McGraw Hill	Benchmark/ Standards	
Quarter 1: August 12, 2024- October 11, 2024		
Nature of Science	C.T.N.1.1 Therefore a problem from the seventh grade curriculum, use appropriate reference materials to support scientific understanding, plan and carry ut scientific investigation of various types, such as systematic observations or experiments, identify variables, collect and organize data, terpret data in charts, tables, and graphics, analyze information, make predictions, and defend conclusions. SC.T.N.1.2 Ifferentiate replication (by others) from repetition (multiple trials). C.T.N.1.3 Visitinguish between an experiment (which must involve the identification and control of variables) and other forms of scientific investigation of explain that not all scientific knowledge is derived from experimentation. C.T.N.1.4 Jentify test variables (independent variables) and outcome variables (dependent variables) in an experiment. SC.T.N.1.6 Sc.T.N.1.6 xplain that empirical evidence is the cumulative body of observations of a natural phenomenon on which scientific explanations are based. SC.T.N.1.7 xplain that scientific knowledge is the result of a great deal of debate and confirmation within the science community. SC.T.N.1.1 Jentify an instance from the history of science in which scientific knowledge has changed when new evidence or new interpretations are nocuntered. SC.T.N.3 Iertify the benefits and limitations of the use of scientific models. pirated Standards Sc.A.1.3 </td	

Quarter 2: October 15, 2024- December 20, 2024			
Chapter 9- Reproduction of Organisms Chapter 10- Genetics Chapter 12- Dynamic Ecosystems	SC.7.L.16.1 Understand and explain that every organism requires a set of instructions that specifies its traits, that this hereditary information (DNA) contains genes located in the chromosomes of each cell, and that heredity is the passage of these instructions from one generation to another. SC.7.L.16.2 Determine the probabilities for genotype and phenotype combinations using Punnett Squares and pedigrees SC.7.L.16.3 Compare and contrast the general processes of sexual reproduction requiring meiosis and asexual reproduction requiring mitosis SC.7.L.16.4 Recognize and explore the impact of biotechnology (cloning, genetic engineering, artificial selection) on the individual, society and the environment. SC.7.L.17.1 Explain and illustrate the roles of and relationships among producers, consumers, and decomposers in the process of energy transfer in a food web. SC.7.L.17.2 Compare and contrast the relationships among organisms such as mutualism, predation, parasitism, competition, and commensalism SC.7.L.17.3 Describe and investigate various limiting factors in the local ecosystem and their impact on native populations, including food, shelter, water, space, disease, parasitism, predation, and nesting sites. SC.7.E.6.5		
	Quarter 3: January 7, 2025- March 13, 2025		
Chapter 1- Geosphere	SC.7.L.15.1 Recognize that fossil evidence is consistent with the scientific theory of evolution that living things evolved from earlier species.		
Chapter 2- Plate Tectonics Chapter 3- Clues to Earth's Past	 SC.7.L.15.2 Explore the scientific theory of evolution by recognizing and explaining ways in which genetic variation and environmental factors contribute to evolution by natural selection and diversity of organisms. SC.7.L.15.3 Explore the scientific theory of evolution by relating how the inability of a species to adapt within a changing environment may contribute to the extinction of that species. 		

Chapter 4-	<u>SC.7.E.6.1</u>		
Geologic Time	Describe the layers of the solid Earth, including the lithosphere, the hot convecting mantle, and the dense metallic liquid and		
-	solid cores.		
Chapter 5- Human	SC.7.E.6.2		
Impact on the	Identify the patterns within the rock cycle and relate them to surface events (weathering and erosion) and		
Earth	subsurface events (plate tectonics and mountain building).		
	SC.7.E.6.3		
Chapter 11-	Identify current methods for measuring the age of Earth and its parts, including the law of superposition and radioactive		
Theory of	dating.		
Evolution	SC.7.E.6.4		
	Explain and give examples of how physical evidence supports scientific theories that Earth has evolved over geologic time		
	due to natural processes.		
	<u>SC.7.E.6.5</u>		
	Explore the scientific theory of plate tectonics by describing how the movement of Earth's crustal plates causes both slow and		
	rapid changes in Earth's surface, including volcanic eruptions, earthquakes, and mountain building.		
	<u>SC.7.E.6.7</u>		
	Recognize that heat flow and movement of material within Earth causes earthquakes and volcanic eruptions, and creates		
	mountains and ocean basins.		
	Also reinforces SC.7.N.1.1		
	<u>SC.7.N.1.4</u>		
	<u>SC.7.N.1.5</u>		
	Quarter 4: March 24, 2025- May 29, 2025		
Chapter 6- Energy	SC.7.P.10.1		
and Matter	Illustrate that the sun's energy arrives as radiation with a wide range of wavelengths, including infrared, visible, and ultraviolet,		
	and that white light is made up of a spectrum of many different colors.		
Chapter 7-Waves	SC.7.P.10.2		
	Observe and explain that light can be reflected, refracted, and/or absorbed.		
Chapter 8- Sound	SC.7.P.10.3		
	Recognize that light waves, sound waves, and other waves move at different speeds in different materials.		
and Light			
	SC.7.P.11.1		
	Recognize that adding heat to or removing heat from a system may result in a temperature change and possibly a change of		
	state.		
	<u>SC.7.P.11.2</u>		

Investigate and describe the transformation of energy from one form to another.
<u>SC.7.P.11.3</u>
Cite evidence to explain that energy cannot be created nor destroyed, only changed from one form to another.
<u>SC.7.P.11.4</u>
Observe and describe that heat flows in predictable ways, moving from warmer objects to cooler ones until they reach the same temperature.
Also reinforces
<u>SC.7.N.1.1</u>
<u>SC.7.N.1.4</u> SC.7.N.1.5
<u>30.7.N.1.5</u>