

Fireflies in the Garden

by Robert Frost

Day 4

Here come real stars to fill the upper skies,
And here on earth come emulating flies,
That though they never equal stars in size,
(And they were never really stars at heart)
Achieve at times a very star-like start.
Only, of course, they can't sustain the part.

5

Name: _____ Date: _____

1. What kind of insect is this poem about?

- A. dragonflies
- B. ants
- C. fireflies
- D. grasshoppers

2. What does the poet compare and contrast fireflies with in this poem?

- A. planes
- B. planets
- C. comets
- D. stars

3. Read these lines from the poem:

And here on earth come emulating flies,

That though they never equal stars in size,

(And they were never really stars at heart)

Achieve at times a very star-like start.

Only, of course, they can't sustain the part.

What can you conclude from these lines?

- A. The fireflies cannot act like they are stars for very long.
- B. The fireflies do not want to be like stars.
- C. The fireflies are able to shine brightly like stars without ever stopping.
- D. The fireflies can grow to be the same size as stars.

4. Read these lines from the poem:

That though they never equal stars in size,

(And they were never really stars at heart)

Achieve at times a very star-like start.

Only, of course, they can't sustain the part.

Why might the poet have included the phrase "of course" in the last line?

- A. to show that the poet does not really know much about fireflies
- B. to show that the poet thought the fireflies would be able to sustain the part
- C. to show that the poet wishes that fireflies could sustain the part
- D. to show that the poet is not surprised that fireflies cannot sustain the part

5. What is the main idea of this poem?

- A. Fireflies can seem very star-like, but only for a short time.
- B. Although stars are larger in size, fireflies are more beautiful than stars.
- C. Fireflies live in the garden, while stars appear in the sky.
- D. Fireflies and stars are both interesting things to study.

6. Read these lines from the poem:

And here on earth come emulating flies,

That though they never equal stars in size,

(And they were never really stars at heart)

Achieve at times a very star-like start.

Why might the poet have chosen to use the word "achieve" in the last of these lines?

- A. to make it seem like fireflies do not want to look like stars
- B. to make it seem like fireflies sometimes look like stars by accident
- C. to make it seem like fireflies are very intelligent insects
- D. to make it seem like fireflies are trying and succeeding at looking like stars

7. What does the word "they" refer to throughout the poem?

- A. stars
- B. skies
- C. flies
- D. parts

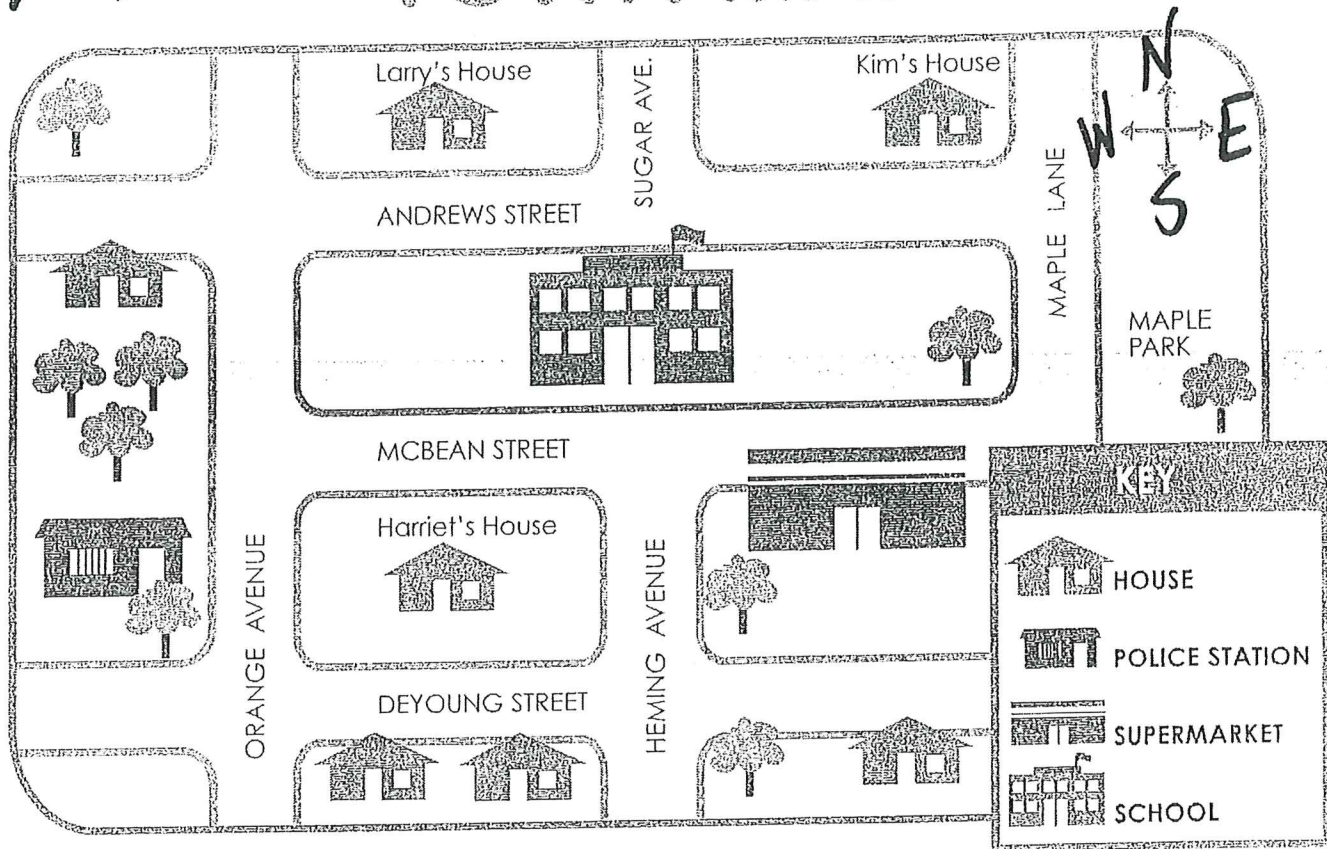
8. What are two ways that the poet contrasts flies and stars in this poem?

9. In what way are flies similar to stars, based on the poem?

10. "Emulating" means imitating, or trying to be like something else. Why might the poet have called fireflies "emulating flies" in this poem? Use evidence from the text to support your answer.

Day 4

TOWN MAP



LABEL the compass rose with N, S, E, W.

Write **NORTH, SOUTH, EAST OR WEST** to complete each sentence.

- Harriet heads _____ to go to school.
- Larry goes _____ to go to Harriet's house.
- Kim heads _____ to go to the supermarket.
- A police officer would go _____ to the supermarket.
- Kids at school head _____ to play at the park.
- Harriet's dad is a police officer. He heads _____ to go to work.
- Larry heads _____ to go to school.
- Kim heads _____ to visit Larry.

Life Science Stories



Wetlands

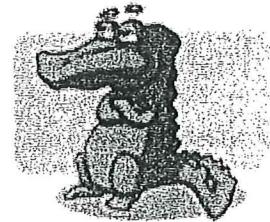
Story by Andrew Frinkle

Earth has some very damp habitats. Wetlands are very important areas for animals and plants. Wetlands are also important for people and lands!

Wetlands are swamps, bogs, and marshes. Unlike lakes and rivers, there aren't waves. The water sits still. Wetlands are humid places full of animals and plants. Some of these plants and animals find their ways into rivers, lakes, and seas. Wetlands help clean the water. They also help prevent flooding.



Wetlands are full of life. They have many trees and grasses. Many alligators, turtles, snakes, birds, frogs, bugs, and fish make homes in wetlands. There are more types of animals in wetlands than in any other type of habitat!



Life Science Stories

NAME: _____

Wetlands

1. Wetlands are swamps, bogs, and _____.

- ☐ (A) marshes ☐ (B) deserts ☐ (C) lakes ☐ (D) forests

2. Which of these is not a type of wetland?

- ☐ (A) bog ☐ (B) marsh ☐ (C) swamp ☐ (D) desert

3. Which word describes Wetlands habitats?

- ☐ (A) dry ☐ (B) lifeless ☐ (C) humid ☐ (D) empty

4. DEFINITION: having lots of moisture or water in the air

- ☐ (A) humid ☐ (B) dry ☐ (C) windy ☐ (D) cold

5. Alligators live in some wetlands.

- ☐ (A) True ☐ (B) False


Name _____

Make Picture Graphs

Use the data in this table to make a picture graph.

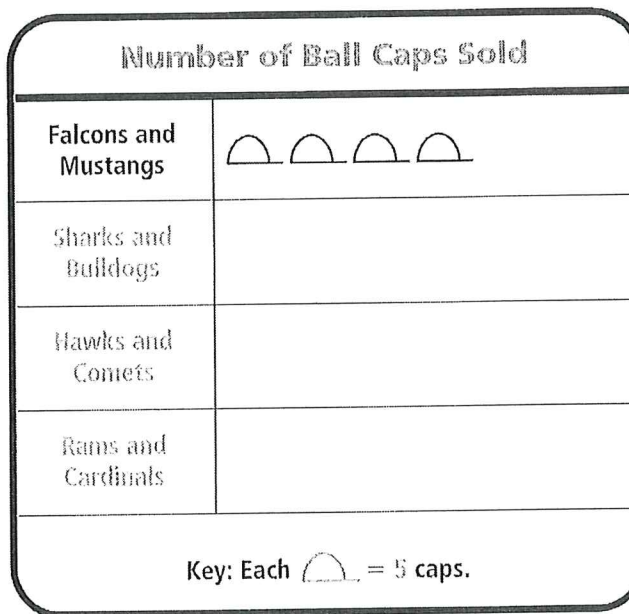
Step 1 Write the title.

Step 2 Write the names of the games.

Step 3 Decide what number each picture will represent. You can count by fives to find the number of caps sold, so let each  represent 5 caps.

Step 4 Draw one cap for every 5 caps sold during each game. There were 20 caps sold during the Falcons and Mustangs game. Count to 20 by fives. 5, 10, 15, 20. So, 4 caps should be drawn. Draw the caps for the rest of the games.

Number of Ball Caps Sold	
Basketball Game	Caps
Falcons and Mustangs	20
Sharks and Bulldogs	30
Hawks and Comets	5
Rams and Cardinals	15



Use your picture graph above for 1–3.

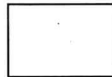
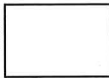
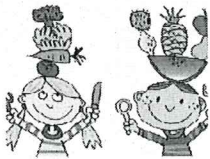
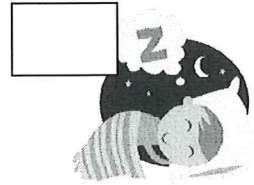
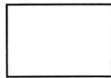
- During which game were the most ball caps sold?
- How many pictures would you draw if 45 ball caps were sold in a game?

- During which two games were a total of 25 caps sold?

Healthy Habits

NTI 2-3 Day 4

Number the picture with the correct word.



Word Bank

1. Sleep well
2. Eat well
3. Do exercise
4. Wash
5. Drink Water
6. Play

Fill in the missing spaces.

1. D_ Exer_is_

2. _la_

3. Wa_h

4. E_t We_l

5. Sl_e_ W_l_

6. Dr_inK W_te_

Fill in the missing word.

Jake likes to _____.



Susan will _____ her face.



John and Sally _____.



Matt likes to _____.