McGraw Hill	Benchmark/ Standards			
Quarter 1: August 12, 2024- October 11, 2024				
Chapter 0- Nature of Science	SC.8.N.1.1 Define a problem from the eighth grade curriculum using appropriate reference materials to support scientific understanding, plan and carry out scientific investigations of various types, such as systematic observations or experiments, identify variables, collect and organize data,			
Chapter 5- Properties and Changes of Matter	interpret data in charts, tables, and graphics, analyze information, make predictions, and defend conclusions. <u>SC.8.N.1.2</u> Design and conduct a study using repeated trials and replication.			
	SC.8.N.1.3 Use phrases such as "results support" or "fail to support" in science, understanding that science does not offer conclusive 'proof' of a knowledge claim.			
	SC.8.N.1.4 Explain how hypotheses are valuable if they lead to further investigations, even if they turn out not to be supported by the data. SC.8.N.1.5			
	Analyze the methods used to develop a scientific explanation as seen in different fields of science. SC.8.N.1.6			
	Understand that scientific investigations involve the collection of relevant empirical evidence, the use of logical reasoning, and the application of imagination in devising hypotheses, predictions, explanations and models to make sense of the collected evidence. SC.8.N.2.1			
	Distinguish between scientific and pseudoscientific ideas. SC.8.N.2.2			
	Discuss what characterizes science and its methods. SC.8.N.3.1			
	Select models useful in relating the results of their own investigations. <u>SC.8.N.3.2</u>			
	Explain why theories may be modified but are rarely discarded. SC.8.P.8.1			
	Explore the scientific theory of atoms (also known as atomic theory) by using models to explain the motion of particles in solids, liquids, and gases.			
	SC.8.P.8.2 Differentiate between weight and mass recognizing that weight is the amount of gravitational pull on an object and is distinct from, though proportional to, mass. SC.8.P.8.3			
	Sc.o.F.o.s Explore and describe the densities of various materials through measurement of their masses and volumes.			

	SC.8.P.8.4 Classify and compare substances on the basis of characteristic physical properties that can be demonstrated or measured; for example, density, thermal or electrical conductivity, solubility, magnetic properties, melting and boiling points, and know that these properties are independent of the amount of the sample.				
	Quarter 2: October 15, 2024- December 20, 2024				
Chapter 6- Matter	<u>SC.8.P.8.5</u>				
and Molecular	Recognize that there are a finite number of elements and that their atoms combine in a multitude of ways to produce				
Structure	compounds that make up all of the living and nonliving things that we encounter.				
	<u>SC.8.P.8.6</u>				
Chapter 7- The	Recognize that elements are grouped in the periodic table according to similarities of their properties.				
Periodic Table					
Ob and an O	Explore the scientific theory of atoms (also known as atomic theory) by recognizing that atoms are the smallest unit of an				
Chapter 8-	element and are composed of subatomic particles (electrons surrounding a nucleus containing protons and neutrons). SC.8.P.8.8				
Elements and Chemical Bonds	Identify basic examples of and compare and classify the properties of compounds, including acids, bases, and salts.				
Chemical Bonds	SC.8.P.8.9				
Chapter 9-	Distinguish among mixtures (including solutions) and pure substances.				
Mixtures,	SC.8.P.9.1				
Solubility, and	Explore the Law of Conservation of Mass by demonstrating and concluding that mass is conserved when substances				
Acid/Base	undergo physical and chemical changes.				
Solutions	SC.8.P.9.2				
	Differentiate between physical changes and chemical changes.				
Chapter 10-	<u>SC.8.P.9.3</u>				
Chemical	Investigate and describe how temperature influences chemical changes.				
Reactions	<u>SC.8.L.18.1</u>				
	Describe and investigate the process of photosynthesis, such as the roles of light, carbon dioxide, water and chlorophyll;				
Chapter 11-	production of food; release of oxygen.				
Energy	SC.8.L.18.2				
Production and	Describe and investigate how cellular respiration breaks down food to provide energy and releases carbon dioxide. SC.8.L.18.3				
Response in	Construct a scientific model of the carbon cycle to show how matter and energy are continuously transferred within and				
Plants	between organisms and their physical environment.				
Oberter 10	SC.8.L.18.4				
Chapter 12- Matter and	Cite evidence that living systems follow the Laws of Conservation of Mass and Energy.				

Energy in Ecosystems	Also Embed <u>SC.8.N.1.1</u> <u>SC.8.N.1.2</u> <u>SC.8.N.1.3</u> <u>SC.8.N.1.5</u> <u>SC.8.N.1.6</u> <u>SC.8.N.2.1</u> <u>SC.8.N.2.2</u>				
	Quarter 3: January 7, 2025- March 13, 2025				
Chapter 1-	<u>SC.8.E.5.1</u>				
Exploring the Universe	Recognize that there are enormous distances between objects in space and apply our knowledge of light and space travel to understand this distance.				
Chapter 2- The Sun-Earth-Moon	SC.8.E.5.2 Recognize that the universe contains many billions of galaxies and that each galaxy contains many billions of stars. SC.8.E.5.3				
Systems	Distinguish the hierarchical relationships between planets and other astronomical bodies relative to the solar system, galaxy, and universe, including distance, size, and composition.				
Chapter 3- The Solar System	SC.8.E.5.4 Explore the Law of Universal Gravitation by explaining the role that gravity plays in the formation of planets, stars, and solar systems and in determining their motions				
Chapter 4- Stars and Galaxies	SC.8.E.5.5 Describe and classify specific physical properties of stars: apparent magnitude (brightness), temperature (color), size, and luminosity (absolute brightness).				
	SC.8.E.5.6 Create models of solar properties including: rotation, structure of the Sun, convection, sunspots, solar flares, and prominences.				
	SC.8.E.5.7 Compare and contrast the properties of objects in the Solar System including the Sun, planets, and moons to those of Earth, such as gravitational force, distance from the Sun, speed, movement, temperature, and atmospheric conditions.				

	SC.8.E.5.8 Compare various historical models of the Solar System, including geocentric and heliocentric. SC.8.E.5.9 Explain the impact of objects in space on each other including: the Sun on the Earth including seasons and gravitational attraction, the Moon on the Earth, including phases, tides, and eclipses, and the relative position of each body. SC.8.E.5.11 Identify and compare characteristics of the electromagnetic spectrum such as wavelength, frequency, use, and hazards and recognize its application to an understanding of planetary images and satellite photographs. Also Embed SC.8.N.1.1 SC.8.N.1.2 SC.8.N.1.4 SC.8.N.1.5 SC.8.N.1.6 SC.8.N.2.1 SC.8.N.2.1				
	Quarter 4: March 24, 2025- May 29, 2025				
Chapter 0- Nature	SC.8.E.5.10				
of Science	Assess how technology is essential to science for such purposes as access to outer space and other remote locations, sample collection, measurement, data collection and storage, computation, and communication of information.				
Chapter 1-	<u>SC.8.E.5.12</u>				
Exploring the	Summarize the effects of space exploration on the economy and culture of Florida.				
Universe	SC.8.N.4.1 Explain that science is one of the processes that can be used to inform decision making at the community, state, national, and international levels. SC.8.N.4.2 Explain how political, social, and economic concerns can affect science, and vice versa.				
	Review for SSA				