Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2020



Orono Public Schools • ISD #278 • Orono, Minnesota orono.k12.mn.us

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 278 ORONO, MINNESOTA

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Prepared by Finance Department

John Morstad – Director of Business Services

Lauren Syrup, CPA – Controller



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November 11, 2020

To the Citizens of the School District, Board of Education, and Employees of the School District:

INTRODUCTION

We are submitting the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of Independent School District No. 278, Orono (the District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This report fairly presents the District's financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The District's administration accepts total responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, and fairness in presentation.

The District's financial statements have been audited by Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosevich & Co., P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

In addition to the independent audit of the District's financial statements, the District is required to undergo an annual Single Audit in conformity with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). The District is also required to undergo an annual Minnesota State Legal Compliance Audit under Minnesota Statutes § 6.65. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report on not only the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also the District's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the District's separately issued "Special Purpose Audit Reports."

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

DISTRICT GOALS

School District Mission

Our students will maximize their potential in life because of their experiences in Orono Schools.

Strategic Goals

- 1. Scholarship Through personalized and rigorous learning, students and staff will apply high levels of interdisciplinary knowledge across all content areas
- 2. Character Students and staff members will understand and model the core ethical values for a life of integrity
- 3. Relationships Students and staff will engage in strong academic relationships

The School Board governs under the guidelines of the Minnesota School Board Association, which provides model policy recommendations and School Board governance training to its members.

The School Board has overall control of the organization. Through its policies, the Superintendent is the School Board's link to operational achievement and conduct, so that all authority and accountability of staff, as far as the School Board is concerned, is considered the authority and accountability of the Superintendent.

LOCAL ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The District was incorporated in 1951 and serves a portion of six suburban communities on the western edge of the Minneapolis/St. Paul metropolitan area, covering 49 square miles with an estimated population of 12,729. The District encompasses all or part of the communities of Independence, Long Lake, Maple Plain, Medina, Minnetonka Beach, and Orono.

For 2019–2020, the District facilities included two elementary schools, one middle school, one senior high school, a community education center, a student center, and a transportation and storage center. The average building age was 35.85 years old.

Enrollment for the 2019–2020 school year was 2,859 pupils in adjusted daily membership, which represents a decrease of 18 students from the prior year. Demographic forecasts project an increase in enrollment for the next several years. Projected enrollments for the near future per an independent demographer hired by the District are:

Fiscal Year	Enrollment
2021	2,880
2022	2,902
2023	2,921

The tax base of the District increased by 5.11 percent during the past year. The market value of all taxable property in the District in fiscal year 2020 was \$3,872,495,300, compared to \$3,684,163,400 in fiscal year 2019.

The net tax capacity of the District for fiscal year 2020 was \$44,772,374, an increase of 5.04 percent over the prior year value of \$42,620,095.

Programs and Services

The District provides a full range of public education services appropriate to grade levels ranging from pre-Kindergarten through Grade 12. These include regular and enriched academic education, special education for exceptional children, and career/vocational education. Food service and transportation are provided as supporting programs. The District's community education program includes early childhood family education and adult basic education programs, and a myriad of classes for lifelong learning experiences for children and adults.

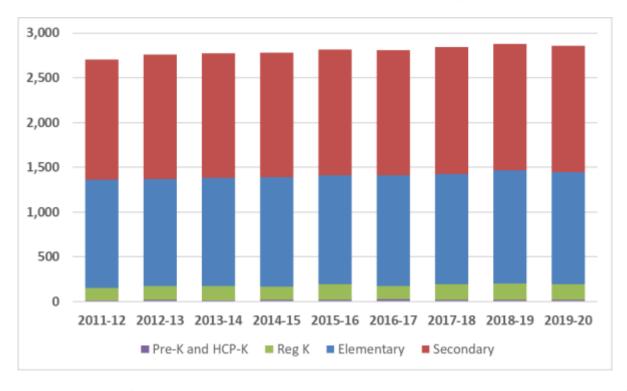
Enrollment

Enrollment is a critical factor in determining funding levels. Approximately 70 percent of the General Fund revenue is enrollment driven. During fiscal year 2020, enrollment decreased by 18 average daily memberships to 2,859. The decrease can be attributed to the mobility in resident population within the District, with more families of students moving out than moving in.

Student Enrollment (Average Daily Membership)

	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14	2014-15	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20
Pre-K and HCP-K	15	18	13	18	23	25	24	24	22
Reg K	138	156	162	151	171	151	169	177	173
Elementary	1,212	1,197	1,205	1,224	1,219	1,235	1,233	1,263	1,251
Secondary	1,342	1,391	1,395	1,387	1,402	1,400	1,415	1,413	1,413
Total Students	2,707	2,762	2,775	2,780	2,815	2,811	2,841	2,877	2,859
Percent Change	-2.10%	2.03%	0.47%	0.18%	1.26%	-0.14%	1.07%	1.27%	-0.63%

Student Enrollment (Average Daily Membership)



The continued stability of grade cohorts in the last three years led to a 1.71 percent increase in enrollment from fiscal year 2017. The District projects a 4.00 percent year over year increase over the next five years. This is primarily due to expected residential growth within the District during that time period. The enrollment changes presented above offer both financial and strategic challenges and opportunities for the District.

FINANCIAL AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure that the assets of the District are protected from theft, misuse, or losses and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and Minnesota Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards.

The internal control system is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and 2) the valuation of the costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management. In addition, the District has also adopted the following policies to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the School Board:

- **Fund Balance Policy** Requires the District to maintain an operating fund balance of 5 percent of the expenditure budget.
- **Budget Policy** Establishes a guideline for allocation of district resources.
- **Personnel Staffing Guidelines** Personnel costs represent close to 81 percent of General Fund expenditures. These guidelines, which set the staffing allocation for every allocated position in the District, are updated each February by the administration and the School Board.

The District's budget process is based, first, on development of a budget projection model that attempts to project resources and expenses over a multiple year period. The budget projection is used by the School Board and the administration to determine budget parameters and staffing guidelines. Second, the budget adopted in June is based upon the personnel staffing guidelines approved by the School Board and preparation of the nonpersonnel budget by school and department administrators, in accordance with School Board-approved budget parameters. The School Board resolution adopting the budget in June also includes a provision directing the administration to update the budget in October. This final budget reflects the District's actual enrollment count on October 1, the actual staff hired, and other dynamics such as employee contract settlements.

The level of budgetary control is at the fund level. However, in the General Fund; operating, special education, pupil transportation, capital expenditure, and quality compensation are maintained as separate internal accounts for budgeting purposes. The District also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one method of maintaining budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year-end. However, outstanding encumbrances generally are reappropriated as part of the following year's budget.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the District continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Transportation Center Remodel

The District remodeled the Transportation Center building purchased in 2017. The facility was converted from retail and warehouse storage into a bus parking and maintenance building for use by the District's bus contractor.

Lease Purchase Refinancing

The District refinanced a lease purchase agreement for the Transportation Center with Capital One Bank. The refinancing reduced interest rates and provided capital to complete building renovations.

Abatement Bonds

The District issued abatement bonds in late 2018 to fund the replacement and improvement of a number of parking lots throughout the District. Projects began construction in the summer of 2020, with completion in September of 2020.

CERTIFICATE OF EXCELLENCE

This CAFR has been prepared following the guidelines provided by the Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) International for its Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Program. Achieving recognition by this program provides a clear indication of the District's high standards for financial reporting. The District intends to submit this CAFR to the ASBO International Certificate Program for consideration. The District received the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting award for the past three fiscal years.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

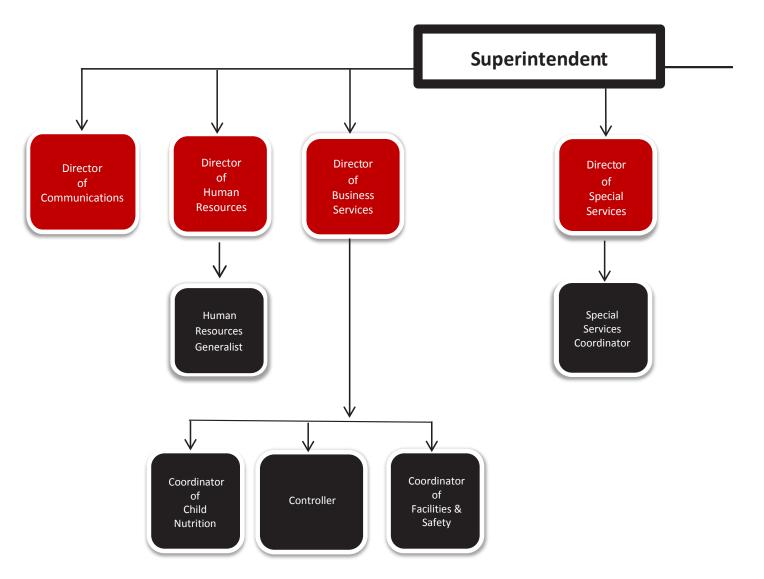
We would like to acknowledge the efforts of the entire Business Office staff in providing complete and accurate data for this CAFR.

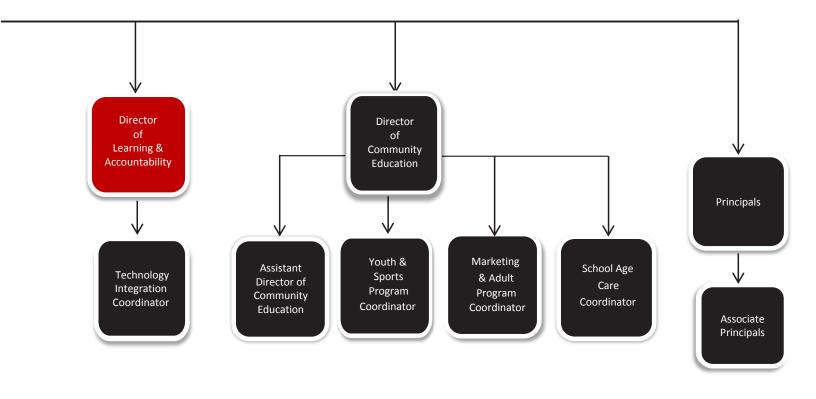
Sincerely,

Dr. Karen Orcutt Superintendent John Morstad Director of Business Services Lauren Syrup, CPA Controller



Orono Schools Where Excellence is a Tradition and a Goal





School Board and Administration Year Ended June 30, 2020

SCHOOL BOARD

Position

Robert Tunheim	Board Chair
Sarah Borchers	Vice Chair
Michael Bash	Treasurer
Martha Van de Ven	Clerk
Alicia Howe	Director
Laura Wallander	Director

ADMINISTRATION

Dr. Karen Orcutt
John Morstad
Superintendent
Director of Business Services



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

ISD 278 Orono Public Schools

for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019.

The CAFR meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence.



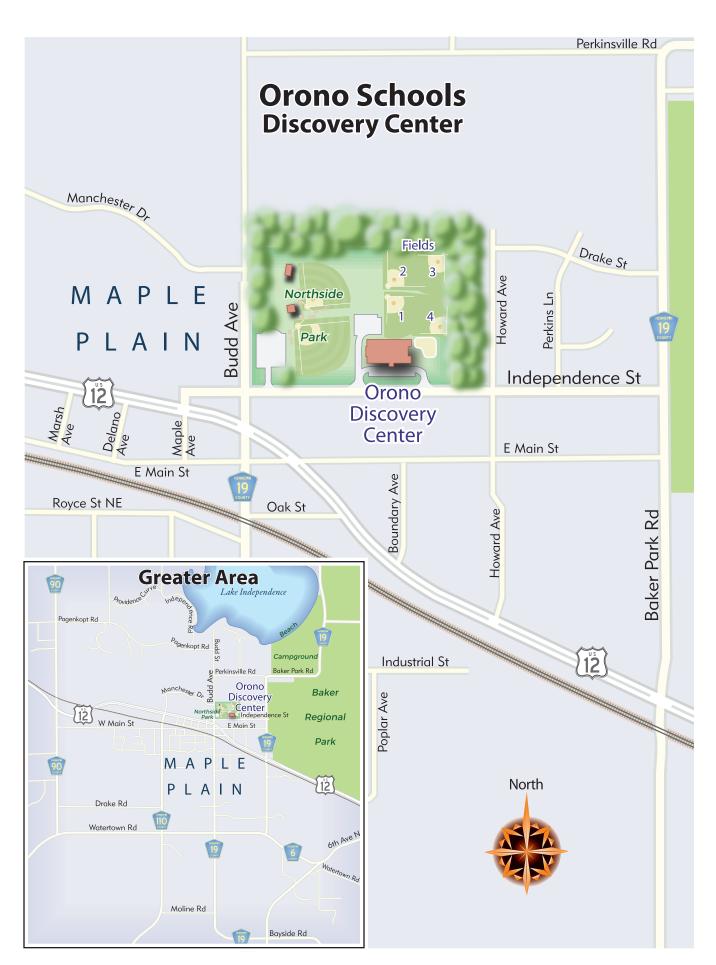
Claire Hertz, SFO

Clavé Hert

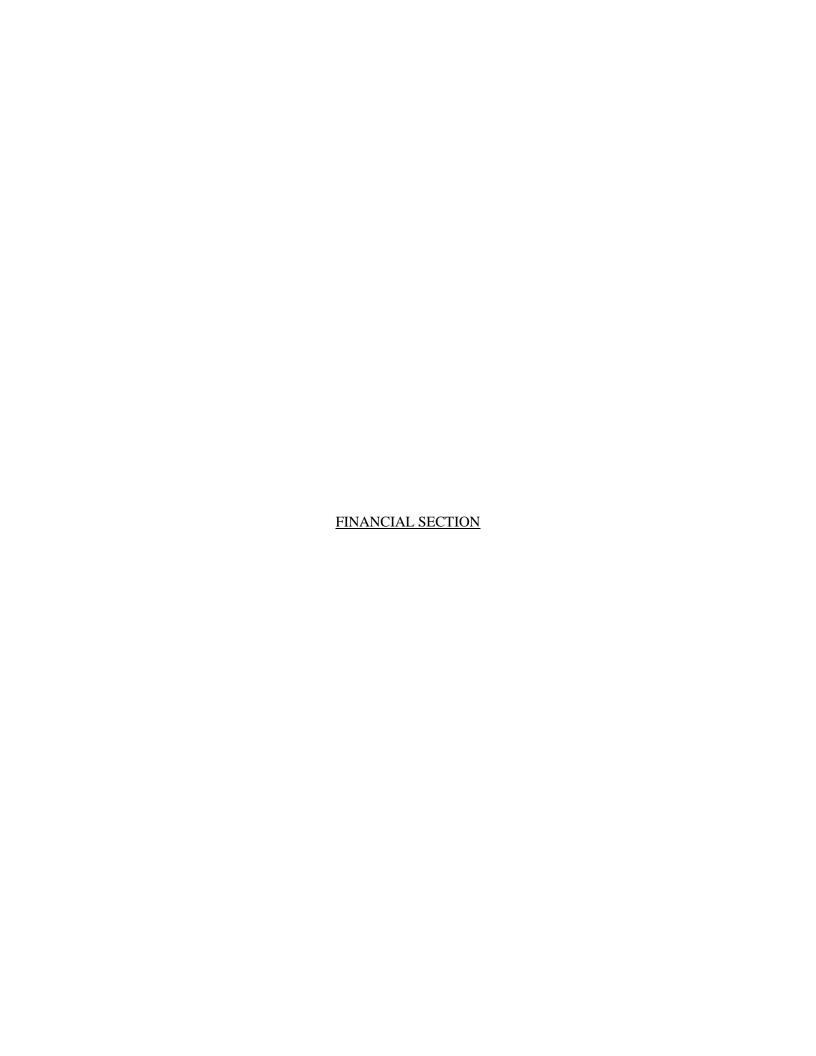
President

David J. Lewis
Executive Director











PRINCIPALS



Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA
Paul A. Radosevich, CPA
William J. Lauer, CPA
James H. Eichten, CPA
Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA
Victoria L. Holinka, CPA/CMA
Jaclyn M. Huegel, CPA
Kalen T. Karnowski, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board and Management of Independent School District No. 278 Orono, Minnesota

REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 278 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITY

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

(continued)

OPINIONS

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to on the previous page present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

EMPHASIS OF MATTER

As described in Note 1 of the notes to basic financial statements, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, during the year ended June 30, 2020. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

OTHER MATTERS

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information (RSI), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the GASB, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, supplemental information, and statistical section, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

(continued)

Prior Year Comparative Information

We have previously audited the District's 2019 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated November 4, 2019. In our opinion, the partial comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radasenich & Co., P. A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota November 11, 2020



Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

This section of Independent School District No. 278's (the District) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents management's narrative overview and analysis of its financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Please read it in conjunction with the other components of the District's CAFR.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2020 by \$15,724,753 (net position deficit). The District's total net position increased by \$393,385 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, excluding the change in accounting principle as discussed below.
- The District recorded a change in accounting principle in the current year with the implementation of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which changed how the District reports certain fiduciary activities, including extracurricular student activities that were previously excluded from the District's reporting entity. The implementation of this standard increased beginning net position in the government-wide financial statements and beginning fund balance in the General Fund by \$863.040.
- Government-wide revenues totaled \$51,013,813 and were \$393,385 more than expenses of \$50,620,428.
- The General Fund's total fund balances (under the governmental fund presentation) decreased \$672,238 from the prior year (excluding the change in accounting principle), to a year-end balance of \$9,564,569, compared to a budgeted decrease of \$208,508.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the CAFR consists of the following parts:

- Independent Auditor's Report;
- Management's discussion and analysis;
- Basic financial statements, including the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements;
- Required supplementary information; and
- Supplemental information, consisting of combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

The following explains the two types of statements included in the basic financial statements:

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes *all* of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, except for the fiduciary funds. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District requires consideration of additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are all shown in one category titled "governmental activities." These activities, including regular and special education instruction, transportation, administration, food services, and community education, are primarily financed with state aid and property taxes.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, rather than the District as a whole. Funds (Food Service and Community Service Special Revenue) that do not meet the threshold to be classified as major funds are called "nonmajor" funds. Detailed financial information for nonmajor funds can be found in the supplemental information section.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. For Minnesota schools, funds are established in accordance with Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards in accordance with statutory requirements and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The District maintains the following kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on: 1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide financial statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental fund financial statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

Proprietary Funds – The District maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are used as an accounting device to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses its internal service funds to account for its self-insured dental and medical benefits activities. These services have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

Fiduciary Funds – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets held for others. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table 1 is a summarized view of the District's Statement of Net Position:

Table 1 Summary Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019						
	2020	2019				
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets, net of depreciation	\$ 33,811,642 80,283,588	\$ 34,777,779 79,259,935				
Total assets	\$ 114,095,230	\$ 114,037,714				
Deferred outflows of resources Pension plan deferments OPEB plan deferments	\$ 19,000,452 272,566	\$ 27,595,653 157,674				
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 19,273,018	\$ 27,753,327				
Liabilities Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities, including due within one year	\$ 4,686,093 98,316,340	\$ 5,967,038 100,183,613				
Total liabilities	\$ 103,002,433	\$ 106,150,651				
Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year Pension plan deferments OPEB plan deferments	\$ 17,594,034 28,391,362 105,172	\$ 17,051,086 35,408,727 161,755				
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 46,090,568	\$ 52,621,568				
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 13,126,922 3,272,665 (32,124,340)	\$ 9,268,412 3,223,874 (29,473,464)				
Total net position	\$ (15,724,753)	\$ (16,981,178)				

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. For example, the determination of the District's net investment in capital assets involves many assumptions and estimates, such as current and accumulated depreciation amounts. A conservative versus liberal approach to depreciation estimates, as well as capitalization policies, will produce a significant difference in the calculated amounts. Another major factor in determining net position as compared to fund balances are the liabilities for long-term severance, pension, and other post-employment benefits (OPEB), which impacts the unrestricted portion of net position.

Total net position increased by \$393,385 in the current year, excluding the change in accounting principle. Changes in the District's share of two state-wide pension plans contributed to the differences in deferred outflows and inflows of resources, long-term liabilities, and unrestricted net position. The increase in the District's net investment in capital assets was primarily due to the repayment of outstanding capital debt and receipt of \$1,112,400 of capital asset contributions during the year.

Table 2 presents a condensed version of the Change in Net Position of the District:

Table 2 Change in Net Position for the Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019					
	2020	2019			
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 4,190,098	\$ 5,130,335			
Operating grants and contributions	5,893,622	5,662,594			
Capital grants and contributions	1,112,400	_			
General revenues					
Property taxes	18,123,809	17,410,629			
General grants and aids	20,455,376	19,144,727			
Other	1,238,508	1,787,051			
Total revenues	51,013,813	49,135,336			
Expenses					
Administration	1,403,513	1,144,834			
District support services	1,648,088	1,646,977			
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	22,661,409	13,956,796			
Vocational education instruction	347,654	177,043			
Special education instruction	5,264,305	3,378,768			
Instructional support services	3,140,503	1,959,811			
Pupil support services	2,933,397	2,798,029			
Sites and buildings	6,168,157	6,720,625			
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	282,859	401,279			
Food service	1,480,033	1,609,297			
Community service	3,366,310	3,162,147			
Interest and fiscal charges	1,924,200	2,233,460			
Total expenses	50,620,428	39,189,066			
Change in net position	393,385	9,946,270			
Net position – beginning, as previously reported	(16,981,178)	(26,927,448)			
Change in accounting principle	863,040				
Net position – beginning, as restated	(16,118,138)	(26,927,448)			
Net position – ending	\$ (15,724,753)	\$ (16,981,178)			

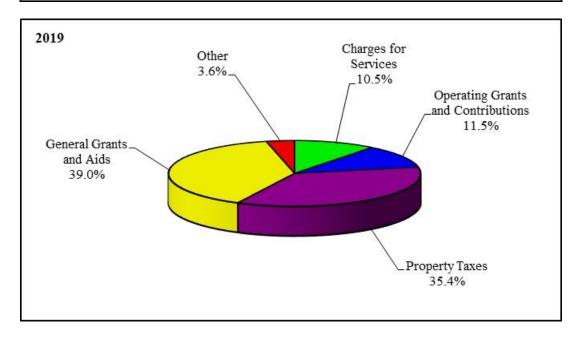
The table summarizes all of the governmental activities of the District and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are allocated between those directly related to specific programs and those that are general revenues. Depreciation expense is included in the program expenses, but capital asset purchase costs, debt proceeds, and the repayment of debt principal are excluded.

Governmental activities revenues increased \$1,878,477 (3.8 percent) from the previous year, mainly due to increases in revenues from property taxes, capital contributions, and pension pass-through revenue.

Governmental activities expenses were \$11,431,362 (29.2 percent) lower than last year, mainly due to the change in expenses related to the two state-wide pension plans mentioned earlier, which impact the various functional areas based on relative salary and benefit levels.

2020 Charges for Other Services Operating Grants 2.4% 8.2% and Contributions 11.6% Capital Grants and General Grants. Contributions and Aids 2.2% 40.1% Property Taxes 35.5%

Figure A – Types of Revenue for Fiscal Years 2020 and 2019

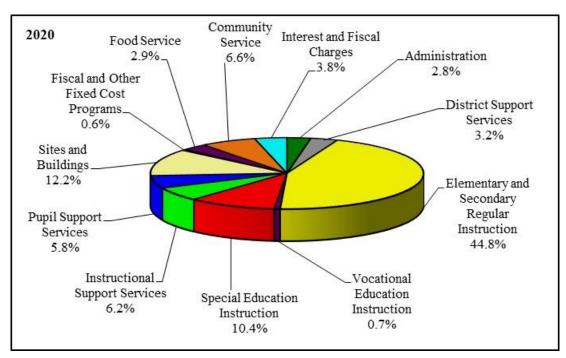


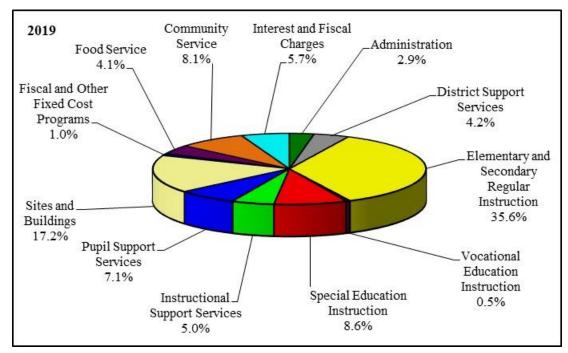
The largest share of the District's revenue is received from the state, including the general education aid formula and most of the operating grants.

Property taxes are generally the next largest source of funding. The level of funding property tax sources provide is not only dependent on taxpayers of the District by way of operating and building referenda, but also by decisions made by the Legislature in the mix of state aid and local effort in a variety of funding formulas.

Capital grants and contributions increased in the current year, due to the contribution of solar panels valued at \$1,112,400. The decrease in charges for services from the prior year was directly related to the COVID-19 pandemic, which caused the cancellation of numerous activities beginning in March through the end of the fiscal year.

Figure B – Expenses for Fiscal Years 2020 and 2019





The District's expenses are predominately related to educating students. The majority of the District's expenses were in categories directly related to providing instruction, which includes: elementary and secondary regular instruction, vocational education instruction, special education instruction, and instructional support services.

The significant year-to-year change in the percentage of expenses incurred in several program areas shown above was attributable to the change in expenses related to the two state-wide pension plans, which caused greater fluctuations in program areas with a higher proportion of salaries.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is also reflected in its governmental funds. Table 3 shows the change in total fund balances in each of the District's governmental funds:

Table 3 Governmental Fund Balances as of June 30, 2020 and 2019							
	2020	2019	Change				
Major funds							
General	\$ 9,564,569	\$ 9,373,767	\$ 190,802				
Capital Projects – Building Construction	350,148	1,128,160	(778,012)				
Debt Service	808,454	867,576	(59,122)				
Nonmajor funds							
Food Service Special Revenue	252,220	396,633	(144,413)				
Community Service Special Revenue	456,317	900,584	(444,267)				
Total governmental funds	\$ 11,431,708	\$ 12,666,720	\$ (1,235,012)				

The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use, as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the District itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the District's School Board.

At June 30, 2020, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$11,431,708, a decrease of \$1,235,012 in comparison with the prior year, including the change in accounting principle discussed previously. Unassigned fund balance at year-end was \$5,522,578, which is available for spending at the District's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either: 1) nonspendable (not in spendable form) – \$259,405, 2) restricted for particular purposes – \$4,390,842, or 3) assigned for particular purposes – \$1,258,883.

The decrease in the fund balance of the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund was due to the planned utilization of proceeds from bonds sold in the previous year for capital projects.

Analysis of the General Fund

Table 4 summarizes the amendments to the General Fund budget:

Table 4 General Fund Budget							
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Change	Percent Change			
Revenue and other financing sources	\$ 39,514,786	\$ 41,741,913	\$ 2,227,127	5.6%			
Expenditures and other financing uses	\$ 38,984,952	\$ 41,950,421	\$ 2,965,469	7.6%			

The District is required to adopt an operating budget prior to the beginning of its fiscal year, referred to above as the original budget. During the year, the District may change the budget for known significant changes in circumstances, such as: updated enrollment estimates, legislation changes, additional funding received from grants or other local sources, staffing changes, employee contract settlements, health insurance premium increases, or special education tuition changes.

Table 5 summarizes the operating results of the General Fund:

Table 5 General Fund Operating Results					
		Over (Un Final Bu		Over (Under)	Prior Year
	2020 Actual	Amount	Percent	Amount	Percent
Revenue and other financing sources	\$40,883,648	\$ (858,265)	(2.1) %	\$ 1,496,327	3.8 %
Expenditures and other financing uses	41,555,886	\$ (394,535)	(0.9) %	\$ 2,853,841	7.4 %
Net change in fund balances	\$ (672,238)				

The fund balance of the General Fund decreased \$672,238 as the result of current year operations, compared to a decrease of \$208,508 approved in the final budget.

Total General Fund revenue and other financing sources for the year were \$40,883,648, which was \$858,265 under budget.

Revenue was \$262,675 (0.7 percent) lower than budget, due mainly to lower than expected property tax collections. General Fund revenue was \$125,328 higher than the prior year, with the largest increase in property tax revenue, due to an increase in the levy.

Other financing sources were \$595,590 under budget, as capital lease and refunding debt issuances differed from what was anticipated.

Total General Fund expenditures and other financing uses were for the year were \$41,555,886, which was \$394,535 under budget.

Expenditures were \$1,131,683 (2.8 percent) over budget, mainly due to capital costs financed through capital leases. General Fund expenditures increased \$2,853,841 from the previous year, with the largest increases in the areas of regular and special education instruction, instructional support services, and the maintenance and improvement of sites and buildings.

Other financing uses were \$1,526,218 under budget, due to a debt refunding budgeted in the General Fund but reported in the Debt Service Fund.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES IN OTHER FUNDS

Analysis of the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund

The Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund ended the year with expenditures exceeding revenues by \$778,012, compared to a planned fund balance decrease of \$479,977. The planned decrease in equity is a result of the District utilizing proceeds from a prior year bond issue for capital improvements. At year-end, \$350,148 of fund balance remains, which is restricted for building construction.

Analysis of the Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund expenditures and other financing uses exceeded revenues and other financing sources by \$59,122, decreasing fund balance to \$808,454 at year-end. In addition to its regularly scheduled debt service payments, the District refunded a previous lease purchase agreement at a more favorable interest rate. Of the remaining fund balance, \$87,083 is restricted for OPEB bond debt service, and \$721,371 is restricted for general debt service.

Analysis of Other Governmental Funds

The District's final budget for the Food Service Special Revenue Fund projected a fund balance decrease of \$214,158, compared to an actual decrease of \$144,413. Revenues were over budget by \$100,743, mainly due to additional federal funding for an expansion of meals served through the child nutrition program during the COVID-19 pandemic. Expenditures were over appropriations by \$31,321, mainly in supplies (including food costs) and materials.

The District's final budget for the Community Service Special Revenue Fund projected a fund balance decrease of \$474,433, while actual fund balance decreased by \$444,267. Revenues were under budget by \$106,867, mainly in program fees and tuition. Expenditures were under budget by \$137,033, with the savings in salaries, supplies and materials, capital outlay, and other expenditures. These variances were mainly caused by a decrease in program participation, due to COVID-19.

Analysis of Internal Service Funds

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency of a government to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District maintains two internal service funds used to account for its self-insured dental and medical insurance functions.

Operating revenues (charges assessed to the governmental funds) for the internal service funds for fiscal 2020 totaled \$4,291,712. This is an increase from the fiscal year 2019 operating revenue level of \$3,648,763, due to the premium rates on the self-insured medical plan increasing approximately 17 percent from the prior year. Nonoperating revenues totaled \$11,633, compared to the fiscal year 2019 nonoperating revenue of \$7,441. Operating expenses totaled \$3,438,913, which represents a decrease from the fiscal year 2019 operating expenditures of \$3,953,235. The decrease in claims was primarily the result of the limited availability of elective medical and dental services during the last quarter of the fiscal year, due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The net position balance for all internal service funds as of June 30, 2020 was \$899,978, an increase of \$864,432 from the prior year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

Table 6 shows the District's capital assets, together with changes from the previous year. The table also shows the total depreciation expense for fiscal years ended June 30, 2020 and 2019:

	Table 6 Capital Assets		
	2020	2019	Change
Land	\$ 602,074	\$ 602,074	\$ -
Construction in progress	1,440,324	28,055,712	(26,615,388)
Land improvements	9,154,095	4,896,141	4,257,954
Buildings	105,632,111	80,341,114	25,290,997
Furniture and equipment	5,313,088	4,138,528	1,174,560
Less accumulated depreciation	(41,858,104)	(38,773,634)	(3,084,470)
Total	\$ 80,283,588	\$ 79,259,935	\$ 1,023,653
Depreciation expense	\$ 3,090,070	\$ 2,875,514	\$ 214,556

Most of the activity in capital assets relates to the completion of construction of the District's new Activity Center.

Long-Term Liabilities

Table 7 shows the components of the District's long-term liabilities and the change from the prior year:

Table 7 Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities						
	2020	2019	Change			
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 62,545,000	\$ 66,400,000	\$ (3,855,000)			
Premium (discount) on bonds	4,334,555	4,825,159	(490,604)			
Capital leases payable	3,394,242	2,278,705	1,115,537			
Net pension liabilities	24,190,759	23,442,399	748,360			
Net OPEB liability	2,516,195	1,925,747	590,448			
Severance payable	1,335,589	1,311,603	23,986			
Total	\$ 98,316,340	\$ 100,183,613	\$ (1,867,273)			

The decrease in long-term liabilities included scheduled principal payments on bonds and capital leases and the current refunding of a transportation center lease purchase agreement; partially offset by the issuance of several new capital leases, and increases in the District's pension and OPEB plan liabilities.

The state limits the amount of general obligation debt the District can issue to 15 percent of the market value of all taxable property within the District's corporate limits (see Table 8).

Table Limitations	-
District's market value Limit rate	\$ 3,872,495,300 15.0%
Legal debt limit	\$ 580,874,295

Additional details of the District's capital assets and long-term debt activity can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

With the exception of the voter-approved operating referendum, the District is dependent on the state of Minnesota for a majority of its revenue authority.

The general education program is the method by which school districts receive the majority of their financial support. This source of funding is primarily state aid and, as such, school districts rely heavily on the state of Minnesota for educational resources. The Legislature has added \$129, or 2 percent, per pupil to the formula for fiscal year 2021.

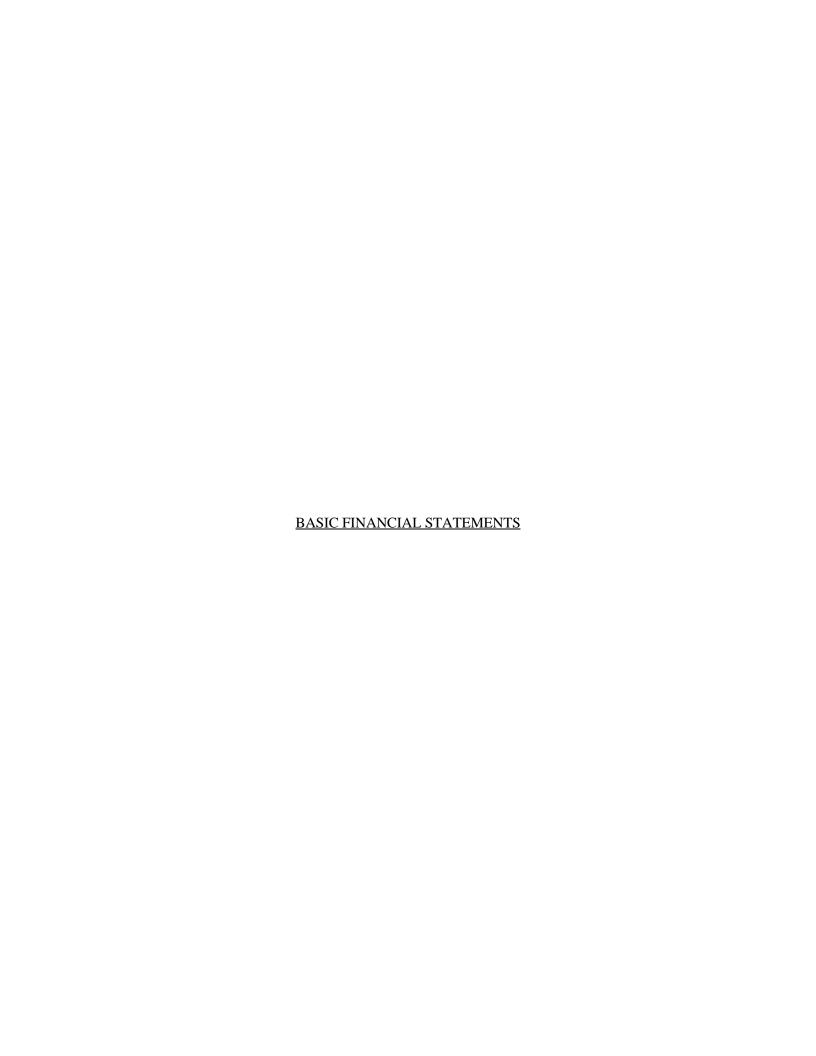
The COVID-19 pandemic has impacted how the District provides instruction. The District completed the 2019–2020 school year with distance learning. Increased expenditures for personal protective equipment, sanitation supplies, and technology are expected in the upcoming fiscal year.

The amount of funding a district receives is also dependent on the number of students it serves, meaning attracting and retaining students is critical to the District's financial well-being. The COVID-19 pandemic may impact how many students the District attracts and maintains. Students choosing to enroll in other online schools, private school options, or kindergarten families choosing to wait a year, could impact District revenues.

The District will strive to maintain its longstanding commitment to academic excellence and educational opportunity for students within a framework of financial fiduciary responsibility.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This CAFR is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Business Office, Independent School District No. 278, 685 Old Crystal Bay Road North, Long Lake, Minnesota 55356.



Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2019)

	Governmental Activities		
	2020	2019	
Assets			
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 19,611,520	\$ 21,390,753	
Receivables			
Current taxes	9,718,453	8,870,093	
Delinquent taxes	280,480	288,333	
Accounts and interest	543,656	847,121	
Due from other governmental units	2,897,492	2,785,113	
Due from Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund	128,505	341,944	
Inventory	103,985	5 83,510	
Prepaid items	155,420	170,912	
Restricted assets – temporarily restricted			
Cash and investments for capital asset acquisition	372,131	l –	
Capital assets			
Not depreciated	2,042,398	8 28,657,786	
Depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation	78,241,190	50,602,149	
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	80,283,588	79,259,935	
Total assets	114,095,230		
Deferred outflows of resources			
Pension plan deferments	19,000,452	27,595,653	
OPEB plan deferments	272,566	5 157,674	
Total deferred outflows of resources	19,273,018		
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 133,368,248	\$ 141,791,041	
Liabilities			
Salaries payable	\$ 920,693	3 \$ 1,017,631	
Accounts and contracts payable	1,805,570	2,741,794	
Accrued interest payable	944,459	1,058,732	
Due to other governmental units	86,951	148,908	
Unearned revenue	832,420	935,973	
Claims and judgements payable	96,000	64,000	
Long-term liabilities			
Due within one year	5,035,605	5 4,388,432	
Due in more than one year	93,280,735	5 95,795,181	
Total long-term liabilities	98,316,340	100,183,613	
Total liabilities	103,002,433	3 106,150,651	
Deferred inflows of resources			
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	17,594,034	17,051,086	
Pension plan deferments	28,391,362	2 35,408,727	
OPEB plan deferments	105,172	2 161,755	
Total deferred inflows of resources	46,090,568	52,621,568	
Net position			
Net investment in capital assets	13,126,922	9,268,412	
Restricted for			
Capital asset acquisition	1,589,427	7 1,882,688	
Food service	252,220	396,633	
Community service	460,383	903,854	
Other purposes (state funding restrictions)	970,635		
Unrestricted	(32,124,340	(29,473,464)	
Total net position	(15,724,753		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 133,368,248	\$ 141,791,041	

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

			2020			2019
]	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenue Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Governmental Activities
1 unctions/1 lograms	Expenses	Scrvices	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities
Governmental activities						
Administration	\$ 1,403,513	\$ -	\$ 30,632	\$ -	\$ (1,372,881)	\$ (1,082,624)
District support services	1,648,088	_	_	_	(1,648,088)	(1,632,705)
Elementary and secondary						
regular instruction	22,661,409	316,534	1,385,672	_	(20,959,203)	(12,303,620)
Vocational education						
instruction	347,654	_	_	_	(347,654)	(177,043)
Special education instruction	5,264,305	_	3,553,300	_	(1,711,005)	25,584
Instructional support services	3,140,503	82,131	_	_	(3,058,372)	(1,884,550)
Pupil support services	2,933,397	_	25,001	_	(2,908,396)	(2,643,697)
Sites and buildings	6,168,157	437,382	371,806	1,112,400	(4,246,569)	(5,804,382)
Fiscal and other fixed cost					, , , ,	, , ,
programs	282,859	_	_	_	(282,859)	(401,279)
Food service	1,480,033	985,830	310,374	_	(183,829)	(44,037)
Community service	3,366,310	2,368,221	216,837	_	(781,252)	(214,324)
Interest and fiscal charges	1,924,200				(1,924,200)	(2,233,460)
Total governmental activities	\$ 50,620,428	\$ 4,190,098	\$ 5,893,622	\$ 1,112,400	(39,424,308)	(28,396,137)
	General revenue					
	Taxes Property taxe	es, levied for gener	ral nurnoses		11,669,219	11,064,867
		es, levied for comr			283,184	279,156
		es, levied for debt	•		6,171,406	6,066,606
	General grants		SCI VICC		20,455,376	19,144,727
	Other general r				964,745	1,204,188
	Investment ear				273,763	582,863
		eral revenue			39,817,693	38,342,407
	1 otal gen	iciai icvenue			37,617,073	30,342,407
	Change in	n net position			393,385	9,946,270
	Net position – be	eginning, as previo	ously reported		(16,981,178)	(26,927,448)
	Change in accou	C - 1			863,040	_
	-	eginning, as restate	ed		(16,118,138)	(26,927,448)
	Net position – en	ding			\$ (15,724,753)	\$ (16,981,178)
		\mathcal{L}				

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2019)

	G	eneral Fund	Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund		Debt Service Fund	
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	12,432,021	\$	551,912	\$	3,838,246
Cash and investments held by trustee		372,131		_		_
Receivables						
Current taxes		6,236,615		_		3,324,055
Delinquent taxes		179,405		_		96,455
Accounts and interest		529,338		20		_
Due from other governmental units		2,812,029		_		2,945
Due from other funds		128,505		_		_
Inventory		50,220		_		_
Prepaid items		150,843			-	_
Total assets	\$	22,891,107	\$	551,932	\$	7,261,701
Liabilities						
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$	844,295	\$	_	\$	_
Accounts and contracts payable		948,525		201,784		_
Due to other governmental units		86,857		_		_
Unearned revenue		372,130				_
Total liabilities		2,251,807		201,784		_
Deferred inflows of resources						
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		151,154		_		85,068
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		10,923,577				6,368,179
Total deferred inflows of resources		11,074,731		_		6,453,247
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		201,063		_		_
Restricted		2,582,045		350,148		808,454
Assigned		1,258,883		_		_
Unassigned		5,522,578				
Total fund balances		9,564,569		350,148		808,454
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and fund balances	\$	22,891,107	\$	551,932	\$	7,261,701

		Total Governmental Funds			
Nor	nmajor Funds		2020		2019
	-				
\$	918,331	\$	17,740,510	\$	20,446,073
	_		372,131		_
	157,783		9,718,453		8,870,093
	4,620		280,480		288,333
	5,918		535,276		833,677
	82,518		2,897,492		2,785,113
	_		128,505		341,944
	53,765		103,985		83,510
	4,577		155,420		170,912
\$	1,227,512	\$	31,932,252	\$	33,819,655
\$	76,398	\$	920,693	\$	1,017,631
	40,818		1,191,127		2,187,300
	94		86,951		148,908
	95,321		467,451		567,889
	212,631		2,666,222		3,921,728
	4,066		240,288		180,121
	302,278		17,594,034		17,051,086
	306,344		17,834,322		17,231,207
	58,342		259,405		254,422
	650,195		4,390,842		5,182,742
	_		1,258,883		1,130,600
			5,522,578		6,098,956
	708,537		11,431,708		12,666,720
\$	1,227,512	\$	31,932,252	\$	33,819,655



Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2019)

	2020	2019
Total fund balances – governmental funds	\$ 11,431,708	\$ 12,666,720
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances because they do not represent financial resources.		
Cost of capital assets	122,141,692	118,033,569
Accumulated depreciation	(41,858,104)	(38,773,634)
Long-term liabilities are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances until due and payable. Debt issuance premiums and discounts are excluded from net position until amortized, but are included in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.		
Claims and judgements payable	(96,000)	(64,000)
General obligation bonds payable	(62,545,000)	(66,400,000)
(Premium) discount on bonds	(4,334,555)	(4,825,159)
Capital leases payable	(3,394,242)	(2,278,705)
Net pension liabilities	(24,190,759)	(23,442,399)
Net OPEB liability	(2,516,195)	(1,925,747)
Severance payable	(1,335,589)	(1,311,603)
Accrued interest payable on long-term debt is included in net position, but is		
excluded from fund balances until due and payable.	(944,459)	(1,058,732)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	899,978	35,546
The recognition of certain revenues and expenses/expenditures differ between the full accrual governmental activities financial statements and the modified accrual governmental fund financial statements.		
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments	19,000,452	27,595,653
Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	272,566	157,674
Deferred inflows of resources – delinquent property taxes	240,288	180,121
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(28,391,362)	(35,408,727)
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	(105,172)	(161,755)
Total net position – governmental activities	\$ (15,724,753)	\$ (16,981,178)

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

		Capital Projects – Building	Debt
	General Fund	Construction Fund	Service Fund
n.			
Revenue			
Local sources	¢ 11.622.205	¢	¢ (140,000
Property taxes	\$ 11,632,385	\$ -	\$ 6,148,869
Investment earnings	180,679	29,826	35,807
Other	1,793,477	_	20.454
State sources	25,164,889	_	29,454
Federal sources	617,817	20.024	
Total revenue	39,389,247	29,826	6,214,130
Expenditures			
Current			
Administration	1,280,235	_	_
District support services	1,601,987	_	_
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	19,655,478	_	-
Vocational education instruction	324,158	_	_
Special education instruction	5,049,917	_	_
Instructional support services	3,027,103	_	_
Pupil support services	2,887,476	_	_
Sites and buildings	6,963,976	_	_
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	282,859	=	=
Food service		=	=
Community service	=	_	_
Capital outlay	=	807,838	=
Debt service		,	
Principal	388,796	_	3,855,000
Interest and fiscal charges	93,901	=	2,435,176
Total expenditures	41,555,886	807,838	6,290,176
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(2,166,639)	(778,012)	(76,046)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Sale of assets	6,992	=	=
Capital lease issued	1,487,409	_	_
Debt issued		=	=
Refunding debt issued	_	_	1,543,142
Premiums on debt issued	=	=	· · · · =
Debt refunding payments	_	_	(1,526,218)
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,494,401		16,924
Net change in fund balances	(672,238)	(778,012)	(59,122)
Fund balances			
Beginning of year, as previously reported	9,373,767	1,128,160	867,576
Change in accounting principle	863,040	-,,	=
Beginning of year, as restated	10,236,807	1,128,160	867,576
End of year	\$ 9,564,569	\$ 350,148	\$ 808,454
	Ψ 2,30π,307	Ψ 330,170	Ψ 000,τ5τ

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		Total Govern	menta	l Funds
Non	major Funds	2020		2019
1				
\$	282,388	\$ 18,063,642	\$	17,370,790
	15,818	262,130		575,422
	3,354,051	5,147,528		6,334,523
	264,780	25,459,123		25,303,879
	262,431	880,248		841,851
	4,179,468	49,812,671		50,426,465
	=	1,280,235		1,448,004
	_	1,601,987		1,742,369
	_	19,655,478		18,727,494
	_	324,158		288,572
	_	5,049,917		4,615,399
	_	3,027,103		2,434,834
	_	2,887,476		3,033,796
	_	6,963,976		5,696,569
	_	282,859		401,279
	1,446,787	1,446,787		1,551,564
	3,224,353	3,224,353		3,263,556
	97,331	905,169		15,547,052
	,	,		- , ,
	_	4,243,796		3,997,044
	_	2,529,077		2,739,097
	4,768,471	53,422,371		65,486,629
	(589,003)	(3,609,700)		(15,060,164)
	, ,			
	323	7,315		_
	=	1,487,409		123,402
	_			1,900,000
	_	1,543,142		2,990,000
	=	, , , <u> </u>		110,336
	=	(1,526,218)		(2,950,000)
1	323	1,511,648		2,173,738
		<u> </u>		
	(588,680)	(2,098,052)		(12,886,426)
	. , ,	, , ,		
	1,297,217	12,666,720		25,553,146
	_	863,040		· —
	1,297,217	13,529,760		25,553,146
	·	·		
\$	708,537	\$ 11,431,708	\$	12,666,720



Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020	2019
Total net change in fund balances – governmental funds	\$ (2,098,052)	\$ (12,886,426)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays and contributions are recorded as net position and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. However, fund balances are reduced for the full cost of capital outlays at the time of purchase and capital contributions are not reported in the governmental fund financial statements.		
Capital outlays	3,001,323	15,705,889
Capital contributions	1,112,400	_
Depreciation expense	(3,090,070)	(2,875,514)
The amount of debt issued is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing, but constitutes a long-term liability in the governmental activities.		
General obligation bonds issued	_	(4,890,000)
Capital leases issued	(3,030,551)	(123,402)
Repayment of long-term liabilities does not affect the change in net position. However, it reduces fund balances.		
General obligation bonds payable	3,855,000	6,725,000
Capital leases payable	1,915,014	222,044
Certain expenses are included in the change in net position, but do not require the use of current funds, and are not included in the change in fund balances.	(22.000)	50 00 7
Claims and judgements payable	(32,000)	68,997
Net pension liabilities	(748,360)	41,375,201
Net OPEB liability	(590,448)	(454,386) 72,394
Severance payable	(23,986)	12,394
Debt issuance premiums and discounts are included in the change in net position as they are amortized over the life of the debt. However, they are included in the change in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.	490,604	360,596
Interest on long-term debt is included in the change in net position as it accrues, regardless of when payment is due. However, it is included in the change in fund balances when due.	114,273	34,705
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.	864,432	(297,031)
The recognition of certain revenues and expenses/expenditures differ between the full accrual governmental activities financial statements and the modified accrual governmental fund financial statements.		
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(8,595,201)	(8,415,117)
Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	114,892	80,963
Deferred inflows of resources – delinquent property taxes	60,167	39,839
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	7,017,365	(24,769,030)
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	56,583	(28,452)
Change in net position – governmental activities	\$ 393,385	\$ 9,946,270



Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts			Over (Under)	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
Revenue					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ 11,650,644	\$ 11,935,491	\$ 11,632,385	\$ (303,106)	
Investment earnings	320,500	143,750	180,679	36,929	
Other	1,674,793	1,649,972	1,793,477	143,505	
State sources	25,280,557	25,304,484	25,164,889	(139,595)	
Federal sources	588,292	618,225	617,817	(408)	
Total revenue	39,514,786	39,651,922	39,389,247	(262,675)	
Expenditures					
Current					
Administration	1,492,748	1,295,910	1,280,235	(15,675)	
District support services	1,708,125	1,799,892	1,601,987	(197,905)	
Elementary and secondary regular					
instruction	19,303,814	19,756,548	19,655,478	(101,070)	
Vocational education instruction	298,208	313,433	324,158	10,725	
Special education instruction	4,923,954	5,086,496	5,049,917	(36,579)	
Instructional support services	2,863,184	3,099,714	3,027,103	(72,611)	
Pupil support services	2,839,899	3,052,070	2,887,476	(164,594)	
Sites and buildings	5,215,386	5,372,234	6,963,976	1,591,742	
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	189,298	283,058	282,859	(199)	
Debt service					
Principal	120,240	237,612	388,796	151,184	
Interest and fiscal charges	30,096	127,236	93,901	(33,335)	
Total expenditures	38,984,952	40,424,203	41,555,886	1,131,683	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over expenditures	529,834	(772,281)	(2,166,639)	(1,394,358)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Other financing sources (uses) Sale of assets		6,991	6,992	1	
Capital lease issued	_	539,962	1,487,409	947,447	
Refunding debt issued	_	1,543,038	1,467,409		
Debt refunding payments	_	(1,526,218)	_	(1,543,038) 1,526,218	
Total other financing sources (uses)		563,773	1,494,401	930,628	
Total other financing sources (uses)		303,773	1,494,401	930,028	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 529,834	\$ (208,508)	(672,238)	\$ (463,730)	
Fund balances					
Beginning of year, as previously reported			9,373,767		
Change in accounting principle			863,040		
Beginning of year, as restated			10,236,807		
End of year			\$ 9,564,569		

Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds as of June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2019)

	2020	2019
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,871,010	\$ 944,680
Receivables		
Accounts and interest	8,380	13,444
Total current assets	1,879,390	958,124
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Accounts and contracts payable	614,443	554,494
Unearned revenue	364,969	368,084
Total current liabilities	979,412	922,578
Net position		
Unrestricted	\$ 899,978	\$ 35,546

Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020	2019
Operating revenue		
Charges for services		
Assessed to governmental funds	\$ 4,291,712	\$ 3,648,763
Operating expenses		
Dental benefit claims	229,265	269,683
Medical benefit claims	3,209,648	3,683,552
Total operating expenses	3,438,913	3,953,235
Operating income (loss)	852,799	(304,472)
Nonoperating revenue		
Investment earnings	11,633	 7,441
Change in net position	864,432	(297,031)
Net position		
Beginning of year	35,546	332,577
End of year	\$ 899,978	\$ 35,546

Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020			2019		
Cash flows from operating activities						
Received from assessments made to governmental funds	\$	4,293,661	\$	3,690,778		
Payments for dental claims		(230,396)		(255,852)		
Payments for medical claims		(3,148,568)		(3,459,297)		
Net cash flows from operating activities		914,697		(24,371)		
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest on investments		11,633		7,441		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		926,330		(16,930)		
Cash and cash equivalents						
Beginning of year		944,680		961,610		
End of year	\$	1,871,010	\$	944,680		
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net						
cash flows from operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	\$	852,799	\$	(304,472)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)						
to net cash flows from operating activities						
Accounts and interest receivable		5,064		(578)		
Accounts and contracts payable		59,949		238,086		
Unearned revenue		(3,115)		42,593		
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	914,697	\$	(24,371)		

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds as of June 30, 2020

	Private–P Trust	(Custodial Fund	Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund		
Assets						
Cash and investments held by trustee						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	2,913,700
Investments at fair value						
MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio		_		_		702,575
State and local general obligations		_		_		496,760
Accounts and interest receivable		_		11,569		92,183
Total assets		_		11,569		4,205,218
Liabilities						
Checks issued, but not presented for payment		_		11,569		_
Due to governmental funds		_		, _		128,505
Total liabilities		_		11,569		128,505
Net position						
Restricted for OPEB	\$		\$		\$	4,076,713

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Private–Purpose Trust Fund	Custodial Fund	Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund
Additions			
Contributions			
Miscellaneous	\$ -	\$ 5,675	\$ -
Investment earnings			118,115
Total additions		5,675	118,115
Deductions			
Miscellaneous	_	5,675	_
Benefits			128,505
Total deductions		5,675	128,505
Change in net position	-	_	(10,390)
Net position			
Beginning of year, as previously reported	705,578	_	4,087,103
Change in accounting principle	(705,578)	_	_
Beginning of year, as restated			4,087,103
End of year	\$ _	\$	\$ 4,076,713



Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2020

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Organization

Independent School District No. 278 (the District) was formed and operates pursuant to applicable Minnesota laws. The District is governed by a School Board elected by voters of the District to serve four-year terms. The District's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other organizations that comprise the District, along with any component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit includes whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit. Based on these criteria, there are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

C. Government-Wide Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District, except for the fiduciary funds. Generally, the effect of material interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other internally directed revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are generally recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied, except for amounts advance recognized in accordance with a statutory "tax shift" described later in these notes. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Depreciation expense is included as a direct expense in the functional areas that utilize the related capital assets. Interest is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

D. Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Aggregated information for the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is reported in a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the following manner:

- 1. Revenue Recognition Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District generally considers revenues to be available if collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to funding formulas established by Minnesota Statutes. Debt proceeds or acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.
- 2. Recording of Expenditures Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and other long-term obligations, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as capital outlay expenditures in governmental funds. In the General Fund, capital outlay expenditures are included within the applicable functional areas.

Internal service funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. The cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service funds are charges to customers (other district funds) for service. Operating expenses for the internal service funds include the cost of services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type: pension (or other benefit) trust and custodial. Since, by definition, fiduciary fund assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the District, these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting as described earlier in these notes.

Description of Funds

The existence of the various district funds has been established (or allowed) by the Minnesota Department of Education (MDE). Each fund is accounted for as an independent entity. A description of the funds included in this report is as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The District maintains two internal accounts within the General Fund. The Operating Account is used to account for the general operations of the District. The Capital Expenditure Account is used to account for the maintenance of facilities, equipment purchases, and pay-as-you-go long-term facilities maintenance projects.

Capital Projects – **Building Construction Fund** – The Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, generally authorized by bond issue.

Debt Service Fund – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general obligation debt principal, interest, and related costs. The District maintains a separate Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Debt Service Account within the Debt Service Fund to account for OPEB-related debt activity. All other debt service is reported in the Regular Debt Service Account.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Food Service Special Revenue Fund – The Food Service Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the District's child nutrition program.

Community Service Special Revenue Fund – The Community Service Special Revenue Fund is used to account for services provided to residents in the areas of recreation, civic activities, nonpublic pupils, adult or early childhood programs, or other similar services.

Proprietary Funds

Internal Service Funds – Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the District, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District's internal service funds are used to account for and finance the self-insured risk of loss of the District's employee dental and medical healthcare plans.

Fiduciary Funds

Private-Purpose Trust Fund – The Private-Purpose Trust Fund was used to account for scholarship activity in previous years that was moved to the General Fund through a change in accounting principle in the current year.

Custodial Fund – The Custodial Fund is used as a flow through mechanism in which the District receives funds and distributes these funds to an organization, with no financial benefit to the District.

Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund – The Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund is used to administer assets held in an irrevocable trust to fund post-employment insurance benefits for eligible employees.

E. Budgetary Information

The School Board adopts an annual budget for all governmental funds prepared on the same basis of accounting as the financial statements. Legal budgetary control is at the fund level. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts in the General Fund, Food Service Special Revenue Fund, Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund, and the Debt Service Fund by \$1,131,683, \$31,321, \$293,438, and \$16,923, respectively. Revenues and other financing sources in excess of budget, along with available fund balance, funded these variances.

F. Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash and temporary investments include balances from all funds that are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by state law. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund. Earnings from the investments of the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund and all trust funds are allocated specifically to those funds.

Cash and investments held by trustee includes balances held in segregated accounts established for specific purposes. In the General Fund, this represents assets held in escrow for capital purposes, which is reported as a restricted asset in the government-wide financial statements. In the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, this represents assets contributed to an irrevocable trust established to finance the District's liability for post-employment insurance benefits. Interest earned on these investments is allocated directly to the respective escrow accounts.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity from the time of purchase by the District of three months or less to be cash equivalent. The Proprietary Fund's equity in the government-wide cash and investment management pool is considered to be cash equivalent.

Investments are generally stated at fair value, except for investments in certain external investment pools, which are stated at amortized cost. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments (including commercial paper, bankers' acceptance, and U.S. treasury and agency obligations) purchased with a remaining maturity of one year or less may also be reported at amortized cost. Investment income is accrued at the Balance Sheet date.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

See Note 2 for the District's recurring fair value measurements as of year-end.

G. Receivables

When necessary, the District utilizes an allowance for uncollectible accounts to value its receivables. However, the District considers all of its current receivables to be collectible. The only receivables not expected to be fully collected within one year are property taxes receivable.

At year-end, the District reported the following receivables due from other governmental units:

Due from the MDE Due from other Minnesota school districts Due from other governmental units	\$ 2,718,111 83,141 96,240
Total due from other governmental units	\$ 2,897,492

H. Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method of accounting and consist of purchased food, supplies, fuel, and surplus commodities received from the federal government. Purchased food, supplies, and fuel are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Surplus commodities are stated at standardized costs, as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenses/expenditures at the time of consumption.

J. Property Taxes

The majority of district revenue is determined annually by statutory funding formulas. The total revenue allowed by these formulas is allocated between property taxes and state aids by the Legislature based on education funding priorities.

Generally, property taxes are recognized as revenue by the District in the fiscal year that begins midway through the calendar year in which the tax levy is collectible. To help balance the state budget, the Minnesota Legislature utilizes a tool referred to as the "tax shift," which periodically changes the District's recognition of property tax revenue. The tax shift advance recognizes cash collected for the subsequent year's levy as current year revenue, allowing the state to reduce the amount of aid paid to the District. Currently, the mandated tax shift recognizes \$1,024,421 of the property tax levy collectible in 2020 as revenue to the District in fiscal year 2019–2020. The remaining portion of the taxes collectible in 2020 is recorded as deferred inflow of resources (property taxes levied for subsequent year).

Property tax levies are certified to the County Auditor in December of each year for collection from taxpayers in May and October of the following calendar year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The county spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on property on the following January 1. The county generally remits taxes to the District at periodic intervals as they are collected.

Taxes that remain unpaid are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. Revenue from these delinquent property taxes that is not collected within 60 days of year-end is reported as a deferred inflow of resources (unavailable revenue) in the fund financial statements because it is not known to be available to finance the operations of the District in the current year.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The District defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of \$3,000 or more, which benefit more than one fiscal year. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since assets are generally sold for an immaterial amount or scrapped when declared as no longer fit or needed for public school purposes by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary, ranging from 10 to 50 years for land improvements and buildings, and 5 to 25 years for furniture and equipment. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

The District does not possess material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks or parking lots. Such items are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

L. Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. If material, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period as other financing sources or uses, respectively. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

M. Employee Benefits

- 1. Compensated Absences Under the terms of certain collectively bargained contracts, eligible employees accrue vacation and sick leave at varying rates. Vacation and sick pay are accrued in the governmental funds to the extent they have been used or otherwise matured prior to year-end. Because teachers are not eligible for vacation pay and amounts accrued to other employees are insignificant, no liability for unused vacation is recorded in the financial statements. Some employee bargaining groups are eligible to be compensated for unused sick leave upon termination subject to certain conditions. Convertible sick leave is recorded as a liability (severance payable) in the government-wide financial statements as it is earned and it becomes probable that it will vest at some point in the future.
- **2. Post-Employment Healthcare Benefits** The District provides post-employment healthcare benefits to eligible employee groups in accordance with provisions in certain collectively bargained contracts based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. See the Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan note for further information.

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the District's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and certain investments that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at amortized cost.

3. State-Wide Pension Plans – District employees participate in cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA), to which the District contributes. See the Defined Benefit Pension Plans – State-Wide note for further information.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the PERA and the TRA plans and additions to/deductions from the PERA's and the TRA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERA and the TRA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The TRA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis Public Schools. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association into the TRA in 2006. A second direct aid source is from the state of Minnesota for the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association in 2015.

The PERA has a special funding situation created by a direct aid contribution made by the state of Minnesota. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund into the PERA on January 1, 2015.

N. Risk Management

- 1. **General Insurance** The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and workers' compensation for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in the District's insurance coverage in the current fiscal year.
- 2. **Self-Insurance** The District has established two internal service funds to account for and finance its self-insured risk of loss for respective employee dental and medical health insurance plans. Under these plans, the internal service funds provide coverage to participating employees and their dependents for various dental and healthcare costs as described in the plans.

The District makes premium payments that include both employer and employee contributions to the internal service funds on behalf of program participants based on rates determined by insurance company estimates of monthly claims paid for each coverage class, plus the stop-loss health insurance premium costs and administrative service charges.

District claim liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have incurred, but not reported. Because actual claim liabilities depend on complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing a claim liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are evaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors

Changes in the balance of dental claim liabilities for the last two years were as follows:

			Cu	rrent Year				
	Beg	ginning of	C	laims and				
Fiscal Year		Fiscal	C	hanges in			Ва	alance at
Ended	Year Liability		Estimates		Clai	m Payments	Fisca	ıl Year-End
June 30, 2019	\$	13,561	\$	269,683	\$	255,852	\$	27,392
June 30, 2020	\$	27,392	\$	229,265	\$	230,396	\$	26,261

Changes in the balance of medical claim liabilities for the last two years were as follows:

			C	urrent Year					
	Be	ginning of	(Claims and					
Fiscal Year	Fiscal Changes in						В	alance at	
Ended	Year Liability		led Year Liability Estimates Claim Payment		Estimates		im Payments	Fiscal Year-End	
June 30, 2019	\$	302,847	\$	3,683,552	\$	3,459,297	\$	527,102	
June 30, 2020	\$	527,102	\$	3,209,648	\$	3,148,568	\$	588,182	

O. Claims and Judgements Payable

Claims and judgements payable are recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements when probable and reasonably estimable. Claims and judgements payable are recorded in the governmental fund financial statements when due and payable.

P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, statements of financial position or balance sheets will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows or inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements represent a consumption or acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) or an inflow of financial resources (revenue) until then.

The District reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. These deferred outflows and inflows result from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in proportion, changes of assumptions, differences between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB plan investments, and contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the reporting period. These amounts are deferred and amortized as required under pension and OPEB standards.

Property taxes levied for subsequent years, which represents property taxes received or reported as a receivable before the period for which the taxes are levied, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Property taxes levied for subsequent years are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements in the year for which they are levied, and in the governmental fund financial statements during the year for which they are levied, if available.

Unavailable revenue from property taxes arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Delinquent property taxes not collected within 60 days of year-end are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the governmental funds in the period the amounts become available.

O. Net Position

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- **Net Investment in Capital Assets** Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- **Restricted Net Position** Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Unrestricted Net Position All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

R. Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

- **Nonspendable** Consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventory, and other long-term assets.
- **Restricted** Consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors, or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.
- Committed Consists of internally imposed constraints that are established by resolution of the School Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints consist of amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the governing body itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. Pursuant to School Board resolution, the District's superintendent is authorized to establish assignments of fund balance.
- **Unassigned** The residual classification for the General Fund, which also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to first use restricted resources, then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use the resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

S. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

T. Prior Period Comparative Financial Information/Reclassification

The basic financial statements include certain prior year partial comparative information in total but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019, from which the summarized information was derived. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

U. Change in Accounting Principle

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District adopted new accounting guidance by implementing the provisions of GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which establishes new criteria for identifying and reporting fiduciary activities. The implementation of this statement resulted in the presentation of the District's extracurricular student activity accounts in the General Fund and its governmental activities, rather than excluding them from the reporting entity as it has in the past. The District previously presented a private-purpose trust fund for scholarship activity, which has also been combined into the General Fund and its governmental activities. The standard required retroactive implementation, which resulted in an increase of \$863,040 in the fund balance in the General Fund and net position of governmental activities as of July 1, 2019, and a decrease in the net position of the previously reported private-purpose trust fund of \$705,578.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Components of Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at year-end consist of the following:

Deposits Investments	\$	9,389,853
Investments Total cash and investments	<u> </u>	14,695,264
Total cash and investments	Ф	24,085,117

Cash and investments are presented in the financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position	
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 19,611,520
Restricted assets – temporarily restricted	
Cash and investments for capital asset acquisition	372,131
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Cash and investments held by trustee	4,113,035
Checks issued, but not presented for payment	 (11,569)
	 _
Total cash and investments	\$ 24,085,117

B. Deposits

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the School Board, including checking accounts, savings accounts, and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit.

The following is considered the most significant risk associated with deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may be lost.

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by federal deposit insurance, corporate surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The District's deposit policies do not further limit depository choices.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$9,389,853, while the balance on the bank records was \$9,680,760. At June 30, 2020, all deposits were fully covered by federal deposit insurance, surety bonds, or collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Investments

The District has the following investments at year-end:

	Credit	Rating	Fair Value Measurements	Interest Risk – Maturity Duration in Years				rs	Carrying		
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	Using	Using Less Than 1 1 to 5				Value			
State and local obligations	Aa	Moody's	Level 2	\$	496,760	\$		_	\$	496,760	
Investment pools/mutual funds											
Federated Hermes Treasury											
Obligations Fund	AAA	S&P	N/A		N/A		N/A			372,131	
MSDLAF – Liquid Class	AAA	S&P	N/A		N/A		N/A			3,971,090	
MSDLAF – MAX Class	AAA	S&P	N/A		N/A		N/A			2,161	
MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio	AAA	S&P	N/A		N/A		N/A			9,103,122	
MNTrust Term Series	N/R	N/A	N/A	\$	750,000	\$		_		750,000	
Total investments									\$ 1	4,695,264	

N/A – Not Applicable N/R – Not Rated

The District's investments include external investment pools managed by MNTrust and the Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund (MSDLAF), which are regulated by Minnesota Statutes and not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The District's investments in these investment pools are measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pools, which are based on amortized cost methods that approximate fair value. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals from the MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio or MSDLAF Liquid Class investment pools. Investments in the MSDLAF MAX Class must be deposited for a minimum of 14 calendar days with the exception of direct investments of funds distributed by the state of Minnesota. Withdrawals prior to the 14-day restriction period may be subject to a penalty and there is a 24 hour hold on all requests for redemptions. MNTrust Term Series Portfolios are intended to be held until maturity; a participant's withdrawal prior to maturity will require seven-days' notice of redemption and will likely carry a penalty, which could be substantial in that it would be intended to allow the Term Series Portfolio to recoup any associated penalties, charges, losses or other costs associated with the early redemption of the investments therein.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments are subject to various risks, the following of which are considered the most significant:

Custodial Credit Risk – For investments, this is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to an investment transaction (typically a broker-dealer) the District would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Although the District's investment policies do not directly address custodial credit risk, it typically limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments, or by the control of who holds the securities.

Credit Risk – This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Minnesota Statutes limit the District's investments to direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies; shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 that receive the highest credit rating, are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; general obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better; bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System; commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, rated of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less; Guaranteed Investment Contracts guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, domestic branch of a foreign bank, or a United States insurance company, and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories; repurchase or reverse purchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000; that are a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers. For assets held in the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, the investment options available to the District are expanded to include the investment types specified in Minnesota Statutes § 356A.06, Subd.7.

In addition to statutory restrictions, the District's investment policy limits the types of investments to United States securities, state and local securities, commercial paper, and time deposits, as defined in Minnesota Statutes § 118A.04.

Concentration Risk – This is the risk associated with investing a significant portion of the District's investments (considered 5.0 percent or more) in the securities of a single issuer, excluding U.S. guaranteed investments (such as treasuries), investment pools, and mutual funds. The District's investment policies do not address concentration risk.

Interest Rate Risk – This is the risk of potential variability in the fair value of fixed rate investments resulting from changes in interest rates (the longer the period for which an interest rate is fixed, the greater the risk). The District's investment policies do not limit the maturities of investments; however, when purchasing investments, the District considers such things as interest rates and cash flow needs.

NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year is as follows:

	Beginning			
	of Year	Additions	Deletions	End of Year
Capital assets, not depreciated				
Land	\$ 602,074	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 602,074
Construction in progress	28,055,712	2,623,352	(29,238,740)	1,440,324
Total capital assets, not depreciated	28,657,786	2,623,352	(29,238,740)	2,042,398
Capital assets, depreciated				
Land improvements	4,896,141	4,257,954	_	9,154,095
Buildings	80,341,114	25,290,997	_	105,632,111
Furniture and equipment	4,138,528	1,180,160	(5,600)	5,313,088
Total capital assets, depreciated	89,375,783	30,729,111	(5,600)	120,099,294
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Land improvements	(1,780,615)	(229,652)	_	(2,010,267)
Buildings	(34,468,176)	(2,482,529)	_	(36,950,705)
Furniture and equipment	(2,524,843)	(377,889)	5,600	(2,897,132)
Total accumulated depreciation	(38,773,634)	(3,090,070)	5,600	(41,858,104)
•	· / /		,	
Net capital assets, depreciated	50,602,149	27,639,041		78,241,190
Total capital assets, net	\$ 79,259,935	\$ 30,262,393	\$ (29,238,740)	\$ 80,283,588
Depreciation expense for the year was ch				
District support services				\$ 17.981

District support services	\$ 17,981
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	1,624,272
Special education instruction	13,118
Instructional support services	14,553
Sites and buildings	1,363,214
Food service	42,397
Community service	 14,535
Total depreciation expense	\$ 3,090,070

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. General Obligation Bonds Payable

The District currently has the following general obligation bonds payable outstanding:

Bond Issue	Issue	Interest	Original	Final	Principal
	Date	Rate	Principal	Maturity	Outstanding
2016A G. O. Refunding	08/04/2016	2.50-4.00%	\$ 36,450,000	02/01/2029	\$ 29,080,000
2017A G. O. Building	02/22/2017	3.00-5.00%	\$ 27,375,000	02/01/2033	26,820,000
2017B G. O. Facilities Maintenance	05/18/2017	4.00-5.00%	\$ 2,865,000	02/01/2027	2,140,000
2018A G. O. Taxable OPEB Refunding	11/07/2018	2.95-3.80%	\$ 2,990,000	02/01/2029	2,745,000
2018B G. O. Tax Abatement	11/07/2018	3.00-5.00%	\$ 1,900,000	02/01/2029	1,760,000
Total general obligation bonds payable					\$ 62,545,000

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

These bonds were issued to finance acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities, refinance (refund) previous bond issues, or finance OPEB. Assets of the Debt Service Fund, together with future ad valorem tax levies, are dedicated for the retirement of these bonds. Authorized future debt service levies, equal to 105 percent of the principal and interest due each year, are subject to reduction if fund balance amounts exceed limitations imposed by Minnesota law.

B. Capital Leases Payable

The District is obligated under a capital lease for improvements to the high school athletic field and track. Repayments will be made from the General Fund over a 15-year period ending May 1, 2023, at an interest rate of 4.76 percent.

On September 12, 2017, the District entered into a capital lease agreement to finance the purchase and renovation of a transportation facility. The lease had a 3-year term, bore an interest rate of 3.45 percent, and had a final maturity of September 2022. This capital lease was being repaid by the General Fund.

During the 2019 fiscal year, the District entered into a capital lease agreement to finance the purchase of exercise equipment for the Activities Center. The equipment purchased consists of multiple items that do not individually meet the District's capitalization threshold of \$3,000, therefore, the equipment acquired is not included as part of capital assets. The lease has a 5-year term, bears an interest rate of 6.41 percent, and has a final maturity of January 2024. This capital lease will be repaid by the General Fund.

During the 2020 fiscal year, the District entered into a capital lease agreement to finance the purchase of custodial equipment. Some of the equipment purchased consists of multiple items that do not individually meet the District's capitalization threshold of \$3,000, therefore, those pieces of equipment are not included as part of capital assets. The lease has a 3-year term, bears no interest rate, and matures in fiscal year 2022. The imputed interest was not material. This capital lease will be repaid by the General Fund.

During the 2020 fiscal year, the District entered in to a capital lease agreement to finance a road reconstruction project. The lease has an 8-year term, bears an interest rate of 1.00 percent, and matures in fiscal year 2027. This capital lease will be repaid by the General Fund.

In August 2019, the District entered into a capital lease agreement to finance the purchase of equipment. The lease has a 4-year term, bears an interest rate of 5.106 percent, and has a final maturity of August 2023. This capital lease will be repaid by the General Fund.

In May 2020, the District entered into a refunding lease purchase agreement, the proceeds of which were used to refund, in advance of their stated maturities, the 2020 through 2022 maturities of the District's 2017 lease agreement totaling \$1,526,218. The proceeds were also used to further finance the purchase and renovation of a transportation facility. The lease has a 15-year term, bears an interest rate of 2.90 percent, and has a final maturity of February 2035. This current refunding will increase the District's total future debt service payments by \$323,274 and will result in present value savings of \$5,198. There was no difference between the carrying amount of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This capital lease will be repaid by the General Fund.

The amortization of assets acquired through the capital leases is included in depreciation expense. At year-end, the capitalized value and accumulated depreciation of leased assets were:

	Land _Improvements Buildi			Buildings	Construction In Progress		
Assets Less accumulated depreciation		2,374,316 (413,037)	\$	1,912,194 (83,656)	\$	539,858	
Net book value	\$	1,961,279	\$	1,828,538	\$	539,858	

NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

C. Other Long-Term Liabilities

The District offers a number of benefits to its employees, including: compensated absences, pensions, and OPEB. The details of these various benefit liabilities are discussed elsewhere in these notes. Such benefits are financed primarily from the General Fund. The District has also established a Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund to finance OPEB obligations.

District employees participate in state-wide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer plans administered by the PERA and the TRA. The following is a summary of the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense reported for these plans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020:

Pension Plans	Net Pension Liabilities		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Pension Expense	
PERA TRA	\$	4,660,759 19,530,000	\$	774,872 18,225,580	\$	887,745 27,503,617	\$	643,395 3,767,584
Total	\$	24,190,759	\$	19,000,452	\$	28,391,362	\$	4,410,979

D. Minimum Debt Payments

Future principal and interest payments for general obligation bonds and capital leases payable are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obligation Bonds			Capital Lea	ises F	ayable	
June 30,		Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest
2021	\$	4,130,000	\$	2,225,870	\$ 429,300	\$	72,720
2022		4,290,000		2,067,145	422,969		79,051
2023		4,465,000		1,895,075	398,647		65,818
2024		4,655,000		1,708,170	248,146		53,934
2025		4,855,000		1,511,220	223,461		48,404
2026-2030		25,120,000		4,785,215	882,660		173,076
2031-2035		15,030,000		930,150	789,059		64,286
				_	 _		_
	\$	62,545,000	\$	15,122,845	\$ 3,394,242	\$	557,289

E. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Beginning of Year	Additions	Retirements	End of Year	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds payable	\$ 66,400,000	\$ -	\$ 3,855,000	\$ 62,545,000	\$ 4,130,000
Premium (discount) on bonds	4,825,159	_	490,604	4,334,555	_
Capital leases payable	2,278,705	3,030,551	1,915,014	3,394,242	429,300
Net pension liabilities	23,442,399	2,638,802	1,890,442	24,190,759	_
Net OPEB liability	1,925,747	590,448	_	2,516,195	_
Severance payable	1,311,603	189,296	165,310	1,335,589	476,305
	\$ 100,183,613	\$ 6,449,097	\$ 8,316,370	\$ 98,316,340	\$ 5,035,605

NOTE 5 – FUND BALANCES

The following is a breakdown of equity components of governmental funds, which are defined earlier in the report. When applicable, certain restrictions with an accumulated deficit balance at June 30, are included in unassigned fund balance in the District's financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A description of these deficit balance restrictions is included herein since the District has specific authority to future resources for such deficits.

A. Classifications

At June 30, 2020, a summary of the District's governmental fund balance classifications are as follows:

	General Fund	Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Inventory	\$ 50,220	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,765	\$ 103,985
Prepaid items	150,843	ψ –	φ –	4,577	155,420
Total nonspendable	201,063	· _	· ——	58,342	259,405
Total nonspendable	201,003			30,312	237,103
Restricted					
Student activities	165,070	=	=	=	165,070
Scholarships	715,812	=	=	=	715,812
Staff development	65,825	=	=	=	65,825
Capital projects levy	28,320	_	_	_	28,320
Operating capital	1,581,232	_	_	_	1,581,232
Achievement and integration	20,395	_	_	_	20,395
Basic skills extended time	3,533	_	_	_	3,533
Long-term facilities maintenance	1,858	_	_	_	1,858
Food service	_	_	_	193,878	193,878
Community education programs	_	_	_	300,567	300,567
Early childhood family					
education programs	_	_	_	82,017	82,017
School readiness	_	_	_	73,733	73,733
Building construction	_	350,148	_	_	350,148
Debt service	_	_	808,454	_	808,454
Total restricted	2,582,045	350,148	808,454	650,195	4,390,842
Assigned					
Curriculum and development	232,039	_	=	_	232,039
Future projects	110,072	_	=	_	110,072
Building carryover	158,334	_	=	_	158,334
Wellness	66,085	_	_	_	66,085
Separation/retirement benefits	692,353	_	_	_	692,353
Total assigned	1,258,883				1,258,883
Unassigned	5,522,578				5,522,578
Total	\$ 9,564,569	\$ 350,148	\$ 808,454	\$ 708,537	\$ 11,431,708

B. Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance Policy

The School Board has formally adopted a fund balance policy regarding the minimum unassigned fund balance for the General Fund. The policy establishes a minimum unassigned General Fund balance (excluding any restricted account deficits) of 5.0 percent of the annual projected expenditures. At June 30, 2020, the unassigned fund balance was 13.6 percent of the 2021 budgeted General Fund expenditures.

NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE

A. Plan Descriptions

The District participates in the following cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the PERA and the TRA. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

1. General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

The PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356.

All full-time and certain part-time employees of the District other than teachers are covered by the GERF. GERF members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Teachers Retirement Association (TRA)

The TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356. The TRA is a separate statutory entity, administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees consists of four active members, one retired member, and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain other TRA-covered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members (except those employed by St. Paul Public Schools or Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU)). Educators first hired by MnSCU may elect either TRA coverage or coverage through the Defined Contribution Plan administered by the state of Minnesota.

B. Benefits Provided

The PERA and the TRA provide retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes and can only be modified by the State Legislature.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. GERF Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for the PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.2 percent of average salary for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent of average salary for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.7 percent of average salary for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at age 66.

Annuities, disability benefits, and survivor benefits are increased effective every January 1. Beginning January 1, 2019, the post-retirement increase will be equal to 50.0 percent of the cost of living adjustment announced by the Social Security Administration, with the minimum increase of at least 1.0 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under the Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

2. TRA Benefits

The TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statutes and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for the TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

Tier I Benefits

Step-Rate Formula	Percentage per Year
Basic Plan	
First 10 years of service	2.2 %
All years after	2.7 %
Coordinated Plan	
First 10 years if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.2 %
First 10 years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.4 %
All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.7 %
All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006 or after	1.9 %

With these provisions:

- (a) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- (b) Three percent per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- (c) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule of 90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

Tier II Benefits

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic Plan members applies. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent for Basic Plan members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under Minnesota Statutes. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II benefit calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree—no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but not yet receiving them, are bound by the plan provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the State Legislature.

1. GERF Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2020 and the District was required to contribute 7.5 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The District's contributions to the GERF for the year ended June 30, 2020, were \$497,236 The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statutes.

2. TRA Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Rates for each fiscal year were:

	Year Ended June 30,								
	20	18	20	19	2020				
	Employee Employer		Employee	Employer	Employee	Employer			
Basic Plan	11.00 %	11.50 %	11.00 %	11.71 %	11.00 %	11.92 %			
Coordinated Plan	7.50 %	7.50 %	7.50 %	7.71 %	7.50 %	7.92 %			

The District's contributions to the TRA for the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, were \$1,442,163. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statutes.

The following is a reconciliation of employer contributions in the TRA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position to the employer contributions used in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Pension Allocations:

E. I. William William CAED	in thousands			
Employer contributions reported in the TRA's CAFR Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	403,300		
Add employer contributions not related to future contribution efforts		(688)		
Deduct the TRA's contributions not included in allocation		(486)		
Total employer contributions		402,126		
Total nonemployer contributions		35,588		
Total contributions reported in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Pension Allocations	\$	437,714		

Amounts reported in the allocation schedules may not precisely agree with financial statement amounts or actuarial valuations, due to the number of decimal places used in the allocations. The TRA has rounded percentage amounts to the nearest ten thousandths.

D. Pension Costs

1. GERF Pension Costs

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$4,660,759 for its proportionate share of the GERF's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by the PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2018, through June 30, 2019, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of the PERA's participating employers. The District's proportionate share was 0.0843 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0811 percent for the beginning of the period.

The District's net pension liability reflected a reduction, due to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The state of Minnesota is considered a nonemployer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The amounts recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 4,660,759
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	\$ 144,827

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$632,549 for its proportionate share of the GERF's pension expense. In addition, the District recognized an additional \$10,846 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the GERF.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Č	Deferred Outflows Resources	-	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	128,255	\$	_
Changes in actuarial assumptions		_		359,796
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		_		460,918
Changes in proportion		149,381		67,031
District's contributions to the GERF subsequent to the				
measurement date		497,236		_
Total	\$	774,872	\$	887,745

A total of \$497,236 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the GERF pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

		Pension
Year E	nding	Expense
June	30,	 Amount
202	21	\$ (216,815)
202	22	\$ (355,585)
202	23	\$ (45,219)
202	24	\$ 7,510

2. TRA Pension Costs

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$19,530,000 for its proportionate share of the TRA's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the TRA in relation to total system contributions, including direct aid from the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Special School District No. 1, Minneapolis Public Schools. The District's proportionate share was 0.3064 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.3016 percent for the beginning of the period.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction, due to direct aid provided to the TRA. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 19,530,000
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	\$ 1,728,266

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,636,215. It also recognized \$131,369 as an increase to pension expense (and grant revenue) for the support provided by direct aid.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRA's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ -	\$ 466,686
Changes in actuarial assumptions	15,623,185	25,444,473
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	_	1,592,458
Changes in proportion	1,160,232	_
District's contributions to the TRA subsequent to the		
measurement date	1,442,163	
Total	\$ 18,225,580	\$ 27,503,617

A total of \$1,442,163 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions to the TRA subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the TRA pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ending	Expense
June 30,	 Amount
2021	\$ 1,066,219
2022	\$ 109,324
2023	\$ (6,956,812)
2024	\$ (4,952,972)
2025	\$ 14,041

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Assumptions	GERF	TRA
Inflation	2.50%	2.50%
Wage growth rate		2.85% for 10 years, and 3.25% thereafter
Active member payroll	3.25%	2.85% to 8.85% for 10 years, and 3.25% to 9.25% thereafter
Investment rate of return	7.50%	7.50%

Salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants for all plans were based on RP-2014 tables for males or females, as appropriate, with slight adjustments. Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25 percent per year for the GERF and 1.00 percent for January 2019 through January 2023, then increasing by 0.10 percent each year, up to 1.50 percent annually for the TRA.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuations were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study in the GERF plan was completed in 2019. Economic assumptions were updated in 2018, based on a review of inflation and investment return assumptions. The most recent experience study in the TRA plan was completed in 2015, with economic assumptions updated in 2017.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2019:

1. GERF

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2. TRA

CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

None.

The Minnesota State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of the PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages.

The target allocation and best-estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return			
Domestic equity Private markets Fixed income International equity Cash equivalents	35.5 % 25.0 20.0 17.5 2.0	5.10 % 5.90 % 0.75 % 5.30/5.90 % - %			
Total	100.0 %				

F. Discount Rate

1. GERF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2019 was 7.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

2. TRA

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50 percent. There was no change since the prior measurement. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the fiscal year 2019 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate.

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate	Discount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate		
GERF discount rate	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%		
District's proportionate share of the GERF net pension liability	\$ 7,662,035	\$ 4,660,759	\$ 2,182,607		
TRA discount rate	6.50%	7.50%	8.50%		
District's proportionate share of the TRA net pension liability	\$ 31,135,596	\$ 19,530,000	\$ 9,961,358		

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the GERF's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report. That report may be obtained on the PERA website at www.mnpera.org; by writing to the PERA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 200, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103; or by calling (651) 296-7460 or (800) 652-9026.

Detailed information about the TRA's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained on the TRA website at www.minnesotatra.org; by writing to the TRA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, Minnesota 55103; or by calling (651) 296-2409 or (800) 657-3669.

I. Subsequent Events and the COVID-19 Pandemic Subsequent to Year-End

The United States and global markets experienced declines in values, resulting from uncertainty caused by COVID-19. The resulting declines are expected to have a negative impact on the PERA's and the TRA's discount rate, as well as the value of each plan's investments. Any impact caused by the resulting declines have not been included in the schedules as of June 30, 2019.

NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

A. Plan Description

The District provides post-employment benefits to certain eligible employees through the OPEB Plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. Management of the plan is vested with the School Board of the District. All post-employment benefits are based on contractual agreements with employee groups. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. These contractual agreements do not include any specific contribution or funding requirements.

The District administers a defined benefit Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund. The assets of the plan are reported in the District's financial report in the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund, established by the District to finance these obligations. The plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits of the plan, in accordance with the terms of the plan. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Benefits Provided

All retirees of the District have the option under state law to continue their medical insurance coverage through the District from the time of retirement until the employee reaches the age of eligibility for Medicare. For members of certain employee groups, the District pays for all or part of the eligible retiree's premiums for medical insurance from the time of retirement until the employee reaches the age of eligibility for Medicare. Benefits paid by the District differ by bargaining unit, with some contracts specifying a certain dollar amount per month, and some covering premium costs as defined within each collective bargaining agreement. Retirees not eligible for these district-paid premium benefits must pay the full district premium rate for their coverage.

The District is legally required to include any retirees for whom it provides health insurance coverage in the same insurance pool as its active employees until the retiree reaches Medicare eligibility, whether the premiums are paid by the District or the retiree. Consequently, participating retirees are considered to receive a secondary benefit known as an "implicit rate subsidy." This benefit relates to the assumption that the retiree is receiving a more favorable premium rate than they would otherwise be able to obtain if purchasing insurance on their own, due to being included in the same pool with the District's younger and statistically healthier active employees.

C. Contributions

The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined periodically by the District.

D. Membership

Membership in the plan consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	27
Active plan members	364
Total members	391

E. Net OPEB Liability of the District

The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The components of the net OPEB liability of the District at year-end were as follows:

Total OPEB liability Plan fiduciary net position	\$ 6,592,908 (4,076,713)
District's net OPEB liability	\$ 2,516,195
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	 61.8%

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2018, and a measurement date as of June 30, 2020, using the entry-age method, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate	2.50%
Expected long-term investment return	2.90% (net of investment expenses)
20-year municipal bond yield	2.40%
Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increases	3.00%
Healthcare trend rate	6.00% grading to 5.00%
Dental trend rate	4.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale. The actuarial assumptions used in the latest valuation were based on those used to value pension liabilities for Minnesota school district employees. The state pension plans base their assumptions on periodic experience studies.

The District's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the School Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the School Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes allowable under state statutes.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Fixed income Cash	95.00 5.00	% 3.00 % 1.50 %
Total	100.00	<u>%</u> 2.90 %

G. Rate of Return

For the current year ended, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 2.90 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

H. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was determined by projecting forward the fiduciary net position (assets) as of the valuation date, increasing by the investment return assumption, and reducing by benefit payments in each period until assets are exhausted. Expected benefit payments by year were discounted using the expected asset return assumptions for the years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaining benefit payments after the trust fund is exhausted are discounted at the 20-year municipal bond rate. The equivalent single rate is the discount rate. The contribution and benefit payment history, as well as the funding policy, have also been considered. The District discount rate used in the prior measurement date was 3.00 percent.

I. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability (a)		Liability Net Position		Net OPEB Liability (a-b)	
Beginning balance – July 1, 2019	\$	6,012,850	\$	4,087,103	\$	1,925,747
Changes for the year						
Service cost		366,288		_		366,288
Interest cost		189,014		_		189,014
Assumption changes		183,261		_		183,261
Contributions – paid through operating funds		_		30,000		(30,000)
Net investment income		_		118,526		(118,526)
Differences between expected and actual experience		_		(411)		411
Benefit payments – paid through operating funds		(30,000)		(30,000)		_
Benefit payments – paid through trust		(128,505)		(128,505)		_
Total net changes		580,058		(10,390)		590,448
Ending balance – June 30, 2020	\$	6,592,908	\$	4,076,713	\$	2,516,195

Assumption changes since the prior measurement date include the following:

- The discount rate was changed from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent.
- The long-term rate of return assumption was changed to 2.90 percent from 2.40 percent.

J. Net OPEB Liability Sensitivity to Discount and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Changes

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	Decrease in count Rate				1% Increase in Discount Rate		
OPEB discount rate	1.50%		2.50%		3.50%		
Net OPEB liability	\$ 2,952,358	\$	2,516,195	\$	2,094,087		

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		1% Decrease in Healthcare Trend Rates Healthcare Trend Rates			1% Increase in Healthcare Trend Rates		
Healthcare trend rate Dental trend rate	5.00% g	rading to 4.00% 3.00%	6.00% §	grading to 5.00% 4.00%	7.00% g	rading to 6.00% 5.00%	
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,736,808	\$	2,516,195	\$	3,440,088	

K. OPEB Expense and Related Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the current year ended, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$448,973. As of year-end, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows	_	Deferred nflows	
	of l	Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience Changes in actuarial assumptions Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	\$	216,023 56,543	\$	60,739 44,433 –	
Total	\$	272,566	\$	105,172	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	I	OPEB Expense Amount
2021	\$	12,195
2021	\$	43,207
2023	\$	34,095
2024	\$	25,901
2025	\$	25,821
Thereafter	\$	26.175

NOTE 8 - FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLAN

The District has a flexible benefit plan, which is classified as a "cafeteria plan" (the Plan) under § 125 of the IRC. All employee groups of the District are eligible if and when the collective bargaining agreement or contract with their group allows eligibility. Eligible employees can elect to participate by contributing pretax dollars withheld from payroll checks to the Plan for health insurance, healthcare, and dependent care benefits.

Before the beginning of the Plan year, which is from January 1 to December 31, each participant designates a total amount of pretax dollars to be contributed to the Plan during the year. At June 30, the District is contingently liable for claims against the total amount of participants' annual contributions to the Plan, whether or not such contributions have been made.

Payments of health insurance premiums are made by the District directly to the designated insurance companies and are accounted for in the General Fund. Amounts withheld for medical and dependent care reimbursement are accounted for by an independent contract plan administrator. Payments are made to participating employees upon submitting a request for reimbursement of eligible expenses incurred by the employee. The medical and dependent care reimbursement activity plan is included in the financial statements in the General Fund.

All property of the Plan and income attributable to that property is solely the property of the District, subject to the claims of the District's general creditors. Participants' rights under the Plan are equal to those of general creditors of the District in an amount equal to eligible healthcare expenses incurred by the participants. The District believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

NOTE 9 - INTERFUND BALANCES

The District's General Fund has a receivable of \$128,505 at year-end due from the Post-Employment Benefits Trust Fund to reimburse OPEB costs. Interfund receivables and payables reported in the fund financial statements are eliminated to the extent possible in the government-wide financial statements. However, receivables and payables between the District's governmental activities and the fiduciary funds are not eliminated.

NOTE 10 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Federal and State Revenues

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

B. Legal Claims

The District has the usual and customary legal claims pending at year-end, mostly of a minor nature and/or covered by insurance. The District's government-wide financial statements include an estimated liability related to current legal claims. Although the outcomes of these claims are not presently determinable, the District does not believe the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position beyond the estimated liability accrued.

C. Construction Commitments

At June 30, 2020, the District had commitments totaling \$876,589 under various construction contracts for which the work was not yet completed.

D. Power Purchase Commitment

During fiscal year 2020, the District entered into various power purchase agreements to purchase the energy generated by solar panels contributed to the District and installed on various buildings of the District. At June 30, 2020, the equipment capitalized through these agreements is \$1,112,400, with accumulated depreciation of \$6,027. Future power purchase payments are as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	 Amount
	 _
2021	\$ 51,451
2022	55,901
2023	57,289
2024	58,725
2025	60,207
2026-2030	325,055
2031-2035	320,168
2036-2041	297,041
2042	 4,804
	\$ 1,230,641

NOTE 11 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The COVID-19 pandemic has caused economic and financial market volatility in the United States and around the world, along with significant business and operational disruptions for many organizations. Due to the unknown breadth and duration of this pandemic, any potential impact it may have on the District's future operations and financial condition cannot be determined at this time and has not been reflected in these financial statements.





Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2020

						District's	S	roportionate hare of the let Pension iability and		District's	
						nare of the		ne District's		Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
						State of		hare of the		Share of the	Net Position
		District's		District's		innesota's	_	State of		Net Pension	as a
	PERA Fiscal	Proportion	P	roportionate	Pro	portionate	N	Innesota's		Liability as a	Percentage
	Year-End Date	of the Net	S	hare of the	Sł	nare of the	S	hare of the	District's	Percentage of	of the Total
District Fiscal	(Measurement	Pension	N	let Pension	N	et Pension	N	let Pension	Covered	Covered	Pension
Year-End Date	Date)	Liability		Liability		Liability		Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
06/30/2015 06/30/2016	06/30/2014 06/30/2015	0.0826% 0.0792%	\$ \$	3,880,134 4,104,555	\$ \$	_	\$ \$	3,880,134 4,104,555	\$ 4,348,782 4,653,351	89.22% 88.21%	78.70% 78.20%
06/30/2017	06/30/2016	0.0824%	\$	6.690.471	\$	87,405	\$	6.777.876	\$ 4.848.272	138.00%	68.90%
06/30/2018	06/30/2017	0.0832%	\$	5,311,432	\$	66,776	\$	5,378,208	\$ 5,318,213	99.87%	75.90%
06/30/2019	06/30/2018	0.0811%	\$	4,499,096	\$	147,648	\$	4,646,744	\$ 5,453,435	82.50%	79.50%
06/30/2020	06/30/2019	0.0843%	\$	4,660,759	\$	144,827	\$	4,805,586	\$ 5,964,762	78.14%	80.20%

Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Co	ntributions					Contributions
			in l	Relation to					as a
	S	tatutorily	the	Statutorily	Cont	ribution			Percentage
District Fiscal	F	Required	F	Required	Defi	ciency		Covered	of Covered
Year-End Date	Co	ntributions	Co	ntributions	(Excess)		(Excess) Pay		Payroll
06/30/2015	\$	343,252	\$	343,252	\$	_	\$	4,653,351	7.38%
06/30/2016	\$	363,557	\$	363,557	\$	_	\$	4,848,272	7.50%
06/30/2017	\$	398,006	\$	398,006	\$	_	\$	5,318,213	7.48%
06/30/2018	\$	408,983	\$	408,983	\$	_	\$	5,453,435	7.50%
06/30/2019	\$	447,359	\$	447,359	\$	_	\$	5,964,762	7.50%
06/30/2020	\$	497,236	\$	497,236	\$	_	\$	6,629,796	7.50%

te: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a June 30, 2014 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2020

					Proportionate			
					Share of the			
				District's	Net Pension			
				Proportionate	Liability and		District's	
				Share of the	the District's		Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
				State of	Share of the		Share of the	Net Position
		District's	District's	Minnesota's	State of		Net Pension	as a
	TRA Fiscal	Proportion	Proportionate	Proportionate	Minnesota's		Liability as a	Percentage
	Year-End Date	of the Net	Share of the	Share of the	Share of the	District's	Percentage of	of the Total
District Fiscal	(Measurement	Pension	Net Pension	Net Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Covered	Pension
Year-End Date	Date)	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
06/30/2015	06/30/2014	0.3080%	A 1 1 100 110	Φ 000.51.6				
0 - 1 - 0 1 - 0	00/30/2014	0.3080%	\$ 14,192,418	\$ 998,516	\$ 15,190,934	\$ 14,057,289	100.96%	81.50%
06/30/2016	06/30/2015	0.2900%	\$ 14,192,418 \$ 17,939,368	\$ 998,516 \$ 2,200,629	\$ 15,190,934 \$ 20,139,997	\$ 14,057,289 \$ 14,720,573	100.96% 121.87%	81.50% 76.80%
06/30/2016 06/30/2017								
	06/30/2015	0.2900%	\$ 17,939,368	\$ 2,200,629	\$ 20,139,997	\$ 14,720,573	121.87%	76.80%
06/30/2017	06/30/2015 06/30/2016	0.2900% 0.2953%	\$ 17,939,368 \$ 70,436,096	\$ 2,200,629 \$ 7,069,067	\$ 20,139,997 \$ 77,505,163	\$ 14,720,573 \$ 15,468,330	121.87% 455.36%	76.80% 44.88%

Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Co	ntributions	Contributio	ns					
			in	in Relation to					as a		
	Statu	itorily	the	Statutorily	Co	ntribution			Percentage	e	
District Fiscal	Req	uired]	Required	De	eficiency		Covered	of Covered	d	
Year-End Date	Contri	butions	Contributions		Contributions (Excess) Pa		(Excess) Pa		Payroll		
06/30/2015	\$ 1,1	04,043	\$	1,104,043	\$	_	\$	14,720,573	7.50	%	
06/30/2016	\$ 1,1	60,919	\$	1,160,919	\$	_	\$	15,468,330	7.51	%	
06/30/2017	\$ 1,2	09,519	\$	1,209,519	\$	_	\$	16,096,552	7.51	%	
06/30/2018	\$ 1,2	49,682	\$	1,249,682	\$	_	\$	16,664,426	7.50	%	
06/30/2019	\$ 1,3	40,741	\$	1,340,741	\$	-	\$	17,400,046	7.71	%	
06/30/2020	\$ 1,4	42,163	\$	1,442,163	\$	_	\$	18,209,246	7.92	%	

The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a June 30, 2014 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020		2019		2018		2017	
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$	366,288	\$	327,523	\$	327,106	\$	345,050
Interest cost	-	189,014	_	191,824	-	161,748	_	156,808
Assumption changes		183,261		82,521		(177,738)		_
Plan changes		_		1,361		_		_
Differences between expected				ŕ				
and actual experience		_		(85,035)		_		_
Benefit payments – paid through operating funds		(30,000)		_		_		(327,157)
Benefit payments – paid through trust	((128,505)		(341,944)		(274,363)		_
Net change in total OPEB liability		580,058		176,250		36,753		174,701
Total OPEB liability – beginning of year	6	,012,850		5,836,600		5,799,847		5,625,146
Total OPEB liability – end of year	6	,592,908		6,012,850		5,836,600		5,799,847
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions – paid through operating funds		30,000		_		_		327,157
Net investment income		118,526		63,808		64,243		41,707
Differences between expected								
and actual experience		(411)		_		_		_
Benefit payments		(158,505)		(341,944)		(274,363)		(327,157)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		(10,390)		(278,136)		(210,120)		41,707
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning of year		,087,103		4,365,239		4,575,359		4,533,652
Plan fiduciary net position – end of year	4	,076,713		4,087,103		4,365,239		4,575,359
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 2	516,195	\$	1,925,747	\$	1,471,361	\$	1,224,488
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage								
of the total OPEB liability		61.83%		67.97%	_	74.79%		78.89%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 22.	,528,956	\$ 2	21,872,773	\$ 2	20,730,611	\$ 2	20,126,807
Net OPEB liability as a percentage								
of covered-employee payroll		11.17%		8.80%		7.10%		6.08%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 in fiscal 2017. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Investment Returns Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of
Year	Investment Expense
2017	0.92 %
2018	1.40 %
2019	1.50 %
2020	2.90 %

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 in fiscal 2017. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.



Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2020

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND

2019 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

2018 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to zero percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year, with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio, to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age. Does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2020

PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

2017 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The state's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16.0 million in 2017 and 2018, and \$6.0 million thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21.0 million to \$31.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16.0 million to \$6.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60.00 percent for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now zero percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years, to 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth, and 2.50 percent for inflation.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Retirement Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892.0 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the state's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

2015 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2020

TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA)

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced from 2.00 percent each January 1 to 1.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.10 percent each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.50 percent on January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit, are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.50 percent if the funded ratio was at least 90.00 percent for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.50 percent to 7.50 percent, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next six years, (7.71 percent in 2018, 7.92 percent in 2019, 8.13 percent in 2020, 8.34 percent in 2021, 8.55 percent in 2022, and 8.75 percent in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50 percent to 7.75 percent on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.12 percent to 7.50 percent.

- The COLA was assumed to increase from 2.00 percent annually to 2.50 percent annually on July 1, 2045.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.50 percent, but remain at 2.00 percent for all future years.
- Adjustments were made to the CSA loads. The active load was reduced from 1.40 percent to zero percent, the vested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 7.00 percent, and the nonvested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 9.00 percent.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 3.00 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2020

TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA) (CONTINUED)

2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 2.85 percent for 10 years, followed by 3.25 percent thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.
- The single discount rate changed from 4.66 percent to 5.12 percent.

2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The single discount rate was changed from 8.00 percent to 4.66 percent.

2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association was merged into the TRA on June 30, 2015.

- The annual COLA for the June 30, 2015 valuation assumed 2.00 percent. The prior year valuation used 2.00 percent, with an increase to 2.50 percent commencing in 2034.
- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00 percent. This is a decrease from the discount rate at the prior measurement date of 8.25 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2020

OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

2020 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The discount rate was changed from 3.00 percent to 2.50 percent.
- The long-term rate of return assumption was changed to 2.90 percent from 2.40 percent.

2019 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The District's post-employment medical subsidy for one retired employee was changed from up to \$580 per month to the full district-paid single premiums.

2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The mortality table was updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.
- Healthcare trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases. The trend rate on post-age 65 subsidies for three administrators was changed to 4.00 percent per year.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.20 percent to 3.00 percent.

2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The discount rate was changed from 2.70 percent to 3.20 percent.

- The healthcare trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality table was updated from RP-2000 projected to 2014 with Scale BB to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The withdrawal table for all employees and retirement tables for only employees eligible to retire with Rule of 90 also were updated.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.50 percent to 2.70 percent.
- The percentage of food service employees who are assumed to continue on one of the District's medical plans post-employment was reduced from 50.00 percent to 10.00 percent.





Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2020

	·	Special Rev	ommunity	
	Fo	od Service	Service	Total
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	277,747	\$ 640,584	\$ 918,331
Receivables				
Current taxes		_	157,783	157,783
Delinquent taxes		_	4,620	4,620
Accounts and interest		_	5,918	5,918
Due from other governmental units		14,431	68,087	82,518
Inventory		53,765	_	53,765
Prepaid items		4,577	 	 4,577
Total assets	\$	350,520	\$ 876,992	\$ 1,227,512
Liabilities				
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$	2,699	\$ 73,699	\$ 76,398
Accounts and contracts payable		280	40,538	40,818
Due to other governmental units		_	94	94
Unearned revenue		95,321	_	95,321
Total liabilities		98,300	114,331	212,631
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		_	4,066	4,066
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		_	302,278	302,278
Total deferred inflows of resources		_	306,344	306,344
Fund balances				
Nonspendable		58,342	_	58,342
Restricted		193,878	456,317	650,195
Total fund balances		252,220	456,317	708,537
Total liabilities, deferred inflows				
of resources, and fund balances	\$	350,520	\$ 876,992	\$ 1,227,512

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Special Rev		
		Community	
	Food Service	Service	Total
Revenue			
Local sources			
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 282,388	\$ 282,388
Investment earnings	5,847	9,971	15,818
Other	985,830	2,368,221	3,354,051
State sources	47,943	216,837	264,780
Federal sources	262,431	_	262,431
Total revenue	1,302,051	2,877,417	4,179,468
Expenditures			
Current			
Food service	1,446,787	_	1,446,787
Community service	_	3,224,353	3,224,353
Capital outlay	<u> </u>	97,331	97,331
Total expenditures	1,446,787	3,321,684	4,768,471
Excess (deficiency) of revenue			
over expenditures	(144,736)	(444,267)	(589,003)
Other financing sources			
Sale of assets	323		323
Net change in fund balances	(144,413)	(444,267)	(588,680)
Fund balances			
Beginning of year	396,633	900,584	1,297,217
End of year	\$ 252,220	\$ 456,317	\$ 708,537

General Fund Balance Sheet by Account as of June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2019)

		2019		
	Operating	Capital Expenditure	Total	Total
Assets Cook and town output investments	¢ 10.500.252	¢ 1 922 669	¢ 12.422.021	¢ 12.970.000
Cash and temporary investments Cash and investments held by trustee	\$ 10,598,353 372,131	\$ 1,833,668	\$ 12,432,021 372,131	\$ 12,879,000
Receivables	372,131	_	372,131	_
Current taxes	6,236,615	_	6,236,615	5,678,417
Delinquent taxes	179,405	_	179,405	185,336
Accounts and interest	529,338		529,338	688,126
Due from other governmental units	2,812,029	_	2,812,029	2,773,032
Due from other funds	128,505	_	128,505	341,944
Inventory	50,220	_	50,220	56,084
Prepaid items	126,153	24,690	150,843	169,607
repaid tems		21,000		103,007
Total assets	\$ 21,032,749	\$ 1,858,358	\$ 22,891,107	\$ 22,771,546
Liabilities				
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$ 844,295	\$ -	\$ 844,295	\$ 905,023
Accounts and contracts payable	921,158	27,367	948,525	1,131,656
Due to other governmental units	86,857	_	86,857	148,908
Unearned revenue	372,130		372,130	512,864
Total liabilities	2,224,440	27,367	2,251,807	2,698,451
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes	151,154	_	151,154	114,320
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	10,923,577	_	10,923,577	10,585,008
Total deferred inflows of resources	11,074,731	_	11,074,731	10,699,328
Fund balances (deficits)				
Nonspendable for inventory	50,220	_	50,220	56,084
Nonspendable for prepaid items	126,153	24,690	150,843	169,607
Restricted for student activities	165,070	-	165,070	-
Restricted for scholarships	715,812	_	715,812	_
Restricted for staff development	65,825	_	65,825	39,347
Restricted for capital projects levy	-	28,320	28,320	101,233
Restricted for operating capital	_	1,581,232	1,581,232	1,776,588
Restricted for achievement and integration	20,395		20,395	
Restricted for basic skills extended time	3,533	_	3,533	1,352
Restricted for long-term facilities maintenance	_	1,858	1,858	_
Assigned for curriculum and development	232,039	_	232,039	176,721
Assigned for future projects	_	110,072	110,072	110,072
Assigned for building carryover	158,334	_	158,334	127,089
Assigned for wellness	66,085	_	66,085	74,134
Assigned for insurance recovery	_	_	, <u> </u>	141,147
Assigned for separation/retirement benefits	692,353	_	692,353	501,437
Unassigned – long-term facilities	,		,	,
maintenance restricted account deficit	_	_	_	(300,476)
Unassigned	5,437,759	84,819	5,522,578	6,399,432
Total fund balances	7,733,578	1,830,991	9,564,569	9,373,767
Total liabilities, deferred inflows				
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 21,032,749	\$ 1,858,358	\$ 22,891,107	\$ 22,771,546

General Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account

Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

	2020 Capital			2019
	Operating	Expenditure	Total	Total
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 8,860,767	\$ 2,771,618	\$ 11,632,385	\$ 11,035,340
Investment earnings	180,679	φ 2 ,771,010	180,679	291,909
Other	1,727,221	66,256	1,793,477	2,232,187
State sources	24,863,137	301,752	25,164,889	25,119,839
Federal sources	617,817	-	617,817	584,644
Total revenue	36,249,621	3,139,626	39,389,247	39,263,919
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration	1,280,235	_	1,280,235	1,448,004
District support services	1,363,785	238,202	1,601,987	1,742,369
Elementary and secondary regular	-,,		-,,	-,,,
instruction	19,383,370	272,108	19,655,478	18,727,494
Vocational education instruction	324,158		324,158	288,572
Special education instruction	5,049,917	_	5,049,917	4,615,399
Instructional support services	2,245,742	781,361	3,027,103	2,434,834
Pupil support services	2,887,476	_	2,887,476	3,033,796
Sites and buildings	4,585,679	2,378,297	6,963,976	5,696,569
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	282,859	_,;,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	282,859	401,279
Debt service	202,009		202,000	.01,275
Principal	118,407	270,389	388,796	222,044
Interest and fiscal charges	61,853	32,048	93,901	91,685
Total expenditures	37,583,481	3,972,405	41,555,886	38,702,045
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(1,333,860)	(832,779)	(2,166,639)	561,874
Other financing sources				
Sale of assets	6,992	_	6,992	_
Capital lease issued	539,857	947,552	1,487,409	123,402
Total other financing sources	546,849	947,552	1,494,401	123,402
Net change in fund balances	(787,011)	114,773	(672,238)	685,276
Fund balances				
Beginning of year, as previously reported	7,657,549	1,716,218	9,373,767	8,688,491
Change in accounting principle	863,040		863,040	
Beginning of year, as restated	8,520,589	1,716,218	10,236,807	8,688,491
End of year	\$ 7,733,578	\$ 1,830,991	\$ 9,564,569	\$ 9,373,767

General Fund – Operating Account Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

		2020		2019
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 9,163,873	\$ 8,860,767	\$ (303,106)	\$ 8,202,761
Investment earnings	143,750	180,679	36,929	291,909
Other	1,556,633	1,727,221	170,588	1,853,145
State sources	24,993,379	24,863,137	(130,242)	24,785,501
Federal sources	618,225	617,817	(408)	584,644
Total revenue	36,475,860	36,249,621	(226,239)	35,717,960
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration	1,295,910	1,280,235	(15,675)	1,448,004
District support services	1,561,683	1,363,785	(197,898)	1,441,068
Elementary and secondary regular				
instruction	19,315,695	19,383,370	67,675	18,380,908
Vocational education instruction	313,433	324,158	10,725	288,572
Special education instruction	5,086,496	5,049,917	(36,579)	4,615,399
Instructional support services	2,086,073	2,245,742	159,669	1,588,711
Pupil support services	3,052,070	2,887,476	(164,594)	3,033,796
Sites and buildings	4,233,289	4,585,679	352,390	3,815,427
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	283,058	282,859	(199)	401,279
Debt service				
Principal	117,372	118,407	1,035	101,804
Interest and fiscal charges	97,140	61,853	(35,287)	61,589
Total expenditures	37,442,219	37,583,481	141,262	35,176,557
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(966,359)	(1,333,860)	(367,501)	541,403
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of assets	6,991	6,992	1	_
Capital lease issued	539,962	539,857	(105)	123,402
Refunding debt issued	1,543,038	_	(1,543,038)	_
Debt refunding payments	(1,526,218)		1,526,218	
Total other financing sources				
(uses)	563,773	546,849	(16,924)	123,402
Net change in fund balances	\$ (402,586)	(787,011)	\$ (384,425)	664,805
Fund balances				
Beginning of year, as previously reported		7,657,549		6,992,744
Change in accounting principle		863,040		
Beginning of year, as restated		8,520,589		6,992,744
End of year		\$ 7,733,578		\$ 7,657,549

General Fund – Capital Expenditure Account Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

		2020		2019
	Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 2,771,618	\$ 2,771,618	\$ -	\$ 2,832,579
Other	93,339	66,256	(27,083)	379,042
State sources	311,105	301,752	(9,353)	334,338
Total revenue	3,176,062	3,139,626	(36,436)	3,545,959
Expenditures				
Current				
District support services	238,209	238,202	(7)	301,301
Elementary and secondary regular				
instruction	440,853	272,108	(168,745)	346,586
Instructional support services	1,013,641	781,361	(232,280)	846,123
Sites and buildings	1,138,945	2,378,297	1,239,352	1,881,142
Debt service				
Principal	120,240	270,389	150,149	120,240
Interest and fiscal charges	30,096	32,048	1,952	30,096
Total expenditures	2,981,984	3,972,405	990,421	3,525,488
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	194,078	(832,779)	(1,026,857)	20,471
Other financing sources				
Capital lease issued		947,552	947,552	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 194,078	114,773	\$ (79,305)	20,471
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		1,716,218		1,695,747
End of year		\$ 1,830,991		\$ 1,716,218

Food Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2	2020				
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	277,747	\$	423,917		
Receivables						
Accounts and interest		_		102		
Due from other governmental units		14,431		_		
Inventory		53,765		27,426		
Prepaid items		4,577		410		
Total assets	\$	350,520	\$	451,855		
Liabilities						
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$	2,699	\$	_		
Accounts and contracts payable		280		965		
Unearned revenue		95,321		54,257		
Total liabilities		98,300		55,222		
Fund balances						
Nonspendable for inventory		53,765		27,426		
Nonspendable for prepaid items		4,577		410		
Restricted for food service		193,878		368,797		
Total fund balances		252,220		396,633		
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	350,520	\$	451,855		

Food Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

		2020				2019
) d 4	A -41		er (Under)	•	A -41
	 Budget	 Actual	-	Budget		Actual
Revenue						
Local sources						
Investment earnings	\$ 1,000	\$ 5,847	\$	4,847	\$	6,162
Other – primarily meal sales	1,024,782	985,830		(38,952)		1,270,204
State sources	59,771	47,943		(11,828)		37,849
Federal sources	115,755	262,431		146,676		257,207
Total revenue	1,201,308	1,302,051		100,743		1,571,422
Expenditures						
Current						
Salaries	572,789	583,769		10,980		571,444
Employee benefits	170,648	181,045		10,397		182,089
Purchased services	62,364	76,131		13,767		73,791
Supplies and materials	542,258	604,118		61,860		722,466
Other expenditures	1,094	1,724		630		1,774
Capital outlay	66,313	_		(66,313)		59,632
Total expenditures	1,415,466	1,446,787		31,321		1,611,196
Excess (deficiency) of revenue						
over expenditures	(214,158)	(144,736)		69,422		(39,774)
Other financing sources						
Sale of assets		 323		323		
Net change in fund balances	\$ (214,158)	(144,413)	\$	69,745		(39,774)
Fund balances						
Beginning of year		 396,633				436,407
End of year		\$ 252,220			\$	396,633

Community Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2020 and 2019

	 2020	 2019
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 640,584	\$ 1,151,070
Receivables		
Current taxes	157,783	140,029
Delinquent taxes	4,620	5,041
Accounts and interest	5,918	38,446
Due from other governmental units	68,087	9,031
Prepaid items	 	 895
Total assets	\$ 876,992	\$ 1,344,512
Liabilities		
Salaries and compensated absences payable	\$ 73,699	\$ 112,608
Accounts and contracts payable	40,538	43,594
Due to other governmental units	94	_
Unearned revenue	_	768
Total liabilities	114,331	156,970
Deferred inflows of resources		
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes	4,066	3,270
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	302,278	283,688
Total deferred inflows of resources	 306,344	286,958
Fund balances		
Nonspendable for prepaid items	_	895
Restricted for community education programs	300,567	636,930
Restricted for early childhood family education programs	82,017	138,428
Restricted for school readiness	73,733	124,331
Total fund balances	 456,317	900,584
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 876,992	\$ 1,344,512

Community Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

		2020		2019
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 285,867	\$ 282,388	\$ (3,479)	\$ 278,578
Investment earnings	10,506	9,971	(535)	12,343
Other – primarily tuition and fees	2,502,348	2,368,221	(134,127)	2,832,132
State sources	185,563	216,837	31,274	115,691
Total revenue	2,984,284	2,877,417	(106,867)	3,238,744
Expenditures				
Current				
Salaries	2,179,330	2,092,569	(86,761)	2,044,285
Employee benefits	333,495	335,591	2,096	291,515
Purchased services	484,294	516,174	31,880	527,559
Supplies and materials	217,661	186,823	(30,838)	255,652
Other expenditures	138,278	93,196	(45,082)	144,545
Capital outlay	105,659	97,331	(8,328)	44,117
Total expenditures	3,458,717	3,321,684	(137,033)	3,307,673
Net change in fund balances	\$ (474,433)	(444,267)	\$ 30,166	(68,929)
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		900,584		969,513
End of year		\$ 456,317		\$ 900,584

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2020 and 2019

	 2020	2019
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 551,912	\$ 2,032,242
Receivables		
Accounts and interest	20	107,003
Total assets	\$ 551,932	\$ 2,139,245
Liabilities Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 201,784	\$ 1,011,085
Fund balances Restricted for building construction	350,148	 1,128,160
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 551,932	\$ 2,139,245

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

		2020				2019
	Budget	Actual	Ov	ver (Under) Budget		Actual
Revenue						
Local sources						
Investment earnings	\$ 34,423	\$ 29,826	\$	(4,597)	\$	207,486
Expenditures						
Capital outlay						
Purchased services	14,400	27,582		13,182		1,219,440
Capital expenditures	500,000	780,256		280,256		14,223,863
Debt service						
Fiscal charges and other	 	 				42,757
Total expenditures	514,400	807,838		293,438		15,486,060
Excess (deficiency) of revenue						
over expenditures	(479,977)	(778,012)		(298,035)	(15,278,574)
Other financing sources						
Debt issued	_	_		_		1,900,000
Premiums on debt issued	_	_		_		110,336
Total other financing sources	_	_				2,010,336
Net change in fund balances	\$ (479,977)	(778,012)	\$	(298,035)	(13,268,238)
Fund balances						
Beginning of year		1,128,160				14,396,398
End of year		\$ 350,148			\$	1,128,160



Debt Service Fund Balance Sheet by Account as of June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2019)

	Regular Debt Service	OPEB Debt Service	То	tals
	Account	Account	2020	2019
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 3,576,553	\$ 261,693	\$ 3,838,246	\$ 3,959,844
Receivables				
Current taxes	3,132,595	191,460	3,324,055	3,051,647
Delinquent taxes	89,829	6,626	96,455	97,956
Due from other governmental units	2,922	23	2,945	3,050
Total assets	\$ 6,801,899	\$ 459,802	\$ 7,261,701	\$ 7,112,497
Deferred inflows of resources				
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes	\$ 79,145	\$ 5,923	\$ 85,068	\$ 62,531
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	6,001,383	366,796	6,368,179	6,182,390
Total deferred inflows of resources	6,080,528	372,719	6,453,247	6,244,921
Fund balances				
Restricted for debt service	721,371	87,083	808,454	867,576
Total deferred inflows of resources				
and fund balances	\$ 6,801,899	\$ 459,802	\$ 7,261,701	\$ 7,112,497

Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account Budget and Actual

Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

Revenue Local sources \$ 6,269,705 \$ 5,788,310 \$ 360 Investment earnings 25,000 33,232 2 State sources 29,559 29,219 2 Total revenue 6,324,264 5,850,761 363 Expenditures Debt service Principal 3,855,000 3,610,000 245 Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses) 51,011 (67,758) (8				2020
Revenue Local sources Service Account Debt Service Account Debt Service Account Property taxes \$ 6,269,705 \$ 5,788,310 \$ 360 Investment earnings 25,000 33,232 2 State sources 29,559 29,219 2 Total revenue 6,324,264 5,850,761 363 Expenditures Debt service Principal 3,855,000 3,610,000 245 Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses) 51,011 (67,758) (8				Actual
Revenue Local sources \$ 6,269,705 \$ 5,788,310 \$ 360 Investment earnings 25,000 33,232 2 State sources 29,559 29,219 2 Total revenue 6,324,264 5,850,761 363 Expenditures Debt service 7 245 11 Principal 3,855,000 3,610,000 245 11 Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses) 51,011 (67,758) (8			Regular	OPEB
Revenue Local sources Property taxes \$ 6,269,705 \$ 5,788,310 \$ 360 Investment earnings 25,000 33,232 2 State sources 29,559 29,219 Total revenue 6,324,264 5,850,761 363 Expenditures Debt service Principal 3,855,000 3,610,000 245 Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses)			Debt Service	Debt Service
Local sources Property taxes \$ 6,269,705 \$ 5,788,310 \$ 360 Investment earnings 25,000 33,232 2 State sources 29,559 29,219 Total revenue 6,324,264 5,850,761 363 Expenditures Debt service Principal 3,855,000 3,610,000 245 Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 Total expenditures 6,273,253 5,918,519 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses)		Budget	Account	Account
Local sources Property taxes \$ 6,269,705 \$ 5,788,310 \$ 360 Investment earnings 25,000 33,232 2 State sources 29,559 29,219 Total revenue 6,324,264 5,850,761 363 Expenditures Debt service Principal 3,855,000 3,610,000 245 Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 Total expenditures 6,273,253 5,918,519 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses)	Payanya			
Property taxes \$ 6,269,705 \$ 5,788,310 \$ 360 Investment earnings 25,000 33,232 2 State sources 29,559 29,219 Total revenue 6,324,264 5,850,761 363 Expenditures Debt service Principal 3,855,000 3,610,000 245 Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 7 Total expenditures 6,273,253 5,918,519 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses) 51,011 (67,758) (8				
Investment earnings 25,000 33,232 2 State sources 29,559 29,219 Total revenue 6,324,264 5,850,761 363 Expenditures Debt service Principal 3,855,000 3,610,000 245 Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 Total expenditures 6,273,253 5,918,519 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses) 6,273,253 5,918,519 371		\$ 6.260.705	¢ 5.799.310	\$ 360,559
State sources 29,559 29,219 Total revenue 6,324,264 5,850,761 363 Expenditures Debt service Principal 3,855,000 3,610,000 245 Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 2,003 Total expenditures 6,273,253 5,918,519 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses) 51,011 (67,758) (8	÷ •	. , ,		2,575
Total revenue 6,324,264 5,850,761 363 Expenditures Debt service Principal 3,855,000 3,610,000 245 Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 Total expenditures 6,273,253 5,918,519 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses) 6,273,253 5,918,519 (8	_			2,373
Expenditures Debt service Principal 3,855,000 3,610,000 245 Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 Total expenditures 6,273,253 5,918,519 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses)				363,369
Debt service 3,855,000 3,610,000 245 Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 Total expenditures 6,273,253 5,918,519 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses)	Total revenue	0,324,204	3,830,701	303,309
Debt service 3,855,000 3,610,000 245 Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 Total expenditures 6,273,253 5,918,519 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses)	Expenditures			
Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 2,003 371 Total expenditures 6,273,253 5,918,519 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses) 6,273,253	•			
Interest 2,415,878 2,306,516 126 Fiscal charges and other 2,375 2,003 2,003 371 Total expenditures 6,273,253 5,918,519 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses) 6,273,253	Principal	3,855,000	3,610,000	245,000
Total expenditures 6,273,253 5,918,519 371 Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses)	Interest	2,415,878	2,306,516	126,182
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses)	Fiscal charges and other	2,375	2,003	475
over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses)	Total expenditures	6,273,253	5,918,519	371,657
over expenditures 51,011 (67,758) (8 Other financing sources (uses)	Evcess (deficiency) of revenue			
Other financing sources (uses)		51.011	(67.758)	(8,288)
	over expenditures	31,011	(07,736)	(6,266)
	Other financing sources (uses)			
Refunding debt issued – 1,543,142	Refunding debt issued	_	1,543,142	_
Debt refunding payments – (1,526,218)	Debt refunding payments	_	(1,526,218)	_
Total other financing sources (uses) – 16,924	Total other financing sources (uses)			_
Net change in fund balances \$ 51,011 (50,834) (8	Net change in fund balances	\$ 51,011	(50,834)	(8,288)
Fund balances	Fund balances			
			772,205	95,371
End of year \$ 721,371 \$ 87	End of year		\$ 721,371	\$ 87,083

		2019
Total	Over (Under) Budget	Actual
\$ 6,148,869 35,807 29,454 6,214,130	\$ (120,836) 10,807 (105) (110,134)	\$ 6,056,872 57,522 30,500 6,144,894
3,855,000 2,432,698 2,478 6,290,176	16,820 103 16,923	3,775,000 2,552,465 52,190 6,379,655
(76,046)	(127,057)	(234,761)
1,543,142 (1,526,218) 16,924	1,543,142 (1,526,218) 16,924	2,990,000 (2,950,000) 40,000
(59,122) 867,576	\$ (110,133)	(194,761) 1,062,337
\$ 808,454		\$ 867,576

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds as of June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2019)

	Dental			Medical		Totals			
	Self-Insurance		Se	Self-Insurance		2020		2019	
Assets									
Current assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	215,032	\$	1,655,978	\$	1,871,010	\$	944,680	
Receivables									
Accounts and interest		2,361		6,019		8,380		13,444	
Total current assets		217,393		1,661,997		1,879,390		958,124	
Liabilities									
Current liabilities									
Accounts and contracts payable		26,261		588,182		614,443		554,494	
Unearned revenue		24,691		340,278		364,969		368,084	
Total current liabilities		50,952		928,460		979,412		922,578	
Net position									
Unrestricted	\$	166,441	\$	733,537	\$	899,978	\$	35,546	

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020 (With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

		Dental		Medical	 To	tals	
	Sel	f-Insurance	Se	lf-Insurance	2020		2019
Operating revenue							
Charges for services Assessed to governmental funds	\$	285,346	\$	4,006,366	\$ 4,291,712	\$	3,648,763
Operating expenses							
Dental benefit claims		229,265		_	229,265		269,683
Medical benefit claims		_		3,209,648	 3,209,648		3,683,552
Total operating expenses		229,265		3,209,648	3,438,913		3,953,235
Operating income (loss)		56,081		796,718	852,799		(304,472)
Nonoperating revenue							
Investment earnings		1,919		9,714	11,633		7,441
Change in net position		58,000		806,432	864,432		(297,031)
Net position							
Beginning of year		108,441		(72,895)	 35,546		332,577
End of year	\$	166,441	\$	733,537	\$ 899,978	\$	35,546

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2020

(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2019)

		Dental		Medical	Totals			
	Sel	f-Insurance	Se	lf-Insurance		2020		2019
Cash flows from operating activities Contributions from governmental funds Payments for dental claims Payments for medical claims	\$	286,959 (230,396) –	\$	4,006,702 - (3,148,568)	\$	4,293,661 (230,396) (3,148,568)	\$	3,690,778 (255,852) (3,459,297)
Net cash flows from operating activities		56,563		858,134		914,697		(24,371)
Cash flows from investing activities Interest on investments		1,919		9,714		11,633		7,441
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		58,482		867,848		926,330		(16,930)
Cash and cash equivalents								
Beginning of year		156,550		788,130		944,680		961,610
End of year	\$	215,032	\$	1,655,978	\$	1,871,010	\$	944,680
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities	\$	56,081	\$	796,718	\$	852,799	\$	(304,472)
Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts and interest receivable Accounts and contracts payable Unearned revenue		1,385 (1,131) 228		3,679 61,080 (3,343)		5,064 59,949 (3,115)		(578) 238,086 42,593
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	56,563	\$	858,134	\$	914,697	\$	(24,371)





STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This section of Independent School District No. 278's (the District) Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Contents

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

Operating Indicators

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's CAFR relates to the services the District provides, and the activities it performs.

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the District's CAFR for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 9,711,891	\$ 8,165,213	\$ 7,653,770	\$ 7,393,374
Restricted	2,192,508	3,314,005	3,620,076	3,756,494
Unrestricted	3,836,539	4,320,806	4,678,806	5,257,977
Total governmental activities				
net position	\$ 15,740,938	\$ 15,800,024	\$ 15,952,652	\$ 16,407,845

- Note 1: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing this standard that decreased unrestricted net position by approximately \$21.0 million. Prior years were not restated.
- Note 2: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal 2017. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing this standard that decreased unrestricted net position by approximately \$5.2 million. Prior years were not restated.
- Note 3: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 84 in fiscal 2020. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing this standard that increased unrestricted net position by approximately \$863 thousand. Prior years were not restated.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 7,868,907 3,844,782 (15,287,877)	\$ 8,753,841 2,979,828 (15,210,721)	\$ 6,534,251 4,065,675 (29,672,163)	\$ 7,778,439 3,560,209 (38,266,096)	\$ 9,268,412 3,223,874 (29,473,464)	\$ 13,126,922 3,272,665 (32,124,340)
\$ (3,574,188)	\$ (3,477,052)	\$ (19,072,237)	\$ (26,927,448)	\$ (16,981,178)	\$ (15,724,753)

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities				
Expenses				
Administration	\$ 1,240,176	\$ 1,103,447	\$ 1,211,999	\$ 1,114,374
District support services	1,210,939	1,306,845	1,186,616	1,418,314
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	15,906,341	15,821,717	16,588,104	16,715,403
Vocational education instruction	227,041	228,139	232,415	241,330
Special education instruction	3,577,519	3,433,434	3,603,350	3,611,233
Instructional support services	1,371,005	1,178,776	1,132,586	2,296,955
Pupil support services	2,282,735	2,139,593	2,189,262	2,432,063
Sites and buildings	4,505,990	4,643,492	4,452,099	3,879,490
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	106,788	121,810	152,429	149,070
Food service	1,375,569	1,324,369	1,487,498	1,420,436
Community service	3,130,688	3,103,963	3,089,958	3,307,702
Interest and fiscal charges	2,582,123	2,523,805	2,457,007	2,381,304
Total governmental activities expenses	37,516,914	36,929,390	37,783,323	38,967,674
Program revenues				
Charges for services				
District support services	_	_	_	_
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	439,665	466,099	462,156	483,615
Instructional support services	73,997	72,613	84,612	86,742
Sites and buildings	48,084	44,780	45,320	32,450
Food service	1,113,764	1,147,584	1,178,931	1,115,473
Community service	2,614,388	2,575,570	2,751,209	2,982,439
Operating grants and contributions	4,302,312	4,189,597	4,327,106	4,633,326
Capital grants and contributions	_		_	_
Total governmental activities program revenues	8,592,210	8,496,243	8,849,334	9,334,045
Net (expense) revenue	(28,924,704)	(28,433,147)	(28,933,989)	(29,633,629)
General revenues and other changes in net position				
Property taxes	13,878,356	11,328,567	11,437,738	9,176,495
General grants and aids	13,755,226	16,233,024	16,715,745	19,720,708
Investment earnings and other	867,863	930,642	933,134	1,191,619
Total general revenues and other changes in				
net position	28,501,445	28,492,233	29,086,617	30,088,822
Change in net position	\$ (423,259)	\$ 59,086	\$ 152,628	\$ 455,193

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 1,419,501	\$ 1,210,448	\$ 2,051,816	\$ 1,644,415	\$ 1,144,834	\$ 1,403,513
1,352,392	1,452,785	1,727,629	1,883,055	1,646,977	1,648,088
17,853,192	19,243,525	26,536,175	26,417,988	13,956,796	22,661,409
252,752	266,949	398,942	398,458	177,043	347,654
3,847,621	4,172,151	5,783,842	5,835,792	3,378,768	5,264,305
1,947,093	2,170,518	2,694,470	2,678,015	1,959,811	3,140,503
2,517,343	2,632,360	2,934,532	3,003,901	2,798,029	2,933,397
3,954,424	4,543,936	5,148,314	5,437,461	6,720,625	6,168,157
163,768	130,476	153,893	218,719	401,279	282,859
1,484,656	1,584,898	1,599,610	1,550,110	1,609,297	1,480,033
3,056,864	3,137,082	3,155,738	3,224,093	3,162,147	3,366,310
2,298,810	2,205,783	3,666,352	3,077,375	2,233,460	1,924,200
40 140 416	42.750.011	EE 0E1 212	<i>55 260 202</i>	20 100 000	50 (20 429
40,148,416	42,750,911	55,851,313	55,369,382	39,189,066	50,620,428
_	_	_	_	14,272	_
505,005	454,212	443,288	434,607	417,156	316,534
95,393	94,186	98,355	84,414	75,261	82,131
41,627	54,161	91,946	200,841	521,310	437,382
1,154,225	1,185,196	1,217,362	1,185,258	1,270,204	985,830
2,732,277	2,792,652	2,525,272	2,789,796	2,832,132	2,368,221
4,910,953	5,026,723	6,092,995	5,415,378	5,662,594	5,893,622
_					1,112,400
9,439,480	9,607,130	10,469,218	10,110,294	10,792,929	11,196,120
(30,708,936)	(33,143,781)	(45,382,095)	(45,259,088)	(28,396,137)	(39,424,308)
13,006,374	13,757,445	14,859,066	16,538,863	17,410,629	18,123,809
17,755,988	18,724,777	19,186,103	19,324,330	19,144,727	20,455,376
998,139	758,695	945,725	1,540,684	1,787,051	1,238,508
,,,,,,,	. 50,055	, 15,725	2,5 10,001	2,7,07,001	1,200,000
31,760,501	33,240,917	34,990,894	37,403,877	38,342,407	39,817,693
\$ 1,051,565	\$ 97,136	\$(10,391,201)	\$ (7,855,211)	\$ 9,946,270	\$ 393,385



Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Property Tax

				Operty Tax		
Fiscal Year	 General Purposes	ommunity Service	•	tal Projects – Building onstruction	 Debt Service	 Total
2011	\$ 8,521,682	\$ 410,087	\$	1,024,716	\$ 3,921,871	\$ 13,878,356
2012	6,911,002	279,714		_	4,137,851	11,328,567
2013	6,994,866	280,086		_	4,162,786	11,437,738
2014	4,678,374	147,551		_	4,350,570	9,176,495
2015	8,271,967	266,886		_	4,467,521	13,006,374
2016	8,811,854	277,619		_	4,667,972	13,757,445
2017	9,730,224	270,784		_	4,585,058	14,586,066
2018	10,655,450	268,792		_	5,614,621	16,538,863
2019	11,064,867	279,156		_	6,066,606	17,410,629
2020	11,669,219	283,184		_	6,171,406	18,123,809

Note: The change in "tax shift," as approved in legislation, impacted the amount of tax revenue recognized in fiscal years 2011 and 2014. Changes in the amount of revenue recognized due to the tax shift are offset by an adjustment to state aid payments by an equal amount.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fiscal Year	
	2011	2012	2013	2014
General Fund				
Nonspendable	\$ 516,868	8 \$ 163,719	\$ 216,880	\$ 241,431
Restricted	1,518,49	6 2,630,437	2,798,031	2,682,295
Assigned	2,209,74	6 2,364,311	1,932,960	1,383,557
Unassigned	2,999,39	1 2,997,703	3,642,622	4,568,437
Total General Fund	\$ 7,244,50	\$ 8,156,170	\$ 8,590,493	\$ 8,875,720
All other governmental funds				
Nonspendable	\$ 35,25	1 \$ 35,298	\$ 27,005	\$ 38,918
Restricted	2,286,91	1,185,684	1,301,385	1,627,111
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 2,322,162	2 \$ 1,220,982	\$ 1,328,390	\$ 1,666,029
Total all governmental funds	\$ 9,566,663	3 \$ 9,377,152	\$ 9,918,883	\$ 10,541,749

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 297,934 2,453,121 1,420,294 4,767,214	\$ 233,587 1,669,709 1,289,948 4,725,281	\$ 568,630 1,805,594 903,865 4,935,360	\$ 270,511 1,953,557 651,831 5,812,592	\$ 225,691 1,918,520 1,130,600 6,098,956	\$ 201,063 2,582,045 1,258,883 5,522,578
\$ 8,938,563	\$ 7,918,525	\$ 8,213,449	\$ 8,688,491	\$ 9,373,767	\$ 9,564,569
\$ 35,421 1,826,739	\$ 37,822 1,818,629	\$ 25,244 66,575,361	\$ 46,997 16,817,658	\$ 28,731 3,264,222	\$ 58,342 1,808,797
\$ 1,862,160	\$ 1,856,451	\$ 66,600,605	\$ 16,864,655	\$ 3,292,953	\$ 1,867,139
\$ 10,800,723	\$ 9,774,976	\$ 74,814,054	\$ 25,553,146	\$ 12,666,720	\$ 11,431,708

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2011	2012	2013	2014
_				
Revenues				
Local sources	A 12 055 502	A 44 202 255	A 11 11 200	A 0.225 110
Property taxes	\$ 13,977,592	\$ 11,302,357	\$ 11,417,290	\$ 9,325,440
Investment earnings	16,247	5,730	8,946	20,976
Other	5,141,102	5,231,350	5,446,123	5,871,288
State sources	16,806,502	19,309,387	20,111,316	23,389,076
Federal sources	1,251,036	1,113,234	931,535	964,958
Total revenues	37,192,479	36,962,058	37,915,210	39,571,738
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration	1,239,856	1,204,821	1,232,397	1,279,471
District support services	1,184,927	1,291,926	1,156,567	1,390,862
Elementary and secondary regular				
instruction	13,881,798	14,265,971	14,900,909	14,926,668
Vocational education instruction	227,041	228,139	232,415	241,330
Special education instruction	3,576,871	3,469,533	3,613,323	3,670,933
Instructional support services	1,354,842	1,181,729	1,126,459	2,291,844
Pupil support services	2,282,735	2,139,593	2,189,262	2,432,063
Sites and buildings	2,960,689	3,925,813	3,892,468	3,460,180
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	106,788	121,810	152,429	149,070
Food service	1,301,862	1,267,152	1,398,291	1,331,466
Community service	3,101,348	3,059,733	3,049,239	3,179,435
Capital outlay	10,079,802	861,963	71,252	108,731
Debt service				
Principal	1,341,874	1,596,544	1,881,440	2,080,038
Interest and fiscal charges	2,596,483	2,542,149	2,479,741	2,406,781
Total expenditures	45,236,916	37,156,876	37,376,192	38,948,872
Excess of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(8,044,437)	(194,818)	539,018	622,866
Other financing sources (uses)				
Sale of capital assets	_	5,307	2,713	_
Debt issued	_	_	_	_
Refunding debt issued	_	_	_	_
Premium on debt issued	_	_	_	_
Capital leases issued	_	_	_	_
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	_	_	_	_
Transfer in	_	558,308	_	_
Transfer (out)		(558,308)		
Total other financing sources (uses)		5,307	2,713	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (8,044,437)	\$ (189,511)	\$ 541,731	\$ 622,866
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital				
expenditures	10.9%	11.4%	11.8%	11.4%

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 12,994,742	\$ 13,771,864	\$ 14,862,494	\$ 16,476,583	\$ 17,370,790	\$ 18,063,642
18,875	37,152	238,884	707,479	575,422	262,130
5,507,722	5,301,775	5,082,564	5,527,204	6,334,523	5,147,528
21,632,879	22,849,359	23,472,665	23,888,544	25,303,879	25,459,123
990,504	902,141	913,924	860,304	841,851	880,248
41,144,722	42,862,291	44,570,531	47,460,114	50,426,465	49,812,671
1,292,593	1,292,336	1,311,624	1,408,662	1,448,004	1,280,235
1,389,978	1,464,316	1,645,753	1,822,054	1,742,369	1,601,987
16,190,951	17,504,473	17,599,749	18,155,931	18,727,494	19,655,478
256,702	268,482	271,638	283,104	288,572	324,158
3,892,207	4,169,778	4,342,829	4,436,551	4,615,399	5,049,917
1,956,114	2,166,451	2,207,738	2,255,018	2,434,834	3,027,103
2,528,801	2,634,668	2,622,242	2,737,127	3,033,796	2,887,476
4,091,578	4,726,177	4,461,292	6,344,981	5,696,569	6,963,976
163,768	130,476	153,893	218,719	401,279	282,859
1,418,152	1,520,656	1,510,636	1,489,003	1,551,564	1,446,787
3,017,133	2,941,196	2,810,283	3,015,234	3,263,556	3,224,353
39,522	253,428	1,384,838	15,352,154	15,547,052	905,169
2,319,616	2,579,414	2,854,443	3,356,843	3,997,044	4,243,796
2,328,633	2,239,597	3,356,288	4,114,072	2,739,097	2,529,077
40,885,748	43,891,448	46,533,246	64,989,453	65,486,629	53,422,371
258,974	(1,029,157)	(1,962,715)	(17,529,339)	(15,060,164)	(3,609,700)
_	3,410	275	10,931		7,315
_	_	30,240,000	_	1,900,000	_
_	_	36,450,000	_	2,990,000	1,543,142
_	_	6,161,518	_	110,336	_
_	_	_	1,767,500	123,402	1,487,409
_	_	(5,850,000)	(33,510,000)	(2,950,000)	(1,526,218)
_	_	_	_	_	_
_	3,410	67,001,793	(31,731,569)	2,173,738	1,511,648
\$ 258,974	\$ (1,025,747)	\$ 65,039,078	\$ (49,260,908)	\$ (12,886,426)	\$ (2,098,052)
11.6%	11.3%	13.8%	15.7%	13.5%	13.4%

General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Property Tax

Fiscal Year	Ge	eneral Fund	Community Service Fund		-	Capital Projects – Building Construction Se		Debt ervice Fund	Total
1 iscai i cai		Ziiciai i uiid	301	vice rund		JIISH UCHOH	- 50	A VICE I und	 Total
2011	\$	8,578,774	\$	415,192	\$	1,024,716	\$	3,958,910	\$ 13,977,592
2012		6,897,326		279,373		_		4,125,658	11,302,357
2013		6,985,415		279,437		_		4,152,438	11,417,290
2014		4,771,862		151,188		_		4,402,390	9,325,440
2015		8,264,484		266,720		_		4,463,538	12,994,742
2016		8,820,421		278,040		_		4,673,403	13,771,864
2017		9,735,050		270,784		_		4,856,660	14,862,494
2018		10,616,722		267,866		_		5,591,995	16,476,583
2019		11,035,340		278,578		_		6,056,872	17,370,790
2020		11,632,385		282,388		_		6,148,869	18,063,642

Note: The change in "tax shift," as approved in legislation, impacted the amount of tax revenue recognized in fiscal years 2011 and 2014. Changes in the amount of revenue recognized due to the tax shift are offset by an adjustment to state aid payments by an equal amount.

Assessed and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Payable Year	(1) Real Estate Property	(2) Personal Property	Total Net Tax Capacity Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	
2011	\$ 38,656,546	\$ 277,550	\$ 38,934,096	19.380 %	
2012	35,589,316	282,588	35,871,904	19.939	
2013	33,441,747	309,093	33,750,840	22.325	
2014	33,005,685	310,406	33,316,091	22.613	
2015	34,834,094	325,356	35,159,450	22.601	
2016	36,175,699	334,353	36,510,052	23.166	
2017	38,769,896	347,527	39,117,423	23.352	
2018	40,886,558	379,128	41,265,686	24.024	
2019	42,187,119	432,976	42,620,095	23.552	
2020	44,353,478	418,896	44,772,374	23.109	

Source: Hennepin County

⁽¹⁾ Real estate property includes residential, agricultural, public utility, railroad operating property, all other commercial and industrial property, nonhomestead residential/multiple dwelling, and commercial and seasonal recreational property.

⁽²⁾ Personal property includes certain utility systems, railroad docks and wharves, certain manufactured homes, and flight property.

Property Tax Rates – Direct and Overlapping Governments Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax	ISD No. 278 Certified Levies			_	Overlapping Rates (1)		
Collection Calendar Year	General Fund	Community Service	General Obligation Debt Service	Total Direct School Tax Rate (1)	City of Independence	City of Long Lake	City of Maple Plain
2011	\$ 6,830,653	\$ 260,447	\$ 4,173,469	19.380	34.152	37.105	57.639
2012	6,784,053	276,487	4,203,065	19.939	34.178	44.388	69.255
2013	7,094,049	289,074	4,365,435	22.325	36.266	43.989	79.650
2014	8,167,479	267,687	4,480,196	22.613	37.451	44.229	71.322
2015	8,695,765	278,445	4,681,099	22.601	38.856	44.491	80.776
2016	9,575,016	270,461	4,851,771	23.166	39.788	43.796	76.817
2017	10,604,537	268,492	5,606,134	23.352	39.967	39.180	75.349
2018	11,032,761	280,275	6,096,166	24.024	40.448	37.157	66.514
2019	11,506,020	283,918	6,187,223	23.552	40.361	36.417	63.221
2020	11,949,765	302,453	6,372,351	23.109	39.944	36.576	58.571

Source: Data compiled by Ehlers from information provided by Hennepin County

⁽¹⁾ Tax rates shown above are tax capacity rates only, and do not include tax rates for taxes that are spread on referendum market value.

⁽²⁾ Special districts include Metropolitan Mosquito Control District, Metropolitan Council, Metro Transit, Park Museum, Hennepin County Regional Railroad Authority, and Hennepin Housing and Redevelopment Authority.

⁽³⁾ The total rate shown above is for property in the City of Orono.

City of Medina	City of Minnetonka Beach	City of Orono	City of Wayzata	Hennepin County	Three Rivers Park District	Other (2)	Sample Direct and Overlapping Tax Rate (3)
18.977	23.240	14.991	23.032	45.187	3.765	5.407	88.7300
21.342	24.563	16.283	24.274	48.231	3.943	5.580	93.9760
24.639	27.467	17.667	26.020	49.461	4.054	6.035	99.5420
25.501	32.772	17.815	26.311	49.959	4.169	6.392	100.9480
23.577	26.798	17.387	25.705	46.398	3.789	5.996	96.1710
23.301	27.030	17.325	24.673	45.356	3.601	3.929	93.3770
22.270	25.948	16.759	23.352	44.087	3.365	5.929	93.4920
21.521	24.613	16.555	21.749	42.808	3.161	5.812	92.3600
21.529	24.710	16.406	21.672	41.861	2.961	5.589	90.3690
22.493	24.179	16.512	21.055	41.084	2.859	5.360	88.9240



Principal Property Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (1)

		2020			2017	
	Net Tax		Percentage of Tax	Net Tax		Percentage of Tax
Taxpayer	Capacity	Rank	Capacity Value	Capacity	Rank	Capacity Value
Private residence	\$ 153,575	1	0.34 %	\$ 138,750	2	0.35 %
Brackett Point Property LLC	134,813	2	0.30	_	_	_
Private residence	127,200	3	0.28	_	_	_
Private residence	122,613	4	0.27	_	_	_
WJM Properties	113,250	5	0.25	98,790	8	0.25
Private residence	112,425	6	0.25	111,875	4	0.29
Private residence	109,488	7	0.24	107,275	6	0.27
Bohns Point LLC	104,013	8	0.23	_	_	_
Private residence	100,788	9	0.23	_	_	_
Orono Housing and						
Redevelopment Authority	96,700	10	0.22	_	-	_
Private residence	_		_	218,875	1	0.56
Private residence	_		_	116,113	3	0.30
Private residence	_		_	110,663	5	0.28
The Lafayette Club	_		_	106,290	7	0.27
Carlson Holdings Inc.	_		_	98,750	9	0.25
Private residence		<u> </u>		95,700	10	0.24
Total	\$ 1,174,865	<u>. </u>	2.62 %	\$ 1,203,081		3.08 %

Source: Hennepin County

⁽¹⁾ Information on principal taxpayers is not available prior to 2017.

Property Tax Levies, Collections, and Receivables Last Ten Fiscal Years

Collected Within the First Year of Levy Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year Current Community For Taxes General Fund Debt Service **OPEB** Debt Total Tax Percentage Tax Collectible Basic Levy Service Levy Levy Levy Levy Collection of Levy 2011 \$ 6,830,653 \$ 260,447 \$ 3,724,165 449,304 \$ 11,264,569 \$ 11,044,847 98.0 % 2012 6,784,053 276,487 3,784,598 418,467 11,263,605 11,116,730 98.7 2013 7,094,049 289,074 3,913,769 451,666 11,748,558 11,687,284 99.5 2014 8,167,479 267,687 4,030,351 449,845 12,915,362 12,802,871 99.1 2015 99.4 8,695,765 278,445 4,230,677 450,422 13,655,309 13,577,519 100.0 2016 9,575,016 270,461 4,406,783 444,988 14,697,248 14,702,430 100.5 2017 10,604,537 268,492 5,178,495 427,639 16,479,163 16,560,894 2018 98.7 11,032,761 280,275 5,671,071 425,095 17,409,202 17,188,659 2019 11,506,020 283,918 5,825,430 361,793 17,977,161 17,850,079 99.3 2020 11,949,765 302,453 6,005,459 366,892 18,624,569 8,906,116 47.8

Source: State of Minnesota School Tax Report

Note 1: Collections include amounts collected through state paid tax credits along with any net levy adjustments.

Note 2: Collections for the most recent year are first half collections (through June 30) only.

Collections in		Total Collec	tions to Date	Outstanding	
Subsequent		Total Tax	Percentage	Delinquent	
Years		Collection	of Levy	Taxes	Percent
\$	219,722	\$ 11,264,569	100.0 %	\$ -	- %
	146,875	11,263,605	100.0	_	_
	61,274	11,748,558	100.0	_	_
	112,491	12,915,362	100.0	_	_
	56,391	13,633,910	99.8	21,399	0.2
	(20,279)	14,682,151	99.9	15,097	0.1
	(137,292)	16,423,602	99.7	55,561	0.3
	159,202	17,347,861	99.6	61,341	0.4
	_	17,850,079	99.3	127,082	0.7
	_	8,906,116	_		_
				\$ 280,480	

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	G	overnmental Activitie	es			
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds (1)	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (2)	Per Capita (3)	
2011	\$ 56,722,518	\$ 1,393,185	\$ 58,115,703	- %	\$ -	
2012	55,234,147	1,291,641	56,525,788	_	_	
2013	53,465,776	1,185,201	54,650,977	_	4,406	
2014	51,487,405	1,090,163	52,577,568	_	4,239	
2015	49,274,034	990,547	50,264,581	_	4,053	
2016	46,805,663	886,133	47,691,796	_	3,845	
2017	110,611,483	776,690	111,388,173	_	8,902	
2018	73,420,755	2,377,347	75,798,102	_	6,086	
2019	71,225,159	2,278,705	73,503,864	_	5,687	
2020	66,879,555	3,394,242	70,273,797	_	5,521	

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Presented net of issuance premiums and discounts.

⁽²⁾ Personal income information for residents living within the District is not available.

⁽³⁾ See Demographics and Economic Statistics table for source of estimated population. Estimated population not available for years prior to 2013.

Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Market Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Gross Bonded Debt (1)	Less Debt Service Funds on Hand (2)	Net Bonded Debt	Market Value	Percent of Net Debt to Market Value	Estimated Population (3)	Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2011	\$ 56,722,518	\$ 366,883	\$ 56,355,635	\$3,366,727,400	1.67	_	\$ -
2012	55,234,147	551,769	54,682,378	3,145,159,200	1.74	_	_
2013	53,465,776	513,373	52,952,403	2,978,858,100	1.78	12,403	4,269
2014	51,487,405	583,420	50,903,985	2,945,824,100	1.73	12,403	4,104
2015	49,274,034	554,213	48,719,821	3,100,033,300	1.57	12,403	3,928
2016	46,805,663	570,580	46,235,083	3,213,352,100	1.44	12,403	3,728
2017	110,611,483	35,966,895	74,644,588	3,422,899,200	2.18	12,513	5,965
2018	73,420,755	1,062,337	72,358,418	3,594,504,400	2.01	12,454	5,810
2019	71,225,159	867,576	70,357,583	3,684,163,400	1.91	12,926	5,443
2020	66,879,555	808,454	66,071,101	3,872,495,300	1.71	12,729	5,191

Source: Annual school district census and U.S. Census

⁽¹⁾ Presented net of issuance premiums and discounts.

⁽²⁾ Includes all restricted fund balances in the Debt Service Fund. We believe this is the most accurate and consistent representation of the resources restricted for debt service as it includes crossover refunding bond proceeds held in escrow when applicable, which are not included in the governmental activities net position restricted for debt service, due to the conversion for full accrual accounting.

⁽³⁾ See Demographics and Economic Statistics table for source of estimated population. Estimated population is not available for years prior to 2013.



Direct and Overlapping Debt as of June 30, 2020

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding		Percent Allocable to ISD No. 278	Portion Allocable to ISD No. 278	
Independent School District No. 278	\$	62,545,000	100.00 %	\$	62,545,000
Overlapping debt					
Hennepin County		996,820,000	2.09		20,833,538
City of Independence		5,195,000	48.19		2,503,471
City of Long Lake		2,610,000	100.00		2,610,000
City of Maple Plain		6,735,000	100.00		6,735,000
City of Medina		8,645,000	38.63		3,339,564
City of Minnetonka Beach		3,515,000	100.00		3,515,000
City of Orono		5,185,000	62.81		3,256,699
City of Wayzata		17,325,000	0.54		93,555
Metropolitan Council		230,225,000	0.97		2,233,183
Three Rivers Park District		46,875,000	2.97		1,392,188
Hennepin Regional Railroad Authority		98,385,000	2.22		2,184,147
Total overlapping debt					48,696,343
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	111,241,343

Note: The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable net tax capacity values. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping entity's taxable net tax capacity value that is within the District's boundaries and dividing it by the overlapping government's total taxable net tax capacity value.

Source: Taxable value data used to estimate applicable percentages and debt outstanding data provided by the District's financial advisor, Ehlers & Associates

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars in Thousands)

				Fiscal Year
	2011	2012	2013	2014
Debt limit	\$ 505,009,110	\$ 471,773,880	\$ 446,828,715	\$ 441,873,615
Total debt applicable to the limit	56,355,635	54,682,378	52,952,403	50,903,985
Legal debt margin	\$ 448,653,475	\$ 417,091,502	\$ 393,876,312	\$ 390,969,630
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	11.16%	11.59%	11.85%	11.52%

Note: Under state finance law, the District's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of total market property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

Source: State of Minnesota School Tax

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020		
\$ 465,004,995	\$ 482,002,815	\$ 513,434,880	\$ 539,175,660	\$ 552,624,510	\$ 580,874,295		
48,719,821	46,235,083	68,968,105	67,172,663	65,532,424	61,736,546		
\$ 416,285,174	\$ 435,767,732	\$ 444,466,775	\$ 472,002,997	\$ 487,092,086	\$ 519,137,749		
10.48%	9.59%	13.43%	12.46%	11.86%	10.63%		
		Leg	al Debt Margin Calcu	ılation for Fiscal Year	2020		
		Market value			\$ 3,872,495,300		
		Debt limit (15% of	Debt limit (15% of market value)				
		Debt applicable to General obligation	61,736,546				
		Legal debt ma	\$ 519,137,749				

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Eight Fiscal Years

Orono School District

		010110 20					
Fiscal Year	Population (1)		sonal ne (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)		School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate (3)
2013	12,403	\$	_	\$	_	2,762	4.6 %
2014	12,403		_		_	2,776	3.8
2015	12,403		_		_	2,779	3.3
2016	12,403		_		_	2,815	2.9
2017	12,513		_		_	2,811	3.7
2018	12,454		_		_	2,841	3.6
2019	12,926		_		_	2,877	3.3
2020	12,729		_		_	2,859	3.2

⁽¹⁾ District estimate. Information is not available for years prior to 2013.

⁽²⁾ Personal income information for residents living within the District is not available.

⁽³⁾ Official Metropolitan Council estimate.

Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (1)

	Fiscal Year							
		2020		2017				
			Percentage			Percentage		
			of Total (2)			of Total (2)		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment		
Proto Labs, Inc.	500	1	27.23 %	500	1	28.72 %		
ISD No. 278	350	2	19.06	352	2	20.22		
ServiceMaster Co.	200	3	10.89	200	3	11.49		
Woodhill Country Club	186	4	10.13	150	4	8.62		
Herc-U-Lift, Inc.	120	5	6.54	120	5	6.89		
American Custom Rotomolding	110	6	5.99	110	6	6.32		
Lafayette Club	100	7	5.45	100	7	5.74		
Jem Tech, Inc.	100	8	5.45	_	_	_		
Birchs on the Lake	100	9	5.45	_	_	_		
Wenck Associates	70	10	3.81	_	_	_		
Haven Homes of Maple Plain	_	_	_	95	8	5.46		
Otten Brothers Nursery	_	_	_	64	9	3.68		
Maple Plain Food Center		_		50	10	2.87		
Total	1,836		100.00 %	1,741		100.00 %		
Total ISD No. 278 population (see the								
Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics)	12,729			12,513				
Percent of principal employers to total ISD No. 278 population	14.4%			13.9%				

Source: City of Orono

⁽¹⁾ Information on principal employers is not available prior to 2017.

⁽²⁾ Total employment within district boundary is not available. Percentage is of total employment for employers shown in table.

Employees by Classification Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year
Employees	2011	2012	2013	2014
Administrative staff	22.0	23.0	23.0	23.0
Support service staff	123.0	125.0	126.0	126.0
Classroom teachers	158.8	159.1	160.2	161.8
Special education teachers	35.0	35.0	35.0	35.6
Total	338.8	342.1	344.2	346.4

Source: This information is derived from the Minnesota Department of Education STARS report (October 1)

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
22.0	22.0	22.7	22.0	24.0	22.0
23.0	23.0	23.5	23.0	24.0	23.0
126.0	129.0	130.0	130.0	136.0	140.0
160.3	160.0	165.0	175.0	178.0	180.0
35.5	35.1	35.3	35.0	35.0	35.0
344.8	347.1	353.8	363.0	373.0	378.0



Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Total				
		Governmental	Cost			Pupil/
Fiscal		Activities	per	Percentage	Teaching	Teacher
Year	Enrollment	Expenses	Pupil	Change	Staff	Ratio
2011	2,766	\$ 37,516,914	\$ 13,564	4.4 %	193.8	14.3
2012	2,707	36,929,390	13,642	0.6	194.1	13.9
2013	2,762	37,783,323	13,680	0.3	195.2	14.2
2014	2,776	38,967,674	14,037	2.6	197.4	14.1
2015	2,779	40,148,416	14,447	2.9	195.8	14.2
2016	2,815	42,750,911	15,187	5.1	195.1	14.4
2017	2,811	55,851,313	19,869	30.8	200.3	14.0
2018	2,841	55,369,382	19,487	(1.9)	210.0	13.5
2019	2,877	39,189,066	13,620	(30.1)	213.0	13.5
2020	2,859	50,620,428	17,705	30.0	215.0	13.3

Source: District records

School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Fiscal Year
	2011	2012	2013	2014
Elementary Schools				
Orono Schuman Elementary (1987)				
Enrollment (1)	567	541	553	534
Square feet	89,764	89,764	89764	89764
Orono Intermediate (1972)				
Enrollment (1)	624	605	610	649
Square feet	127,324	127,324	127,324	127,324
Middle School				
Orono Middle School (2000)				
Enrollment (1)	684	699	691	681
Square feet	122,000	122,000	122,000	122,000
High School				
Orono High School (1960)				
Enrollment (1)	891	862	908	912
Square feet	186,444	186,444	186,444	186,444
Total enrollment	2,766	2,707	2,762.00	2,776.00
Total square feet	525,532	525,532	525,532	525,532
Athletics				
Football fields	3	3	3	3
Soccer fields	13	13	13	13
Running tracks	1	1	1	1
Baseball/softball	6	6	6	6
Swimming pools	1	1	1	1
Playgrounds	3	3	3	3

Source: Square footage, capacity, and athletic statistics are derived from district records. Enrollment was obtained from a combination of district records and school ADM reports available on the Minnesota Department of Education website.

⁽¹⁾ Enrollment reflects average daily membership (ADM) served by site.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
541	570	573	573	585	581
89,764	89,764	89,764	89,764	89,764	89,764
<i>(25</i>	622	600	620	65 0	(20)
635	632	608	630	658	629
127,324	127,324	127,324	127,324	127,324	127,324
684	686	698	697	698	701
122,000	122,000	122,000	122,000	122,000	122,000
919	927	932	941	936	948
186,444	186,444	186,444	186,444	282,740	282,740
2,779	2,815	2,811	2,841	2,877	2,859
525,532	525,532	525,532	525,532	621,828	621,828
3	3	4	4	3	3
13	13	13	13	12	12
13	13	1	1	2	2
6	6	6	6	4	4
1	1	1	1	1	1
3	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3	3

Food Service School Lunch Program Data Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	Program Adult Meals	Meals Served Students	Full Price Meals Served	Free Meals Served	Reduced-Price Meals Served
2011	9,051	258,598	228,998	18,752	10,848
2012	9,063	258,950	230,108	22,858	5,984
2013	8,911	254,590	223,974	23,454	7,162
2014	8,705	248,711	220,360	22,336	6,015
2015	9,920	276,849	249,649	20,087	7,113
2016	10,226	274,214	178,992	21,229	5,839
2017	11,363	272,340	245,425	18,396	8,519
2018	6,581	253,279	226,757	18,641	7,881
2019	6,897	251,511	226,793	16,451	8,267
2020	4,730	183,114	165,795	10,445	6,874

Year Ended	Student Regular Lunch Prices						
June 30,	Elen	nentary	Middle		High School		
2011	\$	2.15	\$	2.25	\$	2.40	
2012		2.25		2.35		2.50	
2013		2.30		2.40		2.55	
2014		2.40		2.55		2.70	
2015		2.45		2.60		2.75	
2016		2.50		2.65		2.80	
2017		2.55		2.70		2.85	
2018		2.65		2.80		2.95	
2019		2.70		2.85		3.00	
2020		2.80		2.95		3.10	

Student Enrollment Last Ten Fiscal Years

Average Daily Membership (ADM)

Year Ended June 30,	Handicapped and Pre-Kindergarten	Kindergarten	Elementary	Secondary	Total	Total Pupil Units
2011	19	177	1,212	1,357	2,766	3,209
2012	15	138	1,212	1,342	2,707	3,162
2013	18	156	1,197	1,391	2,762	3,224
2014	13	162	1,205	1,395	2,775	3,237
2015	18	151	1,224	1,387	2,780	3,057
2016	23	171	1,219	1,402	2,815	3,095
2017	25	151	1,235	1,400	2,811	3,091
2018	24	169	1,233	1,415	2,841	3,124
2019	24	177	1,263	1,413	2,877	3,160
2020	22	173	1,251	1,413	2,859	3,141

Note 1: Student enrollment for the latest fiscal year is estimated.

Note 2: ADM is weighted as follows in computing pupil units:

	Pre-Kindergarten	Handicapped Kindergarten	Kindergarten Half-Day/Full-Day	Elementary 1–3	Elementary 4–6	Secondary
Fiscal 2011 through 2015 Fiscal 2016	1.250	1.000	0.612	1.115	1.060	1.300
through 2020	1.000	1.000	0.550/1.000	1.000	1.000	1.200

Source: Minnesota Department of Education student reporting system

