Stoughton, Wisconsin

Audited Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Stoughton, Wisconsin

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the District Board Stoughton Area School District Stoughton, Wisconsin

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stoughton Area School District ("District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Audit Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Stoughton Area School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1.U to the financial statements, in fiscal year 2022 the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and nonmajor fund financial statements, schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and schedule of expenditures of state awards as required by Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards and the schedule of expenditures of state awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 7, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. The report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rally lone + Benfor LLP

December 7, 2022 Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2022

To the Board of Education Stoughton Area School District

The discussion and analysis of the Stoughton Area School District's 2021-2022 financial performance provides an overall review of financial activities for the fiscal year. The analysis focuses on school district financial performance as a whole. Efforts have been made to provide comparison to prior year data when such data is available. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

The assets plus deferred outflows of resources of the District, exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources at the close of fiscal 2022 by \$71,104,370 (*net position*). This represents an increase of \$7,031,553 in net position in 2021-22.

Total District revenues were \$49,489,638; including \$24,961,023 of property taxes, \$14,794,962 of federal and state aid not restricted to specific purpose, and \$89,025 of interest income. Total District expenditures were \$42,458,085; including \$22,824,205 for direct instruction.

The following events took place during fiscal 2021-2022:

- The district created a fund 73 trust account for active employee HRA defined contribution plans.
- The district completed the following projects: IP speaker project at River Bluff Middle School and Stoughton High School (funded by a competitive federal COPS grant), River Bluff Middle School and Stoughton High School HVAC upgrades, Sandhill playground pavement, and HS roofing replacement.
- The city of Stoughton closed Tax Incremental District #3 this year and the district received \$178,226 that is being allocated for future capital improvements.
- In December, the district received \$384,573 in the form of one-time Coronavirus Relief Funds from the State of Wisconsin. These funds were unknown and unbudgeted at the time the budget was approved. The district has designated this amount of its fund balance for future use in balancing the budget.
- The district has received a variety of one-time grant and state/county sources of funding to support student mental health needs. Mental health supports are greatly needed, but the district is challenged by the lack of accessible providers and one-time versus dependable ongoing funding to implement long term solutions.
- Supply chain challenges impacted purchasing throughout the year. Because of this, some funds designated for
 capital work were transferred resources to Fund 46 in order to use these funds beyond the current year for their
 intended purpose. The district also designated a portion of its fund balance for other delayed purchases.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Overview of the Financial Statements

The basic financial statements are comprised of 1) district-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. In addition, other information supplementary to the basic financial statements is provided.

- The basic financial statements consist of two kinds of statements that present different views of the District's financial activities.
- The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information on a district-wide basis. The statements present an aggregate view of the District's finances. District-wide statements contain useful long-term information as well as information for the just-completed fiscal year.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District. Fund statements generally report operations in more detail than the District-wide statements.

The *notes to the financial statements* provide further explanation of some of the information in the statements and provide additional disclosures so statement users have a complete picture of the District's financial activities and position.

Required supplementary information further explains and supports the financial statements by including a comparison of the District's budget data for the year.

The major features of the District's financial statements, including the activities reported and the type of information contained, is shown in the following table.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Major Features of the District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Financial Statem	ents
	District-wide Statements	Governmental	Fiduciary
Scope	Entire district (except fiduciary funds).	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as instruction, support services, debt service, capital projects, food service and community services.	Assets held by the District on behalf of someone else. Student and other organizations that have funds on deposit with the district are reported here.
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position. Statement of Activities.	 Balance Sheet. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. 	 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position. Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position.
Basis of accounting and measurement focus	Accrual accounting. Economic resources focus.	Modified accrual accounting. Current financial resources focus.	Accrual accounting. Economic resources focus.
Type of asset and liability information	All assets and liabilities; both financial and capital, short-term and longterm.	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter. No capital assets or long-term liabilities included.	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital; short-term and long-term. These funds do not currently contain any capital assets, although they can.
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability are due and payable.	All additions or deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received and paid.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2022 (Continued)

District Wide Statements

The district-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Activities reports all revenues and expenses used to support the District. The Statement of Net Position reports all assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources available to support District activities. The two district-wide statements report the Districts *net position* and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, are one way to measure the District's overall financial position. Increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. To assess the overall financial condition of the District, additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities should be considered.

In the district-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special
 education, transportation, support services, debt service, capital projects, and administration. Property taxes
 and state formula aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities Activities that are intended to be mostly self-supporting and meet certain accounting criteria are considered business-type activities. The District has no business-type activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of sources of funding and spending on particular programs and to demonstrate compliance with various regulatory requirements. Some funds are required by state law and by bond covenants. The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like repaying its long-term debt) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like capital project funds).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for funding future basic services. Governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Governmental funds information does not report on long-term commitments as is reported on the district-wide statements.
- Fiduciary funds The District serves as a trustee, or fiduciary, for an HRA benefit. The assets of the HRA
 belong to the District's employees and not the District. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets
 reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and only by those to whom the assets
 belong. These activities are excluded from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot
 use these assets to finance its operations.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Table 1, below, provides a summary of the District's net position for the years ended June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021.

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position
(in thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
	2022	2021
Current Assets	\$ 32,809	\$ 30,103
Capital Assets	42,739	42,319
Non-Current Assets	10,871	8,242
TOTAL ASSETS	86,419	80,664
Deferred outflows	20,021	13,788
Long-Term liabilities	3,425	4,775
Other liabilities	6,563	7,044
TOTAL LIABILITIES	9,988	11,819
Deferred inflows	25,347	18,559
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	41,283	39,733
Restricted	12,363	10,307
Unrestricted	17,459	14,033
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 71,105	\$ 64,073

Note: totals may not add due to rounding.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Table 2 provides summarized operating results and their impact on net position

Table 2 Changes in Net Assets from Operating Results (in thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities 2022	Governmental Activities 2021
Revenues		
Program Revenues		
Charges for services	\$ 1,691	\$ 989
Operating grants & contributions	5,865	4,952
Capital Grants & contributions	1,778	
General Revenues		
Property taxes	24,961	25,625
State formula aid	12,421	12,451
Other	2,774	2,685
TOTAL REVENUES	49,490	46,702
Expenses		
Instruction	22,824	22,138
Pupil & Instructional Services	4,465	4,410
Administration & Finance	2,805	2,695
Maintenance & Operations	4,120	3,678
Transportation	1,050	887
Interest on Debt	147	160
Other	7,047	6,351
TOTAL EXPENSES	42,458	40,319
TOTAL INCREASE IN NET POSITION	\$ 7,032	\$ 6,383

Note: totals may not add due to rounding.

The District relies primarily on property taxes (50.4% of total governmental revenues), and state formula aid (25.1%) to fund governmental activities.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Table 3 presents the cost of the seven major district activities. The table reports each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost reflects the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table 3	
Net Cost of Governmental Activities	
(in thousands of dollars)	

	let Cost Services	% of Services	Net Cost of Service		% of Services
	2022	2022	2021		2021
Expenses					
Instruction	\$ 15,496	46.78%	\$	17,548	51.04%
Pupil & Instructional Services	4,343	13.11%		4,291	12.48%
Administration & Finance	2,805	8.47%		2,695	7.84%
Maintenance & Operations	3,911	11.81%		3,486	10.14%
Transportation	972	2.93%		823	2.39%
Debt Service Payments	147	0.44%		160	0.47%
Other	 5,450	16.45%		5,375	15.63%
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 33,124	100%	\$	34,378	100%

Note: totals may not add due to rounding.

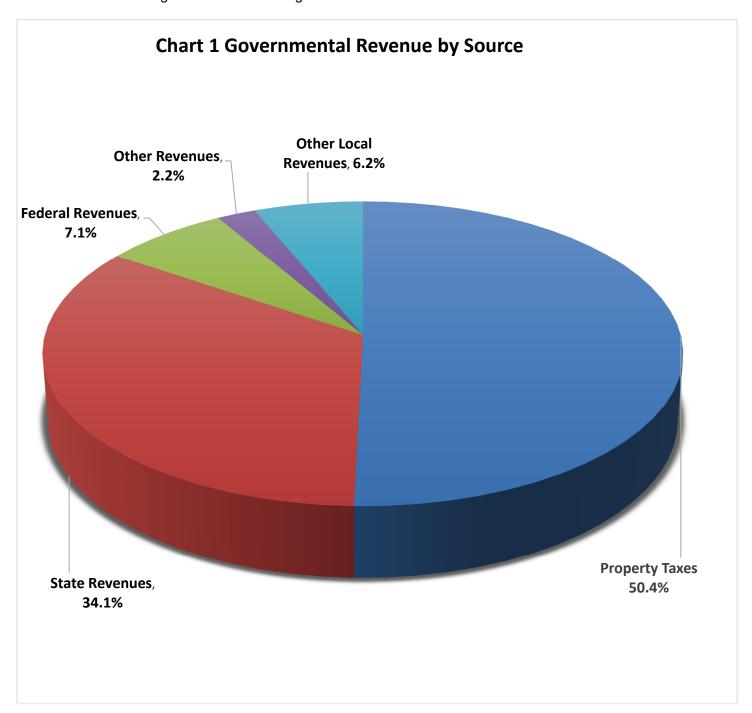
The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$42,458,085. Individuals who directly participated or benefited from a program offering paid for \$1,690,854 of costs. Federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions of \$5,864,811. The net cost of governmental activities (\$33,124,469) was financed by general revenues of the District (\$24,961,023 property taxes, \$12,420,907 state formula aid, and \$2,774,092 other).

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2022 (Continued)

The composition of governmental revenues by source is illustrated below in Chart 1. This chart does not include revenues from borrowing related to refinancing or maintenance referendum.

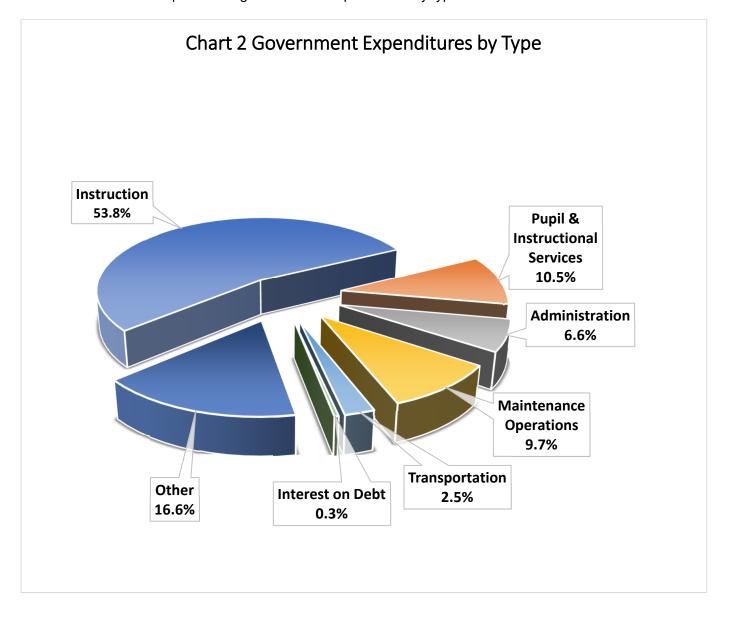


Stoughton, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2022 (Continued)

The composition of governmental expenditures by type is illustrated below in Chart 2.



Stoughton, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Financial Aspects of the District's Funds

- The general fund had a net increase in fund balance of \$1,436,520. The district under spent budgeted salaries and benefits, personal services, utilities, supplies, and expenses related to pupil and staff travel.
- The capital projects funds had a decrease of \$42,977. The fund balance will be used to offset future capital project costs.
- The debt service funds had a decrease of \$4,193. The fund balance of the debt service fund will fluctuate each year.
- The food service program (Fund 50) revenues exceeded expenses and increased the fund balance by \$262.660.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Consistent with current state statutes and regulations an *original* budget is adopted in October following determination of official enrollment and certification of states aids. Generally, the original budget is not significantly modified. The District modified its original budget in 2021-22 to reflect:

- Reallocation of budget appropriations in various buildings and departments to spend in different areas than originally identified.
- Modifications in several state and federal grants.
- An increase in library aid and corresponding expenditures when the final allocations were received from DPI in January.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the District had invested \$92,517,804 in capital assets, including land, buildings, sites and equipment (see Table 4). Total accumulated depreciation on these assets was \$51,801,154. Asset acquisitions for governmental activities totaled \$2,335,436 and disposals totaled \$446,429. The District recognized depreciation expense of \$3,030,922. (Detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.)

Table 4 Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in thousands of dollars)									
	~ -	vernmental Activities	Total % Change						
	2022	2021	2021-2022						
Land	\$ 509	\$ 509	0.0%						
Buildings	73,133	70,951	3.1%						
Furniture and equipment	19,385	18,976	2.2%						
Intangible Right-to-Use	294		0.0%						
Construction in progress	1,228	1,089	12.8%						
Accumulated deprectiation	(51,801	(51,801) (49,206)							
Accumulated amortization	(10)	0.0%						
TOTAL	\$ 42,738	\$ 42,319	1.0%						

Long-term Debt

At year-end the District had \$1,415,000 in bonds payable and other long-term debt outstanding – a decrease of \$1,400,000 (36.1%) from fiscal 2021. This decrease resulted from required repayments of principal. (Detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.)

Table 5 Outstanding Long-term Obligations (in thousands of dollars)								
		To	otal		Total %			
		School	District		Change			
		2022		2021	2021-2022			
General Obligation Debt	\$	1,415	\$	2,815	-49.7%			
Capital Leases		284		0	N/A			
TOTAL	\$	1,699	\$	2,815	-39.6%			
Note: totals may not add due to rounding.	<u>·</u>	,,,,,,						

Debt of the District is secured by an irrepealable tax levy adopted by the School Board at the time of issuance. Wisconsin state statutes require that the first property tax receipts be segregated for annual debt service payments.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Management Discussion & Analysis

June 30, 2022 (Continued)

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

Currently known circumstances that will impact the District's financial status in the future are:

- The district continues to experience declining enrollment creating significant negative impacts on future budgets. An independent project with MJRoffers indicated some uptick in the Stoughton housing market. Newly approved and in progress development may start to impact student enrollment, stemming or reversing the declining enrollment trend within the next five years.
- The district continues to be negatively aided at the tertiary level in the state's equalization aid formula. Negative
 tertiary aid will decrease the total equalization aid the district receives which may increase the tax burden to
 the residents of the district.
- The most current State budget provided minimal funding increases for public schools. In lieu of increases, districts were directed to use one time Covid relief funds (ESSER). SASD will be using ESSER funds and staffing reductions to balance the 2022-2023 budget but will be left with a fiscal cliff unless the state provides increased resources in the future.
- The district passed two debt referendum questions in November 2022 and will be addressing a variety of capital maintenance needs as well as minor remodeling and construction over the next few years.
- Changing student needs will continue to impact the way the district allocates resources and creates staffing plans.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Erica Pickett, Director of Business Services, Stoughton Area School District of Stoughton, Wisconsin, (608) 877-5011, 320 North Street, Stoughton, WI 53589.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Assets:	Governmental Activities
Current assets:	
Cash	\$ 23,377,757
Investments	1,176,275
Taxes receivable	5,993,867
Accounts receivable	26,824
Lease receivable Due from other governments	50,165 652,412
Prepaid expense	1,483,321
Accrued interest receivable	48,236
Total current assets	32,808,857
Noncurrent assets:	
Net pension asset Lease receivable, noncurrent	10,267,295 603,934
Capital assets:	,
Land and construction in progress	1,718,978
Land held for lease	18,834
Other operating capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	39,532,181
Other property held for lease (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,184,469
Right to use leased assets (net of amortization)	284,228
Net capital assets	42,738,690
Total noncurrent assets	53,609,919
Total assets	86,418,776
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Deferred outflows related to pensions	19,214,018
Deferred outflows related to pensions Deferred outflows related to other post employment benefits ("OPEB")	291,125
Deferred outflows related to OPEB - life insurance	515,989
Total deferred outflows of resources	20,021,132
Liabilities:	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	1,201,307
Construction contracts payable	8,905
Withholdings and related district fringes payable	1,160,385
Accrued interest Accrued payroll	50,746 2,561,469
Medical insurance deposits payable	47,794
Medical insurance claims payable	20,565
Security deposit payable	4,708
Unearned revenues	38,381
Other fund liabilities	475
Current portion of long-term liabilities	1,468,521
Total current liabilities	6,563,256
Long-term liabilities:	
Long-term liabilities, net of current portion	871,507
Unamortized debt premium Net OPEB - life insurance liability	14,845 1,542,098
Total OPEB liability	996,990
Total long-term liabilities	3,425,440
Total liabilities	9,988,696
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	24,200,608
Deferred inflows related to other post employment benefits	292,950
Deferred inflows related to OPEB - life insurance	199,185
Deferred inflows related to leases	654,099
Total deferred inflows of resources	25,346,842
Net Position: Net investment in capital assets	A1 202 66F
Restricted for:	41,282,665
Debt service	569,799
Get Kids Ahead grant	48,224
Capital projects	6,096,982
Food service	754,054
Other special revenue	4,893,067
Common school fund	735
Unrestricted	17,458,844
Total net position	\$ 71,104,370

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Program Revenues						(Net Expenses)		
	<u>Expenses</u>		Operating Charges for Grants and		Capital Grants and Contributions		Revenues and Changes in Net Position			
Governmental activities:										
Instruction:										
Regular instruction	\$	14,849,238	\$	846,273	\$	1,169,838	\$	1,777,951	\$	(11,055,176)
Special education instruction		4,945,843				3,171,277				(1,774,566)
Vocational instruction		1,040,446								(1,040,446)
Other instruction		1,988,677		363,225						(1,625,452)
Total instruction		22,824,204		1,209,498		4,341,115		1,777,951		(15,495,640)
Support services:										
Pupil services		1,328,186								(1,328,186)
Instructional staff services		3,136,258				121,656				(3,014,602)
Administration services		2,805,421								(2,805,421)
Operation and maintenance of plant		4,119,616		208,831						(3,910,785)
Pupil transportation		1,050,189		52,297		25,546				(972,346)
Other support services		2,474,205								(2,474,205)
Community services		239,987		44,088		900				(194,999)
Food service		1,285,493		176,140		1,375,594				266,241
Interest on long-term debt		147,319								(147,319)
Unallocated depreciation and amortization		3,040,687								(3,040,687)
Unallocated loss on disposal of assets		6,520								(6,520)
Total support services		19,633,881		481,356		1,523,696				(17,628,829)
Total school district	\$	42,458,085	\$	1,690,854	\$	5,864,811	\$	1,777,951	=	(33,124,469)
	Ta F F F	Property taxes Property taxes Other taxes	, levi , levi , levi	ed for general ped for debt served for specific ped not restricted to	vice	•				22,563,319 1,417,784 768,678 211,242
	(General								12,420,907
	(Other								2,374,055
	Int	terest and inve	stme	ent earnings						89,025
	Mi	scellaneous								311,012
		Changes in	net p	oosition						7,031,553
	Net	position - beç	ginni	ing of year						64,072,817
	Net	position - end	d of y	year					\$	71,104,370

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

ASSETS		<u>General</u>		Other Special <u>Revenue</u>		Capital <u>Projects</u>		Nonmajor <u>Funds</u>	G	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Cash	\$	11,596,177	\$	4,106,653	\$	6,101,532	\$	1,573,395	\$	23,377,757
Investments	·	10,093	•	1,166,182	•		•		•	1,176,275
Taxes receivable		5,993,867		· · ·						5,993,867
Accounts receivable		7,934		15,000				3,890		26,824
Leases receivable		654,099								654,099
Due from other governments		599,399						53,013		652,412
Prepaid expenditures		1,483,321								1,483,321
Total assets	\$	20,344,890	\$	5,287,835	\$	6,101,532	\$	1,630,298	\$	33,364,555
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Accounts payable	\$	707,677	\$	394,768	\$	4,550	\$	94,312	\$	1,201,307
Construction contracts payable		8,905								8,905
Withholdings and related district fringes payable		1,159,026						1,359		1,160,385
Accrued payroll		2,555,865						5,604		2,561,469
Medical insurance deposits payable		47,794								47,794
Medical insurance claims payable		20,565								20,565
Security deposit payable		4,708								4,708
Unearned revenues								38,381		38,381
Other liabilities								475		475
Total liabilities		4,504,540		394,768		4,550		140,131		5,043,989
Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
Unavailable leases receivable		654,099								654,099
Fund Balances:										
Nonspendable		1,483,321		264,669						1,747,990
Restricted		48,959		4,628,398		6,096,982		1,323,853		12,098,192
Assigned		71,808						166,314		238,122
Unassigned		13,582,163								13,582,163
Total fund balances		15,186,251		4,893,067		6,096,982		1,490,167		27,666,467
Total liabilities, deferred inflows and fund balances	\$	20,344,890	\$	5,287,835	\$	6,101,532	\$	1,630,298	\$	33,364,555

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 27,666,467
Amounts reported for governmental activites in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds:		
Cost of the assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 94,255,616 (51,801,154)	42,454,462
Right to use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.		72,707,702
Right to use assets Accumulated amortization	293,993 (9,765)	284,228
The District's proportionate share of the WRS pension plan asset is reported on the statement of net position, but is not reported in the governmental funds.		10,267,295
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB - Life Insurance and pensions are applicable to future periods, and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		(4,671,611)
The District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund administed by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds is reported on the statement of net position, but is not reported in the governmental funds.		(1,542,098)
Governmental funds report premiums and discounts associated with the issuance of long-term debt as other financing sources and uses, but these items are amortized over the life of the debt issue on the statement of activities.		
Unamortized debt premiums		(14,845)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:		
Bonds payable Capital leases payable Post-employment benefit liability Compensated absences	1,415,000 284,350 996,990 640,678	
		(3,337,018)
Accrued interest payable on the bonds is not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, is not reported as a liability in the funds		(50,746)
Accrued interest subsidy is not receivable in the current period, and therefore, is not reported as an asset in the governmental funds.	-	48,236
Total net position - governmental activities		\$ 71,104,370

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	<u>General</u>	Other Special <u>Revenue</u>	Capital <u>Projects</u>	Nonmajor <u>Funds</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
Revenues:						
Local	\$ 23,239,942	\$ 2,326,100	\$ 584,263 \$	1,869,708	\$	28,020,013
Interdistrict payments within Wisconsin	765,397					765,397
State	16,844,112			48,012		16,892,124
Federal	2,173,510			1,327,582		3,501,092
Other	 167,918	4,755		138,338		311,011
Total revenues	43,190,879	2,330,855	584,263	3,383,640		49,489,637
Expenditures:						
Instruction:						
Current	22,249,883	370,846		17,937		22,638,666
Interdistrict	1,746,176					1,746,176
Capital outlay	431,209	12,678				443,887
Support Services:						
Current	15,777,165	152,085	6,005	1,515,245		17,450,500
Capital outlay	1,100,163	268,175	1,359,461	5,954		2,733,753
Debt service	10,000			1,562,625		1,572,625
Total expenditures	41,314,596	803,784	1,365,466	3,101,761		46,585,607
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	1,876,283	1,527,071	(781,203)	281,879		2,904,030
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in			738,226	116		738,342
Operating transfers out	(738,342)					(738,342)
Lease financing	293,993					293,993
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4,586					4,586
Total other financing sources (uses)	(439,763)		738,226	116		298,579
Net change in fund balances	 1,436,520	1,527,071	(42,977)	281,995		3,202,609
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	 13,749,731	3,365,996	6,139,959	1,208,172		24,463,858
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 15,186,251	\$ 4,893,067	\$ 6,096,982 \$	1,490,167	\$	27,666,467

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds		\$ 3,202,609
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expenses. Capital outlays Depreciation expense Right to use leased asset capital outlay expenditures which were capitalized Amortization expense for intangibles	\$ 3,177,640 (3,030,922) 274,464 (9,765)	411,417
In the statement of activities, losses on the disposal of assets are shown, whereas in the governmental funds only the proceeds on the disposal (if any) are shown.		(11,106)
Proceeds received for the issuance of debt and leases are an other financing source in the governmental funds, but the proceeds increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Lease liability		(274,464)
Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Bonds payable Capital leases	1,400,000 9,643	1,409,643
Amortization of premium on debt issuances reduces the balance of the respective liability. The amortization is included in interest expense on the statement of activities, but is not shown in the governmental funds.		13,332
In the statement of activities, post-employment benefits are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used.		124,739
In the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. Pension revenue District pension contributions OPEB - Life Insurance expense District OPEB - Life Insurance contributions	883,828 1,412,822 (183,981) 5,340	2.118,009
In the statement of activities compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid).		35,043
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		2,331
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$ 7,031,553

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2022

ASSETS	<u>Ber</u>	HRA nefit Account
Cash	\$	7,102,143
NET POSITION		
Net position:		
Restricted		7,102,143
Total net position	\$	7,102,143

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2022

		HRA		
	Benefit Accou			
ADDITIONS				
Interest	\$	35,174		
Contributions to HRA benefit account		2,296,000		
Total additions		2,331,174		
DEDUCTIONS				
Trust fund disbursements		1,414,613		
Change in net position		916,561		
Net position - beginning of year		4,783,297		
Prior period adjustment		1,402,285		
Net position - beginning of year, as adjusted		6,185,582		
Net position - end of year	\$	7,102,143		

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Introduction

The Stoughton Area School District ("District") is organized as a common school district. The District, governed by a nine-member elected school board, is fiscally independent with taxing and borrowing powers. Services provided by the District are primary and secondary education and special education.

The financial statements of the Stoughton Area School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is responsible for establishing U.S. GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies used by the District are discussed below.

B. Component Units

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these financial statements include the primary government and its component units. Component units are separate organizations that are included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the District. All significant activities and organizations with which the District exercises oversight responsibility have been considered for inclusion in the general-purpose financial statements. The District has no component units, and it is not included in any other governmental reporting entity.

C. Basis of Presentation

District-wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. The District has no business-type activities.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues have been classified to the function where the majority of the expenditures relating to it have been incurred. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds; each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in other funds. It is also used to account for activities associated with providing educational programs for students with disabilities.

Other Special Revenue Fund - The Other Special Revenue Fund is the fund used to account for gifts and donations that can be used for district operations. Cash in this fund is expended pursuant to donor specifications.

Capital Projects Fund – This fund accounts for the resources restricted for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items.

The District accounts for fiduciary activities for the District's HRA post-employment benefits and the District's HRA for current employees' health benefits in an HRA benefit account.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District may fund certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Cash

The District's cash is considered to be cash on hand, money markets and demand deposits. Cash and balances for individual funds are pooled unless maintained in segregated accounts.

F. Investments

Investments are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. *Recurring* fair value measurements are those that GASB Statements require or permit in the statement of net position at the end of each reporting period.

As discussed in Footnote 2, the District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. Interest income on commingled investments of district accounting funds is allocated based on average investment balances. Purchases and sales of investments are recorded on a trade-date basis. Realized gains and losses of the District's assets are reported in the statement of activities, statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and in the statement of changes in fiduciary net position. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the statement of changes in fiduciary net position as unrealized gains or losses and in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance as local revenue.

G. Receivables

All accounts receivable are shown at gross amounts with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since management determined that such allowance would not be material.

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are budgeted. The District tax levy is certified in November of the current fiscal year for collection by the taxing municipalities based on the past October 1 full or "equalized" taxable property values. The District is paid by the collecting municipalities its proportionate share of tax collections received through the last day of the preceding month. Under the Wisconsin Statutes, Dane County and Rock County purchases the outstanding property taxes of the District in August of each year. This statutory guarantee assures the District full collection of all property taxes within sixty days of its year end, and hence, the availability of these funds to finance expenditures of the fiscal year for which the taxes were levied.

H. Lease Receivable

The District's lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term.

A deferred inflow of resources is recorded for the lease. The deferred inflow of resources is recorded at the initiation of the lease in an amount equal to the initial recording of the lease receivable. The deferred inflow of resources is amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

I. Interfund Transactions

The current portion of lending/borrowing arrangements between funds is identified as due to/from other funds. The non-current portion of outstanding balances between funds is reported as advances to/from other funds. Advances between funds are offset by a fund balance reserve account to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources. The District does not have any advances between funds.

Individual fund transfers and interfund receivables and payable activity for the year ending June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Purpose	Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount		
Transfers: Fund the Capital Projects Fund Fund the Food Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund Food Service	General Fund General Fund	\$	738,226 116	

There were no interfund receivables or payables for the year ended June 30, 2022.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported at actual cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the time received. Maintenance and repair costs are charged to expenses as incurred and betterments are capitalized as assets. Upon disposal of land, buildings and equipment, a gain or loss is reflected in the statement of activities. Property and equipment and related depreciation expense are not reflected in the Governmental Fund Financial Statements.

Capitalization thresholds (the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-wide statements are as follows:

		Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	\$	5,000	Straight-line	45 - 60 years
Equipment and furniture		5,000	Straight-line	5 - 20 years

The capitalization thresholds of \$5,000 are based upon grouped as well as individually purchased capital assets.

Impairment of Long-Lived Assets

The District reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying amount of an asset may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future undiscounted net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment to be recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying amount of the assets exceeds the fair value of the assets. Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of carrying amount or the fair value less costs to sell.

K. Right to Use Assets

The District has recorded right to use lease assets as a result of implementing GASB 87. The right to use assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service. The right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related lease.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

L. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows and inflows of resources. The separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net assets that is applicable to a future reporting period(s) and thus, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

M. Net Position

The District classifies net position in the government wide financial statements as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets includes the District's capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization) reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement for those assets.
- Restricted Net Position includes balances that have limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted Net Position the residual balances that do not fall into the other two categories.

The District applies restricted resources when expense is incurred for purposes for which both a restricted and unrestricted net position are available.

N. Fund Balance

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB requires the fund balance amounts to be reported within one of the following fund balance categories:

- *Nonspendable* amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School Board. The School Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Superintendent or their designee may assign amounts for specific purposes.
- Unassigned amounts are available for any purpose, and if the general fund has available resources that are not of the other previously mentioned categories, it shall be deemed unassigned.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

N. Fund Balance (Continued)

Order of Fund Balance Spending Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When the expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned funds are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the School Board, Business or District Administrator has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

In the general fund, the District will strive to maintain a minimum fund balance of 20% of its budget.

O. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Pay

Liabilities and the related expenses for vacation benefits are recognized when earned. The liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental fund financial statements, the unpaid compensated absences are not expected to be paid using expendable available resources, and therefore, the liability is not reported.

Accumulated vested sick leave benefits are recognized as long-term liabilities and expenses when the sick leave benefits vest. Sick leave days, not to exceed a maximum number of days, vest for administrators, teachers and support staff, after the employee reaches the age of 55. The amount per day, paid upon termination, varies. The liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

P. Other Assets

Expendable supplies or non-capital items acquired for initial use in subsequent fiscal periods are recorded as inventories and/or prepaid expenses. Prepaid insurance represents payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond June 30th and have not yet been earned by the recipient.

Q. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense (revenue), information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System ("WRS") and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported to WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. Pension liabilities are generally liquidated by the general fund.

R. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

S. OPEB - Life Insurance

The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund ("LRLIF") has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB life insurance liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB life insurance expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

T. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated all subsequent events for possible recognition or disclosure through the date the financial statements were available to be distributed December 7, 2022. There were no additional subsequent events that required disclosure except for the subsequent events in Note 4.

U. Implementation of GASB Statement No. 87

For fiscal year 2022, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. GASB Statement No. 87 enhances the relevance and consistency of information of the government's leasing activities. It establishes requirements for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right to use asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The implementation of GASB Statement No. 87 had the following effect on net position as reported June 30, 2021:

Net Position June 30, 2021	\$ 71,104,370
Adjustments:	
Lease receivable	684,514
Deferred inflows – leases	(684,514)
Right to use assets, net of amortization	19,529
Lease liability	(19,529)
Restated Net Position June 30, 2021	\$ 71,104,370

This adjustment had no effect on the beginning net position since the deferred inflows equal the amount of lease receivable and net book value of leased assets equals the amount of lease liability.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as shown on the District's statement of net position are subject to the following risks:

		Amount	Risks
Cash:	•		
Petty cash	\$	50	
Demand deposits		30,479,850	Custodial
Total cash		30,479,900	
Investments:			
Certificates of deposit		795,371	Custodial and Interest Rate
Local government investment pool		380,904	Custodial
Total investments	•	1,176,275	
Total cash and investments	\$	31,656,175	

The District's cash and investments are reported in the financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:		
Cash	\$	23,377,757
Investment		1,176,275
Statement of fiduciary net position:		
Cash	_	7,102,143
	-	
Total cash and investments	\$	31.656.175

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000. Deposits in each local area bank and in the Wisconsin Local Government Investment Pool ("LGIP") are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund ("SDGF") in the amount of \$400,000 per financial institution. However, due to the relatively small size of the SDGF in relationship to the total deposits covered and other legal implications, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual governmental entities. Investments in the local government investment pool are covered under a surety bond issued by Financial Security Assurance, Inc. The bond insures against losses arising from principal defaults on substantially all types of securities acquired by the pool. The bond provides unlimited coverage on principal losses, reduced by any FDIC, SDGF insurance, and income on the investment during the calendar quarter a loss occurs.

The LGIP does not have a credit quality rating and is also not subject to credit risk disclosure because investments are not issued in securities form. It is part of the State Investment Fund ("SIF") and is managed by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board. The LGIP is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, but operates under the statutory authority of Wisconsin Chapter 25. The SIF reports the fair value of its underlying assets annually and carries investments at amortized cost for purposes of calculating income to participants. At June 30, 2022, the fair value of the District's share of the LGIP's assets was substantially equal to the amount as reported in these statements.

In accordance with certain contractual provisions, investment income associated with LGIP is assigned to the corresponding fund in which the assets are held. Participants in LGIP have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. The LGIP does not include any involuntary participants.

A separate financial report for SIF is prepared in accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools*. Copies of the report can be obtained from http://www.doa.wi.gov/Pages/StateFinances/LGIP.aspx.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

2. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Wisconsin Statute 66.0603 authorizes the District to invest in the following types of instruments:

- Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank, trust company, or savings and loan association that is authorized to transact business in Wisconsin if the time deposit matures in not more than three years
- Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed as to principal or interest by the federal government or by a commission, board, or other instrumentality of the federal government (U.S. Treasuries and U.S. agencies)
- Bonds or securities of any Wisconsin county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town, or school district
- Bonds issued by a local exposition district, local professional baseball park district, or local professional stadium district created under subchapter III or IV of chapter 229 of the Wisconsin statutes or bonds issued by the University of Wisconsin Hospitals or Clinics Authority
- Any security maturing in seven years or less of the acquisition date with either the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency
- Securities of open-end management investment companies or investment trusts if the portfolio is collateralized by bonds or securities, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- A local government investment pool, subject to certain conditions

The District has adopted an investment policy which permits all investments allowed under the state statutes as described above.

Custodial Risk – Deposits: Is the risk that, in the event of a financial institution failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District's carrying value for cash and investments was \$31,656,175 at June 30, 2022 and the bank's carrying value was \$31,663,816, of which \$8,928,679 was fully insured, \$22,735,137 was collateralized by pledges and \$0 was uninsured and uncollateralized. The District has a policy to minimize custodial risk.

Interest Rate Risk: As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy limits the maturity of any security to no more than seven years from the date of purchase or in accordance with state statutes. Information regarding the exposure of the District's investments to this risk, using the segmented time distribution model is as follows:

-		Investment Maturities (in Years)									
Type of Investment	Fa	air Value	L	ess than 1 Year		1-5 Years		6-10 Years		Over 10 Years	
Certificates of Deposit	\$	795,371	\$_	595,745	\$	199,626	\$		\$		

Credit Risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of a type investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized rating organization. U.S. Government securities or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk exposure. The District's investment policy minimized credit risk by limiting investments to the safest type of securities.

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District does not have any investments that are measured using Level 3 inputs.

Certificates of deposit are exempt from fair value disclosure due to the investments being valued at cost plus accrued interest earned. LGIP funds are exempt from fair value disclosure due to the investments being valued at amortized cost.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

3. Lease Receivable

The District leases the Yahara building to an area business. The term of the lease commenced February 1, 2022 and ends August 31, 2023. Upon expiration, the lease may be renewed on a month-to-month basis. The District receives monthly payments of \$3,958. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District received \$19,187 in lease revenue and \$648 in lease interest revenues.

In January 1997 the District signed a lease with Verizon Wireless for a portion of land for a phone tower. A second amendment to the lease commenced on July 1, 2020, extending the lease for 5 years. The term of the lease shall be extended for 5 additional terms of 5 years each unless terminated by Verizon Wireless. The District expects the extensions to be utilized. With each extension, the lease payment increases by 20%. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District received an annual payment of \$18,662.

Future payments due to the District are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 50,165 \$	15,993 \$	66,158
2024	11,481	15,098	26,579
2025	3,680	14,982	18,662
2026	3,773	14,889	18,662
2027	7,601	14,794	22,395
2028-2032	45,467	70,986	116,453
2033-2037	75,967	63,777	139,744
2038-2042	115,413	52,280	167,693
2043-2047	165,974	35,257	201,231
2048-2052	174,578	11,175	185,753
Totals	\$ 654,099 \$	309,231 \$	963,330

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	_	Balance 7/1/2021	_	Additions	_	Reductions	,	Adjustments(1) & Transfers	Balance 6/30/2022
Governmental activities:	_		_		_				
Capital assets not being depreciated									
Land	\$	509,421	\$		\$		\$	\$	509,421
Construction in progress	_	1,088,711	_	842,204			_	(702,524)	1,228,391
Total not being depreciated	_	1,598,132	_	842,204				(702,524)	1,737,812
Capital assets being depreciated									
Buildings		70,950,659		1,494,987				687,524	73,133,170
Equipment	_	18,975,614	_	840,449		(446,429)	_	15,000	19,384,634
Total being depreciated		89,926,273		2,335,436		(446,429)		702,524	92,517,804
Less accumulated depreciation	_	(49,205,555)	_	(3,030,922)		435,323	_		(51,801,154)
Total being depreciated, net		40,720,718		(695,486)		(11,106)		702,524	40,716,650
Intangible right to use assets									
Leased equipment				274,464				19,529	293,993
Less accumulated amortization	_		_	(9,765)	_				(9,765)
Net intangible right to use assets	_		_	264,699			_	19,529	284,228
Governmental activity capital assets,	_		_		_		_		
net	\$_	42,318,850	\$	411,417	\$	(11,106)	\$_	<u> 19,529</u> \$	42,738,690
(1) _ see note 111									

(1) - see note 1U

All depreciation and amortization expense was charged to unallocated depreciation on the statement of activities.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

5. Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term Liabilities of the District are as follows:

	_	Balance 7/1/2021	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2022	<u>.</u>	Amounts Due Within One Year
General obligation debt							
G.O. Bonds	\$	2,815,000	\$ 	\$ (1,400,000)	\$ 1,415,000	\$	1,415,000
Lease liability (1)		19,529	274,464	(9,643)	284,350		53,521
Compensated absences		675,721		(35,043)	640,678		
Total long-term liabilities	\$	3,510,250	\$ 274,464	\$ (1,444,686)	\$ 2,340,028	\$	1,468,521

(1) See Note 1.U for adjustments to the beginning lease obligation balance as a result of implementing GASB 87, *Leases*.

Total interest paid and expensed (including accrual) for the year ended June 30, 2022 on long-term debt was \$161,425 and \$159,094 respectively.

All general obligation debt is secured by the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing powers of the District. The long-term debt will be retired by future property tax levies and resources accumulated in the Debt Service Fund.

Long-term debt at June 30, 2022 is comprised of the following individual issues:

Description	Issue Dates	Interest Rates	Dates of Maturity	Issued Amount		Balance 6/30/2022
G.O. Refunding Bonds (QSCB)	09/28/10	4.50%	03/01/23	\$ 3,260,000	\$	1,090,000
G.O. Refunding Bonds	05/01/12	2.00 to 2.35%	03/01/23	2,895,000	_	325,000
					\$_	1,415,000

The 2021 equalized value of the District as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$2,679,179,988. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of June 30, 2022, in accordance with Section 67.03(1)(a) of the Wisconsin Statutes is as follows:

Debt limit (10% of \$2,679,179,988)	\$ 267,917,999
Deduct long-term debt applicable to debt margin	(1,415,000)
Margin of indebtedness	\$ 266,502,999

Aggregate cash flow requirements for the retirement of long-term principal and interest on general obligation debt are as follows:

Year Ended	G.O. Debt	G.O. Debt	Interest	Total		
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Subsidy			
2023	\$1,415,000	\$ <u>154,338</u> \$	(146,700) \$	1,422,638		

Lease agreements are summarized as follows:

Description	Date	Payment Terms	Monthly Payment Amount	Interest Rate	Balance June 30, 2022
Copiers Youth Center	3/15/2022 7/1/2020	5 years 2 years	\$ 5,959 1,000	10,94% 2.50%	\$ 274,464 9,886
		-			\$ 284,350

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

5. Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

Annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations and related interest are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ 53,521	\$ 28,003	\$ 81,524
2024	48,653	22,851	71,504
2025	54,248	17,256	71,504
2026	60,486	11,017	71,503
2027	67,442	4,061	71,503
	\$ 284,350	\$ 83,188	\$ 367,538

Defeased Debt Outstanding

In fiscal year 2012, the District defeased \$2,850,000 of the 2003 G.O. Refunding Bonds by placing funds in an irrevocable trust sufficient to meet the future debt service requirements as they become due. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liability for the defeased debt is not included in the District's financial statements. As of June 30, 2022, a total of \$355,000 of the defeased bonds remained outstanding.

Qualified School Construction Bonds

During fiscal year 2011, the District issued \$3,260,000 Taxable General Obligation Refunding Bonds that were Qualified School Construction Bonds as defined under the Internal Revenue Code. As noted in the Internal Revenue Code, the District expects to receive a credit from the United States Treasury equal to 100% of the stated interest paid over the life of the Bonds. As part of the issuance of these Bonds, the District covenants to comply with the applicable sections of the Internal Revenue Code and to use the credits to offset the tax levy required on the Bonds. The receipt of the credits is expected by the District but cannot be assured due to the compliance requirements noted above and the possibility of future law changes.

Premiums on Refundings

Premiums on refundings are recognized in the year in which they occur in the fund financial statements but are deferred and amortized using the straight-line method over the life of the debt issue in the government-wide statements.

Activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 is summarized as follows:

					Amortization	
	_	Balance July 1, 2021	=.	Additions	Expense (Benefit)	Balance June 30, 2022
Premiums on issuance	\$	28,177	\$		\$ (13,332) \$	14,845

Subsequent to year-end, referendums to issue general obligation bonds in an amount not to exceed \$36,300,000 and \$11,700,000 were both passed by taxpayers. These general obligation bonds will be issued in 2023.

Subsequent to year-end, the District signed a new lease 5-year lease for copy machines. The lease requires payments of \$308 per month.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

6. Fund Balances

As of June 30, 2022, fund balance components other than unassigned fund balances consist of the following:

	Nonspendable	Restricted		Assigned
General fund:	<u> </u>		_	
Prepaid expenditures	\$ 1,483,321	\$ 	\$	
Self-Insurance				30,847
Common School Fund		735		
Unspent Get Kids Ahead grant		48,224		
Equipment purchase				40,961
Other Special Revenue:				
Corpus	264,669			
Other		4,628,398		
Food service program		754,054		
Community service				166,314
Debt service		569,799		
Capital projects		6,096,982		
Total	\$ 1,747,990	\$ 12,098,192	\$	238,122

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds ("ETF"). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998 and prior to July 1, 2011 are immediately vested. Participants who initially become WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011 must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/16) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Post-Retirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement.

The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment (%)	Variable Fund Adjustment (%)
2012	(7.0) %	(7.0)%
2013	(9.6)	9.0
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period the WRS recognized \$1,412,822 in contributions from the employer.

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2022 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (including teachers, executives and elected officials)	6.50%	6.50%
Protective with Social Security	6.50%	12.00%
Protective without Social Security	6.50%	16.40%

Pension Asset, Pension Expense (Revenue) and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported an asset of \$10,267,295 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.1274%, which was a decrease of 0.0046% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$(883,828).

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred

Deferred

	Outflows of Resources	Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 16,586,294	\$ 1,196,051
Changes in assumptions	1,915,525	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments		22,968,793
Changes in proportion and differences between employer		
contributions and proportionate share of contributions	13,193	35,764
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	699,006	
Total	\$ 19,214,018	\$ 24,200,608

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Pension Asset, Pension Expense (Revenue) and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The amount of \$699,006 reported as deferred outflows related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2023	\$ (487,288)
2024	(2,795,184)
2025	(1,230,344)
2026	(1,172,780)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2020
Measurement Date of Net Pension Asset	December 31, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	6.8%
Discount Rate:	6.8%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table
Post-retirement Adjustments*	1.7%

^{*} No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The total pension liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of December 31, 2021 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets	and Expected Returns*
As of December 31, 2021	

Core Fund Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %**
	52	6.8	4.2
Global Equities	52	0.6	4.2
Fixed Income	25	4.3	1.8
Inflation Sensitive	19	2.7	0.2
Real Estate	7	5.6	3.0
Private Equity/Debt	12	9.7	7.0
Total Core Fund***	115	6.6	4.0
Variable Fund Asset Class			
U.S. Equities	70	6.3	3.7
International Equities	30	7.2	4.6
Total Variable Fund	100	6.8	4.2

^{*}Asset allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

Single Discount rate. A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the total pension liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.0% for the prior year. This single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.80% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

^{**}New England Pension Consultants Long Term US CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.5%

^{***}The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

7. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Discount Curren Rate (5.80%) Rate		1% Increase to Discount Rate (7.80%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 7,285,374	\$ (10,267,295)	\$ (22,901,951)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Payables to the pension plan at June 30, 2022 were \$166,495. This represents contributions earned as of June 30, 2022, but for which payment was not remitted to the pension plan until subsequent to year-end.

8. Self-Funded Insurance Program

In a prior year, the Stoughton Area School District established a self-funded dental benefit plan (the "Plan") for its employees. The Plan administrator, Delta Dental is responsible for the approval, processing, and payment of claims, after which Delta Dental bills the District for reimbursement. The District is also responsible for a monthly administrative fee. The Plan reports on a fiscal year ending June 30th.

Accounting and budgeting requirements for the Plan are established by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction. Currently, the Plan is accounted for in the General Fund of the District.

The District has no stop-loss coverage for dental care coverage of the Plan.

At June 30, 2022, the District has reported a liability of \$20,565, which represents reported and unreported claims which were incurred on or before June 30, 2022, but were not paid by the District as of that date. This amount consists of claims reported to the Plan administrator but not paid by the District of \$10,179 and claims which were not yet reported to the Plan administrator of \$10,386. The amounts not yet reported were determined by the Plan administrator. Changes in the claims liability are as follows for the years ended June 30:

	2022	2021
Estimated Claims Outstanding July 1	\$ 19,924 \$	24,327
Current Year Claims and Changes in Estimates	373,565	374,931
Claim Payments	 (372,924)	(379,334)
Estimated Claims Outstanding	\$ 20,565 \$	19,924

The self-funded dental plan is immaterial. Therefore, an actuarial certification does not apply.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

9. Other Post-Employment Benefits

Description

The District offers voluntary retirement benefits to its teachers and administrators who have met the age and years of service requirements. In addition, the District's group health insurance plan provides coverage to active employees and retirees (or other qualified terminated employees) at blended premium rates. Both of these result in an other post-employment benefit ("OPEB"), the later commonly referred to as an implicit rate subsidy.

For administrators at least age 57 with a minimum of 10 years of service with the District, the District will pay the full amount of the single or family medical premiums on behalf of the retiree annually over a period of four years.

For teachers at least age 55 with a minimum of 15 years of service with the District whom retired prior to June 30, 2018, the District will contribute \$500 per month, on behalf of the retiree for a period of 5 years but not to exceed Medicare-eligibility. The funds in the HRA may be used toward continued coverage on the District's medical plan or an outside provider.

For teachers at least age 55 with a minimum of 15 years of service with the District and retiring prior to June 30, 2022, the District will contribute \$500 per month, on behalf of the retiree for a period of 5 years but not to exceed Medicare-eligibility. The funds in the HRA may only be used toward continued coverage on the District's plan for the duration of COBRA or insurance coverage with an outside provider

Employees participating in the OPEB benefit consisted of the following at June 30, 2021, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees currently receiving benefit payments	37
Active employees fully eligible but not yet receiving benefit	42
payments	
Active employees not fully eligible	283
Number of participating employees	362

Total OPEB Liability

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4 because the District's contributions are not into a legally established irrevocable trust. Accordingly, the District's total OPEB liability is not reduced by any assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria and the District must report its total OPEB liability.

The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. Changes in the District's total OPEB liability were as follows:

Balance 6/30/21 - measurement date 6/30/20 Changes for the year:	\$ 1,237,705
Service cost	70,767
Interest	25,822
Changes of benefit terms	
Differences between expected and actual experience	(61,181)
Changes of assumptions or other input	(25,255)
Benefit payments	(250,868)
Net changes	(240,715)
Balance 6/30/22 - measurement date 6/30/21	\$ 996,990

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

9. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial assumptions used to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 were based on the results of an experience study conducted in 2018 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2015-2017. Key assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, are as follows:

Valuation date	6/30/2021
Measurement date	6/30/2021
Reporting date	6/30/2022

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal – Level % of salary

Health care trend

6.50% decreasing by 0.10% per year down to 5.00% and level thereafter

Discount rate*

2.25% (based upon all years of projected payments discounted at a

municipal bond rate of 2.25%)

Municipal bond rate source Bond Buy 20-Bond Go Index

Mortality assumptions Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table adjusted for future mortality improvements

using the MP-2018 fully generated improvement scale (multiplied 60%)

Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.25%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (1.25%) or 1% higher (3.25%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		1% Increase to
	to Discount	Current Discount	Discount Rate
	Rate (1.25%)	Rate (2.25%)	(3.25%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 1,027,820	\$ 996,990	\$ 966,290

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 6.5%, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1% lower (5.5% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1% higher (7.5% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease to Healthcare Cost Trend (5.5%	Current Healthcare Cost Trend (6.5%	1% Increase to Healthcare Cost Trend (7.5%
	Decreasing to 4.0%)	Decreasing to 5.0%)	Decreasing to 6.0%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 958,375	\$ 996,990	\$ 1,041,093

^{*} Implicit in this rate is an assumed rate of inflation of 2.00%

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

9. Other Post-Employment Benefits (Continued)

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows or Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$71,807. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	196,545	\$
Differences between expected and actual experience			263,343
Changes of assumptions or other input		94,580	29,607
Total	\$	291,125	\$ 292,950

The amount of \$196,545 reported as deferred outflows related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2023	\$ (24,782)
2024	(24,782)
2025	(24,785)
2026	(22,567)
2027	(22,567)
Thereafter	(78,888)

10. Health Reimbursement Account - Current Employees

For teachers not eligible for retirement benefits under the OPEB plan described in Note 8, the District offers a defined contribution plan. The District contributes \$750 per year into an HRA to be used upon retirement for insurance coverage with an outside provider. The contributions are made annually into the HRA account in the year the benefit is earned.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized expense of \$150,000 related to the defined contribution plan. Funds accumulated in the HRA for any employee who terminates employment prior to reaching eligibility requirements stated in the plan documents for retirement will revert back to the District. Total forfeited contributions for the year ending June 30, 2022 were \$38,289.

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits - Life Insurance

Plan description.

The Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund ("LRLIF") is a multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds ("ETF") and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides post-employment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits – Life Insurance (Continued)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone retiree life insurance financial report, which can also be found using the link above.

Benefits provided

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired members and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a post-retirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2022 are:

Coverage Type

50% Post Retirement Coverage 25% Post Retirement Coverage

Employer Contribution

40% of employee contribution 20% of employee contribution

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating members must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2021 are as listed below:

Life Insurance Employee Contribution Rates* For the year ended December 31, 2021

Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental		
Under 30	\$0.05	\$0.05		
30-34	0.06	0.06		
35-39	0.07	0.07		
40-44	0.08	0.08		
45-49	0.12	0.12		
50-54	0.22	0.22		
55-59	0.39	0.39		
60-64	0.49	0.49		
65-69	0.57	0.57		
*Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit				

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$5,340 in contributions from the District.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits – Life Insurance (Continued)

OPEB Liabilities – Life Insurance, OPEB – Life Insurance Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – Life Insurance

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,542,098 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB life insurance liability. The net OPEB life insurance liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB life insurance liability used to calculate the net OPEB life insurance liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB life insurance liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the OPEB Life Insurance plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.2609%, which was an increase of 0.0029% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB – Life Insurance expense of \$183,981.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB – Life Insurance from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on	\$		\$ 78,447
OPEB – Life Insurance plan investments		20,065	
Changes in assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between employer		465,921	74,746
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		30,003	45,992
Total	\$	515,989	\$ 199,185

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB – life insurance will be recognized in OPEB – life insurance expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2023	\$ 67,883
2024	65,556
2025	59,840
2026	81,778
2027	39,959
Thereafter	1 788

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits – Life Insurance (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions.

The total OPEB – life insurance liability in the January 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	January 1, 2021
Measurement Date of Net OPEB-ETF Liability (Asset)	December 31, 2021
Experience Study	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020, Published November 19, 2021.
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
20 Year Tax-Exempt Municipal Bond Yield:	2.06%
Long-Term Expected Rated of Return:	4.25%
Discount Rate:	2.17%
Salary Increases	
Inflation:	3.00%
Seniority/Merit:	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total OPEB-ETF liability changed from the prior year, including the price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The total OPEB-ETF liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Long-term expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carriers' general fund, specifically 10-year A- Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investments). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Local OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2021

			Long-Term Expected Geometric Real
<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Index</u>	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
US Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Interim Credit	45.00%	1.68%
US Long Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Long Credit	5.00%	1.82%
US Mortgages	Bloomberg US MBS	50.00%	1.94%
Inflation			2.30%
Long-Term Expected Rate of R	eturn		4.25%

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate increased from 2.20% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.30% as of December 31, 2021.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits – Life Insurance (Continued)

Single Discount rate

A single discount rate of 2.17% was used to measure the total OPEB - ETF liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.25% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.12% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.06% as of December 31, 2021. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB - ETF Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB – life insurance liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB – ETF liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.17 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB - ETF liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (1.17 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (3.17 percent) than the current rate:

Discou		Decrease to scount Rate (1.17%)	Current Discount Rate (2.17%)	1% Increase to Discount Rate (3.17%)	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB – life insurance liability	\$	2,092,071	\$ 1,542,098	\$	1,128,266

12. Limitation on School District Revenues

Wisconsin statutes limit the amount of revenues school districts may derive from general school aids and property taxes unless a higher amount is approved by a referendum. This limitation does not apply to revenues needed for the payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

- A resolution of the school board or by referendum prior to August 12, 1993
- A referendum on or after August 12, 1993

13. Risk Management

The Stoughton Area School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers' compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles.

14. Commitments and Contingencies

The District had contractual commitments outstanding as of June 30, 2022 of approximately \$1,228,391 for various construction projects of which \$4,156,832 has been expended. The majority of the contracts will be funded from the District's general fund.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Financial Statements (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

14. Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

From time to time, the District is involved in legal actions, most of which normally occur in governmental operations. Legal actions are generally defended by the District's various insurance carriers, since most claims brought against the District are covered by insurance policies. In the opinion of District management, any legal actions and any other proceedings known to exist at June 30, 2022, are not likely to have a material adverse impact on the District's financial position.

The District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

15. Effect of New Accounting Standards on Financial Statements

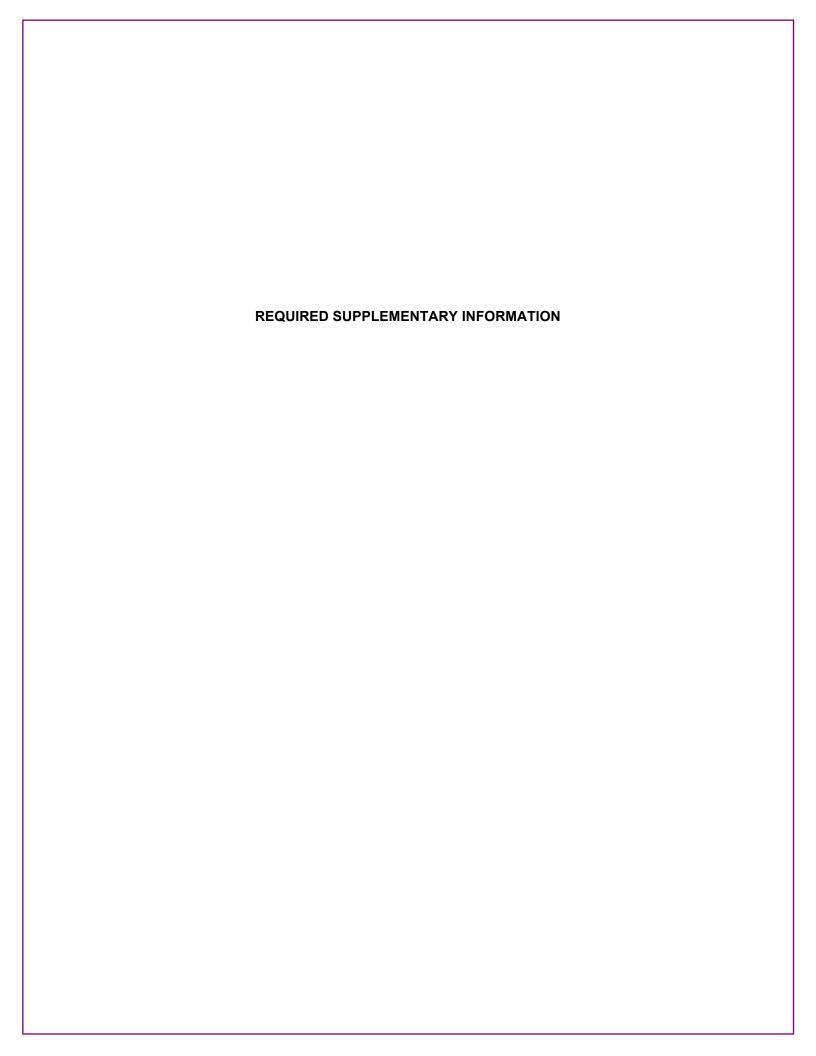
The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- GASB Statement No. 91, Conduit debt obligations for periods beginning after December 15, 2021
- GASB Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Arrangements* for periods beginning after June 15, 2022
- GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription based information technology arrangements for periods beginning after June 15, 2022
- GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting changes and error corrections* for periods beginning after June 15, 2023
- GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated absences for periods beginning after December 15, 2023

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

16. Prior Period Adjustment

An adjustment of \$1,402,285 has been made to increase the net position of the HRA Benefit Account as of June 30, 2021. The adjustment was a result of recording the cash balance at the correct amount as of June 30, 2021.



Stoughton, Wisconsin

Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Fund 10 -	Budget		Variance with Final Budget - Positive
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Negative)
Revenues:				
Local	\$ 22,872,800	\$ 22,872,800	\$ 23,239,942	\$ 367,142
Interdistrict payments within Wisconsin	701,734	723,957	765,397	41,440
State	14,850,529	14,930,668	14,981,699	51,031
Federal	2,204,345	4,795,960	1,470,446	(3,325,514)
Other	95,000	111,717	166,828	55,111
Total revenues	40,724,408	43,435,102	40,624,312	(2,810,790)
Expenditures:				
Instruction:				
Current	17,150,400	17,256,980	17,152,926	104,054
Interdistrict	1,823,499	1,823,499	1,716,176	107,323
Capital outlay	365,536	365,536	431,209	(65,673)
Support Services:				, ,
Current	15,552,313	18,185,920	14,398,017	3,787,903
Capital outlay	938,669	909,521	1,100,163	(190,642)
Debt service	33,995	26,504	10,000	16,504
Total expenditures	35,864,412	38,567,960	34,808,491	3,759,469
Excess of revenues over expenditures	4,859,996	4,867,142	5,815,821	948,679
Other Financing Sources (uses):				
Operating transfers in (out)	(4,863,996)	(4,871,142)	(4,677,880)	193,262
Lease financing			293,993	293,993
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4,000	4,000	4,586	586
Total other financing uses	(4,859,996)	(4,867,142)	(4,379,301)	487,841
Net change in fund balances			1,436,520	1,436,520
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	13,749,731	13,749,731	13,749,731	
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 13,749,731	\$ 13,749,731	\$ 15,186,251	\$ 1,436,520

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Education Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Variance with

	Fund 27 <u>Original</u>	- Budget <u>Final</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Final Budget - Positive <u>(Negative)</u>		
Revenues:						
State	\$ 1,578,184	\$ 1,592,530	\$ 1,862,413	\$ 269,883		
Federal	905,506	905,535	703,064	(202,471)		
Other			1,090	1,090		
Total revenues	2,483,690	2,498,065	2,566,567	68,502		
Expenditures: Instruction:						
Current	5,510,219	5,525,637	5,096,957	428,680		
Interdistrict	32,000	32,000	30,000	2,000		
Support Services:	,,,,,,	,	,	,		
Current	1,455,267	1,461,370	1,379,148	82,222		
Total expenditures	6,997,486	7,019,007	6,506,105	512,902		
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(4,513,796)	(4,520,942)	(3,939,538)	581,404		
Other Financing Sources:						
Operating transfers in	4,513,796	4,520,942	3,939,538	(581,404)		
Net change in fund balances						
Fund Balances - Beginning of year						
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	\$	\$	\$		

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Other Special Revenue

Year Ended June 30, 2022

		er Special Re Original	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)				
		<u> </u>	<u>Final</u>		- 1010.0.1	(Negative)		
Revenues:								
Local	\$	11,000	\$ 2,008,453	\$	2,326,100	\$	317,647	
Other					4,755		4,755	
Total revenues		11,000	2,008,453		2,330,855		322,402	
Expenditures:								
Instruction:								
Current		157,777	203,283		370,846		(167,563)	
Capital outlay			12,678		12,678			
Support Services:			,		,			
Current		330,319	2,000,388		152,085		1,848,303	
Capital outlay		,	268,175		268,175		, , ,	
Total expenditures	-	488,096	2,484,524		803,784		1,680,740	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over		,	, ,		,		, ,	
expenditures		(477,096)	(476,071)		1,527,071		2,003,142	
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		3,365,996	3,365,996		3,365,996			
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	2,888,900	\$ 2,889,925	\$	4,893,067	\$	2,003,142	

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset (Liability)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Wisconsin Retirement System
Last 10 Fiscal Years*

WRS Fiscal Year End Date	District's proportion of the net pension asset (liability)	District's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liabiliy)	District's covered payroll	Net pension asset (liability) as a percentage of	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension asset (liability)
12/31/21	0.1274%	\$ 10,267,295	\$ 20,893,243	49.14%	106.02%
12/31/20	0.1320%	8,241,913	21,278,275	38.73%	105.26%
12/31/19	0.1353%	4,361,985	21,452,657	20.33%	102.96%
12/31/18	0.1369%	(4,870,562)	20,626,021	23.61%	96.45%
12/31/17	0.1392%	4,133,959	20,227,529	20.44%	102.93%
12/31/16	0.1409%	(1,161,139)	20,088,183	5.78%	99.12%
12/31/15	0.1431%	(2,324,786)	20,151,239	11.54%	98.20%
12/31/14	0.1440%	3,538,245	19,824,482		102.74%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

WRS Fiscal Year- End		ontractually required ontributions	re	ntributions in lation to the ontractually required ontributions		Contribution deficiency (excess)	Dist	rict's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll
12/31/2021	\$	1.412.822	\$	1,412,822	\$		\$	20.893.243	6.76%
12/31/2021	φ	1,412,022	φ	1,412,022	φ		φ	21.278.275	6.75%
		, - ,		, - ,				, -, -	****
12/31/2019		1,405,162		1,405,162				21,452,657	6.55%
12/31/2018		1,389,835		1,389,835				20,626,021	6.74%
12/31/2017		1,383,144		1,383,144				20,227,529	6.84%
12/31/2016		1,325,824		1,325,824				20,088,183	6.60%
12/31/2015		1,370,511		1,370,511				20,151,239	6.80%
12/31/2014		1,388,876		1,388,876				19,824,482	7.01%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal

GASB requires the presentation of the last ten prior fiscal years completed under this pronouncement. The fiscal years completed prior to the enactment of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule.

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

^{*}GASB requires the presentation of the last ten prior fiscal years completed under this pronouncement. The fiscal years completed prior to the enactment of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Schedule of Employer Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2022

Wisconsin Retirement System Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Actuarial Determined Contributions Methods and Assumptions:

WRS Fiscal Year End Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method		December 31, 2020 December 31, 2018 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period	December 31, 2019 December 31, 2017 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period	December 31, 2018 December 31, 2016 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period
Amortization Period	30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS	30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS	30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS	30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS
Asset Valuation Method Actuarial Assumptions Net Investment Rate of Return Weighted Based on Assumed Rate For:	Market (Closed) 5.4%	Market (Closed) 5.4%	Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5%	Market (Closed) 5.5%
Pre-retirement Post-retirement Salary Increases:	7.0% 5.0%	7.0% 5.0%	7.2% 5.0%	7.2% 5.0%
Wage Inflation	3.0%	3.0%	3.2%	3.2%
Seniority/Merit	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%
Post-retirement benefit Adjustments** Retirement Age (Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition)	2018 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2015-	2018 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2015-	the period 2012-	2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2012-
N. 4.79	2017	2017	2014	2014
Mortality: Table Rate	mortality improvements using	mortality improvements using		mortality improvements using
	the MP-2018 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 60%)	the MP-2018 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 60%)	the MP-2015 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 50%)	the MP-2015 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 50%)
WRS Fiscal Year End Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method	December 31, 2017 December 31, 2015 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period	December 31, 2016 December 31, 2014 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period		December 31, 2014 December 31, 2012 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period
Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method	December 31, 2015 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization	December 31, 2014 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period	December 31, 2013 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period	Prozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization
Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method	December 31, 2015 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS	December 31, 2014 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS	December 31, 2013 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation	December 31, 2012 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS
Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Actuarial Assumptions Net Investment Rate of Return Weighted Based on Assumed Rate For: Pre-retirement	December 31, 2015 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2%	December 31, 2014 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2%	December 31, 2013 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2%	December 31, 2012 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 6% 7.2%
Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Actuarial Assumptions Net Investment Rate of Return Weighted Based on Assumed Rate For: Pre-retirement Post-retirement	December 31, 2015 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5%	December 31, 2014 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5%	December 31, 2013 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5%	December 31, 2012 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 6%
Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Actuarial Assumptions Net Investment Rate of Return Weighted Based on Assumed Rate For: Pre-retirement Post-retirement Salary Increases:	December 31, 2015 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0%	December 31, 2014 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0%	December 31, 2013 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0%	December 31, 2012 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 6% 7.2% 5.0%
Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Actuarial Assumptions Net Investment Rate of Return Weighted Based on Assumed Rate For: Pre-retirement Post-retirement	December 31, 2015 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Last updated for the	December 31, 2014 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Last updated for the	December 31, 2013 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Last updated for the	December 31, 2012 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 6% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Last updated for the
Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Actuarial Assumptions Net Investment Rate of Return Weighted Based on Assumed Rate For: Pre-retirement Post-retirement Salary Increases: Wage Inflation Seniority/Merit Post-retirement benefit Adjustments** Retirement Age (Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition)	December 31, 2015 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1%	December 31, 2014 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1%	December 31, 2013 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an	December 31, 2012 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 6% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1%
Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Amortization Period Asset Valuation Method Actuarial Assumptions Net Investment Rate of Return Weighted Based on Assumed Rate For: Pre-retirement Post-retirement Salary Increases: Wage Inflation Seniority/Merit Post-retirement benefit Adjustments** Retirement Age (Experience based table of rates that are specific to	December 31, 2015 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2012-	December 31, 2014 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009-	December 31, 2013 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009-	December 31, 2012 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 6% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009-
Valuation Date Actuarial Cost Method Amortization Method Asset Valuation Method Asset Valuation Method Actuarial Assumptions Net Investment Rate of Return Weighted Based on Assumed Rate For: Pre-retirement Post-retirement Salary Increases: Wage Inflation Seniority/Merit Post-retirement benefit Adjustments** Retirement Age (Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition) Mortality: Table	December 31, 2015 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2012- 2014 Wisconsin 2012 Actual WRS experience	December 31, 2014 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009- 2011	December 31, 2013 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 5.5% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009- 2011	December 31, 2012 Frozen Entry Age Level % of Payroll- Closed Amortization Period 30 Year closed from date of participation in WRS Five-Year Smoothed Market (Closed) 6% 7.2% 5.0% 3.2% 0.1%-5.6% 2.1% Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009- 2011

^{**}No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actual experience, and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB - Life Insurance Liability

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years*

LRLIF Fiscal Year End Date	District's proportion of the net OPEB - life insurance liability	sh	District's roportionate are of the net OPEB - life insurance liability	со	District's vered payroll	Net OPEB - life insurance liability as a percentage of employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB - life insurance liability
12/31/21	0.2609%	\$	1,542,098	\$	12,517,000	12.32%	29.57%
12/31/20	0.2580%	·	1,419,104	•	12,743,000	11.14%	31.36%
12/31/19	0.2494%		1,061,841		12,969,000	8.19%	37.58%
12/31/18	0.2638%		680,693		12,750,000	5.34%	48.69%
12/31/17	0.2757%		829,441		11,593,637	7.15%	44.81%

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Schedule of Contributions

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund Last 10 Fiscal Years*

LRLIF Fiscal Year End Date	re	ractually quired ributions	relati cont re	ibutions in ion to the tractually quired ributions	Contribution deficiency (excess)		Dist	rict's covered payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		
12/31/21	\$	5.340	\$	5,340	\$		\$	12,517,000	0.04%		
12/31/20	•	5,144	Ψ	5,144	*		•	12,743,000	0.04%		
12/31/19		4,507		4,507				12,969,000	0.03%		
12/31/18		5,082		5,082				12,750,000	0.04%		
12/31/17		5,235		5,235				11,593,637	0.05%		

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

See Independent Auditors' Report and Notes to Required Supplementary Information.

^{*}GASB requires the presentation of the last 10 prior fiscal years completed under this pronouncement. The fiscal years completed prior to the enactment of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule.

^{*}GASB requires the presentation of the last 10 prior fiscal years completed under this pronouncement. The fiscal years completed prior to the enactment of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Changes in the Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Year Ended June 30, 2022 Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Total OPEB Liability		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Service cost	\$	70,767	\$	59,031	\$	81,422	\$	84,014	\$	84,014
Interest		25,822		43,654		60,949		65,428		78,893
Change of benefit terms						(27,254)				
Differences between expected and actual experiences		(61,181)				(285,622)				
Changes of assumptions or other input		(25,255)		49,760		74,066		(15,508)		
Benefit payments		(250,868)		(264,977)		(275,824)		(477,570)		(617,710)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(240,715)		(112,532)		(372,263)		(343,636)		(454,803)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		1,237,705		1,350,237		1,722,500		2,066,136		2,520,939
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	996,990	\$	1,237,705	\$	1,350,237	\$	1,722,500	\$	2,066,136
Covered payroll	\$ 2	20,283,201	\$ 2	20,766,585	\$	20,766,585	\$	7,903,587	\$	7,903,587
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll		4.92%		5.96%		6.50%		21.79%		26.14%
Measurement Date	Jui	ne 30 2021	Jui	ne 30 2020	Jı	ine 30 2019	Ju	ine 30 2018	Ju	ne 30 2017

^{*}GASB requires the presentation of the last 10 prior fiscal years completed under this pronouncement. The fiscal years completed prior to the enactment of this pronouncement are not required to be presented in this schedule.

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note A - Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting for each fund as described in Note 1.D. to the financial statements; however, the District adopts a budget for the special education fund which is reported with the general fund in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"). An explanation of the difference between Revenues, Expenditures, and Other Financing Sources (Uses) for budgetary funds on budgetary fund basis and a GAAP general fund basis is summarized below:

	 General Fund	Special Education Fund		
Revenues				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	\$ 40,624,312 \$	2,566,567		
Reclassification of special education	 2,566,567	(2,566,567)		
Total Revenues (GAAP)	 43,190,879			
Expenditures				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	34,808,491	6,506,105		
Reclassification of special education	6,506,105	(6,506,105)		
Total Expenditures (GAAP)	41,314,596			
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	5,815,821	(3,939,538)		
Reclassification of special education	 (3,939,538)	3,939,538		
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures (GAAP)	 1,876,283			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis)	(4,379,301)	3,939,538		
Reclassification of special education	3,939,538	(3,939,538)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) (GAAP)	(439,763)			
Net Change in Fund Balance				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) (GAAP)	 1,436,520			
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) (GAAP)	 13,749,731			
Fund Balance - End of Year				
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) (GAAP)	\$ 15,186,251 \$			

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

June 30, 2022

Note B – Excess of Actual Expenditures Over Budget in Individual Funds

The following general fund and special revenue fund functions had an excess of actual expenditures over budget for the year ended June 30, 2022. The excess expenditures were funded by larger than anticipated revenues and under expenditures in other areas.

Fund 10:		
Undifferentiated curriculum	\$	191,659
Instructional staff services	•	106,330
Other support services		216,155
Post-secondary scholarship		1,500
Other non-program transactions		22,242
Fund 21:		•
Co-Curricular activities	\$	266,480
Other non-program transactions		12,490

Note C – WRS Information

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the WRS.

Changes of assumptions:

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021 including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.00% to 6.80%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.00% to 6.80%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.50% to 2.40%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.90% to 1.70%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018
 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2018 including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.20% to 7.00%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.20% to 7.00%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.20% to 3.00%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.70% to 2.50%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.10% to 1.90%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012
 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

June 30, 2022

Note D – Other Post-Employment Benefits

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets all of the following criteria of GASBS No. 75, paragraph 4:

- Contributions from the employer and any non-employer contributing entities, and earnings thereon, must be irrevocable.
- Plan assets must be dedicated to providing OPEB to plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.
- Plan assets must be legally protected from the creditors of the employer, non-employer contributing entities, the plan administrator, and plan members.

There were no changes of benefit terms to the OPEB plan.

The following changes in actuarial assumption have been made in the years presented:

The discount rate changed as can be seen in the following table:

Year Ended June 30	Discount Rate	Assumed rate of inflation
2018	3.50%	2.50%
2019	3.75%	2.50%
2020	3.50%	2.50%
2021	2.25%	2.00%
2022	2.25%	2.00%

- Mortality assumptions for the years ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2015 fully generated improvement scale multiplied 50%); for the year ended June 30, 2020 this changed to Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generated improvement scale (multiplied 60%)
- Actuarial assumptions used for the years ended June 30, 2017 through June 30, 2019 was based on an
 experience study conducted in 2015 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2012-14;
 For the year ended June 30, 2020 this changed to being based on the results of an experience conducted in
 2018 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2015-2017.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

June 30, 2022

Note E – OPEB – Life Insurance Information

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

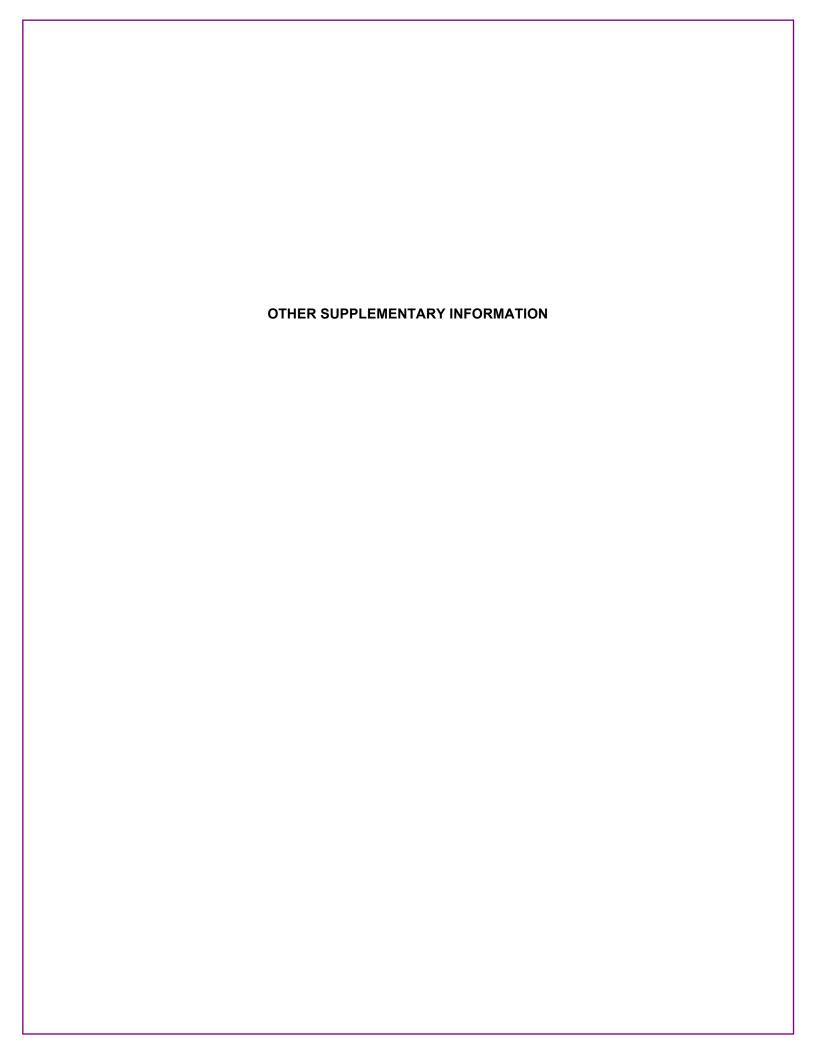
Changes of assumptions: In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three-year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB -ETF liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB-ETF liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.50% to 2.40%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018
 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2018 total OPEB-ETF liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 5.00% to 4.25%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.20% to 3.00%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.70% to 2.50%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012
 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table



Stoughton, Wisconsin

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Food Service		ackage- operative		ommunity <u>Service</u>	Debt Service	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	826,758	\$		\$	176,363	\$ 570,274	\$ 1,573,395
Accounts receivable		3,890						3,890
Due from other governments		53,013						53,013
Total assets	\$	883,661	\$		\$	176,363	\$ 570,274	\$ 1,630,298
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: Accounts payable Withholdings and related district fringes payable Accrued payroll Unearned revenues Other liabilities	\$	91,226 38,381 	\$	 	\$	3,086 1,359 5,604 	\$ 475	\$ 94,312 1,359 5,604 38,381 475
Total liabilities		129,607				10,049	475	140,131
Fund Balances								
Restricted		754,054					569,799	1,323,853
Assigned						166,314		166,314
Total fund balance		754,054				166,314	569,799	1,490,167
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	883,661	\$		\$	176,363	\$ 570,274	\$ 1,630,298

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Spe	cial	Revenue F					
	Food <u>Service</u>		Package- Cooperative		Community Service		Debt <u>Service</u>	<u>Total</u>
Revenues:								
Local	\$ 178,397	\$	22,817	\$	248,400	\$	1,420,094	\$ 1,869,708
State	48,012							48,012
Federal	1,327,582							1,327,582
Other							138,338	138,338
Total revenues	1,553,991		22,817		248,400		1,558,432	3,383,640
Expenditures:								
Instruction:								
Current			17,937					17,937
Support Services:								
Current	1,285,493		4,880		224,872			1,515,245
Capital outlay	5,954							5,954
Debt service							1,562,625	1,562,625
Total expenditures	1,291,447		22,817		224,872		1,562,625	3,101,761
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	262,544				23,528		(4,193)	281,879
Other Financing Sources (uses):								
Operating transfers in	116							116
Net change in fund balances	262,660				23,528		(4,193)	281,995
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	491,394				142,786		573,992	1,208,172
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 754,054	\$		\$	166,314	\$	569,799	\$ 1,490,167

See independent auditors' report.

STOUGHTON AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Stoughton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Expenditures of State Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Awarding Agency Pass-Through Agency Award Description	State I.D. <u>Number</u>	Passthrough Entity <u>Number</u>	Accrued of (Unearned Revenue of 7/1/21	d)	Receipts	State Disbursement Expenditures		Accrued or (Unearned) Revenue at 6/30/22	Subrecipient <u>Awards</u>
Wisconsin Deptartment of Public Instruction									
Special Education and School-Age Parents **	255.101	135621-100	\$ -	;	\$ 1,694,945	\$ 1,694,94	5	\$	\$
State School Lunch Aid	255.102	135621-107	-		27,941	27,94	1		
Common School Fund Library Aid	255.103	135621-104	-		121,656	120,92	21	(735)	
Pupil Transportation	255.107	135621-102	-		25,546	25,54	6		
General Aids Cluster:									
Equalization Aids	255.201	135621-116	196,59	94	11,471,745	11,275,15	1		
Total general aids cluster			196,59	94	11,471,745	11,275,15	51		
High Cost Special Education	255.210	135621-119	-		153,122	153,12	22		
Aid for School Mental Health Programs	255.227	135621-176	-			55,23	32	55,232	
School Based Mental Health Services Grant	255.297	135621-177	29,05	54	29,054				
Passed through Oregon School District									
Peer Review and Mentoring	255.301	134144-141	-			1,84	0	1,840	
School Breakfast Program	255.344	135621-108	-		20,071	20,07	1		
Educator Effectiveness Evaluation System Grant	255.940	135621-154	-		23,040	23,04	0		
Per Pupil Aid	255.945	135621-113	-		2,133,250	2,133,25	0		
Career and Technical Education Incentive Grant	255.950	135621-152	-			13,50	3	13,503	
Assessments for Reading Readiness	255.956	135621-166	-		2,992	2,99	2		
Aid for Special Education Transition Grant BBL	255.960	135621-168	-		14,346	14,34	6		
Total			\$ 225,64	18 3	\$ 15,717,708	\$ 15,561,90	00	\$ 69,840	\$

 $^{^{\}star\star}$ Total DPI aidable expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$5,724,064.

STOUGHTON AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT Stoughton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Awarding Agency Pass-Through Agency Award Description	Federal Assistance Listing <u>Number</u>	Passthrough Entity <u>Number</u>	Accrued or (Unearned) Revenue at 7/1/21		Receipts	Federal Disbursements/ Expenditures	Accrued or (Unearned) Revenue at 6/30/22	Subrecipient <u>Awards</u>	
U.S. Department of Agriculture Child Nutrition Cluster: Passed through Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction: COVID-19 Food Service Aid - Breakfast Donated Commodities - Noncash COVID-19 Food Service Aid - Lunch	10.553 10.555 10.555	2022-135621-DPI-SB-546 N/A 2022-135621-DPI-NSL-547	\$	\$ 	251,167 90,048 933,354	\$ 263,637 90,048 973,896	\$ 12,470 40.542	\$	
Subtotal for Federal Assistance Listing 10.555 Total Child Nutrition Cluster and U.S. Department of Agriculture	10.000	2022 100021 21 11102 011			1,023,402 1,274,569	1,063,944 1,327,581	40,542 53,012		
, -					1,21 1,000	1,021,001	00,012		
U.S. Department of Justice Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants Total U.S. Department of Justice	16.710	N/A		11,692 11,692	307,354 307,354	311,392 311,392	15,730 15,730		
Federal Communication Commission COVID-19 Emergency Connectivity Fund	32.009	N/A				37,850	37,850		
U.S. Department of Education Passed through Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction: ESEA Title IA Basic	84.010A	2022-135621-DPI-TIA-141		113,789	312,757	285,567	86,599		
Special Education Cluster: IDEA Flow Through	84.027A	2022-135621-DPI-FLOW-341		179,102	549,863	570,246	199,485		
COVID-19 IDEA Flow Through Subtotal for IDEA Flow Through	84.027A	2022-135621-DPI-FLOW-344		179,102	124,357 674,220	124,357 694,603	199,485	<u></u>	
IDEA Preschool Entitlement COVID-19 IDEA Preschool Entitlement	84.173A 84.173A	2022-135621-DPI-PRESCH-347 2022-135621-DPI-PRESCH-346		13,534	47,637 11,824	40,952 14,099	6,849 2,275		
Subtotal for IDEA Prechool Entitlement Total Special Education Cluster			_	13,534 192,636	59,461 733,681	55,051 749,654	9,124 208,609	<u></u>	
Passed through Oregon School District Carl Perkins Grant	84.048	2022-134144-DPI-CTE-400			16,452	16,452			
Total Carl Perkins Grant ESEA Title III-A English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365A	2022-135621-DPI-TIIIA-391		9,443	16,452 11,106	16,452 12,142	10,479		
ESEA Title II-A Teacher Principal Training Title IV-A Student and Academic Enrichment Grants Equalization Stabilization Funds:	84.367A 84.424A	2022-135621-DPI-TIIA-365 2022-135621-DPI-TIVA-381		20,960	67,771 20,166	66,595 23,223	19,784 3,057		
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund I	84.425D	2021-135621-DPI-ESSERF-160		7,629	10,513	2,884			
Total U.S. Department of Education				344,457	1,172,446	1,156,517	328,528		
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Medicaid Cluster:									
Passed through Wisconsin Department of Health Services Medical Assistance Program (SBS)	93.778	44211300		3,965	223,714	251,403	31,654		
Total			\$	360,114 \$	2,978,083	\$ 3,084,743	\$ 466,774	\$	

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Notes to Schedules of Expenditures of State and Federal Awards

June 30, 2022

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of state and federal awards (the Schedules) includes the federal and state award activity of the District under programs of the federal and state government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) and the Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines. Therefore, some amounts presented in these schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements. Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the net financial position, changes in fund balance or cash flows of the District. All federal and state awards received directly from federal and state agencies as well as federal and state financial awards passed through other government agencies are included on the schedule.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedules are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, and as applicable, the cost principles contained in the *Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines*, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

3. Indirect Cost Rate

The District did not use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed by the Uniform Guidance.

4. Noncash Awards

The federal donated commodities in the Child Nutrition Cluster is administered by the U.S. Department of Agriculture and passed through the Wisconsin Department of Instruction and transactions relating to this program are included in the District's basic financial statements. Commodities received during the year that are included in the federal expenditures are valued by the federal agency. There are no balances outstanding as of June 30, 2022.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the District Board Stoughton Area School District Stoughton, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Stoughton Area School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 7, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses and significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rally lone + Benfor LLP

December 7, 2022 Milwaukee, Wisconsin



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE, THE WISCONSIN STATE SINGLE AUDIT GUIDELINES AND THE WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH SERVICES AUDIT GUIDE

To the District Board Stoughton Area School District Stoughton, Wisconsin

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited the Stoughton Area School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement*, the *Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines* and the *Wisconsin Department of Health Services Audit Guide* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principals, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"), the audit requirements of the Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines ("SSAG") and the audit requirements of the Wisconsin Department of Health Services Audit Guide ("DHSG"). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance, SSAG and DHSG are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal and state programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, *SSAG* and DHSG will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal and state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, *SSAG and DHSG*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and
 performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to
 design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control
 over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, SSAG and DHSG, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no
 such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, SSAG, and DHSG and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to these matters.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (Continued)

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state programs on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance, SSAG and DHSG. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rally lone + Benfor LLP

December 7, 2022 Milwaukee, Wisconsin

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

June 30, 2022

Finding 2021-001 Certification Pages

Program Name: General Aids Cluster

Criteria: Per Wisconsin State Statute 120.18, "The school district clerk shall send a copy of the annual school district report to the school district administrator and shall notify the person in charge of each school in the school district that the reports are on file in the school district clerk's office".

Condition: The District did not have a signed copy of the PI-1504 Budget Report on file.

Current Status: The District had all certification pages on file for the current year.

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I. Summary of Auditors' Results

Fina 1.	ncial Statements Type of report the auditors' issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:	Unmodified
2.	Internal control over financial reporting: a. Material weaknesses identified? b. Significant deficiencies identified?	No None noted
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No
	eral Awards Internal control over major programs: a. Material weaknesses identified? b. Significant deficiencies identified?	No Yes
5.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
6.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	Yes
7.	Identification of major federal programs: Child Nutrition Cluster: 10.553 – School Breakfast Program 10.555 – National School Lunch Program Medicaid Cluster: 93.778 – Medical Assistance Program	
8.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 750,000
9.	Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes
	e Awards Internal control over major programs: a. Material weaknesses identified? b. Significant deficiencies identified?	No Yes
11.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
12.	Any audit findings that are required to be reported?	Yes
13.	Identification of major state programs: General Aids Cluster: 255.201 – Equalization Aid	
14.	Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	\$ 250,000

Stoughton, Wisconsin

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II. Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III. Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2022-001 Medicaid Bus Logs

Program Name: Medicaid Cluster

Compliance Requirement: Special Tests and Provisions – Medicaid Eligibility Rate for Transportation One-

Way Trips and Vehicle Ratios

Criteria: The District must report the total one-way trips for IEP transportation on a cost report filed with the grantor. Districts must have an ongoing program with sufficient internal controls to identify total one-way student trips for reporting specialized transportation.

Condition: The District uses bus logs to document the one-way trips for IEP transportation. However, for 2 of students in our sample of 5 had bus logs that did not agree with the District's backup for the total one-way trips.

Cause: The District did not have proper controls in place to ensure the one-way trips reported were supposed with appropriate backup documentation.

Effect: The District's transportation ratio is not accurate based on the supporting documentation.

Recommendation: We recommend the District ensures that all one-way trips reported are supported by appropriate backup documentation.

Views of responsible officials and planned corrective action: See Corrective Action Plan.

Section IV. Other Issues

 Does the auditors' report or the notes to the financial statements include disclosure with regard to substantial doubt as to the auditee's ability to continue as a going concern?

No

2. Does the audit report show audit issues (i.e., material noncompliance, nonmaterial noncompliance, questioned costs, material weakness, reportable condition, management letter comment, excess revenue or excess reserve) related to grants/contracts with funding agencies that require audits to be in accordance with the *Wisconsin State Single Audit Guidelines* and *Wisconsin Department of Health Services*:

Department of Public Instruction Department of Health Services

No Yes

- 3. Was a Management Letter or other document conveying audit comments issued as a result of this audit?
- 4. Name and signature of partner

Brian J. Mechenich

5. Date of Report

December 7, 2022



Administrative and Educational Services Center 320 North Street • Stoughton, WI 53589-1733 (608) 877-5000

WWW STOUGHTON K12 WILUS

Reference Number: 2022-001

Description: Medicaid Bus Logs

Corrective Action Plan: The District will ensure that information from the bus logs is accurately included in the data used to calculate the transportation ratio.

Anticipated Corrective Action Plan Completion Date: January 2023

Contact Information: For additional information regarding this finding please contact Erica Pickett, Director of Business Services, at 608-877-5011.

Erica Pickett

Director of Business Services

608-877-5011