

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019

1619 11th Avenue Moline, Illinois 61265-3198

MOLINE, ILLINOIS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Prepared by:

Office of the Chief Financial Officer

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October 14, 2019

President and Members of the Board of Education Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 Moline. Illinois 61265

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40, Moline, Illinois, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 is hereby submitted.

The Superintendent of Schools and the Chief Financial Officer are responsible for all financial transactions of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 and for the contents of this report. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, is presented in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District as measured by the financial activity of the various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the District's fiscal affairs have been included.

The comprehensive financial report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, a list of the members of the Board of Education, a list of principal officials, and the organizational chart. The financial section includes the basic financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditors' report on the financial statements and schedules. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

History of the District

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40, a unit (pre-kindergarten through 12th grade) school district, was established in 1873 in the City of Moline, which is located on the Mississippi River approximately 170 miles west of Chicago in Rock Island County, Illinois. Moline is the headquarters of Deere and Company. As the farm implement manufacturer grew, so did the City and the school district. Enrollment has declined slowly over the past 10 years. District enrollment ranged from 7,537 in the 2009-2010 school year to 7,243 in the 2018-2019 school year.

Washington (Central) School was the first building erected in 1873 at a cost of \$25,000. Other schools soon followed, including the first Moline High School in 1894. The high school was replaced with a new school in 1915 and later with the current Moline High School in 1958, which now has approximately 2,100 students. In 1928, Wharton Field House was constructed and became part of the high school athletic facilities with Browning Field. John Deere and Calvin Coolidge Junior High Schools were constructed in the early 1930s for grades seven, eight and nine. Woodrow Wilson Junior High School was built in 1962.

In the early 1980s, the District consolidated its facilities to adjust for reduced enrollment to 9,000 students and for operating efficiency, by closing eight of its 20 neighborhood elementary schools and Coolidge Junior High School. Moline High School became a four-year high school and John Deere and Woodrow Wilson schools became two-year (grades seven and eight) middle schools. Jane Addams Elementary School was reopened in 1992. Jefferson Elementary School was reopened in 1996 as Jefferson Early Childhood Center for pre-kindergarten students. Coolidge became the site of the Alternative High School, the Regional Office of Education and the District maintenance and support offices

In 1952, the Village of Coal Valley schools were annexed into Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40. Bicentennial Elementary School, built in 1976, became the newest of the 13 District elementary schools located in Coal Valley to the south of Moline and across the Rock River. In 2008, the District finished reconstruction and expansion on Bicentennial Elementary School to accommodate the entire K-6 students from both Horace Mann Elementary and Bicentennial Elementary into a new school. In January 2009, the students moved into the new Bicentennial Elementary.

In 2010, the School District engaged in the largest capital project, in terms of bond sales, to renovate the two middle schools to accommodate the move of sixth graders from the elementary schools. In 1931, John Deere Middle School was built with 96,557 square feet for a cost of \$560,000. In the spring of 2010, construction was started on a new gymnasium, fitness center and ground level cafeteria, geothermal, and renovation to the entire existing building. In all, 11,963 new square feet were added. The total cost of the renovation and new construction was \$15,600,000. The new total square footage of the building is now 108,520. In 1961, Wilson Middle School was originally built with 103,622 square feet for a cost of \$1,943,625. In the spring of 2010, construction was started on a new science wing, fitness center, geothermal, and renovation to the entire existing building. In all, 9,388 new square feet were added. The total cost of the renovation and new construction was \$9,700,000. The new total square footage of the building is now 113,010. Both Middle Schools now provide educational services for sixth, seventh and eighth grade students.

In 2013 the School District started a \$17,300,000 expansion of Hamilton Elementary School to a four-section K-5 elementary attendance center. Beginning with the 2015-2016 school year, new boundaries were drawn to improve the educational process for elementary students throughout the district through more balanced class sizes, increased grade level collaboration, and better alignment of educational resources. The expansion increased the square footage of Hamilton from 17,075 square feet to 85,619 square feet.

Starting with the 2015-2016 school year, Garfield and Ericsson Schools were closed as attendance centers. Ericsson was sold in June 2015. Garfield was sold in June 2016.

In 2018, bonds were sold in the amount of \$22,000,000 for multiple projects in the District, including an HVAC upgrade at Moline High School, a performing arts center at Moline High School, renovations at Franklin Elementary School, LED lighting, and parking lot resurfacing. The Bartlett Performing Arts Center was completed in 2019 at a total cost of \$11,800,000. The project was funded by the Bartlett Family Trust (approximately 75%) and the bond sale (approximately 25%).

District administrative offices are located at Allendale, a 23-room home donated to the District in 1933 by Mr. and Mrs. Frank Allen. Willard Elementary School, constructed in 1899, is the oldest of the District schools. All schools are in compliance with the Life-Safety Code for Illinois schools, as the result of extensive modifications and improvements.

Citizens and businesses of the District provide 47.48% of district revenues in the form of local property taxes. Referenda were approved by voters of the District in 1992 (operations and maintenance purposes rate change from \$0.54 to \$0.75 per \$100 equalized assessed valuation) and in 1987 (educational purposes rate change from \$2.55 to \$3.27 per \$100 equalized assessed valuation).

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 enjoys strong support from active Parent-Teacher Association/Parent-Teacher Organizations in most of the schools. The Moline Public Schools Foundation raises funds through corporate and personal pledges and other annual fundraising activities to support schools. Recent funds supported upgrades to all the Elementary Computer Labs including student assessment/instructional software, as well as other specific grants to teachers to advance student learning. For 2018-2019, fundraising from all sources and organizations generated \$336,747 in funds for the schools.

Reporting Entity

The financial statements include all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Board of Education of the District. The District does not exercise oversight responsibility over any other entity and thus does not include any other entity or a component unit in this report. Additionally, based on consideration of oversight responsibility, scope of public service and special financing relationships, the District is an independent entity, not included as a component unit of any other reporting entity.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Moline and Coal Valley, Illinois, are part of the "Quad-Cities" Metropolitan Statistical Area (includes Davenport and Bettendorf, Iowa, and Rock Island and East Moline, Illinois, and other contiguous communities), which has a population of nearly 400,000. Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 has a population of 45,659 and includes an area of 27.88 square miles.

After multiple plant closings and layoffs, as a result of the overall decline in the farm economy in the early 1980s, the economic conditions and outlook for the Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 remains in line with the national economy. The unemployment rate for Moline has decreased from 8.5% in 2009 to 5.2% in 2018. City of Moline building permits totaled \$927,826,365 in the past 10 years or an average of \$92,782,637 per year. As a result of this significant construction, the Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 assessment base (one-third of market value and excluding \$52,836,700 of Tax Increment Finance District assessed value) has increased from \$828,457,472 in 2009 to \$864,037,786 in 2018, or 4.20%; an average of 0.42% per year.

The City of Moline continues to experience residential and commercial development throughout the community. Previously adopted City Council Goals, including a Strong Local Economy, a Vibrant Downtown, and Expanded Housing Opportunities, reflect the city's interest in maintaining and enhancing local growth in a variety of economic sectors. As previously undeveloped sites become harder to find, much of the community's new development is occurring in the form of infill development, redevelopment, and adaptive reuse projects. Previously successful commercial redevelopment projects have rendered favorable economic impacts on the Moline community. These benefits include generating a higher economic multiplier effect, capitalizing on existing infrastructure, and adding value to existing structures or development sites.

Continued development within Moline Centre includes the completion of several loft conversion projects. The City's 5th Avenue redevelopment and streetscape project has been a highly successful project that has brought needed parking back to the City's Main Street and has created interest in additional retail, commercial, and office users to locate in Moline Centre. Phase III of the Bass Street Landing Project is a completed \$45,000,000 project. It includes KONE Centre which is a 10 story mixed use building that houses the North American Operational Headquarters of KONE, additional office, retail space, and luxury condominiums occupy the first and several of the upper floors. Gorman & Company invested over \$12,000,000 in a mixed-use, mixed-income, 69-unit "live-work" development at 19th Street and River Drive, which was completed in April 2012 and continues to be 100% occupied. The former KONE campus property was sold to Heritage Church who has started to develop a master plan to renovate the office and warehouse spaces to be used for corporate offices and a 600-seat worship center, collaboration

and leasable office space for other non-profits. The \$10,000,000 TIGER II and \$177,000,000 High Speed Rail (HSR) funding for new passenger rail service between Chicago and the Quad Cities continues to move forward. Western Illinois University Quad Cities campus continues to impact Moline and the Quad Cities. It includes a \$15,800,000 renovation and construction of Building 1 that was completed in January 2012 and \$42,000,000 for phase II that was completed in time for fall 2014 classes. The University recently completed planning designs for a phase III project as enrollment continues to be stable.

The \$65,000,000 multi-year widening and rebuilding of John Deer Roadway (JDR) from the I-74 interchange through the 70th Street intersection is completed. This stretch of JDR carries the most vehicular traffic of any roadway in the entire Illinois Quad Cities. The road is now three lanes in each direction with new dedicated turning lanes at all intersections, greatly enhancing the vehicular movements. A local developer assembled several properties at John Deere Road and 38th Street. This development includes a strip center with 3 national tenants including Popeye's Chicken, US Cellular and a Cost Cutters salon. The former Menards store at the west end of Moline on John Deere Expressway has been substantially redeveloped into 4 retail stores including Hobby Lobby, Ross' Dress for Less, Pet Smart, and Moline Family Dental. A local developer purchased the former Mill's Chevrolet site at John Deere Road and 16th Street. The dealership closed in 2016 and relocated to Davenport. The car dealership and parking lots has begun the transformation into a major retail destination with up to 10 new tenants, ranging from office, retail, and restaurant.

The City sold the 15 acre property formerly known as One Moline Place Phase II. This project, renamed Overlook Village, is a \$51,000,000 development by S.J. Russell Corporation and the Dial Corporation and is a continuum of care senior development. Construction of infrastructure improvements for phase III of One Moline Place, now known as Hawk Hollow, has been completed. Site improvements include a new roadway, sanitary sewer service, water service, and storm water facilities.

The State of Illinois passed local property tax limitation legislation in recent years. Counties may elect to limit property tax growth to the lesser of the consumer price increase for the prior year or 5%. Rock Island County and, therefore, the District are not currently limited by this legislation. The District property tax revenue remained relatively flat, increased by 0.02% during the last year. State revenue increased by 3.88%. Federal revenue increased by 4.08%. Total revenues decreased 1.77% during fiscal year 2018-2019. District operating expenditures per pupil, \$10,609.96, remain below the state average for unit districts. The state average has been below the national average per pupil expenditure.

Current Operational Plan Instructional Priorities and Accomplishments

The district's Operational Plan is based upon three components that form the foundation for its improvement efforts: Student Achievement, Capacity Building, and Sustainability. The Operational Plan outlines three objectives: Improve Student Achievement, Provide Facilities Appropriate for 21st Century Learning, and Ensure Long Term Financial Stability. Having made substantial progress in efforts in the area of Sustainability, the district is in a position to better allocate resources to support capacity building and improved student achievement.

The four goals within the objective of Improve Student Achievement are 1) Implement Professional Learning Communities, 2) Align Curriculum with Common Core State Standards, 3) Develop Common Formative and Summative Assessments, and 4) Revise Teacher Evaluation System.

The plan outlines five elements of focus for the Student Achievement component: Professional Learning Communities, Guaranteed and Viable Curriculum, Balanced Assessment, Rigor, and Instructional Practices.

In regard to Goal One, the district is continuing the implementation of DuFour's Professional Learning Communities model. The goal this year continues to assure a guaranteed and viable curriculum, increase proficiency to formatively assess student learning, analyze student achievement data, make necessary instructional adjustments, and lead educational change; refine work of elementary "networks" (regional groupings of elementary schools); and redefine the work of grade level teams.

As to Goal Two, the district is implementing a model English/Language Arts curriculum and math curriculum. Implementing these ELA and math units of instruction at each grade level, supporting intense development around the Integrated Services Delivery Model to ensure that all students have access to a rigorous guaranteed and viable curriculum, and studying resources to support a multi-tiered support system is a multifaceted goal.

Goal Three highlights the need to develop and refine common formative and summative assessments at all grade levels and in all content areas. This is to provide teachers with timely information on student learning, allow teachers to target student feedback to specific learning objectives, and to give teachers the ability to make appropriate instructional adjustments on a daily basis. The goal will also support the district's effort to include student growth in summative teacher evaluations. The district utilizes the services of Kids at the Core to Support this work. Additionally, foundational pieces in implementing this goal comes from Rick Stiggins' book Defensible Teacher Evaluation: Student Growth through Classroom Assessment which is used as a resource to increase assessment literacy in the district.

Finally, the district will build on its progress in the area of goal four. The district piloted the student growth component to the teacher evaluation system. The district will move to full implementation. During this pilot and full implementation period, additional time and resources are utilized to refine this component to ensure legal compliance as well as appropriate levels of fidelity to increase the effectiveness of the organization.

The district is providing professional development for teachers and administrators to increase understanding of best practices in assessment other methods stated above. The district continues to include additional professional development through a two-year mentoring and induction program.

For the Future

In July of 2014, the Operational Plan was extended through the year 2017. Each year the administration reports progress to the Board and objectives are revised. Next year, the objectives and focus areas will remain largely the same, with action plans updated based on this year's progress and identified student learning needs.

Current predicted focus areas are as follows:

- 1) At this time, the district projects that Professional Learning Communities will be fully implemented with a requirement of three Big Ideas, Four Critical Questions, and basic tenets such as loose-tight leadership are monitored for fidelity and new employees are trained in these precepts. The high school will enjoy increased collaboration time due to schedule adjustments.
- 2) Now called the New Illinois Learning Standards, additional units will be developed with corresponding formative and summative assessments developed. These units will likely focus on extending coverage of additional standards throughout the grades in math and ELA. Implementation of an Integrated Services Delivery Model will need to be monitored and improved upon as teachers develop expertise in this new system of instructional delivery. Other priorities will include an increased focus on the Next Generation Science Standards, improving rigor through increased Advanced Placement participation and other means, and increasing student engagement with an emphasis on 21st Century Skills.

3) The district will move from a pilot to a fully developed Teacher Professional Growth System to include the Danielson Frameworks and student growth and establish the formal Joint Committee to make any appropriate adjustments to ensure successful compliance with the law for future school years.

Internal Controls

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Tests are made by the District's independent auditors to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the District has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the tests for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

Budgetary Controls

Budgetary control is maintained at line item levels and built up into program and/or cost centers before being combined to form totals by fund. All actual activity compared to budget is reported to the District's management on a monthly basis. Reports of actual activity to budget are reported to the Board of Education monthly. Full disclosures are made if extraordinary variances appear during the year.

Cash Management

The District invests up to 100% of available cash, timing investment maturities to actual cash needs. In addition, all checking accounts are of interest bearing types. Investments are made in compliance with restrictions established by the Illinois statutes. The District maintains an investment relationship with the Illinois Funds, a state-wide investment pool, established by statute and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Illinois.

The school treasurer is appointed by the Board of Education and authorizes all investments and cash transactions. Investment strategies are structured to obtain the best yield for all invested funds while maintaining minimum risks. The District, accordingly, balances investments primarily in the Illinois Funds secured by direct U.S. Treasury obligations. The District earned interest revenue totaling \$1,793,471 on all investments for all governmental fund types for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Risk Management

The District completed its annual review of all insurance coverages to minimize the risk of a major loss at reasonable premium costs. The District Group Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) was established in 1994 to account for and finance uninsured risk of loss. This insurance provides stop loss coverage for up to a maximum of \$200,000 for each participant covered by the health benefit plan. The District purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Fund and for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past four fiscal years.

Independent Audit

The Illinois School Code and the District's policy require an annual audit of the books of accounts, financial records and transactions of all funds of the District. The audit is performed by independent certified public accountants selected by the District's Board of Education. The auditors' opinion has been included in this report.

Acknowledgments

We wish to thank the members of the Board of Education for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the District in a responsible and progressive manner. We also wish to thank the efficient and dedicated central office staff for their assistance in the timely preparation of this report.

Dr. Rachel Savage Superintendent David T. McDermott Chief Financial Officer

Dand T. Mi Dent

Board of Education Year Ended June 30, 2019

		First Elected	Term Expires
Sangeetha Rayapati	President	2017	2021
Kate Schaefer	Vice President	2015	2023
Maria Trigueros	Member	2019	2023
Erin Waldron-Smith	Member	2017	2021
Justin Anderson	Member	2015	2023
Andrew Waeyaert	Member	2017	2021
Audrey Adamson	Member	2019	2023

District Administration Year Ended June 30, 2019

Lanty McGuire Superintendent

Matt DeBaene Assistant Superintendent for Teaching and Learning

Dave McDermott Chief Financial Officer

Todd DeTaeye Assistant Superintendent for Administration and Human Resources

Kristin Sanders Assistant Superintendent for Pupil/Personnel Services and Special Education

Dan Smith Director of Facilities

Stephanee Jordan Director for Grants and Curricular Support

Craig Reid Director for Technology

Effective July 1, 2016

Technology



Independent Auditor's Report

RSM US LLP

To the Board of Education Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis: Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employer Contributions; Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois' Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Employer Contributions; Teacher Health Insurance Security Fund Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District Contributions; the Schedule of changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and related ratios; and the budgetary comparison schedule—General Fund, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual General Fund and nonmajor governmental fund financial statements and combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities—Agency Fund, capital asset schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information and introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 14, 2019, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

Davenport, Iowa October 14, 2019

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Introduction

Our discussion and analysis of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this management's discussion and analysis is to look at Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, financial statements and notes to basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's financial performance.

The reporting model is a combination of both government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The basic financial statements contain three components:

- Government-wide financial statements including the statement of net position and the statement of activities which provide a broad, long-term overview of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's finances.
- 2. Fund financial statements including the balance sheets and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance that provide a greater level of detail of revenues and expenditures and focus on how well Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 has performed in the short term in the most significant funds.
- 3. Notes to basic financial statements.

Overall Analysis

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 serves 7,243 students with a 2018-2019 total governmental fund budget of \$117,413,312. In general, the financial operations of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 continued to perform well even during uncertain financial times. Expenditures for instructional programs and for regular maintenance continue to increase as Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 continues to monitor overall costs in these difficult economic times. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District operated with 2 less full-time equivalent positions from the prior year.

In summary, Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's overall financial position remains strong, stable and consistent even in a challenging financial economy.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2019 are as follows:

Total governmental fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 of \$96,742,263 were comprised of General Fund revenues in the amount of \$78,571,593, Capital Project Fund revenues of \$8,206,099 and other governmental funds revenues totaling \$9,964,571. Total governmental funds revenues increased \$1,645,602 or 2% from the previous year.

Total governmental funds expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 of \$95,976,391 were comprised of General Fund expenditures of \$74,978,253, Capital Project Fund expenditures of \$9,250,672 and other governmental funds expenditures of \$11,747,466. Total governmental funds expenditures increased \$1,305,113 or 1% from the previous year.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$85,357,612, an increase of \$1,788,578 in comparison with the ending fund balance of \$83,569,034 from the prior year. Of the total combined fund balance, \$34,146,885 represents unassigned fund balance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

As of June 30, 2019, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$34,146,885 or 46% of total General Fund expenditures.

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's total long-term debt including compensated absences decreased by \$4,097,414 or 10% during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The increase was primarily due to scheduled principal payments.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to basic financial statements. In addition, other supplementary information to the basic financial statements is provided.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the District as a whole, presenting both an aggregate and long-term view of the finances. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting.

The <u>statement of net position</u> presents information on all of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's assets plus deferred outflows less liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The <u>statement of activities</u> presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in the net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but not used vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The District does not currently have any activities that are considered business-type activities. The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, tuition paid to other districts and debt service interest.

The government-wide financial statements include only Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40. There are no other organizations or agencies whose financial statements should be combined and presented with the financial statements of the District.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14–16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Governmental funds</u>: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other seven governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget on page 71.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17–20 of this report.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>: The District maintains an Internal Service Fund to account for the premium and claim payments for the self-insured health insurance plan for District employees and retirees. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. Because the service provided by the District predominately benefits governmental, rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The Internal Service Fund is presented in a separate presentation.

The basic proprietary funds fund financial statements can be found on pages 21–23 of this report.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u>: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's own programs. The fiduciary fund of the District is an Agency Fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 24 of this report.

<u>Notes to basic financial statements</u>: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 25–56 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

<u>Other information</u>: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees and budgetary comparison schedules. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 57–72 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

By far the largest portion of the District's total assets reflects its investment in capital assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide educational services; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. The District's net position net investment in capital assets was \$78,864,754. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Table 1 - Condensed Statement of Net Position

		nental Activities		
	2019	2018		
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 142,937,349	\$ 142,993,472		
Capital assets	99,125,303	89,873,199		
Total assets	242,062,652	232,866,671		
Deferred outflows of resources, pension related deferred outflows				
Pension related	6,605,604	2,403,377		
OPEB related	1,855,342	1,871,552		
Total deferred outflows of resources	8,460,946	4,274,929		
Liabilities				
Long-term liabilities	106,197,172	110,853,931		
Other liabilities	16,669,980	17,810,706		
Total liabilities	122,867,152	128,664,637		
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue	40,480,331	41,054,933		
Pension related	7,349,564	6,026,566		
OPEB related	11,670,827	9,967,278		
Total deferred inflows of resources	59,500,722	57,048,777		
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	78,864,754	64,579,826		
Restricted	42,673,143	37,401,462		
Unrestricted	(53,382,173)	(50,553,102)		
Total net position	\$ 68,155,724	\$ 51,428,186		

A restricted portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table 2 highlights the District's revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018. These two main components are subtracted to yield the change in net position.

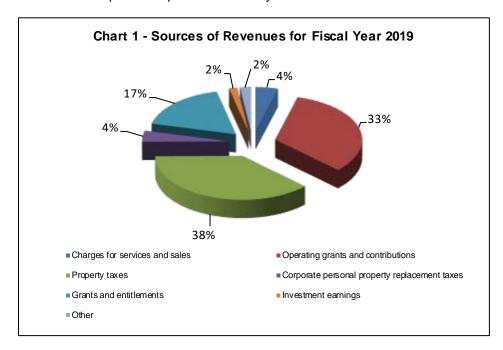
Revenues are divided into two major categories: program revenue and general revenue. Program revenue is defined as charges for services and sales, operating and capital grants and contributions. General revenue includes taxes (property and replacement taxes), unrestricted grants and investment income.

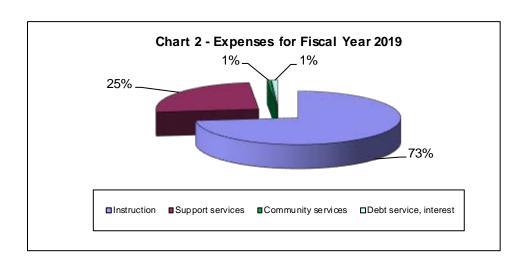
Table 2 - Program Revenues and Expenses

	Governmental Activities				
	2019	2018			
Revenues:	-				
Program revenues:					
Charges for services and sales	\$ 4,834,382	\$ 6,423,643			
Operating grants and contributions	38,472,232	39,150,550			
Capital grants and contributions	3,750,000	4,400,000			
General revenue:					
Property taxes	43,851,245	43,730,177			
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	4,750,263	4,865,949			
Sales tax	4,192,368	3,513,031			
Grants and entitlements	20,374,417	19,146,998			
Investment earnings	1,793,471	860,309			
Insurance proceeds	1,022,706	4,280,632			
Other	2,373,763	2,059,049			
Total revenues	125,414,847	128,430,338			
Program expenses:					
Instruction	79,617,124	86,220,622			
Support services	27,449,659	27,049,134			
Community services	560,461	277,300			
Debt service, interest	1,060,065	1,295,410			
Total expenses	108,687,309	114,842,466			
Increase in net position	16,727,538	13,587,872			
Net position, beginning of year	51,428,186	37,840,314			
Net position, end of year	\$ 68,155,724	\$ 51,428,186			

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Charts 1 and 2 provide a pictorial summary of the data in Table 2.





Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Table 3 below discloses cost of services for Governmental Activities. The total cost of services column contains all costs related to programs and the net cost column shows how much the total amount is not covered by program revenues. Succinctly put, net costs are costs that must be covered by unrestricted state aid (State Foundation) or local taxes. The difference in these two columns would represent restricted grants, fees and donations restricted grants, fees and donations.

Table 3 - Governmental Activities

	Т	otal Cost of	Net Cost of	Total Cost of	Net Cost of
<u>Programs</u>	<u>S</u>	Services 2019 Services 2019		Services 2018	Services 2018
Instruction	\$	79,617,124	\$ 36,440,702	\$ 86,220,622	\$ 39,981,147
Support services		27,449,659	23,569,467	27,049,134	23,314,416
Community services		560,461	560,461	277,300	277,300
Debt service, interest		1,060,065	1,060,065	1,295,410	1,295,410
Total expenses	\$	108,687,309	\$ 61,630,695	\$ 114,842,466	\$ 64,868,273

Expenditures for instruction and program support continued to represent the largest percent of total District expenditures. Expenditures for instruction decreased due to a reduction in anticipated health insurance claim accruals and pension and other post-employment benefits expense.

The property tax is the most significant revenue source of the District. The three factors that affect property tax revenues are assessed valuation, tax multiplier and tax rate. Through an overall increase in property values, the 2018 equalized assessed valuation of the District increased by \$9,233,535 or 1.10% and resulted in an increase in property tax revenue of \$121,068. Charges for services and sales decreased by \$1,589,261 due to the transition of the Deaf/Hard of Hearing program to Black Hawk Area Special Education District and the reclassification of state revenues due to Evidence Based Funding.

Real estate tax bills in Rock Island County for a calendar year tax levy are payable in four equal installments in the subsequent calendar year, with all but the first payment falling due after the close of the District's fiscal year. First installment tax collections prior to June 30, 2019 were 55.98% of the current property tax levy compared with 55.08% for the previous year. The remainder of the 2018 levy is billed for collection during calendar year 2019. Allocations of the 2018 property tax levy for fiscal 2019 and the two preceding levies are as follows (per \$100 assessed value):

	Tax Rate Calendar Years								
Purpose		2019	2018			2017			
General	\$	4.1600	\$	4.1600	\$	4.1600			
Special revenue		0.5160		0.4516		0.4850			
Debt Service		0.3834		0.4478		0.4548			
Capital Projects		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500			
Total Tax Rate	\$	5.1094	\$	5.1094	\$	5.1498			
Collection/Levy									
(2018 stated as of June 30, 2019)		55.98%	Ď	55.08%)	54.81%			

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental funds</u>: The focus of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Table 4 - Governmental Fund Balances

	20	2019 2018 Fund Balance Fund Balan			
<u>Purpose</u>	Fund E				% Change
General	\$ 49,4	488,442	\$	44,872,396	10.29%
Capital projects	24,0	637,393		25,681,966	(4.07)
Nonmajor governmental funds	11,	231,777		13,014,672	(13.70)
Total	\$ 85,	357,612	\$	83,569,034	2.14

The District completed the year with a total governmental fund balance of \$85,357,612, \$1,788,578 more than last year's ending fund balance of \$83,569,034. Approximately 40% of this amount, \$34,146,885, constitutes unassigned fund balance available for spending at the government's discretion. The majority of the increase in governmental fund balance is due insurance proceeds of \$1,022,706 received related to the Franklin Elementary fire. The remainder of the governmental funds fund balance is restricted or assigned for 1) grantor restricted purposes \$5,005,606; 2) working cash \$8,631,445; 3) transportation \$2,183,906; 4) municipal retirement and social security \$2,108,229; 5) tort immunity \$1,640,906; 6) debt service \$2,009,199; 7) capital projects \$23,150,112; 8) school activity \$756,266, and 9) encumbrances \$3,844,133.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$34,146,885 while total fund balance reached \$49,488,442. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 46% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance also represents approximately 66% of that same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The fund balance of the District's General Fund increased by \$4,616,046, during the current fiscal year. The increase in fund balance was due to an increase in state and local revenues and the timing of insurance proceeds related to the Franklin Elementary School Renovation.

Revenues were over budget by \$1,688,155. The increase in revenue was due mainly to an Evidence Based Funding, interest and investment income, and property tax revenues.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Expenditures were under budget by \$2,754,616. This is mainly due to a decrease in the cost of special education private placement and the timing of the expenses associated with Franklin Elementary School renovation project.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

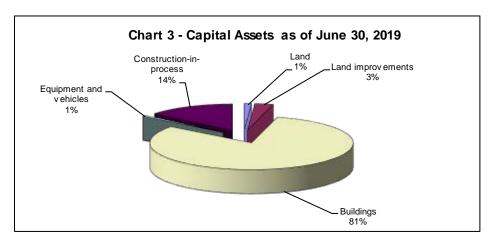
At the end of the 2018 fiscal year, the District had invested \$149,166,174 in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, sites, equipment and vehicles. This amount represents an increase of \$12,071,878. Additional information about capital assets can be found in Note 3. Total accumulated depreciation on these assets equaled \$50,040,871 for governmental activities.

- Asset acquisitions for governmental activities totaled \$19,291,488 including transfers from construction-in-process of \$7,154,479.
- The District disposed of \$65,131 of capital assets.
- The District recognized depreciation expense of \$2,876,245 for governmental activities.

Governmental Activities % Change Purpose 2019 2018 - % Land 1,139,143 1,139,143 Land improvements 2,928,656 2,417,509 21.14 Buildinas 80,597,187 74,537,729 8.13 Equipment and vehicles 660,286 437.160 51.04 Construction-in-process 13,800,031 11,341,658 21.68 Total 99,125,303 89,873,199 10.29

Table 5 - Capital Assets as of June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

The below graph shows the category and percentage of our School District's assets.



Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

Debt

As of June 30, 2019, Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 had general obligation bonds outstanding totaling \$35,671,255. In the current year, the District paid \$4,130,297 in principal and \$1,224,798 in interest and fiscal charges on outstanding debt.

Table 6 - General Obligation Outstanding Debt as of June 30

Table 6 Celleral	Obligation Out	otarianing Dobt	<u> </u>	ourio oo	
		Governme	_		
		2019		2018	% Change
General obligation bonds	_\$_	35,671,255	\$	39,801,552	_ (10.38)%

The District issued General Obligation bonds for purposes of making facilities modifications and repairs for Life Safety Code purposes as follows: July 1990, \$2,215,000 (repaid on February 1, 2002); May 1991, \$5,000,000 (repaid on February 1, 2003); April 1992, \$4,800,000 (repaid on February 1, 2004); March 1993, \$4,500,000 (repaid on February 1, 2004); July 1994, \$4,800,000 (repaid on February 1, 2003); December 1996, \$7,945,000 (with \$4,945,000 for refunding outstanding bonds for interest savings purposes; repaid on February 1, 2006); February 1999, \$9,045,000 (with \$7,045,000 for refunding outstanding bonds for interest savings purposes, repaid on February 1, 2013); February 2002, \$2,500,000 (repaid on February 1, 2006); March 2003, \$2,000,000 (repaid on February 1, 2014); November 2005, \$4,500,000 (repaid on February 1, 2009); June 2007, \$6,000,000 (repaid February 1, 2011); November 2009, \$10,200,000 (refunding in May 2018); December 2009, \$8,300,000; December 2010, \$11,495,000; December 2013, \$9,610,000; February 2018, \$21,925,000 and May 2018, \$3,075,000 (refunded the November 2009 bonds) . The District has an Aa2 insured Moody's Investors service rating insured by Financial Guaranty Insured.

As of June 30, 2019, the District's available legal debt margin was \$83,565,959.

Additional information about the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The following is a summary of the major 2019-2020 budget changes from the 2018-2019 Amended Budget:
 - Revenues and available carried-forward fund balances equal or exceed expenditures for all funds for the 2019-2020 Fiscal Year.
 - Salaries, wages and benefits have been updated to reflect known changes of staff costs.
 - Summary of the Educational Fund:
 - The Educational Fund reflects a budgeted deficit of \$788,775. This is mainly due to an increase in negotiated salaries and health insurance benefits.
 - Property tax revenue reflects an increase of \$308,294 or 1.1%, as a result of updated equalized assessed valuation projections provided by the Rock Island Assessment Office and anticipated needs based on the 2018 levy.
 - o Corporate Personal Property Replacement Tax (CPPRT) remains flat due to uncertainty.
 - General State Aid has been replaced by Evidence Based Funding. The new Evidence Based Funding formula combines the previous General State Aid, Funding for Children Requiring Special Ed. Services, Special Ed. – Personnel, Special Ed. – Summer School, and Bilingual Ed. – TPI and TBE. The combined amount remains flat due to uncertainty.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019

- State funded Categorical grants (i.e., Special Ed. Private Facility, Orphanage, etc...)
 reflects a decrease of \$19,087 or 0.8%. This is based on actual revenues received in fiscal year 2019.
- State, federal and entitlement program revenues and expenditures have been analyzed to reflect updated awards, entitlements, carryovers, and allocation changes from the prior year. Contingencies are included for unanticipated revenues and expenditures, mainly related to federal grants, as were in past budgets.
- Operations & Maintenance Fund reflects a budgeted deficit of \$819,847. The deficit is associated
 with budgeting fluctuating utility costs (i.e., water, gas and electric) which historically do not fully
 expend.
- Transportation Fund reflects a budgeted deficit of \$880,692, due to an increase in contracted transportation.
- Capital Projects Fund reflects a budgeted deficit of \$1,298,057, due to the timing of construction for the Moline High School air conditioning, PE Facility, and other projects authorized by the Board of Education.
- Life Safety Fund reflects a budgeted deficit of \$604,468, due to an increase in planned capital expenditures as reflected in the 10-Year Life Safety review.
- Total revenues increased by \$9,879,082, or 9.4%, while expenditures increased by \$1,507,572, or 1.3%, from the 2018-2019 Amended Budget. The majority of the change in revenue can be attributed to the anticipated 2020 bond sale. The majority of the change in expenditures is a result of a negotiated increase in staff salaries and health insurance benefits.
- Total Funds ending balance is budgeted at a deficit of \$3,856,500 mainly due to the increased salaries and health insurance benefits and construction for the Moline High School air conditioning system and PE Facility.

Requests for Information

These financial statements and discussions are designed to provide our students, citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a complete disclosure of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's high degree of accountability for the public dollars entrusted to us. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please write to Mr. David McDermott, Chief Financial Officer, Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40, 1619 11th Avenue, Moline, Illinois 61265.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governmental			
	Activities			
sets				
sh and investments	\$ 71,967,478			
ceivables, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts:				
Property taxes	50,808,612			
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	760,015			
Sales tax	1,015,373			
Other	343,999			
e from other governmental units	2,143,883			
ventory	54,623			
epaid items	30,295			
stricted cash and investments	15,813,071			
pital assets:				
Nondepreciable:				
Land	1,139,143			
Construction-in-process	13,800,031			
Depreciable:				
Land improvements	9,477,362			
Buildings	119,372,053			
Equipment and vehicles	5,377,585			
Accumulated depreciation	 (50,040,871)			
Total assets	242,062,652			
ferred outflow of resources				
nsion related amounts	6,605,604			
PEB related amounts	 1,855,342			
Total deferred outflow of resources	 8,460,946			

	Governmental Activities
Liabilities	
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 1,818,286
Claims payable	409,730
Accrued wage and benefit liabilities	8,380,499
Accrued interest	542,510
Unearned revenue	100,837
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year:	
General obligation bonds	5,098,596
Compensated absences	319,522
Due in more than one year:	
General obligation bonds	30,572,659
Bond premium	430,462
Bond discount	(28,097)
Other postemployment benefits liability	58,886,324
Net pension liability	16,335,824
Total liabilities	122,867,152
Deferred inflows of resources	
Property taxes	40,480,331
Pension related amounts	7,349,564
OPEB related amounts	11,670,827
Total deferred inflows of resources	59,500,722
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	78,864,754
Restricted for:	
Debt service	1,008,464
Grantor restricted purposes	5,005,606
Tort immunity	2,009,199
Capital projects	23,078,257
Transportation	2,183,906
School activity	756,266
Working cash	8,631,445
Unrestricted	(53,382,173)
Total net position	\$ 68,155,724

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Program Revenues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Charges for Operating Capital	
	Services Grants and Grants and	Governmental
Governmental Activities	Expenses and Sales Contributions Contributions	Activities
Instruction	\$ 79,617,124 \$ 3,998,479 \$ 35,427,943 \$ 3,750,000	\$ (36,440,702)
Support services	27,449,659 835,903 3,044,289 -	(23,569,467)
Tuition paid to other districts	560,461	(560,461)
Debt service, interest on long-term debt	1,060,065	(1,060,065)
Total governmental activities	\$ 108,687,309 \$ 4,834,382 \$ 38,472,232 \$ 3,750,000	(61,630,695)
	General Revenues	
	Property taxes	43,851,245
	Corporate personal property replacement taxes	4,750,263
	Sales tax	4,192,368
	Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs	20,374,417
	Insurance proceeds	1,022,706
	Investment earnings	1,793,471
	Other	2,373,763
	Total general revenues	78,358,233
	Changes in net position	16,727,538
	Net position beginning of year	51,428,186
	Net position end of year	\$ 68,155,724

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		General	Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
Assets		Conoral		арнан тојоого		Tundo		T dildo
Cash and investments	\$	46,930,534	\$	24,408,801	\$	9,717,072	\$	81,056,407
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts:								
Property taxes		42,005,610		-		8,803,002		50,808,612
Corporate personal property replacement taxes		760,015		-		-		760,015
Sales taxes		-		1,015,373		-		1,015,373
Other		42,790		-		300,546		343,336
Due from other funds		1,048,653		-		-		1,048,653
Due from other governmental units		1,584,622		-		559,261		2,143,883
Inventory		54,623		-		-		54,623
Prepaid items		28,810		-		1,485		30,295
Total assets	\$	92,455,657	\$	25,424,174	\$	19,381,366	\$	137,261,197
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	712,724	\$	444,982	\$	429,099	\$	1,586,805
Accrued wage and benefit liabilities		8,141,288		-		239,084		8,380,372
Unearned revenue		100,837		-		-		100,837
Total liabilities		8,954,849		444,982		668,183		10,068,014
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Unavailable revenue—property taxes		33,468,925		-		7,011,406		40,480,331
Unavailable revenue—intergovernmental		543,441		-		470,000		1,013,441
Unavailable revenue—sales tax		-		341,799		-		341,799
Total deferred inflows of resources		34,012,366		341,799		7,481,406		41,835,571
Fund balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		54,623		-		-		54,623
Prepaid items		28,810		-		1,485		30,295
Restricted for:								
Grantor restricted purpose		5,005,606		-		-		5,005,606
Working cash		8,631,445		-		-		8,631,445
Transportation		-		-		2,183,906		2,183,906
Municipal retirement		-		-		2,108,229		2,108,229
Social security		-		-		1,640,906		1,640,906
Tort immunity		-		-		2,009,199		2,009,199
Debt service		-		-		1,550,974		1,550,974
Capital projects		-		23,150,112		756.066		23,150,112
School activity Assigned for:		-		-		756,266		756,266
Purchases on order		1,621,073		1,487,281		735,779		3,844,133
Transportation		1,021,073		1,407,201		73,673		73,673
Transportation Tort immunity and judgment		- -		-		61,878		61,878
Municipal retirement and social security		_				109,482		109,482
Unassigned		34,146,885		_		100,402		34,146,885
Total fund balances		49,488,442		24,637,393		11,231,777		85,357,612
Total liabilities, deferred		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, - ,		, - , -		, ,
inflows of resources								
and fund balances	_	92,455,657	\$	25,424,174	\$	19,381,366	\$	137,261,197

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2019

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 85,357,612
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net	
position are different because:	
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities	
are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Land	1,139,143
Construction-in-process	13,800,031
Land improvements	9,477,362
Buildings	119,372,053
Equipment and vehicles	5,377,585
Accumulated depreciation	(50,040,871)
Other assets are not available to pay for current period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred inflows in the funds:	
Unavailable revenue—intergovernmental	1,013,441
Unavailable revenue—sales tax	341,799
Pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources	
are not due and payable in the current year, and therefore, are not reported in the	
governmental funds, as follows:	
Deferred outflow of resources:	
Pension related	6,605,604
OPEB related	1,855,342
Deferred inflow of resources:	
Pension related	(7,349,564)
OPEB related	(11,670,827)
Noncurrent liabilities, including accrued interest, are not due and payable	
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Compensated absences	(319,522)
Accrued interest	(542,510)
General obligation bonds	(35,671,255)
Other postemployment benefits liability	(58,886,324)
Net pension liability	(16,335,824)
Bond discount	28,097
Bond premium	(430,462)
Internal Service Fund, net position	5,034,814
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 68,155,724

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Nonmajor	Total
	General	Capital Projects	Governmental Funds	Governmental Funds
Revenues:	General	Capital 1 Tojects	i ulius	1 unus
Property taxes	\$ 36,008,625	\$ -	\$ 7,842,620	\$ 43,851,245
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	4,254,426	-	495,837	4,750,263
Sales tax	· · ·	3,850,569	· -	3,850,569
Other local sources and student fundraising		, ,		, ,
activities	2,691,239	3,950,000	959,252	7,600,491
General state aid	20,374,417	-	-	20,374,417
Restricted state aid	2,735,244	-	446,015	3,181,259
Federal aid	6,978,244	-	-	6,978,244
On-behalf payments	4,513,672	-	-	4,513,672
Investment earnings	1,015,726	405,530	220,847	1,642,103
Total revenues	78,571,593	8,206,099	9,964,571	96,742,263
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	48,179,415	-	1,215,610	49,395,025
Support services	23,596,972	-	4,110,583	27,707,555
Tuition paid to other districts	560,461	-	-	560,461
Capital outlay	2,641,405	9,250,672	1,066,178	12,958,255
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-	-	4,130,297	4,130,297
Interest and fiscal charges		-	1,224,798	1,224,798
Total expenditures	74,978,253	9,250,672	11,747,466	95,976,391
Net change before other financing				
sources	3,593,340	(1,044,573)	(1,782,895)	765,872
554.555	0,000,010	(1,011,010)	(1,702,000)	100,012
Other financing sources,				
insurance proceeds	1,022,706	-	-	1,022,706
Total other financing sources	1,022,706	-	-	1,022,706
Net change in fund balances	4,616,046	(1,044,573)	(1,782,895)	1,788,578
Fund balances, beginning of year	44,872,396	25,681,966	13,014,672	83,569,034
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 49,488,442	\$ 24,637,393	\$ 11,231,777	\$ 85,357,612

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds	\$ 1,788,578
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	
activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their	
estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which	
capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period and other capital asset	
transactions:	
Capital outlay	12,137,009
Depreciation expense	(2,876,245)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(8,660)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial	
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	249,707
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, loan, leases) provides current financial	
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither	
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds	
report the effect of discounts and premiums when debt is first issued,	
whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement	
of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,	
whereas in the governmental funds interest expenditure is reported when due.	
The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences in treatment	
of long-term debt and related items:	
Repayment of long-term debt	4,130,297
Interest	33,954
Amortization of bond discount and bond premium	130,779
Internal Service Fund, change in net position	588,165
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Increase in compensated absences	(32,883)
OPEB expense	(1,512,366)
OPEB special funding revenue	2,471,293
OPEB special funding expense	(2,471,293)
Pension expense	2,099,203
Pension special funding revenue	23,562,271
Pension special funding expense	 (23,562,271)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 16,727,538

Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities—Internal Service Fund June 30, 2019

Assets	
Investments	\$ 6,724,142
Accounts receivable	663
Total assets	6,724,805
Liabilities and Net Position	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	231,481
Accrued payroll	127
Claims payable	409,730
Due to other funds	1,048,653
Total liabilities	1,689,991
Net position, unrestricted	_\$ 5,034,814

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position—Governmental Activities—Internal Service Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2019

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 8,937,136
Other local sources	25
Reimbursements	103,774
Total operating revenues	9,040,935
Operating expenses:	
Administration and stop loss	1,493,366
Claims	 7,110,772
Total operating expenses	8,604,138
Operating loss	436,797
Nonoperating income, investment earnings	151,368
Change in net position	588,165
Total net position, beginning	 4,446,649
Total net position, ending	 5,034,814

Statement of Cash Flows—Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from employees and employer	\$	9,041,241
Cash payments for claims	Ψ	(7,890,590)
Cash payments for administration and stop loss		(1,382,598)
Net cash used in operating activities	-	(231,947)
Net cash used in operating activities		(231,347)
Cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities,		
proceeds from other funds		231,513
procedure mem exiter runde		201,010
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment income		151,368
Proceeds from purchase of investments		(150,934)
Net cash provided by investing activities		434
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		-
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning		-
Ending	\$	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	436,797
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:	·	,
Decrease in prepaid items		39,484
Decrease in accounts receivable		306
Increase in accounts and contracts payable		71,260
Increase in accrued wages		24
(Decrease) in claims payable		(267,006)
Net cash used in operating activities	¢	280,865
Het cash used in operating activities	Ψ	200,000

See notes to basic financial statements.

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2019

Assets	
Due from other governmental units	\$ 37,242
Liabilities	
Due to employees	\$ 37,242

See notes to basic financial statements.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of operations: Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 (the District) is a political subdivision created under Illinois State Statute. The District has the power to make rules and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the state of Illinois and the regulations of the Illinois State Board of Education. The District is governed by the Moline-Coal Valley School Board (the Board) which is elected at large in the general elections. The District is composed of one high school, one alternative high school, two middle schools, 11 elementary schools and one early childhood center. Student enrollment (preschool through high school) for the 2018-2019 school year was 7,243 regular and special education students as of September 30, 2018. The District employs a total of 834 personnel of which 467 are teachers and administrators and 367 are educational support staff.

Reporting entity: The financial statements of the District include all District operations required to be included in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements concerning the reporting entity. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria are: a) appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the District; and b) fiscal dependency. Additional criteria to determine whether certain organizations for which the District is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the District include (1) the economic resources being received or held by the separate organization being entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the District, its component units or its constituents, (2) the District being entitled to, or having the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the District is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the District. The District has no component units which meet the GASB criteria. In addition, the District is not aware of any entity which would exercise such oversight over it which would result in the District being considered a component unit of that entity.

Basis of presentation: The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide financial statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The District does not have any activities that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund financial statements: During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at a more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Major funds are presented in separate columns. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation:

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flow.

Fund financial statements: All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Illinois or the restrictions placed on the resources by a third party.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: The Capital Projects Fund accounts the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The other governmental funds of the District are considered nonmajor:

The **Special Revenue funds** account for the revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

The **Capital Projects fund** accounts for the revenue and expenditures related to fire prevention and safety projects.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Proprietary Fund: Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The only proprietary fund of the District is classified as internal service.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u>: This fund supports the general government and accounts for the premium and claim payments for the self-insured health insurance plan for District employees.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary funds of the District are considered agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Flexible Spending Fund</u>: This fund accounts for voluntary employee contributions and reimbursements for medical, dental and dependent care expenses.

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unavailable revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues—exchange and nonexchange transactions: Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which it is budgeted and levied for. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when usage is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, property taxes when budgeted for, personal property replacement taxes, intergovernmental revenues when eligibility requirements are met, charges for services and interest revenues are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end to the extent received within 60 days of year-end.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's Internal Service Fund is charges for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Deferred outflow of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position and the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. In the District's government-wide statements, deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to expense related to the net pension liability and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability and contributions paid by the employer after the measurement date of the net pension liability and OPEB liability but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

Deferred inflows of resources: In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and intergovernmental revenue. The amounts relating to intergovernmental revenue are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In both the District's government-wide and governmental fund financial statements, property tax revenues for the succeeding year are reported as a deferred inflow of resources and will become an inflow in the year they are levied and budgeted for. Also, the unamortized portion of the difference between the expected and actual experience, net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan and OPEB investments, changes in assumptions and changes in proportion difference between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions are recorded in the government-wide statements as a deferred inflow of resources.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Expenses/expenditures: On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus for governmental funds is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related liability is incurred and due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance as an expenditure with the amount donated to the District reported as federal aid revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as inventory on the balance sheet.

Significant accounting policies: The significant accounting policies followed by the District include the following:

Property taxes: Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time they become an enforceable legal claim. The current taxes receivable represent the 2018 levy and an estimate of the 2019 levy for the period January 1, 2019 through June 30, 2019. Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real property in the District. Property taxes are levied on or before the last Tuesday in December and attach as an enforceable lien on the property as of the preceding January 1. These taxes become due and collectible in June, August, September and November, and are collected by the county collector, who in turn remits to the District its respective share. An allowance is provided for uncollectible taxes. Property taxes that are not available for current year operations are shown as deferred inflow of resources. Six months of the 2018 property tax levy along with six months from the 2019 property tax levy are intended to finance fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 and have been reported as deferred inflows of resources and will not be recognized as revenue until fiscal year 2020.

Due from other governmental units: Due from other governmental units represents amounts due from the Illinois State Board of Education, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Inventories: Inventories are stated at cost (first-in, first-out) which approximates market. The consumption method of accounting is applied to the governmental fund type inventories. Unused commodities as of year-end are reported as inventory in the statement of net position and balance sheet. The fund balance related to inventories is reported as nonspendable.

Prepaids: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased. The fund balance in the governmental funds relating to prepaid items is reported as nonspendable.

Investments: The District invests in the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus and the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund which are external investment pools that are not SEC-registered and regulated by the State Treasurer's Office. These external investment pools are valued at amortized cost based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 79.

Capital assets: General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. All reported capital assets except land and construction-in-process are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
<u>Description</u>	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and building improvements	20 - 50 years
Equipment and vehicles	5 - 20 years

The District's collection of library books and other similar assets are not capitalized. These collections are unencumbered, held for public exhibition and education, protected, cared for and preserved and subject to District policy that requires proceeds from the sale of these items to be used to acquire other collection items.

Compensated absences: Certified employees working less than 12 months a year do not earn vacation days; however, certified and noncertified 12-month employees earn vacation days which vest as it accrues. Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The entire compensated absence and liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Self-insurance: The District is self-insured for health benefits. The District's premiums and claims are accounted for in the Internal Service Fund. Premiums are charged by the Internal Service Fund to operating funds based upon the number of employees and selected coverage in each fund.

Cash flows: For the purpose of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations: All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, OPEB contributions and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due and payable.

Pensions: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and additions to/deductions from IMRF and TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IMRF and TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Total OPEB liability: For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information has been based on the actuary reports of the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The total of OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Long-term debt: In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the year the costs are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt principal payments are reported as expenditures.

Fund balance: In the governmental fund financial statements fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: Amounts which cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u>: Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Assigned</u>: Amounts constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated by the Board of Education to the Superintendent through an approved fund balance policy.

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u>: All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. Residual deficit amounts of other governmental funds would also be reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's procedure is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classifications—committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Net position: Net position represent the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent debt proceeds. As of June 30, 2019, unspent bond proceeds in the Capital Projects Funds were \$15,813,071. Net positions are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted through enabling legislation consist of \$1,008,464 for debt service, \$2,009,199 for tort immunity, \$8,631,445 for working cash and \$2,183,906 for transportation. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Interfund activity: Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are presented on the financial statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements.

Estimates: The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 2. Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following cash and investments:

Cash and investments, statement of net position	<u>\$ 87,780,549</u>
Deposits	\$ 6.561.416
Certificates of deposit	430,139
Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus	40,012,203
Illinois Funds Money Market Fund	40,776,791
	\$ 87,780,549

As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following investments:

	Weighted Average	Standard &		
Investment Type	Maturities (Years)	Poor's	Aı	mortized Cost
Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus	0.84	AAAm	\$	40,012,203
Illinois Funds Money Market Fund	0.12	AAAm		40,776,791

State statutes and the District's investment policy authorize the District to make deposits in interest bearing depository accounts in federally insured and/or state chartered banks and savings and loan associations, and to invest available funds in direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States Treasury or agencies of the United States, and short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000.

The District is also authorized to invest in Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund and the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, which invests member deposits on a pooled basis, short-term certificates of deposit and high rated short-term obligations of major United States corporations and banks.

Interest rate risk: The District's investment policy does not specifically limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, but it does state the investment portfolio should provide sufficient liquidity to pay District obligations as they become due.

Credit risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. See above for credit ratings related to the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus and the Illinois funds money market fund.

Concentration of credit risk: The District's general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule. Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital and, in general, avoid speculative investments. The District's investment policy seeks diversification to minimize the risk of loss resulting in over concentration in a specific maturity, issuer or class of securities. The investments above are investments in an external investment pools and, therefore, are not subject to concentration of credit risk.

Note 2. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. It is the District's policy to require that time deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits be secured by collateral or private insurance to protect public deposits in a single financial institution if it were to default. The custodial risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. As of June 30, 2019, the District's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk, as they were fully insured by federal deposit insurance or secured by some form of collateral. The District's investments in the external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance June 30, 2018 Additions		Retirements/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,139,143	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,139,143
Construction-in-process	11,341,658	9,268,763	(6,810,390)	13,800,031
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	12,480,801	9,268,763	(6,810,390)	14,939,174
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	8,619,398	632,396	225,568	9,477,362
Buildings	110,943,415	1,843,816	6,584,822	119,372,053
Equipment and vehicles	5,050,682	392,034	(65,131)	5,377,585
Total capital assets, being	·			
depreciated	124,613,495	2,868,246	6,745,259	134,227,000
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	6,201,889	346,817	-	6,548,706
Buildings	36,405,686	2,369,180	-	38,774,866
Equipment and vehicles	4,613,522	160,248	(56,471)	4,717,299
Total accumulated depreciation	47,221,097	2,876,245	(56,471)	50,040,871
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	77,392,398	(7,999)	6,801,730	84,186,129
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 89,873,199	\$ 9,260,764	\$ (8,660)	\$ 99,125,303

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,741,558
Support services	134,687
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,876,245

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. General Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in general long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2019 are summarized as follows:

		Balance		Additions/			Balance	Е	salance Due
	Jı	une 30, 2018	Cha	nge in Accrual	Deductions	J	une 30, 2019	Wi	thin One Year
Compensated absences	\$	286,639	\$	393,237	\$ 360,354	\$	319,522	\$	319,522
General obligation bonds payable		39,801,552		-	4,130,297		35,671,255		5,098,596
Total	\$	40,088,191	\$	393,237	\$ 4,490,651	\$	35,990,777	\$	5,418,118

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

General obligation bonds payable as of June 30, 2019 are summarized as follows:

Original Issue Amount and Date	Maturity Date	Purpose	Purpose Interest Rate	
Publicly issued long-term debt:				
\$8,300,000	Installments through	Construction	1.40%	\$ 3,859,255
December 15, 2009	December 15, 2025			· -,,
\$5,700,000	Installments through	Construction	3.65% to	4,700,000
December 1, 2010	February 1, 2027		5.63%	
\$2,535,000	Installments through	Construction	6.00%	2,535,000
December 1, 2010	February 1, 2029			
\$9,610,000	Installments through	Construction	2.00% to	1,135,000
December 23, 2013	February 1, 2020		3.00%	
\$21,925,000	Installments through	Construction	3.00%	21,025,000
February 27, 2018	February 1, 2028			, ,
\$3,076,000	Installments through	Refinance of Debt	2.27% to	2,417,000
May 24, 2018	February 1, 2023		2.79%	. ,
				\$ 35,671,255

Certain bonds have early redemption clauses that may be exercised at the District's option, subject to certain restrictions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. **General Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)**

As of June 30, 2019, the District's future cash flow requirements for the retirement of general obligation bond principal and interest is as follows:

	 Principal Interest		Total	
For the year ending June 30:				_
2020	\$ 5,098,596	\$	1,163,720	\$ 6,262,316
2021	4,033,996		1,019,536	5,053,532
2022	4,103,500		902,268	5,005,768
2023	4,280,109		782,339	5,062,448
2024	3,773,824		655,001	4,428,825
2025–2029	 14,381,230		1,524,696	15,905,926
	\$ 35,671,255	\$	6,047,560	\$ 41,718,815

Legal debt margin:

Assessed valuation	\$ 864,037,786
Statutory debt limit (13.8% of assessed valuation)	\$ 119,237,214
Less indebtedness, outstanding general obligation bonds	35,671,255
Legal debt margin	\$ 83,565,959

Note 5. **Risk Management**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks, except for employee's health benefits, are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance.

Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded the planned coverage during any of the past three years.

The District maintains an Internal Service Fund to account for its self-insurance related to its employees' health benefits. Self-insurance is in effect up to an individual stop loss amount of \$200,000 and aggregate stop loss amount of approximately 125% of cumulative monthly claim expenditures, with coverage from a private insurance company maintained for losses in excess of the aggregate stop loss amounts. All claim handling procedures are performed by an independent claims administrator. Liabilities are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Recognized liabilities include a provision for all estimated claims incurred but not reported. The changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018 are as follows:

	 2019	2018
Claims payable, beginning of the year	\$ 1,189,548	\$ 636,853
Claims expense	7,110,772	9,444,389
Claims payments	(7,890,590)	(8,891,694)
Claims payable, end of the year	\$ 409,730	\$ 1,189,548

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 5. Risk Management (Continued)

The District may levy taxes annually for the purpose of providing protection against liability for a tortuous act performed by the District or its employees. The following is a listing of tort immunity expenditures recorded by the District in the Internal Service Fund for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Liability insurance premiums	\$ 625,611
Monitoring and compliance	237,977
Legal counsel	81,538
Worker's compensation and unemployment claims	 2,846
	\$ 947,972

Monitoring and compliance expenditures represent an allocation of the salaries of teachers and administrators based on time spent performing and monitoring compliance activities during the school day.

Note 6. Pension Plans

Employees of the District are eligible to participate in one of two pension plans. Below is a summary of amounts reported by the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	Illinois Teachers' Retirement	Illinois Municipal Retirement	
	System	Fund	Total
Net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Pension expense	\$ 4,275,134 949,353 6,831,152 25,759,389	\$ 12,060,690 5,656,251 518,412 (353,781)	\$ 16,335,824 6,605,604 7,349,564 25,405,608

Illinois Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

Plan description: The District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. TRS members include all active non-annuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://www.trsil.org/financial/cafrs/fy2018; by writing to TRS at 2815 W. Washington, PO Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794; or by calling 888 678 3675, option 2.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Benefits provided: TRS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Tier I members have TRS or reciprocal system service prior to January 1, 2011. Tier I members qualify for retirement benefits at age 62 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years, or age 55 with 20 years. The benefit is determined by the average of the four highest years of creditable earnings within the last 10 years of creditable service and the percentage of average salary to which the member is entitled. Most members retire under a formula that provides 2.2% of final average salary up to a maximum of 75% with 34 years of service. Disability and death benefits are also provided.

Tier II members qualify for retirement benefits at age 67 with 10 years of service, or a discounted annuity can be paid at age 62 with 10 years of service. Creditable earnings for retirement purposes are capped and the final average salary is based on the highest consecutive eight years of creditable service rather than the last four. Disability provisions for Tier II are identical to those of Tier I. Death benefits are payable under a formula that is different from Tier I.

Essentially all Tier I retirees receive an annual 3% increase in the current retirement benefit beginning January 1 following the attainment of age 61 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later. Tier II annual increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or one-half percent of the rate of inflation beginning January 1 following attainment of age 67 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later.

Public Act 100-0023, enacted in 2017, creates an optional Tier 3 hybrid retirement plan, but it has not yet gone into effect. The earliest possible implementation date is July 1, 2020. Public Act 100-0587, enacted in 2018, requires TRS to offer two temporary benefit buyout programs that expire on June 30, 2021. One program allows retiring Tier 1 members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in exchange for accepting a lower, delayed annual increase. The other allows inactive vested Tier 1 and 2 members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in lieu of a retirement annuity. Both programs will begin after July 1, 2020 and will be funded by bonds issued by the state of Illinois.

Contributions: The state of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding TRS. The Illinois Pension Code, as amended by Public Act 88-0593 and subsequent acts, provides that for years 2010 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the System up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the System by the end of fiscal year 2045.

Contributions from active members and TRS contributing employers are also required by the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution rates are specified in the pension code. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2019, was 9% of creditable earnings. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to TRS by the employer.

On-behalf contributions to TRS: The state of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the employer. For the year ended June 30, 2019, state of Illinois contributions recognized by the District were based on the state's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the employer, and the employer recognized revenue and expenditures of \$3,942,540 in pension contributions from the state of Illinois.

2.2 formula contributions: Employers contribute 0.58% of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. The contribution rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$232,149 and are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2018 measurement date of the net pension liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Federal and special trust fund contributions: When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the employer, there is a statutory requirement for the employer to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under Public Act 100-0340, the federal and special trust fund contribution rate is the total employer normal cost beginning with the year ended June 30, 2018.

Previously, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds were at the same rate as the state contribution rate to TRS and were much higher.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District pension contribution was 9.85% of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2019, salaries totaling \$309,105 were paid from federal and special trust funds that required employer contributions of \$30,447. These contributions are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2018 measurement date of the net pension liability.

Employer retirement cost contributions: Under GASB Statement No. 68, contributions that an employer is required to pay because of a TRS member retiring are categorized as specific liability payments. The employer is required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members granted salary increases over 6% if those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary. Additionally, beginning with the year ended June 30, 2019, employers will make a similar contribution for salary increases over 3% if members are not exempted by current collective bargaining agreements or contracts.

A one-time contribution is also required for members granted sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment if those days are used as TRS service credit. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District paid \$2,948 to TRS for District contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6%, \$686 for salary increases in excess of 3%, and \$560 for sick leave days granted in excess of the normal annual allotment.

Pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: At June 30, 2019, the employer reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided to the employer. The state's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2018, relative to the projected contributions of all participating TRS employers and the state during that period. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.00548482%, which was a decrease of 0.01002 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$25,759,389 and revenue of \$27,504,811 for support provided by the state. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflow of		Deferred Inflow of
	F	Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension	\$	85,922	\$	(932)
plan investments		-		(13,090)
Changes of assumptions		187,505		(121,166)
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		413,330		(6,695,964)
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in				_
pension expense in future periods		686,757		(6,831,152)
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		262,596		-
Total	\$	949,353	\$	(6,831,152)

\$262,596 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ending June 30, 2020. The deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized in pension expense over five years. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense over the average remaining service life (as of the beginning of the fiscal year) as follows:

Years	ended	June	30:
-------	-------	------	-----

2020	\$ (1,499,412)
2021	(1,418,917)
2022	(1,295,997)
2023	(1,319,440)
2024	(610,629)
	\$ (6,144,395)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases Varies by amount of service credit

Investment rate of return 7.0%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table with adjustments as appropriate for TRS experience. The rates are used on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2017.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2018 actuarial evaluation are based on the actuarial experience analysis dated September 2018 that covered the period July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2017.

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class that were used by the actuary are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate
Asset Class	Allocation	of Return
U.S. equities large cap	15.0%	6.70%
U.S. equities small/mid cap	2.0	7.90
International equities developed	13.6	7.00
Emerging market equities	3.4	9.40
U.S. bonds core	8.0	2.20
U.S. bonds high yield	4.2	4.40
International debt developed	2.2	1.30
Emerging international debt	2.6	4.50
Real estate	16.0	5.40
Commodities (real return)	4.0	1.80
Hedge funds (absolute return)	14.0	3.90
Private equity	15.0	10.20
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate: At the June 30, 2018 measurement date, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions, employer contributions and state contributions will be made at the current statutorily-required rates.

Based on those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. Tier I's liability is partially-funded by Tier II members, as the Tier II member contribution is higher than the cost of Tier II benefits. Due to this subsidy, contributions from future members in excess of the service cost are also included in the determination of the discount rate. Despite the subsidy, all projected future payments were not covered, so a slightly lower long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease (6%)	e Discount Rate (7%)	1% Increase (8%)
District's proportionate share of the		, ,	, ,
net pension liability	\$ 5,243,047	' \$ 4,275,134	\$ 3,495,672

TRS fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2018 is available in the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to TRS: As of June 30, 2019, the District reported payables to TRS of \$767,298 for required District and employee contributions.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

Plan description: The District's defined benefit pension plan for employees provides retirement and disability benefits, postretirement increases and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The District's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits provided: IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees covered by benefit terms: As of December 31, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	384
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	356
Active plan members	296
Total	1,036

Contributions: As set by statute, the District's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The District's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2018 and 2019 are 13.32% and 13.09%, respectively. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 the District contributed \$1,218,848 to the plan. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net pension liability: The District's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2018. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u>: The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2018:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.50%.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 3.39% to 14.25%, including inflation.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.25%.
- Projected Retirement Age was from the experience-based table of rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2017 valuation according to an experience study from years 2014 to 2016.
- The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives.
- For Disabled Retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

For Active Members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of the 2014 actuarial experience study covering the period 2011-2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Portfolio Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	37%	7.15%
International equity	18	7.25
Fixed income	28	3.75
Real estate	9	6.25
Alternative investments	7	3.20 - 8.50
Cash equivalents	1	2.50
Total	100%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Changes in the net pension liability:

	Total Pension	Plan Fiduciary Net Pensic	
	Liability	Net Position	Liability
	(A)	(B)	(A) - (B)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$ 63,088,295	\$ 59,375,187	\$ 3,713,108
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	973,317	-	973,317
Interest on the total pension liability	4,631,872	-	4,631,872
Differences between expected and actual			
experience of the total pension liability	475,207	-	475,207
Changes of assumptions	1,725,515	-	1,725,515
Contributions - employer	-	1,310,193	(1,310,193)
Contributions - employees	-	435,067	(435,067)
Net investment income	-	(3,517,431)	3,517,431
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
of employee contributions	(3,633,312)	(3,633,312)	-
Other (net transfer)		1,230,500	(1,230,500)
Net changes	4,172,599	(4,174,983)	8,347,582
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$ 67,260,894	\$ 55,200,204	\$ 12,060,690

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher:

	1% Decrease (6.25%)	Current Discount (7.25%)	1% Increase (8.25%)	_
on liability	\$ 19,784,303	\$ 12,060,690	\$ 5,579,861	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension expense, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pension: For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$(353,781). At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	of	Resources	of	Resources
Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense				_
in future periods:				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	303,806	\$	-
Changes of assumptions		1,060,295		(518,412)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		3,716,170		-
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension				_
expense in future periods		5,080,271		(518,412)
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		575,980		-
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	5,656,251	\$	(518,412)

\$575,980 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2020.

The deferred outflows of resources resulting from the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized in pension expense over five years. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods over the average remaining service life (as of the beginning of the fiscal year) as follows:

	Deferred
	Outflows
	(Inflows) of
	Resources
Years ending December 31:	
2020	\$ 1,548,956
2021	993,107
2022	430,612
2023	1,589,184
Total	\$ 4,561,859

Payables to IMRF: As of June 30, 2019, the District reported payables to IMRF of \$132,586 for required District and employee contributions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District offers two plans that employees may participate in, a self-funded District plan and the Illinois Teacher Health Insurance Security, (THIS). Below is a summary of amounts reported by the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019:

	District's Plan		THIS		Total
Total OPEB liability	\$	15,221,833	\$	43,664,491	\$ 58,886,324
Deferred outflow of resources		254,362		1,600,980	1,855,342
Deferred inflow of resources		3,878,912		7,791,915	11,670,827
OPEB expense		(515,306)		5,071,516	4,556,210

District's defined benefit OPEB

Plan description: The District's defined benefit OPEB plan is a single-employer health care plan that provides OPEB for active and retired employees and their eligible dependents. The plan is administered by the District and the District has the authority to establish or amend the plan provisions or contribution requirements through the Board of Education. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits provided: The District provided health insurance benefits for hourly employees and those noncertified staff until they reach 65 years of age at full cost to the retiree. For employees covered under a collective bargaining agreement, the District will pay one-half of the premiums for health and medical insurance as long as the employee is eligible to receive retirement benefits under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund or the Teachers' Retirement System.

Contributions: The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you go financing. For fiscal year 2019, the District contributed \$845,853. Retiree and active members receiving benefits have required contributions based upon the current premiums charged for health insurance by the District or set rates by the state plan.

Employees covered by benefit terms: At June 30, 2019, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	306
Active employees	588
	894

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$15,221,833 was measured as of June 30, 2019, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, rolled forward to the measurement date.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial methods and assumptions: The total OPEB liability was determined on an actuarial valuation dated June 30, 2018 with results projected to the June 30, 2019 measurement date using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 3.00% Salary increases 4.00%

Discount rate 2.79%, based on S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High

Grade Rate Index.

Health care cost trend rates Initial cost for TRIP plan members is 5.00% staying

consistent for all year. Initial cost for the District's plan

is 10.00% decrease ultimately to 5.5%.

Rates of mortality, retirement, withdrawal and disability are the same as those used in the December 31, 2017 IMRF valuation report and the June 30, 2017 Teachers' Retirement System Actuarial Valuation Report, respectively.

Changes in the total OPEB liability

	Total OPEBLiability
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 14,793,272
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	644,122
Interest	428,236
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	165,053
Contributions and payments made	(845,853)
Other changes	37,003
Net changes	428,561
Balance as of June 30, 2019	\$ 15,221,833

The discount rate was changed from 2.98% as of June 30, 2018 to 2.79% as of June 30, 2019. Starting per capita costs were updated using most recent premiums. The health care trend rates were reset based on recent experience. Decrements were changed to those in the most recent IMRF and TRS Pension Fund valuation reports. The benefits and eligibility for Administrators and Certified Teachers were changed to the current policy.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's approximate total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.79%)	Discount Rate (2.79%)	1% Increase (3.79%)	
OBEP liability	\$ 16,115,876	\$ 15,221,833	\$ 14,371,109	

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the health care cost trend rates: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current health care cost trend rates:

		Health Care	
		Cost Trend	
	(9.00%	Rates (10.00%	(11.00%
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing
	to 4.50%) (a)	to 5.50%) (a)	to 6.50%) (a)
Total OBEP liability	\$ 13,987,452	\$ 15,221,833	\$ 16,629,582

⁽a) For employees that elect insurance under THIS, the health care cost trend rate stays consistent at 5.00%. Included above would be a 1% decrease (4.00%) and a 1% increase (6.00%) in the rate.

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB: For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(515,306). At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following source:

	Deferred Outflows Resources	eferred Inflow f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$ - 254,362 254,362	\$ (690,929) (3,187,983) (3,878,912)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Amounts reported as the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense over the average future service to retirement of plan participants as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (741,812)
2021	(741,812)
2022	(741,812)
2023	(741,812)
2024	(680,876)
Thereafter	 23,574
	\$ (3,624,550)

Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund OPEB

Plan description: The District (employer) participates in the Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund (THIS) of the State of Illinois. THIS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan (OPEB) established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of eligible retired Illinois public school teachers employed outside the City of Chicago (members). All District employees receiving monthly benefits from the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) who have at least eight years of creditable service with TRS, the survivor of an annuitant or benefit recipient who had at least eight years of creditable service or a recipient of a monthly disability benefit are eligible to enroll in THIS.

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375) outlines the benefit provisions of the THIS Plan and amendments to the Plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The Plan is administered by the Illinois Department of Central Management Services. The publicly available financial report of the Plan may be found on the website of the Illinois Auditor General. The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services" (http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/CMS-THISF.asp).

Benefits provided: THIS provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits for eligible retirees and their dependents, but it does not provide vision, dental or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants not enrolled in Medicare may participate in the state-administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options. Annuitants who are enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B may be eligible to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan. The premiums charged reflect approximately a 75% subsidy for members that elect a managed care plan or elect the Teachers' Choice Health Plan (TCHP) plan if a managed care plan is either not available or only partially available. Members receive approximately a 50% subsidy if they elect the TCHP when a managed care plan is available. Medicare primary dependent beneficiaries enrolled in a managed care plan or in the TCHP when no managed care plan is available receive a premium subsidy.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Contributions: The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/6) specifies the contribution requirements of the participating school districts and covered employees. For the year ended June 30, 2019, required contributions are as follows:

- Active members contribute 1.24% of covered payroll.
- Employers contribute 0.92% of covered payroll. The percentage of employer required contributions in the future will not exceed 105% of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the employer paid \$371,081 to the THIS Fund, which was 100% of the required contribution.
- The State of Illinois makes contributions on behalf of the employer. State contributions are intended to match contributions to the THIS Fund from active members. The State contributed 1.18% of covered payroll. For the year ended June 30, 2019, State of Illinois contributions on behalf of the District's employees were \$572,551 and the employer recognized revenue and expenditures for this on-behalf contribution amount during the year in the General Fund.
- Retired members contribute through premium payments based on the coverage elected, Medicare
 eligibility, and the age of the member and dependents. The premium for retired members is not
 permitted to increase by more than 5.0% per year by statute. The Federal Government provides a
 Medicare Part D subsidy.

OPEB liabilities, expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources: At June 30, 2019, the employer reported a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided for the District. The state's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The OPEB proportionate shares are as follows:

The portion of the State's proportionate share amount of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District 58,631,944	
net OPEB liability associated with the District 58,631,944	
Total THIS net collective OPEB liability associated with the employer \$ 102,296,435	

The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2017, and rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability was based on the employer's share of contributions to THIS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2018, relative to the contributions of all participating employers and the State during that period. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.165736%, which was a decrease of 0.004981% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized the following for OPEB expense/expenditure and revenue pertaining to the District's employees:

	G	overnmental Activities
State's proportionate share amount of the collective OPEB expense		
associated with the District	\$	3,043,844
District OPEB expense/expenditure		2,027,672
Total OPEB expense/expenditure	\$	5,071,516

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

At June 30, 2019, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Out	erred tflows sources		erred Inflow Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(156,669)
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,2	29,899	(1,275,623)
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings		-	,	(1,340)
Changes of assumptions		-	(6,358,283)
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in expense				
in future periods	1,2	29,899	(7,791,915)
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3	71,081		
	\$ 1,6	00,980	\$ (7,791,915)

The District reported \$371,081 as deferred outflows of resources resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2020	\$ (1,298,967)
2021	(1,298,967)
2022	(1,298,967)
2023	(1,298,967)
2024	(1,298,967)
Thereafter	(67,181)
	\$ (6,562,016)

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, projected to June 30, 2018, based on the entry age normal cost method and using the following actuarial assumptions:

Discount rate 3.62% at June 30, 2018

Inflation 2.75%

Salary increases Depends on service and ranges from 9.25% at 1 year of

service to 3.25% at 20 or more years of service. Salary increase includes a 3.25% wage inflation assumption.

Investment rate of return 0%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including

inflation.

Health care cost trend rates Actual trend used for fiscal year 2018. For fiscal years on

and after 2019, trend starts at 8.00% and 9.00% for non-Medicare costs and post-Medicare costs, respectively, and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.86% and 4.50% for non-Medicare costs and post-Medicare costs, respectively. Additional trend rate of 0.36% is added to non-Medicare cost on and after 2021 to account for the

Excise Tax.

80% of future retirees that are currently active are assumed to elect health care coverage, with 80% electing single coverage and 20% electing two-person coverage.

70% of current deferred vested participants with at least seven years of service and younger than 70 as of June 30, 2017, are assumed to elect healthcare coverage, with 80% electing single coverage and 20% electing two-person coverage.

The pension-related assumptions disclosed in the TRS experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2014, were applied to the THIS actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. Among other pension-related assumptions, mortality rates for retirement and beneficiary annuitants were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for TRS experience. For disabled annuitants mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant table. Mortality rates for pre-retirement were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table, sex distinct. All tables reflect future mortality improvements using Projection Scale MP-2014.

The following OPEB-related assumption changes were made since the June 30, 2016 OPEB actuarial valuation date:

- The discount rate was changed from 3.56% at June 30, 2017 to 3.62% at June 30, 2018;
- The health care trend assumption was updated based on claim and enrollment experience through June 30, 2017, projected plan cost for plan year end June 30, 2018, premium changes through plan year end 2019, and expectation of future trend increases after June 30, 2018;
- The Excise trend rate adjustment was updated based on available premium and enrollment information as of June 30, 2018;
- Per capita claim costs were updated based on projected claims and enrollment experience through June 30, 2018, and updated premium rates through plan year 2019; and
- Health care plan participation rates by plan were updated based on observed experience.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return assumption was set to zero. As such, ranges of expected future real rates of return by asset class were not developed.

Discount Rate. Since THIS is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, a long-term rate of return was not used and the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was the 20-year general obligation bond index rate (source was Fidelity Index's 20-year municipal GO AA Index). The discount rate as of June 30, 2018 was 3.62%, which was an increase from the June 30, 2017 rate of 3.56%.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Single Discount Rate. The following presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 3.62%, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount rate that is one percentage point higher (4.62%) or lower (2.62%) than the current rate:

		Current		
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Discount Rate 1% Incre		
	2.62%	3.62%	4.62%	
Employer's proportionate share of the				
collective net OPEB liability	\$ 52,501,681	\$ 43,664,491	\$ 36,688,465	

Sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in the health care cost trend rate: The following presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using the health care cost trend rates as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is one percentage point higher or lower, than the current health care cost trend rates. The key trend rates are 8.00% in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50% in 2026, for non-Medicare coverage, and 9.00% decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50% in 2028 for Medicare coverage.

		Health Care	
	1%	Cost Trend	1%
	Decrease	Rates	Increase
	(a)	Assumption	(b)
Employer's proportionate share of the net			
OPEB liability	\$ 35,404,915	\$ 43,664,491	\$ 54,792,365

- (a) One percentage point decrease in health care trend rates are 7.00% in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.86% in 2026, for non-Medicare coverage, and 8.00% in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.50% in 2028 for Medicare coverage.
- (b) One percentage point increase in health care trend rates are 9.00% in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.86% in 2026, for non-Medicare coverage, and 10.00% in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.50% in 2028 for Medicare coverage.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the THIS plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued THIS financial report.

Payable to the OPEB plan. At June 30, 2019, the District reported a payable of \$173,987 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the THIS plan for the year ended June 30, 2019.

Note 8. Commitments and Guarantees

The District had significant encumbrances in the General fund, capital projects fund and nonmajor governmental funds of \$1,621,073, \$1,487,281 and \$960,548, respectively.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the District guaranteed a note payable of the Moline Booster Club. As of June 30, 2019, the outstanding balance of the note was \$348,814.

Note 9. Tax Abatements

The Rock Island County Assessor's Office, in conjunction with municipalities located within Rock Island County and within the District's boundaries, encourage certain industrial and commercial development through the establishment of tax increment financing districts for new industrial facilities, the rehabilitation of existing industrial structures, and industrial utilization of abandoned buildings or areas experiencing severe stagnation. The District estimates its portion of annual abatement of property taxes to various local companies under these development incentives approximates \$2.7 million during the year ended June 30, 2019.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the District entered into a development and economic incentive agreement with a local developer under Illinois Constitution Article VII, Section 10(a) whereas the developer agrees to redevelop certain property described in the agreement and the District is to provide an incentive in the form of certain economic development assistance. The District will pay the developer incentive payments based on a percentage of the increase from the 2015 base year equalized assessed value of the property for a maximum incentive of \$1,200,000 to be considered a property tax rebate to be paid to the developer. No taxes have been abated as of June 30, 2019.

Note 10. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

As of June 30, 2019, the GASB had issued statements not yet implemented by the District. The statements which might impact the District are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, issued February 2017, will be effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The objective of Statement No. 84 is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 10. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. An exception to that requirement is provided for a business-type activity that normally expects to hold custodial assets for three months or less. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria.

A fiduciary component unit, when reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements of a primary government, should combine its information with its component units that are fiduciary component units and aggregate that combined information with the primary government's fiduciary funds.

This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Events that compel a government to disburse fiduciary resources occur when a demand for the resources has been made or when no further action, approval or condition is required to be taken or met by the beneficiary to release the assets.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, issued June 2017, will be effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Statement No. 87 establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. Under this statement, a government entity that is a lessee must recognize (1) a lease liability and (2) an intangible asset representing the lessee's right to use the leased asset. In addition, the District must report the (1) amortization expense for using the lease asset over the shorter of the term of the lease or the useful life of the underlying asset, (2) interest expense on the lease liability and (3) note disclosures about the lease. The Statement provides exceptions from the single-approach for short-term leases, financial purchases, leases of assets that are investments and certain regulated leases. This statement also addresses accounting for lease terminations and modifications, sale-leaseback transactions, non-lease components embedded in lease contracts (such as service agreements), and leases with related parties.

The District's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the District's financial statements.

Note 11. Subsequent Events

In September 2019, the District issued \$14,000,000 General Obligation Funding School Bonds, Series 2019A with interest rates of 2.00% to 5.00% due February 1, 2021 through 2028 with annual debt service from \$1,070,000 to \$2,285,000 to finance the development of a new physical education facility at Moline High School.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

	June 30,			
		2019		2018
Total Pension Liability				
Service cost	\$	973,317	\$	1,015,296
Interest on the total pension liability		4,631,872		4,621,950
Differences between expected and actual experience of the total				
pension liability		475,207		45,569
Changes of assumptions		1,725,515		(2,001,918)
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee				
contributions		(3,633,312)		(3,421,912)
Net change in total pension liability		4,172,599		258,985
Total pension liability—beginning		63,088,295		62,829,310
Total pension liability—ending (A)	\$	67,260,894	\$	63,088,295
Plan Eidusiany Not Position				
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions—employer	\$	1,310,193	\$	1,259,475
· ·	Ф		Φ	
Contributions—employees		435,067		434,928
Net investment income		(3,517,431)		9,654,879
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(3,633,312)		(3,421,912)
Other (net transfer)	_	1,230,500		(1,819,420)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(4,174,983)		6,107,950
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning		59,375,187		53,267,237
			•	50.075.407
Plan fiduciary net position—ending (B)	\$	55,200,204	\$	59,375,187
Net pension liability—ending (A)—(B)		12,060,690	\$	3,713,108
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		82.07%		94.11%
Covered valuation payroll		9,668,142	\$	9,489,709
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll		124.75%		39.13%

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

	June 30,	
2017	2016	2015
\$ 1,050,538	\$ 1,007,213	\$ 1,172,219
4,468,767	4,216,866	3,896,398
(113,801)	1,377,838	(193,976)
(348,219)	137,046	2,462,309
(3,372,313)	(3,083,408)	(2,566,791)
1,684,972	3,655,555	4,770,159
 61,144,338	57,488,783	52,718,624
\$ 62,829,310	\$ 61,144,338	\$ 57,488,783
\$ 1,287,664	\$ 1,192,690	\$ 1,274,597
418,536	414,037	430,046
3,499,434	253,098	2,989,204
(3,372,313)	(3,083,408)	(2,566,791)
67,795	1,231,692	(203,466)
1,901,116	8,109	1,923,590
51,366,121	51,358,012	49,434,422
\$ 53,267,237	\$ 51,366,121	\$ 51,358,012
\$ 9,562,073	\$ 9,778,217	\$ 6,130,771
84.78%	84.01%	89.34%
04.7070	04.01/0	03.34 /0
\$ 9,292,079	\$ 9,191,412	\$ 9,433,990
102.91%	106.38%	64.99%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Calendar Year Ended December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Covered Valuation Payroll	Actual Contribution as a Percentage of Covered Valuation Payroll
2018	\$ 1,287,797	\$ 1,310,193	\$ (22,396)	\$ 9,668,142	13.55%
2017	1,242,203	1,259,475	(17,272)	9,489,709	13.27
2016	1,267,440	1,287,664	(20,224)	9,292,079	13.86
2015	1,168,228	1,192,690	(24,462)	9,191,412	12.98
2014	1,197,174	1,274,597	(77,423)	9,433,990	13.51

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions used in the Calculation of the 2018 Contribution Rate.*

Valuation date:

<u>Notes</u>: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine 2018 contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Aggregate entry age = normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period.

Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 25-year closed period. Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected

by the Employer upon adoption of ERI.

SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 20 years for most employers (two employers were financed

over 29 years).

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market, 20% corridor

Wage growth 3.50%

Price inflation 2.75%, approximate; no explicit price inflation assumption is used in

valuation

Salary increases 3.75% to 14.50%, including inflation

Investment rate of return 7.50%

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility

condition; last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience

study of the period 2011 to 2013.

Mortality For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with

fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF

experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Other information:

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

^{*} Based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

	June	€ 30,
Fiscal year	2019	2018
Measurement date	2018	2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.00548482%	0.01550128%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated	\$ 4,275,134	\$ 11,842,690
with the employer	292,864,579	290,763,957
Total	\$ 297,139,713	\$ 302,606,647
District's covered payroll District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a	\$ 39,251,266	\$ 39,270,912
percentage of its covered payroll	10.9%	30.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	40.0%	39.3%

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

	June 30,	
2017	2016	2015
2016	2015	2014
0.01452631%	6 0.0168347%	0.0174328%
\$ 11,466,492	\$ 11,028,437	\$ 10,609,312
304,287,214	254,742,191	247,593,163
\$ 315,753,706	\$ 265,770,628	\$ 258,202,475
\$ 38,327,122	\$ 39,336,127	\$ 40,132,544
29.9%	6 28.0%	26.4%
36.4%	% 41.5%	43.0%

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Employer's Contributions Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

	June 30,					
		2019		2018		
Contractually-required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	\$	262,596 (262,596)	\$	243,365 (243,365)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$			
District's covered payroll	\$	40,334,899	\$	39,251,266		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.7%	, 0	0.6%		

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

June 30.

		Juli	C 30,	l .	
 2017	2016 2015				2014
\$ 632,755 (632,755)	\$	556,745 (556,745)			\$ 621,994 (621,994)
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
\$ 39,270,912	\$	38,327,122	\$	39,336,127	\$ 40,132,544
1.6%	,	1.5%)	1.5%	1.5%

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Schedule of the Employer's Contributions Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

Changes of assumptions

For the 2018, 2017 and 2016 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.0%, including an inflation rate of 2.5% and a real return of 4.5%. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit.

For the 2015 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.5%, including an inflation rate of 3.0% and a real return of 4.5%. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. Various other changes in assumptions were adopted based on the experience analysis for the three-year period ending June 30, 2014.

For the 2014 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was also 7.5%, including an inflation rate of 3.0% and a real return of 4.5%. However, salary increases were assumed to vary by age.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability Teacher Health Insurance Security Fund

	June	June 30,				
Fiscal Year	2019		2018			
Measurement date	2018		2017			
Employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability	0.165736%		0.170717%			
Employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability The portion of the State's proportionate share amount of the collective	\$ 43,664,491	\$	44,300,445			
net OPEB liability associated with the employer	58,631,944		58,177,486			
Total	\$ 102,296,435	\$	102,477,931			
Covered payroll	\$ 39,251,266	\$	39,270,912			
Collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of the covered payroll	260.6%		261.0%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.00%		0.00%			

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Contributions Teacher Health Insurance Security Fund

For the fiscal year ending	2019		2018	
Statutorily-required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily-required contribution	\$ 371,081 371,081	\$	345,287 345,287	
Contribution (excess) deficiency	\$ -	\$	-	
Employer's employee covered payroll	\$ 40,334,889	\$	39,251,266	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.92%	•	0.88%	

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Notes to the Schedules

Notes to schedule of contributions

Valuation date June 30, 2017 Measurement date June 30, 2018 Fiscal year-end date June 30, 2019

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal, used to measure the Total OPEB Liability

Contribution policy Benefits are financed on a pay-as-you go basis. Contribution rates are

defined by statute. For fiscal year end June 30, 2019, contribution rates are 1.24% of pay for active members, 0.92% of pay for school districts and 1.24% of pay for the State. Retired members contribute a percentage of premium rates. The goal of the policy is to finance current year costs plus a margin for incurred but note paid plan costs.

Asset valuation method Market value

Investment rate of return 0%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Inflation 2.75%

Aging factors

Salary increases Depends on service and ranges from 9.25% at less than 1 year of

service to 3.25% at 20 or more years of service. Salary increase

incudes a 3.25% wage inflation assumption.

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of

eligibility condition. Last updated for the June 30, 2016, actuarial

valuation.

Mortality Retirement and Beneficiary Annuitants: RP-2014 White Collar

Annuitant Mortality Table. Disabled Annuitants: RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Table. Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 White Collar Table. Tables are adjusted for SURS experience. All tables reflect future mortality

improvements using Projection Scale MP-2014.

Health care cost trend rates Actual trend used for fiscal year 2018. For fiscal years on and after

2019, trend starts at 8.00% and 9.00% for non-Medicare costs and post-Medicare costs, respectively, and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.50%. Additional trend rate of 0.36% is added to non-Medicare cost on and after 2022 to account for the Excise tax.

Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to

Death"

Expenses Health administrative expenses are included in the development of

the per capita claims costs. Operating expenses are included as a

component of the Annual OPEB Expense.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios District's Other Postemployment Plan

	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability		
Service cost	\$ 644,122	\$ 610,225
Interest	428,236	611,550
Changes of benefit terms	-	(1,150,702)
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(971,736)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	165,053	(905,759)
Benefit payments	(845,853)	(919,244)
Other changes	 37,003	(3,462,481)
Net change in total OPEB liability	428,561	(6,188,147)
Total OPEB liability—beginning	 14,793,272	20,981,419
Total OPEB liability—ending	\$ 15,221,833	\$ 14,793,272

Note: The other changes represent the change in retiree plan participation from the District's plan to the Teacher's Health Insurance Fund which does not have an implicit rate subsidy for pre-Medicare retirees.

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Notes to the Schedules

District's other postemployment plan

Valuation date July 1, 2017 Measurement date June 30, 2019

Actuarial cost method Aggregate entry age = normal

Price inflation 3.00%
Salary increases 4.00%
Discount rate 2.79%

Health care trend For the District's Plan, starting at 10.00% and ending at 5.50% after

the 2028 fiscal year. For the THIS Plan, staying consistent at 5.00%

for all years.

Retirement contribution trend Same as health care trend

Mortality and retirement rates

Same rates as used in the IMRF Actuarial Valuation Report and the

TRS Actuarial Valuation Report.

Changes since last actuarial

valuation

The discount rate was changed from 2.98% as of June 30, 2018 to

2.79% as of June 30, 2019.

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual		ariance With Final Budget
Revenues:					_
Property taxes	\$ 35,335,829	\$ 35,335,829	\$ 36,008,625	\$	672,796
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	3,532,444	3,532,444	4,254,426		721,982
Other local sources	2,850,587	3,029,524	2,691,239		(338,285)
General state aid	19,161,360	20,394,923	20,374,417		(20,506)
Restricted state aid	2,668,835	2,793,476	2,735,244		(58,232)
Federal aid	6,822,371	7,568,634	6,978,244		(590,390)
On-behalf payments	3,680,219	3,680,219	4,513,672		833,453
Investment earnings	 548,389	548,389	1,015,726		467,337
Total revenues	74,600,034	76,883,438	78,571,593		1,688,155
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	48,403,988	47,878,360	48,179,415		301,055
Support services	23,905,859	25,055,270	23,596,972		(1,458,298)
Tuition paid to other districts	379,147	454,513	560,461		105,948
Capital outlay	3,331,369	4,344,726	2,641,405		(1,703,321)
Provision for contingencies	1,159,173	739,133	-		(739,133)
Total expenditures	77,179,536	78,472,002	74,978,253		(3,493,749)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures	(2,579,502)	(1,588,564)	3,593,340		5,181,904
Other financing source, insurance proceeds	2,000,000	2,000,000	1,022,706		3,022,706
	\$ (579,502)	\$ 411,436	4,616,046	\$	8,204,610
Fund balance, beginning of year			 44,872,396	_	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 49,488,442	_	

See note to required supplementary information.

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted by the Board annually for all governmental funds except for the School Activity Fund, a special revenue fund, which is not budgeted. The budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Board uses the following procedures in establishing the budget amounts reported in the financial statements:

- 1. The administration submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted and the proposed budget is available for inspection to obtain taxpayer comments. The proposed budget is readily available at least 30 days prior to final action by the Board.
- 3. Prior to September 30, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution. By the last Tuesday in December, a tax levy ordinance is filed with the county clerk to obtain tax revenues.
- 4. The Superintendent is authorized to transfer up to 10% of the total budget between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board.
- 5. Legal spending control for the budget is at the fund level, but formal budgetary integration at a line item level is employed as a management control device during the year for each fund.
- 6. The Board may amend the budget after it is approved using the same procedures required to approve the original budget.
- Appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year to the extent that they have not been expended.

There was one budget amendment for 2019 in the General Fund increasing expenditures by \$1,291,686.

There was one budget amendment for 2019 in the Aggregate Non-Major Funds, decreasing expenditures by \$55,000.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, expenditures exceeded the amounts budgeted in the Tort Immunity and Judgement Fund and the Debt Service Fund.

Balance Sheet—By Account—General Fund June 30, 2019

	Educational Account	an	Operations d Maintenance Account	Working Cash Account		Total
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 30,539,020	\$	3,066,144	\$	13,325,370	\$ 46,930,534
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts:						
Property taxes	33,927,608		7,573,127		504,875	42,005,610
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	760,015		-		-	760,015
Other	42,728		62		-	42,790
Due from other funds	1,048,653		-		-	1,048,653
Due from other governmental units	1,584,622		-		-	1,584,622
Inventory	54,623		-		-	54,623
Prepaid items	28,810		=		-	28,810
Total assets	\$ 67,986,079	\$	10,639,333	\$	13,830,245	\$ 92,455,657
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balance						
Liabilities:						
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 588,534	\$	124,190	\$	-	\$ 712,724
Accrued liabilities	8,133,676		7,612		-	8,141,288
Unearned revenue	 100,837		-		-	100,837
Total liabilities	8,823,047		131,802		-	8,954,849
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Unavailable revenue—property taxes	27,034,966		6,031,836		402,123	33,468,925
Unavailable revenue—intergovernmental	543,441		-		-	543,441
Total deferred inflows of resources	27,578,407		6,031,836		402,123	34,012,366
Fund balance:						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	54,623		-		-	54,623
Prepaid items	28,810		-		-	28,810
Restricted for:						
Grantor restricted purpose	5,005,606		-		-	5,005,606
Working cash	-		-		8,631,445	8,631,445
Assigned, purchases on order	1,175,970		445,103		-	1,621,073
Unassigned	25,319,616		4,030,592		4,796,677	34,146,885
Total fund balance	31,584,625		4,475,695		13,428,122	49,488,442
Total liabilities, deferred						
inflows of resources and						
fund balance	\$ 67,986,079	\$	10,639,333	\$	13,830,245	\$ 92,455,657

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance— By Account—General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Educational Account	Operations I Maintenance Account	tenance Worki		Total
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 29,083,889	\$ 6,491,940	\$	432,796	\$ 36,008,625
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	4,254,426	-		-	4,254,426
Other local sources	2,301,191	390,048		-	2,691,239
General state aid	20,374,417	=		-	20,374,417
Restricted state aid	2,735,244	=		-	2,735,244
Restricted federal aid:					
Title I	2,050,029	=		-	2,050,029
Special education	1,608,797	=		-	1,608,797
Lunch and breakfast programs	2,221,082	-		-	2,221,082
Other	1,098,336	-		-	1,098,336
On-behalf payments	4,513,672	-		-	4,513,672
Investment earnings	 541,502	56,371		417,853	1,015,726
Total revenues	 70,782,585	6,938,359		850,649	78,571,593
Expenditures: Current: Instruction:					
Regular	35,332,844	-		-	35,332,844
Special	6,995,589	_		-	6,995,589
Other	5,850,982	-		-	5,850,982
	48,179,415	-		-	48,179,415
Support services:					
Pupils	3,469,797	=		-	3,469,797
Instructional staff	1,903,068	-		-	1,903,068
General administration	1,244,210	-		-	1,244,210
School administration	4,282,447	-		-	4,282,447
Operation and maintenance of plant	· · · -	6,230,014		-	6,230,014
Other business and central services	6,467,436	-		-	6,467,436
	17,366,958	6,230,014		-	23,596,972
Tuition paid to other districts	560,461	-		-	560,461
Capital outlay	1,465,597	1,175,808		-	2,641,405
Total expenditures	 67,572,431	7,405,822		-	74,978,253
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	3,210,154	(467,463)		850,649	3,593,340
Other financing source, insurance proceeds	-	1,022,706		-	1,022,706
Net change in fund balance	3,210,154	555,243		850,649	4,616,046
Fund balance, beginning of year	 28,374,471	3,920,452		12,577,473	44,872,396
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 31,584,625	\$ 4,475,695	\$	13,428,122	\$ 49,488,442

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—By Account Budget and Actual—General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Educational Account							
	 Budget		Actual		Variance			
Revenues:								
Property taxes	\$ 28,540,477	\$	29,083,889	\$	543,412			
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	3,532,444		4,254,426		721,982			
Other local sources	2,654,524		2,301,191		(353,333)			
General state aid	20,394,923		20,374,417		(20,506)			
Restricted state aid	2,793,476		2,735,244		(58,232)			
Federal aid	7,568,634		6,978,244		(590,390)			
On-behalf payments	3,680,219		4,513,672		833,453			
Investment earnings	 346,092		541,502		195,410			
Total revenues	69,510,789		70,782,585		1,271,796			
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Instruction	47,878,360		48,179,415		301,055			
Support services	18,142,549		17,366,958		(775,591)			
Tuition paid to other districts	454,513		560,461		105,948			
Capital outlay	1,784,326		1,465,597		(318,729)			
Provision for contingencies	739,133		-		(739,133)			
Total expenditures	 68,998,881		67,572,431		(1,426,450)			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures	511,908		3,210,154		2,698,246			
Other financing source, insurance proceeds	_		-		-			
Net change in fund balance	\$ 511,908	_	3,210,154	\$	2,698,246			
Fund balance, beginning of year			28,374,471	_				
Fund balance, end of year		\$	31,584,625	=				

Operations and

	Maint	enance Accour	nt		Working Cash Account								
Budget		Actual		Variance		Budget		Actual		Variance			
\$ 6,370,643	\$	6,491,940	\$	121,297	\$	424,709	\$	432,796	\$	8,087			
- 375,000		- 390,048		- 15,048		-		-		-			
373,000		390,040		15,046		-		-		-			
_		-		_		_		_		_			
_		_		_		_		_		_			
_		_		_		_		_		_			
32,600		56,371		23,771		169,697		417,853		248,156			
6,778,243		6,938,359		160,116		594,406		850,649		256,243			
- 6,912,721 - 2,560,400		- 6,230,014 - 1,175,808		- (682,707) - (1,384,592)		- - -		- - -		- - -			
 -				-		-		-		-			
 9,473,121		7,405,822		(2,067,299)	-	-		-		-			
(2,694,878)		(467,463)		2,227,415		594,406		850,649		256,243			
 2,000,000		1,022,706		(977,294)		-		-		-			
\$ (694,878)	=	555,243	\$	1,250,121	\$	594,406	=	850,649	\$	256,243			
		3,920,452	-					12,577,473	_				
	\$	4,475,695	_				\$	13,428,122	_				

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—By Account General Fund—Budget and Actual (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

			Total		
	Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 35,335,829	\$	36,008,625	\$	672,796
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	3,532,444		4,254,426		721,982
Other local sources	3,029,524		2,691,239		(338,285)
General state aid	20,394,923		20,374,417		(20,506)
Restricted state aid	2,793,476		2,735,244		(58,232)
Federal aid	7,568,634		6,978,244		(590,390)
On-behalf payments	3,680,219		4,513,672		833,453
Investment earnings	 548,389		1,015,726		467,337
Total revenues	76,883,438		78,571,593		1,688,155
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	47,878,360		48,179,415		301,055
Support services	25,055,270		23,596,972		(1,458,298)
Tuition paid to other districts	454,513		560,461		105,948
Capital outlay	4,344,726		2,641,405		(1,703,321)
Provision for contingencies	739,133		-		(739,133)
Total expenditures	78,472,002		74,978,253		(3,493,749)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(1,588,564)		3,593,340		5,181,904
Other financing source, insurance proceeds	2,000,000		1,022,706		(977,294)
Net change in fund balance	\$ 411,436	=	4,616,046	\$	4,204,610
Fund balance, beginning of year			44,872,396	_	
Fund balance, end of year		\$	49,488,442		

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Transportation Fund: This fund accounts for all revenue received and expenditures made for student transportation to and from school. Revenue is derived primarily from local property taxes and state reimbursement grants.

Municipal Retirement and Social Security Fund: This fund accounts for the District's portion of pension contributions to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, OASDI and employer's share of Medicare for noncertified employees. Revenue to finance the contributions is derived primarily from local property taxes.

School Activity Fund: This fund accounts for the monies generated by student organizations via fund raising activities.

Tort Immunity and Judgment Fund: This fund accounts for all revenue received and expenditures made for tort immunity or tort judgment purposes. Revenue is derived primarily from local property taxes.

Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Life Safety Fund: This fund accounts for all revenue received and expenditures made for purposes of fire prevention, safety, energy conservation or school security.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

	Special Revenue								
				Municipal					
			Re	etirement and					
	Tr	ansportation	S	ocial Security	5	School Activity			
Assets									
Cash and investments	\$	2,067,537	\$	3,578,012	\$	539,611			
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts:									
Property taxes		781,546		2,548,610		-			
Other		355		993		299,198			
Due from other governmental units		559,261		-		-			
Prepaid Items		-		-		-			
Total assets	\$	3,408,699	\$	6,127,615	\$	838,809			
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances									
Liabilities:									
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	14,714	\$	-	\$	17,071			
Accrued wage and benefit liabilities		-		239,084		-			
Total liabilities		14,714		239,084		17,071			
Deferred inflows of resources:									
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		622,485		2,029,914		-			
Unavailable revenue-intergovernmental		470,000		-		-			
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,092,485		2,029,914		=			
Fund balances:									
Nonspendable, prepaid items		-		-		-			
Restricted for:									
Transportation		2,183,906		-		-			
Municipal retirement		-		2,108,229		-			
Social security		-		1,640,906		-			
Tort immunity		-		-		-			
Debt service		-		-		-			
School activity		-		-		756,266			
Assigned for:									
Purchases on order		43,921		-		65,472			
Transportation		73,673		-		-			
Tort immunity and judgment		-		-		-			
Municipal retirement and social security		-		109,482		-			
Total fund balances		2,301,500		3,858,617		821,738			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of									
resources and fund balances	\$	3,408,699	\$	6,127,615	\$	838,809			

	Special	Rever	nue	_		 Capital Projects	_	
٦	ort Immunity							Total Nonmajor Governmental
а	nd Judgment		Total		Debt Service	Life Safety		Funds
\$	1,922,783	\$	8,107,943	\$	778,066	\$ 831,063	\$	9,717,072
	1,096,588		4,426,744		3,871,383	504,875		8,803,002
	-		300,546		-	-		300,546
	-		559,261		-	-		559,261
	1,485		1,485		-	-		1,485
\$	3,020,856	\$	13,395,979	\$	4,649,449	\$ 1,335,938	\$	19,381,366
\$	24,523	\$	56,308	\$	15,000	\$ 357,791	\$	429,099
	, =		239,084		, -	, -		239,084
	24,523		295,392		15,000	357,791		668,183
	873,409		3,525,808		3,083,475	402,123		7,011,406
	-		470,000		=	-		470,000
	873,409		3,995,808		3,083,475	402,123		7,481,406
	1,485		1,485		_	_		1,485
	1, 100		1, 100					1,100
	-		2,183,906		-	-		2,183,906
	-		2,108,229		-	-		2,108,229
	-		1,640,906		=	-		1,640,906
	2,009,199		2,009,199		-	-		2,009,199
	-		-		1,550,974	-		1,550,974
	-		756,266		-	-		756,266
	50,362		159,755		-	576,024		735,779
	-		73,673		-	-		73,673
	61,878		61,878		-	-		61,878
	-		109,482		-	-		109,482
	2,122,924		9,104,779		1,550,974	576,024		11,231,777
\$	3,020,856	\$	13,395,979	\$	4,649,449	\$ 1,335,938	\$	19,381,366

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

			٥.	ecial Revenue		
			R	Municipal etirement and		
	Tr	Transportation		ocial Security		School Activity
Revenues:		•		,		•
Property taxes	\$	710,454	\$	2,099,199	\$	-
Corporate personal property replacement taxes		-		495,837		-
Restricted state aid		446,015		-		-
Investment earnings		42,625		58,134		-
Other local sources and student fundraising activities		-		-		813,943
Total revenues		1,199,094		2,653,170		813,943
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction		-		801,929		413,681
Support services		1,275,910		1,524,852		361,849
Capital outlay		55,287		-		-
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-
Total expenditures		1,331,197		2,326,781		775,530
Net change in fund balance		(132,103)		326,389		38,413
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,433,603		3,532,228		783,325
Fund balances, end of year	_\$	2,301,500	\$	3,858,617	\$	821,738

Special	l Rever	nue	_			Capital Projects	_	
Tort Immunity and Judgment Total				Debt Service		Life Safety		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 1,035,519	\$	3,845,172	\$	3,564,652	\$	432,796	\$	7,842,620
-		495,837		-		=		495,837
-		446,015		-		40.407		446,015
36,053		136,812		34,838		49,197		220,847
 1,071,572		813,943 5,737,779		145,309 3,744,799		481,993		959,252 9,964,571
-		1,215,610		-		-		1,215,610
947,972		4,110,583		-		-		4,110,583
=		55,287		-		1,010,891		1,066,178
-		-		4,130,297		-		4,130,297
-		=		1,224,798		-		1,224,798
947,972		5,381,480		5,355,095		1,010,891		11,747,466
123,600		356,299		(1,610,296)		(528,898)		(1,782,895)
1,999,324		8,748,480		3,161,270	1,104,922			13,014,672
\$ 2,122,924	\$	9,104,779	\$	1,550,974	\$	576,024	\$	11,231,777

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—All Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Spe	ecial Revenue		
		Tr	ansportation		
	Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 747,489	\$	710,454	\$	(37,035)
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	-		-		-
Restricted state aid	361,101		446,015		84,914
Investment earnings	26,526		42,625		16,099
Other local sources	 -		-		-
Total revenues	1,135,116		1,199,094		63,978
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	-		-		-
Support services	1,323,130		1,275,910		(47,220)
Capital outlay	200,000		55,287		(144,713)
Debt service:					,
Principal retirement	-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-		-
Provision for contingencies	-		-		-
Total expenditures	1,523,130		1,331,197		(191,933)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (388,014)	=	(132,103)	\$	255,911
Fund balances, beginning of year			2,433,603	_	
Fund balances, end of year		\$	2,301,500	=	

Special Revenue

Municipa	l Retir	ement and Soc	ial Se	ecurity		To	rt Imm	unity and Judg	<u>men</u> t	
Budget		Actual		Variance		Budget		Actual		Variance
\$ 1,953,664 458,972	\$	2,099,199 495,837	\$	145,535 36,865	\$	1,134,824 -	\$	1,035,519 -	\$	(99,305) -
- 48,855		- 58,134		9,279		- 23,758		- 36,053		- 12,295
2,461,491		2,653,170		191,679		1,158,582		1,071,572		(87,010)
840,039 1,523,201		801,929 1,524,852		(38,110) 1,651		- 925,368		- 947,972		- 22,604
-		-		-		-		-		-
-		-		-		-		-		-
2,363,240		- 2,326,781		(36,459)		925,368		947,972		22,604
\$ 98,251	=	326,389	\$	228,138	\$	233,214	=	123,600	\$	(109,614)
		3,532,228	_					1,999,324	_	
	\$	3,858,617	_				\$	2,122,924	_	

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—All Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Ca	apital Projects		
			Life Safety		
	Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 424,709	\$	432,796	\$	8,087
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	-		-		-
Restricted state aid	-		-		-
Investment earnings	27,687		49,197		21,510
Other local sources	 -		-		
Total revenues	452,396		481,993		29,597
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	-		-		-
Support services	-		-		-
Capital outlay	1,990,502		1,010,891		(979,611)
Debt service:					-
Principal retirement	-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-		_
Provision for contingencies	-		-		-
Total expenditures	1,990,502		1,010,891		(979,611)
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,538,106)	=	(528,898)	\$	1,009,208
Fund balances, beginning of year			1,104,922	_	
Fund balances, end of year		\$	576,024	_	

Debt Service										
	Budget		Actual		Variance					
\$	3,803,698	\$	3,564,652	\$	(239,046)					
	-		-		-					
	-		-		-					
	31,796		34,838		3,042					
	144,067		145,309		1,242					
	3,979,561		3,744,799		(234,762)					
	_		_		-					
	-		-		-					
	-		-		-					
	4,130,297		4,130,297		- -					
	1,209,420		1,224,798		15,378					
	-		-		-					
	5,339,717		5,355,095		15,378					
\$	(1,360,156)	=	(1,610,296)	\$	(250,140)					
			3,161,270	_						
		\$	1,550,974							

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—All Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Total		
	•	Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	8,064,384	\$	7,842,620	\$	(221,764)
Corporate personal property replacement taxes		458,972		495,837		36,865
Restricted state aid		361,101		446,015		84,914
Investment earnings		158,622		220,847		62,225
Other local sources		144,067		145,309		1,242
Total revenues		9,187,146		9,150,628		(36,518)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction		840,039		801,929		(38,110)
Support services		3,771,699		3,748,734		(22,965)
Capital outlay		2,190,502		1,066,178		(1,124,324)
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		4,130,297		4,130,297		-
Interest and fiscal charges		1,209,420		1,224,798		15,378
Provision for contingencies		-		-		-
Total expenditures		12,141,957		10,971,936		(1,170,021)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,954,811)	=	(1,821,308)	\$	1,133,503
Fund balances, beginning of year				12,231,347	_	
Fund balances, end of year			\$	10,410,039	=	

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Balance June 30, 2018	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2019
Flexible Spending Fund				
Assets, due from other governmental units	\$ 21,520	\$ 230,138	\$ 214,416	\$ 37,242
Liabilities, due to employees	\$ 21,520	\$ 230,138	\$ 214,416	\$ 37,242

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities By Source June 30, 2019

General capital assets:	
Land	\$ 1,139,143
Construction-in-process	13,800,031
Land improvements	9,477,362
Buildings	119,372,053
Equipment and vehicles	 5,377,585
Total general capital assets	\$ 149,166,174
Investment in general capital assets:	
Investment in property from all sources other than federal, prior to June 30, 1988 Investment in property acquired on and after July 1, 1988 from:	\$ 23,699,174
General Fund	81,664,191
Special revenue funds	291,116
Capital Projects Fund	 43,511,693
Total as of June 30, 2019	\$ 149,166,174

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities By Function and Activity June 30, 2019

	Land	Land Improvements		Buildings	
Function and activity:					
Instruction:					
High School	\$ 144,783	\$	3,458,644	\$ 27,684,588	
Middle Schools:					
John Deere	22,500		568,217	19,134,749	
Woodrow Wilson	140,084		125,953	13,743,285	
Elementary Schools:					
Jane Addams	46,428		161,877	704,428	
Bicentennial	42,000		120,499	9,714,684	
Butterworth	12,500		237,144	1,592,317	
Franklin	40,316		114,046	8,297,039	
Hamilton	307,657		43,280	18,261,740	
Lincoln-Irving	50,523		341,046	1,818,766	
Logan	91,552		250,547	3,658,039	
Horace Mann	15,000		93,731	1,582,685	
Roosevelt	9,000		61,046	4,402,691	
Washington	96,340		115,882	1,898,208	
Willard	34,465		116,516	1,375,943	
Jefferson Early Childhood Center	44,750		257,517	858,768	
Other District property:					
Coolidge	29,644		783,260	2,418,554	
Wharton Field House	 5,280		2,536,638	1,986,620	
Total instruction	 1,132,822		9,385,843	119,133,104	
Support services, administration	 6,321		91,519	238,949	
Total governmental activities capital assets	\$ 1,139,143	\$	9,477,362	\$ 119,372,053	

Equipment and	С	onstruction-In-		
Vehicles	Process		Total	
\$ 2,833,184	\$	13,048,299	\$	47,169,498
453,018		4,988		20,183,472
556,218		4,271		14,569,811
-		123,033		1,035,766
5,231		-		9,882,414
32,215		29,475		1,903,651
32,379		13,940		8,497,720
121,658		-		18,734,335
47,626		195,971		2,453,932
42,691		53,285		4,096,114
15,238		-		1,706,654
12,884		119,010		4,604,631
91,757		-		2,202,187
9,393		34,920		1,571,237
7,028		92,726		1,260,789
955,772		_		4,187,230
22,811		-		4,551,349
 5,239,103		13,719,918		148,610,790
138,482		80,113		555,384
				,
\$ 5,377,585	\$	13,800,031	\$	149,166,174

Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities— By Function and Activities Year Ended June 30, 2019

	June 30, 2018	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	June 30, 2019
Instruction:					
Moline High School:					
Land	\$ 144,783	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 144,783
Land improvements	3,458,644	-	-	-	3,458,644
Buildings	27,663,952	20,636	=	=	27,684,588
Construction-in-process	4,495,381	8,552,918	=	=	13,048,299
Equipment and vehicles	2,626,247	228,813	21,876	-	2,833,184
	38,389,007	8,802,367	21,876	-	47,169,498
John Deere Middle School:					
Land	22,500	=	=	-	22,500
Land improvements	568,217	-	-	-	568,217
Buildings	19,064,100	69,015	_	1,634	19,134,749
Construction-in-process	1,634	4,988	_	(1,634)	4,988
Equipment and vehicles	393,404	59,614	_	-	453,018
	20,049,855	133,617	-	-	20,183,472
Woodrow Wilson Middle School:					
Land	140,084	_	_	_	140,084
Land improvements	125,953	_	_	_	125,953
Buildings	13,027,526	209,192	_	506,567	13,743,285
Construction-in-process	509,533	1,305	_	(506,567)	4,271
Equipment and vehicles	464,131	92,087	- -	(300,307)	556,218
Equipment and venicles	14,267,227	302,584	-	-	14,569,811
Jane Addams:					
Land	46,428				46,428
	40,426 81,318	44.007	-	20.400	
Land improvements	,	44,397	-	36,162	161,877
Buildings	704,428	440 440	-	(00.400)	704,428
Construction-in-process	46,777 878,951	112,418 156,815	-	(36,162)	123,033 1,035,766
	·	·			
Bicentennial:	40.000				40.000
Land	42,000	-	-	-	42,000
Land improvements	120,499	-	=	=	120,499
Buildings	9,693,243	21,441	=	=	9,714,684
Construction-in-process	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment and vehicles	5,231	-	-	-	5,231
	9,860,973	21,441	-	-	9,882,414
Butterworth:					
Land	12,500	-	-	-	12,500
Land improvements	172,828	27,357	-	36,959	237,144
Buildings	1,395,091	52,210	-	145,016	1,592,317
Construction-in-process	193,389	18,061	-	(181,975)	29,475
Equipment and vehicles	32,215		-	-	32,215
	1,806,023	97,628	=	-	1,903,651

Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities— By Function and Activities (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

	June 30, 2018	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	June 30, 2019
Instruction:					
Franklin:					
Land	40,316	-	-	-	40,316
Land improvements	47,729	61,913	=	4,404	114,046
Buildings	1,228,537	1,254,594	-	5,813,908	8,297,039
Construction-in-process	5,818,312	13,940	-	(5,818,312)	13,940
Equipment and vehicles	32,379	-	-	-	32,379
	7,167,273	1,330,447	-	-	8,497,720
Hamilton:					
Land	307,657	_	_	_	307,657
Land improvements	43,280	_	_	_	43,280
•	•	-	-	-	•
Buildings	18,261,740	-	47.500	-	18,261,740
Equipment and vehicles	139,186 18,751,863	-	17,528 17,528	-	121,658 18,734,335
			,		
Lincoln-Irving:	50 500				50 500
Land	50,523	-	-	-	50,523
Land improvements	104,073	139,718	=	97,255	341,046
Buildings	1,806,596	10,535	-	1,635	1,818,766
Construction-in-process	98,890	195,971	-	(98,890)	195,971
Equipment and vehicles	47,626	-	-	-	47,626
	2,107,708	346,224	-	-	2,453,932
Logan:					
Land	91,552	-	-	-	91,552
Land improvements	102,062	128,527	-	19,958	250,547
Buildings	3,645,635	10,769	=	1,635	3,658,039
Construction-in-process	33,042	41,836	_	(21,593)	53,285
Equipment and vehicles	42,691	-	_	(=1,000)	42,691
_ q	3,914,982	181,132	-	-	4,096,114
Horace Mann:					
Land	15,000	_	_	_	15,000
Land improvements	93,731				93,731
•	•	- - 20F	-	-	,
Buildings	1,577,290	5,395	-	-	1,582,685
Equipment and vehicles	15,238 1,701,259	5,395	-	<u>-</u>	15,238 1,706,654
	.,,	-,			,,
Roosevelt:	0.000				0.000
Land	9,000	-	-	-	9,000
Land improvements	61,046	-	-	-	61,046
Buildings	4,369,211	31,846	-	1,634	4,402,691
Construction-in-process	1,634	119,010	-	(1,634)	119,010
Equipment and vehicles	12,884	-	-	-	12,884
	4,453,775	150,856	=	-	4,604,631

Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities— By Function and Activities (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2019

Instruction:		June 30, 2018	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	June 30, 2019
Land improvements	Instruction:					
Page Page	Washington:					
Buildings 1,864,015 32,860 - 1,333 1,898,208 Construction-in-process 11,886 -	Land		-	-	-	96,340
Construction-in-process 11,886 -	Land improvements		76,260	-		115,882
Equipment and vehicles	Buildings	, ,	32,860	-		1,898,208
Nillard:				-	(11,886)	=
Millard: Land 34,465	Equipment and vehicles			-	-	
Land 34,465 - - - 34,465 Land improvements 100,101 4,608 - 11,807 115,165 Buildings 1,174,457 90,026 - 1111,460 1,375,943 Construction-in-process 123,267 34,920 - (123,267) 34,920 Equipment and vehicles 9,393 - - 0 1,571,237 Jefferson Early Childhood Center: Land 44,750 - - - 7,70 257,517 Buildings 858,768 - - - 4,750 25,517 Buildings 858,768 - - - 7,02 25,7517 Buildings 858,768 - - - 7,02 25,7517 Buildings 858,768 - - - 7,028 - - 7,028 Coolidge: Land 29,644 - - - 29,644 Land improvements <		2,081,547	120,640	-	-	2,202,187
Desire	Willard:					
Buildings 1,174,457 90,026 111,460 1,375,943 Construction-in-process 123,267 34,920 - (123,267) 34,920 Equipment and vehicles 9,393 - 0 - 0 9,393 Jefferson Early Childhood Center: 44,750 - 0 - 0 44,750 Land 44,750 - 0 - 0 44,750 Land improvements 100,431 149,616 - 0 - 7,470 257,517 Buildings 858,768 - 0 - 0 858,768 Construction-in-process 7,470 92,726 - 0 - 7,028 Equipment and vehicles 7,028 - 0 - 0 1,260,789 Coolidge: 1 1 1,018,447 - 0 - 0 7,028 Land 2,9644 - 0 - 0 7,83,260 - 0 - 7,83,260 Buildings 2,386,381 30,73 - 0 2,418,554 - 0 - 2,418,554 Equipment and vehicles 5,280 - 0 - 0	Land	34,465	=	=	-	34,465
Construction-in-process 123,267 34,920 - (123,267) 34,939 Equipment and vehicles 9,393 9,393 1,571,237 Jefferson Early Childhood Center: Land 44,750 44,750 44,750 Land improvements 100,431 149,616 7,702 257,517 Buildings 858,768 7,028 7,028 858,768 Construction-in-process 7,470 92,726 7,028 7,028 7,028 7,028 7,028 7,028 7,028 7,028 7,028 7,028 7,028	Land improvements	100,101	4,608	-	11,807	116,516
Equipment and vehicles 9,933 - - 9,333 1,441,683 129,554 - 1,571,237 Jefferson Early Childhood Center: Land 44,750 - - 44,750 Land improvements 100,431 149,616 - 7,470 257,517 Buildings 858,768 - - - 858,768 Construction-in-process 7,470 92,726 - (7,470) 92,726 Equipment and vehicles 7,028 - - - 1,260,789 Coolidge: Land 29,644 - - - 783,260 Buildings 2,386,381 30,173 17,890 - 2,418,554 Equipment and vehicles 973,662 - 17,890 - 4,187,230 Wharton Field House: Land 5,280 - - 5,280 Land improvements 2,536,638 - - 2,36,638 Build	Buildings	1,174,457	90,026	=	111,460	1,375,943
1,441,683 129,554 - 1,571,237	Construction-in-process	123,267	34,920	-	(123,267)	34,920
Defferson Early Childhood Center: Land	Equipment and vehicles	9,393	=	-	-	9,393
Land 44,750 - - 4,750 25,751 Land improvements 100,431 149,616 - 7,470 257,517 858,768 Construction-in-process 7,470 92,726 - (7,470) 92,726 Equipment and vehicles 7,028 - - - 7,028 Equipment and vehicles 7,028 - - - 7,028 Coolidge: 1,018,447 242,342 - - 1,260,789 Coolidge: Land 29,644 - - - - 783,260 Buildings 783,260 - - - 783,260 Buildings 973,662 - 17,890 - 955,772 Equipment and vehicles 973,662 - 17,890 - 4,187,230 Wharton Field House: Land 5,280 - - - 5,280 Land improvements 2,536,638 - -		1,441,683	129,554	-	=	1,571,237
Land 44,750 - - 4,750 25,751 Land improvements 100,431 149,616 - 7,470 257,517 858,768 Construction-in-process 7,470 92,726 - (7,470) 92,726 Equipment and vehicles 7,028 - - - 7,028 Equipment and vehicles 7,028 - - - 7,028 Coolidge: 1,018,447 242,342 - - 1,260,789 Coolidge: Land 29,644 - - - - 783,260 Buildings 783,260 - - - 783,260 Buildings 973,662 - 17,890 - 955,772 Equipment and vehicles 973,662 - 17,890 - 4,187,230 Wharton Field House: Land 5,280 - - - 5,280 Land improvements 2,536,638 - -	Jefferson Early Childhood Center:					
Buildings 858,768 - - - 858,768 Construction-in-process 7,470 92,726 - (7,470) 92,726 Equipment and vehicles 7,028 - - - 7,028 Equipment and vehicles 1,018,447 242,342 - - 1,260,789 Coolidge: 2 - - - 29,644 - - - 29,644 - - - 29,644 - - - 29,644 - - - - 783,260 - - - 29,644 - - - 29,644 - - - - 783,260 - - - 783,260 - - - 2,418,554 - - - 2,418,554 - - 2,418,554 - - - 2,418,554 - - - - - - - - - - - -		44,750	-	-	-	44,750
Buildings 858,768 - - - 858,768 Construction-in-process 7,470 92,726 - (7,470) 92,726 Equipment and vehicles 7,028 - - - 7,028 Equipment and vehicles 1,018,447 242,342 - - 1,260,789 Coolidge: 2 - - - 29,644 - - - 29,644 - - - 29,644 - - - 29,644 - - - - 783,260 - - - 29,644 - - - 29,644 - - - - 783,260 - - - 783,260 - - - 2,418,554 - - - 2,418,554 - - 2,418,554 - - - 2,418,554 - - - - - - - - - - - -	Land improvements	100,431	149,616	-	7,470	257,517
Construction-in-process 7,470 92,726 - (7,470) 92,726 Equipment and vehicles 7,028 - - - 7,028 Indextraction in-process 1,018,447 242,342 - - 1,260,789 Coolidge: Land 29,644 - - - 783,260 Buildings 2,388,381 30,173 - - 29,644 Equipment and vehicles 973,662 - 17,890 - 955,772 Buildings - 1,7890 - 955,772 4,174,947 30,173 17,890 - 955,772 Wharton Field House: - - - - 5,280 Land improvements 2,536,638 - - - 5,280 Land improvements 2,536,638 - - - - 5,280 Construction-in-process - - - - - - - - -			· -	-	-	
Equipment and vehicles 7,028 - - 7,028 1,018,447 242,342 - - 1,260,789 Coolidge: Land 29,644 - - - 29,644 Land improvements 783,260 - - - 783,260 Buildings 2,388,381 30,173 - - 2,418,554 Equipment and vehicles 973,662 - 17,890 - 955,772 Land 5,280 - 17,890 - 4,187,230 Wharton Field House: - - - 5,280 - - - 4,187,230 Wharton Field House: - - - - - 4,187,230 - - - 4,187,230 -		7,470	92,726	-	(7,470)	92,726
Coolidge: Land 29,644 - - 1,260,789 Land 29,644 - - - 29,644 Land improvements 783,260 - - - 783,260 Buildings 2,388,381 30,173 - - 2,418,554 Equipment and vehicles 973,662 - 17,890 - 955,772 Wharton Field House: - - 17,890 - 4,187,230 Wharton Field House: - - - - 5,280 Land 5,280 - - - 5,280 Land improvements 2,536,638 - - - 2,536,638 Buildings 1,981,496 5,124 - - 2,536,638 Buildings 2,811 - - - 22,811 Construction-in-process - - - 22,811 4,546,225 5,124 - - 4,551,349 Support Se			· -	-		7,028
Land 29,644 - - - 29,644 Land improvements 783,260 - - - 783,260 Buildings 2,388,381 30,173 - - 2,418,554 Equipment and vehicles 973,662 - 17,890 - 955,772 Wharton Field House: Land 5,280 - - - 5,280 Land improvements 2,536,638 - - - 2,536,638 Buildings 1,981,496 5,124 - - 1,986,620 Construction-in-process - - - - 2,536,638 Buildings 1,981,496 5,124 - - 1,986,620 Construction-in-process 2,811 - - - 22,811 Land 6,321 - - - 4,551,349 Support Services: Allendale: - - - - 6,321 -			242,342	-	-	
Land 29,644 - - - 29,644 Land improvements 783,260 - - - 783,260 Buildings 2,388,381 30,173 - - 2,418,554 Equipment and vehicles 973,662 - 17,890 - 955,772 Wharton Field House: Land 5,280 - - - 5,280 Land improvements 2,536,638 - - - 2,536,638 Buildings 1,981,496 5,124 - - 1,986,620 Construction-in-process - - - - 2,536,638 Buildings 1,981,496 5,124 - - 1,986,620 Construction-in-process 2,811 - - - 22,811 Land 6,321 - - - 4,551,349 Support Services: Allendale: - - - - 6,321 -	Coolidge:					
Land improvements 783,260 - - - 783,260 Buildings 2,388,381 30,173 - - 2,418,554 Equipment and vehicles 973,662 - 17,890 - 955,772 Wharton Field House: Land 5,280 - - - 5,280 Land improvements 2,536,638 - - - 2,536,638 Buildings 1,981,496 5,124 - - 1,986,620 Construction-in-process - - - - - 2,238,11 Equipment and vehicles 22,811 - - - 4,551,349 Support Services: Allendale: - <	_	29,644	-	-	-	29,644
Buildings 2,388,381 30,173 - - 2,418,554 Equipment and vehicles 973,662 - 17,890 - 955,772 Wharton Field House: Land 5,280 - - - 5,280 Land improvements 2,536,638 - - - 2,536,638 Buildings 1,981,496 5,124 - - 1,986,620 Construction-in-process - - - - 2,236,638 Buildings 1,981,496 5,124 - - 1,986,620 Construction-in-process 22,811 - - - 22,811 Equipment and vehicles 22,811 - - - 4,551,349 Support Services: Allendale: - - - - 6,321 Land 6,321 - - - 6,321 Land improvements 90,519 - - - 6,321	Land improvements		-	-	_	·
Equipment and vehicles 973,662 - 17,890 - 955,772 Wharton Field House: 4,174,947 30,173 17,890 - 4,187,230 Wharton Field House: Use of the colspan="3">Use of the col		•	30.173	-	-	
Wharton Field House: Land 5,280 - - - 5,280 Land improvements 2,536,638 - - - 2,536,638 Buildings 1,981,496 5,124 - - 1,986,620 Construction-in-process - - - - - - 22,811 Equipment and vehicles 22,811 - - - 22,811 Support Services: 4,546,225 5,124 - - 4,551,349 Support Services: Allendale: - - - - - 4,551,349 Land improvements 90,519 - - - 6,321 Land improvements 90,519 - - 1,000 91,519 Buildings 238,949 - - - 238,949 Construction-in-process 443 80,670 - (1,000) 80,113 Equipment and vehicles 146,319 - 7,837 -<	_		-	17.890	-	
Land 5,280 - - - 5,280 Land improvements 2,536,638 - - - 2,536,638 Buildings 1,981,496 5,124 - - 1,986,620 Construction-in-process - - - - - - - 22,811 Equipment and vehicles 22,811 - - - 22,811 Support Services: Allendale: Land 6,321 - - - 6,321 Land improvements 90,519 - - 1,000 91,519 Buildings 238,949 - - - 238,949 Construction-in-process 443 80,670 - (1,000) 80,113 Equipment and vehicles 146,319 - 7,837 - 138,482	_4=====================================		30,173		-	
Land 5,280 - - - 5,280 Land improvements 2,536,638 - - - 2,536,638 Buildings 1,981,496 5,124 - - 1,986,620 Construction-in-process - - - - - - - 22,811 Equipment and vehicles 22,811 - - - 22,811 Support Services: Allendale: Land 6,321 - - - 6,321 Land improvements 90,519 - - 1,000 91,519 Buildings 238,949 - - - 238,949 Construction-in-process 443 80,670 - (1,000) 80,113 Equipment and vehicles 146,319 - 7,837 - 138,482	Whatton Field House:					
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Construction-in-process - 22,811 4,546,225 5,124 - - - 4,551,349 Support Services: Allendale: - - - - 4,551,349 Land improvements 90,519 - - - 6,321 Land improvements 90,519 - - 1,000 91,519 Buildings 238,949 - - - - 238,949 Construction-in-process 443 80,670 - (1,000) 80,113 Equipment and vehicles 146,319 - 7,837 - 138,482			- - 101	-	-	
Equipment and vehicles 22,811 - - - 22,811 4,546,225 5,124 - - 4,551,349 Support Services: Allendale: Land 6,321 - - - 6,321 Land improvements 90,519 - - 1,000 91,519 Buildings 238,949 - - - 238,949 Construction-in-process 443 80,670 - (1,000) 80,113 Equipment and vehicles 146,319 - 7,837 - 138,482		1,961,496	5,124	-	-	1,900,020
4,546,225 5,124 - - 4,551,349 Support Services: Allendale: Land 6,321 - - - 6,321 Land improvements 90,519 - - 1,000 91,519 Buildings 238,949 - - - 238,949 Construction-in-process 443 80,670 - (1,000) 80,113 Equipment and vehicles 146,319 - 7,837 - 138,482	·	-	-	-	-	-
Support Services: Allendale: Land 6,321 - - - 6,321 Land improvements 90,519 - - 1,000 91,519 Buildings 238,949 - - - 238,949 Construction-in-process 443 80,670 - (1,000) 80,113 Equipment and vehicles 146,319 - 7,837 - 138,482	Equipment and vehicles		5.124	-	-	
Allendale: Land 6,321 - - - 6,321 Land improvements 90,519 - - 1,000 91,519 Buildings 238,949 - - - - 238,949 Construction-in-process 443 80,670 - (1,000) 80,113 Equipment and vehicles 146,319 - 7,837 - 138,482		4,040,220	0,124			4,001,040
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Land improvements 90,519 - - 1,000 91,519 Buildings 238,949 - - - - 238,949 Construction-in-process 443 80,670 - (1,000) 80,113 Equipment and vehicles 146,319 - 7,837 - 138,482						,
Buildings 238,949 - - - - 238,949 Construction-in-process 443 80,670 - (1,000) 80,113 Equipment and vehicles 146,319 - 7,837 - 138,482		•	-	-	-	
Construction-in-process 443 80,670 - (1,000) 80,113 Equipment and vehicles 146,319 - 7,837 - 138,482			-	-	1,000	
Equipment and vehicles 146,319 - 7,837 - 138,482	_		=	=	=	
	·	443	80,670	-	(1,000)	80,113
482,551 80,670 7,837 - 555,384	Equipment and vehicles	146,319	<u> </u>	7,837	<u>-</u>	138,482
		482,551	80,670	7,837	-	555,384

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40

Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities— By Function and Activities (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2019

	June 30, 2018	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	June 30, 2019
Totals:					
Land	1,139,143	-	-	-	1,139,143
Land improvements	8,619,398	632,396	-	225,568	9,477,362
Buildings	110,943,415	1,843,816	-	6,584,822	119,372,053
Construction-in-process	11,341,658	9,268,763	-	(6,810,390)	13,800,031
Equipment and vehicles	5,050,682	392,034	65,131	-	5,377,585
	\$ 137,094,296	\$ 12,137,009	\$ 65,131	\$ -	\$ 149,166,174

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Accumulated Depreciation June 30, 2018		Depreciation Expense		Accumulated Depreciation - Disposals		Accumulated Depreciation June 30, 2019
Instruction:							
Land improvements	\$ 5,953,855	\$	255,734	\$	-	\$	6,209,589
Buildings	36,162,858		2,325,576		-		38,488,434
Equipment and vehicles	4,504,634		160,248		48,634		4,616,248
	46,621,347		2,741,558		48,634		49,314,271
Support:							
Land improvements	248,034		91,083		-		339,117
Buildings	242,828		43,604		-		286,432
Equipment and vehicles	108,888		-		7,837		101,051
	599,750		134,687		7,837		726,600
Total:							
Land improvements	6,201,889		346,817		-		6,548,706
Buildings	36,405,686		2,369,180		-		38,774,866
Equipment and vehicles	 4,613,522		160,248		56,471		4,717,299
	\$ 47,221,097	\$	2,876,245	\$	56,471	\$	50,040,871

Statistical Section Contents

The statistical section of the District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	97
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax (or sales tax).	113
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the	121
affordability of the District's current level of outstanding debt and the District's	
ability to issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the	126
reader understand the environment within which the District's financial	
activities take place.	
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader	128
understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

services the District provides and the activities it performs.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fisca	ıl Yea	ar	
	2019	2018		2017	2016
Governmental activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 78,864,754	\$ 64,579,826	\$	60,228,675	\$ 60,005,254
Restricted	42,673,143	37,401,462		21,094,811	19,013,574
Unrestricted	(53,382,173)	(50,553,102)		2,062,838	2,918,310
Total governmental					
activities net position	\$ 68,155,724	\$ 51,428,186	\$	83,386,324	\$ 81,937,138

Fiscal Year

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 55,970,892 21,106,472 7,549,850	\$ 49,135,785 30,251,933 20,981,069	\$ 46,949,505 30,597,399 21,814,422	\$ 45,151,082 29,642,728 20,618,344	\$ 44,442,781 27,984,415 19,738,365	\$ 42,051,176 11,593,564 40,316,304
\$ 84,627,214	\$ 100,368,787	\$ 99,361,326	\$ 95,412,154	\$ 92,165,561	\$ 93,961,044

Expenses, Program Revenues and Net (Expense) Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fisca	al Year	r	
	2019	2018		2017	2016
Expenses:					
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 79,617,124	\$ 86,220,622	\$	81,799,870	\$ 73,662,166
Support services	27,449,659	27,049,134		21,412,990	26,609,599
Tuition Paid to Other Districts	560,461	277,300		102,280	59,268
Debt Service	1,060,065	1,295,410		694,512	752,670
Total governmental					
activities expenses	 108,687,309	114,842,466		104,009,652	101,083,703
Program revenues:					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
Instruction	\$ 3,998,479	\$ 5,581,594	\$	6,174,470	\$ 5,644,571
Support services	835,903	842,049		911,443	944,990
Operating grants and contributions	38,472,232	39,150,550		38,089,890	29,061,654
Capital grants and contributions	3,750,000	4,400,000		-	-
Total governmental					
activities program revenues	47,056,614	49,974,193		45,175,803	35,651,215
Total governmental net					
(expense) revenue	\$ (61,630,695)	\$ (64,868,273)	\$	(58,833,849)	\$ (65,432,488)

		Fiscal	Year			
2015	2014	2013		2012	2011	2010
\$ 69,312,874	\$ 60,941,932	\$ 55,259,386	\$	57,141,072	\$ 57,588,075	\$ 58,573,730
27,477,964	25,609,769	25,690,960		25,374,427	26,682,001	26,770,450
53,812	806,963	1,352,253		1,580,531	1,503,723	1,362,781
 903,745	981,636	1,120,180		914,318	869,436	331,012
 97,748,395	88,340,300	83,422,779		85,010,348	86,643,235	87,037,973
\$ 6,016,817	\$ 5,507,953	\$ 6,325,088	\$	6,277,878	\$ 6,114,228	\$ 5,028,185
920,676	947,485	1,001,251		1,042,466	1,005,008	1,061,140
26,756,199	19,879,009	17,196,439		17,184,182	14,672,537	21,626,435
 -	100,000	-		-	-	68,000.00
 33,693,692	26,434,447	24,522,778		24,504,526	21,791,773	27,783,760
\$ (64,054,703)	\$ (61,905,853)	\$ (58,900,001)	\$	(60,505,822)	\$ (64,851,462)	\$ (59,254,213)

General Revenues and Total Change in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fisca	al Ye	ar	
	2019	2018		2017	2016
Net governmental (expense)	\$ (61,630,695)	\$ (64,868,273)	\$	(58,833,849)	\$ (65,432,488)
General revenues and other changes					
in net position:					
Taxes:					
Property taxes levied for					
general purposes	43,418,449	43,303,749		42,068,022	40,718,071
Property taxes levied for					
capital projects	432,796	426,428		412,103	400,136
Sales tax	4,192,368	3,513,031		-	-
Corporate personal property					
replacement taxes	4,750,263	4,865,949		5,185,632	4,097,882
Unrestricted grants and					
contributions	20,374,417	19,146,998		15,937,442	15,280,537
Investment earnings	1,793,471	860,309		285,757	89,604
Insurance proceeds	1,022,706	4,280,632		-	-
Other, primarily student					
fund-raising	2,373,763	2,059,049		2,394,079	2,156,182
Total governmental					_
activities	78,358,233	78,456,145		66,283,035	62,742,412
Changes in net position	\$ 16,727,538	\$ 13,587,872	\$	7,449,186	\$ (2,690,076)

		Fisca	l Yea	ır		
2015	2014	2013		2012	2011	2010
\$ (64,054,703)	\$ (61,905,853)	\$ (58,900,001)	\$	(60,505,822)	\$ (64,851,462)	\$ (59,254,213)
40,887,777	41,345,016	41,362,579		42,681,048	41,515,600	40,846,495
403,977	410,464	412,845		426,021	414,614	410,683
-	-	-		-	-	-
5,128,468	4,768,648	4,713,871		4,613,555	5,015,123	3,867,251
14,853,278	14,806,928	14,588,017		14,034,460	14,804,504	11,293,919
18,833	19,023	56,745		53,350	109,600	159,512
-	-	-		-	-	-
1,515,724	1,563,235	1,715,116		1,943,981	1,196,538	1,234,695
62,808,057	62,913,314	62,849,173		63,752,415	63,055,979	57,812,555
\$ (1,246,646)	\$ 1,007,461	\$ 3,949,172	\$	3,246,593	\$ (1,795,483)	\$ (1,441,658)

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fisca	al Yea	ır		
		2019		2018		2017		2016
General Fund:								
Nonspendable	\$	83,433	\$	66,747	\$	53,423	\$	59,739
Restricted		13,637,051		12,545,058		11,821,906		11,083,322
Committed		-		-		-		-
Assigned		1,621,073		1,254,016		776,851		431,981
Unassigned		34,146,885		31,006,575		26,569,684		25,798,733
Reserved		-		-		-		-
Unreserved		-		-		-		-
Total General Fund	\$	49,488,442	\$	44,872,396	\$	39,221,864	\$	37,373,775
All other governmental funds:								
Nonspendable	\$	1,485	\$	419	\$	18,218	\$	48,403
Restricted	Ψ	33,399,592	Ψ	29,063,102	Ψ	12,433,334	Ψ	12,640,300
Committed		-		-		-		-
Assigned		2,468,093		9,633,117		1,690,046		425,510
Unassigned		-		-		, , , <u>-</u>		, -
Reserved		_		-		-		-
Unreserved, reported in:								
Capital projects funds		-		-		-		-
Working cash		-		-		-		-
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		-
Total all other								
governmental funds	\$	35,869,170	\$	38,696,638	\$	14,141,598	\$	13,114,213

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type* Definitions, in fiscal year 2011.

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-	iscal	ΙY	'eai	ī

2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 85,705	\$ 65,106	\$ 70,940	\$ 59,984	\$ 107,336	\$ _
10,537,345	9,689,226	16,558,098	15,848,803	15,029,066	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
618,166	560,734	637,978	802,442	1,060,582	-
26,269,576	25,424,172	23,766,662	21,950,634	19,070,893	-
-	-	-	-	-	2,915,096
-	-	-	-	-	14,887,675
\$ 37,510,792	\$ 35,739,238	\$ 41,033,678	\$ 38,661,863	\$ 35,267,877	\$ 17,802,771
\$ 94,762	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
16,039,122	32,068,960	18,427,142	19,037,746	21,136,373	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
20,133	17,730	17,730	15,340	10,036	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	27,365,301
-	-	-	-	-	4,596,760
-	-	-	-	-	4,024,810
-	-	-	-	-	6,225,139
16,154,017	\$ 32,086,690	18,444,872	\$ 19,053,086	21,146,409	42,212,010

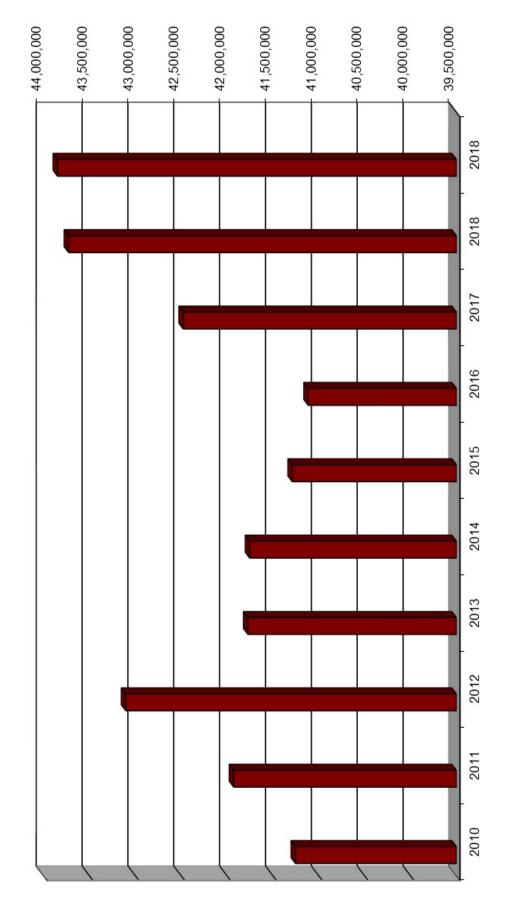
Governmental Funds Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
	 2019		2018		2017		2016	
Federal sources:								
Federal grants	\$ 4,757,162	\$	4,473,713	\$	4,873,614	\$	4,919,827	
General state aid (ARRA)	-		-		-		-	
Food services	2,221,082		2,250,142		2,149,240		2,011,553	
Total federal sources	 6,978,244		6,723,855		7,022,854		6,931,380	
State sources:								
General state aid	20,374,417		19,146,998		15,937,442		15,280,537	
State grants and other	3,181,259		3,528,268		3,882,338		3,414,186	
Total state sources	23,555,676		22,675,266		19,819,780		18,694,723	
Local sources:								
Property taxes	43,851,245		43,730,177		42,480,125		41,118,207	
Corporate replacement taxes	4,750,263		4,865,949		5,185,632		4,097,882	
Sales tax	3,850,569		3,513,031		-		-	
Interest and other income	1,642,103		728,944		247,805		76,291	
Other local sources	7,600,491		8,450,146		4,384,127		4,058,694	
Total local sources	61,694,671		61,288,247		52,297,689		49,351,074	
Total revenues	\$ 92,228,591	\$	90,687,368	\$	79,140,323	\$	74,977,177	

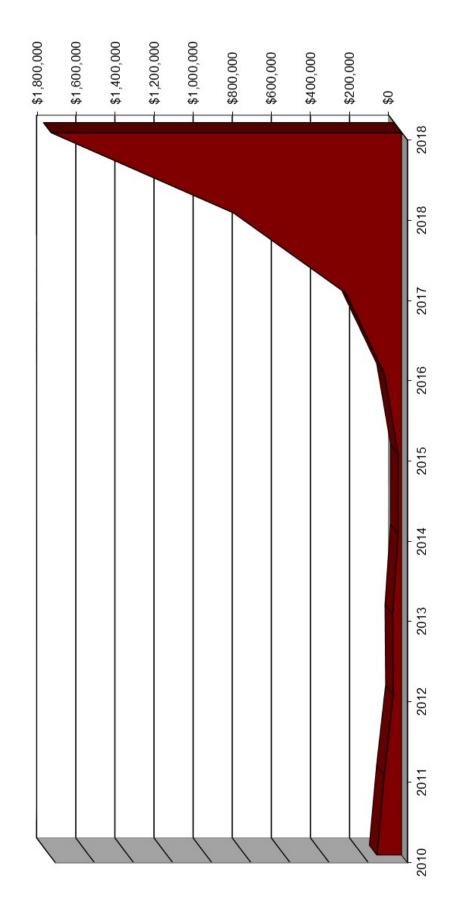
Chart does not include on-behalf payments from the State of Illinois for Illinois Teachers' Retirement System.

Fiscal Year										
2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010
\$ 4,734,746	\$	3,831,655	\$	4,077,163	\$	4,869,056	\$	5,439,712	\$	6,097,273 1,887,636
1,742,155		1,680,893		1,633,935		1,524,275		1,453,690		1,451,437
6,476,901		5,512,548		5,711,098		6,393,331		6,893,402		9,436,346
14,853,278		14,806,928		14,588,017		14,034,460		14,804,504		11,293,919
4,132,165		3,784,543		4,458,969		4,663,165		4,889,174		3,126,471
18,985,443		18,591,471		19,046,986		18,697,625		19,693,678		14,420,390
41,291,754		41,755,480		41,775,424		43,107,069		41,930,214		41,257,178
5,128,468		4,768,648		4,713,871		4,613,555		5,015,123		3,867,251
-		-		-		-		-		-
16,054		17,147		46,825		43,559		89,760		126,867
3,323,756		3,386,059		3,724,031		3,856,108		3,023,815		3,684,445
49,760,032		49,927,334		50,260,151		51,620,291		50,058,912		48,935,741
\$ 75,222,376	\$	74,031,353	\$	75,018,235	\$	76,711,247	\$	76,645,992	\$	72,792,477

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40
Property Tax Revenues
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)



Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40
Earnings on Investments
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Unaudited)



Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
		2019		2018		2017		2016
Instructional:								
Regular programs	\$	31,218,451	\$	30,452,858	\$	30,546,868	\$	29,691,507
Special education programs		7,257,296		7,552,570		7,871,742		7,762,227
Educationally deprived/remedial programs		2,365,569		1,768,613		1,986,120		2,060,820
Vocational programs		33,300		59,200		70,300		68,450
Interscholastic programs		866,736		876,340		906,596		871,475
Summer school		129,713		92,213		79,686		119,746
Gifted programs		533,673		617,993		645,655		639,382
Bilingual programs		1,231,270		1,197,586		1,168,000		1,018,042
Alternative and optional programs		831,664		775,313		879,775		857,782
School activity accounts *		413,681		499,981		459,295		494,097
On-behalf payments		4,513,672		4,409,293		15,158,233		13,890,945
Total instructional		49,395,025		48,301,960		59,772,270		57,474,473
Support services:								
Pupil services		3,632,885		2,824,797		2,803,621		2,711,549
Instructional staff		1,614,126		1,651,539		1,652,871		1,928,785
School activity accounts *		361,849		334,588		302,699		298,534
General administration		1,296,953		1,102,477		1,152,779		1,258,622
School administration		4,497,972		4,567,258		4,203,172		4,055,802
Business		4,443,332		3,027,000		3,143,338		3,812,455
Central		2,240,807		1,882,056		2,094,047		1,899,564
Other		766,475		1,241,957		1,014,617		964,466
Operations and maintenance		6,230,014		7,189,439		7,302,510		6,133,840
Pupil transportation		1,340,920		1,418,740		1,344,168		1,284,138
Tort immunity and judgement		947,972		966,350		940,287		1,319,115
Total support services		27,373,305		26,206,201		25,954,109		25,666,870
Total current operating		76,768,330		74,508,161		85,726,379		83,141,343
Other:								
Community services		334,250		351,752		175,304		172,544
Capital outlay		12,958,255		12,314,184		1,637,670		4,858,712
Payments to other governmental units		560,461		277,300		102,280		59,268
Debt service:								
Principal		4,130,297		6,064,100		2,982,002		2,950,002
Interest		1,224,798		935,651		799,447		863,074
Bond issuance costs		-		220,130		-		-
Total expenditures	\$	95,976,391	\$	94,671,278	\$	91,423,082	\$	92,044,943
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital								
expenditures		6.45%	0	8.42%)	4.21%	1	4.37%

Source of Information: 2009-2018 Annual Financial Reports.

					Fisca	al Year					
	2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010
Φ.	20 004 752	Φ.	00 005 740	Φ.	00.005.057	ф	20 625 450	ф	20.040.005	Φ	24 000 405
\$	29,684,752	\$	28,825,742	\$	28,685,257	\$	29,625,150	\$	30,849,695	\$	31,980,485
	8,070,176		6,843,451		6,520,023		6,508,230		6,748,953		6,893,989
	1,161,122		1,959,047		1,831,535		1,999,954		2,154,991		2,295,936
	63,825		78,000		71,997		69,012		73,494		129,379
	837,981		808,595		803,882		843,863		840,090		878,858
	70,397		62,133		2,912		17,937		11,679		62,485
	642,738		689,416		702,837		596,340		633,553		601,906
	1,082,158		950,393		934,769		950,205		971,480		957,561
	791,529		611,576		641,212		747,384		778,358		1,132,793
	427,916		518,768		-		<u>-</u>		-		<u>-</u>
	13,020,760		13,644,693		10,888,676		9,923,271		9,236,968		9,301,243
	55,853,354		54,991,814		51,083,100		51,281,346		52,299,261		54,234,635
	2,620,283		2,610,047		2,369,319		2,284,724		2,203,594		2,287,400
	1,937,212		1,905,560		2,053,094		1,851,661		2,339,622		2,870,873
	326,361		300,087		763,596		785,778		819,364		820,906
	1,258,917		1,301,214		1,190,597		1,217,103		1,088,577		1,198,241
	4,049,930		4,208,425		4,192,848		4,217,880		4,425,544		4,594,683
	2,777,151		3,770,644		3,942,923		3,994,019		3,884,682		3,898,087
	1,764,140		1,803,864		2,439,119		2,195,312		2,909,476		2,475,090
	981,199		151,659		157,670		59,811		· · · · -		_
	7,027,422		6,265,663		5,944,533		5,981,393		6,182,789		6,193,142
	1,127,231		1,077,775		944,913		658,291		951,048		966,202
	1,086,518		1,329,398		1,242,649		1,005,252		876,351		835,118
	24,956,364		24,724,336		25,241,261		24,251,224		25,681,047		26,139,742
	80,809,718		79,716,150		76,324,361		75,532,570		77,980,308		80,374,377
	167,372		166,460		165,674		168,607		207,642		142,990
	17,584,358		4,979,647		2,476,438		4,228,897		16,639,781		6,955,513
	53,812		806,963		1,352,253		1,580,531		1,503,723		1,362,781
	2,843,098		12,536,290		2,964,576		2,797,955		3,966,425		3,350,000
	945,897		913,237		860,008		1,025,295		629,589		249,338
	340,097		313,Z3 <i>1</i>		000,008		1,020,290		101,820		249,336 321,420
\$	102,404,255	\$	99,118,747	\$	84,143,310	\$	85,333,855	\$	101,029,288	\$	92,756,419
Ψ	102,404,200	Ψ	55,110,171	Ψ	04, 140,010	Ψ	00,000,000	Ψ	101,020,200	Ψ	52,750,718
	4.39%	6	14.21%		4.68%		4.71%	Ď	5.57%)	4.57

Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
	2019		2018		2017		2016	
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$ 765,872	\$	425,383	\$	2,875,474	\$	(3,176,821)	
Other financing sources (uses):								
General long-term debt issued	_		25,001,000		_		-	
Insurance proceeds	1,022,706		4,280,632.00		-		-	
Capital lease obligations issued	-		-		-		-	
Bond premium (discount)	-		498,557		-		-	
Transfers in	-		-		-		-	
Transfers out	 -		-		-			
Total other financing								
sources	 1,022,706		29,780,189		-			
Net change in fund								
balances	\$ 1,788,578	\$	30,205,572	\$	(12,282,759)	\$	(17,067,766)	

	Fiscal Year										
	2015		2014		2013	ui 100	2012		2011		2010
\$	(14,161,119)	\$	(11,442,701)	\$	1,763,601	\$	1,300,663	\$	(15,146,328)	\$	(10,662,699)
	-		19,410,000		-		-		11,495,000		18,500,000.00
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-		380,079		-		-		50,833		(32,082.00)
	-		7,500,000.00		-		-		-		-
	-		(7,500,000.00)		-		-		-		-
	-		19,790,079		-		-		11,545,833		18,467,918
-											
\$	(14,161,119)	\$	8,347,378	\$	1,763,601	\$	1,300,663	\$	(3,600,495)	\$	7,805,219

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars) (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Equalized Assessed Value	Less Exemptions & TIF	Total Taxable Value	Total Direct Rate
2019	1,038,463,403	175,620,856	\$ 862,842,547	5.0318
2018	1,019,624,686	165,944,152	853,680,534	5.1094
2017	998,946,705	165,193,541	833,753,164	5.1498
2016	972,777,970	165,209,082	807,568,888	5.1594
2015	965,273,421	157,845,337	807,428,084	5.1120
2014	974,598,538	159,441,451	815,157,087	5.1090
2013	983,234,085	161,393,607	821,840,478	5.0590
2012	998,407,630	157,724,084	840,683,546	5.0600
2011	998,070,490	161,353,117	836,717,373	5.0584
2010	999,820,402	171,362,930	828,457,472	5.0266

Source of Information: County Property Appraiser.

Property Tax Rates - Levies and Collections (1) Last Ten Levy Years (Unaudited)

				Levy	Year	•		
		2018		2017		2016		2015
Rates Extended:								
Educational		3.2700		3.2700		3.2700		3.2700
Tort immunity		0.1086		0.1336		0.1338		0.1380
Operations and maintenance		0.7500		0.7500		0.7500		0.7500
Special education		0.0400		0.0400		0.0400		0.0400
Fire prevention and safety		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500
Bond and interest		0.3834		0.4478		0.4548		0.4674
Transportation		0.0774		0.0880		0.1302		0.1070
Facility leasing		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500
Illinois Municipal Retirement		0.1290		0.1164		0.1092		0.1154
Social Security		0.1234		0.1136		0.1118		0.1216
Working Cash		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500
Total rates extended		5.0318		5.1094		5.1498		5.1594
Levies Extended:								
Educational	\$	28,254,036	\$	27,952,099	\$	27,296,482	\$	26,436,408
Tort immunity		938,345		1,142,018		1,116,902		1,115,665
Operations and maintenance		6,480,283		6,411,032		6,260,661		6,063,396
Special education		345,615		341,922		333,902		323,381
Fire prevention and safety		432,019		427,402		417,377		404,226
Bond and interest		3,312,721		3,827,813		3,796,465		3,778,709
Transportation		668,765		752,228		1,086,851		865,045
Facility leasing		432,019		427,402		417,377		404,226
Illinois Municipal Retirement		1,114,609		994,992		911,552		932,955
Social Security		1,066,223		971,058		933,256		983,079
Working Cash	_	432,019	Φ.	427,402	Φ.	417,377	Φ.	404,226
Total rates extended	\$	43,476,654	\$	43,675,368	\$	42,988,202	\$	41,711,316
Total collections (2)	\$	24,336,135	\$	43,572,839	\$	43,236,032	\$	41,585,096
Percentage of extensions collected		55.98%		99.77%		100.58%		99.70%

⁽¹⁾ Tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of equalized assessed valuation

Source of Information: Rock Island County Levy, Rate and Extension Reports for 2006 to 2016

⁽²⁾ Modified accrual basis of accounting includes receipts for June, July and August

	Levy Year											
	2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009	
	3.2700		3.2700		3.2700		3.2700		3.2700		3.2700	
	0.1738		0.1702		0.1548		0.1308		0.1136		0.0998	
	0.7500		0.7500		0.7500		0.7500		0.7500		0.7500	
	0.0400		0.0400		0.0400		0.0400		0.0400		0.0400	
	0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500	
	0.4714		0.4642		0.4272		0.4546		0.4566		0.4842	
	0.0368		0.0374		0.0372		0.0510		0.0662		0.0822	
	0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500	
	0.1052		0.1178		0.1196		0.1046		0.1042		0.0932	
	0.1148		0.1094		0.1102		0.1090		0.1078		0.1072	
	0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		-	
	5.1120		5.1090		5.0590		5.0600		5.0584		5.0266	
\$	26,430,885	\$	26,680,910	\$	26,877,454	\$	27,490,352	\$	27,360,658	\$	27,090,559	
·	1,404,797	•	1,388,713	•	1.272.364	•	1.099.614	·	950.511	•	826,801	
	6,062,130		6,119,475		6,164,554		6,305,127		6,275,380		6,213,431	
	323,314		326,372		328,776		336,273		334,687		331,383	
	404,142		407,965		410,970		420,342		418,359		414,229	
	3,810,251		3,787,547		3,511,330		3,821,747		3,820,452		4,011,391	
	297,448		305,158		305,762		428,749		553,907		680,992	
	404,142		407,965		410,970		420,342		418,359		414,229	
	850,315		961,166		983,041		879,355		871,860		772,122	
	927,910		892,627		905,778		916,345		901,981		888,106	
	404,142		407,965		410,970		420,342		418,359		-	
\$	41,319,476	\$	41,685,862	\$	41,581,969	\$	42,538,587	\$	42,324,512	\$	41,643,243	
\$	41,148,600	\$	41,554,677	\$	42,443,590	\$	42,220,737	\$	41,498,431	\$	41,079,743	

99.78%

99.25%

98.05%

98.65%

99.59%

99.93%

5.3750 5.2500 5.0000 4.8750 4.5000 4.1250 4.0000 5.1250 4.7500 4.6250 4.3750 4.2500 5.5000 5.0318 2018 5.1094 2017 5.1498 2016 Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 Property Tax Levy Rates Last Ten Tax Levy Years (Unaudited) 5.1594 2015 5.1120 5.1090 2013 2012 5.0600 2010 5.0584 5.0266 2009 ■ Total Levy Rates Tax Levy Rate*

Tax Levy Year

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Levy Years (Unaudited)

		Levy Ye	ar	
Taxing District	2018	2017	2016	2015
Overlapping Government Rates:				
Common Rates				
Moline School District No. 40	5.0318	5.1094	5.1498	5.1594
County of Rock Island (2)	1.3674	1.2436	1.2466	1.2480
Metropolitan Airport Authority	0.0748	0.0756	0.0750	0.0750
Black Hawk College District No. 503	0.5632	0.5676	0.5718	0.5598
Metropolitan Transit Authority (3)	0.1952	0.2120	0.2056	0.2086
Cities and Villages:				
City of Moline	2.0602	2.0742	2.0854	2.0782
Village of Coal Valley (4)	1.2140	1.2138	1.1834	1.3144
Townships:				
Township of Moline	0.2586	0.2536	0.2498	0.2498
Township of South Moline (5)	0.1182	0.1248	0.1278	0.1284
Township of Coal Valley (6)	0.2220	0.2222	0.2200	0.2304
Township of Blackhawk (7)	0.1854	0.1812	0.2082	0.2006
Representative total tax rates by				
township/municipality location:				
Township #8 - Moline/				
City of Moline - Code 1	9.5512	9.5360	9.5840	9.5788
Township #7 - South Moline				
City of Moline - Code 5	9.4282	9.4188	9.4738	9.4730
Township #12 - Coal Valley/				
Village of Coal Valley - Code 3	8.5356	8.4684	8.4858	8.5440

⁽¹⁾ Tax Rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of assessed (one third of market) valuation.

Source of Information: Rock Island County Clerk's Office, Department of Tax Extension.

⁽²⁾ Includes Forest Preserve

⁽³⁾ Common to all township locations except Coal Valley

⁽⁴⁾ Includes Coal Valley Municipality Roads & Bridges; Coal Valley FPD; and Coal Valley Library

⁽⁵⁾ Includes roads & bridges for Municipal Moline and Township of South Moline

⁽⁶⁾ Includes Coal Valley Township Roads & Bridges

⁽⁷⁾ Includes .1% of total District assessed valuations.

Levv Year

		Levy Ye	ear		
2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
5.1120	5.1090	5.0590	5.0600	5.0584	5.0266
1.0596	1.0184	0.8872	0.8684	0.8574	0.8542
0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0734	0.0742
0.5485	0.5427	0.5403	0.5369	0.5324	0.5337
0.2082	0.2054	0.1948	0.1872	0.1822	0.1812
2.0638	2.0500	2.0268	1.9744	1.9324	1.9288
1.2183	1.2113	1.2760	1.2719	1.2732	1.2324
	0.2326	0.2254	0.2146	0.2096	0.2048
0.1292	0.1786	0.1536	0.1484	0.1578	0.1574
0.2220	0.2232	0.1806	0.1817	0.1844	0.2022
0.2014	0.1924	0.1840	0.1710	0.1648	0.1604
9.3085	9.2331	9.0085	8.9165	8.8458	8.8035
			3.5.55	210.100	
9.2115	9.1501	8.9367	8.8503	8.7940	8.7561
8.2619	8.2087	8.0181	7.9939	7.9792	7.9233

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2019			2010	
	_		Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
	2018		2018	2009		2009
	Equalized		Equalized	Equalized		Equalized
	Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Valuation	 Valuation	Rank	Valuation
SDG Macerich-Southpark Mall	11,426,521	1	1.37%	\$ 17,998,200	1	2.17%
Kone	4,645,942	2	0.56%			0.00%
Mills at Riverbend Commons	4,499,097	3	0.54%			0.00%
United Health Care Service	4,183,298	4	0.50%	4,076,061	2	0.49%
Deere & Company	4,112,243	5	0.49%	4,004,861	3	0.48%
Wal-Mart Stores	3,808,560	6	0.46%	3,726,859	4	0.45%
Heritage Place	3,156,726	7	0.38%	3,074,297	5	0.37%
Pedcor (Valley View Apts.)	3,003,945	8	0.36%			0.00%
Moline Hotel LLC-Pine Ridge Apartments	2,907,171	9	0.35%	2,831,257	7	0.34%
Carr Limited Partnership-Highland Toyota	2,776,789	10	0.33%	2,934,301	6	0.35%
Ryan Moline LLC (Ryan Property)			0.00%			0.00%
City Line Meyers LLC/Citi Line Plaza			0.00%	2,815,744	8	0.34%
Moline Properties LP			0.00%	2,694,802	9	0.33%
Lowes Co., Inc.			0.00%	2,657,247	10	0.32%
Trinity Medical Center			0.00%			0.00%
Homewood Manor			0.00%			0.00%
Other Properties in District	791,212,362		94.67%	 781,643,843	_	94.35%
Total	\$ 835,732,654		100.00%	\$ 828,457,472	•	100.00%

Source of Information: Rock Island County Supervisor of Assessments.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Collected W	ithin the			
	Taxes Levied	 Fiscal Year of	the Levy *	Collections	Total Collection	ns to Date
Fiscal	for the		Percentage	In Subsequent		Percentage
Year	Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	 Years	Amount	of Levy
2019	\$ 43,476,653	\$ 24,336,135	55.98%	\$ -	24,336,135	55.98%
2018	43,675,368	24,057,728	55.08	19,515,111	43,572,839	99.77%
2017	42,988,203	23,563,585	54.81	19,672,447	43,236,032	100.58
2016	41,711,316	22,668,557	54.35	18,916,539	41,585,096	99.70
2015	41,319,476	22,698,948	54.94	18,449,652	41,148,600	99.59
2014	41,685,862	22,949,784	55.05	18,592,811	41,542,595	99.66
2013	41,581,969	22,748,980	54.71	18,805,696	41,554,677	99.93
2012	42,538,587	23,417,150	55.05	19,026,440	42,443,590	99.78
2011	42,324,512	22,530,821	53.23	19,689,916	42,220,737	99.75
2010	41,643,243	22,205,649	53.32	19,292,782	41,498,431	99.65

^{*} Modified accrual basis of accounting includes receipts for June, July and August

Source of Information: Rock Island County Levy, Rate and Extension Reports

Moline School District No. 40

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Tax Levy Year	Ob	General oligation Bonds	Equalized Assessed Valuation	Percent of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Estimated Population*	Per Capita
2019	2018	\$	35,671,255	\$ 864,037,786	4.13%	45,659	\$ 781.25
2018	2017		39,801,552	854,804,251	4.66	46,006	865.14
2017	2016		20,864,651	834,754,801	2.50	45,971	453.87
2016	2015		23,846,653	808,452,845	2.95	42,681	558.72
2015	2014		26,796,655	808,283,955	3.32	47,226	567.41
2014	2013		29,639,754	815,929,969	3.63	47,226	627.62
2013	2012		22,766,044	821,940,478	2.77	47,226	482.07
2012	2011		25,730,620	840,683,546	3.06	47,226	544.84
2011	2010		28,528,575	836,717,373	3.41	47,226	604.09
2010	2009		21,000,000	828,457,472	2.53	47,374	443.28

^{*} Population estimates are based on census data

Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Gove	rnmental Activitie	es	_					
	General			Total	Personal	Percentage			
Fiscal	Obligation	Notes	Capital	Outstanding	Income (1)	of Personal	Estimated		
Year	Bonds	Payable	Leases	Debt	(000's)	Income	Population (2)	Pe	er Capita
2019	35,671,255	-	_	35,671,255	*	*	45,659	\$	781.25
2018	39,801,552	_	-	39,801,552	*	*	46,006		865.14
2017	20,864,652	-	-	20,864,652	*	*	45,971		453.87
2016	23,846,653	-	-	23,846,653	*	*	42,681		558.72
2015	26,796,656	-	-	26,796,656	*	*	47,226		567.41
2014	29,639,754	-	-	29,639,754	*	*	47,226		627.62
2013	22,766,044	-	-	22,766,044	*	*	47,226		482.07
2012	25,730,620	-	-	25,730,620	*	*	47,226		544.84
2011	28,528,575	-	-	28,528,575	*	*	47,226		604.09
2010	21,000,000	-	-	21,000,000	*	*	47,374		443.28

⁽¹⁾ Personal income data is unavailable at this time.

⁽²⁾ Population estimates are based on census data

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

			Estimated		Estimated
		Debt	Percentage	Sha	are of Direct and
Governmental Unit	0	utstanding (1)	Applicable (2)	O۱	erlapping Debt
County:					
Rock Island County	\$	41,105,000	34.263%	\$	14,083,806
Rock Island County Forest Preserve		7,610,000	34.263%	\$	2,607,414
Municipality:					
City of Moline		40,860,000	98.123%	\$	40,093,058
Village of Coal Valley		665,000	69.677%	\$	463,352
City of Milan		11,655,000	1.825%	\$	212,704
Other:					
Metropolitan Airport Authority (3)		18,545,000	43.995%	\$	8,158,873
Blackhawk Community College District 503		46,600,000	34.233%	\$	15,952,578
Metropolitan Mass Transit Authority		-	0.000%	\$	-
Subtotal, overlapping debt					81,571,785
Direct bonded debt, Moline School District No. 40					18,710,144
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	100,281,929

⁽¹⁾ As of November 30, 2015

Source of Information: Rock Island County Clerk

⁽²⁾ Overlapping debt percentages are based on the 2015 equalized assessed valuation, the most current available.

⁽³⁾ Represents the principal amounts due on a lease obligation issued through a Public Building Commission.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2019 Assessed value	\$ 864,037,786	l.				
Debt limit (13.8% of assessed valuation) Debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin	\$ 119,237,214 35,671,255 83,565,959					
	2019		2018		2017	2016
Debt limit	\$ 119,237,214	\$	117,962,987	\$	115,196,163	\$ 111,566,493
Total net debt applicable to limit	35,671,255		39,801,552		20,864,652	23,846,654
Legal debt margin	\$ 83,565,959	\$	78,161,435	\$	94,331,511	\$ 87,719,839
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	29.92%		33.74%)	18.11%	21.37%

 2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
\$ 111,543,186	\$ 112,598,336	\$ 113,427,786	\$ 116,014,329	\$ 115,466,997	\$ 114,327,131
26,796,655	29,639,754	22,766,044	25,730,620	28,528,575	21,000,000
\$ 84,746,531	\$ 82,958,582	\$ 90,661,742	\$ 90,283,709	\$ 86,938,422	\$ 93,327,131
24 02%	26.32%	20.07%	22 18%	24 71%	18 37%

Demographic and Economic Statistics (1) Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

Calendar Year	Estimated Population (2)	Personal Income (3) (000's)	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2018	45,659	*	*	5.20%
2017	46,006	*	*	4.60
2016	45,971	*	*	6.10
2015	42,681	*	*	6.00
2014	43,483	*	*	6.00
2013	43,483	*	*	7.80
2012	43,483	*	*	8.80
2011	43,483	*	*	8.10
2010	43,483	*	*	9.10
2009	43,768	*	*	8.50

⁽¹⁾ Information provided for the City of Moline only; Coal Valley information unavailable

Source of Information: City of Moline

⁽²⁾ Population estimates are based on census data estimates

⁽³⁾ Personal income data is unavailable at this time

Principal Employers in the Area (1) Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2019			2010	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Deere & Company (3)	7,240	1	20.79%	7,285	1	29.28%
Rock Island Arsenal (2)	6,163	2	17.70%	7,000	2	28.14%
Genesis Health System	5,173	3	14.85%	4,870	3	19.57%
Hy-Vee Stores	4,568	4	13.12%	2,800	5	11.25%
Unity Point - Trinity	3,954	5	11.35%	2,950	4	11.86%
HNI Corporation/The Hon Company	3,200	6	9.19%	-	-	0.00%
Wal-Mart Super Centers	2,821	7	8.10%	-	-	0.00%
Arconic (Alcoa)	2,500	8	7.18%	2,200	8	8.84%
Tyson Foods (IBP Inc.)	2,400	9	6.89%	2,400	6	9.65%
Kraft Foods (Oscar Mayer Foods)	1,600	10	4.59%	1,500	9	6.03%
Isle of Capri Casino & Hotel	1,250	11	3.59%	1,160	12	4.66%
Tri-City Electric Co.	1,200	12	3.45%	-	-	0.00%
Davenport Community Schools	-	-	0.00%	2,250	7	9.04%
Moline Schools	-	-	0.00%	1,477	10	5.94%
MidAmerican Energy		-	0.00%	1,200	11	4.82%
Total	34,829		100.00%	24,880		100.00%

⁽¹⁾ Quad City Metropolitan Statistical Area (includes Davenport and Bettendorf, Iowa, and Rock Island and Moline, Illinois, and other contiguous communities).

Sources of Information: Quad Cities First; Hoover's Inc. and Bi-State Regional Commission

⁽²⁾ Military and Civilian employees.

⁽³⁾ Employment levels are for the entire Quad Cities area.

Full-Time Equivalent District Employees By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

-	2018 - 2019	2017 - 2018	2016 - 2017	2015 - 2016	2014 - 2015
Administration:					
Superintendent	1	1	1	1	1
Assistant superintendents and directors	6	6	6	6	6
Principals, assistants, deans and					
athletic director	25	25	24	23	23
Total administration	32	32	31	30	30
Teachers:					
Regular grades K-12	284	290	294	286	286
Special education	68	74	74	72	72
Elementary music, art, physical					
education specialists	17	17	17	17	15
Social workers, counselors	17	16	17	17	17
Reading recovery	••			-	-
Librarians	6	6	6	6	6
Group orphanage programs - Arrowhead Ranch	v	Ŭ	ŭ	· ·	Ü
	40	6	-	-	-
Pre-school At-Risk programs	10 3	6 6	6 7	6 7	6 5
Gifted programs - PATS	3	0	,	I	5
Educationally deprived/remedial	10	10	9	8	9
programs					
Bilingual programs	16	15	15	14	12
Psychologists	4	3	4	4	4
Total teachers	435	443	449	437	432
Other supporting staff:					
Regular grade teachers' paraprofessionals	71	73	57	59	58
Special education teachers' paraprofessiona	94	102	116	115	110
Nurses, health professionals	16	16	16	17	21
Hall monitors	8	7	4	4	4
Lab managers	20	20	20	21	21
Library paraprofessionals	7	8	10	10	13
Lunchroom assistants	25	24	24	27	40
Administrative assistants	48	48	47	44	49
Custodial-maintenance and supervisors	64	66	65	67	63
Educational Technology	8	8	8	8	8
Other	8	8	8	8	5
Total support staff	367	378	375	380	392
Total staff	834	853	855	847	854

Source of information: District Human Resources records

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					Percentage Change 2009-2010 to
2013 - 2014	2012 - 2013	2011 - 2012	2010 - 2011	2009 - 2010	2018-2019
1	1	1	1	1	_
6	6	6	6	7	(14.3)
O	O	O	O	,	(14.5)
25	25	25	26	27	(7.4)
32	32	32	33	35	(8.6)
					· ·
000	200	200	045	040	(44.0)
292	302	306	315	319	(11.0)
94	100	98	105	112	(39.3)
15	16	16	20	18	(5.6)
14	14	14	14	15	13.3
-	_	5	4	7	(100.0)
6	8	8	9	10	(40.0)
-				4	(100.0)
6	5	6	6	6	66.7
7	8	6	7	7	(57.1)
8	11	10	13	12	(16.7)
10	10	11	9	8	100.0
4	4	4	3	3	33.3
456	478	484	505	521	(16.5)
56	48	55	33	35	102.3
105	100	110	108	111	(15.3)
16	15	14	14	14	11.3
5	3	3	3	4	92.3
21	20	20	21	23	(14.2)
9	10	9	8	8	(12.5)
25	20	21	20	21	16.7
52	57	57	57	61	(22.1)
68	66	66	66	70	(8.7)
8	8	8	7	7	18.9
7	3	3	4	4	100.0
372	350	366	341	358	2.5
860	860	882	879	914	(8.8)

Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

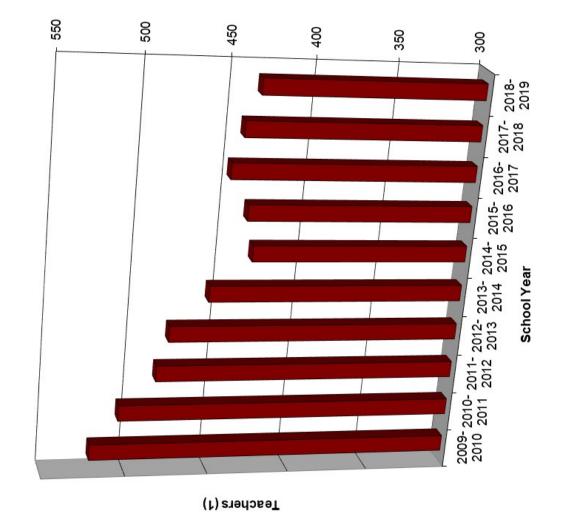
Fiscal Year	Average Daily Attendance	I	Net Operating Expenditures	Net Operating Expenditures Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Enrollment (1)
2019	6,705.30	\$	71,142,959	\$ 10,609.96	0.03%	7,243
2018	6,492.78		71,648,551	11,035.11	0.07	7,267
2017	6,537.55		69,932,990	10,697.13	0.04	7,196
2016	6,541.00		69,367,857	10,605.08	0.03	7,305
2015	6,623.00		68,124,245	10,286.01	0.04	7,370
2014	6,746.99		66,484,613	9,853.97	(0.88)	7,493
2013	6,876.67		65,249,033	9,488.46	(4.55)	7,542
2012	6,964.76		66,394,142	9,532.87	(4.11)	7,438
2011	6,898.35		68,578,276	9,941.26	(0.46)	7,423
2010	6,957.32		69,483,077	9,987.05	2.70	7,537

⁽¹⁾ Enrollment information as of April 30 of each year through 2013, Fall Housing Report thereafter.

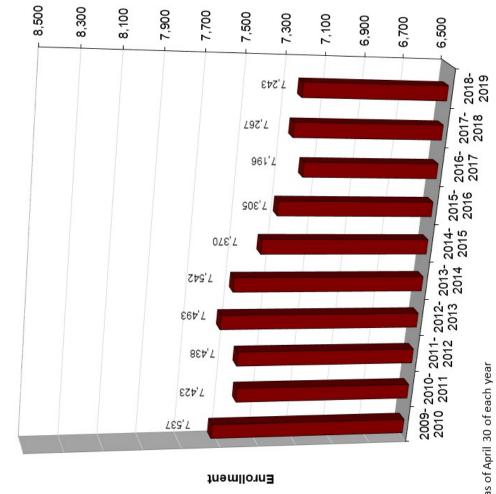
⁽²⁾ Total Teachers include all Illinois certificated positions including teachers, counselors, social workers, psychologists, librarians, speech and language and other specialists.

 Total Expenses	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teachers (2)	Pupil-Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Students Receiving Free or Reduced-Priced Meals
\$ 95,976,391	13,250.92	(4.63)%	435	16.65	57.06%
94,671,278	13,028	(0.06)	443	16.40	56.37
91,423,082	12,705	(8.56)	449	16.03	53.73
92,044,943	12,600	(0.09)	437	16.71	49.69
102,404,255	13,895	0.05	432	17.06	49.19
99,118,747	13,228	(2.81)	456	16.43	48.39
84,143,310	11,157	(18.03)	478	15.78	47.53
85,333,855	11,473	(15.71)	484	15.37	48.26
101,029,288	13,610	10.59	505	14.70	47.93
92,756,419	12,307	3.33	521	14.47	46.39

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 Teacher Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)



Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 Enrollment Statistics as of April 30 Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)



*Enrollment information as of April 30 of each year through 2012-2013, Fall Housing Report thereafter.

School Year

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Operating Expenditures Per Student Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
		2019		2018		2017		2016
Expenditures	•	00 000 407	Φ.	00 700 707	Φ.	00 055 774	Φ.	00 004 047
Educational fund *	\$	62,892,197	\$	62,798,707	\$	60,955,774	\$	60,391,247
Operations and maintenance fund		7,405,822		10,435,023		6,380,692		6,238,297
Debt service fund		5,355,095		6,999,751		3,781,449		3,813,076
Transportation fund		1,331,197		999,577		921,874		1,325,752
Municipal retirement fund Tort fund		2,326,781		2,383,461		2,066,483		2,062,835
Total	-	947,972 80,259,064		966,350 84,582,869		940,287 75,046,559		1,319,115 75,150,322
iotai		00,239,004		04,302,009		73,040,339		73,130,322
Less expenditures not applicable to								
operation of regular programs:								
Early childhood		1,035,234		718,892		710,755		691,165
Summer school		130,626		94,520		81,179		124,461
Capital outlay		2,696,688		5,271,438		909,123		1,507,989
Bond principal retired		4,130,297		6,064,100		2,982,002		2,950,002
Lease/purchases principal retired		-		-		-		-
Tuition		489,320		252,460		102,280		59,268
Federal special education		-		-		-		-
Community services		337,668		349,065		185,758		179,376
Nonprogrammed charges		296,272		183,843		142,472		270,204
Total		9,116,105		12,934,318		5,113,569		5,782,465
Net operating expenditures	\$	71,142,959	\$	71,648,551	\$	69,932,990	\$	69,367,857
Average daily attendance		6,705.30		6,492.78		6,537.55		6,541.00
Net operating expenditure per student	\$	10,609.96	\$	11,035.11	\$	10,697.13	\$	10,605.08
Chata average an areating average area								
State average operating expense per		N/A	\$	13,763.50	\$	13,335.17	\$	12,973.10
student - all districts (2)		IN/A	Ф	13,763.50	Ф	13,335.17	Ф	12,973.10
State average operating expense per								
student - unit districts (2)		N/A	\$	13,136.58	\$	12,717.66	\$	12,374.36
*F does also and found as we will be a								
*Educational fund expenditures	•	00 400 447	Φ.	00 444 000	Φ.	75 544 004	Φ.	70 000 000
from annual financial report	\$	66,498,117	\$	62,141,686	\$	75,544,231	\$	72,930,800
Less "on-behalf of" payments Less Internal Service Fund		4,515,296		(4,409,293)		(15,158,233)		(13,890,945)
		(426 707)		2 042 720		ECO 770		1 251 202
contributions (in excess) under of claims	_	(436,797)	¢	2,013,739	¢	569,776	¢	1,351,392
	\$	70,576,616	\$	59,746,132	\$	60,955,774	\$	60,391,247

⁽²⁾ Illinois State Board of Education, 2019 data not available until Spring 2020

Source of Information: 2009-2018 Annual Financial Report

	Fiscal Year										
	2015		2014		2013		2012		2011		2010
\$	58,667,408	\$	57,467,025	\$	57,485,896	\$	59,181,169	\$	61,304,623	\$	62,904,503
	6,276,269		6,219,147		6,118,966		5,842,486		5,928,597		6,174,043
	3,788,995		3,541,514		3,824,584		3,823,250		4,596,014		3,566,014
	1,114,846		1,077,775		944,913		658,291		951,048		966,202
	2,374,105		2,252,550		2,130,079		2,076,614		2,091,865		1,980,496
	1,086,518		1,329,398		1,242,649		1,005,252		876,351		835,118
	73,308,141		71,887,409		71,747,087		72,587,062		75,748,498		76,426,376
	667,375		642,280		658,756		728,436		644,262		725,412
	74,899		62,552		2,912		17,937		11,679		62,485
			762,537		1,348,440		894,574		832,226		1,298,486
	2,843,098		2,736,290		2,964,576		2,797,955		3,966,425		3,350,000
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	53,812		694,508		1,244,267		1,467,648		1,397,765		1,232,757
	-		-		-		-		-		-
	172,640		173,789		171,117		173,487		211,907		144,131
	258,812		330,840		107,986		112,883		105,958		130,025
	5,183,896		5,402,796		6,498,054		6,192,920		7,170,222		6,943,296
\$	68,124,245	\$	66,484,613	\$	65,249,033	\$	66,394,142	\$	68,578,276	\$	69,483,080
<u> </u>	00,121,210	<u> </u>	00,101,010	Ψ	00,210,000	Ψ	00,001,112	Ψ	00,010,210	<u> </u>	00,100,000
	6,623.00		6,746.99		6,876.67		6,964.76		6,898.35		6,957.32
\$	10,286.01	\$	9,853.97	\$	9,488.46	\$	9,532.87	\$	9,941.26	\$	9,987.05
\$	12,824.06	\$	11,296.83	\$	12.040.08	\$	11,841.53	\$	11,663.55	\$	11,537.06
	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	,- :-:	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	,	<u> </u>	,,
\$	12,375.38	\$	10,177.41	\$	11,532.48	\$	11,338.19	\$	11,261.70	\$	11,370.09
	,	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		,		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	·	·	·
\$	70,538,147	\$	69,754,386	\$	67,990,525	\$	67,807,861	\$	69,856,674	\$	72,408,633
Ψ	(13,020,750)	Ψ	(13,644,693)	Ψ.	(10,888,676)	*	(9,923,271)	*	(9,236,968)	Ψ	(9,301,243)
	(12,220,100)		(, - · · , 550)		(12,200,010)		(-,0, 1)		(-,_00,000)		(-,-0:,=:0)
	1,150,011		1,357,332		384,047		1,296,579		684,917		(202,887)
\$	58,667,408	\$	57,467,025	\$	57,485,896	\$	59,181,169	\$	61,304,623	\$	62,904,503

7 \$14,000 \$12,000 \$10,000 \$8,000 \$6,000 \$4,000 \$2,000 0\$+ 2019 2018 ■Illinois State Average Unit Districts 2017 Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 Operating Expenditures Per Student State Average Comparison - Unit Districts (Unaudited) 2016 2015 2014 ■Moline School District No. 40 2013 2012 2011 2010

\$12,000 \$10,000 T \$16,000 \$14,000 \$8,000 \$2,000 \$6,000 \$4,000 0\$ + 2019 2018 Illinois State Average All Districts 2017 Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 Operating Expenditures Per Student State Average Comparison - All Districts (Unaudited) 2016 2015 2014 ■ Moline School District No. 40 2013 2012 2011 2010

Schedule of Insurance in Force Fiscal Year 2018—2019 (Unaudited)

I. Property (includes Boiler & Machinery and Inland Marine)

 A. Policy #:
 P2-1000926-1819-01

 B. Carrier:
 USI Insurance Services, LLC

 C. Policy Period:
 July 1, 2018 to July 1, 2019

D. Premium: \$165,315

E. Limit: Blanket per Statement of Values on file

\$10,000 Deductible (except earthquake/flood \$100,000 deductible)

II. General Liability & Employee Benefits Liability

 A. Policy #:
 P2-1000926-1819-01

 B. Carrier:
 USI Insurance Services, LLC

 C. Policy Period:
 July 1, 2018 to July 1, 2019

D. Premium: \$68,668

E. Limit: \$1,000,000 Aggregate Limit with No Deductible - General Liability

\$3,000,000 Aggregate Limit with \$1,000 Deductible -

III. Automobile/Garagekeepers

 A. Policy #:
 P2-1000926-1819-01

 B. Carrier:
 USI Insurance Services, LLC

 C. Policy Period:
 July 1, 2018 to July 1, 2019

D. Premium: \$14,400

E. Limit: \$1,000,000 Liability Limit with No Deductible

\$1,000 Deductible on Comprehensive/Collision

\$30,000 Garagekeepers Legal Liability

\$500/\$2,500 Comprehensive Deductible; \$500 Collision

Deductible

IV. Fidelity/Crime Bond

 A. Policy #:
 P2-1000926-1819-01

 B. Carrier:
 USI Insurance Services, LLC

 C. Policy Period:
 July 1, 2018 to July 1, 2019

D. Premium: \$3,697

E. Limit: \$1,000,000/\$1,000 Deductible

V. Workers' Compensation and Employers' Liability

 A. Policy #:
 A28700700

 B. Carrier:
 Argent/West Bend

C. Policy Period: July 1, 2018 to July 1, 2019

D. Premium: \$234,153

E. Limit: \$500,000 each Accident

(Continued)

Schedule of Insurance in Force (Continued) Fiscal Year 2018—2019

(Unaudited)

VI. School Leaders Errors and Omissions

 A. Policy #:
 P2-1000926-1819-01

 B. Carrier:
 USI Insurance Services, LLC

 C. Policy Period:
 July 1, 2018 to July 1, 2019

D. Premium: \$40,747

E. Limit: \$1,000,000/\$10,000 Deductible

VII. Excess Liability Insurance (Umbrella)

 A. Policy #:
 P2-1000926-1819-01

 B. Carrier:
 USI Insurance Services, LLC

 C. Policy Period:
 July 1, 2018 to July 1, 2019

D. Premium: \$17,145

E. Limit: \$10,000,000 Limit with \$10,000 Retention

VIII. Cyber Liability

 A. Policy #:
 P2-1000926-1819-01

 B. Carrier:
 USI Insurance Services, LLC

 C. Policy Period:
 July 1, 2018 to July 1, 2019

D. Premium: \$3,406

E. Limit: \$1,000,000 Aggregate Limit/\$2,500 Deductible

VIIII. Catastrophic Student Accident

 A. Policy #:
 P2-1000926-1819-01

 B. Carrier:
 USI Insurance Services, LLC

 C. Policy Period:
 July 1, 2018 to July 1, 2019

D. Premium: \$8,206

E. Limit: \$10,000/\$3,000,000 Aggregate Limit/\$25,000 Deductible

X. Treasurer's Bond

A. Policy #: 0021172

B. Carrier: Underwriters at Lloyd's, LondorC. Policy Period: July 1, 2018 to July 1, 2019

 D. Premium:
 \$20,284

 E. Limit:
 \$34,253,336

Source of Information: District insurance records

School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

School	2019	2018	2017	2016
Elementary:				
Addams Elementary School				
Square feet	25,138	25,138	25,138	25,138
Capacity	284	284	284	284
Enrollment	274	283	267	260
Bicentennial Elementary School				
Square feet	47,600	47,600	47,600	47,600
Capacity	370	370	370	370
Enrollment	291	299	304	307
Butterworth Elementary School				
Square feet	29,942	29,942	29,942	29,942
Capacity	411	411	411	411
Enrollment	248	268	305	251
Ericsson Elementary School****				
Square feet	-	-	-	-
Capacity	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Franklin Elementary School				
Square feet	28,646	28,646	28,646	28,646
Capacity	370	370	370	370
Enrollment	262	267	280	274
Garfield Elementary School****				
Square feet	-	-	-	-
Capacity	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Hamilton Elementary School*				
Square feet	85,619	85,619	85,619	85,619
Capacity	600	600	600	600
Enrollment	579	572	579	541
Lincoln-Irving Elementary School				
Square feet	41,960	41,960	41,960	41,960
Capacity	492	492	492	492
Enrollment	359	388	424	443
Logan Elementary School				
Square feet	41,472	41,472	41,472	41,472
Capacity	413	413	413	413
Enrollment	328	323	319	352
Mann Elementary School	020	020	0.10	002
Square feet	36,555	36,555	36,555	36,555
Capacity	372	372	372	372
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Roosevelt Elementary School	·			_
Square feet	56,774	56,774	56,774	56,774
Capacity	484	484	484	484
Enrollment	384	328	321	346
	304	320	321	340

(Continued)

2015	2014	Fiscal Ye		2011	2010
2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
25,138	25,138	25,138	25,138	25,138	25,13
284	284	284	284	284	28
267	316	309	294	335	32
47,600	47,600	47,600	47,600	47,600	47,60
370	370	370	370	370	37
315	299	293	304	364	34
29,942	29,942	29,942	29,942	29,942	29,94
411	411	411	411	411	4
259	290	308	279	382	36
22,912	22,912	22,912	22,912	22,912	22,9
233	233	233	233	233	22,5
107	172	178	170	180	22
28,646	28,646	28,646	28,646	28,646	28,64
370	370	370	370	370	37
258	268	248	262	296	3.
37,621	37,621	37,621	37,621	37,621	37,62
357	357	357	357	357	3
379	291	279	288	334	33
17,075	17,075	17,075	17,075	17,075	17,0
192	192	192	192	192	1:
-	106	138	149	172	1
41,960	41,960	41,960	41,960	41,960	41,9
492	492	492	492	492	4:
443	390	384	386	448	48
41,472	44 470	44 470	44 470	44 470	44.4
41,472	41,472 413	41,472 413	41,472 413	41,472 413	41,4 4
383	385	403	398	482	4
363	303	403	330	402	7,
36,555	36,555	36,555	36,555	36,555	36,5
372 -	372 -	372 -	372 -	372 -	3
-	-	-	-	-	
56,774	56,774	56,774	56,774	56,774	56,7
484	484	484	484	484	48
301	274	266	256	314	33

School Building Information (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year					
School	2019	2018	2017	2016		
Washington Elementary School						
Square feet	44,223	44,223	44,223	44,223		
Capacity	366	366	366	366		
Enrollment	270	271	253	291		
Willard Elementary School						
Square feet	30,108	30,108	30,108	30,108		
Capacity	267	267	267	267		
Enrollment	218	221	197	196		
Middle:						
Deere Middle School						
Square feet	108,520	108,520	108,520	108,520		
Capacity	854	854	854	854		
Enrollment	783	764	749	756		
Wilson Middle School						
Square feet	113,010	113,010	113,010	113,010		
Capacity	963	963	963	963		
Enrollment	890	860	853	842		
High:						
Moline High School						
Square feet	352,958	352,958	352,958	352,958		
Capacity	2,333	2,333	2,333	2,333		
Enrollment	2,082	2,082	2,040	2,117		
Wharton Field House	2,002	2,002	2,0.0	_,		
Square feet	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000		
Capacity	-	-	-	-		
Enrollment	<u>-</u>	-	-	-		
Other:						
Coolidge/Alternative High School						
Square feet	98,232	98,232	98,232	98,232		
Capacity	623	623	623	623		
Enrollment	65	94	78	72		
Jefferson Early Childhood Center**		•	. •			
Square feet	17,998	17,998	17,998	17,998		
Capacity	171	171	171	171		
Enrollment	210	247	227	257		
Allendale/Administrative Services	2.10	2		20.		
Square feet	17,400	17,400	17,400	17,400		
Capacity	-	-	-	-		
Enrollment	_	_	_	_		
Blackhawk School/Leased Facility***	-	-	_	-		
Square feet	_	_	_			
Capacity	-	-	-	-		
Enrollment	-	-	-	-		
EUOIIIIGU	-	-	-	-		
Students in Non-District Buildings	- 7.040	-	- 7.400			
Total enrollment	7,243	7,267	7,196	7,305		

^{*} Hamilton was not in session during the 2014-2015 school year due to construction.

Source of Information: Enrollment information from District enrollment records.

Occupancy/capacity and square feet from District facilities records.

^{**} Students attend half days.

^{***} The District separated from Blackhawk School as of 6/30/14.

^{****}Garfield and Ericsson closed 6/30/15.

	Fiscal Year						
201	5	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	
	44.000	44.000	44.000	44.000	44.000	44.000	
	44,223	44,223	44,223	44,223	44,223	44,223	
	366	366	366	366	366	366	
	295	280	272	263	285	287	
	30,108	30,108	30,108	30,108	30,108	30,108	
	267	267	267	267	267	267	
	269	265	251	243	254	247	
1	08,520	108,520	108,520	108,520	96,557	96,557	
•	854	854	854	854	623	623	
	755	761	812	828	515	478	
1	13,010	113,010	113,010	113,010	105,220	105,220	
	963	963	963	963	731	731	
	853	853	857	840	565	572	
3	352,958	352,958	352,958	352,958	352,958	352,958	
	2,333	2,333	2,333	2,333	2,333	2,333	
	2,122	2,089	1,948	1,939	1,954	2,023	
	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	98,232	98,232	98,232	98,232	98,232	98,232	
	623	623	623	623	623	623	
	65	66	106	66	85	87	
	17,998	17,998	17,998	17,998	17,998	17,998	
	171	171	171	171	171	171	
	260	248	284	262	256	290	
	17,400	17,400	17,400	17,400	17,400	17,400	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	17,579	17,579	17,579	17,579	17,579	
	-	229	229	229	229	229	
	-	-	-	-	-	=	
	1 7.070	140	206	211	202	175	
	7,370	7,493	7,527	7,458	6,902	7,466	

District Owned Buildings June 30, 2019

Building Name	Occupancy*	Square Feet	Enrollment
Moline High School	2,333	352,958	2,082
Wharton Field House	_, -	33,000	-,
Total high school	2,333	385,958	2,082
Deere Middle School	854	108,520	783
Wilson Middle School	963	113,010	890
Total middle schools	1,817	221,530	1,673
Addams Elementary School	284	25,138	274
Bicentennial Elementary School	370	47,600	291
Butterworth Elementary School	411	29,942	248
Ericsson Elementary School***	-	-	-
Franklin Elementary School	370	28,646	262
Garfield Elementary School***	-	-	-
Hamilton Elementary School	600	85,619	579
Lincoln-Irving Elementary School	492	41,960	359
Logan Elementary School	413	41,472	328
Horace Mann Elementary School	372	36,555	-
Roosevelt Elementary School	484	56,774	384
Washington Elementary School	366	44,223	270
Willard Elementary School	267	30,108	218
Total elementary schools	4,429	468,037	3,213
Coolidge/Alternative High School	623	98,232	65
Jefferson Early Childhood Center **	171	17,998	210
Total special schools	794	116,230	275
Allendale/Administrative Services		17,400	-
Total	9,373	1,209,155	7,243
Students in Non-District Buildings		<u>-</u>	-
Total Enrollment		_	7,243

^{*}Capacity

Source of Information: Enrollment information from District enrollment records.

Occupancy/capacity and square feet from District facilities records.

^{**} Students attend half days

^{***}Garfield and Ericsson closed 6/30/15.