

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 SHELLEY, IDAHO

Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Information with Independent Auditors' Report

Year Ended June 30, 2021

giving direction to your future

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Trustees Shelley Joint School District No. 60 Shelley, Idaho

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelley Joint School District No. 60 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

IDAHO FALLS | REXBURG | DRIGGS | BOZEMAN | WEST YELLOWSTONE

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit Type of Opinion

Governmental Activities
Qualified
General Fund
Unmodified
Child Nutrition Fund
Unmodified
Debt Service Fund
Unmodified
Capital Projects Fund
Unmodified
Plant Facility Fund
Unmodified
Aggregate Remaining Fund Information
Unmodified

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities

The District has not obtained an actuarial valuation of its other post employee benefits (OPEB) for medical insurance. Employers that participate in single-employer or agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans are required to measure and disclose an amount for annual OPEB costs on the accrual basis of accounting. The amount by which this departure would affect the governmental activities has not been determined.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Governmental Activities of Shelley Joint School District No. 60 as of June 30, 2021, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Shelley Joint School District No. 60 as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter - Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 12, budgetary comparison information on pages 55 through 59, pension information on pages 60 and 61, and OPEB information on pages 62 and 63 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Shelley Joint School District No. 60's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, supplementary information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying

accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 21, 2021 on our consideration of the Shelley Joint School District No. 60's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Shelley Joint School District No. 60's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gud & Company

Idaho Falls, Idaho October 21, 2021

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2021

As management of the Shelley Joint School District No. 60, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative discussion, overview, and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2021 by \$6,678,346. Of this amount, (\$8,097,504) is unrestricted.
- The District's net position decreased by \$301,591 as a result of this year's operations.
- The general fund had \$14,272,548 in revenues and \$13,780,129 in expenditures. The general fund balance increased \$357,834 over the prior year.
- During the fiscal year, the District issued general obligation bonds with a face value of \$6,585,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components:

1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of the District, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the net position of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-16 of this report.

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2021

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District are governmental funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains twenty-four individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the debt service fund, the child nutrition fund, the capital projects fund, and the plant facility fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other nineteen governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and all special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each major fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-18 and 20-21 of this report.

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2021

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 23-53 of this report.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds and are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 65-72 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, Net Position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$6,678,346 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2021

	Government	Governmental Activities				
Net Position	2021	2020				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 14,514,239	\$ 7,343,520				
Capital Assets	13,729,640	13,134,225				
Total Assets	28,243,879	20,477,745				
Deferred Outflows						
of Resources	2,492,662	1,723,673				
Current Liabilities	2,765,959	2,487,396				
Long-term Liabilities	19,217,035	10,753,603				
Total Liabilities	21,982,994	13,240,999				
Deferred Inflows						
of Resources	2,075,201	1,980,482				
Net Position						
Net Investment						
in Capital Assets	5,810,238	5,078,037				
Restricted	8,965,612	2,362,856				
Unrestricted	(8,097,504)	(460,956)				
Total Net Position	\$ 6,678,346	\$ 6,979,937				

A portion of the District's net position, \$5,810,238 reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment), less any related debt (general obligation bonds payable) used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2021

An additional portion of the District's net position, \$8,965,612 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position* is \$(8,097,504).

	Governmental Activities			
Changes in Net Position	2021	2020		
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 1,021,173	\$ 228,260		
Operating grants				
and contributions	3,762,408	1,711,455		
General revenues				
Property tax	1,882,907	1,858,676		
State support	13,455,674	13,635,394		
Other	323,461	813,970		
Total Revenues	20,445,623	18,247,755		
Expenses				
Instructional	11,335,386	9,276,646		
Support services	2,136,851	1,432,052		
School administration	1,676,414	1,618,943		
Operations	1,485,140	1,238,507		
Transportation	532,634	554,953		
Non-instructional	1,530,614	1,312,747		
Student activities program	887,199	664,590		
Debt issuance costs	81,878	-		
Other debt service costs	400	-		
Interest	179,583	145,216		
Depreciation	901,115	1,063,920		
Total Expenses	20,747,214	17,307,574		
Change in Net Position	\$ (301,591)	\$ 940,181		

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2021

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. The unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful indicator of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the year. The District has designated portions of the unassigned fund balance to earmark resources for certain government-wide liabilities and post-employment obligations that are not recognized in the governmental funds. Unassigned balances in the general fund are required by state law to be appropriated in the following year's budget. Fund balances of capital projects and other governmental funds are restricted by state law to be spent for the purpose of the fund and are not available for spending at the District's discretion.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance was \$2,396,201, \$2,437,031 of which was committed as a reserve in accordance with the District's stabilization policy and (\$40,830) of which was unassigned. The fund balance increased by \$357,834 during the current fiscal year.

Expenditures for general District purposes totaled \$13,780,129 an increase of 8.51% during the current fiscal year.

The child nutrition fund has a total fund balance of \$442,795, all of which is restricted for the child nutrition program. The fund balance increased by \$238,757 during the current year.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$1,381,541, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service on general obligation bonds. The fund balance increased by \$128,205 during the current year.

The capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$6,773,332, all of which is restricted for capital projects. The fund balance increased by \$6,454,449 during the current year.

The plant facility fund has a total fund balance of \$342,863. The fund balance decreased by \$103,145 during the current year.

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2021

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the current fiscal year, the \$133,747 positive budget to actual variance in total general fund revenues, and the \$418,392 positive budget to actual variance in total general fund expenditures, are largely a result of state program revenues and related expenditures that do not have a direct impact on the undesignated fund balance. Program revenues are budgeted to spend all available resources. Therefore, when the budget is prepared, it is assumed these funds will not have a carryover of revenue to a subsequent year. Program revenues received but not spent are restricted and deferred to the subsequent year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The capital projects fund and plant facility fund are used to account for the costs incurred in acquiring and improving sites, constructing and remodeling facilities, and procuring equipment necessary for providing educational programs for all students within the District. During the current fiscal year the District made several significant capital purchases including vehicles, equipment, and building improvements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets at June 30, 2021 are outlined below:

	Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)	2021	2020				
Land	\$ 402,635	\$ 402,635				
Buildings and improvements	31,349,064	30,936,637				
Equipment	1,928,584	1,134,345				
Vehicles	2,529,342	2,291,888				
	36,209,625	34,765,505				
Accumulated depreciation	(22,479,985)	(21,631,280)				
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 13,729,640	\$ 13,134,225				

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Management's Discussion and Analysis (continued) June 30, 2021

Debt Administration

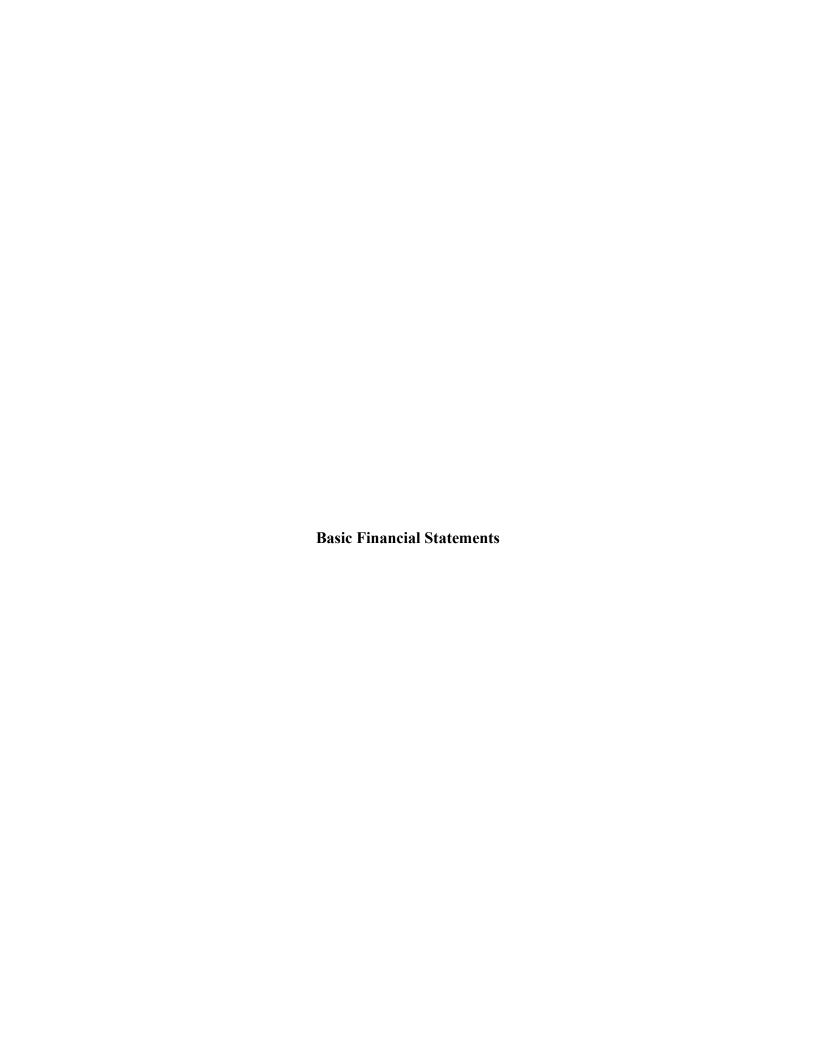
Outstanding debt at June 30, 2021 is outlined below:

	Governmenta	l Activities
Outstanding Debt	2021	2020
General obligation bonds	\$ 13,290,000	\$ 7,520,000
	\$ 13,290,000	\$ 7,520,000

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in the basic financial statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Shelley Joint School District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the District Office, Shelley Joint School District, 545 Seminary Avenue, Shelley, ID 83274.



SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Assets	Governmental Activities		
Cash and Investments	\$ 12,344,049		
Receivables			
Property taxes	648,032		
State of Idaho	290,366		
Other	497,457		
PERSI Sick Leave Asset	734,335		
Capital Assets			
Land	402,635		
Buildings and equipment, net of depreciation	13,327,005		
Total Assets	28,243,879		
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension related	2,357,591		
OPEB related	32,963		
OPEB PERSI sick leave related	102,108		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,492,662		
Total Assets and Deferred			
Outflows of Resources	\$ 30,736,541		

Liabilities	Governmental Activities
Accounts payable	\$ 119,352
Salary contracts payable	1,715,232
Interest payable	81,375
Long-term liabilities:	
Portion due or payable within one year:	
Bonds, capital leases, and contracts	850,000
Portion due or payable after one year:	
OPEB liability	835,465
Net pension liability	5,941,570
Bonds, capital leases, and contracts	12,440,000
Total Liabilities	21,982,994
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Pension related	580,460
OPEB related	112,995
Bond issue premium, net of amortization	1,381,746
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,075,201
Total Liabilities and Deferred	
Inflows of Resources	\$ 24,058,195
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 5,810,238
Restricted for:	
Debt service	1,398,735
Capital projects	7,124,082
Child nutrition	442,795
Unrestricted	(8,097,504)
Total Net Position	\$ 6,678,346

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

			Ī	Progra	m Revenues	á	et (Expense) Revenue and Changes Net Position
Functions/Programs	Ехр	enses	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and ontributions	G	Total overnmental Activities
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities							
Instructional	\$ 11,333	5,386 \$	975,940	\$	2,367,824	\$	(7,991,622)
Pupil support	812	2,305	-		296,286		(516,019)
Staff support	1,32	4,546	-		-		(1,324,546)
General administration	419	9,204	-		-		(419,204)
School administration	974	4,929	-		-		(974,929)
Business operations	250	0,561	-		-		(250,561)
Administrative technology	3	1,720	-		-		(31,720)
Operations	1,48	5,140	-		-		(1,485,140)
Transportation	532	2,634	-		-		(532,634)
Non-instructional	660	0,034	-		-		(660,034)
Student activities program	88′	7,199	-		-		(887,199)
Debt issuance costs	8	1,878	-		-		(81,878)
Other debt service costs Interest on		400	-		-		(400)
long-term debt	179	9,583	-		-		(179,583)
Depreciation - unallocated*	00	1 115					(001 115)
Child nutrition services		1,115	45 222		1 000 200		(901,115)
		0,580	45,233	_	1,098,298	_	272,951
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 20,74		1,021,173	\$	3,762,408	\$	(15,963,633)
	General R						
		Taxes					
			perty taxes, levi	ed for			
			eneral purposes				630,273
		-	perty taxes, levie				859,285
			perty taxes, levie	ed for	capital projects		393,349
			Local Support				312,292
			Support				13,455,674
		Unres	tricted Investme	ent Ear	nings		11,169
		Tot	al General Reve	enues			15,662,042
		C	hange in Net Po	sition			(301,591)
		Net P	osition - Beginn	ing (re	stated)		6,979,937
		Net P	osition - Ending	5		\$	6,678,346

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

Assets	 General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Debt Service Fund
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,153,268	\$ 456,981	\$ 1,100,184
Due from Other Funds	216,154	-	-
Receivables Property taxes State of Idaho Other	212,501 278,754 18,670	- - 67,791_	298,551 - -
Total Assets	\$ 3,879,347	\$ 524,772	\$ 1,398,735
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances			
Liabilities Due to other funds Accounts payable Salary contracts payable	\$ 34,230 1,436,710	\$ 2,346 79,631	\$ - - -
Total Liabilities	1,470,940	81,977	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenues	 12,206		 17,194
Fund Balances Restricted Committed Unassigned	 2,437,031 (40,830)	442,795	1,381,541
Total Fund Balances	 2,396,201	442,795	 1,381,541
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 3,879,347	\$ 524,772	\$ 1,398,735

 Capital Projects Fund	Plant Facility Fund	Facility Governmental		 Total overnmental Funds
\$ 6,833,719	\$ 217,214	\$	582,683	\$ 12,344,049
-	-		-	216,154
- - -	136,980		- 11,612 410,996	648,032 290,366 497,457
\$ 6,833,719	\$ 354,194	\$	1,005,291	\$ 13,996,058
\$ 60,387	\$ 3,444	\$	216,154 18,945 198,891	\$ 216,154 119,352 1,715,232
60,387	3,444		433,990	 2,050,738
 	7,887		<u> </u>	 37,287
6,773,332	 342,863		571,301	9,511,832 2,437,031 (40,830)
 6,773,332	 342,863		571,301	 11,908,033
\$ 6,833,719	\$ 354,194	\$	1,005,291	\$ 13,996,058

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2021

Net Position - Governmental Activities

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different bec	ause:	
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	11,908,033
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of assets is \$36,209,625 and the accumulated		12 720 640
depreciation is \$22,479,985.		13,729,640
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and related accrued interest, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.		(13,371,375)
OPEB liabilities and related deferred inflows and outflows are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds		(802,502)
Pension contributions are reported as expenses in the fund financial statements in the period in which they are paid. The actuarially determined pension liability is recorded on the government-wide statements.		(4,164,439)
PERSI sick leave contributions are reported as expenses in the fund financial statements in the period in which they are paid. The actuarially determined pension liability and related net deferred inflows and outflows are recorded on the government-wide statements.		723,448
Bond premium reported as a revenue in the fund financial statements is capitalized in the government-wide statements. The total premium is \$2,054,753 and the accumulated amortization is \$673,007.		(1,381,746)
Property tax revenue is recognized when earned rather than when available.		37,287

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part of the Financial Statements

6,678,346

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year	Ended	June	30,	2021
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	General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	Debt Service Fund
Revenues	•		
Local sources			
Property taxes	\$ 686,304	\$ -	\$ 938,466
Earnings on investments	10,729	261	-
Lunch sales	-	42,233	-
Other	223,956	3,000	3,899
State sources			
State apportionment	11,961,864	-	=
Other	656,146	-	254,315
Federal sources			
Educational programs and other	733,549	1,098,298	<u> </u>
Total Revenues	14,272,548	1,143,792	1,196,680
Expenditures			
Current			
Instructional	9,022,462	-	-
Pupil support	735,884	-	-
Staff support	808,026	-	-
General administration	322,223	-	-
School administration	902,663	-	-
Business operations	234,016	-	-
Administrative technology	-	_	-
Operation	1,241,610	-	-
Transportation	513,245	-	-
Non-instructional	-	843,297	-
Student activities program	-	_	-
Debt Service			
Principal	-	_	815,000
Interest	-	_	253,075
Debt issuance costs	-	_	, -
Other debt service costs	-	-	400
Capital outlay		83,075	
Total Expenditures	13,780,129	926,372	1,068,475
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	492,419	217,420	128,205
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Other financing source - bond proceeds	-	-	-
Other financing source - bond premium	-	_	-
Transfers in	-	21,337	-
Transfers out	(134,585)		
Net Change in Fund Balances	357,834	238,757	128,205
Fund Balance Beginning of Year (Restated)	2,038,367	204,038	1,253,336
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 2,396,201	\$ 442,795	\$ 1,381,541

 Capital Projects Fund	Plant Facility Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 429,678	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,054,448
179	-	_	11,169
-	-	-	42,233
84,437	-	975,940	1,291,232
_	_	_	11,961,864
-	209,463	373,886	1,493,810
 		1,930,561	3,762,408
514,294	209,463	3,280,387	20,617,164
_	_	1,559,547	10,582,009
_	_	12,185	748,069
1,547	-	481,932	1,291,505
-,	-	77,150	399,373
-	-		902,663
-	-	-	234,016
-	-	31,720	31,720
_	-	202,942	1,444,552
-	-	-	513,245
629,369	30,665	-	1,503,331
-	-	887,199	887,199
_	_	_	815,000
-	-	-	253,075
81,878	-	_	81,878
-	-	-	400
 893,772	430,827	88,856	1,496,530
 1,606,566	461,492	3,341,531	21,184,565
(1,092,272)	(252,029)	(61,144)	(567,401)
6,585,000	-	-	6,585,000
1,000,425	-	-	1,000,425
-	148,884	8,068	178,289
 (38,704)		(5,000)	(178,289)
6,454,449	(103,145)	(58,076)	7,018,024
 318,883	446,008	629,377	4,890,009
\$ 6,773,332	\$ 342,863	\$ 571,301	\$ 11,908,033
TT1			1.5

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because	» :	
Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	7,018,024
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However,		
in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of		
more than \$5,000 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their		
estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is		
the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the		505.415
current period.		595,415
Property tax revenues received prior to the year for which they are levied		
are reported as unavailable revenues in the governmental funds. The change		
however is recorded as an adjustment to revenues in the statement of activities.		(171,541)
The governmental funds report sale of bonds as an other financing		
source while it is treated as an increase in the liability in the		
government-wide statements.		(6,585,000)
The governmental funds report repayment of bond principal and related		
accrued interest as an expenditure. These payments are shown as		
a reduction to long-term debt in the government-wide statements.		800,969
The governmental funds report current pension contributions as an		
expenditure. However, the amount recorded in the statement of		
activities represents the difference in the actuarially determined		
pension liability from the previous year to the current year.		(1,040,274)
The governmental funds report contributions to the plan for		
post employment benefits as an expenditure. However, the amount		
recorded in the statement of activities represents the difference in		
the actuarially determined OPEB asset (liability) from the previous year to		
the current year.		(6,282)
Governmental funds report bond premiums as revenue, while		
the premium is amortized over the term of the bond as a		
decrease in interest expense in the government-wide statements.		(912,902)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(301,591)

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Shelley Joint School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

The Board of School Trustees, a five-member group, has responsibilities for all activities relating to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Shelley Joint School District No. 60. The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. The Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District has a revenue spending policy that provides for programs with multiple revenue sources. The District will use restricted fund balances first followed in order by committed, assigned and finally unassigned. The District currently applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to students or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, early retirement, arbitrage rebates, and post-employment benefits, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the District receives cash.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *child nutrition fund* accounts for the revenues and expenses associated with the operation of the District's food services.
- The *debt service fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt principal and interest.

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

- The *capital projects fund* accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for capital projects of the District.
- The *plant facility fund* accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for the acquisition and improvement of sites, construction and remodel of facilities, and procurement of equipment necessary for providing educational programs for all students within the District.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide statements. Balances between funds included in the governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In the fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in the governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities.

Budgetary Policy

The District prepares budgets for all the governmental fund types. Such budgets are adopted on a basis generally consistent with generally accepted accounting principles, except that the commodities received for the child nutrition program are not budgeted.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The following is a reconciliation of revenues and expenditures as reported under generally accepted accounting standards and the amounts reported in comparison with budget reported on page 56:

	 Reported Amounts	Со	mmodities Received	Amounts Reported in Comparison with Budget	
Child Nutrition Fund Total revenues Total expenditures	\$ 1,143,792	\$	(55,359)	\$	1,088,433
	\$ 926,372	\$	(55,359)	\$	871,013

Under Idaho law, the District's budget establishes maximum legal authorization for expenditures during the fiscal year. Under certain unusual circumstances, the District is allowed to reopen and amend its budget. Expenditures are not to exceed the budgeted amounts, except as allowed by law for certain events. The District did amend its budget during the fiscal year.

New Accounting Pronouncements

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom the relationship exist. See the District's implementation details in Note 14.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the District because it is not considered necessary at present to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

Inventories

The governmental funds of the District use the purchase method, whereby inventory items are considered expenditures when purchased. They are not included in the balance sheet of the general fund because the amounts on hand at year-end are immaterial.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extended assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized.

Buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Buildings	20-30 yrs
Equipment	5-20 yrs
Vehicles	3-16 yrs

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

The District has only one type of deferred outflows of resources. These amounts relate to the District's allocable share of the changes in inputs to the calculation of the net pension liability and the OPEB net liability (asset). These amounts are reported only in the government-wide financial statements.

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The District has three types of items in this area. One item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet and represents unavailable revenues from property taxes and grant revenues received in advance. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The government also has a deferred premium on refunding resulting from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the life of the refunding. The third type of deferred inflows of resources relates to the changes in inputs to the calculation of the net pension liability and the OPEB net liability (asset).

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense (expense offset), information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund and additions to/deductions from Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Sick Leave Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2021

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor how those amounts may be spent. Designations of fund balances as non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned are based upon the types of constraints placed upon the outstanding balances.

2. Cash and Investments

The District is authorized under Idaho Code to invest in cash, certificates of deposit, U.S. Government securities, commercial paper, and repurchase agreements. All investments must be held by or registered in the name of the District.

The District's cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Cash balances of most of the District funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned from investments purchased with pooled cash is allocated to each of the funds based on the fund's cash balance. The District maintains checking accounts with one of the local banks. All excess funds are invested with the State Treasurer's pooled cash investment account. This account invests in time certificates of deposit, local government tax anticipation notes, federal loans, U.S. treasury notes and other U.S. governmental securities. Information regarding insurance or collateralization of amounts invested in the pooled accounts is not available.

The District's cash accounts are insured through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (at banks) up to \$250,000 per depository.

- 1. Deposits At June 30, 2021, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$2,110,924 and the respective bank balances totaled \$2,495,964. Of the bank balances, \$500,000 were insured or collateralized with pooled securities held by the pledging financial institution in the name of the District.
- 2. Custodial Credit Risk, Deposits Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. As of June 30, 2021, \$1,995,964 of the District's total deposits were not covered by federal depository insurance and thus were exposed to credit risk.

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2021

2. Cash and Investments

3. Investments – As of June 30, 2021, the District had the following investments:

			Investr	nent Matu	ırities	(in Years)	
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1		1-5		6-10	More Than 10
State Investment Pool	\$ 10,233,125	\$ 10,233,125	\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -

- **4.** Custodial Credit Risk, Investments For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment.
- 5. Interest Rate Risk As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates, the District structures its portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations. Because the State Investment Pool as of June 30, 2021, had a weighted average maturity of 177 days, it was presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year.
- **6.** Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the District's policy to limit investments to the safest types of securities and to diversify the District's investment portfolio so that potential losses on securities will be minimized. The District follows Idaho statute that outlines qualifying investment options.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2021

2. Cash and Investments

Reconciliation of deposits categorization:

Cash and investments reported on the statement of net position	\$ 12,344,049
	\$ 12,344,049
Investments categorized Deposits categorized	\$ 10,233,125 2,110,924
	\$ 12,344,049

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes of the District are based on the assessments against property owners as of the first Monday in January of the calendar year in which the fiscal year commences. Tax levies on such assessed values are certified to the counties prior to the commencement of the fiscal year. Taxes are collected by Bingham County and Bonneville County and are remitted to the District primarily in January of the fiscal year and the July following. Accordingly, the tax revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, are generally based on the assessed values and tax levies established in 2020.

The District defers recognition of revenues relating to property taxes assessed but not collected within 60 days of the fiscal year-end. Such amounts will be recognized as revenues in the fiscal year they become available.

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2021

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 is as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities					
Capital Assets, Not					
Being Depreciated					
Land	\$ 402,635	\$ -	\$ 	_\$	402,635
Total Capital Assets,					
Not Being					
Depreciated	\$ 402,635	\$ 	\$ 	\$	402,635
Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated					
Buildings and improvements	\$ 30,936,637	\$ 412,427	\$ -	\$	31,349,064
Furniture and equipment	1,134,345	794,239	-		1,928,584
Vehicles	2,291,888	289,864	 (52,410)		2,529,342
Total Capital Assets,					
Being Depreciated	 34,362,870	 1,496,530	 (52,410)		35,806,990
Accumulated Depreciation for					
Buildings and improvements	(19,201,104)	(674,172)	_		(19,875,276)
Equipment	(855,349)	(61,508)	_		(916,857)
Vehicles	(1,574,827)	 (165,435)	 52,410		(1,687,852)
Total Accumulated					
Depreciation	(21,631,280)	 (901,115)	 52,410		(22,479,985)
Total Capital					
Assets, Being					
Depreciated, Net	\$ 12,731,590	\$ 595,415	\$ 	\$	13,327,005

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Notes to Financial Statements (continued) June 30, 2021

5. General Obligation Bonds Payable

In May 2021, the District issued general obligation bonds with a face value of \$6,585,000 and a stated interest rate of 4%. The effective interest rate was 0.56%. The premium received on the issuance of the bonds was \$1,000,425.

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2021, were as follows:

	Interest	Maturity	
-	Rates	Dates	Amount
General Obligation Refunding Bonds,			
Series 2015		2022	
(Original amount\$7,580,000)	4.00%	to 2028	\$ 6,705,000
General Obligation Bonds,			
Series 2021		2022	
(Original amount\$6,585,000)	4.00%	to 2029	\$ 6,585,000

The amount to be provided for bond requirements in the accompanying financial statements represents the charge to be made for property taxes in future years to meet maturing bond requirements.

The annual requirements to amortize the above bond issues are as follows:

Fiscal Year	<u>Princi</u>	pal	Interest		Total
2022	\$ 850,0	000 \$	430,495	\$	1,280,495
2023	1,655,0	000	433,075		2,088,075
2024	1,800,0	000	363,975		2,163,975
2025	1,870,0	000	290,575		2,160,575
2026	1,945,0	000	214,275		2,159,275
Thereafter	5,170,0	000	240,387		5,410,387
	\$ 13,290,0	900 \$	1,972,782	\$ 1	5,262,782

6. Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of the District's long-term transactions for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	2015 G.O. Bonds	2021 G.O. Bonds	Net Pension Liability	OPEB Liability	<u>Total</u>
Long-term Obligations June 30, 2020	\$ 7,520,000	\$ -	\$ 3,213,138	\$ 835,465	\$ 11,568,603
Obligations Incurred	-	6,585,000	2,728,432	-	9,313,432
Obligations Paid	 (815,000)	 -	 	 	 (815,000)
Long-term Obligations June 30, 2021	\$ 6,705,000	\$ 6,585,000	\$ 5,941,570	\$ 835,465	\$ 20,067,035
Due within one year	\$ 850,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 	\$ 850,000

7. Non-monetary Transactions

The District received commodities from the U.S. Government valued at \$55,359. The value was determined by confirmation with the State of Idaho Department of Education.

8. Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan), which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies, and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

June 30, 2021

8. Pension Plan (continued)

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan, as of June 30, 2020, was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	46,573
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	13,788
Active plan members	73,657
	134,018

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointment officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

8. Pension Plan (continued)

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2020, the employee contribution rate was 7.16% for general employees and 8.81% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% for general employees and 12.28% for police and firefighters. The District's contributions required and paid were \$1,111,871, \$1,089,993, and \$1,082,119, for the years ended June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.256 percent.

8. Pension Plan (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$1,040,273. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual					
experience	\$	464,219	\$	194,005	
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		100,483		-	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		681,018		_	
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's					
proportionate contributions		-		386,455	
Employer contributions subsequent to the					
measurement date		1,111,871			
Total	\$	2,357,591	\$	580,460	

\$1,111,871 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2022.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2019, the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2020, is 4.8 and 4.7 for the measurement period ended June 30, 2019.

8. Pension Plan (continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Fiscal Year

2022	\$	(62,386)
2023	 *	168,708
2024		258,491
2025		364,304
2026		(63,857)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, <u>Idaho Code</u>, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.05%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments	1%

8. Pension Plan (continued)

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2020 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of 2020.

8. Pension Plan (continued)

Capital Market Assumptions from Callen 202
--

Asset Class Core Fixed Income	Target Allocation 30%	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return (Arithmetic)	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
Broad US Equities Developed Foreign Equities	55% 15%	8.55% 8.70%	6.30% 6.45%
Developed Poteign Equities	1370	8.7070	0.4370
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.25%	2.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%
D (Cl. A.d. C. M. D.)		(950/	4.600/
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.85%	4.60%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.33%	12.33%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return		6.25%	3.89%
Assumed Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return,			
Net of Investment Expenses		5.85%	3.49%
Investment Policy Assumptions from	PERSI November 2	2019	
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return,			
Net of Investment Expenses			4.14%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			14.16%
Economic/Demographic Assumption	s from Milliman 20	018	
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board			
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses	S		4.05%
Assumed Inflation			3.00%
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return,			
Net Investment Expenses			7.05%

8. Pension Plan (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.05%)	(7.05%)	(8.05%)	
Employer's proportionate share of				
the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 12,184,532	\$ 5,941,570	\$ 779,658	

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

9. PERSI Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund (Sick Leave Plan) which is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits that are administered by PERSI that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for the Sick Leave Plan. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Sick Leave Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

OPEB Benefits

Group retiree health, dental, accident, and life insurance premiums may qualify as a benefit. Retirees who have a sick leave account can use their balance as a credit towards these premiums paid directly to the applicable insurance company.

Employer Contributions

The contribution rate for employers are set by statute at .065% of covered compensation for state members. Covered school members contribution rates are set by statute based on the number of sick days offered by the employer. The contribution rate of 1.16% for school members with nine or ten sick days, 1.26% for school members with 11-14 sick days. If a school member has more than 14 days of sick leave then the contribution rate will be set by the PERSI Retirement Board based on current cost and actuarial data and reviewed annually. In the current fiscal year, the Board declared a sick leave rate holiday for 18 months beginning on January 1, 2020. In December 2020, the period was extended for one year to end on June 30, 2022. The District's contributions were \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

June 30, 2021

9. PERSI Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund (continued)

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Expense Offset), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the District reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's share of contributions relative to the total contributions of all participating Sick Leave employers. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was 0.596 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2021 the District recognized OPEB expense (expense offset) of \$6,282. \$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB asset in the year ending June 30, 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. The Sick Leave Plan amortizes any net OPEB asset based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Sick Leave Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.05%, net of investment expenses

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The health care trend rate is not applicable as the benefit amount a participant will receive is established with a set amount upon retirement thus would have no impact.

9. PERSI Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund (continued)

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

9. PERSI Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund (continued)

Capital Market Assumptions

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return (Arithmetic)	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (Arithmetic)
		((11111111111111111111111111111111111111
Core Fixed Income	30%	2.80%	0.55%
Broad US Equities	55%	8.55%	6.30%
Developed Foreign Equities	15%	8.70%	6.45%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.25%	2.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.85%	4.60%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.33%	12.33%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return		6.25%	3.89%
Assumed Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return,			
Net of Investment Expenses		5.85%	3.49%
Investment Policy Assumptions from	PERSI November	2019	
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return,			
Net of Investment Expenses			4.14%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			14.16%
Economic/Demographic Assumptio	ns from Milliman 2	018	
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board			
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expens	es		4.05%
Assumed Inflation			3.00%
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return,			
Net Investment Expenses			7.05%

9. PERSI Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund (continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of OPEB plan investment expense but without reduction for OPEB plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB asset to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	Current					
	1% Decrease		Discount Rate		1% Increase	
		(6.05%)		(7.05%)		(8.05%)
Employer's proportionate share of						
the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(638,453)	\$	(734,335)	\$	(823,065)

OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

10. Fair Value Measurements

The District has implemented GASB No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This guidance requires government entities to measure investments and certain other items at fair value. The objective is to enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques. This guidance clarifies that fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Under this guidance, fair value measurements are not adjusted for transaction costs. This guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

GASB No. 72 specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques reflect assumptions other market participants would use based upon market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs). The following summarizes the fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 Inputs – Unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets and liabilities in an active market.

Level 2 Inputs – Inputs other than the quoted process in active markets that are observable either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs – Inputs based on prices or valuation techniques that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurements.

GASB No. 72 requires the use of observable market data, when available, in making fair value measurements. When inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurements. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs.

10. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Fair value assets measured on a recurring basis at June 30, 2021 are as follows:

		Fa	air Value Meas	sure	ments at Repo	rting	g Date U	sing
			Quoted					
			Prices					
			in Active					
			Markets for		Significant			
			Identical		Other		Signifi	
			Assets/		Observable	U	nobserv	
	Fair		Liabilities		Inputs			puts
	 Value		(Level 1)		(Level 2)		(Lev	el 3)
State investment pool	\$ 10,233,125	\$	10,233,125	\$		\$		
Total	\$ 10,233,125	\$	10,233,125	\$	-	\$		

All investments have been valued using a market approach. There were no changes in the valuation techniques during the year. There are no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

11. Interfund Balances and Transfers

The interfund balances at June 30, 2021 were as follows:

		Interfund eceivables		Interfund Payables		
Major Funds General Fund	\$	216,154	\$			
	Φ	210,134	Ф	-		
Non-major Funds						
Medicaid Fund		-		75,156		
Title I-A ESEA Basic Fund		-		30,862		
Title I-C ESEA Migrant Fund		-		1,902		
ESSER II Fund		-		42,845		
IDEA Part B School Age Fund		-		3,113		
Perkins III Professional Technical Fund		-		18,012		
Title III ESEA LEP Fund		-		1,424		
Title II-A ESEA Improving Fund				42,840		
	\$	216,154	\$	216,154		

Balances result from the time lag between the dates that the reimbursable expenditures occur and payments between funds are made. All balances are expected to be eliminated during the next fiscal year.

June 30, 2021

11. Interfund Balances and Transfers (continued)

A summary of interfund transfers by fund is as follows:

	Tı	ansfer In	Tra	nsfer Out
Major Funds				
General Fund	\$	-	\$	134,585
Child Nutrition Fund		21,337		-
Capital Projects Fund		-		38,704
Plant Facility Fund		148,884		-
Non Major Funds				
Title I-C Migrant Fund		5,000		_
IDEA Part B Preschool Fund		2,490		-
Title IV-A Student Support Fund		-		5,000
Title III ESEA LEP Fund		578		
	\$	178,289	\$	178,289

Transfers were made to cover the required FICA in the Child Nutrition Program, to move bus depreciation to the plant facility fund, to move plant facility related funds from capital projects fund to the plant facility fund, and to cover deficits in funds.

12. Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures

There were no funds in which the District expenditures exceeded the budget amounts during the year ended June 30, 2021.

Deficits in Individual Funds

There were no funds that had deficits as of June 30, 2021.

June 30, 2021

13. Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified depending on the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantor and contributors, or laws, or regulations of other governments, or through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes, pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. In the case of the District it is by Board action.

Assigned fund balance – amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance – amounts that represent fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In other governmental fund, it may be necessary to report a negative residual balance as unassigned.

13. Fund Balances (continued)

	General	Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Plant Facility	
	Fund	Funds	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Fund Balances:						
Restricted for:						
Child Nutrition	\$ -	\$ 442,795	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 442,795
Debt Service	-	-	1,381,541	-	-	1,381,541
Capital Projects	-	-	-	6,773,332	-	6,773,332
Plant Facility	-	2,628	-	-	342,863	345,491
Student Activities	-	307,164	-	-	-	307,164
Driver Education	-	20,265	-	-	-	20,265
Common Core	-	1,515	-	-	-	1,515
Professional Dev	-	6,353	-	-	-	6,353
Technology	-	177,052	-	-	-	177,052
Substance Abuse	-	56,324	-	-	-	56,324
Committed to:						
Stabilization Policy	2,437,031	-	-	-	-	2,437,031
Unassigned:	(40,830)					(40,830)
Total						
Fund Balances	\$ 2,396,201	\$ 1,014,096	\$ 1,381,541	\$ 6,773,332	\$ 342,863	\$ 11,908,033

The District has a stabilization policy that requires the general fund to maintain a minimum unassigned fund balance in its general fund with a goal of three months but no less than two of the subsequent year's budgeted expenditures and outgoing transfers. When the fund balance falls below the minimum range, the District will replenish the shortage or deficiency using the following budget strategies: 1) The District will reduce recurring expenditures to eliminate any structural deficit; 2) The District will increase revenues or pursue other funding sources; or 3) Some combination of the two options above. At June 30, 2021, the minimum fund balance required was \$2,437,031, which is shown as committed in the general fund.

14. Prior Period Adjustment

In the year ended June 30, 2021, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*. The statement establishes specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities. Previously, the District has accounted for its student activity funds as fiduciary funds which were not included in the governmental fund statements or on the government-wide financial statements. However, the student activity funds do not meet the criteria established in GASB Statement No. 84 for identifying fiduciary activities because of the administrative involvement that the District has in relation to these funds. The District will account for the student activity funds as a special revenue fund which will be reported in the governmental fund statements and the statement of net position. The governmental fund statements and government-wide financial statements have been restated to include these amounts.

Below is a summary of the balances affected by the prior period adjustment:

	Previously			
	Reported	Change	Restated	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds:				
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	\$ 4,630,752	\$	259,257	\$ 4,890,009
Statement of Net Position, 2020:				
Cash and Investments	\$ 5,019,126	\$	259,257	\$ 5,278,383
Net position	\$ 6,720,680	\$	259,257	\$ 6,979,937
Statement of Activities, 2020:				
Other Revenue	\$ 85,393	\$	728,577	\$ 813,970
Student Activities Program Expenditures	\$ -	\$	664,590	\$ 664,590
Change in Net Position	\$ 876,194	\$	63,987	\$ 940,181



SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 605,000	\$ 605,000	\$ 686,304	\$ 81,304
Earnings on investments	18,000	10,000	10,729	729
Other	69,500	203,700	223,956	20,256
State sources				
State apportionment	12,100,509	11,922,155	11,961,864	39,709
Other	531,868	664,397	656,146	(8,251)
Federal sources				
Other	 	 733,549	 733,549	
Total Revenues	13,324,877	 14,138,801	 14,272,548	133,747
Expenditures				
Current				
Instructional	8,756,718	8,991,024	9,022,462	(31,438)
Pupil support	780,322	772,531	735,884	36,647
Staff support	460,653	897,820	808,026	89,794
General administration	400,241	405,324	322,223	83,101
School administration	933,865	934,855	902,663	32,192
Business operations	257,583	245,130	234,016	11,114
Operation	1,129,610	1,296,312	1,241,610	54,702
Transportation	615,605	605,525	513,245	92,280
Contingency	 50,000	 50,000	 -	50,000
Total Expenditures	13,384,597	14,198,521	13,780,129	418,392
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(59,720)	(59,720)	492,419	552,139
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers (out)	 (183,780)	(183,780)	(134,585)	 49,195
Net Change in Fund Balances	(243,500)	(243,500)	357,834	601,334
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,038,367	 2,038,367	 2,038,367	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 1,794,867	\$ 1,794,867	\$ 2,396,201	\$ 601,334

See Independent Auditors' Report

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Child Nutrition Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources				
Earnings on investments	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 261	\$ 261
Lunch sales	196,900	37,550	42,233	4,683
Other	3,500	3,000	3,000	-
Federal sources				
Educational programs and other	 526,990	 850,000	 1,042,939	 192,939
Total Revenues	 727,390	 890,550	 1,088,433	 197,883
Expenditures				
Current				
Non-instructional	798,490	1,047,225	787,938	259,287
Capital outlay	 2,500	-	83,075	 (83,075)
Total Expenditures	800,990	 1,047,225	 871,013	 176,212
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues over Expenditures	(73,600)	(156,675)	217,420	374,095
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	 73,600	 73,600	 21,337	 (52,263)
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(83,075)	238,757	321,832
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	204,038	 204,038	 204,038	 <u>-</u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 204,038	\$ 120,963	\$ 442,795	\$ 321,832

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2021

	O	original and Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$	850,000	\$ 938,466	\$ 88,466
Other		3,500	3,899	399
State sources				
Other		215,075	254,315	39,240
Total Revenues		1,068,575	 1,196,680	 128,105
Expenditures				
Debt service				
Principal		815,000	815,000	-
Interest		253,075	253,075	-
Other debt service costs		500	400	100
Total Expenditures		1,068,575	 1,068,475	 100
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	128,205	128,205
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			1,253,336	1,253,336
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	_	\$ 1,381,541	\$ 1,381,541

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Capital Projects Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original Budget Amounts		Final Budget Amounts		Actual Amounts		ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues								
Local sources	Φ.	200.000	ф	200.000	ф	120 (70	ф	20.670
Property taxes	\$	390,000	\$	390,000	\$	429,678	\$	39,678
Earnings on investments		-		-		179		179
Other		2,000		2,000		84,437		82,437
Total Revenues		392,000		392,000		514,294		122,294
Expenditures								
Current								
Staff support		-		1,600		1,547		53
Non-instructional		-		-		629,369		(629,369)
Debt service								
Debt issuance costs		-		-		81,878		(81,878)
Capital outlay		802,180		8,300,580		893,772		7,406,808
Total Expenditures		802,180		8,302,180		1,606,566		6,695,614
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over Expenditures		(410,180)		(7,910,180)		(1,092,272)		6,817,908
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Other financing source - bond proceeds		-		7,500,000		6,585,000		(915,000)
Other financing source - bond premium		-		-		1,000,425		1,000,425
Transfers in		275,890		346,890		-		(346,890)
Transfers (out)		(165,710)		(236,710)		(38,704)		198,006
Net Change in Fund Balances		(300,000)		(300,000)		6,454,449		6,754,449
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		318,883		318,883		318,883		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	18,883	\$	18,883	\$	6,773,332	\$	6,754,449

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Plant Facility Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Original Budget Amounts	Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	riance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	-		 		 <u> </u>
State sources					
Other	\$	211,230	\$ 209,463	\$ 209,463	\$
Total Revenues		211,230	 209,463	 209,463	
Expenditures					
Current					
Non-instructional		-	-	30,665	(30,665)
Capital outlay		611,230	 609,463	 430,827	 178,636
Total Expenditures		611,230	 609,463	 461,492	 147,971
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(400,000)	(400,000)	(252,029)	147,971
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in			 	 148,884	 148,884
Net Change in Fund Balances		(400,000)	(400,000)	(103,145)	296,855
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		446,008	446,008	 446,008	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	46,008	\$ 46,008	\$ 342,863	\$ 296,855

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 2021		2020		2019		2018
Employer's portion of the net pension liability	0.256%		0.281%		0.281%		0.278%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,941,570	\$	3,213,138	\$	4,142,693	\$	4,367,452
Employer's covered payroll Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 9,312,151	\$	9,117,776	\$	9,257,727	\$	8,665,714
as a percentage of its covered payroll Plan fiduciary net position as a	63.80%		35.24%		44.75%		50.40%
percentage of the total pension liability	88.22%		93.79%		91.69%		91.38%
			2017	_	2016		2015
Employer's portion of the net pension liability			0.280%		0.282%		2015 0.287%
Employer's portion of the net pension liability Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability		\$		\$		<u> </u>	
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability Employer's covered payroll		\$ \$	0.280%	\$ \$	0.282%	\$ \$	0.287%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability			0.280% 5,676,973		0.282% 3,710,079		0.287% 2,111,271

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2020 (measurement date).

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Schedule of Employer Contributions – PERSI Year Ended June 30, 2021

	 2021		2020	 2019	 2018
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 1,003,871	\$	1,077,097	\$ 1,082,120	\$ 1,047,975
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution Contribution (deficiency) excess	1,111,871 108,000		1,089,993 12,896	1,082,119 (1)	1,047,974 (1)
Employer's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 9,312,151 11.94%	\$	9,117,776 11.95%	\$ 9,559,355 11.32%	\$ 9,257,727 11.32%
			2017	2016	2015
		_		 •	
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		\$	980,960 980,960	\$ 927,632 927,632	\$ 893,318 891,937
Contribution (deficiency) excess			-	-	(1,381)
Employer's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		\$	8,665,714 11.32%	\$ 8,194,628 11.32%	\$ 7,891,503 11.32%

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data is measured as of June 30, 2021.

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Asset – PERSI OPEB Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2021	 2020	2019	 2018
Employer's portion of				
the net OPEB asset	0.596%	0.666%	0.672%	0.678%
Employer's proportionate share of				
the net OPEB asset	\$ 734,335	\$ 637,848	\$ 557,449	\$ 520,092
Employer's covered - employee payroll	\$ 9,312,151	\$ 9,117,776	\$ 9,123,019	\$ 8,665,714
Employer's proportionate share of				
the net OPEB asset as a				
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	7.89%	7.00%	6.11%	6.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a				
percentage of the total OPEB asset	152.87%	138.51%	135.69%	136.78%

^{*} GASB Statement NO. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2020 (measurement date).

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Schedule of Employer's Contributions – PERSI OPEB Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 57,523	\$ 62,533	\$ 109,236	\$ 105,827
Contributions in relation to				
the statutorily required contribution	-	53,481	109,262	105,852
Contribution (deficiency) excess	(57,523)	(9,052)	26	25
Employer's covered - employee payroll	9,312,151	9,117,776	9,416,863	9,123,019
Contributions as a percentage of				
covered-employee payroll	0.00%	59.00%	1.16%	1.16%

^{*} GASB Statement NO. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2021.



SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

Assets	 Federal Forest Fund	Student Activity Fund	Drivers Education Fund	 Common Core Fund
Cash and Investments	\$ 2,628	\$ 307,164	\$ 19,335	\$ 1,515
Receivables State of Idaho Other	 - -	<u>-</u>	11,612	- -
Total Assets	\$ 2,628	\$ 307,164	\$ 30,947	\$ 1,515
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities Due to other funds Accounts payable Salary contracts payable	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$ 1,284 9,398	\$ - - -
Total Liabilities		 	 10,682	
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenues	 			<u> </u>
Fund Balances Restricted	2,628	 307,164	20,265	1,515
Total Fund Balances	 2,628	 307,164	 20,265	 1,515
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 2,628	\$ 307,164	\$ 30,947	\$ 1,515

Professional Technical Fund	State Technology Fund	State Substance Abuse Fund	Medicaid Fund	Title I-A Basic Fund	 Coronavirus Relief Fund
\$ 7,038	\$ 182,946	\$ 56,324	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
 - -	 <u>-</u>	 -	114,265	 80,787	 -
\$ 7,038	\$ 182,946	\$ 56,324	\$ 114,265	\$ 80,787	\$ -
\$ - 685 -	\$ 5,894 -	\$ - - -	\$ 75,156 - 39,109	\$ 30,862 1,177 48,748	\$ - - -
 685	 5,894	 	 114,265	 80,787	
 <u> </u>	 <u> </u>	 <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
6,353	177,052	 56,324	 		-
 6,353	 177,052	56,324			
\$ 7,038	\$ 182,946	\$ 56,324	\$ 114,265	\$ 80,787	\$ -

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (continued) June 30, 2021

Assets		Title I-C ESEA Migrant Fund	ESSER II Fund	IDEA Part B School Age Fund	IDEA Part B Preschool Fund
Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 5,733	\$ -
Receivables					
State of Idaho		-	-	-	-
Other	-	7,671	48,696	 84,130	 4,968
Total Assets	\$	7,671	\$ 48,696	\$ 89,863	\$ 4,968
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Due to other funds	\$	1,902	\$ 42,845	\$ -	\$ 3,113
Accounts payable		312	4,940	-	-
Salary contracts payable		5,457	 911	89,863	 1,855
Total Liabilities		7,671	 48,696	89,863	4,968
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenues				 	
Fund Balances					
Restricted			 		
Total Fund Balances			 	 	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows					
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	7,671	\$ 48,696	\$ 89,863	\$ 4,968

Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Ge	Rebounds pronavirus Relief Fund	Title II-A ESEA Improving Fund	Title III ESEA LEP Fund	 Perkins III Professional Technical Fund	Title IV-A Student Support Fund	
582,683	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
11,612 410,996		<u>-</u>	43,876	 3,702	22,901	<u>-</u>	
1,005,291	\$		\$ 43,876	\$ 3,702	\$ 22,901	\$ 	\$
216,154 18,945 198,891	\$	-	\$ 42,840 - 1,036	\$ 1,424 - 2,278	\$ 18,012 4,653 236	\$ -	\$
433,990			43,876	3,702	22,901		
571,301			 	 	 	 	
571,301			 				
1,005,291	\$	-	\$ 43,876	\$ 3,702	\$ 22,901	\$ _	\$

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Federal Forest Fund		Student Activity Fund	Drivers Education Fund	Common Core Fund
Revenues	·					
Local sources						
Other	\$	-	\$	935,106	\$ 22,302	\$ -
State sources						
Other		-		-	18,000	-
Federal sources						
Educational programs and other					 	
Total Revenues				935,106	 40,302	
Expenditures						
Current						
Instructional		-		-	41,386	-
Pupil support		-		-	-	-
Staff support		-		-	-	-
General administration		-		-	-	-
Administrative technology		-		-	-	-
Operation		-		-	-	-
Student activities program		-		887,199	-	-
Capital outlay			-		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Expenditures				887,199	 41,386	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
over Expenditures		-		47,907	(1,084)	-
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		-		-	-	-
Transfers out		-		-	 -	 -
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		47,907	(1,084)	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		2,628		259,257	 21,349	 1,515
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	2,628	\$	307,164	\$ 20,265	\$ 1,515

 Professional Technical Fund	State Technology Fund	 State Substance Abuse Fund	Medicaid Fund	Title I-A Basic Fund	 Coronavirus Relief Fund
\$ -	\$ 18,532	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
113,493	212,665	29,728	-	-	-
 	 		 296,286	 257,047	213,948
 113,493	 231,197	 29,728	 296,286	 257,047	 213,948
72 200	60.707	1.500	250,250	242.460	(2.275
72,390	60,797	1,500	258,350	243,468	62,275 578
-	220,283	-	-	-	70,844
-	- 21 720	-	37,936	13,579	18,157
-	31,720 9,801	25,228	-	_	62,094
-	-	-	-	_	-
 57,598		 	-	 	
 129,988	 322,601	 26,728	 296,286	257,047	 213,948
(16,495)	(91,404)	3,000	-	-	-
- -	-	- -	- -	-	-
 (16,495)	(91,404)	 3,000	-	-	 -
22,848	 268,456	 53,324		 	
\$ 6,353	\$ 177,052	\$ 56,324	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds (continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Title I-C ESEA Migrant Fund	ESSER II Fund	IDEA Part B School Age Fund	IDEA Part B Preschool Fund
Revenues					
Local sources	_				
Other	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
State sources					
Other		-	-	-	-
Federal sources					
Educational programs and other		31,121	 414,806	 398,764	 24,046
Total Revenues		31,121	 414,806	398,764	 24,046
Expenditures					
Current					
Instructional		36,121	277,729	398,764	14,929
Pupil support		-	-	-	11,607
Staff support		-	-	-	-
General administration		-	-	-	-
Administrative technology		-	-	-	-
Operation		-	105,819	-	-
Student activities program		-	-	-	-
Capital outlay			 31,258	 -	
Total Expenditures		36,121	 414,806	398,764	26,536
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures		(5,000)	-	-	(2,490)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in		5,000	-	-	2,490
Transfers out			 <u> </u>	 	
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	-	-	-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			 	 	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$ 	\$ 	\$

Title IV-A Student Support Fund	Perkins III Professional Technical Fund	Title III ESEA LEP Fund	Title II-A ESEA Improving Fund	ID Rebounds Coronavirus Relief Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 975,940
-	-	-	-	-	373,886
16,235	24,684	14,166	48,653	190,805	1,930,561
 16,235	24,684	14,166	48,653	190,805	3,280,387
11,235	24,684	14,744	41,175	-	1,559,547
-	-	-	-	190,805	12,185 481,932
-	-	-	7,478	190,803	77,150
_	-	-	-	_	31,720
-	-	-	-	-	202,942
-	-	-	-	-	887,199
 					88,856
 11,235	24,684	14,744	48,653	190,805	3,341,531
5,000	-	(578)	-	-	(61,144)
-	-	578	-	-	8,068
 (5,000)					(5,000)
-	-	-	-	-	(58,076)
					629,377
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 571,301

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Activity in Taxes Receivable Accounts by Fund Year Ended June 30, 2021

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Plant Facility Fund
Balance at June 30, 2020	\$ 216,435	\$ 305,563	\$ 140,197
Add - Taxes Assessed for 2020 (Net of Cancellations)	608,978	208,602	392,497
Less - Collections Received	 (612,912)	 (215,614)	 (395,714)
Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 212,501	\$ 298,551	\$ 136,980

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 General Bonded Debt – Future Principal and Interest Requirements Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Annu	al Paym	ent	
	Interest	Fiscal		Principal	Interest
	Rate	Year		Amount	Payment
General Obligation				_	
Refunding	4.000%	2022	\$	850,000	\$ 219,775
School Bonds	4.000%	2023		885,000	185,075
Series 2015	4.000%	2024		920,000	148,975
	4.000%	2025		960,000	111,375
	4.000%	2026		995,000	72,275
	4.000%	2027		1,035,000	39,437
	4.000%	2028		1,060,000	13,250
			\$	6,705,000	\$ 790,162

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 General Bonded Debt – Future Principal and Interest Requirements (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Annu	al Paym	ent	
	Interest	Fiscal		Principal	Interest
	Rate	Year		Amount	Payment
General Obligation Bonds				_	_
Series 2021	4.000%	2022	\$	-	\$ 210,720
	4.000%	2023		770,000	248,000
	4.000%	2024		880,000	215,000
	4.000%	2025		910,000	179,200
	4.000%	2026		950,000	142,000
	4.000%	2027		985,000	103,300
	4.000%	2028		1,025,000	63,100
	4.000%	2029		1,065,000	 21,300
			\$	6,585,000	\$ 1,182,620

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Federal CFDA Number	Expenditures	Revenues Cash Basis
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
* Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	\$ 3,012	\$ 3,012
National School Lunch Program	10.555	70,695	70,695
Special Milk Program for Children	10.556	5	5
Summer Food Service Program for Children	10.559	908,983	908,983
Total Child Nutrition Cluster		982,695	982,695
Total Department of Agriculture		982,695	982,695
U.S. Department of the Treasury			
Passed Through State of Idaho:			
* COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund	21.019	960,516	960,516
Total Department of the Treasury		960,516	960,516
U.S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Title I-Basic	84.010	257,047	271,282
Title I-C Migrant	84.011	36,121	33,932
Special Education Cluster			
IDEA Part B School Age	84.027	398,764	392,942
IDEA Part B - Preschool	84.173	24,046	27,707
Total Special Education Cluster		422,810	420,649
Career and Technical Education	84.048	24,684	-
English Language Acquisition Grant	84.365	14,166	14,639
Improving Teacher Quality	84.367	48,653	48,532
Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	11,235	16,235
Education Stabilization Fund COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Relief Fund	84.425D	628,754	604,661
Total Department of Education		1,443,470	1,409,930
Total Federal Assistance		\$ 3,386,681	\$ 3,353,141

^{*} Major Federal Program

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Note to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2021

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal award activity of Shelley Joint School District No. 60 under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Shelley Joint School District No. 60, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or change in net assets of the District.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement.

The District is not eligible to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Trustees Shelley Joint School District No. 60 Shelley, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Shelley Joint School District No. 60 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Shelley Joint School District No. 60's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 21, 2021.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Shelley Joint School District No. 60's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Shelley Joint School District No. 60's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Shelley Joint School District No. 60's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Shelley Joint School District No. 60's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kingg & Jowbarn

Idaho Falls, Idaho October 21, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Trustees Shelley Joint School District No. 60 Shelley, Idaho

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Shelley Joint School District No. 60's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Shelley Joint School District No. 60's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Shelley Joint School District No. 60's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Shelley Joint School District No. 60's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Shelley Joint School District No. 60's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Shelley Joint School District No. 60's compliance.

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Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Shelley Joint School District No. 60, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Shelley Joint School District No. 60 is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Shelley Joint School District No. 60's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Shelley Joint School District No. 60's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

This purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gud & Company

Idaho Falls, Idaho October 21, 2021

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Qualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material Weaknesses identified?

Significant Deficiencies identified?

Noncompliance material to financial

statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses identified?

Significant Deficiencies identified?

Type or auditors' report issued on compliance

for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required

to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516 (a)?

SHELLEY JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 60 Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended June 30, 2021

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results (continued)

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program
Child Nutriti	on Cluster
10.553	School Breakfast Program
10.555	School Lunch Program
10.556	Special Milk Program for Children
10.559	Summer Food Service Program
20.019	COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

Section II – Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None