PUBLIC SCHOOLS OF EDISON TOWNSHIP OFFICE OF CURRICULUM AND INSTRUCTION



ELA

Length of Course: Term

Elective/Required: Required

Schools: Elementary School

Eligibility: Grade 5

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Grade 5 Reading Pacing Guide

Marking Period 1

Making Meaning Unit	Standard Social Emotional Competencies				
The Reading Community Unit 1 (2 weeks) The Lotus Seed (MM) Something to Remember Me By *RL.5.9 Everybody Cooks Rice *RL.5.6	RL.5.1. Quote accurately from a text, and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. RL.5.2. Determine the key details in a story, drama or poem to identify the theme and to summarize the text. RL.5.9. Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described. RL.5.9. Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) the treatment of similar themes and topics (e.g., opposition of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g., the quest) in stories, myths, and traditional literature from different cultures. RL.5.10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed. Rl.5.1. Quote accurately from a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. Rl.5.7. Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently. Rl.5.9. Integrate and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably. L.5.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.				

Using Text Features Unit 2 (3 weeks)

Rainforests *RI.5.2

"All Work & No Play" & "Follow That Ball!" *RI.5.8

Great Women of the American Revolution Or Women Inventors Hidden in History *RI.5.8

- **RI.5.1.** Quote accurately from a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
- **RI.5.2.** Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text.
- **RI.5.3.** Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text.
- **RI.5.5.** Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.
- **RI.5.6.** Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent.
- RI.5.7. Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.
- **RI.5.8.** Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s).
- **RF.5.4.** Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.

Questioning Unit 3 (2 weeks)

Big Cats *RI.5.1

- **RI.5.1.** Quote accurately from a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
- RI.5.2. Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text.
- **RI.5.3.** Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text.
- **RI.5.5.** Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.
- **RI.5.6.** Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent.

	RI.5.7. Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently. RI.5.8. Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s).
Vocabulary Weeks 1 through 7	L.5.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
	L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening. Demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

Marking Period 2

Making Meaning Unit	Standard Social Emotional Competencies
Analyzing Text Structure Unit 4 (4 Weeks)	RL.5.1. Quote accurately from a text, and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. RL.5.2. Determine the key details in a story, drama or poem to identify the theme and to summarize the
Read Aloud: Tuck Everlasting Week 1, L1 Prologue, Ch. 1 & 2 RL.5.2 RL.5.3	text. RL.5.3. Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., how characters interact). RL.5.7. Analyze how visual and multimedia elements contribute to the meaning, tone, or beauty of a text (e.g., graphic novel, multimedia presentation of fiction, folktale, myth, poem). RL.5.6. Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described.
Week 1, L2 Ch. 3,4, Part of 5 RL.5.2 RL.5.3	RL.5.10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
Week 1, L3 Ch. 5 & 6 RL.5.1	
Week 1, L4 Ch. 7 & 8 RL.5.1	
Week 2 Ch. 9-15 RL.5.1, RL.5.6, RL.5.3	
Week 3 Ch. 16-21 RL.5.1 RL.5.3	
Week 4 Ch. 22- Epilogue RL 5.1 RL5.2 RL5.3. RL5.6 ⊥	

Making Inferences Unit 5 (2 weeks) Read Aloud: Van Gogh Cafe RL. 5.1 Read Alouds: Speech Class, October Saturday, Eraser & School Clock, Backyard	RL.5.1. Quote accurately from a text, and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. RL.5.2. Determine the key details in a story, drama or poem to identify the theme and to summarize the text. RL.5.4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including figurative language such as metaphors and similes. RL.5.5. Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem. RI.5.7. Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently. RL.5.10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at
RL.5.1, RL.5.4	grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.

Vocabulary Weeks 8 through 14

- **L.5.4** Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
- **L.5.6** Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening. Demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

Marking Period 3

Making Meaning Unit	Standard Social Emotional Competencies
Making Inferences Unit 6 Fiction & Expository Nonfiction (3 weeks) Read-Alouds: Richard Wright and the Library Card OR It Jes' Happened & Uncle Jed's Barbershop *RL.5.1, RL.5.2, RL5.3, RL.5.6 Read-Aloud: Hurricanes *RI.5.1, RI.5.3	RL.5.1. Quote accurately from a text, and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. RL.5.2. Determine the key details in a story, drama or poem to identify the theme and to summarize the text. RL.5.3. Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., how characters interact). RL.5.5. Explain how a series of chapters, scenes, or stanzas fits together to provide the overall structure of a particular story, drama, or poem. RL.5.6. Describe how a narrator's or speaker's point of view influences how events are described. RL.5.9. Compare, contrast and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) the treatment of similar themes and topics (e.g., opposition of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g., the quest) in stories, myths, and traditional literature from different cultures. RL.5.10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.
Read-Alouds: Global Warming Rainforests * RI.5.5	RI.5.1. Quote accurately from a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. RI.5.2. Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text. RI.5.3. Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text. RI.5.8. Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s). RI.5.9. Integrate and reflect on (e.g. practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) information from several texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably. RI.5.10. By the end of year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed.

Analyzing Text Structure Unit 7

Expository Nonfiction (5 weeks)

Read-Alouds:

- "Copycats: Why Clone?"
- "The Debate on Banning Junk Food Ads"

*RI.5.2, RI.5.8

Analyzing Text Structure Unit 7

Read-Alouds:

- "All-girls and All-boys Schools: Better for Kids"
- "Do Kids Really Need Cell Phones?"

*RI.5.6, RI.5.8

Read-Alouds:

- "How to Make an Origami Cup"
- "Ashton Hammerheads Schedule for September 2015"
- "Blue Line Train Schedule"
- "Frontier Fun Park"
- * RI.5.7

Read-Aloud

 Survival and Loss: Native American Boarding Schools

RI.5.1, RI.5.3, RI.5.4 RI.5.5

- **RI.5.1.** Quote accurately from a text and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.
- **RI.5.2.** Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text.
- **RI.5.3.** Explain the relationships or interactions between two or more individuals, events, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text based on specific information in the text.
- **RI.5.4.** Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases in a text relevant to a grade 5 topic or subject area
- **RI.5.5.** Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts.
- **RI.5.6.** Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent.
- **RI.5.7** Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.
- **RI.5.8.** Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s).

Vocabulary Weeks 15 through 21

L.5.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening. Demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.

Marking Period 4

RL.5.1

The Pros and Cons of Year-Round Schools

Making Meaning Unit	Standard Social Emotional Competencies		
Determining Important Ideas and Summarizing Unit 8 Narrative Nonfiction (River Ran Wild & Houdini) Fiction (Mrs. Buell) (4 weeks) Read Alouds A River Ran Wild RI.5.2 Harry Houdini: Master of Magic -OR- The Last Black King of the Kentucky Derby RI.5.2 Mrs. Buell RL.5.1, RL.5.2	RI.5.2. Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text. RI.5.5 Compare and contrast the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in two or more texts. RI.5.7 Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently. RL.5.2. Determine the key details in a story, drama or poem to identify the theme and to summarize the text. RL.5.1. Quote accurately from a text, and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text.		
Synthesizing Unit 9 Science Fiction (Zoo) Narrative Nonfiction (12 seconds) Expository Nonfiction (Pros & Cons) Essays (For/Against It) Book Reviews (4 weeks) Read Alouds Mrs. Buell Zoo RL.5.1 12 Seconds from Death	RL.5.10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed. RL.5.1. Quote accurately from a text, and make relevant connections when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. RL.5.2. Determine the key details in a story, drama or poem to identify the theme and to summarize the text. RI.5.2. Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text. RI.5.6. Analyze multiple accounts of the same event or topic, noting important similarities and differences in the point of view they represent. RI.5.8.		

Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point(s).

Year-Round School: I'm for It Year-Round School: I'm Against It RI.5.8			
Review of The Legend of Sleepy Hollow Review of The Ballad of Lucy Whipple RL.5.1			
Revisiting the Reading Community Unit 10 (1 week)	RL.5.10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems at grade level text-complexity or above, with scaffolding as needed. RI.5.7. Draw on information from multiple print or digital sources, demonstrating the ability to locate an		
	answer to a question quickly or to solve a problem efficiently.		
Vocabulary Weeks 22 through 28	 L.5.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. L.5.6 Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening. Demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression. 		

Grade 5 Writing Pacing Guide

	Marking Period 1 September-November				
Fifth Grade	Writing	Speaking and Listening	Language	Social Emotional Competencies	
The Writing Community Unit 1 The True Story of the Three Little Pigs! The Frog Prince Continued "About Jon Scieszka" "The Hippopotamushrooms" and "Oh Sleek Bananaconda" "Lemonade" "Backyard Bubbles" My Rotten Redheaded Older Brother Meteor! "About Patricia Polacco" Water Dance Can It Rain Cats and Dogs? The Writing Process Unit 2 "About Jon Scieszka" Personal Narrative Unit 3 Knots in My Yo-yo String: An Autobiography of a Kid Still Firetalking "On Respect: What I Learned from Carl" "On Helping Others: Learning a Valuable Lesson" ***********************************	W.5.1 (a,b,c,d) Write opinion pieces W.5.2 (a,b,c,e) Write informative explanatory texts W.5.3 (a,b,d)Write narrative pieces W.5.4 Develop & organize writing W.5.5 Plan, revise, and edit W.5.8 Gather information, summarize/paraphrase W.5.10 Write over short/extended time, for task, purpose & audience	SL.5.1 (d) Converse collaboratively SL.5.4 Report on a topic or text	L.5.1 (b,c,d) Demonstrate grammar conventions L.5.3 (a) Use conventions when writing, speaking, reading L.5.4 (c)Clarify unknown/multiple meaning words/Latin roots	Students follow directions and routines Students listen attentively Students work cooperatively with peers Students use positive communication and social skills to interact with others Students participate in group discussions actively and appropriately Students ask and answer questions to seek help, get information, or clarify something not understood. Students express ideas clearly and effectively Students recognize and respect the differences, thoughts, and feelings of others Students persevere in task completion	

need support. Please see the skills practice book for lessons.		
Suggested lessons will appear in the BAW TE		

Marking Period 2 November-January				
Fifth Grade	Writing	Speaking and Listening	Language	Social Emotional Competencies
Fiction Unit 4 The Wreck of the Zephyr Moira's Birthday Nothing Ever Happens on 90th Street Sweet Music in Harlem The Sweetest Fig Uncle Jed's Barbershop The Lotus Seed Just a Dream The Summer My Father Was Ten "About Chris Van Allsburg" Expository NonFiction Unit 5 I Wonder Why Penguins Can't Fly and other questions about polar lands I Wonder Why the Sahara is Cold at Night and other questions about desserts Rainforests Extreme Earth Records Global Warming "All About Seymour Simon"	W.5.1 (a,b,c,d) Write opinion pieces W.5.2 (a,b,c,e) Write informative explanatory texts W.5.3 (a,b,c,e) Write narrative pieces W.5.4 Develop & organize writing W.5.5 Plan, revise, and edit W.5.7 Research topics using several sources W.5.8 Gather information, summarize/paraphrase W.5.10 Write over short/extended time, for task, purpose & audience	SL5.2 Summarize information presented orally/other media	L.5.1 (a,c,d) Demonstrate grammar conventions L.5.2 (d,) Demonstrate capitalization, punctuation, spelling L.5.3 (a) Use conventions when writing, speaking, reading L.5.4 (c) Clarify unknown/multiple meaning words/Latin roots	Students follow directions and routines Students listen attentively Students work cooperatively with peers Students use positive communication and social skills to interact with others Students participate in group discussions actively and appropriately Students ask and answer questions to seek help, get information, or clarify something not understood. Students express ideas clearly and effectively Students recognize and respect the differences, thoughts, and feelings of others Students persevere in task completion

Marking Period 3 January-April				
Fifth Grade	Writing	Speaking and Listening	Language	Social Emotional Competencies
Expository NonFiction Unit 5 Selecting Research Topics Developing Research Questions Research and Taking Notes Organizing Research Drafting Revising Proofreading Functional Writing Unit 6 Identify Types of Functional Writing Writing Directions (accuracy and clarity) Revising Editing Opinion Writing Unit 7 "WARNING: Too Much TV is Hazardous to Your Health" "Television: The Most Disparaged Resource of the Information Age" "Animal Experimentation Save Lives" "Animal Testing: Here is the Truth"	W.5.1 (a,b,c,d) Write opinion pieces W.5.2 (c,d,e) Write informative explanatory texts W.5.4 Develop & organize writing WL.5.5 Plan, revise, and edit W.5.6 Use technology to produce & publish writing W.5.7 Research topics using several sources W.5.8 Gather information, summarize/paraphrase W.5.9 (a, b) Draw evidence from texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.10 Write over short/extended time, for task, purpose & audience	SL.5.1 (a,b,c,d) Converse collaboratively SL5.2 Summarize information presented orally/other media SL.5.4 Report on a topic or text SL5.6 Adapt speech to a variety of contexts	L.5.1 (a,b,c,d,e) Demonstrate grammar conventions L.5.2 (a,b,c,d,e) Demonstrate capitalization, punctuation, spelling L.5.3 (a) Use conventions when writing, speaking, reading L.5.6 Use grade specific words/phrases	Students listen attentively Students work cooperatively with peers Students use positive communication and social skills to interact with others Students participate in group discussions actively and appropriately Students ask and answer questions to seek help, get information, or clarify something not understood. Students express ideas clearly and effectively Students recognize and respect the differences, thoughts, and feelings of others Students persevere in task completion

	Marking Period 4 April-June				
Fifth Grade	Writing	Speaking and Listening	Language	Social Emotional Competencies	
Opinion Writing Unit 7 "School Uniforms" Drafting Revising Editing Proofreading Poetry Unit 8 "September" "The Sea" "Porch Light" "Child Frightened by a Thunderstorm" "fireworks" "flamingo" "Windshield Wiper" "Gentle Sound of Rain" "I Love the Look of Words" "Poet Quotes: What is Poetry?" (2 weeks) Revisiting the Writing Community Unit 9	W.5.1 (a,b,c,d) Write opinion pieces W.5.2 (b,e) Write informative explanatory texts W.5.4 Develop & organize writing WL.5.5 Plan, revise, and edit W.5.6 Use technology to produce & publish writing W.5.8 Gather information, summarize/paraphrase W.5.9 Draw evidence from texts to support analysis, reflection, and research. W.5.10 Write over short/extended time, for task, purpose & audience	SL.5.1 (a,b,c,d) Converse collaboratively SL5.2 Summarize information presented orally/other media SL.5.4 Report on a topic or text	L.5.1 (a,b,c,d,e) Demonstrate grammar conventions L.5.2 (a,b,c,d,e) Demonstrate capitalization, punctuation, spelling L.5.3 (a) Use conventions when writing, speaking, reading L.5.5 Demonstrate figurative language, word relationships L.5.6 Use grade specific words/phrases	Students listen attentively Students work cooperatively with peers Students use positive communication and social skills to interact with others Students participate in group discussions actively and appropriately Students ask and answer questions to seek help, get information, or clarify something not understood. Students express ideas clearly and effectively Students recognize and respect the differences, thoughts, and feelings of others Students persevere in task completion	
21st Century Skills	NJSLS Technology 8.1.5.D.2 Analyze the resource citations in online materials for proper use. 8.1.5.D.3 Demonstrate an understanding of the need to practice cyber safety, cyber security, and cyber ethics when using technologies and social media. 8.1.5.D.4 Understand digital citizenship and demonstrate an understanding of the personal consequences of inappropriate use of technology and social media. 8.1.5.E.1 Use digital tools to research and evaluate the accuracy of, relevance to, and appropriateness of using print and non-print electronic information sources to complete a variety of tasks.				

W 5.1	Standard: Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information. a.Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which ideas are logically grouped to support the writer's purpose. b.Provide logically ordered reasons that are supported by facts and details. c.Link opinions and reasons using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., consequently, specifically). d.Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.	Anchor: Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.
Vocabulary organization opinion phrases clauses transitions concluding statement facts details logical claim evidence	Essential Question(s) How can I use reasons to support my opinion? How can I use information to support my opinion? Essential Skills Determine how to clearly introduce topic or text. Write an opinion piece that includes strong organizational structure. Write an opinion piece that includes reasons supported by facts and details. Write an opinion piece that includes links between opinion and reasons. Write an opinion piece that includes a concluding statement or section.	 Key Strategies □ Model identifying authors' points of view/opinions in various texts. □ Model writing an opinion piece with logically ordered reasons using the writing process. □ Provide opportunities for guided and independent practice in writing using minilessons during the writing process. □ Provide opportunities for students to use peer conferencing during the writing process.
Question Stems ☐ What is the topic or text I am writing about? How will you support your opinion? ☐ What is my opinion or my point of view and why do I think this? ☐ What reasons do you state to explain your opinion? ☐ Which facts and details have you included that support your opinion? ☐ Should your reasons be placed in a specific order? Why, or why not? ☐ Have you grouped your reasons and connected them with linking words or phrases? ☐ Does your concluding statement relate back to the opinion(s) you presented earlier in your writing?		

W 4.1: Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.

- a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose.
- b. Provide reasons that are supported by facts and details.
- c. Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., for instance, in order to, in addition) d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented.

W 6.1: Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.

- a. Introduce a claim(s) and organize the reasons and evidence clearly and support claim(s) with clear reasons and relevant evidence, using credible sources and demonstrating an understanding of the topic or text.
- b. Use words, phrases, and clauses to clarify the relationships among claim(s) and reasons.
- c. Establish and maintain a formal style. d. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the argument presented.

Standard: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey **Anchor:** Write informative/explanatory texts to examine W 5.2 ideas and information clearly. and convey complex ideas and information clearly and a. Introduce a topic clearly, provide a general observation and focus, and group accurately through the effective selection, organization. related information logically; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and and analysis of content. multimedia to aid comprehension, if needed. b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic. c. Link ideas within and across categories of information using words, phrases, and clauses (e.g., in contrast, especially). d. Use precise language and domain specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic. e. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented. Vocabulary **Essential Question(s) Key Strategies** ☐ How can I use information to express an idea? topic Model writing an informative/explanatory piece ☐ How can I use domain-specific vocabulary to express ideas accurately? focus with logically ordered information and domainlinks **Essential Skills** specific vocabulary using the writing process Develop related information grouped logically. (pre-planning, drafting, revising, editing, categories conclusion ☐ Write an informative/explanatory text that includes related information publishina). Provide opportunities for guided practice in containing formatting. ☐ Write an informative/explanatory text that includes a topic developed with writing an informative/explanatory piece using facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, and examples. mini--lessons during the writing process. Write an informative/explanatory text that includes ideas linked in and Provide independent practice writing an across categories. informative/explanatory piece. ☐ Write an informative/explanatory text that includes precise language and Provide opportunities for students to use peer conferencing during the writing process. domain-specific vocabulary. Write an informative/explanatory text that includes a concluding statement. Question Stems ☐ What is the topic - and my purpose? ☐ How will you introduce your topic? ☐ How will you organize and group your information? ☐ What format will I use to write my piece? ☐ How will you narrow the focus of your writing? ☐ What is the general observation or focus that I want to include in my introduction? ☐ What information and details should I include to give my reader enough information on the topic? ☐ What definitions and quotations should I include? ☐ What do others say about your topic? Can you include a quote from the reading you did? ☐ Are there illustrations, or other media you can use as a source to make you text easier to understand? ☐ What relevant facts support the topic? ☐ What words/phrases will you use to link your ideas across paragraphs and across the text. ☐ Have I used specific vocabulary to explain the topic? ☐ Do I have a concluding statement or section to end the piece?

- W 4.2: Write informative / explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
- a. Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.
- c. Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., another, for example, also because).
- d. Use precise language and domain specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- e. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented.
- **W 6.2**: Write informative/ explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.
- a. Introduce a topic or thesis statement; organize ideas, concepts, and information, using strategies such as definition, classification, comparison/ contrast, and cause/ effect; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., charts, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
- b. Develop the topic with relevant facts, definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples.
- c. Use appropriate transitions to clarify the relationships among ideas and concepts.
- d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
- e. Establish and maintain a formal style. f. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the information or explanation presented

W 5.3	Standard: Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences. a. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/ or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally. b. Use narrative techniques such as dialogue, description, and pacing, to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations. c. Use a variety of transitional words, phrases, and clauses to manage the sequence of events. d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely. e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.	Anchor: Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well chosen details, and well- structured event sequences.
Vocabulary narrative narrator characters sequence dialogue pacing description behaviors responses temporal words precise conclusion resolution transitional words	Essential Question(s) How can I use appropriate details and organization to express a real or imagined event? How can I use appropriate techniques to express the event more effectively? Essential Skills Write a narrative that establishes a situation. Write a narrative that uses dialogue, descriptions, and proper pacing. Write a narrative that uses transitional words or phrases. Use concrete and/or sensory details to develop experiences or events. Write a narrative that provides a conclusion.	 Key Strategies Model developing story elements. Model event sequence using graphic organizers. Model writing dialogue between multiple characters. Provide guided practice writing a narrative piece using the writing process. Provide opportunities for independently writing a narrative piece using the writing process. Provide opportunities to use peer conferencing.
☐ What happened - a ☐ Who, when and wh ☐ What is the probler ☐ Who is telling the s ☐ Describe how ☐ What happened aft ☐ Are the events in th ☐ Have I used words ☐ What if would ☐ How will you use d ☐ Have I described th ☐ What actions will th ☐ How does the char ☐ Have I included spo ☐ What events will lead	tory? felt when	motions in the story?

W 4.3: Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.

- a. Orient the reader by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/ or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
- b. Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situations.
- c. Use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events.
- d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
- e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.
- **W 6.3:** Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, relevant descriptive details, and well-structured event sequences.
- a. Engage and orient the reader by establishing a context and introducing a narrator and/ or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally and logically.
- b. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, and description, to develop experiences, events, and/ or characters. Use a variety of transition words, phrases and clauses to convey sequence and signal shifts from one time frame or setting to another.
- c. Use precise words and phrases relevant descriptive details, and sensory language to convey experiences and events.
- d. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events

W 5.4	Standard: Produce clear and coherent writing (including multiple paragraph texts) in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in Standards 1–3)	Anchor: Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience
Vocabulary organization development substance style appropriate purpose audience clear coherent task	Essential Question(s) ☐ Why do I write? Essential Skills ☐ Analyze the reason for writing to decide the task, purpose, and audience. Determine suitable idea development strategies appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. ☐ Determine suitable organization appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. ☐ Produce a writing piece with clear, cohesive idea development and organization.	 Key Strategies Model identifying the organization and purpose of various writing pieces. Model identifying intended audiences of various writing pieces. Provide opportunities for guided practice in writing pieces with appropriate development and organization, with intended audiences in mind. Provide opportunities for students to write independently. Provide opportunities for peer conferencing
Question Stems Who will be reading your writing? What is my purpose: to inform, explain, argue, or entertain? What language, organization, and style is most appropriate for my writing task and purpose? What is my topic and task for writing? Who is the audience? Does it make sense to the reader? What is the text structure? Is there a thinking map or graphic organizer you can use to help organize your writing? What facts, events, dialogue, examples are you including that will help make your writing clearer? Does your writing move the reader easily from one part to another? Does it stay on topic? Does the voice in my writing match the audience?		

W 5.4: Produce clear and coherent writing (including multiple-paragraph texts) in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in Standards 1–3 above.)

W 6.4: Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3.)

W 5.5	Standard: With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 5.)	Anchor: Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.
Vocabulary planning revising editing rewriting organization approach guidance strengthen audience purpose develop	Essential Question(s) ☐ How does the writing process make me a better writer? Essential Skills ☐ With guidance and support from peers and adults, recognize how to plan, revise, edit, rewrite, and try a new approach to writing. ☐ With guidance and support from peers and adults, know how to edit for conventions. ☐ With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.	 Key Strategies □ Model using the writing process (planning, drafting, revising, editing, publishing). □ Provide opportunities for guided practice in writing using minilessons to explain the writing process. □ Provide writing opportunities for independent practice using the stages of the writing process. □ Provide opportunities for students to use peer conferencing during the writing process.
Question Stems What sort of guidance or support do I need - and who is best to provide it? Multiply to use to help organize your ideas? What will you use to help organize your ideas? Which would be the best opening sentence? What is the best title for this selection? How can I revise my paper to improve it? Can I change words, add to it, cut sections out, or change the sequencing? Which sentence would be the best topic sentence? Could it improve my paper to choose a different structure, format, or medium - or shift the emphasis to a different aspect of my topic? Have I fixed up my spelling, punctuation, grammar, and so on so that the information is clear to my reader? Did you share your ideas and thoughts with your group? What feedback did they give you? Is there a better way to start or end your writing?		

W 4.5: With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 4 on pages 28 and 29.)

W 6.5: With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 6.)

W 5.6	Standard: . With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others, while demonstrating sufficient command of keyboarding.	Anchor: Use technology, including the internet, to produce and publish writing and to interact and collaborate with others.
Vocabulary document format insert computer spell check menus file older keyboard collaborate	Essential Question(s) How can technology be used as a tool to write, publish, and/or collaborate? Essential Skills With some guidance and support from adults, evaluate the technology tools for producing and publishing writing. With some guidance and support from adults, use technology to develop, revise, edit, and publish writing. With some guidance and support from adults, use technology to communicate and collaborate. With some guidance and support from adults, use keyboarding skills to type one page.	 Key Strategies Model using the writing process with the use of technology, including using google docs (planning, drafting, revising, editing, publishing). Provide opportunities for guided practice in writing using minilessons to explore the use of technology. Provide opportunities for students to practice keyboarding skills. Provide writing opportunities for independent practice using technology to produce and publish writing. Provide opportunities for students to collaborate with others during the writing process.
☐ How do you acce ☐ How would you fi ☐ How did your gro ☐ How well and how ☐ What tools or tect ☐ What online reso ☐ What opportunition	ose? nce? check a document? ess? ndon the Internet? up divide up the responsibilities for the task?	

collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting.

W 6.6: Use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of three pages in a single sitting.

W 5.7	Standard: Conduct short research projects that use several sources to build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.	Anchor: Conduct short as well as more sustained research projects based on focused questions, demonstrating understanding of the subject under investigation.	
Vocabulary aspects topics research internet search bibliography investigation cite source Synthesize valid source Essential Question(s) How can I learn more about a topic by completing a research project? Essential Skills Identify various research sources. Identify the different aspects of a topic. Discriminate between various research sources. Compare/contrast information from various research sources. Interpret information derived from various sources. Conduct short research projects investigating different aspects. Participate in short research and writing projects. Conduct investigations on different topical aspects. Question information to build topical knowledge.		 Key Strategies Model researching a topic using several sources. Model developing a list of focus questions. Provide guided practice in using reference materials, including the internet. Provide opportunities for independent practice in integrating information for one purpose. Provide opportunities for peer conferencing. 	
Question Stems What is my research topic? What do I already know about my topic? What do you want to learn? What sources could you use to investigate and write about it? What questions can I ask to help me get the information I need? What question does your research report answer? How am I going to get this information? What are some different sources I should consult for this topic? Will you be able to finish this research in one or two periods? Did you research both the positive and negative sides of the issue? How will you keep track of the sources you use? Which bibliography entry is cited correctly? How do you cite a bibliography entry for a ? What kind of project am I doing? What are the expectations?			
W 4.7: Conduct sho	W 4.7: Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic.		
W 6.7: Conduct sho	W 6.7: Conduct short research projects to answer a question, drawing on several sources and refocusing the inquiry when appropriate.		

W 5.8	Standard: Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; summarize or paraphrase information in notes and finished work and provide a list of sources.	Anchor: Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism.
Vocabulary digital sources summarize paraphrase bibliography research relevant (pertinent) note-taking cite quote accuracy integrate (select info) plagiarism source	Essential Question(s) How can I recall and organize information accurately? How can I collect and organize information accurately? Why is it important for me to know how to summarize and paraphrase others' work? Essential Skills Define summarize. Define paraphrase. Recall and gather relevant information from print and digital sources. Identify source list. Summarize information in notes and finished work. Paraphrase information in notes and finished work.	 Key Strategies Model notetaking strategies Model using graphic organizers. Model how to paraphrase information from text (avoiding plagiarism). Provide opportunities for guided practice in summarizing/synthesizing information from various sources. Provide independent opportunities for students to create a finished writing piece.
Question Stems What is the topic I'm researching? Ask yourself, "How does this support my topic?" Is this information important to your research? What sources can I use to find information? How do you know the source is credible? How did you determine if this information is relevant to your topic? How will I take/organize my notes? Howa am I going to organize them? What information should I include in notes? How do you cite sources in a bibliography? Where can you find information about how to cite Internet sources? What do you need to do if you are using the author's exact words? Can you say that using your own words? How is a digital source cited differently than a printed source? How will you summarize the information found in this data? When I use technology or digital sources, how am I marking them so that I can go back to them or share them with others? What sources did I use for this research? What can you conclude?		

W 4.8: Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes paraphrase, and categorize information, and provide a list of sources.

W 6.8: Gather relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; and quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources.

W 5.9	Standard: Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection and research. a. Apply grade 5 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast two or more characters, settings, or events in a story or a drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., how characters interact]"). b. Apply grade 5 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text, identifying which reasons and evidence support which point[s]").	Anchor: Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
Vocabulary research analysis support reflection evidence literary informational text evaluate reasoning	Essential Question(s) How can I use evidence to support my purpose? Essential Skills Identify key ideas and details to support conclusions. Cite textual evidence to analyze explicit text. Draw evidence as support for research. Analyze key ideas and details as evidence of understanding text. Reflect on key ideas and details as evidence of understanding text. Identify key ideas and details to support conclusions. Cite textual evidence to analyze explicit text. Draw evidence as support for research. Analyze key ideas and details as evidence of understanding text. Reflect on key ideas and details as evidence of understanding text.	 Key Strategies Model finding evidence from texts to support the authors' points. Provide guided practice in drawing evidence from literary or informational texts (apply gradelevel reading standards to literature and informational texts). Provide opportunities for students to synthesize information using evidence from the text.
Question Stems What evidence did the author use to support his/her claims? Explain the evidence the author used to support the claim, How does this evidence support my analysis, reflection, or findings? Compare the two events in each of the two sources on the topic How can I use specific details from the story to compare and contrast them? Who are two characters from this text? How are they alike? How are they different? Are there two settings in the story? How are they alike? How do they differ, and how can I use details from the story to explain this? Describe what you have learned on this topic. Which details can you add that will make your writing stronger? What caused you to think or believe that? Has studying this topic caused you to change your thinking? How will your writing reflect that change?		
W 4.9: Draw evidence	e from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.	

- a. Apply grade 4 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions].").
- b. Apply grade 4 Reading standards to informational texts (e.g., "Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text").

W 6.9: Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.

- a. Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literature (e.g., "Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres [e.g., stories and poems; historical novels and fantasy stories] in terms of their approaches to similar themes and topics").
- b. Apply grade 6 Reading standards to literary nonfiction (e.g., "Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not").

W 5.10	Standard: Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	Anchor: Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences.
Vocabulary research summarize revise/edit bibliography sources peer graphic organizers audiences purposes reflection tasks	Essential Question(s) Why is it important to write regularly? Why is it important to adopt the routine of research, reflection, and revision? Why is it important to write for different reasons and different audiences? Essential Skills Identify the various purposes for writing. Identify and understand the various organizational structures. Identify and understand different genres or purposes for writing. Determine when to write for short or extended time frames. Determine the appropriate organizational structure for specific audiences and purposes. Write for various purposes and to various audiences for short or extended time frames. Write for a range of discipline- specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	 Key Strategies Model selecting different topics for writing. Model the components of a research paper. Provide students with opportunities to practice time management in writing for a range of disciplinespecific tasks. Provide students with extended independent practice for writing.
Question Stems How did you pick your topic? Am I writing to entertain, to persuade, to inform, or to connect with others? How will you organize your thoughts? What is the subject, purpose, occasion, and audience for my writing? Write about What questions should I ask or techniques should I use when writing this type of text or about this topic? Today you will have minutes to write about Where will you find your sources? Do you have a variety of sources from which you can pull information? Re-read your writing and ask a peer to read it to see if there are additions you need to make. Did you think about your audience when you were writing? Did you edit and revise your writing using the proofreading checklist?		
	nely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) ard discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	nd shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or
	nely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) ar discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences.	nd shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or

SL. 5.1 **Standard:** Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-**Anchor:** Prepare for and participate effectively in a one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and range of conversations and collaborations with diverse texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly. partners, building on others' ideas and expressing their a. Come to discussions prepared having read or studied required material; own clearly and persuasively. explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion. b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles. c. Pose and respond to specific questions by making comments that contribute to the discussion and elaborate on the remarks of others. d. Review the key ideas expressed and draw conclusions in light of information and knowledge gained from the discussions. **Essential Question(s) Key Strategies** Vocabulary ☐ How are my conversation skills dependent on the makeup of the group? discussion elaboration ☐ What contributions can I make to the conversation when I'm prepared Model how to prepare for and have a contribute and engaged? collaborative discussion; using sentence frames **Essential Skills** clarify such as "I agree," or "I disagree," "Tell me draw conclusions more." "What do you mean?" □ Relate information read to discussion topics. pose questions □ Evaluate implementation of discussion rules and roles. Provide guided practice in collaborative ☐ Listen actively to discussions and presentations. discussions ☐ Formulate questions and responses based on discussion. Provide independent practice in various Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify understanding. discussion activities Explain topics using personal ideas, opinions, and reasoning. **Question Stems** ☐ What is the topic being discussed? ☐ What information will you contribute to the discussion? ☐ How can I prepare to discuss this text or topic? ☐ What are the rules for this discussion or collaboration? ☐ During the discussion did I contribute by adding comments or elaborating on other's remarks? ☐ In light of what has already been said, what are your thoughts about...? ☐ What else could you add to that comment? ☐ What clarifying questions could you ask of your partner? ☐ Can you show the group where you got your information? ☐ What conclusions did you arrive at after your conversation with your group? ☐ After the discussion, what key ideas did I learn and how did my understanding deepen?

- SL 4.1: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher led) with diverse partners on grade 4 topics and texts, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
- a. Come to discussions prepared having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
- b. Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.
- c. Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others.
- d. Review the key ideas expressed and explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion.
- SL 6.1: Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 6 topics, texts, and issues, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.

a. Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation by referring to evidence on the topic, text, or issue to probe and reflect on ideas under discussion.

- b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific goals and deadlines, and define individual roles as needed.
- c. Pose and respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments that contribute to the topic, text, or issue under discussion.
- d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.

SL.5.2	Standard: Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.	Anchor: Integrate and evaluate information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.
Vocabulary summarize graph visually oral multimodal diverse media formats quantitatively orally evaluate paraphrase integrate	Essential Question(s) Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally Essential Skills Define summarize. Summarize a written text read aloud. Summarize information presented in diverse media visually, quantitatively, and orally	 Key Strategies Model finding main ideas in a text to create a summary using a variety of text and media formats. Model how to integrate and evaluate themes using text examples. Provide students with opportunities to practice finding main ideas and writing summaries Provide independent practice in synthesizing information into an overarching analysis including the student's point of view and experiences.
Question Stems Summarize the information presented. What is this text mostly about? Describe what you have learned from hearing about this topic. What is the author's message? What are the key ideas presented in the video clip? Write a summary about what you saw and heard How would I state the topic if I were telling a friend about it? What ideas and details would I want to share? How did the information expand your understanding of? How can you use this information? How does the way the information is presented help you understand it? How can I give a brief statement of the main points using my own words? What are some of the facts or data presented here?		

SL 4.2: Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally

SL 6.2: Interpret information presented in diverse media and formats (e.g., visually, quantitatively, and orally) and explain how it contributes to a topic, text, or issue under study.

SL.5.3	Standard: Summarize the points a speaker or media source makes and explain how each claim is supported by reasons and evidence, and identify and analyze any logical fallacies.	Anchor: Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.
Vocabulary summarize evidence claim supported misconception logical fallacy identify media source reason evaluate point of view rhetoric	Essential Question(s) How do I determine the key message of the speaker's presentation? Essential Skills Identify speaker's points, claims, reasons, or evidence. Define summarize. Summarize speaker's points. Explain how a speaker's claim is supported.	 Key Strategies Model how to understand the speaker's point of view by finding the speaker's evidence and reasons. Provide students the opportunities to listen to information presented orally to determine validity, bias and speaker's point of view (speeches, presentations, debates, peer collaborative discussions). Provide independent practice in summarizing a speaker's reasoning to show evidence of validity.
□ What support do□ How does the e	ne speaker is claiming? What are the main claims? sees the speaker use to support his/her claim? vidence support the speaker's claim? narize these points?	
SL 4.3: Identify the	reasons and evidence a speaker or media source provides to support particular po	pints.
SL 6.3: Delineate a	a speaker's argument and specific claims, distinguishing claims that are supported by	by reasons and evidence from claims that are

SL.5.4 **Standard:** Report on a topic or text or present an opinion, sequencing ideas **Anchor:** Present information, findings, and supporting logically and using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support evidence such that listeners can follow the line of main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace. reasoning and the organization, development, and style a. Plan and deliver an opinion speech that: states an opinion, logically sequences are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. evidence to support the speaker's position, uses transition words to effectively link opinions and evidence (e.g., consequently and therefore), and provides a concluding statement related to the speaker's position. b. Memorize and speak clearly at an understandable pace while reporting on a topic or text Vocabulary Essential Question(s) **Key Strategies** ☐ How does the way I organize my presentation affect how my audience deliver facts hears and understands the message? ■ Model how to write an opinion speech in logical details **Essential Skills** order with transitional/descriptive words. evidence ☐ Identify topic text. Model how to recite a poem with expression logically Identify an opinion and facts. and appropriate pace. appropriate Identify descriptive details. Provide guided practice in reporting on a topic specific ☐ Clearly pronounce and enunciate words at an understandable pace. and/or presenting an opinion using peer organized Sequence ideas logically. coaching and editing. sequencing Determine appropriate facts and details to support ideas or themes. Provide opportunities to listen and review memorize Speak clearly at an understandable pace while reporting on a topic or recitations by using audio/video recordings. recite Provide independent practice to memorize a text. expression Speak clearly at an understandable pace while presenting an opinion. speech or poem and recite it with expression aesture Use logical sequencing and appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive historical document details that support the main idea while speaking **Question Stems** ☐ What are you writing about? What am I speaking about? Is your opinion about your topic clear? ☐ How will you organize your ideas? ☐ What main ideas or themes do I want to share? ☐ What details should I include? Are they detailed? ☐ What evidence will you use to support your position/opinion? □ Is the evidence and facts you have gathered sufficient to support your opinion? ☐ How are you moving from one paragraph/idea to the next? Are you using appropriate transition words? ☐ How can I get feedback on the pace of my speaking?

- **SL 4.4:** Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace.
- a. Plan and deliver a narrative presentation that: relates ideas, observations, or recollections; provides a clear context; and includes clear insight into why the event or experience is memorable.
- **SL 6.4:** Present claims and findings (e.g., argument, narrative, informative, response to literature presentations), and sequencing ideas logically and using pertinent descriptions, facts, and details and nonverbal elements to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation. a. Plan and deliver an informative/explanatory presentation that: develops a topic with relevant facts, definitions, and concrete details; uses appropriate transitions to clarify relationships; uses precise language and domain specific vocabulary; and provides a strong conclusion.

SL.5.5	Standard: Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, sound) and visual displays in presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.	Anchor: Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations.
Vocabulary enhance presentation display visually theme audio recordings appropriate digital media	Essential Question(s) ☐ How do I decide the best place(s) in a presentation to use audio recording or visual displays? Essential Skills ☐ Define multimedia components. ☐ Determine when it is appropriate to add graphics, sound, or visual displays. ☐ Add graphics, sound, and visual displays to enhance the main idea or theme.	Key Strategies ☐ Guided practice can include taking pictures of events and preparing presentations with main ideas. ☐ Independent projects can include role playing newscasters, CNN reporters presenting data on the results of the presidential election, advertising agents, business executives, sales representatives, and/or engineers.
Question Stems What is the subject or purpose of my presentation? Which elements or information are most important? What are my main ideas or themes? What else could you use to enhance understanding in your presentation? How would including that media help the presentation? What ideas will benefit most from the visual display of those details? What kind of information could you convey by using graphics, sound? What digital media could you use to present your data? What could you do to keep your presentation focused?		
SL 4.5: Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes.		
SL 6.5: Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, and sound) and visually displays in presentations to clarify information		

SL.5.6	Standard: Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, using formal English when appropriate to task and situation. (See grade 5 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.)	Anchor: Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and communicative tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.	
Vocabulary adapt speech context formal English informal English situation	Essential Question(s) □ Why do I need to think about the audience and purpose each time I speak? □ How do I decide when to use formal or informal English when speaking? Essential Skills □ Identify audience, task, and situation. □ Identify characteristics of formal and informal speaking. □ Distinguish between formal and informal speech. □ Analyze situations to determine appropriate speech use. □ Use formal and informal speech appropriately	 Key Strategies Model using words and phrases for effect using a variety of contexts and tasks. Independent practice includes creating a rap song with informal speech, a dialogue of a social event, a presidential speech with standard English or poem that conveys emotion. 	
Question Stems What is my purpose or task? What is the reason you are speaking? What do I want to say? How do I want to say it? Who is in the audience? What do they know about your subject? Is it a speech or am I talking with a small group, or am I recording myself to share on technology? Are you delivering a formal presentation? Are you trying to persuade your audience? Are you explaining something? How do I make sure that the way I'm speaking matches my audience? Are there places where you can substitute more precise, engaging language to keep the listeners interested? Do I need to use formal English for this?			
SL 4.6: Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion); use formal English when appropriate to task and situation.			

SL 6.6: Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.

Standard: Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English **Anchor:** Demonstrate command of the L.5.1 grammar and usage when writing or speaking. conventions of standard English grammar a. Explain the function of conjunctions, prepositions, and interjections in and usage when writing or speaking. general and their function in particular sentences. b. Form and use the perfect (e.g., I had walked; I have walked; I will have walked) verb tenses. c. Use verb tense to convey various times, sequences, states, and conditions. d. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in verb tense. e. Use correlative conjunctions (e.g., either/or, neither /nor). Vocabulary **Key Strategies** Essential Question(s) ☐ Why is it important for me to know and follow the rules of standard conventions ■ Model using exemplars from English grammar when I write or speak? conjunctions students' work as per the writing correlative ☐ Why is it important for me to know and follow the rules of standard process. ☐ Guided practice includes peer prepositions English grammar when I write or speak? **Essential Skills** editing, teacher conferences, interjections ■ Explain the function of conjunctions, prepositions, and interjections. language expression, word grammar ☐ Use the appropriate verb tenses. verb tense segmenting, and ☐ Know that verb tenses convey a sense of time and states of being. contrastive/structural analysis. adjective ☐ Monitor the use of verb tenses and correct when necessary. □ Provide independent practice with adverb noun cloze procedure exercises. proofreading opportunities, and using the spelling/grammar checker **Question Stems** □ Do I know the reasons or rules behind the construction of my sentences? Do I understand about conjunctions, prepositions, and interjections? □ Explain why you would use a conjunction instead of a preposition or interjection. ☐ What does the use of this form of verb indicate? ☐ How does verb tense relate to how you are writing your piece? ☐ Use your editing skills to correct . ☐ Read your writing out loud. Does it sound right? ☐ Have I used words, phrases, or sentences correctly? ☐ If I have used words or phrases incorrectly, how can I fix them? ☐ Can I explain my grammatical decisions?

- L 4.1: Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- a. Write fluidly and legibly in cursive or joined italics.
- b. Use interrogative relative pronouns (who, whose, whom, which, that) and relative adverbs (where, when, why).
- c. Form and use the progressive (e.g., I was walking; I am walking; I will be walking) verb tenses.
- d. Use modal auxiliaries (e.g., can, may, must) to convey various conditions.
- e. Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns (e.g., a small red bag rather than a red small bag).

- f. Form and use prepositional phrases.
- g. Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.
- h. Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., to, too, two; there, their)
- L 6.1: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
- a. Ensure that pronouns are in the proper case (subjective, objective, possessive).
- b. Use all pronouns, including intensive pronouns (e.g., myself, ourselves) correctly.
- c. Recognize and correct inappropriate shifts in pronoun number and person.
- d. Recognize and correct vague pronouns (i.e., ones with unclear or ambiguous antecedents).
- e. Recognize variations from standard English in their own and others' writing and speaking, and identify and use strategies to improve expression in conventional language.

L.5.2	Standard: Demonstrate command of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. a. Use punctuation to separate items in a series. b. Use a comma to separate an introductory element from the rest of the sentence. c. Use a comma to set off the words yes and no (e.g., Yes, thank you), to set off a tag question from the rest of the sentence (e.g., It's true, isn't it?), and to indicate direct address (e.g., Is that you, Steve?). d. Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles of works. e. Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed.	Anchor: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing
Vocabulary commas items introductory element underlining conventions quotation marks punctuation italics	Essential Question(s) Why is it important for me to know and follow the rules of standard English mechanics for writing? Essential Skills Apply correct capitalization and punctuation in writing. Use a comma to separate items in a series and introductory elements from the sentence. Recall and apply correct spelling rules in writing. Use a comma to set off a tag question from the sentence. Use underlining, quotation marks, or italics to indicate titles. Identify and correct misspelled words. Consult references as needed	Key Strategies ☐ Guided practice includes peer editing with the use of the writing process rubric, surgery syntax, language expression, inserting or finding dialogue in a text. ☐ Independent practice can include proofreading
 □ Does that need a co □ Where would you ple □ How would you use □ What type of writing □ Where might you lood □ What words do I moderneed to the correctly throughout my 	ace commas in the following sentence? underlining, italics, or quotation marks to distinguish the title of the book in the followir is that? ok if you are confused about how a title needs to be punctuated? st often misspell, especially those that spellcheck is not likely to detect (e.g., their, the	
a. Use correct capitaliz b. Use commas and qu c. Use a comma before	mmand of the conventions of Standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling ation. lotation marks to mark direct speech and quotations from a text. e a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence. late words correctly, consulting references as needed.	g when writing.

- L 6.2: Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing. a. Use punctuation (commas, parentheses, dashes) to set off nonrestrictive /parenthetical elements.

b. Spell correctly

L.5.3	Standard: Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. a. Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, reader/listener interest, and style. b. Compare and contrast the varieties of English (e.g., dialects, registers) used in stories, dramas, or poems	Anchor: Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.
Vocabulary expand combine reduce dialect register	Essential Question(s) ☐ How can I convey my ideas effectively through word choice and punctuation? ☐ How does my language change based on the situation and audience? Essential Skills ☐ Apply knowledge of language conventions when reading, writing, and listening. ☐ Use knowledge of language conventions when speaking. ☐ Expand, combine, and reduce sentences for meaning, interest, or style. ☐ Recognize and apply knowledge of language conventions when reading, writing, listening, and speaking. ☐ Compare/contrast the varieties of English used in stories, dramas, or poems. ☐ Use knowledge of language conventions when speaking.	 Key Strategies Model different registers by using contrastive or semantic analysis. Provide guided practice reading the dialogue in a variety of genres. Provide independent practice with writing stories that include dialogue spoken in different registers.
☐ Use different styles of☐ Count the number of w☐ Why do you think the a☐ Does the story, drama☐ How does the dialogue☐ When I read my draft a☐ Can I combine senten☐ Can I expand my sent	interest?	

- **L 4.3:** Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
- a. Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.
- b. Choose punctuation for effect. c. Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small group discussion).
- **L 6.3**: Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening. a. Vary sentence patterns for meaning, reader/ listener interest, and style. b. Maintain consistency in style and tone.

L.5.4	Standard: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple meaning words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. a. Use context (e.g., cause/effect relationships and comparisons in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase. b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., photograph, photosynthesis). c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of keywords and phrases and to identify alternate word choices in all content areas.	Anchor: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate
Vocabulary figurative root word prefix suffix affix interpret idioms adages proverb context clues	Essential Question(s) ☐ How do I know which strategy to use to make meaning of words or phrases I don't recognize or know? Essential Skills ☐ Identify common context clues. ☐ Determine the meaning of words by examining a text. ☐ Identify and define Greek and Latin affixes and roots. ☐ Determine the meaning of words using Greek and Latin affixes and roots. ☐ Choose from a range of vocabulary strategies to determine a word's meaning. ☐ Use common reference materials (print and digital). ☐ Use reference materials to find pronunciation.	Key Strategies ☐ Model sorting and segmenting to show word parts. Model thinkaloud to find context cues. ☐ Provide guided practice in using specialized reference materials, looking for context-cues, and finding Latin and Greek roots and affixes. ☐ Provide practice in identifying the strategies used in identifying unknown words
 □ How can I figure out its □ What strategies have y □ Have you looked in the □ Can you use the sente □ Are there roots or suffi 	ou used to try to figure out that word?	

- **L 4.4:** Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
- a. Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., telegraph, photograph, autograph).
- c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases and to identify alternate word choices in all content areas.
- **L 6.4**: Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. a. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
- b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., audience, auditory, audible).

c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning or its part of speech.

d. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).

Standard: Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figurative language, including similes and metaphors, in context. b. Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. c. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words.	Anchor: Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.
Essential Question(s) How do I show I know how to use words accurately and effectively? Essential Skills Identify similes and metaphors. Interpret figurative language using similes and metaphors. Recognize idioms, adages, and proverbs. Explain the meanings of idioms, adages, and proverbs. Define homograph. Identify synonyms, antonyms, and homographs. Utilize synonyms, antonyms, and homographs.	Key Strategies ☐ Model looking for figurative language in poems and reading texts like folklore. ☐ Provide guided practice with finding the relationships between figurative language, idioms, adages, proverbs, homographs, synonyms and antonyms. ☐ Provide independent practice with finding the relationships between figurative language, idioms, adages, proverbs, homographs, synonyms and antonyms.
mile or metaphor to help make your writing/speech vivid? dages, or proverbs and what do they mean? choose this pair of words to put in the writing? how these two words are related help you understand the meaning of the text? s, antonyms, or homonyms to help me understand the meaning of unfamiliar words? Inderstanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings of simple similes and metaphors (e.g., as pretty as a picture) in context.	S.
ו ו	and nuances in word meanings. a. Interpret figurative language, including similes and metaphors, in context. b. Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs. c. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., synonyms, antonyms, homographs) to better understand each of the words. Essential Question(s) How do I show I know how to use words accurately and effectively? Essential Skills Identify similes and metaphors. Interpret figurative language using similes and metaphors. Recognize idioms, adages, and proverbs. Explain the meanings of idioms, adages, and proverbs. Define homograph. Identify synonyms, antonyms, and homographs. Utilize synonyms, antonyms, and homographs.

- **L 6.5**: Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.

(synonyms).

a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., personification) in context.
b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/ effect, part/ whole, item/ category) to better understand each of the words.

c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., stingy, scrimping, economical, unwasteful, thrifty).

L.5.6	Standard: Acquire and use accurate grade appropriate general academic and domain specific words and phrases, including those that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships (e.g., however, although, nevertheless, similarly, moreover, in addition).	Anchor: Acquire and use accurately a range of general academic and domain-specific words and phrases sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level; demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when encountering an unknown term important to comprehension or expression.
Vocabulary academic domain specific signal contrast expression	 Essential Question(s) □ What strategies will I use to learn and use words that are specific to the things I study? Essential Skills □ Acquire grade appropriate general and domain-specific academic words. □ Know words that signal contrast, addition, and logical relationships. □ Use grade appropriate general and domain-specific academic words. □ Use vocabulary that signals contrast, addition, and other logical relationships. □ Use general and domain-specific academic words and phrases. □ Use words that signal contrast, addition, and other logical relationships. 	 Key Strategies Model how to use signal words in writing and speaking. Provide independent practice in metacognitive skills (strategies for understanding text when encountering unknown words).
 □ What are those acad □ What are precise wo □ As you read, be sure □ The more you read, □ What works best for □ Be on the lookout fo 	n reading lately? you don't know, but that might be important. demic words or phrases I hear most often when writing about or discussing ords that show emotions? e to look for those words that signal that an addition or contrast is going to the more vocabulary you will learn me to gather, learn, and remember when learning something new or a differ words you know that might be used in a different way since it is a different ke however, although, nevertheless, or in addition to show contrast or relations.	be made. ficult subject? nt subject.

L 4.6: Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain- specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., quizzed, whined, stammered) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., wildlife, conservation, and endangered when discussing animal preservation).

L 6.6: Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases; gather vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.