McGraw Hill	Benchmark/ Standards	
Quarter 1: August 12, 2024- October 11, 2024		
McGraw Hill: Chapter 1- Onward We Go Chapter 2-Stars and Sun	Sc.3.N.1.1 Raise questions about the natural world, investigate them individually and in teams through free exploration and systematic investigations, and generate appropriate explanations based on those explorations. Sc.3.N.1.2 Compare the observations made by different groups using the same tools and seek reasons to explain the differences across groups. Sc.3.N.1.3 Keep records as appropriate, such as pictorial, written, or simple charts and graphs, of investigations conducted. Sc.3.N.1.4 Recognize the importance of communication among scientists. Sc.3.N.1.6 Infer based on observation. Sc.3.N.1.7 Explain that empirical evidence is information, such as observations or measurements, that is used to help validate explanations of natural phenomena. Sc.3.N.3.1 Recognize that scientists use models to help understand and explain how things work. Sc.3.N.3.2 Recognize that scientists use models to help understand and explain how things work. Sc.3.N.3.2 Recognize that all models are approximations of natural phenomena; as such, they do not perfectly account for all observations. Sc.3.N.3.2 Recognize that all models are approximations of natural phenomena; as such, they do not perfectly account for all observations. Sc.3.N.3.2 Recognize that stars can be different; some are smaller, some a	

Flagler County Grade 3 2024-2025 Scope and Sequence based on McGraw Hill

	Recognize that the Sun appears large and bright because it is the closest star to Earth.		
	<u>SC.3.E.5.5</u>		
	Investigate that the number of stars that can be seen through telescopes is dramatically greater than those seen by the		
	unaided eye.		
	<u>SC.3.E.6.1</u>		
	Demonstrate that radiant energy from the Sun can heat objects and when the Sun is not present, heat may be lost.		
Quarter 2: October 15, 2024- December 20, 2024			
McGraw Hill	SC.3.E.5.4		
Chapter 3- Gravity	Explore the Law of Gravity by demonstrating that gravity is a force that can be overcome.		
Chapter 4- Plants	SC.3.L.14.1		
and Environment	Describe structures in plants and their roles in food production, support, water and nutrient transport, and reproduction.		
	SC.3.L.14.2		
	Investigate and describe how plants respond to stimuli (heat, light, gravity), such as the way plant stems grow toward light		
	and their roots grow downward in response to gravity.		
	SC.3.L.17.2		
	Recognize that plants use energy from the Sun, air, and water to make their own food.		
	recognize that plants use chorgy norm the our, and water to make their own lood.		
	Unit also reinforces		
	<u>SC.3.N.1.1</u>		
	<u>SC.3.N.1.3</u>		
	<u>SC.3.N.1.4</u>		
	<u>SC.3.N.1.6</u> SC.3.N.1.7		
	Quarter 3: January 7, 2025- March 13, 2025		
McGraw Hill	SC.3.L.15.1		
Chapter 5-	Classify animals into major groups (mammals, birds, reptiles, amphibians, fish, arthropods, vertebrates and invertebrates,		
Organisms and	those having live births and those which lay eggs) according to their physical characteristics and behaviors.		
Their	<u>SC.3.L.15.2</u>		
Environments	Classify flowering and nonflowering plants into major groups such as those that produce seeds, or those like ferns and		
Chapter 6- Matter	mosses that produce spores, according to their physical characteristics.		
and its Properties	<u>SC.3.L.17.1</u>		
•	Describe how animals and plants respond to changing seasons.		
	SC.3.P.8.1		
	Measure and compare temperatures of various samples of solids and liquids.		
	SC.3.P.8.2		
	Measure and compare the mass and volume of solids and liquids.		
	SC.3.P.8.3		

Flagler County Grade 3 2024-2025 Scope and Sequence based on McGraw Hill

	Compare materials and objects according to properties such as size, shape, color, texture, and hardness. <u>SC.3.P.9.1</u> Describe the changes water undergoes when it changes state through heating and cooling by using familiar scientific terms such as melting, freezing, boiling, evaporation, and condensation. Unit also reinforces <u>SC.3.N.1.1</u> <u>SC.3.N.1.2</u> <u>SC.3.N.1.4</u> <u>SC.3.N.1.5</u> <u>SC.3.N.1.6</u> <u>SC.3.N.1.7</u> <u>SC.3.N.3.2</u>	
Quarter 4: March 24, 2025- May 29, 2025		
McGraw Hill Chapter 7- Energy	SC.3.P.10.1 Identify some basic forms of energy such as light, heat, sound, electrical, and mechanical. SC.3.P.10.2 Recognize that energy has the ability to cause motion or create change. SC.3.P.10.3 Demonstrate that light travels in a straight line until it strikes an object or travels from one medium to another. SC.3.P.10.4 Demonstrate that light can be reflected, refracted, and absorbed. SC.3.P.11.1 Investigate, observe, and explain that things that give off light often also give off heat. SC.3.P.11.2 Investigate, observe, and explain that heat is produced when one object rubs against another, such as rubbing one's hands together. Unit also reinforces SC.3.N.1.3 SC.3.N.1.4 SC.3.N.1.3 SC.3.N.1.4 SC.3.N.1.7 SC.3.N.1.7	

Flagler County Grade 3 2024-2025 Scope and Sequence based on McGraw Hill