2023-2024 HS Women's Studies Pacing Guide AT-A-GLANCE

Curriculum Benchmarks		
Quarter 3: January 9 - March 14, 2024		
SS.912.A.3.5: SS.912.A.4.8: SS.912.A.4.9: SS.912.A.5.9: SS.912.W.1.2: SS.912.W.2.10: SS.912.W.2.17: SS.912.W.2.17: SS.912.W.3.13: SS.912.W.3.13: SS.912.W.3.18:	Identify significant inventors of the Industrial Revolution including African Americans and women. Compare the experiences Americans (African Americans, Hispanics, Asians, women, conscientious objectors) had while serving in Europe. Compare how the war impacted German Americans, Asian Americans, African Americans, Hispanic Americans, Jewish Americans, Native Americans, women and dissenters in the United States. Explain why support for the Ku Klux Klan varied in the 1920s with respect to issues such as anti-immigration, anti-African American, anti-Catholic, anti-Jewish, anti-women, and anti-union ideas. Explain philosophical beliefs as they relate to works in the arts. Compare time measurement systems used by different cultures. Describe the orders of medieval social hierarchy, the changing role of the Church, the emergence of feudalism, and the development of private property as a distinguishing feature of Western Civilization. Explain how Western civilization arose from a synthesis of classical Greco-Roman civilization, Judeo-Christian influence, and the cultures of northern European peoples promoting a cultural unity in Europe. Identify key figures, artistic, and intellectual achievements of the medieval period in Western Europe. Compare the major beliefs and principles of Judaism, Christianity, and Islam. Compare economic, political, and social developments in East, West, and South Africa. Describe the roles of people in the Maya, Inca, and Aztec societies. Compare the key economic, cultural, and political characteristics of the major civilizations of Meso and South America.	
	Quarter 4: March 25 - May 23, 2023	
SS.912.A.5.7: SS.912.A.5.10: SS.912.A.7.3: SS.912.A.7.9: SS.912.A.7.11: SS.912.A.7.12: SS.912.CG.4.2: SS.912.W.9.4: SS.912.W.9.5:	Examine the freedom movements that advocated civil rights for African Americans, Latinos, Asians, and women. Analyze support for and resistance to civil rights for women, African Americans, Native Americans, and other minorities. Examine the changing status of women in the United States from post-World War II to present. Examine the similarities of social movements (Native Americans, Hispanics, women, anti-war protesters) of the 1960s and 1970s. Analyze how liberty and economic freedom generate broad-based opportunity and prosperity in the United States. Analyze political, economic, and social concerns that emerged at the end of the 20th century and into the 21st century. Evaluate the influence of American foreign policy on other nations and the influences of other nations on American policies and society. Describe the causes and effects of twentieth century nationalist conflicts. Assess the social and economic impact of pandemics on a global scale, particularly within the developing and under-developed world.	

	Throughout the Semester
SS.912.A.7.5:	Compare nonviolent and violent approaches utilized by groups (African Americans, women, Native
SS.912.CG.4.1:	Americans, Hispanics) to achieve civil rights.
SS.912.CG.4.3:	Explain how the United States uses foreign policy to influence other nations.
SS.912.G.1.1:	Explain how U.S. foreign policy supports democratic principles and protects human rights around the
SS.912.G.1.2:	world.
SS.912.G.1.3:	Design maps using a variety of technologies based on descriptive data to explain physical and cultural
SS.912.G.1.4:	attributes of major world regions.
SS.912.G.2.1:	Use spatial perspective and appropriate geographic terms and tools, including the Six Essential
SS.912.G.2.2:	Elements, as organizational schema to describe any given place.
SS.912.G.2.3:	Employ applicable units of measurement and scale to solve simple locational problems using maps
SS.912.G.4.1:	and globes.
SS.912.G.4.2:	Analyze geographic information from a variety of sources including primary sources, atlases,
SS.912.G.4.3:	computer, and digital sources, Geographic Information Systems (GIS), and a broad variety of maps.
SS.912.G.4.7:	Identify the physical characteristics and the human characteristics that define and differentiate
SS.912.G.4.9: SS.912.H.3.1:	regions.
SS.912.W.1.1:	Describe the factors and processes that contribute to the differences between developing and developed regions of the world.
SS.912.W.1.1:	Use geographic terms and tools to analyze case studies of regional issues in different parts of the
SS.912.W.1.4:	world that have critical economic, physical, or political ramifications.
SS.912.W.1.5:	Interpret population growth and other demographic data for any given place.
SS.912.W.1.6:	Use geographic terms and tools to analyze the push/pull factors contributing to human migration
SS.912.W.4.3:	within and among places.
SS.912.W.4.14:	Use geographic terms and tools to analyze the effects of migration both on the place of origin and
SS.912.W.4.15:	destination, including border areas.
SS.912.W.6.4:	Use geographic terms and tools to explain cultural diffusion throughout places, regions, and the world.
	Use political maps to describe the change in boundaries and governments within continents over time.
	Analyze the effects of transportation, trade, communication, science, and technology on the preservation and diffusion of culture.
	Use timelines to establish cause and effect relationships of historical events. Interpret and evaluate primary and secondary sources.
	Explain how historians use historical inquiry and other sciences to understand the past.
	Compare conflicting interpretations or schools of thought about world events and individual
	contributions to history (historiography).
	Evaluate the role of history in shaping identity and character.
	Identify the major artistic, literary, and technological contributions of individuals during the Renaissance.
	Recognize the practice of slavery and other forms of forced labor experienced during the 13th
	through 17th centuries in East Africa, West Africa, Europe, Southwest Asia, and the Americas.
	Explain the origins, developments, and impact of the trans-Atlantic slave trade between West Africa and the Americas.
	Describe the 19th and early 20th century social and political reforms and reform movements and their effects in Africa, Asia, Europe, the United States, the Caribbean, and Latin America.