Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

955 Campbell Road, Houston, Texas 77024

Prepared By The Department of Financial Services:

Christine A. Porter, CPA
Associate Superintendent for Finance

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SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AND ADVISORS

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

Chris Earnest, President
Partner at Compensation Advisory Partners

Lisa Alpe, Vice President Lawyer

John Perez, Secretary
Engineer/Owner of Cognascents Consulting

Caroline Bennett Trustee
General Manager of Spring Branch-Memorial Sports Association/Former Educator

Chris Gonzalez, Trustee
Marketing and Education Consultant

Josef D. Klam, Trustee Executive Pastor Chapelwood United Methodist Church

> Minda Caesar, Trustee Community Volunteer/Parent

ADMINISTRATION

Jennifer Blaine, Ed. D., Superintendent of Schools

Christine A. Porter, CPA, Associate Superintendent for Finance

CONSULTANTS AND ADVISORS

Whitley Penn, L.L.P. Houston, Texas - Independent Auditors

> Hunton Andrews Kurth, L.L.P. Houston, Texas - Bond Counsel

Post Oak Municipal Advisors LLC Houston, Texas - Co-Financial Advisor

Masterson Advisors LLC Houston, Texas - Co-Financial Advisor

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Spring Branch Independent School District	Harris	101-920
Name of School District	County	District Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the annual financial reports for the above named school district were reviewed and approved for the year ended June 30, 2022, at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the 7th of November 2022.

President of the Board



November 7, 2022

To the Board of Trustees and Taxpayers of the Spring Branch Independent School District:

The Texas Education Code requires that all school districts file a complete set of financial statements with the Texas Education Agency (TEA) within 150 days of the close of each fiscal year. The financial statements must be presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited by a firm of licensed certified public accountants in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Spring Branch Independent School District (the "District") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The District's financial statements have been audited by Whitley Penn L.L.P., CPAs, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and, evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion and that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the District was part of a broader, federally-mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the District's separately issued Single Audit Report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the District

Spring Branch Independent School District encompasses about 44 square miles of wooded suburbs and vibrant business and retail districts located west of downtown Houston in Harris County along Interstate 10, also known as the Katy Freeway.

About 200,000 District residents live in this region of west Houston and in the incorporated villages of Bunker Hill, Hedwig, Hilshire, Hunters Creek, Piney Point and Spring Valley. Many families have lived in the Memorial/Spring Branch area all their lives, while others are new to the area or are relocating for career reasons. Others choose to return to this school district because they rank high quality education as a top priority for their children. In addition, the District offers taxpayers every tax exemption allowed by Texas law, which results in lower school taxes for homeowners.

The District follows a small neighborhood school concept where attendance areas have been established for each individual school. As an established community, attendance zones rarely change in the school district.

The District educates children from all over the world, and its student body reflects the increasing diversity of Texas and the nation. The district had a 2021-22 enrollment of 33,545 students. In that year, about 58 percent of all students were Hispanic, 27 percent were white, 7 percent were Asian, 5 percent were African-American, and 3 percent were American Indian or two or more ethnicities. The district's official enrollment for 2022-23 was not finalized at the time of this report.

The District's vision, known as Spring Branch T-2-4, is clearly focused on increasing student achievement, and developing a culture of high expectations for all students. This goal challenges the system to increase the number of students completing a technical certificate or military training, two-year or four-year degree.

To help achieve this goal, Superintendent of Schools Jennifer Blaine, Ed.D., has made clear the system's topmost priorities since taking on district leadership in May 2019. These priorities are literacy, numeracy, social-emotional learning supports, and digital expansion. Dr. Blaine's laser-focused articulation of clear academic goals allows the District to focus and align its priorities in support of T-2-4.

In April 2016, The District's Board of Trustees (the "Board") approved unanimously a Local Innovation Plan as it is defined in state law, becoming one of the first school districts in Texas to obtain status as a District of Innovation. The status gives the District true local control and autonomy and greater flexibility and freedom to pursue the District's strategic plans. As a District of Innovation, the District is potentially exempt from state education rules in many areas.

The District's college-readiness indicators have consistently exceeded state and national averages. A total of 2,098 students from the Class of 2022 at Spring Branch ISD took the SAT during high school. In 2022 our mean score on the SAT was 1025, which was higher than state average.

Meanwhile, the Advanced Placement (AP) program in the District remains strong. In the spring of 2022, 5,719 AP course exams were taken by 2,688 District students. AP exams are graded on a five-point scale with a score of 3 roughly equivalent to a C grade, a score of 4 rough equivalent to a B, and a score of 5 similar to an A. In the recent exam, 61 percent of the scored exams were graded as a 3 or higher. Such scores may assist District graduates in earning future college credit or advanced course placements.

The District is home to twenty-five elementary schools, seven traditional middle schools, four traditional high schools and several choice program options. Choice programs include two innovative public charter schools: Westchester Academy for International Studies (WAIS), a combined middle and high school campus that offers the challenging International Baccalaureate (IB) academic program, and Cornerstone Academy, a middle school highly rated by the state since its doors first opened more than a decade ago.

In 2012, the District joined with KIPP Houston (KIPP) and YES Prep Public Schools (YES Prep) to form charter campus programs at two district secondary schools, Landrum and Northbrook middle schools. In August 2015, a YES Prep high school program at Northbrook High School opened as a continuing option for graduates of the charter middle school programs at Landrum and Northbrook middle schools.

The non-traditional Academy of Choice offers personalized learning in a small school environment and an emphasis on student ownership, goal setting, collaborative projects, and mentorship. In 2013, the Spring Branch Academic Institute (SBAI) opened to serve children from kindergarten through fourth grade. This special program, a first in the Houston region, is designed to serve students identified and tested as highly gifted. SBAI classes are now being taught at Thornwood Elementary School, Spring Forest Middle School and Stratford High School.

Dual Language Programs from prekindergarten through fifth grade are offered at Cedar Brook, Pine Shadows and Sherwood elementary schools. Dual language programs are also offered at several district secondary schools. The increasing popularity of choice options – from dual language to charter partnership programs like KIPP and YES Prep – led the District several years ago to align its annual "Choice Fair" for families in the fall.

The District provides full-day prekindergarten for in-district 4-year old students as well as half-day prekindergarten for in-district 3-year old students. Five separate Schools for Early Learning are designed especially for prekindergarten classes. Prekindergarten classes are also offered at several elementary schools. Students who meet state eligibility requirements attend prekindergarten at no cost while others attend at a low comparable monthly cost.

In November 2017, Spring Branch voters approved an \$898.4 million bond, the biggest in district history. The bond will provide for rebuilding nine of the district's oldest elementary schools and one middle school, addition and renovation at other campuses, upgrading safety and security infrastructure, replacement of Career and Technical Education classroom equipment, replacement of aged music instruments and equipment, upgrading of athletics including four turf fields, and replacing older buses.

In May 2022, Spring Branch voters approved a \$381.6 million bond. The bond will rebuild the Guthrie Center, SBISD's central CTE facility, and improve the CTE classroom, lab, and facility at Guthrie's Agricultural Science Center, four SBISD high schools, six middle schools, and two specialty campuses. Bond funds also will be used for CTE-related technology.

Additionally, the 2022 Bond will address identified district facility needs, including additional classrooms at Valley Oaks Elementary, new building detention and code requirements after Hurricane Harvey, and lifecycle replacements of audiovisual (A/V) instructional tools districtwide. The bond will replace devices for secondary students and devices for teachers districtwide.

The privately run and financed Altharetta Yeargin Art Museum houses a donated collection of 600-plus art and artifacts from around the world valued at more than \$2 million. This museum facility is located on the WAIS campus.

For details, please visit www.springbranchisd.com.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the environment within which the District operates.

<u>Local Economy:</u> The District is located in Harris County approximately 10 miles West of downtown Houston. Houston, the 4th largest city in the United States, is a diverse vibrant metro with a strong economy. The District is located in a desirable area of greater Houston with ongoing redevelopment. Residents of the District enjoy ready access to leading companies in key global industries including energy, life science, manufacturing, logistics and aerospace, as well as many colleges and universities, a dynamic cultural arts community, and excellent recreational opportunities.

For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021 taxable property values in the District increased 8.0%, 2.8% and 4.1%, respectively. The Harris County unemployment rate was 4.7% in August 2022, 6.4% in August 2021 and 9.7% in August 2020. District officials expect continued growth in the local economy and taxable property values over the long term while acknowledging the possibility of below trend growth in the near term due to the Federal Reserve's ongoing efforts to reduce inflation.

See Table 12 Demographic and Economic Statistics of this report for additional information.

Relevant Financial Policies

<u>Budget:</u> Budget planning is an integral part of overall program planning so that the budget effectively reflects the District's programs and activities and provides the resources to implement them. In the budget planning process, general educational goals, specific program goals, and alternatives for achieving program goals are considered, as well as input from the District and campus-level planning and decision-making committees. Budget planning and evaluation are continuous processes and are a part of each month's activities.

<u>Fund Balance</u>: Recognizing fund balance as a key in maintaining a strong financial position, the Board policy on annual operating budgets stipulates a goal of maintaining an adequate fund balance. The goal for the general fund balance is 19% of the current budget (except for non-spendable or restricted), while the goal for debt service fund balance is 15% of the current year debt service requirements.

<u>Financial Planning:</u> Spring Branch T-2-4 the District's transformative and groundbreaking vision is the foundation for the District's management and decision making. Spring Branch T-2-4 success results in every SBISD graduate completing a technical certificate, military training, or a two-year or four-year degree. SBISD will increase the number of students achieving T-2-4. During the budget process, expenditures to support Spring Branch T-2-4 are identified and receive top funding priority.

The District maintains a Technology Roadmap and a Long-Range Facilities Plan. Estimated taxable values are a major factor in forecasting, as the District generates approximately 85% of general fund revenue and 99% of debt service revenue from local taxes. Other major factors used in developing these forecasts include number of students enrolled and in average daily attendance, salaries, insurance and cost of inflationary items such as utilities and fuel. Forecasts are prepared then reviewed several times a year and shared with the Board, staff, community and other stakeholders.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the government published an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we plan to submit it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The TEA has awarded the District a rating of "A - Superior" for the 2021-2022 Financial Integrity Rating System of Texas (FIRST). FIRST requires Texas public schools to be accountable for their financial management practices. The District's rating was based on performance against fifteen indicators of financial accountability. The district's numeric score on the indicators was 96 out of 100 demonstrating the quality of the District's financial management practices and reporting system.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the Financial Services Department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the Board of Trustees for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the District's finances. Finally, we would like to thank the residents of the District for their support of and belief in our public school system, and the teachers and campus teams who provide the quality education for which our District is known.

Respectfully submitted,

Dr Jennifer Blaine, Ed. D. Superintendent of Schools

Christine A. Porter, CPA

Associate Superintendent for Finance

CERTIFICATE OF ACHIEVEMENT FOR EXCELLENCE IN FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Spring Branch Independent School District, Texas for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), whose contents conform to program standards. Such report must satisfy both accounting principles, generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

Receiving the award is recognition that a school system has met the highest standards of excellence in government accounting and financial reporting.



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

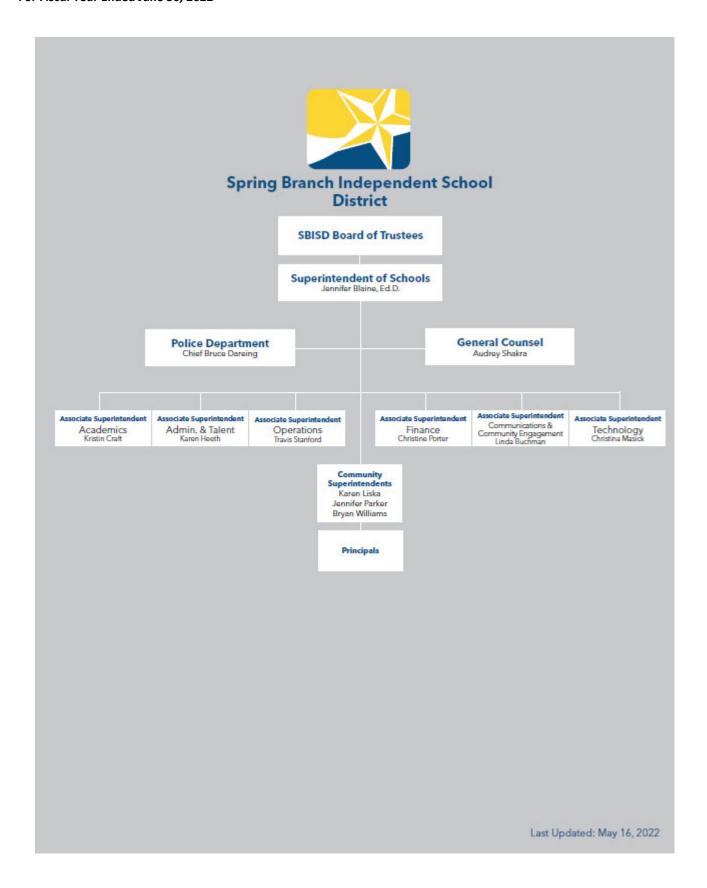
Spring Branch Independent School District Texas

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2021

Executive Director/CEO

Christopher P. Morrill



FINANCIAL SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Spring Branch Independent School District Houston, Texas

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Spring Branch Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and
 design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension information, and other-post employment benefit information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The individual fund statements, budget comparisons, and required Texas Education Agency (TEA) schedules, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

To the Board of Trustees
Spring Branch Independent School District

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual fund statements, budget comparisons, and required TEA schedules, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section, statistical section, and Schedule L-1 but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2022 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Houston, Texas November 7, 2022

Whitley FERN LLP



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SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the Spring Branch Independent School District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages iii to vii of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by \$254,256,762 (net position). Of this amount, \$314,198,407 was net investment in capital assets, \$24,157,556 was restricted for debt service, \$9,974,204 was restricted for the Food Service Program and \$11,602,493 was restricted for federal and state programs, leaving the District with a deficit of (\$105,675,898) in unrestricted net position. This deficit in unrestricted net position is due to the District's noncurrent liabilities of \$54,995,975 for the District's portion of the Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) net pension liability and \$107,236,856 for the District's portion of the TRS net other post-employment benefits liability.
- The District's total net position increased by \$71,152,303 as a result of this year's operations.
- The District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$352,576,736 as of June 30, 2022. Non-spendable fund balances include \$2,718,808 for inventories on hand in the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund, and \$1,954,091 for prepaid items in the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund. Restricted Grant fund balances include \$9,974,204, which is primarily the Food Service Program fund balance, \$164,572,366 for Capital Projects Fund construction projects, \$36,170,695 for ongoing Debt Service Fund expenditures, and \$11,592,493 for Special Revenue Funds. Committed fund balance is \$2,436,503, which includes Campus Activity funds included in the Special Revenue Fund. Management has assigned fund balance in the General Fund of \$45,501,516 for future spending and \$1,786,500 for capital equipment. The remaining amount in unassigned fund balance of \$75,869,560 includes General Fund encumbrances re-appropriated in the subsequent year's budget of \$2,284,074 and the remaining amount is available for spending at the government's discretion.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves, including schedules required by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Education Agency (TEA).

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 19 through 21), which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. These statements provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's capital assets, debt obligations, and other financial matters.

The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflow of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the year, with the residual of these elements reported as *net position*. This difference is similar to the total owner's equity presented by a commercial enterprise. All of the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years. Although the purpose of the District is not to accumulate net position, in general, as the amount increases, it may indicate that the financial position of the District is improving over time. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, other factors should be considered as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance, property tax base and the condition of the District's capital assets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

The purpose of the Statement of Activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the Statement of Activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current period.

The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received for summer school and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in the equalization funding processes (general revenues). Although the Statement of Activities looks different from a commercial enterprise income statement, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance.

The District's business-type activities include the District's tuition/fee-based self-sustaining programs, such as athletic rentals/concessions, after school programs, employee childcare, fine arts, facility rental and summer school. Business-type activities are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

The District does not have any component units for which it is financially accountable.

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial statements (starting on page 22) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's funds. For governmental activities, these statements reflect how services were financed in the short term as well as resources remaining for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to employees, students and community members, and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others.

Laws and contracts require the District to establish some programs, such as a program funded by a grant received from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes program revenue and cost centers to help control and manage money for particular program purposes (such as campus activities).

All of the District's funds can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. The focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements therefore it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both, the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for governmental funds provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains four governmental funds. Information is presented separately in fund financial statements for the general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. The District adopts annual appropriations budgets at the revenue source and functional expenditure levels for its general fund, the food service program included in the special revenue fund, and debt service fund as required by TEA. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided to demonstrate finance related legal compliance with these budgets.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Proprietary funds - Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. There are two proprietary fund types. Enterprise funds are used to report the same function presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District has one business-type activity (enterprise fund), which consists of tuition-based self-sustaining programs, such as childcare and facilities rentals. The second type of proprietary fund is the internal service fund. Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the various functions. The District has one internal service fund, the Workers' Compensation Fund. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 29 to 31 of this report.

Fiduciary funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The District is the fiduciary for money raised by student activities and scholarships in private-purpose funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages 32 and 33. We exclude these resources from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 35) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for generally accepted full disclosure in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The District has presented the general fund budget to actual comparisons in the Required Supplementary Information found on page 81 of this report. The District's debt service fund and food service program included in the special revenue fund have appropriated budgets in accordance with requirements of TEA. Debt service fund and food service program budget to actual comparison are presented in Other Supplementary Information beginning on page 91. The food service program budget is included in this report as it is considered a perspective difference regarding required supplemental information for presentation of major special revenue fund budget comparison information in accordance with generally accepted financial reporting practices.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The government-wide financial statements for the District's overall financial position and operations for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

The District's total assets plus deferred outflows of resources exceeded total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$254,256,762 as of June 30, 2022, an increase of \$71,152,303 from June 30, 2021. The District's total unrestricted net position, which is the total net position of the District reduced by restricted net position of and net investment in capital assets of \$314,198,407, was a deficit of (\$105,675,898) on June 30, 2022.

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a District's financial position. At June 30, 2022, the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$254.3 million, an increase of \$71.2 million from June 30, 2021.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Table I - Net Position Summary

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Type	Activities	To	tal
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
Current and other assets	\$ 506,544,468	\$ 592,394,403	\$ 4,084,951	\$ 2,512,705	\$ 510,629,419	\$ 594,907,108
Capital assets	1,012,874,945	945,834,601	129,069	120,176	1,013,004,014	945,954,777
Total Assets	1,519,419,413	1,538,229,004	4,214,020	2,632,881	1,523,633,433	1,540,861,885
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	64,346,724	69,297,730		-	64,346,724	69,297,730
Current liabilities	154,804,602	159,642,749	353,210	613,303	155,157,812	160,256,052
Long-term liabilities	1,041,769,671	1,171,311,210			1,041,769,671	1,171,311,210
Total Liabilities	1,196,574,273	1,330,953,959	353,210	613,303	1,196,927,483	1,331,567,262
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	136,063,298	95,487,894			136,063,298	95,487,894
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	314,049,336	270,125,553	149,071	120,176	314,198,407	270,245,729
Restricted	45,734,253	39,121,886	-	-	45,734,253	39,121,886
Unrestricted	(108,655,023)	(128,162,558)	2,979,125	1,899,402	(105,675,898)	(126,263,156)
Total Net Position	\$ 251,128,566	\$ 181,084,881	\$ 3,128,196	\$ 2,019,578	\$ 254,256,762	\$ 183,104,459

Investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, furniture and equipment) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding is \$314,198,407 as of June 30, 2022. Although the District's debt issuances are used primarily to acquire capital assets, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay the District's debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the District's net position of \$45,734,253 (approximately 18.0%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of net position is a deficit of (\$105,675,898).

As shown in Table II, the net position of the District's governmental activities increased \$70,043,685 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The total cost of all governmental activities this year was \$524,688,791, a decrease of (\$22,050,270) from the previous year. The amount that the District's taxpayers paid for governmental activities through property taxes was \$450,413,512 or 75.7%, with operating grants and contributions of \$109,715,647 or 18.4%, and state funding of \$18,491,817 or 3.1% as the next most significant sources of revenue. Other sources of revenue for governmental activities were \$3,488,523 from user charges and \$12,622,977 from interest and other income.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Table II - Change in Net Position

	Govern	mental /	Activities	Business-Type Activities				Total		
	2022		2021	2022		2021		2022	_	2021
Revenues										
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 3,488,5	23 \$	2,553,707	\$ 3,372,723	\$	2,145,884	\$	6,861,246	\$	4,699,591
Operating grants and contributions	109,715,6	47	90,983,334	-		-		109,715,647		90,983,334
General Revenues:						-				
Property taxes	450,413,5	12	442,742,701	-		-		450,413,512		442,742,701
State grants and other grants	18,491,8	17	21,075,188	-		1,781		18,491,817		21,076,969
Interest	1,471,3	57	2,124,055	3,650		-		1,475,007		2,124,055
Other	11,151,6	20	8,347,566			-		11,151,620		8,347,566
Total Revenues	594,732,4	76	567,826,551	 3,376,373		2,147,665		598,108,849		569,974,216
Expenses			· · ·							, ,
Instructional	247,677,2	47	260,149,036	-		-		247,677,247		260,149,036
Instruction resources and media	3,953,2	22	3,958,358	-		-		3,953,222		3,958,358
Curriculum/staff development	11,557,3	55	9,782,180	-		-		11,557,355		9,782,180
Instructional/leadership	7,626,6	35	7,725,295	-		-		7,626,635		7,725,295
School leadership	21,240,6	92	21,645,150	-		-		21,240,692		21,645,150
Guidance and counseling services	21,452,6		20,691,243	-		-		21,452,688		20,691,243
Social work services	170,5		182,760	-		-		170,510		182,760
Health services	4,277,2		4,448,323	_		-		4,277,210		4,448,323
Student (pupil) transportation	10,871,6		9,981,785	_		-		10,871,667		9,981,785
Child nutrition	16,731,8		13,540,924	_		_		16,731,806		13,540,924
Cocurricular/extracurricular	9,201,5		8,635,191			-		9,201,555		8,635,191
General administration	10,032,6		9,918,824	_		_		10,032,603		9,918,824
Plant maintenance and operations	35,503,6		34,309,085	-		-		35,503,673		34,309,085
Security and monitoring services	5,961,9		5,963,087	_		_		5,961,978		5,963,087
Data processing	11,307,4		22,589,357	_		_		11,307,496		22,589,357
Community services	3,878,5		1,957,161	_		_		3,878,573		1,957,161
Interest and fiscal charges	32,639,3		30,841,907	_		_		32,639,313		30,841,907
Facilities planning	2,453,0		17,017,257	-		-		2,453,020		17,017,257
Contracted Instructional Services	64,424,0		59,724,360	_		_		64,424,029		59,724,360
Payments to districts of SSAs	469,3		496,366	_		_		469,338		496,366
Other intergovernmental charges	3,258,1		3,181,412	-		-		3,258,181		3,181,412
Other business-type activities	-,,-	-	-	2,267,755		2,899,439		2,267,755		2,899,439
Total Expenses	524,688,7	91 —	546,739,061	 2,267,755		2,899,439	-	526,956,546	_	549,638,500
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	70,043,6		21,087,490	1,108,618		(751,774)		71,152,303		20,335,716
Transfers			(5,793)	 -		5,793		-		
Increase (decrease) in net position	70,043,6	85	21,081,697	1,108,618		(745,981)		71,152,303		20,335,716
Net Position, Beginning	181,084,8	81	159,396,569	2,019,578		2,765,559		183,104,459		162,162,128
Prior Period Adjustment	, , .	-	606,615	-		-		-		606,615
Net Position, Ending	\$ 251,128,5	66 \$	181,084,881	\$ 3,128,196	\$	2,019,578	\$	254,256,762	\$	183,104,459

Revenues for the District's governmental activities increased year over year overall by \$26,905,925 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Increased program revenue from operating grants and contributions was the most significant factor in the overall increase.

Expenses for the District's governmental activities decreased year over year by (\$22,050,270) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Cyclical changes in expenditures in technology and facilities were the most significant factors in the overall decrease.

The District's combined property tax rate decreased to \$1.3043 per \$100 of assessed value. This generated tax revenues of \$450.4 million in fiscal year 2022, an increase of \$7.7 million over the 2021 fiscal year. However, the District paid the state \$64.4 million in fiscal year 2022, an increase of \$4.7 million from prior year for local revenue in excess of entitlement.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Total cost of governmental activities includes depreciation and amortization of \$29.0 million. Capital outlay of \$103.8 million is not included in the above cost of governmental activities. In the government-wide financial statements, capital outlay is shown as an increase in the capital assets reported on the Statement of Net Position and depreciation/amortization expense is reported in the Statement of Activities in order to spread the recognition of the cost of capital assets over their estimated useful lives of the capital assets.

Net position of the District's business-type activities increased \$1.1 million in fiscal year 2022.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At the end of fiscal year June 30, 2022 the District's governmental funds reported:

Combined ending fund balances were \$352,576,736, a decrease of (\$81,469,700) from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. An increase of \$10,363,832 in general fund and a decrease of (\$96,651,924) in the capital projects fund were the two most significant changes. Fiscal year 2022 construction project expenditures of \$103.8 million is the primary reason for fund balance decrease in the capital projects fund.

- \$75,869,560 or 22% of the combined ending fund balance constitutes unassigned fund balance. The remainder of fund balance is not available because it is nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned as follows:
 - (1) Inventory \$2,718,808
 - (2) Prepaid items \$1,954,091
 - (3) Food service \$9,974,204, excludes #2
 - (4) Capital projects \$164,572,366
 - (5) Debt service \$36,170,695
 - (6) Special revenue \$11,592,493
 - (7) Campus activity \$2,436,503, excludes #2
 - (8) Capital expenditures for equipment \$1,786,500
 - (9) Compensated absences (retirement payoff) \$10,259,000
 - (10) Subsequent year expenditures \$21,563,516
 - (11) Natural disaster response assignment \$13,679,000

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$75,869,560 while the total fund balance was \$127,803,111.

During fiscal year 2022 the fund balance of the general fund increased by \$10,363,832.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

The District budgeted a \$10,201,200 decrease in fund balance. Budgeted expenditures within each functional spending category are a cap not to be exceeded. Accordingly, actual expenditure and actual use of fund balance will be less than budgeted.

At June 30, 2022 the debt service fund had a total fund balance of \$36,170,695 all of which is restricted for the payment of debt. The net increase in the fund balance during fiscal year 2022 in the debt service fund was \$130,366 as proceeds were matched to debt service expenditures.

The special revenue fund is used to account for all financial resources restricted to, or committed for, specific purposes by a grantor. The fund balance of the special revenue fund was \$24,030,564 on June 30, 2022, an increase of \$4,688,026 from June 30, 2021. Covid-19 relief funding in the food service program at fiscal year-end was a primary factor contributing to the increase.

The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the construction and renovation of District facilities. The District is in a 10-year bond program authorized by voters in November 2017. The fund balance of the District's capital projects fund was \$164,572,366 on June 30, 2022. The capital projects fund began the year with \$261,224,290 in fund balance. A fund balance decrease of (\$96,651,924) was due to expenditure on capital projects exceeding receipts form bond sales. Fund balance in the capital projects fund is restricted for future expenditure on capital projects.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, District administration recommended, and the Board of Trustees approved, several revisions to budgeted revenue and appropriations. Revisions to the revenue budget are necessary as underlying projections of items such as enrollment, attendance, property values, and tax collections are updated. Revisions to the appropriations budget are necessary due to staffing adjustments based on actual enrollment, changes in spending needs over the course of the year and other occurrences after the Board of Trustees' approval of the original budget.

Revenue is based on a state funding formula. The formula, at its most basic level, provides Target Revenue calculated as Weighted Average Daily Attendance (WADA) times a basic allotment. For fiscal year 2022 the amount of the basic allotment was \$6,160 per WADA. As a high property wealth Chapter 49 district, the District is required to send Local Revenue in Excess of Entitlement (recapture) back to the state. Recapture is locally assessed and collected tax dollars sent to the state to satisfy statewide school funding equalization.

The District's major budget amendments during the year are summarized as follows:

- The revenue budget increased by \$4.8 million
 - \$2.1 million increase in property tax collections,
 - o \$2.0 million increase in state funding, and
 - o \$0.7 million increase from all other revisions combined.
- The expenditure budget decreased by \$2.9 million
 - \$23.0 million decrease as cost were supplanted by ESSER funding,
 - \$16.5 million increase in recapture,
 - o \$3.3 million increase for prior year encumbrances rolled forward, and
 - \$0.3 million net increase from all other revisions combined.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2022, the District had \$1,013.0 million (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization of \$385.3 million) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance.

Table III - Capital Asset Summary

	Governmental Activities				Business- Type	e Activities		
	2022		2021		2022			2021
Land	\$	26,837,367	\$	26,837,367	\$	-	\$	-
Buildings and improvements		723,604,596		604,190,370		-		-
Furniture and equipment		8,182,470		2,444,170		92,889		66,737
Vehicles		10,528,194		12,543,794		36,180		53,439
Construction in progress		241,047,680		299,827,900		-		-
Right To Use Assets		2,674,638						
Total Capital Assets,								
Net of Depreciation\Amortization	\$	1,012,874,945	\$	945,843,601	\$	129,069	\$	120,176

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 9 on starting on page 56 of this report.

Debt

Debt-management policies seek to provide the most favorable climate for District debt projects while upholding the highest rating possible for debt instruments. Management policies include the following:

- All debt service obligations will be met when due.
- Long-term financing will be restricted to capital projects and purchases of related equipment.
- Long-term bonds will not be issued to finance current operations.
- The District will cooperate and communicate with bond-rating agencies and work toward obtaining the most favorable municipal bond rating possible.
- Outstanding obligations will be reviewed frequently to ensure the most favorable funding structure for the District.
- All necessary information and material regarding the District's financial status will be provided to the appropriate parties.

The ratio of net bonded debt to assessed valuation is a useful indicator of the District's debt position. This data is presented in the schedule "Ratios of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt Outstanding, Table 10" in the statistical section and reflects a decrease in the ratio of net bonded debt to assessed value to 2.30% as of June 30, 2022 compared to 2.57% as of June 30, 2021.

At year-end, the District had \$869.6 million in bonds outstanding including premiums on bonds at issuance and lease payable. The District continues to enjoy excellent bond ratings of Aaa by Moody's Investors Service and AAA by Standard & Poor's by virtue of the Permanent School Fund Guarantee Program. The underlying ratings not enhanced by the Permanent School Fund Guarantee Program are Aa1 by Moody's and AA from Standard and Poor's.

At June 30, 2022, the District had \$328.4 million remaining authorized but unissued bonds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Table IV - District's Outstanding Debt

	 Governmental Activities							
	 2022 2021							
General obligation bonds	\$ 866,871,058	ç	\$ 943,788,72					
Lease payable	 2,690,508			-				
Total Outstanding Debt	\$ \$ 869,561,566 \$ 943,788,							

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 10 to the financial statements starting on page 59 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Economic factors have a significant impact on the District's finances. Taxable property values increased 8.0% for fiscal year 2023 following an increase of 2.8 % in fiscal year 2022. As of June 2022, the unemployment rate for Houston metropolitan statistical area was 4.8% a decrease from the June 2021 rate of 7.1%. Inflationary trends in the region tend to be consistent with the national consumer price index (CPI) changes. However specific trends have required significant increases in school district expenditures. Ongoing competition to attract and hire highly qualified staff have required above trend increases in compensation expenditure.

The greater Houston area continues to be an economically vibrant area. We believe the District's tax base will, in the long term, continue to grow along with the broader economy.

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2023 combined property tax rate of \$1.2688 per \$100 of assessed value which includes a \$0.9643 M&O rate supporting General Fund expenditure. Excluding Local Revenue in Excess of Entitlement (recapture) budgeted fiscal year 2023 General Fund expenditures of \$357.5 million increase by \$16.1 million or 4.7% from the fiscal year 2022 final amended budget expenditures of \$341.4 million. Fiscal year 2023 budgeted General Fund revenues net of recapture are \$335.9 million. General Fund fund balance is budgeted to decrease \$21.6 million in fiscal year 2023 to \$85.7 million. Budgeted expenditure in each functional category is a spending cap that should not be exceeded. Accordingly, actual expenditure is expected to be less than budgeted expenditure and actual General Fund fund balance is expected to be more than budgeted.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Office of the Associate Superintendent for Finance, Spring Branch Independent School District, 955 Campbell, Houston, Texas, 77024.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



Inspiring minds. Shaping lives.

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2022

Data				
Control		Governmental	Business-Type	
Codes	Assets	Activities	Activities	Total
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,532,445	\$ 1,056,596	\$ 24,589,041
1120	Investments - current	421,062,565	2,218,677	423,281,242
1225	Property taxes receivables, net	10,903,894	-,,	10,903,894
1240	Due from other governments	29,470,206	-	29,470,206
1250	Accrued interest	188,241	_	188,241
1260	Internal balances	1,365,194	16,708	1,381,902
1267	Due from others	817	-	817
1290	Other receivables, net	4,339,069	791,920	5,130,989
1300	Inventories	3,245,391	, -	3,245,391
1410	Prepaid items	1,954,091	1,050	1,955,141
	Capital assets not subject to depreciation/amortization:			
1510	Land	26,837,367	-	26,837,367
1580	Construction in progress	241,047,680	-	241,047,680
	Capital assets net of depreciation/amortization:			
1520	Buildings and improvements, net	723,604,596	-	723,604,596
1530	Furniture and equipment, net	8,182,470	92,889	8,275,359
1540	Vehicles, net	10,528,194	36,180	10,564,374
1550	Right to Use Assets	2,674,638	-	2,674,638
1910	Long-term investments	10,482,555	- 4 24 4 020	10,482,555
1000	Total Assets	1,519,419,413	4,214,020	1,523,633,433
	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
	Deferred loss on refunding	6,163,591	_	6,163,591
	Deferred outflows - pension	33,466,466	_	33,466,466
	Deferred outflows - other post employment	33,400,400		33,400,400
	benefits	24,716,667	_	24,716,667
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	64,346,724		64,346,724
	Liabilities			
2110	Accounts payable	23,846,779		23,846,779
2140	Interest payable	14,523,466	-	14,523,466
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings	7,353,304	-	7,353,304
2160	Accrued wages payable	41,132,824	328,296	41,461,120
2177	Due to others	4,545		4,545
2180	Due to other governments	64,850,070	-	64,850,070
2190	Due to others	1,007,841	8,214	1,016,055
2200	Accrued expenses	1,745,228	-	1,745,228
2300	Unearned revenue	340,545	16,700	357,245
	Noncurrent Liabilities:			
2501	Due within one year	73,770,550	-	73,770,550
2502	Due in more than one year	805,766,290	-	805,766,290
2540	Net pension liability	54,995,975	-	54,995,975
2545	Net other post-employment benefits liability	107,236,856		107,236,856
2000	Total Liabilities	1,196,574,273	353,210	1,196,927,483
	Deferred Inflows of Resources+B8			
	Deferred inflows - leases	_	732,614	732,614
	Deferred inflows - pensions	61 474 549	732,014	
	•	61,474,548	-	61,474,548
	Deferred inflows - other post employment benefits	74 500 750		74 500 750
		74,588,750		74,588,750
2600	Deferred Inflows of Resources	136,063,298	732,614	136,795,912
	Net Position			
3200	Net investment in capital assets	314,049,336	149,071	314,198,407
2020	Restricted for:	11 602 402		11 (02 402
3820	Federal and state programs Food service	11,602,493	-	11,602,493
3820 3850	Debt service	9,974,204 24,157,556	-	9,974,204
3900	Unrestricted	(108,655,023)	- 2,979,125	24,157,556 (105,675,898)
3000	Total Net Position	\$ 251,128,566	\$ 3,128,196	\$ 254,256,762
3000		y 231,120,300	7 3,120,130	7 237,230,702

				 Program	Reve	nue
Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses	Charges for Services		erating Grants I Contributions
	Governmental Activities					
11	Instruction	\$	247,677,247	\$ 2,201,712	\$	42,712,764
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services		3,953,222	-		384,650
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		11,557,355	-		5,558,431
21	Instructional Leadership		7,626,635	-		1,074,450
23	School Leadership		21,240,692	-		522,895
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		21,452,688	-		5,818,665
32	Social Work Services		170,510	-		49,408
33	Health Services		4,277,210	-		7,412,606
34	Student Transportation		10,871,667	-		677,278
35	Food Service		16,731,806	447,003		21,367,195
36	Extracurricular Activities		9,201,555	447,029		79,673
41	General Administration		10,032,603	115,000		10,256,784
51	Plant, Maintenance and Operations		35,503,673	174,415		8,866,321
52	Security and Monitoring Services		5,961,978	103,364		328,732
53	Data Processing Services		11,307,496	-		2,582,305
61	Community Services		3,878,573	-		1,362,598
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		32,627,773	-		-
73	Debt Issuance costs and fees		11,540	-		183,330
81	Facilities Repairs and Maintenance		2,453,020	-		8,224
91	Contracted Instructional Services		64,424,029	-		-
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		469,338	-		469,338
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		3,258,181	 -		-
TG	Total Governmental Activities		524,688,791	 3,488,523		109,715,647
	Business-Type Activities					
01	Athletic rentals/concessions		653,687	633,018		-
02	Employee childcare		1,320,187	2,263,121		-
04	Fine arts		7,007	17,122		-
06	Facility rentals		117,662	280,079		-
07	Summer school		169,212	 179,383		-
ТВ	Total Business-Type Activities		2,267,755	3,372,723		-
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	526,956,546	\$ 6,861,246	\$	109,715,647

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Government							
Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total					
	Governmental Activities								
11	Instruction	\$ (202,762,77	1) \$ -	\$ (202,762,771					
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	(3,568,57	2) -	(3,568,572					
13	Curriculum and Staff Development	(5,998,92		(5,998,924					
21	Instructional Leadership	(6,552,18	5) -	(6,552,185					
23	School Leadership	(20,717,79	7) -	(20,717,797					
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	(15,634,02		(15,634,023					
32	Social Work Services	(121,10	2) -	(121,102					
33	Health Services	3,135,39	6 -	3,135,396					
34	Student Transportation	(10,194,38	9) -	(10,194,389					
35	Food Service	5,082,39	-	5,082,392					
36	Extracurricular Activities	(8,674,85	-	(8,674,853					
41	General Administration	339,18	1 -	339,181					
51	Plant, Maintenance and Operations	(26,462,93	7) -	(26,462,937					
52	Security and Monitoring Services	(5,529,88	2) -	(5,529,882					
53	Data Processing Services	(8,725,19	1) -	(8,725,191					
61	Community Services	(2,515,97	5) -	(2,515,975					
72	Interest on Long-term Debt	(32,627,77		(32,627,773					
73	Debt Issuance costs and fees	171,79		171,790					
81	Facilities Repairs and Maintenance	(2,444,79	5) -	(2,444,796					
91	Contracted Instructional Services	(64,424,02	9) -	(64,424,029					
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements			-					
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges	(3,258,18	1) -	(3,258,181					
TG	Total Governmental Activities	(411,484,62	1)	(411,484,621					
	Business-Type Activities								
01	Athletic rentals/concessions		- (20,669)	(20,669					
02	Employee childcare		- 942,934	942,934					
04	Fine arts		- 10,115	10,115					
06	Facility rentals		- 162,417	162,417					
07	Summer school		- 10,171	10,171					
ТВ	Total Business-Type Activities		1,104,968	1,104,968					
TP	Total Primary Government	(411,484,62	1,104,968	(410,379,653					
Data Control Codes									
	General Revenues, and Transfers General Revenues:								
MT	Property taxes, levied for general purposes	340,699,97) -	340,699,972					
DT	Property taxes, levied for debt service	109,713,54		109,713,540					
SF	State-aid formula grants	18,491,81		18,491,817					
IE	Investment earnings	1,471,35		1,475,007					
MI	Miscellaneous	11,151,62		11,151,620					
TR	Total General Revenues, and Transfers	481,528,30		481,531,956					
CN	Change in net position	70,043,68		71,152,303					
NB	Net Position - Beginning	181,084,88	• •						
NE NE				\$ 183,104,459 \$ 254,256,762					
INE	Net Position - Ending	\$ 251,128,56	5 \$ 3,128,196	\$ 254,256,762					

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

Data Control				Sne	ecial Revenue	D	ebt Service
Codes		G	General Fund	٠,	Fund	_	Fund
	– Assets						
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,812,517	\$	1,946,833	\$	154,514
1120	Current investments	-	194,367,474	-	8,716,251	-	35,775,478
	Receivables:		, ,		, ,		, ,
1220	Property taxes - delinquent		12,354,540		_		3,734,587
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes (credit)		(4,196,462)		_		(988,771)
1240	Receivables from other governments		7,565,055		21,905,151		-
1250	Accrued interest		88,746		-		5,214
1260	Due from other funds		484,438		355,934		-
1290	Other receivables		1,640,960		870,974		-
1300	Inventories		2,700,734		544,657		-
1410	Prepaid items		1,944,801		9,290		-
1490	Long-term investments		10,482,555		, -		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	245,245,358	\$	34,349,090	\$	38,681,022
	Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance						
2440	Liabilities:		4 224 042		4 427 066		
2110	Accounts payable	\$	1,324,842	\$	1,427,066	\$	-
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings		7,279,852		73,452		-
2160	Accrued wages payable		33,986,919		7,066,670		-
2170	Due to other funds		103,008		738,952		-
2180	Payable to other governments		64,850,070		-		-
2190	Due to student and employee groups		-		1,012,386		-
2200	Accrued expenditures		1,745,228		-		-
2300	Unearned revenue		340,545				
2000	Total Liabilities		109,630,464		10,318,526		
	Deferred Inflows of Resources						
	Unavailable revenue - property taxes		7,811,783		-		2,510,327
2600	Deferred Inflows of Resources		7,811,783		_		2,510,327
	Fund Balance:						
	Nonspendable:						
3410	Inventories		2,700,734		18,074		_
3430	Prepaid items		1,944,801		9,290		_
0.00	Restricted:		2,5 : .,662		3,233		
3450	Grant funds		_		9,974,204		_
3470	Capital acquisitions and obligations		_		-		_
3480	Debt service		_		_		36,170,695
3490	Other		_		11,592,493		-
0.50	Committed:				11,001, .00		
3545	Other		_		2,436,503		_
00.0	Assigned:				_, .00,000		
3570	Capital expenditures for equipment		1,786,500		_		_
3590	Other		45,501,516		_		_
3330	Unassigned:		.5,501,510				
3600	Unassigned		75,869,560		_		_
3000	Total Fund Balances		127,803,111		24,030,564		36,170,695
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	245,245,358	\$	34,349,090	\$	38,681,022
.500		7	_ 13,243,330	<u> </u>	3 1,3 13,030	7	50,001,022

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2022

Data Control Codes	_	Ca	pital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
	Assets					
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	258,971	\$	20,172,835	
1120	Current investments		182,203,362		421,062,565	
	Receivables:					
1220	Property taxes - delinquent		-		16,089,127	
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes (credit)		-		(5,185,233)	
1240	Receivables from other governments		-		29,470,206	
1250	Accrued interest		94,281		188,241	
1260	Due from other funds		-		840,372	
1290	Other receivables		3,162,155		5,674,089	
1300	Inventories		-		3,245,391	
1410	Prepaid items		-		1,954,091	
1490	Long-term investments				10,482,555	
1000	Total Assets	\$	185,718,769	\$	503,994,239	
	Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance Liabilities:					
2110	Accounts payable	\$	21,052,048	\$	23,803,956	
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings		-		7,353,304	
2160	Accrued wages payable		79,235		41,132,824	
2170	Due to other funds		15,120		857,080	
2180	Payable to other governments		-		64,850,070	
2190	Due to student and employee groups		-		1,012,386	
2200	Accrued expenditures		-		1,745,228	
2300	Unearned revenue		-		340,545	
2000	Total Liabilities		21,146,403	141,095,393		
	Deferred Inflows of Resources					
	Unavailable revenue - property taxes		_		10,322,110	
2600	Deferred Inflows of Resources				10,322,110	
2000	Deferred limows of Resources				10,322,110	
	Fund Balance:					
	Nonspendable:					
3410	Inventories		-		2,718,808	
3430	Prepaid items		-		1,954,091	
	Restricted:					
3450	Grant funds		-		9,974,204	
3470	Capital acquisitions and obligations		164,572,366		164,572,366	
3480	Debt service		-		36,170,695	
3490	Other		-		11,592,493	
	Committed:					
3545	Other		-		2,436,503	
	Assigned:					
3570	Capital expenditures for equipment		-		1,786,500	
3590	Other		-		45,501,516	
	Unassigned:					
3600	Unassigned		-		75,869,560	
3000	Total Fund Balances		164,572,366		352,576,736	
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balances	\$	185,718,769	\$	503,994,239	



Inspiring minds. Shaping lives.

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2022

Data Control Codes

Codes	_	
	Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	\$ 352,576,736
	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net position are different because:	
1	Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.	1,012,874,945
2	Property taxes receivable have been levied and are due this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, these property taxes and related penalty and interest amounts (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts).	10,322,110
	Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
3	General obligation bonds	(795,815,000)
4	Premiums on issuance	(71,056,058)
5	Leases payable	(2,690,508)
6	Accrued compensated absences	(9,975,274)
7	Accrued interest payable	(14,523,466)
8	Net pension liability	(54,995,975)
9	Net other post employment liability	(107,236,856)
10	Deferred loss on refunding	6,163,591
11	Deferred outflow related to TRS pension	33,466,466
12	Deferred outflow related to TRS OPEB	24,716,667
13	Deferred inflow related to TRS pension	(61,474,548)
14	Deferred inflow related to TRS OPEB	(74,588,750)
15	Addition of Internal Service fund net position	3,364,486
19	Total Net Position - Governmental Activities (See A-1)	\$ 251,128,566

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data				
Control			Special Revenue	Debt Service
Codes		General Fund	Fund	Fund
	Revenues			
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ 347,707,148	\$ 6,109,704	\$ 109,932,576
5800	State program revenues	36,297,167	2,947,356	373,252
5900	Federal program revenues	17,391,847	90,545,944	-
5020	Total revenues	401,396,162	99,603,004	110,305,828
	Expenditures			
	Current:			
0011	Instruction	195,694,172	47,177,348	-
0012	Instruction resources and media services	3,651,847	483,031	-
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	6,853,199	5,812,841	-
0021	Instructional leadership	7,157,604	1,046,494	-
0023	School leadership	21,503,907	870,774	-
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	16,300,193	6,209,486	-
0032	Social work services	122,764	54,574	-
0033	Health services	4,205,361	298,143	-
0034	Student transportation	9,151,033	734,093	-
0035	Food services	138,103	17,748,841	-
0036	Extracurricular activities	6,706,238	800,264	-
0041	General administration	10,302,124	75,668	-
0051	Facilities maintenance and operations	26,974,238	8,848,432	-
0052	Security and monitoring services	5,769,705	398,519	-
0053	Data processing services	8,238,525	2,325,039	-
0061	Community services	1,338,803	1,400,790	-
	Debt service:			
0071	Principal on long-term debt	411,665	152,420	71,335,000
0072	Interest on long-term debt	94,486	30,910	38,818,437
0073	Bond issuance costs and fees	-	-	22,025
	Capital outlay:			
0081	Capital outlay	218,809	24,610	-
	Intergovernmental:			
0091	Contracted instructional services	64,424,029	-	-
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangements	-	469,338	-
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	3,258,181		
6030	Total Expenditures	392,514,986	94,961,615	110,175,462
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	8,881,176	4,641,389	130,366
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
7912	Sale of real or personal property	75,222	46,637	-
7913	Proceeds from leases	1,407,434	-	-
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	1,482,656	46,637	
1200	Net change in fund balances	10,363,832	4,688,026	130,366
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning	117,439,279	19,342,538	36,040,329
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 127,803,111	\$ 24,030,564	\$ 36,170,695
3000		7 127,003,111	7 27,030,304	7 30,170,033

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Newnues State program revenues State pro	Data Control Codes	_	Capital Projects Fund	Total Governmental Funds	
5800 State program revenues 39,617,775 5900 Federal program revenues 7,139,098 618,444,092 Expenditures Current: 0011 Instruction 131,244 243,002,764 0012 Instruction resources and media services 4,134,878 0013 Curriculum and instructional staff development 1,2666,040 0021 Instructional leadership 2,234,6681 0031 Guidance, counseling and evaluation services 2,230,679 0032 School leadership 2,250,679 0033 Health services 1,733,80 0034 Health services 2,503,679 0033 Student transportation 3,882,126 0034 Student transportation 2,885,126 0035 Food services 17,889,944 0041 General administration 10,377,792 0052 Security and monitoring services 2,739,593 0053 Data processing services 1,502,602 0061 Community services 2,739,593			å 7 400,000	d 470 000 500	
5900 Federal program revenues — 107,937,791 5020 Total revenues 7,139,098 618,444,092 Expenditures Current: Current: 0011 Instruction resources and media services 131,244 243,002,764 0012 Instructional leadership - 4,148,787 0031 Curriculum and instructional staff development - 22,509,667 0021 Instructional leadership - 22,509,679 0023 School leadership - 22,509,679 0032 School leadership - 22,509,679 0033 Health services - 27,509,679 0034 Student transportation - 9,885,126 0034 Student transportation - 9,885,126 0035 Food services - 10,377,792 0035 Food services - 10,377,792 0051 Facilities maintenance and operations - 10,563,564 0052 Security and monitoring services <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td>\$ 7,139,098</td><td></td></t<>			\$ 7,139,098		
Expenditures Current:			-		
Expenditures Current:			7 420 000		
Current: Current: Current: Current: 243,002,76 0011 Instruction 131,244 243,002,76 0013 Curriculum and instructional staff development - 4,134,878 0013 Curriculum and instructional staff development - 12,666,040 0021 Instructional leadership - 22,374,681 0031 Guidance, counseling and evaluation services - 22,509,679 0032 Social work services - 177,338 0033 Health services - 4,503,504 0034 Student transportation - 9,885,126 0035 Food services - 17,838,944 0036 Extracurricular activities 126,922 7,633,424 0041 General administration - 10,377,792 0051 Facilities maintenance and operations - 10,377,792 0052 Security and monitoring services - 2,739,593 061 Community services - 2,739,593 072	5020	lotal revenues	7,139,098	618,444,092	
Current: Current: Current: Current: 243,002,76 0011 Instruction 131,244 243,002,76 0013 Curriculum and instructional staff development - 4,134,878 0013 Curriculum and instructional staff development - 12,666,040 0021 Instructional leadership - 22,374,681 0031 Guidance, counseling and evaluation services - 22,509,679 0032 Social work services - 177,338 0033 Health services - 4,503,504 0034 Student transportation - 9,885,126 0035 Food services - 17,838,944 0036 Extracurricular activities 126,922 7,633,424 0041 General administration - 10,377,792 0051 Facilities maintenance and operations - 10,377,792 0052 Security and monitoring services - 2,739,593 061 Community services - 2,739,593 072		Evnanditures			
0011 Instruction 131,244 243,002,764 0012 Instruction resources and media services - 4,134,878 0013 Curriculum and instructional staff development - 8,204,098 0021 Instructional leadership - 8,204,098 0023 School leadership - 22,374,681 0031 Guidance, counseling and evaluation services - 177,338 0033 Health services - 177,338 0033 Health services - 17,886,944 0034 Student transportation - 9,885,126 0035 Food services - 17,886,944 0036 Extracurricular activities 126,922 7,633,424 0041 General administration - 10,377,792 0051 Facilities maintenance and operations - 35,822,670 0052 Security and monitoring services - 10,563,564 0061 Community services - 7,739,593 Debt service: -		•			
0012 Instruction resources and media services 4,134,878 0013 Curriculum and instructional staff development 12,666,040 0021 Instructional leadership - 8,204,098 0023 School leadership - 22,374,681 0031 Guidance, counseling and evaluation services - 27,509,679 0032 Social work services - 4,503,504 0033 Health services - 4,503,504 0034 Student transportation - 9,885,126 0035 Food services - 17,886,944 0036 Extracurricular activities 126,922 7,633,424 0041 General administration - 10,377,792 0051 Facilities maintenance and operations - 35,822,670 0052 Security and monitoring services - 10,563,564 0053 Data processing services - 2,739,593 Debt service: - 2,739,593 0071 Principal on long-term debt 11,540 38,955,37	0011		121 244	243 002 764	
0013 Curriculum and instructional staff development 12,666,040 0021 Instructional leadership 2,2474,681 0023 School leadership 22,374,681 0031 Guidance, counseling and evaluation services - 22,509,679 0032 Social work services - 177,338 0033 Health services - 4,503,504 0034 Student transportation - 9,885,126 0035 Food services - 17,886,944 0036 Extracurricular activities 126,922 7,633,424 0041 General administration - 10,377,792 0051 Facilities maintenance and operations - 35,822,670 0052 Security and monitoring services - 6,168,224 0053 Data processing services - 10,563,564 0061 Community services - 7,739,593 0061 Community services - 7,1890,085 0072 Interest on long-term debt 11,540 38,955,373 <td></td> <td></td> <td>131,244</td> <td></td>			131,244		
0021 Instructional leadership . 8,204,098 0023 School leadership . 22,374,681 0031 Guidance, counseling and evaluation services . 22,509,679 0032 Social work services . 177,338 0033 Health services . 4,503,504 0034 Student transportation . 9,885,126 0035 Food services . 17,886,944 0036 Extracurricular activities 126,922 7,633,424 0041 General administration . 10,377,792 0051 Facilities maintenance and operations . 35,822,670 0052 Security and monitoring services . 6,168,224 0053 Data processing services . 2,739,593 0061 Community services . 2,739,593 0071 Principal on long-term debt . 1,890,085 0072 Interest on long-term debt . 12,025 0073 Bond issuance costs and fees .			-		
0023 School leadership 22,374,681 0031 Guidance, counseling and evaluation services - 22,509,679 0032 Social work services - 177,338 0033 Health services - 4,503,504 0034 Student transportation - 9,885,126 0035 Food services - 17,886,944 0041 General administration - 10,377,792 0051 Facilities maintenance and operations - 35,822,670 0052 Security and monitoring services - 6,168,224 0053 Data processing services - 10,563,564 0061 Community services - 2,739,593 Debt services 0071 Principal on long-term debt - 71,899,085 0072 Interest on long-term debt 11,540 38,955,373 0073 Bond issuance costs and fees - 22,025 Capital outlay 103,521,316 103,764,735 Intergovernmental: -			-		
0031 Guidance, counseling and evaluation services - 22,509,679 0032 Social work services - 177,338 0033 Health services - 4,503,504 0034 Student transportation - 9,885,126 0035 Food services - 17,886,944 0036 Extracurricular activities 126,922 7,633,424 0041 General administration - 10,377,792 0051 Facilities maintenance and operations - 35,822,670 0052 Security and monitoring services - 6,168,224 0053 Data processing services - 10,563,564 0061 Community services - 2,739,593 0071 Principal on long-term debt - 71,899,085 0072 Interest on long-term debt 11,540 38,955,373 0073 Bond issuance costs and fees - 22,025 Capital outlay: 103,521,316 103,764,735 Intergovernmental: <		· ·	-		
0032 Social work services - 177,338 0033 Health services - 4,503,504 0034 Student transportation - 9,885,126 0035 Food services - 17,886,944 0036 Extracurricular activities 126,922 7,633,424 0041 General administration - 10,377,792 0051 Facilities maintenance and operations - 35,822,670 0052 Security and monitoring services - 6,168,224 0053 Data processing services - 10,563,564 0061 Community services - 10,563,564 0061 Community services - 10,583,564 0061 Community services - 71,899,085 0072 Interest on long-term debt 11,540 38,955,373 0073 Bond issuance costs and fees - 22,025 Capital outlay: 103,521,316 103,764,735 Intergovernmental: - - - 44,24,029			-		
0033 Health services - 4,503,504 0034 Student transportation - 9,885,126 0035 Food services - 17,886,944 0036 Extracurricular activities 126,922 7,633,424 0041 General administration - 10,377,792 0051 Facilities maintenance and operations - 35,822,670 0052 Security and monitoring services - 6,168,224 0053 Data processing services - 10,563,564 0061 Community services - 2,739,593 Debt service: - 2,739,593 Debt service: - 10,563,564 0071 Principal on long-term debt - 71,899,085 0072 Interest on long-term debt 11,540 38,955,373 0073 Bond issuance costs and fees - 22,025 Capital outlay: 103,521,316 103,764,735 Intergovernmental: - 64,424,029 0093 Payments related to shared servi			-		
0034 Student transportation - 9,885,126 0035 Food services - 17,886,944 0036 Extracurricular activities 126,922 7,633,424 0041 General administration - 10,377,792 0051 Facilities maintenance and operations - 35,822,670 0052 Security and monitoring services - 6,168,224 0053 Data processing services - 10,563,564 0061 Community services - 2,739,593 Debt service: 0071 Principal on long-term debt - 71,899,085 0072 Interest on long-term debt 11,540 38,955,373 0073 Bond issuance costs and fees - 22,025 Capital outlay 103,521,316 103,764,735 Intergovernmental: 0091 Contracted instructional services - 64,424,029 0093 Payments related to shared services arrangements - 469,338 0099 Other intergovern			-		
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Community services - 2,739,593 Debt service: 0071 Principal on long-term debt - 71,899,085 0072 Interest on long-term debt 11,540 38,955,373 0073 Bond issuance costs and fees - 22,025 Capital outlay: 0081 Capital outlay 103,521,316 103,764,735 Intergovernmental: 0091 Contracted instructional services - 64,424,029 0093 Payments related to shared services arrangements - 469,338 0099 Other intergovernmental charges - 3,258,181 6030 Total Expenditures 103,791,022 701,443,085 1100 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (96,651,924) (82,998,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 7912 Sale of real or personal property - 121,859 7913 Proceeds from leases - 1,407,434 7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td>			-		
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0072 Interest on long-term debt 11,540 38,955,373 0073 Bond issuance costs and fees - 22,025 Capital outlay: 0081 Capital outlay 103,521,316 103,764,735 Intergovernmental: 0091 Contracted instructional services - 64,424,029 0093 Payments related to shared services arrangements - 469,338 0099 Other intergovernmental charges - 3,258,181 6030 Total Expenditures 103,791,022 701,443,085 1100 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (96,651,924) (82,998,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 7912 Sale of real or personal property - 121,859 7913 Proceeds from leases - 1,407,434 7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293					
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Capital outlay: 0081 Capital outlay 103,521,316 103,764,735 Intergovernmental: 0091 Contracted instructional services - 64,424,029 0093 Payments related to shared services arrangements - 469,338 0099 Other intergovernmental charges - 3,258,181 6030 Total Expenditures 103,791,022 701,443,085 1100 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (96,651,924) (82,998,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 7912 Sale of real or personal property - 1,407,434 7980 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,407,434 7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700) Fund Balances - Beginning 261,224,290 434,046,436	0072		11,540		
Capital outlay 103,521,316 103,764,735 Intergovernmental: 0091 Contracted instructional services - 64,424,029 0093 Payments related to shared services arrangements - 469,338 0099 Other intergovernmental charges - 3,258,181 6030 Total Expenditures 103,791,022 701,443,085 1100 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (96,651,924) (82,998,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 7912 Sale of real or personal property - 1,407,434 7913 Proceeds from leases - 1,407,434 7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700) Other Balances - Beginning 261,224,290 434,046,436	0073		-	22,025	
Intergovernmental:					
0091 Contracted instructional services - 64,424,029 0093 Payments related to shared services arrangements - 469,338 0099 Other intergovernmental charges - 3,258,181 6030 Total Expenditures 103,791,022 701,443,085 1100 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (96,651,924) (82,998,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 7912 Sale of real or personal property - 121,859 7913 Proceeds from leases - 1,407,434 7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293	0081		103,521,316	103,764,735	
0093 Payments related to shared services arrangements - 469,338 0099 Other intergovernmental charges - 3,258,181 6030 Total Expenditures 103,791,022 701,443,085 1100 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (96,651,924) (82,998,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 7912 Sale of real or personal property - 121,859 7913 Proceeds from leases - 1,407,434 7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700) Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700)		Intergovernmental:			
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6030 Total Expenditures 103,791,022 701,443,085 1100 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures (96,651,924) (82,998,993) Other Financing Sources (Uses) 7912 Sale of real or personal property - 121,859 7913 Proceeds from leases - 1,407,434 7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700) 0100 Fund Balances - Beginning 261,224,290 434,046,436	0093	Payments related to shared services arrangements	-	469,338	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) (96,651,924) (82,998,993) 7912 Sale of real or personal property - 121,859 7913 Proceeds from leases - 1,407,434 7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700) 0100 Fund Balances - Beginning 261,224,290 434,046,436	0099	Other intergovernmental charges		3,258,181	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) 7912 Sale of real or personal property - 121,859 7913 Proceeds from leases - 1,407,434 7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700) 0100 Fund Balances - Beginning 261,224,290 434,046,436	6030	Total Expenditures	103,791,022	701,443,085	
7912 Sale of real or personal property - 121,859 7913 Proceeds from leases - 1,407,434 7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700) 0100 Fund Balances - Beginning 261,224,290 434,046,436	1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(96,651,924)	(82,998,993)	
7912 Sale of real or personal property - 121,859 7913 Proceeds from leases - 1,407,434 7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700) 0100 Fund Balances - Beginning 261,224,290 434,046,436		Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
7913 Proceeds from leases - 1,407,434 7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700) 0100 Fund Balances - Beginning 261,224,290 434,046,436	7912		_	121.859	
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 1,529,293 1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700) 0100 Fund Balances - Beginning 261,224,290 434,046,436			_		
1200 Net change in fund balances (96,651,924) (81,469,700) 0100 Fund Balances - Beginning 261,224,290 434,046,436					
0100 Fund Balances - Beginning 261,224,290 434,046,436	7000	roun canal rimanian geometric (cocc)			
	1200	Net change in fund balances	(96,651,924)	(81,469,700)	
3000 Fund Balances - Ending \$ 164,572,366 \$ 352,576,736	0100	Fund Balances - Beginning	261,224,290	434,046,436	
	3000	Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 164,572,366	\$ 352,576,736	

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Exhibit C-4

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data Control

Codes		
	Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (from C-3)	\$ (81,469,700)
	Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (B-1) are different because:	
1	Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation/amortization.	
	Capital expenditures reclassified to assets.	101,759,372
	Depreciation\Amortization expense charged to each function in the Statement of Activities	(29,042,218)
2	Governmental funds report the entire net sales price (proceeds) from sale of an asset as revenue because it provides current financial resources. In contrast, the Statement of Activities reports only the gain (loss) on the sale of the assets. Thus, the change in net position differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the asset sold.	(7,523,969)
3	Property tax revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(1,050,250)
4	Repayment of bond principal and lease payments are expenditure in the governmental fund, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	71,335,000
5	Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt is reported as an other financing source in the governmental funds. In the government-wide financial statements, proceeds are treated as an increase in long-term	(1,407,434)
6	Repayment of lease payable	564,085
	Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and these are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds:	
7	Changes in net pension liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	5,391,321
8	Changes in net OPEB liability and related deferred outflows and inflows of resources	4,782,229
9	Decrease in interest payable not recognized in fund statements	1,447,214
10	Decrease in accrued compensated absences	306,217
11	Amortization of bond premiums	5,582,666
12	Amortization on deferred loss on refunding	(691,795)
13	Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance and printing, to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the internal service funds is reported with governmental funds.	 60,947
	Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 70,043,685

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS
June 30, 2022

	usiness-Type ties - Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Assets	 _		_	
Current Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,056,596	\$	3,359,610	
Investments	2,218,677		-	
Receivables:				
Due from other funds	41,897		-	
Leas e receivables	752,616		-	
Other receivables	39,304		47,699	
Prepaid items	1,050		-	
Total Current Assets	 4,110,140		3,407,309	
Non-Current Assets:				
Furniture and equipment	241,118		44,350	
Vehicles	246,042		147,500	
Accumulated depreciation/amortization - vehicles	(209,862)		(147,500)	
Accumulated depreciation/amortization - furniture				
and equipment	 (148,229)		(44,350)	
Total Non-Current Assets	 129,069		-	
Total Assets	 4,239,209		3,407,309	
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	-		42,823	
Accrued wages payable	328,296		-	
Due to other funds	25,189		-	
Due to others	8,214		-	
Unearned revenue	 16,700			
Total Current Liabilities	 378,399		42,823	
Total Liabilities	 378,399		42,823	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows	 732,614			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	 732,614			
Net Position				
Investment in capital assets	149,071		-	
Unrestricted net position	2,979,125		3,364,486	
Total Net Position	\$ 3,128,196	\$	3,364,486	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	isiness-Type ies - Enterprise Fund	Activ	vernmental ities - Internal ervice Fund
Operating Revenues			
Local and intermediate sources	\$ 2,738,053	\$	397
Interfund services provided and used	-		1,338,487
Federal Program	 634,670		-
Total Operating Revenues	 3,372,723		1,338,884
Operating Expenses			
Payroll costs	1,758,681		251,312
Purchased and contracted services	82,659		62,210
Supplies and materials	52,129		83,655
Claims expense and other operating expenses	330,811		880,760
Depreciation/amortization	 43,475		
Total Operating Expenses	 2,267,755		1,277,937
Operating Income (Loss)	 1,104,968		60,947
Non-Operating Revenues			
Investment earnings	 3,650		
Total Non-Operating Revenues	 3,650		
Change in net position	1,108,618		60,947
Net Position			
Total Net Position - Beginning	 2,019,578		3,303,539
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 3,128,196	\$	3,364,486

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		usiness-type ies - Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	<u> </u>	_			
Cash received from customers	\$	3,033,587	\$	-	
Receipts from interfund charges for insurance services		-		1,335,633	
Receipts from other governments		634,670		-	
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(469,622)		(1,011,338)	
Payments to employees		(2,020,134)		(251,316)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities		1,178,501		72,979	
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Acquisition of capital assets		(52,368)		-	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Capital and Related Financing Activities		(52,368)		<u> </u>	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:					
Interest on investments		3,650			
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		3,650			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		1,129,783		72,979	
Cash and Investments - Beginning of Year		2,145,490		3,286,631	
Cash and Investments - End of Year	\$	3,275,273	\$	3,359,610	
Reconciliation to Balance Sheet:					
Cash and investments	\$	1,056,596	\$	3,359,610	
Investments	•	2,218,677	•	_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents per Balance Sheet	\$	3,275,273	\$	3,359,610	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:					
Operating income (loss)	\$	1,104,968	\$	60,947	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:					
Depreciation/amortization		43,475		-	
Change in Assets and Liabilities:					
Decrease (increase) in interfund receivables		181,183		-	
Decrease (increase) in receivable		(624,427)		(3,251)	
Decrease (increase) in Prepaid Items		(1,050)		-	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(5,854)		15,287	
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages payable		(261,453)		(4)	
Increase (decrease) in interfund payables		1,831		-	
Increase (decrease) in Due to Others		8,214		-	
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		(1,000)		_	
Increase (decrease) in unavailable inflows		732,614			
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	1,178,501	\$	72,979	

June 30, 2022

		te Purpose ust Fund	Cus	stodial Fund
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,875	\$	-
Investments		225,583		4,745,199
Due from other funds		-		12,759
Other receivables		-		79,121
Prepaid items				9,715
Total Assets		234,458		4,846,794
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		2,000		21,736
Payroll deductions and withholding		-		566,570
Accrued Wages Payable		-		206
Due to other funds		-		1,382,719
Due to others		-		606,615
Total Liabilities		2,000		2,577,846
Net Position				
Restricted - other	\$	232,458	\$	2,268,948

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	te Purpose ust Fund	(Custodial Fund	
Additions	 			
Gifts and contributions	\$ -	\$	2,143,713	
Earnings on investments	 402		8,412	
Total Additions	 402		2,152,125	
Deductions				
Community service	 3,000		2,152,917	
Total Deductions	 3,000		2,152,917	
Change in net position	(2,598)		(792)	
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 235,056		2,269,740	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 232,458	\$	2,268,948	



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Spring Branch Independent School District (the "District") is an independent public educational agency operating under applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. The District is autonomously governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees elected by the District's residents.

The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in Statement on Auditing Standards No. 69, as amended by Statement on Auditing Standards No.'s 91 and 93 of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; and it complies with the most recent requirements of the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (the "Resource Guide" or FASRG) and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

The following is a summary of the most significant accounting policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is considered an independent entity for financial reporting purposes and is considered a primary government. The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is elected by the public and has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the GASB in its Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus; an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34.* The District is not financially accountable for any other organizations; therefore, no component units are included within the reporting entity. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding entities.

As required by U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements have been prepared, based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions, as part of the District's financial reporting entity. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units*. The District receives support from various Parent Teacher Associations (PTA), booster clubs and foundation organizations. None of these organizations meet the criteria specified by GASB No. 39 to be included in the District's financial statements. Therefore, there are no component units included within the reporting entity.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the District's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the District is part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with prescribed criteria considered in determining that the District's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are: that it has a separately elected governing body; it is legally separate; and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Spring Branch Independent School District operating activities and activities other than the District's fiduciary activities. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, state foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. The District's business-type activities rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of direct costs. The "Charges for Services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include school lunch charges, etc. The "Operating Grants and Contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA). If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Property taxes are considered general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds and proprietary funds appear as "Due To/Due From" on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements except for internal services provided. Interfund activities between governmental funds and the enterprise fund remain on the government-wide statements and appear on the government-wide Statement of Net Position as internal balances.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers all governmental and enterprise funds to be major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are non-operating.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and trust fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources, and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due.

The expenditures are recognized for compensated absences and claims and judgments when amounts are due and payable. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within sixty days after year-end.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the state are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant revenues are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Funds and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. The fund equity is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first when appropriate, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds in accordance with the provisions of the Resource Guide. Each fund is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses. For financial statement presentation, the District's fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds-not the District as a whole. All of the District's governmental and enterprise funds are considered major funds in accordance with generally accepted financial reporting criteria.

Governmental Funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the government's primary operating fund. It is used to account for all financial transactions not properly includable in other funds. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, state funding under the Foundation School Program, interest earnings on fund investments, and federal source revenues. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the District, except for specific programs funded by the federal or state government, food service, debt service and capital projects.

Special Revenue Fund - The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for all financial resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Specifically, this type of fund is used to account for the District's food service program, including local and federal revenue sources, for federally financed programs (grants) where unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods and other revenue specific programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of revenues. Resources accounted for in these programs are awarded to the District for the purpose of accomplishing specific educational tasks as defined by grantors in contracts or other agreements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Fund Accounting (continued)

Governmental Funds:

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the payment of interest and principal on all bonds of the District. The primary sources of revenue for debt service is local property taxes.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the expenditures of resources accumulated from sales of bonds and related interest earnings for the renovation, acquisition and construction of school facilities.

Proprietary Funds:

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

Enterprise Fund - The Enterprise fund is used to account for revenues and expenses related to the District's tuition/fee-based self-sustaining programs such as Employee Child Care, and Facilities Rentals. The District accounts for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. Revenues are received based on fees charged for services. Expenses include payments to employees and charges incurred in administering the programs.

Internal Service Fund - The district's internal service fund is used to account for the operations of the District's partially self-funded workers' compensation plan, which is supported by employer contributions. Expenses include plan benefit payments to employees and charges incurred in administering the plan.

Fiduciary Funds:

Private Purpose Trust Funds - Funds set up for handling specific scholarship money received by the District.

Custodial Funds - The Custodial Funds are used to account for activities of student groups, and the employee's medical flexible spending accounts. The Custodial Funds accounts for resources held in a custodial capacity by the District and consists of funds that are property of students and others and cannot be used by the District in operations.

E. Other Accounting Policies - Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, money markets, balances in private-managed public funds investment pools (TexPool, TexSTAR and LOGIC), and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. For the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Proprietary Fund Types consider temporary investments, with maturity of three months or less when purchased, to be cash equivalents. For cash management purposes, the District transfers balances to either a money market mutual fund or an externally pooled investment account. The cash is transferred back to the District as needed.

E. Other Accounting Policies - Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (continued)

2. Investments

Investments consist largely of certificates of deposit, commercial paper, U.S. government agency securities, corporation obligation short-term and government investment pools. The District's investments are carried at fair value based on quoted market prices at year-end, in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Investments having a maturity of three months or less are reported as cash and cash equivalents.

The District categorizes fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, provides a framework for measuring fair value. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's local government investment pools are recorded at amortized costs as permitted by GASB Statement No. 79 Certain Investment Pools and Pool Participants.

The three levels of fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs that are used to measure assets and liabilities are:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets and liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. The District estimates the fair value of the investments using inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an asset or liability.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Market values are provided by Hilltop Securities Asset Management, LLC (HSAM). HSAM's source for pricing government securities (Treasuries and agencies) and most commercial paper is SVC, a subsidiary of SS&C and an information aggregator. SVC uses a number of sources for their pricing data, with most government securities and commercial paper pricing provided by Interactive Data Corp (IDC), an independent third-party pricing service, which is the largest source provider of fixed income pricing. Interactive Data's evaluations are based on market data. Interactive Data utilizes evaluated pricing models that vary by asset class and incorporate available trade, bid and other market information.

Because many fixed income securities do not trade on a daily basis, Interactive Data's evaluated pricing applications apply available information as applicable through processes such as benchmark curves, benchmarking of like securities, sector groupings, and matrix pricing, to prepare evaluations. SVC and/or IDC provide some, but not all, of the commercial paper (CP) pricing, while HSAM estimates other CP prices based on comparable market offers of similar issuers with comparable credit ratings and maturity dates. All pricing and market values are based on Level 2 inputs.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Other Accounting Policies - Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (continued)

3. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds for specified purposes. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the combined fund balance sheets.

4. Inventories and prepaid items

Inventories consisting of supplies and materials are stated at first-in, first-out method and they include consumable transportation, instructional, food consumables and various other supplies. Inventories of governmental funds are valued at cost and expenditures are recorded when the supplies and materials are used or consumed (consumption method) rather than when purchased. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at fair market supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services on the date received. Commodity inventory is recorded at fair values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the State and recorded as inventory and revenue when received in the government funds. A portion of fund balance is non-spendable to reflect minimum inventory quantities considered necessary for the District's continuing operations, generally in an amount equal to inventory values on hand at the end of the year.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

5. Capital Assets

Capital Assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed (except for intangible right-to-use lease assets). Costs of the Facilities Acquisition and Construction function that relate to overall planning of District facilities, managing overall District assets and overall construction projects are treated as period costs and are not capitalized unless related to specific assets. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at their acquisition value on the date donated.

E. Other Accounting Policies - Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (continued)

5. Capital Assets (continued)

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the related costs or other recorded amounts are removed. Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Infrastructure	50
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	15 - 40
Temporary Buildings	40
Buses	15
Vehicles	10
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5
Right To Use Assets	5 - 20

6. Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the statement of financial position as described below:

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred outflows of resources for refunding Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net
 position, this deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt
 and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded
 or refunding debt.
- Deferred outflows of resources for pension Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results 1) differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments; 2) changes in actuarial assumptions; 3) differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences and 4) changes in the District's proportional share of pension liabilities. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. The deferred outflows resulting from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period. The remaining pension related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan.

E. Other Accounting Policies - Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (continued)

6. Deferred Outflow/Inflows of Resources (continued)

• Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB - Reported in the government wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from OPEB plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability and the results of 1) differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments; 2) changes in actuarial assumptions; 3) differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences and 4) changes in the District's proportional share of OPEB liabilities. The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net post-employment benefit liability in the next fiscal year. The deferred outflows resulting from differences between projected and actual earnings on postemployment plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period. The remaining postemployment related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with post-employment benefits through the post-employment benefit plan.

A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has four items that qualify for reporting in this category:

- Deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, unavailable revenues from property taxes and leases arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.
- Deferred inflows of resources for pension Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net
 position, these deferred inflows result primarily from 1) changes in actuarial assumptions; 2) differences
 between expected and actual actuarial experiences and 3) changes in the District's proportional share of
 pension liabilities These pension related deferred inflows will be amortized over the expected remaining
 service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the
 pension plan.
- Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB Reported in the government wide financial statement of net position, this deferred inflow results from OPEB plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability and the results of 1) differences between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments; 2) changes in actuarial assumptions; 3) differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences and 4) changes in the District's proportional share of OPEB liabilities. The deferred inflows of resources related to postemployment benefits resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net post-employment benefit liability in the next fiscal year. The deferred inflows resulting from differences between projected and actual earnings on postemployment plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period. The remaining postemployment related deferred inflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with post-employment benefits through the post-employment benefit plan.
- Deferred inflows of resources for leases Reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, this deferred inflow results from lease agreements where the District is the lessor. This deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

E. Other Accounting Policies - Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (continued)

7. Long-Term Obligations

- In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.
- Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest
 method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are
 recognized as an expense in the period incurred.
- In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as
 bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued, including lease liabilities are
 reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing
 sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

8. Transactions Between Funds

Transactions which constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures or expenses initially made from that fund, which are properly attributable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures or expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of the expenditures or expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

Other legally authorized transfers are treated as operating transfers and are included in the results of operations of the governmental funds.

9. Compensated Absences - Accumulated Vacation Pay and Sick Leave

The District maintains a policy allowing employees meeting established requirements to be compensated for unused sick leave at retirement. The estimated liability for accumulated sick leave is reported in the government-wide statement of net position for the portion that is not currently payable from available financial resources at year-end and is accounted for as an assigned fund balance in the governmental funds-general fund. Annual vacation time is granted to full-time employees assigned to the auxiliary salary schedule in positions normally requiring 12 months of service and non-duty days are allowed for certain employees on a 223 and 230 day work calendar. No more than 30 days may be accumulated.

10. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher's Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense and information about assets, liabilities and additions to and deduction for TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefits payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefits terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

E. Other Accounting Policies - Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (continued)

11. Other Post-Employment Accounting Policies

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

12. Leases

Lessee: The District is a lessee for several noncancellable leases for property and equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$400,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the
 measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that
 the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require re-measurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

Lessor: The District is a lessor for noncancellable leases agreements. The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred revenue in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

E. Other Accounting Policies - Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (continued)

12. Leases (continued)

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease receipts to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease receipts.

- The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease. Lease receipts included in the measurement of the lease receivable is composed of fixed payments from the lessee.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease receivable.

13. Fund Equity

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, provides more defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent.

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable fund balance - Amounts that are not in spendable form or are required to be maintained intact. As such, the inventory and prepaid items have been properly classified in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (Exhibit C-1).

Restricted fund balance - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of local, state or federal laws, or externally imposed conditions by grantors or creditors.

Committed fund balance - Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. the Board of Trustees). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purposes unless the District takes the same highest level of action to remove or change the constraint. The District establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a commitment of the fund. In the Special Revenue Fund the District has committed 100 percent of *Campus Activity* related funds.

Assigned fund balance - Amounts the District intends or tentatively intends to use for a specific purpose. Assignment can be expressed by the District's Board of Trustees. For detail discussion on assigned fund balance as of June 30, 2022, see Note 13.

E. Other Accounting Policies - Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity (continued)

13. Fund Equity (continued)

Unassigned fund balance - Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. The District has not adopted a policy stating which fund balance category is spent first when committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available. By default, the District will consider amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned and finally unassigned funds. Board policy states that the District will strive to maintain an annual fund balance in the general operating fund in which the total fund balance is (except for nonspendable and restricted) 19 percent of the total operating expenditures. The debt service fund balance is targeted at 15 percent of the current year debt service requirements.

14. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

15. Data Control Codes

The data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the Financial Accountability System Resource Guide. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements submitted to them in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

16. Implementation of New Accounting Standards

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, was issued to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

Note 2 - Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

A. Reconciliation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position

Exhibit C-2 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net position for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and net pension liability, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Also, the property taxes receivable which is included as deferred in the fund financial statements are adjusted based on when the tax levy was made and adjusted for uncollectible amounts.

B. Explanation of Certain Differences Between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

Exhibit C-4 provides a reconciliation between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net position of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. This adjustment affects both the net position balance and the change in net position. The debt payments on retirement of debt are recorded as expenditures for fund basis financial statements but are a reduction of debt in the government wide financial statements. The capital asset additions are expenditures in the fund basis financial statements but are capitalized in the government-wide financial statements. The fund-basis financial statements do not include depreciation/amortization expense. The depreciation/amortization expense is a deduction to reconcile to the Government-Wide Statement of Activities. New debt issues are treated as other financing sources for fund-basis financial statements, but for the government-wide statements, those amounts are recorded as a liability. Property taxes are adjusted for the accrual basis and the unearned revenues are adjusted based on prior year levies and current year uncollectible amounts.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Data

The Board of Trustees adopts an annual "appropriated budget" for the General and Debt Service Funds and the Food Service Program included in the Special Revenue Fund. Budgets are prepared using the same method of accounting as for financial reporting. The District is required to present the adopted and final annual amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for all funds and programs that have "appropriated budgets." The General Fund budget report appears in the Required Supplementary Information section as Exhibit G-1 where the District compares the final annual amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. Per TEA regulatory requirements, the Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Program are required to be reported with the annual original budget, amended budget, and actual revenues and expenditures. These schedules are included as Other Supplementary Information at the end of the Financial Section of the School District's Annual Financial and Compliance Report in Exhibit H-1 and H-2.

The Capital Projects Fund budget is prepared on a project-basis based on the proceeds available from bond issues and planned expenditures. Capital Projects Fund equity, which represents unexpended appropriations, is re-appropriated in the subsequent fiscal year's budget until available funds for acquisition and construction of facilities have been utilized. Each major construction contract is approved based on the existing availability of bond proceeds.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

A. Budgetary Data (continued)

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 19th, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. During the year, amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. All supplemental appropriations must be within limits of available revenues and fund equity.
- 4. Each budget is controlled by a budget manager at the expenditure function/object level. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is used in all governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are commitments that do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Since under Texas law, appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year, outstanding encumbrances are appropriately provided for in the subsequent fiscal year's budget to provide for the liquidation of the prior commitments. Outstanding encumbrances as of June 30, 2022, are \$2,284,074 for general fund, \$1,780,921 for special revenue funds, \$71,634,121 for capital projects funds, \$3,517 for enterprise fund and \$82,040 for custodial funds.

Note 4 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments

A. Deposits (Cash)

Deposits and investment transactions of the District are regulated by State statutes through provisions of Chapter 23, Subchapter E, Sections 23.71 through 23.8 (the School Depository Act) of the Texas Education Code and other Code sections referenced therein and through provisions of the Texas Revised Civil Statutes, Title 47, Articles 2529c, and 2548a regarding security for District funds in depository institutions.

In accordance with applicable statutes, the District has a depository contract with an area bank (Depository). All depository contracts have a term of two years, commencing with the start of every odd-numbered fiscal year. Depository contracts are awarded on the basis of competitive bids received from area banks and can be awarded to more than one bank if the bids received are relatively equal.

The District may place funds with the Depository in interest and non-interest bearing accounts. Statutes and the depository contract require that all funds in the depository institution be fully secured by federal depository insurance or a combination of federal depository insurance and acceptable collateral securities and/or an acceptable surety bond.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)

A. Deposits (Cash) (continued)

The collateral securities must be delivered to the District or placed with an independent trustee institution with safekeeping receipts delivered to the District. In accordance with State statutes pertaining to lawful collateralization of District deposits, safekeeping receipts are issued in the name of the Depository with proper indication that the collateral securities are pledged by the Depository to secure funds of the District.

Acceptable collateral securities include direct obligations of the United States of America (U.S.), bonds of any agency of the U.S. (except Farmers Home Administration Insured Notes), Bonds of the State of Texas or of any county, school district, city, or town of the State of Texas as authorized by the Public Funds Collateral Act (Chapter 2257, Texas Government Code).

The District must approve all collateral securities prior to the security being pledged.

All demand and time deposits in the depository bank were entirely covered by federal depository insurance and by acceptable collateral securities held in the District's name by an agent of the District at year-end in accordance with provisions of the depository contract.

At June 30, 2022, the carrying amount of the District's deposits including money market accounts was \$24,597,916 and the bank balance was \$29,468,594. The District deposits in Wells Fargo were secured by \$32,798,345 of pledged collateral and \$250,000 of FDIC coverage. In addition, certificates of deposit were secured by \$109,595,526 of pledged collateral and FDIC coverage at various other institutions.

B. Investments

The Board of Trustees of the District has adopted a written investment policy (the "Investment Policy") regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act (Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code). The Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area, conducted as part of the audit, disclosed that in the area of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the District was in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act. Additionally, the investments and investment practices of the District are in compliance with the Boards' investment policies.

The Investment Policy emphasizes safety of principal and liquidity, addresses investment diversification, yield, and maturity, and addresses the quality and capability of investment personnel. The Investment Policy includes a list of authorized investment instruments, a maximum allowable stated maturity of any individual investment and the maximum average dollar weighted maturity allowed for fund groups. In addition, it includes an "Investment Strategy Statement" that specifically addresses each fund's investment options and describes the priorities of suitability of investment type, preservation and safety of principal, liquidity, marketability, diversification and yield.

The District is authorized to invest in the following investment instruments provided that they meet the guidelines of the Investment Policy:

- 1. Obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 2. Direct obligations of the State of Texas, or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 3. Other obligations, the principal and interest on which are unconditionally guaranteed or insured by the State of Texas or the United States, or its agencies and instrumentalities;
- 4. Collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States; and have a stated maturity no longer than ten years;

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)

B. Investments (continued)

- 5. Certificates of deposit fully collateralized and guaranteed or insured by the FDIC;
- 6. Repurchase agreements fully collateralized (102%), pledged to and held in the District's name, and deposited at the time the investment is made with the District or with a third party selected and approved by the District, with a defined termination date, and placed through a primary government securities dealer;
- Commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer and a rating of not less than A-1/P-1 by two nationally recognized credit rating agencies; or a fully secured irrevocable letter of credit from a U.S. bank and one A-1/P-1 credit rating;
- 8. Money Market Mutual Funds approved by the Board, with its funds only in investments approved by the Investment Policy:
- 9. Public Funds Investment Pools approved by the Board, with its funds only in investments approved by the Investment Policy.

A summary of the District's cash and investments at June 30, 2022, are shown below.

	Cash and Money Market		External Certificates of Investment Deposit Pools		U.S. Government Securities		Commercial Obligations		Total	
Governmental Funds										
General fund	\$	19,852,440	\$	21,246,546	\$ 10,525,934	\$	48,107,806	\$	122,929,820	\$ 222,662,546
Special revenue fund		1,946,833		-	8,716,251		-		-	10,663,084
Debt service fund		154,514			966,172		9,945,695		24,863,611	35,929,992
Capital projects fund		258,971		83,698,400	 29,738,729		64,771,300		3,994,933	182,462,333
Total Governmental Funds		22,212,758		104,944,946	49,947,086		122,824,801		151,788,364	451,717,955
Internal service fund		3,359,610			 		-		-	 3,359,610
Total Governmental Activities		25,572,368		104,944,946	49,947,086		122,824,801		151,788,364	455,077,565
					 7		7- 7			
Business-Type Funds										
Enterprise fund		1,056,596			 2,218,677				-	3,275,273
					 					·
Fiduciary Funds		8,875		-	4,970,782		-		-	4,979,657
Total Cash and Investments	\$	26,637,839	\$	104,944,946	\$ 57,136,545	\$	122,824,801	\$	151,788,364	\$ 463,332,495

For reporting purposes cash deposits and money market are considered by the District as cash equivalents.

The District's investments are registered, or held by the District's agent in the District's name. Therefore, the District is not exposed to custodial credit risk. Custodial Credit risk for investments is the risk that, in event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g. broker dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The District's policy requires that a third-party custodian hold all securities owned by the District.

The District generally holds all investments to maturity. The District did not purchase any derivative investment products during the fiscal year 2022 nor participate in any reverse repurchase agreements or security lending agreements during the fiscal year 2022.

Note 4 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)

B. Investments (continued)

The following table includes the portfolio balance, credit rating, and percentage of the portfolio balance by investment type and weighted average days to maturity of investments held by the District as of June 30, 2022:

	Fair Value	S&P Credit Quality Ratings	Percentage of Investments	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
Investment Type				
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 104,944,946	N/A	24.03%	219
Local Government Investment Pools: *				
Logic	26,053,329	AAAm	5.97%	32
TexPool	21,093,914	AAAm	4.83%	25
TexSTAR	9,989,302	AAAm	2.29%	42
Total	57,136,545			
Investments-Securities:				
Securities of U.S. Government Agencies:				
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp	6,992,530	AA+	1.60%	22
Federal Home Loan Bank	28,131,113	A-1+	6.44%	293
	35,123,643			
U.S. Treasury Notes	87,701,158	N/A	20.08%	214
Total	122,824,801			
Corporate Obligations Short-Term:				
City of Philadelphia	12,000,000	A-2	2.75%	6
University of Texas	3,994,933	Aaa	0.91%	96
MUFG Bank	11,996,990	A-1	2.75%	22
Kaiser Foundation Hospital	17,498,955	A-1+	4.01%	6
Royal Bank of Canada	44,347,146	A-1+	10.16%	35
ING (U.D.) Funding	39,987,100	A-2	9.16%	28
Vanderbilt University	9,991,667	A-1+	2.29%	74
Lloyds Bank Corp Markets	11,971,573	A-1+	2.74%	103
Total	151,788,364			
Total Investments	\$ 436,694,656		100.00%	

^{*} Per GASB 79, valued at amortized cost.

Investments' fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2022:

		 Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Investments	 Fair Value	Inputs	Inputs	 Inputs
Certificates of Deposit	\$ 104,944,946	\$ -	\$ 104,944,946	\$ -
Debt securities:				
U.S. Treasury Notes	87,701,158	-	87,701,158	-
U.S. Agency Securities	35,123,643	-	35,123,643	-
Corporate Obligations Short-Term	 151,788,364		151,788,364	
Total	\$ 379,558,111	\$ 	\$ 379,558,111	\$

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)

B. Investments (continued)

Local Government Investment Pools

As of June 30, 2022, the District's investments included the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool), Local Government Investment Cooperative (LOGIC) and the Texas Short Term Asset Reserve Program (TexSTAR). The TexPool, LOGIC and TexSTAR investment pools' investments are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form and, accordingly, do not have custodial risk.

TexPool policies require that local government deposits be used to purchase investments authorized by the Public Funds Investment Act of 1987, as amended. The Texas State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Federated Investors manages the daily operations of the pool under a contract with the Comptroller.

LOGIC is overseen by a Governing Board consisting of individuals from participating Government Entities in the pool. The business and affairs of LOGIC are managed by the Board. J.P. Morgan Asset Management provides investment management, fund accounting, transfer agency and custodial services for the pool and Hilltop Securities Inc. provides administrative, marketing and participant services. Together, these organizations bring to the LOGIC program a proven and noted track record in local government investment pool management.

TexSTAR is an investment pool managed by J.P. Morgan Fleming Asset Management (USA), Inc. (JPMFAM) and Hilltop Securities Asset Management, Inc. (HSAM). JPMFAM provides investment services and HSAM provides participant services and marketing. Custodial, transfer agency, fund accounting and depository services are provided by JPMorgan Chase Bank and/or its subsidiary J.P. Morgan Investor Services Co. TexSTAR will seek to maintain a credit rating no lower than AAA, AAAm, or the equivalent by at least one nationally recognized rating agency.

The value of District portions in TexPool, LOGIC` and TexSTAR are the same as the value of the shares. The external pooled funds use amortized cost rather than fair value to report net position to compute share price. Accordingly, the fair value of the positions of the pooled funds is the same as the value of the external pool shares. The funds are structured similar to a money market mutual fund which allows shareholders the ability to deposit or withdraw funds on a daily basis. Interest rates are also adjusted on a daily basis. Such funds seek to maintain a constant net asset value of \$1, although this cannot be fully guaranteed. TexPool, LOGIC and TexSTAR pooled funds have a weighted average maturity of 25, 32 and 42 days respectively. However, the District can redeem its share position within one day when necessary.

The District invests in various types of investment securities at June 30, 2022. These include U.S. Government Agencies, Treasury Notes, certificates of deposit and commercial paper in which the carrying value reflect the fair value of the investments. The District estimates the fair value of the investments using inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

Investment Risk

The risk exposure for governmental and business-type activities, major funds, the internal service fund, and fiduciary fund types of the District are not significantly greater than the deposit and investment risk of the overall primary government. The District's Investment Policy segregates the portfolios into strategic categories including:

- 1. General Fund
- 2. Debt Service Fund
- 3. Capital Projects Fund
- 4. Special Revenue and Other Special-Purpose Funds

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 4 - Deposits (Cash) and Investments (continued)

B. Investments (continued)

The District's Investment Policy seeks to control credit risk. Such risk is controlled by investing only in instruments of the highest credit quality; pre-qualifying the brokers and financial institutions with whom the District conducts business; obtaining sufficient collateral when required; diversifying investments among security types, issuers, and maturity dates; limiting final and weighted average maturities; and closely monitoring credit ratings.

In accordance with GASB 79, TexPool and TexStar do not have any limitations and restrictions on withdrawals such as notice periods or maximum transaction amounts. Both pools do not impose any liquidity fees or redemption gates.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The District monitors interest rate risk utilizing weighted average maturity analysis. In accordance with the Investment Policy, the District reduces its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to no more than 365 days, with the exception of debt service and capital projects funds which are matched to a specific cash flow for liquidity. In addition, the District shall not directly invest in an individual security maturing more than three years from the date of purchase. All investments at year-end complied with the Investment Policy in regard to maximum maturity dates and weighted average maturity limitations.

Adjustment to Investment's Fair Value

The District's portfolio value fluctuates in an inverse relationship to any change in interest rate. Accordingly, if interest rates have risen, the portfolio value will have declined. If interest rates have fallen, the portfolio value will have risen. Fair values of U.S. Treasury Notes, U.S. Government Agency Securities, certificates of deposit and short-term Corporate Obligations, are based on quoted market values. The investments are reported by the District at fair value in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards. The amount of increase or decrease in the fair value of investments is included in investment income.

The District recorded a decrease in the fair value of investments for the year that is included in investment income.

	Go	overnmental	Pro	oprietary	Fi	duciary	
		Funds		Fund		Fund	Total
Interest income	\$	1,812,069	\$	3,650	\$	8,814	\$ 1,824,533
Net decrease in fair value of investments		(340,712)					 (340,712)
Total Investment Income	\$	1,471,357	\$	3,650	\$	8,814	\$ 1,483,821

Note 5 - Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1st or within 60 days of receiving a certified roll in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1st of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1st of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Appraised values are established by the Central Appraisal District (CAD) of Harris County, Texas. Taxes are levied by the District's Board of Trustees based on the appraised values received from Harris County Appraisal District. Billing and collection of tax levies are performed by the District.

Property tax rates, established in accordance with state law, are levied on real and personal property within the District's boundaries for use in financing general government and debt service expenditures. Tax rates levied to finance general government and debt service expenditures for the fiscal year were \$0.9998 and \$0.3045, respectively, based on an assessed property valuation of approximately \$35.0 billion resulting in an adjusted tax levy of approximately \$455.9 million. Allowances for uncollectible taxes are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Note 5 - Property Taxes (continued)

Governmental funds net property taxes receivable at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	General		D	Debt Service		
		Fund		Fund		Totals
Delinquent Taxes:						
Current year levy	\$	3,735,925	\$	1,137,817	\$	4,873,742
Prior years' levies		4,672,388		1,297,484		5,969,872
Total Delinquent Taxes		8,408,313		2,435,301		10,843,614
Penalty and interest on delinquent taxes		3,946,227		1,299,286		5,245,513
Total Delinquent Taxes and Penalty and Interest		12,354,540		3,734,587		16,089,127
Less allowance for uncollectible taxes		(4,196,462)		(988,771)		(5,185,233)
Net Property Taxes Receivable	\$	8,158,078	\$	2,745,816	\$	10,903,894

Note 6 - Receivables Due From Other Governments

Receivables due from other governments at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	General Fund			Special Revenue Fund	Total		
Due From Other Governments		_		_			
Federal	\$	2,566,540	\$	21,855,201	\$ 24,421,741		
State		4,998,515		49,950	 5,048,465		
Total Due from Other Governments	\$	7,565,055	\$	21,905,151	\$ 29,470,206		

Note 7 - Payables Due To Other Governments

Payables due to other governments at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	General					
		Fund	Total			
Due To Other Governments		_		_		
State:						
Texas Education Agency	\$	64,850,070	\$	64,850,070		
Total Due To Other Governments	\$	64,850,070	\$	64,850,070		

Note 8 - Interfund Receivables, Payables and Transfers

Interfund balances consist of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements that result primarily from payroll, warehouse ordering, accounts payable and other regularly occurring charges that are paid by the general fund and then charged back to the appropriate other fund. Additionally, some lending/borrowing may occur between two or more governmental funds. Amounts due to/from other funds at June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	==-	terfund ceivables	Interfu	ınd Payables
Governmental Funds				-
General fund	\$	484,438	\$	103,008
Special revenue fund		355,934		738,952
Capital projects fund				15,120
Total Governmental Funds		840,372		857,080
Proprietary Funds Enterprise fund		41,897		25,189
Total Proprietary Funds		41,897		25,189
	A	002.260	A	002.250
Total - All Funds	\$	882,269	\$	882,269

Interfund transfers are defined as "flow of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment". The District report no interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2022.

Note 9 - Capital Assets

The District records assets based on historical costs and calculates depreciation/amortization on capital assets in accordance with GASB Statement 34. The District's capitalization policy is to capitalize assets costing over \$5,000 and with a life expectancy of two years or more. Depreciation/amortization expense on capital assets not directly related to a specific function will be allocated to the functional expense categories. Allocation is based on the square feet of buildings that are related to a specific function.

Capital asset activity for the governmental and business-type activities of the District for the year ended June 30, 2022, are as follows:

		Balance July 1, 2021,		R	etirements		Balance une 30,
		as restated	 Additions	ar	nd Transfers		2022
Governmental Activities			 _				
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Land	\$	26,837,367	\$ -	\$	-	\$	26,837,367
Construction in progress		299,827,900	 97,446,483	(<u> 156,226,703)</u>	2	41,047,680
Total Capital Assets, Not Being							
Depreciated		326,665,267	 97,446,483	(156,226,703)	2	67,885,047
Capital Assets Being Depreciated\Amortized:							
Buildings and improvements		928,517,681	-	:	134,613,159	1,0	63,130,840
Furniture and equipment		29,559,451	2,858,805		1,499,906		33,918,162
Vehicles		30,224,596	46,650		(622,842)		29,648,404
Right-to-use assets		1,847,159	1,407,434				3,254,593
Total Capital Assets, Being							
Depreciated\Amortized at Historical Cost		990,148,887	 4,312,889		135,490,223	1,1	29,951,999
Less: Accumulated Depreciation\Amortization	:						
Buildings and improvements		(324,327,311)	(24,562,528)		9,363,595	•	39,526,244)
Furniture and equipment		(27,115,281)	(1,861,129)		3,240,718	•	25,735,692)
Vehicles		(17,689,802)	(2,038,606)		608,198	(19,120,210)
Right-to-use assets		- (0.00 100 001)	 (579,955)		-		(579,955)
Total Accumulated Depreciation\Amortization		(369,132,394)	 (29,042,218)		13,212,511	(3	84,962,101)
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, Net	\$	947,681,760	\$ 72,717,154	\$	(7,523,969)	\$ 1,0	12,874,945
Business-type Activities							
Capital Assets being depreciated:							
Furniture and equipment	\$	188,750	\$ 52,368	\$	-	\$	241,118
Vehicles		246,042	 		_		246,042
Total Capital Assets, being							
Depreciated at historical cost		434,792	 52,368				487,160
Less: Accumulated Depreciation for:		(4.22.04.2)	(26.246)				(4.40.220)
Furniture and equipment		(122,013)	(26,216)		-		(148,229)
Vehicles		(192,603)	 (17,259)			-	(209,862)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(314,616)	 (43,475)			-	(358,091)
Business-type Activities							
Capital Assets, Net	\$	120,176	\$ 8,893	\$	_	\$	129,069
	<u> </u>	220,270	 2,233	<u> </u>			
Totals	\$	947,801,936	\$ 72,726,047	\$	(7,523,969)	\$ 1,0	13,004,014

Note 9 - Capital Assets (continued)

Capital assets for Internal Service funds included in governmental activities were as follows:

		Balance			
	June 30, 2022				
Vehicles	\$	147,500			
Furniture & equipment		44,350			
Accumulated depreciation/amortization		(191,850)			
	\$	-			

Depreciation/amortization expense of the governmental activities was charged to the functions/programs as follows:

	Depreciatio Amortizatio	
		Expense
Governmental Activities Depreciation/Amortization Expense:		
11 Instruction	\$	22,989,829
34 Student transportation		1,383,656
35 Food services		347,432
36 Cocurricular/extracurricular activities		1,747,296
41 General administration		98,650
51 Facilities maintenance and operations		717,992
52 Security and monitoring services		146,056
53 Data processing services		1,491,041
81 Facilities acquisition and construction		120,266
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$	29,042,218
Business-type Activities Depreciation Expense:		
36 Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	\$	14,770
51 Plant maintenance and operations		21,274
61 Community services		7,431
Total Business-type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$	43,475

Note 9 - Capital Assets (continued)

A summary of capital projects having construction in progress as of June 30, 2022, is scheduled as follows:

Description of Project	Construction in Progress at Cost	Approved Project Budget	Estimated Remaining Commitment
Memorial High	\$ 90,915,594	\$ 101,334,834	\$ 10,419,240
Northbrook High	29,976,455	35,386,460	5,410,005
Spring Woods High	30,436,539	33,012,148	2,575,609
Stratford High	42,439,046	51,107,546	8,668,500
Landrum Middle	-	5,190,126	5,190,126
Memorial Middle	1,084,180	10,018,152	8,933,972
Northbrook Middle	-	1,964,750	1,964,750
Spring Branch Middle	_	1,250,000	1,250,000
Spring Forest Middle	_	2,170,047	2,170,047
Spring Oaks Middle	5,999	1,818,728	1,812,729
Spring Woods Middle	-	1,250,000	1,250,000
Buffalo Creek Elementary	_	1,085,653	1,085,653
Bunker Hill Elementary	30,738,401	40,678,107	9,939,706
Cedar Brook Elementary	-	1,512,205	1,512,205
Edgewood Elementary	_	250,000	250,000
Hollibrook Elementary	_	250,000	250,000
Housman Elementary	_	250,000	250,000
Hunters Creek Elementary	_	909,847	909,847
Meadow Wood Elementary	_	25,000	25,000
Memorial Drive Elementary	353,903	2,283,387	1,929,484
Bunker Hill Elementary	7,646,051	40,309,790	32,663,739
Ridgecrest Elementary	-	250,000	250,000
Shadow Oaks Elementary	_	250,000	250,000
Spring Branch Elementary	_	250,000	250,000
Treasure Forest Elementary	_	1,188,897	1,188,897
Westwood Elementary (new)	_	181,184	181,184
Woodview Elementary	470,848	2,692,921	2,222,073
Bear Blvd	-	187,023	187,023
Lion Lane	_	275,771	275,771
Panda Path	_	45,369	45,369
Tiger Trail	_	94,057	94,057
Wildcat Way	_	106,919	106,919
Tax Office	_	50,000	50,000
District Wide Programs	1,506,100	6,209,782	4,703,682
Wayne Schaper, Sr. Admin Bldg	3,694,033	8,351,543	4,657,510
Transportation Facility	-	2,017,528	2,017,528
Other Warehouses	_	2,269,613	2,269,613
Gessner Warehouses	_	67,245	67,245
Athletic Complexes	_	5,805,647	5,805,647
Natatorium	_	1,265,122	1,265,122
East Transition Campus	857,456	1,829,933	972,477
South Transition Campus	-	883,939	883,939
West Support Center	<u>-</u>	93,568	93,568
I.T. Storage	923,075	5,038,447	4,115,372
	\$ 241,047,680	\$ 371,461,288	\$ 130,413,608

Note 10 - Long-Term Debt and Debt Service Requirements

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the renovation, acquisition, construction and equipment of major capital facilities. The general obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District.

General long-term debt consists of bonds payable, leases and compensated absences. Bonds are payable solely from future revenues of the Debt Service Fund which consists principally of property taxes collected by the District, and investment income. Certain outstanding bonds may be redeemed at their par value prior to their normal maturity dates in accordance with the terms of the related bonds indentures. The District has never defaulted on any bond principal or interest payment. Debt service requirements for accrued compensated absences are generally payable from the General Fund when due.

On October 2, 2009 and December 7, 2010, the District issued Unlimited Tax Schoolhouse Bonds, Taxable Series 2009 and 2010, also known as direct payment Build America Bonds (BABS) which provides for a direct reimbursement of up to 35 percent of the interest paid on the bonds. The District received reimbursements totaling \$2,662,929 during the fiscal year.

A summary of general long-term debt transactions of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, follows:

	Balance July 1, 2021, as restated	Issued and Additions	Retired and Refunded	Balance June 30, 2022	Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable					
General obligation bonds	\$ 867,150,000	\$ -	\$ (71,335,000)	\$ 795,815,000	\$ 71,755,000
Plus premiums on					
bonds at issuance	76,638,724		(5,582,666)	71,056,058	
Total Bonds Payable	943,788,724	-	(76,917,666)	866,871,058	71,755,000
Leases Payble	1,847,159	1,407,434	(564,085)	2,690,508	620,556
Compensated absences	10,281,491		(306,217)	9,975,274	1,394,994
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 955,917,374	\$ 1,407,434	\$ (77,787,968)	\$ 879,536,840	\$ 73,770,550

Note 10 - Long-Term Debt and Debt Service Requirements (continued)

Bonds Payable

Bonded debt, at June 30, 2022, is comprised of the following individual issues:

			Issue	Interest			Amount
	Series		Amount	Rate (%)	Matures	C	utstanding
2009B	BABS	\$	62,085,000	5.89	2039	\$	62,085,000
2010B	BABS		75,000,000	5.54 - 6.04	2039		75,000,000
2011	Schoolhouse Bonds		75,000,000	4.00 - 5.00	2027		10,225,000
2014A	Schoolhouse Bonds		31,390,000	2.50 - 5.00	2042		26,835,000
2014B	Refunding Bonds		63,520,000	3.00 - 5.00	2026		19,565,000
2015A	Refunding Bonds		65,795,000	2.00 - 5.00	2025		11,485,000
2015B	Refunding Bonds		153,550,000	2.00 - 5.00	2038		127,635,000
2018	Schoolhouse Bonds		132,345,000	3.00 - 5.00	2043		114,445,000
2019	Schoolhouse Bonds		230,880,000	2.625 - 5.00	2043		223,380,000
2020	Schoolhouse Bonds		155,630,000	1.75 - 5.00	2044		125,160,000
		Tota	al Bonds Payabl	e			795,815,000
		Plus	Unamortized P	remiums on Issua	nce		71,056,058
		Tota	al Bonds Payabl	e			866,871,058
		Less	Current Portio	n			71,755,000
		Lon	g-Term Portion	Bonds Payable		\$	795,116,058

Note 10 - Long-Term Debt and Debt Service Requirements (continued)

Annual Debt Service Requirements

Annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of June 30, 2022, follow:

Fiscal			
Year	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2023	\$ 71,755,000	\$ 35,285,198	\$ 107,040,198
2024	32,505,000	31,736,948	64,241,948
2025	30,270,000	30,134,798	60,404,798
2026	32,075,000	28,645,548	60,720,548
2027	28,070,000	27,044,733	55,114,733
2028	28,620,000	25,625,361	54,245,361
2029	29,980,000	24,186,779	54,166,779
2030	31,350,000	22,679,937	54,029,937
2031	38,695,000	21,181,908	59,876,908
2032	40,325,000	19,161,139	59,486,139
2033	41,860,000	17,339,071	59,199,071
2034	43,330,000	15,614,230	58,944,230
2035	44,875,000	13,848,362	58,723,362
2036	46,555,000	11,898,081	58,453,081
2037	48,225,000	9,867,476	58,092,476
2038	49,930,000	7,860,068	57,790,068
2039	40,770,000	5,761,013	46,531,013
2040	26,920,000	4,014,263	30,934,263
2041	27,875,000	3,095,800	30,970,800
2042	28,880,000	2,107,025	30,987,025
2043	27,850,000	1,079,325	28,929,325
2044	5,100,000	 114,750	 5,214,750
Total	\$ 795,815,000	\$ 358,281,813	\$ 1,154,096,813
Less Current Portion	 71,755,000		
Long-Term Portion	\$ 724,060,000		

The District is in compliance with all significant bond compliance requirements. As of June 30, 2022, the District had \$328.4 million authorized, but unissued bonds.

Note 11 - Leases

Lease Receivable

The District is leasing property for cell towers to a third party. The lease is for fifteen years and the District will receive monthly payments of \$5,182. The District recognized \$52,330 in lease revenue and \$29,851 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to this lease. As of June 30, 2022, the District's receivable for lease payments was \$752,616. Also, the District has a deferred inflow of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2022, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$732,614.

Lease Payable

During the current fiscal year, the District entered into various leases, the following table lists lease payable and right to use assets as of June 30, 2022.

				Lease	Liability	
Description	Start Date	End Date	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Liability as of June 30,2022	
Evolve Data Center Solutions - contract						
for a cage in a data center	7/1/2021	6/30/2026	4.0%	\$ 451,969	\$ 368,647	
Phonoscape Lightwave - Capacity on						
Fiber Optic Network	7/1/2016	6/30/2026	4.7%	1,807,159	1,478,817	
Spring Branch Center Building Foundation -						
lease of Panda Path school building	9/1/2021	8/31/2026	4.0%	995,465	843,045	
				\$3,254,593	\$ 2,690,509	
					Right to Use Assets	
Description	Start Date	End Date	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Accumulated amortization June 30, 2022	Net Balance June 30,2022
Evolve Data Center Solutions - contract	Start Date	Ellu Date	Hatt	Amount	Julie 30, 2022	June 30,2022
for a cage in a data center	7/1/2021	6/30/2026	4.0%	\$ 451,969	\$ (90,394)	\$ 361,575
Phonoscape Lightwave - Capacity on	7/1/2021	0,30,2020	4.070	7 431,303	Ç (30,334)	ψ 301,373
Fiber Optic Network	7/1/2016	6/30/2026	4.7%	1,807,159	(323,650)	1,483,509
Spring Branch Center Building Foundation -	, -,	-,,	.,-	, = = 1,===	(= 15/555)	,,
lease of Panda Path school building	9/1/2021	8/31/2026	4.0%	995,465	(165,911)	829,554
•				\$3,254,593	\$ (579,955)	\$ 2,674,638

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2022, were as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest		 Payment
2023	\$ 620,556	\$	104,324	\$ 724,880
2024	648,345		76,483	724,828
2025	677,386		47,388	724,774
2026	707,737		16,981	724,718
2027	36,484		183	36,667
Total	\$ 2,690,508	\$	245,359	\$ 2,935,867

Note 12 - Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Unearned Revenue

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred loss on refunding as of June 30, 2022 was \$6,163,591. Detailed discussions on deferred outflows for pension and OPEB are presented in Note 15 - Pension Plan and Other Post-Employment Benefits and Note 16 – Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Detailed discussions on deferred inflows for pension and OPEB are presented in Note 15 - Pension Plan, Other Post-Employment Benefits and Note 16 - Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans, and Note 11 - Leases, which only affect the government-wide financial statements. Property taxes that have not been collected within 60 days of year-end are considered unavailable in the fund financial statements.

Unearned revenue at year-end represents funds received in advance for which expenditures have not been incurred as is the case with grant revenue. A summary of deferred inflows and unearned revenue are as follows:

	Unavailable		Unearned		 Total
Deferred Inflows of Resources		_		_	 _
General fund - property taxes	\$	7,811,783	\$	-	\$ 7,811,783
Debt service fund - property taxes		2,510,327		-	2,510,327
Enterprise fund - lease receivable		732,614		-	732,614
Unearned Revenue					
General fund		-		340,545	340,545
Enterprise fund				16,700	 16,700
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources and					
Unearned Revenue	\$	11,054,724	\$	357,245	\$ 11,411,969

Note 13 - Fund Equity

Fund Balance Classifications - Restricted, Committed and Assigned

According to District policy CE Local, the Board may establish assignments or commitments of fund balance from time to time in order to meet specific District needs. Assignments and commitments of fund balance shall be vetted and approved by the Board. Furthermore, commitments of fund balance shall be submitted to the Board for approval. The District assigns portions of the fund balance to indicate the administration's tentative plans for future use of financial resources. The assignment is determined by management at the end of each fiscal year.

A summary of restricted, committed and assigned fund balance as of June 30, 2022, for all governmental fund types follows:

	General Fund		Special Revenue Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	
Restricted Fund Balance		Tunu	-110	venue i unu		CIVICC I UIIU		rojecto runu
Grant funds	\$	-	\$	9,974,204	\$	-	\$	-
Debt service		-		-		36,170,695		-
Capital acquisitions and obligations		-		-		-		164,572,366
Other:								
Instructional material allotment		-		140,377		-		-
Local technology		-		8,310,002		-		-
Donations - locally funded		_		3,142,114		-		
Total Other		_		11,592,493		-		
Total Restricted				21,566,697		36,170,695		164,572,366
Committed Fund Balance Other: Campus activity Total Committed		<u>-</u> _		2,436,503 2,436,503		<u>-</u> _		
			-					
Assigned Fund Balance								
Capital equipment replacement Other:		1,786,500						-
Compensated absences		10,259,000		-		-		-
Natural disaster		13,679,000		-		-		-
Subsequent year expenditures		21,563,516		-		-		
Total Other		45,501,516		-		-		<u>-</u>
Total Assigned		47,288,016						-
Totals	\$	47,288,016	\$	24,003,200	\$	36,170,695	\$	164,572,366

Note 14 - Revenues from Local, Intermediate and Out-of-State Sources

A summary of local revenues recorded in the governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, follows:

	General		Special Revenue		Debt Service		Capital	Total
	 	_	Revenue	_		_	Projects	
Property taxes	\$ 339,354,438	\$	-	\$	109,193,459	\$	-	\$ 448,547,897
Penalties, interest and								
other related tax income	2,419,226		-		560,114		=	2,979,340
Tuition and fees	1,786,601		-		-		=	1,786,601
Investment income	834,197		12,544		179,003		445,613	1,471,357
Food sales	-		432,849		-		=	432,849
Cocurricular activities	447,029		=		-		-	447,029
Insurance recovery	2,057,767		-		-		6,614,683	8,672,450
Other	807,890		5,664,311		-		78,802	 6,551,003
Total	\$ 347,707,148	\$	6,109,704	\$	109,932,576	\$	7,139,098	\$ 470,888,526

Note 15 - General Fund Federal Program Revenues

A summary of federal program revenues received in the General Fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, follows:

	Assistance Listing	Amount Recorded in
Program or Grant	<u>Number</u>	General Fund
Indirect Costs:		
ESEA, Title X, Part C Education for the Homeless	84.196A	\$ 5,650
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	507,348
IDEA, Part B - Formula	84.027A	170,292
IDEA, Part B - Preschool ARP	84.173X	1,236
ESEA, Title II, Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367A	50,035
ESSER Grant	84.425D	2,677,461
ESSER Grant	84.425U	4,075,487
ESSER Grant	84.425W	1,818
Total Indirect Costs		7,489,327
Direct Costs:		
Medicaid Program	93.778	243,797
SHARS Program	n/a	6,906,549
Build America Bonds Subsidized Interest	n/a	2,662,929
ROTC	12.000	80,366
EPA Cash Award	n/a	37
Texas Workforce Commission Reimbursements (Covid-19)	n/a	8,842
Total Direct Costs		9,902,520
Total Indirect and Direct Costs		\$ 17,391,847

Note 16 - Pension Plan and Other Post-Employment Benefits

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_archive_cafr.aspx, or by writing_to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the System's actuary.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 16 - Pension Plan and Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

	Contribution Rates Plan Fiscal Year		
	2022	2021	
Member (Employee)	8.00%	7.70%	
Non-employer contributing entity (State)	7.75%	7.50%	
Employers	7.75%	7.50%	

The following table shows annual contribution for the District for fiscal year 2022:

	Fiscal Year 2022		
	Cc	ntributions	
Employer (District)	\$	10,345,685	
Members (Employee)		21,357,142	
Non-employer contributing entity (State)		13,869,409	

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate, times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year, reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the
 retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative
 employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Note 16 - Pension Plan and Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Contributions (continued)

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.5 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2020, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2020 rolled forward to

August 31, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Asset Valuation Method Market Value

Single Discount Rate 7.25%

Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return 7.25%

1.95%. Source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal

Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2020

Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only fodorally tax exempt municipal bonds as

only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal

GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in projection period

(100 years) 2120

Inflation 2.30%

Salary Increases 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation

Benefit changes during the year None Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes None

The actuarial methods and assumptions that are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. These assumptions are further described in the 2021 TRS ACFR.

Note 16 - Pension Plan and Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25 percent. The projection of flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payment of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below:

		Long-Term Expected	Expected Contribution
	Target	Geometric Real	to Long-Term
Asset Class	Allocation 1	Rate of Return ²	Portfolio Returns
Global Equity	_		
USA	18.00%	3.60%	0.94%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.40%	0.83%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	4.60%	0.74%
Private Equity	14.00%	6.30%	1.36%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	-0.20%	0.01%
Absolute Return	0.00%	1.10%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	2.20%	0.12%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.50%	1.00%
Energy, Natural Resources and			
Infrastructure	6.00%	4.70%	0.35%
Commodities	0.00%	1.70%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8.00%	2.80%	0.28%
Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	-0.70%	-0.01%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	0.00%	0.03%
Inflation Expectation			2.20%
Volatility Drag ³			-0.95%
Expected Return	100.00%		6.90%

¹ Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

² Target allocations are based on the fiscal uear 2021 policy model.

³ Capital Market Assumption from Aon Hewitt as of August 31, 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 16 - Pension Plan and Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued))

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate.

	Discount Rate					
	1	l% Decrease	С	urrent Rate	19	% Increase
		6.25%		7.25%		8.25%
District's proportional share of the net pension						
liability	\$	120,174,935	\$	54,995,975	\$	2,116,055

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$54,995,975 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.2160%
District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability State's proportionate share that is associated with District	\$ 54,995,975 81,236,331
Total	\$ 136,232,306

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the total pension lability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 thru August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021, the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.2160 percent which was a decrease of 0.0075 percent from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

The General, Capital Projects and Special Revenue Funds are used to liquidate pension liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 16 - Pension Plan and Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Change Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

There were no changes in assumptions since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,937,181. The District also recognized an additional on-behalf revenue and expense of \$324,773 representing support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Outf	ferred flows of ources	 erred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	92,034	\$ (3,871,760)
Changes of assumption	1	9,440,003	(8,474,174)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	(46,113,411)
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		5,202,147	(3,015,203)
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		8,732,282	
Total	\$ 3	3,466,466	\$ (61,474,548)

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$8,732,282 will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Per	Pension Expense			
Fiscal Year		Amount			
2023	\$	(6,478,301)			
2024		(6,575,600)			
2025		(10,152,401)			
2026		(13,638,976)			
2027		41,441			
Thereafter		63,473			
	\$	(36,740,364)			

Note 17 - Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

A. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS- Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

B. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_archive_cafr.aspx, or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

C. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	M	edicare	No	n-Medicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse				
and Children		468		408
Surviving Children only		1,020		999

D. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 17 - Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

D. Contributions (continued)

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25 percent of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65 percent of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public or charter school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

	Contribution Rates			
	2022	2021		
Member (employee)	0.65%	0.65%		
Non-employer contributing agency (State)	1.25%	1.25%		
Employers	0.75%	0.75%		
Federal/private funding	1.25%	1.25%		

The following table shows annual contribution for the District for fiscal year 2022:

	Fiscal Year 2022	
_	Contributions	
Employer (District)	\$	2,320,669
Employee (Member)		1,746,034
mployer contributing agency (State)		4,299,953

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$230.8 million in fiscal year 2020 to maintain premiums and benefit levels in the 2020-2021 biennium.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2021. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2021.

Note 17 - Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (continued)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2020 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2021: (a) Rates of Mortality, (b) Rates of Retirement, (c) Rates of Termination, (d) Rates of Disability, (e) General Inflation, (f) Wage Inflation, and (g) Expected Payroll Growth.

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale (U-MP).

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31,

2021

Actuarial Cost Method Individual Entry Age Normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single Discount Rate 1.95% as of August 31, 2021

Aging factors Based on plan specific experience

Election Rate Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior

to age 65 and 40% participation after age 65,

25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to

discontinue coverage at age 65

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related

to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claim costs.

Projected Salary Increases

3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Healthcare Trend Rate 4.25% to 10.25%

Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes None

Note 17 - Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (continued)

F. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 1.95 percent was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. There was a decrease of 0.38 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the nonemployer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021 using the fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds

G. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

Discount Rate – The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	Discount Rate						
	1	% Decrease		Current Rate		1% Increase	
		(0.95%)		(1.95%)		(2.95%)	
District's proportional share of the net OPEB				_			
liability	\$	129,352,358	\$	107,236,856	\$	89,931,236	

H. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$107,236,856 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 107,236,856
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	 143,673,489
Total	\$ 250,910,345

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2020 and rolled forward to August 31, 2021 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 through August 31, 2021.

At August 31, 2021, the District's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.2780 percent which was an increase of 0.0003 percent from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

Note 17 - Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plan (continued)

H. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (continued)

The General, Capital Projects and Special Revenue Funds are used to liquidate pension liabilities.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate					
		1% Decrease		Trend Rate		1% Increase
District's proportional share of the net OPEB						
liability	\$	86,858,300	\$	107,236,856	\$	134,579,816

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

The discount rate changed from 2.33 percent as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021. This change
decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized negative OPEB expense of \$2,469,469. The District also recognized negative on-behalf expense and revenue of \$5,302,649 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows	
	01	f Resources		of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,617,054	\$	(51,910,140)
Changes of assumption		11,877,741		(22,678,610)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan				
investments		116,424		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District				
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		6,164,215		-
District contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date		1,941,233		
Total	\$	24,716,667	\$	(74,588,750)

Note 17 - Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

H. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs (continued)

The \$1,941,233 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	OPEB Expense
June 30:	Amount
2023	\$ (10,187,555)
2024	(10,190,181)
2025	(10,189,462)
2026	(7,366,700)
2027	(3,545,177)
Thereafter	(10,334,241)
	\$ (51,813,316)

I. Medicare Part D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2022, 2021, and 2020, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on-behalf of the District were \$1,111,628, \$1,186,099, and \$1,069,300, respectively. The information for the year ended June 30, 2022 is an estimate provided by the Teacher Retirement System. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statements of the District.

Note 18 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. The District's risk management program encompasses various means of protecting the District against loss by obtaining property, casualty, liability, health and workers compensation insurance coverage through commercial carriers. Settled claims have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the previous three fiscal years. There has not been any significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year.

Health Care Coverage

The District sponsors a fully-insured insurance plan to provide health care benefits to staff members and their dependents. Partial staff member contributions are required for personal coverage and staff member contributions are required for coverage of dependents.

Note 18 - Risk Management (continued)

Letter of Credit

In June of 2019 Wells Fargo Bank, N.A, issued a Standby Letter of Credit (SBLC) for drawings of up to \$599,000 for the benefit of Liberty Mutual Insurance Company. The District is administering an Owner Controlled Insurance Program under which insurance policies were purchased from Liberty Mutual to insure risks on construction projects financed by the 2017 bond authorization. Liberty Mutual required the District to provide the SBLC as a condition of issuing the insurance policies. If the District does not make deductible or loss limit payments due under the terms of the insurance policies Liberty Mutual may draw against the SBLC. As of fiscal year end no amounts were drawn, or expected to be drawn, on the SBLC. The District intends to annually renew the SBLC with an ultimate expiration date in June 2025.

Workers' Compensation Aggregate Deductible

During the year ended June 30, 2022, Spring Branch ISD met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

Spring Branch ISD participates in the Fund's reimbursable aggregate deductible program. As such, the member is responsible for a certain amount of claims liability as outlined on the member's Contribution and Coverage Summary document. After the member's deductible has been met, the Fund is responsible for additional claims liability.

The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2021, the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$44,985,187 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year-ended June 30, 2022, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions and reimbursable aggregate deductibles.

The Fund engages the services of independent auditors to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2021, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 19 - Compensated Absences

Sick Leave Policy

The District has established policies regarding the compensation of employees for unused sick leave upon retirement from service. An employee who is eligible to retire under the state retirement system, who selects the retirement system annuity options available, and who has been employed by the District for a continuous period of at least five years at the time of retirement shall be reimbursed for each day of unused local sick leave at a rate based on a percentage of the employee's average salary over the ten continuous years preceding retirement. Compensation for unused sick leave is limited and based on the years employed with the District, which are used to calculate the number of days and salary amounts that will be paid upon retirement.

The District records the payments for sick leave as an expenditure in the General Fund. The District records a liability at year-end in the General Fund for payments to be made to employees who have given notice before the end of the fiscal year and the amounts will be paid out of current resources early in the following fiscal year. As of June 30, 2022, the General Fund did not report a liability.

The District estimates the long-term portion of the sick leave liability and records this amount in the government-wide financials as a long-term liability. The long-term liability for compensated absences was \$9,975,274 as of June 30, 2022. The management of the District has assigned a portion of the fund balance in the General Fund to pay for accrued sick leave liability.

Note 20 - Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in a Shared Service Arrangement (SSA) for deaf education services with six other school districts. Approximately 15.70% of the students served by the SSA are attributable to the District. The District does not account for the revenues or expenditures for this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal contingencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Spring Branch Independent School District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA. The expenditures attributable to the District's participation for the year ended June 30, 2022 totaled \$469,338.

Note 21 - Litigation, Commitments and Contingencies

From time to time, the District is a defendant in legal proceedings relating to its operations as a school district. In the best judgment of the District's management, the outcome of any present legal proceedings will not have any adverse material effect on the accompanying financial statements.

The District received significant financial assistance from federal and state governmental agencies in the form of grants. The disbursements of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies and the TEA. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund. However, in the opinion of management, such disallowed claims, if any, will not have a material effect on any of the financial statements of the individual fund types included herein or on the overall financial position of the District at year-end.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 22 - Arbitrage

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, bonds must satisfy certain arbitrage rebate requirements. Positive arbitrage is the excess of the amount earned on investments purchased with bond proceeds, over the amount that such investments would have earned had such investments been invested at a rate equal to the yield on the bond issue. In order to comply with the arbitrage rebate requirements, positive arbitrage must be paid to the U.S. Treasury at the end of each five-year anniversary date of the bond issue. The District has estimated that there is no arbitrage liability as of June 30, 2022.

Note 23 - Subsequent Events

The District received proceeds of \$323,000,000 million on October 27, 2022 from issuance of Unlimited Tax Schoolhouse Bonds Series 2022. Proceeds will be used for the construction acquisition and equipment of school buildings, for the acquisition of school buses, for the acquisition of technology, and to pay the costs incurred in the issuance of the bonds.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



Inspiring minds. Shaping lives.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -ORIGINAL BUDGET, AMENDED FINAL (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Actual Totals for 2021

Data		Budgeted	Amounts	Actual	Final Budget	2021	
Control			Final	Amounts	Positive		
Codes	_	Original	Amended	GAAP Basis	(Negative)	Actual	
	Revenues						
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 346,752,670	\$ 347,828,205	\$ 347,707,148	\$ (121,057)	\$ 337,201,229	
5800	State Program Revenues	34,256,187	34,647,483	36,297,167	1,649,684	39,030,500	
5900	Federal Program Revenues	11,580,000	14,950,000	17,391,847	2,441,847	12,377,047	
5020	Total Revenues	392,588,857	397,425,688	401,396,162	3,970,474	388,608,776	
	Expenditures						
	Current:						
11	Instruction	213,715,687	201,616,660	195,694,172	5,922,488	215,238,641	
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	3,790,578	3,808,473	3,651,847	156,626	3,749,673	
13	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	8,444,406	7,076,769	6,853,199	223,570	7,011,942	
21	Instructional Leadership	7,832,713	7,598,084	7,157,604	440,480	6,593,619	
23	School Leadership	22,229,166	22,074,490	21,503,907	570,583	21,316,335	
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	17,140,753	16,770,644	16,300,193	470,451	16,444,850	
32	Social Work Services	132,388	147,388	122,764	24,624	116,122	
33	Health Services	4,494,224	4,338,791	4,205,361	133,430	2,298,268	
34	Student Transportation	8,854,816	10,041,036	9,151,033	890,003	8,495,798	
35	Food Services	59,960	159,960	138,103	21,857	3,385	
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	6,824,832	7,145,296	6,706,238	439,058	6,564,218	
41	General Administration	11,852,682	10,932,557	10,302,124	630,433	9,701,759	
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	35,713,396	28,804,540	26,974,238	1,830,302	27,993,985	
52	Security and Monitoring Services	5,663,841	6,259,124	5,769,705	489,419	5,862,163	
53	Data Processing Services	9,019,365	8,605,217	8,238,525	366,692	12,473,136	
61	Community Services	1,388,408	1,491,524	1,338,803	152,721	1,171,984	
71	Debt Service	1,300,400	906,150	506,151	399,999	1,171,304	
81	Capital outlay	289,600	322,123	218,809	103,314	612,154	
91	Contracted Instructional Services	51,618,062	68,150,496	64,424,029	3,726,467	59,724,360	
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges	3,300,000	3,260,000	3,258,181	1,819	3,181,412	
6030	Total Expenditures	412,364,877	409,509,322	392,514,986	16,994,336	408,553,804	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
1100	Expenditures	(19,776,020)	(12,083,634)	8,881,176	20,964,810	(19,945,028)	
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
7012	Other Financing Sources (Uses)			75,222	75 222	120 740	
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property	-	1 002 424		75,222	130,740	
7913	Proceeds from Lease	50,000	1,882,434	1,407,434	(475,000)	166 750	
7915	Transfers in	-	-	-	-	166,759	
8911	Transfers out		- 1 002 121	- 4 402 656	(200 770)	(5,452)	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	50,000	1,882,434	1,482,656	(399,778)	292,047	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(19,726,020)	(10,201,200)	10,363,832	20,565,032	(19,652,981)	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	117,439,279	117,439,279	117,439,279		137,092,260	
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 97,713,259	\$ 107,238,079	\$ 127,803,111	\$ 20,565,032	\$ 117,439,279	

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Each school district in Texas is required by law to prepare annually a budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures for the General and Debt Service Funds and the Food Service program included in the Special Revenue Fund before the beginning of the fiscal year. For the fiscal year beginning July 1st, the Texas Education Code requires the budget to be prepared not later than June 19th and adopted by June 30th of each year. The District's administration determines budgetary funding priorities using a modified zero-based budgeting concept, which is consistent with GAAP. Final budget allocations are determined by the Board, which subsequently establishes a tax rate sufficient to support the approved budget. The annual budget, which is prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting, must be adopted by the Board at a scheduled meeting after giving ten days public notice of the meeting. The District annually adopts legally authorized appropriated budgets for the General and Debt Service Funds and the Food Service program included in the Special Revenue Fund.

The District's administration performs budget reviews during the year in which budget requirements are re-evaluated and revisions are recommended to the Board. The Board may approve amendments to the budget, which are required when a change is made to any one of the functional expenditure categories or revenue object accounts defined by the TEA. Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations, as amended, at the function level by fund. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year-end.

Management may amend the budget without seeking Board approval if appropriations are not transferred between functions. During fiscal year 2022, General Fund budgeted appropriations were decreased by \$2.9 million.

Special Revenue Reconciliation of the Food Service Programs

A reconciliation of the Food Service program to the Special Revenue Fund follows:

Special Revenue Fund Total Revenue Food Service Program Revenue Other local, state and federal Revenue	\$ 99,603,004 (22,760,805) \$ 76,842,199
Special Revenue Fund Total Expenditures Food Service Program Expenditures	\$ 94,961,615 (18,300,323)
Other local, state and federal Expenditures	\$ 76,661,292

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

Teacher Retirement System of Texas

For the Last Eight Measurement Years Ended August 31 (1)

	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.2159545%	0.2085450%	0.2152580%	0.2094941%	0.2013303%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 54,995,975	\$ 111,692,491	\$ 111,897,876	\$ 115,310,682	\$ 64,374,610
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	81,236,331	170,470,072	158,387,000	174,521,390	105,022,736
Total	\$ 136,232,306	\$ 282,162,563	\$ 270,284,876	\$ 289,832,072	\$ 169,397,346
District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 260,870,242	\$ 250,420,467	\$ 232,079,599	\$ 224,739,409	\$ 216,179,463
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	21.08%	44.60%	48.22%	51.31%	29.80%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability *	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%
Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll *	51.08%	110.36%	114.93%	126.11%	75.93%
	2016	2015	2014		
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.2124879%	0.2214700%	0.1516979%		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 80,295,999	\$ 78,286,839	\$ 40,520,606		
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	130,039,152	124,975,866	108,711,946		
Total	\$ 210,335,151	\$ 203,262,705	\$ 149,232,552		
District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 218,955,935	\$ 211,547,412	\$ 205,458,627		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	36.70%	37.00%	19.70%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability *	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%		
Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll *	92.75%	91.94%	72.89%		

The amounts presented for each Plan year which ends the preceding August 31 of the District's fiscal year.

Note (1): Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule, but data was unavailable prior to 2014.

Net pension liability and related ratios will be presented prospectively as data becomes available.

^{*} Net pension liability is calculated using an new methodology and will be presented prospectively in accordance with GASB 68.

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - PENSION Teacher Retirement System of Texas Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2022		2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Contractually required contributions	\$ 10,345,685	\$	9,041,755	\$ 8,431,324	\$ 7,451,017	\$ 7,018,331
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions	 10,345,685	_	9,041,755	 8,431,324	 7,451,017	 7,018,331
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered	\$ 268,626,065	\$	259,366,018	\$ 247,157,828	\$ 230,577,415	\$ 223,647,790
payroll	3.85%		3.49%	3.41%	3.23%	3.14%
	2017		2016	2015	2014	 2013
Contractually required contributions	\$ 6,632,615	\$	6,730,805	\$ 6,034,880	\$ 3,683,688	\$ 3,136,061
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions	 6,632,615		6,730,805	 6,034,880	 3,683,688	 3,136,061
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$ -	\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered	\$ 216,419,381	\$	218,152,461	\$ 210,359,614	\$ 203,842,425	\$ 196,703,893
payroll	3.06%		3.09%	2.87%	1.81%	1.59%

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY PENSION INFORMATION

Teacher Retirement System of Texas

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension

Changes of Assumptions

2021: The public education employer contribution rate changed from 1.5% in 2020 to 1.6% in 2021.

2020: The state and employer contribution rate changed from 6.8% to 7.5%. The 1.5% public education employer contribution applied to just employers whose employees were not covered by OASDI in 2019 and it changed in 2020 to apply to all public schools, charter schools and regional education centers irrespective of participation in OASDI.

2018: The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to a blended rate of 6.907% as of August 31, 2018. The long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 7.25% as of August 31, 2018. Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Other Information

Effective September 1, 2014, employers who did not contribute to Social Security for TRS-eligible employees were required to contribute an additional 1.5% of TRS-eligible compensation which nearly doubled the District's contributions into the Plan. Because the District's proportional share of the plan is determined by its proportional share of contributions, the District recognized a corresponding increase in its share of net pension liability.

SCHEDULES OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY

Teacher Retirement System of Texas

For the Last Five Measurement Years Ended August 31 (1)

	2021	2020	2019	2018
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.2779996%	0.2776532%	0.2762276%	0.2728760%
District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability	\$ 107,236,856	\$ 105,548,504	\$ 130,631,462	\$ 136,249,530
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	143,673,489	141,831,888	173,579,991	190,879,970
Total	\$ 250,910,345	\$ 247,380,392	\$ 304,211,453	\$ 327,129,500
District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 260,870,242	\$ 250,420,467	\$ 232,079,599	\$ 224,739,409
District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	41.11%	42.15%	56.30%	60.60%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability *	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%
Plan's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll *	100.13%	101.46%	135.21%	146.64%
The amounts presented for each Plan year which ends the preceding August 31 of the District's fiscal year.				
	2017			
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.2615663%			
District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability	\$ 113,745,362			
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	167,667,465			
Total	\$ 281,412,827			
District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 216,179,463			
District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	52.62%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability *	0.91%			
Plan's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll *	132.55%			

The amounts presented for each Plan year which ends the preceding August 31 of the District's fiscal year.

Note (1): Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule, but data was unavailable prior to plan year 2017.

Net OPEB liability and related ratios will be presented prospectively as data becomes available.

^{*} Net OPEB liability is calculated using an new methodology and will be presented prospectively in accordance with GASB 75.

SCHEDULES OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - OPEB

Teacher Retirement System of Texas Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contributions	\$ 2,320,669	\$ 2,155,387	\$ 2,084,951	\$ 1,983,973
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions	2,320,669	2,155,387	2,084,951	1,983,973
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered payroll	\$ 268,626,065	\$ 259,366,018	\$ 247,157,828	\$ 230,577,415
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.86%	0.83%	0.84%	0.86%
	2018	2017		
Contractually required contributions Contributions in relation to the contractual	\$ 1,802,591	\$ 1,360,173		
required contributions	1,802,591	1,360,173		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -		
District's covered payroll	\$ 223,647,790	\$ 216,419,381		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.81%	0.63%		

Note (1): Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule, but data was unavailable prior to 2017.

Net pension liability and related ratios will be presented prospectively as data becomes available.

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL OPEB INFORMATION

Teacher Retirement System of Texas

Notes to Required Supplementary Information - OPEB

Changes of Assumptions

2021: The discount rate changed from 2.33% as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95% as of August 31, 2021.

2020: The discount rate changed from 2.63% as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33% as of August 31, 2020, lowered the participation rate assumption for employees who retire after the age of 65, and lowered the ultimate health care trend rate assumption to reflect the repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans.

2019: The discount rate changed from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019, lowered the participation rates and updated the health care trend rate assumption.

2018: The discount rate changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018, updated the health care trend rate assumption, and revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

Changes in Benefit Terms

Effective January 1, 2018, only one health plan option will exist (instead of three), and all retirees will be required to contribute monthly premiums for coverage. The health plan changes triggered changes to several of the assumptions, including participation rates, retirement rates, and spousal participation rates. This change in plan benefits significantly lowered the OPEB liability and had an immediate effect on the OPEB expenses recognized by participating entities.

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.
- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare eligible participants.
- Allowed the System to provide other, appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.
- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period.
- I Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute \$200 per month toward their health insurance premiums. There were no changes of benefit terms since the prior Measurement Date.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ORIGINAL BUDGET, AMENDED FINAL AND ACTUAL

DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

With Actual Totals for 2021

	Budgeted		
	Original	Final Amended	Actual Amounts GAAP Basis
Revenues			
Local, intermediate and out-of-State	\$ 109,035,000	\$ 109,820,637	\$ 109,932,576
State program revenues	350,000	312,000	373,252
Total Revenues	109,385,000	110,132,637	110,305,828
Expenditures			
Debt Service:			
Principal on long-term debt	70,541,786	71,616,786	71,335,000
Interest on long-term debt	38,818,437	38,818,437	38,818,437
Bond issuance costs and fees	22,025	22,025	22,025
Total Expenditures	109,382,248	110,457,248	110,175,462
Excess (deficiency) revenues over			
expenditures	2,752	(324,611)	130,366
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in			
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)			
Net Change in fund balance	2,752	(324,611)	130,366
Fund Balance - Beginning	36,040,329	36,040,329	36,040,329
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 36,043,081	\$ 35,715,718	\$ 36,170,695

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ORIGINAL BUDGET, AMENDED FINAL AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022
With Actual Totals for 2021

	Varian	ce With Final				
	Budget			2021 Actual		
Revenues	-			_		
Local, intermediate and out-of-State	\$	111,939	\$	107,275,762		
State program revenues		61,252		314,418		
Total Revenues		173,191		107,590,180		
Expenditures						
Debt Service:						
Principal on long-term debt		281,786		72,140,000		
Interest on long-term debt		-		36,125,152		
Bond issuance costs and fees				18,339		
Total Expenditures	-	281,786		108,283,491		
Excess (deficiency) revenues over						
expenditures		454,977		(693,311)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in				793		
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)				793		
Net Change in fund balance		454,977		(692,518)		
Fund Balance - Beginning		-		36,732,847		
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	454,977	\$	36,040,329		

Exhibit H-2

Page 1 of 2

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN PROGRAM BALANCES -ORIGINAL BUDGET, AMENDED FINAL AND ACTUAL - FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022 With Actual Totals for 2021

	Budgeted	Actual		
		Amounts		
	Original	Amended	GAAP Basis	
Revenues				
Local, intermediate and out-of-state	\$ 1,328,500	\$ 308,500	\$ 459,759	
State program revenues	90,000	30,000	28,056	
Federal program revenues	16,875,500	21,902,500	22,272,990	
Total Revenues	18,294,000	22,241,000	22,760,805	
Expenditures				
Food Services	17,686,250	19,268,250	17,507,886	
Facilities maintenance and operations	872,500	872,500	758,322	
Security and monitoring services	46,700	46,700	34,115	
Total Expenditures	18,605,450	20,187,450	18,300,323	
Excess (deficiency) revenues				
over expenditures	(311,450)	2,053,550	4,460,482	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of real and personal property	15,000	43,000	46,637	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	15,000	43,000	46,637	
, ,		,		
Net change in fund balance	(296,450)	2,096,550	4,507,119	
-				
Fund Balance - Beginning	5,467,085	5,467,085	5,467,085	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 5,170,635	\$ 7,563,635	\$ 9,974,204	
<u> </u>				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN PROGRAM BALANCES - ORIGINAL BUDGET, AMENDED FINAL AND ACTUAL - FOOD SERVICE PROGRAM For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022
With Actual Totals for 2021

	 riance With inal Budget	2021 Actual
Revenues		
Local, intermediate and out-of-state	\$ 151,259	\$ 167,501
State program revenues	(1,944)	91,582
Federal program revenues	 370,490	14,942,357
Total Revenues	519,805	15,201,440
Expenditures		
Food Services	1,760,364	12,975,672
Facilities maintenance and operations	114,178	763,441
Security and monitoring services	12,585	27,014
Total Expenditures	 1,887,127	13,766,127
Total Experiattures	 1,007,127	13,700,127
Excess (deficiency) revenues		
over expenditures	2,406,932	1,435,313
over expenditures	 2,400,332	1,433,313
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Sale of real and personal property	 3,637	33,046
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,637	33,046
5 , ,	,	
Net change in fund balance	2,410,569	1,468,359
•		
Fund Balance - Beginning	-	3,998,726
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 2,410,569	\$ 5,467,085



REQUIRED TEA SCHEDULE

Compliance schedules (Exhibits J-1 and J-4) are required by the Texas Education Agency and are not a required disclosure in the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report.

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Exhibit J-1 Page 1 of 2

			1		2		۸۵	3 Assessed/Appraised		10 Beginning	20 Current			
Fiscal	Tax			Tax	Rates			alue for School		Balance		Year's		
Year	Year	Mai	ntenance	Deb	t Service	Total		Tax Purposes		7/1/21		Total Levy		
2013 and prior	2012 and prior	٧	/arious	٧	arious	Various		Various	\$	1,191,348	\$	_		
2014	2013	\$	1.0900	\$	0.3045	\$ 1.3945	\$	20,421,592,686		352,677		-		
2015	2014		1.0900		0.3045	1.3945		22,906,404,805		380,626		-		
2016	2015		1.0900		0.3045	1.3945		26,149,492,965		392,864		-		
2017	2016		1.0900		0.3045	1.3945		28,777,091,646		498,157		-		
2018	2017		1.0900		0.3045	1.3945		29,887,294,371		604,396		-		
2019	2018		1.1100		0.2845	1.3945		30,702,462,675		835,823		-		
2020	2019		1.0165		0.3045	1.3210		32,460,980,636		1,479,964		-		
2021	2020		1.0028		0.3045	1.3073		34,101,726,842		5,376,321		-		
2022	2021		0.9998		0.3045	1.3043		34,957,178,563		<u> </u>		455,946,480		
1000 Totals									\$	11,112,176	\$	455,946,480		
9000 - Porti	on of Row 10	000 foi	r Taxes Paic	l into	Tax									
Incremen	t Zone Unde	r Chap	ter 311, Ta	x Cod	e (Function	97)			\$	-	\$	_		

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fiscal Year	Tax Year	31 Maintenance and Operations Collections	 32 Debt Service Collections		33 Total Collections	A	40 Entire Year's djustments	 50 Ending Balance 6/30/22
2013 and prior	2012 and prior	\$ 95,633	\$ 18,153	\$	113,786	\$	(129,789)	\$ 947,773
2014	2013	18,929	5,288		24,217		-	328,460
2015	2014	22,273	6,222		28,495		(455)	351,676
2016	2015	17,552	4,903		22,455		(597)	369,812
2017	2016	36,175	17,619		53,794		26,948	471,311
2018	2017	19,542	13,748		33,290		(18,302)	552,804
2019	2018	41,945	20,736		62,681		(115,123)	658,019
2020	2019	(420,606)	(110,626)		(531,232)		(1,069,813)	941,383
2021	2020	(2,667,844)	(656,048)		(3,323,892)		(7,351,579)	1,348,634
2022	2021	341,433,662	 109,639,076		451,072,738		<u>-</u>	 4,873,742
1000 Totals		\$ 338,597,261	\$ 108,959,071	\$	447,556,332	\$	(8,658,710)	 10,843,614
				Pena	lty and interest	receiv	able on taxes	 5,245,513
				To	otal taxes receiva	able p	er Exhibit C-1	\$ 16,089,127
		\$ -	\$ 	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>

COMPENSATORY EDUCATION PROGRAM AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM COMPLIANCE RESPONSES For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Data		
Codes	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	Responses
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$ 30,078,945
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34)	\$ 15,138,402
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$ 8,161,604
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$ 3,944,306

STATISTICAL SECTION

(Unaudited)

The statistical section of the Spring Branch Independent School District's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's economic condition and overall financial health. To assist financial statement users, the information contained within this section is categorized as follows:

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to show how the District's financial performance and position have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help assess the factors affecting the District's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help assess the affordability of the District's current debt burden and its ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules provide demographic and economic indicators to help in understanding the environment in which the District operates and to facilitate in comparisons over time.

Operating Information

These schedules provide information about the District's operations and resources to assist in using the financial statement information to better understand and assess the District's economic condition.



SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

General Information Regarding the District

(Unaudited)

General

Spring Branch Independent School District, encompassing about 44 square miles, is located in Harris County, a Gulf Coast County in Southeast Texas. The District is located approximately 10 miles from downtown Houston and includes part of the City of Houston and the incorporated villages of Bunker Hill, Hedwig, Hilshire, Hunters Creek, Piney Point and Spring Valley. Interstate Highway 10 (I.H. 10) runs east-west through the center of the District and Interstate 610, the inner loop, forms the District's eastern boundary.

Education

The Spring Branch Independent School District serves approximately 33,500 students in 25 elementary, 7 traditional middle, 4 traditional high, 2 charter, 5 pre-kindergarten and 3 special campuses. The District's schools are well-known for academics and an outstanding college preparatory program.

Economy

Harris County and the Houston Metropolitan area comprise a leading region of business development in the nation. The economy is based on petrochemicals, tourism, shipping, refining, chemicals, space exploration, medical research, manufacturing and education. The West Houston area, of which the District is a major component, is recognized as one of the most active centers of business and industrial development in the region. Industry in the District includes manufacturers of oil field machinery and equipment, fabricated metals, lumber, plastic and rubber products, tools and nonelectric machinery.

Numerous shopping centers, malls, other retail establishments and a wide variety of service oriented businesses are located within the District, and offer a complement to industry within the District.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2022	 2021		2020	 2019	 2018**
Governmental Activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 314,049,336	\$ 270,125,553	\$	225,319,596	\$ 181,212,480	\$ 144,407,966
Restricted	45,734,253	39,121,886		39,676,558	40,362,752	41,203,585
Unrestricted	(108,655,023)	(128,162,558)		(105,599,585)	(97,298,339)	(133,796,297)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 251,128,566	\$ 181,084,881	\$	159,396,569	\$ 124,276,893	\$ 51,815,254
			-			
Business-Type Activities:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 149,071	\$ 120,176	\$	87,292	\$ 114,973	\$ 131,178
Unrestricted	 2,979,125	1,899,402		2,678,267	2,723,990	2,061,598
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 3,128,196	\$ 2,019,578	\$	2,765,559	\$ 2,838,963	\$ 2,192,776
Primary Government:						
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 314,198,407	\$ 225,406,888	\$	225,406,888	\$ 181,327,453	\$ 144,539,144
Restricted	45,734,253	39,676,558		39,676,558	40,362,752	41,203,585
Unrestricted	 (105,675,898)	 (102,921,318)		(102,921,318)	 (94,574,349)	 (131,734,699)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 254,256,762	\$ 183,104,459	\$	162,162,128	\$ 127,115,856	\$ 54,008,030

^{*} As restated for implementation of GASB 68 in Fiscal Year 2015, the District did not restate prior to 2014.

Source: The Statement of Net Position for Spring Branch Independent School District

^{**} Includes implementation of GASB 75 in Fiscal Year 2018, the District did not restate prior periods.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014*	 2013
Governmental Activities:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 102,444,943	\$ 69,514,589	\$ 48,556,852	\$ 31,340,087	\$ 39,027,408
Restricted	39,416,425	35,418,382	34,427,839	35,185,387	29,177,399
Unrestricted	30,193,017	 18,268,978	 20,625,708	12,023,486	 56,313,659
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 172,054,385	\$ 123,201,949	\$ 103,610,399	\$ 78,548,960	\$ 124,518,466
Business-Type Activities: Net investment in capital assets	\$ 178,044	\$ 210,747	\$ 232,945	\$ 176,312	\$ 127,443
Unrestricted	 1,682,378	 1,194,419	 990,458	1,032,359	 1,011,532
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ 1,860,422	\$ 1,405,166	\$ 1,223,403	\$ 1,208,671	\$ 1,138,975
Primary Government:					
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 102,622,987	\$ 69,725,336	\$ 48,789,797	\$ 31,516,399	\$ 39,154,851
Restricted	39,416,425	35,418,382	34,427,839	35,185,387	29,177,399
Unrestricted	31,875,395	19,463,397	21,616,166	13,055,845	57,325,191
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 173,914,807	\$ 124,607,115	\$ 104,833,802	\$ 79,757,631	\$ 125,657,441

^{*} As restated for implementation of GASB 68 in Fiscal Year 2015, the District did not restate prior to 2014.

Source: The Statement of Net Position for Spring Branch Independent School District

^{**} Includes implementation of GASB 75 in Fiscal Year 2018, the District did not restate prior periods.

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Expenses					
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction	\$ 247,677,247	\$ 260,149,036	\$ 268,839,993	\$ 234,722,680	\$ 149,201,257
Instructional resources and media services	3,953,222	3,958,358	3,786,825	3,897,560	2,461,202
Curriculum and instructional staff					
development	11,557,355	9,782,180	11,639,686	10,395,067	7,657,095
Instructional leadership	7,626,635	7,725,295	7,075,713	6,941,358	4,733,573
School leadership	21,240,692	21,645,150	23,117,862	21,475,508	13,637,365
Guidance, counseling, and					
evaluation services	21,452,688	20,691,243	19,316,645	16,858,291	10,954,681
Social work services	170,510	182,760	211,337	143,425	137,913
Health services	4,277,210	4,448,323	4,583,605	4,177,526	2,566,683
Student transportation	10,871,667	9,981,785	10,381,878	10,801,503	7,725,356
Food services	16,731,806	13,540,924	15,863,808	17,604,854	13,974,314
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	9,201,555	8,635,191	8,721,830	8,229,674	6,477,887
General administration	10,032,603	9,918,824	9,972,097	12,886,945	7,215,439
Plant maintenance and operations	35,503,673	34,309,085	32,707,469	31,416,621	27,151,071
Security and monitoring services	5,961,978	5,963,087	5,753,602	4,768,930	2,672,749
Data processing services	11,307,496	22,589,357	10,815,413	10,542,995	7,151,303
Community services	3,878,573	1,957,161	2,277,797	2,393,819	1,165,671
Interest on long-term debt	32,627,773	29,139,200	30,444,451	24,697,652	24,731,864
Bond issuance costs and fees	11,540	1,702,707	704,049	703,044	879,365
Facilities repairs and maintenance	2,453,020	17,017,257	10,467,783	10,896,450	2,337,289
Purchase of WADA	64,424,029	59,724,360	39,442,568	84,582,729	75,118,321
Payments related to shared service arrangements	469,338	496,366	505,942	463,835	475,908
Other intergovernmental charges	3,258,181	3,181,412	3,160,915	3,195,108	3,058,519
Total Governmental Activities	524,688,791	546,739,061	519,791,268	521,795,574	371,484,825
Business-Type Activities:					
Athletic rentals/concessions	653,687	571,228	656,589	423,420	561,370
After school programs	-	-	-	-	-
Employee childcare	1,320,187	2,138,941	1,456,390	1,369,333	1,263,112
Community education	-	77	37,653	235,839	220,866
Fine arts	7,007	2,413	98,844	120,439	129,529
Facility rentals	117,662	6,139	333,334	584,159	568,117
Summer school	169,212	125,088	195,980	331,579	279,700
Other		55,553	86,152	35,213	66,380
Total Business-Type Activities	2,267,755	2,899,439	2,864,942	3,099,982	3,089,074
Total Expenses	526,956,546	549,638,500	522,656,210	524,895,556	374,573,899

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Expenses	_				
Governmental Activities:					
Instruction	\$ 217,226,205	\$ 222,799,157	\$ 197,208,116	\$ 199,239,989	\$ 183,750,501
Instructional resources and media services	3,620,703	3,720,503	3,657,049	3,544,567	3,653,392
Curriculum and instructional staff					
development	9,113,423	8,517,401	7,482,753	7,912,503	8,100,879
Instructional leadership	5,101,858	5,290,951	4,103,909	3,226,808	3,624,133
School leadership	20,535,843	20,409,339	19,705,964	19,099,504	18,333,639
Guidance, counseling, and					
evaluation services	15,111,937	14,583,275	14,245,108	13,143,594	11,728,287
Social work services	161,589	172,201	94,149	96,337	96,369
Health services	4,030,789	3,784,085	3,548,314	3,411,881	3,286,152
Student transportation	9,936,767	9,561,908	9,045,577	8,763,517	8,521,668
Food services	17,528,355	17,848,073	16,419,940	16,287,375	15,555,202
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	7,582,955	7,332,319	7,122,368	6,724,772	6,294,896
General administration	9,504,505	9,151,327	7,788,096	7,534,880	6,897,517
Plant maintenance and operations	30,801,530	30,387,638	29,605,740	29,776,709	30,409,741
Security and monitoring services	3,926,287	3,708,907	3,457,287	3,234,400	3,198,976
Data processing services	8,817,215	11,220,442	8,504,287	8,119,198	6,431,531
Community services	2,420,472	4,891,557	4,310,416	4,310,606	4,498,122
Interest on long-term debt	26,390,567	28,193,805	32,434,481	35,188,228	34,343,484
Bond issuance costs and fees	1,249,427	1,079,090	1,366,830	725,628	728,367
Facilities repairs and maintenance	6,014,174	5,514,826	3,798,885	5,838,853	4,748,351
Purchase of WADA	51,059,269	29,649,359	8,199,477	-	-
Payments related to shared service arrangements	419,250	312,788	378,141	346,466	285,156
Other intergovernmental charges	2,870,107	2,647,310	2,359,997	2,088,199	1,042,363
Total Governmental Activities	453,423,227	440,776,261	384,836,884	378,614,014	355,528,726
Business-Type Activities:					
Athletic rentals/concessions	753,147	958,611	1,004,163	1,185,289	923,305
After school programs	-	-	69,331	73,027	90,002
Employee childcare	1,363,637	1,635,564	1,629,226	1,581,070	1,592,635
Community education	239,448	309,211	377,020	343,753	325,576
Fine arts	115,441	137,140	138,667	158,233	137,436
Facility rentals	483,485	76,330	50,383	46,437	57,911
Summer school	336,090	300,660	388,620	287,325	232,231
Other	60,662				42,617
Total Business-Type Activities	3,351,910	3,417,516	3,657,410	3,675,134	3,401,713
Total Expenses	456,775,137	444,193,777	388,494,294	382,289,148	358,930,439

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Program Revenues					
Governmental Activities:					
Charges for Services:					
Instruction	\$ 2,201,712	\$ 1,730,131	\$ 2,009,577	\$ 2,663,683	\$ 2,593,049
Food services	447,003	165,268	1,658,745	2,136,694	1,605,942
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	447,029	267,757	387,840	420,087	372,481
Other activities	392,779	390,551	391,211	326,168	397,362
Operating grants and contributions	109,715,647	90,983,334	88,431,358	83,652,278	8,318,950
Total Governmental Activities	113,204,170	93,537,041	92,878,731	89,198,910	13,287,784
Business-Type Activities:					
Charges for Services:					
Athletic rentals/concessions	633,018	646,754	439,574	778,353	766,874
After school programs	-	-	-	-	-
Employee childcare	2,263,121	1,273,151	1,161,682	1,517,776	1,352,288
Community education	-	-	22,786	120,788	141,584
Fine arts	17,122	12,858	101,062	124,245	125,232
Facility rentals	280,079	39,083	521,056	918,471	907,042
Summer school	179,383	174,038	116,478	232,173	211,077
Other	-	-	-	468	4,200
Total Business-Type Activities	3,372,723	2,145,884	2,362,638	3,692,274	3,508,297
Total Program Revenues	116,576,893	95,682,925	95,241,369	92,891,184	16,796,081
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental Activities	(411,484,621)	(453,202,020)	(426,912,537)	(432,596,664)	(358,197,041)
Business-Type Activities	1,104,968	(753,555)	(502,304)	592,292	419,223
Total Net (Expense)/Revenue	(410,379,653)	(453,955,575)	(427,414,841)	(432,004,372)	(357,777,818)
Total New (Emperior), New Condition	(120,070,000)	(100)000,010	(127) 12 1,0 127	(102)001)0127	(007)7770207
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position					
Governmental Activities:					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	340,699,972	335,089,791	322,754,632	333,684,809	316,739,144
Property taxes, levied for debt service	109,713,540	107,652,910	102,886,193	91,540,055	94,916,596
Investment earnings	1,471,357	2,124,055	10,369,005	8,950,494	3,369,856
State aid - formula grants - unrestricted	18,491,817	21,075,188	23,955,821	68,724,464	20,397,035
Grants and contributions not restricted					
to specific programs	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	11,151,620	8,347,566	2,454,149	2,153,586	2,106,092
Transfers		(5,793)	(387,587)	3,895	108,881
Total Governmental Activities	481,528,306	474,283,717	462,032,213	505,057,303	437,637,604
Business-Type Activities:					
Investment earnings	3,650	1,781	41,313	57,790	22,012
Transfers		5,793	387,587	(3,895)	(108,881)
Total Business-Type Activities	3,650	7,574	428,900	53,895	(86,869)
Total General Revenues and Other Changes					
in Net Position	\$ 481,531,956	\$ 474,291,291	\$ 462,461,113	\$ 505,111,198	\$ 437,550,735
Change in Net Position					
Governmental Activities	\$ 70,043,685	\$ 21,081,697	\$ 35,119,676	\$ 72,461,639	\$ 79,440,563
Business-Type Activities	1,108,618	(745,981)	(73,404)	646,187	332,354
Total Primary Government	\$ 71,152,303	\$ 20,335,716	\$ 35,046,272	\$ 73,107,826	\$ 79,772,917

Source: The Statement of Activities for Spring Branch Independent School District

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Program Revenues					
Governmental Activities:					
Charges for Services:					
Instruction	\$ 2,090,639	\$ 2,016,736	\$ 2,051,797	\$ 1,830,851	\$ 1,912,510
Food services	2,532,920	2,583,162	2,638,425	2,911,703	3,039,522
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	491,668	470,036	452,040	434,228	418,223
Other activities	335,580	599,271	458,925	318,651	278,731
Operating grants and contributions	69,635,811	74,156,964	66,824,342	62,114,750	58,398,780
Total Governmental Activities	75,086,618	79,826,169	72,425,529	67,610,183	64,047,766
Business-Type Activities:					
Charges for Services:					
Athletic rentals/concessions	833,989	1,009,738	847,067	1,001,533	666,031
After school programs	-	-	69,910	79,330	91,915
Employee childcare	1,401,180	1,642,583	1,712,809	1,727,317	1,594,438
Community education	202,130	228,618	336,324	343,947	357,980
Fine arts	116,046	121,010	120,290	139,471	137,594
Facility rentals	888,125	205,453	92,193	92,193	91,393
Summer school	298,846	301,236	419,530	287,328	289,164
Other	58,635	72,391	72,391	72,391	115,528
Total Business-Type Activities	3,798,951	3,581,029	3,670,514	3,743,510	3,344,043
Total Program Revenues	78,885,569	83,407,198	76,096,043	71,353,693	67,391,809
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental Activities	(378,336,609)	(360,950,092)	(312,411,355)	(311,003,831)	(291,480,960)
Business-Type Activities	447,041	163,513	13,104	68,376	(57,670)
Total Net (Expense)/Revenue	(377,889,568)	(360,786,579)	(312,398,251)	(310,935,455)	(291,538,630)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position					
Governmental Activities:					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	304,304,218	279,933,694	245,907,769	219,095,170	200,319,455
Property taxes, levied for debt service	92,453,632	82,966,419	72,539,219	64,498,113	59,498,741
Investment earnings	1,224,540	1,404,857	805,188	533,462	713,180
State aid - formula grants - unrestricted	25,863,767	12,443,554	15,862,285	25,180,349	27,257,873
Grants and contributions not restricted	-,,	, -,	-,,	-,,-	, - ,
to specific programs	-	-	-	70,640	-
Miscellaneous	3,342,888	3,808,118	2,358,333	2,258,065	1,941,416
Transfers	-	(15,000)	-	-	250,000
Total Governmental Activities	427,189,045	380,541,642	337,472,794	311,635,799	289,980,665
Business-Type Activities:	,,-				
Investment earnings	8,215	3,250	1,628	1,320	1,806
Transfers	-	15,000	-,020	-,525	(250,000)
Total Business-Type Activities	8,215	18,250	1,628	1,320	(248,194)
Total General Revenues and Other Changes					(2:0)25:/
in Net Position	\$ 427,197,260	\$ 380,559,892	\$ 337,474,422	\$ 311,637,119	\$ 289,732,471
Change in Net Position					
_	¢ 40 0E2 426	¢ 10 E01 EE0	\$ 25,061,439	¢ 621.060	¢ (1 E00 205)
Governmental Activities	\$ 48,852,436	\$ 19,591,550		\$ 631,968	\$ (1,500,295)
Business-Type Activities Total Primary Government	455,256	181,763	14,732	69,696	(305,864)
iotai Primary Government	\$ 49,307,692	\$ 19,773,313	\$ 25,076,171	\$ 701,664	\$ (1,806,159)

Source: The Statement of Activities for Spring Branch Independent School District

FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	2018
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 4,645,535	\$ 4,038,635	\$ 2,805,675	\$ 2,688,471	\$ 2,883,058
Assigned	47,288,016	43,843,020	47,176,381	12,205,335	20,834,023
Unassigned	75,869,560	69,557,624	87,110,204	114,995,420	59,380,209
Total General Fund	\$ 127,803,111	\$ 117,439,279	\$ 137,092,260	\$ 129,889,226	\$ 83,097,290
All Other Governmental Funds					
Non-spendable, Reported in:					
Special Revenue Fund	\$ 27,364	\$ 223,503	\$ 1,486	\$ 387,793	\$ 336,758
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	-	47,484	-
Restricted, Reported in:					
Special Revenue Fund	21,566,697	16,501,877	15,241,337	13,943,396	13,637,011
Debt Service Fund	36,170,695	36,040,329	36,732,847	36,598,724	36,976,948
Capital Projects Fund	164,572,366	261,224,290	299,578,819	146,502,610	170,940,126
Committed, Reported in:					
Special Revenue Fund	 2,436,503	 2,617,158	 1,624,180	 1,396,610	 1,337,627
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 224,773,625	\$ 316,607,157	\$ 353,178,669	\$ 198,876,617	\$ 223,228,470

Source: The Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds for Spring Branch Independent School District

FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2017	 2016	 2015	 2014	 2013
General Fund					
Nonspendable	\$ 2,456,182	\$ 2,552,419	\$ 2,229,910	\$ 3,104,807	\$ 4,886,501
Assigned	20,834,023	20,834,022	23,332,944	23,005,277	18,448,202
Unassigned	 62,470,752	42,833,493	 37,229,167	32,383,083	 30,798,942
Total General Fund	\$ 85,760,957	\$ 66,219,934	\$ 62,792,021	\$ 58,493,167	\$ 54,133,645
All Other Governmental Funds					
Non-spendable, Reported in:					
Special Revenue Fund	\$ 175,058	\$ 148,550	\$ 164,932	\$ 232,365	\$ 256,839
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	-	-	-
Restricted, Reported in:					
Special Revenue Fund	12,477,094	10,606,545	17,293,713	14,721,636	13,345,058
Debt Service Fund	36,506,260	36,767,956	32,256,942	33,926,414	29,822,310
Capital Projects Fund	34,651,372	60,015,777	99,784,699	99,592,990	63,190,878
Committed, Reported in:					
Special Revenue Fund	 1,163,506	1,068,571	 939,615	891,434	847,600
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 84,973,290	\$ 108,607,399	\$ 150,439,901	\$ 149,364,839	\$ 107,462,685

Source: The Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds for Spring Branch Independent School District

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		2022		2021	2020		2019	2018
Revenues								
Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$	470,888,526	\$	458,188,196	\$ 445,206,440	\$	445,283,613	\$ 427,274,546
State programs		39,617,775		39,974,582	49,814,289		85,838,346	41,390,909
Federal programs		107,937,791		65,879,072	45,794,217		51,698,340	45,304,744
Total Revenues		618,444,092		564,041,850	540,814,946	_	582,820,299	 513,970,199
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction		243,002,764		233,282,843	221,926,842		199,037,115	195,594,272
Instructional resources and media services		4,134,878		3,942,342	3,629,705		3,672,277	3,593,594
Curriculum and instructional staff development		12,666,040		9,637,594	11,036,244		9,884,338	9,745,723
Instructional leadership		8,204,098		7,569,483	6,591,812		6,656,169	6,561,751
School leadership		22,374,681		21,421,277	21,505,240		20,219,861	20,153,963
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		22,509,679		20,475,586	18,201,239		16,011,903	14,950,464
Social work services		177,338		179,390	202,860		135,100	189,913
Health services		4,503,504		4,447,057	4,262,723		3,918,229	3,854,994
Student transportation		9,885,126		11,090,171	8,678,831		11,573,515	8,891,976
Food services		17,886,944		12,979,057	15,021,420		16,819,281	15,829,535
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities		7,633,424		6,975,253	6,654,583		6,252,150	6,345,894
General administration		10,377,792		9,704,696	9,481,651		12,425,527	9,129,043
Plant maintenance and operations		35,822,670		34,065,300	31,551,075		30,487,464	31,549,665
Security and monitoring services		6,168,224		6,101,200	5,377,463		4,756,041	3,819,229
Data processing services		10,563,564		21,081,844	9,060,840		8,834,758	7,335,860
Community services		2,739,593		1,920,605	2,001,176		2,220,441	2,028,972
Principal on long-term debt		71,899,085		72,140,000	70,204,379		61,895,893	66,225,344
Interest on long-term debt		38,955,373		37,124,460	33,601,545		31,465,236	30,588,005
Other debt service expenditures		22,025		29,944	1,720,143		134,131	1,098,040
Facilities acquisition and construction		103,764,735		213,460,812	111,832,032		25,916,253	9,505,604
Contracted instructional services		64,424,029		59,724,360	39,442,568		84,582,729	75,118,321
Payments related to shared service arrangements		469,338		496,366	505,942		463,835	475,908
Other intergovernmental charges		3,258,181		3,181,412	3,160,915		3,195,108	 3,058,519
Total Expenditures	_	701,443,085	_	791,031,052	635,651,228		560,557,354	 525,644,589
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(82,998,993)		(226,989,202)	 (94,836,282)		22,262,945	 (11,674,390)

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2017		2016		2015		2014	2013
Revenues	 _		_		_		_	
Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ 412,359,365	\$	374,574,649	\$	333,343,368	\$	296,858,984	\$ 271,546,150
State programs	43,327,729		31,638,445		31,557,522		40,550,933	40,161,499
Federal programs	44,419,757		45,213,192		44,868,724		43,242,824	41,761,766
Total Revenues	500,106,851		451,426,286	_	409,769,614		380,652,741	353,469,415
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction	189,890,757		189,965,945		181,897,891		175,826,794	166,462,318
Instructional resources and media services	3,526,116		3,624,098		3,679,025		3,522,081	3,625,706
Curriculum and instructional staff development	8,875,891		8,261,645		7,631,740		7,920,098	8,119,977
Instructional leadership	4,979,322		5,178,684		4,116,595		3,275,003	3,636,186
School leadership	20,068,272		20,044,199		19,567,055		19,098,113	18,409,260
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	14,776,624		14,343,673		14,161,861		13,149,995	11,707,677
Social work services	159,707		171,325		99,324		96,211	96,353
Health services	3,943,138		3,688,453		3,605,544		3,407,619	3,286,091
Student transportation	8,433,770		8,101,827		7,856,932		7,773,279	8,612,641
Food services	17,542,765		17,486,097		17,276,176		16,044,845	15,363,078
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	5,837,853		5,591,591		5,706,472		5,502,637	5,029,405
General administration	9,452,811		9,000,550		7,713,782		7,473,402	6,757,554
Plant maintenance and operations	30,358,633		30,436,189		29,248,155		29,275,234	30,553,170
Security and monitoring services	3,811,672		3,539,830		3,729,648		3,161,314	3,134,772
Data processing services	7,445,706		9,708,220		7,283,712		7,045,325	6,907,464
Community services	2,337,115		4,688,707		4,355,275		4,298,963	4,507,100
Principal on long-term debt	58,784,906		47,529,575		33,742,051		23,590,671	24,333,071
Interest on long-term debt	31,928,976		31,951,216		35,914,471		37,671,807	38,060,027
Other debt service expenditures	2,238,892		1,615,608		1,080,591		416,706	21,161
Facilities acquisition and construction	25,681,202		44,057,147		34,976,755		26,872,674	61,124,859
Contracted instructional services	51,059,269		29,649,359		8,199,477		-	-
Payments related to shared service arrangements	419,250		312,788		378,141		346,466	285,156
Other intergovernmental charges	2,870,107		2,647,310		2,359,997		2,088,199	1,042,363
Total Expenditures	504,422,754	_	491,594,036	_	434,580,670	_	397,857,436	421,075,389
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	(4,315,903)		(40,167,750)		(24,811,056)		(17,204,695)	(67,605,974)

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SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	 2022	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Refunding bonds issued	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,295,000	\$ -
Issuance of capital related debt (regular bonds)	-	155,630,000	230,880,000	-	132,345,000
Premium/discount from issuance of bonds	-	14,370,101	25,808,396	-	14,734,693
Sale of real and personal property	121,859	163,786	40,559	173,243	77,329
Proceeds from leases	1,407,434	-	-	-	-
Transfers in	-	167,552	783,647	1,612,645	126,026
Transfers out	-	(173,345)	(1,171,234)	(1,608,750)	(17,145)
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	 			(32,295,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 1,529,293	 170,158,094	 256,341,368	 177,138	 147,265,903
Net Change in fund balances	\$ (81,469,700)	\$ (56,831,108)	\$ 161,505,086	\$ 22,440,083	\$ 135,591,513
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures	18.49%	18.51%	19.49%	17.25%	18.72%

Note: Significant negative changes in fund balance are generally associated with facilities, acquisition and construction projects.

Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund

Table 4 Page 4 of 4

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	2017		 2016		2015		2014		2013
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Refunding bonds issued	\$	51,595,000	\$ 219,345,000	\$	116,510,000	\$	-	\$	-
Issuance of capital related debt (regular bonds)		-	-		31,390,000		60,990,000		-
Premium/discount from issuance of bonds		1,563,309	30,040,499		13,045,954		2,315,790		-
Sale of real and personal property		54,508	166,962		94,461		118,887		55,780
Proceeds from leases		-	-		1,500,093		-		-
Transfers in		77,341	-		72,290		41,605		250,000
Transfers out		(77,341)	-		(1,491,174)		-		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(52,990,000)	(247,789,300)		(130,936,563)		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		222,817	1,763,161		30,185,061		63,466,282		305,780
Net Change in fund balances	\$	(4,093,086)	\$ (38,404,589)	\$	5,374,005	\$	46,261,587	\$	(67,300,194)
Debt Service as a Percentage of Noncapital Expenditures		19.54%	17.32%		16.86%		18.15%		18.62%

Note: Significant negative changes in fund balance are generally associated with facilities, acquisition and construction projects.

Source: Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Fund



SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Appraise	ed Value			
Fiscal Year		Personal		Taxable	Total
Ended	Real Property	Property	Less:	Assessed	Direct
June 30,	Value	Value	Exemptions	Value	Rate 1
2022	\$ 40,499,636,720	\$ 5,013,625,141	\$ 8,840,347,161	\$ 36,672,914,700	1.3043
2021	39,393,190,960	5,086,602,699	8,645,020,476	35,834,773,183	1.3073
2020	37,758,077,417	5,016,309,335	8,464,643,590	34,309,743,162	1.3210
2019	35,904,928,872	4,934,699,483	8,178,896,843	32,660,731,512	1.3945
2018	35,266,396,044	4,479,338,152	7,864,212,054	31,881,522,142	1.3945
2017	33,526,434,169	4,910,541,251	7,815,108,164	30,621,867,256	1.3945
2016	32,575,143,564	2,373,871,377	7,249,268,469	27,699,746,472	1.3945
2015	28,167,826,641	2,212,613,252	6,176,359,821	24,204,080,072	1.3945
2014	25,212,260,439	2,154,708,573	5,833,418,802	21,533,550,210	1.3945
2013	23,401,710,061	1,888,419,343	5,618,449,625	19,671,679,779	1.3945

¹ Tax Rates are per \$100 of taxable assessed value.

Source: Harris County Appraisal District provides the District's tax office with appraised values for properties within the District's taxing authority. Appraised value, which includes frozen tax levies less exemptions equals taxable assessed value.

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Taxing Authority		2022		2021	 2020	 2019	2018		
Overlapping Rates:									
Bunker Hill Village, City of	\$	0.2750	\$	0.2750	\$ 0.2770	\$ 0.2770	\$	0.2770	
Harris County ¹		0.4241		0.4375	0.4508	0.4641		0.4611	
Hedwig Village, City of		0.3394		0.3749	0.3235	0.3067		0.2719	
Hilshire Village, City of		0.5899		0.5901	0.5591	0.5684		0.5022	
Houston, City of		0.5508		0.5618	0.5679	0.5883		0.5842	
Hunters Creek Village, City of		0.1941		0.1941	0.1941	0.1841		0.1841	
Memorial Village Water Authority		0.0264		0.0269	0.0275	0.0275		0.0275	
Piney Point Village, City of		0.2551		0.2559	0.2551	0.2551		0.2551	
Spring Valley, City of		0.4150		0.4250	 0.4250	 0.4300		0.4335	
Total	\$	3.0698	\$	3.1412	\$ 3.0799	\$ 3.1012	\$	2.9966	
District Direct Rates:									
Maintenance & Operations	\$ 0.9998		\$	1.0028	\$ 1.0165	\$ 1.1100	\$	1.0900	
Interest & Sinking C		0.3045		0.3045	 0.3045	 0.2845		0.3045	
Total District Direct Rates		1.3043	\$	1.3073	\$ 1.3210	\$ 1.3945	\$	1.3945	

¹ Includes Harris County, Harris County Department of Education, Harris County Flood Control District and the Port of Houston Authority

Source: Harris County Appraisal District Assessments https://doi.org/10.2016/nc.201

PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS (PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Taxing Authority		2017		2016		2015		2014	2013		
Overlapping Rates:											
Bunker Hill Village, City of	\$	0.2770	\$	0.2779	\$	0.2829	\$	0.2979	\$	0.2979	
Harris County ¹		0.4634		0.4654		0.4659		0.4663		0.4544	
Hedwig Village, City of		0.2225		0.2103		0.1964		0.2086		0.2173	
Hilshire Village, City of		0.4823		0.4881		0.5334		0.5743		0.6056	
Houston, City of		0.5864		0.6011		0.6311		0.6388		0.6388	
Hunters Creek Village, City of		0.1841		0.1841		0.1841		0.1841		0.1900	
Memorial Village Water Authority		0.0280		0.0304		0.0346		0.0386		0.0400	
Piney Point Village, City of		0.2551		0.2551		0.2551		0.2151		0.2151	
Spring Valley, City of		0.4335		0.4500		0.4878		0.5128		0.5398	
Total	\$	2.9323	\$	2.9624	\$	3.0713	\$	3.1365	\$	3.1989	
District Direct Rates:											
Maintenance & Operations	Operations \$ 1.09		\$	1.0900	\$ 1.0900		\$ 1.0900		\$	1.0900	
Interest & Sinking	erest & Sinking 0.30			0.3045		0.3045		0.3045		0.3045	
Total District Direct Rates	\$	1.3945	\$	1.3945	\$	1.3945	\$	1.3945	\$	1.3945	

¹ Includes Harris County, Harris County Department of Education, Harris County Flood Control District and the Port of Houston Authority

Source: Harris County Appraisal District Assessments

hctax.net/Property/JurisdictionTaxRates

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		l Year)22		Fisc 2		
Taxpayer	Assessed Value ¹	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value ²	Assessed Value 1	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Value ³
Conoco Phillips Co	\$ 434,502,466	1	1.15%			
MC Medical Campus LP	329,596,905	2	0.97%	209,744,229	2	1.13%
Energy Tower Investments Ltd	299,604,481	3	0.77%			
Memorial City Mall LP	260,060,226	4	0.74%			
Metro National Corp	259,360,298	5	0.71%	566,119,523	1	3.04%
MNC LP/LLC	238,282,513	6	0.70%			
ALKF LLC	214,510,297	7	0.60%			
Centerpoint Energy Inc	206,731,532	8	0.60%	107,097,680	6	0.57%
Weingarten Erealty	186,678,652	9	0.50%	194,699,166	3	1.05%
Memorial City Towers Ltd	183,434,486	10	0.48%			
Behringer Havard				176,900,000	4	0.95%
MN Coxen LLC				143,940,286	5	0.77%
Energy Tower II				101,111,222	7	0.54%
Mitsubishi Caterpillar Forklift America Inc				97,694,039	8	0.52%
Town & Country Ptnr				89,339,662	9	0.48%
Walmart	 			85,789,566	10	0.46%
Totals	\$ 2,612,761,856		7.22%	\$ 1,772,435,373		9.52%

¹ Assessed (taxable) value equals appraised value after exemptions.

\$ 19,671,679,779

Source: Spring Branch ISD tax office

² Total assessed value tax year 2021 equals:

^{\$ 36,672,914,700}

³ Total assessed value tax year 2012 equals:

Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy **Total Collections to Date** Percent of Collections **Total Tax** Tax Levy For The Percentage In Collections **Fiscal** Fiscal of Net Tax Subsequent To Net Year 1 Amount Years Year Levy **Amount** Tax Levy 2022 \$ \$ \$ \$ 451,072,738 455,946,480 451,072,738 98.93% 98.93% 2021 445,811,875 440,435,555 98.79% 437,111,663 98.05% (3,323,892)2020 428,803,062 423,288,111 98.71% (2,138,881)421,149,230 98.22% 2019 423,802,034 422,769,713 99.76% (802,717) 421,966,996 99.57% 2018 410,650,283 412,048,609 100.34% (1,962,012)410,086,597 99.86% 2017 393,879,250 396,841,527 100.75% (3,410,740)393,430,787 99.89% 2016 359,767,605 360,374,126 100.17% (985,087)359,389,039 99.89% 2015 315,732,587 316,363,770 100.20% (984,036)315,379,734 99.89% 2014 99.88% 281,229,367 282,051,822 100.29% (1,151,806)280,900,016 2013 99.89% 257,608,002 256,391,346 99.53% 923,961 257,315,307

¹ Appraised value less exemptions equal taxable assessed value. The beginning taxable value net of adjustments times the tax rate set by the District's Board of Trustees each fall equals the total net tax levy. The net tax levy for prior years reflects ongoing adjustments applied to that year's tax levy.

	Governmenta	al Activities				
Fiscal Year ¹	General Obligation Bonds	Leases/Notes Payable	Total Primary Government	Ratio of Debt to Assessed Value ¹	S1	Debt Per tudent ²
2022	\$ 866,871,058	\$ 2,690,508	\$ 869,561,566	2.37%	\$	28,834
2021	943,788,724	-	943,788,724	2.63%		30,717
2020	854,675,443	-	854,675,443	2.49%		26,845
2019	675,008,810	214,379	675,223,189	2.07%		21,209
2018	744,562,827	495,272	745,058,099	2.34%		22,852
2017	669,614,603	770,616	670,385,219	2.19%		20,593
2016	734,543,380	1,040,522	735,583,902	2.66%		22,560
2015	776,752,997	1,305,097	778,058,094	3.21%		23,973
2014	784,530,061	1,548,229	786,078,290	3.65%		24,206
2013	747,206,839	1,763,900	748,970,739	3.81%		23,364

¹ See Table 5 for assessed value data.

² See Table 15 for student average daily attendance data.

Fiscal Year	G	ross Bonded Debt			-	Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt To Assessed Value ¹	D	Bonded ebt Per udent ²
2022	\$	866,871,058	\$	24,157,566	\$	842,713,492	2.30%	\$	27,944
2021		943,788,724		22,620,009		921,168,715	2.57%		29,981
2020		854,675,443		24,434,511		830,240,932	2.42%		26,077
2019		675,008,810		27,239,206		647,769,604	1.98%		20,346
2018		744,562,827		26,765,920		717,796,907	2.25%		22,016
2017		669,614,603		24,663,287		644,951,316	2.11%		19,812
2016		734,543,380		18,582,403		715,960,977	2.58%		21,958
2015		776,752,997		20,231,386		756,521,611	3.13%		23,310
2014		784,530,061		14,984,741		769,545,320	3.57%		23,697
2013		747,206,839		15,002,336		732,204,503	3.72%		22,841

¹ See Table 5 for assessed value data.

² See Table 15 for student average daily attendance data.

Taxing Body	Net Debt Amount	Outstanding As of	Percent Overlapping 1	Share of Debt
Overlapping:			<u> </u>	
Bunker Hill Village, City of	\$ 11,610,00	00 6/30/2022	100.00%	\$ 11,610,000
Harris County	1,682,992,1	25 6/30/2022	7.03%	118,314,346
Harris County Dept of Education	20,185,0	00 6/30/2022	7.03%	1,419,006
Harris County Flood Control	584,900,00	00 6/30/2022	7.03%	41,118,470
Harris County Hospital District	76,385,00	00 6/30/2022	7.03%	5,369,866
Harris Co MUD #552	7,325,00	00 6/30/2022	100.00%	7,325,000
Hedwig Village, City of	4,760,00	00 6/30/2022	100.00%	4,760,000
Hilshire Village, City of	900,00	00 6/30/2022	100.00%	900,000
Houston, City of	3,163,795,0	00 6/30/2022	9.82%	310,684,669
Piney Point Village, City of	3,310,00	00 6/30/2022	95.50%	3,161,050
Port of Houston Authority	469,434,39	97 6/30/2022	7.03%	33,001,238
Spring Valley, City of	23,415,00	00 6/30/2022	100.00%	23,415,000
Total Net Overlapping Debt				561,078,644
Direct: Spring Branch Independent School District	869,561,5	66	100.00%	869,561,566
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$ 1,430,640,210

¹ Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the District. The percentage of overlapping debt is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping taxing authority's taxable assessed value that is within the District's boundaries and dividing it by the overlapping taxing authority's total taxable assessed value.

SPRING BRANCH INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Residential Units ¹	Total Assessed Value of Residential Units ¹	Personal Income ²		V	Average Assessed alue Per sidential Unit	er Capita ncome ²	Average Daily Attendance ³	Unemployment Rate ⁴
2022	46,560	\$ 27,122,219,665		*	\$	582,522	*	30,157	6.5%
2021	45,062	26,916,284,983		*		597,317	\$ 60,183	30,725	6.5%
2020	44,564	26,274,474,949	\$	285,160,839,000		589,590	55,129	31,838	8.4%
2019	44,166	25,089,467,484		282,809,166,000		568,072	53,266	31,837	3.8%
2018	43,705	24,685,355,513		265,351,328,000		564,818	56,474	32,604	4.4%
2017	43,291	23,214,885,369		250,502,446,000		536,252	53,188	32,554	5.3%
2016	43,001	21,223,254,889		233,826,878,000		493,553	51,186	32,606	5.5%
2015	42,816	18,569,606,282		249,989,500,000		433,707	55,088	32,455	4.8%
2014	42,494	16,521,857,706		252,694,912,000		388,804	56,896	32,474	5.4%
2013	42,325	15,545,579,506		230,462,963,000		367,291	53,141	32,057	6.8%

Source: Harris County (Texas) Appraisal District
 Source: FRED Economic Research
 Source: District Records

⁴ Source: TRTexas Labor Market Information

^{*} Information not yet available



PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2022			2013	
			Percentage of Principal			Percentage of Principal
Employer	<u>Employees</u>	Rank	Employers	<u>Employees</u>	Rank	Employment
W I M I G	24.000		45.460/			
Wal-Mart Stores Inc	34,000	1	15.46%			
HEB	32,635	2	14.84%	18,887	3	11.89%
Memorial Hermann Healthcare System	29,130	3	13.24%	21,000	1	13.22%
Houston Methodist	28,304	4	12.87%	14,826	7	9.34%
University of Texas M.D. Anderson Cancer Center	22,088	5	10.04%	19,486	2	12.27%
Amazon	20,000	6	9.09%			
Kroger Company	15,000	7	6.82%	14,866	6	9.36%
Texas Children's Hospital	14,378	8	6.54%			
HCA Houston Healthcare	12,614	9	5.73%			
United Airlines	11,834	10	5.38%	16,315	4	10.27%
McDonald's Corp				16,300	5	10.26%
Exxon Mobil Corp.				13,700	8	8.63%
National Oilwell Varco				12,036	9	7.58%
Shell Oil Co.				11,389	10	7.17%
Total Employed	219,983		100.00%	158,805		100.00%

2022 Source: Houston New Comers Guides

2013 Source: Annual Report 2013

https://www.houstonchronicle.com/business/chron-100/article/Houston-s-biggest-employers-reflect-local-12989530.php https://houstonnewcomerguides.com/top-houston-area-employers/

POSITION:	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Adatatata a	04.5	00.4	00.4	02.4	00.0
Administrator	91.5	90.4	90.4	82.4	88.9
Assistant Principal	82.5	83.0	82.0	79.0	79.0
Athletic Director	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Athletic Trainer	12.0	10.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Bus Driver/Bus Attendants	200.0	204.0	224.0	232.1	237.5
Cafeteria Workers	246.8	249.7	261.9	283.3	278.0
Child Care Worker	63.2	80.8	70.1	58.8	51.9
Counselor	77.0	77.5	79.9	76.5	76.3
Crossing Guard	25.0	29.0	35.0	31.5	26.0
Custodial	170.0	195.0	200.0	197.0	200.0
Intervention Specialists	107.2	98.7	106.7	91.0	87.2
Librarian/Library Assistant	42.0	41.5	42.0	40.5	39.0
Maintenance	85.0	86.0	80.0	90.0	103.0
Nurse/Nurse Assistant	62.0	59.0	57.4	56.0	58.0
Other Auxiliary*	25.5	29.5	32.4	23.0	22.0
Other Professional **	369.5	313.8	307.3	253.4	226.1
Police Officer	40.0	40.0	36.0	36.0	30.0
Principal	46.0	46.0	48.0	48.0	46.0
Registrar	5.0	6.0	6.5	6.0	6.0
Secretary/Clerical	310.9	320.3	345.9	308.5	308.6
Social Worker	-	-	-	-	1.0
Teacher	2,198.3	2,207.5	2,211.2	2,117.0	2,123.6
Teacher Assistant	457.3	404.6	450.5	394.2	377.0
Technial/Cat 9 and Aux Tech	61.0	61.5	60.5	54.5	54.0
Total Employees	4,781.7	4,737.8	4,839.7	4,570.6	4,531.1

^{*} Includes Warehouse Drivers, Child Nutrition Drivers, Telecommunications, and other technical auxiliary staff not otherwise listed.

Source: District Records

^{**} Includes Diagnosticians, Psychologists, Program Coordinators, Case Managers, Speech Pathologists and other professional staff not listed individually.

^{***} Methodology for grouping FTEs was updated for several categories.

POSITION:	2017	2016	2015***	2014	2013
Administrator	86.0	81.0	81.8	72.0	70.5
Assistant Principal	78.0	80.0	81.0	78.5	77.5
Athletic Director	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0	4.0
Athletic Trainer	8.0	8.0	6.5	8.0	8.0
Bus Driver/Bus Attendants	239.0	232.0	221.5	157.0	157.0
Cafeteria Workers	270.0	299.0	294.0	384.0	383.0
Child Care Worker	65.0	75.0	67.0	85.0	83.0
Counselor	79.0	74.0	71.5	59.5	59.0
Crossing Guard	32.0	42.0	34.0	56.0	55.0
Custodial	205.0	206.0	207.0	209.0	204.0
Intervention Specialists	116.0	116.0	119.0	122.9	116.4
Librarian/Library Assistant	38.0	39.0	38.0	40.0	39.0
Maintenance	97.0	107.0	101.0	109.0	109.0
Nurse/Nurse Assistant	61.0	65.0	46.0	53.0	53.0
Other Auxiliary*	25.0	33.0	35.5	28.0	28.0
Other Professional **	219.0	217.0	193.1	154.5	147.3
Police Officer	31.0	31.0	32.0	24.0	25.0
Principal	46.0	47.0	44.5	45.5	44.5
Registrar	6.0	6.0	6.0	5.0	5.0
Secretary/Clerical	321.0	328.0	334.0	342.8	335.9
Social Worker	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-
Teacher	2,133.0	2,230.0	2,136.3	2,188.5	2,150.9
Teacher Assistant	370.0	360.0	330.0	333.7	332.7
Technial/Cat 9 and Aux Tech	56.0	56.0	54.0	38.0	38.0
Total Employees	4,586.0	4,737.0	4,538.8	4,597.8	4,525.7

^{*} Includes Warehouse Drivers, Child Nutrition Drivers, Telecommunications, and other technical auxiliary staff not otherwise listed.

Source: District Records

^{**} Includes Diagnosticians, Psychologists, Program Coordinators, Case Managers, Speech Pathologists and other professional staff not listed individually.

^{***} Methodology for grouping FTEs was updated for several categories.

Fiscal Year	Average Daily Attendance	Operating Expenditures ¹		Cost Per Student		Percentage Change	G	Governmental Activities Expenses	
2022	30,157	\$	490,214,664	\$	16,255	3.84%	\$	524,688,791	
2021	30,725		480,965,868		15,654	16.72%		546,739,061	
2020	31,838		427,002,618		13,412	-4.62%		519,791,268	
2019	31,837		447,677,065		14,062	9.34%		521,795,574	
2018	32,604		419,316,252		12,861	7.27%		371,484,825	
2017	32,554		390,315,215		11,990	5.54%		453,423,227	
2016	32,606		370,409,781		11,360	24.90%		440,776,261	
2015	32,455		295,197,084		9,096	-6.17%		384,836,884	
2014	32,474		314,795,540		9,694	4.12%		378,614,014	
2013	32,057		298,459,754		9,310	-4.71%		355,528,726	

Source: Nonfinancial information from district records.

¹ Operating expenditures are total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay (to the extent capitalized for the government-wide statement of net position) and expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditures categories.

² Teachers per Table 14

Fiscal Year	Si	Cost Per tudent	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff ²	Student to Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Students in Free/Reduced Lunch Program
2022	\$	17,399	-2.23%	2,198	13.72	57.02%
2021		17,795	8.99%	2,208	13.92	57.06%
2020		16,326	-0.39%	2,211	14.40	61.27%
2019		16,390	43.85%	2,117	15.04	61.36%
2018		11,394	-18.20%	2,124	15.35	61.92%
2017		13,928	3.03%	2,133	15.26	59.93%
2016		13,518	14.01%	2,230	14.62	58.12%
2015		11,858	1.70%	2,136	15.19	55.94%
2014		11,659	5.13%	2,188	14.84	58.41%
2013		11,091	-3.28%	2,151	14.90	59.00%

Source: Nonfinancial information from district records.

¹ Operating expenditures are total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay (to the extent capitalized for the government-wide statement of net position) and expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditures categories.

² Teachers per Table 14



LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	inimum Salary ¹	aximum salary ¹	4	County Average Galary ²	Statewide Average Salary ²
2022	\$ 59,000	\$ 87,875	\$	62,356	\$ 58,887
2021	58,000	86,625		60,675	57,641
2020	57,000	85,400		60,160	57,091
2019	54,000	84,462		57,423	54,122
2018	52,000	81,000		56,943	53,334
2017	50,000	81,000		55,888	52,525
2016	50,000	81,000		59,791	51,892
2015	48,000	79,738		54,284	50,715
2014	47,000	77,416		52,356	49,692
2013	45,500	75,161		51,124	48,821

¹ Source: District records

https://rptsvr1.tea.texas.gov/adhocrpt/adpeb.html

² Source: Texas Education Agency website

Building:	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
HIGH SCHOOLS					
Memorial (1962)					
Square Footage	311,115	311,115	311,115	311,115	311,115
Capacity	2,516	2,516	2,516	2,516	2,516
Enrollment	2,531	2,577	2,607	2,620	2,669
Northbrook (1974)	2,002	_,_,,	_,00,	_,0_0	_,000
Square Footage	394,609	394,609	394,609	394,609	394,609
Capacity	2,477	2,477	2,477	2,477	2,477
Enrollment	2,622	2,573	2,674	2,578	2,517
Spring Woods (1964)	_,0	2,07.0	_,0,,	2,070	_,5_;
Square Footage	349,382	349,382	349,382	349,382	349,382
Capacity	2,098	2,098	2,098	2,098	2,098
Enrollment	2,105	2,086	2,157	2,150	2,165
Stratford (1974)	_,	2,000	_,,	_,	_,
Square Footage	323,500	323,500	323,500	323,500	323,500
Capacity	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923
Enrollment	2,229	2,192	2,151	2,137	2,148
	_,3	_,	_,	_,,	2,2 .0
MIDDLE SCHOOLS					
Landrum (1956) / (2021)					
Square Footage	238,215	178,731	178,731	178,731	178,731
Capacity	1,000	954	954	954	954
Enrollment	926	973	1,046	1,042	1,053
Memorial (1963)					
Square Footage	195,328	195,328	195,328	195,328	195,328
Capacity	1,441	1,441	1,441	1,441	1,441
Enrollment	1,350	1,362	1,358	1,336	1,348
Northbrook (1973)					
Square Footage	203,020	203,020	203,020	203,020	203,020
Capacity	1,004	1,004	1,004	1,004	1,004
Enrollment	881	946	917	885	879
Spring Branch (1953)					
Square Footage	226,188	226,188	226,188	226,188	226,188
Capacity	1,122	1,122	1,122	1,122	1,122
Enrollment	1,122	1,129	1,159	1,082	1,112
Spring Forest (1967)					
Square Footage	192,559	192,559	192,559	192,559	192,559
Capacity	1,094	1,094	1,094	1,094	1,094
Enrollment	957	953	990	916	897
Spring Oaks (1967)					
Square Footage	192,544	192,544	192,544	192,544	192,544
Capacity	896	896	896	896	896
Enrollment	673	692	728	717	712
Spring Woods (1961)					
Square Footage	200,776	200,776	200,776	200,776	200,776
Capacity	1,032	1,032	1,032	1,032	1,032
Enrollment	871	901	910	876	876

Building:	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
HIGH SCHOOLS					
Memorial (1962)					
Square Footage	311,115	311,115	311,115	311,115	311,115
Capacity	2,516	2,516	2,516	2,516	2,516
Enrollment	2,638	2,650	2,602	2,567	2,564
Northbrook (1974)	_,000	_,000	_,00_	_,50,	_,00.
Square Footage	394,609	394,609	394,609	394,609	394,609
Capacity	2,477	2,477	2,477	2,477	2,477
Enrollment	2,444	2,333	2,258	2,119	2,155
Spring Woods (1964)	2,	2,333	2,230	2,113	2,133
Square Footage	349,382	349,382	349,382	349,382	349,382
Capacity	2,098	2,098	2,098	2,098	2,098
Enrollment	2,172	2,213	2,131	2,094	2,120
Stratford (1974)	2,172	2,213	2,131	2,054	2,120
Square Footage	323,500	323,500	323,500	323,500	323,500
Capacity	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923	1,923
Enrollment	2,113	2,124	1,934	2,010	2,091
Lindinient	2,113	2,124	1,934	2,010	2,031
MIDDLE SCHOOLS					
Landrum (1956) / (2021)					
Square Footage	238,215	178,731	178,731	178,731	178,731
Capacity	1,000	954	954	954	954
Enrollment	1,073	1,062	1,047	740	828
Memorial (1963)					
Square Footage	195,328	195,328	195,328	195,328	195,328
Capacity	1,441	1,441	1,441	1,441	1,441
Enrollment	1,381	1,370	1,377	1,411	1,367
Northbrook (1973)					
Square Footage	203,020	203,020	203,020	203,020	203,020
Capacity	1,004	1,004	1,004	1,004	1,004
Enrollment	939	961	991	627	827
Spring Branch (1953)					
Square Footage	226,188	226,188	226,188	226,188	226,188
Capacity	1,122	1,122	1,122	1,122	1,122
Enrollment	1,091	1,127	1,193	1,163	1,145
Spring Forest (1967)					
Square Footage	192,559	192,559	192,559	192,559	192,559
Capacity	1,094	1,094	1,094	1,094	1,094
Enrollment	850	839	832	804	874
Spring Oaks (1967)					
Square Footage	192,544	192,544	192,544	192,544	192,544
Capacity	896	896	896	896	896
Enrollment	765	768	782	820	826
Spring Woods (1961)					
Square Footage	200,776	200,776	200,776	200,776	200,776
Capacity	1,032	1,032	1,032	1,032	1,032
Enrollment	949	949	925	938	865
Linomitent	545	545	323	550	003

Building:	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS					
Buffalo Creek (1997)					
Square Footage	82,179	82,179	82,179	82,179	82,179
Capacity	688	688	688	688	688
Enrollment	439	438	491	507	552
Bunker Hill (1956)					
Square Footage	65,335	65,335	65,335	65,335	65,335
Capacity	773	773	773	773	773
Enrollment	672	654	614	620	641
Cedar Brook (1993)					
Square Footage	82,179	82,179	82,179	82,179	82,179
Capacity	688	688	688	688	688
Enrollment	670	647	702	726	795
Edgewood (2011)					
Square Footage	109,000	109,000	109,000	109,000	109,000
Capacity	791	791	791	791	791
Enrollment	518	587	629	627	641
Frostwood (2014) / (1960)					
Square Footage	110,145	110,145	110,145	110,145	110,145
Capacity	750	750	750	750	750
Enrollment	762	741	773	713	707
Hollibrook (2010)					
Square Footage	112,095	112,095	112,095	112,095	112,095
Capacity	882	882	882	882	882
Enrollment	708	712	764	743	763
Housman (2011)					
Square Footage	101,561	101,561	101,561	101,561	101,561
Capacity	717	717	717	717	717
Enrollment	382	408	505	526	534
Hunters Creek (1954) / (2021)					
Square Footage	107,686	61,937	61,937	61,937	61,937
Capacity	700	634	634	634	634
Enrollment	618	577	615	655	673
Meadow Wood (2011)					
Square Footage	95,278	95,278	95,278	95,278	95,278
Capacity	683	683	683	683	683
Enrollment	653	588	550	491	505
Memorial Drive (1949)					
Square Footage	58,614	58,614	58,614	58,614	58,614
Capacity	466	466	466	466	466
Enrollment	392	392	419	426	447
Nottingham (1969)					
Square Footage	61,574	61,574	61,574	61,574	61,574
Capacity	568	568	568	568	568
Enrollment	650	593	608	497	509

Building:	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS					
Buffalo Creek (1997)					
Square Footage	82,179	82,179	82,179	82,179	82,179
Capacity	688	688	688	688	688
Enrollment	582	619	636	657	649
Bunker Hill (1956)					
Square Footage	65,335	65,335	65,335	65,335	65,335
Capacity	773	773	773	773	773
Enrollment	658	677	697	702	682
Cedar Brook (1993)					
Square Footage	82,179	82,179	82,179	82,179	82,179
Capacity	688	688	688	688	688
Enrollment	854	891	898	898	882
Edgewood (2011)					
Square Footage	109,000	109,000	109,000	109,000	109,000
Capacity	791	791	791	791	791
Enrollment	660	679	750	769	819
Frostwood (2014) / (1960)					
Square Footage	110,145	110,145	110,145	110,145	32,768
Capacity	750	750	750	750	720
Enrollment	704	707	701	687	696
Hollibrook (2010)					
Square Footage	112,095	112,095	112,095	112,095	112,095
Capacity	882	882	882	882	882
Enrollment	804	842	830	799	793
Housman (2011)					
Square Footage	101,561	101,561	101,561	101,561	101,561
Capacity	717	717	717	717	717
Enrollment	554	559	587	573	589
Hunters Creek (1954) / (2021)					
Square Footage	107,686	61,937	61,937	61,937	61,937
Capacity	700	634	634	634	634
Enrollment	643	664	669	643	669
Meadow Wood (2011)					
Square Footage	95,278	95,278	95,278	95,278	95,278
Capacity	683	683	683	683	683
Enrollment	509	517	501	508	475
Memorial Drive (1949)					
Square Footage	58,614	58,614	58,614	58,614	58,614
Capacity	466	466	466	466	466
Enrollment	454	458	466	470	424
Nottingham (1969)					
Square Footage	61,574	61,574	61,574	61,574	61,574
Capacity	568	568	568	568	568
Enrollment	532	473	445	555	643

Building:	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS (continued)					
Pine Shadows (2012)					
Square Footage	118,167	118,167	118,167	118,167	118,167
Capacity	913	913	913	913	913
Enrollment	752	740	778	770	755
Ridgecrest (2010)	, 52		7.70	7.70	700
Square Footage	111,352	111,352	111,352	111,352	111,352
Capacity	960	960	960	960	960
Enrollment	700	735	801	793	760
Rummel Creek (2016) / (1962)					
Square Footage	106,260	106,260	106,260	106,260	106,260
Capacity	750	750	750	750	750
Enrollment	811	787	796	738	737
Shadow Oaks (2011)					
Square Footage	118,314	118,314	118,314	118,314	118,314
Capacity	871	871	871	871	871
Enrollment	501	549	641	648	665
Sherwood (1968)					
Square Footage	69,371	69,371	69,371	69,371	69,371
Capacity	538	538	538	538	538
Enrollment	427	449	450	451	456
Spring Branch (2011)					
Square Footage	101,897	101,897	101,897	101,897	101,897
Capacity	737	737	737	737	737
Enrollment	525	482	604	599	566
Spring Shadows (1968)					
Square Footage	96,664	96,664	96,664	96,664	96,664
Capacity	830	830	830	830	830
Enrollment	618	576	669	614	695
Terrace (1973)					
Square Footage	74,349	74,349	74,349	74,349	74,349
Capacity	702	702	702	702	702
Enrollment	378	391	368	391	396
Thornwood (1973)					
Square Footage	69,038	69,038	69,038	69,038	69,038
Capacity	548	548	548	548	548
Enrollment	389	396	405	430	431
Treasure Forest (1996)					
Square Footage	82,179	82,179	82,179	82,179	82,179
Capacity	688	688	688	688	688
Enrollment	429	467	479	498	570
Valley Oaks (2015)/(1956)					
Square Footage	117,872	117,872	117,872	117,872	117,872
Capacity	810	810	810	810	810
Enrollment	813	738	772	722	670
2 0	010	, 50	,,,	, 22	0,0

Building:	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS (continued)					
Pine Shadows (2012)					
Square Footage	118,167	118,167	118,167	118,167	118,167
Capacity	913	913	913	913	913
Enrollment	737	783	824	813	827
Ridgecrest (2010)					
Square Footage	111,352	111,352	111,352	111,352	111,352
Capacity	960	960	960	960	960
Enrollment	768	818	865	903	839
Rummel Creek (2016) / (1962)					
Square Footage	106,260	106,260	32,768	72,615	72,615
Capacity	750	750	720	760	760
Enrollment	706	706	695	679	694
Shadow Oaks (2011)					
Square Footage	118,314	118,314	118,314	118,314	118,314
Capacity	871	871	871	871	871
Enrollment	724	722	723	706	685
Sherwood (1968)					
Square Footage	69,371	69,371	69,371	69,371	69,371
Capacity	538	538	538	538	538
Enrollment	479	464	455	452	445
Spring Branch (2011)					
Square Footage	101,897	101,897	101,897	101,897	101,897
Capacity	737	737	737	737	737
Enrollment	634	669	669	632	670
Spring Shadows (1968)					
Square Footage	96,664	96,664	96,664	96,664	96,664
Capacity	830	830	830	830	830
Enrollment	733	736	758	814	743
Terrace (1973)					
Square Footage	74,349	74,349	74,349	74,349	74,349
Capacity	702	702	702	702	702
Enrollment	395	437	465	486	480
Thornwood (1973)					
Square Footage	69,038	69,038	69,038	69,038	69,038
Capacity	548	548	548	548	548
Enrollment	426	399	380	489	477
Treasure Forest (1996)					
Square Footage	82,179	82,179	82,179	82,179	82,179
Capacity	688	688	688	688	688
Enrollment	551	577	627	647	638
Valley Oaks (2015)/(1956)	447.070	447.070	447.070	70.040	70.046
Square Footage	117,872	117,872	117,872	72,240	72,240
Capacity	810	810	810	716	716
Enrollment	619	563	573	631	632

Building:	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS (continued)					
Westwood (2011)					
Square Footage	98,264	98,264	98,264	98,264	98,264
Capacity	871	871	871	871	871
Enrollment	434	483	506	521	589
Wilchester (2011)					
Square Footage	123,253	123,253	123,253	123,253	123,253
Capacity	906	906	906	906	906
Enrollment	803	810	842	821	793
Woodview (1958)					
Square Footage	86,114	86,114	86,114	86,114	86,114
Capacity	716	716	716	716	716
Enrollment	562	527	587	564	620
PRE-KINDERGARTEN CENTERS					
Bear Blvd (2001)					
Square Footage	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000
Capacity	380	380	380	380	380
Enrollment	278	200	318	294	315
Lion Lane (2001)					
Square Footage	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000
Capacity	380	380	380	380	380
Enrollment	217	186	281	322	304
Panda Path (2001-Leased Space)					
Square Footage	15,618	15,618	15,618	15,618	15,618
Capacity	136	136	136	136	136
Enrollment	160	148	200	211	203
Tiger Trail (2001)					
Square Footage	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000
Capacity	380	380	380	380	380
Enrollment	290	233	327	345	305
Wildcat Way (2002)					
Square Footage	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000
Capacity	380	380	380	380	380
Enrollment	301	226	337	371	326
OTHER CAMPUSES					
Bendwood (1958)					
Square Footage	38,830	38,830	38,830	38,830	38,830
Capacity	440	440	440	440	440
Enrollment	48	32	46	44	37
Cornerstone Academy (2018) / (1951)					
Square Footage	**	**	**	**	**
Capacity	413	413	413	413	413
Enrollment	371	361	373	377	373

Building:	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
ELEMENTARY SCHOOLS (continued)					
Westwood (2011)					
Square Footage	98,264	98,264	98,264	98,264	98,264
Capacity	871	871	871	871	871
Enrollment	621	660	670	658	595
Wilchester (2011)					
Square Footage	123,253	123,253	123,253	123,253	123,253
Capacity	906	906	906	906	906
Enrollment	796	777	735	747	731
Woodview (1958)					
Square Footage	86,114	86,114	86,114	86,114	86,114
Capacity	716	716	716	716	716
Enrollment	645	646	666	643	638
PRE-KINDERGARTEN CENTERS					
Bear Blvd (2001)					
Square Footage	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000
Capacity	380	380	380	380	380
Enrollment	293	295	290	348	328
Lion Lane (2001)					
Square Footage	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000
Capacity	380	380	380	380	380
Enrollment	252	251	394	309	321
Panda Path (2001-Leased Space)					
Square Footage	15,618	15,618	15,618	15,618	15,618
Capacity	136	136	136	136	136
Enrollment	98	144	137	168	131
Tiger Trail (2001)					
Square Footage	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000
Capacity	380	380	380	380	380
Enrollment	249	241	248	309	265
Wildcat Way (2002)					
Square Footage	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000	26,000
Capacity	380	380	380	380	380
Enrollment	288	274	287	286	329
OTHER CAMPUSES					
Bendwood (1958)					
Square Footage	38,830	38,830	38,830	38,830	38,830
Capacity	440	440	440	440	440
Enrollment	41	49	47	39	45
Cornerstone Academy (2018) / (1951)					
Square Footage	**	**	**	**	**
Capacity	413	413	413	413	413
Enrollment	382	381	370	369	383

Building:	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
OTHER CAMPUSES (continued)					
The Guthrie Center (1972)					
Square Footage	83,614	83,614	83,614	83,614	83,614
Capacity	326	326	326	326	326
Enrollment	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
School of Choice (2018) / (1951)					
Square Footage	**	**	**	**	**
Capacity	494	494	494	494	494
Enrollment	140	127	151	160	187
Spring Branch Education Center (1951)) / (2016 Transition) **				
Square Footage	170,052	170,052	170,052	170,052	170,052
Capacity	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Enrollment	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Westchester Academy (1967)					
Square Footage	294,963	294,963	294,963	294,963	294,963
Capacity	1,012	1,012	1,012	1,012	1,012
Enrollment	866	924	965	1,014	1,031

^{**} Spring Branch Education Center facility houses Cornerstone & School of Choice. Square footage is for entire complex.

Note: Capacity does not include temporary buildings. Guthrie and School of Choice students are included in numbers for their home campus. The source of square footage and capacity is district records.

Building:	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
OTHER CAMPUSES (continued)					
The Guthrie Center (1972)					
Square Footage	83,614	83,614	83,614	83,614	83,614
Capacity	326	326	326	326	326
Enrollment	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
School of Choice (2018) / (1951)					
Square Footage	**	**	**	**	**
Capacity	494	494	494	494	494
Enrollment	169	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Spring Branch Education Center (1951) /	(2018) **				
Square Footage	170,052	94,467	268,780	268,780	268,780
Capacity	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Enrollment	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Westchester Academy (1967)					
Square Footage	294,963	294,963	294,963	294,963	294,963
Capacity	1,012	1,012	1,012	1,012	1,012
Enrollment	1,023	1,014	973	936	957

^{**} Spring Branch Education Center facility houses Cornerstone & School of Choice. Square footage is for entire complex.

Note: Capacity does not include temporary buildings. Guthrie and School of Choice students are included in numbers for their home campus. The source of square footage and capacity is district records.

REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	Yes
	(If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.) Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.	
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$ -0-

NOTE: This schedule is to be included as part of the annual financial audit report (AFR) submission on the required due date and published as a part of the school district's AFR. This schedule should be submitted in the data feed file and submitted as an Adobe Acrobat portable document file (pdf).