	-
			600	Other objects	-	440	-
	220			ff services			
		221		ement of instruction - curriculum development	4=0.004	400.044	
			100	Salaries	478,264	133,944	-
			200	Employee benefits	192,895	57,639	-
			300	Purchased services	1,768	-	-
		000	400	Supplies and materials	-	-	-
		222	Library	and media			
			400	Supplies and materials			

(Continued)

Occupational Education (207)	Adult Education (243)	* Other Restricted State Grants	* Other Special Revenue Programs	Total
\$ - - - -	\$ 81,130 25,297 19,039 13,432 225	- ) - 2 -	\$ - - - -	\$ 81,130 25,297 19,039 13,432 225
- - - -	20,000 6,092 5,800 7,065	- ) -	- - -	20,000 6,092 5,800 7,065
	13,000 3,960			13,000 3,960
- - - -			4,950 47,798	494,204 228,678 59,108 133,983 6,813
244,795	195,040	134,551	1,600 5,328,448	1,600 16,223,077
-		- -	44,222 18,751	44,434 18,767
- - -	- - -	778,501 326,675	- - 44,124 14,871	778,501 326,675 44,124 26,265
- - -		263,811 875 112,695	128,338 - 56,096 166,812	427,837 875 179,661 208,490
- - - -	·	- - - -	488 80,000 32,368	488 128,662 48,560 113,349 4,390
-			-	4,390 440
- - -		670,574 302,048	182,344 65,511 34,650 25,299	1,465,126 618,093 36,418 25,299
-			1,124	1,124

# SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

rne	nditures	s (Contin	ued)		(	Title I 201/202)	 IDEA (203)	Preso Handio (20	• •
<b>. pe</b> .		ort service		nued)					
	220			ff services (Continued)					
		223		vision of special programs					
			100	Salaries	\$	130,387	\$ 94,465	\$	
			200	Employee benefits		49,978	36,942		
			300	Purchased services		14,827	14,522		
			400	Supplies and materials		-	15,628		
			600	Other objects		195	1,660		
		224	Improv	rement of instruction - in-service and staff training					
			100	Salaries		29,246	5,439		
			200	Employee benefits		8,269	481		
			300	Purchased services		711,987	49,801		
			400	Supplies and materials		41,667	-		
			600	Other objects		31,397	144		
	230	Genera	l adminis	strative services					
		233	School	administration					
			400	Supplies and materials		-	-		
	250	Finance	and ope	erations services					
		251		nt transportation (federal/district mandated)					
			300	Purchased services		10,575	10,228		
		253	Facilitie	es acquisition and construction			·		
			500	Capital outlay		-	-		
		255	Pupil tr	ransportation services					
			100	Salaries		_			
			200	Employee benefits		-			
			300	Purchased services		-			
			600	Other objects		-			
		256	Food s						
			300	Purchased services		-	-		
	260	Central	support	services					
		263	Informa	ation services					
			300	Purchased services		-	-		
			400	Supplies and materials		-	-		
			600	Other objects		-	-		
	270	Support	services	s - pupil activity					
		271		ervice activities					
			600	Other objects		26,560	-		
				Total support services		1,739,409	 692,390		
00	Comm	nunity ser					 		
		350	Custod	ly and care of children					
			100	Salaries		-	-		
			200	Employee benefits		-	-		
			300	Purchased services		-	-		
			400	Supplies and materials		-	-		
			600	Other objects		-	-		
		370	Non pu	ublic school services					
			300	Purchased services		-	-		
				Total community services		_	-		
00	Other	charges		•					
	410	Intergov	ernment/	tal expenditures					
				ents to State Department of Education		-	-		
				ents to public charter schools		-	125,267		
			,	Total intergovernmental expenditures		-	 125,267	-	
						7.004.057			200 4
				Total expenditures		7,934,657	4,662,180		280,47

(Continued)

Occupational Education (207)	Adult Education (243)	* Other Restricted State Grants	* Other Special Revenue Programs	Total
\$ - - - -	\$ 28,408 10,413 9,533 10,056 460	\$ - - - -	\$ 163,938 71,488 480,273 1,024 4,125	\$ 417,198 168,821 519,155 26,708 6,440
- - 22,564 - -	1,787 30 924 -	- - - - -	197,362 44,835 948,500 3,603	233,834 53,615 1,733,776 45,270 31,541
-	-	-	336	336
-	-	-	3,030	23,833
-	-	-	12,000	12,000
- - -	- - -		8,000 2,129 1,335 160	8,000 2,129 1,335 160
-	-	-	1,827	1,827
	-	- - -	287 232 2,086	287 232 2,086
28,568 51,132	61,611	2,455,179	8,066 2,849,634	63,194 7,849,355
- - - -	- - -	- - -	227,526 98,960 165 911	227,526 98,960 165 911
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	436 6,425 334,423	436 6,425 334,423
		40,099	157,333	197,432
<u> </u>		40,099	32,415 189,748	157,682 355,114
295,927	256,651	2,629,829	8,702,253	24,761,969

# SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	(;	Title I 201/202)	IDEA (203)	 reschool ndicapped (205)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Interfund transfers from (to) other funds				
431-791 Special revenue fund indirect costs	\$	(350,459)	\$ (203,945)	\$ (12,453)
Total other financing uses, net		(350,459)	 (203,945)	 (12,453)
Excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing uses				
other illiancing uses		-	-	-
Fund balance, beginning of year			 	 
Fund balance, end of year	\$	_	\$ 	\$ 

Educ	oational cation (07)	Edu	dult cation 243)	Rest St	ther ricted ate ants	F	* Other Special Revenue rograms	Total
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(158,807) (158,807)	\$ (725,664) (725,664)
	-		-		-		-	-
\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$	<u> </u>	\$ -

#### SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	*Adult Education		* Other Restricted State Grants
243	Adult Education Federal	919	Education License Plates
818	Adult Education Local	928	EEDA Career Specialists
955	SNAP Reimbursement	935	Reading Coaches
956	Adult Education State	936	Student Health and Fitness Nurses
		937	Student Health and Fitness
	* Other Special	Revenue Prog	grams
201	Title I Current Year	811	Culinary Scholarships
202	Title I Prior Year	812	Reading Power Grant
203	IDEA	813	National Christian Foundation - RCE
205	IDEA Preschool	814	Women in Philanthropy
207	Federal Perkins Fund CTE	816	SREB Grant
210	Title IV SSAE (Student Support and Acad. Enrich.)	819	Growing Stem Grant
217	Coronavirus Relief Funds (LEAP, Hotspots)	821	Public Consulting Group
218	ESSER III	822	Cinderella Fella Ball
220	SC CARES ESSER	823	CTE Surplus Supplies
225	ESSER II	826	Transcripts
232	McKinney-Vento Homeless	827	Teacher Mini Grants
237	Title I ATSI	831	Farm to School LIES
263	ARP Homeless I & II	832	MUSC Wellness Award
264	Title III (ML)	842	Dairy Alliance Grant
267	Improving Teacher Quality, Title II	844	Parker-Grant
286	Medicaid	848	AIE/ABC LIMS
287	Medicaid/Health Services	849	AIE/ABC BMS
290	YRBS Administrative Reimbursement - MRHS	850	AIE/ABC MOES
293	MSAP Grant	851	AIE/ ABC MMS
295	ROTC	852	AIE/ABC LIES
296	MCASP Grant	855	First Steps
801	Profound. Mentally Disabled	866	Dollar General Literacy - BLES
803	Senior Scholar Banquet	867	AIE/ABC HHSCA
804	National Christian Foundation - BLHS	871	Summer Camps
805	HHMS Donation Grant	873	Parenting Family Literacy
808	Mission Endowment Fund - OES	875	Traveling Preschool Bus
809	Back to School Expo	876	Dollar General - BLES
810	COSY Grant	886	Special Needs Transportation

### SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND SUMMARY SCHEDULE FOR DESIGNATED STATE RESTRICTED GRANTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Subfund	Revenue	Programs	 Revenues	enues Expend		Transfer In (Out)		Special Revenue Fund Unearned Revenue		
919	3193	Education License Plates	\$ 3,511	\$	3,511	\$	-	\$	3,232	
928	3118	EEDA Career Specialists	1,105,176		1,105,176		-		120,473	
935	3135	Reading Coaches	972,622		972,622		-		509,525	
936	3136	Student Health and Fitness - Nurses	409,530		409,530		-		235,387	
937	3127	Student Health and Fitness - PE Teachers	138,990	-	138,990				57,384	
		Total	\$ 2,629,829	\$	2,629,829	\$		\$	926,001	

# **PUPIL ACTIVITY FUND**

The purpose of this fund is to support the educational process. Student activity funds exist to promote the education, general welfare, and morale of students and to finance the "normal program of student activities not otherwise financed".

# PUPIL ACTIVITY FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Reven				
1000		ie from local sources		
	1500	Earnings on investments	•	
	4700	1510 Interest income	\$	1,187
	1700	Pupil activities 1730 Pupil organization membership dues and fees		247.050
	1900	1730 Pupil organization membership dues and fees Other revenue from local sources		317,958
	1900	1920 Contributions and donations from private sources		118,550
		1999 Revenue from other local sources		3,071,555
		Total local sources		3,509,250
		Total revenues		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		rotar revenues	-	3,509,250
	ditures			
100	Instruc			
	190	Instructional pupil activity		
		600 Other objects		667,573
		Total instruction	-	667,573
200	Suppor	t services		
	270	Support services - pupil activity		
		271 Pupil service activities		
		500 Capital outlay		17,646
		600 Other objects		1,756,155
		272 Pupil service activities 100 Salaries		200
		600 Other objects		299 639,888
		273 Pupil service activities		039,000
		600 Other objects		14,337
		Total support services		2,428,325
		Total expenditures		3,095,898
		Excess of revenues over expenditures and		
		other financing uses		413,352
Fund b	oalance, b	eginning of year		2,825,862
Fund b	und balance, end of year			3,239,214

NOTE: Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America serve as the budgetary basis of accounting.

# **COVID RELATED FUNDS** The purpose of this fund is to address the impact that the Novel Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) has had, and continues to have, on elementary and secondary schools across the nation.

# COVID RELATED FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenu	_						
3000			state sources				
	3900		ate revenue				
		3995	LEAP	\$ 168,320			
	_	_	Total state sources	168,320			
1000		Revenue from federal sources					
	4900		rate revenue				
		4974	CARES ESSER III	13,347,849			
		4975	Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES A				
		4977	CRRSA ESSER II	8,582,793			
			Total federal sources	22,590,495			
			Total revenues	22,758,815			
Evnand	ituroo						
Expend 100		ation					
100	Instruc		instruction				
	110		instruction				
		111	Kindergarten programs	407.000			
			100 Salaries	187,686			
			200 Employee benefits	20,967			
			300 Purchased services	155,494			
			400 Supplies and materials	4,897			
		112	Primary programs				
			100 Salaries	969,783			
			200 Employee benefits	139,521			
			300 Purchased services	2,506,400			
			400 Supplies and materials	1,564,366			
		113	Elementary programs				
			100 Salaries	1,221,422			
			200 Employee benefits	119,548			
			300 Purchased services	739,110			
			400 Supplies and materials	697,858			
		114	High school programs				
			100 Salaries	707,520			
			200 Employee benefits	64,005			
			300 Purchased services	707,693			
			400 Supplies and materials	201,649			
		115	Career and technology education programs				
			100 Salaries	98,900			
			200 Employee benefits	7,566			
		117	Driver education program	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
			100 Salaries	3,500			
			200 Employee benefits	268			
		118	Montessori programs	200			
			100 Salaries	22,650			
			200 Employee benefits	1,733			
	120	Excent	onal programs	1,700			
	120	121	Educable mentally handicapped				
		121	100 Salaries	14,950			
			200 Employee benefits	1,144			
		122	Trainable mentally handicapped	1,14-			
		122	100 Salaries	10,600			
		124	' '	811			
		124	Visually handicapped 100 Salaries	2.000			
				3,000			
		405	200 Employee benefits	230			
		125	Hearing handicapped	- 0			
			100 Salaries	5,350			
			200 Employee benefits	409			
		126	Speech handicapped				
			100 Salaries	61,896			
			200 Employee benefits	11,352			

# COVID RELATED FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

111511	uction (Co	ntinued)	
120		onal programs (Continued)	
	127	Learning disabilities	
		100 Salaries	\$ 162,000
		200 Employee benefits	12,317
	128	Emotionally handicapped	· ·
		100 Salaries	25,000
		200 Employee benefits	1,913
130	Presch	pol programs	.,
	135	Preschool handicapped speech (3 and 4 year olds)	
	100	100 Salaries	3,250
		200 Employee benefits	249
	137	Preschool handicapped self-contained (3 and 4 year olds)	27
	107	100 Salaries	16,300
	400	200 Employee benefits	1,24
	139	Early childhood programs	aa.
		100 Salaries	91,72
		200 Employee benefits	12,590
140		programs	
	141	Gifted and talented academic	
		100 Salaries	69,70
		200 Employee benefits	5,33
160	Other e	xceptional programs	
	162	Limited English proficiency	
		100 Salaries	103,60
		200 Employee benefits	7,73
		300 Purchased services	219,00
170	Summe	er school programs	,
110	171	Primary program	
		100 Salaries	916,56
			284,33
		1 7	·
	470	400 Supplies and materials	17,46
	172	Elementary summer school	440.00
		100 Salaries	412,90
		200 Employee benefits	125,19
		400 Supplies and materials	18,37
	173	High school summer school program	
		100 Salaries	350,66
		200 Employee benefits	104,71
		300 Purchased services	1,35
		400 Supplies and materials	63,50
	175	Instructional programs beyond regular school day	
		100 Salaries	453,26
		200 Employee benefits	134,48
		300 Purchased services	213,73
		400 Supplies and materials	9,78
180	A dult/c	ontinuing education programs	9,70
100			
	181	Adult basic education programs	00.50
		100 Salaries	23,50
		200 Employee benefits	7,18
	188	Parenting/family literacy	
		100 Salaries	19,25
		200 Employee benefits	5,85
		Total instruction	14,146,35
Supp	ort servic	es	
210	Pupil s	rvices	
	211	Attendance and social work services	
		100 Salaries	190,61
		200 Employee benefits	85.10
		200 Employee benefits 300 Purchased services	85,19 338,88

# COVID RELATED FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	(Continu		
		s (Continued)	
210	Pupil s		
	212	Guidance services	
		100 Salaries	\$ 167,630
		200 Employee benefits	33,248
	213	Health services	
		100 Salaries	184,573
		200 Employee benefits	64,158
		300 Purchased services	17,127
		400 Supplies and materials	157,682
		500 Capital outlay	179,360
	214	Psychological services	
		100 Salaries	14,000
		200 Employee benefits	1,071
	217	Career specialist services	,-
		100 Salaries	1,250
		200 Employee benefits	96
		Total pupil services	1,434,888
220	Instruc	onal staff services	1,404,000
220	221	Improvement of instruction -	
	22 1	curriculum development	
		100 Salaries	139,333
			•
	000	200 Employee benefits	31,018
	222	Library and media services	40.050
		100 Salaries	46,350
		200 Employee benefits	3,546
	223	Supervision of special programs	
		100 Salaries	21,655
		200 Employee benefits	8,414
		400 Supplies and materials	3,514
	224	Improvement of instruction in-service	
		and staff training	
		100 Salaries	2,589
		200 Employee benefits	196
		300 Purchased services	662,083
		Total instructional staff services	918,698
230	Genera	administration services	
	233	School administration	
		100 Salaries	153,489
		200 Employee benefits	54,298
		Total general administration services	207,787
250	Financ	and operations services	
	251	Federal student transportation	
		100 Salaries	153,535
		200 Employee benefits	52,581
		300 Purchased services	118,444
	252	Fiscal services	110,444
	202	100 Salaries	E4 462
			54,463
		200 Employee benefits	26,735
		400 Supplies and materials	3,349
	253	Facilities acquisition and construction	<b></b>
		300 Purchased services	755,288
	254	Operation and maintenance of plant	
		300 Purchased services	548,844
	257	Internal services	
		400 Supplies and materials	408,950
		Total finance and operations services	2,122,189

# COVID RELATED FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		(Continued)	
200		ort services (Continued)	
	260	Central support services	
		264 Staff services	ф 400,000
		100 Salaries	\$ 188,806
		200 Employee benefits	61,263
		300 Purchased services	80,256
		266 Technology and data processing services 300 Purchased services	240.704
		400 Supplies and materials	340,784 281
		11	385,483
		500 Capital outlay Total central support services	1,056,873
		Total support services Total support services	5,740,435
300	Comr	munity services	5,740,435
300	350	Custody and care of children	
	330	100 Salaries	59,191
		200 Employee benefits	17,328
		300 Purchased services	154,903
	370	Non public school services	134,303
	370	100 Salaries	2,129
		200 Employee benefits	163
		400 Supplies and materials	19,742
		Total community services	253,456
400	Interd	governmental expenditures	
400	micig	416-720 LEA payments to public charter schools	30,000
		Total intergovernmental expenditures	30,000
	T-4-1	Ç ,	·
		penditures	20,170,246
	Excess of	of revenues over expenditures	2,588,569
Other	financi	ng sources (uses)	
	Interf	und transfers, from (to) other funds:	
		431-700 COVID funds indirect costs	(2,588,569)
		Total other financing uses	(2,588,569)
	Net char	nge in fund balances	-
Fund	balance	e, beginning of year	-
		e, end of year	\$ -
runa	Dalatice	e, ellu di yeal	Ψ -

**NOTE:** Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America serve as the budgetary basis of accounting.

# SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT ("EIA") FUND

The purpose of these funds is to improve education by providing funds for specific strategies implemented by the Education Improvement Act of 1984, enacted by the South Carolina General Assembly.

# EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

3000	Revenu	ue from st	ate sources		
	3500	Educat	ion Improvement Act ("EIA")		
		3502	ADEPT	\$	19,706
		3509	Arts in education		8,985
		3518	Formative assessment		3,788
		3519	Grade 10 assessments		94,878
		3526	Refurbishment of K-8 science kits		66,807
		3528	Industry certificates		84,678
		3529	EIA work-based learning center		426,284
		3532	National board salary supplement		927,962
		3533	Teacher of the Year awards		1,077
		3535	Reading coaches		259,096
		3536	Student health and fitness		146,664
		3538	Students at risk of school failure		1,774,242
		3540	Early childhood program		859,740
		3550	Teacher salary increase		5,827,035
		3555	Teacher salary fringe		1,399,728
		3556	Adult education		392,134
		3557	Summer reading program		10,000
		3571	Technical assistance - state priority schools		346,877
		3577	Teacher supplies		496,375
		3592	Work-based learning		54,889
		3595	EEDA - supplies and materials		32,687
		3597	Aid to districts		737,057
		3599	Other EIA		4,389
			Total state sources	_ \$	13,975,078
			Total revenue all sources	_ \$	13,975,078

# EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Instruc	ction		
110	Genera	al instruction	
	111	Kindergarten programs	
		100 Salaries	\$ 7,50
		200 Employee benefits	2,28
		400 Supplies and materials	23,10
			32,88
	112	Primary programs	<del></del>
		100 Salaries	974,4
		200 Employee benefits	382,83
		400 Supplies and materials	156,4
		Too Supplies and materials	1,513,7
	113	Elementary programs	
		100 Salaries	773,60
		200 Employee benefits	265,2
		400 Supplies and materials	176,7:
		400 Supplies and materials	1,215,6
	114	High school programs	1,213,00
	114	High school programs 100 Salaries	160.00
			160,9
		200 Employee benefits	48,73
		400 Supplies and materials	190,5
		500 Capital outlay	5,5
			405,8
	115	Career and technology education programs	
		300 Purchased services	134,4
		400 Supplies and materials	312,9
		500 Capital outlay	75,25
			522,50
	117	Driver education programs	
		400 Supplies and materials	5
			55
	118	Montessori programs	
		400 Supplies and materials	2,47
			2,4
120	Except	ional programs	<u></u>
	121	Educable mentally handicapped	
		400 Supplies and materials	3,0
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	3,0
	122	Trainable mentally handicapped	
		400 Supplies and materials	1,10
		Too Supplies and materials	1,1
	123	Orthopedically handicapped	
	120	400 Supplies and materials	2
		400 Supplies and materials	2
	124	Visually handicapped	
	124	400 Supplies and materials	5:
		400 Supplies and materials	
	105	Heaving handisanned	5:
	125	Hearing handicapped	4.4
		400 Supplies and materials	1,1
	400		1,10
	126	Speech handicapped	
		100 Salaries	8,8
		200 Employee benefits	7
		400 Supplies and materials	6,8
			16,4
	127	Learning disabilities	
		100 Salaries	5,50
		200 Employee benefits	1,2
		400 Supplies and materials	25,0
		400 Supplies and materials	20.0

# EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

-		Continued			
100		tion (Conti		orana (Cartinua)	
	120	•		grams (Continued)	
		128		nally handicapped	ф 2.575
			400	Supplies and materials	\$ 3,575 3,575
	130	Drooch	aal araara	ame.	
	130		ool progra		
		135		ool handicapped speech (3 and 4 year olds)	EEO
			400	Supplies and materials	<u>550</u> 550
		137	Drocch	ool handicapped self-contained (3 and 4 year olds)	
		137	400	Supplies and materials	1,925
			400	Supplies and materials	1,925
		139	Farly c	hildhood programs	
		100	100	Salaries	612,377
			200	Employee benefits	303,101
			400	Supplies and materials	89,457
			400	Supplies and materials	1,004,935
	140	Special	program	e	1,004,955
	140	141		and talented - academic	
		171	400	Supplies and materials	7,150
			400	Supplies and materials	7,150
	160	Other e	xcentions	al programs	
	100	162	Limited	l English proficiency	
		102	100	Salaries	4,947
			200	Employee benefits	1,506
			400	Supplies and materials	16,775
			100	Supplied and materials	23,228
	170	Summe	er school i	programs	
		171		y program	
		• • •	400	Supplies and materials	10,000
				Cappinos and materials	10,000
		175	Instruct	tional programs beyond regular school day	
		173	100	Salaries	21,539
			200	Employee benefits	6,437
			200	Employed benefits	27,976
	180	Adult/co	ontinuina	education programs	
		181		asic education programs	
			100	Salaries	86,604
			200	Employee benefits	13,258
			300	Purchased services	1,559
			400	Supplies and materials	2,229
				**	103,650
		182	Adult s	econdary education programs	
			100	Salaries	27,854
			200	Employee benefits	4,040
				1 ,	31,894
		183	Adult E	inglish literacy	
			100	Salaries	11,234
			200	Employee benefits	609
			-	• •	11,843
		184	Post-se	econdary education programs	
		- *	100	Salaries	21,053
			200	Employee benefits	1,611
					22,664

(Continued)

# EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

0	Instruct	tion (Conti	ıed)	
	180	Adult/co	tinuing education programs (Continued)	
		188	Parenting/family literacy	ф 45.55.
			100 Salaries 200 Employee benefits	\$ 45,554
			200 Employee benefits 300 Purchased services	22,109 23,913
			400 Supplies and materials	40,182
			600 Other objects	689
			out objects	132,447
			Total instruction	5,129,875
0	Suppor	t services		
	210	Pupil se		
		212	Guidance services	
			300 Purchased services	1,053
			400 Supplies and materials	47,605
		213	Health services	48,658
		213	100 Salaries	119,785
			200 Employee benefits	36,632
			200 Employee benefits	156,417
	220	Instruct	nal staff services	
		221	Improvement of instruction - curriculum development	ıt
			100 Salaries	586,285
			200 Employee benefits	191,628
			300 Purchased services	2,515
			400 Supplies and materials	302
		000	1. Marina and a standard and a standard a	780,730
		222	Literacy and media services	7.700
			400 Supplies and materials	
		223	Supervision of special programs	
		220	100 Salaries	270,693
			200 Employee benefits	91,914
			300 Purchased services	212
			400 Supplies and materials	988
			oupplies and materials	363,80
		224	Improvement of instruction - in-service and staff tr	
			100 Salaries	22,50
			200 Employee benefits	5,224
			300 Purchased services	35,039
			400 Supplies and materials	939
				63,703
	250		and operations services	
		255	Student transportation	
			300 Purchased services	23,439
	260	Control	upport services	23,439
	200	264	Staff services	
		204	100 Salaries	15,000
			200 Employee benefits	4,567
				19,567
		266	Technology and data processing services	
			300 Purchased services	1,000
			400 Supplies and materials	3,389
				4,389
	270		ervices - pupil activity	
		271	Pupil service activities	
			600 Other objects	357
				357
			Total support services	1,468,767

# EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Expenditures (Continued) 400 Other charges 410 Intergovernme	ntal expenditures	
•	nents to public charter schools	\$ 149,673
110 720 Tay	Total other charges	149,673
	Total expenditures	6,748,315
Other financing uses Interfund transfers, to other funds 420-710 Transfer to ger	neral fund Total other financing uses	(7,226,763) (7,226,763)
	Excess of revenues over expenditures and other financing uses	-
Fund balance, beginning of yea	r	<u></u> _
Fund balance, end of year		\$ -

# EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT FUND SUMMARY SCHEDULE BY PROGRAM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

3500	Educat	tion Improvement Act ("EIA")	Revenues		Expenditures		Transfers In (Out)		Unearned Revenue		
	3502	ADEPT	\$	19,706	\$	19,706	\$	_	\$	_	
	3509	Arts in education		8,985		8,985		_		3,131	
	3518	Formative assessment		3,788		3,788		_		83,501	
	3519	Grade 10 assessments		94,878		94,878		-		29,751	
	3526	Refurbishment of K-8 science kits		66,807		66,807		-		27,687	
	3528	Industry certificates		84,678		84,678		-		53,037	
	3529	EIA work-based learning center		426,284		426,284		-		175,502	
	3532	National board salary supplement		927,962		927,962		-		88,072	
	3533	Teacher of the year awards		1,077		1,077		-		-	
	3535	Reading coach		259,096		259,096		-		-	
	3536	Student health and fitness		146,664		146,664		-		-	
	3538	Students at risk of school failure		1,774,242		1,774,242		-		1,193,197	
	3540	Early childhood program		859,740		859,740		-		262,364	
	3550	Teacher salary increase		5,827,035		-	(5	5,827,035)		-	
	3555	Teacher salary fringe		1,399,728		-	(1	,399,728)		-	
	3556	Adult education		392,134		392,134		-		129,367	
	3557	Summer reading program		10,000		10,000		-		188,915	
	3571	Technical assistance - state priority schools		346,877		346,877		-		285,348	
	3577	Teacher supplies		496,375		496,375		-		-	
	3592	Work-based learning		54,889		54,889		-		15,034	
	3595	EEDA - supplies and materials		32,687		32,687		-		20,666	
	3597	Aid to districts		737,057		737,057		-		787,430	
	3599	E-Rate Category 2 match		4,389		4,389				2,564	
Total		Total	\$ 1	3,975,078	\$ (	6,748,315	\$ (7	7,226,763)	\$	3,345,566	

# DEBT SERVICE FUNDS The Debt Service Funds are used to record payments of interest and principal on long-term general obligation debt from tax proceeds and earnings on temporary investments.

# DEBT SERVICE FUND - DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenu 1000		
1000		
		\$ 77,527,881
	Revenue from local sources  1200 Revenue from local governmental units other than LEAs  1210 Ad valorem taxes - including delinquent taxes  1280 Revenue in lieu of taxes  1500 Earnings on investments  1510 Interest on investments  1510 Interest on investments  Total local sources  Revenue from state sources  3800 State revenue in lieu of taxes  3820 Homestead exemption  3830 Merchant's inventory tax  3890 Other state property tax revenues  Total state sources  Total revenues all sources  nditures  Debt service 610 Redemption of principal 620 Interest 690 Other objects  Total expenditures  Excess of revenues over expenditures  r financing sources (uses)  Premium on bonds sold  Proceeds of refunding debt  20 Payment to refunded debt escrow agent  und transfers, to other funds Total other financing sources, net  Excess of revenues and other financing sources	387,694
	1280 Revenue in lieu of taxes	4,998
	1500 Earnings on investments	
	1510 Interest on investments	53,807
	Total local sources	77,974,380
3000	Revenue from state sources	
	****	
	·	1,372,935
	•	85,988
	3890 Other state property tax revenues	148,776
	Total state sources	1,607,699
	Total revenues all sources	79,582,079
Expend	itures	
500		
	A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1 A 1	62,909,400
		13,558,559
	690 Other objects	121,742
	Total expenditures	76,589,701
	Excess of revenues over expenditures	2,992,378
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
5110		40,423
5130	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	20,777,500
441-720	Payment to refunded debt escrow agent	(20,689,000)
Interfun	d transfers, to other funds	
423-710	Transfer to EFC debt service fund	(2,723,462)
	Total other financing souces, net	(2,594,539)
	over expenditures and other financing uses	397,839
Fund b	alance, beginning of year	19,926,924
Fund h	alance, end of year	\$ 20,324,763

# DEBT SERVICE FUND - EFC SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Revenues  1000 Revenue from local sources  1500 Earnings on investments  1510 Interest on investments  Total local sources  Total revenues all sources	\$ 112 112 112
Expenditures  500 Debt service  610 Redemption of principal  620 Interest  690 Other objects  Total expenditures	2,150,000 568,327 13,602 2,731,929
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(2,731,817)
Other financing sources Interfund transfers, from other funds 5240 Transfer from district debt service fund  Total other financing sources	2,723,462 2,723,462
Deficiency of revenues and other financing sources under expenditures	(8,355)
Fund balance, beginning of year	30,766
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 22,411

# **CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND**

The Capital Projects Fund is used to record the proceeds from the sale of long-term general obligation bonds and other revenues used for facilities acquisition and construction. The fund balance is restricted for the completion of specific projects.

# CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

					Other Projects		Referenda Projects		Total
Revenu									
1000		rom local so							
		arnings on in 10 Interes	ivestments st on investments	\$	87.985	\$	779,102	\$	867,087
			e from local sources	Ф	67,965	Φ	119,102	Φ	007,007
			nue from other local sources		816,645				816,645
	13	OO NOVOI	Total local sources	-	904,630		779,102		1,683,732
4000	Revenue f	rom federal	sources						
			other federal sources		6,302		_		6,302
			Total federal sources		6,302				6,302
			Total revenues all sources		910,932		779,102		1,690,034
Expend									
250	Fiscal serv								
	253 Fa 10		isition and construction		344,212		44,076		388,288
	20		yee benefits		128,726		20,485		149,211
	30		ased services		2,727,144		6,470,240		9,197,384
	40		es and materials		6,130,002		1,708,911		7,838,913
	50		outlay		0,100,002		1,700,511		7,000,010
	00	520	Building		6,737,777		50,227,909		56,965,686
		530	Improvements other than buildings		55,486		9,929,110		9,984,596
		540	Equipment		69,531		-		69,531
		545	Technology equipment and software		23,244		14,512,173		14,535,417
		550	Vehicles		45,768		-		45,768
		580	Mobile classrooms		309,395		-		309,395
		591	Adjustment for retainage		182,746		1,372,400		1,555,146
	69		objects		97,825		-		97,825
	62	0 Bond i	issuance costs				582,886		582,886
			Total expenditures		16,851,856		84,868,190		101,720,046
			Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		(15,940,924)		(84,089,088)		(100,030,012)
Other fi	nancing so	urces							
5110		on bond solo			693,285		7,964,754		8,658,039
5120			ce of long-term debt		20,000,000		139,610,000		159,610,000
5300	Sale of cap	pital assets			4,850				4,850
			Total other financing sources		20,698,135		147,574,754		168,272,889
			Excess of revenues and other						
			financing sources over expenditures		4,757,211		63,485,666		68,242,877
Fund b	alance, begi	inning of ye	ear		23,744,392		156,467,020		180,211,412
Fund ba	alance, end	of year		\$	28,501,603	\$	219,952,686	\$	248,454,289

# **ENTERPRISE FUND - STUDENT NUTRITION**

The Enterprise Fund records the financing, operation and maintenance of the Student Nutrition Services fund. The Student Nutrition Services fund operates in a manner similar to a private business enterprise. The fund's purpose is to provide balanced nutritional meals to School District students, some of which are free and reduced meals under the United States Department of Agriculture school breakfast and lunch programs.

# ENTERPRISE FUND - STUDENT NUTRITION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	ues	va fram la cal accuraca	
1000		ue from local sources	
	1500	Earnings on investments	¢ 4.404
	1600	1510 Interest on investments Food services	\$ 1,482
	1000	1610 Lunch sales to pupils	19,874
		1620 Breakfast sales to pupils	19,074
		1630 Special sales to pupils	10.711
		1640 Lunch sales to adults	2,889
		1650 Breakfast sales to adults	10
		1660 Special sales to adults	74
	1900	Other revenue from local sources	
		1999 Revenue from other local sources	164,240
		Total local sources	199,326
4000	Reven	ue from federal sources	
	4800	USDA reimbursement	
		4810 School lunch and after school snacks program	10,298,878
		4820 Supply chain assistance funding	390,887
		4830 School breakfast program	3,317,196
		4860 Fresh fruits and vegetables	31,363
		4880 Summer feeding program	277,728
		4890 Healthy meals - USDA	403,765
	4000	4899 Child and adult core food program	76,304
	4900	Other federal sources 4991 USDA commodities (food distribution program)	844,805
		4999 Revenue from other federal sources	644,605 344,317
		Total federal sources	15,985,243
		Total revenue all sources	16,184,569
Expen	ditures		
256	Food s	ervices	
	100	Salaries	229,779
	200	Employee benefits	111,318
	300	Purchased services	
		323 Repairs and maintenance services	35,503
		325 Rentals	8,259
		332 Travel	1,226
		345 Technology	37,462
		350 Advertising	1,391
		360 Printing and binding	4,682
	400	390 Other purchased services	9,877,255
	400	Supplies and materials	604,896
		<ul><li>410 Supplies</li><li>445 Technology and software supplies</li></ul>	90,330
		460 Food	98,410
		461 USDA commodities	844,805
		470 Energy	26,037
	500	Capital outlay	20,007
	000	570 Depreciation	265,280
	600	Other objects	200,200
		640 Dues and fees	141
		670 Sales tax on adult meals	4,195

# ENTERPRISE FUND - STUDENT NUTRITION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Other financi	ng sources (uses) Sale of fixed assets	\$ 6,934
	fers from (to) other funds	
5210	Transfer from general fund	110,000
432-791	Food service fund indirect costs	(89,055)
412-720	Payments to other governmental units	(33,937)
416-720	Payments to charter schools	 (426,161)
	Total other financing (uses), net	 (432,219)
	Excess of revenues and other financing sources	
	over expenditures and other financing uses	3,511,381
Fund balance	, beginning of year	 5,160,301
Fund balance	e, end of year	\$ 8,671,682

NOTE: This schedule is presented in the format prescribed by the South Carolina Department of Education, which varies

in presentation from the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Fund.

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUND The Internal Service Fund records the expenses of the School District related to workers' compensation and the funding allocated to offset those costs.

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Reven				
000		ue from local s		
	1900		ue from local sources	
			eipt of insurance proceeds	\$ 49,300
		1999 Rev	enue from other local sources	1,558,210
			Total local sources	1,607,510
			Total revenue all sources	1,607,510
xpen	ditures			
00	Instruc			
	110	General inst		
			nary programs	
		200	• •	
		=	270 Workers' compensation	505,565
			nentary programs	
		200	Employee benefits	07.700
		444 15-6	270 Workers' compensation	67,739
		-	n school programs	
		200	Employee benefits	110 170
		400	270 Workers' compensation	118,170
		400	Supplies and materials 410 Supplies and materials	1,310
	120	Exceptional	• •	1,310
	120		ech handicapped	
		200	·	
		200	270 Workers' compensation	435
		127 Lea	rning disabilities	400
		200	Employee benefits	
			270 Workers' compensation	391,331
			Total instruction	1,084,550
200	Sunno	rt services		
.00	210	Pupil service	28	
	210	•	ndance and social work services	
		200	Employee benefits	
		200	270 Workers' compensation	2,050
		212 Guid	dance services	2,000
		200	Employee benefits	
		200	270 Workers' compensation	45,318
		213 Hea	Ith services	,
		200	Employee benefits	
			270 Workers' compensation	126,490
	220	Instructional	staff services	,
		221 Imp	rovement of instruction -	
			urriculum development	
		200	Employee benefits	
			270 Workers' compensation	29,121
	230	General adm	ninistration services	
		233 Sch	ool administration	
		200	Employee benefits	

(Continued)

# INTERNAL SERVICE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Expenditures(Continued)	
200 Support services (Continued)	
250 Finance and operations services	
254 Operation and maintenance of plant	
300 Purchased services	\$ 29,490
400 Supplies and materials	2,253
500 Capital outlay	83,314
255 Student transportation	
200 Employee benefits	82,206
300 Purchased services	3,181
260 Central support services	
266 Technology and data processing services	
200 Employee benefits	
270 Workers' compensation	 13,103
Total support services	 473,669
Total expenditures	 1,558,219
Excess of revenues over expenditures	 49,291
Fund balance, beginning of year	 1,473,312
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,522,603

**NOTE:** This schedule is presented in the format prescribed by South Carolina Department of Education, which varies in presentation from the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position - Proprietary Funds.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS MODEL LOCATION RECONCILIATION SCHEDULE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

ocation.	Location	Education	Cost		Total		
Code	Description	Level	Туре	E	xpenditures		
01	District Office	Non-Schools	Central	\$	180,427,443		
09	Right Choices	Alternative School	School	•	1,343,886		
10	Academy For Career Excellence	Other Schools	School		2,007,50		
15	St Helena Early Childhood	Other Schools	School		434,98		
17	Hilton Head Early Childhood	Other Schools	School		6,378,29		
20	Riverview Charter School	Other Schools	School		8,916,49		
33	Beaufort Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		12,473,01		
34	Coosa Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		6,879,91		
35	Lady's Island Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		4,581,13		
37	Mossy Oaks Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		6,444,936		
38	Port Royal Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		4,141,110		
39	St Helena Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		7,322,83		
40	Broad River Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		7,677,980		
44	Shanklin Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		7,127,43		
54	Whale Branch Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		11,231,997		
60	Daufuskie Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		444,069		
62	Hilton Head Island Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		12,892,58		
63	Hilton Head Island School For Creative Arts	Elementary Schools	School		8,257,289		
70	Bluffton Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		11,713,98		
72	Okatie Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		7,016,223		
74	M.C. Riley Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		11,449,09		
76 70	Red Cedar Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		8,561,23		
78 70	Pritchardville Elementary	Elementary Schools	School		9,409,25		
79	River Ridge Academy	PK-8 Schools	School		12,767,77		
80	Beaufort Middle	Middle Schools	School		7,966,14		
81 83	Lady's Island Middle	Middle Schools	School		7,817,64		
ია 85	Robert Smalls Intl Academy Whale Branch Middle	PK-8 Schools	School		30,187,262 9,300,45		
87	Hilton Head Island Middle	Middle Schools	School		11,210,872		
88	H.E. McCracken Middle	Middle Schools Middle Schools	School School		13,564,74		
89	Bluffton Middle School	Middle Schools	School		9,390,712		
90	Beaufort High	High Schools	School		20,971,459		
92	Battery Creek High	High Schools	School		38,539,992		
94	Whale Branch Ec High School	High Schools	School		7,381,54		
96	Hilton Head Island High	High Schools	School		16,626,734		
97	May River High School	High Schools	School		14,887,329		
98	Bluffton High	High Schools	School		20,225,382		
				\$	557,970,752		
	The above expenditures/expenses are reconciled to	o the School District's financial s	statements as follows		301,010,102		
	Funds used in Per Pupil Cost calculation						
	General Fund	=		\$	273,857,783		
	Special Projects Fund				25,487,633		
	Special Projects EIA Fund				13,975,07		
	Pupil Activity Fund				3,095,89		
	COVID Related Funds				22,758,81		
	Proprietary Fund				12,783,18		
	Internal Service Fund						
	internal Service Fund				1,558,219 353,516,614		
	Other funds				000,010,01		
	Debt Service Fund - District	_			100,002,16		
	Debt Service Fund - EFC				2,731,92		
	Capital Projects Funds				101,720,046		
	Total expenditures / dishursements for all funds			•	204,454,13		
	Total expenditures / disbursements for all funds			<u>\$</u>	557,970,752		
		4.40					

# DETAILED SCHEDULE OF DUE TO STATE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION JUNE 30, 2022

	Grant or			Amount	
	Project	Revenue &		due to State	Status of
	Number and	Subfund		Department	<b>Amounts Due</b>
Program	FY	Codes	Description	of Education	to Grantors

None

# RIVERVIEW CHARTER SCHOOL - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

						Original Budget		Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Budget
Reven	ues				-		-		 710100	_	
1000	Reven	ue from lo	cal sou	irces							
	1700	Pupil ac	tivities								
		1740	Student	t fees	\$	50,000	\$	5,000	\$ 5,160	\$	160
		1790	Other p	upil activity income		424,200		422,500	235,206		(187,294)
	1900	Other re	venue 1	from local sources							
		1920	Contrib	utions and donations from							
			•	sources		60,000		70,000	130,559		60,559
				aneous local revenue							
			1993	Receipt of insurance proceeds		-		-	20,680		20,680
		,	1999	Revenue from other local sources					 22,895		22,895
				Total revenue from local sources		534,200		497,500	 414,500		(83,000
3000	Reven	ue from st	tate sοι	ırces							
	3300			nce Act ("EFA")							
			Elemen			7,121,807		7,727,349	7,948,760		221,411
	3900	Other st									
		3993	PEBA c	on-behalf		30,053		30,000	 30,297		297
				Total revenue from state sources		7,151,860		7,757,349	 7,979,057		221,708
				Total revenue from all sources		7,686,060		8,254,849	 8,393,557		138,708
•	ditures										
100	Instruc 110	General	inetrue	tion							
	110			arten programs							
			100	Salaries		_		_	305,787		(305,787)
			200	Employee benefits		_		_	117,736		(117,736)
			400	Supplies and materials		_		_	18,698		(18,698)
					-	_		-	 442,221		(442,221)
		112	Primary	programs							
			100	Salaries		-		-	637,076		(637,076)
			200	Employee benefits		-		-	350,523		(350,523
			400	Supplies and materials		-		-	1,758		(1,758
		;	500	Capital outlay					 112,140		(112,140
		440							 1,101,497		(1,101,497
				tary programs		0.400.740		0.057.000	4 000 040		4 200 040
			100	Salaries		3,103,713		3,357,862	1,968,916		1,388,946
			200 300	Employee benefits Purchased services		1,428,906 19,500		1,561,994 19,500	825,938 25,464		736,056 (5,964)
			300 400	Supplies and materials		122,455		75,000	25,464 149,827		(74,827)
			500	Capital outlay		30,250		25,000	48,445		(23,445)
		,	500	Capital Odliay		4,704,824		5,039,356	 3,018,590	_	2,020,766
	120	Exception	nal pro	grams		1,7 0 1,02 1		0,000,000	 0,010,000		2,020,100
				le mentally handicapped							
			400	Supplies and materials		1,500		1,500	5,800		(4,300)
						1,500		1,500	5,800		(4,300)
				le mentally handicapped							
		•	400	Supplies and materials				-	 117		(117)
								-	 117		(117)
				handicapped							(40)
			300	Purchased services		-		-	48		(48)
		•	400	Supplies and materials			-		 1,370 1,418		(1,370)
		127	l earnin	g disabilities	-				 1,410		(1,418)
			100	Salaries		_		_	131,565		(131,565)
			200	Employee benefits		_		_	132,515		(132,515)
			300	Purchased services		12,000		12,000	6,755		5,245
			400	Supplies and materials				-,500	883		(883)
			-			12,000		12,000	 271,718	_	(259,718)
(Canti	nued)					,		,	 ,		

# RIVERVIEW CHARTER SCHOOL - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

						iginal ıdget	Final Budget	Actual	,	Variance with Budget
Exper	nditures	(Contir	nued)			luget	 Buuget	 Actual		Duugei
100			ontinued)	1						
	140		al progra							
		149		special programs						
			300	Purchased services	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 673	\$	(673
						-	-	673		(673
	170	Summ		ol programs						
		175		tional programs beyond regular						
			day s							
			100	Salaries		88,051	92,000	42,191		49,809
			200	Employee benefits		29,886	29,740	29,976		(236
			300	Purchased services		63,225	63,225	44,104		19,121
			400	Supplies and materials		9,000	9,000	6,287		2,713
			500	Capital outlay			 	 3,319		(3,319
						190,162	193,965	125,877		68,088
	190	Instruc	ctional pu	upil activity						
			400	Supplies and materials		-	-	8		(8
			600	Other objects		194,950	192,750	111,654		81,096
					-	194,950	192,750	111,662		81,088
				Total instruction		103,436	 5,439,571	5,079,573		359,998
				Total instruction		103,430	 3,439,371	 3,019,313		339,990
200	Suppo	rt servic	es							
	210	Pupil s	services							
		212	Guidar	nce services						
			100	Salaries		-	-	200,551		(200,551
			200	Employee benefits		-	-	74,708		(74,708
			400	Supplies and materials		2,170	2,500	1,660		840
						2,170	2,500	276,919		(274,419
		213	Health	services						,
			100	Salaries		-	-	15,164		(15,164
			200	Employee benefits		-	-	12,644		(12,644
			400	Supplies and materials		2,750	3,000	991		2,009
				• •	-	2,750	 3,000	 28,799		(25,799
		214	Psycho	ological services	-		 	 · · · · · ·		,
			300	Purchased services		-	1,000	21,886		(20,886
						_	 1,000	21,886		(20,886
										•
		215	Except	tional program services						
			300	Purchased services		-	5,000	_		5,000
						_	5,000	_	-	5,000
	220	Instruc	ctional st	aff services			-,		-	-,
		221	Improv	ement of instruction curriculum						
				opment						
			100	Salaries		_	_	222,205		(222,205
			200	Employee benefits		_	_	83,815		(83,815
			400	Supplies and materials		_	_	112		(112
							 	 306,132		(306,132
		222	Library	and media services			 	 		(000,100
			400	Supplies and materials		_	_	154		(154
			100	Cappilos and materials			 	 154		(154
		223	Superv	vision of special programs			 	 101		(101
		220	100	Salaries		_	_	67,495		(67,495
			200	Employee benefits		_	_	20,217		(20,217
			200	Employee beliefits		<u>-</u>	 <del></del>	 87,712		(87,712
		224	Improv	rement of instruction and staff training			 	 01,112		(01,112
		444	100	Salaries		_	_	131,197		(131,197
			200	Employee benefits		-	-	49,257		(49,257
			300	Purchased services		-	-			
			400			-	-	45,556 130		(45,556
			400	Supplies and materials		<u>-</u>	 	139 226,149		(139
							 	 ∠∠0,149		(226,149

# RIVERVIEW CHARTER SCHOOL - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Budget
enditures	(Contir	nued)					
		ces (Contir	nued)				
230	Gener	al adminis	stration services				
	231	Board of	f Education				
		300	Purchased services	\$ 20,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 15,734	\$ 9,26
		318	Audit services	12,000	12,000	18,375	(6,37
		400	Supplies and materials	60,500	60,500	55,627	4,87
		600	Other objects	32,500	32,500	46,730	(14,23
				125,000	130,000	136,466	(6,46
	233	School a	administration				
		100	Salaries	939,780	977,372	334,469	642,90
		200	Employee benefits	404,880	431,000	125,312	305,68
		300	Purchased services	30,000	30,000	50,903	(20,90
		400	Supplies and materials	19,500	22,000	32,758	(10,75
				1,394,160	1,460,372	543,442	916,93
250			erations services				
	252	Fiscal se					
		300	Purchased services	55,000	55,000	65,079	(10,07
		600	Other objects	16,000	16,000	4,922	11,07
				71,000	71,000	70,001	99
	253		s acquisition and construction				
		500	Capital outlay			5,344	(5,34
						5,344	(5,34
	254		on and maintenance of plant				
		300	Purchased services	857,654	850,500	234,773	615,72
		321	Public utility services	8,500	10,000	7,683	2,31
		400	Supplies and materials	- -	-	1,753	(1,75
		470	Energy	115,000	115,000	128,175	(13,17
	055	0, 1, ,		981,154	975,500	372,384	603,11
	255		transportation				// 000
		300	Purchased services	60,000	60,000	78,223	(18,22
		600	Other objects	300	300	- 70,000	30
				60,300	60,300	78,223	(17,92
	258	Security					
		300	Purchased services	8,500	8,500	6,002	2,49
000	0	. 1		8,500	8,500	6,002	2,49
260	263	al support	services tion services				
	203	300		10 500	10 500	12.454	6.04
		300	Purchased services	19,500 19,500	19,500	13,454 13,454	6,04
	266	Toobnol	agy and data processing convices	19,500	19,500	13,434	6,04
	200		ogy and data processing services			76,000	(76,00
		100 200	Salaries Employee benefits	-	-	30,333	(30,33
		300	Purchased services	61,315	52,500		,
		400	Supplies and materials	52,710	90,405	55,091 86,830	(2,59 3,57
		500	Capital outlay	52,710	90,405	4,007	
		300	Capital Outlay	114,025	142,905		(4,00
270	Sunna	ort convices	s - pupil activity	114,025	142,905	252,261	(109,35
210	271		rvice activities				
	۱۱ ک	100	Salaries	21,500	21,500	27,850	(6,35
		200				27,650 679	
			Employee benefits	2,500	2,500		1,82
		660	Pupil activity	24,000	24 000	748	(74
				•	24,000	29,277	(5,27
			Total support services	2,802,559	2,903,577	2,454,605	448,97

# RIVERVIEW CHARTER SCHOOL - GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET TO ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Expen	nditures (Contin	ued)		Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	-	ariance with Budget
500	Debt services							
		610	Principal	-	-	244,037		(244,037)
		620	Interest	 		346,993		(346,993)
				-	-	591,030		(591,030)
			Total expenditures	7,905,995	8,343,148	 8,125,208		217,940
			Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$ (219,935)	\$ (88,299)	268,349	\$	356,648
Fund I	balance, beginr	ning of ye	ear			 2,245,047		
Fund I	balance, end of	year				\$ 2,513,396		

**NOTE**: Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America serve as the budgetary basis of accounting.

# RIVERVIEW CHARTER SCHOOL - SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

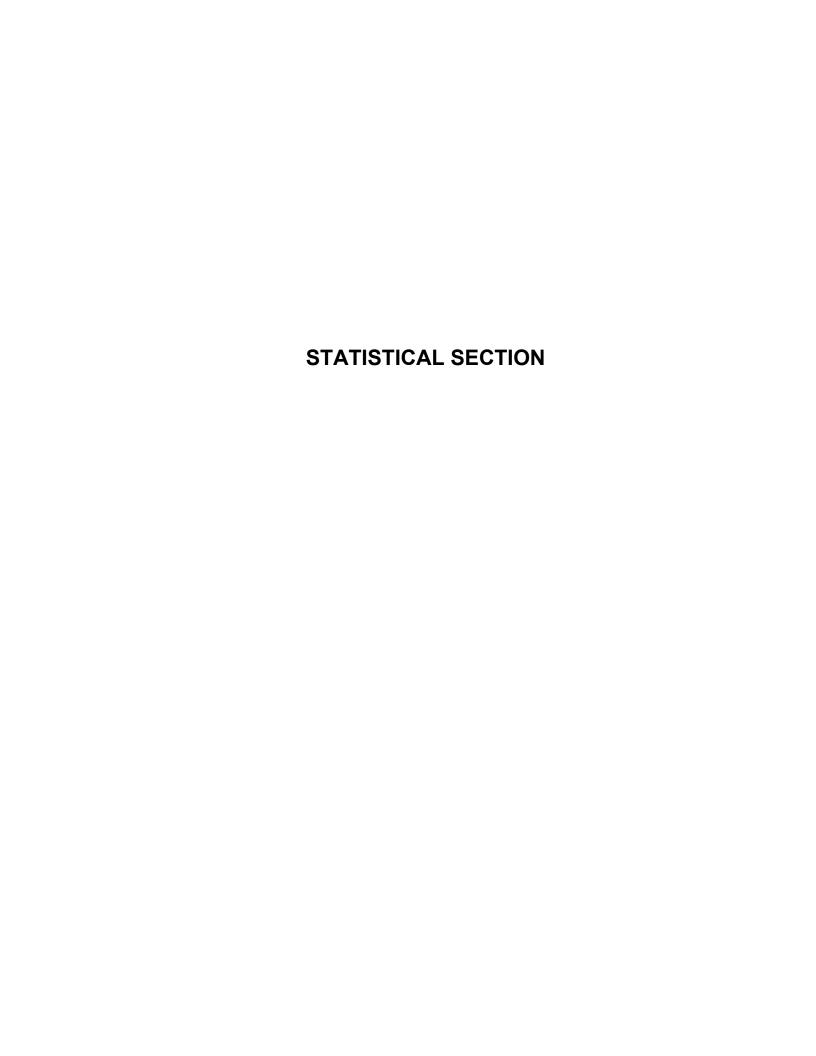
				IDEA (203/204)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (800s/900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s)	Total
Rever	nues						
1000	Reven	ue from loc	cal sources				
	1600	Food serv					
			pecial sales to pupils	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,806	\$ 18,806
			unch sales to adults	-	-	7,006	7,006
			reakfast sales to adults	-	-	89	89
	1900		enue from local sources				
		1990 R	evenue from other local sources  Total revenue from local sources			1,209 27,110	1,209 27,110
3000			ate sources				
	3100		d state funding				
			eneral education				
		3	127 Student health and fitness -				
		0400 0	PE teachers	-	7,950	-	7,950
			pecial Programs 136 Student health and fitness - nurses		32,148		22 140
		3	136 Student health and fitness - nurses Total from state sources		40,098	<u>-</u>	32,148 40,098
1000	-				40,090		40,030
4000			deral sources				
	4500		s for children with disabilities Idividuals with Disabilities Education				
			Act ("IDEA")	157,682	_	_	157,682
	4800		mbursement	107,002			107,002
	1000		chool lunch and after school snacks				
			program	_	-	408,607	408,607
	4900		eral sources				•
		4977 E	SSER III	_	_	30,000	30,000
			evenue from other federal sources	_	_	17,554	17,554
			Total from federal sources	157,682		456,161	613,843
			Total revenue all sources	157,682	40,098	483,271	681,051
<b></b>	. al:4		Total Teveride all 30dices	107,002	40,030	400,271	001,001
100	<b>nditures</b> Instruc						
100	110		nstruction				
	110		lementary programs				
			00 Salaries	_	7,950	_	7,950
				-	7,950		7,950
	120	Exception	nal programs				
		127 Le	earning disabilities				
		10	00 Salaries	157,682		<u> </u>	157,682
		_		157,682			157,682
	170	175 In	school programs estructional programs beyond regular				
			school day			00.000	00.000
		10	00 Salaries			30,000	30,000 30,000
			Total instruction	157,682	7,950	30,000	195,632
200	Cum -	rt oor doo-	Total IIISti dottori	107,002	1,330	30,000	190,002
200	210	rt services Pupil Serv	vices				
	210		ealth services				
			ealtriservices 00 Salaries	_	31,016	_	31,016
				_		_	1,132
		20	00 Employee benefits		1,132 32,148	<u> </u>	32,148
					JZ, 140		32, 140

# RIVERVIEW CHARTER SCHOOL - SPECIAL PROJECTS FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Francisco (Continued)		IDEA (203/204)	Other Designated Restricted State Grants (800s/900s)	Other Special Revenue Programs (200s)	Total
Expenditures (Continued)					
200 Support services (Con					
	perations services				
	services				
100	Salaries	-	-	123,181	123,181
200	Employee benefits	-	-	46,845	46,845
300	Purchased services	-	-	3,883	3,883
400	Supplies and materials	-	-	187,232	187,232
		-	-	361,141	361,141
	Total support services		32,148	361,141	393,289
	Total expenditures	157,682	40,098	391,141	588,921
	Excess of revenues over expenditures	-	-	92,130	92,130
Fund balance, beginning of	vear	-	_	91,151	91,151
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 183,281	\$ 183,281	

# RIVERVIEW CHARTER SCHOOL - EDUCATION IMPROVEMENT ACT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Actual
Reven	ues		
3000	Revenu		
	3500	Education Improvement Act ("EIA")	
		3518 Adoption list of formative assessment	\$ 3,788
		3532 National board salary supplement	40,000
		3538 Students at risk of school failure	53,040
		3577 Teacher supplies	17,600
		3595 EEDA - supplies and materials 3597 Aid to districts	1,512
		Total state sources	32,207 148,147
		Total revenue all sources	148,147
•	ditures		
100	Instruct		
	110	General instruction	
		111 Kindergarten programs 400 Supplies and materials	1,100
		112 Primary programs	1,100
		400 Supplies and materials	3,575
		113 Elementary programs	5,575
		100 Salaries	125,247
		400 Supplies and materials	10,175
	120	Exceptional Programs	
		127 Learning disabilities	
		400 Supplies and materials	1,375
	170	Summer school programs	
		175 Instructional programs beyond regular school day	
		400 Supplies and materials	275
		Total instruction	141,747
200		t services	
	210	Pupil services	
		212 Guidance services	0.040
	000	400 Supplies and materials	2,612
	260	Central support services 266 Technology and data processing	
		3, 1 3	0.700
		300 Purchased services	3,788
		Total support services	6,400
		Total expenditures	148,147
		Excess of revenues over expenditures	-
Fund b	oalance, b	eginning of year	
Fund b	oalance, e	end of year	\$ -
		•	<u> </u>



### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the School District's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information about the School District's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends	152 – 161
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the School District's	
financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	
Revenue Capacity	162 – 165
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the School District's most significant	
local revenue sources.	
Debt Capacity	166 – 172
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School	
District's current levels of outstanding debt and the School District's ability to issue additional	
debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	173 – 175
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the	
environment within which the School District's financial activities take place.	
Operating Information	176 – 188
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the	
information in the School District's financial report relates to the services the School District provides	
and the activities it performs.	

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the School District's financial reports for the relevant year.

#### NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		Fisca	l Year	
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Governmental Activities				
Net investments in capital assets	\$ 133,805,522	\$ 150,154,713	\$ 159,361,786	\$ 190,512,542
Restricted	18,962,817	15,316,037	22,585,786	14,833,180
Unrestricted	42,960,903	(166,388,730)	(163,293,229)	(168,155,765)
Total governmental activities net position	195,729,242	(917,980)	18,654,343	37,189,957
Business-type activities				
Net investments in capital assets	1,570,635	2,086,574	2,254,153	2,145,718
Unrestricted	1,519,945	971,046	154,226	224,305
Total business-type activities net position	3,090,580	3,057,620	2,408,379	2,370,023
Total primary government net position	\$ 198,819,822	\$ 2.139.640	\$ 21.062.722	\$ 39.559.980

		Fisca	l Year		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 217,792,997 14,834,791 (167,695,845)	\$ 233,115,201 42,920,096 (422,889,252)	\$ 255,368,095 49,461,773 (443,602,072)	\$ 277,456,822 30,620,894 (414,156,908)	\$ 316,578,409 27,276,026 (430,789,730)	\$ 328,510,725 31,720,827 (405,171,968)
64,931,943	(146,853,955)	(138,772,204)	(106,079,192)	(86,935,295)	(44,940,416)
2,164,530 310,543	2,254,971 (34,546)	2,112,047 275,014	2,152,058 680,855	2,019,631 3,140,670	1,924,768 6,746,914
2,475,073	2,220,425	2,387,061	2,832,913	5,160,301	8,671,682
\$ 67,407,016	\$ (144,633,530)	\$ (136,385,143)	\$ (103,246,279)	\$ (81,774,994)	\$ (36,268,734)

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		Fiscal Ye	ar	
_	2013	2014	2015	2016
Expenses Governmental activities Instruction Support services Community services Payments to component units Intergovernmental Interest on long-term obligations	\$ 122,652,714 111,028,257 472,116 - 11,970,192	\$ 121,231,760 \$ 118,366,308 241,004 - - 11,420,726	\$ 126,607,032 119,251,308 458,345 - - 8,341,909	\$ 135,602,252 112,368,481 443,619 4,861,745 36,089 9,595,327
Total governmental activities expenses	246,123,279	251,259,798	254,658,594	262,907,513
Business-type activities Food service  Total business-type activities expenses	9,059,767	8,668,705 8,668,705	9,763,547 9,763,547	10,275,171
Total primary government expenses	\$ 255,183,046	\$ 259,928,503	\$ 264,422,141	\$ 273,182,684
Program Revenues				
Governmental activities Charges for services: Instructional Operating grants and contributions: Instructional Support services Community services Capital grants and contributions: Support services	\$ 35,622 26,649,899 18,322,028 47,467	\$ 51,618 \$ 24,638,467 16,812,220 241,004 -	\$ 9,610 28,569,716 15,697,568 301,238 30,349	\$ - 27,478,141 13,898,651 306,390 4,688
Total governmental activities program revenues	45,055,016	41,743,309	44,608,481	41,687,870
Business-type activities Charges for services: Food service Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions	2,223,602 6,781,241 	1,871,116 6,751,656	2,130,431 7,417,528	1,937,992 8,287,106
Total business-type activities program revenues	9,004,843	8,622,772	9,547,959	10,225,098
Total primary government program revenues	54,059,859	50,366,081	54,156,440	51,912,968
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities	(201,068,263) (54,924)	(209,516,489) (45,933)	(210,050,113) (215,588)	(221,219,643) (50,073)
Total primary government net (expense) revenue	\$ (201,123,187)	\$ (209,562,422)	\$ (210,265,701)	\$ (221,269,716)

(Continued)

2022		2021		2020		<b>Fisca</b> 2019		2018		2017	
2022	_	2021		2020		2019		2010		2017	
\$ 219,361,434 143,337,181 602,003	\$	212,604,290 130,525,699 736,866	\$	184,578,382 128,263,804 284,594	\$	159,073,172 137,217,839 269,169 6,347,868 2,043,205	\$	149,776,278 143,204,186 276,218 5,896,084 339,760	\$	151,483,408 116,167,136 389,610 5,144,579 119,618	\$
9,029,570		10,078,244		2,115,089		7,636,395		12,989,483		7,660,445	
372,330,188		353,945,099		315,241,869		312,587,648		312,482,009		280,964,796	
12,694,133		12,694,133		9,572,164		10,488,104		10,288,065		9,634,792	
12,694,133		12,694,133		9,572,164		10,488,104		10,288,065		9,634,792	
\$ 385,024,321	\$	366,639,232	\$	324,814,033	\$	323,075,752	\$	322,770,074	\$	290,599,588	\$
\$ 1,678,987	\$	1,626,286	\$	1,383,084	\$	74,350	\$	29,205	\$	30,794	\$
62,395,548 41,986,253 587,879	•	56,815,953 31,284,027 720,021	Ψ	39,968,370 29,316,033 267,283	Ψ	38,111,292 22,992,955 254,111	Ψ	32,258,195 19,234,865 257,396	Ψ	36,690,142 19,380,034 234,504	Ψ
						-				1,966,192	
106,648,667		90,446,287		70,934,770		61,432,708		51,779,661		58,301,666	
33,604 16,149,483 -		8,876 10,890,789 -		1,869,576 8,161,768 -		1,750,372 8,906,330		1,801,526 8,786,844 -		1,747,524 7,993,920 -	
16,183,087		10,899,665		10,031,344		10,656,702		10,588,370		9,741,444	
122,831,754		101,345,952		80,966,114		72,089,410		62,368,031		68,043,110	
(265,681,521) 3,488,954		(263,498,812) (1,794,468)		(244,307,099) 459,180		(251,154,940) 168,598		(260,702,348) 300,305		(222,663,130) 106,652	
			\$	(243,847,919)			_		\$	(222,556,478)	

#### CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	2013	2014	2015	2016
				2010
Governmental activities				
Taxes by source:				<b>4</b> 404 004 <b>7</b> 40
Property tax - general purposes Property tax - debt service	\$ 115,312,797 51.139.540	\$ 112,688,812 45,947,271	\$ 119,531,622 53,327,642	\$ 124,334,713 57,470,709
Unrestricted grants and contributions	50,696,910	55,209,520	55,031,870	55,725,768
Unrestricted investment earnings	918,119	501,633	499,042	605,285
Gain on sale of fixed assets	-	-		-
Miscellaneous	123,178	273	775,531	1,621,971
Transfers	134,124	11,437	2,618	(3,189)
Proceeds from settlement of lawsuit		760,610		
Total governmental activities	218,324,668	215,119,556	229,168,325	239,755,257
Business-type activities				
Unrestricted investment earnings	25,289	20,469	23,076	6.427
Miscellaneous		3,941	,	2,101
Transfers	(134,124)	(11,437)	(2,618)	3,189
Total business-type activities	(108,835)	12,973	20,458	11,717
Total primary government	\$ 218,215,833	\$ 215,132,529	\$ 229,188,783	\$ 239,766,974
Change in Net Position				
Governmental activities	\$ 17,256,405	\$ 5,603,067	\$ 19,118,212	\$ 18,535,614
Business-type activities	(163,759)	(32,960)	(195,130)	(38,356)
Total primary government	\$ 17,092,646	\$ 5,570,107	\$ 18,923,082	\$ 18,497,258

· <u> </u>				Fisca	l Yea	ar		
	2017	 2018	_	2019		2020	 2021	 2022
\$	135,910,793 56,052,187	\$ 141,879,433 56,029,608	\$	135,222,656 59,990,989	\$	148,431,774 62,798,096	\$ 155,314,749 64,882,037	\$ 167,627,847 77,421,732
	56,498,536 575,147	57,301,376 1,734,506		57,713,475 1,619,331		58,060,250 3,095,803	58,802,219 1,476,043	60,019,402 1,147,769
	· -	-		-		-	755,269	· · · -
	1,365,502 2,951	1,809,415 (7,904)		4,686,358 3,882		1,550,841 14,986	1,436,011 (23,619)	1,480,595 (20,945)
	<u> </u>	 					 -	 
	250,405,116	 258,746,434		259,236,691		273,951,750	 282,642,709	 307,676,400
	1,349	2,089		1,920		1,658	2,782	1,482
	(2,951)	7,904		(3,882)		(14,986)	23,619	20,945
	(1,602)	 9,993		(1,962)		(13,328)	 26,401	 22,427
\$	250,403,514	\$ 258,756,427	\$	259,234,729	\$	273,938,422	\$ 282,669,110	\$ 307,698,827
\$	27,741,986 105,050	\$ (1,955,914) 310,298	\$	8,081,751 166,636	\$	29,644,651 445,852	\$ 19,143,897 (1,768,067)	\$ 41,994,879 3,511,381
\$	27,847,036	\$ (1,645,616)	\$	8,248,387	\$	30,090,503	\$ 17,375,830	\$ 45,506,260

#### FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS (UNAUDITED)

				Fisca	l Yea	ar		
	2013			2014		2015		2016
General Fund Nonspendable Unassigned	\$	1,388,252 29,115,123	\$	1,246,961 26,381,212	\$	776,668 30,909,347	\$	106,736 28,517,909
Total General Fund		30,503,375		27,628,173		31,686,015		28,624,645
All Other Governmental Funds Nonspendable		_		_		_		_
Restricted Unassigned		44,768,645 5,850,477		64,933,634		96,022,442		46,279,167
Total All Other Governmental Funds		50,619,122		64,933,634		96,022,442		46,279,167
Total All Governmental Funds	\$	81,122,497	\$	92,561,807	\$	127,708,457	\$	74,903,812

				Fisca	ıl Yea	ar				
2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
\$ 3,198,133 33,064,996	\$	44,507 39,562,392	\$	1,885,406 31,661,366	\$	35,201 44,742,602	\$	2,535,260 48,015,034	\$	274,018 56,858,182
36,263,129		39,606,899		33,546,772		44,777,803		50,550,294		57,132,200
_		_		_		75,197		443,703		71,146
41,422,157		42,920,096		49,461,773		117,992,861 (75,197)		202,995,947 (444,686)		272,039,635 (70,104)
41,422,157		42,920,096		49,461,773		117,992,861		202,994,964		272,040,677
\$ 77,685,286	\$	82,526,995	\$	83,008,545	\$	162,770,664	\$	253,545,258	\$	329,172,877

#### CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS (UNAUDITED)

		Fisca	l Year	
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Revenues				
Local:				
Property taxes	\$ 165,427,081	\$ 161,343,752	\$ 171,001,314	\$ 178,035,444
Interest	369,704	501,633	499,042	605,285
Other	3,114,576	2,644,310	2,877,648	3,692,842
	168,911,361	164,489,695	174,378,004	182,333,571
State sources	74,724,325	79,126,781	84,710,053	84,023,740
Federal sources	18,579,295	15,905,033	13,574,611	12,091,541
	262,214,981	259,521,509	272,662,668	278,448,852
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	122,202,918	121,266,136	125,387,495	133,309,029
Support services	84,015,526	82,414,183	82,733,594	85,115,534
Community services	217,662	241,004	301,238	308,543
Intergovernmental	4,575,781	4,894,989	4,711,644	4,897,834
Debt service:				
Principal	37,230,198	46,037,485	35,088,000	32,801,000
Interest	15,937,208	14,855,872	13,615,374	15,438,347
Other	188,300	-		-
Capital outlay	5,966,462	19,990,166	70,126,046	66,377,876
Total Expenditures	270,334,055	289,699,836	331,963,391	338,248,163
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(8,119,074)	(30,178,327)	(59,300,723)	(59,799,311)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of capital assets	50,922	25,756	7,759	15,525
Capital leases				
Premium on bonds sold	798,929	2,403,834	25,230,211	5,964,372
Issuance of debt	12,616,000	38,146,000	79,298,000	6,788,000
Refunding of debt		22,000,000	81,765,000	28,090,000
Payment to refunded debt escrow agent	40.700.074	(21,730,000)	(91,856,215)	(33,860,042)
Transfers in	10,762,374	11,409,351	9,676,829	23,374,957
Transfers out	(10,628,250)	(11,397,914)	(9,674,211)	(23,378,146)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	13,599,975	40,857,027	94,447,373	6,994,666
Special Item				
Proceeds from settlement of lawsuit		760,610		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 5,480,901	\$ 11,439,310	\$ 35,146,650	\$ (52,804,645)
Debt service as a percentage				
of noncapital expenditures*	20%	22%	18%	17%

<sup>\*</sup> Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay (to the extent capitalized for the government-wide Statement of Net Position) and expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditure categories. This formula adds "functional" and "principal" and divides them by the "total expenditures" minus the "capital outlay". See the reconciling item for capital outlay on page 26.

			al Year		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 190,981,906 575,147 2,821,286	\$ 199,628,589 1,734,506 2,307,247	\$ 196,381,147 1,619,331 2,486,320	\$ 216,191,294 785,151 883,784	\$ 230,696,761 1,476,043 1,436,011	\$ 252,230,737 1,147,769 1,480,595
194,378,339	203,670,342	200,486,798	217,860,229	233,608,815	254,859,101
98,461,720 14,880,917 307,720,976	98,458,453 12,202,438 314,331,233	107,474,291 13,117,031 321,078,120	115,163,023 12,843,655 345,866,907	116,519,456 20,639,089 370,767,360	117,130,596 44,584,592 416,574,289
143,638,404 89,927,659 234,504 5,264,197	149,206,884 92,209,756 257,396 7,837,170	158,471,602 94,908,567 254,111 8,391,073	162,671,170 95,279,405 267,283 9,258,446	177,060,885 101,845,087 720,021 8,043,560	198,284,100 120,465,790 587,879 8,634,398
41,021,000 14,213,018	44,410,700 13,750,765	46,880,700 12,841,296	55,580,900 11,733,658 23,443	53,495,721 13,369,521 170,698	65,301,441 14,392,020 180,213
32,390,626 326,689,408	32,639,076 340,311,747	29,616,581 351,363,930	33,650,269 368,464,574	79,066,257 433,771,750	101,720,046 509,565,887
(18,968,432)	(25,980,514)	·	(22,597,667)	(63,004,390)	(92,991,598
1,781 3,500,000 490,971	64,957 - 2,195,170	4,000 - 1,509,478	49,590 - 7,995,210	1,304,410 - 19,449,833	4,850 8,936,812
20,000,000 29,050,000	28,570,000	29,250,000	94,300,000	130,000,000	180,387,500
(31,295,797) 8,749,423 (8,746,472)	9,531,766 (9,539,670)	10,339,922 (10,336,040)	10,330,031 (10,315,045)	17,469,359 (17,492,978)	(20,689,000 13,353,513 (13,374,458
21,749,906	30,822,223	30,767,360	102,359,786	150,730,624	168,619,217
		<u> </u>			
\$ 2,781,474	\$ 4,841,709	\$ 481,550	\$ 79,762,119	\$ 87,726,234	\$ 75,627,619
18%	18%	19%	20%	18%	19%

# ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

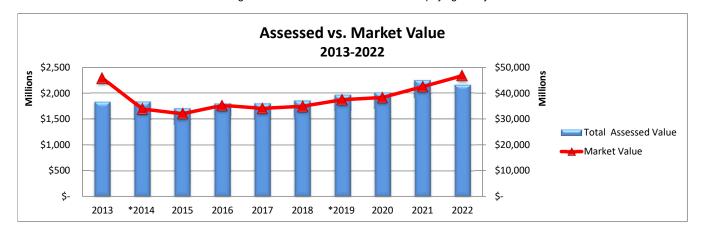
Fiscal Year		Assesse	d Value	Total	Total		Ratio of Total Assessed Value
Ended June 30,	Tax Year	Real Property	Personal Property	Assessed Value	Direct Rate	Market Value	to Estimated Market Value
2013	2012	\$ 1,650,397,429	\$ 182,152,336	\$ 1,832,549,765	119.3	\$ 45,837,938,940	4.0%
*2014	2013	1,473,195,546	196,428,055	1,832,549,765	129.2	33,909,090,279 *	* 5.4%
2015	2014	1,481,192,978	224,587,180	1,705,780,158	135.2	32,036,037,089 *	* 5.3%
2016	2015	1,561,997,668	242,903,990	1,804,901,658	135.2	35,302,446,098 *	5.1%
2017	2016	1,574,340,200	243,803,862	1,804,901,658	143.2	34,154,007,102 *	* 5.3%
2018	2017	1,616,197,050	238,124,920	1,854,321,970	145.2	34,924,575,714 *	* 5.3%
*2019	2018	1,735,799,890	233,576,952	1,969,376,842	136.3	37,473,746,376 *	5.3%
2020	2019	1,785,728,490	229,412,432	2,015,140,922	145.7	38,345,576,179 *	* 5.3%
2021	2020	1,992,251,600	263,022,540	2,255,274,140	145.7	42,506,637,210 *	5.3%
2022	2021	1,916,321,610	251,151,020	2,167,472,630	157.9	46,804,017,170 *	* 4.6%

Source: Beaufort County Auditor

NOTE:

\*Reassessment Year - Property in Beaufort County was last reassessed in fiscal year 2019. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Market value calculated using the data from the State's Index of Taxpaying Ability calculation.



# DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

				Overlapping Rates		
Fiscal Year	Tax Year	Operations	Debt	Total Mills Beaufort County School District	Beaufort County	Other Districts
2013	2012	92.3	28.0	120.3	48.5	444.4
**2014	2013	97.5	28.0	125.5	56.3	487.7
2015	2014	103.5	31.7	135.2	56.9	489.2
2016	2015	103.5	31.7	135.2	59.2	509.0
2017	2016	111.5	31.7	143.2	61.3	511.1
2018	2017	113.5	31.7	145.2	63.4	522.6
**2019	2018	104.6	31.7	136.3	62.8	522.9
2020	2019	114.0	31.7	145.7	65.4	531.0
2021	2020	114.0	36.3	150.3	65.2	547.0
2022	2021	121.6	36.3	157.9	53.9	499.8

**Source:** Tax schedules published by the Beaufort County Auditor's Office.

NOTE:

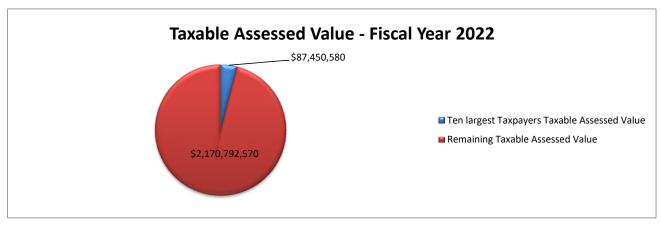
Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within Beaufort County School District. Not all overlapping rates apply to all of the Beaufort County School District property owners (i.e., the rates for other districts apply only to the proportion of the Beaufort County School District's property owners whose property is located within the geographic boundaries of the other districts).

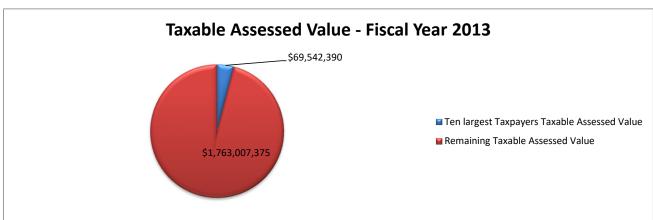
<sup>\*\*</sup> Reassessment

#### TEN LARGEST TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

			2022		2013			
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value	
Dominion Energy South Carolina	\$	26,802,040	1	1.45%	N/A		N/A	
Marriott Ownership Resorts, Inc.		16,887,220	2	0.91%	\$ 20,437,270	1	1.12%	
Palmetto Electric Coop, Inc.		11,031,900	3	0.59%	10,110,690	3	0.55%	
Bluffton Telephone Company		6,657,340	4	0.36%	2,460,000	6	0.13%	
Columbia Properties Hilton Head		4,880,580	5	0.26%	4,540,030	4	0.25%	
Hargray Telephone Company		5,112,420	6	0.28%	2,923,390	9	0.16%	
SCG Hilton Head Property LLC		4,335,720	7	0.23%	N/A	5	N/A	
Passco One Hampton DST.		3,665,340	8	0.20%	N/A		N/A	
Sea Pines Resort		5,082,790	9	0.27%	3,719,950	8	0.20%	
Shelter Cove II LLC		2,995,230	10	0.16%	N/A		N/A	
Greenwood Development Corp.		N/A		N/A	2,837,830	7	0.15%	
COROC/Hilton Head		N/A		N/A	2,131,240	10	0.12%	
South Carolina Electric & Gas		N/A		N/A	20,381,990	2	1.11%	
Total	\$ 87,450,580			4.71%	\$ 69,542,390		3.79%	

Source: Beaufort County Auditor



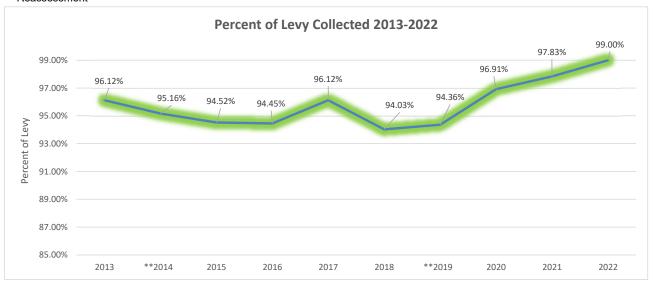


# PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

			Collected v	within the					
Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	-	axes Levied for the Fiscal Year	 Fiscal Year	of the Levy Percentage of Levy	centage in Subse		Total Collecti  Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2013	\$	114,419,644	\$ 109,975,723	96.12%	\$	3,127,422	\$ 113,103,145	98.85%	
**2014		114,942,235	109,379,367	95.16%		5,064,150	114,443,517	99.57%	
2015		121,822,183	115,145,623	94.52%		4,701,603	119,847,226	98.38%	
2016		128,765,601	121,617,583	94.45%		2,659,288	124,276,871	96.51%	
2017		137,766,145	132,422,893	96.12%		3,053,091	135,475,984	98.34%	
2018		144,430,003	135,808,833	94.03%		5,578,708	141,387,541	97.89%	
**2019		138,394,227	130,583,688	94.36%		2,642,023	133,225,711	96.27%	
2020		152,537,494	147,826,820	96.91%		2,066,434	149,893,254	98.27%	
2021		155,247,591	151,886,449	97.83%		2,071,940	153,958,389	99.17%	
2022		169,144,681	167,458,373	99.00%		801,834	168,260,207	99.48%	

Source: Beaufort County Treasurer/Beaufort County Auditor

<sup>\*\*</sup> Reassessment



<sup>\*</sup> Not Available

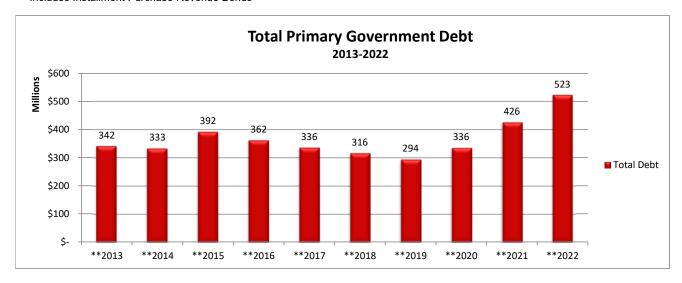
#### RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	 0	Govern	mental Activities			T-4-1	
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds		Other onds/Notes	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government		
**2013	\$ 307,383,610	\$	34,155,000	\$ 62,485	\$	341,601,095	
**2014	300,420,194		33,030,000	-		333,450,194	
**2015	360,555,000		31,840,000	-		392,395,000	
**2016	331,782,955		30,585,000	-		362,367,955	
**2017	305,753,177		27,240,000	3,500,000		336,493,177	
**2018	288,350,994		25,275,000	2,834,300		316,460,294	
**2019	268,928,817		23,270,000	2,139,600		294,338,417	
**2020	312,910,927		21,220,000	1,435,700		335,566,627	
**2021	405,834,029		19,125,000	722,600		425,681,629	
**2022	506,250,519		16,975,000	-		523,225,519	

Source: District records

**NOTE:** Details regarding the School District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Includes Installment Purchase Revenue Bonds



Percentage of Personal Income	Total Outstanding Debt Per Capita						
2.27%	\$ 2,033						
2.43%	1,940						
2.29%	2,284						
2.53%	2,018						
2.99%	1,837						
3.38%	1,675						
3.62%	1,532						
3.42%	1,747						
2.83%	2,275						
2.41%	2,729						

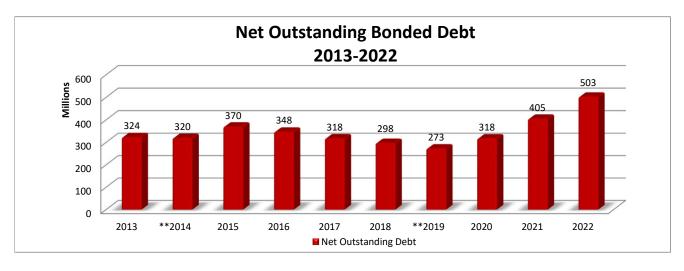
#### RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	Population	_	General Bonded Debt Outstanding	A	ss: Amounts vailable in ebt Service Funds	 Net Dutstanding Bonded Debt	A:	ssessed Value
2013	168,049	\$	341,538,610	\$	17,898,865	\$ 323,639,745	\$	1,832,549,765
**2014	171,838		333,450,194		13,358,650	320,091,544		1,669,623,601
2015	175,852		392,395,000		22,201,716	370,193,284		1,705,780,158
2016	179,589		362,367,955		14,833,180	347,534,775		1,804,901,658
2017	183,149		332,993,177		14,834,791	318,158,386		1,818,144,062
2018	188,876		313,625,994		16,063,797	297,562,197		1,854,321,970
**2019	192,122		292,198,817		19,102,507	273,096,310		1,969,376,842
2020	195,388		334,130,927		16,295,305	317,835,622		2,015,140,922
2021	187,117		424,959,029		19,957,690	405,001,339		2,255,274,140
2022	191,748		523,225,519		20,347,174	502,878,345		2,167,472,630

Source: District records

**Beaufort County Treasurer** 

<sup>\*\*</sup> Reassessment



Percentage of Estimated					
Actual Taxable	Per Capita				
Value of Property					
17.7%	\$	1,926			
19.2%		1,863			
21.7%		2,105			
19.3%		1,935			
17.5%		1,737			
16.0%		1,575			
13.9%		1,421			
15.8%		1,627			
18.0%		2,164			
23.2%		2,623			

## DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (UNAUDITED)

Governmental Unit	Ou	Debt itstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable <sup>1</sup>	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt		
Debt Repaid with Property Taxes						
Beaufort County	\$	186,534,853	100.00%	\$	186,534,853	
City of Beaufort		24,205,383	100.00%		24,205,383	
Town of Bluffton		11,815,300	100.00%		11,815,300	
Town of Hilton Head		109,554,935	100.00%		109,554,935	
Town of Port Royal		144,708	100.00%		144,708	
* Broad Creek PSD		-	-		-	
* Fripp Island PSD		-	-		-	
Hilton Head #1 PSD		7,295,000	100.00%		7,295,000	
* Burton Fire		-	100.00%		-	
* Bluffton Fire		-	100.00%		-	
<ul> <li>* Lady Island/St. Helena Fire</li> </ul>		-	100.00%		-	
* Sheldon Fire		<u>-</u>	100.00%		-	
Subtotal, overlapping debt		339,550,179			339,550,179	
Beaufort County School District Direct Debt					523,225,519	
Total direct and overlapping				\$	862,775,698	

Source: Finance Department of each entity

NOTE: Overlapping governments are those that coincide with the geographic boundaries of the County. The overlapping portion is calculated to be 100% since Beaufort County School District is the only school district located within the geographic boundaries. This percentage represents the portion of burden the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments place on residents and businesses in Beaufort County. This process recognizes that when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account.

<sup>\*</sup> Data not available.

#### LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

	Fiscal Year							
		2013		2014	100	2015	_	2016
Debt Limit	\$	146,630,981	\$	133,569,888	\$	136,462,413	\$	144,392,133
Total net debt applicable to limit	_	53,104,621		32,037,621		93,377,621		88,025,621
Legal debt margin	\$	77,378,084	\$	93,526,360	\$	101,532,267	\$	43,084,792
Total net debt applicable to limit as a percentage of debt limit		36%		24%		68%		61%
Legal debt margin calculation Assessed value Debt limit (8% of assessed value) Debt applicable to limit:     Total bonded debt     Less: Bond issuances	\$	2,167,472,630 173,397,810 487,466,700 (430,690,640) (16,975,000)						
Total net debt applicable to limit		39,801,060						
Legal debt margin	\$	133,596,750						

NOTE: The School District's borrowing power is restricted by amended Article X, Section 15, of the State Constitution. This section provides that a local unit cannot at any time have total debt outstanding in an amount that exceeds 8% of the assessed property value. Excluded from the limitation are: bonded indebtedness approved by the voters and issued within five years of the date of such referendum, special bonded indebtedness levies assessed on properties located in an area receiving special benefits from the taxes collection; and bonded indebtedness existing prior to December 1, 1982, the effective date of amendment of Article X of the Constitution of South Carolina pertaining to bonded debt. Assessed value used above is the tax base as of June 30, 2022.

2017	2018		2019	2020	2021	2022
\$ 145,451,525	\$ 148,345,758	\$	157,550,147	\$ 161,211,274	\$ 180,421,931	\$ 173,397,810
90,015,621	 97,058,621	_	102,963,621	 79,612,110	 54,204,000	 39,801,060
\$ 56,366,512	\$ 55,435,904	\$	54,586,526	\$ 81,599,163	\$ 81,599,163	\$ 133,596,750
62%	65%		65%	49%	30%	23%

#### DEMOGRAPHIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Year	Population	 Personal Income*	er Capita enal Income	Median Age	Education Percent High School Graduate or Higher
2013	171,569	\$ 7,758,656	\$ 45,222	41.5	91.3%
2014	175,852	8,113,329	46,137	42	91.6%
2015	179,589	8,973,640	49,914	42.8	92.1%
2016	183,149	9,171,747	52,147	43.6	92.4%
2017	186,844	10,045,855	53,766	44	92.7%
2018	188,876	10,711,347	56,711	44.8	92.9%
2019	192,122	10,669,197	59,318	47.2	92.9%
2020	187,117	11,469,898	61,298	**	92.8%
2021	191,748	12,054,622	62,867	40.2	92.0%
2022	194,164	12,602,020	64,904	**	**

<sup>\*</sup> in thousands

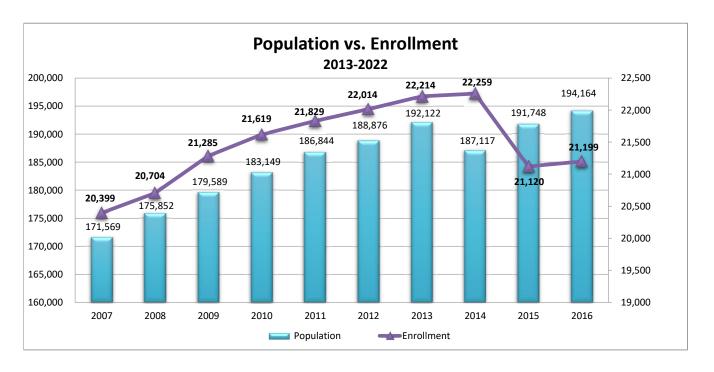
Population: U.S. Census 2021 Demographic Data Map/Estimated 2022.

Per Capita Income and Personal Income provided by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis/Estimated 2021 and 2022.

School enrollment represents 135th day provided by School District staff.

Unemployment rate provided by the S.C. Department of Employment and Workforce at June 30, 2022.

Live births provided by South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Control.



<sup>\*\*</sup> Data not available

School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate	Live Births			
20,399	6.80%	1,977			
20,704	5.90%	2,056			
21,285	6.00%	2,077			
21,619	5.20%	2,058			
21,829	4.00%	1,998			
22,014	3.30%	1,919			
22,214	3.30%	1,868			
22,259	7.40%	1,875			
21,120	3.70%	**			
21,199	3.20%	**			

# PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (UNAUDITED)

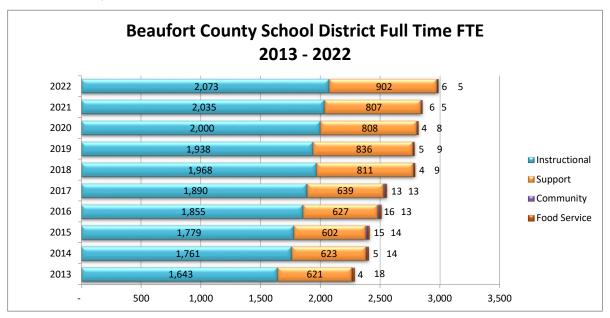
		2022			2013			
Employer (Listed Alphabetically)	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment*	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total County Employment		
Beaufort County School District	2,986	*	*	2,286	*	*		
Beaufort Memorial Hospital	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Carecore National, LLC	*	*	*	*	*	*		
County of Beaufort	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Department of Defense	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Evicore Healthcare MSI, LLC	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Gregory M Parker, Inc	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Hargray Communications Group, Inc.	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Lowes Home Centers, Inc.	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Marine Corps Community Services	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Marriott Resorts Hosp. Corp.	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Montage Hotels and Resorts, LLC	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Publix Super Markets, Inc.	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Sea Pines Resort, LLC	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Sitel Operating Corporation	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Tenet Physician Services of Hilton Head	*	*	*	*	*	*		
The Greenery, Inc.	*	*	*	*	*	*		
The Kroger Company	*	*	*	*	*	*		
University of SC	*	*	*	*	*	*		
Wal-Mart Associates, Inc.	*	*	*	*	*	*		

<sup>\*</sup>Specific information related to those employers was deemed confidential by the South Carolina Department of Employment and Workforce - 2021 Q4.

# FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT SCHOOL DISTRICT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

		Fiscal Year						
	2013	2014	2015	2016				
Function								
Governmental activities								
Instruction	1,643	1,761	1,779	1,855				
Support services	621	623	602	627				
Community services	4	5	15	16				
Business-type activities								
Food services	18	14	14	13				
Total	2,286	2,403	2,410	2,511				

Source: District Finance Department



	Fiscal Year							
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022			
1,890	1,968	1,938	2,000	2,035	2,073			
639	811	836	808	807	902			
13	4	5	4	6	6			
13	9	9	8	5	5			
2,555	2,792	2,788	2,820	2,853	2,986			

#### OPERATING STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

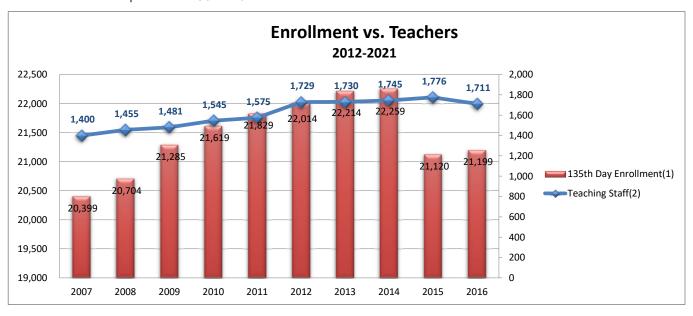
Fiscal Year		neral Fund enditures <sup>(1)</sup>	135th Day Enrollment <sup>(1)</sup>	Cost per Pupil <sup>(1)</sup>	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff <sup>(2)</sup>	Pupil/ Teacher Ratio <sup>(2)</sup>
2013	\$	176,733,234	20,399	\$ 8,664	0%	1,400	22.6 to 1
2014		181,576,037	20,704	8,770	1%	1,455	22.4 to 1
2015		188,184,322	21,285	8,841	1%	1,481	31.6 to 1
2016		201,640,200	21,619	9,327	5%	1,545	26.8 to 1
2017		214,215,158	21,829	9,813	5%	1,575	20.1 to 1
2018		225,190,158	22,014	10,229	4%	1,729	19.2 to 1
2019		236,431,471	22,214	10,643	4%	1,730	13.9 to 1
2020		242,679,136	22,259	10,903	2%	1,745	*
2021		252,409,092	21,120	11,951	10%	1,776	22.4 to 1
2022	:	273,747,783	21,199	12,913	8%	1,711	22.6 to 1

Sources: (1) District records

**NOTE:** Teaching staff are full-time equivalents for the year as a whole.

Cost per pupil is based on General Fund Expenditures and the 135th Day Enrollment.

\* Data not reported due to COVID-19



<sup>(2)</sup> South Carolina Department of Education

Student Attendance Percentage <sup>(2)</sup>	Prime Instructional Time <sup>(2)</sup>			
96.5%	89.2%			
96.7%	89.6%			
94.5%	86.1%			
95.1%	88.2%			
95.0%	89.6%			
89.1%	87.6%			
94.7%	87.2%			
*	*			
88.9%	87.3%			
90.0%	83.5%			

#### TEACHER SALARIES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year	 inimum salary <sup>(1)</sup>	aximum salary <sup>(1)</sup>	Δ	District Liverage Salary <sup>(1)</sup>	Α	atewide Average Salary <sup>(2)</sup>	Percentage of Expenditures for Teacher Salaries <sup>(2)</sup>
2013	\$ 34,467	\$ 76,054	\$	50,034	\$	49,198	52.0%
2014	34,467	76,054		49,909		49,086	53.2%
2015	34,467	76,054		49,891		49,082	56.5%
2016	34,467	76,054		49,585		48,561	57.2%
2017	35,156	77,575		50,967		48,660	57.7%
2018	35,156	77,575		51,017		*	54.5%
2019	35,506	78,351		51,643		49,737	52.6%
2020	36,928	81,485		53,898		52,210	53.5%
2021	36,928	81,485		53,346		51,780	55.2%
2022	39,066	89,647		56,357		53,081	54.6%

Source:

<sup>(1)</sup> District records

<sup>(2)</sup> South Carolina Department of Education Annual Report

<sup>\*</sup> Data not available

Average Teacher Experience (in years) <sup>(1)</sup>	Teacher Attendance Rate <sup>(2)</sup>			
12.6	94.5%			
12.6	94.8%			
12.4	93.3%			
13.3	94.6%			
12.7	94.7%			
12.8	92.2%			
9.6	92.1%			
8.7	*			
8.6	94.3%			
9.1	91.6%			

# SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal Year		
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Hilton Head Island Early Child Center (2006)				
Expanded (2016)				
Square feet	74,732	74,732	74,732	80,732
Capacity (students)	454	454	454	454
Enrollment	463	454	450	423
Beaufort Elementary School (1986)	400 505	400 505	400 -0-	400 505
Square feet	106,537	106,537	106,537	106,537
Capacity (students) Enrollment	867 672	867 617	867 542	867 519
	072	017	542	519
Coosa Elementary School (1998)	70.007	70.007	70.007	70.007
Square feet	70,337	70,337	70,337	70,337
Capacity (students) Enrollment	576 474	576 465	576 480	576 473
	474	400	400	4/3
Lady's Island Elementary (1963)			0.46	
Square feet	57,943	57,943	57,943	57,943
Capacity (students) Enrollment	485 303	485 285	485 316	485 337
	303	200	310	337
Mossy Oaks Elementary (1962)				
Square feet	62,098	62,098	62,098	62,098
Capacity (students)	493	493	493	493
Enrollment	436	430	405	404
Port Royal Elementary (1911)				
Square feet	49,151	49,151	49,151	49,151
Capacity (students) Enrollment	306 280	306 222	306 231	306 214
	200	222	231	214
St. Helena Elementary (1992) Early Child Center (2004)				
Square feet	118,482	118,482	118,482	118,482
Capacity (students)	819	819	819	819
Enrollment	463	429	441	434
Broad River Elementary (1957)				
Square feet	74,234	74,234	74,234	74,234
Capacity (students)	589	589	589	589
Enrollment	570	553	524	501
J. Shanklin Elementary (1994)				
Square feet	73,882	73,882	73,882	73,882
Capacity (students)	578	578	578	578
Enrollment	408	386	458	422
J.J. Davis Early Learning Center (1991)				
Square feet	65,045	65,045	65,045	65,045
Capacity (students)	512	512	512	512
Enrollment	171	85	98	178
Whale Branch Elementary (2000)				
Square feet	71,921	71,921	71,921	71,921
Capacity (students)	568	568	568	568
Enrollment	349	458	493	418

(Continued)

		Fiscal	Year		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
80,732	80,732	80,732	80,732	80,732	80,732
454	454	454	454	454	454
426	434	418	377	343	368
106,537	106,537	106,537	106,537	106,537	106,537
867	867	867	867	867	867
486	495	476	473	373	346
70,337	70,337	70,337	70,337	70,337	70,337
576	576	576	576	576	576
500	527	497	512	436	436
57,943	57,943	57,943	57,943	57,943	57,943
485	485	485	485	485	485
340	337	298	266	222	220
62,098	62,098	62,098	62,098	62,098	62,098
493	493	493	493	493	493
429	424	413	383	341	364
49,151	49,151	49,151	49,151	49,151	49,151
306	306	306	306	306	306
212	204	225	208	171	162
118,482	118,482	118,482	118,482	118,482	118,482
819	819	819	819	819	819
431	396	391	350	353	334
74,234	74,234	74,234	74,234	74,234	74,234
589	589	589	589	589	589
493	488	560	500	450	445
73,882	73,882	73,882	73,882	73,882	73,882
578	578	578	578	578	578
384	371	393	394	409	435
65,045	65,045	65,045	65,045	65,045	65,045
512	512	512	512	512	512
170	161	172	143	111	93
71,921	71,921	71,921	71,921	71,921	71,921
568	568	568	568	568	568
383	356	317	316	275	252

# SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	<u></u>	Fiscal Year		
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Daufuskie School (1935)				
Square feet	6,635	6,635	6,635	6,635
Capacity (students) Enrollment	64 15	64 12	64 15	64 18
<del></del>	10	12	10	10
Hilton Head Island Elementary (1974) Square feet	161,005	161,005	161,005	161,005
Capacity (students)	1,128	1,128	1,128	1,128
Enrollment	859	923	949	958
H. H. Island School for Creative Arts (1988) Split 2005				
Square feet	112,489	112,489	112,489	112,489
Capacity (students)	921	921	921	921
Enrollment	799	795	788	772
Bluffton Elementary (2000) ECC addition (2010)	400.007	400 007	400.007	400.007
Square feet Capacity (students)	128,237 946	128,237 946	128,237 946	128,237 946
Enrollment	637	728	832	617
Okatie Elementary (2004)		0	552	· · · ·
Square feet	87,383	87,383	87,383	87,383
Capacity (students)	672	672	672	672
Enrollment	640	619	692	589
M.C. Riley Elementary (1991) ECC addition (2010)				
Square feet	120,958	120,958	120,958	120,958
Capacity (students)	929	929	929	929
Enrollment	754	787	826	715
Red Cedar Elmentary (2010)	07.000	07.000	07.000	07.000
Square feet Capacity (students)	97,000 764	97,000 764	97,000 764	97,000 764
Enrollment	824	778	780	698
Pritchardville Elementary (2011) mobiles in use				
Square feet	108,960	108,960	108,960	108,960
Capacity (students) Enrollment	800 688	800 779	800 853	800 884
	000	119	000	004
River Ridge Academy (2016) mobiles in use Square feet	_	_	143,742	143,742
Capacity (students)	-	-	1,013	1,013
Enrollment	-	-	-	952
Beaufort Middle (1959) Remodeled as Middle School (2002)				
Square feet	125,890	125,890	125,890	125,890
Capacity (students)	793 631	793 616	793	793
Enrollment  ** students attended Humanities School at Burrough Avenue Building	031	010	559	533
Lady's Island Middle (1984) Square feet	141,616	141.616	141,616	141.616
Capacity (students)	1,088	1,088	1,088	1,088
Enrollment	733	734	536	522
Robert Smalls International Academy (1984)				
Square feet	148,619	148,619	148,619	148,619
Capacity (students)	1,087	1,087	1,087	1,087
Enrollment	618	611	745	713
Mhala Danah Middle (2000)	,			445
· ·	110 510	112,512	112,512	112,512
Whale Branch Middle (2000) Square feet Capacity (attudents)	112,512		,	
,	864 400	864 396	864 415	864 401

		Fiscal	Year		
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
6,635	6,635	6,635	6,635	6,635	6,635
64	64	64	64	64	64
21	23	20	20	27	35
161 005	161 005	161 005	161 005	161 005	464.005
161,005 1,128	161,005 1,128	161,005 1,128	161,005 1,128	161,005 1,128	161,005 1,128
934	951	888	844	776	740
112,489	112,489	112,489	112,489	112,489	112,489
921	921	921	921	921	921
726	663	644	625	568	511
128,237	128,237 946	128,237	128,237 946	128,237	128,237
946 670	693	946 751	787	946 775	946 726
070	093	751	701	775	720
87,383	87,383	87,383	87,383	87,383	87,383
672	672	672	672	672	672
592	616	636	613	569	566
120,958	120,958	120,958	120,958	120,958	120,958
929	929	929	929	929	929
723	772	751	755	715	769
97,000	97,000	97,000	97,000	97,000	97,000
764	764	764	764	764	764
687	669	681	707	581	618
100.000	400.000	400.000	400.000	400.000	400.000
108,960 800	108,960 800	108,960 800	108,960 1,000	108,960 1,000	108,960 1,000
854	832	892	956	900	1,035
					•
143,742	143,742	143,742	143,742	168,342	168,342
1,013	1,013	1,013	1,213	1,213	1,213
1,090	1,191	1,224	1,208	1,100	1,098
125,890	125,890	125,890	125,890	125,890	125,890
793	793	793	793	793	793
495	490	473	502	456	422
141,616	141,616	141,616	141,616	141,616	141,616
1,088	1,088 554	1,088 545	1,088 554	1,088 513	1,088 472
555	554	545	554	515	4/2
148,619	148,619	148,619	148,619	148,619	148,619
1,087	1,087	1,087	1,087	1,087	1,087
717	718	709	740	641	660
112,512	112,512	112,512	112,512	112,512	112,512
864	864	864	864	864	864
386	367	355	350	359	334

# SCHOOL BUILDING INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Fiscal	l Year	
	2013	2014	2015	2016
Hilton Head Island Middle (1992) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	131,188	131,188	131,188	131,188
	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007
	945	976	989	977
H.E. McCracken Middle (2000) mobiles in use Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	148,460 909 925	148,460 909 976	148,460 909 1,121	148,460 909 1,074
Bluffton Middle (2011) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	142,711	142,711	142,711	142,711
	1,035	1,035	1,035	1,035
	1,010	1,096	1,038	932
Beaufort High (2000) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	217,234	217,234	217,234	217,234
	1,595	1,595	1,595	1,595
	1,363	1,328	1,338	1,305
Battery Creek High (1992) Cate Expansion (2016) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	216,755	216,755	216,755	230,755
	1,585	1,585	1,585	1,585
	748	766	807	845
Hilton Head Island High (1983) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	173,498	173,498	173,498	173,498
	1,382	1,382	1,382	1,382
	1,188	1,254	1,267	1,286
Bluffton High (2005) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	218,418	218,418	218,418	218,418
	1,434	1,434	1,434	1,434
	1,095	1,126	1,253	1,392
Whale Branch Early College High (2011) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	124,000	124,000	124,000	124,000
	611	611	611	611
	485	532	517	479
May River High (2017) mobiles in use Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
Islands Academy (Established 2016 in DESC building closed FY2018) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment	- - -	- - -	- - -	150 70
Riverview Charter School (2010) Addition (2017) Square feet Capacity (students) Enrollment (Moved to Shell Point Elementary School in 2013)	70,724	70,724	70,724	70,724
	536	536	536	536
	453	488	527	564

Source: School District Facilities Office

**NOTE:** Fiscal year of original construction is shown in parentheses. Increases in square footage and capacity are the result of renovations and additions. Based on 135th day enrollment.

Fiscal Year					
2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
131,188	131,188	131,188	131,188	131,188	131,188
1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007	1,007
1,012	990	1,018	954	874	837
148,460	148,460	148,460	148,460	148,460	148,460
909	909	909	1,009	1,009	1,009
661	743	806	908	939	945
142,711	142,711	142,711	142,711	142,711	142,711
1,035	1,035	1,035	1,035	1,035	1,035
773	772	801	860	841	879
217,234	217,234	217,234	217,234	217,234	217,234
1,595	1,595	1,595	1,595	1,595	1,595
1,301	1,295	1,303	1,239	1,173	1,136
230,755	230,755	230,755	230,755	230,755	230,755
1,585	1,585	1,585	1,585	1,585	1,585
817	752	721	725	754	756
173,498	173,498	173,498	173,498	173,498	173,498
1,382	1,382	1,382	1,382	1,382	1,382
1,259	1,249	1,229	1,287	1,298	1,301
218,418	218,418	218,418	218,418	218,418	218,418
1,434	1,434	1,434	1,434	1,434	1,434
1,201	1,128	1,168	1,168	1,231	1,270
124,000	124,000	124,000	124,000	124,000	124,000
611	611	611	611	611	611
497	445	442	430	424	416
238,616	238,616	238,616	238,616	275,497	275,497
1,400	1,400	1,400	1,520	1,520	1,520
947	1,200	1,343	1,413	1,444	1,533
150 57	150 70	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
93,024	93,024	93,024	93,024	93,024	93,024
760	760	760	760	760	760
600	638	654	692	678	685

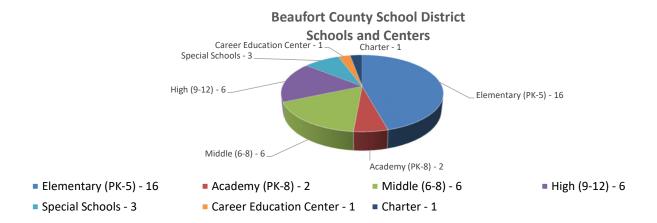
### MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Beaufort County was created by the Legislative Act in 1785.

Area: 588 square miles

Form of County Government: County Council consisting of 11 elected members with an appointed full-time County Administrator.

Board of Education: Consisting of 11 elected members with an appointed Superintendent.



Accreditation:

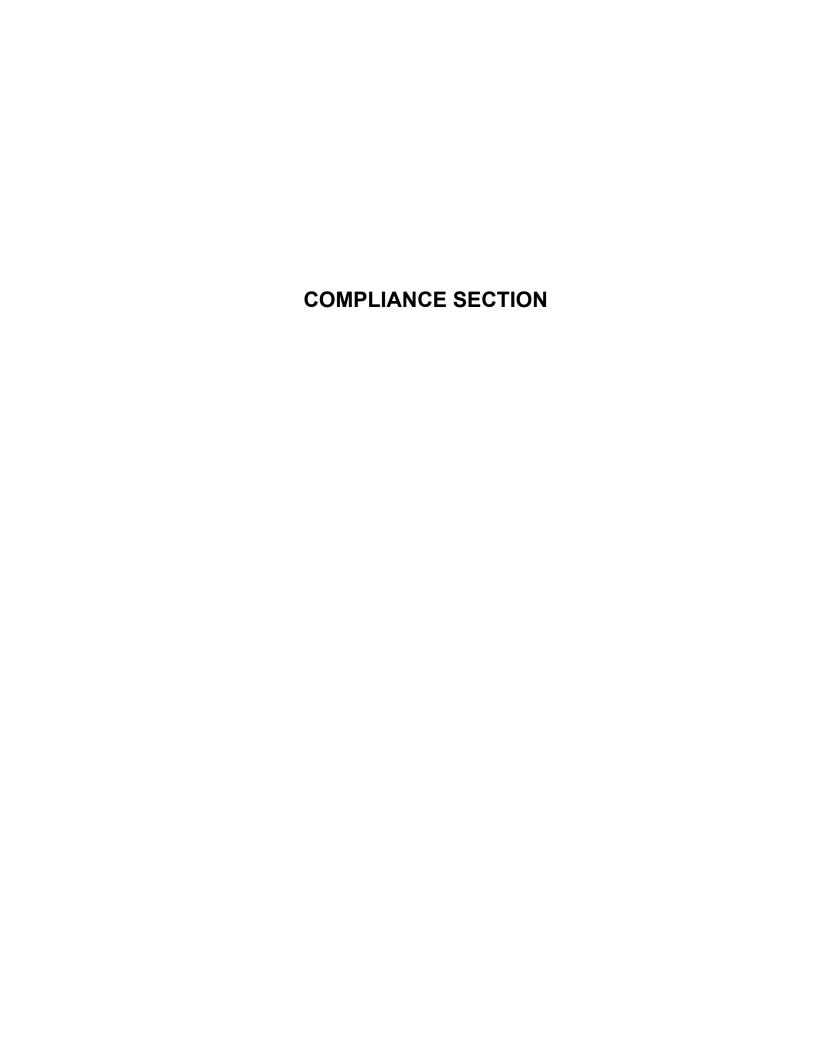
State of South Carolina - All schools accredited Southern Association of Schools and Colleges - All schools accredited

135th Day Enrollment: 21,199

Number of Full-Time Employees:

Teachers 1,711 Others 1,275

Average Bi-Weekly Payroll: \$6,797,100





# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Members of the Board of Trustees Beaufort County School District Beaufort, South Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **Beaufort County School District** (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 1, 2022. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the Riverview Charter School as described in our report on the School District's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing of internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jerkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia December 1, 2022



## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Members of the Board of Trustees Beaufort County School District Beaufort, South Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the **Beaufort County School District's** (the "School District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the Summary of Auditor's Results section of the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the School District's federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
  perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
  evidence regarding the School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above
  and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
  design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
  over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion
  on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Savannah, Georgia December 1, 2022

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

LEA Subfund		Federal AL	Pass-Through Entity	Passed Through to	Total Federal
und Code	Fed. Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Number	Identifying Number	Subrecipients	Expenditures
	U.S. Department of Agriculture  Passed through S.C. Department of Education  Child Nutrition Cluster:				
600	USDA Commodities	10.555	N/A	\$ -	\$ 844,8
600	School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	<u>-</u>	3,317,1
600	School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	_	10,298,8
600	Summer Feeding Program	10.559	N/A	_	277,7
600	COVID-19 Supply Chain Assistance Fund	10.555	N/A	_	390,8
600	COVID-19 Child Nutrition Emergency Operational Costs			_	
000	Reimbursement Program	10.568	N/A	-	403,7
600	Fresh Fruits and Vegetable Grant	10.582	N/A		31,3
	Total Child Nutrition Cluster Subtotal U.S. Department of Agriculture				15,564,6 15,564,6
					15,564,0
	Passed through S.C. Department of Social Services				
600	Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	5SC300329	-	345,3
600	Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	5SC300329		75,2
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				15,985,2
	U.S. Department of Education Passed through S.C. Department of Education				
201	Title I - Current Year	84.010	H63010100122	-	5,502,2
202	Title I - Prior Year	84.010	H63010100121	_	2,404,5
202	Title I - Prior Year	84.010	H63010100120	-	52,1
237	Title I Targeted Support and Improvement ("ATSI")	84.010A	H63010100121	_	242,6
237	Title I Targeted Support and Improvement ("ATSI")	84.010A	H63010100120	_	83,4
20.	rias i raigetea eappertana imprevenient (711-et 7	01.0107	1100010100120		8,285,
	Special Education ("IDEA") Cluster:				
203	Children with Disabilities IDEA	84.027	H63010100922	125,267	2,416,8
203	Children with Disabilities IDEA	84.027	H63010100921		2,052,
203	Children with Disabilities IDEA - 19 Carryover	84.027	H63010100920	_	364,4
203	Children with Disabilities IDEA Supplemental	84.027	H63010100919	_	32,6
230	COVID-19 IDEA/ARP	84.027X	H63010ARP922		539,6
205	IDEA Preschool Grants Handicapped Capacity	84.173	H63010100822	_	177,
205	IDEA Preschool Grants Handicapped Capacity	84.173	H63010100821	_	115,7
230	COVID-19 IDEA Preschool/ARP	84.173X	H63010ARP822		16,3
200	GOVID-10 IDEAT TOSCHOOLIAIC	04.1757	1100010ART 022	125,267	5,715,1
100	Other Programs:	84.041	N/A		77,1
	Impact Aid			-	
207	Occupational Education	84.048A	H63010107122	-	295,9
210	Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	H63010100322	-	169,9
210	Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	H63010100321	-	404,7
210	Title IV Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424A	H63010100320	-	69,7
218	COVID-19 American Rescue Plan (ARP/ESSER III)	84.425U	H63010497523	-	13,347,8
220	COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund - ESSER I	84.425D	H63010497520	-	659,8
225	COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund - ESSER II	84.425D	H63010497522	-	8,582,7
232	McKinney-Vento Homeless	84.196A	H63010108921	-	3,2
232	McKinney-Vento Homeless	84.196A	H63010108920	-	18,9
243	Adult Education	84.002	H63010101022	-	121,8
243	Adult Education - Institutionalized	84.002	H63010101022	-	28,0
243	Adult Education - Reverted Funds	84.002	H63010101022	-	14,1
243	Adult Education - Reverted Funds	84.002	H63010101021	-	9,
264	Title III - Language Instr. for Limited English Proficient and Immigrant Students	84.365A	H63010006722	-	20,7
264	Title III - Language Instr. for Limited English Proficient and Immigrant Students	84.365A	H63010006721	-	233,7
264	Title III - FY20 Immigrant Grant	84.365A	H63010006720	-	17,
264	Title III - FY19 Immigrant Grant	84.365A	H63010006719	_	6,8
267	Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	H63010006822	_	393,6
267	Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	H63010006821	- -	435,
267	Improving Teacher Quality	84.367A	H63010006820	-	74,0
293	Med-Tech 7	84.165A	S165A210048-21A	_	2,041,8
200	Total Other Programs	04.100/4	0100A210040-21A		27,027,
	Total of U.S. Department of Education			125,267	41,027,
	Department of Health and Human Services Passed through S.C. Department of Education			.==,201	,
290	YRBS/YTS Administration	93.079	N/A		(
200	Total Department of Health and Human Services	55.018	14/7		
	rotar Department or rieditir allu Hulliali Oct Vices			-	

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

LEA Subfund Fund Code	Fed. Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients		Total Federal Expenditures
	U. S. Department of Defense Direct Program					
295	ROTC	12.000	N/A	\$ -	\$	400,980
296	Military Connected Local Education Agencies for Academic & Supporting Programs Total U.S. Department of Defense	12.556	HE1254211005			39,089 440,069
100	Federal Emergency Management Assistance FEMA Disaster Assistance Total Federal Emergency Management Assistance	97.036	N/A	<u></u>		4,998 4,998
808	Federal Communications Commission Emergency Connectivity Fund Total Federal Communications Commission	32.009	N/A	<u>-</u>	· <u></u>	2,528,778 2,528,778
	Total expenditures of federal awards			\$ 125,267	\$	59,987,310

### NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the Beaufort County School District (the "School District"), and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Therefore, some amounts presented in the schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

### NOTE 2. DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The School District chose not to use the 10% de minimis cost rate for the year ended June 30, 2022.

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements						
Type of report the auditor issued on whether the fin	nancial					
statements audited were prepared in accordance w	Unmodified					
Internal control over financial reporting:						
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes <u>X</u> No				
Significant deficiencies identified?		Yes <u>X</u> None Reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statements not	Yes _ <u>X</u> No					
Federal Awards						
Internal control over major federal programs:						
Material weaknesses identified?		Yes <u>X</u> No				
Significant deficiencies identified?		Yes _X_ None Reported				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for m	Unmodified					
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be	reported in					
accordance with 2 CFR 200.416(a)?		Yes <u>X</u> No				
Identification of major programs:						
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster					
	·	U.S. Department of Education – Passed Through S.C.  Department of Education				
84.165A	Med-Tech 7	ucation				
84.027/84.173	Special Education ("IDEA") Cluster					
,		ion Stabilization Fund - ESSER I and II/				
04.42 <i>00</i> /04.4200	American Rescue Plan – ESSER III					
	Federal Communica	ations Commission				
32.009	Emergency Connec	Emergency Connectivity Fund				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between						
Type A and Type B programs:		\$1,799,619				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X Yes No				

### SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

### SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

None reported.

### SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

### SECTION IV SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS

None reported.