ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

FISCAL YEAR END JUNE 30, 2022

POCATELLO/CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT 25 | 3115 POLE LINE RD POCATELLO ID 83202



POCATELLO / CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 Bannock County Pocatello, Idaho

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

PREPARED BY:

Mr. Jonathan R. Balls
Director of Business Operations/Treasurer

Mr. Kade Teter Accountant

Michele Leiby Accounting Technician

Business Department Renae Bentley Jolene Smith

POCATELLO/CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Letter of Transmittal	1-6
Awards	7-8
Organizational Chart	9
List of Principal Administration and Board of Trustees	10
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	11-13
Management's Discussion and Analysis	14-26
Basic Financial Statements: Government-Wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	27 28
Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	29 30
Combined Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	31
Statement of Activities Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance -	32
Budget and Actual - General Fund	33-36
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net	37
Position - Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	38 39 40
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Funds	41
Notes to Financial Statements	42-65
Required Supplementary Information: Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Schedule of Employer Contributions Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Asset and Schedule of Employer Contributions	66 67 68 69
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules: Major Funds: Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Capital Projects Fund Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund	70 71

POCATELLO/CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED

FINANCIAL SECTION (Continued)	Page
Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules (continued):	
Major Funds (continued):	
Professional - Technical Education Fund	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balance - Budget and Actual - Debt Service Fund	72
Supplemental Data:	
Non-major Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Special Revenue Funds	73-78
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances - Special Revenue Funds	79-84
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances - Budget and Actual	85-109
Fiduciary Funds	
Combining Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position -	
Education Foundation Trust Funds	110
STATISTICAL SECTION	
Financial Trends	
Net Position by Component	111
Changes in Net Position	112-113
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	114
Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds	115
Governmental Activities Tax Revenue By Source	116
Government-wide Expenses By Function	117
Government-wide Revenues By Source	118
General Governmental Expenditures By Function	119
General Governmental Revenues By Source	120
Revenue Capacity	
Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	121
Property Tax Levies and Collections	122
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	123
Principal Property Tax Payers	124
Debt Capacity	
Direct and Overlapping Bonded Debt General Obligation Bonds	125
Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net General Obligation	
Bonded Debt Per Capita	126
Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Obligation Bonded Debt to Total General	. — •
Governmental Expenditures	127
Legal Debt Margin Information	128

POCATELLO/CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS - CONTINUED

STATISTICAL SECTION (Continued)	Page
Demographic and Economic Information	
Demographic and Economic Statistics Principal Employers Property and Construction Values	129 130 131
Operating Information	
Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) Employees Miscellaneous Statistics Capital Asset Information Expenditure by Function - General Fund District Enrollment Trends Educational Demographic and Miscellaneous Statistics Schedule of Insurance Coverage	132 133 134 135 136 137
SINGLE AUDIT SECTION	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	139
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	140
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Governmental Auditing Standards	141-142
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	143-145
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	146



INTRODUCTORY SECTION

- ☐ Transmittal Letter
- ☐ Awards
- ☐ Organizational Chart
- ☐ Elected Officials



October 18, 2022

To the Board of Trustees and Patrons of Pocatello / Chubbuck School District Number 25:

In accordance with the provisions of Idaho Code Section 33-701, we hereby submit the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 (the District), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. State law requires that all public school districts publish at the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed, as established by policy, to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The District's financial statements have been audited by Deaton & Company, Chartered, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are free of material misstatement.

The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the District's Single Audit Section.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the District

The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25, incorporated in 1887, is located in the southeastern part of the state in northern Bannock County which consists of 712,448 acres. Population estimates rank Bannock County as the fifth largest county in the state, with approximately 88,263 residents. This figure represents an increase of 5,769 in population or 6.54% over the past ten (10) years. The District is empowered to levy school property taxes on real and personal properties located within its boundaries to support local public education.

The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 operates under an elected Board of Trustees form of government. Policy-making authority is vested in the Board of Trustees consisting of the Board Chairman and four other members. The Board is responsible, at a minimum, for making policies, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and hiring the District's Superintendent. The District's Superintendent is responsible for carrying out the policies, vision and mission statements of the Board of Trustees, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the District, and for appointing the administrative heads of the various departments. The Board is elected on a non-partisan basis representing a geographical area or zone. Board members serve four-year staggered terms.

The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 provides a full range of public educational services for the 12,139 enrolled students. Student enrollment has remained relatively stable since 2011, with projected enrollment decreasing slightly during the next five years. Student enrollment is the primary source which generates state funding. The District has thirteen elementary schools, a preschool program for developmentally delayed students, four middle schools, a secondary and elementary alternative program, and three senior high schools. School buildings range in age from 9 to 129 years in age or 56 years on average. The ages, size, and building capacity of these schools can be found on the Capital Asset Information Schedule on page 134.

The District runs a self-supporting Montessori program for four and five-year-olds. The District sponsors a Head Start program for three and four-year-olds. The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 is financially accountable for legally separate school Education Foundations which are reported separately as fiduciary funds in the financial statements. The District does not have any separate component units or charter school relationships which need to be reported.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's financial planning and controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the District's governing body. All departments are required to submit budget requests for appropriation to the business office by March each year. The District uses these requests to review existing educational and extra-curricular programs in relation to estimated funding available. The Superintendent then presents the proposed budget to the Board of Trustees for review. The District is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and consider public input during May and June. The Board must adopt a final budget by no later than 28 days prior to the annual meeting in July. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and function (e.g., elementary, secondary instruction).

Functions and programs of the governmental and business-type activities are included in the annual appropriated budget. Project-length financial plans are adopted for the Capital Projects Fund. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is set at the individual fund level.

The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at the end of the fiscal year. Encumbrances are then generally re-appropriated as part of the following year's budget. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the Financial Section of this report, the District continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Department heads may make budget transfers of appropriations within a department or program. Transfers of appropriations between departments, however, require the special approval of the Board of Trustees. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the general fund, this comparison is presented on pages 33 through 36 as part of the basic financial statements for the governmental funds. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, with appropriated annual budgets, this comparison is presented in the governmental fund subsection of this report, which starts on page 70.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 operates.

Local Economy. The District's economic environment continues to move forward in a positive manner after a dramatic downturn during the Great Recession. Residential housing construction increased significantly from the previous year, where commercial construction decreased. Bannock County's population has grown at a slower rate the last ten years, averaging 0.70%. Bannock County has slowly shifted from an "industry-based" economy into a "new technology and information-based" economy. After being among the national leaders in job growth in 2007, the recession cut deeply into the Idaho and local economy claiming over 55,000 jobs between August 2007 and August 2009, an 8.2% decrease. Average annual unemployment rate has decreased yearly since 2011 to 2.7% in 2019. The average annual labor force dipped significantly to 36,709 its lowest number since 2009. During 2020, with COVID-19 making its way to the United States, the economy took a major setback. Unemployment rose to a high of 8.9% locally and now is at 2.8% as of June 2022.

Despite the national and state economic challenges, Bannock County has weathered the storm better than most. Bannock County enjoys a diverse and highly-skilled labor force with an excellent work ethic. Over the last decade food manufacturing and construction increased dramatically. The \$200 million remodel of Portneuf Medical Center, and the \$111 million highway project to rebuild the I-86/I-15 interchange, have kept commercial construction employment stable. Trade, transportation, and utilities have seen an employment boost of 360 new jobs compared to last year. Bannock County's 10 top employers comprise 24% of the local workforce. Another stabilizing factor to the local economy has been Idaho State University in Pocatello and the nearby Idaho National Laboratory. Both continue to be major employers. Pocatello and Bannock County, like the rest of southeastern Idaho, benefit from profits generated by local agriculture and food-related manufacturing. With growth and economic development, the county is expected to see continued growth especially in the Northwest Chubbuck and the North Gate areas. Trade and service industries provide nearly half of the jobs in Bannock County, with government providing another quarter.

Major industries with headquarters or divisions located within the District's boundaries, or in close proximity, include fertilizer and chemical manufacturers, computer microchip manufacturers, and producers of electrical utility services. The federal government also has a major economic presence in the area, with the Idaho National Laboratory (INL), the largest employer in southeastern Idaho. The Federal Bureau of Investigation has also been expanding operations. Farming continues to be a major industry in the state.

State of Idaho Base Appropriation. The State legislature appropriated a 2% increase in salaries and a 2.10% increase in operational funding for fiscal year 2021-22 in an attempt to make public education a priority. With an increase in state revenues, increased state funding is coming by way of a one-time and on-going monies.

Supplemental Tax Levy. The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 is dependent on a taxpayer approved supplemental tax levy to support local funding. The District has passed the levy consistently over the last 60 years. The levy was approved in March 2021 for \$9.25 million in additional local funding to meet the educational needs of students. The levy was for a two-year period. The 2 year supplemental levy for \$9.25 million passed with 62.82% voting in favor. The Supplemental levy is 11.2% of general fund revenue support. Failure to approve the supplemental levy would dramatically impact the District's ability to maintain educational service levels.

Long-term Financial Planning. Unassigned fund balance in the general fund (20.60 percent of total general fund revenues) is above the fiscal fund balance and contingency reserve policy of 5 percent established by the Board of Trustees. Adequate fund balance provides for unanticipated expenditures, cost overruns and shortfalls in revenue. The fund balance also helps offset inflationary increases during the second year of a fixed supplemental levy.

School Plant Facilities Levy. In March 2021, the District passed a 10 year renewable levy with 63% approval which has been in place for 60 years. These funds will be used for equipment, renovation, and construction.

The District has been forced to rely on excess funds for the past decade with declining enrollment and with minimal growth the last ten years. The Board of Trustees passed the previous Supplemental Levy for no increase due to increased state funding and excess fund balances. The District is presently staffed at or below the state funded level. Every effort to control spending on essential educational programs is reviewed and monitored on a regular basis. The District staffing remained level during FY 2022 with current enrollment in order to balance the fiscal budget.

Consolidation of many programs has been necessary to prevent specific programs from being eliminated. The loss of the local Maintenance & Operations Levy due to a Legislative push to provide local property tax relief has been shifted to the State for continued funding. This means greater earmarking of funds to local Districts requiring the District to shift educational program emphasis in line with state goals and objectives. The new "career ladder" of funding salaries is subject to legislature approval each year for continued appropriation. A new funding formula is also anticipated to come forth but has been put on hold at least another year.

Relevant Financial Policies. In 2018, the District made boundary changes to realign middle and high school enrollments to accommodate enrollment in existing secondary facilities. The District owns two properties for future elementary school expansion.

The Fund Balance policy established by the Board will be an important item of discussion in preparation for FY 2023 budget. The District Fund Balance currently is above 5 percent of General Fund revenues. For FY 2022 the Legislature restored operations funding equal to appropriated levels during FY 2010. The District is still above the State average classroom size due to inequities in school funding.

Major Initiatives

The following capital projects are in progress or proposed:

Major Addition/Remodel

Pocatello High School Finish classroom building and enclosed campus Highland High School New press box, concessions, restroom facility Renovate HVAC systems, roofing, and restrooms

Lincoln Early Learning New modular units on cement foundations

The District projects capital improvement needs for facilities on a 5 year replacement schedule. Funding for anticipated projects comes from the School Plant Facility Fund unless the cost of the project would require a general obligation bond.

Political Climate

Several factors affect the future of public education in Idaho schools. While the Idaho economy has shown growth, revenues for public education are still not restored to sustainable levels. Legislative changes regarding education, and new finance funding formula for education will require close review to determine how these changes will impact individual districts. Federal ESSER funding has contributed to improved technology as well as HVAC system replacement.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) and the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awarded Certificates of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 for its annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. *This was the 31st consecutive year that the District has received both prestigious awards.* The District is the only Idaho school district in the state to receive both financial reporting rewards. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the District published an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and are submitting it to the GFOA and ASBO to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the Business and Finance Departments, Kade Teter, Accountant and staff. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the department who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. Appreciation also must be given to the Board of Trustees for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Douglas Howell, Ed. D. Superintendent of Schools

Jonathan R. Balls Director of Business Operations



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25 Idaho

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Pocatello/Chubbuck School District #25

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2021.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



William A. Sutter

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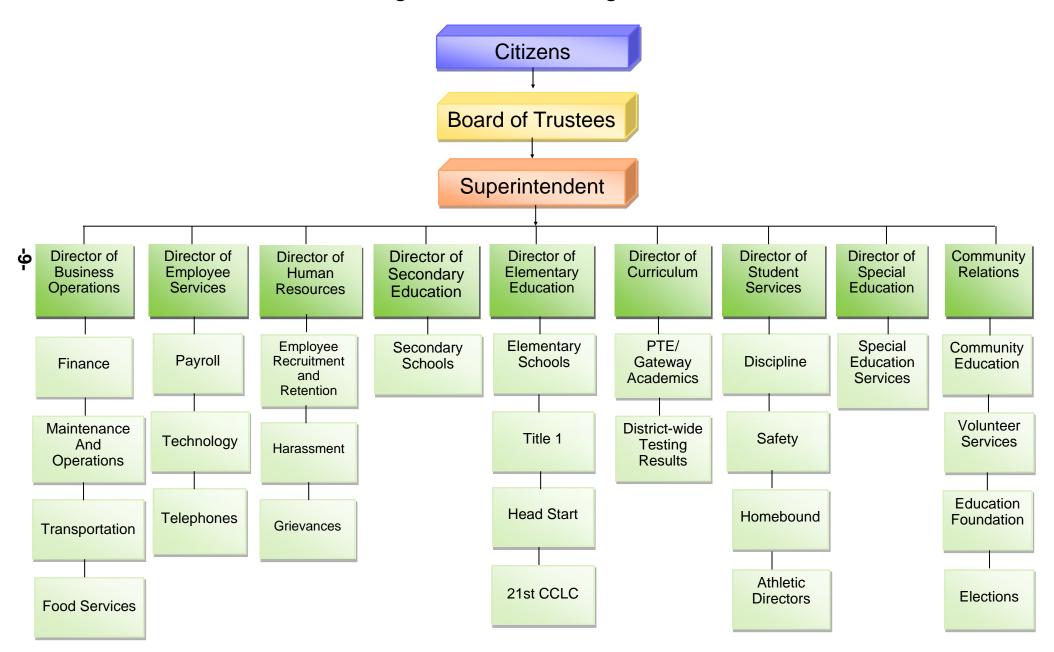
President

David J. Lewis

Executive Director

Organization Chart

"Maximizing Student Learning For All Students"



List of Principal Administration and Board of Trustees

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE: 3115 Pole Line Road Pocatello, Idaho

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS:

Zone #5

Dr. Douglas Howell Superintendent Mr. A.J. Watson **Director of Elementary Education** Mr. Jonathan R. Balls **Director of Business Operations Director of Secondary Education** Mrs. Susan Pettit Mrs. Amy Bowie Director of Curriculum Mr. Carl Smart Director of Employee Services Mrs. Brenda Miner **Director of Human Resources** Director of Student Services/Athletics Ms. Tonya Wilkes Mrs. Janelle Harris Interim Director of Special Education

BOARD OF TRUSTEES AS OF June 30, 2022:

Term Expires Name Angie Oliver, Member January 1, 2026 Zone #1 Heather Clarke, Assistant Treasurer January 1, 2026 Zone #2 Jim Facer, Chair January 1, 2024 Zone #3 Paul Vitale, Vice Chair January 1, 2024 Zone #4 Deanna Judy, Assistant Clerk January 1, 2026

LEGAL COUNSEL:

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Anderson, Julian & Hull 250 S 5th Street, Suite 700 P.O Box 7426 Boise, ID 83707-7426



FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditor's Report
Management's Discussion & Analysis
Government-Wide Financial Statements
Governmental Funds Financial Statements
General Fund Financial Statement
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements
Notes to the Financial Statements
Required Supplementary Information
Capital Projects Fund
Debt Service Fund
Supplemental Data

Deaton & Company, Chartered

Certified Public Accountants 215 North 9th, Suite A Pocatello, Idaho 83201-5278 (208) 232-5825



Members of Idaho Society of Certified Public Accountants

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25 Pocatello, Idaho

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information, as well as the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in general fund balance-budget and actual, of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information as well as the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in general fund balance-budget and actual, of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 14 through 26, and schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, schedule of employer contributions, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of employer's share of OPEB asset, schedule of employer contributions, and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 65 through 68 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Governmental Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 18, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Deston & Company

Pocatello, Idaho October 18, 2022

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25, we offer readers of the district's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages 1 - 6 of this report. All amounts in this overview, unless otherwise indicated, are expressed in thousands of dollars.

Financial Highlights

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$72,184 (net position).

The district's total net position increased by \$18,616.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33,004, a increase of \$3,366 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 53 percent of this total amount, \$17,814, is available for spending at the district's discretion (assigned and unassigned fund balances).

At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$17,613, or 21.0 percent of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's basic financial statements. The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *Government-wide Financial Statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's assets, plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities, less deferred inflows of resources, for the resulting net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the district's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless *of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 include instruction, support services, and non-instruction services. The business-type activities of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 include the school food services program.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 27 through 28 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District. 25, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows* and *outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a district's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the district's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 maintains 29 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the debt service fund, and the professional tech ed fund are considered to be major funds. The District presents the capital projects fund as a major fund for consistency. Data from the other 25 governmental funds, which are all special revenue funds, are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor special revenue funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 29 through 32 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 uses an enterprise fund to account for its Food Service Program. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's various functions. The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 uses an internal service fund to account for its Print Room Services. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Food Service Program, which is the only enterprise fund of the district and the Print Shop Program, which is the only internal service fund of the district.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 37 through 39 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 40 through 41 of this report which include the Education Foundation Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 42 through 65 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents required supplementary information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the nonmajor special revenue funds, as well as budgetary comparisons for all the individual governmental funds (excluding the general fund), are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. In addition, combining statements for the fiduciary funds are also presented in this section.

Combining statements and individual fund schedules can be found on pages 70 through 110 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a district's financial position. In the case of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25, assets exceeded liabilities by \$41,153 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's net position (88.4 percent) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 uses these capital assets to provide services to students and patrons; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

POCATELLO / CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 NET POSITION

(amounts in thousands)

	Governmental		Busine	ss-type			
	Activities		Activ	/ities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Current and other assets	\$ 56,084	\$50,601	\$3,300	\$2,001	\$59,384	\$52,602	
Capital assets	53,761	47,208	133	157	53,894	47,365	
Total assets	109,845	97,809	3,433	2,158	113,278	99,967	
Total deferred outflows of resources	26,035	16,678	697	429	26,732	17,107	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	7,721	42,682	-	994	7,721	43,676	
Other liabilities	15,068	14,889	368	250	15,437	15,139	
Total liabilities	22,789	57,571	368	1,244	23,157	58,815	
Total deferred inflows of resources	43,493	4,614	1,176	77	44,669	4,691	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	53,761	47,208	133	157	53,894	47,365	
Restricted	4,838	4,590	-	-	4,838	4,590	
Unrestricted	10,999	504	2,453	1,109	13,452	1,613	
Total net position	\$ 69,598	\$52,302	\$2,586	\$1,266	\$72,184	\$53,568	

An additional portion of the Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25's net position (8.6 percent) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25 is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

•The District's net position increased by \$18,616 during the current fiscal year. The increase is due primarily to an increase in assets and reserves from underspending.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's net position by \$17,296. The increase is due primarily to an increase in assets and reserves from underspending.

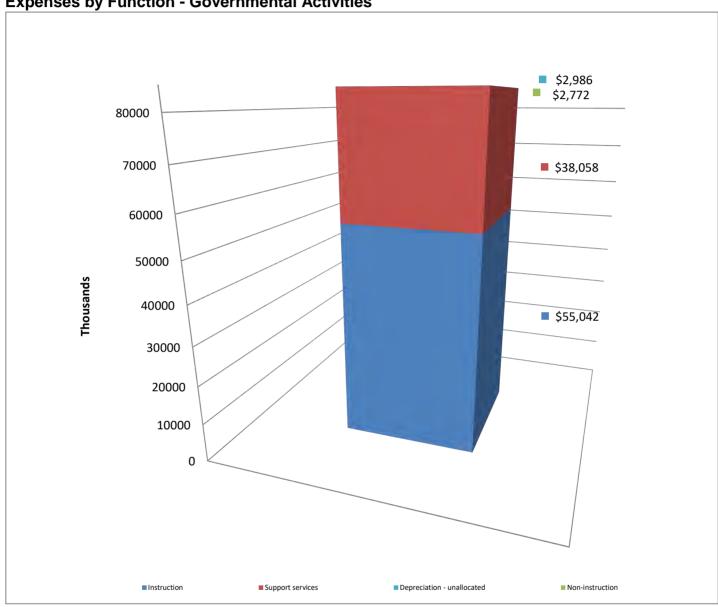
POCATELLO / CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 CHANGES IN NET POSITION

(amounts in thousands)

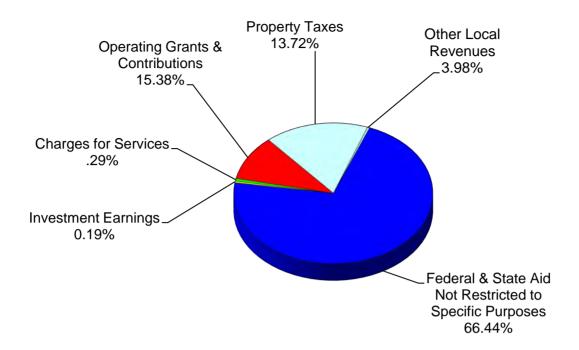
	Governmental		Busine	ss-type			
	Activities		Activ	vities	Total		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 338	\$ 278	\$ 208	\$ 188	\$ 546	\$ 466	
Operating grants and							
contributions	18,024	21,648	6,654	4,409	24,678	26,057	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	15,932	15,531	-	-	15,932	15,531	
Other local revenues	4,621	2,955	-	-	4,621	2,955	
Federal and state aid not							
restricted to specific programs	77,152	69,939	-	-	77,152	69,939	
Investment earnings	218	285			218	285	
Total revenues	116,285	110,636	6,862	4,597	123,146	115,233	
Expenses							
Instruction	55,042	72,427	-	-	55,042	72,427	
Support services	38,059	34,882	-	-	38,059	34,882	
Non-instruction	2,986	2,422	-	-	2,986	2,422	
Depreciation - unallocated	2,772	2,537	-	-	2,772	2,537	
Food services	-	-	5,672 4,994		5,672	4,994	
Total expenses	98,859	112,268	5,672 4,994		104,531	117,262	
INCREASE IN NET POSITION							
BEFORE TRANSFERS	17,426	(1,632)	1,190	(397)	18,616	(2,029)	
TRANSFERS	(130)	(645)	130	645	<u>-</u>		
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	17,296	(2,277)	1,320	248	18,616	(2,029)	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING RESTATED	52,302	56,572	1,266	1,018	53,568	57,590	
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	-	(1,993)	-	-	-	(1,993)	
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 69,598	\$52,302	\$2,586	\$1,266	\$72,184	\$53,568	

- •Property taxes increased overall by \$401 (2.58 percent) during the year.
- •Operating grants, federal and state aid for governmental activities and contributions increased overall \$3,428 (3.74 percent), as a result of increased grant funding and an increase in state appropriations for public schools.

Expenses by Function - Governmental Activities

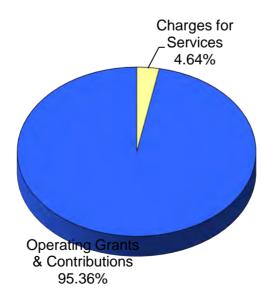


Revenues by Source - Governmental Activities

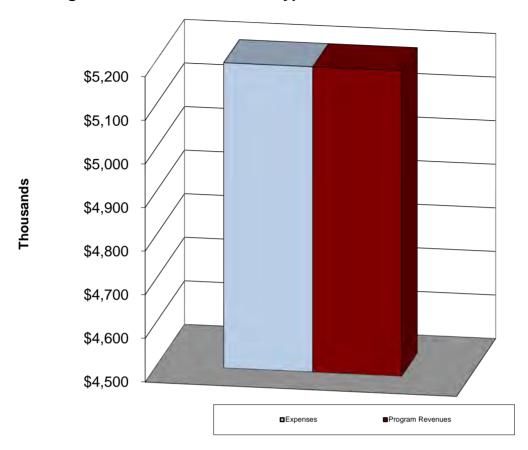


Business-type Activities. Business-type activities increased the Pocatello/ Chubbuck School District No. 25's net position by \$1,320. A key element of this increase is revenues outpacing the spending in food costs and the state matching requirement for social security.

Revenues by Source - Business-type Activities



Expenses and Program Revenues - Business-type Activities



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25 uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's Governmental Funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25's financing requirements. In particular, Unassigned Fund Balance may serve as a useful measure of a district's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$33,003, an increase of \$3,366 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 54 percent of this total amount (\$17,814) constitutes assigned and unassigned fund balance, which are available for spending at the district's discretion. The remainder of fund balance is nonspendable and restricted to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is inventory and prepaid items, restricted for bonded debt, special revenue funds, or other activities.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$17,613, while total fund balance reached \$17,814. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 21 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 21.3 percent of that same amount.

The fund balance of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's General Fund increased by \$1,280 during the current fiscal year. Key factors for this increase are as follows:

- Actual Revenues exceeded budgeted revenues by \$3,363
- Total budgeted expenditures were under spent by \$526

The Capital Projects Fund has a total assigned fund balance of \$10,314. The increase in fund balance of \$1,806 is due to HVAC projects being paid with the ESSER dollars. One project was put on hold dur to lack of time.

The Debt Service Fund has a total fund balance of \$599 all of which is restricted for the servicing of debt. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the debt service fund was \$2 due to property tax collections.

Proprietary Funds. The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the Food Service Program at the end of the year amounted to \$2,585.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget appropriations and the final amended budget appropriations amounted to an increase of \$3,650 and can be briefly explained by the state paying using average daily membership rather than average daily attendance, also, the state making additional appropriations to cover budget deficiencies.

During the year, expenditures were less than budgetary estimates, thus minimizing the need to draw upon the existing fund balance. Budgeted revenues were more than actual revenues by \$3,363 where budgeted expenditures were underspent by \$526. Refer to the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Balance and Actual – General Fund, pages 33-36.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of June 30, 2022, amounts to \$53,894 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, and vehicles. The total increase in the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 1.73 percent (a 13.88 percent increase for governmental activities and a 14.74 percent decrease for business-type activities).

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Renovation and improvements Hawthorne Middle School outdoor bleachers pressbox & field lighting.
- Renovations to facilities including rest rooms, roofing, heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC). Nearly 56% of capital expenditures were dedicated to improvements/renovations in these areas.
- Installed new transportation fuel tanks
- New classrooms and enclosed campus for Pocatello High School.

POCATELLO / CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 NET CAPITAL ASSETS (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			Total					
	2022	2021		2022		2021		2022		2021	
Land	\$ 2,782	\$	2,782	\$	_	\$	-	\$	2,782	\$	2,782
Construction in progress	1,096		-		-		-		1,096		-
Land improvements	4,398		4,119		-		-		4,398		4,119
Buildings & improvements	37,152	;	33,280		-		-		37,152		33,280
Machinery & equipment	5,574		4,369		133		156		5,707		4,525
Vehicles	2,759		2,658		-		-		2,759		2,658
Total	\$ 53,761	\$ 4	47,208	\$	133	\$	156	\$	53,894	\$	47,364

Additional information on the district's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on page 48 of this report.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 had a total governmental activities debt outstanding of \$7,721. The majority of this amount (81 percent) is from recognition of the pension reporting requirements for the District's participation in the Public Employers Retirement System of Idaho. The remainder of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's debt represents amounts for compensated absences and net healthcare liability.

Long-term debt (continued)

		ernme ctivitie		
	 2022		2021	
Compensated absences	\$ 168	\$	151	
Net pension liability	-		34,664	
Net healthcare liability	7,553		7,866	
Total	\$ 7,721	\$	42,681	

The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's total debt decreased \$34,960 (81.9 percent) during the current fiscal year due to new pension reporting requirements.

The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 maintains an "A1" rating from Moody's for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a governmental entity may issue to five percent of its total assessed valuation. The current debt limitation for the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 is \$256,059,780. The Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's has no outstanding general obligation debt since August 15, 2016.

Additional information on the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on page 50 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- The unemployment rate for Bannock County is currently 2.8 percent, a decrease of 12.5 percent from a year ago. This compares closely to the state's average unemployment rate of 3 percent and remains below the national average rate of 3.7 percent. The District is facing serious challenges in attracting, hiring, and retaining classified and certificated staff.
- The District, after many years of significant losses in student enrollment appears to have leveled off or stabilized. Student enrollment has remained relatively stable with projected enrollment expected to decrease slightly during the next five years. Smaller families, the demographic makeup of the community having more retirees, and the competition of charter and private school all impact educational funding. COVID-19 may impact student enrollment for FY21 with more families electing an online learning option or electing to home school learners.
- Construction in retail and housing is rebounding within the community. Construction, both residential and commercial in the City of Pocatello exceeded the growth in the City of Chubbuck.

- Budget fluctuations at the State level for public education pose a significant threat to the stability of education and educational programs. The Idaho General Fund revenue surprisingly exceeded the projected budget this year. The District anticipates a similar budget in State funding for 2022-23, most which will be earmarked. The legislature has commissioned a study and revamping of the funding formula for Public Education.
- With the state increasing its contributions for health insurance the District decided to change insurance carriers to the State Plan - Office of Group Insurance. The increased revenue and expenditures will be budgeted for in the 2022-2023 budget.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No.25's budget for the 2022 fiscal year.

Student Enrollment

Charter Schools continue to have an impact on District Enrollment. Charter School enrollment within District boundaries for the year end June 30, 2022 was 1,282 students kindergarten through 8th grade. Overall, between charter and private schools, approximately 1,903 students are enrolled outside of the District.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25's finances for those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25, Business Office, 3115 Pole Line Road, Pocatello, Idaho 83201-6119.

Copies of previous years Comprehensive Annual Financial Report or Annual Budgets can be located on the District's Website at: www.sd25.us/departments/business-office.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities.

These statements report the financial and capital resources of the primary government as a whole, except for the fiduciary funds of the primary government.

- ☐ The Statement of Net Position displays assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources equal net position format.
- ☐ The Statement of Activities presents governmental activities by function, at the level of detail required in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

The government-wide financial statements were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

POCATELLO/CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 POCATELLO, IDAHO

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	Governmental	Business-type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
100570			
ASSETS	Φ 07.505.050	Φ 0.407.000	Ф. 40.000.004
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 37,585,853	\$ 2,437,828	\$ 40,023,681
Property tax receivable	5,873,985	-	5,873,985
State receivable	449,487	-	449,487
Grants receivable	3,777,784	165,820	3,943,604
Prepaid expenses	181,780	-	181,780
Inventories	189,897	469,366	659,263
PERSI sick leave	6,228,594	192,637	6,421,231
Net pension asset	1,198,051	34,015	1,232,066
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	598,786	-	598,786
Capital assets, not depreciated	3,877,926	-	3,877,926
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	49,883,296	133,148	50,016,444
Total assets	109,845,439	3,432,814	113,278,253
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred outflows - pension	22,776,233	646,666	23,422,899
Deferred outflows - healthcare	1,638,525	-	1,638,525
Deferred outflows - PERSI sick leave	1,620,285	50,112	1,670,397
Total deferred outflows of resources	26,035,043	696,778	26,731,821
LIABILITIES			
Salaries payable	7,643,018	71,502	7,714,520
Fringe benefits payable	3,277,052	70,252	3,347,304
Accounts payable	1,955,204	225,884	2,181,088
Unearned revenue	2,192,607	-	2,192,607
Long-term liabilities:			
Portion due or payable within one year:			
Compensated absences	167,730	-	167,730
Portion due or payable after one year:			
Net healthcare liability	7,553,154		7,553,154
Total liabilities	22,788,765	367,638	23,156,403
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows - pensions	38,326,226	1,088,163	39,414,389
Deferred inflows - healthcare	2,322,232	1,000,105	2,322,232
Deferred inflows - PERSI sick leave	2,845,010	87,990	2,933,000
Total deferred inflows of resources	43,493,468	1,176,153	44,669,621
rotal deferred lilliows of resources	43,433,400	1,170,133	44,003,021
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	53,761,222	133,148	53,894,370
Restricted:	,·,- 	22,110	,,
Bond obligation	598,786	_	598,786
Grants	4,239,145	_	4,239,145
Unrestricted	10,999,096	2,452,653	13,451,749
Total net position	\$ 69,598,249	\$ 2,585,801	\$ 72,184,050
Total flot position	Ψ 30,000,240		Ţ : <u>2, : 3 1,000</u>

POCATELLO/CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 POCATELLO, IDAHO

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position **Program Revenues** Operating Charges for Grants and Governmental Business-type Function/Programs Services Contributions Activities Activities Total Expenses **GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES** Instruction 55,042,118 291,336 10,324,649 \$ (44,426,133) (44,426,133)38,058,498 46,444 7,138,909 Support services (30,873,145)(30,873,145)Non-instruction 2,985,714 560,052 (2,425,662)(2,425,662)Depreciation - unallocated* 2,772,077 (2,772,077)(2,772,077)337,780 18,023,610 Total governmental activities 98,858,407 (80,497,017)(80,497,017)**BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES** Food services 5,672,216 6.654.076 1,189,605 1,189,605 207,745 1,189,605 Total business-type activities 5,672,216 207,745 6,654,076 1,189,605 104,530,623 (80,497,017)Total school district 545,525 24,677,686 1,189,605 (79,307,412)General revenues: Taxes: Property taxes levied for general purposes 9,336,140 9,336,140 Property taxes levied for capital projects 6.596.213 6.596.213 Other local revenues 4,620,676 4,620,676 Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes: State apportionment 76,169,472 76,169,472 Federal apportionment 982.884 982.884 Interest and investment earnings 217,893 217,893 **Transfers** (130,324)130,324 97,792,954 130,324 97,923,278 Total general revenues and transfers Changes in Net Position 17,295,937 1,319,929 18,615,866 Net position - beginning 52,302,312 1,265,872 53,568,184 Net position - ending 69,598,249 2,585,801 72,184,050

^{*} Excludes direct depreciation expenses in other programs.



GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The governmental funds financial statements consist of major and other governmental funds:

- ☐ General Fund
- ☐ Capital Projects Fund
- ☐ Debt Service Fund
- ☐ Professional Tech Ed Fund
- ☐ Other Governmental Funds

The governmental funds focus primarily on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Professional Tech Ed Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 21,862,408	\$ 8,888,117	\$ -	\$ 2,150,697	\$ 4,396,542	\$ 37,297,764
Receivables:						
Property taxes	3,474,647	2,399,338	-	-	-	5,873,985
State school apportionment	449,487	-	-	-	-	449,487
Federal and state grants	-	-	-	-	3,777,784	3,777,784
Restricted assets			500 700			500 700
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	598,786	-	-	598,786
Property taxes	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from other funds	2,519,684	-	-	-	<u>-</u>	2,519,684
Prepaid expenditures	11,711	36,734	-	-	133,335	181,780
Inventories, at cost	189,897			Φ 0 450 007	Φ.0.007.004	189,897
Total assets	\$ 28,507,834	\$ 11,324,189	\$ 598,786	\$ 2,150,697	\$ 8,307,661	\$ 50,889,167
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 487,196	\$ 853,140	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 614,868	\$ 1,955,204
Salaries payable	7,053,952	φ 000,140	Ψ -	Ψ 1,972	585,671	7,641,595
Fringe benefits payable	2,971,638	_	_	382	304,029	3,276,049
Due to other funds	2,071,000	_	_	-	2,519,684	2,519,684
Unearned revenue	_	-	_	2,148,343	44,264	2,192,607
Total liabilities	10,512,786	853,140		2,150,697	4,068,516	17,585,139
	. 0,0 : _,: 00				.,000,010	,000,.00
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCE	S					
Unavailable revenue- property taxes	180,345	120,064				300,409
Total deferred inflows of resources	180,345	120,064				300,409
FUND DALANGEO						
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable:	100.007					400.007
Inventories	189,897	- 00.704	-	-	-	189,897
Prepaid expenditures	11,711	36,734	-	-	-	48,445
Restricted for:			500 700			500 700
Bond obligations	-	-	598,786	-	4 220 445	598,786
Special revenue funds (see note 20)	-	-	-	-	4,239,145	4,239,145
Assigned for:						
Capital projects	_	10,314,251	-	-	_	10,314,251
Unassigned	17,613,095	-	-	-	_	17,613,095
Total fund balances	17,814,703	10,350,985	598,786		4,239,145	33,003,619
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				·
resources, and fund balances	\$ 28,507,834	\$ 11,324,189	\$ 598,786	\$ 2,150,697	\$ 8,307,661	\$ 50,889,167

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

The net PERSI sick leave (asset) and the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERSI sick leave are only reported in the Statement of Net Position: Net PERSI sickleave (asset) is \$6,228,594, deferred inflows of resources related to PERSI sickleave (asset) is \$6,228,594, deferred inflows of resources related to PERSI sickleave is \$1,620,285. Some of the District's property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore, are reported as collected after year-end revenue in the funds. Net pension asset 1,198. The net position, less the investment in capital assets, of the internal service fund is included as a governmental fund in the government-wide financial statement. Capital assets from the internal service fund are combined with the total governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when paid. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are recognized in the statement of net position. Balances at year end are: Other postretirement benefit obligations (7,553). Compensated absences (167. Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pension and other postretirement benefit obligations are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to other postretirement benefit obligations (2,322). Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) (22,776). Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) (38,326).	Total fund balances for governmental funds		\$ 33,003,619
resources and therefore not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of: Land Construction in progress Land improvements, net of \$5,084,481 accumulated depreciation A,398,696 Buildings, net of \$39,314,124 accumulated depreciation 37,152,168 Machinery and equipment, net of \$8,250,478 accumulated depreciation Licensed vehicles, net of \$6,529,045 accumulated depreciation Total capital assets Total capital assets The net PERSI sick leave (asset) and the deferred outflows of resources related to PERSI sick leave are only reported in the Statement of Net Position: Net PERSI sickleave (asset) is \$6,228,594, deferred inflows of resources related to PERSI sickleave is \$2,845,010 and deferred outflows of resources related to PERSI sickleave is \$1,620,285. Some of the District's property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore, are reported as collected after year-end revenue in the funds. Net pension asset 1,198 The net position, less the investment in capital assets, of the internal service fund is included as a governmental fund in the government-wide financial statement. Capital assets from the internal service fund are combined with the total governmental adjustment. 285 Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accured in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when paid. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are recognized in the statement of net position. Balances at year end are: Other postretirement benefit obligations Compensated absences Deferred outflows of resources related to other postretirement benefit obligations Deferred outflows of resources related to other postretirement benefit obligations Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) 22,776 Deferred inflows of resources re	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Land (Construction in progress (1,096,038 Land improvements, net of \$5,084,481 accumulated depreciation (1,096,038 Land improvements, net of \$5,084,481 accumulated depreciation (1,096,038 Land improvements, net of \$3,314,124 accumulated depreciation (1,75,21,68 Machinery and equipment, net of \$8,260,478 accumulated depreciation (1,75,146 Machinery and equipment, net of \$8,529,045 accumulated depreciation (1,75,141 Licensed vehicles, net of \$6,529,045 accumulated depreciation (1,759,141 Licensed vehicles) (1,75	resources and therefore not reported in the funds. Those assets		
resources related to PERSI sick leave are only reported in the Statement of Net Position: Net PERSI sickleave (asset) is \$6,228,594, deferred inflows of resources related to PERSI sickleave 5,003 is \$2,845,010 and deferred outflows of resources related to PERSI sick leave is \$1,620,285. Some of the District's property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore, are reported as collected after year-end revenue in the funds. Net pension asset 1,198 The net position, less the investment in capital assets, of the internal service fund is included as a governmental fund in the government-wide financial statement. Capital assets from the internal service fund are combined with the total governmental adjustment. 285 Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when paid. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are recognized in the statement of net position. Balances at year end are: Other postretirement benefit obligations Compensated absences (7,553) Compensated absences Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pension and other postretirement benefit obligations are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to other postretirement benefit obligations 1,638 Deferred inflows of resources related to postretirement benefit obligations 2,322 Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) 22,776 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule)	Land Construction in progress Land improvements, net of \$5,084,481 accumulated depreciation Buildings, net of \$39,314,124 accumulated depreciation Machinery and equipment, net of \$8,260,478 accumulated depreciation Licensed vehicles, net of \$6,529,045 accumulated depreciation	1,096,038 4,398,696 37,152,168 5,573,291	53,761,222
available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore, are reported as collected after year-end revenue in the funds. Net pension asset 1,198 The net position, less the investment in capital assets, of the internal service fund is included as a governmental fund in the government-wide financial statement. Capital assets from the internal service fund are combined with the total governmental adjustment. 285 Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when paid. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are recognized in the statement of net position. Balances at year end are: Other postretirement benefit obligations Compensated absences (7,553, Compensated absences) Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pension and other postretirement benefit obligations are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to other postretirement benefit obligations 1,638, Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) 22,776, Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule)	resources related to PERSI sick leave are only reported in the Statement of Net Position: Net PERSI sickleave (asset) is \$6,228,594, deferred inflows of resources related to PERSI sickleave		5,003,869
The net position, less the investment in capital assets, of the internal service fund is included as a governmental fund in the government-wide financial statement. Capital assets from the internal service fund are combined with the total governmental adjustment. 285 Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when paid. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are recognized in the statement of net position. Balances at year end are: Other postretirement benefit obligations Compensated absences (7,553 Compensated absences (7,553 Compensated outflows and inflows or resources related to pension and other postretirement benefit obligations are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to other postretirement benefit obligations 1,638 Deferred inflows of resources related to postretirement benefit obligations 22,776 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) 23,8326	available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore,		300,409
governmental fund in the government-wide financial statement. Capital assets from the internal service fund are combined with the total governmental adjustment. Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when paid. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are recognized in the statement of net position. Balances at year end are: Other postretirement benefit obligations Compensated absences (7,553 Compensated outflows and inflows or resources related to pension and other postretirement benefit obligations are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to other postretirement benefit obligations Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) (2,322 22,776 (38,326)	Net pension asset		1,198,051
payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when paid. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are recognized in the statement of net position. Balances at year end are: Other postretirement benefit obligations Compensated absences Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pension and other postretirement benefit obligations are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to other postretirement benefit obligations Deferred inflows of resources related to postretirement benefit obligations Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) 22,776 Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) (38,326)	governmental fund in the government-wide financial statement. Capital assets from the internal		285,663
Other postretirement benefit obligations Compensated absences Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pension and other postretirement benefit obligations are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to other postretirement benefit obligations Deferred inflows of resources related to postretirement benefit obligations Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) (38,326)	payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when paid. All liabilities, both current and long-		
applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Deferred outflows of resources related to other postretirement benefit obligations Deferred inflows of resources related to postretirement benefit obligations Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) (38,326)	Other postretirement benefit obligations		(7,553,154) (167,730)
Deferred inflows of resources related to postretirement benefit obligations Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) (38,326)	·	obligations are	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule) (38,326)	Deferred inflows of resources related to postretirement benefit obligations		1,638,525 (2,322,232) 22,776,233
Total Net Position of governmental activities \$ 69,598.	Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (from pension schedule)		(38,326,226)
	Total Net Position of governmental activities		\$ 69,598,249

COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Professional Tech Ed Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES						
Local	\$ 10,322,144	\$ 7,604,581	\$ 1,498	\$ -	\$ 3,389,172	\$ 21,317,395
State	74,890,476	1,278,996	-	-	1,159,003	77,328,475
Federal	-	570,000	-	412,884	16,864,607	17,847,491
Total revenues	85,212,620	9,453,577	1,498	412,884	21,412,782	116,493,361
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction	53,430,661	-	-	174,288	9,021,507	62,626,456
Support services	29,858,666	408,891	-	199,596	7,591,345	38,058,498
Non-instruction	-	-	-	-	2,985,714	2,985,714
Capital outlay	348,198	7,206,476		39,000	1,732,246	9,325,920
Total expenditures	83,637,525	7,615,367		412,884	21,330,812	112,996,588
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENU	ES					
OVER EXPENDITURÉS	1,575,095	1,838,210	1,498		81,970	3,496,773
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USE	S)					
Transfers in (out)	(294,181)	-	-	-	163,857	(130,324)
Total other financing sources (uses)			-	-	163,857	(130,324)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	1,280,914	1,838,210	1,498	-	245,827	3,366,449
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	16,533,789	8,512,775	597,288		3,993,318	29,637,170
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 17,814,703	\$ 10,350,985	\$ 598,786	\$ -	\$ 4,239,145	\$ 33,003,619

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net changes in fund balances - total government funds		\$	3,366,449
The change in Net Position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. In addition, the District has adopted the policy of capitalizing only those capital outlay expenditures in excess of \$5,000. The remaining cost is reclassified on the statement of activities. The net adjustments to reconcile these types of accounts are as follows: Capital project expenditures Current year depreciation, internal service fund Disposition of assets Current year depreciation	\$ 9,325,920 (625) (575) (2,771,452)		
Net adjustment			6,553,268
Some revenues reported in the governmental funds, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting, have been previously reported on the statement of activities, which uses the full accrual basis of accounting. An internal service fund is used by the District to charge the cost of printing and development to individual funds. The net affect of the internal service fund is reported with governmental activities and should include the above internal service fund change in capital assets.			(229,362)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. In addition, governmental funds do not recognize interest on long-term debt until it is due, rather than as it accrues. The net adjustment to reconcile these type of transactions is: Current year change in other postretirement benefit obligations liability and related deferred outflows and inflows. Current year change in PERSI sick leave and related deferred outflows and inflows. Current year change in compensated absences	(114,819) 339,360 (16,370)		21,244
Net adjustment	(10,010)		208,171
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.			7,376,167
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$	17,295,937
• •		_	



GENERAL FUND

This fund accounts for all of the financial revenues and expenditures of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The principal revenue sources are property taxes and an apportionment from the State of Idaho Base School Support Fund.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Local sources:					
Property taxes	\$ 9,490,065	\$ 9,490,065	\$ 9,565,502	\$ 75,437	
Interest on taxes	100,000	100,000	92,902	(7,098)	
Earnings from investments	165,000	165,000	99,443	(65,557)	
Tuition revenue	27,500	27,500	25,200	(2,300)	
Student body activities	202,500	202,500	291,336	88,836	
Other	268,000	268,000	247,761	(20,239)	
Total local sources	10,253,065	10,253,065	10,322,144	69,079	
State sources:					
State appropriation	69,688,930	71,526,509	74,881,522	3,355,013	
Revenue in lieu of taxes	-	-	8,954	8,954	
Total state sources	69,688,930	71,526,509	74,890,476	3,363,967	
Federal sources:					
Grants and program reimbursement	70,000	70,000	_	(70,000)	
Total federal sources	70,000	70,000		(70,000)	
Total revenues	80,011,995	81,849,574	85,212,620	3,363,046	
EXPENDITURES	00,011,000	01,043,014	00,212,020	0,000,040	
Current:					
Instruction:					
Elementary Program:			40.0000		
Salaries	16,298,084	16,406,735	16,205,922	200,813	
Fringe benefits	6,375,153	6,345,500	6,385,909	(40,409)	
Purchased services	65,050	65,050	22,921	42,129	
Supplies and materials	1,475,951	1,209,998	724,726	485,272	
Equipment	14,720	14,720	1,404	13,316	
Secondary Program:					
Salaries	14,768,796	15,029,686	14,960,179	69,507	
Fringe benefits	5,418,511	5,519,134	5,570,127	(50,993)	
Purchased services	88,700	88,700	123,675	(34,975)	
Supplies and materials	692,751	862,818	633,826	228,992	
Equipment	91,080	91,080	5,855	85,225	
Alternate School:					
Salaries	1,013,825	966,092	960,292	5,800	
Fringe benefits	367,027	358,477	356,902	1,575	
Purchased services	17,250	17,250	14,325	2,925	
Supplies and materials	13,848	16,095	13,830	2,265	
Special Education:					
Salaries	3,650,809	3,871,563	3,757,864	113,699	
Fringe benefits	1,623,220	1,700,712	1,608,484	92,228	
Preschool Special Education:					
Salaries	215,780	221,606	219,819	1,787	
Fringe benefits	93,135	94,493	93,055	1,438	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND-(CONTINUED)

	Budget Amounts		Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Gifted and Talented Program:					
Salaries	\$ 106,095	\$ 113,665	\$ 113,660	\$ 5	
Fringe benefits	41,166	42,770	43,256	(486)	
Purchased services	800	800	349	451	
Supplies and materials	9,200	9,200	3,753	5,447	
Interscholastic Program:					
Purchased services	340,915	340,915	530,497	(189,582)	
School Activity Fund:					
Salaries	708,638	734,055	744,428	(10,373)	
Fringe benefits	140,168	145,878	108,873	37,005	
Purchased services	54,000	54,000	57,551	(3,551)	
Supplies and materials	3,200	3,200	3,238	(38)	
Summer School Program:					
Salaries	198,200	198,200	138,219	59,981	
Fringe benefits	39,204	39,380	27,722	11,658	
Supplies and materials	2,000	2,000	-	2,000	
Community Education Program:					
Salaries	12,000	12,000	-	12,000	
Fringe benefits	2,374	2,374	-	2,374	
Total instruction	53,941,650	54,578,146	53,430,661	1,147,485	
Support Services:					
Attendance and Guidance:					
Salaries	2,474,142	2,453,528	2,426,417	27,111	
Fringe benefits	1,022,477	1,003,859	995,300	8,559	
Purchased services	6,150	6,150	160	5,990	
Supplies and materials	29,070	28,951	19,762	9,189	
Equipment	1,500	1,500	424	1,076	
Ancillary Program:	.,000	.,000		.,	
Salaries	1,353,616	1,412,590	1,413,170	(580)	
Fringe benefits	472,177	480,105	485,482	(5,377)	
Purchased services	330,000	330,000	998,753	(668,753)	
Instructional Improvement:	000,000	000,000	000,700	(000,100)	
Salaries	967,384	960,193	1,028,400	(68,207)	
Fringe benefits	348,477	289,143	296,494	(7,351)	
Purchased services	247,120	247,120	(196,817)	443,937	
Supplies and materials	6,000	6,000	1,729	4,271	
Media Program:	0,000	0,000	1,720	1,271	
Salaries	563,829	563,719	547,150	16,569	
Fringe benefits	353,692	354,192	345,176	9,016	
Supplies and materials	79,248	80,134	79,371	763	
Instruction-related Technology:	70,210	00,101	70,071	700	
Salaries	463,980	471,934	469,943	1,991	
Fringe benefits	210,053	211,066	203,219	7,847	
Purchased services	737,800	737,800	715,267	22,533	
Supplies and materials	18,000	18,000	3,911	14,089	
Board of Education:	10,000	10,000	0,011	17,003	
Purchased services	21,800	21,800	19,069	2,731	
Supplies and materials	7,000	7,000	5,964	1,036	
Insurance	6,800	6,800	5,304	6,800	
modiano	0,000	0,000	_	0,000	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND- (CONTINUED)

	Budget Amounts		Actual	Variance with	
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Central Administration:				·	
Salaries	\$ 568,359	\$ 581,876	\$ 596,603	\$ (14,727)	
Fringe benefits	201,945	205,155	204,425	730	
Purchased services	181,759	181,759	117,109	64,650	
Supplies and materials	15,550	15,550	10,537	5,013	
Insurance	232,750	232,750	232,800	(50)	
School Administration:					
Salaries	3,808,240	3,842,584	3,634,377	208,207	
Fringe benefits	1,370,412	1,380,749	1,358,172	22,577	
Purchased services	2,000	2,000	1,028	972	
Supplies and materials	21,254	22,390	18,972	3,418	
Business Administration:					
Salaries	402,474	403,608	411,257	(7,649)	
Fringe benefits	154,026	154,625	157,283	(2,658)	
Purchased services	124,100	154,100	174,043	(19,943)	
Supplies and materials	7,000	7,000	5,780	1,220	
Insurance	882	882	882	-	
Central Services:					
Salaries	92,397	100,146	81,845	18,301	
Fringe benefits	54,017	55,789	51,756	4,033	
Purchased services	9,500	9,500	2,289	7,211	
Supplies and materials	14,500	14,500	200,754	(186,254)	
Administrative Technology:					
Salaries	182,842	184,786	182,700	2,086	
Fringe benefits	66,437	66,993	74,450	(7,457)	
Purchased services	64,365	64,365	321,656	(257,291)	
Supplies and materials	6,300	6,300	4,471	1,829	
Building Operations:					
Salaries	1,613,732	1,658,788	1,561,670	97,118	
Fringe benefits	944,066	875,966	850,674	25,292	
Purchased services	2,941,800	2,941,800	2,284,445	657,355	
Supplies and materials	247,500	247,500	245,939	1,561	
Insurance	211,396	211,396	211,396	-	
Maintenance:					
Supplies and materials	3,600	3,600	3,401	199	
Maintenance, Buildings & Equipment:					
Salaries	854,253	875,938	942,547	(66,609)	
Fringe benefits	441,531	475,453	463,174	12,279	
Purchased services	126,000	126,000	124,307	1,693	
Supplies and materials	305,000	305,000	313,153	(8,153)	
Maintenance, Grounds:					
Salaries	200,210	154,675	141,252	13,423	
Fringe benefits	132,175	99,953	84,157	15,796	
Purchased services	15,000	15,000	8,464	6,536	
Supplies and materials	25,000	25,000	23,153	1,847	
Security Services:					
Salaries	105,439	106,392	97,654	8,738	
Fringe benefits	81,397	91,773	87,594	4,179	
Purchased services	114,500	114,500	166,663	(52,163)	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND- (CONTINUED)

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget
Pupil to School Program:				
Salaries	\$ 2,076,029	\$ 2,248,705	\$ 2,280,975	\$ (32,270)
Fringe benefits	965,695	1,007,089	1,003,857	3,232
Purchased services	78,388	78,388	47,171	31,217
Supplies and materials	480,819	480,819	622,544	(141,725)
Equipment	2,000	2,000	248	1,752
Insurance	1,019	1,019	-	1,019
Non-reimb. Transportation:				
Purchased services	7,800	7,800	2,827	4,973
Supplies and materials	6,100	6,100	8,405	(2,305)
Equipment	1,300	1,300	348,613	(347,313)
Insurance	32,081	32,081	32,081	-
Other Support Service:				
Salaries	-	-	469,402	(469,402)
Fringe benefits	-	-	67,065	(67,065)
Purchased services	12,500	12,500	12,500	
Total support services	29,327,754	29,585,526	30,206,864	(621,338)
Total expenditures	83,269,404	84,163,672	83,637,525	526,147
EXCESS REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)	(3,257,409)	(2,314,098)	1,575,095	3,889,193
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers out	(10,742,591)	(14,209,691)	(294,181)	13,915,510
Total other financing (uses)	(10,742,591)	(14,209,691)	(294,181)	13,915,510
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(14,000,000)	(16,523,789)	1,280,914	17,804,703
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	14,000,000	16,523,789	16,533,789	10,000
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 17,814,703	\$ 17,814,703



PROPRIETARY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Enterprise Fund - Food Service Program - The program operates as a non-profit, self-supporting service. Principal revenue sources are received from the sales of meals, breakfast, ala carte items and reimbursements and food subsidies from the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Internal Service Fund - Print Shop - The print shop provides professional central printing and copier services to all schools and departments. Principal revenue sources include fees charged for use of print services.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 2,437,828 \$ 288	,089
Prepaid expense -	260
Receivables:	
Federal and state grants 165,820	_
PERSI sick leave 192,637	_
Net pension asset 34,015	_
Inventories, at cost 469,366	_
	,349
10tal current assets	,040
Noncurrent Assets:	
Right of use asset (net of accumulated amortization) - 192	,354
	,984
Total noncurrent assets 133,148 196	,338
Total assets 3,432,814 484	,687
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs - PERSI sick leave 50,112	-
Deferred outflows - pension 646,666	_
Total deferred outflows of resources 696,778	
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable 225,884	260
, ,	,423
	,003
	,373
	,059
	,039
Long-term Liabilities:	067
	,967
Total Long-term liabilities367,638156 Total liabilities	,967
i otal liabilities	
DEFENDED INCLOWS OF DESCRIPCES	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Differences between expected and actual experience - PERSI sick leave 87,990	-
Deferred inflows - pensions 1,088,163	
Total deferred inflows of resources	
NET POSITION	
·	,984
	,677
Total net position <u>\$ 2,585,801</u> <u>\$ 289</u>	,661

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Enterprise Fund: Food Service	Internal Service Fund: Print Shop
OPERATING REVENUES		4
Service charges	\$ 207,745	\$ 148,996
Total operating revenues	207,745	148,996
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries	1,559,130	25,710
Fringe benefits	735,308	12,943
Purchased services	38,497	65,495
Supplies and materials	3,256,198	16,754
Equipment	63,018	-
Amortization	-	6,307
Depreciation	20,065	625
Total operating expenses	5,672,216	127,834
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(5,464,471)	21,162
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Grants and program reimbursements	6,657,390	-
Interest expense	-	(529)
Loss on disposition of assets	(3,314)	-
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	6,654,076	(529)
NET INCOME BEFORE TRANSFERS	1,189,605	20,633
TRANSFERS IN	130,324	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,319,929	20,633
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	1,265,872	269,028
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 2,585,801	\$ 289,661

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Enterprise Fund: Food Service	Intern Service Print S	Fund:
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from users Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services Net cash provided (used) for operating activities	\$ 207,745 (3,357,713) (2,294,438) (5,483,875)	(8:	8,996 2,509) 8,134) 8,353
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Principal paid on long-term borrowings Interest paid on long-term borrowings Net cash used for capital and related financing activities	- - -		6,321) (529) 6,850)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Nonoperating grants received Transfers in Net cash provided for noncapital financing activities	6,645,212 130,324 6,775,536		- - -
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,291,661	2	1,503
NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	1,146,167	26	6,586
NET CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$ 2,437,828	\$ 28	8,089
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	\$ (5,464,471)	\$ 2	1,162
Non cash item- depreciation Non cash item- amortization (Increase) decrease in operating assets:	20,065		625 6,307
Inventories Prepaid expense PERSI sick leave Net pension asset Deferred outflows of resources - PERSI sick leave Deferred outflows of resources - pension Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:	68,476 - (29,303) (34,015) (27,401) (240,382)		- (260) - - - -
Accrued liabilities Net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources - PERSI sick leave Deferred inflows of resources - pensions Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	117,941 (993,700) 46,207 1,052,708	\$ 20	519 - - - 8 353
iver cash provided (dised) by operating activities	\$ (5,483,875)	\$ 2	8,353



FIDUCIARY FUNDS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fiduciary funds financial statements consist of Education Foundation trust and school agency funds:

☐ The Education Foundation Trust Fund reports all contributions and donations which benefit individual schools of the Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25.

The fiduciary funds financial statements focus on net position and changes in net position.

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	Education
	Foundation
	Trust Fund
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 344,938
Investments	1,699,405_
Total assets	\$ 2,044,343
NET POSITION	
Held in trust for Education Foundation	2,044,343
Total net position	\$ 2,044,343

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS

	Education Foundation Trust Fund	
ADDITIONS		
Donations:		
Private donations	\$	99,399
Total donations		99,399
Investment Income:		
Interest and dividends		37,473
Net appreciation/(depreciation) in fair value of investments		(170,135)
Total investment income		(132,662)
Total additions		(33,263)
DEDUCTIONS		
Grants awarded		106,945
Administrative expenses		5,743
Total deductions		112,688
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(145,951)
NET POSITION - BEGINNING		2,190,294
NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	2,044,343



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of the basic financial statements. The notes focus on the primary government, especially the governmental activities and major funds.

Note 1	Summary of Significant Accounting Policies
Note 2	Legal Compliance - Budgets
Note 3	Property Taxes
Note 4	Contingent Liabilities
Note 5	Risk Management
Note 6	Capital Assets
Note 7	Long-Term Debt
Note 8	Pension Plan
Note 9	Healthcare Plan
Note 10	PERSI Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund
Note 11	Internal Service Fund
Note 12	Required Individual Fund Disclosures
Note 13	Deposits and Investments
Note 14	Restricted Fund Balance
Note 15	Deficit Fund Balance
Note 16	Subsequent Events
Note 17	Due to/from Other Funds
Note 18	Tax Abatements
Note 19	Prior Period Adjustment
Note 20	Special Revenue Funds
Note 21	Net Assets Restated

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below:

A. Reporting Entity

Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 was incorporated under the laws of the State of Idaho in 1887. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of Pocatello / Chubbuck School District No. 25 (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the District's operations. The District has no discretely presented component units and therefore, there are none included in this report.

<u>Blended Component Unit</u>: The VEBA Insurance Trust fund was established by the District to provide funds to offset the cost of employer paid health insurance. The trust can contribute up to \$175,000 per year towards increased premium costs, but does not provide for risk financing activities. The District established the governing board of the Trust and a transfer from the District's General Fund created the net assets of the Trust. The Trust is reported as a governmental fund and is included in the supplementary information as a non-major special revenue fund.

B. Government-wide Statements and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. These statements include financial activities of the overall government, except fiduciary activities. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Custodial funds reported have no measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Custodial funds, which are reported as part of the fiduciary fund financial statements, apply the accrual basis of accounting but do not have a measurement focus.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough afterward to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, state apportionment and interest associated with the current fiscal period are considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the District receives cash.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund:</u> This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund:</u> This fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of major capital equipment and facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

<u>Debt Service Fund:</u> This fund accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on general long-term debt of governmental funds.

In addition, the District reports the following other non-major governmental funds:

<u>Special Revenue Funds:</u> These funds are established to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than major capital projects, that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes.

The District reports the following major proprietary fund:

Food Service Fund: This fund accounts for operation of the Federal School Lunch Program.

Internal Service Fund: This fund accounts for operation of the District's Print Shop operation.

<u>Fiduciary Funds:</u> These funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments or other funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The District reports the following fund types:

<u>Trust Funds:</u> The Pocatello Education Foundation accounts for contributions and donations that benefit educational projects at individual schools which supplement the basic district supported programs. The Foundation Board operates independent from the District, reviews grant proposals, and awards grants which meet the Foundation goals and educational criteria.

In the governmental-wide statement of activities, interfund services provided and used are not eliminated in the process of consolidation.

<u>Proprietary Funds:</u> These funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise fund are charges to students and staff for the sale of meals. The District also recognizes as operating revenues charges by the internal service fund for the use of print services. Operating expenses for the enterprise fund and the internal service fund include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General, Special Revenue, Debt Service, Capital Projects, Enterprise and Internal Service Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. Ten-year replacement schedules and long-term project length financial plans are identified for the Capital Projects Fund.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbered appropriations outstanding at year-end lapse and are rebudgeted during the subsequent year.

E. Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, short-term investments that are highly liquid or available the next day through the Idaho State local government investment pool. The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested as allowed by Idaho Code. State statutes authorize the District to invest in certain revenue bonds, general obligation bonds, local improvement district bonds, registered warrants of state and local governmental entities, time deposit accounts, tax anticipation and interest-bearing notes, bonds, treasury bills, debentures or other similar obligations of the United States Government and the Farm Credit System and repurchase agreements.

Investments are stated at fair value determined by quoted market prices. Interest income is recorded in the general fund of the District unless otherwise specified by law or by Commission agreement.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories and prepaid items are recorded when purchased, at cost, which approximates market value, using the average cost method. Inventories consist primarily of supplies and food for the Food Service Program. The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed, rather than when purchased.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns, at historical cost, in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Class	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Land improvements	20
Buildings and building improvements	25 - 65
Equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	8

H. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government only has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category, a pension related deferral and contribution made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has two types of items that meet the criteria- pension releated deferrals, and *unavailable revenue*, which is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

I. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Net position flow assumption

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the government's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

K. Fund balance flow assumptions

Sometimes the government will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the government's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

L. Accrued Liabilities and Long-term Debt

All accrued liabilities and long-term debt are reported in the entity-wide financial statements as well as the proprietary fund financial statements.

For governmental fund financial statements, the accrued liabilities, including compensated absences, are generally reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources. Payments within sixty days after year-end are considered to have been made with current available resources. Long-term debt paid from governmental funds is not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements until due.

M. Bond Indebtedness Limit

The lawful School District debt limit is established under Idaho Code 33-1103. The limit is not to exceed five percent (5%) of the total assessed valuation of property in the District, less the aggregate outstanding indebtedness, minus the amount available to retire the debt.

At June 30, 2022, the bond indebtedness limit of the District was \$256,059,780, with no bonds outstanding at year-end.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable items- This category includes a portion of net resources that cannot be spent because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. This includes inventories and prepaid items.

Restricted items - This category includes resources where limitations are imposed by external entities, such as grantors and creditors, or to comply with laws and regulations of governments.

Committed items-This category includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The District's highest level of decision making authority rests with the District's Board of Trustees for the District. The District passes formal resolutions to commit their fund balances. There are no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2022.

Assigned items-Assigned items represent the District's intent to use certain resources for specific purposes. The Superintendent may establish the intended use of these funds for a designated purpose as authorized by the District's Board of Trustees upon adoption of the annual budget.

Unassigned items - Represents the remainder of the District's general fund equity in governmental fund-type balances in excess of the aforementioned classifications.

Classifications of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to administrative change or by Board action. As established by Board Policy 5610- fiscal management expenditures in these categories are budgeted and approved by the Board of Trustees.

P. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense; (expense offset), information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund and additions to/deductions from Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Sick Leave Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 2 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE: BUDGETS

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each governmental fund type on the modified accrual basis of accounting. In accordance with Title 33 of the Idaho Code, budgets are also prepared and legally adopted for all other funds. The District begins its budgeting process by appointing budget committee members in early fall of each year. Recommendations are developed through early spring with the Board of Trustees approving the budget in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in early June, with the public hearing being held in late June. The budget is adopted, appropriations made and the tax levy declared no later than June 30th. Expenditure budgets are appropriated at the major function and program activity level for each fund.

NOTE 2 - LEGAL COMPLIANCE: BUDGETS (CONTINUED)

Budgets for all fund types are adopted on a modified accrual basis, except for the proprietary fund type, which is prepared on the accrual basis. The modified accrual basis is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for governmental fund types, whereas the accrual basis is GAAP for the proprietary fund types.

The total appropriated budget for each fund may not be legally over-expended. Budget amounts shown in the combined financial statements include the original budget amounts and appropriation transfers approved by the Board of Trustees. After budget approval, the Board of Trustees may approve supplemental appropriations if an occurrence, condition, or need exists which had not been ascertained at the time the budget was adopted. Nominal budget amendments were approved in February 2021 and were not material or significant. The Superintendent is authorized to make total budgetary adjustments from the General Operating Contingency Account of up to \$50,000, without seeking prior approval from the Board of Trustees. Total budgetary adjustments less than \$50,000 are made by the Superintendent or Director of Business Operations (management) and reported to the Board of Trustees for approval in January of each fiscal year. The Board of Trustees must approve budgetary adjustments from the General Operating Contingency Account, amounting to more than \$50,000. The legal level of budgetary control is at the major function and program activity at the individual fund level.

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES

Ad valorem property taxes are levied on the third Monday in September. Real property taxes are payable in two installments on December 20th and June 20th, of the following year. Personal property taxes are due on December 20th. Bannock County bills and collects property taxes for the School District. Liens are attached when taxes remain unpaid three years after the date due. Uncollected taxes are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established.

NOTE 4 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount of expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Currently the District is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the District's counsel the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the District. The District is empowered under state law, Code Section 6-928, to levy tort and judgment taxes to cover contingent liabilities and provide for liability insurance.

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries commercial insurance. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows (in thousands):

		eginning		•	_	,		Ending
Governmental activities:	B	alances	Inc	reases	De	creases	B	alances
Capital assets not being depreciated	•	0 =00	•		•		•	
Land	\$	2,782	\$	1 006	\$	-	\$	2,782
Construction in progress Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,782		1,096 1,096				1,096 3,878
		2,702		1,090				3,070
Capital assets being depreciated		0.000		550				0.400
Land improvements		8,933		550 5 103		-		9,483
Buildings and improvements		71,364		5,102		-		76,466
Equipment		12,056		1,805		27		13,834
Vehicles		9,000		773		485		9,288
Total capital assets being depreciated		101,353		8,230		512		109,071
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		4,814		271		-		5,085
Buildings and improvements		38,084		1,230		-		39,314
Equipment		7,687		600		27		8,260
Vehicles		6,342		671		484		6,529
Total accumulated depreciation		56,927		2,772		511		59,188
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		44,426		5,458		1		49,883
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	47,208	\$	6,554	\$	1	\$	53,761
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Equipment	\$	520	\$	-	\$	6	\$	514
Vehicles		151		_		_		151
Total capital assets being depreciated		671		-		6		665
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Equipment		364		21		4		381
Vehicles		151						151
Total accumulated depreciation		515		21		4		532
Business activities capital assets, net	\$	156	\$	(21)	\$	2	\$	133
Depreciation expense was charged as follow	/s (in t	housands):	•					
Governmental activities:	•	,						
General government (unallocated)					\$	2,772		
Business-type activities:								
Food Services					\$	21		

NOTE 7 - LONG-TERM DEBT

Compensated Absences

General Fund maintenance and operations revenues have been used to fund compensated absences and other post retirement obligations. Due to the nature of compensated absences, annual requirements to amortize such obligations are not determinable and have not been presented.

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows (in thousands):

Governmental activities:		eginning alances	Ad	dditions	Re	eductions		Ending Balance		Due Within ne Year
Other liabilities:	_		_		_		_		_	
Compensated absences	\$	151	\$	202	\$	185	\$	168	\$	151
Net pension liability		34,664		-		34,664		-		-
Other postretirement benefit obligations		7,866		815		1,128		7,553		
Total long-term liabilities	\$	42,681	\$	1,017	\$	35,977	\$	7,721	\$	151
Business-type activities: Other liabilities:										
Net pension liability	\$	994	\$	-	\$	994	\$	-	\$	-

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Pension Benefits - (continued)

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) that are adequate to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate. As of June 30, 2022 was 7.16%. The employer contribution rate as a percentage of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% of covered compensation. The District's contributions were \$7,465,097 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 1.56001225 percent an increase of .02445245 from the prior year.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of (\$126,459). At year end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to year end pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 1,815,278	\$ 716,160
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	-	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		
pension plan investments	14,142,524	38,698,229
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions	<u>-</u>	_
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	7,465,097	-
	\$ 23,422,899	\$ 39,414,389

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

\$7,465,097 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized "&"as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023."

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2019, the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2020 is 4.7 and 4.6 for the measurement period June 30, 2021.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended June 30, :

2022	\$ (5,517,775)
2023	(4,972,643)
2024	(4,345,522)
2025	(8,620,647)
2026	<u>-</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.30%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.05%
Investment rate of return- net of investment fees	6.35%
Cost-of-living adjustments	1.00%

Several different sets of mortality rates are used in the valuation for contributing members, members retired for service and beneficiaries. These rates were adopted for the valuation dated July 1, 2021.

Contributing Members, Service Retirement Members, and Beneficiaries

General Employees and All Beneficiaries- Males	Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 11%
General Employees and All Beneficiaries- Females	Pub-2010 General Tables, increased 21%
Teachers- Males	Pub-2010 Teacher Tables, increased 12%
Teachers- Females	Pub-2010 Teacher Tables, increased 21%
Fire & Police- Males	Pub-2010 Safety Tables, increased 21%
Fire & Police- Females	Pub-2010 Safety Tables, increased 26%
Disabled Members - Males	Pub-2010 Disabled Tables, increased 38%
Disabled Members - Females	Pub-2010 Disabled Tables, increased 36%

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of PERSI's assets. The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

Capital Market Assumptions from Callan 2021

	Target Allocation	Expected Nominal Rate of (Arithmetic)	Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)	
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	1.80%	-0.20%	
Broad US Equities	55.00%	8.00%	6.00%	
Developed Foreign Equities	15.00%	8.25%	6.25%	
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.00%	2.00%	
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%	
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.18%	4.18%	
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.29%	12.29%	
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return		5.55%	3.46%	
Assumed Investment Expenses		40.00%	0.40%	
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return, Net Investment Expenses	: of	5.15%	3.06%	
Investment Policy Assumptions from P	ERSI Nove	mber 2019		
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Inve	stment Expe	enses	4.14%	
Portfolio Standard Deviation			14.16%	
Economic/Demographic Assumptions from Milliman 2021				
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board				
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment E	4.05%			
Assumed Investment Expenses	2.30%			
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return, Net of Inve	estment Ex	penses	6.35%	

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.35%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.35 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.35 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.35 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease (5.35%)	Discount Rate (6.35%)	1% Increase (7.35%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net			
pension liability (asset)	\$ 42,829,220	\$ (1,232,066)	\$ (37,349,986)

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2022, the District reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 9 - HEALTHCARE PLAN

The District's Post-Retirement Healthcare Plan is a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan administered by PacificSource. The Retiree Health Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. PacificSource provides medical and prescription drug coverage. Dental insurance benefits, for eligible retirees and their eligible dependents, is available through Delta Dental. A retiree who retires with the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI) is eligible to keep the District's health/dental insurance as a retiree until age 65, or until the retiree is eligible for coverage under Medicare. Retirement eligibility is determined based on a minimum of reaching age 55 with at least 5 years of membership service with a PERSI employer. The retiree is on the same medical/dental plan as the District's active employees.

NOTE 9 - HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The District's Post-Retirement Dental Plan is a single-employer dental plan administered by Delta Dental. Delta Dental provides dental benefits as outlined in the District's agreed upon plan to eligible retirees and their eligible dependents. A retiree who retires from the District is eligible to keep the District's dental coverage until death. The employee is responsible for paying the premiums to maintain coverage. Retirement eligibility is determined based on a minimum of reaching age 55 with at least 5 years of membership service with a PERSI employer.

GASB 75 and GASB 45: Accounting for Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Obligations requires governmental entities to record the present value of the unfunded employer costs associated with non-retirement-based expected payments to current and former employees for post-employment benefits such as health and dental insurance. The District utilized a specialist to estimate the present value of the full costs of all promised health and dental insurance benefits to all current and former employees included in the current benefit population utilizing such factors as the age, retirement age, expected increases in health costs, expected employer contributions, historical health claims by employee population, and other factors.

The rationale behind the implementation of GASB 75 relates to the fact that the former and current employees to the balance sheet date have provided services to the entity and have created a cost in the current period that will need to be paid in future periods based on the current employer-employee agreement. The unfunded portion of these costs will require future cash flows, which need to be considered in combination with other expected future cash outflows in order to avoid budget deficits in those fiscal periods.

Plan membership. At June 30, 2022, the valuation date, the District's membership consisted of the following:

Active plan members	1,392
Retired employees receiving benefits	251
Total members	1,643

Funding Policy. The contribution requirement of retirees is established by the District's insurance committee in conjunction with our insurance provider. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. Retirees are required to pay 100% of the premiums for both the retiree and the dependent coverage based on the combined active and retiree pool. Monthly contribution rates in effect for retirees from September 1, 2020 through August 31, 2022, were as follows:

Under 65	andard edical	ellness ledical		
Single	\$ 794	\$ 725	\$	35
No Spouse W/ Children	\$ 1,298	\$ 1,229	\$	92
W/Spouse	\$ 1,637	\$ 1,568	\$	95
W/Spouse + Children	\$ 1,947	\$ 1,878	\$	152

NOTE 9 - HEALTHCARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$7,553,154 was measured as of June 30, 2022, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs. The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.0 percent
General wage increases	3.0 percent
Medical CPI Trend	2.0 percent
Discount rate	3.54 percent

The discount rate was based on Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 mortality table with generational scale MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions for the total OPEB liability used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the PERSI actuarial valuation of June 30, 2022 for demographic assumptions and the July 1, 2022 OPEB Valuation for the economic and OPEB specific assumptions

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability- Measurement date

	Total OPEB Liability	
Balance at start of year July 1, 2021	\$	7,866,186
Changes for the year:		
Service Cost		638,083
Interest		176,905
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		(499,578)
Expected Benefit payments		(628,442)
Net changes		(313,032)
Balance at the end of year June 30, 2022	\$	7,553,154

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a discount rate of 2.16 and 3.54 percent in 2021 and 2022.

Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 3.54%, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.54 percent) or 1 percentage point higher (4.54 percent) than the current discount rate:

ato:			
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(2.54%)	(3.54%)	(4.54%)
Total June 30, 2022 OPEB Liability	\$ 8,117,000	\$ 7,553,154	\$ 7,027,000

NOTE 9 - HEALTH CARE PLAN (CONTINUED)

The following_presents the total OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	1% Current	
	Decrease	Trend	Increase
Total June 30, 2022 OPEB Liability	\$ 6,742,000	\$ 7,553,154	\$ 8,514,000

For the measurement date, year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$743,261. At June 30, 2022, the District reported \$1,638,525 deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of \$2,322,232 resources related to changes in assumptions/imputs.

The amont reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense (expense offset) as follows:

Year ended June 30, :

2022	\$ (71,727)
2023	(71,727)
2024	(71,727)
2025	(71,727)
2026	(71,727)
Thereafter	(325,072)

NOTE 10 - PERSI SICK LEAVE INSURANCE RESERVE FUND

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund (Sick Leave Plan) which is a costsharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits that are administered by PERSI that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for the Sick Leave Plan. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov

Responsibility for administration of the Sick Leave Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

OPEB Benefits

Group retiree health, dental, accident, and life insurance premiums may qualify as a benefit. Retirees who have a sick leave account can use their balance as a credit towards these premiums paid directly to the applicable insurance company.

NOTE 10 - PERSI SICK LEAVE INSURANCE RESERVE FUND (continued)

Employer Contributions

The contribution rate for employers are set by statute at .065% of covered compensation for state members. Covered school members contribution rates are set by statute based on the number of sick days offered by the employer. The contribution rate of 1.16% for school members with nine or ten sick days, 1.26% for school members with 11-14 sick days. If a school member has more than 14 days of sick leave then the contribution rate will be set by the PERSI Retirement Board based on current cost and actuarial data and reviewed annually. The District's contributions were \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Expense Offset), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's share of contributions relative to the total contributions of all participating Sick Leave employers. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 4.4217134 percent. There was no changed from June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense (expense offset) of (\$349,857). The \$0 was reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB asset in the year ending June 30, 2023.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to PERSI OPEB sick leave from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	(Outflows of		Inflows of
	F	Resources	F	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	916,209	\$	-
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		754,188		1,216,459
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan				
investments		-		1,716,541
Total	\$	1,670,397	\$	2,933,000

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense (expense offset) as follows:

Year ended June 30, :

2022	\$ (378,886)
2023	(324,421)
2024	(304,074)
2025	(430,170)
2026	12,166
Thereafter	162,781

NOTE 10 - PERSI SICK LEAVE INSURANCE RESERVE FUND (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. The Sick Leave Plan amortizes any net OPEB asset based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Sick Leave Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.30% Salary increase, including inflation 3.05%

Investment rate of return 5.45%, net of investment expenses

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The health care trend rate is not applicable as the benefit amount a participant will receive is established with a set amount upon retirement thus would have no impact.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market Page 3 of 5 assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

	Long-Term	Long-Term
	Expected	Expected
Target	Nominal Rate of	Real Rate of
Allocation	Return	Return
	(Arithmetic)	(Arithmetic)
50.00%	2.80%	-0.20%
39.30%	8.00%	6.00%
10.70%	8.25%	6.25%
	2.00%	2.00%
	1.50%	1.50%
	6.18%	4.18%
	12.29%	12.29%
	5.55%	3.46%
	0.40%	0.40%
	Allocation 50.00% 39.30%	Expected Target Nominal Rate of Allocation Return (Arithmetic) 50.00% 2.80% 39.30% 8.00% 10.70% 8.25% 2.00% 1.50% 6.18% 12.29% 5.55%

NOTE 10 - PERSI SICK LEAVE INSURANCE RESERVE FUND (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

		Long-Term Expected	Long-Term Expected					
Asset Class	Target	Nominal Rate of	Real Rate of					
	Allocation	Return	Return					
		(Arithmetic)	(Arithmetic)					
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of F Investment Expenses	Return, Net of	5.15%	3.06%					
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Rate of Return, Net of Inves	tment Expense	S	4.14%					
Portfolio Standard Deviation			14.16%					
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board								
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investme	ent Expenses		3.15%					
Assumed Inflation			2.30%					
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return, Net of	Investment Ex	penses	5.45%					

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.45%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of OPEB plan investment expense but without reduction for OPEB plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 5.45 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.45 percent) or 1- percentage-point higher (6.45 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (4.45%)	Current Discount Rate (5.45%)	1% Increase (6.45%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability			
(asset)	\$ (5,572,140)	\$ (6,421,231)	\$ (721,404)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

NOTE 10 - PERSI SICK LEAVE INSURANCE RESERVE FUND (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

Payables to the OPEB plan

At June 30, 2022, the District reported payables to the defined benefit OPEB plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 11 - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

The District operates a full service Print Shop in conjunction with the school copier program. The Print Shop is a self sustaining operation providing quality educational printing materials.

NOTE 12 - REQUIRED INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

There were no funds which had an excess of expenditures over appropriations at year end.

NOTE 13 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Legal Provisions Governing Cash Deposits with Financial Institutions

State code requires financial institutions to provide the District an annual affidavit showing the amount of the financial institution's capital stock and surplus.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a financial statement institution failure, the District will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To address custodial credit risk the District requests a Capital and Surplus report from the institution. The District then judges the solidarity of the institution and decides whether or not to maintain the funds in the institution.

As of June 30, 2022, the District's Governmental wide Activities had an uninsured and uncollateralized deposits in the amount of \$10,137,610.

As of June 30, 2022, the District's Fiduciary funds had an uninsured and uncollateralized deposits in the amount of \$0.

As of June 30, 2022, cash held by the State of Idaho Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) was \$27,572,057 for the District's Governmental Funds and \$0 for the District's Fiducary Funds.

The elected State Treasurer, following *Idaho Code*, Section 67-2328, is authorized to sponsor an investment pool in which the District voluntarily participates. The Pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other regulatory body - oversight is with the State Treasurer, and Idaho Code defines allowable investments. The LGIP is not insured or guaranteed by FDIC or any other government agency. The securities are held by the Pool or by its agent in the Pool's name. The fair value of the District's position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

NOTE 13 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - (CONTINUED)

Investments

General Investment Policies

The District invests idle moneys in accordance with *Idaho Code* Sections 67-1210 and 67-2739. As stated in the Summary of Significant Account Policies, Idaho Code allows idle moneys to be invested in certain revenue bonds, general obligation bonds, local improvement district bonds, registered warrants of state and local governmental entities, time deposit accounts, tax anticipation and interest-bearing notes, bonds, treasury bills, debentures or other similar obligations of the united States Government and the Farm Credit System and repurchase agreements.

Idaho Code, Section 67-1210A, additionally authorizes investments in prime banker's acceptances and prime commercial paper, sale and repurchase of call options, securities lending agreements, and bonds, notes, and debentures of any U.S. corporation with at least an A rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization such as Standard & Poor's or Moody's.

The District's Fiduciary fund had investments in a mutual fund amounting to \$1,699,408.

Investment transactions are subject to a variety of risks. The District seeks to promote the safety of principal, provide adequate liquidity for operational needs, earn market rates of return on investments consistent with liquidity need and investment quality, and conform with legal requirements.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the District will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. To address custodial credit risk, the District's policy is to invest in investments which are allowable under Idaho Code Section 67-1210. For certificates of deposit, the District addresses the risk the same way it does for demand deposits which was stated previously.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the value of an investment. In accordance with investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair value by limiting the average maturity of its investments to one year or less. The segmented time distribution method has been used to disclose interest rate risk.

Credit Risk. State law requires investments in corporate bonds to have, at the time of purchase, an A rating or higher by a commonly known rating service. The District's policy follows the State's policy.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investment in a single issuer. Exclusive of the State of Idaho Investment Pool and investments guaranteed by the U.S. Government, the District's investment in any one issuer does not represent a concentration of credit risk.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value accounting guidance defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair Value guidance also establishes a fair value hierarchy that requires a government to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. Based on the inputs used to determine fair value, a three-level hierarchy is used as follows:

Level 1: Fair value is determined using quoted prices (adjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the government can access at the measurement date.

NOTE 13 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (continued)

Fair Value Measurements - (continued)

Level 2: Fair value is determined using inputs - other than quoted prices included within Level 1 - that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active and inputs are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3: Fair value is determined using unobservable inputs for an asset or liability and requires the government to develop its own assumptions, based on the best information available in the circumstances, about the considerations market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability.

Fair Value Hierarchy

Investment Type	Level 1			Level 2		Level 3		<u>Total</u>		
Mutual fund	\$	1,699,405		\$ -		\$		-	\$ 1,699,405	
	\$	1,699,405	\$		-	\$		-	\$ 1,699,405	

NOTE 14 - LEASES

The District's internal service fund, as a lessee, has entered into lease agreements involving copier equipment. The total cost of the District's leased assets are recorded as \$198,661, less accumulated amortization of \$6,307.

Lease Payable							
		<u>Principal</u>		Interest		<u>Total</u>	
2023	\$	35,373	\$	5,727	\$	41,100	
2024		36,540		4,560		41,100	
2025		37,745		3,355		41,100	
2026		38,990		2,110		41,100	
2027		40,276		824		41,100	
2028		3,416		9		3,425	
	\$	192,340	\$	16,585	\$	208,925	

GASB 87 requires lessees to recognize a lease asset associated with their lease agreements. Therefore, one of the newly required quantitative disclosures is to disclose the total amount of the lease assets and the related accumulated amortization, summarized by the major classifications of the underlying assets (buildings, copiers, vehicles, etc.

		-		Leas	e Ass	et		
	Lease <u>Type</u>	Classification	Net As cation Balar		Accumulated Amortization		Gross Asset <u>Balance</u>	
Copiers- copy room	Operating	Copier	\$	192,354	\$	6,307	\$	198,661
			\$	192,354	\$	6,307	\$	198,661

NOTE 15 - RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE

The District has restricted the entire fund balance of the VEBA Insurance Trust fund for the purpose of minimizing health insurance premium increases for employees of the District. The restricted fund balance in this fund is \$908,096. Restricted fund balance of \$4,239,145, inclusive of the VEBA Insurance Trust Fund, for special revenue funds represents State and Federal grants earmarked for specific program purposes by governmental agencies.

NOTE 16 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

At June 30, 2022 there were no funds that had a deficit fund balance.

NOTE 17 - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, Restricted Special Revenue Funds were as follows:

Federal Forest Fund	\$	314,723
Drivers Education Fund		11,273
State Technology Fund		149,338
State Tobacco Tax Fund		21,993
VEBA Trust Fund		908,096
Student Activity Funds		2,833,722
	\$	4,239,145

NOTE 18 - DUE TO/FROM OTHER FUNDS

Transfers and payments within the operating entity are substantially for the purpose of subsidizing operating functions on a routine basis. Resources are accumulated in a fund to support and simplify the administration of various programs. All interfund balances are due either to timing differences or to the elimination of negative cash balances within the various funds. All interfund balances are expected to be repaid during the following fiscal year.

The district-wide statement of activities eliminates transfers as reported within the segregated governmental and business-type activities columns. Only transfers between the two columns appear in this statement.

Interfund balances at June 30, 2022, consist of the following:

Receivable	Payable		
Fund(s)	Fund(s)		Amount
General Fund	\$	2,519,684	
Interfund transfers between funds for	or the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 cor	nsist of the following:	
Funds Transferred To	Funds Transferred From		Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	\$	2,519,684

The District uses interfund transfers to overcome shortfalls in funds where expenditures exceed revenues until funds are collected from grantors. Additionally, interfund transfers are used to establish new funds.

NOTE 19 - TAX ABATEMENTS

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, The School District abated property taxes totaling \$468 under Idaho Code 63-602NN. The following lists the agreements abated for the period.

Tax Abatement Program FY 2019	Exemption <u>Percentage</u>	Amount of Taxes Abated during the Fiscal Year (in thousands)
Western States FY 2018-2025	75%	\$16
On Semiconductors Exemption #1 FY 2017-2022	75%	\$55
Amy's Kitchen FY 2016-2023	100%	\$136
Great Western Malting FY 2018-2026	75%	\$261

NOTE 20 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date but before the financial statements are available to be issued. The District recognizes in the financial statements the effects of all subsequent events that provide additional evidence about conditions that existed at the date of the balance sheet, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. The District's financial statements do not recognize subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the date of the balance sheet but arose after the balance sheet date and before the financial statements are available to be issued.

On September 20, 2022, the Board of Trustees for the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District agreed upon a letter of intent to purchase a 1 acre parcel located at 241 North Garfield Avenue, Pocatello, Idaho for \$500,000. The district closed on the property on October 7, 2022.

On September 29, 2022, the Board of Trustees for the Pocatello / Chubbuck School District agreed upon a letter of intent to purchase a 78,000 square foot building located on 9.8 acres at 4200 Hawthorne Road, Chubbuck, Idaho for \$12,600,000. The district anticipates closing on the property in mid November.

Subsequent events were evaluated up to October 18, 2022, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 21 - IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

The District adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This guidance requires the rights and obligations of new and existing arrangements to be recognized as assets and liabilities on the statement of net position and disclosures to better inform financial statement users of the amount, timing and uncertainty of cash flows arising from leases.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

- 66

POCATELLO / CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY PERSI - PENSION PLAN LAST 10 - FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Employer's portion of net pension liability	1.56001225%	1.5355598%	1.5276092%	1.5531034%	1.5442170%	1.6012414%	1.6510879%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (1,232,066)	\$ 35,657,729	\$ 17,437,233	\$ 22,908,546	\$ 24,272,439	\$ 32,459,622	\$ 21,742,142
Employer's covered payroll	58,221,293	54,881,532	51,883,791	50,075,796	48,027,241	46,918,074	46,247,049
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a							
percentage of it's covered payroll	-2.12%	64.97%	27.83%	45.75%	50.54%	69.18%	47.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	100.36%	88.22%	93.79%	91.69%	90.68%	87.26%	91.38%

*GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2022

POCATELLO / CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - PENSION PLAN LAST 10 - FISCAL YEARS*

	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 4,936,623	\$ 5,173,766	\$ 5,235,166	\$ 5,311,126	\$ 5,436,684	\$ 5,668,580	\$ 5,873,245	\$ 6,528,401	\$ 6,951,622	\$ 7,465,097
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$ (4,936,623)	\$ (5,173,766)	\$ (5,235,166)	\$ (5,311,126)	\$ (5,436,684)	\$ (5,668,580)	\$ (5,873,245)	\$ (6,528,401)	\$ (6,951,622)	\$ (7,465,097)
Contribution (deficiency) excess	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Employer's covered payroll	\$47,513,215	\$45,704,647	\$46,247,049	\$46,918,074	\$48,027,241	\$50,075,796	\$51,883,791	\$54,881,532	\$ 58,221,293	\$ 62,521,776
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.39%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.32%	11.90%	11.94%	11.94%

^{*}Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2022

POCATELLO / CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS (Amounts expressed in thousands) LAST 10 - FISCAL YEARS*

Total OPEB Liability	2018		2019		2020		2021		2022	
Service cost	\$	511	\$	529	\$	547	\$	498	\$	638
Interest on total OPEB liability		280		292		223		140		177
Assumption changes		-	(2,345)		(177)		266		(500)
Difference between expected and actual experience		-		234		-		1,434		-
Benefit payments		(458)		(488)		(533)		(614)		(628)
Net change in total OPEB liability		333	(1,778)		60		1,724		(313)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		7,527		7,860		6,082		6,142		7,866
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	7,860	\$	6,082	\$	6,142	\$	7,866	\$	7,553
Covered payroll	\$ 5	0,099	\$4	9,838	\$4	9,838	\$ 5	50,645	\$	52,164
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	1:	5.69%	1	2.20%	1	2.32%		15.53%		14.48%

^{*}GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available. Data reported is measured as of June 30th of each fiscal year.

Notes to Schedule:

Changes in benefit terms. There are no changes of benefit terms.

Changes of assumptions. Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the effect of changes in the discount rate each period.

POCATELLO / CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB ASSET PERSI - OPEB Plan - (Retirement Sick Leave Insurance Reserve) LAST 10 - FISCAL YEARS*

	2022	2021	2020	2019
Employer's portion of net the OPEB asset	4.4217134%	4.4217134%	3.9784232%	4.0367531%
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$ 6,421,231	\$ 5,444,482	\$ 3,810,549	\$ 3,348,283
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 58,221,293	\$ 54,881,532	\$ 51,883,791	\$50,075,796
Employer's proportional share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage of it's covered payroll	11.03%	9.92%	7.34%	6.69%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB Asset	152.61%	152.87%	138.51%	135.69%

^{*}GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available. Data reported is measured as of June 30th of each fiscal year.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - OPEB Plan - (Retirement Sick Leave Insurance Reserve) LAST 10 - FISCAL YEARS*

	202	2	2	021		2020		2019
Statutorily required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	397,099	\$	652,583
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(397,099)	\$	(652,583)
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Employer's covered-employee payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered-	\$ 62,52	1,776	\$ 58,	221,293	\$ 5	54,881,532	\$5	1,883,791
employee payroll	(0.00%		0.00%		0.72%		1.26%

^{*}GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available. Data reported is measured as of June 30th of each fiscal year.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2022



CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

This fund is used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital equipment and facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds. Additionally, this fund accounts for the acquisition of furniture, equipment and transportation vehicles. The principal revenue source is property taxes.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

	Budget /	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 6,408,935	\$ 6,686,605	\$ 6,596,213	\$ (90,392)	
Earnings on investments	50,000	50,000	21,334	(28,666)	
Other local revenue	-	-	961,920	961,920	
Proceeds from the sale of capital assets	5,000	5,000	25,114	20,114	
Total local sources	6,463,935	6,741,605	7,604,581	862,976	
State sources:					
State appropriation	1,209,000	1,209,000	1,278,996	69,996	
Lottery/school facilities	26,000	26,000	-	(26,000)	
Total state sources	1,235,000	1,235,000	1,278,996	43,996	
Total revenues	7,698,935	7,976,605	8,883,577	906,972	
Federal sources:					
Grants and program reimbursement	-	570,000	570,000	-	
Total federal sources	_	570,000	570,000	906,972	
Total revenues	7,698,935	8,546,605	9,453,577	906,972	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction services:					
Capital outlay	523,870	696,540	640,856	55,684	
Total instruction	523,870	696,540	640,856	55,684	
Support services					
Purchased services	708,150	708,150	639,797	68,353	
Capital outlay	5,871,963	8,346,963	6,334,714	2,012,249	
Total support services	6,580,113	9,055,113	6,974,511	2,080,602	
Total expenditures	7,103,983	9,751,653	7,615,367	2,136,286	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	594,952	(1,775,048)	1,838,210	(3,043,258)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(594,952)	1,775,048	8,512,775	6,737,727	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,350,985	\$ 10,350,985	



DEBT SERVICE FUND

The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for the payment of general obligation debt principal and interest. The principal source of revenue is property taxes.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

	Budget Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
REVENUES		Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget	
Local sources								
Property taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Earnings on investments		10,000		10,000		1,498		(8,502)
Total revenues		10,000		10,000		1,498		(8,502)
EXPENDITURES								
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		-		-		-
Interest								_
Total expenditures								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		10,000		10,000		1,498		(8,502)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		(10,000)		(10,000)		597,288		607,288
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		\$		\$	598,786	\$	598,786



SUPPLEMENTAL DATA

Supplemental data includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) that are a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.



NON-MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

These funds account for revenues and expenditures for educational projects that are legally restricted to expenditure for specified purposes. Principal revenue sources are federal and state grants. Funds included in the special revenue category are:

Federal Forest Fund

Drivers Education Fund

Special Grants Fund

Professional-Technical Education Fund

State Technology Fund

State Tobacco Tax Fund

Title I-A ESEA Fund

IDEA Part B School Age Fund

IDEA Part B Preschool Fund

Title IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Carl Perkins Fund

Medicaid Fund

Title III ESEA Fund

Title II- A ESEA Fund

Title IV-A 21st Century Fund

Head Start Fund

Head Start Training Fund

Head Start TANF Fund

Title I-D Neglected & Delinquent Subpart 2 Fund

Title IX-A Education of Homeless Children & Youth

VEBA Trust Fund

Education of Homeless & Youth

Student Activity Funds

Coronavirus Relief Fund

FEDERAL FOREST FUND - This fund is used to account for revenues received from forest reserve transactions and mining leases.

DRIVERS EDUCATION FUND - This fund is used to account for revenues received from the State of Idaho for Driver's Training for secondary students who are fourteen years of age or older and have completed ninth grade.

SPECIAL GRANTS FUND - This fund is used to account for revenues received from the State of Idaho and various other funding sources.

PROFESSIONAL - TECHNICAL EDUCATION FUND - This fund is used to account for revenues received from the State of Idaho providing for additional Vocational Program equipment and support materials.

STATE TECHNOLOGY FUND - This fund is used to account for revenues received from the State of Idaho to aide in providing for the growing need of technological equipment and hardware as part of the educational learning environment in the public schools.

STATE TOBACCO TAX FUND - This fund is used to account for revenues received from state tobacco taxes to aide in instructional programs and training for substance abuse prevention in the public schools.

TITLE I-A ESEA FUND - These funds are used to account for revenues received through the State of Idaho to meet special needs of educationally disadvantaged children. Supplemental instruction to improve achievement in basic and advanced skills in reading and math is given individually or in small groups, grades one through ten.

IDEA PART B SCHOOL AGE, PRESCHOOL FUND - These funds are used to account for revenues received from federal grants to pay for "excess costs" required by E.H.A. (Education of all Handicapped Children Act) for educating handicapped students.

TITLE IV-A STUDENT SUPPORT AND ACADEMIC ENRICHMENT FUND – These funds are used to account for the new grant program in the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) focusing on safe and healthy students, and how technology can be integrated into schools to improve teaching and learning in addition to emphasizing access to a well-rounded education that includes a wide variety of disciplines – such as music, the arts, social studies, environmental education, computer science and civics.

CARL PERKINS FUND - This fund is used to account for revenues received for state approved projects funded by the Carl Perkins Vocational & Applied Technology Education Act of 1990.

MEDICAID FUND – This fund is used to track the Medicaid School-Based Services for health related and rehabilitative services provided to students with disabilities who receive services under the IDEA for which the district incurs expenses for and then subsequently receives reimbursement for performed services.

TITLE III ESEA FUND - This fund is used to account for revenues received through the State of Idaho, targeted to benefit Limited English Proficient (LEP) children and migrant youth.

TITLE II-A ESEA FUND - This fund is used to account for revenues received through the State of Idaho, providing staff development programs to encourage highly qualified teachers and assist in student class size reduction.

TITLE IV-A 21st CENTURY FUND - This fund is used to account for revenues received from the State of Idaho to support after-school programs which assist students in additional instructional opportunities and remediation.

HEAD START & TRAINING FUNDS - These funds are used to account for revenues received from federal grants, offering community based comprehensive preschool programs for low income families, with attention given to individual children and their special needs, in addition to training and technical assistance to upgrade staff skills and knowledge.

HEAD START TANF FUND - These funds are used to account for revenues received from the State of Idaho Division of Health & Welfare for four-year old children to participate in the Head Start Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (T.A.N.F.) Program.

TITLE I-D NEGLECTED & DELINQUENT SUBPART 2 FUND – These funds are used to provide prevention and intervention programs for children and youth who are neglected, delinquent, or at-risk.

TITLE IX-A EDUCATION OF HOMELESS CHILDREN & YOUTH – These funds are used to ensure the educational rights and protections for children and youth experiencing homelessness.

VEBA TRUST FUND – These funds are used to account for revenues received from the district to provide employee health care benefits. The Trust was established to offset insurance increases annually until reserves are exhausted. The Trust allows up to \$ 175,000 to be used to offset insurance increases, but is not used to fund risk financing activities.

STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS – These funds are established to direct and account for monies used to support co-curricular and extra-curricular activities at the secondary schools of the school district.

CORONAVIRUS RELIEF FUND – These funds are used to track the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) monies including the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act (March 27, 2020), the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA – ESSER II) Act, 2021 (December 27, 2020), and the American Rescue Plan (ARP – ESSER III) Act of 2021 (March 11, 2021).

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL PROFESSIONAL - TECHNICAL EDUCATION FUND

	Budget A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
State sources:					
Grants and program reimbursement	\$ 2,494,204	\$ 2,561,228	\$ 412,884	\$ (2,148,344)	
Total state sources	2,494,204	2,561,228	412,884	(2,148,344)	
Total revenues	2,494,204	2,561,228	412,884	(2,148,344)	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction services:					
Salaries	18,098	18,098	11,478	6,620	
Fringe benefits	530	530	3,777	(3,247)	
Purchased services	186,825	201,475	17,790	183,685	
Supplies and materials	1,880,159	1,829,424	141,242	1,688,182	
Capital outlay	260,885	363,994	103,109	260,885	
Total instruction	2,346,497	2,413,521	277,396	2,136,125	
Support services					
Salaries	110,152	110,152	102,471	7,681	
Fringe benefits	37,555	37,555	33,017	4,538	
Total support services	147,707	147,707	135,488	12,219	
Total expenditures	2,494,204	2,561,228	412,884	2,148,344	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING					
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	Federal Forest Fund	Drivers Education Fund	Special Grants Fund	State Technology Fund		
ASSETS						
Cash	\$ 314,723	\$ 11,273	\$ 44,381	\$ 170,120		
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	94		
Receivables:						
Federal, state, and other grants						
Total assets	\$ 314,723	\$ 11,273	\$ 44,381	\$ 170,214		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 94		
Salaries payable	-	-	-	11,166		
Fringe benefits payable	-	_	117	9,616		
Due to other funds	-	-	-	-		
Unearned revenue			44,264			
Total liabilities			44,381	20,876		
Fund balances:						
Restricted	314,723	11,273		149,338		
Total fund balances	314,723	11,273		149,338		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 314,723	\$ 11,273	\$ 44,381	\$ 170,214		

(CONTINUED)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

		State obacco ax Fund	ES	e I-A SEA und		EA Part B chool Age Fund
ASSETS	_				_	
Cash	\$	22,036	\$	-	\$	-
Prepaid Expenses Receivables:		-		44		-
Federal, state, and other grants		_	71	2,519		517,187
r ederal, state, and other grants				2,010		317,107
Total assets	\$	22,036	\$ 71	2,563	\$	517,187
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	44	\$	-
Salaries payable		-	22	1,052		153,769
Fringe Benefits payable		43		5,138		111,965
Due to other funds		-	39	6,329		251,453
Unearned revenue						
Total liabilities		43	71	2,563		517,187
Fund balances:						
Restricted		21,993				
Total fund balance		21,993				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	22,036	\$ 71	2,563	\$	517,187

IDEA Part B Preschool Fund	}	Title IV-A	Car Perk Fur	ins		edicaid Fund		III-A SSA	I	itle II-A ESEA Fund	C	tle IV-A 21st Century Fund
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	92,191 -	\$	- -	\$	- 5,818	\$	-
128,391		160,043	202	,402	3	19,273	2	,361		107,771		42,108
\$ 128,391	\$	160,043	\$ 202	,402	\$ 4	11,464	\$ 2	,361	\$	113,589	\$	42,108
\$ -	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	75,317	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	5,818	\$	<u>-</u>
12,541		17,558		-		-		272		14,643		19,441
9,716		5,857	202	402	2	-	4	948		7,002		4,415
106,134		136,628	202	,402		36,147		,141 <u>-</u>		86,126		18,252
128,391		160,043	202	,402	4	11,464	2	,361		113,589		42,108
				_				_				
								_				
\$ 128,391	\$	160,043	\$ 202	,402	\$ 4	11,464	\$ 2	,361	\$	113,589	\$	42,108

'(CONTINUED)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

							Т	itle I-D
	ļ	Head	Hea	ad Start	He	ad Start	N	eg and
		Start	Tr	aining		TANF		Del
		Fund	(Grant	Fund		Children	
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		-
Receivables:								
Federal, state, and other grants	1,	,066,587		4,788		25,303		7,216
Total assets	\$ 1,	,066,587	\$	4,788	\$	25,303	\$	7,216
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	253,962	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Salaries payable		120,920		-		5,516		-
Fringe benefits payable		51,147		-		3,307		12
Due to other funds		640,558		4,788		16,480		7,204
Unearned revenue						-		
Total liabilities	1,	,066,587		4,788		25,303		7,216
Fund balances: Restricted		-				-		
Total fund balances								
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,	,066,587	\$	4,788	\$	25,303	\$	7,216

	Educ	ation								
VEBA	0	f			Stud	dent				
Trust	Home	eless	Coron	avirus	Act	ivity	ESSI	ER I	ESSE	ER II
Fund	and Y	outh '	Fu	nds	Fui	nds	Fund		Fund	
\$ 908,096	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 2,83	33,722	\$	-	\$	-
-		-		-		-		-		-
			19	9,280						
ተ 000 006	φ		ф 4 (200	ተ ጋ ጋር	222	Φ		ф	
\$ 908,096			\$ 19	9,280	\$ 2,83	33,722	<u> </u>		\$	
\$ -	\$	-	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
-	·	-		-		-		-		-
-		-		250		-		-		-
-		-	19	9,030		-		-		-
					-				-	
	_		19	9,280						
908,096		_		_	2.82	22 722				
300,090	_				2,00	33,722		<u>-</u>		
908,096		_		_	2.83	33,722		_		_
						,				
\$ 908,096	\$		\$ 19	9,280	\$ 2,83	33,722	\$	_	\$	

'(CONTINUED)

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

AS OF JUNE 30, 2022

	E	SSER III Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds		
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	-	\$	4,396,542	
Prepaid expenses		127,379		133,335	
Receivables:		400 ===		0 === =0.4	
Federal, state, and other grants		462,555		3,777,784	
Total assets	\$	589,934	\$	8,307,661	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$	279,633		614,868	
Salaries payable		8,793		585,671	
Fringe benefits payable		4,496		304,029	
Due to other funds		297,012		2,519,684	
Unearned revenue				44,264	
Total liabilities		589,934		4,068,516	
Fund balances:					
Restricted				4,239,145	
Total fund balances				4,239,145	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	589,934	\$	8,307,661	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Federal Forest Fund	Drivers Education Fund	Special Grants Fund	State Tech Fund
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Earnings on investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fees / other			114,893	
Total local sources	-		114,893	
State sources:				
Grants and program reimbursement	-	-	-	1,013,933
Total state sources	-	-		1,013,933
Federal sources:				
Grants and program reimbursement	53,495	-	-	_
Total federal sources	53,495			-
Total revenues	53,495		114,893	1,013,933
EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction Support services Non-instructional Capital outlay Total expenditures	- - - - -	1,340 - - - - 1,340	114,893 - - - - 114,893	1,012,685 - - 5,354 1,018,039
EXCESS REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)	53,495	(1,340)	-	(4,106)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (out) Total other financing (uses)	<u>-</u>	-		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	53,495	(1,340)	-	(4,106)
FUND BALANCE- BEGINNING	261,228	12,613		153,444
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 314,723	\$ 11,273	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 149,338

(CONTINUED)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

REVENUES	State Tobacco Tax Fund	Title I-A ESEA Fund	IDEA Part B Preschool Fund
Local sources: Earnings on investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Fees / other	φ -	ψ - -	ψ - -
Total local sources			
State sources:			
Grants and program reimbursement	145,070	-	-
Total state sources	145,070		
Federal sources:			
Grants and program reimbursement		3,642,352	337,218
Total federal sources		3,642,352	337,218
Total revenues	145,070	3,642,352	337,218
EXPENDITURES: Current: Instruction Support services	- 243,933	3,285,978 329,341	330,377 6,841
Non-instructional		19,180	-
Capital Outlay	-	7,853	-
Total expenditures	243,933	3,642,352	337,218
EXCESS REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)	(98,863)	-	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in (out) Total other financing (uses)			
rotal other infarioning (uses)			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	(98,863)	-	-
FUND BALANCE- BEGINNING	120,856	- _	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 21,993	\$ -	\$ -

Title IV-A	Carl Perkins Fund	Medicaid Fund	Title III-A ESSA	Title II-A ESEA Fund	Title IV-A 21st Century Fund
\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 301	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ -
		301			
	<u>-</u>				
436,385	202,402	703,710	9,242	476,838	261,698
436,385	202,402	703,710	9,242	476,838	261,698
436,385	202,402	704,011	9,242	476,838	261,698
	404.000	007.000	7.570	470.000	
-	191,280	867,868	7,576	476,838	-
436,385	-	-	1,666	-	261,698
-	- 11,122	-	-	_	-
436,385	202,402	867,868	9,242	476,838	261,698
-	-	(163,857)	-	-	-
_	_	163,857	_	_	_
		163,857			
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-		-
Ψ -	Ψ	Ψ -	Ψ -	Ψ -	\$ -

(CONTINUED)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

	Head Head Start Start Training Fund Fund		Head Start TANF Fund		Title I-D Neg and Del <u>Children</u>			
REVENUES								
Local sources:	•		•		•		•	
Earnings on investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fees / other Total local sources	-							<u> </u>
State sources:								<u>-</u>
Grants and program reimbursement		_		_		_		_
Total state sources	-							
Federal sources:								
Grants and program reimbursement	2,892	,780	15	,641	108	,392		83,019
Total federal sources	2,892	,780	15	,641	108	,392		83,019
Total revenues	2,892	,780	15	,641	108	,392		83,019
EXPENDITURES: Current:								
Instruction	1,571	320	15	641	80	,273		_
Support services	264		10	,041		,097		16,141
Non-instructional		,20 4 ,471		_		,022		10,141
Capital outlay	1,041			_	•	,022		66,878
Total expenditures	2,892		15	,641	108	,392		83,019
EXCESS REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)		-		-		-		-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in (out)								<u> </u>
Total other financing (uses)								
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE- BEGINNING								
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		\$		\$		\$	

		Educa	ation								
	BA	of					udent				
	ust	Home		Coron		Activity		ESSERF I		ESSER II	
Fu	<u>ınd</u>	and Y	<u>outh</u>	Fur	<u>nds</u>	F	<u>unds</u>	Fı	<u>und</u>	Fu	<u>nd</u>
\$	2,415	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_
•	_,	•	_	•	_	•	271,563	*	_	Ψ	_
	2,415		-		-		271,563		-		-
						<u> </u>					
							_				-
	_	12	2,440	1,83	2,795		_	,	175,984	4,75	4,527
	_		2,440		2,795		_		175,984		4,527
	2,415		2,440		2,795	3,	271,563		175,984		4,527
	-		-		0,059		-		-		9,924
	440	12	2,440	1,79	2,736	•	-		-	4,19	8,363
	-		-		-	2,	950,041		-	400	-
-	440		- 140	1 02	2 705	2	26,856		175,984		6,240
	440	12	2,440	1,03	2,795	Ζ,	976,897		175,984	4,75	4,527
	1,975		_		_		294,666		_		_
	,,,,,,										
	1,975		-		_		294,666		-		_
90	6,121					2,	539,056				
\$ 90	8,096	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 2	833,722	\$	_	\$	_
Ψ 50	5,000	<u> </u>		Ψ		Ψ 2,	000,122	Ψ		<u> </u>	

(CONTINUED)

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (CONTINUED)

	ESSER III Fund	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES		
Local sources:		
Earnings on investments	\$ -	\$ 2,716
Fees / other		3,386,456
Total local sources		3,389,172
State sources:		4.450.000
Grants and program reimbursement		1,159,003
Total state sources Federal sources:		1,159,003
Grants and program reimbursement	865,689	16,864,607
Total federal sources	865,689	16,864,607
Total revenues	865,689	21,412,782
	,	
EXPENDITURES:		
Current:		
Instruction	575,446	9,021,507
Support services	-	7,591,345
Non-instructional	-	2,985,714
Capital outlay	290,243	1,732,246
Total expenditures	865,689	21,330,812
EXCESS REVENUES (EXPENDITURES)	-	81,970
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Transfers in (out)	_	163,857
Total other financing (uses)		163,857
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	245,827
FUND BALANCE- BEGINNING		3,993,318
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ -	\$ 4,239,145

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FEDERAL FOREST FUND

	Budget Amounts					Actual		iance with
REVENUES	Original F		Final	Amounts		Final Budget		
Federal sources:								
Grants and program reimbursement	\$	24,500	\$	24,500	\$	53,495	\$	28,995
Total federal sources		24,500		24,500		53,495		28,995
Total revenues		24,500		24,500		53,495		28,995
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Equipment		310,228		310,228		-		310,228
Total instruction		310,228		310,228		-		310,228
Total expenditures		310,228		310,228				310,228
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(285,728)		(285,728)		53,495		339,223
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		285,728		285,728		261,228		(24,500)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		\$	-	\$	314,723	\$	314,723

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL DRIVER EDUCATION FUND

	Budget Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
REVENUES		Original	Final		Amounts		Final Budget		
Local sources:									
Fees / other	\$	12,900	\$	12,900	\$	-	\$	(12,900)	
Total local sources		12,900		12,900		-		(12,900)	
State sources:								_	
Grants and program reimbursement		6,000		6,000		-		(6,000)	
Total state sources		6,000		6,000		-		(6,000)	
Total revenues		18,900		18,900				(18,900)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Salaries		9,504		9,504		-		9,504	
Fringe benefits		1,880		1,880		-		1,880	
Supplies and materials		4,528		4,528		-		4,528	
Equipment		1,000		1,000		-		1,000	
Insurance		1,238		1,238		1,340		(102)	
Total instruction		18,150		18,150		1,340		16,810	
Support services:								_	
Purchased services		750		750		-		750	
Total support services		750		750		-		750	
Total expenditures		18,900		18,900		1,340		17,560	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		(1,340)		(1,340)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING						12,613		12,613	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		\$		\$	11,273	\$	11,273	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL GRANTS FUND

	Budget Amounts				Actual		Variance with	
REVENUES	Or	iginal		Final	A	mounts	Final Budget	
Local sources:								
Fees / other	\$		\$	34,474	\$	16,092	\$	(18,382)
Total local sources				34,474		16,092		(18,382)
State sources:								
Grants and program reimbursement		31,094		37,266		98,801		61,535
Total state sources		31,094		37,266		98,801		61,535
Total revenues		31,094		71,740		114,893		43,153
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Salaries		-		6,870		-		6,870
Purchased services		1,500		2,657		1,500		1,157
Supplies and materials		29,594		48,872		42,996		5,876
Equipment		-		2,000		-		2,000
Total instruction		31,094		60,399		44,496		15,903
Support services:								
Salaries		-		-		51,810		(51,810)
Fringe benefits		-		-		4,338		(4,338)
Purchased services		-		10,591		13,999		(3,408)
Supplies and materials		-		630		250		380
Equipment		-		120				120
Total support services		-		11,341		70,397		(59,056)
Non-instruction:	_							_
Supplies and materials		-		-		-		-
Equipment				-		-		
Total non-instruction		-		-		-		-
Total expenditures		31,094		71,740		114,893		(43,153)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING								
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		\$		\$		\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE TECHNOLOGY FUND

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
State sources:						
Grants and program reimbursement	\$ 919,611	\$ 919,611	\$ 1,013,933	\$ 94,322		
Total state sources	919,611	919,611	1,013,933	94,322		
Federal sources:						
Grants and program reimbursement	236,487	236,487		(236,487)		
Total state sources	236,487	236,487		(236,487)		
Total revenues	1,156,098	1,156,098	1,013,933	(142,165)		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Salaries	280,322	280,322	245,417	34,905		
Fringe benefits	142,676	142,676	132,097	10,579		
Purchased services	150,000	150,000	121,247	28,753		
Equipment	633,100	633,100	519,278	113,822		
Total instruction	1,206,098	1,206,098	1,018,039	188,059		
Total expenditures	1,206,098	1,206,098	1,018,039	188,059		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(50,000)	(50,000)	(4,106)	45,894		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	50,000	50,000	153,444	103,444		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 149,338	\$ 149,338		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL STATE TOBACCO TAX

		Budget	Amo	unts	Actual	Variance with		
REVENUES	(Original		Final	 mounts	Fir	nal Budget	
State sources:								
Grants and program reimbursement	\$	151,786	\$	265,926	\$ 145,070	\$	(120,856)	
Total state sources		151,786		265,926	 145,070		(120,856)	
Total revenues		151,786		265,926	145,070		(120,856)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Support services:								
Salaries		10,000		10,000	16,421		(6,421)	
Fringe benefits		1,978		1,978	3,220		(1,242)	
Purchased services		124,840		238,124	213,811		24,313	
Supplies and materials		14,968		15,824	10,481		5,343	
Total support services		151,786		265,926	243,933		21,993	
Total expenditures		151,786		265,926	243,933		21,993	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-	(98,863)		(98,863)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING					120,856		120,856	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	_	\$		\$ 21,993	\$	21,993	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL TITLE I-A ESEA FUND

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
Federal sources:						
Grants and program reimbursement	\$ 2,993,438	\$ 4,712,231	\$ 3,642,352	\$ (1,069,879)		
Total federal sources	2,993,438	4,712,231	3,642,352	(1,069,879)		
Total revenues	2,993,438	4,712,231	3,642,352	(1,069,879)		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Salaries	1,333,633	1,333,633	1,351,425	(17,792)		
Fringe benefits	604,665	604,665	581,295	23,370		
Purchased services	17,368	17,368	17,966	(598)		
Supplies and materials	413,411	1,109,156	815,618	293,538		
Equipment	100,000	600,000	519,674	80,326		
Total instruction	2,469,077	3,664,822	3,285,978	378,844		
Support services:				·		
Salaries	232,206	237,206	213,702	23,504		
Fringe benefits	79,062	79,062	72,504	6,558		
Purchased services	175,500	683,548	43,135	640,413		
Supplies and materials	2,000	12,000	-	12,000		
Total support services	488,768	1,011,816	329,341	682,475		
Non-instruction:						
Salaries	3,000	3,000	6,954	(3,954)		
Fringe benefits	593	593	1,343	(750)		
Purchased services	32,000	32,000	18,736	13,264		
Total non-instruction	35,593	35,593	27,033	8,560		
Total expenditures	2,993,438	4,712,231	3,642,352	1,069,879		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING						
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL IDEA PART B SCHOOL AGE FUND

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with	
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget	
Federal sources:					
Grants and program reimbursement	\$ 2,982,454	\$ 2,681,211	\$ 2,946,944	\$ 265,733	
Total federal sources	2,982,454	2,681,211	2,946,944	265,733	
Total revenues	2,982,454	2,681,211	2,946,944	265,733	
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Salaries	1,558,076	1,258,737	1,605,364	(346,627)	
Fringe benefits	1,264,733	980,433	1,168,729	(188,296)	
Supplies and materials	55,617	363,013	111,119	251,894	
Equipment	22,000	16,000	1,610	14,390	
Total instruction	2,900,426	2,618,183	2,886,822	(268,639)	
Support services:					
Salaries	16,186	16,186	18,945	(2,759)	
Fringe benefits	5,748	5,748	8,199	(2,451)	
Purchased services	60,094	41,094	32,978	8,116	
Total support services	82,028	63,028	60,122	2,906	
Total expenditures	2,982,454	2,681,211	2,946,944	(265,733)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING					
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL IDEA PART B PRESCHOOL FUND

		Budget	Amoı	unts	Actual		Variance with	
REVENUES	(Original		Final		Amounts	Final Budget	
Federal sources:		_			'			_
Grants and program reimbursement	\$	225,191	\$	745,046	\$	337,218	\$	(407,828)
Total federal sources		225,191		745,046		337,218		(407,828)
Total revenues		225,191		745,046		337,218		(407,828)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Salaries		70,666		45,666		167,196		(121,530)
Fringe benefits		66,095		51,095		67,570		(16,475)
Supplies and materials		23,622		361,564		67,770		293,794
Equipment		30,000		235,719		27,841		207,878
Total instruction		190,383		694,044		330,377		363,667
Support services:								
Purchased services		34,808		51,002		6,841		44,161
Total support services		34,808		51,002		6,841		44,161
Total expenditures		225,191		745,046		337,218		407,828
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING								
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		\$		\$		\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL TITLE IV-A

		Budget	Amo	unts	Actual		Variance with	
REVENUES	(Original	Final			Amounts	Final Budget	
Federal sources:		_						
Grants and program reimbursement	\$	324,300	\$	479,117	\$	436,385	\$	(42,732)
Total federal sources		324,300		479,117		436,385		(42,732)
Total revenues		324,300		479,117		436,385		(42,732)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Support services:								
Salaries		121,688		121,688		152,995		(31,307)
Fringe benefits		67,567		67,567		82,010		(14,443)
Purchased services		52,200		77,200		19,157		58,043
Supplies and materials		50,000		184,817		170,575		14,242
Equipment		32,845		27,845		11,648		16,197
Total support services		324,300		479,117		436,385		42,732
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING								
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		\$		\$		\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CARL PERKINS FUND

		Budget	Amo	unts		Actual		Variance with	
REVENUES	(Original		Final	Amounts		Final Budget		
Federal sources:									
Grants and program reimbursement	\$	186,000	\$	202,402	\$	202,402	\$		
Total federal sources		186,000		202,402		202,402		_	
Total revenues		186,000		202,402		202,402			
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Fringe benefits		-		-		2		(2)	
Purchased services		35,000		18,862		19,032		(170)	
Equipment		63,000		82,837		83,180		(343)	
Supplies and materials		88,000		100,703		100,188		515	
Total instruction		186,000		202,402		202,402		_	
Total expenditures		186,000		202,402		202,402			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING									
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		\$		\$		\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL MEDICAID FUND

		Budget	Budget Amounts					Variance with	
REVENUES	(Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget	
Federal sources:				_				_	
Grants and program reimbursement	\$	650,000	\$	650,000	\$	703,710	\$	53,710	
Total federal sources		650,000		650,000		703,710		53,710	
Local sources:									
Earnings on investments		-		-		301		301	
Total revenues		650,000		650,000		704,011		54,011	
EVDENDITUDEO									
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction:		005 000		005 000		007.000		(40,000)	
Purchased services		825,000		825,000		867,868		(42,868)	
Total instruction		825,000		825,000		867,868		(42,868)	
Total expenditures		825,000		825,000		867,868		(42,868)	
EXCESS REVENUES		(175,000)		(175,000)		(163,857)		11,143	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in		175,000		175,000		163,857		11,143	
Total other financing		175,000		175,000		163,857		11,143	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING				<u>-</u>				-	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	_	\$	_	\$		\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL TITLE III-A ESSA

	Budget Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
REVENUES	C	riginal		Final	An	nounts	Fina	al Budget	
Federal sources:								_	
Grants and program reimbursement	\$	13,573	\$	22,980	\$	9,242	\$	(13,738)	
Total federal sources		13,573		22,980		9,242		(13,738)	
Total revenues		13,573		22,980		9,242		(13,738)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Salaries		-		1,300		1,473		(173)	
Fringe benefits		-		1,260		2,028		(768)	
Supplies and materials		5,000		9,508		4,075		5,433	
Total instruction		5,000		12,068		7,576		4,492	
Support Services:									
Purchased services		5,400		7,900		1,666		6,234	
Equipment		3,008		2,847		-		2,847	
Total support services		8,408		10,747		1,666		9,081	
Total expenditures		13,408		22,815		9,242		13,573	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING					-				
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL TITLE II-A ESEA FUND

	Budget Amounts					Actual		Variance with	
REVENUES		Original		Final		Amounts	Fin	al Budget	
Federal sources:									
Grants and program reimbursement	\$	490,141	\$	568,889	\$	476,838	\$	(92,051)	
Total federal sources		490,141		568,889		476,838		(92,051)	
Total revenues		490,141		568,889		476,838		(92,051)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Salaries		290,848		290,848		268,983		21,865	
Fringe benefits		87,392		87,392		78,568		8,824	
Purchased services		107,187		185,935		129,287		56,648	
Total instruction		485,427		564,175		476,838		87,337	
Support services:									
Purchased services		4,714		4,714		-		4,714	
Total support services		4,714		4,714		-		4,714	
Total expenditures		490,141		568,889		476,838		92,051	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING									
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		\$		\$		\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL TITLE IV-A 21ST CENTURY FUND

	Budget Amounts					Actual		iance with
REVENUES		Original	Final		P	Amounts	Fin	al Budget
Federal sources:								
Grants and program reimbursement	\$	276,800	\$	276,800	\$	261,698	\$	(15,102)
Total federal sources		276,800		276,800		261,698		(15,102)
Total revenues		276,800		276,800		261,698		(15,102)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Support services:								
Salaries		210,241		214,189		206,196		7,993
Fringe benefits		45,564		38,721		34,040		4,681
Purchased services		14,320		14,306		12,076		2,230
Supplies and materials		6,675		9,584		9,386		198
Total support services		276,800		276,800		261,698		15,102
Total expenditures		276,800		276,800		261,698		15,102
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING								
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		\$		\$		\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HEAD START FUND

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
Federal sources:						
Grants and program reimbursement	\$ 2,461,789	\$ 3,645,245	\$ 2,892,780	\$ (752,465)		
Total federal sources	2,461,789	3,645,245	2,892,780	(752,465)		
Total revenues	2,461,789	3,645,245	2,892,780	(752,465)		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Salaries	1,168,681	1,198,409	1,029,230	169,179		
Fringe benefits	646,826	646,826	437,355	209,471		
Purchased services	42,965	41,540	972	40,568		
Supplies and materials	85,423	113,136	101,434	11,702		
Equipment	158,600	158,600	-	158,600		
Insurance judgement	3,735	3,735	2,338	1,397		
Total instruction	2,106,230	2,162,246	1,571,329	590,917		
Support services:						
Salaries	141,613	141,613	149,006	(7,393)		
Fringe benefits	56,866	56,866	58,668	(1,802)		
Purchased services	77,597	97,525	55,193	42,332		
Supplies and materials	1,756	1,756	1,397	359		
Equipment	51,800	21,800	11,723	10,077		
Total support services	329,632	319,560	275,987	43,573		
Non-instruction:						
Purchased services	16,317	15,029	12,743	2,286		
Supplies and materials	9,610	4,610	2,621	1,989		
Equipment	1,143,800	1,030,100	1,030,100			
Total non-instruction	1,169,727	1,049,739	1,045,464	4,275		
Total expenditures	3,605,589	3,531,545	2,892,780	638,765		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(1,143,800)	113,700	-	(113,700)		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	1,143,800	(113,700)		113,700		
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HEAD START TRAINING GRANT

	 Budget	Amou	ınts	Actual		Variance with	
REVENUES	Original	Final		A	mounts	Fina	l Budget
Federal sources:							
Grants and program reimbursement	\$ 21,178	\$	21,178	\$	15,641	\$	(5,537)
Total federal sources	21,178		21,178		15,641		(5,537)
Total revenues	21,178		21,178		15,641		(5,537)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Purchased services	20,935		20,935		15,641		5,294
Total instruction	20,935		20,935		15,641		5,294
Support services:							
Purchased services	243		243				243
Total support services	243		243		-		243
Total expenditures	 21,178		21,178		15,641		5,537
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING							
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 	\$		\$	-	\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL HEAD START TANF GRANT

		Budget	Amou	unts	Actual	Variance with		
REVENUES	(Original		Final	 Amounts	Fin	al Budget	
Federal sources:								
Grants and program reimbursement	\$	145,264	\$	145,264	\$ 108,392	\$	(36,872)	
Total federal sources		145,264		145,264	108,392		(36,872)	
Total revenues		145,264		145,264	108,392		(36,872)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Instruction:								
Salaries		75,251		75,251	52,488		22,763	
Fringe benefits		34,673		34,673	24,353		10,320	
Purchased services		200		200	37		163	
Supplies and materials		5,609		5,587	3,212		2,375	
Insurance judgement		70		70	183		(113)	
Total instruction		115,803		115,781	80,273		35,508	
Support services:								
Salaries		12,489		12,489	12,811		(322)	
Fringe benefits		5,047		5,047	5,064		(17)	
Purchased services		9,705		9,727	9,108		619	
Supplies and materials		120		120	114		6	
Total support services		27,361		27,383	27,097		286	
Non-instruction:								
Purchased services		1,350		1,350	805		545	
Supplies and materials		750		750	217		533	
Total non-instruction		2,100		2,100	1,022		1,078	
Total expenditures		145,264		145,264	108,392		36,872	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-	-		-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING							<u>-</u>	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		\$		\$ 	\$		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL TITLE I-D NEGLECTED AND DELINQUENT CHILDREN

	Budget	Amo	unts		Actual	Variance with		
REVENUES	Original		Final	Α	mounts	Fin	al Budget	
Federal sources:								
Grants and program reimbursement	\$ 73,863	\$	110,702	\$	83,019	\$	(27,683)	
Total federal sources	73,863		110,702		83,019		(27,683)	
Total revenues	73,863		110,702		83,019		(27,683)	
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Support services:								
Salaries	-		8,800		7,434		1,366	
Fringe benefits	6,184		7,034		623		6,411	
Purchased services	23,553		10,000		1,552		8,448	
Supplies and materials	26,903		45,413		35,277		10,136	
Equipment	17,223		39,455		38,133		1,322	
Total support services	73,863		110,702		83,019		27,683	
Total expenditures	73,863		110,702		83,019		27,683	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING								
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 	\$		\$		\$	_	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL VEBA INSURANCE TRUST

		Budget	Amo	unts		Actual	Variance with		
REVENUES		Original		Final		Amounts	Fir	Final Budget	
Local sources:									
Earnings on investments	\$	3,000	\$	3,000	\$	2,415	\$	(585)	
Other local revenue		115,000		115,000				(115,000)	
Total local sources		118,000		118,000		2,415		(115,585)	
Total revenues		118,000		118,000		2,415	_	(115,585)	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Support services:									
Fringe benefits		175,000		175,000		-		175,000	
Purchased services		500		550		440		110	
Total support services		175,500		175,550		440		175,110	
Total expenditures		175,500		175,550		440		175,110	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(57,500)		(57,550)		1,975		59,525	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		57,500		57,550		906,121		848,571	
FUND DALANCE ENDING	Φ		Φ		Φ	000 000	Φ	000 000	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>	908,096	\$	908,096	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL EDUCATION OF HOMELESS AND YOUTH

	Budget Amounts					Actual	Variance with	
REVENUES	Orig	inal		Final	Α	mounts	Fina	al Budget
Federal sources:					'			_
Grants and program reimbursement	\$		\$	12,440	\$	12,440	\$	_
Total federal sources		-		12,440		12,440		-
Total revenues		-		12,440		12,440		
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Support services:								
Salaries		-		7,233		1,075		6,158
Fringe benefits		-		2,207		217		1,990
Supplies and materials		-		3,000		11,148		(8,148)
Total support services		-		12,440		12,440		-
Total expenditures		_		12,440		12,440		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING								
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		\$		\$		\$	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CORONAVIRUS FUNDS

	Budg	et A	Amounts	Actual	Variance with		
REVENUES	Original		Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
Federal sources:							
Grants and program reimbursement	\$		\$ 2,141,376	\$ 1,832,795	\$ (308,581)		
Total federal sources			2,141,376	1,832,795	(308,581)		
Total revenues			2,141,376	1,832,795	(308,581)		
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Salaries		_	369,116	850	368,266		
Fringe benefits		-	30,884	65	30,819		
Supplies and materials		-	214,623	18,791	195,832		
Equipment		-	92,754	20,353	72,401		
Total instruction		-	707,377	40,059	667,318		
Support services:							
Salaries		-	1,152,717	1,539,661	(386,944)		
Fringe benefits		-	234,088	253,075	(18,987)		
Purchased services		-	40,442	-	40,442		
Supplies and materials			6,752		6,752		
Total support services			1,433,999	1,792,736	(358,737)		
Total expenditures			2,141,376	1,832,795	308,581		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-	-	-		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		<u>-</u> .	<u> </u>				
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$:	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL STUDENT ACTIVITY FUNDS

		Budget	Amou	ınts	Actual	Variance with		
REVENUES	Oriç	ginal		Final	Amounts	F	Final Budget	
Local sources:								
Other local revenue	\$		\$		\$ 3,271,563	\$	3,271,563	
Total local sources				-	3,271,563		3,271,563	
Total revenues		-		-	3,271,563		3,271,563	
EXPENDITURES				_				
Current:								
Non-instruction:								
Supplies and materials		-		-	2,950,041		(2,950,041)	
Equipment		-			26,856		(26,856)	
Total non-instruction		-		-	2,976,897		(2,976,897)	
Total expenditures		-		-	2,976,897		(2,976,897)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-	294,666		294,666	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING					2,539,056		2,539,056	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 2,833,722	\$	2,833,722	
					+ ,- >-,-	_	,	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ESSER I FUND

		Budget	Amour	nts		Actual	Variance with Final Budget		
REVENUES	Orig	ginal		Final	P	Amounts			
Federal sources:									
Grants and program reimbursement	\$		\$	-	\$	175,984	\$	175,984	
Total federal sources						175,984		175,984	
Total revenues				-		175,984		175,984	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction:									
Equipment						175,984		(175,984)	
Total instruction						175,984		(175,984)	
Total expenditures						175,984		(175,984)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		-		-		-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING									
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	_	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ESSER II FUND

		Budget .	Amounts	Actual	Variance with		
REVENUES	Orig	ginal	Final	Amounts	Fin	al Budget	
Federal sources:							
Grants and program reimbursement	\$	-	\$ 4,754,527	\$ 4,754,527	\$		
Total federal sources		-	4,754,527	4,754,527		-	
Total revenues		-	4,754,527	4,754,527			
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Instruction:							
Salaries		_	119,522	249,494		(129,972)	
Fringe benefits		-	122,274	51,604		70,670	
Supplies and materials		-	215,063	148,826		66,237	
Equipment		-	2,215,064	2,158,824		56,240	
Total instruction		_	2,671,923	2,608,748		63,175	
Support services:							
Salaries		-	1,636,400	1,657,589		(21,189)	
Fringe benefits		-	396,204	420,910		(24,706)	
Purchased services		-	50,000	67,280		(17,280)	
Total support services		-	2,082,604	2,145,779		(63,175)	
Total expenditures		-	4,754,527	4,754,527			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-	-	-		-	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING							
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$		\$ -	\$ -	\$	_	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL ESSER III FUND

	Budget	Amounts	Actual	Variance with		
REVENUES	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
Federal sources:						
Grants and program reimbursement	\$ 4,603,176	\$ 19,247,751	\$ 865,689	\$ (18,382,062)		
Total federal sources	4,603,176	19,247,751	865,689	(18,382,062)		
Total revenues	4,603,176	19,247,751	865,689	(18,382,062)		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Instruction:						
Salaries	_	915,000	107,551	807,449		
Fringe benefits	_	185,810	34,210	151,600		
Supplies and materials	4,603,176	9,135,951	130,473	9,005,478		
Equipment	-	9,010,990	292,316	8,718,674		
Total instruction	4,603,176	19,247,751	564,550	18,683,201		
Support services:						
Salaries	-	-	239,497	(239,497)		
Fringe benefits	-	-	51,131	(51,131)		
Purchases services			10,511	(10,511)		
Total support services		_	301,139	(301,139)		
Total expenditures	4,603,176	19,247,751	865,689	18,382,062		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-		
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING						
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		



FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary funds are used to account for contributor and donator expenses and account balances of the various schools' Education Foundations. The District acts in a fiduciary capacity for the following foundations:

- ☐ Pocatello Education Foundation
- ☐ Century High School Education Foundation
- Highland High School Education Foundation
- ☐ Pocatello High School Education Foundation

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION EDUCATION FOUNDATION TRUST FUNDS

	E	Pocatello ducation oundation	Hig	Century Ih School undation	Hig	ighland h School undation	Pocatello High School Foundation		Fo	Total ducation oundation ust Funds
ADDITIONS										
Private donations	\$	220,705	\$	5,623	\$	6,271	\$	19,443	\$	252,042
Interest income		42,802		4		272		1,022		44,100
Total additions		263,507		5,627		6,543		20,465		296,142
DEDUCTIONS										
Grants awarded		114,836		5,712		3,684		9,385		133,617
Administrative expenses		73,164				42		500		73,706
Total deductions		188,000	,	5,712		3,726		9,885		207,323
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		75,507		(85)		2,817		10,580		88,819
NET POSITION-BEGINNING		1,887,113		21,542		35,832		81,584	2	2,026,071
		· ,				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		· ·
NET POSITION-ENDING	\$	1,962,620	\$	21,457	\$	38,649	\$	92,164	\$ 2	2,114,890



STATISTICAL SECTION

Statistical tables differ from financial statements because they usually cover more than one fiscal year and may present non-accounting data. These tables reflect social and economic data, financial trends, and fiscal capacity of the District.

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Pocatello/Chubbuck School District's No. 25 comprehensive annual financial report presents detail information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, notes disclosures and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents	<u>Page</u>
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	111-120
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenues sources, property tax and state support.	121-124
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the government's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	125-128
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	129-131
	120 101
Operating Information These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District	
provides and the activities it performs.	132-138

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

Fiscal Year 2020 2021 2013 2014 2015 (1) 2016 (1) 2017 (1) 2018 2019 2022 Governmental activities Net investment in capital assets \$ 33,042,768 \$ 33,971,021 \$ 36,526,646 \$ 38,101,250 \$ 39,323,633 \$ 42,390,006 \$ 42,830,544 \$ 44,528,018 \$ 47,207,955 \$ 53,761,222 Restricted 3,410,565 3,656,134 3,438,232 3,226,009 1,207,663 1,418,378 1,504,653 2,142,025 4,590,606 4,837,931 Unrestricted 6,936,793 7,579,441 (9,498,608)(10,292,359)(6,684,047)(7,242,893)(649,073)7,566,663 503,751 10,999,096 Total governmental activities net position \$ 43,390,126 \$ 45,206,596 \$ 30,4<u>66,270 \$ 31,034,900 \$ 33,847,249 \$ 36,565,491 \$ 43,686,124 \$ 54,236,706 \$ 52,302,312 \$ 69,598,249</u> Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets \$ 155,078 \$ 179,616 \$ 192,258 \$ 175,850 \$ 166,906 \$ 157,399 \$ 169,076 \$ 161,638 \$ 156,527 133,148 Unrestricted 1,375,842 920,167 197,817 132,835 242,665 362,905 574,849 856,849 1,109,345 2,452,653 Total business-type activities net position \$ 1,530,920 \$ 1,099,783 \$ 390,075 \$ 308,685 \$ 409,571 \$ 520,304 \$ 743,925 \$ 1,018,487 \$ 1,265,872 \$ 2,585,801 Primary government \$ 38,277,100 \$ 44,689,656 \$ 53,894,370 Net investment in capital assets \$ 33,197,846 \$ 34,150,637 \$ 36,718,904 \$ 39,490,539 \$ 42,547,405 \$ 42,999,620 \$ 47,364,482 Restricted 3,410,565 3,656,134 3,438,232 3,226,009 1,207,663 1,418,378 1,504,653 2,142,025 4,590,606 4,837,931 Unrestricted 8,312,635 8,499,608 8,423,512 1,613,096 (9,300,791)(10,159,524)(6,441,382)(6,879,988)(74,224)13,451,749 Total primary government net position \$ 46,306,379 \$ 30,856,345 \$ 31,343,585 \$ 34,256,820 \$ 37,085,795 \$ 44,430,049 \$ 55,255,193 \$ 53,568,184 \$ 44,921,046 \$ 72,184,050

⁽¹⁾ The District adopted GASB Statement No. 68- Accounting & Financial Reporting for Pensions. The statement required the reporting of a net pension liability which significantly reduces the unrestricted net position.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

					Fisc	cal Year				
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Expenses:				-		-				
Instruction	\$ 48,580,447	\$ 49,011,435	\$ 44,792,181	\$ 50,532,312	\$ 53,424,581	\$ 54,428,605	\$ 58,349,920	\$ 61,918,371	\$ 72,426,001	\$ 55,042,118
Supporting services	28,433,803	26,664,957	26,426,442	26,482,186	28,384,173	26,409,405	27,501,238	28,757,413	34,882,411	38,058,498
Non-Instruction	50,650	65,392	51,172	44,707	45,744	47,286	63,095	57,546	2,421,709	2,985,714
Debt Service	455,994	233,228	84,827	48,163	-	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	1,808,892	1,834,129	1,878,991	1,947,154	1,999,540	2,195,573	2,402,083	2,554,713	2,536,858	2,772,077
Total governmental activities	79,329,786	77,809,141	73,233,613	79,054,522	83,854,038	83,080,869	88,316,336	93,288,043	112,266,979	98,858,407
Business-type activities:										
Food Service	4,798,608	5,323,658	4,775,035	4,732,034	4,758,579	4,889,345	4,812,078	4,862,956	4,994,456	5,672,216
Total business-type activities	4,798,608	5,323,658	4,775,035	4,732,034	4,758,579	4,889,345	4,812,078	4,862,956	4,994,456	5,672,216
Total primary government	\$ 84,128,394	\$ 83,132,799	\$ 78,008,648	\$ 83,786,556	\$ 88,612,617	\$ 87,970,214	\$ 93,128,414	\$ 98,150,999	\$117,261,435	\$ 104,530,623
Program Revenues: Governmental activities: Charges for services: Instruction Support services Operating grants and contributions: Instruction Support services Non instruction Total governmental activities	\$ 226,327 132,922 5,653,951 3,329,978 6,293 9,349,471	\$ 242,057 130,339 5,591,525 3,002,219 8,602 8,974,742	\$ 238,752 128,559 5,860,175 2,910,220 6,014 9,143,720	\$ 343,578 163,923 6,201,224 2,961,630 5,392 9,675,747	\$ 256,791 271,632 6,052,470 2,894,619 5,180 9,480,692	\$ 287,047 250,514 6,795,105 3,250,886 5,717 10,589,269	\$ 316,115 155,681 7,092,101 3,263,448 7,541 10,834,886	\$ 228,006 27,777 8,290,989 3,944,708 7,346 12,498,826	\$ 255,054 22,735 14,504,378 6,710,981 432,966 21,926,114	\$ 291,336 46,444 10,324,649 7,138,909 560,052 18,361,390
Business-type activities: Charges for services Food service Operating grants and contributions: Food Service Total business-type activities	1,175,448 3,449,052 4,624,500	1,175,378 3,600,944 4,776,322	1,046,589 3,645,768 4,692,357	1,129,147 3,655,379 4,784,526	1,154,370 3,592,106 4,746,476	1,173,322 3,710,369 4,883,691	1,246,930 3,672,833 4,919,763	942,487 3,944,827 4,887,314	188,455 <u>4,408,852</u> <u>4,597,307</u>	207,745 <u>6,654,076</u> 6,861,821
Total primary government	\$ 13,973,971	\$ 13,751,064	\$ 13,836,077	\$ 14,460,273	\$ 14,227,168	\$ 15,472,960	\$ 15,754,649	\$ 17,386,140	\$ 26,523,421	\$ 25,223,211

- 113 ·

POCATELLO/CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 POCATELLO, IDAHO

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (CONTINUED) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

		Fiscal Year											
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022		
	Net (Expense)/Revenue												
	Governmental activities	\$(69,980,316)	\$ (68,834,399)	\$ (64,089,893)	\$(69,378,775)	\$(74,373,346)	\$ (72,491,600)	\$ (77,481,450)	\$(80,789,217)	\$ (90,340,865)	\$ (80,497,017)		
	Business-type activities	(174,108)	(547,336)	(82,678)	52,492	(12,103)	(5,654)	107,685	24,358	(397,149)	1,189,605		
	Total primary government	\$(70,154,424)	\$ (69,381,735)	\$ (64,172,571)	\$(69,326,283)	\$(74,385,449)	\$ (72,497,254)	\$ (77,373,765)	\$(80,764,859)	\$ (90,738,014)	\$ (79,307,412)		
	General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position												
	Governmental activities: Federal and state aid	\$ 53,788,212	\$ 54,336,717	\$ 56,300,351	\$ 58,491,880	¢ 62 049 727	\$ 65,505,783	\$ 68,389,919	\$ 69,792,838	\$ 69,938,976	\$ 77,152,356		
	Taxes:	\$ 55,700,212	\$ 54,556,717	\$ 56,500,551	Ф 50,491,000	\$ 62,048,737	\$ 65,505,765	\$ 00,309,919	\$ 69,792,030	Ф 09,930,970	φ 11,152,350		
	General purposes	7,698,275	9,086,617	8,595,223	9,335,576	9,440,106	9,478,424	9,450,321	9,654,177	9,361,660	9,336,140		
	Debt service	2,434,225	2,549,127	4,597,438	1,889,930	77,793	3,470,424	222	3,034,177	3,301,000	3,330,140		
	Capital projects	3,989,114	4,336,529	1,896,809	4,842,534	5,122,116	5,404,378	5,653,190	6,057,245	6,169,157	6,596,213		
	Earning on investments	171,155	139,429	140,979	188,312	310,153	535,936	944,047	994,864	284,930	217,893		
١.	Other local	336,592	318,649	500,566	333,347	299,779	286,457	280,320	903,411	2,954,605	4,620,676		
=	Net pension revenue (expense)	-	-	3,671,505	-		-		-	_,,,,,,,,	-		
ω	Transfers	(103,194)	(116,199)	(115,570)	(115,573)	(112,989)	(116,387)	(115,936)	(124,271)	(644,534)	(130,324)		
-	Total governmental activities	68,314,379	70,650,869	75,587,301	74,966,006	77,185,695	81,094,591	84,602,083	87,278,264	88,064,794	97,792,954		
	Business-type activities:												
	Net pension revenue (expense)	_	_	120,821	(91,770)	_	_	_	_	_	_		
	Transfers	103,194	116,199	115,570	113,102	112,989	116,387	115,936	124,271	644,534	130,324		
	Total business-type activities	103,194	116,199	236,391	21,332	112,989	116,387	115,936	124,271	644,534	130,324		
	Total primary government	\$ 68,417,573	\$ 70,767,068	\$ 75,823,692	\$ 74,987,338	\$ 77,298,684	\$ 81,210,978	\$ 84,718,019	\$ 87,402,535	\$ 88,709,328	\$ 97,923,278		
	Change in Net Position												
	Governmental activities	\$ (1,665,937)	\$ 1,816,470	\$ 11,497,408	\$ 5,587,231	\$ 2,812,349	\$ 8,602,991	\$ 7,120,633	\$ 6,478,733	\$ (2,276,071)	\$ 17,295,937		
	Business-type activities	(70,914)	(431,137)	153,713	73,824	100,886	110,733	223,621	148,629	247,385	1,319,929		
	Total primary government	\$ (1,736,851)	\$ 1,385,333	\$ 11,651,121	\$ 5,661,055	\$ 2,913,235	\$ 8,713,724	\$ 7,344,254	\$ 6,627,362	\$ (2,028,686)	\$ 18,615,866		

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

_	1000	l Year

	2013		2014	2015		2016	2017		2018	2019	2020		2021	2022
General Fund														
Nonspendable	\$ 326,160	\$	296,058	\$ 392,016	\$	541,818	\$ 374,871	\$	422,208	\$ 394,974	\$ 387,080	\$	244,205	\$ 201,608
Committed	1,510,029		-	-		-	-		_	_	_		-	-
Unreserved/Unassigned	3,602,817		4,704,056	4,823,524		6,510,279	 8,827,972		11,753,488	11,231,628	 13,623,807	1	16,289,584	17,613,095
Total General Fund	\$ 5,439,006	\$	5,000,114	\$ 5,215,540	\$	7,052,097	\$ 9,202,843	\$	12,175,696	\$ 11,626,602	\$ 14,010,887	\$ 1	16,533,789	\$ 17,814,703
All Other Governmental Funds														
Reserved	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
Nonspendable	-		-	-		329,364	281,017		108,315	82,763	1,537,836		4,283	36,734
Restricted	3,410,565		3,656,134	3,438,232		3,226,009	1,207,663		1,418,378	1,504,653	2,142,025		4,590,606	4,837,931
Unreserved, reported in:														
Special Revenue Funds	-		-	-		-	-		-	-	-		-	-
Assigned	1,352,104		2,713,821	3,110,902		4,256,032	5,615,031		5,613,760	9,756,898	8,892,465		8,508,492	10,314,251
Total All Other Governmental Funds	4,762,669	_	6,369,955	 6,549,134	_	7,811,405	7,103,711	_	7,140,453	11,344,314	12,572,326	1	13,103,381	15,188,916
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 10,201,675	\$	11,370,069	\$ 11,764,674	\$	14,863,502	\$ 16,306,554	\$	19,316,149	\$ 22,970,916	\$ 26,583,213	\$ 2	29,637,170	\$ 33,003,619

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

	-					Fiscal Year					
		2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
	Revenues:										
	Local	\$ 15,029,734	\$ 16,884,508	\$ 16,068,705	\$17,179,803	\$15,817,784	\$16,191,826	\$ 16,689,556	\$ 17,819,766	\$19,240,231	\$ 21,317,395
	State	53,331,652	54,262,208	56,861,303	59,055,861	62,723,566	66,715,012	69,903,593	72,727,759	71,762,182	77,328,475
	Federal	9,446,782	8,676,857	8,215,457	8,609,707	8,277,442	8,842,479	8,856,504	9,308,122	19,825,119	17,847,491
	Total Revenues	77,808,168	79,823,573	81,145,465	84,845,371	86,818,792	91,749,317	95,449,653	99,855,647	110,827,532	116,493,361
	Expenditures:										
	Instruction	48,354,581	48,753,755	49,564,057	51,132,355	53,384,279	56,159,059	59,331,396	60,557,346	66.473.027	62,626,456
	Support services	27,207,310	24,743,656	24,873,706	25.010.366	25,749,175	27,074,506	27,501,238	28,757,413	31,706,312	38,058,498
	Non-Instruction	50,650	65,392	51,172	44,707	45,744	47,286	63,095	57,546	2,246,612	2,985,714
	Capital outlay	1,727,233	2,744,546	3,986,812	3,281,545	3,921,573	5,342,484	4,783,221	5,800,666	9,037,915	9,325,920
_	Debt service	, ,	, ,	-,,-	-, - ,-	-,- ,	-,- , -	,,	-,,	-,,-	-,,-
7	Principal	1,795,000	1,880,000	2,040,000	2,081,000	2,134,000	-	-	_	-	-
′'	Interest	443,625	351,630	119,540	83,468	27,980	-	-	-	-	-
_	Total Expenditures	79,578,399	78,538,979	80,635,287	81,633,441	85,262,751	88,623,335	91,678,950	95,172,971	109,463,866	112,996,588
	Excess (Deficiency)										
	(Under) Expenditures	(1,770,231)	1,284,594	510,178	3,211,930	1,556,041	3,125,982	3,770,703	4,682,676	1,363,666	3,496,773
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
	Transfers in (out)	(103,194)	(116,199)	(115,573)	(113,102)	(112,989)	(116,387)	(115,936)	(124,271)	(644,534)	(130,324)
	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(103,194)	(116,199)	(115,573)	(113,102)	(112,989)	(116,387)	(115,936)	(124,271)	(644,534)	(130,324)
	Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (1,873,425)	\$ 1,168,395	\$ 394,605	\$ 3,098,828	\$ 1,443,052	\$ 3,009,595	\$ 3,654,767	\$ 4,558,405	\$ 719,132	\$ 3,366,449
	Debt service as a percent of noncapital expenditures	2.88%	2.94%	2.82%	2.76%	2.66%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (MODIFIED ACCRUAL OF ACCOUNTING) (UNAUDITED)

PROPERTY TAX

FISCAL YEAR	GENERAL PURPOSES	CAPITAL PROJECTS	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL
2013	\$ 7,747,036	\$ 3,984,705	\$ 2,430,997	\$ 14,162,738
2014	9,123,657	4,362,932	2,567,445	16,054,034
2015	8,560,069	4,587,636	1,912,144	15,059,849
2016	9,367,839	4,868,901	1,913,881	16,150,621
2017	9,449,379	5,120,615	124,764	14,694,758
2018	9,450,978	5,380,594	24,815	14,856,387
2019	9,390,821	5,608,070	11,499	15,010,390
2020	9,654,177	6,057,245	-	15,711,422
2021	9,361,660	6,169,157	-	15,530,817
2022	9,565,502	6,596,213	-	16,161,715

GOVERNMENT-WIDE EXPENSES BY FUNCTION (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

				INTEREST ON			
FISCAL		SUPPORT	NON	LONG-TERM	UNALLOCATED	FOOD	
YEAR	INSTRUCTION	SERVICES	INSTRUCTION	DEBT	DEPRECIATION	SERVICE	TOTAL
2013	\$ 48,580,447	\$ 28,433,803	\$ 50,650	\$ 455,994	\$ 1,808,892	\$ 4,798,608	\$ 84,128,394
2014	49,011,435	26,664,957	65,392	233,228	1,834,129	5,323,658	83,132,799
2015	44,792,181	26,426,442	51,172	84,827	1,878,991	4,775,035	78,008,648
2016	50,532,312	26,482,186	44,707	48,163	1,947,154	4,732,034	83,786,556
2017	53,424,581	28,384,173	45,744	-	1,999,540	4,758,579	88,612,617
2018	54,428,605	26,409,405	47,286	-	2,195,573	4,889,345	87,970,214
2019	58,349,920	27,501,238	63,095	-	2,402,083	4,812,078	93,128,414
2020	61,918,371	28,757,413	57,546	-	2,554,713	4,862,956	98,150,999
2021	72,426,001	34,882,411	2,421,709	-	2,536,858	4,994,456	117,261,435
2022	55,042,118	38,058,498	2,985,714	-	2,772,077	5,672,216	104,530,623

⁽¹⁾ Includes governmental and business-type activities

GOVERNMENT-WIDE REVENUES BY SOURCE (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

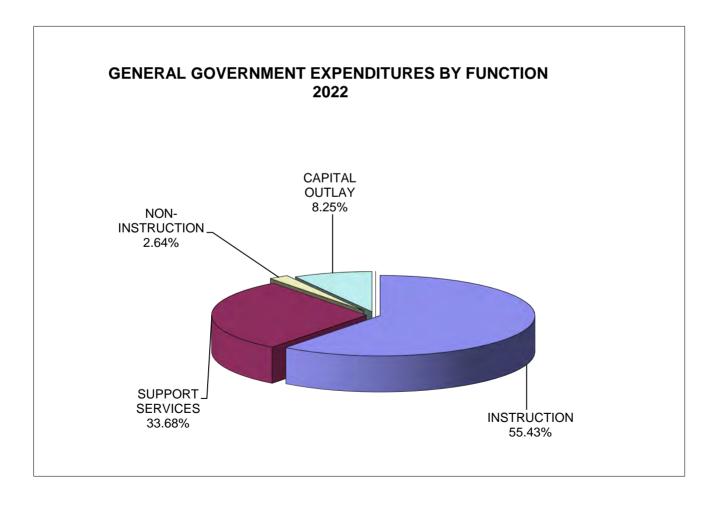
		CHARGES	OPERATING										
	FISCAL	FOR	GRANTS &	PROPERTY	IN	TEREST	OTHER		STATE	F	EDERAL		
	YEAR	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS (1)	TAXES (2)	EA	RNINGS	 LOCAL	;	SUPPORT	ASS	ISTANCE (3)	TOT	AL
	2013	\$ 1,534,697	\$ 12,439,274	\$ 14,121,614	\$	171,155	\$ 336,592	\$	52,436,779	\$	1,351,433	\$ 82,39	1,544
	2014	1,547,774	12,203,290	15,972,273		139,429	318,649		53,375,635		961,082	84,51	8,132
	2015	1,413,900	12,422,177	15,089,470		140,979	500,566		55,734,127		566,224	85,86	7,443
	2016	1,636,648	12,823,625	16,068,040		188,312	333,347		57,582,740		909,140	89,54	1,852
	2017	1,682,793	12,544,375	14,640,015		310,153	299,779		61,120,288		928,449	91,52	5,852
	2018	1,710,883	13,762,077	14,882,802		535,936	286,457		64,707,967		797,816	96,68	3,938
	2019	1,718,726	14,035,923	15,103,733		944,047	280,320		67,664,497		725,422	100,47	2,668
	2020	1,198,270	16,187,870	15,711,422		903,411	994,864		69,706,710		86,128	104,78	8,675
	2021	466,244	26,057,177	15,530,817		284,930	2,954,605		69,817,480		121,496	115,23	2,749
5	2022	545,525	24,677,686	15,932,353		217,893	4,620,676		76,169,472		982,884	123,14	6,489

- (1) Includes governmental and business-type activities
- (2) Property taxes are composed of real, personal and utility.
- (3) Subsequent to 2010, federal assistance has been included in operating grants and contributions to agree with the presentation in the statement of activities in the government-wide financial statement presentation.

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR	INSTRUCTION	SUPPORT SERVICES	NON INSTRUCTION	CAPITAL OUTLAY	DEBT SERVICE	TOTAL
2013	\$ 48,354,581	\$ 27,207,310	\$ 50,650	\$ 1,727,233	\$ 2,238,625	\$ 79,578,399
2014	48,753,755	24,743,656	65,392	2,744,546	2,231,630	78,538,979
2015	49,564,057	24,873,706	51,172	3,986,812	2,159,540	80,635,287
2016	51,132,355	25,010,366	44,707	3,281,545	2,164,468	81,633,441
2017	53,384,279	25,749,175	45,744	3,921,573	2,161,980	85,262,751
2018	56,159,059	27,074,506	47,286	5,342,484	-	88,623,335
2019	59,331,396	27,501,238	63,095	4,783,221	-	91,678,950
2020	60,557,346	28,757,413	57,546	5,800,666	-	95,172,971
2021	66,098,485	32,080,854	2,246,612	9,037,915	-	109,463,866
2022	62,626,456	38,058,498	2,985,714	9,325,920	-	112,996,588

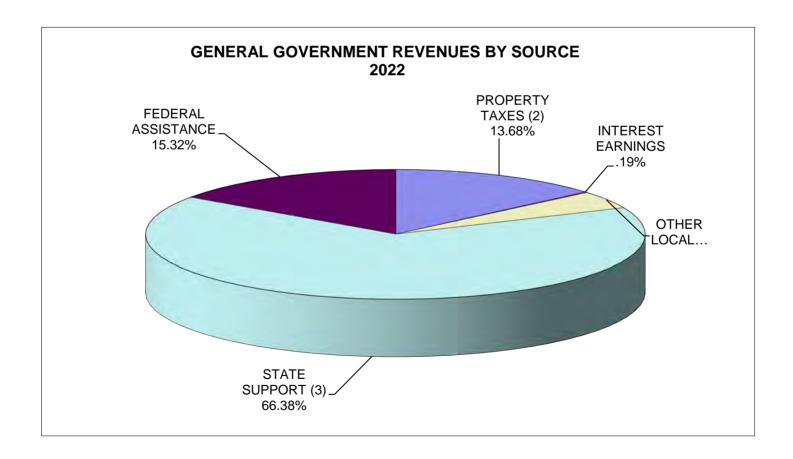
(1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds.



GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL	PROPERTY	INTEREST	OTHER	STATE	FEDERAL	TOTAL
YEAR	TAXES (2)	EARNINGS	LOCAL	SUPPORT	ASSISTANCE	TOTAL
2013	\$ 14,162,738	\$ 171,155	\$ 695,8	41 \$ 53,331,652	\$ 9,446,782	\$ 77,808,168
2014	16,054,034	139,429	691,0	45 54,262,208	8,676,857	79,823,573
2015	15,089,470	140,979	500,5	56,861,303	8,215,457	80,807,775
2016	16,150,621	188,312	840,8	59,055,861	8,609,707	84,845,371
2017	14,694,758	310,153	812,8	73 62,723,566	8,277,442	86,818,792
2018	14,882,802	535,936	773,0	66,715,012	8,842,479	91,749,317
2019	15,010,390	944,047	735,1	19 69,903,593	8,856,504	95,449,653
2020	15,703,799	767,002	1,348,9	65 72,727,759	9,308,122	99,855,647
2021	15,530,817	284,930	3,424,4	84 71,762,182	19,825,119	110,827,532
2022	15,932,353	217,893	5,167,1	49 77,328,475	17,847,491	116,493,361

- (1) Includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects and Debt Service Funds.
- (2) Property taxes are composed of real, personal and utility.

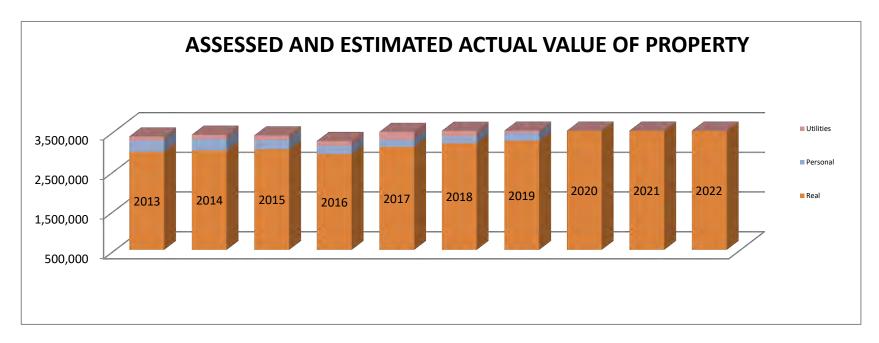


ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

JUNE 30, 2022

(Amounts Expressed In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

	FISCAL		REAL	PEF	RSONAL			LESS: T	AX EXEMPT		TOTAL	DIRECT	HOME	OWNER
	YEAR	PF	ROPERTY	PRO	DPERTY	UTIL	TIES	REAL	PROPERTY	TOTAL	TAX RATE		EXEMI	PTION (1)
	2013	\$	4,109,147	\$	279,073	\$ 10	5,509	\$	1,139,144	\$ 3,355,585	4.	.01	\$	81,000
	2014		4,123,792		281,806	113	3,530		1,120,123	3,399,005	4.	.49		83,920
	2015		4,214,513		233,566	11:	5,462		1,180,670	3,382,871	4	.14		89,580
	2016		4,212,889		199,233	12	5,562		1,297,588	3,241,097	4	.42		94,745
	2017		4,310,777		169,534	20	3,500		1,213,480	3,475,331	3	.94		100,000
	2018		4,448,936		175,078	13	7,297		1,263,969	3,497,342	3	.88		100,000
	2019		4,545,047		190,696	14	3,790		1,298,851	3,580,682	3	.85		100,000
	2020		5,545,579		135,581	14	3,395		1,492,662	4,335,193	3	.33		100,000
	2021		5,861,103		167,066	15	9,663		1,566,706	4,621,127	3	.19		100,000
2	2022		6,772,146		161,640	17	0,964		1,983,555	5,121,195	2	.93		125,000



(1) Homeowners exemption is 50% of assessed valuation or the specified limit, whichever is less.

Source: Bannock County Treasurer

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

June 30, 2022

(Amounts Expressed In Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

					COLLECTIONS										OUTSTANDING	
	A	ASSESSED	GRO	OSS TAX	F	IRST	S	ECOND		THIRD		FOU	RTH		DELINQUENT	
ROLL	V	'ALUATION	CH	HARGE	`	YEAR		YEAR		YEAR		ΥE	AR		TAXES	
2013	\$	3,355,585	\$	14,033	\$	8,514	\$	5,252		\$ 107		\$	122	_	-	
2014		3,399,005		15,726		9,443		6,002		91			130		-	
2015		3,382,871		14,697		8,757		5,742		79			109		-	
2016		3,241,099		15,695		9,541		5,927		89			95		-	
2017		3,475,331		14,265		8,767		5,302		63			99		-	
2018		3,497,342		14,614		8,786		5,427		100			191		98	
2019		3,580,682		14,735		9,015		5,780		174			59		180	
2020		4,335,193		15,132		9,076		5,721		104					14	
2021		4,621,127		15,547		9,541		5,695							-	
2022		5,121,195		15,798		9,875									-	
COLLEC	TION PE	RCENTAGES	T	OTAL												
		2013		99.73 %		60.67	%	37.43	%	0.76	%		0.09	%	1.05 %	
		2014		98.80		60.05		38.17		0.58			0.08		0.01	
		2015		98.65		59.58		39.07		0.54			0.74		0.07	
		2016		60.79		60.79		37.76		0.57			0.01		0.07	
		2017		61.46		61.46		37.17		0.44			0.69		0.08	
		2018		60.12		60.12		37.14		0.68			1.31			
		2019		61.18		61.18		39.23		1.18			0.37			
		2020		59.98		59.98		37.81		0.65						
		2021		61.37		61.37		36.05								
		2022		62.51		62.51										

Source: Bannock County Treasurer

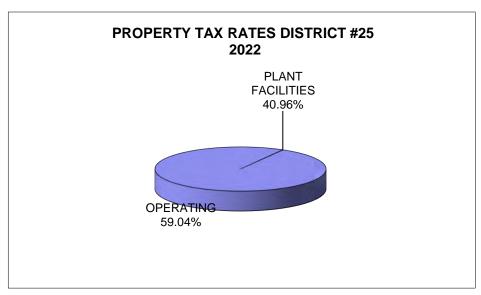
⁽¹⁾ Homeowners exemption is 50% of assessed valuation or the specified limit, whichever is less.

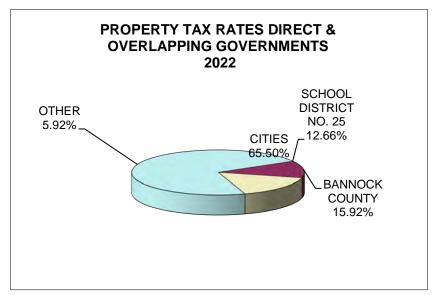
- 123

POCATELLO/CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 POCATELLO, IDAHO

PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

						TOTAL				
			DEBT	PLANT		DISTRICT	BANNOCK			
	FISCAL	OPERATING	SERVICE	FACILITIES	TORT	NO. 25	COUNTY	CITIES	OTHER	TOTAL
	YEAR	MILLAGE	MILLAGE	MILLAGE	MILLAGE	MILLAGE	MILLAGE	MILLAGE	MILLAGE	MILLAGE
	2013	2.103	0.694	1.158	0.055	4.010	4.547	19.559	2.651	30.767
	2014	2.481	0.751	1.199	0.055	4.486	4.920	19.907	2.550	31.863
	2015	2.360	0.516	1.267	0.000	4.143	5.298	20.754	2.512	32.707
	2016	2.572	0.519	1.331	0.000	4.422	5.282	20.700	2.943	33.347
	2017	2.554	0.000	1.389	0.000	3.943	5.239	21.340	2.838	33.360
	2018	2.471	0.000	1.412	0.000	3.883	5.365	21.557	3.348	34.153
	2019	2.407	0.000	1.442	0.000	3.849	5.624	21.557	3.145	34.175
	2020	2.043	0.000	1.285	0.000	3.328	4.845	19.482	3.666	31.321
2	2021	1.922	0.000	1.268	0.000	3.192	4.176	18.609	3.311	29.288
•	2022	1.727	0.000	1.196	0.002	2.925	3.678	15.132	1.367	23.102





PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS* JUNE 30, 2022 (Amounts Expressed In Thousands)

(UNAUDITED)

						PERCENTAGE				PERCENTAGE
				2022		OF TOTAL		2013		OF TOTAL
			AS	SESSED		ASSESSED		ASSESSED		ASSESSED
	TAXPAYER	TYPE OF BUSINESS	,	VALUE	RANK	VALUATION		VALUE	RANK	VALUATION
	Pocatello Hospital	Hospital	\$	111,699	1	1.53 '	% \$	107,856	2	2.11 %
	Union Pacific Railroad	Railroad		78,458	2	2.18		138,577	1	2.71
	Idaho Central Credit Union	Financial Institution/ Data Center		52,505	3	1.02		17,579	10	0.34
	Idaho Power	Electrical Utility		42,480	4	0.83		36,532	6	0.71
	Great Western Malting	Malting Company		37,515	5	0.73				
- 12	Semiconductor Components	Microchip Manufacturer		33,561	6	0.65		46,552	5	0.91
-	Western States Equipment	Commercial		23,377	7	0.04				
	Intermountain Gas	Gas Utility		21,428	8	0.42				
	Northwest Pipeline Corp	Gas Utility		15,208	9	0.03		21,517	8	0.42
	Fred Meyers Store	Retail		15,193	10	0.03				
	Pacific Corp	Electrical Utility		-				76,999	3	1.50
	Qwest Corporation	Telephone Utility		-				17,639	9	0.34
	Allstate	Insurance/Call Center		-				27,206	7	0.53
	Heinz Frozen Foods	Food Processing						57,178	4	1.11
			\$	431,424	:	7.46	% _	547,635		10.68 %

^{*} Source: Bannock

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING BONDED DEBT GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS JUNE 30, 2022 (Amounts Expressed in Thousands) (UNAUDITED)

		NET GEN OBLIGA BONDED OUTSTA	TION DEBT	PERCENTAGE APPLICABLE TO GOVERNMENT (1)		AMOUNT APPLICABLE TO GOVERNMENT		
	DICTION:							
Di	rect:	_						
	School District No. 25*	\$	-	100	%	\$	-	
Ov (2)	verlapping: Bannock County City of Chubbuck City of Pocatello Total overlapping		1,590 1,590	85 14 74		1	- ,177 ,177	
		\$	1,590			\$ 1	,177	

- * All general obligation debt was deceased as of August 15, 2016.
- (1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the county's taxable assessed value that is within the government's boundaries and dividing it by the county's total taxable assessed value.
- (2) Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at lease in part, with the geographic boundaries of the county. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the Pocatello/Chubbuck School District. This process recognizes that, when considering the District's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

RATIO OF NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO ASSESSED VALUE AND NET GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT PER CAPITA LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

							PERCENTAGE	PERCENTAGE	
							OF NET BONDED	OF BONDED	NET
				GROSS	LESS DEBT	NET	DEBT TO	DEBT TO	BONDED
	FISCAL		ASSESSED	BONDED	SERVICE	BONDED	ASSESSED	PERSONAL	DEBT PER
_	YEAR	POPULATION (1)	VALUE (2)	DEBT	FUND (3)	DEBT	VALUE	INCOME (4)	CAPITA
-	2013	84,541	\$ 3,355,585	\$ 8,231,549	\$ 2,710,168	\$ 5,521,381	0.16	0.32	65
	2014	83,249	3,399,005	6,327,977	3,047,587	3,280,390	0.10	0.24	39
	2015	83,347	3,382,871	4,215,000	2,802,701	1,412,299	0.04	N/A	17
	2016	83,744	3,241,099	2,134,000	2,558,380	(424,380) (5)	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2017	83,727	3,475,331	-	525,101	(525,101) (5)	N/A	N/A	N/A
)	2018	85,269	3,497,342	-	558,004	(558,004) (5)	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2019	87,138	3,580,682	-	583,633	(583,633) (5)	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2020	87,808	4,335,193	-	594,881	(594,881) (5)	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2021	88,795	4,621,127	-	597,288	(597,288) (5)	N/A	N/A	N/A
	2022	88,263	5,121,195	-	598,786	(598,786) (5)	N/A	N/A	N/A

- (1) Source: United States Census Bureau.
- (2) From Schedule of Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property. (Amounts expressed in thousands)
- (3) Amount available for repayment of general obligation bonds.
- (4) 2020 and 2021 personal income not available.
- (5) Total General Obligation Bond debt was deceased August 15, 2016. Surplus funds collected will be transferred to General Fund by Idaho Code once all tax revenues are collected.

RATIO OF ANNUAL DEBT SERVICE EXPENDITURES FOR GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDED DEBT TO TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL					00	OTAL DEBT SERVICE I GENERAL BLIGATION	(TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL	RATIO OF DEBT SERVICE TO GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL
YEAR	_	PRINCIPAL	INT	EREST (1)		BONDS	_E	XPENDITURES (2)	EXPENDITURES
2013	-	\$ 1,795,000	\$	442,625	\$	2,237,625	\$	79,578,399	2.81
2014		1,880,000		351,630		2,231,630		78,538,979	2.84
2015		2,040,000		119,540		2,159,540		80,635,287	2.68
2016		2,081,000		83,489		2,164,489		81,633,441	2.65
2017 (3	3)	2,134,000		28,062		2,162,062		85,262,751	2.54
2018		-		-		-		88,623,335	n/a
2019		-		-		-		99,855,647	n/a
2020		-		-		-		-	n/a
2021		-		-		-		-	n/a
2022		-		-		-		-	n/a

- (1) Excludes bond issuance and other costs. Excludes interest on interim financing.
- (2) Includes General, Special Revenue, Capital Projects, and Debt Service Funds.
- (3) All General Obligation Bond debt was deceased August 15, 2016.

- 128

POCATELLO/CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 25 POCATELLO, IDAHO

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION* LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	Fiscal Year												
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021		2022		
Debt limit	\$ 224,736	\$ 225,956	\$ 228,177	\$ 265,183	\$ 234,444	\$ 238,066	\$ 243,977	\$ 291,393	\$ 309,39	1 \$	309,391		
Total net debt applicable to limit Legal debt margin	8,232 \$ 216,504	6,328 \$ 219,628	4,215 \$ 223,962	2,134 \$ 263,049	\$ 234,444	\$ 238,066	\$ 243,977	\$ 291,393	\$ 309,39	<u>-</u> 1 \$	309,391		
Total net debt applicable to	3.66%	2.80%	1.85%	0.80%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00	%	0.00%		

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2021:

Assessed value Add back: exempt real property	-	4,621,127 1,566,706
Total assessed value	\$	6,187,833
Debt limit (5% of total assessed market value) Bond general obligation debt June 30, 2021	\$	309,391
Legal debt margin	\$	309,391

^{*}Source: Bannock County Treasurer

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

FISCAL YEAR	POPULATION (1)	ERSONAL NCOME(2)	 R CAPITA ICOME	SCHOOL ENROLLMENT	UN	NEMPLOYMEN RATE	NT
2013	84,541	\$ 2,574,578	\$ 31,874	12,729		7.0	 %
2014	83,249	2,672,358	33,022	12,923		4.2	
2015	83,347	2,911,085	34,659	12,707		4.1	
2016	83,744	3,008,320	35,652	12,589		3.3	
2017	83,727	3,153,879	36,987	12,586		2.8	
2018	85,269	3,325,214	38,160	12,744		2.7	
2019	87,138	N/A	N/A	12,810		2.7	
2020	87,808	N/A	N/A	12,703		5.3	
2021	88,795	N/A	40,487	12,066		3.2	
2022	88,263	N/A	41,926	12,139		2.8	

(1) Source: United States Census Bureau

(2) Amounts expressed in thousands

N/A Source: State of Idaho Department of Labor 2019 and 2020 per capita income not available.

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS JUNE 30, 2022 and Ten Years Ago (UNAUDITED)

		202			2013	3
	Employer	Approximate Range of Numbers of Employees (1)	Percentage of County Total Employment	Employer	Approximate Range of Numbers of Employees (1)	Percentage of County Total Employment
1	Idaho State University	2,400	5.35 %	1 Idaho State University	3,700	10.09 %
2	Pocatello/Chubbuck School District #25	1,730	3.86	2 Pocatello/Chubbuck School District #25	1,750	4.77
3	Portneuf Medical Center	1,325	2.95	3 Portneuf Medical Center	1,250	3.41
4	Idaho Central Credit Union	1,100	2.45	4 City of Pocatello	650	1.77
5	Amy's Kitchen INC	750	1.67	5 On Semiconductor	650	1.77
6	City of Pocatello	750	1.67	6 Heinz Frozen Foods	600	1.64
7	ON Semiconductor	650	1.45	7 Convergys Customer Support	550	1.50
8	Allstate Insurance Company	475	1.06	8 Bannock County	450	1.23
9	Bannock County	450	1.00	9 Wal-Mart	350	0.95
10	Walmart	350	0.78	10 Varsity Contractors	350	0.95
		9,980	22.24 %		10,300	28.08 %

⁽¹⁾ Source: Idaho Commerce & Labor, Total Employment Bannock County 44,866 in 2022 to 36,652 in 2013.

PROPERTY AND CONSTRUCTION VALUES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

		COMME CONSTRUC		RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION (2)			
FISCAL YEAR	TOTAL PROPERTY VALUES (1)	NUMBER OF PERMITS	VALUE (3)	NUMBER OF PERMITS	VALUE (3)		
2013	\$ 3,355,585	90	\$ 32,109	200	\$ 12,657		
2014	3,399,005	96	28,546	178	13,482		
2015	3,382,871	97	43,468	233	17,523		
2016	3,241,099	50	117,800	164	17,222		
2017	3,475,331	95	53,465	204	17,600		
2018	3,497,342	197	34,150	265	22,128		
2019	3,580,682	30	86,155	216	24,719		
2020	4,335,193	80	41,026	372	25,317		
2021	4,621,127	126	48,172	503	45,497		
2022	5,121,195	68	46,688	435	46,421		

- (1) From Schedule of Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Property
- (2) Source: Cities of Pocatello and Chubbuck, Idaho Treasurer.
- (3) Construction values expressed in thousands.

POCATELLO/CHUBBUCK SCHOOL DISTRICT No. 25

Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years June 30, 2013 through 2022

Position	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
Superintendent	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Director	6.00	6.00	6.00	7.00	8.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	8.00	8.00
Supervisor/Coordinator	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	1.00	1.00
Principal - Elementary	14.00	14.00	14.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	13.00	14.00	14.50
Principal - Secondary	7.00	8.26	8.31	8.38	8.04	8.04	8.35	9.32	8.00	8.00
Assistant Principal	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.83	11.00	12.00	12.00	11.00	11.00	11.00
Administration Total	41.00	42.26	41.31	42.21	44.04	43.04	43.35	43.32	43.00	43.50
Teacher - Elementary	320.83	296.48	294.82	279.40	273.02	274.06	310.75	254.33	253.24	332.68
Teacher - Secondary	306.93	314.89	326.53	329.91	342.21	344.92	307.46	368.15	366.53	283.40
Education Media Generalist	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	2.07	3.00	2.86	2.60	2.67
Counselor	26.22	24.99	26.12	27.22	26.44	25.92	26.32	30.40	30.22	31.30
School Psychologist	7.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	7.00	8.00	7.60	8.00	8.00
Speech/Language Pathologist	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.60	9.60	8.60	8.00	7.40	6.40
Audiologist	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
School Social Worker	3.00	4.00	4.00	3.00	3.00	2.00	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00
School Nurse	3.49	3.50	3.84	3.50	4.00	4.00	3.85	3.85	3.35	4.35
Instructional Total	680.97	665.36	676.81	664.53	670.27	670.57	670.98	679.19	675.34	672.80
Business Manager/District Clerk	1.80	1.80	1.80	1.84	0.84	1.88	1.76	1.76	1.76	1.76
Office Support Personnel - District	20.31	19.17	19.74	18.66	20.41	21.81	20.81	21.35	21.17	18.85
Purchasing/Warehouse Personnel	3.72	3.78	3.72	3.72	3.75	3.82	3.80	3.88	3.84	3.82
Office Support Personnel - Building	30.68	30.92	31.30	31.25	32.43	33.51	32.84	32.60	34.22	33.77
Human Resources Services	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
Public Information	0.90	0.90	0.90	0.92	0.92	0.94	0.94	0.96	0.96	0.94
Custodian Supervisor	1.92	1.96	1.92	1.92	1.96	2.00	1.96	2.00	2.00	2.00
Custodial Personnel	43.02	38.75	38.46	38.07	39.18	41.51	39.70	40.51	41.51	41.45
Child Nutrition - Supervisor	1.71	1.71	1.71	1.71	1.73	1.75	1.75	1.79	1.79	1.77
Child Nutrition - Manager	11.15	11.84	11.13	11.82	11.82	11.98	11.29	12.00	11.29	11.89
Child Nutrition - Food Prep	39.48	40.29	44.82	43.50	40.01	45.49	44.44	40.39	42.43	40.90
Child Nutrition - Other	5.22	5.89	5.22	5.26	5.30	5.38	3.69	4.73	4.04	4.73
Building/Grounds Supervisor	3.84	3.84	3.84	3.92	3.92	3.92	3.92	4.00	4.00	3.89
Building/Grounds Personnel	21.12	21.52	17.28	20.16	19.60	22.00	22.54	23.00	21.00	21.00
Instructional Assistant - Regular Ed	38.13	37.35	37.79	39.19	40.73	41.15	35.29	34.98	36.32	38.05
Instructional Assistant - Special Ed	45.31	44.64	52.96	39.33	42.41	40.78	45.08	44.95	46.56	40.66
Instructional Assistant - Title I	14.23	15.09	16.60	14.68	12.61	12.49	11.49	10.27	10.28	8.50
Instructional Assistant - ESL/LEP	0.58	0.55	0.55	0.56	0.35	0.34	0.40	0.50	1.00	0.58
Related Services Asst Special Ed	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.12	0.57	1.12	1.12	0.56	0.56	2.69
Interpreter-Hearing Impaired	2.20	2.75	2.20	2.29	1.71	1.68	1.72	0.86	0.56	0.69
Personal Care Assistant - Sp Ed	26.62	26.54	20.33	31.77	32.25	34.73	36.32	33.03	33.24	36.07
Library Assistant	13.43	12.56	13.17	13.35	12.46	13.56	13.56	13.56	13.56	13.56
Pupil Transportation Supervisor	2.76	2.76	2.76	2.76	3.68	3.76	2.82	2.93	2.88	2.82
Pupil Transportation Dispatcher	1.84	1.88	1.84	1.84	2.76	2.82	1.88	1.93	1.88	1.88
Pupil Transportation - Bus Mechanic	3.84	3.92	3.84	3.84	4.90	5.00	4.90	4.00	4.00	4.00
Pupil Transportation - Bus Driver	37.88	32.21	34.66	33.23	33.81	35.66	37.30	35.97	34.97	35.71
Pupil Transportation - Bus Monitor	3.44	3.89	3.80	5.33	4.48	5.57	5.81	5.76	4.96	4.00
Safe Environment - Before/After School	0.42	0.42	0.62	0.78	1.30	1.32	0.66	0.65	0.66	0.80
Special Project Personnel	4.55	4.55	4.46	9.54	7.33	8.31	5.68	5.15	0.00	5.26
Health Care Assistant						0.32	0.32	0.63	0.62	3.60
IT Technology/Data Analysis Svcs	1.84	2.01	1.84	3.93	1.84	1.88	1.88	1.92	1.92	2.82
Computer Technology Technician	11.04	9.40	11.04	11.04	11.04	11.28	10.15	12.48	13.20	13.16
College & Career Ready		,	-1.01	-1.0.	1.98	3.25	3.90	4.55	4.55	4.55
Non-Certified Total	394.08	383.99	391.40	397.33	398.08	421.01	409.72	403.65	401.73	406.17
Grand Total	1,116.05	1,091.61	1,109.52	1,104.07	1,112.39	1,134.62	1,124.05	1,126.16	1,120.07	1,122.47

Source: State of Idaho Department of Education ISEE Report.

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Date of Incorporation:	October 17, 1887
Form of Government:	Board of Trustees

Number of Full & Part Time Employees:

Certified 730
Non-certified 813
Area in Square Miles: 360.25

Transportation:

Buses 84
Daily Mileage 3,724
Annual Mileage 633,150
Students transported daily 3,788

Food Service:

LocationAll SchoolsLunches served daily4,230Participation35.17%Breakfasts served daily1,693Participation13.90%Free meal students*24.65%Reduced meal students*2.65%

Source: Pocatello/Chubbuck School District #25

^{*} Meals were provided for free for all on USDA waivers

CAPITAL ASSET INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

School District No. 25 Facilities and Services:

					STUDENT	PERCENT OF
		YEAR	FACILITY		BUILDING	BUILDING
	GRADES	CONSTRUCTED	SQUARE FEET	ENROLLMENT	CAPACITY*	CAPACITY USED
ELEMENTARY:						
Chubbuck	K-5	1968	40,691	500	560	89.3%
Edahow	K-5	1965	27,324	310	364	85.2%
Ellis	K-5	1984	36,219	394	588	67.0%
Gate City	K-5	1980	35,202	492	560	87.9%
Greenacres	K-5	1953	40,097	311	452	68.8%
Indian Hills	K-5	1968	39,619	525	644	81.5%
Jefferson	K-5	1980	35,202	349	644	54.2%
Lewis and Clark	K-5	1953	51,207	443	644	68.8%
Lincoln	Head Start	1959	27,684	153	392	39.0%
Syringa	K-5	1962	36,681	380	560	67.9%
Tendoy	K-5	1959	22,294	237	392	60.5%
Tyhee	Montessori/K-5	1912	52,876	523	672	77.8%
Washington	K-5	1920	27,966	238	448	53.1%
Wilcox	K-5	1975	54,984	541	784	69.0%
SECONDARY:						
Alameda	6-8	1952	88,880	620	840	73.8%
Century	9-12	1999	192,124	1,100	1,425	77.2%
Franklin	6-8	1965	91,487	734	812	90.4%
Hawthorne	6-8	1956	91,773	681	980	69.5%
Highland	9-12	1962	195,396	1,484	1,675	88.6%
Irving	6-8	1923	98,044	714	924	77.3%
New Horizon Center	6-12	2012	36,580	196	300	65.3%
Pocatello	9-12	1892	215,088	1,214	1,625	74.7%
OTHER:						
GATE Programs	3-12	1978	11,600	-	N/A	N/A
Education Center	-	1967	59,985	-	N/A	N/A
Maintenance Shop	-	1949	13,752	-	N/A	N/A
Technology Service Center		1978	3,600		N/A	N/A
Totals	N/A	N/A	1,626,355	12,139	16,285	N/A

^{*} Student building capacity is calculated using 28 students per elementary and middle school classroom, 25 students per high school classroom, and 12 students per alternate school classroom.

Capacity estimates may vary based on individual school programs and classroom square footage.

Source: Pocatello/Chubbuck School District #25

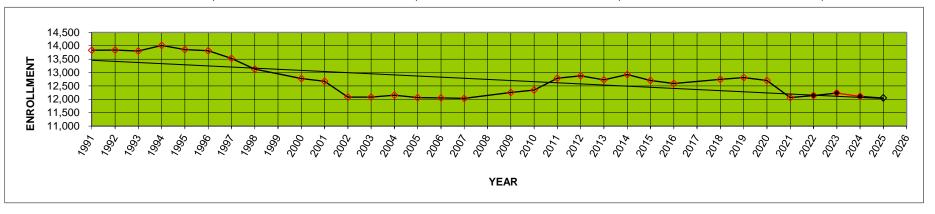
EXPENDITURE BY FUNCTION - GENERAL FUND LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

			2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020		2021		2022
	Instruction:																				
	Regular School	\$ 3	35,148,912	\$	35,556,268	\$	36,051,428	\$	36,921,294	\$	39,101,777	\$	40,411,907	\$	42,815,058	\$ 4	14,553,531	\$.	42,714,350	\$	42,714,350
			48.79%		46.74%		45.94%		48.60%		51.47%		53.20%		56.36%		58.65%		56.23%		56.23%
	Special School	\$	5,196,246	\$	5,175,715	\$	5,483,228	\$	5,714,213	\$	5,503,275	\$	5,763,293	\$	5,969,712	\$		\$		\$	5,050,456
		•	7.21%	•	6.80%	•	6.99%	•	7.52%		7.24%	•	7.59%	•	7.86%		7.12%		6.65%		6.65%
	Activity School	\$	986,037	\$	1,135,099	\$	1,134,882	\$	1,124,297	\$	1,104,939	\$	1,158,512	\$		\$	1,187,304	\$	833,843	\$	833,843
	Oth an Calcast	Φ	1.37%	Φ	1.49%	Φ	1.45%	Φ	1.48%	Φ	1.45%	Φ	1.53%	Φ	1.72%	Φ	1.56%	Φ	1.10%	Φ	1.10%
	Other School	\$	68,946	\$	101,388	\$	128,680	Ф	114,329	\$	147,363	Ф	159,198	\$	176,843	Ф	234,120	Ф	-,	\$	146,661
	Total Instructional Programs	¢ /	0.10% 11,400,141	Ф	0.13% 41,968,470	Ф	0.16% 42,798,218	Ф	0.15% 43,874,133	Ф	0.19% 45,857,354	Ф	0.21% 47,492,910	Ф	0.23% 50,271,416	¢ ı	0.31%	Φ	0.19% 48,745,310	Φ	0.19% 48,745,310
	Total instructional Programs	φ4	57.47%	Φ	55.16%	Φ	54.54%	Φ	57.76%	φ	60.37%	Φ	62.52%	Φ	66.18%	φ.	67.64%	φ 4	64.17%	φ.	46,745,310 64.17%
			37.4770		33.1076		34.34 /6		37.7076		00.37 /6		02.52 /6		00.1076		07.0476	—	04.17 /6	—	04.17 /6
	Support Services:																				
	Pupil Support	\$	3,699,280	\$	3,691,701	\$	3,868,728	\$	3,972,868	\$	4,283,657	\$	4,647,178	\$	5,236,156	\$	5,557,092	\$	5,624,638	\$	5,624,638
			5.14%		4.85%		4.93%		5.23%		5.64%		6.12%		6.89%		7.32%		7.40%		7.40%
	Staff Support	\$	2,670,871	\$	3,419,815	\$	3,408,895	\$	2,997,637	\$	3,497,748	\$	3,673,806	\$	3,616,014	\$	3,917,812	\$		\$	3,619,548
ည့			3.71%	_	4.50%	_	4.34%	_	3.95%	_	4.60%	_	4.84%	_	4.76%	_	5.16%	_	4.76%	_	4.76%
ï	General Administration	\$, -	\$	940,749	\$	1,054,711	\$	962,225	\$	991,185	\$	1,058,310	\$		\$	1,170,871	\$		\$	1,173,532
		•	1.31%	•	1.24%	•	1.34%	•	1.27%	•	1.30%	•	1.39%	•	1.48%	•	1.54%	•	1.54%	•	1.54%
	School Administration	\$	3,713,005	\$	3,942,251	\$	3,939,492	\$	3,984,877	\$	4,142,267	\$	4,465,204	\$	4,685,169	\$, , -	\$, ,	\$	4,831,960
	Duning and Administration	Φ	5.15%	Φ	5.18%	Φ.	5.02%	Φ	5.25%	Φ	5.45%	Φ	5.88%	Φ	6.17%	Φ	6.40%	Φ	6.36%	Φ	6.36%
	Business Administrative	\$	864,417	\$	857,170 1.13%	\$	888,814	Ф	931,754	\$	978,781	\$	987,307	Ф	1,035,091	\$	1,134,615	\$	1,201,455	Ф	1,201,455
	Operations	Ф	1.20% 6.247.313	\$	6,287,846	\$	1.13% 6,211,249	\$	1.23% 6,505,543	\$	1.29% 6,615,052	\$	1.30% 6,672,667	Ф	1.36% 6,836,157	\$	1.49% 6,864,236	\$	1.58% 6,684,625	Ф	1.58% 6,684,625
	Operations	φ	8.67%	Φ	8.26%	Φ	7.92%	Φ	8.56%	Φ	8.71%	Φ	8.78%	Φ	9.00%	Φ	9.04%	Φ	8.80%	Φ	8.80%
	Transportation	Ф	2,755,513	\$	2,862,106	\$		\$	2,622,290	\$	2,790,856	\$		Ф	3,277,578	\$	3,369,534	\$	3,362,118	Ф	3,362,118
	Transportation	Ψ	3.83%	Ψ	3.76%	Ψ	3.40%	Ψ	3.45%	Ψ	3.67%	Ψ	3.99%	Ψ	4.31%	Ψ	4.44%	Ψ	4.43%	Ψ	4.43%
	Other	\$	2,074,384	\$		\$	9,277	\$	10,039	\$		\$	7,111	\$	50	\$		\$		\$	719,826
	Cirici	Ψ	2.88%	Ψ	0.01%	Ψ	0.01%	Ψ	0.01%	Ψ	0.00%	Ψ	0.01%	Ψ	0.00%	Ψ	0.28%	Ψ	0.95%	Ψ	0.95%
	Total Support Services	\$ 2	22,970,198	\$	22,011,319	\$	22,045,593	\$	21,987,233	\$	23,299,546	\$	24,544,236	\$		\$ 2		\$:		\$	27,217,702
	тот определения	* -	31.89%	*	28.93%	*	28.09%	*	28.94%	•	30.67%	*	32.31%	*	33.97%	*	35.66%	*	35.83%	*	35.83%
	Non-Instructional Company																				
	Non-Instructional Services:	Φ		Φ	47.040	Φ		Φ		Φ		Φ		Φ		Φ		Φ		Φ	
	Other	\$	- 0.000/	\$	17,242	Þ	-	\$	- 0.000/	\$	-	\$	- 0.000/	\$	- 0.000/	\$	- 0.000/	\$	- 0.000/	\$	- 0.000/
		\$	0.00%	¢	0.02%	Φ	0.00%	Φ	0.00%	Φ	0.00%	Φ	0.00%	Φ	0.00%	Φ	0.00%	Φ	0.00%	Φ	0.00%
	Total Non-Instructional Services		0.00%	\$	17,242 0.03%	Ф	0.00%	\$	0.00%	\$	0.00%	\$	0.00%	\$	0.00%	\$	0.00%	\$	0.00%	\$	0.00%
	Total Non-instructional Services		0.00%		0.03%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%		0.00%	—	0.00%	—	0.00%
	Total Expenditures	\$ 6	64,370,339	\$	63,997,031	\$	64,843,811	\$	65,861,366	\$	69,156,900	\$	72,037,146	\$	76,078,795	\$ 7	78,470,875	\$ -	75,963,012	\$	75,963,012
	Total September Enrollment		12,729		12,923		12,923		12,589		12,586		12,744		12,810		12,703		12,066		12,139
	Average Expenditure Per Student	\$	5,057	\$	4,952	\$	5,018	\$	5,232	\$	5,495	\$	5,653	\$	5,939	\$	6,177	\$	6,296	\$	6,258

DISTRICT ENROLLMENT TRENDS YEARS 1991 TO 2021 ACTUAL WITH PROJECTIONS FROM 2021-2026 JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

These projections are made using multiple-year cohort analysis. In simple language, this means that students are projected to remain in schools, but are moved up in grade as they become older. Each year, for many years, historical information has been kept relative to the number of students who leave our schools each year for various reasons and the number of students who enter the schools in each age group. From this database, giving greatest weight to the most recent experience and making adjustments for observed changes in some neighborhoods, implied estimates of in-migration and out-migration are made. Birth data is also projected forward adjusted by the implied estimates of in and out migration as described above. Projections of membership enrollment are as of September. These cohort projections are useful in determining estimated state funding and staffing requirements. The District has experienced a decrease in enrollment beginning in 1995 after nearly 20 years of continual upward enrollment trends. This decline may be due in part to increases in private and charter school enrollment, smaller family sizes, and changes in demographics in Bannock County. Enrollment began to stabilize in 2002 and appears to be leveling off for the near future

	FISCAL	SEPTEMBER	FISCAL	SEPTEMBER	FISCAL	SEPTEMBER	FISCAL	SEPTEMBER
	YEAR	ENROLLMENT	_YEAR_	ENROLLMENT	YEAR	ENROLLMENT	YEAR	ENROLLMENT
	1991	13,832	2000	12,776	2009	12,255	2018	12,744
36	1992	13,839	2001	12,676	2010	12,348	2019	12,810
٠,	1993	13,807	2002	12,083	2011	12,788	2020	12,703
	1994	14,014	2003	12,080	2012	12,879	2021	12,066
	1995	13,856	2004	12,152	2013	12,729	2022	12,139
	1996	13,820	2005	12,064	2014	12,923	2023	12,234
	1997	13,529	2006	12,055	2015	12,707	2024	12,108
	1998	13,127	2007	12,036	2016	12,589	2025	12,049
	1999	13,068	2008	12,014	2017	12,586	2026	11,985



EDUCATIONAL DEMOGRAPHIC & MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS JUNE 30, 2022 (UNAUDITED)

Education	Number of Teachers	Percent of Total
Bachelor's	174	23.74%
Bachelor's + 12	7	0.95%
Bachelor's + 24	158	21.56%
Bachelor's + 36	25	3.41%
Bachelor's + 48	23	3.14%
Bachelor's + 60	106	14.46%
Master's	136	18.55%
Master's + 12	10	1.36%
Master's + 24	17	2.32%
Master's + 36	62	8.46%
Doctorate/ Ed Specialist	15	2.05%
Total	733	100.00%
Years of Experience	Number of Teachers	Percent of Total
0-4	181	27.12%
5-9	171	21.51%
10-14	117	16.44%
15-19	88	10.00%
20-24	69	10.96%
25-29	58	8.08%
30 and over	49	5.89%
Total	733	100.00%

Fiscal year 2018-19 State reported expenditures per student - General Fund \$6,209; all funds \$8,076. Fiscal year 2019-20 data is not yet available from the State Department of Education.

Teachers with Masters or BA + 36 or higher 53.75%

Teacher/Student Ratio 18.4:1

SCHEDULE OF INSURANCE COVERAGE

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Insurance coverage:

General liability-per occurrence	\$ 2,000,000
-per school	5,000,000
Auto-per occurrence	3,000,000
-uninsured motorist	300,000
Crime coverage	300,000
Comprehensive boiler	50,000,000



SINGLE AUDIT SECTION

This section includes the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, reports on compliance and internal controls and the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Additional	Total
Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Assistance Listing #	Award Identification	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			_
Flow through funding from the State of Idaho Department of Edu	cation		
Title I-A ESEA	84.010		\$ 3,642,352
Title I-D Neglected and Delinquent Children	84.010		83,019
Education of Homeless Children	84.196		12,440
CARES ACT - ESSERF I	84.425	COVID-19, 84.425D	175,984
CARES ACT - ESSERF II	84.425	COVID-19, 84.425D	4,754,527
ARP - ESSERF III	84.425	COVID-19, 84.425U	853,314
ARP -ESSERF- Homeless Children & Youth	84.425	COVID-19, 84.425W	12,375
Title IV-A 21st Century CLC	84.287		261,698
Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education	84.048		202,402
Title II-A ESEA	84.367		476,838
Title III-A ESEA	84.365		9,242
Title IV-A ESSA	84.424		436,385
Special Education Cluster:			
IDEA Part B School Age	84.027		2,930,950
IDEA Part B Preschool	84.173		353,212
Total Special Education Cluster			3,284,162
Total U.S. Department of Education			14,204,738
U.S. Department of the Treasury			
Flow through funding from the State of Idaho Department of Edu	cation		
Coronavirus Virus Relief Fund	21.019	COVID-19	406,752
Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027	COVID-19	1,345,495
Total U.S. Department of Treasury			1,752,247
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Flow through funding from the State of Idaho Department of Edu	cation		
Child Nutrition - Cluster			
After School Snack	10.555		15,473
USDA- Commodities	10.555		397,639
School Lunch	10.555		4,564,817
Fresh Fruit & Vegetable Program	10.582		75,414
School Breakfast	10.553		1,205,335
Summer Food Service Program	10.559		379,104
Total Child Nutrition - Cluster			6,637,782
Child and Adult Care	10.558		37,428
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			6,675,210
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Direct programs:			
Head Start	93.600		2,892,780
Head Start - Cares Act	93.600	COVID-19	80,548
Head Start - Training	93.600		15,641
Head Start- TANF	93.600		108,392
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			3,097,361
Total federal expenditures			\$ 25,729,556

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25.

NOTE SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

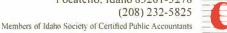
Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance and OMB Circular A-87, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE DE MINIMIS INDIRECT COST RATE

The District has elected not to use the 10% *de minimis* indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Deaton & Company, Chartered

Certified Public Accountants 215 North 9th, Suite A Pocatello, Idaho 83201-5278





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25 Pocatello, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 18. 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

Deaton & Company

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Pocatello, Idaho

Deaton & Company, Chartered

Certified Public Accountants 215 North 9th, Suite A Pocatello, Idaho 83201-5278 (208) 232-5825



Members of Idaho Society of Certified Public Accountants

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25 Pocatello, Idaho

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
 and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
 test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
 to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the
 circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

De L Company

Pocatello, Idaho

October 18, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25, which were prepared in accordance with GAAP.
- 2. No deficiencies were disclosed during the audit of the financial statements reported in the
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25, which would be required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies in internal control over major federal award programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance. No material weaknesses are reported.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25 expresses an unmodified opinion on all major federal programs.
- 6. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR Section 200.516(a) are reported in this Schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs were:

Title I-A ESEA

Assistance Listing No. 84.010

Title IV-A 21st Century CLC

Cares Act- ESSERF Funds

Coronavirus State & Local Fiscal Recovery Funds

Assistance Listing No. 84.425

Assistance Listing No. 21.027

- 8. The threshold used for distingushing between Type A and B programs was \$771,887
- 9. Pocatello/Chubbuck School District No. 25 was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None.

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS- MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT None.

MISSION VISION & BELIEFS





MISSION

Learning today for the possibilities of tomorrow.



VISION

The Pocatello/Chubbuck School District is a community of children, parents, educators and patrons working collectively toward a common purpose to graduate learners with the skills to be successful contributors in a changing, diverse world.



BELIEFS

- Learning occurs best in a safe, respectful environment where all individuals are valued.
- Learning is a responsibility shared by students, parents, staff and the community.
- Learning and a successful life are built upon a foundation of positive relationships.
- Learning is enhanced by positive social, emotional and character development.
- Learners know what they are learning, know what progress they have made and know their next steps.
- Learning is fostered through productive struggle.
- Learners and teachers collaboratively analyze achievement and progress to determine the impact of learning and teaching strategies.
- Learning is maximized through consistent application of evidence-based instruction and curriculum.
- Learners graduate prepared for college and careers.
- Learning is a cumulative, lifelong pursuit for all members of the learning community.