Model Regulations for Conducting a Threat Assessment

I. PURPOSE

To establish procedures for conducting threat assessments in response to student threats of violence.

II. DEFINITIONS

- A. A threat is an expression of intent to harm someone that may be spoken, written, or gestured. An expression of intent to harm someone is considered a threat regardless of whether it is communicated to an actual or prospective victim and regardless of whether the actual or prospective victim is aware the threat existing in any fashion, whether orally, visually, in writing, or electronically. A threat assessment is a procedure to identify potentially dangerous or violent situations and resolve them.
- B. A transient threat is a threat that does not express a lasting intent to harm someone. A threat is transient only if it can be quickly and easily resolved and no longer exists.
- C. A serious substantive threat is a threat that expresses a continuing intent to assault someone.
- D. A very serious substantive threat is a threat that involves using a weapon or a threat to kill, rape, or inflict severe injury to someone.

III. PROCEDURES

- A. A threat assessment may be conducted if a student makes an explicit or implicit threat, or if the student's behavior indicates that a threat is reasonably likely. The goal of the threat assessment is to provide assistance to the student being assessed, to support victims or potential victims, and to take appropriate preventive or corrective measures to maintain a safe and secure school environment. A threat assessment is not a disciplinary action, and is not a prerequisite to disciplinary action. Documents completed as part of a threat assessment may or may not be used in a disciplinary proceeding.
- B. Student threats shall be reported to the school administrator (principal, assistant principal, or principal designee) if they cannot be easily and readily resolved by other staff. Criteria for reporting threats should include the age of the child and the context of the threat or remark.
- C. The student who communicated the threat, the recipient(s) of the threat, and witnesses shall be interviewed to obtain specific information regarding the threat, in accordance with the Threat Assessment Guidelines. The Guidelines can be found at <address>
- D. When a threat is reported to the school administrator, the administrator makes a preliminary determination of the seriousness of the threat. If it can be determined that the threat is a transient threat and has been resolved, the Threat Assessment Documentation may be completed at the administrator's discretion. If the threat has not been resolved, the Threat Assessment Documentation and Threat Assessment and Response Summary Sheet forms shall be completed.
- E. In every instance in which a threat against a student is not immediately resolved, the school administrator shall notify the parent/guardian of the student who made the threat. The school administrator shall also notify any identifiable victims or targets of the threat. If the target is a student or students, the parent/guardians shall also be notified. If the threat is not specific about the identity of the victim(s), the school administrator shall make a determination based on the circumstances of the threat whether it is appropriate to communicate to a more general notification to potential victims, such as in the form of a letter to parent/guardians. In most cases, such a letter would be appropriate to address questions and concerns that might be disruptive to learning and to solicit information that would be relevant to resolving the threat.
- F. Threat assessment and disciplinary procedures are separate processes. Regardless of whether a threat is determined to be transient, serious substantive, or very serious substantive, appropriate disciplinary procedures shall be followed.
- G. If the threat is determined to be serious substantive or very serious substantive, the Threat Assessment Documentation and Threat Assessment and Response Summary Sheet forms and other relevant documents regarding the threat shall be maintained in the cumulative file of the student's scholastic record. If the threat is determined to be transient and the forms were completed, they may be maintained in the student's scholastic record at the administrator's discretion.

Adapted from Fairfax County Public Schools

THREAT ASSESSMENT AND RESPONSE PROTOCOL® **Comprehensive School Threat Assessment Guidelines** OVERVIEW. A threat is a communication of intent to harm someone that may be spoken, written, gestured, or expressed in some other form, such as via text messaging, email, or other digital means. An expression of intent to harm someone is considered a threat regardless of whether it is communicated to the intended target(s) and regardless of whether the intended target is aware of the threat. Threats may be implied by behavior that an observer would reasonably regard as threatening, planning, or preparing to commit a violent act. When in doubt, treat the communication or behavior as a threat and conduct a threat assessment. Threats that are not easily recognized as harmless (e.g., an obvious joke that worries no one) should be reported to the school administrator or other team members. The administrator or another team member makes a preliminary determination of the seriousness of the threat. The student, targets of the threat, and other witnesses should be interviewed to obtain information using this protocol. A transient threat means there is no sustained intent to harm and a substantive threat means the intent is present (or not clear) and therefore requires protective action. This form is a guide for conducting a threat assessment, but each case may have unique features that require some modification. A threat assessment is not a crisis response. If there is indication that violence is imminent (e.g., person has a firearm at school or is on the way to school to attack someone), a crisis response is appropriate. Take immediate action such as calling 911 and follow the school crisis response plan. School Threat Assessment Decision Tree* Step 1. Evaluate the threat. Obtain a detailed account of the threat, usually by interviewing the person who made No Not a threat. Might be an the threat, the intended victim, and other witnesses. Write the exact content of the expression of anger that merits threat and key observations by each party. Consider the circumstances in which the attention. threat was made and the student's intentions. Is there communication of intent to harm someone or behavior suggesting intent to harm? Yes Step 2. Attempt to resolve the threat as transient. is the threat an expression of humor, rhetoric, anger, or frustration that can be easily Yes Case resolved as transient; add resolved so that there is no intent to harm? Does the person retract the threat or services as needed. offer an explanation and/or apology that indicates no future intent to harm anyone? No Step 3. Respond to a substantive threat. For all substantive threats: h. Take precautions to protect potential victims. Warn intended victim and parents. Serious, Case resolved as serious Look for ways to resolve conflict. substantive threat; add services k. Discipline student, when appropriate. as needed. Serious means a threat to hit, fight, or beat up whereas very serious means a threat to kill, rape, or cause very serious injury with a weapon. Very Serious Step 4. Conduct a safety evaluation for a very serious substantive threat. In addition to a-d above, the student may be briefly placed elsewhere or suspended pending completion of the following: I. Screen student for mental health services and counseling; refer as needed. m. Law enforcement investigation for evidence of planning and preparation, n. Develop safety plan that reduces risk and addresses student needs. Plan should include review of Individual Educational Plan if already receiving special education services and further assessment if possible disability. Step 5. Implement and monitor the safety plan.

*This 5-step decision tree is a revision of the original 7-step decision tree for the Virginia Student Threat Assessment Guidelines that retains the same information and procedures in a more condensed format.

Document the plan.

Maintain contact with the student.

Monitor whether plan is working and revise as needed.

THREAT REPORT	THE WAR STATE OF COMMUNICATION				
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A threat is an expression of intent to harm someone that may be spoken, written, gestured, or communicated in some other form, such as via text message or email. Threats may be explicit or implied, directed at the intended target or communicated to a third party. Behavior that suggests a threat such as weapon carrying, fighting, or menacing actions should be investigated to determine whether a threat is present.					
Only a small percentage of	assessment of threats to harm cases require both threat asses ard suicide assessment protoco	ssment and suicide assess	ded for individuals who have only threatened to harm themselves. Issment, and in those cases, the team should supplement this form		
Name of person reporting t	threat:		Date/time threat reported:		
Affiliation of person report	ing threat: □Student □Parer	nt 🗆 Staff 🗆 Other:			
Name of person receiving t	he report:				
INCIDENT or BEHAVIOR OF	CONCERN				
Name of person making the	reat:		Date/time threat made:		
Affiliation of person making	g threat: □Student □Parent (⊒Staff	Status: □Current □Former		
Identification: ☐Male ☐Fe	male Age: Grade, if studen	t: School program, i	f student:		
Emergency Contact:			Relationship:		
Home Address:			Phone:		
	School Building or Grounds C		School-Sponsored Activity		
☐Digital communication su	ch as text or post Other				
ASSESSMENT FINDINGS	(All sources are not needed in	most cases.)	Equipment of the second second		
Sources of Information	Was information reviewed?	Relevant Findings (use	additional pages as needed)		
Prior threats	□Reviewed □Not applicable □ Not available				
Prior discipline incidents	☐Reviewed ☐Not applicable ☐ Not available				
Academic records	□Reviewed □Not applicable □ Not available				
Special education records	☐Reviewed ☐Not applicable ☐ Not available				
Other records	□Reviewed □Not applicable □ Not available				
Records from other schools	☐Reviewed ☐Not applicable ☐ Not available				
Records from outside agencies (e.g., social services or mental health)	□Reviewed □Not applicable □ Not available				
Law enforcement records (criminal history, contacts, firearms purchases, etc.)	□Reviewed □Not applicable □ Not available				
Employment records (grievances, disciplinary actions, Title IX, etc.)	□Reviewed □Not applicable □ Not available				

INTERVIEWS			

When a threat is identified, obtain a specific account of the threat by interviewing the student or other person who made the threat, if appropriate to the circumstances. Interview the intended victims, and other witnesses. Write the exact content of the threat and statements by each party. Consider the circumstances in which the threat was made and the threatening individual's intentions.

Subjects	Porcon u	uha mada t	hroat or	angaged in	threatening	hahadar
Sublect:	Person v	vno made t	nreat or	eneseed in	tnreatenine	: Denavior

	rson who made threat or engaged in threatening beha	nor .	
Subject Name		:	Refer to prior page for additional identifying information.
Person(s)			Location, Date of Interview
Conducting Interview			
questions. Ad	estions as a guide to interview the person making the threat. Ask other ijust spacing below as needed.		
1. Do you kn statement	low why I want to talk to you? What happened today when you were ts if possible.)	(place of incide	nt]? (Record person's exact words with quotation marks for key
	·		en e
	·· ·		**************************************
	•		• •
		'	·
2. What exa	actly did you say? And what exactly did you do?		· · · · ·
			;
3. What did	you mean when you said or did that?		
		;	
		•	
4. How do y	ou think (person who was threatened) feels about what you said or d	id? (Probe to se	e if the subject believes it frightened or intimidated the person.)
5. What was	s the reason you said or did that? (Probe to find out if there is a prior	conflict or histor	ry to this threat.
6. What are	you going to do now? (Ask questions to determine if the subject inter	ada ta areses e	At a March 3
J. 1711BL 0/C	And Round to no mone lyzy diseasons to determine it the sholect inter	ius to carry out	tne threat.)

Target (person who was target of threat) Or Witness (person with relevant information)

If more than one, complete additional forms. If a group targeted, describe how subject identified the group (e.g., "everyone on this bus") and list all individuals.

Target Name		ID#				
Affiliation	☐Administrator ☐Teacher ☐Staff ☐Student ☐Parent/Guardian ☐Other:	Status	QCurrent QFormer Grade (if student):			
School		Building/				
Emergency		Program Relation				
Contact Home		Phone				
Address Person(s)		Location,				
Conducting Interview		Date of Interview		•		
Use these qui	estions as a guide to interview the person targeted by the threat. Ask other questions ions. If target is a minor, record parent under emergency contact. Adjust spacing below	as appropriate w as needed.	e. Try to use open-ended questions rath	er than		
1. Do you kr	ow why I want to talk to you? What happened today when you were [place of inciden its if possible.)		erson's exact words with quotation man	-		
Judenien	- possition		•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
				·		
			. •			
2. What exa	ctly did (subject) say? And what exactly did (subject) do?		•			
				•		
3. What did	3. What did you think he or she meant when he or she sald or did that? (Does target believe that subject intends to carry out the threat?)					
		-		•		
4. How do ye	su feel about what (subject) said or did?					
5. What was	the reason (subject) said or did that? (Probe to find out if there is a prior conflict or hi	story to this t	hreat.)			
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,					
				,		
6. What are y	ou going to do now? (Ask questions to determine how target plans to respond to the What do you think he/she will do now?	threat and as	sist in planning a safe and non-provocat	iive		
	yee miin heyshe will be new !					

KEY OBSERVATIONS	(हस्यान्त्रकाम्योः	eggreeesbrooktos an	ensal expeditive v	O (marie) de lagitéres	to othe morestill jabillaci.
These items can help assess whether a thro known lacts, neggid these items as a check used as a score.	reat is transient or sub klist to make sure you sail	ostantive, but must u baye considered.	t be considered in these aspects of the	the broader context of re threat, but they are	f the situation and other e.not.to be summed of Euro
Threat is likely to be less serious:		:			
 Subjects admits to threat (statement or behavior). 	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐ ☐Den't know/Not ava				
20. Subject has explanation for threat as benign (such as joke or figure of speech).	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐ ☐Don't know/Not ava	3No			
21. Subject admits feeling angry toward target at time of threat.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐☐☐☐n't know/Not ava	railable			
22. Subject retracts threat or denies intent to harm.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐☐☐Den't know/Not ava	rallable			
23. Subject apologetic or willing to make amends for threat.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐ ☐Don't know/Not ava				
24. Subject willing to resolve threat through conflict resolution or some other means.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐ ☐Don't know/Not ava				
Threat is likely to be more serious:					
25. Subject continues to feel angry toward target.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐☐☐Don't know/Not ava				
26. Subject expressed threat on more than one occasion.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐☐☐Don't know/Not ava	INo			
27. Subject has specific plan for carrying out the threat.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐☐Don't know/Not ava	2No			
28. Subject engaged in preparation for	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐	2No			
carrying out the threat. 29. Subject has prior conflict with target or	☐Don't know/Not ava	INO	<u> </u>		
other motive. 30. Subject is suicidal. (Supplement with	☐Don't know/Not ava				
suicide assessment.)	ODon't know/Not ava				
31. Threat involved use of a weapon other than a firearm, such as a knife or dub.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐ ☐Don't know/Not ava	/ailable			
32. Threat involves use of a firearm.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐☐☐Don't know/Not ava	1			
33. Subject has possession of, or ready access to, a firearm.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐ ☐Don't know/Not ava	3No			
34. Subject has or sought accomplices or audience for carrying out threat.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐ ☐Don't know/Not ava	JNo			-
35. Threat involves gang conflict.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐☐ ☐Don't know/Not ava	3No			
36. Threat involves peers or others who have encouraged subject in making threat.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐☐☐Don't know/Not ava	3No			
Other relevant observations	_ Goon Canada,	monc 1		,	, -
THREAT CLASSIFICATION			Production and the		
Date of initial classification:		☐ Not a threat	□Transient	Serious Substantive	□ Very Serious Substantive
Date of change in classification, if any:		□Not a threat	☐Transient	☐ Serious Substantive	☐ Very Serious Substantive
Reason for change:					
1					

OBSERVATIONS SUGGESTING NEED	EOD INTERVENTION	RETURNS TO THE PROPERTY OF THE
This is an optional form used as needed it	or intervention planning. Here are	some factors to consider in identifying possible interventions to assist term "partially" as appropriate to the category to mean the condition
History of physical violence.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	· 查得的现在分词 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10
2. History of criminal acts.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	
 Preoccupation with violence, violent individuals, or groups that advocate violence. 	□Yes □ Partially □No □Don't know/Not available	
 Preoccupation with mass shootings or infamous violent incidents. 	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	1
5. History of intense anger or resentment.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	
6. Has grievance or feels treated unfairly.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	
7. Feels abused, harassed, or bullied.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	
 History of self-injury or suicide ideation or attempts. 	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	
9. Has been seriously depressed.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	
 Experienced serious stressful events or conditions. 	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	
11. Substance abuse history.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	1-3
 History of serious mental illness (symptoms such as delusions or hallucinations). 	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	: 1 kg
 Might or does qualify for special education services due to serious emotional/behavioral disturbance. 	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	
14. Prescribed psychotropic medication.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	1 - 10
 Substantial decline in level of academic or psychosocial adjustment. 	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	1 201
 Lacks positive relationships with one or more school staff. 	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	
17. Lacks supportive family.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	
18. Lacks positive relationships with peers.	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	
 Other factors that suggest need for intervention. 	☐Yes ☐ Partially ☐No ☐Don't know/Not available	

	AT RESPONSE	actions taken in response	to a threat. Each case may require a unique set of actions. Add
date an	nd signature of person taking action if appropriate.	Note if action was recom	nmended but for some reason not completed (e.g., parent
	Increased contact/monitoring of subject		
u	2. Reprimand or warning		
	3. Parent conference		
	4. Student apology		
	Contacted target of threat, including parent if target is a minor		
	Counseling (note number of meetings)		
	7. Conflict mediation		
	8. Schedule change		*
	9. Transportation change		
	10. Mental health assessment		
	11. Mental health services in school		
	12. Mental health services outside school	3.	
	13. Assess need for special education services		
	Review of Individualized Education Program (IEP) for students already receiving services		
	15. 504 plan or modification of 504 plan.		
	16. Behavior Support Plan created or modified		
	17. In-school time out or suspension		
	18. Out-of-school suspension (number days)		
	19. Referral for expulsion		
	20. Other disciplinary action		
	21. Change in school placement (e.g., transfer, homebound instruction)		
	22. Services for other persons affected by threat		
	23. Law enforcement consulted		
	24. Legal actions (e.g., arrest, detentions, charges)		
	25. Other actions		
			-
CASE	EPLAN		
This sect	tion can be used to describe the plan for any case :	and should be completed	as Step 5 in cases of a very serious substantive threat.
Case F	Resolution or Safety Plan		Date
Describe	e how case was resolved, including any plan for fur	ther actions. List persons	
Follov	v-up or Revision of Plan		Date
	e current status of plan and any revisions. List perso	ons responsible for each	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Provident and Provident	Jila reaponatore ter egg.	tomponent of revised plan.