

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018

1619 11th Avenue Moline, Illinois 61265-3198

MOLINE, ILLINOIS

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2018

Prepared by:

Office of the Chief Financial Officer

Contents

Introductory Section (unaudited)	
Table of contents Letter of transmittal	i-ii iii-viii
Board of education	ix
District administration	x
Organizational chart	xi
Financial Section	
Independent auditor's report	1-2
Management's discussion and analysis	3-13
Basic financial statements:	
Government-wide financial statements:	11 15
Statement of net position Statement of activities	14-15 16
Fund financial statements:	10
Balance sheet—governmental funds	17
Reconciliation of total governmental fund balances to net position of	
governmental activities	18
Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances—	
governmental funds	19
Reconciliation of the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund	20
balances of governmental funds to the statement of activities Statement of net position—governmental activities—Internal Service Fund	20 21
Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net position—	21
governmental activities—Internal Service Fund	22
Statement of cash flows—governmental activities—Internal Service Fund	23
Statement of assets and liabilities—agency funds	24
Notes to basic financial statements	25-57
Required supplementary information:	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund:	
Schedule of changes in the net pension liability and related ratios	58
Schedule of employer contributions	59
Notes to schedule of employer contributions	60
Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois:	
Schedule of the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	61
Schedule of the employer's contributions	62-63
Notes to schedule of employer's contributions	64
Teachers Health Insurance Security Fund: Schedule of the District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB	
liability	65
Schedule of District contributions	66
Notes to the schedules	67
District's Other Postemployment Plan:	
Schedule of changes in the Districts total OPEB liability and related ratios	68
Notes to the schedules	69
Budgetary comparison schedule—General Fund	70
Note to required supplementary information	71
Supplementary information:	
Combining statements, individual fund statements and schedules:	
Balance sheet—by account—General Fund	72
Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance-by	
account—General Fund	73

Contents

Financial Section (Continued)	
Schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance—	
by account—budget and actual—General Fund	74-76
Combining balance sheet—nonmajor governmental funds	77-78
Combining statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund	
balances—nonmajor governmental funds	79-80
Combining schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund	
balances—budget and actual—all nonmajor governmental funds	81-85
Combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities—agency funds	86
Capital assets used in the operation of governmental activities—by source	87
Capital assets used in the operation of governmental activities—by	
function and activity	88-89
Schedule of changes in capital assets used in the operation of governmental	
activities—by function and activities	90-93
Capital assets used in the operation of governmental activities—	
depreciation expense	94

Statistical Section (unaudited)

Statistical section contents 95 Net position by component 96-97 Expenses, program revenues and net (expense) revenue 98-99 General revenues and total change in net position 100-101 Fund balances, governmental funds 102-103 Governmental funds revenues 104-105 Graph-property tax revenues 106 Graph—earnings on investments 107 Governmental funds expenditures and debt service ratio 108-109 Other financing sources and uses and net change in fund balancesgovernmental funds 110-111 Assessed value and actual value of taxable property 112 Property tax rates—levies and collections 113-114 Graph-property tax levy rates 115 Direct and overlapping property tax rates 116-117 Principal property taxpayers 118 Property tax levies and collections 119 Ratios of general bonded debt outstanding 120 Outstanding debt by type 121 Director and overlapping governmental activities debt 122 Legal debt margin information 123-124 Demographic and economic statistics 125 Principal employers in the area 126 Full-time equivalent district employees by type 127-128 **Operating statistics** 129-130 Graph-teacher statistics 131 Graph—enrollment statistics as of April 30 132 Operating expenditures per student 133-134 Graph—operating expenditures per student—state average comparison unit districts 135 Graph—operating expenditures per student—state average comparison—all districts 136 Schedule of insurance in force 137-138 School building information 139-142 District owned buildings 143



December 10, 2018

President and Members of the Board of Education Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 Moline, Illinois 61265

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40, Moline, Illinois, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 is hereby submitted.

The Superintendent of Schools and the Chief Financial Officer are responsible for all financial transactions of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 and for the contents of this report. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects, is presented in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the District as measured by the financial activity of the various funds, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the District's fiscal affairs have been included.

The comprehensive financial report is presented in three sections: introductory, financial and statistical. The introductory section includes this transmittal letter, a list of the members of the Board of Education, a list of principal officials and the organizational chart. The financial section includes the basic financial statements and schedules, as well as the auditors' report on the financial statements and schedules. The statistical section includes selected financial and demographic information, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

History of the District

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40, a unit (pre-kindergarten through 12th grade) school district, was established in 1873 in the City of Moline, which is located on the Mississippi River approximately 170 miles west of Chicago in Rock Island County, Illinois. Moline is the headquarters of Deere and Company. As the farm implement manufacturer grew, so did the City and the school district. Enrollment has declined slowly over the past 10 years. District enrollment ranged from 7,426 in the 2008-2009 school year to 7,267 in the 2017-2018 school year.

Washington (Central) School was the first building erected in 1873 at a cost of \$25,000. Other schools soon followed, including the first Moline High School in 1894. The high school was replaced with a new school in 1915 and later with the current Moline High School in 1958, which now has approximately 2,100 students. In 1928, Wharton Field House was constructed and became part of the high school athletic facilities with Browning Field. John Deere and Calvin Coolidge Junior High Schools were constructed in the early 1930s for grades seven, eight and nine. Woodrow Wilson Junior High School was built in 1962.

In the early 1980s, the District consolidated its facilities to adjust for reduced enrollment to 9,000 students and for operating efficiency, by closing eight of its 20 neighborhood elementary schools and Coolidge Junior High School. Moline High School became a four-year high school and John Deere and Woodrow Wilson schools became two-year (grades seven and eight) middle schools. Jane Addams Elementary School was reopened in 1992. Jefferson Elementary School was reopened in 1996 as Jefferson Early Childhood Center for pre-kindergarten students. Coolidge became the site of the Alternative High School, the Regional Office of Education and the District maintenance and support offices

In 1952, the Village of Coal Valley schools were annexed into Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40. Bicentennial Elementary School, built in 1976, became the newest of the 13 District elementary schools located in Coal Valley to the south of Moline and across the Rock River. In 2008, the District finished reconstruction and expansion on Bicentennial Elementary School to accommodate the entire K-6 students from both Horace Mann Elementary and Bicentennial Elementarial Elementary into a new school. In January 2009, the students moved into the new Bicentennial Elementary.

In 2010, the School District engaged in the largest capital project, in terms of bond sales, to renovate the two middle schools to accommodate the move of sixth graders from the elementary schools. In 1931, John Deere Middle School was built with 96,557 square feet for a cost of \$560,000. In the spring of 2010, construction was started on a new gymnasium, fitness center and ground level cafeteria, geothermal, and renovation to the entire existing building. In all, 11,963 new square feet were added. The total cost of the renovation and new construction was \$15,600,000. The new total square footage of the building is now 108,520. In 1961, Wilson Middle School was originally built with 103,622 square feet for a cost of \$1,943,625. In the spring of 2010, construction was started on a new science wing, fitness center, geothermal, and renovation to the entire existing building. In all, 9,388 new square feet were added. The total cost of the renovation and new construction was \$9,700,000. The new total square footage of the building is now 113,010. Both Middle Schools now provide educational services for sixth, seventh and eighth grade students.

In 2013 the School District started a \$17,300,000 expansion of Hamilton Elementary School to a four-section K-5 elementary attendance center. Beginning with the 2015-2016 school year, new boundaries were drawn to improve the educational process for elementary students throughout the district through more balanced class sizes, increased grade level collaboration and better alignment of educational resources. The expansion increased the square footage of Hamilton from 17,075 square feet to 85,619 square feet.

Starting with the 2015-2016 school year, Garfield and Ericsson Schools were closed as attendance centers. Ericsson was sold in June 2015. Garfield was sold in June 2016.

In 2017, the School District began planning for a new performing arts center at Moline High School. The project is estimated to cost \$10,000,000. The funding for this project will be supported by the Bartlett Family Trust (70%) and the District (30%).

District administrative offices are located at Allendale, a 23-room home donated to the District in 1933 by Mr. and Mrs. Frank Allen. Willard Elementary School, constructed in 1899, is the oldest of the District schools. All schools are in compliance with the Life-Safety Code for Illinois schools, as the result of extensive modifications and improvements.

Citizens and businesses of the District provide 46.52% of district revenues in the form of local property taxes. Referenda were approved by voters of the District in 1992 (operations and maintenance purposes rate change from \$0.54 to \$0.75 per \$100 equalized assessed valuation) and in 1987 (educational purposes rate change from \$2.55 to \$3.27 per \$100 equalized assessed valuation).

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 enjoys strong support from active Parent-Teacher Association/Parent-Teacher Organizations in most of the schools. The Moline Public Schools Foundation raises funds through corporate and personal pledges and other annual fundraising activities to support schools. Recent funds supported upgrades to all the Elementary Computer Labs including student assessment/instructional software, as well as other specific grants to teachers to advance student learning. For 2017-2018, fundraising from all sources and organizations generated \$365,194 in funds for the schools.

Reporting Entity

The financial statements include all funds that are controlled by or dependent on the Board of Education of the District. The District does not exercise oversight responsibility over any other entity and thus does not include any other entity or a component unit in this report. Additionally, based on consideration of oversight responsibility, scope of public service and special financing relationships, the District is an independent entity, not include as a component unit of any other reporting entity.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Moline and Coal Valley, Illinois, are part of the "Quad-Cities" Metropolitan Statistical Area (includes Davenport and Bettendorf, Iowa, and Rock Island and East Moline, Illinois, and other contiguous communities), which has a population of nearly 400,000. Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 has a population of 46,006 and includes an area of 27.88 square miles.

After multiple plant closings and layoffs, as a result of the overall decline in the farm economy in the early 1980s, the economic conditions and outlook for the Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 remains in line with the national economy. The unemployment rate for Moline has decreased from 5.5% in 2008 to 4.6% in 2017. City of Moline building permits totaled \$904,152,512 in the past 10 years or an average of \$90,415,251 per year. As a result of this significant construction, the Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 assessment base (one-third of market value and excluding \$45,612,545 of Tax Increment Finance District assessed value) has increased from \$820,885,452 in 2008 to \$854,804,251 in 2017, or 4.10%; an average of 0.41% per year.

The economic development has included the construction of a 12,000 seat Quad-Cities Civic Center, the Mark, in Moline and a \$43 million mixed-use project, John Deere Commons, along the Mississippi River. The City of Moline has initiated work with developers for a \$40 million redevelopment project designated as Bass Street Landing, adjacent to John Deere Commons and The Mark. This project includes more than 60 condominium units on the river, mixed-use (retail, office, residential) space of 45,000 square feet. In addition to a new hospital complex, which opened in 1997, more than 1,000,000 square feet of commercial/retail stores have been constructed since 1996 along four miles of the John Deere Road corridor, located in the Southern portion of the community.

In recent years, local community groups, politicians, private companies and public and private organizations have been targeting state and federal funding to build a Quad City Riverfront Campus for Western Illinois University (WIU) along the Mississippi River. In the past few years, the federal and state governments have appropriated specific funds for this project. Phase I is completed and starting with the 2012-13 school year, students will be attending classes at the new WIU Riverfront Campus. Funding for Phase II has been approved by the State of Illinois with groundbreaking scheduled for the fall of 2012. In March 2007, WIU President Al Goldfarb indicated that the campus could have a \$50 million annual economic impact on the local economy and provide John Deere & Co and other businesses with training and education for the local workforce they need.

Moline continues to be a major retail hub of the Illinois Quad-Cities because of its central location, Southpark Mall and the John Deere Road corridor retail expansion. Due to the recent economy, residential permits for home construction in Moline and Coal Valley have slowed significantly in recent years. To accommodate future expansion, the City of Moline has adopted the South Rock River Annexation Plan, which includes the Boundary Agreement between Moline and the Village of Coal Valley. Even given the uncertainty of the national economy the outlook for the local economy remains positive. Enrollment is projected to be somewhat stable during the next several years.

The State of Illinois passed local property tax limitation legislation in recent years. Counties may elect to limit property tax growth to the lesser of the consumer price increase for the prior year or 5%. Rock Island County and, therefore, the District are not currently limited by this legislation. The District property tax revenue remained relatively flat, increased by 2.94% during the last year. State revenue increased by 14.41%. Federal revenue decreased by 3.78%. Total revenues increased 20.37% during fiscal year 2017-2018. District operating expenditures per pupil, \$11,035.11, remain below the state average for unit districts. The state average has been below the national average per pupil expenditure.

Current Operational Plan Instructional Priorities and Accomplishments

The district's Operational Plan is based upon three components that form the foundation for its improvement efforts: Student Achievement, Capacity Building and Sustainability. The Operational Plan outlines three objectives: Improve Student Achievement, Provide Facilities Appropriate for 21st Century Learning, and Ensure Long Term Financial Stability. Having made substantial progress in efforts in the area of Sustainability, the district is in a position to better allocate resources to support capacity building and improved student achievement.

The four goals within the objective of Improve Student Achievement are 1) Implement Professional Learning Communities, 2) Align Curriculum with Common Core State Standards, 3) Develop Common Formative and Summative Assessments, and 4) Revise Teacher Evaluation System.

The plan outlines five elements of focus for the Student Achievement component: Professional Learning Communities, Guaranteed and Viable Curriculum, Balanced Assessment, Rigor, and Instructional Practices.

In regard to Goal One, the district is continuing the implementation of DuFour's Professional Learning Communities model. The goal this year continues to assure a guaranteed and viable curriculum, increase proficiency to formatively assess student learning, analyze student achievement data, make necessary instructional adjustments, and lead educational change; refine work of elementary "networks" (regional groupings of elementary schools); and redefine the work of grade level teams.

As to Goal Two, the district is implementing a model English/Language Arts curriculum and math curriculum. Implementing these ELA and math units of instruction at each grade level, supporting intense development around the Integrated Services Delivery Model to ensure that all students have access to a rigorous guaranteed and viable curriculum, and studying resources to support a multi-tiered support system is a multifaceted goal.

Goal Three highlights the need to develop and refine common formative and summative assessments at all grade levels and in all content areas. This is to provide teachers with timely information on student learning, allow teachers to target student feedback to specific learning objectives, and to give teachers the ability to make appropriate instructional adjustments on a daily basis. The goal will also support the district's effort to include student growth in summative teacher evaluations. The district utilizes the services of Kids at the Core to Support this work. Additionally, foundational pieces in implementing this goal comes from Rick Stiggins' book *Defensible Teacher Evaluation: Student Growth through Classroom Assessment* which is used as a resource to increase assessment literacy in the district.

Finally, the district will build on its progress in the area of goal four. The district piloted the student growth component to the teacher evaluation system. The district will move to full implementation. During this pilot and full implementation period, additional time and resources are utilized to refine this component to ensure legal compliance as well as appropriate levels of fidelity to increase the effectiveness of the organization.

The district is providing professional development for teachers and administrators to increase understanding of best practices in assessment other methods stated above. The district continues to include additional professional development through a two-year mentoring and induction program.

For the Future

In July of 2014, the Operational Plan was extended through the year 2017. Each year the administration reports progress to the Board and objectives are revised. Next year, the objectives and focus areas will remain largely the same, with action plans updated based on this year's progress and identified student learning needs.

Current predicted focus areas are as follows:

- At this time, the district projects that Professional Learning Communities will be fully implemented with a requirement of three Big Ideas, Four Critical Questions and basic tenets such as loose-tight leadership are monitored for fidelity and new employees are trained in these precepts. The high school will enjoy increased collaboration time due to schedule adjustments.
- 2) Now called the New Illinois Learning Standards, additional units will be developed with corresponding formative and summative assessments developed. These units will likely focus on extending coverage of additional standards throughout the grades in math and ELA. Implementation of an Integrated Services Delivery Model will need to be monitored and improved upon as teachers develop expertise in this new system of instructional delivery. Other priorities will include an increased focus on the Next Generation Science Standards, improving rigor through increased Advanced Placement participation and other means, and increasing student engagement with an emphasis on 21st Century Skills.
- 3) The district will move from a pilot to a fully developed Teacher Professional Growth System to include the Danielson Frameworks and student growth and establish the formal Joint Committee to make any appropriate adjustments to ensure successful compliance with the law for future school years.

Internal Controls

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from loss, theft or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

Tests are made by the District's independent auditors to determine the adequacy of the internal control structure, including that portion related to federal financial assistance programs, as well as to determine that the District has complied with applicable laws and regulations. The results of the tests for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, provided no instances of material weaknesses in the internal control structure or significant violations of applicable laws and regulations.

Budgetary Controls

Budgetary control is maintained at line item levels and built up into program and/or cost centers before being combined to form totals by fund. All actual activity compared to budget is reported to the District's management on a monthly basis. Reports of actual activity to budget are reported to the Board of Education monthly. Full disclosures are made if extraordinary variances appear during the year.

Cash Management

The District invests up to 100% of available cash, timing investment maturities to actual cash needs. In addition, all checking accounts are of interest bearing types. Investments are made in compliance with restrictions established by the Illinois statutes. The District maintains an investment relationship with the Illinois Funds, a state-wide investment pool, established by statute and managed by the Treasurer of the State of Illinois.

The school treasurer is appointed by the Board of Education and authorizes all investments and cash transactions. Investment strategies are structured to obtain the best yield for all invested funds while maintaining minimum risks. The District, accordingly, balances investments primarily in the Illinois Funds secured by direct U.S. Treasury obligations. The District earned interest revenue totaling \$860,309 on all investments for all governmental fund types for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Risk Management

The District completed its annual review of all insurance coverages to minimize the risk of a major loss at reasonable premium costs. The District Group Insurance Fund (an internal service fund) was established in 1994 to account for and finance uninsured risk of loss. This insurance provides stop loss coverage for up to a maximum of \$200,000 for each participant covered by the health benefit plan. The District purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Fund and for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past four fiscal years.

Independent Audit

The Illinois School Code and the District's policy require an annual audit of the books of accounts, financial records and transactions of all funds of the District. The audit is performed by independent certified public accountants selected by the District's Board of Education. The auditors' opinion has been included in this report.

Acknowledgments

We wish to thank the members of the Board of Education for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the District in a responsible and progressive manner. We also wish to thank the efficient and dedicated central office staff for their assistance in the timely preparation of this report.

Son- Mi Carin

Lanty McGuire Superintendent

Dand Miden H

David T. McDermott Chief Financial Officer

Board of Education Year Ended June 30, 2018

		First Elected	Term Expires
Kate Schaefer	President	2015	2019
Sangeetha Rayapati	Vice President	2017	2021
Justin Anderson	Member	2015	2019
Erin Waldron-Smith	Member	2017	2021
Tim Miller	Member	2015	2019
Andrew Waeyaert	Member	2017	2021
Susan Tucker	Member	2015	2019

District Administration Year Ended June 30, 2018

Lanty McGuire	Superintendent
Matt DaBaene	Assistant Superintendent for Teaching and Learning
Dave McDermott	Chief Financial Officer
Todd DeTaeye	Assistant Superintendent for Administration and Human Resources
Kristin Sanders	Assistant Superintendent for Pupil/Personnel Services and Special Education



Effective July 1, 2016



Independent Auditor's Report

RSM US LLP

To the Board of Education Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2018, the District implemented the provisions of GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* which required a restatement to opening net position. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis; Budgetary Comparison Information; Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios and Schedule of Employer Contributions; Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois' Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and Schedule of District Contributions; Teacher Health Insurance Security Fund Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability and Schedule of District Contributions and the Schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual General Fund and nonmajor governmental fund financial statements and combining statement of changes in assets and liabilities—Agency Fund, and capital asset schedules, listed in the table of contents as supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying introductory and statistical sections, as listed in the table of contents, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2018, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

RSM US LLP

Davenport, Iowa December 10, 2018

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Introduction

Our discussion and analysis of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this management's discussion and analysis is to look at Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the transmittal letter, financial statements and notes to basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's financial performance.

The reporting model is a combination of both government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements. The basic financial statements contain three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements including the statement of net position and the statement of activities which provide a broad, long-term overview of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's finances.
- 2. Fund financial statements including the balance sheets and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance that provide a greater level of detail of revenues and expenditures and focus on how well Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 has performed in the short term in the most significant funds.
- 3. Notes to basic financial statements.

Overall Analysis

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 serves 7,267 students with a 2017-2018 total governmental fund budget of \$141,130,623. In general, the financial operations of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 continued to perform well even during uncertain financial times. Expenditures for instructional programs and for regular maintenance continue to increase as Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 continues to monitor overall costs in these difficult economic times. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District operated with 2 less full-time equivalent positions from the prior year.

In summary, Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's overall financial position remains strong, stable and consistent even in a challenging financial economy.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2018 are as follows:

Total governmental fund revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 of \$95,096,661 were comprised of General Fund revenues in the amount of \$76,594,590, Capital Project Fund revenues of \$8,296,394 and other governmental funds revenues totaling \$10,205,677. Total governmental funds revenues increased \$798,105 or 1 percent from the previous year.

Total governmental funds expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 of \$94,671,278 were comprised of General Fund expenditures of \$75,224,690, Capital Project Fund expenditures of \$6,385,527 and other governmental funds expenditures of \$13,061,066. Total governmental funds expenditures increased \$3,248,196 or 4 percent from the previous year.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$83,569,034, an increase of \$30,205,572 in comparison with the ending fund balance of \$53,363,462 from the prior year. Of the total combined fund balance, \$31,006,575 represents unassigned fund balance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

As of June 30, 2018, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$31,006,575 or 41 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's total long-term debt including compensated absences increased by \$17,886,845 or 5 percent during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The increase was primarily due to the issuance of the 2018 bonds.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to basic financial statements. In addition, other supplementary information to the basic financial statements is provided.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the District as a whole, presenting both an aggregate and long-term view of the finances. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting.

The <u>statement of net position</u> presents information on all of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's assets plus deferred outflows less liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The **statement of activities** presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in the net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but not used vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The District does not currently have any activities that are considered business-type activities. The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, tuition paid to other districts and debt service interest.

The government-wide financial statements include only Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40. There are no other organizations or agencies whose financial statements should be combined and presented with the financial statements of the District.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14 – 16 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financial requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 maintains eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, which is considered to be a major fund. Data from the other seven governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget on page 56.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report.

Proprietary funds: The District maintains an Internal Service Fund to account for the premium and claim payments for the self-insured health insurance plan for District employees and retirees. Internal Service Funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. Because the service provided by the District predominately benefits governmental, rather than business-type functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The Internal Service Fund is presented in a separate presentation.

The basic proprietary funds fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's own programs. The fiduciary fund of the District is an Agency Fund. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 24 of this report.

Notes to basic financial statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 25–49 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Other information: In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension and other postemployment benefits to its employees and budgetary comparison schedules. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 50–58 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

By far the largest portion of the District's total assets reflects its investment in capital assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide educational services; therefore, these assets are not available for future spending. The District's net position net investment in capital assets was \$82,105,944. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Governmental Activities			
	2018	2017		
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 142,993,472	\$ 112,932,091		
Capital assets	89,873,199	81,162,758		
Total assets	232,866,671	194,094,849		
Deferred outflows of resources, pension related deferred outflows				
Pension related	2,403,377	5,701,427		
OPEB related	1,871,552	-		
Total deferred outflows of resources	4,274,929	5,701,427		
Liabilities				
Long-term liabilities	110,853,931	58,994,824		
Other liabilities	17,810,706	14,488,503		
Total liabilities	128,664,637	73,483,327		
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue	41,054,933	40,524,821		
Pension related	6,026,566	2,401,804		
OPEB related	9,967,278	-		
Total deferred inflows of resources	57,048,777	42,926,625		
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	64,579,826	60,228,675		
Restricted	37,401,462	20,424,011		
Unrestricted	(50,553,102)	2,733,638		
Total net position	\$ 51,428,186	\$ 83,386,324		

Table 1 - Condensed Statement of Net Position

A restricted portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions,* was implemented during fiscal year 2018. The beginning net position as of July 1, 2017 for governmental activities were restated by \$45,546,010 to retroactively report the net postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability. Fiscal year 2017 financial statement amounts for total OPEB liability, OPEB expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources were not restated because the information was not available. In the past, OPEB expense was the amount of the employer contribution. Current reporting provides a more comprehensive measure of OPEB expense, which is more reflective of the amounts employees earned during the year.

Table 2 highlights the District's revenues and expenses for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017. These two main components are subtracted to yield the change in net position.

Revenues are divided into two major categories: program revenue and general revenue. Program revenue is defined as charges for services and sales, operating and capital grants and contributions. General revenue includes taxes (property and replacement taxes), unrestricted grants and investment income.

Table 2 - Program Revenues and Expenses

	Governmental Activities			
	2018	2017		
	(As Restated)	(Not Restated)		
Revenues:				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services and sales	\$ 6,423,643	\$ 7,085,913		
Operating grants and contributions	39,150,550	38,089,890		
Capital grants and contributions	4,400,000	-		
General revenue:				
Property taxes	43,730,177	42,480,125		
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	4,865,949	5,185,632		
Sales tax	3,513,031	-		
Grants and entitlements	19,146,998	15,937,442		
Investment earnings	860,309	285,757		
Insurance proceeds	4,280,632	-		
Other	2,059,049	2,394,079		
Total revenues	128,430,338	111,458,838		
Program expenses:				
Instruction	86,220,622	81,799,870		
Support services	27,049,134	27,412,990		
Community services	277,300	102,280		
Debt service, interest	1,295,410	694,512		
Total expenses	114,842,466	110,009,652		
Increase in net position	13,587,872	1,449,186		
Net position, beginning of year	37,840,314	81,937,138		
Net position, end of year	\$ 51,428,186	\$ 83,386,324		

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018







Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table 3 below discloses cost of services for Governmental Activities. The total cost of services column contains all costs related to programs and the net cost column shows how much the total amount is not covered by program revenues. Succinctly put, net costs are costs that must be covered by unrestricted state aid (State Foundation) or local taxes. The difference in these two columns would represent restricted grants, fees and donations restricted grants, fees and donations.

Table 3 - Governmental Activities						
Total Cost of Net Cost of Total Cost of Net Cost						
Programs	S	Services 2018	Services 2018		Services 2017	Services 2017
Instruction	\$	86,220,622	\$ 39,981,147	\$	81,799,870	\$ 40,330,692
Support services		27,049,134	23,314,416		27,412,990	23,706,365
Community services		277,300	277,300		102,280	102,280
Debt service, interest		1,295,410	1,295,410		694,512	694,512
Total expenses	\$	114,842,466	\$ 64,868,273	\$	110,009,652	\$ 64,833,849

Expenditures for instruction and program support continued to represent the largest percent of total District expenditures. Expenditures for instruction increased due to an increase of Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) on-behalf payments and an increase in personal services.

The property tax is the most significant revenue source of the District. The three factors that affect property tax revenues are assessed valuation, tax multiplier and tax rate. Through an overall increase in property values, the 2017 equalized assessed valuation of the District increased by \$26,301,956 or 3 percent and resulted in an increase in property tax revenue of \$1,250,052. Sales tax collections were \$3,513, 031 which were new to the District in the current year. Capital grants and contributions increased by \$4,400,000 due to the donation made for the Bartlett Performing Arts Center.

Real estate tax bills in Rock Island County for a calendar year tax levy are payable in four equal installments in the subsequent calendar year, with all but the first payment falling due after the close of the District's fiscal year. First installment tax collections prior to June 30, 2018 were 55.08 percent of the current property tax levy compared with 54.81 percent for the previous year. The remainder of the 2017 levy is billed for collection during calendar year 2018. Allocations of the 2017 property tax levy for fiscal 2018 and the two preceding levies are as follows (per \$100 assessed value):

	Tax Rate Calendar Years						
Purpose	2018			2017		2016	
General	\$	4.1600	\$	4.1600	\$	4.1600	
Special revenue		0.4516		0.4850		0.4820	
Debt Service		0.4478		0.4548		0.4674	
Capital Projects		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500	
Total Tax Rate	\$	5.1094	\$	5.1498	\$	5.1594	
Collection/Levy (2017 stated as of June 30, 2018)		55.08%	, D	54.81%	, D	54.35%	

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds: The focus of Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

Table 4 - Govern	menta	al Fund Baland	ces		
		2018		2017	
Purpose	Fu	und Balance	F	Fund Balance	% Change
General	\$	44,872,396	\$	39,221,864	14.41
Capital projects		25,681,966		1,347,538	
Nonmajor governmental funds		13,014,672		12,794,060	1.72
Total	\$	83,569,034	\$	53,363,462	56.60

The District completed the year with a total governmental fund balance of \$82,912,180, \$29,548,718 more than last year's ending fund balance of \$53,363,462. Approximately 37 percent of this amount, \$30,349,757, constitutes unassigned fund balance available for spending at the government's discretion. The majority of the increase in governmental fund balance is due to an increase in EAV (Equalized Assessed Value of local property values), issuance of the 2018 bonds, sales tax payments and CPPRT payments. The remainder of the governmental funds fund balance is restricted or assigned for 1) grantor restricted purposes \$4,346,4096; 2) working cash \$8,198,649; 3) transportation \$2,303,859; 4) municipal retirement and social security \$3,480,880; 5) tort immunity \$1,998,905; 5) debt service \$3,161,270; 6) life safety projects \$275,675; 7) capital projects \$17,099,833; 8) school activity \$742,680, and 9) encumbrances \$10,804,737.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$31,006,575 while total fund balance reached \$44,872,396. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 41 percent of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance also represents approximately 60 percent of that same amount.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The fund balance of the District's General Fund increased by \$5,650,532, during the current fiscal year. The increase in fund balance was due mainly to an increase in EAV and general state aid.

Revenues were under budget by \$6,036,053. The decrease in revenue was due mainly to a decrease in other local sources revenue and TRS on-behalf payments.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Expenditures were under budget by \$7,695,684. This is mainly due to a decrease in TRS on-behalf payments.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

At the end of the 2018 fiscal year, the District had invested \$137,094,296 in a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, sites, equipment and vehicles. This amount represents an increase of \$11,343,074. Additional information about capital assets can be found in Note 3. Total accumulated depreciation on these assets equaled \$47,221,097 for governmental activities.

- Asset acquisitions for governmental activities totaled \$11,776,204 including transfers from construction-in-process of \$250,706.
- The District disposed of \$182,424 of capital assets.
- The District recognized depreciation expense of \$2,688,121 for governmental activities.

Purpose		2018	2017	% Change
Land	\$	1,139,143	\$ 1,135,499	0.32
Land improvements		2,417,509	2,641,462	(8.48)
Buildings		74,537,729	76,336,741	(2.36)
Equipment and vehicles		437,160	674,419	(35.18)
Construction-in-process		11,341,658	374,637	2,927.37
Total	\$	89,873,199	\$ 81,162,758	10.73

Table 5 - Capital Assets as of June 30 (Net of Depreciation)

The below graph shows the category and percentage of our School District's assets.



Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Debt

As of June 30, 2018, Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 had general obligation bonds outstanding totaling \$39,801,552. In the current year, the District issued \$25,001,000 of new bonds and paid \$6,064,100 in principal and \$935,651 in interest and fiscal charges on outstanding debt.

Table 6 - General Obligation	n Out	standing Debt	as of	June 30	
	Governmental Activities				
		2018		2017	% Change
General obligation bonds	\$	39,801,552	\$	20,864,652	90.76%

The District issued General Obligation bonds for purposes of making facilities modifications and repairs for Life Safety Code purposes as follows: July 1990, \$2,215,000 (repaid on February 1, 2002); May 1991, \$5,000,000 (repaid on February 1, 2003); April 1992, \$4,800,000 (repaid on February 1, 2004); March 1993, \$4,500,000 (repaid on February 1, 2004); July 1994, \$4,800,000 (repaid on February 1, 2003); December 1996, \$7,945,000 (with \$4,945,000 for refunding outstanding bonds for interest savings purposes; repaid on February 1, 2006); February 1999, \$9,045,000 (with \$7,045,000 for refunding outstanding bonds for interest savings purposes, repaid on February 1, 2003); February 2002, \$2,500,000 (repaid on February 1, 2006); March 2003, \$2,000,000 (repaid on February 1, 2014); November 2005, \$4,500,000 (repaid on February 1, 2009); June 2007, \$6,000,000 (repaid February 1, 2014); November 2009, \$10,200,000 (refunding in May 2018); December 2009, \$8,300,000; December 2010, \$11,495,000; December 2013, \$9,610,000; February 2018, \$21,925,000 and May 2018, \$3,075,000 (refunded the November 2009 bonds) . The District has an Aa2 insured Moody's Investors service rating insured by Financial Guaranty Insured.

As of June 30, 2018, the District's available legal debt margin was \$78,161,435.

Additional information about the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The following is a summary of the major 2018-2019 budget changes from the 2017-2018 Amended Budget:
- Revenues and available carried-forward fund balances equal or exceed expenditures for all funds for the 2018-2019 Fiscal Year.
- Salaries, wages and benefits have been updated to reflect known changes of staff costs.
- Summary of the Educational Fund:
 - The Educational Fund reflects a budgeted deficit of \$565,081. This is mainly due to an increase in salaries and fringe benefits.
 - Property tax revenue reflects an increase of \$669,416 or 2.4 percent, as a result of updated equalized assessed valuation projections provided by the Rock Island Assessment Office and anticipated needs based on the 2017 levy.
 - o Corporate Personal Property Replacement Tax (CPPRT) remains flat due to uncertainty.
 - General State Aid has been replaced by Evidence Based Funding. The new Evidence Based Funding formula combines the previous General State Aid, Funding for Children Requiring Special Ed. Services, Special Ed. – Personnel, Special Ed. – Summer School and Bilingual Ed. – TPI and TBE. The combined amount reflects an increase of \$1,386,376, or 7.8 percent.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

- State funded Categorical grants (i.e., Special Ed. Private Facility, Orphanage, etc.) reflects a decrease of \$771,393 or 22.4 percent. Many of these grants have been included in the Evidence Based Funding model.
- State, federal and entitlement program revenues and expenditures have been analyzed to reflect updated awards, entitlements, carryovers and allocation changes from the prior year.
 Contingencies are included for unanticipated revenues and expenditures, mainly related to federal grants, as were in past budgets.
- Operations & Maintenance Fund reflects a budgeted deficit of \$609,107. The deficit is associated with budgeting fluctuating utility costs (i.e., water, gas and electric) which historically do not fully expend.
- Debt Service Fund reflects a budgeted deficit of \$1,360,156. The deficit is associated with the sale of general obligation bonds in the amount of \$21,925,000 in FY18. The associated debt service payments will be supported with the new Rock Island County School Facilities Sales Tax (i.e., 1 percent) revenues.
- Capital Projects Fund reflects a budgeted deficit of \$12,557,000, due to the timing of construction for the Bartlett Performing Arts Center, Franklin Elementary School and other projects authorized by the Board of Education in FY18.
- Life Safety Fund reflects a budgeted deficit of \$1,538,106, due to an increase in planned capital expenditures as reflected in the 10-Year Life Safety review.
- Total revenues decreased by \$39,263,778, or 28.4 percent, while expenditures decreased by \$24,953,997, or 17.7 percent, from the 2017-2018 Amended Budget. The majority of the change in revenue can be attributed to the 2018 bond sale and a reduction in TRS On-Behalf. The majority of the change in expenditures is a result of expenditures associated with construction of the Bartlett Performing Arts Center, Franklin Elementary School and TRS On-Behalf.
- Total Funds ending balance is budgeted at a deficit of \$14,309,781 mainly due to the 2018 bond sale, continued construction for the Bartlett Performing Arts Center and Franklin Elementary School, and the reduction of TRS On-Behalf.

Requests for Information

These financial statements and discussions are designed to provide our students, citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a complete disclosure of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's high degree of accountability for the public dollars entrusted to us. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please write to Mr. David McDermott, Chief Financial Officer, Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40, 1619 11th Avenue, Moline, Illinois 61265.

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

	G	Governmental
		Activities
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$	72,570,121
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts:		
Property taxes		50,719,717
Corporate personal property replacement taxes		727,337
Sales tax		674,565
Other		51,551
Due from other governmental units		2,383,924
Inventory		29,372
Prepaid items		77,278
Restricted cash and investments		15,759,607
Capital assets:		
Nondepreciable:		
Land		1,139,143
Construction-in-process		11,341,658
Depreciable:		
Land improvements		8,619,398
Buildings		110,943,415
Equipment and vehicles		5,050,682
Accumulated depreciation		(47,221,097)
Total assets		232,866,671
Deferred outflow of resources		
Pension related amounts		2,403,377
OPEB related amounts		1,871,552
Total deferred outflow of resources		4,274,929

Liabilities	
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 3,582,475
Claims payable	1,189,548
Accrued wage and benefit liabilities	8,006,157
Accrued interest	576,464
Unearned revenue	39,143
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year:	
General obligation bonds	4,130,280
Compensated absences	286,639
Due in more than one year:	
General obligation bonds	35,671,272
Bond premium	553,179
Bond discount	(20,035)
Other postemployment benefits liability	59,093,717
Net pension liability	15,555,798
Total liabilities	 128,664,637
Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes Pension related amounts	41,054,933 6,026,566
OPEB related amounts	9,967,278
Total deferred inflows of resources	 57,048,777
	 01,040,111
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	64,579,826
Restricted for:	
Debt service	2,584,806
Grantor restricted purposes	4,346,409
Tort immunity	1,849,551
Life safety projects	275,675
Capital projects	17,099,833
Transportation	2,303,859
School activity	742,680
Working cash	8,198,649
Unrestricted	 (50,553,102)
Total net position	\$ 51,428,186

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

				Program Revenue	es			Net (Expense) Revenue nd Changes in Net Position
		(Charges for	Operating		Capital		
			Services	Grants and		Grants and	(Governmental
Governmental Activities	Expenses		and Sales	Contributions	C	Contributions		Activities
Instruction	\$ 86,220,622	\$	5,581,594	\$ 36,257,881	\$	4,400,000	\$	(39,981,147)
Support services	27,049,134		842,049	2,892,669		-		(23,314,416)
Tuition paid to other districts	277,300		-	-		-		(277,300)
Debt service, interest on long-term debt	 1,295,410		-	-		-		(1,295,410)
Total governmental activities	\$ 114,842,466	\$	6,423,643	\$ 39,150,550	\$	4,400,000		(64,868,273)

General Revenues

Property taxes	43,730,177
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	4,865,949
Sales tax	3,513,031
Grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs	19,146,998
Insurance proceeds	4,280,632
Investment earnings	860,309
Other	2,059,049
Total general revenues	78,456,145
Changes in net position	13,587,872
Net position beginning of year, as restated	37,840,314
Net position end of year	\$ 51,428,186

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	General	C	Capital Projects	(Nonmajor Governmental Funds	C	Total Governmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 43,030,503	\$	26,902,841	\$	11,823,176	\$	81,756,520
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts:							
Property taxes	41,295,263		-		9,424,454		50,719,717
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	727,337		-		-		727,337
Sales taxes	-		674,565		-		674,565
Other	47,318		11		3,253		50,582
Due from other funds	817,140		-		-		817,140
Due from other governmental units	1,940,659		-		443,265		2,383,924
Inventory	29,372		-		-		29,372
Prepaid items	 37,375		-		419		37,794
Total assets	\$ 87,924,967	\$	27,577,417	\$	21,694,567	\$	137,196,951
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of							
Resources and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 1,158,221	\$	1,895,451	\$	368,582	\$	3,422,254
Accrued wage and benefit liabilities	7,764,310		-		241,744		8,006,054
Unearned revenue	39,143		-		-		39,143
Total liabilities	 8,961,674		1,895,451		610,326		11,467,451
Deferred inflows of resources:							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	33,428,628		-		7,626,305		41,054,933
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental	662,269		-		443,264		1,105,533
Total deferred inflows of resources	 34,090,897		-		8,069,569		42,160,466
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	29,372		-		-		29,372
Prepaid items	37,375		-		419		37,794
Restricted for:							
Grantor restricted purpose	4,346,409		-		-		4,346,409
Working cash	8,198,649		-		-		8,198,649
Transportation	-		-		2,303,859		2,303,859
Municipal retirement	-		-		1,861,824		1,861,824
Social security	-		-		1,619,056		1,619,056
Tort immunity	-		-		1,849,551		1,849,551
Debt service	-		-		3,161,270		3,161,270
Capital projects	-		17,099,833		-		17,099,833
Life safety projects	-		-		275,675		275,675
School activity	-		-		742,680		742,680
Assigned for:					,		,
Purchases on order	1,254,016		8,582,133		1,092,117		10,928,266
Transportation	-				56,873		56,873
Municipal retirement and social security	-		-		51,348		51,348
Unassigned	31,006,575		-		-		31,006,575
Total fund balances	 44,872,396		25,681,966		13,014,672		83,569,034
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources		6		4		â	
and fund balances	\$ 87,924,967	\$	27,577,417	\$	21,694,567	\$	137,196,951

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2018

Total governmental fund balances	\$ 83,569,034
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net	
position are different because:	
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities	
are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Land	1,139,143
Construction-in-process	11,341,658
Land improvements	8,619,398
Buildings	110,943,415
Equipment and vehicles	5,050,682
Accumulated depreciation	(47,221,097)
Other assets are not available to pay for current period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred inflows in the funds:	
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental	1,105,533
Pension and OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources	
are not due and payable in the current year, and therefore, are not reported in the	
governmental funds, as follows:	
Deferred outflow of resources:	
Pension related	2,403,377
OPEB related	1,871,552
Deferred inflow of resources:	
Pension related	(6,026,566)
OPEB related	(9,967,278)
Noncurrent liabilities, including accrued interest, are not due and payable	
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Compensated absences	(286,639)
Accrued interest	(576,464)
General obligation bonds	(39,801,552)
Other postemployment benefits liability	(59,093,717)
Net pension liability	(15,555,798)
Bond discount	20,035
Bond premium	(553,179)
Internal Service Fund, net position	 4,446,649
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 51,428,186

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	General	Capital Projects	-	Nonmajor Sovernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 35,478,829	\$-	\$	8,251,348	\$ 43,730,177
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	4,358,036	-		507,913	4,865,949
Sales tax	-	3,513,031		-	3,513,031
Other local sources and student fundraising					
activities	2,892,474	4,570,833		986,839	8,450,146
General state aid	19,146,998	-		-	19,146,998
Restricted state aid	3,162,427	-		365,841	3,528,268
Federal aid	6,723,855	-		-	6,723,855
On-behalf payments	4,409,293	-		-	4,409,293
Investment earnings	 422,678	212,530		93,736	728,944
Total revenues	 76,594,590	8,296,394		10,205,677	95,096,661
Expenditures: Current:					
Instruction	47,005,788	-		1,296,172	48,301,960
Support services	22,677,707	-		3,880,246	26,557,953
Tuition paid to other districts	277,300	-		-	277,300
Capital outlay	5,263,895	6,165,393		884,896	12,314,184
Debt service:	-,,	-,,		,	,- , -
Principal retirement	-	-		6,064,100	6,064,100
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-		935,651	935,651
Bond issuance costs	-	220,130		-	220,130
Total expenditures	 75,224,690	6,385,523		13,061,065	94,671,278
Net change before other financing					
sources	 1,369,900	1,910,871		(2,855,388)	425,383
Other financing sources:					
Proceeds from bonds sold	-	21,925,000		-	21,925,000
Refunding bonds issued	-	-		3,076,000	3,076,000
Premium on bonds sold	-	498,557		-	498,557
Insurance proceeds	 4,280,632	-		-	4,280,632
Total other financing sources	 4,280,632	22,423,557		3,076,000	29,780,189
Net change in fund balances	5,650,532	24,334,428		220,612	30,205,572
Fund balances, beginning of year	 39,221,864	1,347,538		12,794,060	53,363,462
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 44,872,396	\$ 25,681,966	\$	13,014,672	\$ 83,569,034

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 30,205,572
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of	
activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the	
statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their	
estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which	
capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period:	
Capital outlay	11,525,498
Depreciation expense	(2,688,121)
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(126,936)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial	
resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(874,007)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, loan, leases) provides current financial	
resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither	
transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds	
report the effect of discounts and premiums when debt is first issued,	
whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement	
of activities. In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds,	
whereas in the governmental funds interest expenditure is reported when due.	
The following is the detail of the net effect of these differences in treatment	
of long-term debt and related items:	
Repayment of long-term debt	6,064,100
Issuance of long-term debt	(25,001,000)
Premium on long-term debt issued	(498,557)
Interest	(174,473)
Amortization of bond discount and bond premium	34,844
Internal Service Fund, net loss	(1,882,374)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
Increase in compensated absences	528
OPEB expense	(1,547,157)
OPEB special funding revenue	3,664,246
OPEB special funding expense	(3,664,246)
Pension expense	(1,450,045)
Pension special funding revenue	24,670,302
Pension special funding expense	(24,670,302)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 13,587,872

Statement of Net Position Governmental Activities—Internal Service Fund June 30, 2018

Assets	
Investments	\$ 6,573,208
Accounts receivable	969
Prepaid items	39,484
Total assets	6,613,661
Liabilities and Net Position	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	160,221
Accrued payroll	103
Claims payable	1,189,548
Due to other funds	817,140
Total liabilities	2,167,012
Net position, unrestricted	\$ 4,446,649

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position—Governmental Activities— Internal Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

Operating revenues:	
Charges for services	\$ 8,707,614
Reimbursements	159,002
Total operating revenues	8,866,616
Operating expenses:	
Administration and stop loss	1,435,966
Claims	9,444,389
Total operating expenses	10,880,355
Operating loss	(2,013,739)
Nonoperating income, investment earnings	131,365
Change in net position	(1,882,374)
Total net position, beginning	6,329,023
	\$ 4,446,649

Statement of Cash Flows—Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

Cash flows from operating activities:	^	
Cash received from employees and employer	\$	8,865,647
Cash payments for claims		(8,891,694)
Cash payments for administration and stop loss		(1,449,002)
Net cash used in operating activities		(1,475,049)
Cash flows provided by noncapital financing activities,		
Proceeds from other funds		817,140
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment income		131,365
Sale of investments		500,000
Proceeds from purchase of investments		(92,019)
Net cash provided by investing activities		539,346
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(118,563)
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Beginning		118,563
Ending	\$	-
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Operating loss	\$	(2,013,739)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
(Increase) in prepaid items		(39,484)
(Increase) in accounts receivable		(969)
Increase in accounts and contracts payable		26,451
Increase in claims payable		552,695
(Decrease) in accrued wage and benefit payable		(3)
Net cash used in operating activities	\$	(1,475,049)
Statement of Assets and Liabilities Agency Funds June 30, 2018

Assets

Due from other governmental units	\$ 21,520
Liabilities	
Due to employees	\$ 21,520

See notes to basic financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of operations: Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 (the District) is a political subdivision created under Illinois State Statute. The District has the power to make rules and regulations for its own government consistent with the laws of the state of Illinois and the regulations of the Illinois State Board of Education. The District is governed by the Moline-Coal Valley School Board (the Board) which is elected at large in the general elections. The District is composed of one high school, one alternative high school, two middle schools, 11 elementary schools and one early childhood center. Student enrollment (preschool through high school) for the 2017-2018 school year was 7,267 regular and special education students as of September 30, 2017. The District employs a total of 853 personnel of which 475 are teachers and administrators and 378 are educational support staff.

Reporting entity: The financial statements of the District include all District operations required to be included in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements concerning the reporting entity. The District has also considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the District are such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The GASB has set forth criteria to be considered in determining financial accountability. These criteria are: a) appointing a voting majority of an organization's governing body, and (1) the ability of the District to impose its will on that organization or (2) the potential for the organization to provide specific benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the District; and b) fiscal dependency. Additional criteria to determine whether certain organizations for which the District is not financially accountable should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the District include 1) the economic resources being received or held by the separate organization being entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the District, its component units or its constituents, 2) the District being entitled to, or having the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the organization and 3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the District is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the District. The District has no component units which meet the GASB criteria. In addition, the District is not aware of any entity which would exercise such oversight over it which would result in the District being considered a component unit of that entity.

Basis of presentation: The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide financial statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The District does not have any activities that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund financial statements: During the year, the District segregates transactions related to certain District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the District at a more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Major funds are presented in separate columns. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by type.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation:

Government-wide financial statements: The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as is the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. However, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the statement of net position. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flow.

Fund financial statements: All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the fiscal year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental funds: Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets, liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the District for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Illinois or the restrictions placed on the resources by a third party.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: The Capital Projects Fund accounts the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The other governmental funds of the District are considered nonmajor:

The **Special Revenue Funds** account for the revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

The **Debt Service Fund** accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

The **Capital Projects fund** accounts for the revenue and expenditures related to fire prevention and safety projects.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Proprietary Fund: Proprietary fund reporting focuses on the determination of operating income, changes in net position, financial position and cash flows. The only proprietary fund of the District is classified as internal service.

<u>Internal Service Fund</u>: This fund supports the general government and accounts for the premium and claim payments for the self-insured health insurance plan for District employees.

Fiduciary funds: Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary funds of the District are considered agency funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

<u>Flexible Spending Fund</u>: This fund accounts for voluntary employee contributions and reimbursements for medical, dental and dependent care expenses.

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of unavailable revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues—exchange and nonexchange transactions: Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within 60 days of fiscal year-end.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which it is budgeted and levied for. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when usage is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, property taxes when budgeted for, personal property replacement taxes, intergovernmental revenues when eligibility requirements are met, charges for services and interest revenues are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end to the extent received within 60 days of year-end.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's Internal Service Fund is charges for services. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Deferred outflow of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of net position and the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. In the District's government-wide statements, deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to expense related to the net pension liability and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability and contributions paid by the employer after the measurement date of the net pension liability and OPEB liability but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

Deferred inflows of resources: In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and intergovernmental revenue. The amounts relating to intergovernmental revenue are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. In both the District's government-wide and governmental fund financial statements, property tax revenues for the succeeding year are reported as a deferred inflow of resources and will become an inflow in the year they are levied and budgeted for. Also, the unamortized portion of the difference between the expected and actual experience, net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan and OPEB investments, changes in assumptions and changes in proportion difference between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions are recorded in the government-wide statements as a deferred inflow of resources.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Expenses/expenditures: On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred.

The measurement focus for governmental funds is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related liability is incurred and due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds. The fair value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance as an expenditure with the amount donated to the District reported as federal aid revenue. Unused donated commodities are reported as inventory on the balance sheet.

Significant accounting policies: The significant accounting policies followed by the District include the following:

Property taxes: Property taxes are recognized as a receivable at the time they become an enforceable legal claim. The current taxes receivable represent the 2017 levy and an estimate of the 2018 levy for the period January 1, 2018 through June 30, 2018. Property taxes are levied each year on all taxable real property in the District. Property taxes are levied on or before the last Tuesday in December and attach as an enforceable lien on the property as of the preceding January 1. These taxes become due and collectible in June, August, September and November, and are collected by the county collector, who in turn remits to the District its respective share. An allowance is provided for uncollectible taxes. Property taxes that are not available for current year operations are shown as deferred inflow of resources. Six months of the 2017 property tax levy along with six months from the 2018 property tax levy are intended to finance fiscal year ending June 30, 2019 and have been reported as deferred inflows of resources and will not be recognized as revenue until fiscal year 2019.

Due from other governmental units: Due from other governmental units represents amounts due from the Illinois State Board of Education, grants and reimbursements from other governments.

Inventories: Inventories are stated at cost (first-in, first-out) which approximates market. The consumption method of accounting is applied to the governmental fund type inventories. Unused commodities as of year-end are reported as inventory in the statement of net position and balance sheet.

Prepaids: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Investments: The District invests in the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus and the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund which are external investment pools that are not SEC-registered and regulated by the State Treasurer's Office. These external investment pools are valued at amortized cost based on the criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 79.

Capital assets: General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. All reported capital assets except land and construction-in-process are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Governmental
	Activities
Description	Estimated Lives
Land improvements	20 years
Buildings and building improvements	20 - 50 years
Equipment and vehicles	5 - 20 years

The District's collection of library books and other similar assets are not capitalized. These collections are unencumbered, held for public exhibition and education, protected, cared for and preserved and subject to District policy that requires proceeds from the sale of these items to be used to acquire other collection items.

Compensated absences: Certified employees working less than 12 months a year do not earn vacation days; however, certified and noncertified 12-month employees earn vacation days which vest as it accrues. Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means. The entire compensated absence and liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

Self-insurance: The District is self-insured for health benefits. The District's premiums and claims are accounted for in the Internal Service Fund. Premiums are charged by the Internal Service Fund to operating funds based upon the number of employees and selected coverage in each fund.

Cash flows: For the purpose of cash flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations: All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, OPEB contributions and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due and payable.

Pensions: For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF) and the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS) and additions to/deductions from IMRF and TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by IMRF and TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Total OPEB liability: For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and OPEB expense, information has been based on the actuary reports of the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The total of OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Long-term debt: In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt is reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the year the costs are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, the face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt principal payments are reported as expenditures.

Fund balance: In the governmental fund financial statements fund balances are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: Amounts which cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>*Restricted:*</u> Amounts restricted to specific purposes when constraints placed on the use of the resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors or state or federal laws or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Assigned</u>: Amounts constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated by the Board of Education to the Superintendent through an approved fund balance policy.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations, Reporting Entity, Basis of Presentation, Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Unassigned</u>: All amounts not included in other spendable classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. Residual deficit amounts of other governmental funds would also be reported as unassigned.

When an expenditure is incurred in governmental funds which can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the District's procedure is to pay the expenditure from restricted fund balance and then from less-restrictive classifications—committed, assigned and then unassigned fund balances.

Net position: Net position represent the difference between assets plus deferred outflows and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net investment in capital assets excludes unspent debt proceeds. As of June 30, 2018, unspent bond proceeds in the Capital Projects Funds were \$15,759,607. Net positions are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restricted through enabling legislation consist of \$2,584,806 for debt service, \$1,998,905 for tort immunity, \$8,198,649 for working cash, \$2,303,859 for transportation and \$742,680 for life safety projects. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Interfund activity: Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are presented on the financial statements.

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Estimates: The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 2. Cash and Investments

As of June 30, 2018, the District had the following cash and investments:

Cash and investments, statement of net position	<u>\$ 88,329,728</u>
Deposits Certificates of deposit Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus	\$ 11,885,141 430,109 32,567,441
Illinois Funds Money Market Fund	43,447,037 \$ 88,329,728

As of June 30, 2018, the District had the following investments:

Investment Type	Weighted Average	Standard &	۸.	mortized Cost
Investment Type	Maturities (Years)	Poor's	A	mortized Cost
Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus	0.15	AAM	¢	32,567,440
minois School District Liquid Asset Fund Flus	0.15	AAIM	φ	32,307,440
Illinois Funds Money Market Fund	0.15	AAAm		43,447,037

State statutes and the District's investment policy authorize the District to make deposits in interest bearing depository accounts in federally insured and/or state chartered banks and savings and loan associations, and to invest available funds in direct obligations of, or obligations guaranteed by, the United States Treasury or agencies of the United States, and short-term obligations of corporations organized in the United States with assets exceeding \$500,000,000.

The District is also authorized to invest in Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund and the Illinois Funds Money Market Fund, which invests member deposits on a pooled basis, short-term certificates of deposit and high rated short-term obligations of major United States corporations and banks.

Interest rate risk: The District's investment policy does not specifically limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates, but it does state the investment portfolio should provide sufficient liquidity to pay District obligations as they become due.

Credit risk: Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. See above for credit ratings related to the Illinois School District Liquid Asset Fund Plus and the Illinois funds money market fund.

Concentration of credit risk: The District's general investment policy is to apply the prudent-person rule. Investments are made as a prudent person would be expected to act, with discretion and intelligence, to seek reasonable income, preserve capital and, in general, avoid speculative investments. The District's investment policy seeks diversification to minimize the risk of loss resulting in over concentration in a specific maturity, issuer or class of securities. The investments above are investments in an external investment pools and, therefore, are not subject to concentration of credit risk.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 2. Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial credit risk: Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. It is the District's policy to require that time deposits in excess of FDIC insurable limits be secured by collateral or private insurance to protect public deposits in a single financial institution if it were to default. The custodial risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. As of June 30, 2018, the District's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk, as they were fully insured by federal deposit insurance or secured by some form of collateral. The District's investments in the external investment pools are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Note 3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Retirements/ Transfers	Balance June 30, 2018
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,135,499	\$ 3,644	\$ -	\$ 1,139,143
Construction-in-process	374,637	11,217,727	(250,706)	11,341,658
Total capital assets, not being				
depreciated	1,510,136	11,221,371	(250,706)	12,480,801
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land improvements	8,531,064	88,334	-	8,619,398
Buildings	110,527,328	165,381	250,706	110,943,415
Equipment and vehicles	5,182,694	50,412	(182,424)	5,050,682
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated	124,241,086	304,127	68,282	124,613,495
Accumulated depreciation:				
Land improvements	5,889,602	312,287	-	6,201,889
Buildings	34,190,587	2,215,099	-	36,405,686
Equipment and vehicles	4,508,275	160,735	(55,488)	4,613,522
Total accumulated depreciation	44,588,464	2,688,121	(55,488)	47,221,097
Total capital assets, being				
depreciated, net	79,652,622	(2,383,994)	123,770	77,392,398
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 81,162,758	\$ 8,837,377	\$ (126,936)	\$ 89,873,199

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 3. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,552,261
Support services	135,860
Total depreciation expense	\$ 2,688,121

Note 4. General Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in general long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

	J	Balance une 30, 2017	Ch	Additions/ ange in Accrual	Deductions	J	Balance une 30, 2018	Balance Due thin One Year
Compensated absences General obligation bonds payable	\$	287,167 20.864.652	\$	380,794 25.001.000	\$ 381,322 6.064.100	\$	286,639 39.801.552	\$ 286,639 4.130.280
Total	\$	21,151,819	\$	25,381,794	\$ 6,445,422	\$	40,088,191	\$ 4,416,919

Compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

General obligation bonds payable as of June 30, 2018 are summarized as follows:

Original Issue Amount and Date	Maturity Date	Purpose	Interest Rate	Balance Due
\$8,300,000 December 15, 2009	Installments through December 15, 2025	Construction	1.40%	\$ 4,380,552
\$5,700,000 December 1, 2010	Installments through February 1, 2027	Construction	3.65% to 5.63%	5,200,000
\$2,535,000 December 1, 2010	Installments through February 1, 2029	Construction	6.00%	2,535,000
\$9,610,000 December 23, 2013	Installments through February 1, 2020	Construction	2.00% to 3.00%	2,685,000
\$21,925,000 February 27, 2018	Installments through February 1, 2028	Construction	3.00%	21,925,000
\$3,076,000 May 24, 2018	Installments through February 1, 2023	Refinance of Debt	2.27% to 2.79%	3,076,000 \$ 39,801,552
				φ 00,001,002

Certain bonds have early redemption clauses that may be exercised at the District's option, subject to certain restrictions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 4. General Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)

On May 24, 2018, the District issued \$3,076,000 in 2018 Series A refunding general obligation bonds maturing through June 30, 2023 with interest rates ranging from 2.27 percent to 2.79 percent to current refund, in advance of their maturity, \$3,600,000 of principal on the 2009 Series A general obligation bonds. The refunding was conducted to achieve interest savings. The District completed the current refunding to reduce its total debt service payments by \$57,520 and obtain an economic gain of \$54,350.

As of June 30, 2018, the District's future cash flow requirements for the retirement of general obligation bond principal and interest is as follows:

	 Principal	Interest	Total
For the year ending June 30:			
2019	\$ 4,130,280	\$ 1,205,920	\$ 5,336,200
2020	5,098,596	1,163,720	6,262,316
2021	4,033,996	1,019,536	5,053,532
2022	4,103,500	902,268	5,005,768
2023	4,280,109	782,339	5,062,448
2024 - 2028	16,855,054	2,101,697	18,956,751
2029	1,300,017	78,000	1,378,017
	\$ 39.801.552	\$ 7.253.480	\$ 47.055.032

Legal debt margin:

Assessed valuation	\$ 854,804,251
Statutory debt limit (13.8% of assessed valuation) Less indebtedness, outstanding general obligation bonds	\$ 117,962,987 39,801,552
Legal debt margin	\$ 78,161,435

Note 5. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks, except for employee's health benefits, are covered by the purchase of commercial insurance.

Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded the planned coverage during any of the past three years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 5. Risk Management (Continued)

The District maintains an Internal Service Fund to account for its self-insurance related to its employees' health benefits. Self-insurance is in effect up to an individual stop loss amount of \$200,000 and aggregate stop loss amount of approximately 125 percent of cumulative monthly claim expenditures, with coverage from a private insurance company maintained for losses in excess of the aggregate stop loss amounts. All claim handling procedures are performed by an independent claims administrator. Liabilities are recognized when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Recognized liabilities include a provision for all estimated claims incurred but not reported. The changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims for the years ended June 30, 2018 and 2017 are as follows:

		2018	2017	
Claims payable, beginning of the year	\$	636.853	¢	1,121,812
Claims payable, beginning of the year Claims expense	Ψ	9.444.389	Ψ	7.977.311
Claims payments		(8,891,694)		(8,462,270)
Claims payable, end of the year	\$	1,189,548	\$	636,853

The District may levy taxes annually for the purpose of providing protection against liability for a tortuous act performed by the District or its employees. The following is a listing of tort immunity expenditures recorded by the District for the year ended June 30, 2018:

Liability insurance premiums	\$ 701,528
Monitoring and compliance	208,062
Legal counsel	53,730
Worker's compensation and unemployment claims	 3,030
	\$ 966,350

Monitoring and compliance expenditures represent an allocation of the salaries of teachers and administrators based on time spent performing and monitoring compliance activities during the school day.

Note 6. Pension Plans

Employees of the District are eligible to participate in one of two pension plans. Below is a summary of amounts reported by the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Illinois Teachers' Retirement	Illinois Municipal Retirement	
	System	Fund	Total
Net pension liability Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources Pension expense	\$ 11,842,690 1,707,367 1,767,032 28,963,182	\$ 3,713,108 696,010 4,259,534 1,102,458	<pre>\$ 15,555,798 2,403,377 6,026,566 30,065,640</pre>

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Illinois Teachers' Retirement System (TRS)

Plan description: The District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. TRS members include all active non-annuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at https://www.trsil.org/financial/cafrs/fy2017; by writing to TRS at 2815 W. Washington, PO Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794; or by calling 888 678 3675, option 2.

Benefits provided: TRS provides retirement, disability and death benefits. Tier I members have TRS or reciprocal system service prior to January 1, 2011. Tier I members qualify for retirement benefits at age 62 with five years of service, at age 60 with 10 years, or age 55 with 20 years. The benefit is determined by the average of the four highest years of creditable earnings within the last 10 years of creditable service and the percentage of average salary to which the member is entitled. Most members retire under a formula that provides 2.2 percent of final average salary up to a maximum of 75 percent with 34 years of service. Disability and death benefits are also provided.

Tier II members qualify for retirement benefits at age 67 with 10 years of service, or a discounted annuity can be paid at age 62 with 10 years of service. Creditable earnings for retirement purposes are capped and the final average salary is based on the highest consecutive eight years of creditable service rather than the last four. Disability provisions for Tier II are identical to those of Tier I. Death benefits are payable under a formula that is different from Tier I.

Essentially all Tier I retirees receive an annual 3 percent increase in the current retirement benefit beginning January 1 following the attainment of age 61 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later. Tier II annual increases will be the lesser of three percent of the original benefit or one-half percent of the rate of inflation beginning January 1 following attainment of age 67 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later.

Contributions: The state of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding TRS. The Illinois Pension Code, as amended by Public Act 88-0593 and subsequent acts, provides that for years 2010 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the System up to 90 percent of the total actuarial liabilities of the System by the end of fiscal year 2045.

Contributions from active members and TRS contributing employers are also required by the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution rates are specified in the pension code. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2017, was 9 percent of creditable earnings. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to TRS by the employer.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

On-behalf contributions to TRS: The state of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the employer. For the year ended June 30, 2018, state of Illinois contributions recognized by the District were based on the state's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the employer, and the employer recognized revenue and expenditures of \$3,945,294 in pension contributions from the state of Illinois.

2.2 formula contributions: Employers contribute 0.58 percent of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. The contribution rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2018, were \$226,701 and are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2017 measurement date of the net pension liability.

Federal and special trust fund contributions: When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the employer, there is a statutory requirement for the employer to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under Public Act 100-0340, the federal and special trust fund contribution rate is the total employer normal cost beginning with the year ended June 30, 2018.

Previously, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds were at the same rate as the state contribution rate to TRS and were much higher.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District pension contribution was 10.10 percent of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2018, salaries totaling \$164,993 were paid from federal and special trust funds that required employer contributions of \$16,664. These contributions are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2017 measurement date of the net pension liability.

Employer retirement cost contributions: Under GASB Statement No. 68, contributions that an employer is required to pay because of a TRS member retiring are categorized as specific liability payments. The employer is required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members retiring under the Early Retirement Option (ERO). The payments vary depending on the member's age and salary. The maximum employer ERO contribution under the current program is 146.5 percent and applies when the member is age 55 at retirement. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District paid no employer ERO contributions to TRS.

The employer is also required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members granted salary increases over 6 percent if those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary. A one-time contribution is also required for members granted sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment if those days are used as TRS service credit. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District paid \$17,954 to TRS for District contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6 percent and none for sick leave days granted in excess of the normal annual allotment.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: At June 30, 2018, the employer reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided to the employer. The state's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 11,842,690
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the employer	290,763,957
Total	\$302,606,647

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 rolled forward to June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2017, relative to the projected contributions of all participating TRS employers and the state during that period. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.01550128 percent, which was an increase of 0.00098 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$28,963,182 and revenue of \$28,615,596 for support provided by the state. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	128,625	\$	(5,466)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments		-		(332,180)
Changes of assumptions		790,414		(1,429,386)
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		544,963		-
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in				
pension expense in future periods		1,464,002		(1,767,032)
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		243,365		-
Total	\$	1,707,367	\$	(1,767,032)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

\$243,365 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ending June 30, 2019. The deferred outflows and inflows of resources resulting from the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized in pension expense over five years. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources over the average remaining service life (as of the beginning of the fiscal year) as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2019	\$ (368,408)
2020	24,126
2021	52,268
2022	(19,974)
2023	8,958
	\$ (303,030)

Actuarial assumptions: The total pension liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	Varies by amount of service credit
Investment rate of return	7.0 percent, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table with adjustments as appropriate for TRS experience. The rates are used on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2014. The same assumptions were used in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class that were used by the actuary are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
U.S. equities large cap	14.4%	6.94%
U.S. equities small/mid cap	3.6	8.09
International equities developed	14.4	7.46
Emerging market equities	3.6	10.15
U.S. bonds core	10.7	2.44
International debt developed	5.3	1.70
Real estate	15.0	5.44
Commodities (real return)	11.0	4.28
Hedge funds (absolute return)	8.0	4.16
Private equity	14.0	10.63
Total	100.0%	

Discount rate: At the June 30, 2017 measurement date, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent, which was a change from the June 30, 2016 measurement date rate of 6.83 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions, employer contributions and state contributions will be made at the current statutorily-required rates.

Based on those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. Tier I's liability is partially-funded by Tier II members, as the Tier II member contribution is higher than the cost of Tier II benefits. Due to this subsidy, contributions from future members in excess of the service cost are also included in the determination of the discount rate. Despite the subsidy, all projected future payments were not covered, so a slightly lower long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

At the June 30, 2016 measurement date, the discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.83 percent. The discount rate was the same as the actuarially-assumed rate of return on investments that year because TRS's fiduciary net position and the subsidy provided by Tier II were sufficient to cover all projected benefit payments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Sensitivity of the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8 percent) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(6%)	(7%)	(8%)
District's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability	\$ 14,550,292	\$ 11,842,690	\$ 9,624,939

TRS fiduciary net position: Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2017 is available in the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payables to TRS: As of June 30, 2018, the District reported payables to TRS of \$741,787 for required District and employee contributions.

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF)

Plan description: The District's defined benefit pension plan for employees provides retirement and disability benefits, postretirement increases and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The District's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits provided: IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired before January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2 percent for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75 percent of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3 percent of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Employees hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3 percent of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2 percent for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75 percent of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last 10 years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the lesser of:

- 3 percent of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees covered by benefit terms: As of December 31, 2017, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	365
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	353
Active plan members	288
Total	1,006

Contributions: As set by statute, the District's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5 percent of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The District's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2017 and 2018 are 13.09 percent and 13.32 percent, respectively. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 the District contributed \$1,289,080 to the plan. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net pension liability: The District's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u>: The following are the methods and assumptions used to determine total pension liability at December 31, 2017:

- The Actuarial Cost Method used was Entry Age Normal.
- The Asset Valuation Method used was Market Value of Assets.
- The Inflation Rate was assumed to be 2.75 percent.
- Salary Increases were expected to be 3.75 percent to 14.50 percent, including inflation.
- The Investment Rate of Return was assumed to be 7.50 percent.
- Projected Retirement Age was from the experience-based table of rates, specific to the type of eligibility condition, last updated for the 2014 valuation according to an experience study from years 2011 to 2013.
- The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table, applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives.
- For Disabled Retirees, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012).

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

For Active Members, an IMRF-specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF-specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long- I erm
	Portfolio Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Percentage	Rate of Return
Domestic equity	37%	8.30%
International equity	18	8.45
Fixed income	28	3.05
Real estate	9	6.90
Alternative investments	7	4.25-12.45
Cash equivalents	1	2.25
Total	100%	

Discount rate: The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from participating employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Changes in the net pension liability:

	Total Pension Liability (A)	bility Net Position Liab	
Balances at June 30, 2017	\$ 62,829,310	\$ 53,267,237	\$ 9,562,073
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	1,015,296	-	1,015,296
Interest on the total pension liability	4,621,950	-	4,621,950
Differences between expected and actual			
experience of the total pension liability	45,569	-	45,569
Changes of assumptions	(2,001,918)	-	(2,001,918)
Contributions - employer	-	1,259,475	(1,259,475)
Contributions - employees	-	434,928	(434,928)
Net investment income	-	9,654,879	(9,654,879)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
of employee contributions	(3,421,912)	(3,421,912)	-
Other (net transfer)	-	(1,819,420)	1,819,420
Net changes	258,985	6,107,950	(5,848,965)
Balances at June 30, 2018	\$ 63,088,295	\$ 59,375,187	\$ 3,713,108

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a single discount rate of 7.50 percent, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single discount rate that is 1 percent lower or 1 percent higher:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.50%)	(7.50%)	(8.50%)
Net pension liability	\$ 10,924,333	\$ 3,713,108	\$ (2,337,696)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 6. Pension Plans (Continued)

Pension expense, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources related to pension: For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,102,458. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Deferred Amounts Related to Pensions	Deferred Outflows of Resources		0	Deferred Inflows f Resources
Deferred amounts to be recognized in pension expense	01			11000001000
in future periods:				
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	28,685	\$	(27,699)
Changes of assumptions		-		(1,344,922)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings				
on pension plan investments		-		(2,886,913)
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in pension				
expense in future periods		28,685		(4,259,534)
Pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date		667,325		-
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	696,010	\$	(4,259,534)

\$667,325 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2019.

The deferred outflows of resources resulting from the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be recognized in pension expense over five years. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future periods over the average remaining service life (as of the beginning of the fiscal year) as follows:

	Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
Years ending December 31:	
2018	\$ (1,083,678)
2019	(888,648)
2020	(1,099,953)
2021	(1,158,570)
Total	\$ (4,230,849)

Payables to IMRF: As of June 30, 2018, the District reported payables to IMRF of \$136,678 for required District and employee contributions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits

As a result of the adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, the beginning net position of the governmental activities was restated. The Statement replaces the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.* The net OPEB obligation recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45 was removed and the total OPEB liability was recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75. The effect on the beginning net position is as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net position July 1, 2017, as previously reported	\$ 83,386,324
Total OPEB liability	(65,972,178)
Deferred outflow of resources, OPEB contributions subsequent to the	
measurement date	329,892
Removal of net OPEB obligation	9,270,340
Removal of accrued sick leave	10,825,936
Net position July 1, 2017, as restated	\$ 37,840,314

The District offers two plans that employees may participate in, a self-funded District plan and the Illinois Teacher Health Insurance Security, (THIS). Below is a summary of amounts reported by the District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	C	istrict's Plan	THIS	Total
Total OPEB liability	\$	14,793,272	\$ 44,300,445	\$ 59,093,717
Deferred outflow of resources		98,728	1,772,824	1,871,552
Deferred inflow of resources		4,667,145	5,300,133	9,967,278
OPEB expense		(1,619,730)	3,512,174	1,892,444

District's defined benefit OPEB

Plan description: The District's defined benefit OPEB plan is a single-employer health care plan that provides OPEB for active and retired employees and their eligible dependents. The plan is administered by the District and the District has the authority to establish or amend the plan provisions or contribution requirements through the Board of Education. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report.

Benefits provided: The District provided health insurance benefits for hourly employees and those noncertified staff until they reach 65 years of age at full cost to the retiree. For employees covered under a collective bargaining agreement, the District will pay one-half of the premiums for health and medical insurance as long as the employee is eligible to receive retirement benefits under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund or the Teachers' Retirement System.

Contributions: The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you go financing. For fiscal year 2018, the District contributed \$919,244. Retiree and active members receiving benefits have required contributions based upon the current premiums charged for health insurance by the District or set rates by the state plan.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Employees covered by benefit terms: At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	588
Active employees	306
	894

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$14,793,272 was measured as of June 29, 2018, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2017, rolled to the measurement date.

Actuarial methods and assumptions: The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	4.00 percent
Discount rate	2.98 percent, based on S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade Rate Index.
Health care cost trend rates	Initial cost for TRIP plan members is 5.00 percent staying consistent for all year. Initial cost for the District's plan is 10.00 percent decrease ultimately to 5.5 percent.

Rates of mortality, retirement, withdrawal and disability are the same as those used in the December 31, 2017 IMRF valuation report and the June 30, 2017 Teachers' Retirement System Actuarial Valuation Report, respectively.

Changes in the total OPEB liability

	Total OPEB Liability
	• • • • • • • • • • •
Balance as of June 30, 2017	\$ 20,981,419
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	610,225
Interest	611,550
Changes in benefit terms	(1,150,702)
Difference between expected and actual experience	(971,736)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(905,759)
Contributions and payments made	(919,244)
Other changes	(3,462,481)
Net changes	(6,188,147)
Balance as of June 30, 2018	\$ 14,793,272

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The discount rate was changed from 3.13 percent as of June 30, 2017 to 2.98 percent as of June 30, 2018. Starting per capita costs were updated using most recent premiums. The health care trend rates were reset based on recent experience. Decrements were changed to those in the most recent IMRF and TRS Pension Fund valuation reports. The benefits and eligibility for Administrators and Certified Teachers were changed to the current policy.

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's approximate total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (1.98%)	Discount Rate (2.98%)	1% Increase (3.98%)
Total OBEP liability	\$ 15,687,568	\$ 14,793,272	\$ 13,946,824

Sensitivity of the total OPEB liability to changes in the health care cost trend rates: The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current health care cost trend rates:

		Health Care	
		Cost Trend	
	(9.00%	Rates (10.00%	(11.00%
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing
	to 4.50%) (a)	to 5.50%) (a)	to 6.50%) (a)
Total OBEP liability	\$ 13,598,674	\$ 14,793,272	\$ 16,154,872

(a) For employees that elect insurance under THIS, the health care cost trend rate stays consistent at 5.00 percent. Included above would be a 1 percent decrease (4.00 percent) and a 1 percent increase (6.00 percent) in the rate.

OPEB expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB: For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(1,619,730). At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following source:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	\$	- 98,728 98,728	\$	(831,333) (3,835,812) (4,667,145)	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Amounts reported as the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense over the average future service to retirement of plan participants as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (771,560)
2020	(771,560)
2021	(771,560)
2022	(771,560)
2023	(771,560)
Thereafter	(710,617)
	\$ (4,568,417)

Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund OPEB

Plan description: The District (employer) participates in the Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund (THIS) of the State of Illinois. THIS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment health care plan (OPEB established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of eligible retired Illinois public school teachers employed outside the City of Chicago (members). All District employees receiving monthly benefits from the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) who have at least eight years of creditable service with TRS, the survivor of an annuitant or benefit recipient who had at least eight years of creditable service or a recipient of a monthly disability benefit are eligible to enroll in THIS.

The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375) outlines the benefit provisions of the THIS Plan and amendments to the Plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The Plan is administered by the Illinois Department of Central Management Services. The publicly available financial report of the Plan may be found on the website of the Illinois Auditor General. The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services" (http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/CMS-THISF.asp).

Benefits provided: THIS provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits for eligible retirees and their dependents, but it does not provide vision, dental, or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants not enrolled in Medicare may participate in the state-administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options. Annuitants who are enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B may be eligible to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan. The premiums charged reflect approximately a 75 percent subsidy for members that elect a managed care plan or elect the Teachers' Choice Health Plan (TCHP) plan if a managed care plan is either not available or only partially available. Members receive approximately a 50 percent subsidy if they elect the TCHP when a managed care plan is available. Medicare primary dependent beneficiaries enrolled in a managed care plan or in the TCHP when no managed care plan is available receive a premium subsidy.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Contributions: The State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/6) specifies the contribution requirements of the participating school districts and covered employees. For the year ended June 30, 2018, required contributions are as follows:

- Active members contribute 1.18 percent of covered payroll.
- Employers contribute 0.88 percent of covered payroll. The percentage of employer required contributions in the future will not exceed 105 percent of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the employer paid \$345,287 to the THIS Fund, which was 100 percent of the required contribution.
- The State of Illinois makes contributions on behalf of the employer. State contributions are intended to match contributions to the THIS Fund from active members. The State contributed 1.18 percent of covered payroll. For the year ended June 30, 2018, State of Illinois contributions on behalf of the District's employees were \$463,999 and the employer recognized revenue and expenditures for this on-behalf contribution amount during the year in the General Fund.
- Retired members contribute through premium payments based on the coverage elected, Medicare eligibility, and the age of the member and dependents. The premium for retired members is not permitted to increase by more than 5.0 percent per year by statute. The Federal Government provides a Medicare Part D subsidy.

OPEB liabilities, expense and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources: At June 30, 2018, the employer reported a liability for its proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided for the District. The state's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The OPEB proportionate shares are as follows:

Employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 44,300,445
The portion of the State's proportionate share amount of the collective	
net OPEB liability associated with the District	 58,177,486
Total THIS net collective OPEB liability associated with the employer	\$ 102,477,931

The collective net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the collective net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2016, and rolled forward to June 30, 2017. The employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability was based on the employer's share of contributions to THIS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2017, relative to the contributions of all participating employers and the State during that period. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was 0.170717 percent, which was an increase of 0.006131 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized the following for OPEB expense/expenditure and revenue pertaining to the District's employees:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
State's proportionate share amount of the collective OPEB expense	
associated with the District	\$ 4,128,245
District OPEB expense/expenditure	3,512,174
Total OPEB expense/expenditure	\$ 7,640,419

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

At June 30, 2018, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Out	erred tflows sources	Deferred Inflow of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(25,092)	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Net difference between projected and actual investment	1,4	27,537		-	
earnings		-		(488)	
Changes of assumptions		-	(5	5,274,553)	
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in expense					
in future periods	1,4	27,537	(5	5,300,133)	
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	3	45,287		-	
	\$ 1,7	72,824	\$ (5	5,300,133)	

The District reported \$345,287 as deferred outflows of resources resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the collective net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in expense as follows:

Years ending June 30:	
2019	\$ (594,916)
2020	(594,916)
2021	(594,916)
2022	(594,916)
2023	(594,794)
Thereafter	(898,138)
	\$ (3,872,596)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, projected to June 30, 2017, based on the entry age normal cost method and using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	Depends on service and ranges from 9.25 percent at 1 year of service to 3.25 percent at 20 or more years of service. Salary increase includes a 3.25 percent wage inflation assumption.
Investment rate of return	0 percent, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation.
Health care cost trend rates	Actual trend used for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal years on and after 2018, trend starts at 8.00 percent and 9.00 percent for non-Medicare costs and post-Medicare costs, respectively, and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.50 percent. Additional trend rate of 0.59 percent is added to non-Medicare cost on and after 2020 to account for the Excise Tax.

80 percent of future retirees that are currently active are assumed to elect health care coverage, with 80 percent electing single coverage and 20 percent electing two-person coverage.

Mortality rates for retirement and beneficiary annuitants were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for TRS experience. For disabled annuitants mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant table. Mortality rates for pre-retirement were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table, sex distinct. All tables reflect future mortality improvements using Projection Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2014.

The following OPEB-related assumption changes were made since the June 30, 2014 OPEB actuarial valuation date:

- The discount rate was changed from 2.85 percent at June 30, 2016 to 3.56 percent at June 30, 2017;
- The health care trend assumption was updated based on claim and enrollment experience through June 30, 2016, projected plan cost for plan year end June 30, 2017, premium changes through plan year end 2018, and expectation of future trend increases after June 30, 2017;
- The Excise trend rate adjustment was updated based on available premium and enrollment information as of June 30, 2017;
- Per capita claim costs were updated based on projected claims and enrollment experience through June 30, 2017, and updated premium rates through plan year 2018;
- The morbidity factors, used to adjust per capita claim cost by age and gender, were updated; and
- Health care plan participation rates by plan were updated based on observed experience.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return assumption was set to zero. As such, ranges of expected future real rates of return by asset class were not developed.

Discount Rate. Since THIS is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, a long-term rate of return was not used and the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was the 20-year general obligation bond index rate (source was Fidelity Index's 20-year municipal GO AA Index). The discount rate as of June 30, 2017 was 3.56 percent, which was an increase from the June 30, 2016 rate of 2.85 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee, employer, and State contributions would be made at the current statutorily-required rates. Based on those assumptions, THIS's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees beyond the current year.

Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Single Discount Rate. The following presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 3.56 percent, as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a Single Discount rate that is one percentage point higher (4.56 percent) or lower (2.56 percent) than the current rate:

		Current				
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Discount Rate				
	2.56%	3.56%	4.56%			
Employer's proportionate share of the				•		
collective net OPEB liability	\$ 53,160,157	\$ 44,300,445	\$ 37,211,054			

Sensitivity of net OPEB liability to changes in the health care cost trend rate: The following presents the plan's net OPEB liability, calculated using the health care cost trend rates as well as what the plan's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is one percentage point higher or lower, than the current health care cost trend rates. The key trend rates are 8.00 percent in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.09 percent in 2025, for non-Medicare coverage, and 9.00 percent decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50 percent in 2027 for Medicare coverage.

		Health Care				
	1%	1% Cost Trend 1%				
	Decrease	Rates	Increase			
	(a)	Assumption	(b)			
Employer's proportionate share of the net						
OPEB liability	\$ 35,754,900	\$ 44,300,445	\$ 56,565,837			

- (a) One percentage point decrease in health care trend rates are 7.00 percent in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.09 percent in 2025, for non-Medicare coverage, and 8.00 percent in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.50 percent in 2027 for Medicare coverage.
- (b) One percentage point increase in health care trend rates are 9.00 percent in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 6.09 percent in 2025, for non-Medicare coverage, and 10.00 percent in 2018 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.50 percent in 2027 for Medicare coverage.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 7. Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the THIS plan fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued THIS financial report.

Payable to the OPEB plan. At June 30, 2018, the District reported a payable of \$158,866 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the THIS plan for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Note 8. Commitments and Guarantees

The District had significant encumbrances in the General fund, capital projects fund, and nonmajor governmental funds of \$1,254,016, \$8,582,133 and \$1,092,116, respectively.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, the District guaranteed a note payable of the Moline Booster Club. As of June 30, 2018, the outstanding balance of the note was \$396,028.

Note 9. Tax Abatements

The Rock Island County Assessor's Office, in conjunction with municipalities located within Rock Island County and within the District's boundaries, encourage certain industrial and commercial development through the establishment of tax increment financing districts for new industrial facilities, the rehabilitation of existing industrial structures, and industrial utilization of abandoned buildings or areas experiencing severe stagnation. The District estimates its portion of annual abatement of property taxes to various local companies under these development incentives approximates \$2.3 million during the year ended June 30, 2018.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the District entered into a development and economic incentive agreement with a local developer under Illinois Constitution Article VII, Section 10(a) whereas the developer agrees to redevelop certain property described in the agreement and the District is to provide an incentive in the form of certain economic development assistance. The District will pay the developer incentive payments based on a percentage of the increase from the 2015 base year equalized assessed value of the property for a maximum incentive of \$1,200,000 to be considered a property tax rebate to be paid to the developer. No payments were made to the developer during the year ended June 30, 2018.

Note 10. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements

As of June 30, 2018, the GASB had issued statements not yet implemented by the District. The statements which might impact the District are as follows:

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, issued February 2017, will be effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The objective of Statement No. 84 is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Note 10. Pending Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements (Continued)

An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Governments with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position. An exception to that requirement is provided for a business-type activity that normally expects to hold custodial assets for three months or less. This Statement describes four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally should report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or equivalent arrangement that meets specific criteria.

A fiduciary component unit, when reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements of a primary government, should combine its information with its component units that are fiduciary component units and aggregate that combined information with the primary government's fiduciary funds.

This Statement also provides for recognition of a liability to the beneficiaries in a fiduciary fund when an event has occurred that compels the government to disburse fiduciary resources. Events that compel a government to disburse fiduciary resources occur when a demand for the resources has been made or when no further action, approval, or condition is required to be taken or met by the beneficiary to release the assets.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, issued June 2017, will be effective for the District beginning with its fiscal year ending June 30, 2021. Statement No. 87 establishes a single approach to accounting for and reporting leases by state and local governments. Under this statement, a government entity that is a lessee must recognize (1) a lease liability and (2) an intangible asset representing the lessee's right to use the leased asset. In addition, the District must report the (1) amortization expense for using the lease asset over the shorter of the term of the lease or the useful life of the underlying asset, (2) interest expense on the lease liability and (3) note disclosures about the lease. The Statement provides exceptions from the single-approach for short-term leases, financial purchases, leases of assets that are investments, and certain regulated leases. This statement also addresses accounting for lease terminations and modifications, sale-leaseback transactions, non-lease components embedded in lease contracts (such as service agreements), and leases with related parties.

The District's management has not yet determined the effect these Statements will have on the District's financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

	June 30,							
		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability								
Service cost	\$	1,015,296	\$	1,050,538	\$	1,007,213	\$	1,172,219
Interest on the total pension liability		4,621,950		4,468,767		4,216,866		3,896,398
Differences between expected and actual								
experience of the total pension liability		45,569		(113,801)		1,377,838		(193,976)
Changes of assumptions		(2,001,918)		(348,219)		137,046		2,462,309
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee								
contributions		(3,421,912)		(3,372,313)		(3,083,408)		(2,566,791)
Net change in total pension liability		258,985		1,684,972		3,655,555		4,770,159
Total pension liability—beginning		62,829,310		61,144,338		57,488,783		52,718,624
Total pension liability—ending (A)	\$	63,088,295	\$	62,829,310	\$	61,144,338	\$	57,488,783
Plan Fiduciary Net Position								
Contributions—employer	\$	1,259,475	\$	1,287,664	\$	1,192,690	\$	1,274,597
Contributions—employees		434,928		418,536		414,037	·	430,046
Net investment income		9,654,879		3,499,434		253,098		2,989,204
Benefit payments, including refunds of								
employee contributions		(3,421,912)		(3,372,313)		(3,083,408)		(2,566,791)
Other (net transfer)		(1,819,420)		67,795		1,231,692		(203,466)
Net change in plan fiduciary								
net position		6,107,950		1,901,116		8,109		1,923,590
Plan fiduciary net position—								
beginning		53,267,237		51,366,121		51,358,012		49,434,422
Plan fiduciary net position—								
ending (B)	\$	59,375,187	\$	53,267,237	\$	51,366,121	\$	51,358,012
Net pension liability—ending (A)—(B)	\$	3,713,108	\$	9,562,073	\$	9,778,217	\$	6,130,771
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage								
of the total pension liability	94.11%		84.78%		84.01%		89.34%	
Covered valuation payroll	\$	9,489,709	\$	9,292,079	\$	9,191,412	\$	9,433,990
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered valuation payroll		39.13%		102.91%	I	106.38%		64.99%

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

									Actual
Calendar									Contribution
Year	Act	uarially			C	ontribution		Covered	as a Percentage
Ended	Dete	ermined	Actual Deficiency		Valuation		of Covered		
 December 31,	Con	tribution	C	Contribution	(Excess)		(Excess) Payroll		Valuation Payroll
2017	\$1,	242,203	\$	1,259,475	\$	(17,272)	\$	9,489,709	13.27%
2016	1,	267,440		1,287,664		(20,224)		9,292,079	13.86
2015	1,	168,228		1,192,690		(24,462)		9,191,412	12.98
2014	1,	197,174		1,274,597		(77,423)		9,433,990	13.51

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.
Required Supplementary Information Notes to Schedule of Employer Contributions Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Summary of Actuarial Methods and Assumptions used in the Calculation of the 2017 Contribution Rate.*

Valuation date:

<u>Notes</u>: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine 2017 contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Aggregate entry age = normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll, closed
Remaining amortization period	Non-Taxing bodies: 10-year rolling period. Taxing bodies (Regular, SLEP and ECO groups): 26-year closed period. Early Retirement Incentive Plan liabilities: a period up to 10 years selected by the Employer upon adoption of ERI. SLEP supplemental liabilities attributable to Public Act 94-712 were financed over 21 years for most employers (two employers were financed over 30 years).
Asset valuation method	5-year smoothed market, 20 percent corridor
Wage growth	3.50 percent
Price inflation	2.75 percent, approximate; no explicit price inflation assumption is used in valuation
Salary increases	3.75 percent to 14.50 percent, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50 percent
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011 to 2013.
Mortality	For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for non- disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 (base year 2012).

Other information:

Notes: There were no benefit changes during the year.

^{*} Based on valuation assumptions used in the December 31, 2015, actuarial valuation.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

		June	e 3	0,	
Fiscal year	2018	2017		2016	2015
Measurement date	2017	2016		2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.01550128%	0.01452631%		0.0168347%	0.0174328%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated	\$ 11,842,690	\$ 11,466,492	\$	11,028,437	\$ 10,609,312
with the employer	 290,763,957	304,287,214		254,742,191	247,593,163
Total	\$ 302,606,647	\$ 315,753,706	\$	265,770,628	\$ 258,202,475
District's covered-employee payroll District's proportionate share of the	\$ 37,270,912	\$ 38,327,122	\$	39,336,127	\$ 40,132,544
net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	30.2%	29.9%		28.0%	26.4%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	39.3%	36.4%		41.5%	43.0%

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the Employer's Contributions Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

	 Jun	e 30,	
	2018		2017
Contractually-required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually-required contribution	\$ 243,365 (243,365)	\$	632,755 (632,755)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 39,251,266	\$	37,270,912
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.6%)	1.6%

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

	June 30,	
2016	2015	2014
\$ 556,745 (556,745)	\$ 577,997 (577,997)	\$ 621,994 (621,994)
		<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 38,327,122	\$ 39,336,127	\$ 40,132,544
1.5%	1.5%	1.5%

Required Supplementary Information Notes to Schedule of the Employer's Contributions Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

Changes of assumptions

For the 2017 and 2016 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.0 percent, including an inflation rate of 2.5 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit.

For the 2015 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.5 percent, including an inflation rate of 3.0 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. Various other changes in assumptions were adopted based on the experience analysis for the three-year period ending June 30, 2014.

For the 2014 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was also 7.5 percent, including an inflation rate of 3.0 percent and a real return of 4.5 percent. However, salary increases were assumed to vary by age.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Collective Net OPEB Liability Teacher Health Insurance Security Fund

Fiscal Year	June 30, 2018
Measurement date	2017
Employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability Employer's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability The portion of the State's proportionate share amount of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the employer Total	\$ 0.170717% 44,300,445 58,177,486 102,477,931
Employee covered payroll	\$ 39,257,198
Collective net OPEB liability as a percentage of the employee covered payroll	261.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	0.00%
Note: GASB Statement No. 75 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table.	

However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District Contributions Teacher Health Insurance Security Fund

For the fiscal year ending	2018
Statutorily-required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily-required contribution	\$ 345,287 345,287
Contribution (excess) deficiency	\$ -
Employer's employee covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of employee covered payroll	\$ 39,237,209 0.88%

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Notes to the Schedules

Notes to schedule of contributions

Valuation date	June 30, 2016
Measurement date	June 30, 2017
Fiscal year-end date	June 30, 2018

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal, used to measure the Total OPEB Liability
Contribution policy	Benefits are financed on a pay-as-you go basis. Contribution rates are defined by statute. For fiscal year end June 30, 3017, contribution rates are 1.12 percent of pay for active members, 0.84 percent of pay for school districts and 1.12 percent of pay for the State. Retired members contribute a percentage of premium rates. The goal of the policy is to finance current year costs plus a margin for incurred but note paid plan costs.
Asset valuation method	Market value
Investment rate of return	0 percent, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Inflation	2.75 percent
Salary increases	Depends on service and ranges from 9.25 percent at less than 1 year of service to 3.25 percent at 20 or more years of service. Salary increase incudes a 3.25 percent wage inflation assumption.
Retirement age	Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the June 30, 2016, actuarial valuation.
Mortality	Retirement and Beneficiary Annuitants: RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant Mortality Table. Disabled Annuitants: RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Table. Pre-Retirement: RP-2014 White Collar Table. Tables are adjusted for SURS experience. All tables reflect future mortality improvements using Projection Scale MP-2014.
Health care cost trend rates	Actual trend used for fiscal year 2017. For fiscal years on and after 2018, trend starts at 8.00 percent and 9.00 percent for non-Medicare costs and post-Medicare costs, respectively, and gradually decreases to an ultimate trend of 4.50 percent. Additional trend rate of 0.59 percent is added to non-Medicare cost on and after 2020 to account for the Excise tax.
Aging factors	Based on the 2013 SOA Study "Health Care Costs – From Birth to Death"
Expenses	Health administrative expenses are included in the development of the per capita claims costs. Operating expenses are included as a component of the Annual OPEB Expense.

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios District's Other Postemployment Plan

	 2018
Total OPEB liability	
Service cost	\$ 610,225
Interest	611,550
Changes of benefit terms	(1,150,702)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(971,736)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(905,759)
Benefit payments	(919,244)
Other changes	 (3,462,481)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(6,188,147)
Total OPEB liability—beginning	20,981,419
Total OPEB liability—ending	\$ 14,793,272
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 39,774,632
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	37.19%

Note: The other changes represent the change in retiree plan participation from the District's plan to the Teacher's Health Insurance Fund which does not have an implicit rate subsidy for pre-Medicare retirees.

Note: GASB Statement No. 75 requires 10 years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Required Supplementary Information Notes to the Schedules

District's other postemployment plan

Valuation date Measurement date	July 1, 2017 June 29, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Aggregate entry age = normal
Price inflation	3.00 percent
Salary increases	4.00 percent
Discount rate	2.98 percent
Health care trend	For the District's Plan, starting at 10.00 percent and ending at 5.50 percent after the 2028 fiscal year. For the THIS Plan, staying consistent at 5.00 percent for all years.
Retirement contribution trend	Same as health care trend
Mortality and retirement rates	Same rates as used in the IMRF Actuarial Valuation Report and the TRS Actuarial Valuation Report.
Changes since last actuarial	The discount rate was changed per GASB 75 rules.
valuation	Starting per capita costs were updated using most recent premiums.
	The health care trend rates were reset based on recent experience.
	Decrements were changed to those in the most recent IMRF and TRS Pension Fund valuation report.
	The benefits and eligibility for Administrators and Certified Teachers were changed to the current policy.

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	(Original/Final Budget		Actual		/ariance With Final Budget
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	34,507,028	\$	35,478,829	\$	971,801
Corporate personal property						
replacement taxes		3,506,394		4,358,036		851,642
Other local sources		13,087,488		2,892,474		(10,195,014)
General state aid		15,930,093		19,146,998		3,216,905
Restricted state aid		3,451,952		3,162,427		(289,525)
Federal aid		6,732,370		6,723,855		(8,515)
On-behalf payments		15,016,435		4,409,293		(10,607,142)
Investment earnings		399,918		422,678		22,760
Total revenues		92,631,678		76,594,590		(16,037,088)
Expenditures: Current:						
Instruction		59,097,110		47,005,788		(12,091,322)
Support services		32,586,166		22,677,707		(9,908,459)
Tuition paid to other districts		284,630		277,300		(7,330)
Capital outlay		5,968,903		5,263,895		(705,008)
Total expenditures		97,936,809		75,224,690		(22,712,119)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(5,305,131)		1,369,900		6,675,031
Other financing source, insurance proceeds		-		4,280,632		4,280,632
	\$	(5,305,131)	=	5,650,532	\$	10,955,663
Fund balance, beginning of year				39,221,864	_	
Fund balance, end of year			\$	44,872,396	=	

70

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted by the Board annually for all governmental funds except for the School Activity Fund, a special revenue fund, which is not budgeted. The budgets are prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Board uses the following procedures in establishing the budget amounts reported in the financial statements:

- 1. The administration submits to the Board a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted and the proposed budget is available for inspection to obtain taxpayer comments. The proposed budget is readily available at least 30 days prior to final action by the Board.
- 3. Prior to September 30, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution. By the last Tuesday in December, a tax levy ordinance is filed with the county clerk to obtain tax revenues.
- 4. The Superintendent is authorized to transfer up to 10 percent of the total budget between departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board.
- 5. Legal spending control for the budget is at the fund level, but formal budgetary integration at a line item level is employed as a management control device during the year for each fund.
- 6. The Board may amend the budget after it is approved using the same procedures required to approve the original budget.
- 7. Appropriations lapse at the close of the fiscal year to the extent that they have not been expended.

There was one budget amendment for 2018 in the Capital Projects Fund increasing expenditures by \$27,707,473.

During the year ended June 30, 2018, expenditures exceeded the amounts budgeted in the Debt Service Fund.

Balance Sheet—By Account—General Fund June 30, 2018

	Educational Account	Operations d Maintenance Account	V	Vorking Cash Account	Total
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 27,253,348	\$ 3,294,381	\$	12,482,774	\$ 43,030,503
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts:					
Property taxes Corporate personal property	33,353,864	7,445,061		496,338	41,295,263
replacement taxes	727,337	-		-	727,337
Other	47,200	118		-	47,318
Due from other funds	817,140	-		-	817,140
Due from other governmental units	1,940,659	-		-	1,940,659
Inventory	29,372	-		-	29,372
Prepaid items	35,332	2,043		-	37,375
Total assets	\$ 64,204,252	\$ 10,741,603	\$	12,979,112	\$ 87,924,967
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance					
Liabilities:					
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 361,641	\$ 796,580	\$	-	\$ 1,158,221
Accrued liabilities	7,764,310	-		-	7,764,310
Unearned revenue	39,143	-		-	39,143
Total liabilities	 8,165,094	796,580		-	8,961,674
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	27,002,418	6,024,571		401,639	33,428,628
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental	662,269	-		-	662,269
Total deferred inflows					
of resources	 27,664,687	6,024,571		401,639	34,090,897
Fund balance:					
Nonspendable:	~~~~				~~~~
Inventory	29,372	-		-	29,372
Prepaid items Restricted for:	35,332	2,043		-	37,375
Grantor restricted purpose	4,346,409	_		_	4,346,409
Working cash	-,0-0,-09	-		- 8,198,649	4,340,409 8,198,649
Assigned, purchases on order	568,992	685,024		-	1,254,016
Unassigned	23,394,366	3,233,385		4,378,824	31,006,575
Total fund balance	 28,374,471	3,920,452		12,577,473	44,872,396
Total liabilities, deferred					
inflows of resources and					
fund balance	\$ 64,204,252	\$ 10,741,603	\$	12,979,112	\$ 87,924,967

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance— By Account—General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Educational Account	Operations d Maintenance Account	V	/orking Cash Account	Total
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 28,655,976	\$ 6,396,424	\$	426,429	\$ 35,478,829
Corporate personal property					
replacement taxes	4,358,036	-		-	4,358,036
Other local sources	2,763,399	129,075		-	2,892,474
General state aid	19,146,998	-		-	19,146,998
Restricted state aid	3,162,427	-		-	3,162,427
Restricted federal aid:					
Title I	1,813,741	-		-	1,813,741
Special education	1,630,857	-		-	1,630,857
Lunch and breakfast programs	2,250,142	-		-	2,250,142
Other	1,029,115	-		-	1,029,115
On-behalf payments	4,409,293	-		-	4,409,293
Investment earnings	181,207	20,796		220,675	422,678
Total revenues	 69,401,191	6,546,295		647,104	76,594,590
Expenditures: Current:					
Instruction:	24 444 202				24 444 202
Regular	34,444,292	-		-	34,444,292
Special	7,510,656	-		-	7,510,656
Other	 5,050,840	-		-	5,050,840
Support services:	 47,005,788	-		-	47,005,788
Pupils	3,363,487	-		-	3,363,487
Instructional staff	5,252,324	-		-	5,252,324
General administration	3,190,455	-		-	3,190,455
School administration	4,107,897	-		_	4,107,897
Operation and maintenance of plant	-	6,027,412		-	6,027,412
Other business and					
central services	 736,132	-		-	736,132
	 16,650,295	6,027,412		-	22,677,707
Tuition paid to other districts	 277,300	-		-	277,300
Capital outlay	 856,285	4,407,610		-	5,263,895
Total expenditures	 64,789,668	10,435,022		-	75,224,690
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	4,611,523	(3,888,727)		647,104	1,369,900
Other financing source, insurance proceeds	-	4,280,632		-	4,280,632
Net change in fund balance	 4,611,523	 391,905		647,104	 5,650,532
Fund balance, beginning of year	 23,762,948	3,528,547		11,930,369	39,221,864
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 28,374,471	\$ 3,920,452	\$	12,577,473	\$ 44,872,396

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—By Account Budget and Actual—General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Edu	cational Accour	nt	
	 Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 27,871,061	\$	28,655,976	\$	784,915
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	3,506,394		4,358,036		851,642
Other local sources	12,965,388		2,763,399		(10,201,989)
General state aid	15,930,093		19,146,998		3,216,905
Restricted state aid	3,451,952		3,162,427		(289,525)
Federal aid	6,732,370		6,723,855		(8,515)
On-behalf payments	15,016,435		4,409,293		(10,607,142)
Investment earnings	 280,967		181,207		(99,760)
Total revenues	 85,754,660		69,401,191		(16,353,469)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	59,097,110		47,005,788		(12,091,322)
Support services	25,933,972		16,650,295		(9,283,677)
Tuition paid to other districts	284,630		277,300		(7,330)
Capital outlay	810,403		856,285		45,882
Provision for contingencies	 1,045,747		-		(1,045,747)
Total expenditures	 87,171,862		64,789,668		(22,382,194)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	(1,417,202)		4,611,523		6,028,725
Other financing source, insurance proceeds	-		-		-
Net change in fund balance	\$ (1,417,202)	=	4,611,523	\$	6,028,725
Fund balance, beginning of year			23,762,948	_	
Fund balance, end of year		\$	28,374,471	=	

		erations and enance Accour	nt		Working Cash Account							
 Budget		Actual		Variance		Budget		Actual		Variance		
\$ 6,221,219	\$	6,396,424	\$	175,205	\$	414,748	\$	426,429	\$	11,681		
- 122,100		- 129,075		- 6,975		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		
 19,169		20,796		1,627		99,782		220,675		120,893		
 6,362,488		6,546,295		183,807		514,530		647,104		132,574		
- 6,652,194		- 6,027,412		(624,782)		-		-		-		
- 5,158,500		- 4,407,610		- (750,890)		-		-		-		
-		-		-		-		-		-		
11,810,694		10,435,022		(1,375,672)		-		-		-		
(5,448,206)		(3,888,727)		1,559,479		514,530		647,104		132,574		
(3,440,200)		(3,000,727)		1,000,470		514,550		047,104		102,074		
 5,015,400		4,280,632		(734,768)		-		-		-		
\$ (432,806)	=	391,905	\$	824,711	\$	514,530	=	647,104	\$	132,574		
		3,528,547	_					11,930,369	-			
	\$	3,920,452	=				\$	12,577,473	=			

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—By Account General Fund—Budget and Actual (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Total		
	Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 34,507,028	\$	35,478,829	\$	971,801
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	3,506,394		4,358,036		851,642
Other local sources	13,087,488		2,892,474		(10,195,014)
General state aid	15,930,093		19,146,998		3,216,905
Restricted state aid	3,451,952		3,162,427		(289,525)
Federal aid	6,732,370		6,723,855		(8,515)
On-behalf payments	15,016,435		4,409,293		(10,607,142)
Investment earnings	399,918		422,678		22,760
Total revenues	 92,631,678		76,594,590		(16,037,088)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	59,097,110		47,005,788		(12,091,322)
Support services	32,586,166		22,677,707		(9,908,459)
Tuition paid to other districts	284,630		277,300		(7,330)
Capital outlay	5,968,903		5,263,895		(705,008)
Provision for contingencies	1,045,747		-		(1,045,747)
Total expenditures	 98,982,556		75,224,690		(23,757,866)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(6,350,878)		1,369,900		7,720,778
Other financing source, insurance proceeds	-		4,280,632		4,280,632
Net change in fund balance	\$ (6,350,878)	=	5,650,532	\$	12,001,410
Fund balance, beginning of year			39,221,864	_	
Fund balance, end of year		\$	44,872,396	=	

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Transportation Fund: This fund accounts for all revenue received and expenditures made for student transportation to and from school. Revenue is derived primarily from local property taxes and state reimbursement grants.

Municipal Retirement and Social Security Fund: This fund accounts for the District's portion of pension contributions to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, OASDI and employer's share of Medicare for noncertified employees. Revenue to finance the contributions is derived primarily from local property taxes.

School Activity Fund: This fund accounts for the monies generated by student organizations via fund raising activities.

Tort Immunity and Judgment Fund: This fund accounts for all revenue received and expenditures made for tort immunity or tort judgment purposes. Revenue is derived primarily from local property taxes.

Debt Service Fund: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Life Safety Fund: This fund accounts for all revenue received and expenditures made for purposes of fire prevention, safety, energy conservation or school security.

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	т	ransportation	R	Decial Revenue Municipal Retirement and Social Security	School Activity
Assets		•			
Cash and investments	\$	2,268,646	\$	3,337,363	\$ 796,184
Receivables, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts: Property taxes		873,554		2,283,152	-
Sales taxes Other		- 275		- 993	- 121
Due from other funds		-		-	-
Due from other governmental units		443,265		-	-
Prepaid Items		-		-	-
Total assets	\$	3,585,740	\$	5,621,508	\$ 796,305
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts and contracts payable	\$	1,989	\$	-	\$ 12,980
Accrued wage and benefit liabilities		-		241,744	-
Total liabilities		1,989		241,744	12,980
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		706,884		1,847,536	-
Unavailable revenue - intergovernmental		443,264		-	-
Total deferred inflows of resources		1,150,148		1,847,536	-
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable, prepaid items Restricted for:		-		-	-
Transportation		2,303,859		-	-
Municipal retirement		-		1,861,824	-
Social security		-		1,619,056	-
Tort immunity		-		-	-
Debt service		-		-	-
Life safety projects		-		-	-
School activity		-		-	742,680
Assigned for:					
Purchases on order		98,696		-	40,645
Transportation		31,048		-	-
Municipal retirement and social security		-		51,348	 -
Total fund balances		2,433,603		3,532,228	 783,325
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of					
resources and fund balances	\$	3,585,740	\$	5,621,508	\$ 796,305

 Special	Rever	iue	_		 Capital Projects	_	
ort Immunity nd Judgment		Total		Debt Service	Life Safety		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 1,750,540	\$	8,152,733	\$	2,313,144	\$ 1,357,299	\$	11,823,176
1,326,214		4,482,920		4,445,196	496,338		9,424,454
- 1,864		3,253		-	-		- 3,253 -
- - 419		- 443,265 419		-	-		- 443,265 419
\$ 3,079,037	\$	13,082,590	\$	6,758,340	\$ 1,853,637	\$	21,694,567
\$ 6,536 -	\$	21,505 241,744	\$	-	\$ 347,077	\$	368,582 241,744
 6,536		263,249		-	347,077		610,326
1,073,177 -		3,627,597 443,264		3,597,070	401,638 -		7,626,305 443,264
 1,073,177		4,070,861		3,597,070	401,638		8,069,569
419		419		-	-		419
-		2,303,859		-	-		2,303,859
-		1,861,824		-	-		1,861,824
-		1,619,056		-	-		1,619,056
1,849,551		1,849,551 -		- 3,161,270	-		1,849,551 3,161,270
-		_		-	275,675		275,675
-		742,680		-			742,680
123,529		262,870		-	829,247		1,092,117
25,825		56,873		-	-		56,873
 -		51,348		-	-		51,348
 1,999,324		8,748,480		3,161,270	 1,104,922		13,014,672
\$ 3,079,037	\$	13,082,590	\$	6,758,340	\$ 1,853,637	\$	21,694,567

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 ransportation	R	ecial Revenue Municipal etirement and ocial Security	School Activity
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ 911,719	\$	1,927,190	\$ -
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	-		507,913	-
Restricted state aid	365,841		-	-
Investment earnings	14,011		20,753	-
Other local sources and student fundraising activities	-		-	836,117
Total revenues	 1,291,571		2,455,856	836,117
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Instruction	-		796,191	499,981
Support services	992,038		1,587,270	334,588
Capital outlay	7,539		-	-
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	-		-	-
Interest and fiscal charges	 -		-	-
Total expenditures	 999,577		2,383,461	834,569
Net change before other financing sources	291,994		72,395	1,548
Other financing sources, proceeds from bonds sold	 -		-	
Net change in fund balance	 291,994		72,395	1,548
Fund balances, beginning of year	 2,141,609		3,459,833	781,777
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 2,433,603	\$	3,532,228	\$ 783,325

 Special	Rever	ue	_		 Capital Projects	
ort Immunity nd Judgment		Total		Debt Service	Life Safety	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 1,140,180	\$	3,979,089	\$	3,845,831	\$ 426,428	\$ 8,251,348
-		507,913		-	-	507,913
-		365,841		-	-	365,841
11,482		46,246		17,750	29,740	93,736
 -		836,117		150,722	-	986,839
1,151,662		5,735,206		4,014,303	456,168	10,205,677
-		1,296,172		-	-	1,296,172
966,350		3,880,246		-	-	3,880,246
-		7,539		-	877,357	884,896
-		-		6,064,100	-	6,064,100
 -		-		935,651	-	935,651
966,350		5,183,957		6,999,751	877,357	13,061,065
185,312		551,249		(2,985,448)	(421,189)	(2,855,388)
 -		-		3,076,000	-	3,076,000
 185,312		551,249		90,552	(421,189)	220,612
 1,814,012		8,197,231		3,070,718	1,526,111	12,794,060
\$ 1,999,324	\$	8,748,480	\$	3,161,270	\$ 1,104,922	\$ 13,014,672

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—All Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Spe	ecial Revenue		
		Tr	ansportation		
	Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 1,080,004	\$	911,719	\$	(168,285)
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	-		-		-
Restricted state aid	330,455		365,841		35,386
Investment earnings	15,598		14,011		(1,587)
Other local sources	 -		-		-
Total revenues	 1,426,057		1,291,571		(134,486)
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	-		-		-
Support services	1,362,196		992,038		(370,158)
Capital outlay	200,000		7,539		(192,461)
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-		-
Provision for contingencies	 -		-		-
Total expenditures	 1,562,196		999,577		(562,619)
Net change before other financing sources	(136,139)		291,994		428,133
Other financing sources, proceeds from bonds sold	 -		-		-
Net change in fund balances	\$ (136,139)	=	291,994	\$	428,133
Fund balances, beginning of year			2,141,609	-	
Fund balances, end of year		\$	2,433,603	=	

				Special	Reve	nue					
Municipa	I Retire	ement and Soc	ial Se	ecurity		Tor	t Imm	nunity and Judg	ment		
 Budget		Actual		Variance		Budget		Actual	Variance		
\$ 1,833,186 462,860	\$	1,927,190 507,913	\$	94,004 45,053	\$	1,109,865 -	\$	1,140,180 -	\$	30,315 -	
- 28,727 -		- 20,753 -		- (7,974) -		- 13,970 -		- 11,482 -		- (2,488) -	
 2,324,773		2,455,856		131,083	·	1,123,835		1,151,662		27,827	
835,285		796,191		(39,094)		-		-		-	
1,553,034 -		1,587,270 -		34,236 -		986,941 -		966,350 -		(20,591) -	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
-		-		-		-		-		-	
 2,388,319		2,383,461		(4,858)		986,941		966,350		(20,591)	
(63,546)		72,395		135,941		136,894		185,312		48,418	
 -		-		-	·	-		-			
\$ (63,546)	=	72,395	\$	135,941	\$	136,894	=	185,312	\$	48,418	
		3,459,833	_					1,814,012	_		
	\$	3,532,228	=				\$	1,999,324	=		

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—All Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Ca	apital Projects		
			Life Safety		
	Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 414,748	\$	426,428	\$	11,680
Corporate personal property replacement taxes	-		-		-
Restricted state aid	-		-		-
Investment earnings	16,280		29,740		13,460
Other local sources	 -		-		-
Total revenues	 431,028		456,168		25,140
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instruction	-		-		-
Support services	-		-		-
Capital outlay	1,862,186		877,357		(984,829)
Debt service:					-
Principal retirement	-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	-		-		-
Provision for contingencies	 100,000		-		(100,000)
Total expenditures	1,962,186		877,357		(1,084,829)
Net change before other financing sources	(1,531,158)		(421,189)		1,109,969
Other financing sources, proceeds from bonds sold	-		-		-
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,531,158)	=	(421,189)	\$	1,109,969
Fund balances, beginning of year			1,526,111	-	
Fund balances, end of year		\$	1,104,922	=	

		D	Debt Service		
	Budget		Actual		Variance
\$	3,772,547	\$	3,845,831	\$	73,284
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	18,696		17,750		(946)
	150,319		150,722		403
	3,941,562		4,014,303		72,741
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
	-		-		-
					-
	3,064,100		6,064,100		3,000,000
	734,325		935,651		201,326
	-		-		-
	3,798,425		6,999,751		3,201,326
	143,137		(2,985,448)		(3,128,585)
	-		3,076,000		3,076,000
¢	1/3 127		90,552	¢	(52 585)
φ	143,137	=	90,002	\$	(52,585)
			3,070,718		
		\$	3,161,270		

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances—Budget and Actual—All Nonmajor Governmental Funds (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Total					
		Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$	8,210,350	\$	8,251,348	\$	40,998
Corporate personal property replacement taxes		462,860		507,913		45,053
Restricted state aid		330,455		365,841		35,386
Investment earnings		93,271		93,736		465
Other local sources		150,319		150,722		403
Total revenues		9,247,255		9,369,560		122,305
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Instruction		835,285		796,191		(39,094)
Support services		3,902,171		3,545,658		(356,513)
Capital outlay		2,062,186		884,896		(1,177,290)
Debt service:						
Principal retirement		3,064,100		6,064,100		3,000,000
Interest and fiscal charges		734,325		935,651		201,326
Provision for contingencies		100,000		-		(100,000)
Total expenditures		10,698,067		12,226,496		1,528,429
Net change before other financing sources		(1,450,812)		(2,856,936)		(1,406,124)
Other financing sources, proceeds from bonds sold		-		3,076,000		3,076,000
Net change in fund balances	\$	(1,450,812)	=	219,064	\$	1,669,876
Fund balances, beginning of year				12,012,283	_	
Fund balances, end of year			\$	12,231,347		

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities—Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Balance June 30, 2017	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2018
Flexible Spending Fund				
Assets, due from other governmental units	\$ 32,090	\$ 144,496	\$ 155,066	\$ 21,520
Liabilities, due to employees	\$ 32,090	\$ 144,496	\$ 155,066	\$ 21,520

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities By Source June 30, 2018

General capital assets:	
Land	\$ 1,139,143
Construction-in-process	11,341,658
Land improvements	8,619,398
Buildings	110,943,415
Equipment and vehicles	 5,050,682
Total general capital assets	 137,094,296
Investment in general capital assets:	
Investment in property from all sources other than federal, prior to June 30, 1988 Investment in property acquired on and after July 1, 1988 from:	\$ 23,699,174
General Fund	79,908,466
Special revenue funds	219,101
Capital Projects Fund	 33,267,555
Total as of June 30, 2018	\$ 137,094,296

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities By Function and Activity June 30, 2018

	Land	Land	I Improvements	Buildings
Function and activity:				~
Instruction:				
High School	\$ 144,783	\$	3,458,644	\$ 27,663,952
Middle Schools:				
John Deere	22,500		568,217	19,064,100
Woodrow Wilson	140,084		125,953	13,027,526
Elementary Schools:				
Jane Addams	46,428		81,318	704,428
Bicentennial	42,000		120,499	9,693,243
Butterworth	12,500		172,828	1,395,091
Franklin	40,316		47,729	1,228,537
Hamilton	307,657		43,280	18,261,740
Lincoln-Irving	50,523		104,073	1,806,596
Logan	91,552		102,062	3,645,635
Horace Mann	15,000		93,731	1,577,290
Roosevelt	9,000		61,046	4,369,211
Washington	96,340		29,069	1,864,015
Willard	34,465		100,101	1,174,457
Jefferson Early Childhood Center	44,750		100,431	858,768
Other District property:				
Coolidge	29,644		783,260	2,388,381
Wharton Field House	5,280		2,536,638	1,981,496
Total instruction	1,132,822		8,528,879	110,704,466
Support services, administration	 6,321		90,519	238,949
Total governmental activities capital assets	\$ 1,139,143	\$	8,619,398	\$ 110,943,415

Equipment and Vehicles	Construction-In- Process			
\$ 2,626,247	\$ 4,495,381	\$	38,389,007	
393,404	1,634		20,049,855	
464,131	509,533		14,267,227	
-	46,777		878,951	
5,231	-		9,860,973	
32,215	193,389		1,806,023	
32,379	5,815,646		7,164,607	
139,186	-		18,751,863	
47,626	98,890		2,107,708	
42,691	33,042		3,914,982	
15,238	-		1,701,259	
12,884	1,634		4,453,775	
80,237	11,886		2,081,547	
9,393	123,267		1,441,683	
7,028	7,470		1,018,447	
973,662	-		4,174,947	
22,811	-		4,546,225	
 4,904,363	11,338,549		136,609,079	
 146,319	3,109		485,217	
\$ 5,050,682	\$ 11,341,658	\$	137,094,296	

Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities— By Function and Activities Year Ended June 30, 2018

	June 30, 2017	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	June 30, 2018
nstruction:					
Moline High School:					
Land	\$ 144,783	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 144,783
Land improvements	3,458,644	-	-	-	3,458,644
Buildings	27,455,130	62,083	-	146,739	27,663,952
Construction-in-process	260,006	4,382,114	-	(146,739)	4,495,381
Equipment and vehicles	2,715,477	24,034	113,264	-	2,626,247
	34,034,040	4,468,231	113,264	-	38,389,007
John Deere Middle School:					
Land	22,500	-	-	-	22,500
Land improvements	546,080	22,137	-	-	568,217
Buildings	19,064,100	,.o.	-	_	19,064,100
Construction-in-process	1,333	301	-	_	1,634
Equipment and vehicles	393,404	-	_	_	393,404
	20,027,417	22,438	-	_	20,049,855
Maadaaw Middla Cabaal					
Woodrow Wilson Middle School:	440.004				4 40 004
Land	140,084	-	-	-	140,084
Land improvements	125,953	-	-	-	125,953
Buildings	13,027,526	-	-	-	13,027,526
Construction-in-process	1,333	508,200	-	-	509,533
Equipment and vehicles	464,131		-	-	464,131
	13,759,027	508,200	-	-	14,267,227
Jane Addams:					
Land	46,428	-	-	-	46,428
Land improvements	81,318	-	-	-	81,318
Buildings	704,428	-	-	-	704,428
Construction-in-process	-	46,777	-	-	46,777
	832,174	46,777	-	-	878,951
Bicentennial:					
Land	42,000	-	-	-	42,000
Land improvements	120,499	-	-	-	120,499
Buildings	9,520,744	69,865	-	102,634	9,693,243
Construction-in-process	102,634	, -	-	(102,634)	-
Equipment and vehicles	5,231	-	-	-	5,231
- 1	9,791,108	69,865	-	-	9,860,973
Butterworth:					
Land	12,500	-	_	-	12,500
Land improvements	172,828	-	-	-	172,828
Buildings	1,395,091	-	-	-	
-		100.050	-	-	1,395,091
Construction-in-process	1,333	192,056	-	-	193,389
Equipment and vehicles	32,215	-	-	-	32,215
	1,613,967	192,056	-	-	1,806,023

Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities— By Function and Activities (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2018

Land improvements $47,729$ - -<		June 30, 2017	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	June 30, 2018
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	struction:					
Land improvements $47,729$. .<	Franklin:					
Buildings 1,227,120 84 - 1,333 1,233 Construction-in-process 1,333 5,815,646 - (1,333) 5,815 Equipment and vehicles 32,379 - 1.333 5,815,730 - - - - - - - 4.820 - - - 4.820 - - - 1.826 - - - 1.826 - - - 1.826 - - - 1.826 - - - 1.866 - - - 4.2010.151 97,557 -	Land	40,316	-	-	-	40,316
$\begin{array}{c} \mbox{Construction-in-process} \\ \mbox{Equipment and vehicles} \\ \mbox{Equipment and vehicles} \\ \mbox{Equipment and vehicles} \\ \mbox{Land improvements} \\ \mbox{Equipment and vehicles} \\ \mbox{Equipment and vehicles} \\ \mbox{Land improvements} \\ Land$	Land improvements	47,729	-	-	-	47,729
Equipment and vehicles 32,379 - - - 7,10 Hamilton: 1,348,877 5,815,730 - - 7,10 Land 307,657 - - - 30 Buildings 18,261,740 - - 18,26 Equipment and vehicles 139,186 - - - 18,27 Lincoln-Irving: 18,751,863 - - - 18,75 Land improvements 104,073 - - 18,75 Buildings 1,806,596 - - - 10,000 Construction-in-process 1,333 97,557 - - 2,100 Land 91,552 - - - 40 Zoon struction-in-process 1,333 31,709 - - 2,000 Land improvements 102,062 - - - 42,691 - - - 42,691 - - - 42,691 - - - 42,691 - - - 42,691 - -	Buildings	1,227,120	84	-	1,333	1,228,537
Hamilton: 1,348,877 5,815,730 - - 7,16 Land 307,657 - - - 30 Buildings 18,261,740 - - - 42 Equipment and vehicles 139,186 - - - 18,72 Lincoln-trving: 18,751,863 - - - 18,72 Land improvements 104,073 - - - 18,72 Land improvements 104,073 - - - 16 Buildings 1,806,596 - - - 1,80 Construction-in-process 1,333 37,557 - - 2,010,151 97,557 - - 2,010,151 97,557 - - 2,010,151 97,557 - - 2,010,151 97,557 - - - 4 3,64 2,010,151 97,557 - - 1,60 3,856,129 58,853 - - 1,60 3,856,129 58,853 - - 1,50 - - 4,2691 -	Construction-in-process	1,333	5,815,646	-	(1,333)	5,818,312
Hamilton: Jand 307,657 - - - 307 Land improvements 43,280 - - - 40 Buildings 18,261,740 - - - 18,262 Equipment and vehicles 139,186 - - - 18,263 Lincoln-Irving: 18,751,863 - - - 18,751 Land improvements 104,073 - - - 10 Buildings 1,806,596 - - - 10 Construction-in-process 1,333 97,557 - - 2,010 Logan: 102,062 - - - 10 Land improvements 102,062 - - - 40 Usingings 3,618,491 27,144 - 3,66 Land improvements 102,062 - - - 40 Buildings 1,570,00 - - - 40 Land improvements 93,731 - - - 40 Bui	Equipment and vehicles	32,379	-	-	-	32,379
Land $307,657$ - - - 30 Land improvements $43,280$ - - - 42 Buildings $18,261,740$ - - 18,22 18,22 Equipment and vehicles $139,186$ - - 18,22 18,22 18,22 18,22 18,22 - - 18,22 18,22 - - 18,22 - - 18,22 - - 18,22 - - 16,22 - - 18,22 - - - 2,210 - 2,210 - 2,210 - - - 2,210 - - - 2,210 - - - 2,210 - - - 2,210 - - - 2,210 - - - 2,210 - - - 2,210 - - - 2,210 - - - 2,210 - - - 2,210 - - - 1,210 - - - 2,210 - -		1,348,877	5,815,730	-	-	7,167,273
Land $307,657$ - - - 30 Land improvements $43,280$ - - - 12,220 Buildings $18,261,740$ - - 13,220 - - 13,220 Equipment and vehicles $139,186$ - - - 13,220 - - 13,220 Lincoln-Irving: 139,186 - - - 13,220 - - 18,221,740 - - 18,221,740 - - 13,220 13,220 - - - 18,221,740 - - 18,221,740 - - 18,221,740 - - 16,221 - - - 16,221 - - - 16,221 - - - 2,2101 - - - 2,2101 - - - 2,2101 - - - 2,2101 - - - 2,2101 - - - 2,2101 - - - 1,2101 - - - 2,2101 - -	Hamilton:					
Land improvements $43,280$ - - - 4 Buildings $18,261,740$ - - - $18,22$ Equipment and vehicles $139,186$ - - - $18,22$ Lincoln-Irving: 1 18,751,863 - - - $18,77$ Land $50,523$ - - - 100 100 100 Buildings $1,06,596$ - - - 100 <td></td> <td>307.657</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>307,657</td>		307.657	-	-	-	307,657
Buildings 18,261,740 - - - 18,26 Equipment and vehicles 139,186 - - - 18,751 Lincoln-Irving: 1 18,751,863 - - 18,751 Land 50,523 - - - 16,751 Buildings 104,073 - - - 106 Buildings 1,806,596 - - - 108 Construction-in-process 1,333 97,557 - - 2,010,151 97,557 - - 2,010 Logan: 1 2,010,151 97,557 - - 102,052 - - - 42,010 - - 100 2,010,151 97,557 - - 102,052 - - - 100 2,010,151 97,557 - - 100,00 - - - 100,00 - - - 100,00 - - - 100,00			_	-	-	43,280
Equipment and vehicles $139,186$ - - - 13 Lincoln-Irving: 18,751,863 - - - 18,77 Land 50,523 - - - 16 Buildings 1,806,596 - - - 16 Construction-in-process 1,333 97,557 - - 2 Equipment and vehicles $47,626$ - - - 2 Logan: 102,062 - - - 10 Land improvements 102,062 - - - 2 Buildings 3,618,491 27,144 - - 3,64 Construction-in-process 1,333 31,709 - - - 4 Buildings 3,618,491 27,144 - - 3,64 - - - 4 Construction-in-process 1,333 31,709 - - - 4 3,656,129 58,853 - - 3,91 Horace Mann: Land 15,000 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>18,261,740</td>			_	-	-	18,261,740
18,751,863 - - 18,75 Lincoln-Irving: - - 18,75 Land improvements 104,073 - - - 10 Buildings 1,806,596 - - - 10 Construction-in-process 1,333 97,557 - - 2 Equipment and vehicles 47,626 - - - 4 Land 91,552 - - - 4 Land improvements 102,062 - - - 4 Buildings 3,618,491 27,144 - - 3,64 Construction-in-process 1,333 31,709 - - 4 Buildings 3,856,129 58,853 - - 4 Buildings 1,577,290 - - 1,577 - - 1,577 Equipment and vehicles 15,238 - - - 1,577 - - 1,577 Buildings 1,577,290 - - - 1,577 -	-		_	_	_	139,186
Land $50,523$ - - - - - - - - - 104,073 - - - 106 106 106,073 - - - 106 <		-				18,751,863
Land $50,523$ - - - - - - - 104,073 - - - 106 Buildings $1,806,596$ - - - 1,806 - - - 106 Construction-in-process $1,333$ $97,557$ - - 2 2,010,151 $97,557$ - - 2 2,010,151 $97,557$ - - 2,010 2,010,151 $97,557$ - - 2,010 2,010 102,062 - - - 44 2 3,66 - - 102,062 - - 102,062 - - - 3,66 2,091 - - 3,66 2,091 - - 3,66 2,091 - - - 42 3,66 11,09 - - - 42 3,66 - - 3,61 41,17,17 41,17 - - - 42 3,66 11,17 - - - 1,17 4,15 4,15 4,36 - - 1,	Lincoln Inving					
Land improvements $104,073$ - - - 100 Buildings $1,806,596$ - - - $1,806$ Construction-in-process $1,333$ $97,557$ - - 2 Equipment and vehicles $47,626$ - - - 2 Logan: 2,010,151 $97,557$ - - 2,010 Land $91,552$ - - - 2,010 Buildings $3,618,491$ $27,144$ - - 3,664 Construction-in-process $1,333$ $31,709$ - - 2 2 Equipment and vehicles $42,691$ - - - 3,66 Land $15,000$ - - - 1,60 Land improvements $93,731$ - - - 1,70 Buildings $1,577,290$ - - - 1,70 Roosevelt: 1 1,701,259 - - - - Land $9,000$ - - -		E0 E22				50,523
Buildings $1,806,596$ $ 1,806$ Construction-in-process $1,333$ $97,557$ $ 2$ Equipment and vehicles $47,626$ $ 2$ Logan: $2,010,151$ $97,557$ $ 2,100$ Land $91,552$ $ 2,100$ Buildings $3,618,491$ $27,144$ $ 3,66$ Construction-in-process $1,333$ $31,709$ $ -$		-	-	-	-	•
Construction-in-process $1,333$ $97,557$ - - 2 Equipment and vehicles $47,626$ - - - 2 Logan: 2,010,151 $97,557$ - - 2,10 Land $91,552$ - - - 2,010 Buildings $3,618,491$ $27,144$ - - 3,664 Construction-in-process $1,333$ $31,709$ - - - 42,691 Equipment and vehicles $42,691$ - - - 42,691 Horace Mann: 15,000 - - - 42,691 - - 42,691 Land 19,000 - - - 42,691 - - 42,691 Land 19,731 - - - 42,691 - - 42,691 Land 19,731 - - - 42,691 - - 41,577,290 Equipment and vehicles			-	-	-	104,073
Equipment and vehicles $47,626$ - - - 4 2,010,151 97,557 - - 2,10 Logan: - - - 2,00 Land 91,552 - - - 2,00 Buildings 3,618,491 27,144 - - 3,64 Construction-in-process 1,333 31,709 - - - 3,64 Equipment and vehicles 42,691 - - - - 42 Horace Mann: - - - - 42 - - - - - - 42 Buildings 15,000 - - - - - 42 - - - 42 - - - 42 -<	-		-	-	-	1,806,596
2,010,151 $97,557$ - - $2,10$ Logan: 102,062 - - - 2 Land improvements 102,062 - - - 10 Buildings 3,618,491 27,144 - - 3,64 Construction-in-process 1,333 31,709 - - - 4 Equipment and vehicles 42,691 - - - 4 Horace Mann: 15,000 - - - 4 Land improvements 93,731 - - - 1,55 Buildings 1,577,290 - - 1,55 5		-	97,557	-	-	98,890
Logan: 91,552 - - - - 5 Land 91,552 - - - - 10 Buildings 3,618,491 27,144 - - 3,64 Construction-in-process 1,333 31,709 - - 3,64 Equipment and vehicles 42,691 - - - 4 Horace Mann: - - - - 3,856,129 58,853 - - 3,91 Horace Mann: - - - - - - 4 Land 15,000 - - - - 1,57 Buildings 1,577,290 - - - 1,57 Equipment and vehicles 15,238 - - - 1,70 Roosevelt: - - - 1,70 - - 1,70 Land 9,000 - - - - -	Equipment and vehicles		97 557	-	-	47,626
Land 91,552 - - - - - - - - - - 102,062 - - - 102,062 - - - 102,062 - - - 102,062 - - - 3,648,491 27,144 - - 3,648,491 27,144 - - 3,648,491 27,144 - - 3,648,491 27,144 - - 3,648,491 27,144 - - 3,648,491 27,144 - - 3,648,491 24,691 - - - 3,648,491 24,691 - - - 3,648,492 3,856,129 58,853 - - 3,856,129 58,853 - - 3,914 - - 3,914 - - 1,577 3,914 - - 1,577 59 - - 1,577 58,153 - - 1,577 59 - - 1,704 1,704 - - 1,704 1,704 - - 1,707 20 - - 1,70		2,010,131	37,557		_	2,107,708
Land improvements 102,062 - - - 100 Buildings 3,618,491 27,144 - - 3,66 Construction-in-process 1,333 31,709 - - 3,66 Equipment and vehicles 42,691 - - - 42 Horace Mann: - - - 3,856,129 58,853 - - 3,91 Horace Mann: - 15,000 - - - - 42 Land improvements 93,731 - - - - 15,57 Buildings 1,577,290 - - - 1,57 Equipment and vehicles 15,238 - - 1,70 Roosevelt: - 1,701,259 - - 1,70 Roosevelt: - 61,046 - - - 4,36 Buildings 4,369,211 - - - 4,36 Construction-in-process 1,333 301 - - 4,36 Equipment and vehicles	-					
Buildings 3,618,491 27,144 - - 3,64 Construction-in-process 1,333 31,709 - - 3 Equipment and vehicles 42,691 - - - 4 3,856,129 58,853 - - 3,91 Horace Mann: - - - - - 4 Land 15,000 - - - 1 - - 1 Land improvements 93,731 - - - 1,57 - - 1,57 - - 1,57 Equipment and vehicles 1,577,290 - - - 1,57 - - 1,57 Equipment and vehicles 1,701,259 - - - 1,70 Roosevelt: - - - - - - - - Land 9,000 - - - - - - - - - Buildings 4,369,211 - - - - <			-	-	-	91,552
Construction-in-process 1,333 31,709 -			-	-	-	102,062
Equipment and vehicles 42,691 - - - - - - - - - - - - 3,91 Horace Mann: 15,000 - - - 3,91 - - 3,91 Land 15,000 - - - - 1 1 - - 1 <				-	-	3,645,635
Horace Mann: $3,856,129$ $58,853$ $3,91$ Land $15,000$ 1Land improvements $93,731$ 1Buildings $1,577,290$ 1,57Equipment and vehicles $15,238$ 1Roosevelt: $1,701,259$ 1,70Land improvements $61,046$ 4,36Buildings $4,369,211$ 4,36Construction-in-process $1,333$ 301 Equipment and vehicles $12,884$ 1	Construction-in-process	1,333	31,709	-	-	33,042
Horace Mann: 15,000 - - - 1 Land improvements 93,731 - - - 1 Buildings 1,577,290 - - - 1,57 Equipment and vehicles 15,238 - - - 1,57 Roosevelt: 1,701,259 - - - 1,70 Roosevelt: 1 9,000 - - - 1,70 Buildings 61,046 - - - 6 6 - - 6 Buildings 4,369,211 - - - 4,36 - - 4,36 Construction-in-process 1,333 301 - - - 1 Equipment and vehicles 12,884 - - - 1 1	Equipment and vehicles	42,691	-	-	-	42,691
Land 15,000 - - - 1 Land improvements 93,731 - - - 9 Buildings 1,577,290 - - - 1,57 Equipment and vehicles 15,238 - - - 1,57 Roosevelt: 1,701,259 - - - 1,70 Roosevelt: 9,000 - - - 1,70 Buildings 61,046 - - - 6 Buildings 4,369,211 - - 4,36 Construction-in-process 1,333 301 - - Equipment and vehicles 12,884 - - -		3,856,129	58,853	-	-	3,914,982
Land improvements 93,731 - - - 93,731 - - - 93,731 - - - 93,731 - - - 93,731 - - 1,577 93,731 - - 1,577 93,731 - - 1,577 92,033 1,577,290 - - 1,577 1,573 2 1,577 1,573 2 1,577 1,573 2 1,573 1,573 1,573 2 1,577 1,573 1,573 1,573 1,573 1,573 1,573 301 - - 1,573 <	Horace Mann:					
Buildings 1,577,290 - - - 1,57 Equipment and vehicles 15,238 - - - 1,57 Equipment and vehicles 15,238 - - - 1,57 Roosevelt: 1,701,259 - - - 1,70 Land 9,000 - - - - Land improvements 61,046 - - - 66 Buildings 4,369,211 - - - 4,36 Construction-in-process 1,333 301 - - - Equipment and vehicles 12,884 - - - 1	Land	15,000	-	-	-	15,000
Equipment and vehicles 15,238 - - - 1 1,701,259 - - - 1,701 Roosevelt:	Land improvements	93,731	-	-	-	93,731
Equipment and vehicles 15,238 - - - 1 1,701,259 - - - 1,701 Roosevelt:	Buildings	1,577,290	-	-	-	1,577,290
1,701,259 - - 1,701 Roosevelt: - - - 1,701 Land 9,000 - - - - Land improvements 61,046 - - - - 66 Buildings 4,369,211 - - - 4,36 - - 4,36 Construction-in-process 1,333 301 - - - - 1 Equipment and vehicles 12,884 - - - 1 1	-		-	-	-	15,238
Land 9,000 - - - Land improvements 61,046 - - - 6 Buildings 4,369,211 - - - 4,36 Construction-in-process 1,333 301 - - 4,36 Equipment and vehicles 12,884 - - - 1			-	-	-	1,701,259
Land 9,000 - - - Land improvements 61,046 - - - 6 Buildings 4,369,211 - - - 4,36 Construction-in-process 1,333 301 - - 4,36 Equipment and vehicles 12,884 - - - 1	Roosevelt [.]					
Land improvements 61,046 - - - 66 Buildings 4,369,211 - - - 4,366 Construction-in-process 1,333 301 - - 4,366 Equipment and vehicles 12,884 - - - 1		9,000	-	-	-	9,000
Buildings 4,369,211 - - 4,369 Construction-in-process 1,333 301 - - Equipment and vehicles 12,884 - - 1			-	-	-	61,046
Construction-in-process1,333301-Equipment and vehicles12,8841		-	-	_	_	4,369,211
Equipment and vehicles 12,884 1	-		301	_	-	4,309,211 1,634
			301	-	-	1,034
4 453 474 301 4 4 5		4,453,474	301	-	-	4,453,775

Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities— By Function and Activities (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2018

	June 30, 2017	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	June 30, 2018
Instruction:					
Washington:					
Land	96,340	-	-	-	96,340
Land improvements	29,069	-	-	-	29,069
Buildings	1,864,015	-	-	-	1,864,015
Construction-in-process	1,333	10,553	-	-	11,886
Equipment and vehicles	80,237	-	-	-	80,237
	2,070,994	10,553	-	-	2,081,547
Willard:					
Land	34,465	-	-	-	34,465
Land improvements	100,101	-	-	-	100,101
Buildings	1,174,457	-	-	-	1,174,457
Construction-in-process	1,333	121,934	-	-	123,267
Equipment and vehicles	9,393	-	-	-	9,393
	1,319,749	121,934	-	-	1,441,683
Jefferson Early Childhood Center:					
Land	44,750	_	-	-	44,750
Land improvements	34,234	66,197	-	_	100,431
Buildings	858,768	-	-	_	858,768
Construction-in-process	-	7,470	_	_	7,470
Equipment and vehicles	7,028	-	-	_	7,028
	944,780	73,667	-	-	1,018,447
Coolidge:					
Land	26,000	3,644	_	_	29,644
Land improvements	783,260	3,044			783,260
		-	_	-	
Buildings	2,388,381	-	-	-	2,388,381
Equipment and vehicles	<u>1,016,444</u> 4,214,085	26,378 30,022	69,160 69,160	-	973,662 4,174,947
			,		, ,-
Wharton Field House:	5 000				5 000
Land	5,280	-	-	-	5,280
Land improvements	2,536,638	-	-	-	2,536,638
Buildings	1,975,291	6,205	-	-	1,981,496
Construction-in-process	-	-	-	-	-
Equipment and vehicles	22,811	-	-	-	22,811
	4,540,020	6,205	-	-	4,546,225
Support Services:					
Allendale:					
Land	6,321	-	-	-	6,321
Land improvements	90,519	-	-	-	90,519
Buildings	238,949	-	-	-	238,949
Construction-in-process	-	3,109	_	_	3,109
Equipment and vehicles	- 146,319	5,105	-	-	146,319
Equipment and vehicles			-	-	
	482,108	3,109	-	-	485,217

Schedule of Changes in Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities— By Function and Activities (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2018

	June 30, 2017	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	June 30, 2018
Totals:					
Land	1,135,499	3,644	-	-	1,139,143
Land improvements	8,531,064	88,334	-	-	8,619,398
Buildings	110,527,328	165,381	-	250,706	110,442,003
Construction-in-process	374,637	11,217,727	-	(250,706)	11,843,070
Equipment and vehicles	5,182,694	50,412	182,424	-	5,050,682
	\$ 125,751,222	\$ 11,525,498	\$ 182,424	\$ -	\$ 137,094,296

Capital Assets Used in the Operation of Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense Year Ended June 30, 2018

		Accumulated Depreciation June 30, 2017		Depreciation Expense		Accumulated Depreciation - Disposals		Accumulated Depreciation June 30, 2018
Instruction:								
Land improvements	\$	5,733,909	\$	219,946	\$	-	\$	5,953,855
Buildings	Ŧ	33,991,278	Ŧ	2,171,580	+	-	Ŧ	36,162,858
Equipment and vehicles		4,399,387		160,735		55,488		4,504,634
		44,124,574		2,552,261		55,488		46,621,347
Support:								
Land improvements		155,693		92,341		-		248,034
Buildings		199,309		43,519		-		242,828
Equipment and vehicles		108,888		-		-		108,888
		463,890		135,860		-		599,750
Total:								
Land improvements		5,889,602		312,287		-		6,201,889
Buildings		34,190,587		2,215,099		-		36,405,686
Equipment and vehicles		4,508,275		160,735		55,488		4,613,522
	\$	44,588,464	\$	2,688,121	\$	55,488	\$	47,221,097
Statistical Section Contents

The statistical section of the District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information presented in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information say about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well being have changed over time.	96
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax (or sales tax).	112
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current level of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	120
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	125
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	127
Sources: Unless otherwise noted the information in these schedules is derived from the	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial report for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year									
		2018		2017		2016		2015		
Governmental activities:										
Net investment in capital assets	\$	64,579,826	\$	60,228,675	\$	60,005,254	\$	55,970,892		
Restricted		37,401,462		21,094,811		19,013,574		21,106,472		
Unrestricted		(50,553,102)		2,062,838		2,918,310		7,549,850		
Total governmental										
activities net position	\$	51,428,186	\$	83,386,324	\$	81,937,138	\$	84,627,214		

Fiscal Year													
2014 2013				2012	2011		2010		2009				
\$ 49,135,785	\$	46,949,505	\$	45,151,082	\$	44,442,781	\$	42,051,176	\$	40,273,936			
30,251,933		30,597,399		29,642,728		27,984,415		11,593,564		10,559,690			
 20,981,069		21,814,422		20,618,344		19,738,365		40,316,304		44,569,076			
\$ 100,368,787	\$	99,361,326	\$	95,412,154	\$	92,165,561	\$	93,961,044	\$	95,402,702			

Expenses, Program Revenues and Net (Expense) Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fisca	al Yea	r	
	2018	2017		2016	2015
Expenses:					
Governmental activities:					
Instruction	\$ 86,220,622	\$ 81,799,870	\$	73,662,166	\$ 69,312,874
Support services	27,049,134	21,412,990		26,609,599	27,477,964
Tuition Paid to Other Districts	277,300	102,280		59,268	53,812
Debt Service	1,295,410	694,512		752,670	903,745
Total governmental					
activities expenses	 114,842,466	104,009,652		101,083,703	97,748,395
Program revenues:					
Governmental activities:					
Charges for services:					
Instruction	\$ 5,581,594	\$ 6,174,470	\$	5,644,571	\$ 6,016,817
Support services	842,049	911,443		944,990	920,676
Operating grants and contributions	39,150,550	38,089,890		29,061,654	26,756,199
Capital grants and contributions	4,400,000	-		-	-
Total governmental					
activities program revenues	 49,974,193	45,175,803		35,651,215	33,693,692
Total governmental net					
(expense) revenue	\$ (64,868,273)	\$ (58,833,849)	\$	(65,432,488)	\$ (64,054,703)

		Fiscal	Year			
 2014	2013	2012		2011	2010	2009
\$ 60,941,932	\$ 55,259,386	\$ 57,141,072	\$	57,588,075	\$ 58,573,730	\$ 53,819,065
25,609,769	25,690,960	25,374,427		26,682,001	26,770,450	25,272,182
806,963	1,352,253	1,580,531		1,503,723	1,362,781	1,223,554
 981,636	1,120,180	914,318		869,436	331,012	343,148
00.040.000	00 400 770	05 040 040		00.040.005	07 007 070	00.057.040
 88,340,300	83,422,779	85,010,348		86,643,235	87,037,973	80,657,949
\$ 5,507,953	\$ 6,325,088	\$ 6,277,878	\$	6,114,228	\$ 5,028,185	\$ 7,038,150
947,485	1,001,251	1,042,466		1,005,008	1,061,140	1,070,240
19,879,009	17,196,439	17,184,182		14,672,537	21,626,435	16,054,400
 100,000	-	-		-	68,000	-
 26,434,447	24,522,778	24,504,526		21,791,773	27,783,760	24,162,790
\$ (61,905,853)	\$ (58,900,001)	\$ (60,505,822)	\$	(64,851,462)	\$ (59,254,213)	\$ (56,495,159)

General Revenues and Total Change in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

		Fiscal Year						
	 2018		2017		2016	2015		
Net governmental (expense)	\$ (64,868,273)	\$	(58,833,849)	\$	(65,432,488)	\$	(64,054,703)	
General revenues and other changes in net position: Taxes: Property taxes levied for								
general purposes Property taxes levied for	43,303,749		42,068,022		40,718,071		40,887,777	
capital projects Sales tax Corporate personal property	426,428 3,513,031		412,103 -		400,136 -		403,977 -	
replacement taxes Unrestricted grants and	4,865,949		5,185,632		4,097,882		5,128,468	
contributions Investment earnings Insurance proceeds	19,146,998 860,309 4,280,632		15,937,442 285,757 -		15,280,537 89,604 -		14,853,278 18,833 -	
Other, primarily student fund-raising	2,059,049		2,394,079		2,156,182		1,515,724	
Total governmental activities	 78,456,145		66,283,035		62,742,412		62,808,057	
Changes in net position	\$ 13,587,872	\$	7,449,186	\$	(2,690,076)	\$	(1,246,646)	

				Fiscal Year		
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
\$	(61,905,853)	\$ (58,900,001)	\$ (60,505,822)	\$ (64,851,462)	\$ (59,254,213)	\$ (56,495,159)
	41,345,016	41,362,579	42,681,048	41,515,600	40,846,495	40,566,920
	410,464	412,845	426,021	414,614	410,683	406,716
			-	-	- + 10,005	+00,710
	4,768,648	4,713,871	4,613,555	5,015,123	3,867,251	4,780,333
	4,700,040	4,713,671	4,013,555	5,015,125	3,007,231	4,700,333
	14,806,928	14,588,017	14,034,460	14,804,504	11,293,919	11,359,130
	19,023	56,745	53,350	109,600	159,512	925,557
	-	-	-	-	-	-
_	1,563,235	1,715,116	1,943,981	1,196,538	1,234,695	1,225,060
	62,913,314	62,849,173	63,752,415	63,055,979	57,812,555	59,263,716
\$	1,007,461	\$ 3,949,172	\$ 3,246,593	\$ (1,795,483)	\$ (1,441,658)	\$ 2,768,557

Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fisca	al Yea	ar		
		2018		2017		2016		2015
General Fund:								
Nonspendable	\$	66,747	\$	53,423	\$	59,739	\$	85,705
Restricted		12,545,058		11,821,906		11,083,322		10,537,345
Committed		-		-		-		-
Assigned		1,254,016		776,851		431,981		618,166
Unassigned		31,006,575		26,569,684		25,798,733		26,269,576
Reserved		-		-		-		-
Unreserved		-		-		-		-
Total General Fund	\$	44,872,396	\$	39,221,864	\$	37,373,775	\$	37,510,792
All other governmental funds:								
Nonspendable	¢	419	\$	18,218	\$	48,403	\$	94,762
Restricted	\$		φ		φ	,	φ	
Committed		29,063,102		12,433,334		12,640,300		16,039,122
		-		- 1,690,046		- 425,510		- 20,133
Assigned		9,633,117		1,090,040		425,510		20,133
Unassigned		-		-		-		-
Reserved		-		-		-		-
Unreserved, reported in:								
Capital projects funds		-		-		-		-
Working cash		-		-		-		-
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		-
Total all other								
governmental funds	\$	38,696,638	\$	14,141,598	\$	13,114,213	\$	16,154,017

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type* Definitions, in fiscal year 2011.

		Fisca	al Yea	ar		
 2014	2013	2012		2011	2010	2009
\$ 65,106 9,689,226	\$ 70,940 16,558,098	\$ 59,984 15,848,803	\$	107,336 15,029,066	\$ -	\$ -
- 560,734 25,424,172 -	- 637,978 23,766,662 -	- 802,442 21,950,634 -		- 1,060,582 19,070,893 -	- - 2,915,096	- - 2,433,061
\$ - 35,739,238	\$ - 41,033,678	\$ - 38,661,863	\$	- 35,267,877	\$ 14,887,675 17,802,771	\$ 21,119,968 23,553,029
\$ - 32,068,960	\$ - 18,427,142	\$ - 19,037,746	\$	- 21,136,373	\$ -	\$ -
- 17,730 - -	- 17,730 - -	- 15,340 - -		- 10,036 - -	- - - 27,365,301	- - - 16,730,803
 - -	- -	- -		- -	4,596,760 4,024,810 6,225,139	2,028,567 4,026,342 5,870,821
\$ 32,086,690	\$ 18,444,872	\$ 19,053,086	\$	21,146,409	\$ 42,212,010	\$ 28,656,533

Governmental Funds Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year										
		2018		2017		2016		2015			
Federal sources:											
Federal grants	\$	4,473,713	\$	4,873,614	\$	4,919,827	\$	4,734,746			
General state aid (ARRA)		-		-		-		-			
Food services		2,250,142		2,149,240		2,011,553		1,742,155			
Total federal sources		6,723,855		7,022,854		6,931,380		6,476,901			
State sources:											
General state aid		19,146,998		15,937,442		15,280,537		14,853,278			
State grants and other		3,528,268		3,882,338		3,414,186		4,132,165			
Total state sources		22,675,266		19,819,780		18,694,723		18,985,443			
Local sources:											
Property taxes		43,730,177		42,480,125		41,118,207		41,291,754			
Corporate replacement taxes		4,865,949		5,185,632		4,097,882		5,128,468			
Sales tax		3,513,031		-		-		-			
Interest and other income		728,944		247,805		76,291		16,054			
Other local sources		8,450,146		4,384,127		4,058,694		3,323,756			
Total local sources		61,288,247		52,297,689		49,351,074		49,760,032			
Total revenues	\$	90,687,368	\$	79,140,323	\$	74,977,177	\$	75,222,376			

Chart does not include on-behalf payments from the State of Illinois for Illinois Teachers' Retirement System.

		Fisca	al Yea	ar		
 2014	2013	2012		2011	2010	2009
\$ 3,831,655	\$ 4,077,163	\$ 4,869,056	\$	5,439,712	\$ 6,097,273	\$ 4,180,033
- 1,680,893	- 1,633,935	- 1,524,275		- 1,453,690	1,887,636 1,451,437	3,349,913 1,261,306
 5,512,548	5,711,098	6,393,331		6,893,402	9,436,346	8,791,252
14,806,928	14,588,017	14,034,460		14,804,504	11,293,919	11,359,130
3,784,543	4,458,969	4,663,165		4,889,174	3,126,471	4,834,169
 18,591,471	19,046,986	18,697,625		19,693,678	14,420,390	16,193,299
41,755,480	41,775,424	43,107,069		41,930,214	41,257,178	40,973,636
4,768,648	4,713,871	4,613,555		5,015,123	3,867,251	4,780,333
- 17,147	- 46,825	- 43,559		- 89,760	- 126,867	- 749,094
3,386,059	3,724,031	3,856,108		3,023,815	3,684,445	4,050,503
49,927,334	50,260,151	51,620,291		50,058,912	48,935,741	50,553,566
\$ 74,031,353	\$ 75,018,235	\$ 76,711,247	\$	76,645,992	\$ 72,792,477	\$ 75,538,117

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 Property Tax Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)







Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

			Fisca	al Year			
	 2018		2017		2016		2015
Instructional:							
Regular programs	\$ 30,452,858	\$	30,546,868	\$	29,691,507	\$	29,684,752
Special education programs	7,552,570		7,871,742		7,762,227		8,070,176
Educationally deprived/remedial programs	1,768,613		1,986,120		2,060,820		1,161,122
Vocational programs	59,200		70,300		68,450		63,825
Interscholastic programs	876,340		906,596		871,475		837,981
Summer school	92,213		79,686		119,746		70,397
Gifted programs	617,993		645,655		639,382		642,738
Bilingual programs	1,197,586		1,168,000		1,018,042		1,082,158
Alternative and optional programs	775,313		879,775		857,782		791,529
School activity accounts *	499,981		459,295		494,097		427,916
On-behalf payments	4,409,293		15,158,233		13,890,945		13,020,760
Total instructional	48,301,960		59,772,270		57,474,473		55,853,354
Support services:							
Pupil services	2,824,797		2,803,621		2,711,549		2,620,283
Instructional staff	1,651,539		1,652,871		1,928,785		1,937,212
School activity accounts *	334,588		302,699		298,534		326,361
General administration	1,102,477		1,152,779		1,258,622		1,258,917
School administration	4,567,258		4,203,172		4,055,802		4,049,930
Business	3,027,000		3,143,338		3,812,455		2,777,151
Central	1,882,056		2,094,047		1,899,564		1,764,140
Other	1,241,957		1,014,617		964,466		981,199
Operations and maintenance	7,189,439		7,302,510		6,133,840		7,027,422
Pupil transportation	1,418,740		1,344,168		1,284,138		1,127,231
Tort immunity and judgement	966,350		940,287		1,319,115		1,086,518
Total support services	 26,206,201		25,954,109		25,666,870		24,956,364
Total current operating	74,508,161		85,726,379		83,141,343		80,809,718
Other:							
Community services	351,752		175,304		172,544		167,372
Capital outlay	12,314,184		1,637,670		4,858,712		17,584,358
Payments to other governmental units	277,300		102,280		59,268		53,812
Debt service:					·		
Principal	6,064,100		2,982,002		2,950,002		2,843,098
Interest	935,651		799,447		863,074		945,897
Bond issuance costs	220,130		-		-		· -
Total expenditures	\$ 94,671,278	\$	91,423,082	\$	92,044,943	\$	102,404,255
Debt convice as a percentage of percential						_	
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	8.42%	, D	4.21%)	4.37%		4.39%
•							

Source of Information: 2009-2018 Annual Financial Reports.

				Fisca	al Year				
2014		2013		2012		2011	2010		2009
\$ 28,825,742	\$	28,685,257	\$	29,625,150	\$	30,849,695	\$ 31,980,485	\$	30,932,840
6,843,451	•	6,520,023	•	6,508,230	·	6,748,953	6,893,989	•	6,668,451
1,959,047		1,831,535		1,999,954		2,154,991	2,295,936		2,074,925
78,000		71,997		69,012		73,494	129,379		74,139
808,595		803,882		843,863		840,090	878,858		896,492
62,133		2,912		17,937		11,679	62,485		86,468
689,416		702,837		596,340		633,553	601,906		581,847
950,393		934,769		950,205		971,480	957,561		941,179
611,576		641,212		747,384		778,358	1,132,793		1,196,732
518,768		-		-		-	-		-
13,644,693		10,888,676		9,923,271		9,236,968	9,301,243		6,617,407
 54,991,814		51,083,100		51,281,346		52,299,261	54,234,635		50,070,480
2,610,047		2,369,319		2,284,724		2,203,594	2,287,400		2,188,345
1,905,560		2,053,094		1,851,661		2,339,622	2,870,873		2,907,387
300,087		763,596		785,778		819,364	820,906		758,652
1,301,214		1,190,597		1,217,103		1,088,577	1,198,241		1,054,683
4,208,425		4,192,848		4,217,880		4,425,544	4,594,683		4,372,229
3,770,644		3,942,923		3,994,019		3,884,682	3,898,087		3,756,691
1,803,864		2,439,119		2,195,312		2,909,476	2,475,090		2,056,509
151,659		157,670		59,811		-	-		-
6,265,663		5,944,533		5,981,393		6,182,789	6,193,142		6,360,589
1,077,775		944,913		658,291		951,048	966,202		858,093
1,329,398		1,242,649		1,005,252		876,351	835,118		775,270
24,724,336		25,241,261		24,251,224		25,681,047	26,139,742		25,088,448
79,716,150		76,324,361		75,532,570		77,980,308	80,374,377		75,158,928
166,460		165,674		168,607		207,642	142,990		168,161
4,979,647		2,476,438		4,228,897		16,639,781	6,955,513		7,964,552
4,979,047 806,963		1,352,253		4,220,097		1,503,723	1,362,781		1,223,554
000,903		1,002,200		1,000,001		1,303,723	1,302,701		1,220,004
12,536,290		2,964,576		2,797,955		3,966,425	3,350,000		3,421,824
913,237		860,008		1,025,295		629,589	249,338		510,128
 -				-		101,820	 321,420		
\$ 99,118,747	\$	84,143,310	\$	85,333,855	\$	101,029,288	\$ 92,756,419	\$	88,447,147
14.21%		4.68%		4.71%		5.57%	4.57%		4.89

Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

				Fisca	al Yea	ar	
	2017			2017		2016	2015
Excess of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	\$	425,383	\$	2,875,474	\$	(3,176,821)	\$ (14,161,119)
Other financing sources (uses):							
General long-term debt issued		25,001,000		-		-	-
Insurance proceeds		4,280,632		-		-	-
Capital lease obligations issued		-		-		-	-
Bond premium (discount)		498,557		-		-	-
Transfers in		-		-		-	-
Transfers out		-		-		-	-
Total other financing							
sources		29,780,189		-		-	-
Net change in fund							
balances	\$	30,205,572	\$	(12,282,759)	\$	(17,067,766)	\$ (14,161,119)

Fiscal Year													
2014		2013		2012		2011	2011 2010			2009			
\$ (11,442,701)	\$	1,763,601	\$	1,300,663	\$	(15,146,328)	\$	(10,662,699)	\$	(6,291,623)			
19,410,000		-		-		11,495,000		18,500,000		-			
-		-		-		-		-		-			
-		-		-		-		-		-			
380,079		-		-		50,833		(32,082)					
7,500,000		-		-		-		-		6,693,411			
 (7,500,000)		-		-		-		-		(6,693,411)			
 19,790,079		-		_		11,545,833		18,467,918		-			
\$ 8,347,378	\$	1,763,601	\$	1,300,663	\$	(3,600,495)	\$	7,805,219	\$	(6,291,623)			

Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years *(in thousands of dollars)* (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Equalized Assessed Value	Less Exemptions & TIF	Total Taxable Value	Total Direct Rate
2018	\$ 1,019,624,686	\$ 165,944,152	\$ 853,680,534	5.1094
2017	998,946,705	165,193,541	833,753,164	5.1498
2016	972,777,970	165,209,082	807,568,888	5.1594
2015	965,273,421	157,845,337	807,428,084	5.1120
2014	974,598,538	159,441,451	815,157,087	5.1090
2013	983,234,085	161,393,607	821,840,478	5.0590
2012	998,407,630	157,724,084	840,683,546	5.0600
2011	998,070,490	161,353,117	836,717,373	5.0584
2010	999,820,402	171,362,930	828,457,472	5.0266
2009	974,140,572	153,255,120	820,885,452	5.0188

Source of Information: County Property Appraiser.

Property Tax Rates - Levies and Collections (1) Last Ten Levy Years (Unaudited)

		Levy	Year			
	 2017	2016		2015		2014
Rates Extended:						
Educational	3.2700	3.2700		3.2700		3.2700
Tort immunity	0.1336	0.1338		0.1380		0.1738
Operations and maintenance	0.7500	0.7500		0.7500		0.7500
Special education	0.0400	0.0400		0.0400		0.0400
Fire prevention and safety	0.0500	0.0500		0.0500		0.0500
Bond and interest	0.4478	0.4548		0.4674		0.4714
Transportation	0.0880	0.1302		0.1070		0.0368
Facility leasing	0.0500	0.0500		0.0500		0.0500
Illinois Municipal Retirement	0.1164	0.1092		0.1154		0.1052
Social Security	0.1136	0.1118		0.1216		0.1148
Working Cash	0.0500	0.0500		0.0500		0.0500
Total rates extended	5.1094	5.1498		5.1594		5.1120
Levies Extended: Educational	\$ 27,952,099	\$ 27,296,482	\$	26,436,408	\$	26,430,885
Tort immunity Operations and maintenance	1,142,018	1,116,902		1,115,665 6,063,396		1,404,797 6,062,130
Special education	6,411,032 341,922	6,260,661 333,902		323,381		323,314
Fire prevention and safety	427,402	417,377		404,226		404,142
Bond and interest	3,827,813	3,796,465		3,778,709		3,810,251
Transportation	752,228	1,086,851		865,045		297,448
Facility leasing	427,402	417,377		404,226		404,142
Illinois Municipal Retirement	994,992	911,552		932,955		850,315
Social Security	971,058	933,256		983,079		927,910
Working Cash	427,402	417,377		404,226		404,142
Total rates extended	\$ 43,675,368	\$ 42,988,202	\$	41,711,316	\$	41,319,476
Total collections (2)	\$ 24,057,728	\$ 43,236,032	\$	41,585,096	\$	41,148,600
Percentage of extensions collected	55.08%	100.58%		99.70%		99.59%

(1) Tax rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of equalized assessed valuation

(2) Modified accrual basis of accounting includes receipts for June, July and August

Source of Information: Rock Island County Levy, Rate and Extension Reports for 2006 to 2016

Levy Year													
 2013		2012		2011		2010		2009		2008			
3.2700		3.2700		3.2700		3.2700		3.2700		3.2700			
0.1702		0.1548		0.1308		0.1136		0.0998		0.0950			
0.7500		0.7500		0.7500		0.7500		0.7500		0.7500			
0.0400		0.0400		0.0400		0.0400		0.0400		0.0400			
0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500			
0.4642		0.4272		0.4546		0.4566		0.4842		0.4344			
0.0374		0.0372		0.0510		0.0662		0.0822		0.0870			
0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500			
0.1178		0.1196		0.1046		0.1042		0.0932		0.0816			
0.1094		0.1102		0.1090		0.1078		0.1072		0.1108			
 0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		0.0500		-		0.0500			
 5.1090		5.0590		5.0600		5.0584		5.0266		5.0188			
\$ 26,680,910 1,388,713 6,119,475	\$	26,877,454 1,272,364 6,164,554	\$	27,490,352 1,099,614 6,305,127	\$	27,360,658 950,511 6,275,380	\$	27,090,559 826,801 6,213,431	\$	26,842,954 779,841 6,156,641			
326,372		328,776		336,273		334,687		331,383		328,354			
407,965		410,970		420,342		418,359		414,229		410,443			
3,787,547		3,511,330		3,821,747		3,820,452		4,011,391		3,565,926			
305,158		305,762		428,749		553,907		680,992		714,170			
407,965		410,970		420,342		418,359		414,229		410,443			
961,166		983,041		879,355		871,860		772,122		669,843			
892,627		905,778		916,345		901,981		888,106		909,541			
 407,965		410,970		420,342		418,359		-		410,443			
\$ 41,685,862	\$	41,581,969	\$	42,538,587	\$	42,324,512	\$	41,643,243	\$	41,198,599			
\$ 41,554,677	\$	42,443,590	\$	42,220,737	\$	41,498,431	\$	41,079,743	\$	40,645,928			
 99.93%		99.78%		99.25%		98.05%		98.65%		98.66%			

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 Property Tax Levy Rates Last Ten Tax Levy Years (Unaudited)



Tax Levy Year

Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Levy Years (Unaudited)

	Levy Year								
Taxing District	2017	2016	2015	2014					
Overlapping Government Rates:									
Common Rates									
Moline School District No. 40	5.1094	5.1498	5.1594	5.1120					
County of Rock Island (2)	1.2436	1.2466	1.2480	1.0596					
Metropolitan Airport Authority	0.0756	0.0750	0.0750	0.0750					
Black Hawk College District No. 503	0.5676	0.5718	0.5598	0.5485					
Metropolitan Transit Authority (3)	0.2120	0.2056	0.2086	0.2082					
Cities and Villages:									
City of Moline	2.0742	2.0854	2.0782	2.0638					
Village of Coal Valley (4)	1.2138	1.1834	1.3144	1.2183					
Townships:									
Township of Moline	0.2536	0.2498	0.2498						
Township of South Moline (5)	0.1248	0.1278	0.1284	0.1292					
Township of Coal Valley (6)	0.2222	0.2200	0.2304	0.2220					
Township of Blackhawk (7)	0.1812	0.2082	0.2006	0.2014					
Representative total tax rates by									
township/municipality location:									
Township #8 - Moline/									
City of Moline - Code 1	9.5360	9.5840	9.5788	9.3085					
Township #7 - South Moline									
City of Moline - Code 5	9.4188	9.4738	9.4730	9.2115					
Township #12 - Coal Valley/									
Village of Coal Valley - Code 3	8.4684	8.4858	8.5440	8.2619					

(1) Tax Rates are expressed in dollars per \$100 of assessed (one third of market) valuation.

(2) Includes Forest Preserve

(3) Common to all township locations except Coal Valley

(4) Includes Coal Valley Municipality Roads & Bridges; Coal Valley FPD; and Coal Valley Library

(5) Includes roads & bridges for Municipal Moline and Township of South Moline

(6) Includes Coal Valley Township Roads & Bridges

(7) Includes .1% of total District assessed valuations.

Source of Information: Rock Island County Clerk's Office, Department of Tax Extension.

 Levy Year												
2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008							
5.1090	5.0590	5.0600	5.0584	5.0266	5.0188							
1.0184	0.8872	0.8684	0.8574	0.8542	0.8480							
0.0750	0.0750	0.0750	0.0734	0.0742	0.0734							
0.5427	0.5403	0.5369	0.5324	0.5337	0.5356							
0.2054	0.1948	0.1872	0.1822	0.1812	0.1768							
2.0500	2.0268	1.9744	1.9324	1.9288	1.9966							
1.2113	1.2760	1.2719	1.2732	1.2324	1.2045							
1.2110	1.2100	1.2110	1.2102	1.2021	1.2010							
0.2326	0.2254	0.2146	0.2096	0.2048	0.1490							
0.1786	0.1536	0.1484	0.1578	0.1574	0.1540							
0.2232	0.1806	0.1817	0.1844	0.2022	0.2043							
0.1924	0.1840	0.1710	0.1648	0.1604	0.1570							
9.2331	9.0085	8.9165	8.8458	8.8035	8.7982							
9.2331	9.0005	0.9105	0.0450	0.0000	0.7902							
9.1501	8.9367	8.8503	8.7940	8.7561	8.8032							
8.2087	8.0181	7.9939	7.9792	7.9233	7.8846							

Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

			2018				2008	
				Percentage				Percentage
				of Total				of Total
		2017		2017		2007		2007
		Equalized		Equalized		Equalized		Equalized
		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer		Valuation	Rank	Valuation		Valuation	Rank	Valuation
SDG Macerich-Southpark Mall	\$	10,766,480	1	1.29%	\$	20,898,790	1	2.60%
Kone	•	4,550,384	2	0.55%	•			0.00%
Mills at Riverbend Commons		4,406,559	3	0.53%				0.00%
United Health Care Service		4,097,256	4	0.49%		3,916,237	2	0.49%
Deere & Company		4,027,662	5	0.48%		3,849,718	3	0.48%
Wal-Mart Stores		3,748,583	6	0.45%		3,617,608	4	0.45%
Heritage Place		3,091,799	7	0.37%		3,383,333	5	0.42%
Carr Limited Partnership-Highland Toyota		3,069,827	8	0.37%				0.00%
Pedcor (Valley View Apts.)		2,956,639	9	0.35%				0.00%
Moline Hotel LLC-Pine Ridge Apartments		2,847,376	10	0.34%				0.00%
Ryan Moline LLC (Ryan Property)				0.00%		2,721,576	6	0.34%
City Line Meyers LLC/Citi Line Plaza				0.00%		2,706,666	7	0.34%
Moline Properties LP				0.00%		2,615,805	8	0.33%
Lowes Co., Inc.				0.00%		2,579,351	9	0.32%
Trinity Medical Center				0.00%		2,516,968	10	0.31%
Homewood Manor				0.00%				0.00%
Other Properties in District		791,212,362		94.78%		755,152,599		93.93%
Total	\$	834,774,927		100.00%	\$	803,958,651		100.00%

Source of Information: Rock Island County Supervisor of Assessments.

Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

			Collected W	ithin the				
	-	Taxes Levied	 Fiscal Year of	the Levy *	Collections	Total Collections to Date		
Fiscal		for the		Percentage	In Subsequent		Percentage	
Year		Fiscal Year	Amount	of Levy	 Years	Amount	of Levy	
2018	\$	43,675,368	\$ 24,057,728	55.08%	\$ -	24,057,728	55.08%	
2017		42,988,203	23,563,585	54.81	19,672,447	43,236,032	100.58	
2016		41,711,316	22,668,557	54.35	18,916,539	41,585,096	99.70	
2015		41,319,476	22,698,948	54.94	18,449,652	41,148,600	99.59	
2014		41,685,862	22,949,784	55.05	18,592,811	41,542,595	99.66	
2013		41,581,969	22,748,980	54.71	18,805,696	41,554,677	99.93	
2012		42,538,587	23,417,150	55.05	19,026,440	42,443,590	99.78	
2011		42,324,512	22,530,821	53.23	19,689,916	42,220,737	99.75	
2010		41,643,243	22,205,649	53.32	19,292,782	41,498,431	99.65	
2009		41,198,599	22,028,214	53.47	19,051,529	41,079,743	99.71	

* Modified accrual basis of accounting includes receipts for June, July and August

Source of Information: Rock Island County Levy, Rate and Extension Reports

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Tax Levy Year	Ot	General Obligation Bonds		Equalized Assessed Valuation	Percent of Actual Taxable Value of Property	Estimated Population*		Per Capita
2018	2017	\$	39,801,552	\$	854,804,251	4.66%	46,006	\$	865.14
2017	2016		20,864,651		834,754,801	2.50	45,971		453.87
2016	2015		23,846,653		808,452,845	2.95	42,681		558.72
2015	2014		26,796,655		808,283,955	3.32	47,226		567.41
2014	2013		29,639,754		815,929,969	3.63	47,226		627.62
2013	2012		22,766,044		821,940,478	2.77	47,226		482.07
2012	2011		25,730,620		840,683,546	3.06	47,226		544.84
2011	2010		28,528,575		836,717,373	3.41	47,226		604.09
2010	2009		21,000,000		828,457,472	2.53	47,374		443.28
2009	2008		5,850,000		820,885,452	0.71	47,374		123.49

* Population estimates are based on census data

Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Gove	rnmental Activitie	es						
	General			Total	Personal	Percentage			
Fiscal	Obligation	Notes	Capital	Outstanding	Income (1)	of Personal	Estimated		
Year	Bonds	Payable	Leases	Debt	(000's)	Income	Population (2)	Pe	er Capita
2018	39,801,552	-	-	39,801,552	*	*	46,006	\$	865.14
2017	20,864,652	-	-	20,864,652	*	*	45,971		453.87
2016	23,846,653	-	-	23,846,653	*	*	42,681		558.72
2015	26,796,656	-	-	26,796,656	*	*	47,226		567.41
2014	29,639,754	-	-	29,639,754	*	*	47,226		627.62
2013	22,766,044	-	-	22,766,044	*	*	47,226		482.07
2012	25,730,620	-	-	25,730,620	*	*	47,226		544.84
2011	28,528,575	-	-	28,528,575	*	*	47,226		604.09
2010	21,000,000	-	-	21,000,000	*	*	47,374		443.28
2009	5,850,000	-	-	5,850,000	*	*	47,374		123.49

(1) Personal income data is unavailable at this time.

(2) Population estimates are based on census data

Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt As of June 30, 2018 (Unaudited)

Governmental Unit	0	Debt utstanding (1)	Estimated Percentage Applicable (2)	Estimated Share of Direct and Overlapping Debt	
County:					
Rock Island County	\$	44,615,000	32.550%	\$	14,522,183
Rock Island County Forest Preserve		4,140,000	32.550%		1,347,570
Municipality:					
City of Moline		46,845,000	98.090%		45,950,261
Village of Coal Valley		820,000	102.250%		838,450
City of Milan		8,350,000	1.750%		146,125
Other:					
Metropolitan Airport Authority (3)		19,660,000	43.750%		8,601,250
Blackhawk Community College District 503		50,170,000	32.530%		16,320,301
Metropolitan Mass Transit Authority		-	0.000%		-
Subtotal, overlapping debt					87,726,140
Direct bonded debt, Moline School District No. 40					20,876,551
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	108,602,691

(1) As of November 30, 2015

(2) Overlapping debt percentages are based on the 2015 equalized assessed valuation, the most current available.

(3) Represents the principal amounts due on a lease obligation issued through a Public Building Commission.

Source of Information: Rock Island County Clerk

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2018						
Assessed value	\$ 854,804,251	=				
Debt limit (13.8% of assessed valuation)	\$ 117,962,987					
Debt applicable to limit	39,801,552					
Legal debt margin	\$ 78,161,435	_				
	 2018		2017	2016		2015
Debt limit	\$ 117,962,987	\$	115,196,163	\$ 111,566,493	\$	111,543,186
Total net debt applicable to limit	 39,801,552		20,864,652	23,846,654		26,796,655
Legal debt margin	\$ 78,161,435	\$	94,331,511	\$ 87,719,839	\$	84,746,531
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	33.74%		18.11%	21.37%	,	24.02%

 2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
\$ 112,598,336	\$ 113,427,786	\$ 116,014,329	\$ 115,466,997	\$ 114,327,131	\$ 113,282,192
 29,639,754	22,766,044	25,730,620	28,528,575	21,000,000	5,850,000
\$ 82,958,582	\$ 90,661,742	\$ 90,283,709	\$ 86,938,422	\$ 93,327,131	\$ 107,432,192

26.32% 20.07% 22.18% 24.71% 18.37% 5	5.16%
--	-------

Demographic and Economic Statistics (1) Last Ten Calendar Years (Unaudited)

Calendar Year	Estimated Population (2)	Personal Income (3) (000's)	Per Capita Personal Income	Unemployment Rate
2017	46,006	*	*	4.60%
2016	45,971	*	*	6.10
2015	42,681	*	*	6.00
2014	43,483	*	*	6.00
2013	43,483	*	*	7.80
2012	43,483	*	*	8.80
2011	43,483	*	*	8.10
2010	43,483	*	*	9.10
2009	43,768	*	*	8.50
2008	43,768	*	*	5.50

(1) Information provided for the City of Moline only; Coal Valley information unavailable

(2) Population estimates are based on census data estimates

(3) Personal income data is unavailable at this time

Source of Information: City of Moline

Principal Employers in the Area (1) Current Year and Ten Years Ago (Unaudited)

		2018			2009	
			Percentage			Percentage
			of Total			of Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
Rock Island Arsenal (2)	6,163	1	15.09%	7,270	2	22.05%
	•				2	
Deere & Company (3)	6,000	2	14.70%	8,365	1	25.37%
Genesis Health System	5,173	3	12.67%	4,900	3	14.86%
Hy-Vee Stores	4,568	4	11.19%	2,192	8	6.65%
Unity Point - Trinity	3,954	5	9.68%	2,900	4	8.79%
HNI Corporation/The Hon Company	3,200	6	7.84%	-	-	0.00%
Wal-Mart Super Centers	2,821	7	6.91%	-	-	0.00%
Arconic (Alcoa)	2,500	8	6.12%	2,250	7	6.82%
Tyson Foods (IBP Inc.)	2,400	9	5.88%	2,400	6	7.28%
Kraft Foods (Oscar Mayer Foods)	1,600	10	3.92%	1,650	9	5.00%
Isle of Capri Casino & Hotel	1,250	11	3.06%	1,050	11	3.18%
Tri-City Electric Co.	1,200	12	2.94%	-	-	0.00%
Davenport Community Schools	-	-	0.00%	2,500	5	7.58%
Moline Schools	-	-	0.00%	1,401	10	4.25%
MidAmerican Energy		-	0.00%	1,025	12	3.11%
Total	40,829		100.00%	32,977		100.00%

(1) Quad City Metropolitan Statistical Area (includes Davenport and Bettendorf, Iowa, and Rock Island and Moline, Illinois, and other contiguous communities).

(2) Military and Civilian employees.

(3) Employment levels are for the entire Quad Cities area.

Sources of Information: Quad Cities First; Hoover's Inc. and Bi-State Regional Commission

Full-Time Equivalent District Employees By Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

_					
Administration.	2017 - 2018	2016 - 2017	2015 - 2016	2014 - 2015	2013 - 2014
Administration:	1	1	1	1	1
Superintendent Assistant superintendents and directors	6	6	6	1 6	6
	0	0	0	0	0
Principals, assistants, deans and athletic director	25	24	23	23	25
Total administration	32	31	30	30	32
	52	51	50	50	52
Teachers:					
Regular grades K-12	290	294	286	286	292
Special education	74	74	72	72	94
Elementary music, art, physical					
education specialists	17	17	17	15	15
Social workers, counselors	16	17	17	17	14
Reading recovery			-	-	-
Librarians	6	6	6	6	6
Group orphanage programs - Arrowhead					
Ranch		-	-	-	-
Pre-school At-Risk programs	6	6	6	6	6
Gifted programs - PATS	6	7	7	5	7
Educationally deprived/remedial					
programs	10	9	8	9	8
Bilingual programs	15	15	14	12	10
Psychologists	3	4	4	4	4
Total teachers	443	449	437	432	456
Other supporting staff:					
Regular grade teachers' paraprofessionals	73	57	59	58	56
Special education teachers' paraprofessionals	102	116	115	110	105
Nurses, health professionals	16	16	17	21	16
Hall monitors	7	4	4	4	5
Lab managers	20	20	21	21	21
Library paraprofessionals	8	10	10	13	9
Lunchroom assistants	24	24	27	40	25
Administrative assistants	48	47	44	49	52
Custodial-maintenance and supervisors	66	65	67	63	68
Educational Technology	8	8	8	8	8
Other	8	8	8	5	7
Total support staff	378	375	380	392	372
Total staff	853	855	847	854	860
=					

Source of information: District Human Resources records

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					Percentage Change 2008-2009 to
2012 - 2013	2011 - 2012	2010 - 2011	2009 - 2010	2008 - 2009	2017-2018
1	1	1	1	1	-
6	6	6	7	7	(14.3)
25	25	26	27	28	(10.7)
32	32	33	35	36	(11.1)
302	306	315	319	320	(9.4)
100	98	105	112	112	(33.9)
100	30	105	112	112	(55.5)
16	16	20	18	19	(10.5)
14	14	14	15	14	14.3
-	5	4	7	7	(100.0)
8	8	9	10	11	(45.5)
-	-	-	4	6	(100.0)
5	6	6	6	6	-
8	6	7	7	7	(14.3)
	10	10	10	10	
11	10	13	12	12	(16.7)
10	11	9	8	8	87.5
4	4	3	3	3	-
478	484	505	521	525	(15.6)
48	55	33	35	27	170.4
100	110	108	111	108	(5.6)
15	14	14	14	14	10.7
3	3	3	4	3	133.3
20	20	21	23	23	(15.2)
10	9	8	8	8	-
20	21	20	21	23	4.3
57	57	57	61	61	(22.1)
66	66	66	70	70	(6.1)
8	8	7	7	6	33.3
3	3	4	4	4	100.0
350	366	341	358	347	9.0
860	882	879	914	908	(6.0)

Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year	Average Daily Attendance	Net Operating Expenditures	Net Operating Expenditures Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Enrollment (1)
2018	6,492.78	\$ 71,648,551	\$ 11,035.11	0.07%	7,267
2017	6,537.55	69,932,990	10,697.13	0.04	7,196
2016	6,541.00	69,367,857	10,605.08	0.03	7,305
2015	6,623.00	68,124,245	10,286.01	0.04	7,370
2014	6,746.99	66,484,613	9,853.97	(0.88)	7,493
2013	6,876.67	65,249,033	9,488.46	(4.55)	7,542
2012	6,964.76	66,394,142	9,532.87	(4.11)	7,438
2011	6,898.35	68,578,276	9,941.26	(0.46)	7,423
2010	6,957.32	69,483,077	9,987.05	2.70	7,537
2009	6,857.71	66,685,089	9,724.10	7.79	7,426

(1) Enrollment information as of April 30 of each year through 2013, Fall Housing Report thereafter.

(2) Total Teachers include all Illinois certificated positions including teachers, counselors, social workers, psychologists, librarians, speech and language and other specialists.

Employee Benefits Liability

 Total Expenses	Cost Per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teachers (2)	Pupil-Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Students Receiving Free or Reduced-Priced Meals
\$ 94,671,278	13,027.56	(6.24)%	443	16.40	56.37%
91,423,082	12,705	(8.56)	449	16.03	53.73
92,044,943	12,600	(0.09)	437	16.71	49.69
102,404,255	13,895	0.05	432	17.06	49.19
99,118,747	13,228	(2.81)	456	16.43	48.39
84,143,310	11,157	(18.03)	478	15.78	47.53
85,333,855	11,473	(15.71)	484	15.37	48.26
101,029,288	13,610	10.59	505	14.70	47.93
92,756,419	12,307	3.33	521	14.47	46.39
88,447,147	11,910	11.65	525	14.14	43.36




(L) siedose (1)

Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 Enrollment Statistics as of April 30 Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)



Operating Expenditures Per Student Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year							
		2018		2017		2016		2015
Eveneditures								
Expenditures Educational fund *	\$	62,798,707	\$	60,955,774	\$	60,391,247	\$	58,667,408
Operations and maintenance fund	Ψ	10,435,023	Ψ	6,380,692	Ψ	6,238,297	Ψ	6,276,269
Debt service fund		6,999,751		3,781,449		3,813,076		3,788,995
Transportation fund		999,577		921,874		1,325,752		1,114,846
Municipal retirement fund		2,383,461		2,066,483		2,062,835		2,374,105
Tort fund		966,350		940,287		1,319,115		1,086,518
Total		84,582,869		75,046,559		75,150,322		73,308,141
Less expenditures not applicable to								
operation of regular programs:								
Early childhood		718,892		710,755		691,165		667,375
Summer school		94,520		81,179		124,461		74,899
Capital outlay		5,271,438		909,123		1,507,989		14,000
Bond principal retired		6,064,100		2,982,002		2,950,002		2,843,098
Lease/purchases principal retired		-		_,00_,00_		_,000,002		_,0 .0,000
Tuition		252,460		102,280		59,268		53,812
Federal special education				-		-		-
Community services		349,065		185,758		179,376		172,640
Nonprogrammed charges		183,843		142,472		270,204		258,812
Total		12,934,318		5,113,569		5,782,465		5,183,896
Net operating expenditures	\$	71,648,551	\$	69,932,990	\$	69,367,857	\$	68,124,245
Average daily attendance		6,492.78		6,537.55		6,541.00		6,623.00
Net operating expenditure per student	\$	11,035.11	\$	10,697.13	\$	10,605.08	\$	10,286.01
State average operating expense per student - all districts (2)		N/A		N/A	\$	12,973.10	\$	12,824.06
								,
State average operating expense per								
student - unit districts (2)		N/A		N/A	\$	12,374.36	\$	12,375.38
*Educational fund expenditures								
from annual financial report	\$	62,141,686	\$	75,544,231	\$	72,930,800	\$	70,538,147
Less "on-behalf of" payments		(4,409,293)		(15,158,233)		(13,890,945)		(13,020,750)
Less Internal Service Fund				- ,		. ,		- •
contributions (in excess) under of claims		2,013,739		569,776		1,351,392		1,150,011
	\$	59,746,132	\$	60,955,774	\$	60,391,247	\$	58,667,408

(2) Illinois State Board of Education, 2016 data not available until Spring 2017

Source of Information: 2009-2018 Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year										
 2014		2013		2012		2011		2010		2009
\$ 57,467,025	\$	57,485,896	\$	59,181,169	\$	61,304,623	\$	62,904,503	\$	59,612,809
6,219,147		6,118,966		5,842,486		5,928,597		6,174,043		6,721,786
3,541,514		3,824,584		3,823,250		4,596,014		3,566,014		3,606,175
1,077,775		944,913		658,291		951,048		966,202		901,621
2,252,550		2,130,079		2,076,614		2,091,865		1,980,496		1,765,261
 1,329,398		1,242,649		1,005,252		876,351		835,118		775,270
 71,887,409		71,747,087		72,587,062		75,748,498		76,426,376		73,382,922
642,280		658,756		728,436		644,262		725,412		666,401
62,552		2,912		17,937		11,679		62,485		86,466
762,537		1,348,440		894,574		832,226		1,298,486		1,131,475
2,736,290		2,964,576		2,797,955		3,966,425		3,350,000		3,125,000
-		-		-		-		-		41,779
694,508		1,244,267		1,467,648		1,397,765		1,232,757		1,361,342
-		-		-		-		-		-
173,789		171,117		173,487		211,907		144,131		168,113
 330,840		107,986		112,883		105,958		130,025		117,257
 5,402,796		6,498,054		6,192,920		7,170,222		6,943,296		6,697,833
\$ 66,484,613	\$	65,249,033	\$	66,394,142	\$	68,578,276	\$	69,483,080	\$	66,685,089
					•	<i>i i</i>				· · ·
 6,746.99		6,876.67		6,964.76		6,898.35		6,957.32		6,857.71
\$ 9,853.97	\$	9,488.46	\$	9,532.87	\$	9,941.26	\$	9,987.05	\$	9,724.10
\$ 11,296.83	\$	12,040.08	\$	11,841.53	\$	11,663.55	\$	11,537.06	\$	11,196.59
\$ 10,177.41	\$	11,532.48	\$	11,338.19	\$	11,261.70	\$	11,370.09	\$	10,821.03
\$ 69,754,386	\$	67,990,525	\$	67,807,861	\$	69,856,674	\$	72,408,633	\$	67,085,306
(13,644,693)		(10,888,676)		(9,923,271)		(9,236,968)		(9,301,243)		(6,617,407)
1,357,332		384,047		1,296,579		684,917		(202,887)		(855,090)
\$ 57,467,025	\$	57,485,896	\$	59,181,169	\$	61,304,623	\$	62,904,503	\$	59,612,809



Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 Operating Expenditures Per Student State Average Comparison - Unit Districts (Unaudited)



Moline-Coal Valley School District No. 40 Operating Expenditures Per Student State Average Comparison - All Districts (Unaudited)

Schedule of Insurance in Force Fiscal Year 2017 - 2018 (Unaudited)

Ι.

Property (includes Boiler & Machinery and Inland Marine)

- A. Policy #:
- B. Carrier:
- C. Policy Period:
- D. Premium:
- E. Limit:

ZCC014523810 Citizens Insurance Co. of Illinois July 1, 2017 to July 1, 2018 \$182,326 Blanket per Statement of Values on file \$25,000 Deductible (except earthquake \$100,000 deductible)

II. General Liability & Employee Benefits Liability

- A. Policy #:
- B. Carrier:
- C. Policy Period:
- D. Premium:
- E. Limit:

III. Automobile/Garagekeepers

- A. Policy #:
- B. Carrier:
- C. Policy Period:
- D. Premium:
- E. Limit:

IV. Fidelity/Crime Bond

- A. Policy #:
- B. Carrier:
- C. Policy Period:
- D. Premium:
- E. Limit:
- V. Workers' Compensation and Employers' Liability
 - A. Policy #:
 - B. Carrier:
 - C. Policy Period:
 - D. Premium:
 - E. Limit:

(Continued)

ZCC014523810

Citizens Insurance Co. of Illinois July 1, 2017 to July 1, 2018 \$60,571 \$2,000,000 Aggregate Limit with No Deductible - General Liability \$3,000,000 Aggregate Limit with \$1,000 Deductible -Employee Benefits Liability

ABC016334211

Citizens Insurance Co. of Illinois July 1, 2017 to July 1, 2018 \$25,557 \$1,000,000 Liability Limit with No Deductible \$1,000 Deductible on Comprehensive/Collision \$30,000 Garagekeepers Legal Liability \$500/\$2,500 Comprehensive Deductible; \$500 Collision Deductible

83FA0233390-17 The Hartford July 1, 2017 to July 1, 2018 \$6,415 \$1,000,000/\$5,000 Deductible

A28700700 Argent/West Bend July 1, 2017 to July 1, 2018 \$274,244 \$500,000 each Accident

Schedule of Insurance in Force (Continued) Fiscal Year 2017 - 2018 (Unaudited)

VI. School Leaders Errors and Omissions

- A. Policy #:
- B. Carrier:
- C. Policy Period:
- D. Premium:
- E. Limit:

VII. Excess Liability Insurance (Umbrella)

- A. Policy #:
- B. Carrier:
- C. Policy Period:
- D. Premium:
- E. Limit:

VIII. Cyber Liability

- A. Policy #:
- B. Carrier:
- C. Policy Period:
- D. Premium:
- E. Limit:

VIIII. Treasurer's Bond

- A. Policy #:
- B. Carrier:
- C. Policy Period:
- D. Premium:
- E. Limit:

ZCC014523810

Citizens Insurance Co. of Illinois July 1, 2017 to July 1, 2018 \$17,003 \$1,000,000/\$25,000 Deductible

UHC038317910

Hanover Insurance Group July 1, 2017 to July 1, 2018 \$22,346 \$10,000,000 Limit with \$10,000 Retention

ZCC014523810

Citizens Insurance Co. of Illinois July 1, 2017 to July 1, 2018 \$100 \$50,000 Aggregate Limit/\$5,000 Deductible

Employee Benefits Liability

0021172 Underwriters at Lloyd's, Londoi July 1, 2017 to July 1, 2018 \$19,419 \$32,638,639

Source of Information: District insurance records

School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	Fiscal Year				
School	2018	2017	2016	2015	
lementary:					
Addams Elementary School					
Square feet	25,138	25,138	25,138	25,138	
Capacity	284	284	284	284	
Enrollment	283	267	260	267	
Bicentennial Elementary School					
Square feet	47,600	47,600	47,600	47,600	
Capacity	370	370	370	370	
Enrollment	299	304	307	315	
Butterworth Elementary School					
Square feet	29,942	29,942	29,942	29,942	
Capacity	411	411	411	411	
Enrollment	268	305	251	259	
Ericsson Elementary School****					
Square feet	-	-	-	22,912	
Capacity	-	-	-	233	
Enrollment	-	-	-	Employee Benefits Liabil	
Franklin Elementary School					
Square feet	28,646	28,646	28,646	28,646	
Capacity	370	370	370	370	
Enrollment	267	280	274	258	
Garfield Elementary School****					
Square feet	-	-	-	37,62 ²	
Capacity	-	-	-	357	
Enrollment	-	-	-	379	
Hamilton Elementary School*					
Square feet	85,619	85,619	85,619	17,075	
Capacity	600	600	600	192	
Enrollment	572	579	541	-	
Lincoln-Irving Elementary School					
Square feet	41,960	41,960	41,960	41,960	
Capacity	492	492	492	492	
Enrollment	388	424	443	443	
Logan Elementary School					
Square feet	41,472	41,472	41,472	41,472	
Capacity	413	413	413	413	
Enrollment	323	319	352	383	
Mann Elementary School					
Square feet	36,555	36,555	36,555	36,555	
Capacity	372	372	372	372	
Enrollment	-	-	-	-	
Roosevelt Elementary School					
Square feet	56,774	56,774	56,774	56,774	
Capacity	484	484	484	484	
Enrollment	328	321	346	301	

(Continued)

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
25,138	25,138	25,138	25,138	25,138	25,13
284	284	284	284	284	28
316	309	294	335	327	31
47,600	47,600	47,600	47,600	47,600	47,60
370	370	370	370	370	37
299	293	304	364	343	35
29,942	29,942	29,942	29,942	29,942	29,94
411	411	411	411	411	41
290	308	279	382	362	34
22,912	22,912	22,912	22,912	22,912	22,91
233	233	233	233	233	23
172	178	170	180	226	21
28,646	28,646	28,646	28,646	28,646	28,64
370	370	370	370	370	37
268	248	262	296	315	32
37,621	37,621	37,621	37,621	37,621	37,62
357	357	357	357	357	35
291	279	288	334	337	33
17,075	17,075	17,075	17,075	17,075	17,07
192	192	192	192	192	19
106	138	149	172	159	17
41,960	41,960	41,960	41,960	41,960	41,96
492	492	492	492	492	49
390	384	386	448	484	43
41,472	41,472	41,472	41,472	41,472	41,47
413	413	413	413	413	41
385	403	398	482	493	47
36,555	36,555	36,555	36,555	36,555	36,55
372	372	372	372	372	37
-	-	-	-	-	-
56,774	56,774	56,774	56,774	56,774	56,77
484	484	484	484	484	48
274	266	256	314	332	34

School Building Information (Continued) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		ear		
School	2018	2017	2016	2015
Washington Elementary School				
Square feet	44,223	44,223	44,223	44,223
Capacity	366	366	366	366
Enrollment	271	253	291	295
Willard Elementary School				
Square feet	30,108	30,108	30,108	30,108
Capacity	267	267	267	267
Enrollment	221	197	196	269
Middle:				
Deere Middle School				
Square feet	108,520	108,520	108,520	108,520
Capacity	854	854	854	854
Enrollment	764	749	756	755
Wilson Middle School				
Square feet	113,010	113,010	113,010	113,010
Capacity	963	963	963	963
Enrollment	860	853	842	loyee Benefits Liabilit
High:	000	000	012	logoo Bononto Elabint
Moline High School				
Square feet	352,958	352,958	352,958	352,958
Capacity	2,333	2,333	2,333	2,333
Enrollment	2,082	2,040	2,000	2,122
Wharton Field House	2,002	2,040	2,117	2,122
Square feet	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000
Capacity	55,000	33,000	33,000	55,000
Enrollment		-	_	-
Other:	-	_		
Coolidge/Alternative High School				
Square feet	98,232	98,232	98,232	98,232
•	90,232 623	623	623	623
Capacity Enrollment	94	78	72	65
	94	10	12	00
Jefferson Early Childhood Center**	17.000	17.000	17.000	17.000
Square feet	17,998	17,998	17,998	17,998
Capacity	171	171	171	171
Enrollment	247	227	257	260
Allendale/Administrative Services	17 100	47.400	17 100	17 100
Square feet	17,400	17,400	17,400	17,400
Capacity	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Blackhawk School/Leased Facility***				
Square feet	-	-	-	-
Capacity	-	-	-	-
Enrollment	-	-	-	-
Students in Non-District Buildings	-	-	-	1
Total enrollment	7,267	7,196	7,305	7,370

* Hamilton was not in session during the 2014-2015 school year due to construction.

** Students attend half days.

*** The District separated from Blackhawk School as of 6/30/14.

****Garfield and Ericsson closed 6/30/15.

Source of Information: Enrollment information from District enrollment records. Occupancy/capacity and square feet from District facilities records.

2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
44,223	44,223	44,223	44,223	44,223	44,223
366	366	366	366	366	360
280	272	263	285	287	33
200	212	200	200	201	
30,108	30,108	30,108	30,108	30,108	30,108
267	267	267	267	267	26
265	251	243	254	247	25
108,520	108,520	108,520	96,557	96,557	96,55
854	854	854	623	623	62
761	812	828	515	478	44
113,010	113,010	113,010	105,220	105,220	105,22
963	963	963	731	731	73
853	857	840	565	572	59
352,958	352,958	352,958	352,958	352,958	352,95
2,333	2,333	2,333	2,333	2,333	2,33
2,089	1,948	1,939	1,954	2,023	1,94
33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,000	33,00
-	-	-	-	-	-
08 333	08 222	08 222	08 222	08 222	98,23
98,232 623	98,232 623	98,232 623	98,232 623	98,232 623	90,23
66	106	66	85	87	9
17,998	17,998	17,998	17,998	17,998	17,99
171	171	171	171	171	17
248	284	262	256	290	25
17,400	17,400	17,400	17,400	17,400	17,40
-	-	-	-	-	-
17 570	17 570	17 570	17 570	17 570	17 57
17,579 229	17,579 229	17,579 229	17,579 229	17,579 229	17,57 22
-	-	-	-	-	-
140	206	211	202	175	19
7,493	7,542	7,438	7,423	7,537	7,42

District Owned Buildings June 30, 2018

Building Name	Occupancy*	Square Feet	Enrollment
Moline High School	2,333	352,958	2,082
Wharton Field House	_,	33,000	_,
Total high school	2,333	385,958	2,082
Deere Middle School	854	108,520	764
Wilson Middle School	963	113,010	860
Total middle schools	1,817	221,530	1,624
Addams Elementary School	284	25,138	283
Bicentennial Elementary School	370	47,600	299
Butterworth Elementary School	411	29,942	268
Ericsson Elementary School***	-	-	-
Franklin Elementary School	370	28,646	267
Garfield Elementary School***	-	-	-
Hamilton Elementary School	600	85,619	572
Lincoln-Irving Elementary School	492	41,960	388
Logan Elementary School	413	41,472	323
Horace Mann Elementary School	372	36,555	-
Roosevelt Elementary School	484	56,774	328
Washington Elementary School	366	44,223	271
Willard Elementary School	267	30,108	221
Total elementary schools	4,429	468,037	3,220
Coolidge/Alternative High School	623	98,232	94
Jefferson Early Childhood Center **	171	17,998	247
Total special schools	794	116,230	341
Allendale/Administrative Services		17,400	-
Total	9,373	1,209,155	7,267
Students in Non-District Buildings			<u>-</u>
Total Enrollment		=	7,267

*Capacity

** Students attend half days

***Garfield and Ericsson closed 6/30/15.

Source of Information: Enrollment information from District enrollment records.

Occupancy/capacity and square feet from District facilities records.