TRUMBULL PUBLIC SCHOOLS

Trumbull, Connecticut

GRADE 6 SPANISH Grade 6

2019

(Last revision date: 2008)

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The Trumbull Board of Education will continue to take Affirmative Action to ensure that no persons are discriminated against in any of its programs.

CORE VALUES AND BELIEFS

The Trumbull School Community engages in an environment conducive to learning which believes that all students will **read and write effectively**, therefore communicating in an articulate and coherent manner. All students will participate in activities **that present problem-solving through critical thinking**. Students will use technology as a tool applying it to decision making. We believe that by fostering self-confidence, self-directed and student-centered activities, we will promote **independent thinkers and learners**. We believe **ethical conduct** to be paramount in sustaining the welcoming school climate that we presently enjoy.

Approved 8/26/2011

INTRODUCTION & PHILOSOPHY

Grade 6 Spanish is offered as a full-year course meeting every other day. The primary goal of the course is to develop students' introduction to the language, culture, and geography of the Spanish-speaking world. As they demonstrate communication skills in Spanish, students will simultaneously deepen their appreciation for Hispanic cultures and will be motivated to continue their study of Spanish.

The course is structured sequentially to help build skill development. Each unit is organized to address listening, speaking, reading, writing, and culture as outlined in the ACTFL (American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages) Guidelines and National Standards for Learning. Activities are aligned to the 5 "C's" of communication, cultures, connections, comparisons, and communities. Each unit includes assured experiences to form a firm foundation for each student as she/he builds upon these language skills, and assessments that continually monitor each student's progress. As a framework to the language teacher, the curriculum guide encourages teachers to use additional sources, additional technology, realia, and personal experiences to enhance this curriculum and make it most relevant to each student.

As students are introduced to and practice communication skills, teacher-made situations and visual stimuli are used to encourage oral communication. Introduction of basic grammatical structures, vocabulary, and idiomatic expressions allow students to respond, converse, and react in Spanish. Reading selections are included to enhance cultural references and parallel cultures. Communicative activities are used in order to develop students' oral and auditory proficiency in the target language. Group work and collaborative activities are highly encouraged. Oral presentations are also used throughout the course. Ancillary materials and technology are used for further language development and independent practice.

Modern technology has not necessarily increased our ability to communicate effectively with one another. To be able to communicate requires discipline, intelligence, cultural awareness, and diplomacy. World language instruction needs to reach out and touch other people in an effort to understand not only the spoken word, but also the culture. It is our desire to impart a cultural awareness to our students through the spoken and written word. That is only the beginning, however, in strengthening the ties which bind us all together in our world community.

Knowledge of a world language is essential to our economy and germane to our very existence. Being able to speak, read, and write a world language is no longer a luxury; it is a necessity.

With this in mind, we give our students in Trumbull the opportunity to learn at least one world language other than English, and we encourage them to learn others, so that America will remain a leader among nations. Leadership requires knowledge of other people's diverse values, of a multiplicity of cultures. It is our purpose, therefore, to enlighten, to instill, and to sustain a love of learning of world languages among students in the Trumbull Public Schools.

COURSE GOALS

The following Course Goals derive from the 2012 American Council on the Teaching of Foreign Languages World-Readiness Standards for Learning Languages.

At the completion of this course, students will:

Interpersonal Communication (Standard 1.1) Interact and negotiate meaning in

> spoken, signed, or written conversations to share information,

reactions, feelings, and opinions.

Interpretive Communication (Standard 1.2) Understand, interpret, and analyze

what is heard, read, or viewed on a

variety of topics.

Presentational Communication (Standard 1.3) Present information, concepts, and

> ideas to inform, explain, persuade, and narrate on a variety of topics using appropriate media and adapting to various audiences of listeners, readers, or viewers.

Cultures: Relating Cultural Practices to Perspectives

(Standard 2.1)

Use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the practices and perspectives of the cultures

studied.

Cultures: Relating Cultural Products to Perspectives

(Standard 2.2)

Use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the relationship between the products and perspectives of the cultures studied.

Connections: Making Connections (Standard 3.1) Build, reinforce, and expand their

> knowledge of other disciplines while using the language to develop critical thinking and to solve problems

creatively.

Connections: Language Comparisons (Standard 4.1)	Use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the nature of language through comparisons of the language studied and their own.
Comparisons: Cultural Comparisons (Standard 4.2)	Use the language to investigate, explain, and reflect on the concept of culture through comparisons of the cultures studied and their own.
Communities: School and Global Communities (Standard 5.1)	Use the language both within and beyond the classroom to interact and collaborate in their community and the globalized world.
Communities: Lifelong Learning (Standard 5.2)	Set goals and reflect on their progress in using languages for enjoyment, enrichment, and advancement.
CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.1	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.1.e	Recognize variations from standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking, and identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language.
CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.2	Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.2.a	Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive/parenthetical elements.
CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.2.b	Spell correctly.
CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.3	Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6

reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4.a Use context (e.g., the overall

meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of

a word or phrase.

CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4.b Use common, grade-appropriate

Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g.,

audience, auditory, audible).

CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4.c Consult reference materials (e.g.,

dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its

part of speech.

COURSE ENDURING UNDERSTANDINGS

Students will understand that . . .

- global citizenship requires the ability to speak more than one language.
- the ability to express oneself in another language fosters a deeper, better understanding of one's own culture.
- the acquisition of another language enables an individual to participate in and be an active member of multilingual communities.
- both language and awareness of culture are best acquired through communicating in the target language.

COURSE ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS

- How do I use another language to communicate with others? (Interpersonal Mode)
- How do I understand what others are trying to communicate in another language? (Interpretive Mode)
- How do I present information, concepts, and ideas in another language in a way that is understood? (Presentational Mode)
- How can I use my knowledge of my native language (English) to aid me in understanding and progressing in the learning of Spanish? (Language Comparisons)
- How can I reflect on and compare cultural products and perspectives to my own culture and to other cultures? (Cultural Comparisons)

COURSE KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS

Students will know . . .

- Spanish greetings & farewells
- Spanish expressions of courtesy and feelings
- reasons for studying Spanish
- tips for learning Spanish
- common Spanish names
- classroom objects, school subjects, expressions, basic commands, and classroom requests in Spanish
- el mundo hispanohablante and Hispanic cultural holidays and traditions
- the Spanish alphabet, spelling, accents, and punctuation
- personal questions in Spanish
- colors in Spanish
- the numbers 0-100 in Spanish
- telling time in Spanish
- days, dates, and months in Spanish
- seasons and weather expressions in Spanish
- family vocabulary in Spanish
- likes and dislikes with food vocabulary in Spanish
- likes and dislikes with infinitives in Spanish

Students will be able to, in Spanish, . . .

- identify places where Spanish is spoken globally.
- greet others based on the time of day.
- introduce themselves and ask what someone's name is.
- express their current state/feelings.
- spell their names and basic words.
- recite the Spanish alphabet.
- state the season and the weather.
- state the day of the week and the month of the year.
- state their birthday.
- state their age.
- identify/state the numbers 0-100.
- tell time.
- identify classroom objects.
- identify colors.
- respond to verbal classroom commands.
- make classroom requests (e.g., as related to the bathroom, water, the locker)
- state their country of origin.
- describe flags from various Spanish-speaking countries.
- identify family members.
- identify various foods.
- state their food preferences.
- recognize various activities (using infinitives).
- state activity preferences.

Students will be able to, in English, . . .

- discuss cultural differences.
- discuss grammatical structures.
- recognize cognates.
- present various aspects of a Spanish-speaking country.

UNIT 1

El mundo hispanohablante (The Spanish-Speaking World)

Unit Goals

At the completion of this unit, students will:

ACTFL Interpersonal Communication

(Standard 1.1)

Greet and introduce themselves to their classmates

in Spanish using simple sentences, and their

Spanish names when possible.

ACTFL Presentational Communication

(Standard 1.3)

Present basic information about *el mundo*

hispanohablante.

ACTFL Cultures: Relating Cultural

Practices to Perspectives (Standard 2.1) **ACTFL Connections: Making Connections**

(Standard 3.1)

ACTFL Comparisons: Cultural Comparisons (Standard 4.2)

Recognize, explain, and compare culturally

significant holidays, traditions, dates, and events in

el mundo hispanohablante, including crosscurricular connections with social studies.

ACTFL Cultures: Relating Cultural

(Standard 2.1)

ACTFL Connections: Making Connections

(Standard 3.1)

ACTFL Comparisons: Cultural Comparisons (Standard 4.2)

Identify similarities and differences between

common Spanish names.

ACTFL Connections: Language

Comparisons (Standard 4.1)

CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.1 CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.1.e

CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.2

CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.2.a

Make connections between the Spanish language and the English language, including cognates and

punctuation.

ACTFL Cultures: Relating Cultural

Products to Perspectives (Standard 2.2)

Describe basic information about el mundo hispanohablante, including a country's capital,

location, and flag.

ACTFL Communities: Lifelong Learning

(Standard 5.2)

Reflect on their growth as Spanish learners.

ACTFL Communities: Lifelong Learning

(Standard 5.2)

Acknowledge the importance of a second language.

CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.3

Use English to write, speak, read about, and listen to presentations about *el mundo hispanohablante*.

CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4 CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4.a	Use context clues (e.g., listening, visualizing, practicing, speaking, exploring, and connecting) while learning Spanish.
CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4 CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4.b	Use prefixes, roots, and cognates to infer meaning in Spanish.
CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4 CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4.c	Use appropriate print and digital resources (e.g., www.wordreference.com , CultureGrams) to help with pronunciation, meaning, and part of speech in Spanish.

Unit Essential Questions

- How do people from *el mundo hispanohablante* greet and say goodbye to one another?
- What are the benefits of studying Spanish?
- How can I successfully learn Spanish?
- What are some common Spanish names?
- What is *el mundo hispanohablante*?
- What are some of the important cultural events and holiday traditions in *el mundo hispanohablante*?
- How do these important cultural events and holiday traditions compare to those of my own background?

Scope and Sequence

- Spanish greetings and farewells
- Introducing oneself, using common Spanish names when possible
- Asking and responding to basic questions
- Why study Spanish?
- Tips for learning Spanish
- El mundo hispanohablante and Hispanic cultural holidays and traditions
- Reintroduction and recombination of topics for continued reinforcement

Assured Assessments

- Ongoing listening, speaking, reading, writing, & viewing, primarily in the target language of Spanish
- "Los países hispanohablantes"

Resources

Core

- Teacher-created materials
- Relevant digital resources
- Preliminary unit of Auténtico. New York: Pearson, 2018. Web.

Supplemental

• See "Supplemental Resources" (p. 16 of this Curriculum Guide)

Time Allotment

• Trimester 1

UNIT 2 En la clase (In the Class)

Unit Goals

At the completion of this unit, students will:

ACTFL Interpersonal Communication (Standard 1.1)

Interact in Spanish by:

- asking for and expressing their feelings.
- continuing to greet and introduce themselves to their classmates, asking for and providing personal information such as age, birthday, phone number, e-mail, and origin.
- stating the time.
- making classroom requests (e.g., as related to the bathroom, water, the locker)
- asking for and providing the day and date.
- asking about and describing the weather.
- asking for and stating the color of various items.
- using numbers to express age, birthday, and dates.
- using expressions of courtesy.

ACTFL Interpretive Communication (Standard 1.2)

Understand, interpret, and analyze in Spanish by:

- responding to basic classroom commands.
- describing the weather based on different scenarios.
- interpreting and analyzing the time on an analog clock.

ACTFL Presentational Communication (Standard 1.3)

Present in Spanish by:

- presenting a weather report.
- describing what is in the classroom and in their backpacks.
- describing what school supplies are needed for various school subjects.
- introducing themselves and others.
- reciting the numbers 0-100.
- reciting the days, months, seasons, and current weather conditions.

ACTFL Cultures: Relating Cultural Practices to Perspectives (Standard 2.1)

Recognize, explain, and compare cultural differences between the English and the Spanish calendars, including in the format of the date.

ACTFL Connections: Making Connections Use math skills to problem-solve in Spanish.

(Standard 3.1)

(Standard 3.1)	Make connections between grammatical structures.
ACTFL Connections: Language Comparisons (Standard 4.1) CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.1 CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.1.e CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.2 CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.2.a CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.2.b	Make connections between the Spanish language and the English language, including the alphabet, grammatical structures, punctuation, and gender and numbers agreement.
ACTFL Comparisons: Cultural Comparisons (Standard 4.2)	Compare important cultural dates using the English and the Spanish calendars.
ACTFL Communities: Lifelong Learning (Standard 5.2)	Reflect on their growth as Spanish learners.
ACTFL Cultures: Relating Cultural Products to Perspectives (Standard 2.2)	Describe basic information about <i>el mundo hispanohablante</i> , including a country's capital, location, and flag.
ACTFL Communities: Lifelong Learning (Standard 5.2)	Reflect on their growth as Spanish learners.
CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4 CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4.a	Use context clues (e.g., listening, visualizing, practicing, speaking, exploring, and connecting) while learning Spanish.
CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4 CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4.b	Use prefixes, roots, and cognates to infer meaning in Spanish.
CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4 CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4.c	Use appropriate print and digital resources (e.g., www.wordreference.com , CultureGrams) to help with pronunciation, meaning, and part of speech in Spanish.

ACTFL Connections: Making Connections Make connections between grammatical structures.

Unit Essential Questions

- How do people from *el mundo hispanohablante* demonstrate courtesy to one another?
- How do people express their feelings and ask others about their feelings in Spanish?
- How can I talk in Spanish about objects in my classroom, objects in my backpack, and what is needed for various school subjects?
- How can I express my needs in the Spanish classroom?
- How can I respond to my teacher's commands in the Spanish classroom?
- How do the Spanish and the English alphabets compare?
- What are some of the grammatical differences between Spanish and English?

- How do I spell my name and other basic vocabulary using the Spanish alphabet?
- How do I ask for and give personal information in Spanish?
- How do I describe items using various colors in Spanish?
- How do I express time, age, and birthday using numbers in Spanish?
- How do I give dates using the Spanish format?
- How do I describe the weather in different seasons in Spanish?

Scope and Sequence

- Spanish expressions of courtesy and feelings
- the Spanish alphabet, spelling, accents, and punctuation
- colors in Spanish
- classroom objects, school subjects, expressions, and basic commands in Spanish
- the numbers 0-100 in Spanish
- days, dates, and months in Spanish
- basic personal questions in Spanish
- telling time in Spanish
- seasons and weather expressions in Spanish
- Reintroduction and recombination of topics for continued reinforcement

Assured Assessments

- Ongoing listening, speaking, reading, writing, & viewing, primarily in the target language of Spanish
- "El tiempo"

Resources

Core

- Teacher-created materials
- Relevant digital resources
- Preliminary unit of *Auténtico*. New York: Pearson, 2018. Web.

Supplemental

• See "Supplemental Resources" (p. 16 of this Curriculum Guide)

Time Allotment

• Trimester 2

UNIT 3

¡Exprésate! (Express Yourself!)

Unit Goals

At the completion of this unit, students will:

ACTFL Interpersonal Communication	
(Standard 1.1)	

Interact in Spanish by:

- sharing their opinions on food.
- sharing their opinions on activities.
- identifying family members.

ACTFL Interpretive Communication (Standard 1.2)

Understand, interpret, and analyze in Spanish by:

creating and responding to a family tree.

ACTFL Presentational Communication (Standard 1.3)

Present in Spanish by:

- presenting their families.
- presenting their food preferences and leisure time activities.

ACTFL Cultures: Relating Cultural Products to Perspectives (Standard 2.2)

Recognize, explain, and compare cultural differences between English and Spanish cultural norms regarding food, meal time, and other customs.

ACTFL Comparisons: Language

Comparisons (Standard 4.1)

CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.1

CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.1.e

CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.2

CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.2.a

CCS. ELA-Literacy.L.6.2.b

Compare English and Spanish by:

- using infinitives in Spanish to talk about what they like to do.
- discussing gender and numbers agreement in Spanish.

ACTFL Comparisons: Cultural

Comparisons (Standard 4.2)

Compare cultures by:

- understanding and comparing family size in various cultures.
- comparing cultural norms regarding food, meal time, and other customs.

ACTFL Communities: Lifelong Learning (Standard 5.2)

Reflect on their growth as Spanish learners.

CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4 CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4.a Use context clues (e.g., listening, visualizing, practicing, speaking, exploring, and connecting) while learning Spanish.

CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4 CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4.b	Use prefixes, roots, and cognates to infer meaning in Spanish.
CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4 CCS.ELA-Literacy.L.6.4.c	Use appropriate print and digital resources (e.g., www.wordreference.com , CultureGrams) to help with pronunciation, meaning, and part of speech in Spanish.

Unit Essential Questions

- How do I identify my family members in Spanish?
- How do I express my food preferences in Spanish?
- How do I express my leisure activity preferences in Spanish?

Scope and Sequence

- Spanish vocabulary related to the family
- likes and dislikes with food vocabulary in Spanish
- likes and dislikes with infinitives in Spanish
- Reintroduction and recombination of topics for continued reinforcement

Assured Assessments

• Ongoing listening, speaking, reading, writing, & viewing, primarily in the target language of Spanish

Resources

Core

- Teacher-created materials
- Relevant digital resources
- Preliminary unit of *Auténtico*. New York: Pearson, 2018. Web.

Supplemental

• See "Supplemental Resources" (p. 16 of this Curriculum Guide)

Time Allotment

• Trimester 3

SUPPLEMENTAL RESOURCES

- Basho & Friends. "Count to 1000 in Spanish."
 - http://www.viewpure.com/Yidnh5oOEEM?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- Basho & Friends. "How to Tell Time in Spanish."
 - http://www.viewpure.com/IQhugB3CNYU?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- Basho & Friends. "Learn Colors in Spanish Sing-Along Song."

 http://www.viewpure.com/RDVDDbckZHo?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019.

 Web
- Basho & Friends. "Learn Spanish Greetings Hola Amigo."

 http://www.viewpure.com/NMZzGZu15vk?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019.

 Web.
- Basho & Friends. "Numbers Song in Spanish."
 - http://www.viewpure.com/6FEyfy5N3Nc?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- Basho & Friends. "60-Second Spanish."
 - http://www.viewpure.com/qMe8ngqR86k?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- Basho & Friends. "Spanish Calendar Song."

 http://www.viewpure.com/BdLuT_P0OzE?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019.

 Web.
- Calico Spanish Learning Songs for Kids. "¡Colores, colores!"

 http://www.viewpure.com/DsRKoZGaoEM?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- Calico Spanish Songs. "What's Your Favorite Subject in School? ¿Cuál Es Tu Materia Favorita?" http://www.viewpure.com/m5fdWGeHBtM?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- Calico Spanish Songs for Kids. "Where Are You From? ¿De Dónde Eres Tú?" http://www.viewpure.com/9bFRTm4J7PM?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- "Cumpleaños feliz." http://www.viewpure.com/JKjKo6_TPEA?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- "Las estaciones." http://www.viewpure.com/XhGkTV84WZM?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- Infante, Pedro. "Las mananitas." http://www.viewpure.com/7Qb_JC04GkQ?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- "Learn the Months of the Year in Spanish Song."
 - http://www.viewpure.com/IKznbHvPFwc?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- Lozano, Patti. "La mochila." http://www.viewpure.com/UFbWPMDLWlc?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- Lozano, Patti. Music That Teaches Spanish! 2nd ed. Houston: Dolo, 1995. Print.
- MacArthur, Barbara. "¡Cuenta!" http://www.viewpure.com/L26jwqF9Zro?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- MacArthur, Barbara. "La familia grande."
 - http://www.viewpure.com/s9iUXEhEMh8?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- MacArthur, Barbara. "Spanish-Speaking Countries Song." http://www.viewpure.com/6v95FATsydI?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.

- "Months of the Year." http://www.viewpure.com/clugJoYmk88?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- "Los números." http://www.viewpure.com/oUvyhStbFy8?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- "Punctuation Marks and Written Accents."
 - http://www.viewpure.com/uVjLllBs2Us?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- "¿Que tiempo hace?" http://www.viewpure.com/yvCxwCkTYNc?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- Risas y Sonrisas Spanish for Kids. "Los Colores: The Colors in Spanish Song." http://www.viewpure.com/zpLQSdu4V94?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- Rockalingua. "Los Países de Habla Hispana: Spanish-Speaking Countries."

 https://rockalingua.com/videos/spanish-speaking-countries. Accessed July 23, 2019.

 Web.
- Rosi, Miss. "Days of the Week Spanish Song."
 - http://www.viewpure.com/C4fREj60Crk?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- Rosi, Miss. "Spanish Number Song."
 - http://www.viewpure.com/ETgyBQDY4Bg?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- "Spanish Alphabet Marching Song." http://www.viewpure.com/XpwbOz4eI4A?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019. Web.
- "¿Te gusta el helado de brocoli?" http://www.viewpure.com/OonqrUZCef4?start=0&end=0. Accessed July 23, 2019.

ASSURED STUDENT PERFORMANCE ASSESSMENTS

- Los países hispanohablantes Task Sheet (attached)
- *El tiempo* Task Sheet (attached)

Los países hispanohablantes Task Sheet

Nombre: Fecha:

LOS PAÍSES HISPANOHABLANTES

Your role: You and a partner will be the ambassadors of a Spanish-speaking country.

Task: Research information together with your partner about a Spanish-speaking country. Your final product will be a Google Slides presentation.

Gather information on your country based on the following topics. You must include 3-5 bullet points for each topic and 1-2 pictures for each slide (unless otherwise noted).

- 1. Title slide (name of the country, your name, teacher's name, and period)
- 2. Location (en español)
- 1. Map (no bullets)
- 2. Capital (location, government) (use World Book for more information) (en español)
- 1. Currency (most recent currency exchange & economy)
- 2. Flag (describe the colors en español)
- 1. Land & places (geography)
- 2. Climate
- 1. Lifestyle & society
- 2. History (8-10 bullets; make sure you include why Spanish is spoken here)
- 1. Famous people (look in the history section for at least 2 people)
- 2. Interesting Facts
- 1. Closing slide/Cultural differences (For example: For how many years do most students go to school? Chores? Food and why?)
 - Organize and divide the work between you and your partner so that each person contributes equally in the research.
 - Organize the information according to the essential topics. (Use the graphic organizer given in class to take notes.)
 - Create a presentation on Google Slides that you will use to relay information about your country.
 - Improve your presentation through the process of editing and revising (spelling, grammar, punctuation, etc.) with your partner.
 - Ensure that all of the topics are covered.
 - Organize and divide the work equally in the presentation.
 - Check periodically the rubric for the assignment.

Graphic organizer (Write the title of each slide you are in charge of in the Google Classroom document; this must be completed electronically.)

Example: Name of country: Mexico # of slides that you're responsible for: # 1's

Title Name of the country Name of group Period Teacher's name	Мар
Currency	Land and Places

Lifestyle & Society	Interesting Fact
Famous People	Closing Cultural Differences & Similarities

El tiempo Task Sheet



El Tiempo

(Prepare a weather report in Spanish)

In class you will be creating a Spanish weather report presentation to show what you know and what you have learned during this unit.



WHAT IS THE TASK?

To prepare and present a Spanish weather report with the vocabulary learned in class.

- Begin by greeting your audience.
- Introduce yourself.
- Tell where you are (Ex.: Estoy en Madrid, España.)
- Give the date in Spanish.
- Give the weather report for four (4) days of the week. For example, Today it is . . . (Hoy está lloviendo), tomorrow (mañana . . .), on Monday (el lunes . . .), etc.
- Use only vocabulary and expressions that you have been taught.
- You must include visuals to present the weather (on Google Slides).
- Say goodbye to your audience.
- The report will be written and done completely in Spanish.
- PLEASE FOLLOW THE OUTLINE ON BACK OF THE PAPER.



	WHEN IS	IT	DUE?	
--	---------	----	------	--

THINGS TO INCLUDE:

•	Greetings in Spanish: (choose one	း)	
	Buenos días		
	iHola!		
	iQué tal!		
•	Introductions: (choose one)		
	Me llamo	or <i>Soy</i>	
•	Date:		
	Hoy es el	de	
•	Location:		
	Estoy en (I am at)		
	Estoy en (I am at)	(Capital)	(Country)
•	(2)Weather expressions for any	4 days of the	week:
	Ex.: <i>Hoy y</i>	/	
	(weather expression	on) (weather ex	pression)
	Mañana	y	
	(weather expres	ssion) (weather	expression)
	El	>	,
) (weather expression)
	El	,	,
) (weather expression)
	(15)		, (
•	Closure: (choose one)		
	Esto es todo por ahora. (T	This is all for r	iow.)
	Nos vemos.		
	Nos vemos. Hasta pronto, hasta mañai	na, hasta luego).
•	,,	na, hasta luego	o.
•	Hasta pronto, hasta mañai	na, hasta luego).

ASSURED STUDENT DOCUMENTS

- Saludos y despedidas (Spanish Greetings & Farewells) Vocabulary List and Common Assessment (attached)
- Why Study Spanish? (attached)
- Tips for Learning Spanish (attached)
- Common Spanish Names (attached)
- Materiales escolares / útiles escolares (Classroom Objects) Vocabulary List and Common Assessment (attached)
- How to Communicate in the Spanish Classroom and Common Assessment (attached)
- Spanish Alphabet Pronunciation Guide (attached)
- Los colores (attached)
- Los colores de las banderas (attached)
- Vocabulario: Los números and Common Assessment (attached)
- Expresiones esenciales de la hora and Common Assessment (attached)
- Vocabulario: Days, Dates, & Months, and Common Assessment (attached)
- El tiempo (Weather Expressions & Seasons) Vocabulary List (attached)
- La familia Vocabulary List and Common Assessment (attached)
- Talking about Likes and Dislikes (attached)
- La comida y las bebidas (attached)
- Leisure Activities (attached)

SALUDOS Y DESPEDIDAS

I. GREETINGS - Saludos

Hola
 Buenos días
 Buenas tardes
 Hello
 Good morning
 Good afternos

3. Buenas tardes Good afternoon 4. Buenas noches Good evening How is it going?

II. FAREWELLS - Despedidas

1. Adiós Goodbye
2. Hasta mañana See you tomorry

Hasta mañana
 Hasta luego
 See you tomorrow
 See you later

4. Nos vemos See you later



III. PERSONAL QUESTIONS

1. ¿Cómo te llamas? What is your name? (informal)

Me llamo____/Soy _____
 ¿Cómo estás?
 I am _____
 How are you? (informal)

4. Estoy bien.5. Estoy mal.I am fine.I am not well.

6. Estoy así-así. I am so-so/regular.

7. Estoy más o menos. I am so-so.

8. Estoy triste. I am sad.

9. Estoy cansado (a). I am tired.

10. Estoy feliz. I am happy.

11. Estoy nervioso (a).12. Estoy enojado (a).I am angry.

13. Estoy enogado (a). I am argry
13. Estoy enfermo (a). I am sick.

14. Tengo hambre. I am hungry.

15. Tengo frío. I am cold.

16. Tengo sueño. I am sleepy.

17. Tengo miedo. I am afraid.

18. Tengo sed. I am thirsty.

19. Tengo calor. I am hot.

IV. OTHER

1. Señor Mister/Sir

2. Señora Mrs.3. Señorita Miss

4. ¿Y tú?

And you? (informal)

5. ¿Y usted? And you? (formal)



	 ¿Cómo te llamas? Buenos días 	A. Miss B. My name is
	3. ¿Qué tal?	C. Goodbye
	 Buenas noches ¿Cómo estás? 	D. Good morning E. How's it going?
	6. ¿Y tú? 7. ¿Y usted?	F. Thank you G. Mrs.
	8. Estoy bien 9. Estoy así-así	H. Good night I. And you? (informal)
	10. Adiós 11. Hasta mañana	J. What is your name? K. See you tomorrow
	12. Señora 13. Gracias	L. I am so-so M. I am fine/well
	14. Señorita	N. How are you?
	15. Me llamo	O. And you? (formal)
<u> </u>	ch of the following question int: use the vocabulary abov	ns in a complete Spanish ve to help with the spelling.)

2. ¿Cómo estás?

Why Study Spanish?

- It's global! Spanish is the official language of 21 countries and is spoken by over 500 million people worldwide.
- We're growing! Hispanics are the largest minority in the United States.
- Want to trade? Latin American countries are our most important trading partners.
- Need a job? Being bilingual greatly enhances your resume and opens the door to many more employment opportunities.
- Do you like to eat? Listen to music? Spanish-speaking countries offer an explosion of new foods, art, music, literature, etc.
- Going somewhere? Spanish is one of the best languages to learn for travel.
- It keeps you sharp! Speaking more than one language appears to help the brain resist the effects of Alzheimer's disease.
- It's universal. Despite all of the countries and dialects, most educated people will be able to understand one another regardless of which Spanish-speaking country they're from.

What excites you the most about learning Spanish?
Other than English, are any other languages spoken at home?

Tips for Learning Spanish

1. Listen

Listen carefully in class and ask questions if you don't understand. Don't get frustrated!

2. Visualize

Associate each new word, sentence, or phrase with a mental picture. For example, if you are learning about weather, picture yourself standing in the rain, or fighting a strong wind – to help you associate an image with the word or phrase you are learning.

3. Practice

Try to practice with a friend or a classmate. Language is about communication, and it takes two to communicate.

4. Speak

Don't be afraid to speak. Take risks, since making mistakes is how we learn.

5. Explore

Read, watch, or listen even if you don't understand every word. Spanish is all around us!

6. Connect

Make connections between what you learn in other subject areas and what you are learning in your Spanish class. Connections will help you retain longer what you learn, and will enrich your learning experience.

7. Have fun!

Learn as much as you can and relax!

¡Buena suerte!

Common Spanish Names

Nombres de muchachas	Nombres de muchachos
NOMBLES DE MUCHACHAS	Nombres de muchachos

Alfredo Ana Bárbara Antonio Beatriz Arturo Cecilia Bruno Cristina Carlos **Dolores** Daniel Elena Eduardo Elisa Enrique Emilia Esteban Fátima Fernando Inés Francisco Gilberto Irene **Isabel** Héctor Josefina Javier Lourdes Julio María Lorenzo Maribel Luis Marisol Manuel Nuria Marcos Olga Miguel Óscar Patricia Pilar Pablo Pedro Rosalía Rosario Rafael Sonia Ramón Roberto Susana Sergio Tamara Teresa Tomás Vanesa Vicente Víctor Yolanda

Nomb	re:		Fec	ha:	
------	-----	--	-----	-----	--

Materiales escolares / útiles escolares

1. El bolígrafo / la pluma

2. La carpeta

3. La computadora

4. El cuaderno

5. El diccionario

6. El lápiz / los lapices

7. La mochila

8. La regla

9. El papel / la hoja de papel

10. La calculadora

11. El reloj

12. La ropa (para educación física)

13. Los zapatos / los tenis

14. El sacapuntas

15. El escritorio

16. El pupitre

17. El borrador / la goma

18. La pizarra

19. El libro

20. Las tijeras

21. La tiza

22. La ventana

23. La puerta

24. La profesora /el profesor

25. El/La estudiante

pen

folder/binder

computer

notebook

dictionary

pencil

backpack

ruler

paper/sheet of paper

calculator

clock/watch

(gym) clothes

shoes/sneakers

pencil sharpener

teacher's desk

student's desk

eraser

chalkboard/board

book

scissors

chalk

window

door

teacher

student







Pruebita

Identify the following items and add in the appropriate definite article "el" or "la" (5 pts. each)

1.



6.



2.



7.



3.



8.



4.



9.



5.



10.



II. M	atch the following items to the mos	t appropriate definition (5 pts. ec	ach)
	1. El escritorio	a. dictionary	
	2. La carpeta	b. folder	
	3. El cuaderno	c. teacher's desk	
	4. El pupitre	d. notebook	
	5. El diccionario	e. student's desk	
	6. La ropa	f. clothes	
	7. El borrador	g. computer	
	8. Las tijeras	h. scissors	
	9. La computadora	i. board eraser	
	10. El profesor	j. teacher	
	REDIT: Mention at least two schoo PANISH.	l items needed to answer the follo	owing question in
1. ¿Qué n	necesitas para la clase de educación	física?	

How to Communicate in the Spanish Classroom

Nombre name
Fecha date
Grado grade
Salón Hogar homeroom
Equipo team



Common Questions:

- ¿Me permite hablar en inglés?
- ¿Cómo se dice . . . ?
- Tengo una pregunta sobre . . .
- ¿Me presta . . . un lápiz? una pluma? un papel?
- ¿Puedo tomar agua?¿Puedo ir al baño?
- ¿Puedo ir a mi casillero?
- ¿Puedo ir a la enfermera
- ¿Hay preguntas?
- ¿Algo más
- ¿Comprenden
- ¿Dónde estamos
- ¿Qué página

May I speak in English? How do you say? I have a question about . . . May I borrow . . . a pencil? a pen? paper?

May I get some water?
May I go to the bathroom?
May I go to my locker?
May I go to the nurse?
Are there any questions?

Anything else? Do you understand? Where are we? What page?



Common Responses:

- No Comprendo/ No Entiendo
- No Sé
- Vamos a Ver
- Olvidé mi libro
- Lo Siento
- Más despacio, por favor
- Gracias
- De Nada

I don't understand I don't know

Let's See

I forgot my book

I'm Sorry

Slower, please

Thank You

You're Welcome



Commands:

Abran . . . los libros . . . los cuadernos

Cierren

Escuchen

• Repitan despúes de mí

• Escribe

Contesta

Saguen . . . la tarea . . . un papel

• Pasen la tarea

Pasen los papeles al frente

Siéntense

Levántense

Levanta la mano

• Silencio por favor

Miren la pizarra

Sit down

Stand Up

Close

Listen

Write

Answer

Repeat after me

Pass the homework

Pass the papers to the front

Raise your hand Silence please

Open . . . the books . . . the notebooks

Take out . . . the homework . . . the paper

Look at the board

Words & Expressions

Hoy vamos a

En español

la página

el ejercicio

la tarea

con

conmigo

contigo

prueba

pruebita

examen

la frase

la oración

los verbos

los infinitivos

los pronombres

Today we are going

In Spanish

the page

the exercise

homework

with

with me

with you

quiz

small quiz

test

sentence

sentence

verbs

infinitives

pronouns



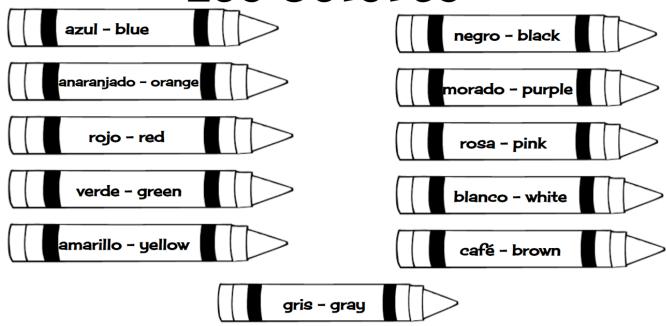
Prueba: Classr	oom Expressions				
1. Nombre	a. May I go to the bathroom?	12			
2. ¿Cuál es la fecha?	b. Repeat	(ma)			
3. Hoy es el de	c. What's the date?	3÷ \			
4. Repitan	d. How do you say?				
5. ¿Cómo se dice ?	e. Name				
6. ¿Puedo tomar agua?	f. Today is the of				
7. ¿Puedo ir al baño?	g. What page?				
8. ¿Puedo ir a mi casillero?	h. May I get a drink of water?				
9. ¿Qué página?	i. May I go to my locker?				
10. No Comprendo/ Entiendo	j. I do not know ■				
II. ¿Cómo se dice en inglés?					
1. Por favor					
2. iSiéntense, por favor!					
3. iLevántense, por favor!					
4. iSilencio, clase!					
5. Miren a la pizarra		The state of the s			
6. Necesito un lápiz					
7. No tengo la tarea		A.E.			
8. Abran el libro					
9. Gracias					
10. De nada					

Nombre: _____ Fecha: _____

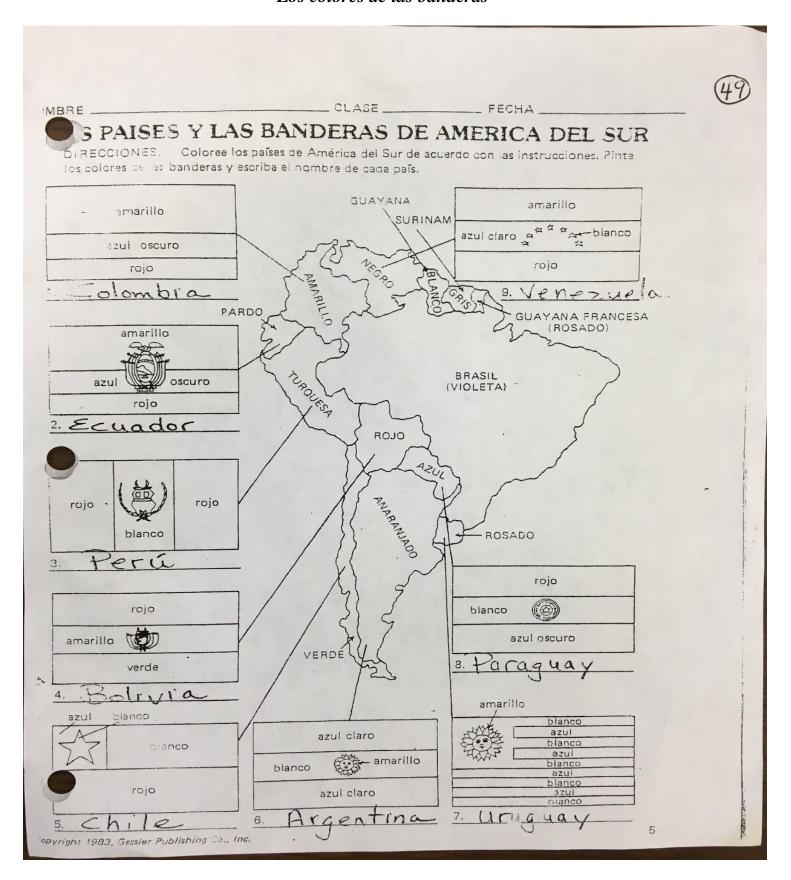
Spanish Alphabet Pronunciation Guide

<u>Letter</u>	Spanish Word	English Sound	Example
Aa	a	rot	abeja
Bb	be	bet	barco
Cc	ce	cat or celery	conejo / cerezas
Chch	che	chess	chile
Dd	de	dog	delfín
Ee	e	set	elefante
Ff	efe	family	foca
Gg	ge	gate	gato / gemelas
Hh	hache	(silent)	helado
Ii	i	meat	Isla
Jj	jota	hot	jarro
Kk	ka	take	koala
Ll	ele	lesson	luna
LL11	elle	yet	llave
Mm	eme	mosquito	mesa
Nn	ene	number	naranja
Ññ	eñe	canyon	ñandú
Oo	0	open	oso
Pp	pe	potato	pato
Qq	cu	cool	queso
Rr	ere	rat	ratón
-rr	erre, doble ere	Robert (roll)	Roberto
Ss	ese	sun	sol
Tt	te	tan	tortuga
Uu	u	boo	uvas
Vv	ve	violin	vela
Ww	doble v	waffle	wafle
Xx	equis	xylophone	xilófono
Yy	i griega	yellow	yo-yo
Zz	zeta	zebra	zanahoria

Los Colores



Los colores de las banderas



VOCABULARIO: LOS NÚMEROS

15 quince 0 cero 30 treinta 1 uno 16 dieciséis 31 treinta y uno 2 dos 17 diecisiete 32 treinta y dos 3 tres 18 dieciocho 40 cuarenta 4 cuatro 19 diecinueve 50 cincuenta 5 cinco 60 sesenta 20 veinte 21 veintiuno 6 seis 70 setenta 7 siete 22 veintidós 80 ochenta 8 ocho 23 veintitrés 90 noventa 9 nueve 24 veinticuatro 100 cien 10 diez 25 veinticinco 200 doscientos 11 once 26 veintiséis 300 trescientos 12 doce 27 veintisiete 500 quinientos 13 trece 28 veintiocho 1000 mil 14 catorce 29 veintinueve 2000 dos mil 2001 dos mil uno 2019 dos mil diecinueve

II. Solve the following math problems and spell out the answers in Spanish.

 veinte + dos =
 nueve + tres =

 once + doce =
 mil + mil =

 ochenta + trece =
 treinta + veinte =

 quince + uno =
 cinco + cero =

Pruebita de los números

I. Write the numerical digit that you hear. For example, you hear "cinco," you write 5.



b. _____

c. _____

d. _____

e. _____



f. _____

g. _____

h.

i.

j. _____

II. What numbers do you think of for the following things? SPELL each number in Spanish.

1. hours in a day

2. a triangle

3. months in a year

4. a baseball team

5. an octopus



III. Solve the following math problem by writing the numerical digits.

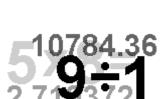
(For example: dos + tres = 5)

2. treinta ÷ dos =

3. diecisiete + tres = _____

4. trece + doce = _____

5. quince **X** dos = _____



IV. Complete these series of numbers logically. Then write each number in Spanish. (For example: 1, 3, ____, 7, 9, ____, 13, 15. You write: <u>cinco</u>, <u>once</u>.)



EXPRESIONES ESENCIALES DE LA HORA

¿Qué hora es? What time is it?

Son las . . . It is . . .

Es la . . . It is (only with 1:__)

Es la medianoche midnight

Es el mediodía noon/midday

en punto o'clock

y cuarto quarter after

menos cuarto quarter of

y media half past

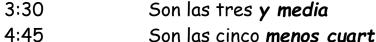
de la mañana (A.M.) in the morning de la tarde (P.M.) in the afternoon

de la noche (P.M.) in the evening/at night

¿Qué hora es?



1:00	Es la una
2:00	Son las dos
3:00	Son las tres
4:00	Son las cuatro
5:00	Son las cinco
6:00	Son las seis
7:00	Son las siete
8:00	Son las ocho
9:00	Son las nueve
10:00	Son las diez
11:00	Son las once
12:00	Son las doce
3:15	Son las tres y cuart o
2.20	C





Nombre:	Fecha:	
	PRUEBITA: LA HORA	

I. ¿CÓMO SE DICE ?	
1 ¿Qué hora es?	A. half past
2 Son las	B. at night
3 Es la (1:00)	C. What time is it?
4y cuarto	D. oʻclock
5 y media	E. It is one
6 en punto	F. in the afternoon
7 de la mañana	G. in the morning
8 de la tarde	H. It is
9 de la noche	I. quarter after
10 Es mediodía	J. It is noon
II. ¿QUÉ HORA ES? Write the digito	al time.
(Ex.: Son las doce y diez.	<u>12:10</u>)
1. Es la una <u>en punto</u> .	
2. Es la una y diez.	
3. Son las ocho <u>y cuarto</u> .	
4. Son las siete y veinte.	
5. Son las nueve y veinticinco.	

III. Write a Spanish sentence telling the time. (Remember to say if it's AM or PM.)

11:30 P.M.

Modelo: Son las once y media de la noche.



5:45 A.M.

1.



6:40 A.M.

2. _____



1:05 P.M.

3.



4:55 P.M.

4. _____



10:00 P.M.

5. _____

	VOCABO	LAKIO: DA	495,	DAIL	S, & MOI	NIHS
A. ¿Qué fecho	es hoy?		What'	s the d	ate today?	
Hoy es e	el de	_		Today	is the of _	
Mañana (es			Tomor	row is	
B. ¿Cuándo es	tu cumplea	ños?	When	is your	birthday?	
Mi cumpl	eaños es el _	de		My bir	thday is the _	of
lu	ines	(Monday)			enero	(January)
m	nartes	(Tuesday)			febrero	(February)
m	niércoles	(Wednesday)			marzo	(March)
jı	Teves	(Thursday)			abril	(April)
V	iernes	(Friday)			mayo	(May)
S	ábado	(Saturday)			junio	(June)
d	omingo	(Sunday)			julio	(July)
					agosto	(August)
					septiembre	(September)
					octubre	(October)
					noviembre	(November)
					diciembre	(December)
(Notice that in Spanish the day comes first and then the month)					month)	
Ex.: 3/2	27 = <u>el veir</u>	ntisiete de ma	rzo.			
II. A PRACTIO	CAR- ¿Qué	fecha es?				
1. "Tod	ay's date" =					
2. "Tom	norrow's dat	e" =				
3. 5/26) =					
4. 12/1	7 =					
5 10/3	1 =					



Nombre:	Fecha:	
	PRUEBITA	
I. Translate the following words.		3
1. ¿Qué día es hoy?		1
2. Hoy es		Man
3. domingo		_
4. viernes		_
5. miércoles		_
6. jueves		
7. martes		_
8. sábado		_
9. lunes		- 4
10. enero		- Max
11. primero		
12. julio		-
II. Translate the following.		
1. ¿Qué fecha es hoy?		
2. Hoy es el de		
3. ¿Qué día es mañana?		
4. ¿Cuándo es tu cumpleaños	?	
5. Mi cumpleaños es el		
III. ¿Qué fecha es ? Write out	the date in Spanish. Make sure to sp	pell out the numbers.
1. December 7th		
2. January 1st		
3. August 5th		

EL TIEMPO (weather expressions & seasons)

A. ¿Qué tiempo hace?

Hace buen tiempo (It's good weather)



Hace sol - It's sunny

Hace calor - It's hot

Está Bueno - It is good

*Está nevando - It's snowing

How's the weather?

Está más o menos (It's so-so)



Hace fresco - It's cool Hace viento - It's windy

Está nublado - It's cloudy Está húmedo - It's humid Truena - It's thundering

*Está lloviendo - It's raining

Hace mal tiempo (It's bad weather)



Hace frío - It's cold

Nieva - It's snowing

Llueve - It's raining

B. ¿En que estación estamos? ¿Cuál es tu estación favorita? Mi estación favorita es . . .

What's the season? What's your favorite season? My favorite season is . . .

La primavera - spring



El verano - summer



El otoño - fall



El invierno - winter



	⁻ echa:
--	--------------------

LA FAMILIA

MI FAMILIA

El Padre/Papá

La Madre/ Mamá

Los Padres

El/(la) hijo(a)

El/(la) hermano (a)

Los Hermanos

El/(la) Abuelo(a)

Los Abuelos

El Nieto(a)

El/(la) Tío(a)

El/(la) Primo (a)

El/(la) Sobrino(a)

El/(la) Perro(a)

El/(la) Gato(a)

Las Mascotas

MY FAMILY

Father/Dad

Mother/Mom

Parents

Son/Daughter

Brother/sister

Siblings

Grandfather/Grandmother

Grandparents

Grandson/granddaughter

Uncle/Aunt

Cousin

Nephew/Niece

Dog

Cat

Pets







OTRO VOCABULARIO

Hay . . . There is/There are

Él es He is She is . . .

Me llamo . . . My name is . . .

Se llama His/Her name is . . . Tengo . . . años I am . . . years old

Tiene . . . años He or she is . . . years old

... y yo ! ... and me

Nombre:		Fecha:	
---------	--	--------	--

PRUEBITA

I. ¿Cómo se dice en inglés?

WI	FAMILIA	MY FAMILY
1.	El padre	
2.	La mamá	
3.	Los padres	
4.	El hijo	
5.	La hermana	
6.	Los hermanos	
7.	La abuela	
8.	Los abuelos	
9.	La tía	
10.	El primo(a)	

II. Complete each statement with the most appropriate answer from the box. (Ex.: Yo soy el hermano de mi hermana.)

hermano	hijo	hija
mamá	hermanos	papá



- 1. Yo soy **el** _____ de mis padres.
- 2. Mi hermana es la _____ de mis padres.
- 3. Mi tía es la _____ de mis primos.
- 4. Mi abuelo es el _____ de mi padre.
- 5. Los hijos de mis padres son mis ______.

Talking about Likes and Dislikes



Gust<u>a</u> + el, la ____ Gust<u>an</u> + los, las ____

Do you like ...? ¿Te gusta(n) ...?

Yes, I like ... Sí, me gusta(n) ...

No, I don't like ... No, no me gusta(n) ...

Nombre:	Fech	ıa:

LA COMIDA Y LAS BEBIDAS

LA COMIDA THE FOOD

Las verduras Vegetables Las frutas Fruits La pizza Pizza La sopa Soup Sandwich El sándwich La hamburguesa Hamburger Las galletas Cookies El chocolate Chocolate Los dulces Candy Las donas Donuts Los panqueques Pancakes

Los panqueques

La avena

Coatmeal

La ensalada

Salad

La pasta

Pasta

Los mariscos

Seafood

THE DRINKS





LAS BEBIDAS

El agua Water
El jugo Juice
La gaseosa Soda
La leche Milk
El batido Shake

Nombre: Fe	echa:
------------	-------

LEISURE ACTIVITIES



Pasear To walk

Jugar To play (a sport)

Estudiar To study

Leer To read

Hacer la tarea To do homework

Ir al cine To go to the movies

Ir a la escuela To go to school

Textear To text

Comer To eat

Tomar To drink

Cantar To sing

Escuchar To listen

