

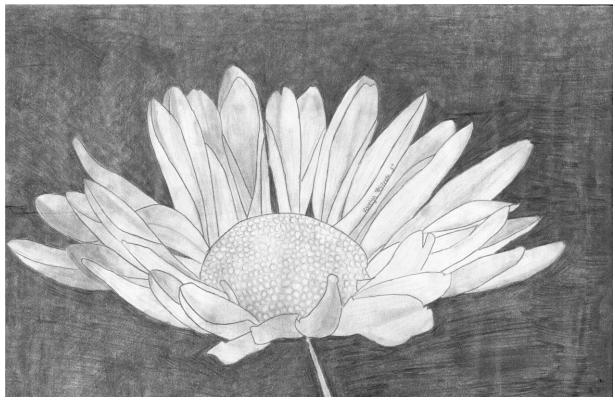
Jacob Patterson – 2nd grade Ledgemont Elementary

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

> Berkshire Local School District Burton, Ohio

Berkshire Local School District Burton, Ohio

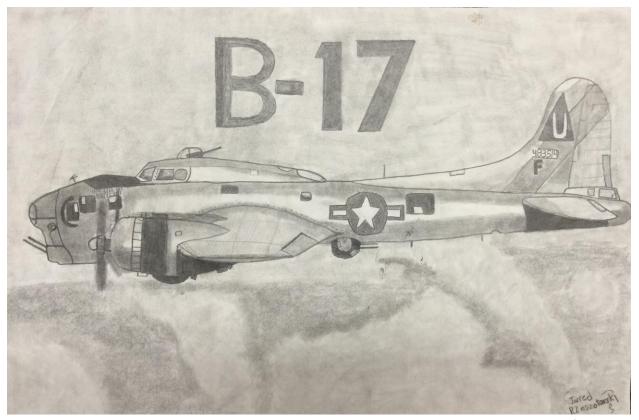
COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



Katelyn Zeliznak – 8th grade Berkshire High School

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Prepared by Beth A. McCaffrey Treasurer



Jarred Rzeszotarski – 8th grade Berkshire High School

Introductory Section

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December 18, 2015

Board of Education Members Berkshire Local School District

We are pleased to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Berkshire Local School District (the "School District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This CAFR enables the School District to comply with Ohio Administrative Code Section 117-2-03 (B), which requires reporting on a GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) basis, and Ohio Revised Code Section 117.38 which requires school districts reporting on a GAAP basis to file an annual report with the Auditor of State within 150 days of the fiscal year end.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that has been established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Under Ohio law, regular audits are required to be performed on all financial related operations of the School District. These audits may be done by either the State Auditor's Office or, if the State Auditor permits, an independent public accounting firm. For fiscal year 2015, the School District was audited by the Auditor of State's Office. Their unmodified opinion is included in the financial section of this CAFR.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the Independent Auditors' Report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The School District

The Berkshire Local School District is located in eastern Geauga County and encompasses seventy (70) square miles which includes Burton Village and the Townships of Burton, Claridon and Troy. The School District operates under a locally-elected Board form of government. This Board manages the School District's three instructional/support facilities staffed by 43.5 non-certificated employees, 70 certificated full time teaching personnel and 7 administrative employees to provide services to 906 students and other community members.

The School District was established in June 1967 and is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under these provisions, there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the School District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms. Statutorily, the School District operates under standards prescribed by the Ohio State Board of Education as provided in division (D) of Section 3301.07 of the Ohio Revised Code to provide services mandated by State and Federal agencies.

The Berkshire Local School District provides a comprehensive array of educational programs and services to students in two buildings:

- <u>Berkshire Junior Senior High School</u> built in 1936, with additions in 1973 and 2002, houses 480 students from grades 7 through 12.
- <u>Burton Elementary School</u> built in 1959, with an addition in 1962, and modular addition in 2009, houses 426 students from grades kindergarten through 6.

The Burton Elementary School provides general and special education services to children ranging from kindergarten through the sixth grade. The Berkshire Junior High/High School provides general, special education and vocational education services to students ranging from the seventh grade through the twelfth grade. Course offerings, supplemented by extra-curricular opportunities, provide students with the skills necessary to pursue post-high school educational and career goals.

The School District's cost-per-pupil is consistently among the lowest for Geauga County school districts. The results of achievement, competency and proficiency testing continue to substantiate the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process in the School District.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Berkshire Local School District's financial planning and control. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at fund level for all funds. The Treasurer has been given authority to allocate board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund. Transfers between funds, however, need special approval from the Board.

Economic Condition and Outlook

The Berkshire Local School District is noteworthy for a variety of reasons. It is rural and includes part of the second largest Amish population in Ohio, yet it is an easy commute to Cleveland, a major metropolitan center. The population contains a relatively high number of senior citizens, testimony to the fact that the region is a safe, desirable place to live. Property values have remained steady despite the unpredictable economy. Several businesses are located in the area such as Great Lakes Cheese Company, Excel Polymers, LLC, Troy Manufacturing, Burton Floral and Garden, Preston Superstore, and TRC Manufacturing.

Many smaller run service businesses are located throughout the School District community. Adding to a strong small business base are construction, remodeling, plumbing, landscaping, door service, concrete, paving, hardware, coin-operated laundromat, and water softener businesses owned by people of the community. Professional service businesses such as insurance, attorneys' offices, credit union, banks, and accountants also contribute to the local economy. Many of these have been around for more than twenty years. Kent State Geauga Campus has begun an expansion project to bring more class offerings to the area. Currently they offer associates degrees in arts and sciences, accounting technology, business management technology, and computer technology along with baccalaureate degrees in business management technology and general studies. The commercial base, though growing and changing, is still rather small compared to more densely populated areas and neighboring school districts.

The high school and elementary building are located in Burton Village, known for its historical atmosphere – a place where history lives. Around the center of town and in the surrounding area are many specialty shops that add to the charm of the Village and to the local economy. These include All Matters, Inc., A.H., Christiansons, Beaches and Dreams Travel, Buckeye Chocolate Company, Burton County Village Antiques, Coffee Corners Antiques, John's Photography, Little Pond Graphic Productions, White House Chocolates, Sweetbriar Suri Alpaca Farm, and Sunrise Farm Market. After a day of unique shopping, one can take in a good meal at Tom and Jerry's, Burton Family Restaurant, or J.C's Restaurant; all are within walking distance of the square and the shops. One can end the day at the Red Maple Inn or the Goodwin Bed and Breakfast.

Burton is host to Century Village. This museum is open year round sharing a part of history with over twenty historically accurate buildings on sixty-five acres, 20,000 museum artifacts that depict a Western Reserve Village from 1798 to 1900 and a working farm with a sugar bush maintained for making maple syrup. Many events and festivals are held bringing in thousands of visitors to the area each year including music festivals, Civil War reenactments and the Apple Butter Festival. The Great Geauga County Fair, the oldest fair in Ohio, is held Labor Day weekend and shares the country atmosphere with over 100,000 visitors each year. Many events are real crowd pleasers such as the rooster flying contest hosted by Dick Goddard, cow milking, the demolition derby, and the battle of the fire departments. Two large antique fairs are held on the fairgrounds every May and September, as are other events throughout the year bringing in many visitors to the area and adding to the local economy.

School District Local Funding

The funding structure of public education in Ohio is such that school districts receive very little revenue growth as a result of inflationary increases in their tax base. This is a result of House Bill 920 which mandates that any increases in assessed real property values as a result of reappraisal result in a corresponding decrease in millage rate. This keeps the tax receipts the same as when the levy was first placed on the ballot. As a result, school districts throughout Ohio must place operating funding levies on the ballot at regular intervals to keep pace with inflation and added programming.

School District management will carefully control expenses during the coming years to continue to assure tax levy revenues are adequate and well spent. A one percent tax levy on earned income was approved by voters in May of 2007, with collection beginning in 2008. This levy replaced a .75 percent income tax on all income. Because of cuts in State funding, reduced revenues from the phasing out of the tangible personal property tax and increased costs in health care, bus fuel, and utilities, the School District was forced to return to the ballot for additional operating revenues. The earned income tax levy was the best option for the School District as it has a history of not passing operating levies. The option to change the current income tax levy to an earned income tax levy was just allowed in 2006 and the Board took advantage of this option to continue needed funding for the School District.

During fiscal year 2015, the School District maintained a restrictive budget and monitored costs to end the fiscal year with a conservative balance. The School District has continued to closely monitor expenditures as a result of declining revenue and anticipated revenue losses in the coming years. Various cost cutting measures including sharing transportation arrangements with other nearby districts when feasible. These efforts were made to attempt to keep ahead of the rising cost of utilities and fuel and building maintenance repairs. The School District is striving to maintain a quality education for its students within a tight budget.

Long-Term Planning

Annually, the School District prepares a five-year financial forecast in accordance with State law. The financial forecast is the foundation for the School District's operations and is used as a financial planning tool to assist the School District in determining its ability to meet certain financial obligations and plan future funding needs. The forecast shows revenues and expenditures for the general operating fund for the past three fiscal years and projects revenues and expenditures for the ensuing five-year period. Through a collaborative process, the administration assists the Board of Education in determining and prioritizing the needs of the School District.

Major Initiatives

Strategic Planning/Long-term Financial Goals

For the future of the School District, the Board needs to evaluate the current and future revenue sources and expenditures and the needs of our facilities, and review curriculum and staffing needs at all levels. The

Board is currently exploring the possibility of collaboration efforts with Kent State University, Newbury Local Schools and Cardinal Local Schools. The Board wants to make sure the needs of the School District are met with the lowest financial impact on the community.

To offset declining enrollment, the School District expanded their open enrollment policy in 2012 to include students at the Kindergarten through sixth grade levels. For fiscal year 2015, an additional one hundred and one students open enrolled to the School District. The School District will continue the expanded open enrollment policy in the 2015/2016 school year.

No Child Left Behind Compliance

Unfunded federal mandates require additional extensive diagnostic and achievement testing of students. Berkshire Local School District has complied with such requirements. As such testing is introduced at various grade levels, the School District is working with the assessment instruments provided by the State of Ohio. In addition, Berkshire Local School District teachers are being measured by the No Child Left Behind standard of "highly qualified" in relationship to their teaching assignments.

Federal Projects

The School District files applications for federal funds electronically utilizing the Consolidated Local Plan. This allows the director to coordinate the application to the goals of the Continuous Improvement Plan. The School District continues to apply for all federal funds for which the School District is eligible. This includes the Title IIA Grant allowing for professional development opportunities for teachers and the Title I Reading Recovery program to improve the reading for eligible students at the elementary school. Student readiness for advancement in each grade has been the primary focus of these services.

Educational Programs and Facilities Improvements

One of the most successful programs instituted in the last ten years is the all day every day kindergarten program. The benefits of this program have moved the Board to consider other options for cost saving measures instead of reverting back to the half-day program. Given the lack of pre-schools in the area, all day programs for kindergarten become even more important.

During the 2015 school year, the School District's curriculum included a wide range of electives and comprehensive courses of study in college preparatory, liberal arts and vocational programs. Advanced placement courses are offered at the high school in Biology, Calculus and Chemistry. The high school offers over 180 courses on the main campus with over 50 additional vocational offerings at Auburn Career Center.

The School District regularly assesses the needs of the buildings and what facility improvements are needed for that school year. Minor repairs and updates have been made during the current year while looking to the major needs and planning for those projects in the near future. The Facilities Committee has spent much time reviewing the needs, prioritizing them and planning a schedule of completion.

Awards

GFOA Certificate of Achievement

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Berkshire Local School District for its

comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The publication of this report is a significant step toward elevating the professional standards for Berkshire Local School District's financial reporting. We believe it enhances the School District's accountability to the residents and provides all interested parties with a broad historical perspective of the Berkshire Local School District's financial and demographic information. The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the Treasurer's Office staff, Jaime Berman and Bonnie Makowski. Assistance from the Geauga County Auditor's staff and outside agencies made possible the fair presentation of statistical data.

Special appreciation is expressed to the Local Government Services' section of the State Auditor Dave Yost's office for assistance in the planning, designing and reviewing of this financial report.

Finally, sincere appreciation is extended to the Board of Education for their support for this project and their continued commitment to providing quality education for the students in our community.

Respectfully submitted,

Beth a MCaffur

Beth A. McCaffrey Treasurer

Doughs O. Mong

Douglas Delong Superintendent

Principal Officials June 30, 2015

Board of Education

Jim Koster	President
Kimberly Brown	Vice-President
John Manfredi	
Lee Imhof	Member
Tim Honkala	

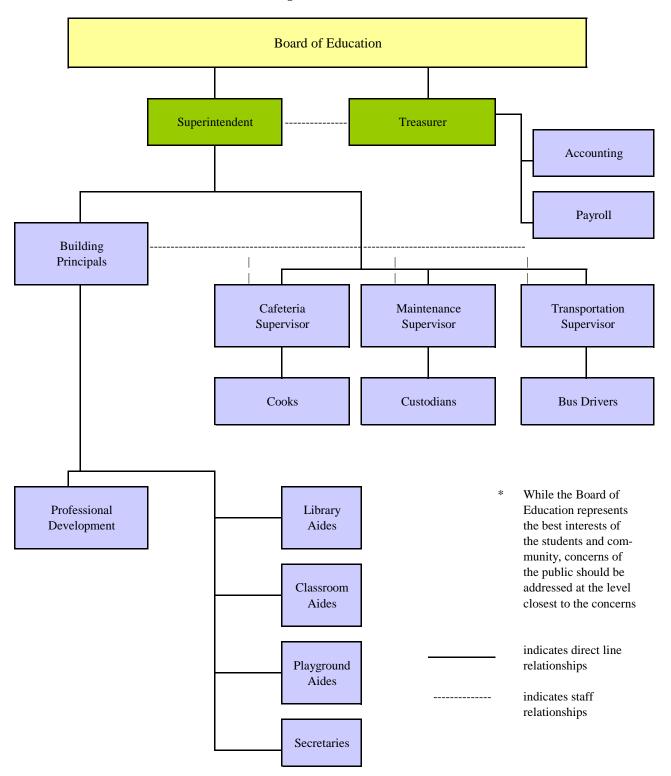
Treasurer

Mrs. Beth A. McCaffrey

Superintendent

Mr. Douglas Delong

Organizational Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Berkshire Local School District Ohio

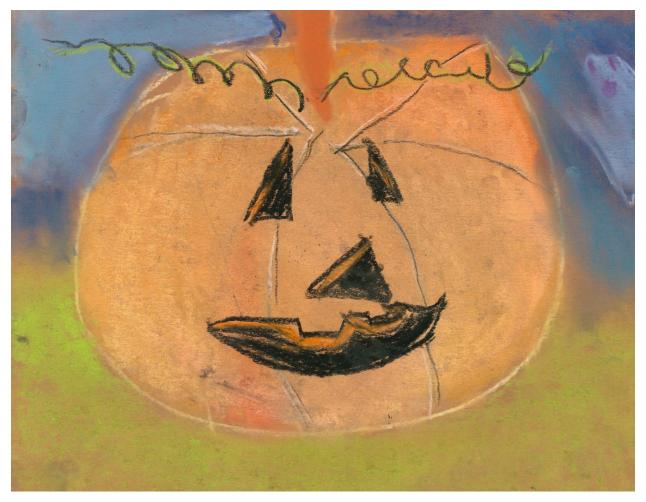
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2014

Afry R. Ener

Executive Director/CEO

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Georgia Clark – 2nd grade Burton Elementary

Financial Section



Dave Yost • Auditor of State

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Berkshire Local School District Geauga County 14259 Claridon Troy Road, Box 364 Burton, Ohio 44021-0364

To the Board of Education:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Berkshire Local School District, Geauga County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for preparing and fairly presenting these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes designing, implementing, and maintaining internal control relevant to preparing and fairly presenting financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to opine on these financial statements based on our audit. We audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the financial audit standards in the Comptroller General of the United States' *Government Auditing Standards*. Those standards require us to plan and perform the audit to reasonably assure the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit requires obtaining evidence about financial statement amounts and disclosures. The procedures selected depend on our judgment, including assessing the risks of material financial statement misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In assessing those risks, we consider internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not to the extent needed to opine on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of management's accounting policies and the reasonableness of their significant accounting estimates, as well as our evaluation of the overall financial statement presentation.

We believe the audit evidence we obtained is sufficient and appropriate to support our audit opinions.

Berkshire Local School District Geauga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Berkshire Local School District, Geauga County, Ohio, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General fund thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 3 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2015, the District adopted Governmental Accounting Standard No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* and Statement No. 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date.* We did not modify our opinion regarding this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require this presentation to include *Management's discussion and analysis*, and schedules of net pension liabilities and pension contributions listed in the table of contents, to supplement the basic financial statements. Although this information is not part of the basic financial statements, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board considers it essential for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, consisting of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, to the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not opine or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to opine or provide any other assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted to opine on the District's basic financial statements taken as a whole.

The introductory section, the financial section's combining statements, individual fund schedules and the statistical section information present additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The statements and schedules are management's responsibility, and derive from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. We subjected these statements and schedules to the auditing procedures we applied to the basic financial statements. We also applied certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and schedules directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, these statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

We did not subject the introductory section and statistical section information to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion or any other assurance on them.

Berkshire Local School District Geauga County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2015, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. That report describes the scope of our internal control testing over financial reporting and compliance, and the results of that testing, and does not opine on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

thre yout

Dave Yost Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

December 18, 2015

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Berkshire Local School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

The management's discussion and analysis of Berkshire Local School District's (the School District) financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, the basic financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key Financial Highlights for fiscal year 2015 are as follows:

- Total net position of governmental activities increased \$626,445 which represents a 6.55 percent increase from fiscal year 2014.
- Total revenues of \$13,188,923 were comprised of general revenues in the amount of \$11,156,081 or 84.59 percent and program specific revenues from charges for services, grants and contributions in the amount of \$2,032,842 or 15.41 percent.
- The School District leased two new buses in fiscal year 2015, through the general fund. A new Cisco Meraki wireless network was implemented district wide with the majority of it being funded through grant monies. A new public address system and playground fencing was installed at Burton Elementary. New scoreboards, sound system and bleachers were installed at the high school gymnasium. District wide improvements included repairs to asphalt and roofs throughout the District. These purchases were made through the permanent improvement levy. This levy was renewed, one year early, on the November 2013 ballot for five additional years.

Using the Basic Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Berkshire Local School District as a financial whole, or complete operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate and longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements explain how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the School District's most significant funds with all other nonmajor funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Berkshire Local School District, the general fund is by far the most significant fund.

Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While these statements contain information about the large number of funds used by the School District to provide programs and activities, the view of the School District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2015?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all non-fiduciary assets and liabilities

using the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the School District's current property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, all of the School District's activities are classified as governmental. All of the School District's programs and services are reported here including instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, operation of food services and extracurricular activities.

Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

The analysis of the School District's major funds begins on page 12. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the School District's major funds. The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these fund financial statements focus on the School District's most significant funds. The School District's major governmental funds are the general fund and the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

Governmental Funds Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary Fund The School District maintains a proprietary fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the School District's various functions. The School District's internal service fund accounts for dental and prescription claims self-insurance. The proprietary fund uses the accrual basis of accounting.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the School District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected on the government-wide financial statements because the resources from these funds are not available to support the School District's programs. These funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for 2015 compared to 2014:

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

Table 1

Net Position

Governmental Activities

	2015	2014	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$7,634,150	\$7,324,958	\$309,192
Capital Assets, net	3,593,605	3,484,653	108,952
Total Assets	11,227,755	10,809,611	418,144
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	930,802	750,375	180,427
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	1,326,559	1,220,194	106,365
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due Within One Year	345,865	328,615	17,250
Due In More Than One Year			
Other Amounts	844,007	807,606	36,401
Net Pension Liability	12,671,110	15,054,007	(2,382,897)
Total Liabilities	15,187,541	17,410,422	123,615
Deferred Inflows of Resources	0 (1 5 50)		(0.2, 1, 1.0)
Property Taxes	3,615,720	3,709,160	(93,440)
Pension	2,288,447		2,288,447
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,904,167	3,709,160	2,195,007
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,260,556	3,206,253	54,303
Restricted for:	-, -,	-, -,	- ,
Capital Projects	77,674	247,599	(169,925)
Set Asides	39,468	39,468	0
Other Purposes	124,233	64,040	60,193
Unrestricted	(12,435,082)	(13,116,956)	681,874
Total Net Position	(\$8,933,151)	(\$9,559,596)	\$626,445
	(\$0,700,101)	(+),200,000	<i>4020,110</i>

During 2015, the School District adopted GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27," which significantly revises accounting for pension costs and liabilities. For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and the net pension liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board standards are national and apply to all government financial reports prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. When accounting for pension costs, GASB 27 focused on a funding approach. This approach limited pension costs to contributions annually required by law, which may or may not be sufficient to fully fund each plan's *net pension liability*. GASB 68 takes an earnings approach to pension accounting; however, the nature of Ohio's statewide pension systems and state law governing those systems requires additional explanation in order to properly understand the information presented in these statements.

Under the new standards required by GASB 68, the net pension liability equals the School District's proportionate share of each plan's collective:

- 1. Present value of estimated future pension benefits attributable to active and inactive employees' past service
- 2. Minus plan assets available to pay these benefits

GASB notes that pension obligations, whether funded or unfunded, are part of the "employment exchange" that is, the employee is trading his or her labor in exchange for wages, benefits, and the promise of a future pension. GASB noted that the unfunded portion of this pension promise is a present obligation of the government, part of a bargained-for benefit to the employee, and should accordingly be reported by the government as a liability since they received the benefit of the exchange. However, the School District is not responsible for certain key factors affecting the balance of this liability. In Ohio, the employee shares the obligation of funding pension benefits with the employer. Both employer and employee contribution rates are capped by State statute. A change in these caps requires action of both Houses of the General Assembly and approval of the Governor. Benefit provisions are also determined by State statute. The employee enters the employer enters the exchange also knowing that there is a specific, legal limit to its contribution to the pension system. In Ohio, there is no legal means to enforce the unfunded liability of the pension system *as against the public employer*. State law operates to mitigate/lessen the moral obligation of the public employee, because all parties enter the employment exchange with notice as to the law. The pension system is responsible for the administration of the plan.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability. As explained above, changes in pension benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of the net pension liability, but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required pension payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability is satisfied, this liability is separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

As a result of implementing GASB 68, the School District is reporting a net pension liability and deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension on the accrual basis of accounting. This implementation also had the effect of restating net position at June 30, 2014, from \$4,744,036 to (\$9,559,596).

By comparing assets and liabilities, one can see the overall position of the School District has increased as evidenced by the increase in net position. Management continues to diligently plan expenses, staying carefully within the School District's revenues in an effort to maintain the durations between its levy requests.

In order to further understand what makes up the changes in net position for the current year, the following table gives readers further details regarding the results of activities for the current year. Table 2 shows total revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the fiscal years 2015 and 2014.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

Table 2

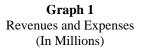
Governmental Activities

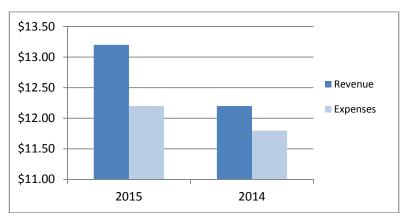
	2015	2014	Change
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$879,164	\$887,057	(\$7,893)
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,153,678	647,311	506,367
Total Program Revenues	2,032,842	1,534,368	498,474
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	4,997,029	4,534,888	462,141
Income Taxes	1,969,869	2,009,045	(39,176)
Grants and Entitlements	4,135,157	4,023,930	111,227
Investments, Earnings	5,463	5,439	24
Unrestricted Contributions	840	3,680	(2,840)
Miscellaneous	47,723	48,801	(1,078)
Total General Revenues	11,156,081	10,625,783	530,298
Total Revenues	13,188,923	12,160,151	1,028,772
Program Expenses			
Instruction:			
Regular	5,559,328	5,060,982	(498,346)
Special	1,503,851	1,556,460	52,609
Vocational	4,181	33,765	29,584
Student Intervention	107,764	90,120	(17,644)
Support Services	,	,	
Pupil	665,385	603,317	(62,068)
Instructional Staff	327,824	293,308	(34,516)
Board of Education	92,855	76,731	(16,124)
Administration	1,079,853	1,182,343	102,490
Fiscal	426,786	429,912	3,126
Business	2,270	2,904	634
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,179,273	1,036,171	(143,102)
Pupil Transportation	943,414	875,550	(67,864)
Operation of Community Services	438	955	517
Operation of Food Services	250,013	264,347	14,334
Extracurricular Activities	411,667	369,113	(42,554)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,576	5,329	(2,247)
Total Program Expenses	12,562,478	11,881,307	(681,171)
Change in Net Position	626,445	278,844	\$347,601
Net Position Beginning of Year	(9,559,596)	N/A	
Net Position End of Year	(\$8,933,151)	(\$9,559,596)	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

Graph 1 Revenues and Expenses (In Millions)

	2015	2014
Revenues	\$13.2	\$12.2
Expenses	12.6	11.9





The information necessary to restate the 2014 beginning balances and the 2014 pension expense amounts for the effects of the initial implementation of GASB 68 is not available. Therefore, 2014 functional expenses still include pension expense of \$750,375 computed under GASB 27. GASB 27 required recognizing pension expense equal to the contractually required contributions to the plan. Under GASB 68, pension expense represents additional amounts earned, adjusted by deferred inflows/outflows. The contractually required contribution is no longer a component of pension expense. Under GASB 68, the 2015 statements report pension expense of \$536,681. Consequently, in order to compare 2015 total program expenses to 2014, the following adjustments are needed:

Total 2015 program expenses under GASB 68	\$12,562,478
Pension expense under GASB 68 2015 contractually reguired contribution	(536,681) 811,557
Adjusted 2015 program expenses	12,837,354
Total 2014 program expenses under GASB 27	11,881,307
Increase in program expenses not related to pension	\$956,047

Governmental Activities

The unique nature of property taxes in Ohio creates the need to routinely seek voter approval for operating funds. The overall revenue generated by a voted levy does not increase solely as a result of inflation. It increases as a result of new construction or collection from a new voted levy. Although school districts experience inflationary growth in expenses, tax revenue does not keep pace with the increased expenses due to House Bill 920. As an example, a homeowner with a home valued at \$100,000 and taxed at 1.0 mill would pay \$35.00 annually in taxes. If three years later the home were reappraised and increased to \$200,000 (and this inflationary increase in value is comparable to other property owners) the effective tax rate would become .5 mills and the owner would still pay \$35.00 and the School District would collect the same dollar value the levy generated in the year it passed. The 10 percent rollback on all residential/agricultural property and the 2.5 percent rollback on all owner occupied homes would reduce the amount of taxes paid.

Thus school districts dependent upon property taxes are hampered by a lack of revenue growth and must regularly return to the voters to maintain a constant level of service. The decrease in property tax revenue was due to the collection of delinquencies in the prior year.

In May 2007, the community approved a one percent income tax levy on all earned income within the School District effective for the 2008 collections. This replaced the .75 percent income tax levy on all income within the School District.

Overall revenues increased during fiscal year 2015 due primarily to the increase in delinquent property tax collections.

The School District actively pursues grants and controls expenses while still maintaining the high academic standards the residents expect of the School District.

Parents continue to have the opportunity to pay for the student's lunch online. Each student uses his/her personal identification number, that accesses his/her account, when visiting the cafeteria.

In May 2006, the School District sold the Troy Elementary School building at an auction with the option to lease it back for two or more years. This was the beginning of the School District's long-term plan of bringing all elementary students under one roof. This final sale was completed in July 2006. The School District began construction on additional modular units to Burton Elementary during fiscal year 2009 and moved the Troy Elementary students into the new modular units in fiscal year 2010.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State entitlements.

The negative amounts indicated in Table 3 should not be construed as something bad; they are merely indicative of whether a particular function of government relies on general revenues for financing or is a net contributor of resources to the School District. Clearly, the four communities that comprise the School District are, by far, the greatest source of financial support for the students of the Berkshire Local School District.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

Table 3 Total and Net Cost of Program Services Governmental Activities				
	20	15	20	14
	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service	Total Cost of Service	Net Cost of Service
Instruction:				
Regular	\$5,559,328	(\$4,110,869)	\$5,060,982	(\$4,148,208)
Special	1,503,851	(1,310,391)	1,556,460	(1,353,043)
Vocational	4,181	(4,181)	33,765	(33,765)
Student Intervention	107,764	(107,764)	90,120	(90,120)
Support Services:				
Pupil	665,385	(636,667)	603,317	(575,495)
Instructional Staff	327,824	(278,868)	293,308	(259,785)
Board of Education	92,855	(92,855)	76,731	(76,731)
Administration	1,079,853	(1,076,253)	1,182,343	(1,178,743)
Fiscal	426,786	(426,786)	429,912	(429,912)
Business	2,270	(2,270)	2,904	(2,904)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,179,273	(1,179,273)	1,036,171	(1,036,171)
Pupil Transportation	943,414	(943,414)	875,550	(875,550)
Operation of Community Services	438	(438)	955	(955)
Operation of Food Services	250,013	(110,111)	264,347	(94,228)
Extracurricular Activities	411,667	(241,920)	369,113	(186,000)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,576	(7,576)	5,329	(5,329)
Total	\$12,562,478	(\$10,529,636)	\$11,881,307	(\$10,346,939)

The School District's Funds

Information regarding the School District's major funds begins on page 18. These funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. All governmental funds had total revenues of \$13,051,619 and expenditures of \$12,711,364. The general fund increase in fund balance is mainly due to the increases in property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The permanent improvement fund balance decreased due to increased expenditures for building improvements. The School District has developed a five year plan of improvements and continues to stay within revenue projections. As one can see from the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds, property and income taxes from the communities that comprise the School District are the largest revenue source, accounting for 52.33 percent of total governmental revenue.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The School District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant fund to be budgeted is the main operating fund of the School District, the general fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2015, the School District amended its general fund budget several times. The School District uses a site-based budgeting system designed to tightly control total site budgets, but provide flexibility for site management.

Berkshire Local School District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 Unaudited

The School District is continuing to see an increase in the required services for our special education students. Additional physical and occupational therapy services were needed for students this year and we saw an increase in our special education students needing services. There were no individually significant events that caused this variance. The School District ended the fiscal year \$169,430 higher than budgeted. This is due in large part to the School District's continued commitment to provide a quality education while still controlling the costs of a quality education.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

Table 4 shows fiscal 2015 balances compared to 2014:

Table 4Capital Assets at June 30(Net of Depreciation)Governmental Activities

	2015	2014
Land	\$13,810	\$13,810
Land Improvements	53,464	60,752
Building and Improvements	2,420,696	2,485,976
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	410,731	319,254
Vehicles	694,904	604,861
Total Capital Assets	\$3,593,605	\$3,484,653

The School District purchased two new buses, a new public address system for Burton Elementary and for the high school gym, new bleachers for the high school gym and a new Cisco Meraki wireless system districtwide during fiscal year 2015. This increase was offset by the annual depreciation. Ohio law requires school districts to set aside three percent of certain revenues for capital improvements. For fiscal year 2015, this amounted to \$160,249. See Note 11 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the School District's capital assets and Note 21 for additional information regarding required set-asides.

Debt

The School District had no bonded debt in fiscal year 2015. The School District initiated capital leases in the amount of \$163,306 during the fiscal year. The outstanding capital lease balance as of the end of fiscal year 2015 was \$333,049. See Note 17 to the basic financial statements for additional information regarding long-term obligations.

School District Outlook

The financial future of the School District is not without its challenges. These challenges are internal and external in nature. The internal challenges will continue to exist as the School District must rely heavily on local property taxes and earned income tax to fund its operations. External challenges continue to evolve as the State's educational funding system is generating zero to minimal growth in funding operations. As the preceding information shows, the School District is heavily reliant on local property taxpayers.

Management must continue to diligently plan expenses, staying carefully within the School District's financial forecast. Additional revenues must not be treated as a windfall to expand programs but as an opportunity to extend the time horizon of the life of the levies.

The School District has committed itself to financial and educational excellence for many years to come. The School District has received the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting since 2000. Due to budget constraints during fiscal year 2009, the School District decided to forgo publishing a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for one year and only publish the required Basic Financial Statements. The School District received the GFOA award for its report for fiscal year 2014 and has submitted this report to GFOA for consideration.

In conclusion, the Berkshire Local School District is in a period posing both significant challenges and opportunities. Management is committed to working with all stakeholders to craft solutions that will most effectively use the available resources to continue to provide an excellent education to the students of the School District.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information contact Beth A. McCaffrey, in the Treasurer's Office, at Berkshire Local School District, 14259 Claridon Troy Road, P.O Box 364, Burton, Ohio 44021. beth.mccaffrey@berkshireschools.org

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Statement of Net Position June 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$1,886,475
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents	39,468
Accounts Receivable	35,950
Intergovernmental Receivable	79,220
Prepaid Items	1,807
Inventory Held for Resale	2,235
Materials and Supplies Inventory	1,167
Income Taxes Receivable	956,454
Property Taxes Receivable	4,631,374
Nondepreciable Capital Assets	13,810
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	3,579,795
Total Assets	11,227,755
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Pension	930,802
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	106,596
Accrued Wages and Benefits	796,972
Intergovernmental Payable	242,514
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	140,420
Claims Payable	40,057
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year	345,865
Due In More Than One Year	844,007
Net Pension Liability (See Note 14)	12,671,110
Total Liabilities	15,187,541
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes	3,615,720
Pension	2,288,447
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,904,167
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	3,260,556
Restricted for:	
Capital Projects	77,674
Set Asides	39,468
Other Purposes	124,233
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(12,435,082)
Total Net Position	(\$8,933,151)

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Program Reve	nues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction:				
Regular	\$5,559,328	\$633,047	\$815,412	(\$4,110,869)
Special	1,503,851	0	193,460	(1,310,391)
Vocational	4,181	0	0	(4,181)
Student Intervention	107,764	0	0	(107,764)
Support Services:	,			
Pupil	665,385	0	28,718	(636,667)
Instructional Staff	327,824	0	48,956	(278,868)
Board of Education	92,855	0	0	(92,855)
Administration	1,079,853	0	3,600	(1,076,253)
Fiscal	426,786	0	0	(426,786)
Business	2,270	0	0	(2,270)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,179,273	0	0	(1,179,273)
Pupil Transportation	943,414	0	0	(943,414)
Operation of Community Services	438	0	0	(438)
Operation of Food Services	250,013	77,260	62.642	(110,111)
Extracurricular Activities	411,667	168,857	890	(241,920)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,576	0	0	(7,576)
Totals	\$12,562,478	\$879,164	\$1,153,678	(10,529,636)
		General Revenues Property Taxes Levied for: General Purposes		4,765,063
		Capital Outlay		231,966
Income Taxes Levied for General Purposes Grants and Entitlements not Restricted to		-	1,969,869	
		Specific Programs		4,135,157
		Investment Earnings		5,463
		Unrestricted Contributions		840
		Miscellaneous		47,723
		Total General Revenues		11,156,081
		Change in Net Position		626,445
		Net Position, Beginning of Year -	Restated See Note 3	(9,559,596)
		Net Position, End of Year		(\$8,933,151)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2015

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	\$1,671,242	\$66,211	\$93,630	\$1,831,083
Restricted Assets:				
Equity in Pooled Cash and				
Cash Equivalents	41,614	0	0	41,614
Accounts Receivable	35,950	0	0	35,950
Intergovernmental Receivable	0	0	79,220	79,220
Prepaid Items	1,807	0	0	1,807
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	2,235	2,235
Materials and Supplies Inventory	0	0	1,167	1,167
Income Taxes Receivable	956,454	0	0	956,454
Property Taxes Receivable	4,400,113	231,261	0	4,631,374
Total Assets	\$7,107,180	\$297,472	\$176,252	\$7,580,904
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$38,660	\$38,883	\$29,053	\$106,596
Accrued Wages and Benefits	781,589	0	15,383	796,972
Intergovernmental Payable	237,412	0	5,102	242,514
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	136,306	0	4,114	140,420
Total Liabilities	1,193,967	38,883	53,652	1,286,502
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	3,434,805	180,915	0	3,615,720
Unavailable Revenue	375,649	7,546	0	383,195
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	3,810,454	188,461	0	3,998,915
Fund Balance				
Nonspendable	3,953	0	1,167	5,120
Restricted	39,468	70,128	122,087	231,683
Committed	184,943	0	0	184,943
Assigned	20,807	0	0	20,807
Unassigned (Deficit)	1,853,588	0	(654)	1,852,934
Total Fund Balances	2,102,759	70,128	122,600	2,295,487
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$7,107,180	\$297,472	\$176,252	\$7,580,904

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2015

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$2,295,487					
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:						
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	3,593,605					
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.						
Property Taxes 146,554						
Income Taxes 236,641						
Total	383,195					
The net pension liablility is not due and payable in the current period; therefore, the liability and related dererred inflows/outflows are not reported in governmental funds:Deferred Outflows - Pension930,802Deferred Inflows - Pension(2,288,447)Net Pension Liability(12,671,110)						
Total	(14,028,755)					
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.Long-term liabilities payable, such as compensated absences and capital	13,189					
leases, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore	(1.100.050)					
are not reported in the funds.	(1,189,872)					
Net Position of Governmental Activities	(\$8,933,151)					

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		t 0	t 0	** *** ***
Income Taxes	\$1,850,476	\$0	\$0	\$1,850,476
Property Taxes	4,730,652	248,466	0	4,979,118
Intergovernmental	4,230,453	56,521	960,253	5,247,227
Interest	5,463	0	0	5,463
Tuition and Fees	631,147	0	0	631,147
Extracurricular Activities	110,724	0	57,613	168,337
Contributions and Donations	29,558	0	12,890	42,448
Charges for Services	0	0	77,260	77,260
Rentals	1,900	0	520	2,420
Miscellaneous	47,723	0	0	47,723
Total Revenues	11,638,096	304,987	1,108,536	13,051,619
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,979,713	0	575,593	5,555,306
Special	1,287,489	0	203,567	1,491,056
Vocational	309	0	1,000	1,309
Student Intervention	102,829	0	0	102,829
Support Services:				
Pupil	643,904	0	7,042	650,946
Instructional Staff	245,244	0	70,270	315,514
Board of Education	92,855	0	0	92,855
Administration	1,101,238	0	14,050	1,115,288
Fiscal	439,221	4,828	0	444,049
Business	2,270	0	0	2,270
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	817,944	330,817	0	1,148,761
Pupil Transportation	969,397	0	0	969,397
Operation of Community Services	0	0	438	438
Operation of Food Services	4,114	0	217,735	221,849
Extracurricular Activities	345,836	0	87,275	433,111
Capital Outlay	50,153	0	0	50,153
Debt Service:	,			,
Principal Retirement	108,657	0	0	108,657
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,576	0	0	7,576
Total Expenditures	11,198,749	335,645	1,176,970	12,711,364
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	439,347	(30,658)	(68,434)	340,255
Other Eineneing Servers (User)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	162 206	0	0	162 206
Inception of Capital Lease	163,306	0		163,306
Transfers In	0	0	95,000	95,000
Transfers Out	(370,000)	0	0	(370,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(206,694)	0	95,000	(111,694)
Net Change in Fund Balances	232,653	(30,658)	26,566	228,561
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	1,870,106	100,786	96,034	2,066,926
Fund Balances End of Year	\$2,102,759	\$70,128	\$122,600	\$2,295,487

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$228,561
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Capital Outlay 321,119 Depreciation (212,167)	
Total	108,952
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.Property Taxes17,911Income Taxes119,393	
Total	137,304
Contractually required contributions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds; however, the statement of net position reports these amounts as deferred outflows	811,557
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows, changes in the net pension liability are reported as pension expense in the statement of activities	(536,681)
Other financing sources, such as inception of capital leases, in the governmental funds that increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position are not reported as revenues in the statement of activities	(163,306)
Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	108,657
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, such as compensated absences, do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	998
The internal service fund used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds is not reported in the district-wide statement of activities. Governmental fund expenditures and related internal service fund revenues are eliminated. The net revenue (expense) of the internal	((0.500)
service fund is allocated among the governmental activities.	(69,598)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$626,445

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
Revenues	Oliginar	1 mai	Tietuur	(Reguive)
Income Taxes	\$1,824,874	\$1,839,804	\$1,839,804	\$0
Property Taxes	4,215,304	4,393,952	4,393,952	0
Intergovernmental	4,056,486	4,160,287	4,230,453	70,166
Interest	5,000	5,000	5,463	463
Tuition and Fees	471,792	667,056	592,242	(74,814)
Extracurricular Activities	93,000	104,286	112,777	8,491
Contributions and Donations	19,000	26,200	860	(25,340)
Rentals	1,500	1,900	1,900	0
Miscellaneous	70,480	50,937	47,723	(3,214)
Total Revenues	10,757,436	11,249,422	11,225,174	(24,248)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	4,728,623	4,799,202	4,784,599	14,603
Special	1,457,080	1,409,192	1,408,238	954
Vocational	17,258	7,041	7,041	0
Student Intervention Services	116,990	103,080	102,694	386
Support Services:				1.010
Pupil	601,855	627,748	625,929	1,819
Instructional Staff	295,539	307,646	287,466	20,180
Board of Education	81,162	91,208	91,208	0
Administration	1,137,478	1,119,701	1,084,693	35,008
Fiscal	416,397	447,369	424,359	23,010
Business	5,000	3,160	2,270	890
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	821,502	828,410	821,808	6,602
Pupil Transportation	940,079	979,954	977,453	2,501
Extracurricular Activities	295,387	311,540	311,456	84
Capital Outlay	8,900	3,080	3,080	0
Total Expenditures	10,923,250	11,038,331	10,932,294	106,037
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(165,814)	211,091	292,880	81,789
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers Out	(485,000)	(540,413)	(452,772)	87,641
Net Change in Fund Balance	(650,814)	(329,322)	(159,892)	169,430
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,427,200	1,427,200	1,427,200	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	166,959	166,959	166,959	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$943,345	\$1,264,837	\$1,434,267	\$169,430

Statement of Fund Net Position Internal Service Fund June 30, 2015

	Insurance
Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$53,246
Liabilities Claims Payable	40,057
Net Position Unrestricted	\$13,189

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Insurance
Operating Revenues	
Charges for Services	\$96,300
Operating Expenses	
Purchased Services	1,382
Claims	439,516
Total Operating Expenses	440,898
Loss Before Transfers	(344,598)
Transfers In	275,000
Change in Net Position	(69,598)
Net Position, Beginning of Year	82,787
Net Position, End of Year	\$13,189

Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Insurance
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Cash Received from Interfund Services Provided	\$96,300
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(1,382)
Cash Payments for Claims	(415,127)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(320,209)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities	
Transfers In	275,000
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(45,209)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	98,455
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$53,246
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	
Operating Loss	(\$344,598)
Adjustments: Increase in Claims Payable	24,389
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(\$320,209)

Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2015

Assets Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$44,174
Liabilities	
Due to Students	\$37,399
Undistributed Monies	6,775
Total Liabilities	\$44,174

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

Berkshire Local School District (the "School District") operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services as authorized by state and/or federal agencies. This Board controls the School District's three instructional/support facilities staffed by 43.5 non-certified employees, 70 certified full time teaching personnel and 7 administrative employees to provide services to 906 students and other community members.

The School District was established in 1967 and is organized under Article VI, Sections 2 and 3 of the Constitution of the State of Ohio. Under such laws there is no authority for a school district to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the School District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at-large for staggered four year terms.

The School District serves an area of approximately 70 square miles. It is located in Geauga County, including all of Burton Village, Burton, Claridon, and Troy Townships, Ohio. It currently operates three instructional buildings and one administrative building.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure that the basic financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Berkshire Local School District, this includes the agencies and departments that provide the following services: general operations, food service and student related activities of the School District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the School District is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the School District in that the School District approves the budget, the issuance of debt or the levying of taxes, and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial burdens on, the primary government. The School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with three jointly governed organizations, one related organization and one insurance purchasing pool. These organizations are the Auburn Career Center, the Lake Geauga Computer Association, the Ohio Schools Council Association, the Burton Public Library and the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program. These organizations are presented in Notes 18, 19 and 20 to the basic financial statements.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The activity of the internal service fund is eliminated to avoid "doubling up" revenues and expenses. These statements usually distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type. The School District, however, has no business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental activity is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major governmental funds:

General Fund The general fund is the operating fund of the School District and is used to account for and report all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available to the School District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

Permanent Improvement Fund The permanent improvement fund accounts for and reports property taxes restricted for the acquisition, construction or improvement of capital facilities.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted to a particular purpose.

Proprietary Fund Type Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. Proprietary funds are classified as enterprise or internal service; the School District has no enterprise funds.

Internal Service Fund The internal service fund accounts for the financing of services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the School District on a cost reimbursement basis. The School District's only internal service fund is a self insurance fund that accounts for dental and prescription claims of School District employees.

Fiduciary Fund Type Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District has no trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations. The School District's agency funds account for student and elementary activities.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and deferred outflows of resources and all liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net position. The statement of activities presents increases (e.g. revenues) and decreases (e.g. expenditures) in total net position.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, the internal service fund is accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of fund net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in net total assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activity.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements and statements for the proprietary and fiduciary funds are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred outflows/inflows of resources and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include income taxes, property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from income taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the income is earned and revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 6). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the School District, deferred outflows of resources are reported on the government-wide statement of net position for deferred charges on refunding and for pension. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension are explained in Note 14.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized until that time. For the School District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2015, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2016 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet, and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the School District, unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes and income taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred

inflows of resources related to pension are reported on the government-wide statement of net position. (See Note 14)

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To improve cash management, cash received by the School District is pooled. Monies for all funds are maintained in this pool. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the School District's records. Interest in the pool is presented as "equity in pooled cash and cash equivalents" on the financial statements.

During fiscal year 2015, the School District invested in STAR Ohio. STAR Ohio (the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio), is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in STAR Ohio are valued at STAR Ohio's net asset value per share which is the price the investment could be sold for on June 30, 2015.

Following Ohio statutes, the Board of Education has, by resolution, specified the funds to receive an allocation of interest earnings. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2015 amounted to \$5,463.

Investments of the cash management pool and investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the School District are presented on the financial statements as cash equivalents.

F. Restricted Assets

Assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, or the laws of other governments. Restricted assets in the general fund include amounts for unclaimed monies and amounts required by State statute to be set aside to create a reserve for budget stabilization. See Note 21 for additional information regarding set-asides.

G. Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2015, are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amount is recorded at the time of the purchase and an expenditure/expense is reported in the year in which services are consumed.

H. Inventory

Inventories are presented at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are expended/expensed when used. Inventories consist of donated and purchased food held for resale and materials and supplies held for consumption.

I. Capital Assets

The School District's only capital assets are general capital assets. General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary fund. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The School District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by back-trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The capitalization threshold is two thousand five hundred dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

All reported capital assets, except land, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	21 - 50 years
Furniture and Fixtures	5 - 25 years
Vehicles	8 - 15 years

J. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused vacation time when earned for all employees with more than one year of service.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the vesting method. The liability includes the employees who are currently eligible to receive termination benefits and those the School District has identified as probable of receiving payments in the future. The amount is based on accumulated sick leave and employees' wage rates at fiscal year end, taking into consideration any limits specified in the School District's termination policy. The School District records a liability for accumulated unused sick leave for all employees with five years of service with the School District.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements. These amounts are recorded in the account "matured compensated absences payable" in the fund(s) from which the employees who have resigned or retired will be paid.

K. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net positon have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension systems report investments at fair value.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences and net pension liability that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year.

M. Internal Activity

Transfers between governmental activities are eliminated on the government wide financial statements. Internal events that are allocations of overhead expenses from one function to another or within the same function are eliminated on the Statement of Activities. Interfund payments for services provided and used are not eliminated.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues and expenses in the internal service fund. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

N. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

Committed The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the School District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit

those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the School District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the School District Board of Education or a School District official delegated that authority by State statute. The Board of Education has assigned fund balance for uniform school supplies, rotary, public school support, and the school improvement model.

Unassigned Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

O. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes included resources which will be used for athletics, special education, and classroom facilities maintenance.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

P. Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the School District, these revenues are charges for services for self-insurance programs. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. Any revenues and expenses not meeting the definitions of operating are reported as nonoperating.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

R. Budgetary Data

All funds, other than agency funds, are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or

increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and set annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds. The Treasurer has been given authority to allocate board appropriations to the function and object levels within each fund.

The certificate of estimated resources may be amended during the year if projected increases or decreases in revenue are identified by the School District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the certificate when the original and final appropriations were passed by the Board of Education.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated revenues. The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from prior years. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

Note 3 – Change in Accounting Principle and Restatement of Net Position

For fiscal year 2015, the School District implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68." GASB 68 established standards for measuring and recognizing pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources deferred inflows of resources and expense/expenditure. The implementation of this pronouncement had the following effect on net position as reported June 30, 2014:

Net Position June 30, 2014	\$4,744,036
Adjustments:	
Net Pension Liability	(15,054,007)
Deferred Outflow - Payments Subsequent to Measurement Date	750,375
Restated Net Position June 30, 2014	(\$9,559,596)

Note 4 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting

While the School District is reporting its financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the general fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the liability is incurred (GAAP).

- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than as restricted, committed or assigned fund balance (GAAP).
- 4. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the uniform school supplies fund, special rotary, public school support, school improvement model, unclaimed funds and termination benefit funds are reclassified to the general fund for GAAP reporting.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

GAAP Basis	\$232,653
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(722,105)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	248,383
Perspective Difference:	
Uniform School Supplies	8,940
Special Rotary	(1,547)
Public School Support	301
Termination Benefit	144,186
Encumbrances	(70,703)
Budget Basis	(\$159,892)

Net Change in Fund Balance

Note 5 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the School District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active monies are public monies determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the School District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the School District treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts, including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the School District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- 1. United States Treasury bills, bonds, notes, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligation or security issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality including, but not limited to, the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal

Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;

- 3. Written repurchase agreements in the securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2);
- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAR Ohio); and
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements, and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage, and short selling are also prohibited. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions.

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the School District will not be able to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. At fiscal year end, \$1,420,315 of the School District's bank balance of \$1,969,911 was uninsured and uncollateralized. Although the securities were held by the pledging financial institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with Federal requirements could potentially subject the School District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

The School District has no deposit policy for custodial risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Ohio law requires that deposits be either insured or be protected by eligible securities pledged to and deposited either with the School District or a qualified trustee by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to secure the repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution whose market value at all times shall be at least one hundred five percent of the deposite being secured.

Investments

As of June 30, 2015, the School District had STAR Ohio as the only investment with an amount of \$49,596 and an average maturity of 53.4 days.

Credit Risk Ohio law requires that STAR Ohio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The School District has no investment policy that addresses credit risk.

Interest Rate Risk The School District has no investment policy that addresses interest rate risk. State statute requires that an investment mature within five years from the date purchase, unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the School District, and that an investment must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity.

Note 6 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the School District's fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the School District in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2015 were levied after April 1, 2014, on the assessed value listed as of January 1, 2014, the lien date. Assessed values for real property are established by State law at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2015 represents collections of calendar year 2014 taxes. Public utility real and tangible personal property taxes received in calendar year 2014 become a lien December 31, 2013, were levied after April 1, 2014 and are collected in 2015 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Geauga County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2015, are available to finance fiscal year 2015 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2015 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 were levied to finance current fiscal year operations are reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2015 was \$826,300 in the general fund and \$42,800 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2014, was \$489,600 in the general fund and \$26,300 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The difference was in the timing and collection by the County Auditor.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2015 taxes were collected are:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	2014 Second Half Collections		2015 Fi Half Colle	
	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$218,956,510	97.00 %	\$227,153,810	96.96 %
Public Utility Personal	6,777,210	3.00	7,110,920	3.04
Total	\$225,733,720	100.00 %	\$234,264,730	100.00 %
Full tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$52.30		\$52.30	

Note 7 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2015, consisted of taxes, accounts (rent, student fees and tuition) and intergovernmental grants. All receivables are considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes, the stable condition of State programs, and the current year guarantee of federal funds. All receivables, except for delinquent property taxes, are expected to be collected within one year. Property taxes, although ultimately collectible, include some portion of delinquencies that will not be collected within one year. At June 30, 2015, Title I and Title IIA special revenue funds had intergovernmental receivables of \$59,768 and \$19,452, respectively.

Note 8 - Income Tax

The School District levies a voted tax of 1 percent for general operations on the earned income of residents and of estates. The tax was effective on January 1, 2008, and is a continuing tax. Employers of residents are required to withhold income tax on compensation and remit the tax to the State. Taxpayers are required to file an annual return. The State makes quarterly distributions to the School District after withholding amounts for administrative fees and estimated refunds. Income tax revenue is credited to the general fund.

Note 9 – Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the School District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds. The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Fund Balances	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable				
Inventory	\$0	\$0	\$1,167	\$1,167
Prepaid Items	1,807	0	0	1,807
Unclaimed Funds	2,146	0	0	2,146
Total Nonspendable	3,953		1,167	5,120
Restricted for				
Budget Stabilization	39,468	0	0	39,468
Other Grants	0	0	15,123	15,123
Athletic and Music	0	0	24,174	24,174
Title I	0	0	65,697	65,697
Class Size Reduction	0	0	17,093	17,093
Permanent Improvements	0	70,128	0	70,128
Total Restricted	39,468	70,128	122,087	231,683
Committed to				
Employee Retirements	184,943	0	0	184,943
Assigned to				
Uniform School Supplies	13,746	0	0	13,746
Rotary - assigned to community services	1,483	0	0	1,483
Public School Support	5,553	0	0	5,553
School Improvement Model	25	0	0	25
Total Assigned	20,807	0	0	20,807
Unassigned (Deficit)	1,853,588	0	(654)	1,852,934
Total Fund Balances	\$2,102,759	\$70,128	\$122,600	\$2,295,487

Note 10 - Contingencies

A. Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District at June 30, 2015.

B. School Foundation

School District Foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. Effective for the 2014-2015 school year, traditional school districts must comply with minimum hours of instruction, instead of a minimum number of school days each year. The funding formula the Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to follow will continue to adjust as enrollment

information is updated by the School District, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, ODE has not finalized the impact of the enrollment adjustments to the June 30, 2015 Foundation funding for the School District, therefore, any financial statement impact is not determinable at this time. ODE and management believe this will result in either a receivable to or liability of the School District.

C. Litigation

The School District is not party to legal proceedings.

Note 11 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, was as follows:

	Balance June 30, 2014	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2015
Nondepreciable Capital Assets				
Land	\$13,810	\$0	\$0	\$13,810
Depreciable Capital Assets				
Land Improvements	203,261	0	0	203,261
Buildings and Improvements	5,487,437	0	0	5,487,437
Furniture and Fixtures	1,374,427	134,058	0	1,508,485
Vehicles	1,112,208	187,061	(63,826)	1,235,443
Total at Historical Cost	8,177,333	321,119	(63,826)	8,434,626
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Land Improvements	(142,509)	(7,288)	0	(149,797)
Buildings and Improvements	(3,001,461)	(65,280)	0	(3,066,741)
Furniture and Fixtures	(1,055,173)	(42,581)	0	(1,097,754)
Vehicles	(507,347)	(97,018)	63,826	(540,539)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(4,706,490)	(212,167) *	63,826	(4,854,831)
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net				
of Accumulated Depreciation	3,470,843	108,952	0	3,579,795
Governmental Activities Capital				
Assets, Net	\$3,484,653	\$108,952	\$0	\$3,593,605

* Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Instruction: Regular	\$93,720
Support Services:	
Administration	6,528
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	12,627
Pupil Transportation	97,493
Extracurricular Activities	1,799
Total Depreciation Expense	\$212,167

Note 12 - Risk Management

A. Property and Liability

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2015, the School District participated in the Ohio Schools Council insurance program which contracted with Ohio Casualty. Ohio Casualty acts as the carrier and the coverage provided is as follows:

Type of Coverage	Amount
Building and Contents - replacement cost	\$27,650,632
Crime Insurance Theft	50,000 75,000
Automobile Liability	6,000,000
Uninsured Motorists	1,000,000
General Liability	
Per Occurrence	n/a
Total per year	8,000,000
Commercial Umbrella	8,000,000

Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years and there has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2015, the School District participated in the Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (Note 20). The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the School District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The workers' compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium to the State based on the rate for the GRP rather than its individual rate. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Sheakley UniService provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

C. Other Employee Benefits

The School District has elected to provide dental and prescription coverage benefits through a self-insurance program. The School District maintains a self-insurance internal service fund to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss in this program. A third party administrator, Guardian Insurance, located in Cleveland, Ohio, reviews all dental claims which are then paid by the School District. A specific excess loss coverage (stop-loss) insurance policy covers claims in excess of \$125,000 per employee, per year.

The claims liability of \$40,057 reported in the internal service fund at June 30, 2015 is based on an estimate by the third party administrator and on the requirements of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 30 which requires that a liability for unpaid claims costs, including estimates of costs relating to incurred but not reported claims, be reported. The estimate was not affected by incremental claim adjustment expenses and does not include other allocated or unallocated claim adjustment expenses. Management's expectation is the claims liabilities will be paid within one year. Changes in the fund's claims liability amount for 2014 and 2015 were:

	Balance at	Current		
	Beginning	Year	Claim	Balance at
	of Year	Claims	Payments	End of Year
2014	\$34,698	\$280,459	\$299,489	\$15,668
2015	15,668	439,516	415,127	40,057

Note 13 - Employee Benefits

A. Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service. Accumulated, unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment. Teachers do not earn vacation time.

Teachers, administrators, and classified employees earn sick leave at the rate of one and one-fourth days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated up to a maximum of 325 days for all personnel. Upon retirement, payment is made for one-fourth of accrued, but unused sick leave credit to a maximum of 75 days.

B. Life / Medical Insurance

The School District provides life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment insurance to most employees through Guardian. The School District has elected to provide employee medical/surgical benefits through Medical Mutual.

Note 14 – Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Net Pension Liability

The net pension liability reported on the statement of net position represents a liability to employees for pensions. Pensions are a component of exchange transactions—between an employer and its employees—of

salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions are provided to an employee—on a deferred-payment basis—as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension liability represents the School District's proportionate share of each pension plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension liability calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting this estimate annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the School District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The School District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions are financed; however, the School District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension.

GASB 68 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires all funding to come from these employers. All contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). State statute requires the pension plans to amortize unfunded liabilities within 30 years. If the amortization period exceeds 30 years, each pension plan's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension liability. Resulting adjustments to the net pension liability would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a long-term *net pension liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Plan Description – School District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. SERS provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Eligible to Retire on or before August 1, 2017 *	Eligible to Retire on or after August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

* Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in plan.

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on year of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

One year after an effective benefit date, a benefit recipient is entitled to a three percent cost-of-living adjustment (COLA). This same COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit.

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the School District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 13.18 percent. The remaining 0.82 percent of the 14 percent employer contribution rate was allocated to the Health Care Fund.

The School District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$194,233 for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount \$12,472 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – School District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan and a Combined Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307. The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation will be 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. With certain exceptions, the basic benefit is increased each year by two percent of the original base benefit. For members retiring August 1, 2013, or later, the first two percent is paid on the fifth anniversary of the retirement benefit. Members are eligible to retire at age 60 with five year of qualifying service credit, or age 55 with 25 years of service, or 30

years of service regardless of age. Age and service requirements for retirement will increase effective August 1, 2015, and will continue to increase periodically until they reach age 60 with 35 years of service or age 65 with five year of service on August 1, 2026.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 9.5 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 4.5 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination of employment. The member may elect to receive a lifetime monthly annuity or a lump sum withdrawal.

The Combined Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the Combined Plan, member contributions are allocated among investment choices by the member, and employer contributions are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the Combined Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of services. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age 50.

New members who choose the DC plan or Combined Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or Combined Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit that apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The statutory maximum employee contribution rate was increased one percent July 1, 2014, and will be increased one percent each year until it reaches 14 percent on July 1, 2016. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, plan members were required to contribute 12 percent of their annual covered salary. The School District was required to contribute 14 percent; the entire 14 percent was the portion used to fund pension obligations. The fiscal year 2015 contribution rates were equal to the statutory maximum rates.

The School District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$617,324 for fiscal year 2015. Of this amount \$80,993 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportianate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$2,456,125	\$10,214,985	\$12,671,110
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.04853100 %	0.04199643 %	6
Pension Expense	\$144,262	\$392,419	\$536,681

At June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$20,904	\$98,341	\$119,245
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	194,233	617,324	811,557
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$215,137	\$715,665	\$930,802
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$398,636	\$1,889,811	\$2,288,447

\$811,557 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2016	(\$94,380)	(\$447,867)	(\$542,247)
2017	(94,380)	(447,867)	(542,247)
2018	(94,380)	(447,867)	(542,247)
2019	(94,592)	(447,869)	(542,461)
	(\$377,732)	(\$1,791,470)	(\$2,169,202)

Actuarial Assumptions – SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Berkshire Local School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2014, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	3.25 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	4.00 percent to 22 percent
COLA or Ad Hoc COLA	3 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent net of investments
	expense, including inflation
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal

For post-retirement mortality, the table used in evaluating allowances to be paid is the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables are used for the period after disability retirement.

The most recent experience study was completed June 30, 2010.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' *Statement of Investment Policy*. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating a weighted averaged of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major assets class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Cash	1.00%	0.00 %
US Stocks	22.50	5.00
Non-US Stocks	22.50	5.50
Fixed Income	19.00	1.50
Private Equity	10.00	10.00
Real Assets	10.00	5.00
Multi-Asset Strategies	15.00	7.50
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from employers and from the members would be computed based on contribution requirements as stipulated by State statute. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.75 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.75 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.75 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Increase		
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$3,504,162	\$2,456,125	\$1,574,637

Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Projected salary increases	2.75 percent at age 70 to 12.25 percent at age 20
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 percent, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-Living Adjustments	2 percent simple applied as follows: for members retiring before
(COLA)	August 1, 2013, 2 percent per year; for members retiring August 1, 2013,
	or later, 2 percent COLA paid on fifth anniversary of retirement date.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89 and not set back from age 90 and above.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study, effective July 1, 2012.

The 10 year expected real rate of return on pension plan investments was determined by STRS' investment consultant by developing best estimates of expected future real rates of return for each major asset class. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic Equity	31.00 %	8.00 %
International Equity	26.00	7.85
Alternatives	14.00	8.00
Fixed Income	18.00	3.75
Real Estate	10.00	6.75
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	3.00
Total	100.00 %	

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75 percent as of June 30, 2014. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Projected employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits from future plan members, are not included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2014. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.75 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2014.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.75 percent, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.75 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.75 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6.75%)	(7.75%)	(8.75%)
School District's proportionate share			
of the net pension liability	\$14,623,865	\$10,214,985	\$6,486,556

Note 15 - Postemployment Benefits

School Employees Retirement System

Health Care Plan Description - The School District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 45 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. The Health Care Plan includes hospitalization and physicians' fees through several types of plans including HMO's, PPO's, Medicare Advantage, and traditional indemnity plans as well as a prescription drug program. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Berkshire Local School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Health care is financed through a combination of employer contributions and retiree premiums, copays and deductibles on covered health care expenses, investment returns, and any funds received as a result of SERS' participation in Medicare programs. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Retirees and their beneficiaries are required to pay a health care premium that varies depending on the plan selected, the number of qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund the health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required basic benefits, the Retirement Board allocates the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund. For fiscal year 2015, 0.82 percent of covered payroll was allocated to health care. In addition, employers pay a surcharge for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated according to service credit earned. For fiscal year 2015, this amount was \$20,450. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2015, the School District's surcharge obligation was \$24,325.

The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$9,973, \$1,598, and \$17,337, respectively. For fiscal year 2015, 47.04 percent has been contributed, with the balance being reported as an intergovernmental payable. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2014 and 2013.

State Teachers Retirement System

Plan Description – The School District participates in the cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit Health Plan administered by the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting www.strsoh.org or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS Ohio to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. All benefit recipients, for the most recent year, pay a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions. For fiscal year 2015, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care. The School District's contributions for health care for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 were \$0, \$44,755, and \$44,994 respectively. The full amount has been contributed for fiscal years 2015, 2014 and 2013.

Note 16 – Encumbrances

Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At year end the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year or soon thereafter were as follows:

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

General Fund	\$70,703
Other Govenmental Funds	69,405
Total	\$140,108

Note 17 - Long Term Obligations

The changes in the School District's long-term obligations during the year consist of the following:

	Principal Outstanding 06/30/14	Additions	Reductions	Principal Outstanding 06/30/15	Amount Due in One Year
Governmental Activities					
Net Pension Liability: STRS SERS Total Net Pension Liability	\$12,168,024 2,885,983 15,054,007	\$0 0 0	\$1,953,039 429,858 2,382,897	\$10,214,985 2,456,125 12,671,110	\$0 0 0
Capital Leases Payable	278,400	163,306	108,657	333,049	107,277
Compensated Absences	857,821	236,983	237,981	856,823	238,588
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$16,190,228	\$400,289	\$2,729,535	\$13,860,982	\$345,865

Capital leases will be paid from the general fund and the permanent improvement capital projects fund. The compensated absences payable will be paid from the general fund and the food service special revenue funds. The School District pays obligations related to employee compensation from the fund benefitting from their service. For additional information related to the pension liability see Note 14.

The School District's overall debt margin was \$20,443,843 with an unvoted debt margin of \$227,154 at June 30, 2015.

Note 18 - Jointly Governed Organizations

A. Auburn Career Center

The Auburn Career Center is a joint vocational school district which is a jointly governed organization among eleven School Districts. Each participating school district appoints one member to the Auburn Career Center's Board of Education. The students of each participating school district may attend classes offered at the vocational facility. Each participant's control over the operation of the Auburn Career Center is limited to its representation on the Board. Continued existence of the Auburn Career Center is not dependent on the School District's continued participation. Financial information can be obtained from the Auburn Career Center, 8140 Auburn Road, Painesville, Ohio 44077.

B. Lake Geauga Computer Association

The Lake Geauga Computer Association (the "LGCA") is a jointly governed organization that was formed for the purpose of providing computer services for accounting, grading, scheduling, EMIS and other applications

Berkshire Local School District Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

to its eighteen member school districts. Each of the districts supports LGCA based upon a per pupil charge. The executive committee (governing board) consists of the superintendents and treasurers of the member school districts. The degree of control exercised by any participating school district is limited to its representation on the governing board. LGCA's continued existence is not dependent on the School District's continued participation. During fiscal year 2015, the School District paid \$39,043 to LGCA. Financial information can be obtained from the Lake Geauga Computer Association, 8221 Auburn Road, Painesville, Ohio 44077.

C. Ohio Schools Council Association

The Ohio Schools Council Association (Council) is a jointly governed organization among 126 school districts. The jointly governed organization was created by school districts for the purpose of saving money through volume purchases. Each district supports the Council by paying an annual participation fee. Each school district member's superintendent serves as a representative of the Assembly. The Assembly elects five of the Council's Board members and the remaining four are representatives of the Greater Cleveland School Superintendents' Association. The Council operates under a nine-member Board of Directors (the Board). The Board is the policy making authority of the Council. The Board meets monthly September to June. The Board appoints an Executive Director who is responsible for receiving and disbursing funds, investing available funds, preparing financial reports for the Board and Assembly and carrying out such other responsibilities as designated by the Board. In fiscal year 2015, the School District paid \$3,093 to the Council. Financial information can be obtained by contacting William Zelei, the Executive Director of the Ohio Schools Council at 6373 Oak Tree Boulevard, Suite 377, Independence, Ohio 44131.

The School District participates in the natural gas purchase program. This program allows the School District to purchase natural gas at reduced rates. Compass Energy has been selected as the supplier and program manager. There are currently 151 participants in the program including the Berkshire School District. The participants make monthly payments based on estimated usage. Each September, these estimated payments are compared to their actual usage for the year (July to June). Districts that paid more in estimated billings than their actual billings are issued credits on future billings beginning in September until the credits are exhausted and districts that did not pay enough on estimated billings are invoiced for the difference on the September monthly estimated billing.

Note 19 - Related Organization

Burton Public Library The Burton Public Library is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio created under Chapter 3375 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Library is governed by a Board of Trustees appointed by the Berkshire Local School District Board of Education. The Board of Trustees possesses its own contracting and budgeting authority, hires and fires personnel and does not depend on the School District for operational subsidies. Although the School District does serve as the taxing authority and may issue tax related debt on behalf of the Library, its role is limited to a ministerial function. The determination to request approval of a tax, the rate and the purpose are discretionary decisions made solely by the Board of Trustees. Financial information can be obtained from the Burton Public Library, Rebecca Herrick Clerk/Treasurer, PO Box 427, Burton, Ohio 44021.

Note 20 - Insurance Purchasing Pool

The School District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio Association of School Business Officials Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP) was established through the Ohio Association of School

Business Officials (OASBO) as a group purchasing pool. The Executive Director of the OASBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the GRP. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

Note 21 - Set Asides

The School District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by the end of the fiscal year or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year end. These amounts must be carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years. In prior years, the School District was also required to set aside money for budget stabilization.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the fiscal year end set aside amounts for capital acquisition and budget stabilization. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Budget Stabilization Reserve	Capital Improvements Reserve
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2014 Current Year Set-aside Requirement Qualifying Disbursements	\$39,468 0 0	\$0 160,249 (575,004)
Totals	\$39,468	(\$414,755)
Set-aside Balance Carried Forward to Future Fiscal Years	\$39,468	\$0
Set-aside Reserve Balance as of June 30, 2015	\$39,468	\$0

The School District has qualifying disbursements during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-asides. The extra amount in the capital acquisition set-aside may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement of future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years. The total reserve balance for the two set-asides at the end of the fiscal year was \$39,468.

Note 22 – Interfund Transfers

Transfers made during the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

	Transfers From	
Transfers To	General	
Other Governmental Funds	\$95,000	
Internal Service Fund:	275 000	
Self Insurance	275,000	
Total Transfers	\$370,000	

The transfer from the general fund to the food service and athletics and music special revenue funds were used to pay for operations of the food service department and the athletics and music program. The transfer from the general fund to the self insurance fund was used to pay health and dental insurance claims.

Note 23 – Leases

During fiscal year 2015, the School District entered into a capital lease for school buses in the amount of \$163,306 at an interest rate of 2.62 percent. In prior years the School District entered into a capital lease for furniture and fixtures and school buses. The assets acquired through the capital lease were capitalized at the present value of the minimum lease payments at the time the lease was entered into.

The assets acquired through the capital lease are as follows:

	Governmental
	Activities
Asset:	
Furniture and Fixtures	\$79,809
Vehicles	551,079
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(51,101)
Total	\$499,978

The lease provides for minimum, annual lease payments as follows:

	Governmental
Fiscal Year	Activities
2016	\$116,232
2017	116,232
2018	85,066
2019	34,399
Total Minimum Lease Payments	351,929
Less amount representing Interest	(18,880)
Present value of minimum Lease Payment	\$333,049

Note 24 – Subsequent Event

On July 1, 2015, the School District merged with the Ledgemont Local School District. All assets and liabilities belong to Berkshire Local School District as of that date.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2014	2013
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.04853100%	0.04853100%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$2,456,125	\$2,885,983
School District's Covered - Employee Payroll	\$1,430,917	\$1,292,878
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered - Employee Payroll	171.65%	223.22%
Plan Fiduciary Net Posisiton as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	71.70%	65.52%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability School Teachers Retirement System of Ohio Last Two Fiscal Years (1)

	2014	2013
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.04199643%	0.04199643%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$10,214,985	\$12,168,024
School District's Covered - Employee Payroll	\$4,261,443	\$4,615,200
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered - Employee Payroll	239.71%	263.65%
Plan Fiduciary Net Posisiton as a Percentage of the Total Pension	74.70%	69.30%
Liability	/4./0%	09.30%

(1) Information prior to 2013 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the School District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually Required Contribution	\$194,233	\$198,387	\$178,934	\$189,898
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(194,233)	(\$198,387)	(178,934)	(189,898)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$1,473,695	\$1,430,917	\$1,292,878	\$1,411,882
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	13.18%	13.86%	13.84%	13.45%

2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$182,255	\$192,434	\$147,205	\$138,327	\$149,791	\$149,738
(182,255)	(192,434)	(147,205)	(138,327)	(149,791)	(149,738)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$1,449,924	\$1,421,228	\$1,495,985	\$1,408,624	\$1,402,537	\$1,415,293
12.57%	13.54%	9.84%	9.82%	10.68%	10.58%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Contributions

School Teachers Retirement System of Ohio

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012
Contractually Required Contribution	\$617,324	\$553,988	\$599,976	\$657,680
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(617,324)	(553,988)	(599,976)	(657,680)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Covered-Employee Payroll	\$4,409,459	\$4,261,443	\$4,615,200	\$5,059,077
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	14.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$639,654	\$643,094	\$573,936	\$609,378	\$574,938	\$581,144
(639,654)	(643,094)	(573,936)	(609,378)	(574,938)	(581,144)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$4,920,415	\$4,946,877	\$4,414,892	\$4,687,523	\$4,422,600	\$4,470,338
13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%	13.00%

Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules

Combining Statements - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Food Service Fund This fund accounts for and reports charges for services restricted for the food service operations of the School District.

Other Grants Fund This fund accounts for and reports for monies restricted to promote community involvement and to support activities between the school and the community.

Athletics and Music Fund This fund accounts for and reports for gate receipts and other revenues from athletic events restricted for all costs (except supplemental coaching contracts) of the School District's athletic program and transportation of the band to and from athletic events.

ONEnet Fund This fund accounts for and reports for State monies restricted to assist teachers in improving their technology skills.

Title VI-B Fund This fund accounts for and reports for Federal monies restricted to assist schools in the identification of handicapped children, development of procedural safeguards, and provision of full educational opportunities to handicapped children at the preschool, elementary, and secondary levels.

Title I Fund This fund accounts for and reports for Federal monies restricted to assist the School District in meeting the special needs of educationally deprived children.

Title IIA Fund This fund accounts for and reports for Federal monies restricted to improve teacher and principal quality.

Straight A Fund This fund accounts for State monies restricted to promote science and technology in education.

Uniform School Supplies Fund The fund accounts for and reports for the purchase and sale of school supplies for use in the School District. Profits derived from such sales are used for school purposes or activities connected with the school. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Special Rotary The fund accounts for and reports for various rotary funds assigned for scholarships and other programs. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Public School Support Fund The fund accounts for and reports for school site sales revenue and expenditures for field trips, assemblies, and other activity costs. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

School Improvement Model Fund The fund accounts for and reports for State monies used for improving student achievement on proficiency tests. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Combining Statements - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (Continued)

Unclaimed Funds Fund The fund accounts for and reports for checks written by the district that have not been presented for payment. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Termination Benefit Fund The fund accounts for and reports for transfers from the general fund to pay future termination benefits of school district employees. This fund is included with the general fund for GAAP reporting as it does not have a restricted or committed revenue source.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2015

	Food Service	Other Grants	Athletics and Music
Assets			
Equity in Pooled Cash and			
Cash Equivalents	\$20,241	\$15,123	\$24,871
Intergovernmental Receivable	0	0	0
Inventory Held for Resale	2,235	0	0
Materials and Supplies Inventory	1,167	0	0
Total Assets	\$23,643	\$15,123	\$24,871
Liabilities			
Accounts Payable	\$0	\$0	\$697
Accrued Wages and Benefits	15,383	0	0
Intergovernmental Payable	3,633	0	0
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	4,114	0	0
Total Liabilities	23,130	0	697
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	1,167	0	0
Restricted	0	15,123	24,174
Unassigned (Deficit)	(654)	0	0
Total Fund Balances	513	15,123	24,174
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$23,643	\$15,123	\$24,871

			Total
			Nonmajor
			Special Revenue
Title I	Title IIA	Straight A	Funds
The T		Strangilt A	Tunus
\$16,873	\$53	\$16,469	\$93,630
59,768	19,452	0	79,220
0	0	0	2,235
0	0	0	1,167
\$76,641	\$19,505	\$16,469	\$176,252
\$10,944	\$2,412	\$15,000	\$29,053
0	0	0	15,383
0	0	1,469	5,102
0	0	0	4,114
10.044	0.440	1 - 1 - 0	
10,944	2,412	16,469	53,652
0	0	0	1,167
65,697	17,093	0	122,087
0	0	0	(654)
65,697	17,093	0	122,600
\$76,641	\$19,505	\$16,469	\$176,252
Ψ/0,011	ψ17,505	ψ10,707	ψ170,232

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Revenues	Food Service	Other Grants	Athletics and Music	ONEnet	Title VI-B
Intergovernmental	\$62,642	\$0	\$0	\$3,600	\$193,460
Extracurricular Activities	\$02,042 0	Ф0 0	57,613	\$3,000 0	\$195,400 0
Contributions and Donations	0	12,000	890	0	0
Charges for Services	77,260	0	0	0	0
Rentals	0	0	520	0	0
Total Revenues	139,902	12,000	59,023	3,600	193,460
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	0	1,902	0	0	0
Special	0	0	0	0	193,460
Vocational	0	1,000	0	0	0
Support Services:					
Pupil	0	0	0	0	0
Instructional Staff	0	0	0	0	0
Administration	0	0	0	3,600	0
Operation of Food Services	217,735	0	0	0	0
Operation of Community Services	0	0	0	0	0
Extracurricular Activities	0	0	87,275	0	0
Total Expenditures	217,735	2,902	87,275	3,600	193,460
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	(77,833)	9,098	(28,252)	0	0
Other Financing Sources					
Transfers In	70,000	0	25,000	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	(7,833)	9,098	(3,252)	0	0
Fund Balances Beginning of Year	8,346	6,025	27,426	0	0
Fund Balances End of Year	\$513	\$15,123	\$24,174	\$0	\$0

$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Title I	Title IIA	Straight A	Nonmajor Special Revenue
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$287.261	\$48.056	\$361 331	\$060 253
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				520
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	287,261	48,956	364,334	1,108,536
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	258.173	0	315.518	575.593
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				203,567
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				1,000
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$,
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7,042	0	0	7,042
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	31,904	38,366	70,270
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0			14,050
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	0	217,735
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	438			438
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0	0	0	87,275
<u> 0 0 0 95,00</u> 11,501 17,052 0 26,56	275,760	31,904	364,334	1,176,970
11,501 17,052 0 26,56	11,501	17,052	0	(68,434)
	0	0	0	95,000
54,196 41 0 96,03	11,501	17,052	0	26,566
	54,196	41	0	96,034
<u>\$65,697</u> <u>\$17,093</u> <u>\$0</u> <u>\$122,60</u>	\$65,697	\$17,093	\$0	\$122,600

Combining Statements - Fiduciary Funds

Agency Funds

Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations or other governments and therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are purely custodial (assets equal liabilities) and thus do not involve measurement of results or operations. A description of the School District's agency funds follows:

Student Activities Fund This fund reflects resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools, accounting for sales and other revenue generating activities.

Elementary Fund This fund reflects resources that belong to the student bodies of the various schools, accounting for sales and other revenue generating activities.

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities All Agency Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Beginning Balance 6/30/14	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance 6/30/15
Student Activities				
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash				
and Cash Equivalents	\$45,467	\$43,627	\$45,468	\$43,626
Liabilities				
Due to Students	\$39,240	\$43,627	\$45,468	\$37,399
Undistributed Monies	6,227	0	0	6,227
Total Liabilities	\$45,467	\$43,627	\$45,468	\$43,626
<i>Elementary</i> Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash				
and Cash Equivalents	\$1,403	\$207	\$1,062	\$548
Liabilities				
Undistributed Monies	\$1,403	\$207	\$1,062	\$548
<i>Total - All Agency Funds</i> Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash				
and Cash Equivalents	\$46,870	\$43,834	\$46,530	\$44,174
Liabilities				
Due to Students	\$39,240	\$43,627	\$45,468	\$37,399
Undistributed Monies	7,630	207	1,062	6,775
Total Liabilities	\$46,870	\$43,834	\$46,530	\$44,174

Individual Fund Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures/Expenses and Changes in Fund Balance/Fund Equity – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

				Variance with
	Budgeted	Amounts		Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
	Oliginar	1 11141	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues				
Income Taxes	\$1,824,874	\$1,839,804	\$1,839,804	\$0
Property Taxes	4,215,304	4,393,952	4,393,952	0
Intergovernmental	4,056,486	4,160,287	4,230,453	70,166
Interest	5,000	5,000	5,463	463
Tuition and Fees	471,792	667,056	592,242	(74,814)
Extracurricular Activities	93,000	104,286	112,777	8,491
Contributions and Donations	19,000	26,200	860	(25,340)
Rentals	1,500	1,900	1,900	0
Miscellaneous	70,480	50,937	47,723	(3,214)
Total Revenues	10,757,436	11,249,422	11,225,174	(24,248)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular:				
Salaries and Wages	2,891,233	3,011,402	3,010,536	866
Fringe Benefits	947,249	911,635	905,744	5,891
Purchased Services	676,988	712,736	705,081	7,655
Materials and Supplies	200,153	138,691	138,500	191
Capital Outlay	13,000	24,738	24,738	0
Total Regular	4,728,623	4,799,202	4,784,599	14,603
Special:				
Salaries and Wages	344,803	385,185	385,185	0
Fringe Benefits	113,111	105,043	104,588	455
Purchased Services	996,416	910,543	910,044	499
Materials and Supplies	2,750	8,421	8,421	0
Total Special	1,457,080	1,409,192	1,408,238	954
Vocational:				
Salaries and Wages	3,188	5,163	5,163	0
Fringe Benefits	14,070	1,878	1,878	0
Total Vocational	17,258	7,041	7,041	0
Student Intervention Services:				
Salaries and Wages	57,355	54,843	54,843	0
Fringe Benefits	59,635	48,237	47,851	386
Total Student Intervention Services	116,990	103,080	102,694	386
Total Instruction	\$6,319,951	\$6,318,515	\$6,302,572	\$15,943
	φ0,317,7 3 1	φ0,310,313	φ0,302,372	φ13,943

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
Support Services:					
Pupil:					
Salaries and Wages	\$334,036	\$349,008	\$349,008	\$0	
Fringe Benefits	142,601	162,543	160,724	1,819	
Purchased Services	114,141	108,368	108,368	0	
Materials and Supplies	11,077	7,829	7,829	0	
Total Pupil	601,855	627,748	625,929	1,819	
Instructional Staff:					
Salaries and Wages	170,880	195,401	175,401	20,000	
Fringe Benefits	36,740	40,230	40,051	179	
Purchased Services	54,115	50,557	50,557	0	
Materials and Supplies	33,804	21,458	21,457	1	
Total Instructional Staff	295,539	307,646	287,466	20,180	
Board of Education:					
Salaries and Wages	6,600	9,875	9,875	0	
Fringe Benefits	1,157	1,956	1,956	0	
Purchased Services	53,105	64,504	64,504	0	
Materials and Supplies	100	542	542	0	
Other	20,200	14,331	14,331	0	
Total Board of Education	81,162	91,208	91,208	0	
Administration:					
Salaries and Wages	555,273	577,612	553,977	23,635	
Fringe Benefits	213,460	219,893	209,224	10,669	
Purchased Services	25,147	22,889	22,285	604	
Materials and Supplies	5,298	4,897	4,897	0	
Other	338,300	294,410	294,310	100	
Total Administration	1,137,478	1,119,701	1,084,693	35,008	
Fiscal:					
Salaries and Wages	158,826	185,287	169,988	15,299	
Fringe Benefits	71,321	85,177	77,522	7,655	
Purchased Services	31,800	15,712	15,656	56	
Materials and Supplies	5,150	7,522	7,522	0	
Capital Outlay	0	2,358	2,358	0	
Other	149,300	151,313	151,313	0	
Total Fiscal	\$416,397	\$447,369	\$424,359	\$23,010	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Business:				
Other	\$5,000	\$3,160	\$2,270	\$890
Operation and Maintenance of Plant:				
Salaries and Wages	312,612	312,709	312,709	0
Fringe Benefits	116,830	119,098	117,989	1,109
Purchased Services	351,502	359,394	355,173	4,221
Materials and Supplies	40,558	37,209	35,937	1,272
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0
Total Operation and Maintenance of Plant	821,502	828,410	821,808	6,602
Pupil Transportation:				
Salaries and Wages	398,231	419,173	419,022	151
Fringe Benefits	172,725	207,372	205,022	2,350
Purchased Services	123,431	122,070	122,070	0
Materials and Supplies	128,692	87,776	87,776	0
Capital Outlay	117,000	143,563	143,563	0
Total Pupil Transportation	940,079	979,954	977,453	2,501
Total Support Services	4,299,012	4,405,196	4,315,186	90,010
Extracurricular Activities:				
Academic and Subject Oriented Activities:				
Salaries and Wages	20,857	18,097	18,097	0
Fringe Benefits	4,649	5,664	5,664	0
Total Academic and Subject Oriented Activities	25,506	23,761	23,761	0
Sports Oriented Activities:				
Salaries and Wages	233,165	239,124	239,124	0
Fringe Benefits	27,374	38,098	38,029	69
Purchased Services	500	550	535	15
Total Sports Oriented Activities	\$261,039	\$277,772	\$277,688	\$84

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual General Fund (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)
School and Public Service Co-Curricular Activities:				
Salaries and Wages	\$7,699	\$8,795	\$8,795	\$0
Fringe Benefits	1,143	1,212	1,212	0
Total School and Public Service				
Co-Curricular Activities	8,842	10,007	10,007	0
Total Extracurricular Activities	295,387	311,540	311,456	84
Capital Outlay:				
Capital Outlay	8,900	3,080	3,080	0
Total Expenditures	10,923,250	11,038,331	10,932,294	106,037
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(165,814)	211,091	292,880	81,789
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers Out	(485,000)	(540,413)	(452,772)	87,641
Net Change in Fund Balance	(650,814)	(329,322)	(159,892)	169,430
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	1,427,200	1,427,200	1,427,200	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	166,959	166,959	166,959	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$943,345	\$1,264,837	\$1,434,267	\$169,430

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Permanent Improvement Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Property Taxes	\$231,966	\$231,966	\$0
Intergovernmental	55,078	56,521	1,443
Total Revenues	287,044	288,487	1,443
Expenditures			
Current:			
Support Services:			
Fiscal:			
Other	4,828	4,828	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant:			
Purchased Services	331,110	331,110	0
Total Expenditures	335,938	335,938	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(48,894)	(47,451)	1,443
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	74,486	74,486	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	293	293	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$25,885	\$27,328	\$1,443

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Food Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$80,000	\$62,642	(\$17,358)
Charges for Services	80,000	77,260	(2,740)
Total Revenues	160,000	139,902	(20,098)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Operation of Food Services:			
Salaries and Wages	114,614	114,387	227
Fringe Benefits	49,176	47,927	1,249
Purchased Services	4,757	1,871	2,886
Materials and Supplies	49,487	49,487	0
Total Expenditures	218,034	213,672	4,362
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(58,034)	(73,770)	(15,736)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	40,000	70,000	30,000
Net Change in Fund Balance	(18,034)	(3,770)	14,264
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	23,458	23,458	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	551	551	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$5,975	\$20,239	\$14,264

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Other Grants Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Contributions and Donations	\$12,000	\$12,000	\$0
Expenditures Current: Regular:			
Materials and Supplies	15,026	1,902	13,124
Vocational:			
Materials and Supplies	1,000	1,000	0
Total Expenditures	16,026	2,902	13,124
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,026)	9,098	13,124
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	6,025	6,025	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$1,999	\$15,123	\$13,124

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Athletics and Music Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Extracurricular Activities	\$52,682	\$56,062	\$3,380
Contributions and Donations	0	890	890
Rentals	0	520	520
Total Revenues	52,682	57,472	4,790
Expenditures			
Current:			
Extracurricular Activities:			
Sports Oriented Activities:			
Salaries and Wages	2,338	2,338	0
Fringe Benefits	365	342	23
Purchased Services	22,482	22,152	330
Other	65,222	63,140	2,082
Total Expenditures	90,407	87,972	2,435
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(37,725)	(30,500)	7,225
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	25,000	25,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(12,725)	(5,500)	7,225
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	27,432	27,432	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	2,248	2,248	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$16,955	\$24,180	\$7,225

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual ONEnet Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$3,600	\$3,600	\$0
Expenditures			
Current:			
Support Services:			
Administration:			
Purchased Services	3,600	3,600	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$0	\$0	\$0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Title VI-B Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$193,460	\$193,460	\$0
Expenditures Current: Instruction: Special:			
Purchased Services	193,460	193,460	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$0	\$0	\$0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Title I Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

P	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Intergovernmental	\$294,161	\$267,453	(\$26,708)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction: Regular:			
Salaries and Wages	223,777	199,013	24,764
Fringe Benefits	53,505	48,545	4,960
Materials and Supplies	21,123	20,655	468
Total Instruction	298,405	268,213	30,192
Support Services: Pupil:			
Salaries and Wages	6,100	6,100	0
Fringe Benefits	942	942	0
Total Pupil	7,042	7,042	0
Instructional Staff:			
Purchased Services	2,000	0	2,000
Total Support Services	9,042	7,042	2,000
Operation of Community Services:			
Fringe Benefits	1,288	1,285	3
Materials and Supplies	500	57	443
Total Operation of Community Services	1,788	1,342	446
Total Expenditures	309,235	276,597	32,638
Net Change in Fund Balance	(15,074)	(9,144)	(5,930)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	14,646	14,646	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	428	428	0
Fund End of Year	\$0	\$5,930	(\$5,930)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Title IIA Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$49,663	\$39,083	(\$10,580)
Expenditures			
Current:			
Support Services:			
Instructional Staff:	12 170	25 00 4	- 4
Purchased Services	43,450	35,984	7,466
Materials and Supplies	5,005	5,005	0
Total Support Services	48,455	40,989	7,466
Operation of Non-Instructional Shared Services: Community Services			
Materials and Supplies	500	453	47
Total Expenditures	48,955	41,442	7,513
Net Change in Fund Balance	708	(2,359)	3,067
Fund Deficit Beginning of Year	(9,538)	(9,538)	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	9,538	9,538	0
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$708	(\$2,359)	\$3,067

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Straight A Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$516,151	\$364,334	(\$151,817)
Expenditures Current: Instruction:			
Regular:			
Purchase Services	95,000	95,000	
Capital Outlay	220,518	220,518	0
Total Regular	315,518	315,518	0
Support Services: Instructional Staff:			
Purchased Services	38,366	38,366	0
Administration:			
Purchased Services	10,450	10,450	0
Total Support Services	48,816	48,816	0
Total Expenditures	364,334	364,334	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	151,817	0	(151,817)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	0	0	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$151,817	\$0	(\$151,817)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Uniform School Supplies Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Tuition and Fees	\$50,000	\$29,919	(\$20,081)
Expenditures Current: Instruction:			
Regular: Materials and Supplies	45,510	35,979	9,531
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	4,490	(6,060)	(10,550)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	15,000	15,000	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	19,490	8,940	(10,550)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	4,791	4,791	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	10	10	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$24,291	\$13,741	(\$10,550)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Special Rotary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Contributions and Donations	\$4,640	\$5,473	\$833
Expenditures Current: Instruction:			
Regular: Materials and Supplies	8,180	7,020	1,160
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,540)	(1,547)	1,993
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	3,030	3,030	0
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	(\$510)	\$1,483	\$1,993

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Public School Support Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Contributions and Donations	\$25,700	\$27,713	\$2,013
Expenditures Current: Extracurricular Activities: Academic and Subject Oriented Activities:			
Materials and Supplies	27,475	27,412	63
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,775)	301	2,076
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	5,252	5,252	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$3,477	\$5,553	\$2,076

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual School Improvement Model Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	0	0	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	25	25	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$25	\$25	\$0

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Unclaimed Funds Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues Miscellaneous	\$680	\$0	(\$680)
Expenditures	0	0	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	680	0	(680)
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	2,146	2,146	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$2,826	\$2,146	(\$680)

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Termination Benefit Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	\$0	\$0	\$0
Expenditures Current: Support Services:			
Pupils: Salaries and Wages	513	513	0
Fiscal: Salaries and Wages	12,167	11,682	485
Administration: Salaries and Wages	83,206	60,105	23,101
Total Support Services	95,886	72,300	23,586
Food Service Operations: Salaries and Wages	4,114	4,114	0_
Total Expenditures	100,000	76,414	15,724
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures	(100,000)	(76,414)	23,586
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers In	67,772	67,772	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(32,228)	(8,642)	23,586
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	193,585	193,585	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$161,357	\$184,943	\$23,586

Schedule of Revenues, Expenses and Changes In Fund Equity - Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual Self Insurance Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$100,000	\$96,300	(\$3,700)
Expenses			
Purchased Services	1,382	1,382	0
Claims	415,127	415,127	0
Total Expenses	416,509	416,509	0
Excess of Revenues Under			
Expenses Before Transfers	(316,509)	(320,209)	(3,700)
Transfers In	275,000	275,000	0
Net Change in Fund Equity	(41,509)	(45,209)	(3,700)
Fund Equity Beginning of Year	98,251	98,251	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	204	204	0
Fund Equity End of Year	\$56,946	\$53,246	(\$3,700)



Seth Byler – 10th grade Berkshire High School

Statistical Section

Statistical Section

This part of the Berkshire Local School District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the School District's overall financial health.

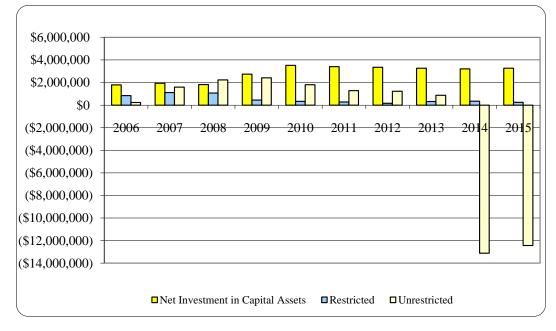
Contents Pages	(s)
<i>Financial Trends</i>	<i>S9</i>
Revenue Capacity	19
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the School District's most significant local revenue, property and income taxes.	
Debt Capacity	25
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the School District's current levels of outstanding debt and the School District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	20
Economic and Demographic Information	28
These schedules offer economic and demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School District's financial activities take place.	20
Operating Information	41
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the School District's financial report relates to the services the School District provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Comprehensive Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2014 (1)	2013	2012	2011
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$3,260,556	\$3,206,253	\$3,271,163	\$3,357,657	\$3,404,650
Restricted for:					
Capital Projects	77,674	247,599	215,983	88,576	203,064
Set Asides	39,468	39,468	39,468	39,468	39,468
Other Purposes	124,233	64,040	69,685	33,293	31,163
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(12,435,082)	(13,116,956)	868,893	1,221,331	1,283,319
Total Net Position	(\$8,933,151)	(\$9,559,596)	\$4,465,192	\$4,740,325	\$4,961,664

(1) GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2015 and does not impact net position prior to fiscal year 2014



	2009	2008	2007	2006
43 \$	2,742,560	\$1,818,772	\$1,940,269	\$1,789,300
02	357,068	953,421	922,955	640,564
68	39,468	39,468	39,468	39,468
83	51,841	74,824	151,441	168,06
78	2,409,771	2,235,701	1,592,209	228,00
74 \$	5,600,708	\$5,122,186	\$4,646,342	\$2,865,40

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2014	2013	2012
Expenses				
Regular Instruction	\$5,559,328	\$5,060,982	\$5,243,207	\$5,181,808
Special Instruction	1,503,851	1,556,460	1,547,813	1,512,004
Vocational Instruction	4,181	33,765	83,075	78,326
Student Intervention	107,764	90,120	138,647	165,196
Pupil Support	665,385	603,317	450,373	654,119
Instructional Staff Support	327,824	293,308	330,797	324,804
Board of Education	92,855	76,731	82,509	83,794
Administration	1,079,853	1,182,343	1,238,897	1,177,718
Fiscal	426,786	429,912	401,819	329,361
Business	2,270	2,904	1,359	21,999
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,179,273	1,036,171	1,056,199	1,037,957
Pupil Transportation	943,414	875,550	788,278	720,683
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	0	19,649	0
Operation of Community Services	438	955	7,300	0
Operation of Food Services	250,013	264,347	239,814	251,258
Extracurricular Activities	411,667	369,113	369,669	349,327
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,576	5,329	2,455	447
Total Expenses	12,562,478	11,881,307	12,001,860	11,888,801
Program Revenues				
Charges for Services				
Regular Instruction	633,047	622,268	500,468	387,610
Special Instruction	0	0	0	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	0	0	0	0
Operation of Food Services	77,260	86,291	105,066	124,989
Extracurricular Activities	168,857	178,498	152,660	181,616
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,153,678	647,311	621,700	719,791
Capital Grants and Contributions	0	0	0	0
Total Program Revenues	2,032,842	1,534,368	1,379,894	1,414,006
Net Expense	(10,529,636)	(10,346,939)	(10,621,966)	(10,474,795)
General Revenues				
Property Taxes Levied for:				
General Purposes	4,765,063	4,306,253	4,112,813	4,131,819
Capital Outlay	231,966	228,635	216,669	217,922
Income Taxes Levied for:				
General Purposes	1,969,869	2,009,045	1,932,690	1,548,753
Grants and Entitlements not				
Restricted to Specific Programs	4,135,157	4,023,930	4,037,322	4,325,044
Unrestricted Contributions	840	3,680	0	0
Investment Earnings	5,463	5,439	4,079	6,285
Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0
Miscellaneous	47,723	48,801	43,260	23,633
Total General Revenues	11,156,081	10,625,783	10,346,833	10,253,456
Change in Net Position	\$626,445	\$278,844	(\$275,133)	(\$221,339)

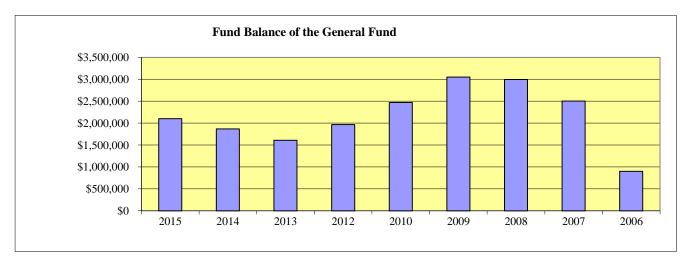
2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
ф <u>г</u> 101 000	¢4.020.24¢	¢5.06 2.7 00	¢4,000, 5 46	¢4.405.20C	¢4.co2.751
\$5,181,808 1,512,004	\$4,830,346 1,529,679	\$5,062,708	\$4,800,546	\$4,495,206	\$4,693,751
78,326	76,125	1,271,151 78,115	1,263,407 58,924	1,326,200 60,671	1,564,547 55,414
	339,048	12,776	0	00,071	0
165,196 653,548	600,884	602,816	619,086	614,007	611,399
324,804	455,767	442,628	485,694	423,189	407,207
83,794	41,679	87,962	54,834	36,959	61,313
1,177,718	1,113,593	1,142,152	1,002,491	1,102,186	829,843
329,361	382,159	406,222	334,840	348,188	322,274
21,999	28,687	38,727	32,706	28,018	29,925
1,037,957	878,611	938,412	1,048,609	1,136,704	1,052,876
720,683	791,630	762,715	982,780	693,519	763,710
0	0	0	0	0	000,710
0	0	0	0	0	0
251,258	264,105	302,888	311,629	270,350	331,153
349,327	382,735	405,456	446,431	391,545	363,747
571	0	0	0	0	884
11 000 054	11 515 040	11 554 500	11 441 077	10.026.742	11.000.042
11,888,354	11,715,048	11,554,728	11,441,977	10,926,742	11,088,043
387,610	220,598	185,794	197,407	467,384	98,213
0	0	28,265	0	0	0
0	0	0	5,314	0	10,677
124,989	153,133	174,575	184,448	190,268	220,821
181,616	185,985	201,972	246,908	151,692	290,301
719,791	959,797	522,346	642,954	608,524	647,025
0	0	10,013	30,062	0	5,333
1,414,006	1,519,513	1,122,965	1,307,093	1,417,868	1,272,370
(10,474,348)	(10,195,535)	(10,431,763)	(10,134,884)	(9,508,874)	(9,815,673)
4,131,819	3,841,219	4,338,549	4,304,017	4,766,622	4,777,030
217,922	198,446	226,907	226,907	249,327	252,820
1,548,753	1,536,729	1,656,813	1,710,748	1,501,823	1,329,783
4,325,044	4,650,889	4,620,371	4,234,744	4,221,620	4,015,962
0	0	0	0	0	10,649
6,285	13,083	52,667	124,954	176,711	91,189
0	0	0	0	365,160	103,118
23,633	19,758	14,978	9,358	8,550	1,118
10,253,456	10,260,124	10,910,285	10,610,728	11,289,813	10,581,669
(\$220,892)	\$64,589	\$478,522	\$475,844	\$1,780,939	\$765,996

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$3,953	\$2,139	\$2,139	\$2,017	\$2,029
Restricted	39,468	41,614	41,614	41,614	41,045
Committed	184,943	193,585	260,558	105,012	182,726
Assigned	20,807	13,089	590,741	1,137,370	888,474
Unassigned	1,853,588	1,619,679	715,436	682,425	954,849
Reserved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unreserved (Deficit)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total General Fund	2,102,759	1,870,106	1,610,488	1,968,438	2,069,123
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	1,167	1,139	1,531	7,101	8,211
Restricted	192,215	195,681	188,645	131,448	258,673
Unassigned (Deficit)	(654)	0	0	0	(425)
Reserved	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Unreserved, Undesignated,					
Reported in:					
Special Revenue Funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Debt Service Funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Capital Projects Funds	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total All Other Governmental Funds	192,728	196,820	190,176	138,549	266,459
Total Governmental Funds	\$2,295,487	\$2,066,926	\$1,800,664	\$2,106,987	\$2,335,582

Note: GASB 54 was implemented in fiscal year 2011.



2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$1,824	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
41,045	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
13,884	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2,412,958	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	\$975,989	\$695,341	\$1,017,180	\$975,425
N/A	2,074,377	2,300,013	1,486,945	(73,635
2,469,711	3,050,366	2,995,354	2,504,125	901,790
5,288	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
313,009	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/A	148,174	151,933	121,426	235,130
N/A	71,375	51,585	57,547	156,030
N/A	0	0	0	(
N/A	206,166	804,933	815,411	408,063
318,297	425,715	1,008,451	994,384	799,223
\$2,788,008	\$3,476,081	\$4,003,805	\$3,498,509	\$1,701,013

Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Revenues					
Income Taxes	\$1,850,476	\$2,162,468	\$1,735,507	\$1,548,753	\$1,626,657
Property Taxes	4,979,118	4,526,039	4,373,428	4,353,798	4,349,320
Intergovernmental	5,247,227	4,636,804	4,628,000	5,007,888	5,610,908
Interest	5,463	5,439	4,079	6,285	9,820
Tuition and Fees	631,147	620,668	498,588	387,610	397,999
Extracurricular Activities	168,337	178,498	152,660	179,916	209,908
Contributions and Donations	42,448	38,117	31,022	36,947	21,375
Charges for Services	77,260	86,291	105,066	124,989	138,066
Rentals	2,420	1,600	1,880	1,700	2,000
Miscellaneous	47,723	48,801	43,260	23,633	40,129
Total Revenues	13,051,619	12,304,725	11,573,490	11,671,519	12,406,182
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	5,555,306	4,963,720	5,041,132	5,000,387	4,920,559
Special	1,491,056	1,548,503	1,521,958	1,489,364	1,799,284
Vocational	1,309	46,237	79,538	75,001	71,458
Student Intervention	102,829	90,120	138,647	165,196	191,649
Support Services:	(50.046	575 025	422.059	600 224	C12 800
Pupil Instructional Staff	650,946	575,935	433,058	699,224	642,890
Instructional Staff Board of Education	315,514	293,572	287,340	320,881	453,246
Administration	92,855 1,115,288	76,731 1,206,405	82,509 1,205,689	83,794 1,132,616	50,980 1,195,284
Fiscal	444,049	422,157	392,099	325,331	432,910
Business	2,270	2,904	1,359	21,999	30,680
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	1,148,761	1,010,435	948,417	1,001,524	1,148,327
Pupil Transportation	969,397	879,380	832,991	688,329	1,018,781
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	0	0	4,132	0	0
Operation of Community Services	438	955	7,300	0	0
Operation of Food Services	221,849	242,935	233,496	243,726	279,864
Extracurricular Activities	433,111	367,952	368,545	376,503	364,396
Capital Outlay	50,153	168,236	115,458	49,839	8,300
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	108,657	103,106	55,314	26,603	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	7,576	5,329	2,455	447	0
Total Expenditures	12,711,364	12,004,612	11,751,437	11,700,764	12,608,608
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures	340,255	300,113	(177,947)	(29,245)	(202,426)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Sale of Capital Assets	0	0	0	0	0
Inception of Capital Lease	163,306	241,149	146,624	75,650	0
Transfers In	95,000	65,000	75,000	11,000	0
Transfers Out	(370,000)	(340,000)	(350,000)	(286,000)	(250,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(111,694)	(33,851)	(128,376)	(199,350)	(250,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$228,561	\$266,262	(\$306,323)	(\$228,595)	(\$452,426)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	0.94%	0.93%	0.50%	0.23%	0.00%
	0.7170	0.2270	0.5070	0.2070	0.0070

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$1,544,686	\$1,680,604	\$1,605,512	\$1,501,823	\$1,329,783
4,059,441	4,560,815	4,425,741	5,155,342	5,026,267
5,581,373	5,125,435	4,874,439	4,759,998	4,644,456
13,083	52,667	124,954	176,711	91,189
220,598	214,059	197,099	221,754	56,244
183,351	197,688	246,908	309,758	290,301
29,313	27,295	33,321	70,146	34,513
153,133	174,681	184,756	270,045	262,790
2,634 19,758	4,178 14,978	5,314 9,358	7,787 8,550	10,677 1,118
11,807,370	12,052,400	11,707,402	12,481,914	11,747,338
4,598,101	4,910,346	4,551,570	4,359,350	4,510,378
1,560,754	1,248,295	1,270,129	1,329,869	1,535,933
70,925	67,117	63,351	59,507	54,762
339,048	12,776	0	0	0
587,278	585,437	596,768	610,225	606,815
444,152	413,989	466,354	433,541	400,096
41,679	87,962	54,834	36,959	46,539
1,084,482	1,103,077	1,027,474	1,067,488	805,231
376,220	403,219	332,881	371,725	313,693
28,687	38,727	32,706	28,018	29,925
963,066	1,103,255	958,097	967,069	973,686
854,523	749,980	753,843	768,513	690,623
0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0
244,249	270,217	294,331	262,839	320,715
381,611	403,839	445,806	390,948	354,006
622,245	921,888	223,962	369,621	334,672
0	0	0	0	68,736
0	0	0	0	994
12,197,020	12,320,124	11,072,106	11,055,672	11,046,804
(389,650)	(267,724)	635,296	1,426,242	700,534
0	0	0	371,254	235,008
0	0	0	0	255,008
116,600	165,444	0	30,808	0
(416,600)	(425,444)	(130,000)	(30,808)	0
(300,000)	(260,000)	(130,000)	371,254	235,008
(\$689,650)	(\$527,724)	\$505,296	\$1,797,496	\$935,542
	<u></u>			
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.65%

Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property

Last Ten Years

		Real I	Estate		Tangible P	ersonal
		Assessed Value	<u> </u>	Estimated		Estimated
Collection Year	Residential/ Agricultural	Commercial/ Industrial	Total	Actual Value	Assessed Value	Actual Value
2015	\$194,401,510	\$32,752,300	\$227,153,810	\$649,010,886	\$0	\$0
2014	188,228,330	30,728,180	218,956,510	625,590,029	0	0
2013	187,539,730	26,214,110	213,753,840	610,725,257	0	0
2012	187,328,640	25,339,290	212,667,930	607,622,657	0	0
2011	189,075,680	24,497,110	213,572,790	610,207,971	0	0
2010	189,031,680	24,417,430	213,449,110	609,854,600	0	0
2009	187,824,100	23,853,220	211,677,320	604,792,343	0	0
2008	185,639,640	23,379,720	209,019,360	597,198,171	4,807,680	76,922,880
2007	183,710,490	22,453,650	206,164,140	589,040,400	9,765,500	78,124,000
2006	181,335,230	22,365,410	203,700,640	582,001,829	14,712,180	78,464,960

Real property is reappraised every six years with a State mandated update of the current market value in the third year following each reappraisal.

The assessed value of real property (including public utility real property) is 35 percent of estimated true value. The assessed value of public utility personal property ranges from 25 percent of a true value for railroad property to 88 percent for electric electric transmission and distribution property. General business tangible personal property was assessed in previous years at 25 percent for machinery and equipment and 23 percent for inventories. General business tangible personal property tax was phased out beginning in 2006.

The tangible personal property values associated with each year are the values that, when multiplied by the applicable rates, generated the property tax revenue billed that year. For the real property, the amounts generated by multiplying the assessed values by the applicable rates would be reduced by the 10 percent, 2 1/2 percent and homestead exemptions before being billed. Beginning in 2006 collection year, the 10 percent rollback for commercial/industrial property has been eliminated.

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Geauga County, Ohio

Public Utili	ty Personal	Tot				
Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value	Estimated Actual Value	Ratio	Total Tax Rate Mills	Weighted Average Tax Rate
\$7,110,920	\$8,080,591	\$234,264,730	\$657,091,477	35.65%	\$52.30	\$23.68
6,777,210	7,701,375	225,733,720	633,291,404	35.64	52.30	23.02
6,152,350	6,991,307	219,906,190	617,716,564	35.60	52.30	22.31
5,573,190	6,333,170	218,241,120	613,955,828	35.55	52.30	22.03
7,110,920	8,080,591	220,683,710	618,288,562	35.66	52.30	22.41
5,284,160	6,004,727	218,733,270	615,859,327	35.52	52.30	21.93
4,965,770	5,642,920	216,643,090	610,435,263	35.49	52.30	21.68
5,279,450	5,999,375	219,106,490	680,120,426	32.22	52.30	22.64
6,276,010	7,131,830	222,205,650	674,296,230	32.95	52.30	23.45
6,205,680	7,051,909	224,618,500	667,518,698	33.65	52.30	24.08

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments

(per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Last Ten Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Unvoted Millage					
Operating	\$4.5000	\$4.5000	\$4.5000	\$4.5000	\$4.5000
Voted Millage - by levy					
1976 Operating - continuing					
Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	7.7817	7.8684	7.8567	7.8404	7.7734
Commercial/Industrial	7.3641	7.3617	7.3287	7.3184	7.5105
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	26.1000	26.1000	26.1000	26.1000	26.1000
1977 Operating - continuing					
Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	1.4907	1.5074	1.5051	1.5020	1.4891
Commercial/Industrial	1.4107	1.4103	1.4040	1.4020	1.4388
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000
1983 Operating - continuing					
Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	2.0001	2.0372	2.0342	2.0300	2.0126
Commercial/Industrial	2.5330	2.5322	2.5208	2.5173	2.5834
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	4.7000	4.7000	4.7000	4.7000	4.7000
1985 Operating - continuing					
Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	1.9150	1.9505	1.9476	1.9436	1.9269
Commercial/Industrial	2.4252	2.4244	2.4136	2.4102	2.4734
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	4.5000	4.5000	4.5000	4.5000	4.5000
1988 Operating - continuing					
Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	2.3126	2.3588	2.3553	2.3504	2.3304
Commercial/Industrial	2.7616	2.7607	2.7483	2.7445	2.8165
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000
2008 Permanent Improvements - 5 years (1)					
Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	1.0046	1.0333	1.0318	1.0296	1.0208
Commercial/Industrial	1.3966	1.3962	1.3899	1.3880	1.4244
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000
Total Effective Voted Millage by type of property					
Residential/Agricultural	16.5047	16.7556	16.7307	16.6960	16.5531
Commercial/Industrial	17.8912	17.8854	17.8053	17.7804	18.2469
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	47.8000	47.8000	47.8000	47.8000	47.8000
Total Effective Millage by type of property					
Residential/Agricultural	21.0047	21.2556	21.2307	21.1960	21.0531
Commercial/Industrial	22.3912	22.3854	22.3053	22.2804	22.7469
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	52.3000	52.3000	52.3000	52.3000	52.3000
Totla Weighted Average Tax Rate	23.6807	23.0172	22.3091	22.0288	22.4081

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$4.5000	\$4.5000	\$4.5000	\$4.5000	\$4.5000
7.7579	7.7572	7.7505	7.7472	7.7462
7.4948 26.1000	7.5018 26.1000	7.4899 26.1000	7.4844 26.1000	7.3781 26.1000
26.1000	26.1000	26.1000	26.1000	26.1000
1.4862	1.4861	1.4848	1.4841	1.4840
1.4358	1.4371	1.4349	1.4338	1.4134
5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000
2.0086	2.0095	2.0107	2.0118	2.0121
2.5780	2.5804	2.5763	2.5744	2.5378
4.7000	4.7000	4.7000	4.7000	4.7000
1.9231	1.9229	1.9251	1.9262	1.9265
2.4683	2.4706	2.4667	2.4648	2.4298
4.5000	4.5000	4.5000	4.5000	4.5000
2.3256	2.3254	2.3289	2.3306	2.3312
2.8106	2.8132	2.8088	2.8067	2.7668
5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000	5.0000
1.0188	1.0187	1.0225	1.0244	1.0249
1.4214	1.4228	1.4205	1.4195	1.3993
2.5000	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000	2.5000
16.5202	16.5187	16.5225	16.5243	16.5249
18.2088	18.2260	18.1971	18.1836	17.9252
47.8000	47.8000	47.8000	47.8000	47.8000
21.0202	21.0187	21.0225	21.0243	21.0249
22.7088	22.7260	22.6971	22.6836	22.4252
52.3000	52.3000	52.3000	52.3000	52.3000
21.9270	21.6772	22.6411	23.4498	24.0769
				(continued)

(continued)

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments (continued)

(per \$1,000 of assessed value)

Last Ten Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Overlapping Rates by Taxing District					
Auburn Joint Vocational School District Voted Millage					
Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	\$1.5000	\$1.5000	\$1.5000	\$1.5000	\$1.5000
Commercial/Industrial	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000
Burton Public Library Voted Millage					
Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	1.6528	1.2000	1.2000	1.2000	1.1980
Commercial/Industrial	1.7000	1.1762	1.1710	1.1693	1.2000
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	1.7000	1.2000	1.2000	1.2000	1.2000
Village of Burton Unvoted Millage					
Residential/Agricultural	8.2119	8.2157	8.1969	8.1914	8.1231
Commercial/Industrial	9.1217	9.1119	9.0709	9.0348	9.3172
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	9.7500	9.7500	9.7500	9.7500	9.7500
Township of Burton Voted Millage					
Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	5.9276	5.9921	5.1969	5.2561	5.9389
Commercial/Industrial	6.3277	6.3367	6.0709	5.5043	6.3130
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	7.2500	7.2500	6.7500	6.3500	7.2500
Township of Claridon Voted Millage					
Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	7.4788	7.5704	7.5605	6.5040	6.5222
Commercial/Industrial	7.3062	7.3096	7.3061	6.2763	6.2885
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	9.1500	9.1500	9.1500	9.4000	9.4000
Township of Troy Voted Millage					
Residential/Agricultural	8.0596	8.3376	8.3363	8.3172	9.3918
Commercial/Industrial	7.2467	7.2395	7.2395	7.2392	8.4271
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	11.0000	11.0000	11.0000	11.0000	12.5000
Geauga County Voted Millage					
Effective Millage Rates					
Residential/Agricultural	11.4711	11.8028	11.9850	11.9674	11.6097
Commercial/Industrial	12.1414	12.4790	12.7460	12.5853	12.4348
Tangible/Public Utility Personal	13.4000	14.1000	15.1000	15.1000	15.1000

(1) This is renewed every five years and was last renewed in 2013.

The rates presented for a particular calendar year are the rates that, when applied to the assessed values presented in the Assessed Value Table, generated the property tax revenue billed in that year.

Rates may only be raised by obtaining the approval of a majority of the voters at a public election.

Real property tax rates for voted levies are reduced so that inflationary increases in value do not generate additional revenue.

Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners with the School District.

Source: Ohio Department of Taxation

2010				
	2009	2008	2007	2006
\$1.5000	\$1.5000	\$1.5000	\$1.5000	\$1.500
1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.500
1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.5000	1.500
1 1057	1 1055	0.7026	0.7041	0.704
1.1956 1.1989	1.1955 1.2000	0.7926 0.8905	0.7941 0.8898	0.794 0.877
1.1989	1.2000	1.0000	1.0000	1.000
112000	1.2000	1.0000	10000	1.000
8.1174	8.1172	8.1326	8.1302	8.125
9.3172	9.3172	9.3407	9.3440	9.122
9.7500	9.7500	9.7500	9.7500	9.750
5.9316	5.9289	5.9351	5.9387	5.944
6.3107	6.3099	6.3099	6.3070	6.307
7.2500	7.2500	7.2500	7.2500	7.250
6.5171	6.5153	6.5245	6.5348	6.537
6.2884 9.4000	6.2874 9.4000	6.2874 9.4000	6.2873 9.4000	6.291 9.400
9.4000	9.4000	9.4000	9.4000	9.400
9.3722	9.3777	9.4210	9.4284	9.421
8.3976	8.4153	8.3713	8.3613	8.291
12.5000	12.5000	12.5000	12.5000	12.500
11.2064	10.9011	10.8584	10.8751	10.891
11.2064	10.9011 11.5893	10.8584	10.8751	10.891
12.0948	15.1000	15.1000	15.1000	15.100

Property Tax Levies and Collections (1)

Last Ten Years

Collection Year (2)	Current Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Current Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy	Delinquent Tax Collections (3)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Current Tax Levy
2014	\$5,199,872	\$5,139,730	98.84	\$142,551	\$5,282,281	101.58%
2013	4,895,103	4,825,539	98.58	141,557	4,967,096	101.47
2012	4,847,757	4,729,795	97.57	117,245	4,847,040	99.99
2011	4,822,787	4,764,641	98.79	121,788	4,886,429	101.32
2010	4,805,662	4,712,631	98.06	208,062	4,920,693	102.39
2009	4,830,649	4,729,877	97.91	205,453	4,935,330	102.17
2008	5,041,199	4,888,884	96.98	229,328	5,118,212	101.53
2007	5,329,712	5,108,242	95.84	161,485	5,269,727	98.87
2006	5,768,910	5,328,272	92.36	190,742	5,519,014	95.67
2005	5,309,213	5,118,387	96.41	190,147	5,308,534	99.99

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Geauga County, Ohio

- (1) Includes Homestead/Rollback taxes assessed locally, but distributed through the State and reported as Intergovernmental revenue.
- (2) The 2015 information cannot be presented because all collections have not been made by June 30, 2015.
- (3) The County does not maintain delinquency information by tax year.

Note: We considered modfying the stat table presentation for the subsequent adjustments; however, our current (or the County's) computer system does not provide the information in the manner needed for the modified presentation. Delinquencies are tracked by the date the parcel is first certified delinquent and penalties and interest are applied to the total delinquent balance. We are looking at options to improve the presentation.

Principal Taxpayers Real Estate Tax 2015 and 2007

	20)15
Name of Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value
Great Lakes Cheese Company, Inc	\$5,105,070	2.25 %
Saint Gobain Ceramics & Plastics Inc	2,058,490	0.91
Thistle Lane Real Properties LLC	1,580,010	0.70
Excel Polymers LLC	1,292,350	0.57
Luxenburg Properties BH	1,265,450	0.56
Troy Oaks Homes and Residential Club	1,216,990	0.54
John & James Masternick Trustees	1,035,030	0.46
Bridge Creek Properties	818,970	0.36
Preston Real Estate	755,110	0.33
Hilltop Holdings LLC	673,440	0.30
Totals	\$15,800,910	6.96 %
Total Real Estate Tax Assessed Valuation	\$227,153,810	

	2007 (1)			
Name of Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Percent of Real Property Assessed Value		
Great Lakes Cheese Company, Inc	\$4,014,330	1.95 %		
Thistle Lane Real Properties LLC	1,642,380	0.80		
City of Akron	1,560,420	0.76		
Excel Polymers LLC	1,237,750	0.60		
John J. Masternick	1,089,280	0.53		
Troy Oaks Homes and Residential Club	1,071,500	0.52		
Luxenburg Properties BH	1,015,020	0.49		
Preston Real Estate	623,440	0.30		
Steven Rajki, Junior	599,450	0.29		
Grandview Golf Club	583,420	0.28		
Tripak Enterprise	570,650	0.27		
Totals	\$14,007,640	6.79 %		
Total Real Estate Tax Assessed Valuation	\$206,164,140			

(1) information for 2006 is not available, therefore 2007 data was presented

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Geauga County, Ohio

Principal Taxpayers Public Utilities Tax 2015 and 2007

	20	015
Name of Taxpayer	Assessed Value	Percent of Public Utility Assessed Value
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	\$5,786,250	85.38 %
American Transmission Systems Inc	522,920	7.72
East Ohio Gas Company	405,160	5.98
Ohio Edison	344,920	5.09
Orwell Natural Gas Company	51,670	0.76
Total	\$7,110,920	100.00 %
Total Public Utilities Assessed Valuation	\$7,110,920	

	200	7 (1)
		Percent of
	Assessed	Public Utility
Name of Taxpayer	Value	Assessed Value
Cleveland Electric Illuminating Company	\$4,309,740	68.27 %
Ohio Bell Telephone Company	645,200	10.28
American Transmission Systems Inc	374,600	5.97
East Ohio Gas Company	320,480	5.11
Alltel Ohio	158,890	2.53
Total	\$5,808,910	92.56 %
Total Public Utilities Assessed Valuation	\$6,276,010	

(1) information for 2006 is not available, therefore 2007 data was presented

Source: Office of the County Auditor, Geauga County, Ohio

Income Tax Revenue Base and Collections (1)

Last Ten Years

Tax Year	Tax Rate (2)	Total Tax Collected (3)	Taxes from Withholding	Percentage of Taxes from Withholding	Taxes from Direct Payments	Percentage of Taxes from Direct Payments
2015	1.00 %	\$1,969,869	\$1,105,924	56.14 %	\$863,945	43.86 %
2014	1.00	2,009,045	1,063,409	52.93	945,636	47.07
2013	1.00	1,932,690	779,138	40.31	1,153,552	59.69
2012	1.00	1,548,753	761,923	49.20	786,830	50.80
2011	1.00	1,626,657	910,880	58.81	670,020	41.19
2010	1.00	1,536,729	910,880	59.27	625,910	40.73
2009	1.00	1,656,813	932,045	56.26	724,690	43.74
2008	1.00	1,710,748	721,954	45.80	927,225	54.20
2007	0.75	1,501,823	687,835	45.80	813,988	54.20
2006	0.75	1,329,783	711,434	53.50	618,349	46.50

(1) Income tax is only collected on the income of residents and on estates.

(2) The School District's income tax rate may only be increased by a majority vote of the School District's residents.

(3) Total tax collected is on a full accrual basis.

Source: Ohio Department of Taxation

Computation of Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt December 31, 2015

	Governmental Activities Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to School District (1)	Amount of Direct and Overlapping Debt
Direct:			
Capital Leases	\$333,049	100.00%	\$333,049
Overlapping:			
Geauga County			
General Obligation Bonds	325,000	7.52%	24,440
Special Assessment Bonds	683,074	7.52%	51,367
General Obligation Notes	10,152,811	7.52%	763,491
Total Overlapping	11,160,885	7.52%	839,299
Total	\$11,493,934		\$1,172,348

Source: Office of the Auditor, Geauga County, Ohio

(1) Percentages were determined by dividing the assessed valuation of the political subdivision located within the boundaries of the School District by the total assessed valuation of the subdivision. The valuations used were for the 2014 collection year.

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Ratio of General Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value, Ratio of General Debt to Personal Income and Debt per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

		_	General Bonded Debt		
Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Estimated Actual Value (2)	Bonded Debt	Ratio of Bonded Debt to Estimated Actual Value	Bonded Debt per Capita
2015	8,647	\$657,091,477	\$0	0.00	\$0.00
2014	8,647	633,291,404	0	0.00	0.00
2013	8,647	617,716,564	0	0.00	0.00
2012	8,647	613,955,828	0	0.00	0.00
2011	8,647	618,288,562	0	0.00	0.00
2010	8,647	615,859,327	0	0.00	0.00
2009	8,647	610,435,263	0	0.00	0.00
2008	8,647	680,120,426	0	0.00	0.00
2007	8,647	674,296,230	0	0.00	0.00
2006	8,647	667,518,698	0	0.00	0.00

Source: (1) U.S. Bureau of Census, Census of Population (a) 2000 Federal Census, 2006-2009 (b) 2010 Federal Census, 2010-2015

(2) Geauga County Auditor

(3) The personal income can be found on S26

	General Debt					
Capital Leases	Total Debt	Ratio of General Debt to Personal Income (3)	General Debt per Capita			
\$333,049	\$333,049	1.18	\$38.52			
278,400	278,400	0.98	32.20			
140,357	140,357	0.50	16.23			
49,047	49,047	0.17	5.67			
0	0	0.00	0.00			
0	0	0.00	0.00			
0	0	0.00	0.00			
0	0	0.00	0.00			
0	0	0.00	0.00			
0	0	0.00	0.00			

Computation of Legal Debt Margin

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Assessed Valuation (1)	\$227,153,810	\$218,956,510	\$213,753,840	\$212,667,930	\$213,572,790
Debt Limit - 9% of Assessed Value (2)	\$20,443,843	\$19,706,086	\$19,237,846	\$19,140,114	\$19,221,551
Amount of Debt Applicable to Debt Limit General Obligation Bonds Less Amount Available in Debt Service	0	0 0	0	0 0	0
Amount of Debt Subject to Limit	0	0	0	0	0
Legal Debt Margin	\$20,443,843	\$19,706,086	\$19,237,846	\$19,140,114	\$19,221,551
Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Debt Limit	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Unvoted Debt Limit10% of Assessed Value (2)	\$227,154	\$218,957	\$213,754	\$212,668	\$213,573
Amount of Debt Applicable	0	0	0	0	0
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin	\$227,154	\$218,957	\$213,754	\$212,668	\$213,573
Unvoted Legal Debt Margin as a Percentage of the Unvoted Debt Limit	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Source: Geauga County Auditor and School District Financial Records

 Beginning in fiscal year 2006, HB530 changed the assessed valuation utilized in the legal debt margin calculation to excluded tangible personal property as well as railroad and telephone tangible property.

(2) Ohio Bond Law sets a limit of 9% for overall debt and 1/10 of 1% for unvoted debt.

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	
\$213,449,110	\$211,677,320	\$209,019,360	\$206,164,140	\$203,700,640	
\$19,210,420	\$19,050,959	\$18,811,742	\$18,554,773	\$18,333,058	
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	
0	0	0	0	0	
\$19,210,420	\$19,050,959	\$18,811,742	\$18,554,773	\$18,333,058	
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
\$213,449	\$211,677	\$209,019	\$206,164	\$203,701	
0	0	0	0	0	
\$213,449	\$211,677	\$209,019	\$206,164	\$203,701	
100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Years

Year	Population (1)	Total Personal Income (1)	Personal Income Per Capita (1)	Median Household Income (1)
2015	1,450	\$40,518,800	\$27,944	\$60,200
2014	1,450	\$40,518,800	27,944	60,200
2013	1,450	\$40,518,800	27,944	60,200
2012	1,450	\$40,518,800	27,944	60,200
2011	1,450	\$40,518,800	27,944	60,200
2010	1,450	\$40,518,800	27,944	60,200
2009	1,450	28,298,200	19,516	41,830
2008	1,450	28,298,200	19,516	41,830
2007	1,450	28,298,200	19,516	41,830
2006	1,450	28,298,200	19,516	41,830

Source 2000 & 2010 U.S. Census Geauga County

(1) Information presented is for the Village of Burton. Information for the Townships of Burton, Troy and Claridon was not available.

Median Age (1)	Median Value of Residential Property (1)	Geauga County Unemployment Rate	Total Assessed Property Value
37.50	\$135,100	5.6 %	\$234,264,730
37.50	135,100	5.6	225,733,720
37.50	135,100	5.6	219,906,190
37.50	135,100	7.5	218,241,120
37.50	135,100	7.5	220,683,710
37.50	135,100	7.5	218,733,270
37.50	135,100	7.5	216,643,090
37.50	135,100	5.8	219,106,490
37.50	135,100	4.9	222,205,650
37.50	135,100	4.4	224,618,500

Principal Employers December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2006

Employer	City	Nature of Business or Activity	Employee
Great Lakes Cheese Company	Troy	Cheese Packaging and Distribution	580
Hexpol Compounding/Burton Rubber Processing	Burton	Manufacturing	233
Berkshire Local School District	Burton	Education	121
Burton Health Care	Burton	Long-term Health Care and Rehabiliation	108
Preston Superstore	Burton	Automobile Sales	130
Duramax	Troy	Manufacturing	88
ARMS Trucking	Burton	Trucking	n/a
3FG Supply, Incorporated	Burton	Wholesale Distributor - Greenhouse	52
Ronyak Paving	Burton	Paving	49
Troy Manufacturing	Troy	Manufacturing	41
Total			1,402

December 31, 2006

Employer	Employer City Nature of Business or Activity		Employees
Great Lakes Cheese Company	Troy	Cheese Packaging and Distribution	533
Excel Polymers, LLC	Burton	Manufacturing	214
Berkshire Local School District	Burton	Education	137
BFG Supply, Incorporated	Burton	Wholesale Distributor - Greenhouse	132
Burton Health Care	Burton	Long-term Health Care and Rehabiliation	132
Duramax	Troy	Manufacturing	83
ARMS Trucking	Burton	Trucking	75
Preston Superstore	Burton	Automobile Sales	62
Ronyak Paving	Burton	Paving	58
Troy Manufacturing	Troy	Manufacturing	27
Total			1,453
Total Employment within the School District			n/a

Source: Village of Burton and the Townships of Burton and Troy, Ohio.

n/a - Information not available.

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Building Statistics by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2015	2014	2013	2012
Burton Elementary School				
Constructed in 1959				
Total Building Square Footage	41,645	41,645	41,645	41,645
Enrollment Grades PS-6	426	454	474	491
Student Capacity	640	640	640	640
Regular Instruction Classrooms	23	23	23	23
Regular Instruction Teachers	30	29	29	29
Special Instruction Classrooms	4	4	4	4
Special Instruction Teachers	5	5	5	5
Troy Elementary School				
Constructed in 1924				
Total Building Square Footage	0	0	0	0
Enrollment Grades 1-6	0	0	0	0
Student Capacity	0	0	0	0
Regular Instruction Classrooms	0	0	0	0
Regular Instruction Teachers	0	0	0	0
Special Instruction Classrooms	0	0	0	0
Special Instruction Teachers	0	0	0	0
Junior High/High School				
Constructed in 1936				
Total Building Square Footage	95,485	95,485	95,485	95,485
Enrollment Grades 7-12	480	495	517	548
Student Capacity	760	760	760	760
Regular Instruction Classrooms	32	32	32	32
Regular Instruction Teachers	27	27	27	28
Special Instruction Classrooms	5	5	5	5
Special Instruction Teachers	6	6	6	5

Source: School District Records

2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
41,645	41,645	41,645	29,549	29,549	29,549
507	508	495	363	408	421
640	640	640	450	450	450
23	23	16	30	23	23
23	23	21	30	24	26
4	4	4	3	2	2
8	8	8	3	2	3
0	0	18,556	18,556	18,556	18,556
0	0	163	163	149	159
0	0	190	190	190	190
0	0	6	6	10	10
0	0	6	6	11	11
0	0	1	1	1	1
0	0	1	1	1	1
95,485	95,485	95,485	95,485	95,485	95,485
576	569	629	619	690	702
760	760	760	760	760	760
32	32	32	32	32	32
30	30	30	30	31	32
5	5	5	5	4	4

Per Pupil Cost

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Expenditures	Enrollment	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil/ Teacher Ratio	Students Receiving Free or Reduced Lunch	Percentage of Enrollment
2015	\$12,711,364	906	\$14,030	9.84 %	70	12.9	212	23.4%
2014	12,004,612	949	12,650	6.26	69	13.8	212	0.2
2013	11,751,437	991	11,858	5.03	69	14.4	220	20.7
2012	11,700,764	1,039	11,262	(3.38)	69	15.1	227	21.8
2011	12,608,608	1,083	11,642	0.03	72	15.0	242	22.3
2010	12,197,020	1,077	11,325	(3.21)	73	14.8	155	14.4
2009	12,320,124	1,124	10,961	11.78	73	15.4	144	12.8
2008	11,072,106	1,145	9,670	8.32	75	15.3	131	11.4
2007	11,055,672	1,247	8,866	2.81	75	16.6	54	4.3
2006	11,046,804	1,282	8,617	(0.46)	79	16.2	49	3.8

Source: School District Records

Attendance and Graduation Rates

Last Ten School Years

Fiscal Year	Berkshire Attendance Rate	State Average	Berkshire Graduation Rate	State Average
2015	95.20%	N/A	94.10%	83.00%
2014	95.00	94.30	94.10	83.00
2013	95.00	94.30	93.80	83.00
2012	94.40	94.30	95.90	83.00
2011	94.00	94.00	95.20	83.00
2010	94.30	94.30	95.20	83.00
2009	94.40	94.30	95.20	90.00
2008	94.60	93.00	94.20	90.00
2007	94.10	93.00	94.00	90.00
2006	95.20	94.10	95.30	86.20

Source: Ohio Department of Education Local Report Cards

School District Employees by Function/Program

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Function/Program	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
Regular Instruction					
Elementary Classroom Teachers	30.50	29.50	29.00	29.00	31.00
High School Classroom Teachers	24.00	24.00	24.00	25.00	30.00
Special Instruction					
Elementary Classroom Teachers	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Gifted Education Teachers	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
High School Classroom Teachers	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00
Vocational Instruction					
High School Classroom Teachers	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Pupil Support Services					
Guidance Counselors	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Librarians	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Psychologists	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Speech and Language Pathologists	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00
Nurse	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Aides	5.00	5.00	4.00	5.00	5.00
Administration					
Elementary	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
High School	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Central Office	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Secretarial	6.50	6.50	7.50	7.50	7.50
Technology	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Fiscal Services					
Administration	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Clerks	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Operation of Plant					
Custodians	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	8.00
Maintenance	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Pupil Transportation					
Administration	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Bus Drivers	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Bus Aides	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	5.00
Van Drivers	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
Food Service Program					
Elementary Cooks	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
High School Cooks	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
Totals	122.00	121.00	122.50	124.50	135.50

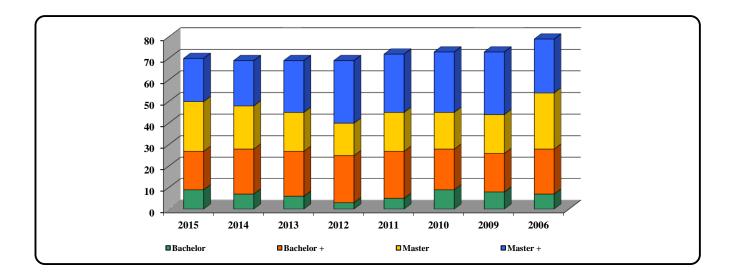
Method: Using 1.0 for each full-time employee and 0.50 for each part-time and seasonal employee at fiscal year end.

2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
2010	2007	2000	2007	2000
31.00	30.00	30.00	35.00	33.00
29.00	30.00	30.00	31.00	31.00
4.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	4.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	0.50	0.50
4.00	3.00	5.00	4.00	3.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	3.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
5.00	9.00	9.00	9.00	9.00
2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
2.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
7.50	8.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
1.00	1.50	1.50	1.00	1.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.00
7.50	7.50	7.50	9.00	9.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
10.00	10.00	10.00	9.00	13.00
5.00	6.00	5.00	2.00	1.00
2.00	2.00	2.00	1.00	1.00
4.00	4.00	6.00	5.00	5.00
3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
134.00	139.00	138.00	136.50	138.50

Full-Time Equivalent School District Teachers by Education

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Degree	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006
Bachelor's Degree	9	7	6	3	5	9	8	8	5	7
Bachelor + 15	1	4	4	4	7	4	3	3	2	0
Bachelor + 150	17	17	17	18	15	15	15	15	19	21
Master's Degree	23	20	18	15	18	17	18	20	22	26
Master + 15	13	10	10	12	13	12	11	11	13	11
Master + 30	7	11	14	17	14	16	18	18	14	14
Total	70	69	69	69	72	73	73	75	75	79

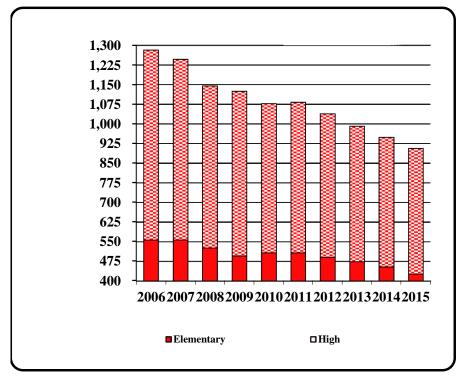


Source: School District Records

Enrollment Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Elementary Schools	Junior/High School	Total
2015	426	480	906
2014	454	495	949
2013	474	517	991
2012	491	548	1,039
2011	507	576	1,083
2010	508	569	1,077
2009	495	629	1,124
2008	526	619	1,145
2007	557	690	1,247
2006	556	726	1,282

Source: School District Records



Source: Berkshire Local School Districts Records

SAT Composite Scores Last Ten Fiscal Years

School Year	Number of Senior Test Takers	Berkshire Verbal	Ohio Verbal	National Verbal
2015	7	602	555	498
2014	13	570	496	496
2013	6	722	543	496
2012	6	560	489	489
2011	4	480	501	501
2010	4	510	537	502
2009	6	560	526	502
2008	n/a	n/a	534	502
2007	119	573	536	502
2006	118	570	535	503

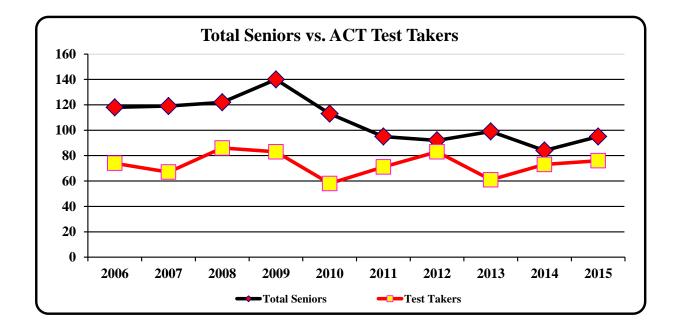
Source: High School Guidance Office, Berkshire Local School District n/a - Berkshire Local School District SAT information was not available

Berkshire Math	Ohio Math	National Math	
622	562	513	
565	514	514	
763	552	514	
528	514	514	
520	516	516	
520	546	515	
530	533	515	
n/a	544	515	
568	542	515	
560	544	518	

ACT Composite Scores

Last Ten School Years

School Year	Number of Test Takers	Number of Seniors	Percent of Seniors	Berkshire Composite	Ohio Composite	National Composite
2015	76	95	80.00 %	23.6	22.0	21.0
2014	73	84	86.90	21.9	22.0	21.0
2013	61	99	61.62	21.3	21.8	21.1
2012	83	92	90.22	22.5	21.8	21.1
2011	71	95	74.74	22.0	21.8	21.0
2010	58	113	51.33	21.7	21.7	21.1
2009	83	140	59.29	22.6	21.7	21.1
2008	86	122	70.49	22.6	21.7	21.1
2007	67	119	56.30	22.4	21.6	21.2
2006	74	118	62.71	21.8	21.5	21.1



Source: High School Guidance Office, Berkshire Local School District

Average Number of Students per Teacher Last Ten School Years

Fiscal Year	Berkshire Average	State Average
2015	12.9	N/A
2014	13.8	18.47
2013	14.4	18.47
2012	14.4	19.1
2011	15.0	19.1
2010	14.8	19.1
2009	15.4	19.1
2008	15.3	18.6
2007	16.6	19.6
2006	16.2	18.6

Source: Ohio Department of Education, EMIS Reports

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