

# Eliciting Ideas and Activating Prior Knowledge



## Planning the Conversation

Topic/Unit
Phenomenon/Design Problem

Starter Questions	Ideas to Listen For

## Framing the Lesson

- Context, link to previous topics
- Reasons for investigating the ideas
- Expectations for participation in the intellectual work and how ideas will be treated

## Introducing the Phenomenon/Design Problem and Eliciting Observations

*What might you say to students to introduce the phenomenon/design problem?*

*What observation questions might you ask after the phenomenon/design problem is introduced?*

Generic questions	Questions to pose + talk goals/strategies to use	What you will listen for, plan to respond to	Notes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What do you see going on here?</li> <li>• What did you notice when ____ happened?</li> <li>• When or where does ____ occur?</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What if students cite relevant features of the task?</li> <li>• What if students cite irrelevant ideas or cannot understand the scenario/problem?</li> <li>• What if students give inferences rather than observations?</li> </ul>	

## Transitioning to Talk about “Under What Conditions Would This Happen?”

*Elicit and discuss possible hypotheses (whole class or small group)*

Generic questions	Questions to pose + talk goals/strategies to use	What you will listen for, plan to respond to	Notes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What do you think is happening here? (at level of inference)</li> <li>• What would happen if ____?</li> <li>• What might be going on here that we can't see?</li> <li>• Why do you think this happens this way? (emphasize cause)</li> <li>• What do you think causes ____?</li> <li>• What do you think is going on to make ____ happen?</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• What if students exhibit pre-conceptions?</li> <li>• What if students cite relevant facets of the big idea?</li> <li>• What if students make connections to what they've experienced?</li> <li>• What if students offer explanations congruent with scientific explanations?</li> <li>• What if students offer simplistic cause-effect? Example: “Why does the water boil?” “Because you put it on the stove.”</li> <li>• What if students offer explanations that involve alternative conceptions?</li> </ul>	

# Helping Students Represent Their Thinking Publicly

## Option 1: Create and share small-group models

**What might students include in their initial model (both observable and unobservable)? What time scale will the model capture?**

**What might a sketch of a student initial model look like to show what is going on before, during, and after the phenomenon happens?**

**How might students make their models public (e.g., gallery walk, select and share out)?**

**What questions might be asked to guide students in the development and sharing of their initial models?**

Generic questions	Questions to pose + talk goals/strategies to use	What you will listen for, plan to respond to	Notes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Why are you representing ___ that way?</li> <li>What is happening in this part of the model?</li> <li>What does this part of your model represent in the real world?</li> <li>What are some things we are not sure about here?</li> <li>What ideas/features have been included in some of the presented models that were not in yours?</li> <li>Describe one model that has a different explanation from the one in your model. How is it different?</li> <li>What questions do we now have, and what information do we need to make progress on our models?</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>What strategy will you use if students are unable to respond to any of these questions?</li> <li>How will you support hesitant students?</li> <li>How will you encourage participation from all students?</li> </ul>	

## Option 2: Create a public list of 4-6 student hypotheses

**What sentence frames will be used so students know how to participate?**

Generic questions	Questions to pose + talk goals/strategies to use	What you will listen for, plan to respond to	Notes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>We think [the phenomenon] has something to do with _____.</li> <li>We think [the phenomenon] happens the way it does because _____.</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>How will you encourage participation from all students?</li> </ul>	

**How will you moderate the construction of the list of hypotheses?**

Generic questions	Questions to pose + talk goals/strategies to use	What you will listen for, plan to respond to	Notes
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Is this hypothesis different from the others? How?</li> <li>Can we combine your hypothesis with theirs?</li> <li>Do you mean ___?</li> <li>What are some things we are not sure of?</li> </ul>		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>What hypotheses do you anticipate students will share?</li> <li>Which hypotheses are partial understandings?</li> <li>Which hypotheses do you wonder whether or not are valid?</li> <li>How will you ensure that all students participate in generating the hypothesis list (i.e. casting a vote)</li> </ul>	

**How will you revisit and revise the list of hypotheses throughout the unit?**