

SPECIFICATIONS
SFA Project No. 20090

Foothill HS Roofing and HVAC Replacement Foothill High School

Pleasanton Unified School District



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END OF SECTION

SECTION 01 73 20 - SELECTIVE DEMOLITION

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. **This Section includes the following for the said roof systems on: Vintage Hills, Foothill High School, AVHS and Lydiksen.**
 - 1. **Vintage Hills: MPR, Bldg B and C**
 - 2. **AVHS: Girls locker-room, Gym and Mat roof**
 - 3. **Foothill: Bldgs E,F and G**
 - 4. **Fairlands: Remove [e] shingle and underlayment**
 - 5. **Lydiksen: MPR**
 - 6. **Remove all dead equipment as designated / marked by owner/ Architect.**
 - 7. **Remove all wood blocking and dispose of.**
 - 8. **Remove [e] edge metal, skirt flashings and counterflashings to substrate.**
 - 9. **Remove all termination metal to substrate.**
 - 10. **Remove all [e] vents unless otherwise noted.**
 - 11. **Remove all coping.**
 - 12. **Retain and store all Dura blocks for re installation.**

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Remove: Detach items from existing construction and legally dispose of them off-site, unless indicated to be removed and salvaged or removed and reinstalled.
- B. Remove and Reinstall: Detach items from existing construction, prepare them for reuse, and reinstall them where indicated.

- C. Existing to Remain: Existing items of construction that are not to be removed and that are not otherwise indicated to be removed, removed and salvaged, or removed and reinstalled.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

Regulatory requirements Comply with governing EPA notification regulations before beginning selective demolition. Comply with hauling and disposal regulations of authorities having jurisdiction.

- A. Standards: Comply with ANSI A10.6 and NFPA 241.
- B. Predemolition Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements.

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Owner will occupy portions of building immediately adjacent to selective demolition area. Conduct selective demolition so Owner's operations will not be disrupted.
- B. Notify Owner of discrepancies between existing conditions and Drawings before proceeding with selective demolition.
- C. Hazardous Materials: Hazardous materials are present in construction to be selectively demolished.
- D. Storage or sale of removed items or materials on-site is not permitted.
- E. Utility Service: Maintain existing utilities indicated to remain in service and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
 - 1. Maintain fire-protection facilities in service during selective demolition operations.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Existing Warranties: Remove, replace, patch, and repair materials and surfaces cut or damaged during selective demolition, by methods and with materials so as not to void existing warranties.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS (Not Used)

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Verify that utilities affected by the Work have been disconnected and capped.

- B. Survey existing conditions and correlate with requirements indicated to determine extent of selective demolition required.
- C. Inventory and record the condition of items to be removed and reinstalled and items to be removed and salvaged.
- D. When unanticipated mechanical, electrical, or structural elements that conflict with intended function or design are encountered, investigate and measure the nature and extent of conflict. Promptly submit a written report to Owner.
- E. **Survey of Existing Conditions: Record existing conditions by use of preconstruction photographs. Photographs to be taken on or prior to pre construction meeting.**

3.2 UTILITY SERVICES AND MECHANICAL/ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

- A. Existing Services/Systems: Maintain services/systems indicated to remain and protect them against damage during selective demolition operations.
 - 1. Comply with requirements for existing services/systems interruptions specified in Summary.
- B. Service/System Requirements: Locate, identify, disconnect, and seal or cap off indicated utility services and mechanical/electrical systems serving areas to be selectively demolished.
 - 1. Owner will arrange to shut off indicated services/systems when requested by Contractor.
 - 2. If services/systems are required to be removed, relocated, or abandoned, before proceeding with selective demolition provide temporary services/systems that bypass area of selective demolition and that maintain continuity of services/systems to other parts of building.
 - 3. Cut off pipe or conduit in walls or partitions to be removed. Cap, valve, or plug and seal remaining portion of pipe or conduit after bypassing.

3.3 PREPARATION

- A. Site Access and Temporary Controls: Conduct selective demolition and debris-removal operations to ensure minimum interference with walks, walkways, and other adjacent occupied and used facilities.

3.4 SELECTIVE DEMOLITION, GENERAL

- A. General: Demolish and remove existing construction only to the extent required by new construction and as indicated. Use methods required to complete the Work within limitations of governing regulations and as follows:
 - 1. Remove decayed, vermin-infested, or otherwise dangerous or unsuitable materials and promptly dispose of off-site.
 - 2. Locate selective demolition equipment and remove debris and materials so as not to impose excessive loads on supporting walls, floors, or framing.

3. Dispose of demolished items and materials promptly
- B. Removed and Reinstalled Items:
1. Clean and repair items to functional condition adequate for intended reuse. Paint equipment to match new equipment.
 2. Protect items from damage during transport and storage.
 3. Reinstall items in locations indicated. Comply with installation requirements for new materials and equipment. Provide connections, supports, and miscellaneous materials necessary to make item functional for use indicated.
- C. Existing Items to Remain: Protect construction indicated to remain against damage and soiling during selective demolition.

3.5 DEMOLITION PROCEDURES

- A. **Remove [e] gravel surfaced BUR and cap sheet roofing and insulation to the substrate.**
- B. **Remove [e] flashings to substrate.**
- C. **Remove [e] metal on perimeter edge /skirt metal/counterflashing's.**
- D. **Remove all wood blocking.**
- E. **Re- use all rubber Dura Blocks.**
- F. **Remove all equipment as designated by owner/ Architect and dispose of properly.**
- G. **Remove all [e] gutters. Schedule 40 downspouts to remain.**
- H. **Remove all walkways/ walk pads.**
- I. **Remove all coping metal.**

3.6 DISPOSAL OF DEMOLISHED MATERIALS

- A. General: Except for items or materials indicated to be recycled, reused, salvaged, reinstalled, or otherwise indicated to remain Owner's property, remove demolished materials from Project site and legally dispose of them in an EPA-approved landfill.
1. Do not allow demolished materials to accumulate on-site.
 2. Remove and transport debris in a manner that will prevent spillage on adjacent surfaces and areas.
 3. Remove debris from elevated portions of building by chute, hoist, or other device that will convey debris to grade level in a controlled descent.
- B. Burning: Do not burn demolished materials.

- C. Disposal: Transport demolished materials off Owner's property and legally dispose of them.

3.7 CLEANING

- A. Clean adjacent structures and improvements of dust, dirt, and debris caused by selective demolition operations. Return adjacent areas to condition existing before selective demolition operations began.

END OF SECTION 01732

SECTION 01 91 00

GENERAL COMMISSIONING

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED SECTIONS

- A. 23 08 00 Commissioning of HVAC Systems

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. Commissioning is a systematic process of ensuring that all building systems perform interactively according to the design intent and the owner's operational needs. This is achieved by beginning in the design phase and documenting design intent and continuing through construction, acceptance with actual verification of performance. The commissioning process shall encompass and coordinate the traditionally separate functions of system documentation, equipment startup, control system calibration, testing and balancing, performance testing and training.
- B. The Commissioning Authority (CA) will be directly hired by the Owner. The General Contractor that is awarded the project shall not include the cost of the Commissioning Authority in their price. The general contractor (and their sub-contractors) shall include cost for their involvement in the commissioning process as described in this section and other related commissioning sections, including completion of system readiness checklists, and demonstration of installed equipment to the commissioning team members during the functional performance testing portion of the project.
- C. Commissioning during the construction phase is intended to enhance the quality of system start-up and aid in the orderly completion and transfer of systems for beneficial use by the owner. The following objectives will be documented accordingly:
1. Verify that applicable equipment and systems are installed according to the manufacturer's recommendations and to industry accepted standards, that they meet design intent, and that they receive adequate operational checkout by installing contractors.
 2. Verify and document proper performance of equipment and systems.
 3. Verify that O&M documentation left on site is complete.
 4. Verify that the Owner's operating personnel are adequately trained.
- D. The commissioning process does not take away from or reduce the responsibility of the system designers or installing contractors to provide a finished product, installed and fully functional in accordance with the contract documents.

1.3 ABBREVIATIONS

- A. The following are common abbreviations used in the Specifications and in the Commissioning Plan.

A/E-	Architect and design Engineers	GC-	General Contractor (prime)
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CA-	Commissioning Authority (Agent)	MC-	Mechanical Contractor
CC	Controls Contractor	PC -	Plumbing Contractor
CM-	Construction Manager (the owner's representative)	PM-	Project Manager (of the Owner)
Cx-	Commissioning	SRC	System Readiness Checklist
Cx Plan-	Commissioning Plan document	Subs-	Subcontractors to General
EC-	Electrical Contractor	TAB-	Testing Adjusting and Balance Contractor
FT-	Functional Performance Test	TC-	Test Coordinator

1.4 DEFINITIONS

- A. Basis Of Design (BOD): The basis of design is the documentation of the primary thought processes and assumptions behind design decisions that were made to meet the design intent. The basis of design describes the systems, components, conditions, and methods chosen to meet the intent. Some reiterating of the design intent may be included.
- B. Commissioning Plan: An overall plan that provides the structure, schedule and coordination planning for the commissioning process.
- C. Deferred Functional Tests: FTs that are performed later, after substantial completion, due to partial occupancy, equipment, seasonal requirements, design or other site conditions that disallow the test from being performed.
- D. Deficiency: A condition in the installation or function of a component, piece of equipment or system that is not in compliance with the Contract Documents (that is, does not perform properly or is not complying with the design intent).
- E. Design Narrative: Sections of either the Design Intent or Basis Of Design which describe the systems operation and principle function
- F. Functional Performance Test (FT): Test of the dynamic function and operation of equipment and systems using direct observation or monitoring methods. Functional testing is the dynamic testing in all modes of systems (rather than just components) under full operation (e.g. the chiller pump is tested interactively with the chiller functions to see if the pump ramps up and down to maintain the differential pressure set point). The systems are run through all the control system's sequences of operation and components are verified to be responding as the sequences state. Traditional air or water test and balancing (TAB) is not functional testing, in the commissioning sense of the word. The commissioning authority develops the functional test procedures in a sequential written form, coordinates, oversees and documents the actual testing, which is usually performed by the installing contractor or vendor. Functional performance tests shall demonstrate the correct installation and operation of each component, system, and system-to-system interface in accordance with the approved plans and specifications. Functional performance testing reports shall contain information addressing each of the building components tested, the testing methods utilized, and include any readings and adjustments made.

- G. Over-written Value: Writing over a sensor value in the control system to see the response of a system (e.g., changing the outside air temperature value from 50F to 75F to verify economizer operation).
- H. Owner Project Requirements (OPR): The expectation and requirements of the building shall be documented before the design phase of the project begins.
- I. Sampling: Functionally testing only a fraction of the total number of identical or near identical pieces of equipment.
- J. Seasonal Performance Tests: FT that are deferred until the system(s) will experience conditions closer to their design conditions.
- K. Simulated Condition: Condition that is created for the purpose of testing the response of a system (e.g., applying a hair blower to a space sensor to see the response in a VAV box).
- L. Simulated Signal: Disconnecting a sensor and using a signal generator to send an amperage, resistance or pressure to the transducer and DDC system to simulate a sensor value.
- M. System Readiness Checklist (SRC): A checklist developed by the CA and provided to the contractor for execution. Completion of this checklist verifies the system or component has been installed in accordance with design documents and IOMs. This checklist is required before commencing functional testing. The signee for a specific contractor section in a SRC will be the same throughout the project (e.g. only one person will sign for the MC).
- N. Testing Coordinator (TC): Commissioning Team member appointed by GC. TC's roles include distribution of SRCs between Subs & CA, ensure execution & completion of SRCs by Subs, collect/review completeness of SRCs for final delivery to CA, coordinate scheduling of functional tests, collect all required documents (eg O&Ms, training plans, etc) and deliver to the CA. The TC must be familiar with all of the commissioned equipment and possess good organizational skills.

1.5 COMMISSIONING PROCESS

- A. The following activities describe the commissioning tasks during construction and the general order in which they occur. The CA coordinates all activities.
- B. Scoping Meeting: All members of the design and construction team that will be involved in the commissioning process meet and agree on the scope of work, tasks, schedules, deliverables, and responsibilities for implementation of the Commissioning Plan.
- C. Commissioning Plan: The Commissioning Plan provides guidance in the execution of the commissioning process. The Specifications take precedence over the Commissioning Plan.
- D. Submittals: Equipment documentation is submitted within 30 days of approval to the CA, including detailed start-up procedures.
- E. Start-Up/System Readiness Checklists (SRC): The CA works with the Subcontractors to develop startup plans and documentation formats, including providing the Subcontractors with system readiness checklists to be completed during the startup process.
- F. Functional Performance Testing: The CA develops specific equipment and system functional performance test procedures. The Subcontractors review the procedures. The procedures are executed by the Subcontractors, under the direction of, and documented by the CA.

- G. Deficiencies and Resolution: The CA documents items of non-compliance in materials, installation or operation. The items are corrected at the Sub's expense and the equipment or systems are retested.
- H. Operations and Maintenance Documentation: The CA reviews the Operation and Maintenance documentation for completeness.
- I. Training: The CA reviews the training plans and agenda provided by the Subcontractors and verifies that training is completed.
- J. Commissioning Report: The CA writes the commissioning report.

1.6 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. The following building systems will be included in the commissioning process for the project:
 - 1. Division 23 (Heating Ventilation and Air Conditioning)

1.7 COMMISSIONING TEAM

- A. The members of the commissioning team consist of the following members:
 - 1. Commissioning Authority (Agent) (CA)
 - 2. Owner's Project Manager (PM)
 - 3. General Contractor (GC or Contractor)
 - 4. Mechanical Contractor (MC)
 - 5. Test and Balance contractor (TAB)
 - 6. Owner's maintenance personnel

1.8 COMMISSIONING AUTHORITY'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. General
 - 1. The CA, as leader of the commissioning team, directs and coordinates the commissioning activities in conjunction with the General Contractor. All members work together to fulfill their contracted responsibilities and meet the objectives of the contract documents.
 - 2. Within 30 days prior to equipment startup, the CA will schedule and conduct a commissioning scope meeting with the entire commissioning team in attendance. Meeting minutes will be distributed to all parties by the CA. CA will revise the Commissioning Plan to its "final" version from information gathered at the meeting and will distribute to all parties.
 - 3. The CA will work with the CM & GC according to established protocols to schedule the commissioning activities. The CA will provide sufficient notice to the CM & GC for scheduling commissioning activities. The GC will integrate all commissioning activities into the master schedule. All parties will address scheduling problems and make necessary notifications in a timely manner to expedite the commissioning process.

4. The CA will provide the initial schedule of primary commissioning events at the commissioning scope meeting. The Commissioning Plan provides a format for this schedule, as included in the Cx Plan. As construction progresses, more detailed schedules will be developed by the GC.

B. Construction and Acceptance Phase

1. Coordinates and directs the commissioning activities in a logical, sequential & efficient manner using consistent protocols and forms, centralized documentation, clear & regular communications & consultations with all necessary parties, frequently updated timelines & schedules and technical expertise.
2. Coordinate the commissioning work and, with the GC & CM, ensure that commissioning activities are being scheduled into the master schedule.
3. Revise the Commissioning Plan as required.
4. Plan and conduct a commissioning scoping meeting & other commissioning meetings as necessary.
5. Request and review additional information required to perform commissioning tasks, including O&M materials, contractor start-up and checkout procedures.
6. Before startup, gather & review the current control sequences & interlocks and work with contractors and design engineers until sufficient clarity has been obtained, in writing, to be able to write detailed testing procedures.
7. Write and distribute System Readiness Checklists.
8. Perform site visits to observe component & system installations as needed.
9. Approve SRCs and their completion as submitted by TC for CA's review. CA shall perform selected site observation and spot checking as needed.
10. Review TAB execution plan.
11. Approve air and water systems balancing by spot testing, reviewing completed reports and by selected site observation.
12. Create the FT procedures for equipment and systems with input & review by GC/Subs. Submit to CM for review, and for approval if required.
13. Coordinate, witness and approve manual FT performed by installing contractors. Coordinate retesting as necessary until satisfactory performance is achieved.
14. Maintain a master deficiency and resolution log. Provide the CM with written progress reports and test results with recommended actions.
15. Compile and maintain a commissioning issues log.
16. Provide a final commissioning report.
17. Throughout the commissioning process, document that equipment and systems are installed and perform in accordance with design documents.

1.9 OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE (PM) RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Construction and Acceptance Phase

1. Manage the contract of the CA
2. Facilitate the coordination of the commissioning work by the CA.

3. Ensure with CA & GC that commissioning activities are being scheduled into the master schedule.
4. Review the final Commissioning Plan.
5. Attend commissioning scope meeting and other commissioning team meetings.
6. Furnish to CA copies of all construction documents, addenda, change orders for commissioned equipment.
7. Review and approve CA generated FT procedures prior to testing.
8. Observe SRC completion & FT's for systems to be commissioned.
9. Review commissioning progress and deficiency reports.
10. Coordinate the resolution of non-compliance and design deficiencies identified in all phases of commissioning.
11. Assign operation and maintenance personnel and schedule them to participate in commissioning team activities.
12. Assist the GC in coordinating the training of owner personnel.
13. Provide required IP addresses to controls contractor for setting up remote access to controls systems.

1.10 GENERAL CONTRACTOR (GC) RESPONSIBILITIES

A. Construction and Acceptance Phase

1. Facilitate the coordination of the commissioning work by the CA.
2. Ensure with CA that commissioning activities are being scheduled into the master schedule.
3. Appoint TC for management of SRCs.
4. Include the cost of commissioning in the total contract price. Include all special tool and instruments (only available from vendor, specific to a piece of equipment) required for testing in base bid price.
5. Furnish a copy of all construction documents, addenda, change orders and approved submittals and shop drawings related to commissioned equipment to the CA.
6. Provide a copy of O&Ms, startup reports, TAB reports, and any other necessary documents for commissioned equipment to the CA.
7. Provide submittals for systems to be commissioned to the engineer of record and the CA.
8. In each purchase order or subcontract written, include requirements for submittal data, O&M data, commissioning tasks and training.
9. Provide equipment sequences of operation and final calibration point to point reports to the CA.
10. Ensure that all Subs execute their commissioning responsibilities according to the contract documents and schedule.
11. Attend commissioning scope meeting and other necessary meetings scheduled by the CA to facilitate the Cx process.

12. Coordinate with subs on construction progress & equipment readiness for SRC completion.
13. Coordinate with CA on construction progress & system readiness for FT completion. Provide the CA ten (10) day advance notice so that system start-up and functional testing can begin.
14. Provide input on functional test scripts.
15. Pre-test all systems and equipment using functional test scripts prior to formal testing in presence of commissioning agent.
16. Coordinate with Subs to assist in and execute functional tests for verification by the CA.
17. Resolve system deficiencies identified during commissioning process.
18. Coordinate with Subs to execute re-testing of deficient systems and equipment.
19. Coordinate the training of owner personnel. Submit an owner training plan to the CA for review and approval.
20. Video record training sessions and provide to owner.
21. Provide trend logs from the controls system to the CA for review.
22. Prepare O&M manuals, according to the Contract Documents, including clarifying and updating the original sequences of operation to as-built conditions.
23. Responsible for certifying that the work is complete and systems are operational according to design documents.
24. Complete CALGreen closeout documentation as required.

1.11 EQUIPMENT SUPPLIERS

- A. Provide all requested submittal data, including detailed start-up procedures and specific responsibilities of the Owner to keep warranties in force.
- B. Assist in equipment testing per agreements with Subs.
- C. Include all special tools and instruments (only available from vendor, specific to a piece of equipment) required for testing equipment according to these Contract Documents in the base bid price to the Contractor, except for stand-alone data logging equipment that may be used by the CA.
- D. Provide equipment sequence of operation and testing procedures as requested by CA.
- E. Review test procedures for equipment installed (or started up) by factory representatives.

1.12 SYSTEMS TO BE COMMISSIONED

- A. The following systems will be commissioned in this project:
 1. HVAC System

1.13 COMMISSIONING DOCUMENTATION

- A. Commissioning Plan: Prior to permit issuance, a commissioning plan shall be completed to document how the project will be commissioned. Provided as part of the bid documents, is binding on the Contractor. The commissioning plan provides guidance in the execution of the commissioning process. Just after the initial commissioning scoping meeting the CA will update the plan which is then considered the "final" plan, though it will continue to evolve and expand as the project progresses. The specifications will take precedence over the Commissioning Plan. The commissioning plan shall include the following:
 - 1. General project information
 - 2. Commissioning goals
 - 3. Systems to be commissioned
 - 4. Commissioning team information
 - 5. Commissioning process activities, schedules and responsibilities
- B. Commissioning Report: A final summary report by the CA will be provided to Owner. The report will focus on evaluating commissioning process issues. System Readiness Checklists, functional tests and monitoring reports will not be part of the final report. For each piece of commissioned equipment, the report should contain the disposition of the commissioning authority regarding the adequacy of the equipment, documentation and training meeting the contract documents in the following areas:
 - 1. Description of Commissioning Scope
 - 2. System Readiness Checklists and Equipment Start-Up
 - 3. Functional Performance Testing Results
 - 4. Outstanding Issues
 - 5. Recommendations

1.14 SUBMITTALS

- A. The CA employs the submittals and IO&Ms to develop the SRCs and FT's. The CA shall review submittals for conformance with construction documents, OPR, & BOD. Submittals provided to the CA must have been approved by the A/E.
- B. The A/E will review & approve commissioned equipment submittals for conformance to the contract documents as it relates to the commissioning process, the functional performance of the equipment, & adequacy for developing test procedures. This review shall verify compliance with equipment specifications. The A/E will notify the CM or PM of items missing or areas that are not in conformance with contract documents and which require resubmission.
- C. A/E or GC shall provide a complete & approved submittal package to the CA.
- D. The CA may request additional design narratives from the A/E and Controls Contractor, depending on the completeness of the design intent documentation and sequences provided in the specifications.

- E. Equipment submittals to the CA do not constitute compliance for O&M manual documentation. The IO&M manuals are furnished separately by the Contractor. CA shall review them for development of the SRCs and FTs. IO&M manuals shall be provided with the approved submittals.
- F. Contractor shall provide/submit the following documents to the CA:
 - 1. Revised construction schedule including commissioning tasks.
 - 2. Equipment submittals for all commissioned equipment.
 - 3. Sequences of operation for all commissioned equipment.
 - 4. Control diagrams for all commissioned equipment.
 - 5. Final testing and balancing report.
 - 6. Energy code compliance forms – if applicable.
 - 7. Completed SRCs.
 - 8. Manufacturer IO&Ms for commissioned equipment.
 - 9. Training plan for commissioned systems.
 - 10. As-built control sequences and construction drawings.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

- A. See Schedules on Drawings for equipment data. Furnish and install all equipment in All standard testing equipment required to perform startup and initial checkout and required functional performance testing shall be provided by the Division contractor for the equipment being tested. E.G. the MC of Division 23 shall ultimately be responsible for all standard testing equipment for the HVAC system and controls system in Division 23, except for equipment specific to and used by TAB in their commissioning responsibilities.
- B. Special Tools: Special equipment, tools and instruments (only available from vendor, specific to a piece of equipment) required for testing equipment, according to these Contract Documents shall be included in the base bid price to the Contractor and left on site. Stand-alone data logging equipment used by the CA shall not be subject to this requirement.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 COMMISSIONING PROCESS

- A. The following narrative provides a brief overview of the typical commissioning tasks during design and construction and the general order in which they occur:
 - 11. CA develops draft commissioning plan for review by the design team. After the scope meeting, the CA will update the Cx Plan and provide the final plan to the commissioning team.
 - 12. Equipment documentation is submitted to the CA after submittal approval by the A/E.
 - 13. The CA develops the System Readiness Checklists and provides these to the TC to be completed during the startup process.

14. In general, the checkout and performance verification proceeds from simple to complex; from component level to equipment to systems and intersystem levels with the SRCs being completed before FT's.
15. SRCs will be developed and issued after receipt of A/E approved submittals and IO&Ms by the CA.
16. Commissioning during construction begins with a scope meeting conducted by the CA where the commissioning process is reviewed with the commissioning team members.
17. TC shall deliver one set of blank SRCs to Subs. TC shall collect all completed SRCs and deliver package to CA.
18. The Subs, under their own direction, execute the system start-ups and their completion on the SRCs. The completed SRCs are returned to the TC to be returned to the CA for review.
19. The CA develops specific equipment and system FT procedures.
20. The FT procedures are executed by the Subs under the direction of the CA and documented by the CA.
21. Items of non-compliance in material, installation or setup are corrected at the Sub's expense (including the CA's time and expenses) and the system is retested. The General Contractor is responsible for collecting cost and expenses for retesting.
22. GC shall bear all costs should the CA receive any incomplete SRCs and the CA is required to complete the SRCs to support the construction schedule.
23. The CA provides functional test forms to the GC for review. Close coordination is especially required between the CA and the CC to ensure successful development of the functional tests.
24. CA witnesses all functional tests executed by the subs under the direction of the CA.
25. Any required re-tests are conducted as determined by the CA. Any associated costs with re-tests, including the CA's time and expenses will be charged back to the GC and may be collected from the subs.
26. Training plans are developed and provided to the Owners representative for review.
27. Often the functional tests include trend data analysis that is often completed after occupancy.
28. Training is conducted by the Subs and verified by the CA.
29. Functional tests and training is finished before Substantial Completion.
30. Final commissioning report is written.

3.2 SYSTEM READINESS CHECKLIST

- A. Procedure: The following procedures apply to all equipment to be commissioned as listed in the Commissioning Plan. Mechanical, plumbing, & electrical commissioning specification sections describe subcontractor responsibilities.
- B. General: The SRC for a given system must be successfully completed prior to formal functional performance testing of equipment or subsystems of the given system. The SRC is developed as follows:
 1. A/E approved submittals are provided to CA by A/E or GC.

2. IO&M manuals provided to CA by GC.
 3. CA develops SRCs from IO&Ms and submittal information.
- C. Execution of the SRC
1. CA provides SRC to TC.
 2. Installing contractor obtains documentation from TC and any specific manufacturer start-up, including checklists from the O&M.
 3. TC coordinates execution of the equipment start-up among Subs per construction schedule.
 4. Subs complete start-up and complete SRCs.
 5. Only individuals that have direct knowledge and witnessed the start-up shall sign and complete the SRC.
 6. All completed SRCs are returned to TC to be provided to the CA for review and approval.
- D. Deficiencies, Non-Conformance and Approval in Checklists and Startup
1. The Subs shall clearly list any outstanding items of the initial start-up on the SRC.
 2. The SRC and any outstanding deficiencies are provided to the CA within one week of test completion.
 3. The CA reviews the SRC & shall work with the Subs & vendors to correct and retest deficiencies or uncompleted items at contractor's expense (including CA's time). The installing Subs or vendors shall correct all areas that are deficient or incomplete in the checklists and tests in a timely manner. Subs shall notify the CA as items have been corrected. Start-up report shall be updated as deficiencies are resolved.
 4. Items left incomplete, which later cause deficiencies or delays during functional testing may result in additional costs due to either CA interventions or construction delay liquidated damages to the responsible party. Any SRCs that required CA to complete will result in additional charges to the GC that may be collected from installing sub.

3.3 FUNCTIONAL PERFORMANCE TESTING

- A. This sub-section applies to all commissioning functional testing for all divisions.
- B. Equipment: The general list of equipment to be commissioned is found in the Commissioning Plan.
- C. See Mechanical, plumbing, & electrical commissioning specification sections for Subs responsibilities.
- D. Objectives and Scope.
1. The objective of FT's is to demonstrate that each system is operating according to the documented design intent and contract documents. FT's facilitate bringing the systems from a state of substantial completion to full dynamic operation. Additionally, during the testing process, areas of deficient performance are identified and corrected, improving the operation and functioning of the systems.

2. In general, each system should be operated through all modes of operation (seasonal, occupied, unoccupied, warm-up, cool-down, part- and full-load) where there is a specified system response. Verifying each sequence in the sequences of operation is required. Proper responses to such modes and conditions as power failure, freeze condition, low oil pressure, no flow, equipment failure, etc. shall also be tested.

E. Development of Test Procedures.

1. Before test procedures are written, the CA shall obtain all requested documentation and a current list of change orders affecting equipment or systems, including an updated points list, control sequences and parameters. Each Sub or vendor responsible to execute a test, shall provide assistance to the CA in developing the procedures (answering questions about equipment, operation, sequences, etc.). Prior to execution, the CA shall provide a copy of the test procedures to the Sub(s) who shall review the tests for feasibility, safety, equipment and warranty protection. The CA may submit the tests to the A/E for review, if requested.

F. Test Methods.

1. FT's and verification may be achieved by manual testing (persons manipulate the equipment and observe performance) or by monitoring the performance and analyzing the results using the control system's trend log capabilities or by stand-alone data loggers.
2. Simulated Conditions. Simulating conditions (not by an overwritten value) shall be allowed, though timing the testing to experience actual conditions is encouraged whenever practical.
3. Overwritten Values. Overwriting sensor values to simulate a condition, such as overwriting the outside air temperature reading in a control system to be something other than it really is, shall be allowed, but shall be used with caution and avoided when possible. Such testing methods often can only test a part of a system, as the interactions and responses of other systems will be erroneous or not applicable. Simulating a condition is preferable. e.g., for the above case, by heating the outside air sensor with a hair blower rather than overwriting the value or by altering the appropriate setpoint to see the desired response. Before simulating conditions or overwriting values, sensors, transducers and devices shall have been calibrated.
4. Simulated Signals. Using a signal generator which creates a simulated signal to test and calibrate transducers and DDC constants is generally recommended over using the sensor to act as the signal generator via simulated conditions or overwritten values.
5. Altering Setpoints. Rather than overwriting sensor values, and when simulating conditions is difficult, altering setpoints to test a sequence is acceptable. For example, to see the AC compressor lockout work at an outside air temperature below 55F, when the outside air temperature is above 55F, temporarily change the lockout setpoint to be 2F above the current outside air temperature.
6. Indirect Indicators. Relying on indirect indicators for responses or performance shall be allowed only after visually and directly verifying and documenting, over the range of the tested parameters, that the indirect readings through the control system represent actual conditions and responses. Much of this verification is completed during completion of the start-up plan.

7. Setup. Each function and test shall be performed under conditions that simulate actual conditions as close as is practically possible. The Sub executing the test shall provide all necessary materials, system modifications, etc. to produce the necessary flows, pressures, temperatures, etc. necessary to execute the test according to the specified conditions. At completion of the test, the Sub shall return all affected building equipment and systems, due to these temporary modifications, to their pre-test condition.
8. Sampling. Multiple identical pieces of non-life-safety or otherwise non-critical equipment may be functionally tested using a sampling strategy. No sampling by Subs is allowed for SRCs or FT's. Should frequent failures during testing require more troubleshooting than verification, the CA shall stop the testing and require the responsible Sub to perform and document a checkout of the remaining units.

G. Coordination and Scheduling

1. The Subs through the TC shall provide sufficient notice to the CA of their completion schedule for the SRCs and startup of all equipment and systems. The CA shall schedule functional tests through the CM, GC and affected Subs. The CA shall direct, witness and document the FT's of all equipment and systems. The Subs shall execute the tests.
2. In general, functional testing is conducted after completion of the start-up plan. The control system is sufficiently tested and approved by the CA before it is used for TAB or to verify performance of other components or systems. The air balancing and water balancing is completed and debugged before functional testing of air-related or water-related equipment or systems. Testing proceeds from components to subsystems to systems. When the proper performance of all interacting individual systems has been achieved, the interface or coordinated responses between systems is checked.

H. Deficiencies, Non-Conformance, and Approval in Checklists and Startup:

1. The Subcontractors shall clearly list any items of the start-up and functional procedures not successfully completed at the bottom of the form or on an attached sheet. The procedures form and any outstanding deficiencies are provided to the CA within two days of test completion.
2. The CA reviews and verifies all functional checklists and start-up reports and recommends approval to the PM. The CA assists the Subcontractors and vendors to correct and retest deficiencies or uncompleted items, involving other members of the commissioning team as necessary.

3.4 DEFICIENCY RESOLUTION

A. Documentation

1. The CA shall witness and document the results of all FT's using the specific procedural forms developed for that purpose. Prior to testing, these forms are provided to the GC for review and approval and to the Subs for review.

B. Non-Conformance.

1. The CA shall record the results of the FT on the procedure or test form. All deficiencies shall be noted and reported to the GC and CM on a standard non-compliance form.

2. Corrections of minor deficiencies identified may be made during the tests at the discretion of the CA. In such cases the deficiency and resolution will be documented on the procedure form.
3. Every effort will be made to expedite the testing process and minimize unnecessary delays, while not compromising the integrity of the procedures. The CA does not have the authority to overlook deficient work or loosen acceptance criteria to satisfy scheduling or cost issues.
4. If commissioning for equipment or systems is delayed by Owner occupancy requirements or other unforeseen conditions, the CA will coordinate completion with Owner's schedule. This may involve testing conducted outside of normal occupancy hours. Contractor assistance will still be required to conduct functional testing outside of normal occupancy hours without any additional cost to the owner.
5. If a deficiency is identified, the CA shall discuss the issue with the executing contractor.
 - a. When there is no dispute on the deficiency and the Sub accepts responsibility to correct it:
 - 1) The CA documents the deficiency, records the Sub's response, and proceeds with remaining FT's. The Sub corrects the deficiency and certifies that the equipment is ready to be retested and coordinates retesting with the GC and CA.
 - 2) The CA reschedules the test and the test is repeated.
 - b. If there is a dispute about a deficiency, regarding whether it is a deficiency or who is responsible:
 - 1) The deficiency shall be documented with the Sub's response and a copy given to the GC and to the Sub representative assumed to be responsible.
 - 2) Resolutions are made at the lowest management level possible. Other parties are brought into the discussions as needed. Final interpretive authority is with the A/E. Final acceptance authority is with the Project Manager.
 - 3) Once the interpretation and resolution have been decided, the appropriate party corrects the deficiency and certifies the equipment is ready for retesting. The CA reschedules the test and the test is repeated until satisfactory performance is achieved.
6. Cost of Retesting
 - a. The cost for the Sub to retest a functional test, if they are responsible for the deficiency, shall be borne by the Sub. If the Sub is not responsible, any cost recovery for retesting costs shall be negotiated with the GC.
 - b. The time for the CA and CM to direct any retesting required because a specific SRC, reported to have been successfully completed, but determined during functional testing to be faulty, will be backcharged to the GC, who may choose to recover costs from the party responsible for executing the faulty SRC.
7. The Contractor shall respond in writing to the CA and CM at least as often as commissioning meetings are being scheduled concerning the status of each apparent outstanding discrepancy identified during commissioning. Discussion shall cover explanations of any disagreements and proposals for their resolution.
8. The CA retains the original non-conformance forms until the end of the project.

C. Failure Due to Manufacturer Defect

1. If 10% of identical pieces (size alone does not constitute a difference) of equipment fail to perform to the contract documents (mechanically or substantively) due to manufacturing defect, not allowing it to meet its submitted performance spec, all identical units may be considered unacceptable by the CM or PM. In such case, the Contractor shall provide the Owner with the following:
 - a. Within one week of notification from the CM or PM, the Contractor or manufacturer's representative shall examine all other identical units making a record of the findings. The findings shall be provided to the CM or PM within two weeks of the original notice.
 - b. Within two weeks of the original notification, the Contractor or manufacturer shall provide a signed and dated, written explanation of the problem, cause of failures, etc. and all proposed solutions which shall include full equipment submittals. The proposed solutions shall not significantly exceed the specification requirements of the original installation.
 - c. The CM or PM will determine whether a replacement of all identical units or a repair is acceptable.
 - d. One example of the proposed repair solution will be installed by the Contractor and the CM will be allowed to test the installations for up to one week, upon which the CM or PM will decide whether to accept the solution.
 - e. Upon acceptance, the Contractor and/or manufacturer shall replace or repair all identical items, at their expense and extend the warranty accordingly, if the original equipment warranty had begun. The replacement/repair work shall proceed with reasonable speed beginning within one week from when parts can be obtained.

D. Approval

1. The CA notes each satisfactorily demonstrated function on the test form. The CA recommends acceptance of each test to the Owner. The Owner gives final approval for acceptance.

3.5 OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE DOCUMENTATION

- A. The contractor will provide the owner with complete operations and maintenance information. Contractor to provide at a minimum:
1. Basic operation (i.e. narratives of basic equipment operation, interfaces, interlocks, and interaction with other equipment & systems, initial maintenance provided by the contractor).
 2. General site operating schedules (i.e. instructions for changes in major system operating schedules, instructions for changes in major system holiday and weekend schedules).
 3. Basic troubleshooting (i.e. cite recommended troubleshooting procedures specific to major systems and equipment, manual operation procedures, standby/backup/bypass operation procedures, major system power fail resets and restarts, trend log listing).
 4. Recommended maintenance events log (i.e. HVAC air filter replacement schedule and log, building control system sensor calibration schedule and log).

- B. Electronic O&M manuals shall be provided for all commissioned systems. Electronic O&M manuals shall consist of all hard-copy O&M manual data in searchable pdf files in a logical folder structure with descriptive file names which make it clear what the manual includes. In all cases, this requires renaming the files from any O&M's cryptic numeric file names.
- C. Where electronic data from the manufacturer contains data about other models and features not included in this project, the contractor shall mark the applicable model and features for the equipment in this job in the pdf, so the operations staff can readily identify what equipment model and features in the electronic O&M apply to this building.

3.6 TRAINING OF OWNER PERSONNEL

- A. Coordination: The GC shall be responsible for training coordination and scheduling and ultimately for ensuring that training is completed.
- B. A program for training of the appropriate maintenance staff for each equipment type and/or system shall be developed and documented in the commissioning report.
- C. In addition to these general requirements, the specific training requirements of Owner personnel by Subs and vendors is specified in Division 23. Each Sub and vendor responsible for training will submit a written training plan to the CA for review and approval prior to training. The plan will cover the following elements:
 - 1. System/equipment overview
 - 2. Intended audience
 - 3. Location of training
 - 4. Objectives
 - 5. Subject covered
 - 6. Duration of training on each subject
 - 7. Instructor for each subject
 - 8. Instructor qualifications
 - 9. Methods (lecture, video, site walk-through, written handouts, etc)
 - 10. Review and demonstration of servicing/preventative maintenance
 - 11. Review of record drawings on the system/equipment
- D. For the primary HVAC equipment, the controls contractor shall provide a short discussion of the control of the equipment during the mechanical or electrical training conducted by others.
- E. Training shall cover a review of the written O&M instructions emphasizing safe and proper operating requirements, preventative maintenance, special tools needed and spare parts inventory suggestions. The training shall include start-up, operation in all modes possible, shut-down, seasonal changeover, as applicable, and any emergency procedures.
- F. The trainings will be tailored to the needs and skill-level of the trainees and be oriented to the specific system installed in this project.

3.7 DEFERRED TESTING

- A. Unforeseen Deferred Tests: If any check or test cannot be completed due to the building structure, required occupancy condition or other deficiency, execution of checklists and functional testing may be delayed upon approval of the PM. These tests will be conducted in the same manner as the seasonal tests as soon as possible. Services of necessary parties will be negotiated.
- B. Additional, missing or incomplete functional testing will be done by CA and will back charge to the responsible party. GC is responsible for collecting these charges and expenses from subcontractors.

3.8 FINAL REPORT

- A. The final commissioning report shall include an executive summary, list of participants and roles, brief building description, overview of commissioning and testing scope and a general description of testing and verification methods. Outstanding non-compliance items shall be specifically listed.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 06 10 50 - MISCELLANEOUS CARPENTRY

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following:
 - 1. Plywood replacement as required.
 - 2. Miscellaneous carpentry as required.
 - 3. Fascia board removal and replacement as required.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Lumber grading agencies, and the abbreviations used to reference them, include the following:
 - 1. WCLIB - West Coast Lumber Inspection Bureau.
 - 2. WWPAA - Western Wood Products Association.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of process and factory-fabricated product. Indicate component materials and dimensions and include construction and application details.
 - 1. Include data for wood-preservative treatment from chemical treatment manufacturer and certification by treating plant that treated materials comply with requirements. Indicate type of preservative used, net amount of preservative retained, and chemical treatment manufacturer's written instructions for handling, storing, installing, and finishing treated material.
- B. Research/Evaluation Reports: For the following, showing compliance with building code in effect for Project:
 - 1. Preservative-treated wood.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Forest Certification: For the following wood products, provide materials produced from wood obtained from forests certified by an FSC-accredited certification body to comply with FSC 1.2, "Principles and Criteria":
 - 1. Miscellaneous lumber.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Stack lumber, plywood, and other panels; place spacers between each bundle to provide air circulation. Provide for air circulation around stacks and under coverings.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 WOOD PRODUCTS, GENERAL

- A. Lumber: DOC PS 20 and applicable rules of lumber grading agencies certified by the American Lumber Standards Committee Board of Review.
 - 1. Factory mark each piece of lumber with grade stamp of grading agency.
 - 2. Provide dry lumber with 19 percent maximum moisture content.

2.2 WOOD-PRESERVATIVE-TREATED MATERIALS

- A. Preservative Treatment by Pressure Process: **AWPA C2 lumber**, except that lumber that is not in contact with the ground and is continuously protected from liquid water may be treated according to AWPA C31 with inorganic boron (SBX).
 - 1. Preservative Chemicals: Acceptable to authorities having jurisdiction and **one of** the following:
 - a. Chromated copper arsenate (CCA).
- B. Kiln-dry material after treatment to a maximum moisture content of **19 percent for lumber**. Do not use material that is warped or does not comply with requirements for untreated material.
- C. Application: Treat items to include the following:
 - 1. Wood cants, nailers, curbs, equipment support bases, blocking, stripping, and similar members in connection with roofing, flashing, vapor barriers, and waterproofing.

2.3 DIMENSION LUMBER

- A. General: Provide dimension lumber of grades indicated according to the American Lumber Standards Committee National Grading Rule provisions of the grading agency indicated.

1. Pressure treated Douglas Fir (north); NLGA, WCLIB, or WWP.
2. Plywood: ½ inch APA CDX plywood, exterior grade, 5 ply plywood, or to match existing in thickness.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS LUMBER

- A. General: Provide lumber for support or attachment of other construction, including the following:
 1. Blocking. Blocking size and spacing shall meet current building code requirements for conduits and gas lines. Spacing of block shall be per current Uniform building code requirements.
 2. Nailers. Nailer size to accommodate location Minimum size to be: 2" x 4"
- B. For items of dimension lumber size, provide **Construction** grade lumber with **19** percent maximum moisture content and one **of** the following species:
 1. Pressure treated Douglas Fir(north); NLGA, WCLIB, or WWP.

2.5 FASTENERS

- A. General: Provide fasteners of size and type indicated that comply with requirements specified in this Article for material and manufacture.
 1. Where carpentry is exposed to weather, in ground contact, or in area of high relative humidity, provide fasteners **with hot-dip zinc coating complying with ASTM A 153/A**
- B. Wood Screws: ASME B18.6.1.
- C. Screws for Fastening to Cold-Formed Metal Framing: ASTM C 954, except with wafer heads and reamer wings, length as recommended by screw manufacturer for material being fastened.
- D. Bolts: Steel bolts complying with ASTM A -307 hex nuts and, where indicated, flat washers.
- E. Expansion Anchors: Anchor bolt and sleeve assembly of material indicated below with capability to sustain, without failure, a load equal to 6 times the load imposed when installed in unit masonry assemblies and equal to 4 times the load imposed when installed in concrete as determined by testing per ASTM E 488 conducted by a qualified independent testing and inspecting agency.
 1. Material: Stainless steel with bolts and nuts complying with ASTM F 593

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Discard units of material with defects that impair quality of carpentry and that are too small to use with minimum number of joints or optimum joint arrangement.
- B. Set carpentry to required levels and lines, with members plumb, true to line, cut, and fitted. Fit carpentry to other construction; scribe and cope as needed for accurate fit. Locate nailers, blocking, and similar supports to comply with requirements for attaching other construction.
- C. Apply field treatment complying with AWPAC M4 to cut surfaces of preservative-treated lumber and plywood.
- D. Securely attach carpentry work as indicated and according to applicable codes and recognized standards.
- E. Countersink fastener heads on exposed carpentry work and fill holes with wood filler.
- F. Use fasteners of appropriate type and length. Pre-drill members when necessary to avoid splitting wood.

3.2 WOOD BLOCKING, AND NEW PLYWOOD INSTALLATION

- A. Install where indicated and where required for attaching other work. Coordinate locations with other work involved.
- B. Attach items to substrates to support applied loading. Recess bolts and nuts flush with surfaces, unless otherwise indicated.
- C. Furnish and install new wood blocking at plywood replacement areas as required. Spacing shall meet current uniform building code.
- D. Furnish new plywood to match existing in thickness and utility. Furnish and install new plywood to replace damaged decking. Secure new plywood to substrate per current U.B.C.
- E. Furnish and install 2x wood nailers in specific locations as required to be installed.
- F. Fascia Board: Remove and replace Fascia board as directed by Architect.
- G. Furnish and install [n] plywood on deck and walls where drains are replaced.

END OF SECTION 06105

SECTION 07 19 00 – ELASTOMERIC COATING – PARAPET WALL WATERPROOFING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes Elastomeric coatings for the following vertical parapet wall surfaces:
 - 1. Portland cement plaster (stucco).
 - 2. Concrete, concrete block, masonry block.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 7 Section "Modified Bitumen Roofing"

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
 - 1. Include manufacturer's printed statement of VOC content.
 - 2. Include manufacturer's standard colors.
- B. Samples: For each type and color of coating and substrate indicated, 12 by 12 inches (300 by 300 mm) in size, with specified water-repellent treatment applied to half of each Sample.
- C. Manufacturer Certificates: Signed by manufacturers certifying that coatings comply with requirements.
- D. Qualification Data: For Installer.
- E. Warranty: Special warranty specified in this Section.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and approved by manufacturer.
- B. Test Application: Apply a finish sample for each type of coating and substrate required. Duplicate finish of approved sample.
 - 1. Locate each test application as directed by Architect/Owner.

2. Final approval by Architect of color and coating application will be from test applications.
- C. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."

1.5 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Limitations: Proceed with application only when the following existing and forecasted weather and substrate conditions permit water repellents to be applied according to manufacturers' written instructions and warranty requirements:
 1. Ambient temperature is above 40 deg F (4.4 deg C).
 2. Rain is not predicted within 24 hours.
 3. Application proceeds more than 24 hours after surfaces have been wet.
 4. Substrate is not frozen, or surface temperature is above 40 deg F (4.4 deg C).
 5. Windy conditions do not exist that may cause water repellent to be blown onto vegetation or surfaces not intended to be treated.

1.6 WARRANTY

- A. Special Warranty: Manufacturer's standard form in which manufacturer and Applicator agree(s) to repair or replace materials that fail to maintain water repellency specified in Part 1 "Performance Requirements" Article within specified warranty period.
 1. Warranty Period: Two years from date of Substantial Completion.
 2. Roofing systems manufacture to include all wall areas addressed in "umbrella" warranty.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products listed in other Part 2 articles.
- B. Basis of design: Tremco Inc,

2.2 ELASTOMERIC COATING SYSTEM

- A. Acrylic, Film-Forming Water Repellent: Pigmented, Fibrated, breathing coating of acrylic polymer emulsion; with the following characteristics.
 1. Elastomeric Coating: Tremco Inc.; Solarguard - HyBuild
 - a. Solids by weight, 70%, ASTM 2369-93

- b. Elongation, 88%, ASTM 2370-92
 - c. Moisture Vapor Transmission, 5.5 perms, ASTM E 96-95
 - d. VOC, 41g/L, ASTM D3960-89
- 2. Colors: As selected by Architect from manufacturer's full range.
- B. Latex primer, manufacturer's standard primer for Acrylic Coating material.
 - 1. Elastomeric prime Solarguard masonry primer
 - a. Weight per gallon, 12.1 lb/gal ASTM 1475
 - b. Solids by weight, 59% ASTM 1644

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Protect adjoining work, including sealant bond surfaces, from spillage or blow-over of coating. Cover adjoining and nearby surfaces of aluminum and glass if there is the possibility of coating being deposited on surfaces. Cover live plants and grass.
- B. Coordination with Sealants: Do not apply coating until sealants for joints adjacent to surfaces receiving coating treatment have been installed and cured.
 - 1. Coating work may precede sealant application only if sealant adhesion and compatibility have been tested and verified using substrate, coating, and sealant materials identical to those used in the work.
- C. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.
- D. Cracks in walls: All cracks larger than hairline should be considered, "moving" cracks and need to be cleaned and caulked.

3.2 APPLICATION

- A. Manufacturer's Field Service: Engage a factory-authorized service representative to inspect the substrate before application of coating and to instruct Applicator on the product and application method to be used. Primer coat: Apply primer coat of fibrated elastomeric coating over entire surface to be addressed at the rate of 200 square feet per gallon.
- B. Apply a heavy-saturation spray coating of on surfaces indicated for treatment using low-pressure spray equipment. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for using airless spraying procedure, unless otherwise indicated. Each coating application shall consist of one [1] gallon per 100 square feet applied in a continuous and uniform application.

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- C. Apply a second saturation spray coating, repeating first application, at same rate. Comply with manufacturer's written instructions for limitations on drying time between coats and after rainstorm wetting of surfaces between coats. Consult manufacturer's technical representative if written instructions are not applicable to Project conditions.

3.3 CLEANING

- A. Immediately clean coating from adjoining surfaces and surfaces soiled or damaged by water-repellent application as work progresses. Repair damage caused by coating application. Comply with manufacturer's written cleaning instructions.

END OF SECTION 07 19 00

**SECTION 07 52 16.11 –
SBS MODIFIED BITUMINOUS MEMBRANE ROOFING, FLUID APPLIED**

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

A. Section Includes:

1. Styrene-butadiene-styrene (SBS) modified bituminous Cool Roof white granulated membrane roofing system on wood deck, including but not limited to:
 - a. Roof insulation. Attach ½ inch primed Dens Deck with screws and plates.
 - b. Roof areas to receive tapered insulation / crickets systems shall be:
 - c. Roof membrane system consisting of base sheet, modified bitumen cap and membrane base flashings.
 - d. Installation of modified BUR system with White granulated Cool Roof surfacing sheet.
 - e. Schools receiving this system: Lydiksen [MPR] Vintage Hills [MPR/Bldgs B&C], Foothill High school [Bldgs E,F,G], AVHS [Girls Gym/lockerroom, Mat roof]

B. Related Sections:

1. Division 01732 Demolition Section
2. Division 06105 Carpentry section for wood deck repair, curbs, and blocking.
3. Division 07620 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" for custom metal roof penetration flashings, flashings, and counterflashings.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. Roofing Terminology: See ASTM D 1079 and glossary of NRCA's "The NRCA Roofing and Waterproofing Manual" for definition of terms related to roofing work in this Section.
- B. ENDURE BIO: Is a two [2] part urethane, 100 % solids, bio based, asbestos free, cold process membrane interply adhesive. Is a certified BIO based material approved by USDA. Approved to be used in MB and BUR systems.

1.4 ACTION SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated.
- B. Shop Drawings: For roofing system. Include plans, elevations, sections, details, and attachments to other work. Provide roof plan showing orientation and types of roof deck, orientation of membrane roofing, and fastening spacing's and patterns for mechanically fastened components.
 - 1. Base flashings and built-up terminations.
 - a. Indicate details meet requirements of NRCA and FMG required by this Section.
 - 2. Crickets, saddles, and tapered insulation, including slopes.
 - 3. Insulation fastening patterns for corner, perimeter, and field-of-roof locations.
- C. Samples for Verification: For the following products:
 - 1. Sheet roofing materials, of color specified for exposed material.
 - 2. Dens Deck board primed.

1.5 INFORMATIONAL SUBMITTALS

- A. Contractor's Product Certificate: Submit notarized certificate, indicating products intended for Work of this Section, including product names and numbers and manufacturers' names, with statement indicating that products to be provided meet the requirements of the Contract Documents.
- B. Qualification Data: For Installer, Manufacturer, and Roofing Inspector.
 - 1. Include letter from Manufacturer written for this Project indicating approval of Installer.
- C. Manufacturer Certificates: Signed by roofing manufacturer certifying that roofing system complies with requirements specified in "Performance Requirements" Article.
 - 1. Submit evidence of compliance with performance requirements, including UL listing certificate.
 - 2. Indicate that proposed system components are compatible.
- D. Product Test Reports: Based on evaluation of comprehensive tests performed by manufacturer and witnessed by a qualified testing agency, for components of built-up roofing.
- E. Warranties: Unexecuted sample copies of special warranties.
- F. Field Quality Control Reports: Daily reports of Roofing Inspector. Include weather conditions, description of work performed, tests performed, defective work observed, and corrective actions taken to correct defective work.

1.6 CLOSEOUT SUBMITTALS

- A. Maintenance Data: To include in maintenance manuals.
- B. Warranties: Executed copies of warranties.

1.7 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Installer Qualifications: An employer of workers trained and certified by manufacturer, including a full-time on-site supervisor with a minimum of ten [10] years' experience installing products comparable to those specified, able to communicate verbally with Contractor, Architect, and employees, and qualified by the manufacturer to install manufacturer's product and furnish warranty of type specified. Contractor must have an established office/shop located within a fifty [50] miles radius of project to properly service project and leak response.
- B. Manufacturer Qualifications: Approved manufacturer with UL listed roofing systems comparable to those specified for this Project, with minimum ten [10] years' experience in manufacture of comparable products in successful use in similar applications, and able to furnish warranty with provisions matching specified requirements.
 - 1. Approval of Comparable Products: Submit the following in accordance with project substitution requirements, within time allowed for substitution review:
 - a. Product data, including certified independent test data indicating compliance with requirements.
 - b. Samples of each component.
 - c. Sample submittal from similar project.
 - d. Project references: Minimum of five installations of specified products not less than five years old, with Owner and Architect contact information.
 - e. Sample warranty, unexecuted with follow up inspections and dates indicated on warranty form.
 - f. Sample copy of weekly report
 - 2. **Substitutions following award of contract are not allowed except as stipulated in Division 01 General Requirements. Only prime contractor will be allowed to submit request for substitution. Submittals by manufactures and marketing companies will not be allowed.**
 - 3. **Request for substitution: Submit separate request for each substitution. Document each request with complete data substantiating compliance of proposed substitution with the requirements of contract documents. Schedule for submittal for Architect review and comment: Ten [10] days prior to date of bid. Give itemized comparison of proposed substitution with specified product, product by product, listing variations and reference to**

specifications. 3rd party independent test results are required with each product. Highlight all specified standards and limitations in both the specified product submittal and the substituted product request to make comparison direct and obvious. Submittals that are not complete, not highlighted and not clear shall be rejected upon receipt.

- 4. Provide same warranty for substitution as for specified system.**
 5. Approved manufacturers must meet separate requirements of Submittals Article.
- C. Roofing Inspector Qualifications: A technical representative of manufacturer not engaged in the sale of products and experienced in the installation and maintenance of the specified roofing system, qualified to perform roofing observation and inspection specified in Field Quality Control Article, to determine Installer's compliance with the requirements of this Project, and approved by the manufacturer to issue warranty certification. The Roofing Inspector shall be one of the following:
1. An authorized full-time technical employee of the manufacturer.
 2. An independent party certified as a Registered Roof Observer by the Roof Consultants Institute, retained by the Contractor or the Manufacturer and approved by the Manufacturer.
- D. Preinstallation Roofing Conference: Conduct conference at Project site.
1. Meet with Owner, Architect, Owner's insurer if applicable, testing and inspecting agency representative, roofing Installer, roofing system manufacturer's representative, and installers whose work interfaces with or affects roofing, including installers of roof accessories and roof-mounted equipment.
 2. Review methods and procedures related to roofing installation, including manufacturer's written instructions.
 3. Review and finalize construction schedule and verify availability of materials, Installer's personnel, equipment, and facilities needed to make progress and avoid delays.
 4. Examine substrate conditions and finishes for compliance with requirements, including flatness and fastening.
 5. Review structural loading limitations of roof deck during and after roofing.
 6. Review base flashings, special roofing details, roof drainage, roof penetrations, equipment curbs, and condition of other construction that will affect roofing system.
 7. Review governing regulations and requirements for insurance and certificates if applicable.
 8. Review temporary protection requirements for roofing system during and after installation.
 9. Review roof observation and repair procedures after roofing installation.

1.8 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver roofing materials to Project site in original containers with seals unbroken and labeled with manufacturer's name, product brand name and type, date of manufacture, approval or listing agency markings, and directions for storing and mixing with other components.
- B. Store liquid materials in their original undamaged containers in a clean, dry, protected location and within the temperature range required by roofing system manufacturer. Protect stored liquid material from direct sunlight.
 - 1. Discard and legally dispose of liquid material that cannot be applied within its stated shelf life.
- C. Protect roof insulation materials from physical damage and from deterioration by sunlight, moisture, soiling, and other sources. Store in a dry location. Comply with insulation manufacturer's written instructions for handling, storing, and protecting during installation.
- D. Handle and store roofing materials and place equipment in a manner to avoid permanent deflection of deck.

1.9 PROJECT CONDITIONS

- A. Weather Limitations: Proceed with installation only when existing and forecasted weather conditions permit roofing system to be installed according to manufacturer's written instructions and warranty requirements.
- B. Daily Protection: Coordinate installation of roofing so insulation and other components of roofing system not permanently exposed are not subjected to precipitation or left uncovered at the end of the workday or when rain is forecast.
 - 1. Provide tie-offs at end of each day's work to cover exposed roofing and insulation with a course of roofing sheet securely in place with joints and edges sealed.
 - 2. Complete terminations and base flashings and provide temporary seals to prevent water from entering completed sections of roofing.
 - 3. Remove temporary plugs from roof drains at end of each day.
 - 4. Remove and discard temporary seals before beginning work on adjoining roofing.

1.10 WARRANTY

- A. Warranty, General: Warranties specified shall be in addition to, and run concurrent with, other warranties required by the Contract Documents. Manufacturer's disclaimers and limitations on product warranties do not relieve Contractor of obligations under requirements of the Contract Documents.

- B. Manufacturer's Warranty: Manufacturer's standard or customized form, in which manufacturer agrees to repair or replace components of roofing system that fail in materials or workmanship within specified warranty period. Failure includes roof leaks.
 - 1. Manufacturer's warranty includes roofing membrane, base flashings, fasteners, roofing membrane accessories and other components of roofing system specified in this Section.
 - 2. Warranty Period: 20 years from date of Substantial Completion.
- C. Installer's Warranty: Submit roofing Installer's warranty, on warranty form at end of this Section, signed by Installer, covering the Work of this Section, including all components of roofing system such as roofing membrane, base flashing, roof insulation, fasteners, cover boards, substrate boards, vapor retarders, and walkway products, for the following warranty period:
 - 1. Warranty Period: Five years from date of Substantial Completion.
- D. Manufacturer Inspection and Preventive Maintenance Requirement: By manufacturer's technical representative, to report maintenance responsibilities to Owner necessary for preservation of Owner's warranty rights. The cost of manufacturer's annual inspections and preventive maintenance is included in the Contract Sum.
 - 1. Inspections to occur in the following years subsequent to completion: 2, 5, 10 and 15 completing: Follow up inspections with reports to owner, preventative maintenance and housekeeping.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. Basis-of-Design Manufacturer/Product: The roof system specified in this Section is based upon products of Tremco, Inc., www.tremcoroofing.com, named in other Part 2 articles. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide the named product or an approved comparable product by one of the following:
 - 1. Owner Approved Equal based upon meeting:

Product/System requirements, warranty coverage/ language, project monitoring and listed in most current edition of the CRRC listings.

- B. Source Limitations: Obtain components for roofing system from same manufacturer as membrane roofing or manufacturer approved by membrane roofing manufacturer.

2.2 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General Performance: Roofing shall withstand exposure to weather without failure or leaks due to defective manufacture or installation.
 - 1. Accelerated Weathering: Roofing system shall withstand 2000 hours of exposure when tested according to ASTM G 152, ASTM G 154, or ASTM G 155.

2. Impact Resistance: Roofing system shall resist impact damage when tested according to ASTM D 3746 or ASTM D 4272.
- B. Material Compatibility: Provide roofing materials that are compatible with one another under conditions of service and application required, as demonstrated by membrane roofing manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- C. Flashings and Fastening: Comply with requirements of Division 07 Sections "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim" and "Roof Specialties." Provide base flashings, perimeter flashings, detail flashings and component materials and installation techniques that comply with requirements and recommendations of the following:
 1. NRCA Roofing Manual (Sixth Edition) for construction details and recommendations.
 2. SMACNA Architectural Sheet Metal Manual (Seventh Edition) for construction details.
- D. Exterior Fire-Test Exposure: ASTM E 108, UL Class A; for application and roof slopes indicated, as determined by testing identical membrane roofing materials by a qualified testing agency. Materials shall be identified with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
- E. Fire-Resistance Ratings: Where indicated, provide fire-resistance-rated roof assemblies identical to those of assemblies tested for fire resistance per ASTM E 119 by a qualified testing agency. Identify products with appropriate markings of applicable testing agency.
- F. Energy Star Listing: Roofing system shall be listed on the DOE's ENERGY STAR "Roof Products Qualified Product List" for low-slope roof products.
- G. Energy Performance: Roofing system shall have an initial solar reflectance index of not less than 0.70 and an emissivity of not less than 0.75 when tested according to CRRC-1.
- H. FM requirements: Comply with FM requirements for wind uplift based on I-90 fastening pattern.

2.3 ROOFING MEMBRANE MATERIALS

- A. Sheathing Paper: Red rosin type, minimum 3 lb/100 sq. ft. (0.16 kg/sq. m).
 1. Base Sheet: ASTM D 6162 Type III Grade S heavy-duty base sheet.
 - a. Basis of design product: Tremco, Endure 300 Base or equal.
 - b. Tear strength, ASTM D 5147 590 lbf/in MD and 590 lbf/in XMD
 - c. Tensile Strength, ASTM 5147 355 lbf/in MD and 310 lbf/in XMD
 - d. Thickness: 2.5 mm
- B. SBS Modified Bituminous Cap Sheet:

1. **Roof finishing sheet:** ASTM D 6163 Type I Grade G SBS-modified asphalt-coated glass-fiber-reinforced sheet, granular surfaced with a factory applied white reflective granule; CRRC listed and California Title 24 Energy Code compliant.
 - a. Basis of design product: Tremco, POWERply Standard FR GT24W, or equal
 - b. Exterior Fire-Test Exposure, ASTM E 108: Class A.
 - c. Tensile Strength at 73 deg. F (23 deg. C), minimum, ASTM D 5147: Machine direction 70 lbf/in (12.0 kN/m); Cross machine direction 50 lbf/in (8.8 kN/m).
 - d. Tear Strength at 73 deg. F (23 deg. C), minimum, ASTM D 5147: Machine direction, 90 lbf (400 N); Cross machine direction 90 lbf (400 N).
 - e. Elongation at 73 deg. F (23 deg. C), minimum, ASTM D 5147: Machine direction 4 percent; Cross machine direction 4 percent.
 - f. Low Temperature Flex, maximum, ASTM D 5147: -10 deg. F (-23 deg. C).
 - g. Thickness, minimum, ASTM D 5147: 0.157 inch (4 mm).
 - h. Solar Reflectance Index (SRI), ASTM E 1980: 88.
- C. Base Flashing Backer Sheet:
 1. ASTM D 6163 Type III Grade S heavy-duty base sheet, or equal
 - a. Basis of design product: Tremco, Powerply Heavy Duty Base
 - b. Tear strength, ASTM D 5147 220 lbf/in/MD and 240 lbf/in XMD
 - c. Tensile Strength, ASTM 5147 220 lbf/in MD and 190 lbf/in XMD
 - d. Thickness: 3.0 mm
- D. Base Flashing Sheet: for walls and curbs
 1. ASTM D 6163 Type I Grade G SBS-modified asphalt-coated glass-fiber-reinforced sheet, granular surfaced with a factory applied white reflective granule; CRRC listed and California Title 24 Energy Code compliant.
 - a. Basis of design product: Tremco, POWERply Standard FR GT24W, or equal
 - b. Exterior Fire-Test Exposure, ASTM E 108: Class A.
 - c. Tensile Strength at 73 deg. F (23 deg. C), minimum, ASTM D 5147: Machine direction 70 lbf/in (12.0 kN/m); Cross machine direction 50 lbf/in (8.8 kN/m).
 - d. Tear Strength at 73 deg. F (23 deg. C), minimum, ASTM D 5147: Machine direction, 90 lbf (400 N); Cross machine direction 90 lbf (400 N).

- e. Elongation at 73 deg. F (23 deg. C), minimum, ASTM D 5147: Machine direction 4 percent; Cross machine direction 4 percent.
- f. Low Temperature Flex, maximum, ASTM D 5147: -10 deg. F (-23 deg. C).
- g. Thickness, minimum, ASTM D 5147: 0.157 inch (4 mm).
- h. Solar Reflectance Index (SRI), ASTM E 1980: 88.

E. Glass-Fiber Fabric: Woven glass-fiber cloth treated with asphalt, ASTM D 1668 Type I.

2.4 FLUID APPLIED MATERIALS

A. BIO Adhesive

- 1. Basis of design product: Tremco, BIO ENDURE ADHESIVE, or equal
- 2. Bio base content: ASTM D6866 71%
- 3. Density ASTM D1475 11.1lbs./gal
- 4. Volume solids ASTM D2697 100%
- 5. Weight solids ASTM D1644 100%

B. Asphalt primer, water-based, polymer modified.

- 1. Basis of design product: Tremco, TREMprime WB.
- 2. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC), maximum, ASTM D 3960: 2 g/L.

C. Asphalt Roofing Cement: ASTM D 4586, asbestos free, of consistency required by roofing system manufacturer for application.

2.5 AUXILIARY ROOFING MATERIALS

A. General: Auxiliary materials recommended by roofing system manufacturer for intended use and compatible with roofing membrane.

- 1. Liquid-type auxiliary materials shall comply with VOC limits of authorities having jurisdiction.

B. Cold-Applied Adhesive:

- 1. Roof Cement, Asphalt-Based: ASTM D 4586, Type II, Class I, fibrated roof cement formulated for use in installation and repair of asphalt ply and modified bitumen roofing plies and flashings; UL-classified for fire resistance.

- a. Basis of design product: Tremco, ELS.
 - b. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC), maximum, ASTM D 3960: 190 g/L.
 - c. Non-Volatile Matter, ASTM D 4586: 85 percent.
- C. Joint Sealant: Elastomeric joint sealant compatible with roofing materials, with movement capability appropriate for application.
 - 1. Joint Sealant, Polyurethane:ASTM C 920, Type S, Grade NS, Class 25 single-component moisture curing sealant, formulated for compatibility and use in dynamic and static joints..
 - a. Basis of design product: Tremco, TremSEAL D.
 - b. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC), maximum, ASTM D 3960: 85 g/L.
 - c. Hardness, Shore A, ASTM C 661: 40.
 - d. Color: White.
- D. Fasteners: Factory-coated steel fasteners and metal or plastic plates meeting corrosion-resistance provisions in FM Global 4470, designed for fastening roofing components to substrate, tested by manufacturer for required pullout strength, and acceptable to roofing system manufacturer.
- E. Metal Flashing Sheet: Metal flashing sheet is specified in Division 07 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."
- F. Miscellaneous Accessories: Provide miscellaneous accessories recommended by roofing system manufacturer.
- G. Fluid applied membrane: Fluid applied reinforced membrane for pipes, penetrations and projections: Two [2] part Bio based fluid applied membrane by roof systems manufacture.

2.6 ROOF INSULATION

- A. Roof Insulation, General: Preformed roof insulation boards manufactured or approved by roofing manufacturer, selected from manufacturer's standard sizes suitable for application, of thicknesses indicated.
 - 1. Provide preformed saddles, crickets, tapered edge strips, and other insulation shapes where indicated for sloping to drain. Fabricate to slopes at backside of curbs.
- B. Roof Board Primed Dens Deck:
 - 1. Dens Deck: ASTM C 1177 ½ inch primed Dens Deck
- C. Insulation Cant Strips: ASTM C 208, Type II, Grade 1, cellulosic-fiber insulation board.

- D. Cant Strips: ASTM C 208, Type II, Grade I, cellulosic –fiber.
- E. Tapered Edge Strips: ASTM C 208, Type II, Grade 1, cellulosic-fiber insulation board.
- F. Substrate Joint Tape: Minimum 6 inch (150 mm) wide, coated, glass-fiber joint tape.
- G. Tapered insulation: ASTM C 209 Polyisocyanurate tapered system.

2.7 SURFACING MATERIALS

- A. Acrylic Roof Coating, Fire-Retardant Elastomeric: Intumescent and solar reflectant, Energy Star qualified, CRRC listed, and California Title 24 Energy Code compliant, formulated for use on bituminous roof surfaces.
 - 1. Basis of design product: Tremco, Polarcote FR, or equal
 - 2. Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC), maximum, ASTM D 3960: Not more than 30 g/L.
 - 3. Reflectance, minimum, ASTM C 1549: 82 percent.
 - 4. 4. Solar Reflectance Index (SRI), ASTM E 1980: 103.

2.8 WALKWAYS

- A. Walkway pads, ceramic-granule-surfaced reinforced asphaltic composition slip-resisting pads, manufactured as a traffic pad for foot traffic, 1/2-inch (13 mm) thick minimum.
 - 1. Basis of design product: Tremco, Trem-Tred, or equal
 - 2. Flexural Strength at max. load, minimum, ASTM C 203: 210 psi (1.5 kPa).
 - 3. Granule adhesion (weight loss), maximum, ASTM D 4977: 1.1 gram.
 - 4. Impact Resistance at 77 deg. F (25 deg. C), ASTM D 3746: No Damage to Roof.
 - 5. Pad Size: 36 by 48 inch (914 by 1220 mm).

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, for compliance with the following requirements and other conditions affecting performance of roofing system:
 - 1. Verify that roof openings and penetrations are in place and curbs are set and braced and that roof drain bodies are securely clamped in place.

2. Wood Roof Deck: Verify that wood deck is securely fastened with no projecting fasteners and with no adjacent units in excess of 1/16 inch (1.6 mm) out of plane relative to adjoining deck.

B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 PREPARATION

- A. Clean substrate of dust, debris, moisture, and other substances detrimental to roofing installation according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions. Remove sharp projections.
- B. Prevent materials from entering and clogging roof drains and conductors and from spilling or migrating onto surfaces of other construction. Remove roof-drain plugs when no work is taking place or when rain is forecast.

3.3 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install roofing system in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
- B. Install roofing system in accordance with the following NRCA Manual Plates and NRCA recommendations, as applicable; modify as required to comply with requirements of FM Global references above:
 1. Base Flashing for Wall-supported Deck: Plates MB-5 and MB-5S.
 2. Base and Surface-mounted Counterflashing: Plates MB-4 and MB-4S..
 3. Embedded Edge Metal Flashing Edge (Gravel-stop): Plates MB-3 and MB-3S.
 4. Gutter at Draining Edge: Plates MB-22 and MB-22S.
 5. Expansion Joint with Metal Cover: Plates MB-7 and MB-7S and Division 07 Section "Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim."
 6. Equipment Support Curb: Plates MB-9 and MB-9S.
 7. Raised Curb Detail at Rooftop HVAC Units (Job site constructed wood curb): Plates MB-13 and MB-13S and Division 06 Section "Miscellaneous Rough Carpentry."
 8. Penetration, Structural Member through Roof Deck: Plates MB-15 and MB-15S.
 9. Penetration, Sheet Metal Enclosure for Piping Through Roof Deck: Plates MB-16 and MB-16S
 10. Penetration, Isolated Stack Flashing: Plates MB-17 and MB-17S.
 11. Penetration, Plumbing Vent: Plates MB-18 and MB-18S.
 12. Stucco stop detail at building walls.

3.4 INSULATION INSTALLATION

- A. Comply with built-up roofing manufacturer's written instructions for installing roof insulation.
- B. Cant Strips: Install and secure preformed 45-degree cant strips at junctures of built-up roofing with vertical surfaces or angle changes greater than 45 degrees.
- C. Install insulation with long joints of insulation in a continuous straight line with end joints staggered between rows, abutting edges and ends between boards. Fill gaps exceeding 1/4 inch (6 mm) with insulation.
 - 1. Cut and fit insulation within 1/4 inch (6 mm) of nailers, projections, and penetrations.
- D. Trim surface of insulation where necessary at roof drains so completed surface is flush and does not restrict flow of water.
- E. Install tapered edge strips at perimeter edges of roof that do not terminate at vertical surfaces.
- F. Mechanically Fastened Insulation: Install layer of insulation to deck using mechanical fasteners specifically designed and sized for fastening specified board-type roof insulation to deck type.
 - 1. Fasten first layer of insulation according to requirements in FM Global's "RoofNav" for specified Windstorm Resistance Classification. Requirements based upon FM I-90 wind uplift fastening pattern.
 - 2. Set cants and tapered edge and secondary layers in low rise foam application.

3.5 FLUID APPLIED ROOFING MEMBRANE INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. Install roofing membrane system according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions and applicable recommendations in ARMA/NRCA's "Quality Control Guidelines for the Application of Polymer Modified Bitumen Roofing" and as follows:
 - 1. Deck Type: Wood deck.
 - 2. Base Sheet: One.
 - a. Adhering Method: Fluid applied.
 - 3. Granular-Surfaced SBS-Modified Asphalt Cap Sheet:
 - a. Adhering Method: Fluid applied.
- B. Start installation of roofing membrane in presence of roofing system manufacturer's technical personnel.
- C. Cooperate with testing agencies engaged or required to perform services for installing roofing system.

- D. Coordinate installation of roofing system so insulation and other components of the roofing membrane system not permanently exposed are not subjected to precipitation or left uncovered at the end of the workday or when rain is forecast.
 - 1. Provide tie-offs at end of each day's work configured as recommended by NRCA Roofing Manual Appendix: Quality Control Guidelines - Insulation to protect new [and existing] roofing.
 - 2. Complete terminations and base flashings and provide temporary seals to prevent water from entering completed sections of roofing.
 - 3. Remove temporary plugs from roof drains at end of each day.
 - 4. Remove and discard temporary seals before beginning work on adjoining roofing.
- E. Fluid applied mixing: Mix Part A [base] for 1 minute before adding Part B [curative]. After adding part B, mix the combined materials for a minimum of two [2] minutes. Make sure to mix areas around the side walls and bottom of pail.
 - 1. Apply fluid applied adhesive at the rate of two [2] gallons per 100 square feet, interply.
- F. Substrate-Joint Penetrations: Prevent adhesives from penetrating substrate joints, entering building, or damaging roofing system components or adjacent building construction.

3.6 BASE-SHEET INSTALLATION

- A. Loosely lay one course of rosin sheet, lapping edges and ends a minimum of 2 inches and 6 inches, respectively. Scatter nail in place with square head nails driven flush.
- B. Install lapped base-sheet course, extending sheet over and terminating beyond cants. Attach base sheet as follows:
 - 1. Adhere to insulation in a solid application of fluid applied adhesive @ the rate of two [2] gallons per 100 square feet.
 - 2. Press base sheet into adhesive with weighted roller.

3.7 SBS-MODIFIED BITUMINOUS MEMBRANE INSTALLATION

- A. Install modified bituminous roofing membrane [basesheet] cap sheet according to roofing manufacturer's written instructions, starting at low point of roofing system. Extend roofing membrane sheets over and terminate beyond cants, installing as follows:
 - 1. Unroll roofing membrane sheets and allow them to relax for minimum time period required by manufacturer. Back nail as required for slope.
 - 2. Adhere to base sheet in a continuous application of fluid applied adhesive at the rate of two [2] gallons per 100 square feet.

3. Press membrane into adhesive using a weighted roll. Side laps 4 inches and end laps 6 inches. Heat weld all laps
- B. Laps: Accurately align roofing membrane sheets, without stretching, and maintain uniform side and end laps. Stagger end laps. Install roofing membrane sheets so side and end laps shed water. Completely bond and seal laps, leaving no voids.
 1. Repair tears and voids in laps and lapped seams not completely sealed.
 2. Heat weld all laps.

3.8 FLASHING AND STRIPPING INSTALLATION

- A. Install base flashing over cant strips and other sloped and vertical surfaces, at roof edges, and at penetrations through roof; secure to substrates according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions, and as follows:
 1. Prime substrates with asphalt primer if required by roofing system manufacturer.
 2. Backer Sheet Application: Install backer sheet and adhere to substrate in a continuous application of fluid applied adhesive.
 3. Flashing Sheet Application: Adhere flashing sheet to substrate in a continuous application of fluid applied adhesive at the rate of two [2] gallons per 100 square feet.
- B. Extend base flashing up walls or parapets a minimum of 12 inches (300 mm) above built-up roofing and 6 inches (150 mm) onto field of roof membrane.
- C. Flashing Sheet Top Termination: Mechanically fasten top of base flashing securely at terminations and perimeter of roofing.
 1. Seal top termination of base flashing with a metal termination bar and joint sealant.
- D. Flashing Sheet Bottom Termination: Adhere flashing sheet to roof membrane sheet continuously along bottom of flashing sheet.
- E. Install roofing membrane cap-sheet stripping where metal flanges and edgings are set on membrane roofing according to roofing system manufacturer's written instructions.
- F. Pipes/penetrations/projections: Clean prime and coat all pipes/penetrations and projections with AG Bio base @ the rate of two [2] gallons per 100 square feet. While base is wet, embed Perma fab reinforcement around projection, allow to cure and top coat with AG top coat @ the rate of one [1] gallon per 100 square feet. Extend onto the field of the roof and square off neatly.
- G. Gravelstop: After installation of new cool roof cap, furnish and install a bead of ICE coating at the intersection of the [n] cool roof cap and gravelstop rise. Cover adhesive completely.
- H. Baseflashing @ corners: Apply BIO to all corners from field sheet up to counterflashing.

3.9 SURFACING AND COATING INSTALLATION

- A. Apply Coating as required to touch up roof membrane, paint vent pipes, conduits and miscellaneous projections. Note: if the Cool roof cap marred or discolored, the cap will be replaced with new, like kind.

3.10 WALKWAY INSTALLATION

- A. Walkway Pads: Install walkway pads using units of size indicated or, if not indicated, of manufacturer's standard size according to walkway pad manufacturer's written instructions. Set two [2] walk pads at each unit.
 - 1. Set walkway pads in cold-applied adhesive.

3.11 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Roofing Inspector: Owner will engage a qualified roofing inspector to perform roof tests and inspections and to prepare test reports.
- B. Roofing Inspector: Contractor shall engage a qualified roofing inspector for a minimum of 6 full-time days on site to perform roof tests and inspections and to prepare start up, interim, and final reports. Roofing Inspector's quality assurance inspections shall comply with criteria established in ARMA/NRCA's "Quality Control Guidelines for the Application of Built-up Roofing."
- C. Final Roof Inspection: Arrange for roofing system manufacturer's technical personnel to inspect roofing installation at commencement and upon completion.
 - 1. Notify Architect and Owner 48 hours in advance of date and time of inspection.
- D. Repair or remove and replace components of built-up roofing where test results or inspections indicate that they do not comply with specified requirements.
 - 1. Additional testing and inspecting, at Contractor's expense, will be performed to determine if replaced or additional work complies with specified requirements.

3.12 PROTECTING AND CLEANING

- A. Protect roofing system from damage and wear during remainder of construction period. When remaining construction will not affect or endanger roofing, inspect roofing for deterioration and damage, describing its nature and extent in a written report, with copies to Architect and Owner.
- B. Correct deficiencies in or remove roofing system that does not comply with requirements, repair substrates, and repair or reinstall roofing system to a condition free of damage and deterioration at time of Substantial Completion and according to warranty requirements.
- C. Clean overspray and spillage from adjacent construction using cleaning agents and procedures recommended by manufacturer of affected construction.

3.14 ROOFING INSTALLER'S WARRANTY

- A. WHEREAS _____ of _____, herein called the "Roofing Installer," has performed roofing and associated work ("work") on the following project:
1. Owner:
 2. Address:
 3. Building Name/Type:
 4. Address:
 5. Area of Work:
 6. Acceptance Date:
 7. Warranty Period:
 8. Expiration Date:
- B. AND WHEREAS Roofing Installer has contracted (either directly with Owner or indirectly as a subcontractor) to warrant said work against leaks and faulty or defective materials and workmanship for designated Warranty Period,
- C. NOW THEREFORE Roofing Installer hereby warrants, subject to terms and conditions herein set forth, that during Warranty Period he will, at his own cost and expense, make or cause to be made such repairs to or replacements of said work as are necessary to correct faulty and defective work and as are necessary to maintain said work in a watertight condition.
- D. This Warranty is made subject to the following terms and conditions:
1. Specifically excluded from this Warranty are damages to work and other parts of the building, and to building contents, caused by:
 - a. lightning;
 - b. peak gust wind speed exceeding 74 mph (33 m/s);
 - c. fire;
 - d. failure of roofing system substrate, including cracking, settlement, excessive deflection, deterioration, and decomposition;
 - e. faulty construction of parapet walls, copings, chimneys, skylights, vents, equipment supports, and other edge conditions and penetrations of the work;
 - f. vapor condensation on bottom of roofing; and
 - g. activity on roofing by others, including construction contractors, maintenance personnel, other persons, and animals, whether authorized or unauthorized by Owner.
 2. When work has been damaged by any of foregoing causes, Warranty shall be null and void until such damage has been repaired by Roofing Installer and until cost and expense thereof have been paid by Owner or by another responsible party so designated.
 3. Roofing Installer is responsible for damage to work covered by this Warranty but is not liable for consequential damages to building or building contents resulting from leaks or faults or defects of work.
 4. During Warranty Period, if Owner allows alteration of work by anyone other than Roofing Installer, including cutting, patching, and maintenance in connection with penetrations, attachment of other work, and positioning of anything on roof, this Warranty shall become null and void on date of said alterations, but only to the extent said alterations affect work covered by this Warranty. If Owner engages Roofing Installer to perform said alterations, Warranty shall not become null and void unless Roofing Installer, before starting said work, shall have notified Owner in writing, showing reasonable cause for claim, that said alterations would likely damage or deteriorate work, thereby reasonably justifying a limitation or termination of this Warranty.
 5. During Warranty Period, if original use of roof is changed and it becomes used for, but was not originally specified for, a promenade, work deck, spray-cooled surface, flooded basin, or other use

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or service more severe than originally specified, this Warranty shall become null and void on date of said change, but only to the extent said change affects work covered by this Warranty.

6. Owner shall promptly notify Roofing Installer of observed, known, or suspected leaks, defects, or deterioration and shall afford reasonable opportunity for Roofing Installer to inspect work and to examine evidence of such leaks, defects, or deterioration.
7. This Warranty is recognized to be the only warranty of Roofing Installer on said work and shall not operate to restrict or cut off Owner from other remedies and resources lawfully available to Owner in cases of roofing failure. Specifically, this Warranty shall not operate to relieve Roofing Installer of responsibility for performance of original work according to requirements of the Contract Documents, regardless of whether Contract was a contract directly with Owner or a subcontract with Owner's General Contractor.

E. IN WITNESS THEREOF, this instrument has been duly executed by:

1. Authorized Signature:
2. Name:
3. Date:

F.

END OF SECTION 075216.11

SECTION 07 62 00 - SHEET METAL FLASHING AND TRIM

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and Division 1 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 SUMMARY

- A. This Section includes the following sheet metal flashing and trim:
 - 1. Edge metal and termination metal
 - 2. Gutters
 - 3. Counterflashings
 - 4. Formed low-slope roof flashing and trim.
- B. Related Sections include the following:
 - 1. Division 01 73 20 Section "Select Demolition"
 - 2. Division 6 Section "Miscellaneous Carpentry" for wood nailers, curbs, and blocking.
 - 3. Division 7 Section "Modified Bitumen Membrane" for installing sheet metal flashing and trim integral with roofing.

1.3 PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS

- A. General: Install sheet metal flashing and trim to withstand wind loads, structural movement, thermally induced movement, and exposure to weather without failing, rattling, leaking, and fastener disengagement.
- B. Fabricate and install roof edge flashing and copings capable of resisting the following forces according to recommendations in FMG Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-49:
- C. Thermal Movements: Provide sheet metal flashing and trim that allow for thermal movements resulting from the following maximum change (range) in ambient and surface temperatures by preventing buckling, opening of joints, hole elongation, overstressing of components, failure of joint sealants, failure of connections, and other detrimental effects. Provide clips that resist rotation and avoid shear stress as a result of sheet metal and trim thermal movements. Base engineering calculation on surface temperatures of materials due to both solar heat gain and nighttime-sky heat loss.
- D. Water Infiltration: Provide sheet metal flashing and trim that do not allow water infiltration to building interior.

1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data: For each type of product indicated. Include construction details, material descriptions, dimensions of individual components and profiles, and finishes.
- B. Shop Drawings: Show layouts of sheet metal flashing and trim, including plans and elevations. Distinguish between shop- and field-assembled work. Include the following:
 - 1. Identify material, thickness, weight, and finish for each item and location in Project.
 - 2. Details for forming sheet metal flashing and trim, including profiles, shapes, seams, and dimensions.
 - 3. Details for fastening, joining, supporting, and anchoring sheet metal flashing and trim, including fasteners, clips, cleats, and attachments to adjoining work.
 - 4. Details of expansion-joint covers, including showing direction of expansion and contraction.
- C. Samples for Initial Selection: For each type of sheet metal flashing and trim indicated with factory-applied color finishes.
 - 1. Include similar Samples of trim and accessories involving color selection.
- D. Samples for Verification: For each type of exposed finish required, prepared on Samples of size indicated below:
 - 1. Sheet Metal Flashing: 12 inches long. Include fasteners, cleats, clips, closures, and other attachments.
 - 2. Trim: 12 inches long. Include fasteners and other exposed accessories.
 - 3. Accessories: Full-size Sample.

1.5 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Sheet Metal Flashing and Trim Standard: Comply with SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Conform to dimensions and profiles shown unless more stringent requirements are indicated.
 - 1. Copper Standard: Comply with CDA's "Copper in Architecture Handbook."
- B. Preinstallation Conference: Conduct conference at Project site to comply with requirements in Division 1 Section "Project Management and Coordination."
 - 1. Meet with Owner, Architect, Owner's insurer if applicable, Installer, and installers whose work interfaces with or affects sheet metal flashing and trim including installers of roofing materials, roof accessories, unit skylights, and roof-mounted equipment.
 - 2. Review methods and procedures related to sheet metal flashing and trim.
 - 3. Examine substrate conditions for compliance with requirements, including flatness and attachment to structural members.
 - 4. Document proceedings, including corrective measures and actions required, and furnish copy of record to each participant.

1.6 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Deliver sheet metal flashing materials and fabrications undamaged. Protect sheet metal flashing and trim materials and fabrications during transportation and handling.
- B. Unload, store, and install sheet metal flashing materials and fabrications in a manner to prevent bending, warping, twisting, and surface damage.
- C. Stack materials on platforms or pallets, covered with suitable weathertight and ventilated covering. Do not store sheet metal flashing and trim materials in contact with other materials that might cause staining, denting, or other surface damage.

1.7 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate installation of sheet metal flashing and trim with interfacing and adjoining construction to provide a leakproof, secure, and noncorrosive installation.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MANUFACTURERS

- A. In other Part 2 articles where titles below introduce lists, the following requirements apply to product selection:
 - 1. Available Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, products that may be incorporated into the Work include, but are not limited to, products specified.
 - 2. Products: Subject to compliance with requirements, provide one of the products specified.

2.2 SHEET METALS

- A. Kynar Coated Steel Sheet: Steel sheet metallic coated by the hot-dip process and prepainted by the coil-coating process to comply with ASTM A 755/A 755M.
 - 1. Galvanized Steel Sheet: ASTM A 526, twenty four [24] gauge
 - 2. Exposed Finishes: Apply the following coating:
 - a. Kynar coated metal 500 or Hylar 5000 with pre coated finish with 0.2 mil baked on primer and .08 mil baked on topcoat. For 1.0 dry mil thickness.
 - 1) Color: Selected by owner.
 - 2) Back paint concealed metal surfaces with protective
- B. Lead Sheet: ASTM B 749, Type L51121, copper-bearing lead sheet.

2.3 UNDERLAYMENT MATERIALS

- A. Self adhering membrane: sheet complying with ASTM D 6163 Type I grade by roof systems manufacturer. SA by roof systems manufacture.

2.4 MISCELLANEOUS MATERIALS

- A. General: Provide materials and types of fasteners, solder, welding rods, protective coatings, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required for complete sheet metal flashing and trim installation.
- B. Fasteners: Wood screws, annular threaded nails, self-tapping screws, self-locking rivets and bolts, and other suitable fasteners designed to withstand design loads.
 - 1. Nails for Copper Sheet: Copper or hardware bronze, 0.109 inch (2.8 mm) minimum and not less than 7/8 inch (22 mm) long, barbed with large head.
 - 2. Exposed Fasteners: Heads matching color of sheet metal by means of plastic caps or factory-applied coating.
 - 3. Fasteners for Flashing and Trim: Blind fasteners or self-drilling screws, gasketed, with hex washer head.
 - 4. Blind Fasteners: High-strength aluminum or stainless-steel rivets.
 - 5. Spikes and Ferrules: Same material as gutter; with spike with ferrule matching internal gutter width.
- C. Solder for Copper: ASTM B 32, Grade Sn50, 50 percent tin and 50 percent lead.
- D. Solder for Lead-Coated Copper: ASTM B 32, Grade Sn60, 60 percent tin and 40 percent lead.
- E. Solder for Stainless Steel: ASTM B 32, Grade Sn60, with acid flux of type recommended by stainless-steel sheet manufacturer.
- F. Solder for Zinc-Tin Alloy-Coated Stainless Steel: ASTM B 32, 100 percent tin.
- G. Solder for Lead: ASTM B 32, Grade Sn50, 50 percent tin and 50 percent lead.
- H. Solder for Zinc: ASTM B 32, 60 percent lead and 40 percent tin with low antimony, as recommended by manufacturer.
- I. Burning Rod for Lead: Same composition as lead sheet.
- J. Sealing Tape: Pressure-sensitive, 100 percent solids, polyisobutylene compound sealing tape with release-paper backing. Provide permanently elastic, nonsag, nontoxic, nonstaining tape.
- K. Elastomeric Sealant: ASTM C 920, elastomeric polyurethane polymer sealant; of type, grade, class, and use classifications required to seal joints in sheet metal flashing and trim and remain watertight.

- L. Butyl Sealant: ASTM C 1311, single-component, solvent-release butyl rubber sealant, polyisobutylene plasticized, heavy bodied for hooked-type expansion joints with limited movement.
- M. Epoxy Seam Sealer: Two-part, noncorrosive, aluminum seam-cementing compound, recommended by aluminum manufacturer for exterior nonmoving joints, including riveted joints.
- N. Bituminous Coating: Cold-applied asphalt mastic, SSPC-Paint 12, compounded for 15-mil (0.4-mm) dry film thickness per coat. Provide inert-type noncorrosive compound free of asbestos fibers, sulfur components, and other deleterious impurities.
- O. Asphalt Roofing Cement: ASTM D 4586, asbestos free, of consistency required for application.

2.5 MANUFACTURED SHEET METAL FLASHING AND TRIM

- A. Reglets: Units of type, material, and profile indicated, formed to provide secure interlocking of separate reglet and counterflashing pieces, and compatible with flashing indicated[with factory-mitered and -welded corners and junctions].
 - 1. Manufacturers:
 - a. Fry Reglet Corporation.
 - 2. Material: Galvanized steel, twenty four [24] gauge
 - 3. Surface-Mounted Type: Provide with slotted holes for fastening to substrate, with neoprene or other suitable weatherproofing washers, and with channel for sealant at top edge.
 - 4. Stucco Type: Provide with upturned fastening flange and extension leg of length to match thickness of applied finish materials.
 - 5. Concrete Type: Provide temporary closure tape to keep reglet free of concrete materials, special fasteners for attaching reglet to concrete forms, and guides to ensure alignment of reglet section ends.
 - 6. Masonry Type: Provide with offset top flange for embedment in masonry mortar joint.
 - 7. Flexible Flashing Retainer: Provide resilient plastic or rubber accessory to secure flexible flashing in reglet where clearance does not permit use of standard metal counterflashing or where Drawings show reglet without metal counterflashing.
 - 8. Counterflashing Wind-Restraint Clips: Provide clips to be installed before counterflashing to prevent wind uplift of counterflashing lower edge.

2.6 FABRICATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Custom fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim to comply with recommendations in SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" that apply to design, dimensions, metal, and other characteristics of item indicated. Shop fabricate items where practicable. Obtain field measurements for accurate fit before shop fabrication.
- B. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim in thickness or weight needed to comply with performance requirements, but not less than that specified for each application and metal.

- C. Fabricate sheet metal flashing and trim without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks and true to line and levels indicated, with exposed edges folded back to form hems.
 - 1. Seams for Aluminum: Fabricate nonmoving seams with flat-lock seams. Form seams and seal with epoxy seam sealer. Rivet joints for additional strength.
 - 2. Seams for Other Than Aluminum: Fabricate nonmoving seams in accessories with flat-lock seams. Tin edges to be seamed, form seams, and solder.
- D. Sealed Joints: Form nonexpansion but movable joints in metal to accommodate elastomeric sealant to comply with SMACNA recommendations.
- E. Expansion Provisions: Where lapped or bayonet-type expansion provisions in the Work cannot be used, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch (25 mm) deep, filled with [elastomeric] [butyl] sealant concealed within joints.
- F. Conceal fasteners and expansion provisions where possible on exposed-to-view sheet metal flashing and trim, unless otherwise indicated.
- G. Fabricate cleats and attachment devices from same material as accessory being anchored or from compatible, noncorrosive metal.
 - 1. Thickness: As recommended by SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual" and FMG Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-49] for application but not less than thickness of metal being secured.

2.7 LOW-SLOPE ROOF SHEET METAL FABRICATIONS

- A. Roof Edge Flashing Gravel Stop and Fascia Caps: Fabricate in minimum 96-inch- long, but not exceeding 10-foot- long, sections. Furnish with 6-inch- wide joint cover plates.
 - 1. Joint Style: Lap, 4 inches wide.
- B. Copings: Fabricate in minimum 96-inch-long, but not exceeding 10-foot-long, sections. Fabricate joint plates of same thickness as copings. Furnish with continuous cleats to support edge of external leg and [drill elongated holes for fasteners on] interior leg. Miter corners, seal, and solder or weld watertight.
 - 1. Joint Style: Butt, with 12-inch wide concealed backup plate
 - 2. Fabricate copings from the following material:
 - a. Galvanized Steel: Twenty-four [24] gauge in thickness. Kynar coated. Color chosen by Architect and PUSD
- C. Counterflashing: Fabricate from the following material:
 - 1. Galvanized Steel: Twenty-four [24] gauge thick.
- D. Flashing Receivers: Fabricate from the following material:
 - 1. Galvanized Steel: Twenty-four [24] gauge thick TPA coated metal.

2.8 FINISHES

- A. Comply with NAAMM's "Metal Finishes Manual for Architectural and Metal Products" for recommendations for applying and designating finishes.
- B. Protect mechanical and painted finishes on exposed surfaces from damage by applying a strippable, temporary protective covering before shipping.
- C. Appearance of Finished Work: Variations in appearance of abutting or adjacent pieces are acceptable if they are within one-half of the range of approved Samples. Noticeable variations in the same piece are not acceptable. Variations in appearance of other components are acceptable if they are within the range of approved Samples and are assembled or installed to minimize contrast.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine substrates, areas, and conditions, with Installer present, to verify actual locations, dimensions and other conditions affecting performance of work.
 - 1. Verify that substrate is sound, dry, smooth, clean, sloped for drainage, and securely anchored.
 - 2. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 INSTALLATION, GENERAL

- A. General: Anchor sheet metal flashing and trim and other components of the Work securely in place, with provisions for thermal and structural movement. Use fasteners, solder, welding rods, protective coatings, separators, sealants, and other miscellaneous items as required to complete sheet metal flashing and trim system.
 - 1. Torch cutting of sheet metal flashing and trim is not permitted.
- B. Metal Protection: Where dissimilar metals will contact each other or corrosive substrates, protect against galvanic action by painting contact surfaces with bituminous coating or by other permanent separation as recommended by fabricator or manufacturers of dissimilar metals.
 - 1. Coat side of lead sheet metal flashing and trim with bituminous coating where flashing and trim will contact wood, ferrous metal, or cementitious construction.
 - 2. Underlayment: Where installing metal flashing directly on cementitious or wood substrates, install a course of felt underlayment and cover with a slip sheet or install a course of polyethylene underlayment.

3. Bed flanges in thick coat of asphalt roofing cement where required for waterproof performance.
- C. Install exposed sheet metal flashing and trim without excessive oil canning, buckling, and tool marks.
- D. Install sheet metal flashing and trim true to line and levels indicated. Provide uniform, neat seams with minimum exposure of solder, welds, and elastomeric sealant.
- E. Install sheet metal flashing and trim to fit substrates and to result in watertight performance. Verify shapes and dimensions of surfaces to be covered before fabricating sheet metal.
 1. Space cleats not more than 12 inches (300 mm) apart. Anchor each cleat with two fasteners. Bend tabs over fasteners.
- F. Expansion Provisions: Provide for thermal expansion of exposed flashing and trim. Space movement joints at a maximum of 10 feet (3 m) with no joints allowed within 24 inches (600 mm) of corner or intersection. Where lapped or bayonet-type expansion provisions cannot be used or would not be sufficiently watertight, form expansion joints of intermeshing hooked flanges, not less than 1 inch (25 mm) deep, filled with elastomeric sealant concealed within joints.
- G. Fasteners: Use fasteners of sizes that will penetrate substrate not less than 1-1/4 inches (32 mm) for nails and not less than 3/4 inch (19 mm) for wood screws.
 1. Galvanized or Prepainted, Metallic-Coated Steel: Use stainless-steel fasteners.
 2. Aluminum: Use aluminum or stainless-steel fasteners.
 3. Copper Use copper or stainless-steel fasteners.
 4. Stainless Steel: Use stainless-steel fasteners.
- H. Seal joints with elastomeric sealant as required for watertight construction.
 1. Where sealant-filled joints are used, embed hooked flanges of joint members not less than 1 inch (25 mm) into sealant. Form joints to completely conceal sealant. When ambient temperature at time of installation is moderate, between 40 and 70 deg F (4 and 21 deg C), set joint members for 50 percent movement either way. Adjust setting proportionately for installation at higher ambient temperatures. Do not install sealant-type joints at temperatures below 40 deg F (4 deg C).
 2. Prepare joints and apply sealants to comply with requirements in Division 7 Section "Joint Sealants."
- I. Soldered Joints: Clean surfaces to be soldered, removing oils and foreign matter. Pretin edges of sheets to be soldered to a width of 1-1/2 inches (38 mm) except where pretinned surface would show in finished Work.
 1. Do not solder prepainted, sheet.
 2. PretStainless-Steel Soldering: Pretin edges of uncoated sheets to be soldered using solder recommended for stainless steel and phosphoric acid flux. Promptly wash off acid flux residue from metal after soldering.

3. Copper Soldering: Tin uncoated copper surfaces at edges of sheets using solder recommended for copper work.
 4. Where surfaces to be soldered are lead coated, do not tin edges, but wire brush lead coating before soldering.
 5. Lead-Coated Copper Soldering: Wire brush edges of sheets before soldering.
 6. Do not use open-flame torches for soldering. Heat surfaces to receive solder and flow solder into joints. Fill joints completely. Completely remove flux and spatter from exposed surfaces.
- J. Aluminum Flashing: Rivet or weld joints in uncoated aluminum where necessary for strength.

3.3 ROOF FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install sheet metal roof flashing and trim to comply with performance requirements[, sheet metal manufacturer's written installation instructions,] and SMACNA's "Architectural Sheet Metal Manual." Provide concealed fasteners where possible, set units true to line, and level as indicated. Install work with laps, joints, and seams that will be permanently watertight.
- B. Roof Edge Flashing: Anchor to resist uplift and outward forces according to recommendations in FMG Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-49 for specified wind zone and as indicated.
 1. Interlock bottom edge of roof edge flashing with continuous cleats anchored to substrate at 24-inch centers.
- C. Copings: Furnish and install new metal copings. Anchor to resist uplift and outward forces according to recommendations in FMG Loss Prevention Data Sheet 1-49 for specified wind zone and as indicated.
 1. Interlock exterior bottom edge of coping with continuous cleats anchored to substrate at 16-inch centers.
 2. Anchor interior leg of coping with screw fasteners and washers at 18-inch centers.
- D. Pipe or Post Counterflashing: Install counterflashing umbrella with close-fitting collar with top edge flared for elastomeric sealant, extending a minimum of 4 inches over base flashing. Install stainless-steel draw band and tighten.
- E. Counterflashing: Coordinate installation of counterflashing with installation of base flashing. Insert counterflashing in reglets or receivers and fit tightly to base flashing. Extend counterflashing 4 inches over base flashing. Lap counterflashing joints a minimum of 4 inches and bed with elastomeric sealant.
 1. Secure in a waterproof manner by means of snap-in installation and sealant or lead wedges and sealant, interlocking folded seam or blind rivets and sealant, anchor and washer at 36-inch centers].
- F. Roof-Penetration Flashing: Coordinate installation of roof-penetration flashing with installation of roofing and other items penetrating roof. Install flashing as follows:
 1. Furnish and install pre-fabricated 4lb lead boot or 24 gage GSM.

2. Seal with elastomeric sealant and clamp flashing to pipes penetrating roof except for lead flashing on vent piping.

G. Gutters: Furnish and install new 24 gage Kynar gutters. Color chosen by PUSD.

3.4 WALL FLASHING INSTALLATION

- A. General: Install sheet metal wall flashing to intercept and exclude penetrating moisture according to SMACNA recommendations and as indicated. Coordinate installation of wall flashing with installation of wall-opening components such as windows, doors, and louvers.

3.5 CLEANING AND PROTECTION

- A. Clean exposed metal surfaces of substances that interfere with uniform oxidation and weathering.
- B. Clean and neutralize flux materials. Clean off excess solder and sealants.
- C. Remove temporary protective coverings and strippable films as sheet metal flashing and trim are installed. On completion of installation, clean finished surfaces, including removing unused fasteners, metal filings, pop rivet stems, and pieces of flashing. Maintain in a clean condition during construction.
- D. Replace sheet metal flashing and trim that have been damaged or that have deteriorated beyond successful repair by finish touchup or similar minor repair procedures.

END OF SECTION 07 62 00

SECTION 09 91 00 – PAINTING

PARTS 1 - GENERAL

1.01 SUMMARY:

- A. Section Includes: Painting and finishing of all exterior items and surface.
- B. Work Included:
 - 1. The intent and requirements of this section is that all work, items and surfaces which are normally painted and finished in a building of this type and quality, shall be so included in this contract, whether or not said work, item or surface is specifically called out and included in the schedules and notes on the drawings, or is, or is not, specifically mentioned in these specifications.

1.02 SUBMITTALS:

- A. Manufacturer's Instructions: Submit the manufacturer's current recommended methods of installation, including relevant limitations, safety and environmental cautions, application rates, and composition analysis.

1.03 QUALITY ASSURANCE:

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Comply with applicable codes and regulations of governmental agencies having jurisdiction including those having jurisdiction over airborne emissions and industrial waste disposal. Where those requirements conflict with this Specification, comply with the more stringent provisions.

Regulatory changes may affect the formulation, availability, or use of specified coatings. Confirm availability of coatings to be used prior to job going out to bid and before start of painting project.

 - 1. Comply with the current applicable regulations of the California Air Resources Board (CARB) and the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA).
- B. Field Sample: When and as directed by the Architect, apply one complete coating system for each color, gloss and texture required. When approved, the sample panel areas will be deemed incorporated into the Work and will serve as the standards by which the subsequent Work of this Section will be judged.

1.04 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING:

- A. Storage and Protection: Use all means necessary to protect the materials of this Section before, during, and after installation.
- B. Deliver materials to job site in new, original, and unopened containers bearing manufacturer's name and trade name. Store were directed in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

1.05 PROJECT CONDITIONS:

- A. Do not apply exterior materials during fog, rain or mist, or when inclement weather is expected within the dry time specified by the manufacturer. No exterior or interior painting shall be done until the surfaces are thoroughly dry and cured. Do not apply paint when temperature is below 50° F. Avoid painting surfaces when exposed to direct sunlight.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 MANUFACTURERS:

- A. Manufacturer's catalog names and number of paint types in this Section herein are based on products of Dunn-Edwards Corporation. This is a district standard and is not eligible for substitution.

2.02 MATERIALS:

- A. Paints: Provide Ready-Mixed, except field catalyzed coatings. Pigments shall be fully ground maintaining soft paste consistency, capable of being readily and uniformly dispersed to complete homogeneous mixture. Paints shall have good flowing and brushing properties and be capable of drying or curing free of streaks and sags.
- B. Accessory Materials: Linseed oil, shellac, solvents, and other materials not specified but required to achieve required finishes shall be of high quality and approved by manufacturer.
- C. Colors as identified in the project documents.
 - a. DEW 324 – "Phoenix Vanilla"

2.04 MIXES:

- A. Mix, prepare, and store painting and finishing materials in accordance with manufacturer's directions.

PART 3-EXECUTION

3.01 EXAMINATION:

- A. Examine surfaces to be painted before beginning painting work. Work of other trades that has been left or installed in a condition not suitable to receive paint, stain, other specified finish shall be repaired or corrected by the applicable trade before painting. Painting of defective or unsuitable surface implies acceptance of the surfaces.
- B. Beware of a condition known as "critical lighting". This condition causes shadows that accentuate even the slightest surface variations. A pigmented sealer will provide tooth for succeeding decorative coating, but "does not" equalize smoothness or surface texture. Any corrective action to gypsum board/drywall must be done by the drywall contractor prior to decorating.

3.02 PROTECTION:

- A. Protect previously installed work and materials, which may be affected by Work of this Section.
 - 1. Protect prefinished surfaces, lawns, shrubbery and adjacent surfaces against paint and damage.
 - 2. Furnish sufficient drop cloths, shields, and protective equipment to prevent spray or splatter from fouling surfaces not being painted.
 - 3. Protect surfaces, equipment, and fixtures from damage resulting from use of fixed, movable and hanging scaffolding, planking, and staging.

- B. Provide WET PAINT signs, barricades, and other devices required to protect newly finished surfaces. Remove temporary protective wrappings provided by others for protection of their work after completion of painting operations.

3.03 PREPARATION:

- A. Perform preparation and cleaning procedures in strict accordance with coating manufacturer's instructions for each substrate condition.
- B. Ferrous metal shall be cleaned of oil, grease, and foreign matter with solvent. Prime within 3 hours after preparation.
- C. Sand and scrape metal to remove loose primer and rust.
- D. Existing surfaces to be recoated shall be thoroughly cleaned and deglossed by sanding or other means prior to painting. Patched and bare areas shall be spot primed with same primer as specified for new work.
- E. Thoroughly backpaint all surfaces of exterior and interior finish lumber and millwork, including doors and window frames, trim, cabinetwork, etc., which will be concealed after installation. Backpaint items to be painted or enameled with the priming coat. Use a clear sealer for backpriming where transparent finish is required.
- F. Preparation of other surfaces shall be performed following specific recommendations of the coatings manufacturer.

3.04 APPLICATION:

- A. Apply painting and finishing materials in accordance with the manufacturer's submittals, as approved. Use applicators and techniques best suited for the material and surfaces to which applied.
 - 1. The number of coats specified is the minimum that shall be applied. Apply additional coats when undercoats, stains or other conditions show through final paint coat, until paint film is of uniform finish, color and appearance.
 - 2. All undercoats shall be tinted slightly to approximate the color of the finish coat.
- B. Apply each material at not less than the manufacturer's recommended spreading rate:
 - 1. Provide a total dry film thickness of not less than 1.2 mils for each required coat.
- C. Apply prime coat to surface, which is required to be painted or finished.
- E. Sand lightly and dust clean between succeeding coats.

3.05 CLEANING, TOUCH-UP AND REFINISHING:

- A. Carefully remove all spattering, spots and blemishes caused by work under this section from surfaces throughout the project.
- B. Upon completion of painting work remove all rubbish, paint cans, and accumulated materials resulting from work in each space or room. All areas shall be left in a clean, orderly condition.

- C. Runs, sags, misses, holidays, stains and other defects in the painted surfaces, including inadequate coverage and mil thickness shall be satisfactorily touched up, or refinished, or repainted as necessary.

3.06 FINISH SCHEDULE

- A. Apply the following finishes to the surfaces specified and/or as specified on the painting schedule on the Drawings. Apply all materials in accordance with manufacturer's instructions on properly prepared surfaces and foundation coats. All intermediate undercoats must be tinted to approximate the final color.

1. Semi-gloss finish typical, all materials, interior and exterior.
2. District approval required to substitute for semi-gloss, even if the non-semi-gloss finish is noted below.

B. Exterior Systems:

4. Ferrous Metal

a. Semi-Gloss – Alkyd/Acrylic

First Coat	BLOC-RUST, Rust Preventative Primer Red Oxide (BRPR00-RO)
OR	BLOC-RUST, Rust Preventative Primer White (BRPR00-WH)
Second Coat	EVERSHIELD, 100% Acrylic Semi-Gloss Enamel (EVSH 50)
Third Coat	EVERSHIELD, 100% Acrylic Semi-Gloss Enamel (EVSH 50)

5. Galvanized Metal

a. Semi-Gloss – Alkyd/Acrylic

Pretreatment	Krud Kutter Metal Etch & Clean
First Coat	ULTRASHIELD, Int./Ext. Galvanized Metal Primer (ULGM00)
Second Coat	EVERSHIELD, 100% Acrylic Semi-Gloss Enamel (EVSH 50)
Third Coat	EVERSHIELD, 100% Acrylic Semi-Gloss Enamel (EVSH 50)

7. Pre-Finished Metal

a. Semi-Gloss – Alkyd/Acrylic

First Coat	SUPER-LOC Premium Int/Ext Bonding Primer (SLPR00)
Second Coat	Endura-Coat, Int/Ext (ENCT 50)
Third Coat	Endura-Coat, Int/Ext (ENCT 50)

END OF SECTION 09 91 00

SECTION 22 00 00

PLUMBING GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

- A. Refer to the General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, and Division 01 General Requirements.

1.2 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Provide all labor, apparatus, and materials that are required to provide a complete installation as indicated on the drawings and in the specifications, including that reasonably inferred for proper execution of this Division.
- B. Consult all other Sections to determine the extent of this work specified elsewhere.
- C. Coordinate all utility requirements for equipment furnished under this Division. Rough-in required systems and make final connections.

1.3 REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS

- A. Install all work to meet or exceed requirements prescribed by governmental bodies having jurisdiction and in accordance with all federal, state, and local codes and ordinances, and all OSHA requirements. These codes include, but are not limited to the latest applicable edition of the following:
 - 1. California Building Code
 - 2. California Electrical Code
 - 3. California Plumbing Code
 - 4. California Mechanical Code
 - 5. California Energy Code
 - 6. California Green Buildings Standard
 - 7. California Fire Code
 - 8. National Fire Protection Association

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with current governing codes, ordinance and regulations of the Authority Having Jurisdiction and the regulations and requirements of the Owner's insurance underwriter.
- B. Where requirements differ between drawings, specifications, codes and standards, apply the more stringent.
- C. Should any change in drawings or specifications be required to comply with governing regulations, notify the Architect prior to submitting bid.

- D. After contract is awarded, if minor changes or additions are required by the aforementioned authorities, even though such work is not shown on drawings or overtly covered in the specifications, they shall be included at the Contractor's expense.
- E. Execute work in strict accordance with the best practices of the trades in a thorough, substantial, skillful and well-executed manner by competent workers. Provide a competent, experienced full-time Superintendent who is authorized to make decisions on behalf of the Contractor.
- F. The Architect or Architect's Representative may conduct unannounced field reviews of any work completed or in progress. A report will be issued for all items that are found to be inconsistent with the contract documents. All items in the report shall be addressed in writing by the Contractor within two (2) weeks.

1.5 SAFETY

- A. Contractors must conduct a weekly safety meeting with their employees and maintain documentation of attendance and topics of discussion. Contractor shall comply with all OSHA regulations. Contractor is required to obtain and pay for insurance required to cover all activities withing Contractor's scope of work.

1.6 PERMITS, FEES, AND UTILITIES

- A. Secure and pay for all permits, licenses, inspections, and fees required.
- B. Coordinate with other Sections and schedule sequence of accomplishing the work in such a manner as not to interrupt existing services and utilities at a time that will inconvenience the Owner. Provide Owner a minimum 48 hour notice when utilities will be interrupted.

1.7 PAINTING

- A. Paint all exposed piping and supports.
- B. See Division 09 for painting.

1.8 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate with work performed by other Sections in order to ensure adequate space and proper location of all necessary work on this project whether or not work is under this Section. Coordination shall be done prior to order or manufacture of any systems or components.
- B. At a minimum, coordinate location of each piece of equipment, requirements for access panels, space required for supports, power requirements for each piece of equipment, and control requirements for each piece of equipment.
- C. Prepare complete set of construction coordination shop drawings indicating equipment actually purchased and exact routing of all piping and ductwork. Requirement for coordination shop drawings shall not be construed as authorization for contractor to make unauthorized changes to Contract Documents. Prior to final acceptance, contractor shall submit the coordination shop drawings as part of the record drawings.
- D. Wherever the work is of sufficient complexity, prepare additional detail drawings to scale to coordinate the work with the work of other trades. At completion, include a set of these drawings with the record drawings.

- E. Install the work in cooperation with other trades. Before installation, make proper provisions to avoid interferences.
- F. Pipes which pitch have right-of-way over those which do not pitch. For example, condensate drains and waste normally have right-of-way.
- G. No additional costs will be considered for work which has to be relocated due to conflicts with other trades or for additional equipment/parts that need to be installed due to a lack of coordination prior to, or during, construction.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

- A. Provide products and materials that are new, clean, free of defects, damage and corrosion. Inspect all materials and remove defective materials from the site.
- B. Provide materials and equipment bearing the label of, or listed by, the Underwriter's Laboratories (UL), unless the material or equipment is of a type for which label or listing service is not provided.
- C. Furnish all materials and equipment of the same type by the same manufacturer.

2.2 ALTERNATE EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

- A. No substitute materials or equipment may be installed without the written approval of the Architect.
- B. Contract documents are based on materials specified and equipment manufacturers indicated. Acceptance of alternative equipment manufacturers does not relieve Contractor of the responsibility to provide equipment and materials which meet the quality and performance stated or implied in the contract documents.
- C. All submittals for substitution must include comparison to show equal with scheduled equipment. Submit proposals to supply alternate materials or equipment, in writing, with sufficient lead time for review prior to the date equipment must be ordered to maintain project schedule.
- D. No increase in the contract price will be considered to accommodate the use of alternative equipment, including revisions required by other trades.

2.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit shop drawings, manufacturer's data, samples and test reports as specified.
- B. The review of submittals is for general compliance with the design concept and contract documents. Comments or absence of comments does not relieve the Contractor/Vendor/Manufacturer from compliance with the contract documents. The Contractor remains solely responsible for details and accuracy, for confirming and correlating all quantities and dimensions, for selecting fabrication processes, for techniques of construction, for performing the work in a safe manner, and for coordinating the work with that of other trades.

- C. No part of the work shall be ordered, procured, or installed until that work has been submitted, reviewed, and returned without comment.
- D. A minimum period of ten (10) working days will be required in the Engineer's office each time a submittal is sent for review. Contractor shall prioritize submittal reviews where multiple submittals are sent for review. This time period must be considered by the Contractor in the scheduling of the work.
- E. Submittals will be returned to indicate appropriate action taken as follows:
 - 1. No Exceptions Taken.
 - 2. Make Corrections Noted. No Resubmittal Required.
 - 3. Revise and Resubmit.
 - 4. Rejected.
 - 5. Not Reviewed.
- F. Use electronic form acceptable to Architect for electronic submittals, containing the following information:
 - 1. Project name.
 - 2. Date.
 - 3. Name and address of Architect and Engineer.
 - 4. Name of Owner.
 - 5. Name, address and contact information of Contractor.
 - 6. Names and contact information of sub-contractor, manufacturer, and supplier.
 - 7. Name of entity that prepared submittal.
 - 8. Category and type of submittal.
 - 9. Specification Section number and title.
 - 10. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
 - 11. Transmittal number, numbered consecutively, and revision number clearly identified.
 - 12. Each item submitted labeled or identified the same as on the drawings.
- G. Identify each sheet of submittal pages (using arrows, underlining or circling) to show applicable sizes, types, model numbers, ratings, capacities and options actually being proposed. Cross out non-applicable information.
- H. Organize submittals to keep all related items together; break submittal into sections and provide appropriate identifying tags on submittal pages to indicate item being submitted.
- I. Inadequate or incomplete submittals will not be reviewed and will be returned to the Contractor for resubmittal.
- J. Place orders for all equipment in time to prevent any delay in construction schedule or completion of project. No additional costs will be considered for any special handling charges or expedited processing required for materials or equipment not ordered in time.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION OF SITE

- A. The Contract Documents do not make representations regarding the character or the extent of the subsoils, water levels, existing structural, mechanical, plumbing, and electrical installations, above or below grade, or other sub-surface conditions which may be encountered during the work.
- B. Evaluate existing conditions that may affect methods or cost of performing the work, based on examination of the site or other information. Failure to examine the Drawings or other information does not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for satisfactory completion of the work.

3.2 DRAWINGS

- A. Drawings show general arrangement and location of piping and equipment. Drawings are diagrammatic and intended to show approximate location and routing. Dimensions on drawings shall take precedence over scaled dimensions on drawings. Allow for supports, expansion, and pitch of piping. Field verify all dimensions.
- B. The exact locations of equipment and piping shall be ascertained from the Architect or the Owner's representative in the field. The Architect reserves the right to make minor changes in the location of piping and equipment up to the time of installation without additional cost.
- C. Furnish and install any incidental work not shown or specified which can reasonably be inferred as part of the work and necessary to provide a complete and workable system.
- D. Execute any work or apparatus shown on the Drawings and not specifically mentioned in the Specifications, or vice versa. Omission from Drawings or Specifications of any minor details of construction, installation, materials, or essential specialties does not relieve Contractor from furnishing complete workable system.

3.3 RECORD DRAWINGS

- A. Contractor shall maintain a complete set of documents on site that are marked up during the construction process indicating all changes that have been made. Record drawings shall be maintained up to date throughout construction. Indicate clearly all work installed differently from that shown.
- B. Upon completion of work, certify all record drawings with a stamp including the date and name of Contractor. Submit one (1) complete, bookmarked, set of electronic record drawings to the Architect for final review.
- C. Record drawings must include the following as a minimum:
 - 1. Actual equipment locations.
 - 2. Revisions or substitutions to equipment schedules.
 - 3. Pipe size and routing.
 - 4. Dimensional changes to drawings.
 - 5. Revisions to details shown on drawings.
 - 6. Changes made by RFIs, Addenda, or Change Orders.

7. Locations of access panels and shut-off valves.
8. Locations and depths of underground utilities.

3.4 PROTECTION OF BUILDING

- A. Protect new and existing building structures and adjacent finished surfaces during construction. Patch, repair, and refinish existing work damaged by work under this Division to match adjacent undisturbed areas.

3.5 DELIVERY, DRAYAGE AND HAULING

- A. Include all drayage, hauling, hoisting, shoring and placement in the building of equipment specified and be responsible for the timely delivery of equipment to the project as required by the construction schedule.
- B. Provide proper protection and storage of all items and tools required.
- C. If equipment is not delivered or installed at the project site in a timely manner as required by the construction schedule, the Contractor shall be responsible for disassembly, re-assembly, manufacturer's supervision, shoring, general construction modification, delays, overtime costs, etc. at no additional cost to the Owner.

3.6 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL PROTECTION

- A. Protect the work, equipment, and material of other trades from damage by work or workers of this trade, and correct damage caused without additional cost to the Owner.
- B. The Contractor shall be responsible for all work, materials, and equipment until finally inspected, tested, and accepted. Protect work against theft, injury, or damage. Carefully store material and equipment received on site that is not immediately installed.
- C. Cover open ends of work with temporary covers or plugs during construction to prevent entry of dust, dirt, water or other obstructing material. Cover and protect equipment and materials from damage due to water, humidity, paint, spray-on fireproofing, construction debris, etc. Store equipment subject to moisture damage, such as insulation or electrical components in dry, heated spaces.
- D. Provide adequate means for fully protecting finished parts of the materials and equipment against damage from whatever cause during the process of the work until final acceptance.
- E. Do not install damaged items. Take immediate steps to obtain replacement or repair. Replace all wet or damp insulation or acoustic lining.
- F. Do not operate water systems until piping has been cleaned, disinfected and start-up strainers are in place.

3.7 QUALITY OF WORK

- A. The quality of work shall be of a standard generally accepted in the respective trade. Use only experienced, competent, and properly equipped workers. Replace work falling below this standard as directed by the Architect.
- B. Systems shall be worked into a complete and integrated arrangement with like elements arranged neatly with adequate head room and passageway free from obstructions.

3.8 FURRING AND PIPE SPACES

- A. Spaces provided in the design of the building shall be utilized and the work shall be kept within the furring lines established on the Drawings.
- B. Ensure necessary clearances on trim plates at exposed penetrations of walls and floors. If sufficient room is not available above suspended ceiling or vertical shafts obtain clarification from Architect before work is started.

3.9 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Do not cut, channel or drill unfinished masonry, tile, etc. unless written permission is obtained from the Architect. Perform this work in a manner acceptable to the Architect. Cutting of structural members or footings is prohibited without the prior written consent of the Structural Engineer.
- B. Where cutting, channeling or drilling of floors, walls, partitions, ceilings, or other surfaces is necessary from the proper installation, support or anchorage of piping or equipment, lay out the work carefully in advance. Repair any damage to the building, piping, equipment or finishes using skilled tradesmen for all required work.
- C. Provide slots, chases, openings and recesses through floors, walls, ceilings and roofs as required. Where these openings are not provided, provide cutting and patching to accommodate penetrations.
- D. Provide sleeves for all piping passing through new floors, walls, partitions, and any other building construction, of adequate diameter to allow minimum of 1" clearance all around between sleeve and piping. When piping is insulated, insulation shall pass continuously through sleeve with 1" clearance between insulation and sleeve or hole in existing construction.

3.10 ACCESS

- A. Indicating equipment or specialties requiring reading, adjusting, inspection, repairing, removal, or replacement shall be conveniently and accessibly located with reference to finished building.
- B. No controls, or equipment shall be placed in a location that will be inaccessible after the system is complete. Access panels or doors shall be provided where required whether shown on Drawings or not.
- C. Access panels shall be 24" x 24" unless otherwise directed, style as selected by the Architect. Panels shall have the same acoustic barrier or rating as the construction in which panel is installed.
- D. Doors shall be Milcor, Newman or equal, with concealed hinges, screwdriver locks, prime coated with rust inhibitive paint, finish painted in field to match adjacent surface. Provide key locks where required by Architect/Owner. All access doors shall be keyed the same. Doors in walls of toilet rooms shall be stainless steel.
- E. Continuously check installation manuals for clearance and accessibility of equipment. No allowance of any kind will be made for negligence on part of Contractor to foresee means of installing equipment in proper position.

3.11 SEISMIC RESTRAINTS

- A. All equipment, piping, and materials shall be fastened and securely anchored to building structure as required by the Drawings, Specifications, OSHPD Preapproval of Manufacturer's Certification OPM-0043-13 and OPM-0052-13, and the California Building Code.
- B. Piping shall be braced as follows:
 - 1. Brace all gas piping that is 1" nominal diameter and larger.
 - 2. Brace all piping located in mechanical equipment rooms that is 1 1/4" nominal diameter and larger.
 - 3. Brace all piping that is 2 1/2" nominal diameter and larger.
 - 4. Transverse bracings at 40'-0" on center maximum (minimum of one brace per direction of run).
 - 5. Longitudinal bracings at 80'-0" on center maximum (minimum of one brace per direction of run).
 - 6. Transverse bracing shall be 20'-0" on center maximum and longitudinal bracing at 40'-0" on center maximum for gas piping and piping in mechanical rooms.
 - 7. Transverse bracing for one pipe section may also act as longitudinal bracing for the pipe section connected perpendicular to it, if the bracing is installed within 24" of the elbow or tee and is connected to the largest pipe.
 - 8. Do not use branch lines to brace main lines.
 - 9. Provide flexibility in joints where pipes pass through building seismic or expansion joints or where rigidly supported pipes connect to equipment with vibration isolators.
 - 10. At vertical pipe risers, support the weight of the riser at a point or points above the center of gravity of the riser wherever possible. Provide lateral guides at the top and bottom of the riser and at intermediate points not to exceed 30'-0" on center.
 - 11. No bracing is required if the top of single pipe is suspended 12" or less from the connection point at the supporting structural member.

3.12 MANUFACTURER'S DIRECTIONS

- A. Materials and equipment shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's application and recommendations, requirements, and instructions, and in accordance with Contract Documents.
- B. Conflicts between manufacturer's instructions and Contract Documents shall be brought to the Architect's attention for resolution prior to installation.
- C. Where requirements indicated in Contract Documents exceed manufacturer's requirements, Contract Documents shall govern.

3.13 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND ELECTRICAL ROOM PRECAUTIONS

- A. Do not install piping, equipment, plumbing, or any piping systems not included as part of the electrical work in the following rooms: switchgear, transformer, generator, elevator equipment, telephone, fire command, security, dimmer or electrical equipment rooms.

- B. Do not install piping or equipment within the code required service space for switchboards, disconnects, panelboards, dimmers, control panels, VFDs, individual motor controllers, electronics, etc.

3.14 CATHODIC PROTECTION

- A. Install dielectric unions at points in piping where dissimilar metal pipes are connected together.

3.15 PIPING AND EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- A. Furnish and install engraved nameplates with 1/4" minimum lettering at panel mounted control devices, manual control stations, power disconnects, and pieces of equipment. Nameplates shall be white lettering on black background. For outdoor locations, provide brass engraved nameplates or plastic rated for outdoor use.
- B. Each piping system installed under this work shall be identified and the direction of flow indicated. Markings shall be applied after all painting, priming, and cleaning of the piping and insulation is completed. Labels shall be black lettering on colored backgrounds. Lettering shall be easily readable from the floor and background colors easily discernible. Furnish labels in every room and every 20' of pipe length.
- C. Tag all valves with 2" diameter brass tags noting the valve number and contents in the pipe. At the completion of the project, provide Owner with a valve listing for all valves installed in the project. Valve listing shall note valve tag number, contents in the pipe and the areas (room numbers, etc.) that are impacted by valve.

3.16 GUARANTEE

- A. The Contractor shall guarantee the quality of all work and the quality of the equipment and materials in accordance with the provisions of the General Conditions and Special Conditions. Should any defects occur during this period, the Contractor shall promptly repair or replace defective items as directed by the Architect, without cost to the Owner.
- B. Contractor shall be responsible for damage to any part of premises during guaranteed period caused by leaks or breaks in work furnished and/or installed under this Section.

3.17 TESTING

- A. Test all equipment, piping, and systems as called for in the Specifications. Notify Architect and inspection authorities prior to testing so that they may be witnessed. Protect all personnel and equipment during testing.

3.18 OPENINGS

- A. Locating and sizing of all openings for piping through walls, roof, etc. shall be done under this Division. Framing of openings shall be done by the respective trades in whose work the opening is made.

3.19 CLEAN-UP

- A. During the course of work under this Division, all rubbish, debris, surplus materials, tools, etc. resulting from this work shall be removed from work area and shall be disposed of off-site at the end of each working day. The Owner's premises shall be left clean, and in a condition acceptable to the Architect.
- B. Clean all work installed under this Contract to satisfaction of Owner.

3.20 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS AND OPERATOR TRAINING

- A. Provide the services of factory-trained specialists to supervise the operation of all equipment and train the Owner's operating and maintenance personnel.
- B. Instruct the Owner's operating personnel in the basis of design, the available documentation, the proper starting sequences, operation, shut-down, minor adjustments, troubleshooting, recommended spare parts, and regular maintenance procedures.
- C. Submit training agenda, schedule and list of representatives to the Owner for review ten (10) days prior to training. Confirm attendance at training by sign-in sheet. At a minimum, the training agenda shall cover all items required to be provided in the operating and maintenance manuals.

3.21 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. Provide operating instructions and maintenance manuals for all equipment and material furnished under this Division.
- B. Provide the following equipment and maintenance information where applicable:
 - 1. Systems and Equipment Controls – describe sequence of operation and diagram controls as required.
 - 2. Identifying equipment manufacturer, product name, and model number.
 - 3. Locations.
 - 4. Wiring Diagrams.
 - 5. Manufacturer's recommended operating and maintenance instructions, with all non-applicable information deleted.
 - 6. Assembly and disassembly instructions.
 - 7. Startup procedures.
 - 8. Routine and normal operating instructions.
 - 9. Normal and emergency shutdown instructions.
 - 10. Troubleshooting diagnostic instructions.
 - 11. Parts list and recommended spare parts including name and address of source of supply.
- C. Contractor must start compiling above data immediately upon approval of submittals for equipment and materials.

- D. Submit one (1) electronic copy of operating and maintenance manuals, indexed and bookmarked, for review by Architect/Engineer.
- E. Submit three (3) complete sets of bound hard copies of operating and maintenance manuals, and one (1) electronic copy to Owner within thirty (30) days of issuance of final occupancy permit.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 22 05 00

PLUMBING

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, Division 01, and Division 22 Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Provide labor, materials, equipment, and services to furnish and install complete plumbing and piping systems which shall include, but not limited to fixtures, equipment, piping, valves, and supports.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit for review, within fifteen (15) days after signing Contract, the required number of copies of a complete list of materials proposed for use. This list includes:
 - 1. Piping and fittings.
 - 2. Pipe hangers and supports.
 - 3. Valves.
 - 4. Cleanouts.
- B. No substitute materials or equipment shall be installed without the written approval of the Architect.
- C. No increase in the contract price will be considered to accommodate the use of alternative equipment, including revisions required by other trades.
- D. Submit test reports on all systems tested. Tests required by Authorities Having Jurisdiction over the work shall be submitted on appropriate forms to the satisfaction of such authorities.

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Each length of pipe, fitting, trap, fixture, or device used in any piping system shall be stamped or indelibly marked with type, weight, quality, and manufacturer's name or mark.

1.5 DELIVERY, STORAGE, AND HANDLING

- A. Pipes shall be shipped so as not to bend, dent, or otherwise damage the pipe during transport. Contractor shall take all necessary precautions to prevent damage to pipe and fittings during delivery and unloading. Any pipe found to have been damaged due to improper handling shall be removed from the jobsite at Contractor's expense.
- B. Handling flammable liquids: Remove and dispose of liquids from existing natural-gas piping according to requirements of authorities having jurisdiction.

- C. Deliver pipes and tubes with factory-applied end caps. Maintain end caps through shipping, storage, and handling to prevent pipe end damage and to prevent entrance of dirt, debris, and moisture.
- D. Store and handle pipes and tubes having factory-applies protective coatings to avoid damaging coating, and to protect from direct sunlight.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 GAS PIPING AND FITTING MATERIALS

- A. Above Grade Interior Piping: ASTM A53B seamless, Schedule 40, carbon steel pipe.
- B. Above Grade Exterior Piping: ASTM A53B seamless, Schedule 40, carbon steel pipe, hot dipped and galvanized coating.
- C. Above Grade Fittings: 150# black malleable iron fittings and threaded joints for pipes 2" and smaller, butt welded joints for pipes 2 1/2" and larger. Hot dipped and galvanized coating for exterior fittings.
- D. Press fittings shall be permitted for use where approved by local authorities having jurisdiction and in compliance with current codes.
- E. Unions: ASME B16.39, Class 150, malleable iron with brass-to-iron seat, ground joint, and threaded ends.
- F. Gas Cocks: For high pressure gas service use Dezurik Series 400 lubricated gas cock with RS49 or RS51 plug seals, UL listed. On low pressure service lines use Milwaukee BB2 100 Butterball, NIBCO, or approved equal.
- G. Seismic pipe connection: Metraflex for gas application.

2.2 ABOVEGROUND MANUAL GAS SHUTOFF VALVE SCHEDULE

- A. Valves shall be UL listed for Natural Gas.
- B. Valves for pipe sizes NPS 2 and smaller at service meter shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Two-piece, full-port, bronze ball valves with bronze trim.
 - 2. Bronze plug valve.
- C. Valves for pipe sizes NPS 2-1/2 and larger at service meter shall be one of the following:
 - 1. Two-piece, full-port, bronze ball valves with bronze trim.
 - 2. Bronze plug valve.
 - 3. Cast-iron, non-lubricated plug valve.

2.3 CONDENSATE DRAIN PIPING

- A. Condensate drain piping shall be type DWV copper with wrought copper fittings.

2.4 UNIONS AND FLANGES

- A. Install Watts, Epco, Nibco, or equal, dielectric unions or flanges at points of connection between copper or brass piping or material and steel or cast iron pipe or material except in drain, waste, or vent piping. Dielectric unions installed in potable water systems shall conform to lead free requirements.
- B. Install unions in piping 2" and smaller and flanges in piping 2 1/2" and larger at each connection to all equipment, tanks, and automatic valves.
- C. Locate unions for easy removal of equipment, tank, or valve.

2.5 PIPE HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Provide adequate supports, hangers, guides, thrusters, etc. as necessary to allow for proper movement of the piping at the building seismic joints and at the thermal expansion loops and flexible connectors, taking into account the pipe size, flex connection type, required seismic movement and system operating temperature and pressure.
- B. Acceptable manufacturers: B-line, Tolco, Superstrut, Unistrut, or approved equal.
- C. Plumbers tape or sheetmetal straps shall not be used for hanging or supporting of pipes.
- D. Support horizontal piping in accordance with the following schedule:

Pipe Size (inches)	Maximum Hanger Spacing (feet)						Hanger Rod Diameter (inches)		
	Steel	Cast Iron	Copper	Plastic			Steel / Cast Iron	Copper	Plastic
				CPVC	PVC	PP			
upto 1	7	-	5	3.5	3	2.75	3/8	3/8	3/8
1 1/4	9	-	7	3.5	3	2.75	3/8	3/8	3/8
1 1/2 & 2	9	5	8	3.5	3.5	2.75	3/8	3/8	3/8
2 1/2	12	5	9	3.5	3.5	3.5	1/2	1/2	1/2
3	12	5	10	3.5	3.5	3.5	1/2	1/2	1/2
3 1/2	-	5	11	-	-	-	5/8	1/2	-
4	12	5	12	4	4	4	5/8	5/8	5/8
5	12	5	13	4	4	4	5/8	5/8	5/8
6	12	5	14	4	4	4	3/4	3/4	3/4
8 to 12	12	5	14	4	4	4	7/8	3/4	7/8

- E. Provide hangers at each change in direction and both sides of valves 4-inch and larger. Place a hanger within 12 inches of each horizontal elbow, valve, strainer, or similar piping specialty item.
- F. Support piping on the roof in accordance with the following schedule:

Nominal Pipe Size (inches)	Spacing of Supports (feet)
1/2	6
3/4 or 1	8

1 1/4 or larger	10
1 1/4 or larger (Vertical)	Every floor level

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 PREPARATION

- A. Close equipment shutoff valves before turning off natural gas to premises or piping section.
- B. Inspect natural gas piping according to NFPA 54 to determine that natural gas utilization devices are turned off in piping section affected.

3.2 PIPE SIZES TO EQUIPMENT

- A. Pipe sizes indicated, including required valving, shall be carried full size to equipment served. Any change of size to match equipment connection shall be made within 1'-0" of equipment.

3.3 PIPING GENERAL INSTALLATION

- A. Thoroughly clean all pipe and maintain in clean condition during construction temporarily capping or plugging ends of pipe when not being worked on.
- B. Cut pipes accurately to measurements established at the site and work into place without springing or undue forcing and out of the way of openings, ductwork, and equipment; ream ends of screwed pipes and tubing to original bore before connecting together.
- C. Protect all piping located over switchboards, electrical machinery, or equipment against condensation. Insulate piping and install sheetmetal pan underneath piping running above electrical equipment and panels.
- D. Where changes in pipe size occur, use only reducing fittings.
- E. Provide screwed unions or flanges in locations required for disconnecting and connecting of all equipment.
- F. Pipe runs in masonry and concrete floors shall be sleeved for protection.
- G. Chase or sleeve all lines rising in footings and where running concealed through walls.
- H. Caulk space between pipes and sleeves in exterior walls and in concrete slabs with graphite packing and waterproof plastic compound; caulk with Dow Corning #3 6548 Silicone RTV Foam per manufacturer's recommendations at fire walls.
- I. Place escutcheons, stamped with #16 gauge steel and chromium plated, on pipes passing through sleeves in walls, floors or ceiling where exposed to view within a finished area. Grout in all other lines.
- J. Support piping where necessary at sufficiently close intervals (and 24" from each fitting and change of direction) to keep it in alignment and to prevent sagging.
- K. Anchor vertical risers with hooks, brackets, or clamps to make rigid.

- L. All changes of direction of piping shall be made with fittings. Do not bend pipe.
- M. Flash roof vent piping through roof with 24 gauge or heavier galvanized flashing. Make watertight with black fibrous mastic. Extend flashing into roofing felt 12" from pipes.
- N. Insulate cold water piping outdoors for freeze protection.

3.4 PIPING JOINT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Ream ends of pipes and tubes and remove burrs.
- B. Remove scale, slag, dirt, and debris from inside and outside of pipe and fittings before assembly.
- C. Threaded Joints:
 - 1. Thread pipe with tapered pipe threads complying with ASME B1.20.1.
 - 2. Cut threads full and clean using sharp dies.
 - 3. Ream threaded pipe ends to remove burrs and restore full inside diameter of pipe.
 - 4. Apply appropriate tape or thread compound to external pipe threads unless dryseal threading is specified.
 - 5. Damaged Threads: Do not use pipe or pipe fittings with threads that are corroded or damaged. Do not use pipe sections that have cracked or open welds.
- D. Welded Joints:
 - 1. Construct joints according to AWS D10.12/D10.12M, using qualified processes and welding operators.
 - 2. Bevel plain ends of steel pipe.
 - 3. Patch factory-applied protective coating as recommended by manufacturer at field welds and where damage to coating occurs during construction.
- E. Brazed Joints:
 - 1. Construct joints according to AWS's "Brazing Handbook," "Pipe and Tube" Chapter.
- F. Flared Joints:
 - 1. Cut tubing with roll cutting tool. Flare tube end with tool to result in flare dimensions complying with SAE J513. Tighten finger tight, then use wrench. Do not overtighten.

3.5 GAS PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Arrange with Owner and PG&E before turning meter off for tie-in for new installation in location shown.
- B. Make necessary connections to supply service to equipment as shown. Make installation in accordance with requirements of governing codes and the National Fire Protection Association.
- C. Provide building gas shut-off valve in accessible location outside each building. Provide sign affixed to wall at valve location reading: "Gas Shut-Off." Size and location of the sign shall be as required by the Authority Having Jurisdiction. minimum 1/4" size lettering.

- D. Cut pipe accurately to measurements established at building; work into place without springing or forcing; and clear all windows, doors, and other openings. Cutting or other weakening of building structure to facilitate piping installation not permitted.
- E. Ream all piping to remove burrs and install to permit free expansion and contraction without damage.
- F. Make all changes in direction with fittings and changes in main sizes through eccentric reducing fittings with top of pipe flat.
- G. Piping at furnaces, etc. supported independently so pipe weight is not supported by equipment.
- H. Provide the following:
 - 1. Swing joints or run-outs to equipment with swing connections, expansion loops, and/or devices at all other points for flexible piping system.
 - 2. Shut-off valves, balancing valves, and unions or flanges at each branch and in supply and return to each item of equipment. Valves and unions or flanges suitably located to isolate each unit; branch circuit or section of piping to facilitate maintenance and removal of all equipment and apparatus.
 - 3. Caps or plugs for all open ends of pipe and equipment during installation to keep out dirt and other foreign matter.
 - 4. Necessary temporary connections, valves, oversize flushing connections, pumps, etc. as required to properly clean and test system.

3.6 CONDENSATE DRAIN PIPING INSTALLATION

- A. Lay piping in straight lines at a minimum slope of 2 percent in direction of flow of drainage system, unless otherwise noted on the Drawings.
- B. Keep stopper in mouth of pipe when pipe laying is not in process.
- C. Make changes in direction with long sweep or bends. Do not change direction of flow more than 90 degrees.
- D. Reducing size of drainage piping in direction of flow is prohibited.
- E. Make connections of branches to mains with "Y" fittings and 1/8 or 1/16 bends.
- F. Install cleanouts at ends of horizontal runs in excess of 5'-0" and every 100'-0" of horizontal run.
- G. Makeup cleanout plugs with graphite and oil to facilitate easy removal.
- H. Deliver to the owner at completion of work two (2) suitable wrenches for each type of cleanout installed.
- I. Take necessary precautions to protect cleanouts during course of construction.
- J. Contractor to inquire from Owner the time to make tie-in to existing systems.

3.7 HANGER AND SUPPORT INSTALLATION

- A. Install hangers, supports, clamps, and attachments as required to properly support piping from building structure. Comply with OSHPD Preapproval of Manufacturer's Certification OPM-0043-13 and OPM-0052-13, and the California Building Code.
- B. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.
- C. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaying.
- D. Install hangers and supports so piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.
- E. Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes and so maximum pipe deflections allowed by ASME B31.9 are not exceeded.
- F. Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments.
- G. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1 1/2 inches.

3.8 PAINTING

- A. Paint exposed metal piping, valves, service regulators, and piping specialties, except components, with factory-applied paint or protective coating.
- B. Damage and Touchup: Repair marred and damaged factory-applied finishes with materials and by procedures to match original factory finish.
- C. Refer to Division 09 for additional painting requirements.

3.9 TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND CLEANING

- A. Provide testing of all installed gas and drainage systems during progress of work. Such tests shall be done in the presence of the Owner's representative, and all Authorities Having Jurisdiction. The inspection authority having jurisdiction and the Engineer shall be notified a minimum of 48 hours prior to performance of all tests so that they may be witnessed.
- B. Provide the Architect with certified copies of the test results in written format. At a minimum include the date of the test, witnesses present, sections tested, length of tests, starting and final pressures.
- C. Contractor shall provide all apparatus, temporary work, or any other requirements necessary for such tests. Take all due precautions to prevent damage to the building or its contents that may be incurred by such tests as the Contractor will be required to repair and make good, at own expense, any damage caused.
- D. Any defects or deficiencies discovered as result of tests shall be immediately repaired and tests shall be repeated until all test requirements are fully met. No caulking of pipe joints to remedy leaks shall be permitted.

- E. Gas Piping: All gas piping shall be tested per NFPA 54 to 60 psig for 1 hour without drop in pressure. Equipment and personnel shall be protected from this test procedure. Measure natural gas system test pressure with a water manometer or an equivalent device calibrated in increments not greater than 0.1 inch water column. System shall not be approved until it can be demonstrated that there is no measurable loss of test pressure during test period.
- F. Condensate Drain Piping: All condensate drain systems shall be tested hydraulically by filling to the highest vent point with water. Piping may be tested in sections. Each section of drainage piping tested shall have all openings tightly closed with screw plugs, or equal device, and stand without loss of level for a period of 4 hours when filled with water which produces at least a 10-foot head at the highest point of the section tested.
- G. Adjust and regulate all faucets, valves, water heating equipment, etc. and turn over to the Owner in perfect working order.
- H. Upon completion of work, clean all equipment and piping installed under this Section.

3.10 TRAINING AND O&MS

- A. Refer to Section 22 00 00 Plumbing General Requirements and Division 01 for Training requirements, Operating and Maintenance Manuals, and other Closeout procedures.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 23 00 00

MECHANICAL GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 CONDITIONS AND REQUIREMENTS

- A. Refer to the General Conditions, Supplementary Conditions, and Division 01 General Requirements.

1.2 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Provide all labor, apparatus, and materials that are required to provide a complete installation as indicated on the drawings and in the specifications, including that reasonably inferred for proper execution of this Division.
- B. Consult all other Sections to determine the extent of this work specified elsewhere.
- C. Coordinate all utility requirements for equipment furnished under this Division. Rough-in required systems and make final connections.

1.3 REGULATIONS AND STANDARDS

- A. Install all work to meet or exceed requirements prescribed by governmental bodies having jurisdiction and in accordance with all federal, state, and local codes and ordinances, and all OSHA requirements. These codes include, but are not limited to the latest applicable edition of the following:
 - 1. California Building Code
 - 2. California Electrical Code
 - 3. California Plumbing Code
 - 4. California Mechanical Code
 - 5. California Energy Code
 - 6. California Green Buildings Standard
 - 7. California Fire Code
 - 8. National Fire Protection Association

1.4 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Comply with current governing codes, ordinance and regulations of the Authority Having Jurisdiction and the regulations and requirements of the Owner's insurance underwriter.
- B. Where requirements differ between drawings, specifications, codes and standards, apply the more stringent.
- C. Should any change in drawings or specifications be required to comply with governing regulations, notify the Architect prior to submitting bid.

- D. After contract is awarded, if minor changes or additions are required by the aforementioned authorities, even though such work is not shown on drawings or overtly covered in the specifications, they shall be included at the Contractor's expense.
- E. Execute work in strict accordance with the best practices of the trades in a thorough, substantial, skillful and well-executed manner by competent workers. Provide a competent, experienced full-time Superintendent who is authorized to make decisions on behalf of the Contractor.
- F. The Architect or Architect's Representative may conduct unannounced field reviews of any work completed or in progress. A report will be issued for all items that are found to be inconsistent with the contract documents. All items in the report shall be addressed in writing by the Contractor within two (2) weeks.

1.5 SAFETY

- A. Contractors must conduct a weekly safety meeting with their employees and maintain documentation of attendance and topics of discussion. Contractor shall comply with all OSHA regulations. Contractor is required to obtain and pay for insurance required to cover all activities withing Contractor's scope of work.

1.6 PERMITS, FEES, AND UTILITIES

- A. Secure and pay for all permits, licenses, inspections, and fees required.
- B. Coordinate with other Sections and schedule sequence of accomplishing the work in such a manner as not to interrupt existing services and utilities at a time that will inconvenience the Owner. Provide Owner a minimum 48 hour notice when utilities will be interrupted.

1.7 PAINTING

- A. See Division 09 for painting.

1.8 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate with work performed by other Sections in order to ensure adequate space and proper location of all necessary work on this project whether or not work is under this Section. Coordination shall be done prior to order or manufacture of any systems or components.
- B. At a minimum, coordinate location of each piece of equipment, requirements for access panels, space required for supports, power requirements for each piece of equipment, and control requirements for each piece of equipment.
- C. Prepare complete set of construction coordination shop drawings indicating equipment actually purchased and exact routing of all piping and ductwork. Requirement for coordination shop drawings shall not be construed as authorization for contractor to make unauthorized changes to Contract Documents. Prior to final acceptance, contractor shall submit the coordination shop drawings as part of the record drawings.
- D. Wherever the work is of sufficient complexity, prepare additional detail drawings to scale to coordinate the work with the work of other trades. At completion, include a set of these drawings with the record drawings.

- E. Install the work in cooperation with other trades. Before installation, make proper provisions to avoid interferences.
- F. No additional costs will be considered for work which has to be relocated due to conflicts with other trades or for additional equipment/parts that need to be installed due to a lack of coordination prior to, or during, construction.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

- B. Provide products and materials that are new, clean, free of defects, damage and corrosion. Inspect all materials and remove defective materials from the site.
- C. Provide materials and equipment bearing the label of, or listed by, the Underwriter's Laboratories (UL), unless the material or equipment is of a type for which label or listing service is not provided.
- D. Furnish all materials and equipment of the same type by the same manufacturer.
- E. Statically and dynamically balance rotating equipment for minimum vibration and lowest operating noise level.

2.2 ALTERNATE EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS

- A. No substitute materials or equipment may be installed without the written approval of the Architect.
- B. Contract documents are based on materials specified and equipment manufacturers indicated. Acceptance of alternative equipment manufacturers does not relieve Contractor of the responsibility to provide equipment and materials which meet the quality and performance stated or implied in the contract documents.
- C. All submittals for substitution must include comparison to show equal with scheduled equipment. Submit proposals to supply alternate materials or equipment, in writing, with sufficient lead time for review prior to the date equipment must be ordered to maintain project schedule.
- D. No increase in the contract price will be considered to accommodate the use of alternative equipment, including revisions required by other trades.

2.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit shop drawings, manufacturer's data, samples and test reports as specified.
- B. The review of submittals is for general compliance with the design concept and contract documents. Comments or absence of comments does not relieve the Contractor/Vendor/Manufacturer from compliance with the contract documents. The Contractor remains solely responsible for details and accuracy, for confirming and correlating all quantities and dimensions, for selecting fabrication processes, for techniques of construction, for performing the work in a safe manner, and for coordinating the work with that of other trades.

- C. No part of the work shall be ordered, procured, or installed until that work has been submitted, reviewed, and returned without comment.
- D. A minimum period of ten (10) working days will be required in the Engineer's office each time a submittal is sent for review. Contractor shall prioritize submittal reviews where multiple submittals are sent for review. This time period must be considered by the Contractor in the scheduling of the work.
- E. Submittals will be returned to indicate appropriate action taken as follows:
 - 1. No Exceptions Taken.
 - 2. Make Corrections Noted. No Resubmittal Required.
 - 3. Revise and Resubmit.
 - 4. Rejected.
 - 5. Not Reviewed.
- F. Use electronic form acceptable to Architect for electronic submittals, containing the following information:
 - 1. Project name.
 - 2. Date.
 - 3. Name and address of Architect and Engineer.
 - 4. Name of Owner.
 - 5. Name, address and contact information of Contractor.
 - 6. Names and contact information of sub-contractor, manufacturer, and supplier.
 - 7. Name of entity that prepared submittal.
 - 8. Category and type of submittal.
 - 9. Specification Section number and title.
 - 10. Drawing number and detail references, as appropriate.
 - 11. Transmittal number, numbered consecutively and revision number clearly identified.
 - 12. Each item submitted labeled or identified the same as on the drawings.
- G. Identify each sheet of submittal pages (using arrows, underlining or circling) to show applicable sizes, types, model numbers, ratings, capacities and options actually being proposed. Cross out non-applicable information.
- H. Organize submittals to keep all related items together; break submittal into sections and provide appropriate identifying tags on submittal pages to indicate item being submitted.
- I. Inadequate or incomplete submittals will not be reviewed and will be returned to the Contractor for resubmittal.
- J. Place orders for all equipment in time to prevent any delay in construction schedule or completion of project. No additional costs will be considered for any special handling charges or expedited processing required for materials or equipment not ordered in time.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION OF SITE

- A. The Contract Documents do not make representations regarding the character or the extent of the subsoils, water levels, existing structural, mechanical, plumbing, and electrical installations, above or below grade, or other sub-surface conditions which may be encountered during the work.
- B. Evaluate existing conditions that may affect methods or cost of performing the work, based on examination of the site or other information. Failure to examine the Drawings or other information does not relieve the Contractor of responsibility for satisfactory completion of the work.

3.2 DRAWINGS

- A. Drawings show general arrangement and location of ductwork, piping, and equipment. Drawings are diagrammatic and intended to show approximate location and routing. Dimensions on drawings shall take precedence over scaled dimensions on drawings. Allow for supports, expansion, and pitch of ducts and piping. Field verify all dimensions.
- B. The exact locations of equipment, ducts, piping, and registers shall be ascertained from the Architect or the Owner's representative in the field. The Architect reserves the right to make minor changes in the location of ducts, registers, piping, and equipment up to the time of installation without additional cost.
- C. Furnish and install any incidental work not shown or specified which can reasonably be inferred as part of the work and necessary to provide a complete and workable system.
- D. Execute any work or apparatus shown on the Drawings and not specifically mentioned in the Specifications, or vice versa. Omission from Drawings or Specifications of any minor details of construction, installation, materials, or essential specialties does not relieve Contractor from furnishing complete workable system.

3.3 RECORD DRAWINGS

- A. Contractor shall maintain a complete set of documents on site that are marked up during the construction process indicating all changes that have been made. Record drawings shall be maintained up to date throughout construction. Indicate clearly all work installed differently from that shown.
- B. Upon completion of work, certify all record drawings with a stamp including the date and name of Contractor. Submit one (1) complete, bookmarked, set of electronic record drawings to the Architect for final review.
- C. Record drawings must include the following as a minimum:
 - 1. Actual equipment locations.
 - 2. Revisions or substitutions to equipment schedules.
 - 3. Duct/pipe size and routing.
 - 4. Dimensional changes to drawings.
 - 5. Revisions to details shown on drawings.

6. Changes made by RFIs, Addenda, or Change Orders.
7. Locations of access panels and shut-off valves.
8. Locations and depths of underground utilities.
9. Controls sequence of operations.

3.4 PROTECTION OF BUILDING

- A. Protect new and existing building structures and adjacent finished surfaces during construction. Patch, repair, and refinish existing work damaged by work under this Division to match adjacent undisturbed areas.

3.5 DELIVERY, DRAYAGE AND HAULING

- A. Include all drayage, hauling, hoisting, shoring and placement in the building of equipment specified and be responsible for the timely delivery of equipment to the project as required by the construction schedule.
- B. Provide proper protection and storage of all items and tools required.
- C. If equipment is not delivered or installed at the project site in a timely manner as required by the construction schedule, the Contractor shall be responsible for disassembly, re-assembly, manufacturer's supervision, shoring, general construction modification, delays, overtime costs, etc. at no additional cost to the Owner.

3.6 EQUIPMENT AND MATERIAL PROTECTION

- A. Protect the work, equipment, and material of other trades from damage by work or workers of this trade, and correct damage caused without additional cost to the Owner.
- B. The Contractor shall be responsible for all work, materials, and equipment until finally inspected, tested, and accepted. Protect work against theft, injury, or damage. Carefully store material and equipment received on site that is not immediately installed.
- C. Cover open ends of work with temporary covers or plugs during construction to prevent entry of dust, dirt, water or other obstructing material. Cover and protect equipment and materials from damage due to water, humidity, paint, spray-on fireproofing, construction debris, etc. Store equipment subject to moisture damage, such as insulation or electrical components in dry, heated spaces.
- D. Provide adequate means for fully protecting finished parts of the materials and equipment against damage from whatever cause during the process of the work until final acceptance.
- E. Do not install damaged items. Take immediate steps to obtain replacement or repair. Replace all wet or damp insulation or acoustic lining.

3.7 QUALITY OF WORK

- A. The quality of work shall be of a standard generally accepted in the respective trade. Use only experienced, competent, and properly equipped workers. Replace work falling below this standard as directed by the Architect.
- B. Systems shall be worked into a complete and integrated arrangement with like elements arranged neatly with adequate head room and passageway free from obstructions.

3.8 CUTTING AND PATCHING

- A. Do not cut, channel or drill unfinished masonry, tile, etc. unless written permission is obtained from the Architect. Perform this work in a manner acceptable to the Architect. Cutting of structural members or footings is prohibited without the prior written consent of the Structural Engineer.
- B. Where cutting, channeling or drilling of floors, walls, partitions, ceilings, or other surfaces is necessary from the proper installation, support or anchorage of ductwork, piping, or equipment, lay out the work carefully in advance. Repair any damage to the building, piping, equipment or finishes using skilled tradesmen for all required work.
- C. Provide slots, chases, openings and recesses through floors, walls, ceilings and roofs as required. Where these openings are not provided, provide cutting and patching to accommodate penetrations.
- D. Provide sleeves for all ductwork and piping passing through new floors, walls, partitions, and any other building construction, of adequate diameter to allow minimum of 1" clearance all around between sleeve and ductwork or piping. When ductwork or piping is insulated, insulation shall pass continuously through sleeve with 1" clearance between insulation and sleeve or hole in existing construction.

3.9 ACCESS

- A. Damper operators, filters, and indicating equipment or specialties requiring reading, adjusting, inspection, repairing, removal, or replacement shall be conveniently and accessibly located with reference to finished building.
- B. No dampers, controls, or equipment shall be placed in a location that will be inaccessible after the system is complete. Access panels or doors shall be provided where required whether shown on Drawings or not.
- C. Access panels shall be 24" x 24" unless otherwise directed, style as selected by the Architect. Panels shall have the same acoustic barrier or rating as the construction in which panel is installed.
- D. Doors shall be Milcor, Newman or equal, with concealed hinges, screwdriver locks, prime coated with rust inhibitive paint, finish painted in field to match adjacent surface. Provide key locks where required by Architect/Owner. All access doors shall be keyed the same. Doors in walls of toilet rooms shall be stainless steel.
- E. Continuously check installation manuals for clearance and accessibility of equipment. No allowance of any kind will be made for negligence on part of Contractor to foresee means of installing equipment in proper position.

3.10 SEISMIC RESTRAINTS

- A. All equipment, ductwork, piping, and materials shall be fastened and securely anchored to building structure as required by the Drawings, Specifications, OSHPD Preapproval of Manufacturer's Certification OPM-0043-13 and OPM-0052-13, and the California Building Code.

3.11 MANUFACTURER'S DIRECTIONS

- A. Materials and equipment shall be installed in accordance with manufacturer's application and recommendations, requirements, and instructions, and in accordance with Contract Documents.
- B. Conflicts between manufacturer's instructions and Contract Documents shall be brought to the Architect's attention for resolution prior to installation.
- C. Where requirements indicated in Contract Documents exceed manufacturer's requirements, Contract Documents shall govern.

3.12 BELT DRIVES

- A. Belt drives for fans and equipment shall consist of "V" belts and sheaves.
- B. Drives that require not more than two belts shall be provided with variable pitch, driving sheaves to provide some speed adjustment above and below the normal required operating speed; the adjustments to be as near equal as practicable.
- C. Belts shall be furnished in matching sets.
- D. Fan drives for blower-type fans shall be selected for the proper fan speeds required for the air volumes specified or shown on the Drawings at the static pressures indicated. The static pressures indicated show estimated conditions, which may vary under actual operating conditions. Should it be necessary to adjust the fan speeds to obtain the proper air volume, the Contractor shall make the necessary changes to the drives without additional cost the Owner.

3.13 ELECTRICAL MOTORS FOR HVAC EQUIPMENT

- A. Provide electric motors for driving the mechanical equipment. Motors shall be of proper power, construction and speed to suit the specified equipment.
- B. Motors and motor control equipment shall conform to NEMA standards and shall be UL listed.
- C. Coordinate the NEMA type of each motor with the torque and inertia load of the equipment served, and the in-rush current characteristics of the motor with the motor starter selection, so that all items furnished constitute a complete motor control and protection package. Motor shall not operate in the 15% service factor range.
- D. Motors located in ducted air streams or subject to outside air elements shall be totally enclosed fan cooled; others shall be open drip-proof design.
- E. Motors used with variable frequency drives shall be designed specifically for use on AC inverter power and adjustable speed applications.
- F. Each motor shall be factory-wired to a junction box mounted on the motor or on the driven piece of equipment to facilitate single point of field power connection under Division 26.
- G. Motors 1/2 HP and smaller shall be rated 120 VAC – single phase – 60 hertz and shall be provided with integral thermal overload protection, unless otherwise indicated.

- H. Motors 3/4 HP and larger shall be rated for 208 VAC or 460 VAC – 3 phase – 60 hertz, unless otherwise indicated.

3.14 COORDINATION WITH ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR

- A. Coordinate with the Electrical Contractor on furnishing and installing of controls, motors, starters, etc. Provide copies of submittal and installation data to Electrical Contractor for all items requiring electrical connection.
- B. Furnish and install all line voltage and low-voltage temperature control wiring in the Mechanical work, including all interlock wiring between motor starter coils, interlock relays, and temperature control equipment. Conduit for temperature control wiring shall be responsibility of Mechanical Contractor and shall be of type specified in Division 26.
- C. Electrical Contractor shall furnish disconnect switches, motor starters, conduit and wiring for line voltage power to the equipment. See Division 26 and Drawings.

3.15 ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT AND ELECTRICAL ROOM PRECAUTIONS

- A. Do not install piping, equipment, or ductwork, plumbing, or any piping systems not included as part of the electrical work in the following rooms: switchgear, transformer, generator, elevator equipment, telephone, fire command, security, dimmer or electrical equipment rooms.
- B. Do not install piping, equipment, or ductwork within the code required service space for switchboards, disconnects, panelboards, dimmers, control panels, VFDs, individual motor controllers, electronics, etc.

3.16 LUBRICATION

- A. Provide means for lubricating all bearings and other machine parts. If a part requiring lubrication is concealed or inaccessible, extend a metallic lubrication tube with suitable fitting to an accessible location and identify it with permanent laminated plastic nameplates. Identify this location in the maintenance manual.
- B. After installation, properly lubricate all parts requiring lubrication and keep them adequately lubricated with a lubricant recommended by the equipment manufacturer until Owner acceptance.

3.17 EQUIPMENT GUARDS

- A. Provide easily (without tools) removable expanded metal guards for all hot surfaces, belts, couplings, exposed fan inlets and outlets, and other moving parts or machinery. Provide access openings for greasing, oiling, adjusting, etc. All guards shall comply with OSHA requirements and applicable codes.

3.18 CATHODIC PROTECTION

- A. Install dielectric unions at points in piping where dissimilar metal pipes are connected together.

3.19 EQUIPMENT IDENTIFICATION

- A. Furnish and install engraved nameplates with 1/4" minimum lettering at panel mounted control devices, manual control stations, power disconnects, motor starters, and pieces of equipment. Nameplates shall be white lettering on black background. For outdoor locations, provide brass engraved nameplates or plastic rated for outdoor use.
- B. Label each thermostat and switch with equipment connected to the thermostat or switch with black lettering on white background.

3.20 GUARANTEE

- A. The Contractor shall guarantee the quality of all work and the quality of the equipment and materials in accordance with the provisions of the General Conditions and Special Conditions. Should any defects occur during this period, the Contractor shall promptly repair or replace defective items as directed by the Architect, without cost to the Owner.
- B. Contractor shall be responsible for damage to any part of premises during guaranteed period caused by leaks or breaks in work furnished and/or installed under this Section.

3.21 TESTING

- A. Test all ductwork, equipment, piping, and systems as called for in the Specifications. Notify Architect and inspection authorities prior to testing so that they may be witnessed. Protect all personnel and equipment during testing.

3.22 OPENINGS

- A. Locating and sizing of all openings for ductwork and piping through walls, roof, etc. shall be done under this Division. Framing of openings shall be done by the respective trades in whose work the opening is made.

3.23 CLEAN-UP

- A. During the course of work under this Division, all rubbish, debris, surplus materials, tools, etc. resulting from this work shall be removed from work area and shall be disposed of off-site at the end of each working day. The Owner's premises shall be left clean and in a condition acceptable to the Architect.
- B. Clean all work installed under this Contract to satisfaction of Owner.
- C. Remove debris and trash from ductwork, fan units, and all air handling equipment. Vacuum clean fan housing, coils, and ducts in vicinity of openings before grilles and registers are installed. Replace construction filters with new filters prior to project completion.

3.24 ACCEPTANCE TESTING

- A. Equipment and systems requiring acceptance testing certification for Code Compliance shall have Certificate of Acceptance completed and submitted to enforcement agency. See Drawings for equipment and systems requiring acceptance certification. Tests shall be performed by Certified Mechanical Acceptance Test Technician. Contractor shall be responsible for procuring the required test forms from the California Energy Commission website.

3.25 OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS AND OPERATOR TRAINING

- A. Provide the services of factory-trained specialists to supervise the operation of all equipment and train the Owner's operating and maintenance personnel.
- B. Instruct the Owner's operating personnel in the basis of design, the available documentation, the proper starting sequences, operation, shut-down, minor adjustments, troubleshooting, recommended spare parts, and regular maintenance procedures.
- C. Submit training agenda, schedule and list of representatives to the Owner for review ten (10) days prior to training. Confirm attendance at training by sign-in sheet. At a minimum, the training agenda shall cover all items required to be provided in the operating and maintenance manuals.

3.26 OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. Provide operating instructions and maintenance manuals for all equipment and material furnished under this Division.
- B. Provide the following equipment and maintenance information where applicable:
 - 1. Systems and Equipment Controls – describe sequence of operation and diagram controls as required.
 - 2. Identifying equipment manufacturer, product name, and model number.
 - 3. Locations.
 - 4. Wiring Diagrams.
 - 5. Lubrication Charts.
 - 6. Manufacturer's recommended operating and maintenance instructions, with all non-applicable information deleted.
 - 7. Assembly and disassembly instructions.
 - 8. Startup procedures.
 - 9. Routine and normal operating instructions.
 - 10. Normal and emergency shutdown instructions.
 - 11. Troubleshooting diagnostic instructions.
 - 12. Parts list and recommended spare parts including name and address of source of supply.
- C. Contractor must start compiling above data immediately upon approval of submittals for equipment and materials.
- D. Submit one (1) electronic copy of operating and maintenance manuals, indexed and bookmarked, for review by Architect/Engineer.
- E. Submit three (3) complete sets of bound hard copies of operating and maintenance manuals, and one (1) electronic copy to Owner within thirty (30) days of issuance of final occupancy permit.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 23 05 00

HEATING, VENTILATING, AIR CONDITIONING

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, Division 01, and Division 23 Sections apply to this Section.

1.2 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Provide labor, materials, equipment, and services to furnish and install complete mechanical systems which shall include, but not limited to equipment, ductwork, piping, accessories, insulation, and supports.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit for review, within fifteen (15) days after signing Contract, the required number of copies of a complete list of materials proposed for use. This list includes:
 - 1. Packaged Air Conditioners.
 - 2. Fans.
 - 3. Roof Hoods and Caps.
 - 4. Filters.
 - 5. Mechanical Supports.
 - 6. Controls.
- B. No substitute materials or equipment shall be installed without the written approval of the Architect.
- C. No increase in the contract price will be considered to accommodate the use of alternative equipment, including revisions required by other trades.
- D. Submit test reports on all systems tested. Tests required by Authorities Having Jurisdiction over the work shall be submitted on appropriate forms to the satisfaction of such authorities.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 HVAC EQUIPMENT

- A. See Schedules on Drawings for equipment data. Furnish and install all equipment in accordance with Drawings, manufacturer's recommendations, and all applicable codes.

2.2 FILTERS

- A. Filters shall be 2"-thick of size and number required for equipment and selected for 300 FPM velocity.
- B. Filters shall be throwaway type, Class 2 UL listed.

- C. Filters shall be minimum MERV 13 based on ASHRAE Standard 52.2 test method.

2.3 ROOF HOODS AND CAPS

- A. Roof hoods shall be of size, type, and capacity noted on Drawings.
- B. Roof caps for exhaust shall be of size required for duct dimensions noted on Drawings.
- C. Roof hood and cap housing shall be constructed of heavy gauge galvanized steel and shall be fully weatherproof and painted with name. Cap and hood shall be reinforced to prevent oil canning and deflecting in high winds. Roof caps and hoods shall be complete with bird screen and roof curb. Distance of hood from roof shall be 18" unless otherwise noted on Drawings.

2.4 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS

- A. Subject to compliance with requirements, provide products by one of the following manufacturers or other approved equal:
 - 1. B-Line.
 - 2. Mason West.
 - 3. Unistrut.
 - 4. Power Strut.
 - 5. Hilti.
- B. Qualify welding processes and operators according to ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code. Comply with AWS D1.1 procedures for field welding.
- C. Duct attachments: Sheet metal screws, blind rivets, or self-tapping metal screws; compatible with duct materials.

2.5 SLEEVES

- A. Construct sleeves for pipes passing through walls, floors, partitions, hung or furred ceilings, etc. of minimum 18 gage galvanized steel, flanges on each side of wall, partition, hung or furred ceiling, etc.
- B. Provide standard weight galvanized steel pipe sleeves with welded anchor flanges at foundation walls and reinforced concrete or masonry walls.
- C. Provide 20 gage galvanized sheet metal sleeves for round ductwork passing through masonry or concrete construction. Rectangular ductwork shall be provided with framed openings through floor and wall construction.
- D. Install escutcheons at exposed piping through floors, ceilings, walls and partitions in finished areas, within cabinets and millwork, and piping through all fire-rated separations.

2.6 CONTROLS

- A. (E) Pelican thermostats shall be re-used.
- B. If indicated on Drawings, provide thermostats by specified manufacturer.

- C. Thermostats shall comply with latest edition of California Energy Code for demand responsive capabilities and occupancy monitoring if required.
- D. Control wiring shall be installed per manufacturer's instructions and wiring diagrams. Wiring in walls and exposed spaces shall be in conduit and in accordance with Division 26. Wiring above ceiling shall be plenum rated cable complying with NFPA 70.

2.7 PAINTING

- A. See Division 09 for painting.
- A. Prime and paint diffuser boot and duct interiors where visible through grilles with a matte black finish.
- B. Prime and paint exposed ductwork, supports, and registers where required by the Architect.
- C. Prime and paint louver or grille interiors where required by the Architect.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Examine areas and conditions for compliance with requirements for installation clearances, tolerances and other conditions affecting performance of work.
- B. Proceed with installation only after unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 EQUIPMENT INSTALLATION

- A. Equipment shall be installed level, on curbs or supports as required and/or indicated on Drawings and in accordance with manufacturer's instructions and recommendations.
- B. Equipment shall be installed in locations shown and as complete assemblies with adequate service clearances for access and maintenance as required by codes and equipment installation manuals.

3.3 HANGERS AND SUPPORTS INSTALLATION

- A. All equipment, plenums, registers, ductwork, and piping shall be securely anchored to building structure and seismically braced as required by the Drawings and Specifications. Comply with OSHPD Preapproval of Manufacturer's Certification OPM-0043-13 and OPM-0052-13, and the California Building Code.
- B. Comply with SMACNA HVAC Duct Construction Standards – Metal and Flexible for hanger rod or sheet metal strap sizes and spacing for duct supports.
- C. Install hangers and supports complete with necessary inserts, bolts, rods, nuts, washers, and other accessories.
- D. Install lateral bracing with pipe hangers and supports to prevent swaying.
- E. Install hangers and supports so piping live and dead loads and stresses from movement will not be transmitted to connected equipment.

- F. Install hangers and supports to allow controlled thermal and seismic movement of piping systems, to permit freedom of movement between pipe anchors, and to facilitate action of expansion joints, expansion loops, expansion bends, and similar units.
- G. Install hangers and supports to provide indicated pipe slopes.
- H. Adjust hangers to distribute loads equally on attachments.
- I. Trim excess length of continuous-thread hanger and support rods to 1 1/2 inches.
- J. Perform all welding in accordance with standards of the American Welding Society. Clean surfaces of loose scale, rust, paint or other foreign matter and properly align before welding. Use wire brush on welds after welding.

3.4 ADJUSTING

- A. Adjust equipment and components to function smoothly, and lubricate as recommended by manufacturer.
- B. Adjust initial temperature setpoints. Adjust initial airflow settings and discharge airflow patterns.
- C. Set field adjustable switches and circuit breaker trip ranges according to manufacturer's written instructions.

3.5 FIELD QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Engage a factory authorized service representative to inspect field assembled components and equipment installation, including piping and electrical connections. Provide a written report of inspection to the Architect.
- B. Engage a factory authorized service representative to perform startup service. Complete installation and startup checks according to manufacturer's written instructions. Provide completed startup sheets for each piece of equipment to the Architect.

3.6 TRAINING AND O&MS

- A. Refer to Section 23 00 00 Mechanical General Requirements and Division 01 for Training requirements, Operating and Maintenance Manuals, and other Closeout procedures.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 23 05 93

TESTING, ADJUSTING, AND BALANCING FOR HVAC

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions, Division 01, Division 22, and Division 23 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.

1.2 WORK INCLUDED

- A. Test and balance air distribution systems.

1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Work shall be performed by independent testing agency certified by AABC or NEBB. Work shall be performed by qualified technicians and trained personnel, using instruments certified accurate to its limits.
- B. Use standard forms from AABC's National Standards for Testing, Adjusting and Balancing or NEBB's Procedural Standards for Testing, Adjusting and Balancing.
- C. Calibrate instruments at least every twelve months or more frequently if required by the instrument manufacturer.

1.4 COORDINATION

- A. Coordinate efforts of HVAC controls installers, and other mechanics to operate HVAC systems and equipment to support and assist with testing, adjusting, and balancing activities.
- B. Check for and report defects or deficiencies that may affect balancing.
- C. Mechanical Contractor shall advise Balancing Contractor of changes made to the system during construction.
- D. Mechanical Contractor shall install test holes or wells complete with removable and replaceable plugs or caps, dampers as specified on Drawings and where required by Balancing Contractor to obtain final system balance.
- E. Mechanical Contractor shall make any changes in the pulleys, belts, and dampers, or the addition of dampers for the correct balance as recommended by Balancing Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner.
- F. Controls Contractor shall cooperate with and work with the Balancing Contractor when setting damper linkages, minimum outside air dampers, and other air volume devices, and shall be available for readjusting of dampers, devices or controls.

1.5 SUBMITTALS

- A. Within 30 days of Contractor's Notice to Proceed, submit the following documents:

1. TAB agency and team member qualifications.
 2. Strategies and procedures plan.
 3. Sample report forms intended for use on this project.
 4. Instrument calibration reports.
- B. Submit final, completed balance report prior to request for final mechanical observation of the project.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 INSTRUMENTS

- A. Utilize test instruments and equipment of type, precision, and capacity as recommended in the AABC or NEBB standards.
- B. Instruments for testing and balancing of air and hydronic systems shall have been calibrated within a period of 6 months and verified for accuracy prior to start of work.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 EXAMINATION

- A. Prior to construction, examine the Contract Documents to become familiar with the project requirements and to discover conditions in the systems' designs that may preclude proper testing, adjusting and balancing of systems and equipment.
- B. Examine system and equipment installations to verify that balancing devices are properly installed and accessible for effective balancing.
- C. Recommend adjustments and/or corrections to mechanical equipment and hydronic and air distribution systems that are necessary for proper balancing of systems.

3.2 GENERAL PROCEDURE

- A. Perform testing and balancing procedures on each system according to procedures contained in AABC or NEBB standards.
- B. Testing and balancing shall not begin until system has been completed and is in full working order.
- C. Cut insulation, ducts, pipes, and equipment cabinets for installation or test probes to the minimum extent necessary for balancing procedures. After testing and balancing, close probe holes and patch insulation with new materials identical to those removed. Restore vapor barrier and finish according to insulation Specifications for this project.
- D. Permanently mark settings on valves, splitters, dampers, and other adjustment devices.
- E. Balance to a maximum measured flow deviation from specified values of plus or minus 10 percent at terminal devices and outlets, and plus or minus 5 percent at equipment.
- F. At final inspection, recheck random selections of data recorded in report to verify balance has not been disrupted.

3.3 AIR SYSTEMS PROCEDURE

- A. Execute air systems balancing for each air system in accordance with AABC or NEBB standards and as described herein.
- B. Conduct tests with supply, return and exhaust systems operating and doors and windows closed or in their normal operating condition.
- C. Construction filters shall be removed before testing and balancing. Tests shall be done with final filters installed. Allowances shall be made for air filter resistance at time of tests. The main air supplies shall be set with filter resistance midway between clean and dirty filters.
- D. Test and adjust fan or blower speed to design requirements.
- E. Test and record motor full load amps. Record each installed motor manufacturer and motor efficiency.
- F. Traverse main supply air ducts, using a pitot tube and manometer.
- G. Submit data in support of fan deliveries by the following methods:
 - 1. By summation of the air quantity readings at inlets or outlets.
 - 2. By duct traverse of main ducts.
- H. Test and record required and measured system static pressures; filter differential, coil differential and fan total static pressure.
- I. Test and adjust systems for design recirculated airflow rates.
- J. Test and adjust system for outside airflow rates. Measure and adjust outside airflow rates for all fan speeds.
- K. Test and record entering and leaving air temperatures.
- L. Inspect and confirm all fire dampers are open, all smoke dampers and fire/smoke dampers are in the correct positions, all duct access doors are closed and fire damper fusible links are accessible.
- M. Adjust zones to proper design supply, return, and exhaust flow rates.
- N. Test and adjust each air inlet and air outlet and transfer duct to within 10 percent of design requirements.
- O. Adjust diffusers, grilles and registers to minimize drafts, dumping, and to prevent short circuiting between supply and return outlets.
- P. Vary total system airflow rates by adjustment of fan speeds. Vary branch air quantities by damper regulation.
- Q. Record installed fan drive assemblies; fans sheaves, motor sheaves, belts and motors.

- R. The final balanced condition of each area shall include testing and adjusting of pressure conditions. Test and record building pressurization levels in variable volume systems throughout full range of fan delivery rates, under both heating and cooling conditions. For multi-story buildings, test pressure conditions at ground, intermediate and upper levels. Front doors, stair and vestibule doors, exits and elevator shafts shall be checked for airflow so that leakage does not cause excessive or abnormal pressure conditions. Document abnormal building leakage conditions noted.
- S. Complete balancing to achieve positive building pressure unless otherwise instructed. A positive pressure relative to outside of 0.02 inch wg minimum and 0.05 inch wg maximum shall be achieved, measure with negligible outside wind velocity.
- T. Test and adjust each power exhaust fan to achieve building pressure requirements.

3.4 ACCEPTANCE

- A. Mechanical systems shall not be considered ready for final inspection until balancing results acceptable to the Architect are obtained.
- B. If it is found that specified airflows cannot be achieved on portions of the system, the actual conditions shall be reported to the Architect for consideration of corrective action.

3.5 BALANCE REPORT

- A. General: Prepare a certified written report; tabulate and divide the report into separate sections for tested systems and balanced systems.
- B. General Report Data: In addition to form titles and entries, include the following data:
 - 1. Title page.
 - 2. Name and address of the TAB firm and specialist.
 - 3. Project name.
 - 4. Project location.
 - 5. Architect's name and address.
 - 6. Engineer's name and address.
 - 7. Contractor's name and address.
 - 8. Report date.
 - 9. Signature of TAB supervisor who certifies the report.
 - 10. Summary of contents including the following:
 - a. Design versus final performance.
 - b. Notable characteristics of systems.
 - c. Description of system operation sequence if it varies from the Contract Documents.
- C. Report shall be indexed as follows:
 - 1. Air

- a. Summary.
- b. Procedure.
- c. Instrumentation.
- d. Drawings.
- e. Equipment Summary.
- f. Fan Sheets.
- g. Fan Curves.
- h. Fan Profile Data.
- i. Static Data.
- j. Traverse Data and Schedule.
- k. Terminal Unit Summary.
- l. Outlet Data Summary and Schematics (per system).
- m. Building Pressurization Data.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 23 08 00

COMMISSIONING OF HVAC SYSTEMS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 RELATED DOCUMENTS

- A. Drawings and general provisions of the Contract, including General and Supplementary Conditions and other Division 01 Specification Sections, apply to this Section.
- B. The General Conditions, any Supplementary Conditions, Section 23 05 00, Heating Ventilation and Air Conditioning, and Division 01 are hereby a part of this Section as fully as if repeated herein.

1.2 SCOPE OF WORK

- A. Work includes performing commissioning process requirements for HVAC systems including mechanical controls, assemblies, and equipment.
- B. Refer to Section 01 91 00 General Commissioning Requirements for general commissioning process requirements.

1.3 DEFINITIONS

- A. See 01 91 00 General Commissioning Requirements for definitions.

1.4 CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. See 01 91 00 General Commissioning Requirements for contractors' and subcontractors' responsibilities.
- B. Provide training on each piece of commissioned equipment. See 01 91 00 for training details.

1.5 CA RESPONSIBILITIES

- A. See 01 91 00 General Commissioning Requirements for CA responsibilities

1.6 COMMISSIONING DOCUMENTATION

- A. Provide the following information to the CA for inclusion in the commissioning plan:
 - 1. Identification of installed systems, assemblies, equipment, and components including design changes that occurred during the construction phase.
 - 2. Schedule for completing construction checklists and manufacturer's prestart and startup checklists for HVAC systems, assemblies, equipment, and components to be commissioned.
- B. Provide the following as discussed in Section 01 91 00, General Commissioning Requirements to General Contractor:

1. Completed system readiness checklist for each piece of commissioned equipment. Completion of system readiness checklist, O&M manual start-up checklist, and any manufacturer provided field start-up checklists.
2. Verification to GC readiness certifying that HVAC systems, subsystems, equipment, and associated controls are ready for functional testing.
3. Corrective action documents resulting from issues in the Commissioning Issues Log or deficiencies found from completing the start-up plan.

1.7 SUBMITTALS

- A. Updated submittals: keep the CA informed of all changes to the control system documentation made during programming and setup.
- B. Certificates of readiness (completion of the system readiness checklist) to General Contractor for review by CA.
- C. Written training plan for review by A/E and CA prior to training. See Section 01 91 00 General Commissioning Requirements for specific items to be included in the training plan.
- D. Provide O&M manuals to GC for submission to CA. These are required prior to development of the system readiness checklists.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 TEST EQUIPMENT

- A. Provide all standard testing equipment required to perform startup and initial checkout and required functional performance testing.
- B. Equipment-specific tools: where special testing equipment, tools and instruments are specific to a piece of equipment, are only available from the vendor, and are required in order to accomplish startup or functional testing, provide such equipment, tools, and instruments as part of the work at no extra cost to owner; such equipment, tools, and instruments are to become the property of owner.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 PARTICIPATION

- A. The contractor shall provide skilled technicians to startup and debug all systems. These same technicians shall be made available to assist the Commissioning Authority in completing the commissioning program. Contractor(s) shall ensure that the qualified technician(s) are available and present during the agreed upon schedules to complete the necessary tests, adjustments, and/or problem resolutions.
- B. System performance problems and discrepancies may require additional technician time, Commissioning Authority time, reconstruction of systems, and/or replacement of system components. The additional technician time shall be made available for subsequent commissioning periods until the required system performance is obtained.

3.2 TESTING PREPARATION

- A. Cooperate with the CA in development of the functional test procedures.

- B. Certify that HVAC systems, subsystems, and equipment have been installed, calibrated, and started and are operating according to the Contract Documents.
- C. Certify that HVAC instrumentation and control systems have been completed and calibrated, that they are operating according to the Contract Documents, and that pretest set points have been recorded.
- D. Certify that testing, adjusting, and balancing procedures have been completed and that testing, adjusting, and balancing reports have been submitted, discrepancies corrected, and corrective work approved.
- E. Set systems, subsystems, and equipment into operating mode to be tested (e.g., normal shutdown, normal auto position, normal manual position, unoccupied cycle, emergency power, and alarm conditions) as required in functional testing.
- F. Provide test holes in ducts and plenums where directed by testing and balance subcontractor to allow air measurements and air balancing. Provide approved plugs.
- G. Provide temperature and pressure taps according to contract documents for testing and balance, and commissioning tests.
- H. Provide input to GC on construction schedule to include division pipe and duct system testing, flushing, and cleaning. Provide input on equipment start-up and testing and balance schedule to GC. Notify the CA when these items are scheduled.
- I. Check safety cutouts, alarms, and interlocks with smoke control and life-safety systems during each mode of operation.
- J. Testing Instrumentation: Install measuring instruments and logging devices to record test data as directed by the CA.
- K. Certify that all related A/E punch list items are complete prior to commencing functional tests.
- L. Correct deficiencies found from completing the start-up plan prior to conducting functional tests.
- M. Provide full points list and keep CA informed of changes in list during programming and setup.

3.3 TESTING AND BALANCE VERIFICATION

- A. Prior to performance of testing and balancing work, provide copies of reports, sample forms, checklists, and certificates to the CA.
- B. Notify the CA at least ten (10) days in advance of testing and balancing Work, and provide access for the CA to witness testing and balancing Work.
- C. Provide technicians, instrumentation, and tools to verify testing and balancing of HVAC systems at the direction of the CA.
- D. Provide a qualified control system technician to operate the controls to assist the TAB technicians or provide sufficient training for the TAB technicians to operate the system without assistance.

- E. The CA will notify testing and balancing Subcontractor five (5) days in advance of the date of field verification.
- F. The testing and balancing subcontractor shall use the same instruments (by model and serial number) that were used when original data were collected.
- G. Failure of an item includes not meeting acceptance criteria as discussed in 23 05 93 Testing, Adjusting, and Balancing for HVAC. Failure of more than 10 percent of selected items shall result in rejection of final testing, adjusting, and balancing report.
- H. Remedy the deficiency and notify the CA so verification of failed portions can be performed

3.4 GENERAL TESTING REQUIREMENTS

- A. System readiness checklists and functional test forms will be provided by CA, and executed by installing subcontractors. System readiness checklists are part of the start-up plan that will be provided by the CA to the GC. The GC will distribute the forms and ensure their completion prior to submitting back to the CA for review.
- B. CA will oversee execution of the functional tests. Functional tests are provided early to obtain any comments or suggestions.
- C. Provide installing technicians, instrumentation, and tools to perform commissioning test at the direction of the CA.
- D. Provide skilled technicians who are familiar with this building to execute the functional tests as directed by the CA.
- E. Scope of HVAC testing shall include entire HVAC installation, from central equipment for heat generation and air conditioning through distribution systems to each conditioned space. Testing shall include measuring capacities and effectiveness of operational and control functions.
- F. Test all operating modes, interlocks, control responses, and responses to abnormal or emergency conditions, and verify proper response of building automation system controllers and sensors.
- G. Tests will be performed using design conditions whenever possible.
- H. Simulated conditions may need to be imposed using an artificial load when it is not practical to test under design conditions. Before simulating conditions, calibrate testing instruments. Provide equipment to simulate loads. Set simulated conditions as directed by the CxA and document simulated conditions and methods of simulation. After tests, return settings to normal operating conditions.
- I. The CA may direct that set points be altered when simulating conditions is not practical.
- J. The CA may direct that sensor values be altered when design or simulating conditions and altering set points are not practical.
- K. If tests cannot be completed because of a deficiency outside the scope of the HVAC system, document the deficiency and report it to the CM and GC. After deficiencies are resolved, coordinate with CA to reschedule tests.

- L. Installing subcontractor shall be present during all functional tests, whether sub-contractor's equipment is directly involved with the test or not. This is to speed the process of problem resolution as they are discovered during the testing process.

3.5 HVAC SYSTEMS, SUBSYSTEMS, AND EQUIPMENT TESTING PROCEDURES

- A. HVAC Instrumentation and Control System Testing: Field testing plans and testing requirements are specified in mechanical drawings and functional tests (provided by CA) during construction phase.
- B. HVAC Distribution System Testing: Provide technicians, instrumentation, tools, and equipment to test performance of air distribution systems; including HVAC terminal equipment and unitary equipment.
- C. See 01 91 00 General Commissioning Requirements for contractor's retesting procedures.

3.6 CONTROL SYSTEM TESTING PROCEDURES

- A. Provide a skilled technician who is familiar with this building to execute the functional tests as directed by the CA.
- B. Demonstrate the following to the CA during testing of controlled equipment:
 - 1. Setpoint changing features and functions
 - 2. Sensor calibrations
 - 3. Specified functions and features are set up, debugged, and fully operable
 - 4. Graphic screens and value readouts are completed

3.7 TRAINING

- A. Provide training on each piece of commissioned equipment. See 01 91 00 and Division 23 for training details.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 05 00

GENERAL ELECTRICAL REQUIREMENTS

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.01 Description of Work:

- A. The work of this Section consists of providing all required labor, supervision, materials and equipment to satisfactorily complete all electrical installations that are shown on the Drawings, included in these specifications, or otherwise needed for a complete and fully operating facility.
- B. Furnish and install all required in-place equipment, conduits, conductors, cables and any miscellaneous materials for the satisfactory interconnection and operation of all associated electrical systems.

1.02 Related Work:

- A. This Section provides the basic Electrical Requirements which supplement the General Requirements of Division 01 and apply to all Sections of Division 26.

1.03 Submittals:

- A. As specified in Division 01. Submit to the Architect shop drawings, manufacturer's data and certificates for equipment, materials and finish, and pertinent details for each system specified. Information to be submitted includes manufacturer's descriptive literature of cataloged products, equipment, drawings, diagrams, performance and characteristic curves as applicable, test data and catalog cuts. Obtain written approval before procurement, fabrication, or delivery of the items to the job site. Partial submittals are not acceptable and will be returned without review. Furnish manufacturer's name, trade name, catalog model or number, nameplate data, size, layout dimensions, capacity, project specification and paragraph reference, applicable Federal, Industry and Technical Society Publication References, and years of satisfactory service of each item required to establish contract compliance. Photographs of existing installations and data submitted in lieu of catalog data are not acceptable and will be returned without approval.
- B. Organize submittals for equipment and items related to each specification section together as a package.
- C. Proposed substitutions of products will not be reviewed or approved prior to awarding of the Contract.
- D. Substitutions shall be proven to the Architect or Engineer to be equal or superior to the specified product. Architect's decision is final. The Contractor shall pay all costs incurred by the Architect and Engineer in reviewing and processing any proposed substitutions whether or not a proposed substitution is accepted.
- E. If a proposed substitution is rejected, the contractor shall furnish the specified product at no increase in contract price.
- F. If a proposed substitution is accepted, the contractor shall be completely responsible for all dimensional changes, electrical changes, or changes to other work which are a result of the substitution. The accepted substitution shall be made at no additional cost to the owner or design consultants.

1.04 Quality Assurance:

- A. Codes: All electrical equipment and materials, including installation and testing, shall conform to the latest editions following applicable codes:
 - 1. California Electrical Code (CEC).
 - 2. Occupational Safety and Health Act (OSHA) standards.
 - 3. All applicable local codes, rules and regulations.
 - 4. Electrical Contractor shall possess a C-10 license and all other licenses as may be required. Licenses shall be in effect at start of this contract and be maintained throughout the duration of this contract.
- B. Variances: In instances where two or more codes are at variance, the most restrictive requirement shall apply.
- C. Standards: Equipment shall conform to applicable standards of American National Standards Institute (ANSI), Electronics Industries Association (EIA), Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE), and National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA).
- D. Underwriter Laboratories (UL) listing is required for all equipment and materials where such listing is offered by the Underwriters Laboratories. Provide service entrance labels for all equipment required by the NEC to have such labels.
- E. The electrical contractor shall guarantee all work and materials installed under this contract for a period of one (1) year from date of acceptance by owner.
- F. All work and materials covered by this specification shall be subject to inspection at any and all times by representatives of the owner. Work shall not be closed in or covered before inspection and approval by the owner or his representative. Any material found not conforming with these specifications shall, within 3 days after being notified by the owner, be removed from premises; if said material has been installed, entire expense of removing and replacing same, including any cutting and patching that may be necessary, shall be borne by the contractor.

1.05 Contract Documents:

- A. Drawings and Specifications:
 - 1. In the case of conflict between the drawings and specifications, the specifications shall take precedence.
 - 2. Drawings and specifications are intended to comply with all law, ordinances, rules and regulations of constituted authorities having jurisdiction, and where referred to in the Contract Documents, said laws, ordinance, rules and regulations shall be considered as a part of said Contract Documents within the limits specified. The Contractor shall bear all expenses of correcting work done contrary to said laws, ordinance, rules and regulations if the Contractor knew or should have known that the work as performed is contrary to said laws, ordinances, rules and regulations and if the Contractor performed same (1) without first consulting the Architect for further instructions regarding said work and/or (2) disregarded the Architect's instructions regarding said work.

- B. Drawings: The Electrical Drawings shall govern the general layout of the completed construction.
1. Locations of equipment, panels, pullboxes, conduits, stub-ups, ground connections are approximate unless dimensioned; verify locations with the Architect prior to installation.
 2. Review the Drawings and Specification Divisions of other trades and perform the electrical work that will be required for those installations.
 3. Should there be a need to deviate from the Electrical Drawings and Specifications, submit written details and reasons for all changes to the Architect for approval.
 4. The general arrangement and location of existing conduits, piping, apparatus, etc., is approximate. The drawings and specifications are for the assistance and guidance of the contractor, exact locations, distances and elevations are governed by actual field conditions. Accuracy of data given herein and on the drawings is not guaranteed. Minor changes may be necessary to accommodate work. The contractor is responsible for verifying existing conditions. Should it be necessary to deviate from the design due to interference with existing conditions or work in progress, claims for additional compensation shall be limited to those for work required by unforeseen conditions as determined by the Architect.
 5. All drawings and divisions of these specifications shall be considered as whole. The contractor shall report any apparent discrepancies to the Architect prior to submitting bids.
 6. The contractor shall be held responsible to have examined the site and compared it with the specifications and plans and to have satisfied himself as to the conditions under which the work is to be performed. He shall be held responsible for knowledge of all existing conditions whether or not accurately described. No subsequent allowance shall be made for any extra expense due to failure to make such examination.

1.06 Closeout Submittals:

- A. Manuals: Furnish manuals for equipment where manuals are specified in the equipment specifications or are specified in Division 01.

1.07 Coordination:

- A. Coordinate the electrical work with the other trades, code authorities, utilities and the Architect.
- B. Provide and install all trenching, backfilling, conduit, pull boxes, splice boxes, etc. for all Utility Company services to the locations indicated on the Drawings. All materials and construction shall be in accordance with the requirements for all the Utility Companies. Prior to performing any work, the Electrical Contractor shall coordinate with the various Utility Companies and obtain utility company engineering drawings. Verify that all such work and materials shown on the Drawings are of sufficient sizes and correctly located to provide services on the site. The Electrical Contractor shall verify with all the Utility Companies that additional contractor furnished and installed work is not required. If additional work, materials, or changes are required by any of the Utility Companies, the Electrical Contractor shall advise the Architect of such changes and no further work shall then be performed until instructed to do so by the Architect. The Electrical Contractor shall coordinate with the various Utility Companies to schedule inspections and to obtain service connections.

- C. The Electrical Contractor shall schedule all utility work necessary for utility inspections, connections, cable installation, etc. for the new electrical service to meet the construction schedule.
- D. Utility Company charges shall be paid by the Owner.
- E. Contractor shall pay all inspection and other applicable fees and procure all permits necessary for the completion of this work.
- F. Where connections must be made to existing installations, properly schedule all the required work, including the power shutdown periods.
- G. When two trades join together in an area, make certain that no electrical work is omitted.

1.08 Job Conditions:

- A. Operations: Perform all work in compliance with Division 01
 - 1. Keep the number and duration of power shutdown periods to a minimum.
 - 2. Show all proposed shutdowns and their expected duration on the construction schedule. Schedule and carry out shutdowns so as to cause the least disruption to operation of the Owner's facilities.
 - 3. Carry out shutdown only after the schedule has been approved, in writing, by the owner. Submit power interruption schedule 15 days prior to date of interruption.
- B. Construction Power: Unless otherwise noted in Division 01 of these specifications, contractor shall make all arrangements and provide all necessary facilities for temporary construction power [from the owner's on site source. Energy costs shall be paid for by the Owner.
- C. Storage: Provide adequate storage for all equipment and materials which will become part of the completed facility so that it is protected from weather, dust, water, or construction operations.

1.09 Damaged Products:

- A. Notify the Architect in writing in the event that any equipment or material is damaged. Obtain approval from the Architect before making repairs to damaged products.

1.10 Locations:

- A. General: Use equipment, materials and wiring methods suitable for the types of locations in which they are located.
- B. Dry Locations: All those indoor areas which do not fall within the definition below for Wet Locations and which are not otherwise designated on the Drawings.
- C. Wet Locations: All locations exposed to the weather, whether under a roof or not, unless otherwise designated on the Drawings.

1.11 Safety and Indemnity:

- A. The Contractor is solely and completely responsible for conditions of the job site including safety of all persons and property during performance of the work. This requirement will apply continually and not be limited to normal working hours. The contractor shall provide and maintain throughout the work site proper safeguards including, but not limited to, enclosures, barriers, warning signs, lights, etc. to prevent accidental injury to people or damage to property.
- B. No act, service, drawing review or construction review by the Owner, the Engineer or their Consultants is intended to include reviews of the adequacy of the Contractors safety measures in or near the construction site.
- C. The Contractor performing work under this Division of the Specifications shall hold harmless, indemnify, and defend the Owner, the Engineer, their consultants, and each of their officers, agents and employees from any and all liability claims, losses, or damage arising out of or alleged to arise from bodily injury, sickness, or death of a person or persons and for all damages arising out of injury to or destruction of property arising directly or indirectly out of or in connection with the performance of the work under this Division of the Specifications, and from the Contractor's negligence in the performance of the work described in the construction contract documents, but not including liability that may be due to the sole negligence of the Owner, the Engineer, their Consultants or their officers, agents and employees.
- D. If a work area is encountered that contains hazardous materials, the contractor is advised to coordinate with the owner and it's abatement consultant for abatement of hazardous material by the Owner's Representative. "Hazardous materials" means any toxic substance regulated or controlled by OSHA, EPA, State of California or local rules, regulations and laws. Nothing herein shall be construed to create a liability for Aurum Consulting Engineers regarding hazardous materials abatement measures, or discovery of hazardous materials.

1.12 Access Doors:

- A. The contractor shall install access panels as required where floors, walls or ceilings must be penetrated for access to electrical, control, fire alarm or other specified electrical devices. The minimum size panel shall be 14" x 14" in usable opening. Where access by a service person is required, minimum usable opening shall be 18" x 24".
- B. All access doors installed lower than 7'-0" above finished floor and exposed to public access shall have keyed locks.
- C. Where specific information or details relating to access panels differ from Division 26 paragraph 1.12 of these specifications, or shown on the electrical drawings and details or under other Divisions of work, those requirements shall supersede these specifications.

1.13 Arc Flash:

- A. The contractor shall install a clearly visible arc flash warning to the inside door of all panelboards and industrial control panels, as well as to the front of all switchboards and motor control centers that are a part of this project.
- B. The warning shall have the following wording: line 1 "WARNING" (in large letters), line 2 "Potential Arc Flash Hazard" (in medium letters), line 3 & 4 "Appropriate Personal Protective Equipment and Tools required when working on this equipment".

1.14 Emergency Boxes:

- A. All boxes and enclosures for emergency circuits shall be permanently marked with a readily visible red spray painted mark.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 Standard of Quality:

- A. Products that are specified by manufacturer, trade name or catalog number establish a standard of quality and do not prohibit the use of equal products of other manufacturers provided they are established to be equal to the specified product and approved by the Architect prior to installation.
- B. Material and Equipment: Provide materials and equipment that are new and are current products of manufacturers regularly engaged in the production of such products. The standard products shall have been in satisfactory commercial or industrial use for two years prior to bid opening. The two-year period includes use of equipment and materials of similar size under similar circumstances. For uniformity, only one manufacturer will be accepted for each type of product.
- C. Service Support: Submit a certified list of qualified permanent service organizations including their addresses and qualification for support of the equipment. These service organizations shall be convenient to the equipment installation and able to render service to the equipment on a regular and emergency basis during the warranty period of the contract.
- D. Manufacturer's Recommendations: Where installation procedures are required to be in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations, furnish printed copies of the recommendations prior to installation. Installation of the item shall not proceed until recommendations are received. Failure to furnish recommendation shall be cause for rejection of the equipment or material.

2.02 Nameplates:

- A. For each piece of electrical equipment, provide a manufacturer's nameplate showing his name, location, the pertinent ratings, the model designation, and shop order number.
- B. Identify each piece of equipment and related controls with a rigid laminated engraved plastic nameplate. Unless otherwise noted, nameplates shall be melamine plastic 0.125 inch thick, white with black center core. Surface shall be matte finish. Corners shall be square. Accurately align lettering and engrave into the core. Minimum size of nameplates shall be 0.5 by 2.5 inches unless otherwise noted. Where not otherwise specified, lettering shall be a minimum of 0.25 inch high normal block style. Engrave nameplates with the inscriptions indicated on the Drawings and, if not so indicated, with the equipment name. Securely fasten nameplates in place using two stainless steel or brass screws.

2.03 Fasteners:

- A. Fasteners for securing equipment to walls, floors and the like shall be either hot-dip galvanized after fabrication or stainless steel.

2.04 Finish requirements:

- A. Equipment: Refer to each electrical equipment section of these Specifications for painting requirements of equipment enclosures. Repair any final paint finish which has been damaged or is otherwise unsatisfactory, to the satisfaction of the Architect.
- B. Wiring System: In finished areas, paint all exposed conduits, boxes and fittings to match the color of the surface to which they are affixed.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 Workmanship:

- A. Ensure that all equipment and materials fit properly in their installation.
- B. Perform any required work to correct improperly fit installation at no additional expense to the owner.
- C. All electrical equipment and materials shall be installed in a neat and workmanship manner in accordance with the "NECA-1 Standard Practices for Good Workmanship in Electrical Contracting". Workmanship of the entire job shall be first class in every respect.

3.02 Equipment Installations:

- A. Provide the required inserts, bolts and anchors, and securely attach all equipment and materials to their supports.
- B. Do all the cutting and patching necessary for the proper installation of work and repair any damage done.
- C. Earthquake restraints: all electrical equipment, including conduits over 2 inches in diameter, shall be braced or anchored to resist a horizontal force acting in any direction as per CBC Section 1616A Title 24, part 2 and ASCE7-10, Sections 13.3 and 13.6 and Table 13.6-1.
- D. Structural work: All core drilling, bolt anchor insertion, or cutting of existing structural concrete shall be approved by a California registered structural consulting engineer prior to the execution of any construction. At all floor slabs and structural concrete walls to be drilled, cut or bolt anchors inserted, the contractor shall find and mark all reinforcing in both faces located by means of x-ray, pach-ometer, or prof-ometer. Submit sketch showing location of rebar and proposed cuts, cores, or bolt anchor locations for approval.

3.03 Field Test:

- A. Test shall be in accordance with Acceptance testing specifications issued by the National Electrical Testing Association (NETA).
- B. Perform equipment field tests and adjustments. Properly calibrate, adjust and operationally check all circuits and components, and demonstrate as ready for service. Make additional calibration and adjustments if it is determined later that the initial adjustments are not satisfactory for proper performance. Perform equipment field test for equipment where equipment field tests are specified in the equipment Specifications. Give sufficient notice to the Architect prior to any test so that the tests may be witnessed.

- C. Provide instruments, other equipment and material required for the tests. These shall be of the type designed for the type of tests to be performed. Test instrument shall be calibrated by a recognized testing laboratory within three months prior to performing tests.
- D. Operational Tests: Operationally test all circuits to demonstrate that the circuits and equipment have been properly installed and adjusted and are ready for full-time service. Demonstrate the proper functioning of circuits in all modes of operation, including alarm conditions.
- E. Re-testing will be required for all unsatisfactory tests after the equipment or system has been repaired. Re-test all related equipment and systems if required by the Architect. Repair and re-test equipment and systems which have been satisfactorily tested but later fail, until satisfactory performance is obtained.
- F. Maintain records of each test and submit five copies to the Architect when testing is complete. All tests shall be witnessed by the Architect. These records shall include:
 - 1. Name of equipment tested.
 - 2. Date of report.
 - 3. Date of test.
 - 4. Description of test setup.
 - 5. Identification and rating of test equipment.
 - 6. Test results and data.
 - 7. Name of person performing test.
 - 8. Owner or Architect's initials.
- G. Items requiring testing shall be as noted in the additional electrical sections of these specifications.

3.04 Cleaning Equipment:

- A. Thoroughly clean all soiled surfaces of installed equipment and materials.

3.05 Painting of Equipment:

- A. Factory Applied: Electrical equipment shall have factory applied painting system which shall, as a minimum, meet the requirements of NEMA ICS 6 corrosion-resistance test and the additional requirements specified in the technical section.
- B. Field Applied: Paint electrical equipment as required to match finish of adjacent surfaces.

3.06 Records:

- A. Maintain one copy of the contract Drawing Sheets on the site of the work for recording the "as built" condition. After completion of the work, the Contractor shall carefully mark the work as actually constructed, revising, deleting and adding to the Drawing Sheets as required. The following requirements shall be complied with:

1. Cable Size and Type: Provide the size and type of each cable installed on project.
2. Substructure: Where the location of all underground conduits, pull boxes, stub ups and etc. where are found to be different than shown, carefully mark the correct location on the Drawings. Work shall be dimensioned from existing improvements.
3. Size of all conduit runs.
4. Routes of concealed conduit runs and conduit runs below grade.
5. Homerun points of all branch circuit.
6. Location of all switchgear, panels, MCC, lighting control panels, pullcans, etc.
7. Changes made as a result of all approved change orders, addendums, or field authorized revisions.
8. As Builds: At the completion of the Work the Contractor shall review, certify, correct and turn over the marked up Drawings to the Architect for his use in preparing "as built" plans.
9. As built Drawings shall be delivered to the Architect within ten (10) days of completion of construction.

3.07 Clean Up:

- A. Upon completion of electrical work, remove all surplus materials, rubbish, and debris that accumulated during the construction work. Leave the entire area neat, clean, and acceptable to the Architect.

3.08 Mechanical and Plumbing Electrical Work:

- A. The requirements for electrical power and/or devices for all mechanical and plumbing equipment supplied and/or installed under this Contract shall be coordinated and verified with the following:
 1. Mechanical and Plumbing Drawings.
 2. Mechanical and Plumbing sections of these Specifications.
 3. Manufacturers of the Mechanical and Plumbing equipment supplied.
- B. The coordination and verification shall include the voltage, ampacity, phase, location and type of disconnect, control, and connection required. Any changes that are required as a result of this coordination and verification shall be a part of this Contract.
- C. The Electrical Contractor shall furnish and install the following for all mechanical and plumbing equipment:
 1. Line voltage conduit and wiring.
 2. Disconnect switches.
 3. Manual line motor starters.
- D. Automatic line voltage controls and magnetic starters shall be furnished by the Mechanical and/or Plumbing Contractor and installed and connected by the Electrical Contractor. When subcontracted for by the Mechanical and/or Plumbing Contractor, all line voltage control wiring

installed by the Electrical Contractor shall be done per directions from the Mechanical and/or Plumbing Contractor.

- E. All low voltage control wiring for Mechanical and Plumbing equipment shall be installed in conduit. Furnishing, installation and connection of all low voltage conduit, boxes, wiring and controls shall be by the Mechanical and/or Plumbing Contractor.
- F. Disconnects (Motor And Circuit)
 - 1. Disconnect switches shall be as manufactured by ITE- Siemens, General Electric or Square D.
- G. Disconnects (Motor: Fused):
 - 1. Disconnect switches shall be provided and located at all motors.
 - 2. Switches for three-phase motors shall be heavy-duty, horsepower rated three-pole, and surface mounted except as noted on drawings.
 - 3. Switches containing more than three poles shall be as specified on the drawings.
 - 4. Switches for single-phase, fractional horsepower motors shall be heavy-duty, horsepower rated.
 - 5. Switches shall be horsepower rated.
- H. Manual motor starters, where required, shall have toggle type operators with pilot light and melting alloy type overload relays, SQUARE D COMPANY, Class 2510, Type FG-1P (surface) or Type FS-1P (flush) or ITE, WESTINGHOUSE or GENERAL ELECTRIC equal.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 05 19

LINE VOLTAGE WIRE AND CABLE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 Description of Work:

- A. The work of this Section consists of providing all wire and cable rated 600 volts or less, including splices and terminations, as shown on the Drawings and as described herein.

1.02 Related Work:

- A. See the following Specification Section for work related to the work in this Section:

- 1. 260542 Conduits, Raceways and Fittings.
- 2. 260533 Junction and Pull Boxes.

1.03 Quality Assurance

- A. Field tests shall be performed as specified in paragraph 3.04 of this Section.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 Conductors:

- A. Conductors shall be copper, type THHN/THWN/MTW oil and gasoline resistant, 600 volt rated insulation.
- B. Conductors shall be stranded copper.
- C. Minimum power and control wire size shall be No. 12 AWG unless otherwise noted.
- D. All conductors used on this Project shall be of the same type and conductor material.

2.02 Cables:

- A. All individual conductors shall be copper with type THHN/THWN, 600 volt rated insulation.
- D. Insulation Marking - All insulated conductors shall be identified with printing colored to contrast with the insulation color.
- E. Color Coding - As specified in paragraph 3.03.
- F. Special Wiring - Where special wiring is proposed by an equipment manufacturer, submit the special wiring requirements to the Owner's Representative and, if approved, provide same. Special wire shall be the type required by the equipment manufacturer.
- G. Other Wiring - Wire or cable not specifically shown on the Drawings or specified, but required, shall be of the type and size required for the application and as approved by the Owner's Representative.
- H. Manufacturer - Acceptable manufacturers including Cablec, Southwire, or equal.

2.03 Terminations:

- A. Manufacturer - Terminals as manufactured by T&B, Burndy or equal.
- B. Wire Terminations – Stranded conductors shall be terminated in clamping type terminations which serve to contain all the strands of the conductor. Curling of a stranded conductor around a screw type terminal is not allowed. For screw type terminations, use a fork type stake-on termination on the stranded conductor. Use only a stake-on tool approved for the fork terminals selected.
- C. End Seals - Heat shrink plastic caps of proper size for the wire on which used.

2.04 Tape:

- A. Tape used for terminations and cable marking shall be compatible with the insulation and jacket of the cable and shall be of plastic material.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 Cable Installation:

- A. Clean Raceways - Clean all raceways prior to installation of cables as specified in Section 260542 - Conduits Raceway and Fittings.
- B. All line voltage wiring shall be installed in conduit.
- C. All feeder conductors shall be continuous from equipment to equipment. Splices in feeders are not permitted unless specifically noted or approved by the Electrical Engineer.
- D. All branch circuit wiring shall be run concealed in ceiling spaces, walls, below floors or in crawl spaces unless noted otherwise.
- E. Cable Pulling - Exercise care in pulling wires and cables into conduit or wireways so as to avoid kinking, putting undue stress on the cables or otherwise abrading them. No grease will be permitted in pulling cables. Only soapstone, talc, or UL listed pulling compound will be permitted. The raceway construction shall be complete and protected from the weather before cable is pulled into it. Swab conduits before installing cables and exercise care in pulling, to avoid damage to conductors.
- F. Bending Radius - Cable bending radius shall be per applicable code. Install feeder cables in one continuous length.
- G. Equipment Grounding Conductors - Provide an equipment grounding conductor, whether or not it is shown on the Drawings, in all conduits or all raceways.
- H. Panelboard Wiring - In panels, bundle incoming wire and cables which are No. 6 AWG and smaller, lace at intervals not greater than 6 inches, neatly spread into trees and connect to their respective terminals. Allow sufficient slack in cables for alterations in terminal connections. Perform lacing with plastic cable ties or linen lacing twine. Where plastic panel wiring duct is provided for cable runs, lacing is not necessary when the cable is properly installed in the duct.

3.02 Cable Terminations and Splices:

- A. Splices - UL Listed wirenuts.
- B. Terminations - Shall comply with the following:
 - 1. Make up and form cable and orient terminals to minimize cable strain and stress on device being terminated on.
 - 2. Burnish oxide from conductor prior to inserting in oxide breaking compound filled terminal.

3.03 Circuit and Conductor Identification:

- A. Color Coding - Provide color coding for all circuit conductors. Insulation color shall be white for neutrals and green for grounding conductors. Conductor colors shall be as follows:

<u>VOLTAGE</u>	<u>208/120V</u>	<u>480/277V</u>
Phase A	Black	Brown
Phase B	Red	Orange
Phase C	Blue	Yellow
Neutral	White	Grey
Ground	Green	Green

- B. Color coding shall be in the conductor insulation for all conductors #10 AWG and smaller; for larger conductors, color shall be either in the insulation or in colored plastic tape applied at every location where the conductor is readily accessible.
- C. Circuit Identification - All underground distribution and service circuits shall be provided with plastic identification tags in each secondary box and at each termination. Tags shall identify the source transformer of the circuit and the building number(s) serviced by the circuit.

3.04 Field Tests:

- A. All systems shall test free from short circuits and grounds, shall be free from mechanical and electrical defects, and shall show an insulation resistance between phase conductors and ground of not less than the requirements of the CEC. All circuits shall be tested for proper neutral connections.
- B. Insulation Resistance Tests: Perform insulation resistance tests (MEGGER CABLES) on circuits with #2 AWG and larger conductors to be energized with a line-to-neutral voltage of 120 volts or more. Make these tests before all equipment has been connected. Test the insulation with a 500Vdc insulation resistance tester with a scale reading 100 megohms. The insulation resistance shall be 2 megohms or more. Submit results for review.
- C. Contractor shall Torque all termination of feeders/circuits where required per CEC and manufacturer labeling requirements at point of connection. Submit results for review.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 05 26

GROUNDING

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 Section Includes:

- A. Conduits, wires, ground rods and other materials for the electrical grounding system.

1.02 Related Sections:

- A. Section 260500 - Electrical General Requirements.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 Ground Rod:

- A. "Copperweld" ground rod conforming to or exceeding requirements of U.L. Specification No. 467 (ANSI C-33.8). Rod shall be 3/4" diameter and 10' in length, unless otherwise noted on the Drawings.

2.02 Below Grade Connections:

- A. Compression fittings, Thomas & Betts, Series 52000, 53000 or 54000 or approved equal.

2.01 Hardware:

- A. Bolts, nuts and washers shall be bronze, cadmium plated steel or other non-corrosive materials, approved for the purpose.

2.04 Waterproof Sealant:

- A. Use Kearney "Aqua Seal" mastic sealant on all below grade clamp or compression type connections.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 Grounding and Bonding:

- A. Grounding and bonding shall be as required by codes and local authorities.
- B. All electrical equipment shall be grounded, including, but not limited to, panel boards, terminal cabinets and outlet boxes.
- C. The ground pole of receptacles shall be connected to their outlet boxes by means of a copper ground wire connecting to a screw in the back of the box.
- D. A green insulated copper ground wire, sized to comply with codes, shall be installed in all conduit runs.
- E. All metal parts of pull boxes shall be grounded per code requirements.

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- F. All ground conductors shall be green insulated copper.
- G. The ground system electrodes shall be tested for resistance before the equipment ground conductors are connected. Maximum ground system resistance shall be 25 ohms. Install up to two additional ground rods to meet the 25 ohm requirement. Multiple ground rods shall not be less than 10 feet apart.
- H. Grounding of the panels and buildings shall be completed as indicated on the Drawings.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 05 33

OUTLET, JUNCTION AND PULL BOXES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 Description of Work:

- A. The work of this Section consists of providing all required labor, supervision, materials and equipment to satisfactorily complete all electrical installations shown on the drawings, included in these Specification, or otherwise needed for a complete and fully operating facility. The work shall include but not be limited to the following:
- B. Furnish and install all required material, supports and miscellaneous material for the satisfactory interconnection of all associated electrical systems.

1.02 Related Work:

- A. See the following specification sections for work related to the work of this section.
 - 1. 260500 General Electrical Requirements.
 - 2. 260542 Conduits, Raceway and Fittings.
 - 3. 260519 Line Voltage Wire and Cable.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 Outlet boxes, Junction and Pull boxes

- A. Standard Outlet Boxes: Galvanized, steel, knock-out type of size and configuration best suited to the application indicated on the Drawings. Minimum box size shall be 4 inches square (octagon for most light fixtures) by 1-1/2 inches deep with mud rings as required.
- B. Switch boxes: Minimum box size shall be 4 inches square by 1-1/2 inches deep with mud rings as required. Install multiple switches in standard gang boxes with raised device covers suitable for the application indicated.
- C. Conduit bodies: Cadmium plated, cast iron alloy. Conduit bodies with threaded conduit hubs and neoprene gasketed, cast iron covers. Bodies shall be used to facilitate pulling of conductors or to make changes in conduit direction only. Splices are not permitted in conduit bodies. Crouse-Hinds Form 8 Condulets, Appleton Form 35 Unilets or equal.
- D. Sheet Metal Boxes: Use standard outlet or concrete ring boxes wherever possible; otherwise use a minimum 16 gauge galvanized sheet metal, NEMA I box sized to Code requirements with covers secured by cadmium plated machine screws located six inches on centers. Circle AW Products, Hoffman Engineering Company or equal.
- E. Flush Mounted Pull boxes and Junction boxes: Provide overlapping covers with flush head cover retaining screws, prime coated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 Outlet Boxes

A. General:

1. All outlet boxes shall finish flush with building walls, ceilings and floors except in mechanical and electrical rooms above accessible ceiling or where exposed work is called for on the Drawings.
2. Install raised device covers (plaster rings) on all switch and receptacle outlet boxes installed in masonry or stud walls or in furred, suspended or exposed concrete ceilings. Covers shall be of a depth to suit the wall or ceiling finish.
3. Leave no unused openings in any box. Install close-up plugs as required to seal openings.

B. Box Layout:

1. Outlet boxes shall be installed at the locations and elevations shown on the drawings or specified herein. Make adjustments to locations as required by structural conditions and to suit coordination requirements of other trades.
2. Locate switch outlet boxes on the latch side of doorways.
3. Outlet boxes shall not be installed back to back nor shall through-wall boxes be permitted. Outlet boxes on opposite sides of a common wall shall be separated horizontally by at least one stud or vertical structural member.
4. For outlets mounted above counters, benches or backsplashes, coordinate location and mounting heights with built-in units. Adjust mounting height to agree with required location for equipment served.
5. On fire rated walls, the total face area of the outlet boxes shall not exceed 100 square inches per 100 square feet of wall area.

C. Supports:

1. Outlet Boxes installed in metal stud walls shall be equipped with brackets designed for attaching directly to the studs or shall be mounted on specified box supports.
2. Fixture outlet boxes installed in suspended ceiling of gypsum board or lath and plaster construction shall be mounted to 16 gauge metal channel bars attached to main ceiling runners.
3. Fixture outlet boxes installed in suspended ceilings supporting acoustical tiles or panels shall be supported directly from the structure above where pendant mounted lighting fixture are to be installed on the box.
4. Fixture Boxes above tile ceilings having exposed suspension systems shall be supported directly from the structure above.
5. Outlet and / or junction boxes shall not be supported by grid or fixture hanger wires at any locations.

3.02 Junction And Pull Boxes

A. General:

1. Install junction or pull boxes where required to limit bends in conduit runs to not more than 360 degrees or where pulling tension achieved would exceed the maximum allowable for the cable to be installed. Note that these boxes are not shown on the Drawings.
2. Locate pull boxes and junction boxes in concealed locations above accessible ceilings or exposed in electrical rooms, utility rooms or storage areas.
3. Install raised covers (plaster rings) on boxes in stud walls or in furred, suspended or exposed concrete ceilings. Covers shall be of a depth to suit the wall or ceiling finish.
4. Leave no unused openings in any box. Install close-up plugs as required to seal openings.
5. Identify circuit numbers and panel on cover of junction box with black marker pen.

B. Box Layouts:

1. Boxes above hung ceilings having concealed suspension systems shall be located adjacent to openings for removable recessed lighting fixtures.

C. Supports:

1. Boxes installed in metal stud walls shall be equipped with brackets designed for attaching directly to the studs or shall be mounted on specified box supports.
2. Boxes installed in suspended ceilings of gypsum board or lath and plaster construction shall be mounted to 16 gauge metal channel bars attached to main ceiling runners.
3. Boxes installed in suspended ceilings supporting acoustical tiles or panels shall be supported directly from the structure above.
4. Boxes mounted above suspended acoustical tile ceilings having exposed suspension systems shall be supported directly from the structure above.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 05 42

CONDUITS, RACEWAYS AND FITTINGS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.01 Description of Work:

- A. The work of this section consists of furnishing and installing conduits, raceways and fittings as shown on the Drawings and as described herein.

1.02 Related Work:

- A. See the following specification sections for work related to the work in this section:
 - 1. 260543 Underground Ducts
 - 2. 260544 In Grade Pull Boxes
 - 3. 260519 Line Voltage Wire and Cable
 - 4. 260533 Junction and Pull Boxes

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.01 Conduits, Raceways:

- A. Electrical Metallic Tubing (EMT) shall be hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. Couplings shall be compression or set-screw type.
- B. Flexible Conduit: Flexible metal conduit shall be galvanized steel.
- C. Galvanized Rigid Steel Conduit (GRS) shall be hot-dip galvanized after fabrication. Couplings shall be threaded type.
- D. Rigid Non-metallic Conduit: Rigid non-metallic conduit shall be PVC Schedule 40 (PVC-40 or NEMA Type EPC-40) conduit approved for underground use and for use with 90° C wires.

2.02 Conduit Supports:

- A. Supports for individual conduits shall be galvanized malleable iron one-hole type with conduit back spacer.
- B. Supports for multiple conduits shall be hot-dipped galvanized Unistrut or Superstrut channels, or approved equal. All associated hardware shall be hot-dip galvanized.
- C. Supports for EMT conduits shall be galvanized pressed steel single hole straps.
- D. Clamp fasteners shall be by wedge anchors. Shot in anchors shall not be allowed.

2.03 Fittings:

- A. Provide threaded-type couplings and connectors for rigid steel conduits; provide steel compression (watertight), or steel set-screw type for EMT, (die-cast zinc or malleable iron type fittings are not allowed). Provide threaded couplings and Meyers hubs for rigid steel conduit exposed to weather.
- B. Fittings for flexible conduit shall be Appleton, Chicago, IL, Type ST, O-Z Gedney Series 4Q by General Signal Corp., Terryville, CT, T & B 5300 series, or approved equal.
- C. Fittings for use with rigid steel shall be galvanized steel or galvanized cast ferrous metal; access fittings shall have gasketed cast covers and be Crouse Hinds Condulets, Syracuse, NY, Appleton Unilets, Chicago, IL, or approved equal. Provide threaded-type couplings and connectors; set-screw type and compression-type are not acceptable.
- D. Fittings for use with rigid non-metallic conduit shall be PVC and have solvent-weld-type conduit connections.
- E. Union couplings for conduits shall be the Erickson type and shall be Appleton, Chicago, IL, Type EC, O-Z Gedney 3-piece Series 4 by General Signal Corp., Terryville, CT, or approved equal. Threadless coupling shall not be used.
- F. Bushings:
 - 1. Bushings shall be the insulated type.
 - 2. Bushings for rigid steel shall be insulated grounding type, O-Z Gedney Type HBLG, Appleton Type GIB, or approved equal.
- G. Conduit Sealants:
 - 1. Fire Retardant Types: Fire stop material shall be reusable, non-toxic, asbestos-free, expanding, putty type material with a 3-hour rating in accordance with UL Classification 35L4 or as specified on the Drawings.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.01 Conduit, Raceway and Fitting Installation:

- A. For conduit runs exposed to weather provide rigid metal (GRS).
- B. For conduit run underground, in concrete or masonry block wall and under concrete slabs, install minimum 3/4" size nonmetallic (PVC) with PVC elbows. Where conduits transition from underground or under slab to above grade install wrapped rigid metal (GRS) elbows and risers.
- C. For conduit runs concealed in steel or wood framed walls or in ceiling spaces or exposed in interior spaces above six feet over the finished floor, install EMT.
- D. Flexible metal conduit shall be used only for the connection of recessed lighting fixtures and motor connections unless otherwise noted on the Drawings. Liquid-tight steel flexible conduit shall be used for motor connections.
- E. The minimum size raceway shall be 1/2-inch unless indicated otherwise on the Drawings.

- F. Installation shall comply with the CEC.
- G. From pull point to pull point, the sum of the angles of all of the bends and offset shall not exceed 360 degrees.
- H. Conduit Supports: Properly support all conduits as required by the NEC. Run all conduits concealed except where otherwise shown on the drawings.
 - 1. Exposed Conduits: Support exposed conduits within three feet of any equipment or device and at intervals not exceeding NEC requirements; wherever possible, group conduits together and support on common supports. Support exposed conduits fastened to the surface of the concrete structure by one-hole clamps, or with channels. Use conduit spacers with one-hole clamps.
 - a. Conduits attached to walls or columns shall be as unobtrusive as possible and shall avoid windows. Run all exposed conduits parallel or at right angles to building lines.
 - b. Group exposed conduits together. Arrange such conduits uniformly and neatly.
 - 2. Support all conduits within three feet of any junction box, coupling, bend or fixture.
 - 3. Support conduit risers in shafts with Unistrut Superstrut, or approved equal, channels and straps.
- I. Moisture Seals: Provide in accordance with NEC paragraphs 230-8 and 300-5(g).
- J. Where PVC conduit transitions from underground to above grade, provide rigid steel 90's with risers. Rigid steel shall be half-lap wrapped with 20 mil tape and extend minimum 12" above grade.
- K. Provide a nylon pull cord in each empty raceway.
- L. Provide galvanized rigid steel factory fittings for galvanized rigid steel conduit.
- M. Slope all underground raceways to provide drainage; for example, slope conduit from equipment located inside a building to the pull box or manhole located outside the building.
- N. Conduits shall be blown out and swabbed prior to pulling wires, or installation of pull cord in empty conduits.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 05 50
THROUGH-PENETRATION FIRESTOPPING FOR ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 Related Documents:

- A. Drawings and Division 0 Specification Section, apply to work specified in this section.

1.2 Definitions:

- A. Firestopping: The process of restoring an hourly fire endurance rating back to a fire barrier that lost its rating from an opening created in it.

1.3 General Description of the Work of This Section:

Only tested firestop systems shall be used in specific locations as follows:

- A. Penetrations for the passage of cables, conduit, and other electrical equipment through fire-rated vertical barriers (walls and partitions), horizontal barriers (floor/ceiling assemblies), and vertical service shaft walls and partitions.

1.4 Related Work of Other Sections:

- A. Coordinate work of this section with work of other sections as required to properly execute the work and as necessary to maintain satisfactory progress of the work of other sections, including (if available):
 - 1. Section 033000 - Cast-In-Place Concrete
 - 2. Section 092116 - Gypsum Drywall Systems
 - 3. Section 260500 - General Electrical Requirements
 - 4. Section 104400 - Fire Protection Specialties

1.5 References:

- A. Test Requirements: ASTM E-814, "Standard Method of Fire Tests of Through Penetration Fire Stops" (July 1997).
- B. Underwriters Laboratories (UL) of Northbrook, IL runs ASTM E-814 under their designation of UL 1479 and publishes the results in their "FIRE RESISTANCE DIRECTORY" that is updated annually.
 - 1. UL Fire Resistance Directory:
 - a. Through-Penetration Firestop Devices (XHCR)
 - b. Fire Resistance Ratings (BXUV)
 - c. Through-Penetration Firestop Systems (XHEZ)
 - d. Fill, Voids, or Cavity Material (XHHW)
 - e. Forming Materials (XHKU)
- C. International Firestop Council Guidelines for Evaluating Firestop Systems Engineering Judgments
- D. ASTM E-84, Standard Test Method for Surface Burning Characteristics of Building Materials.
- E. All major building codes: ICBO, SBCCI, BOCA, and IBC.

(Note to specifier: Retain or delete building codes listed above as applicable)

F. NFPA 101 - Life Safety Code

1.6 Quality Assurance:

- A. Firestop System installation must meet requirements of ASTM E-814, UL 1479 or UL 2079 tested assemblies that provide a fire rating equal to that of construction being penetrated.
- B. Proposed firestop materials and methods shall conform to applicable governing codes having local jurisdiction.
- C. Firestop Systems do not reestablish the structural integrity of load bearing partitions/assemblies, or support live loads and traffic. Installer shall consult the structural engineer prior to penetrating any load bearing assembly.

1.7 Project Conditions :

- A. Do not use materials that contain flammable solvents.
- B. Do not install penetration firestopping when ambient or substrate temperatures are outside limits permitted by penetration firestopping manufacturers or when substrates are wet because of rain, frost, condensation, or other causes.
- C. Install and cure penetration firestopping per manufacturer's written instructions using natural means of ventilations or, where this is inadequate, forced-air circulation.
- D. Scheduling
 - 1. Schedule installation of CAST IN PLACE firestop devices after completion of floor formwork, metal form deck, or composite deck but before placement of concrete.
 - 2. Schedule installation of other firestopping materials after completion of penetrating item installation but prior to covering or concealing of openings.
- E. Verify existing conditions and substrates before starting work. Correct unsatisfactory conditions before proceeding.
- F. During installation, provide masking and drop cloths to prevent firestopping materials from contaminating any adjacent surfaces.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 Firestopping, General:

- A. Provide firestopping composed of components that are compatible with each other, the substrates forming openings, and the items, if any, penetrating the firestopping under conditions of service and application, as demonstrated by the firestopping manufacturer based on testing and field experience.
- B. Provide components for each firestopping system that are needed to install fill material. Use only components specified by the firestopping manufacturer and approved by the qualified testing agency for the designated fire-resistance-rated systems.

- C. Fire rated pathway devices shall be the preferred product and shall be installed in all locations where frequent cable moves, add-ons and changes will occur.

2.2 Acceptable Manufacturers:

- A. Subject to compliance with through penetration firestop systems (XHEZ) listed in Volume II of the UL Fire Resistance Directory, provide products of the following manufacturers as identified below:
 - 1. Specified Technologies Inc., STI
800-992-1180
 - 2. Hilti, Inc., Tulsa, Oklahoma
800-879-8000
 - 3. Other manufacturers listed in the U.L. Fire Resistance Directory – Volume 2

2.3 Materials:

- A. Use only firestop products that have been UL 1479, ASTM E-814 tested for specific fire-rated construction conditions conforming to construction assembly type, penetrating item type, annular space requirements, and fire-rating involved for each separate instance.
- B. Cast-in place firestop devices: Single component molded firestop device installed on forms prior to concrete placement with totally encapsulated, tamper-proof integral firestop system and smoke sealing gasket. Cast-in Place firestop devices are installed prior to concrete placement for use with non-combustible and combustible plastic pipe (closed and open piping systems), or electrical cable bundles, penetrating concrete floors, the following products are acceptable:
 - 1. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal CD Cast-In Firestop Device
 - 2. Hilti CP 680 Cast-In Place Firestop Device
 - 3. Equivalent products listed in the U.L. Fire Resistance Directory – Volume 2
- C. Latex Sealants: Single component latex formulations that upon cure do not re-emulsify during exposure to moisture. Latex Sealants for use with non-combustible items including rigid steel conduit and electrical metallic tubing (EMT), the following products are acceptable:
 - 1. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series SSS Intumescent Sealant
 - 2. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series LCI Intumescent Sealant
 - 3. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series LC Endothermic Sealant
 - 4. Hilti FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant
 - 5. Equivalent products listed in the U.L. Fire Resistance Directory – Volume 2
- D. Intumescent Latex sealants: Single component latex formulations that upon cure do not re-emulsify during exposure to moisture. Intumescent Latex Sealants or caulking materials for use with combustible items (penetrants consumed by high heat and flame) including PVC jacketed, flexible cable or cable bundles and plastic pipe, the following products are acceptable:
 - 1. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series SSS Intumescent Sealant
 - 2. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series LCI Intumescent Sealant
 - 3. Hilti FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant
 - 4. Equivalent products listed in the U.L. Fire Resistance Directory – Volume 2
- E. Intumescent sealants, foams, caulking or putty materials for use with flexible cable or cable bundles, the following products are acceptable:
 - 1. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series SSS Intumescent Sealant

2. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series LCI Intumescent Sealant
 3. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series SSP Firestop Putty
 4. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) Ready Firestop Grommet
 5. Hilti FS-ONE Intumescent Firestop Sealant
 6. Equivalent products listed in the U.L. Fire Resistance Directory – Volume 2
- F. Non curing, re-penetrable intumescent sealants, caulking or putty materials for use with flexible cable or cable bundles, the following products are acceptable:
1. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series SSP Firestop Putty
 2. Equivalent products listed in the U.L. Fire Resistance Directory – Volume 2
- G. Wall opening protective materials: Intumescent, non-curing pads or inserts for protection of electrical switch and receptacle boxes to reduce horizontal separation to less than 24". Wall opening protective materials for use with U.L. listed metallic and specified nonmetallic outlet boxes, the following products are acceptable:
1. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series SSP Firestop Putty Pads
 2. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series EP PowerShield Insert Pads
 3. Equivalent products listed in the U.L. Fire Resistance Directory – Volume 1
- H. Materials used for complex penetrations made to accommodate cable trays, multiple steel and copper pipes, electrical busways in raceways, the following products are acceptable:
1. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series SSM Firestop Mortar
 2. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series SSB Firestop Pillows
 3. Hilti FS 635 Trowelable Firestop Compound
 4. Hilti FS 657 FIRE BLOCK
 5. Hilti CP 620 Fire Foam
 6. Equivalent products listed in the U.L. Fire Resistance Directory – Volume 2
- I. Non curing, re-penetrable materials used for large size/complex penetrations made to accommodate cable trays, multiple steel and copper pipes, electrical busways in raceways, the following products are acceptable:
1. Specified Technologies, Inc. (STI) SpecSeal Series SSB Firestop Pillows
 2. Hilti FS 657 FIRE BLOCK
 3. Equivalent products listed in the U.L. Fire Resistance Directory – Volume 2
- J. Fire Rated Cable Pathways: STI EZ-PATH™ Brand device modules comprised of steel raceway with intumescent foam pads allowing 0 to 100 percent cable fill, the following products are acceptable:
1. Specified Technologies Inc. (STI) EZ-PATH™ Fire Rated Pathway
- K. Provide a firestop system with a "F" Rating as determined by UL 1479 or ASTM E814 which is equal to the time rating of construction being penetrated.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 Preparation:

- A. Verification of Conditions: Examine areas and conditions under which work is to be performed and identify conditions detrimental to proper or timely completion.
 - 1. Verify penetrations are properly sized and in suitable condition for application of materials.
 - 2. Surfaces to which firestop materials will be applied shall be free of dirt, grease, oil, rust, laitance, release agents, water repellents, and any other substances that may affect proper adhesion.
 - 3. Provide masking and temporary covering to prevent soiling of adjacent surfaces by firestopping materials.
 - 4. Comply with manufacturer's recommendations for temperature and humidity conditions before, during and after installation of firestopping.
 - 5. Do not proceed until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 Coordination:

- A. Coordinate location and proper selection of cast-in-place Firestop Devices with trade responsible for the work. Ensure device is installed before placement of concrete.

3.3 Installation:

- A. Regulatory Requirements: Install firestop materials in accordance with UL Fire Resistance Directory.
- B. Manufacturer's Instructions: Comply with manufacturer's instructions for installation of through-penetration materials.
 - 1. Seal all holes or voids made by penetrations to ensure an air and water resistant seal.
 - 2. Protect materials from damage on surfaces subjected to traffic.

3.4 Field Quality Control:

- A. Examine sealed penetration areas to ensure proper installation before concealing or enclosing areas.
- B. Keep areas of work accessible until inspection by applicable code authorities.
- C. Perform under this section patching and repairing of firestopping caused by cutting or penetrating of existing firestop systems already installed by other trades.

3.5 Adjusting and Cleaning:

- A. Remove equipment, materials and debris, leaving area in undamaged, clean condition.
- B. Clean all surfaces adjacent to sealed holes and joints to be free of excess firestop materials and soiling as work progresses.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 26 27 26

DEVICES WIRING

PART 1 – GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

- A. The work of this section consists of:
 - 1. Furnishing, installing, and connecting all duplex receptacles complete with wall plates and/or covers, as shown on the Drawings.
 - 2. Furnishing, installing and connecting all light switches complete with wall plates and or handle operators, as shown on the Drawings.

1.2 RELATED WORK

- A. See the following specification sections for work related to the work of this section:

- 1. 260542 Conduits, Raceways and Fittings.
- 2. 260519 Line Voltage Wire and Cable.
- 3. 260533 Junction and Pull Boxes.

1.3 SUBMITTALS: As specified in Section 260500 and Division 01.

- A. Submit manufacturers published descriptive literature properly marked to identify the items to be supplied.
- B. A single complete submittal is required for all products covered by this Section.

PART 2 – PRODUCTS

2.1 RECEPTACLES

- A. General - Receptacles shall be heavy duty, high abuse, grounding type.
- B. Duplex Receptacles:
 - 1. Receptacles shall be specification grade, rated 20 ampere, two-pole, 3-wire, 125 volt, NEMA 5-20 configuration, self-grounding with screw terminals. Color shall be as selected by the Owner.
 - 2. Devices shall have a nylon face, back and side wired.
 - 3. Manufacturer: Hubbell #DR20 Series, Leviton #16352.
- C. GFCI Receptacles:

1. Device shall be rated 20 ampere, 2-pole, 3-wire, 120 volt, conforming to NEMA 5-20 configuration. Face shall be nylon composition. Unit shall have an LED type red indicator light, test and reset push buttons. Color shall be as selected by the Architect.
2. GFCI component shall meet UL 943 Class A standards with a tripping time of 1/40 second at 5 milliamperes current unbalance. Operating range shall extend from -31 F to 158 F. Unit shall have transient voltage protection and shall be ceramic encapsulated for protection against moisture.
3. Manufacturer: Hubbell #GF20__LA Series, Leviton #7899 Series.

D. Weather Resistant GFCI Receptacles:

1. Device shall be rated 20 ampere, 2-pole, 3-wire, 120 volt, conforming to NEMA 5-20 configuration, Face shall be nylon composition. Unit shall have a LED type red indicator light, test and reset push buttons. Color shall be as selected by the architect.
2. GFCI component shall meet UL 943 Class A standards with a tripping time of 1/40 second at 5 milliamperes current unbalance. Operating range shall extend from -31 F to 158 F. Unit shall have transient voltage protection and shall be ceramic encapsulated for protection against moisture.
3. Manufacturer: Hubbell #GFTR20 __ Series, Leviton # W7899-TR Series.

2.2 SWITCHES

- A. Switches shall be rated 20 amperes to 120/277 volts ac. Units shall be flush mounted, self-grounding, quiet operating rocker devices. Rocker color shall be as selected by the Architect.
 1. Manufacturer: Hubbell #DS_20__ Series, Leviton #5621 Series. See plans for single pole, three way and four way requirements.
- B. Timed switches: Shall be as designed by Paragon Electric Company # ET2000f or Watt Stopper TS-200 rated for the voltage specified on drawings. Time-out shall be adjustable from 5 minutes up to 12 hours. Unit shall be provided with warning alarm.
- C. Dimmer switches: Switch shall be as specified on drawings, color per architect. Heat fins shall not be removed, where dimmer switches are ganged together, care shall be taken to install correct size backbox to accommodate switches without removing fins.

2.3 PLATES

- A. General - Plates shall be of the style and color to match the wiring devices, and of the required number of gangs. Plates shall conform with NEMA WD 1, UL 514 and FS W-P-455A. Plates on finished walls shall be non-metallic or stainless steel. Plates on unfinished walls and on fittings shall be of zinc plated steel or case metal and shall have rounded corners and beveled edges.
- B. Non-Metallic: Plates shall be plain with beveled edges and shall be nylon or reinforced fiberglass.
- C. Stainless Steel: Plates shall be .040 inches thick with beveled edges and shall be manufactured from No. 430 alloy having a brushed or satin finish.

- D. Cast Metal: Plates shall be cast or malleable iron covers with gaskets so as to be moisture resistant or weatherproof.
- E. Blank Plates: Cover plates for future telephone outlets shall match adjacent device wall plates in appearance and construction.
- F. Weatherproof Plate: Cover plates in wet and damp locations shall have recessed in-use covers, Taymac or equal. Back box shall be suitable for the wall material where it is installed.
- G. Labeling: All switch and receptacle plates shall be labeled on the top portion of the plate with the panelboard and circuit number serving that device. Lettering shall be 3/16" minimum high, black color, on clear Mylar 3/8" tape. Manufactured by P-touch or equal.

PART 3 – EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION OF WIRING DEVICES

- A. Interior Locations: In finished walls, install each device in a flush mounted box with washers as required to bring the device mounting strap level with the surface of the finished wall. On unfinished walls, surface mount boxes level and plumb.
- B. Mounting Heights: Adjust boxes so that the front edge of the box shall not be farther back from the finished wall plane than 1/4-inch. Adjust boxes so that they do not project beyond the finished wall. Height of device shall be as follows unless otherwise noted on the drawings:
 - 1. Receptacles 15 Inches from finished floor to bottom of box.
 - 2. Toggle Switches 48 Inches from finished floor to top of box.
- C. Receptacles:
 - 1. Ground each receptacle using a grounding conductor, not a yoke or screw contact.
 - 2. Install receptacles with connections spliced to the branch circuit wiring in such a way that removal of the receptacle will not disrupt neutral continuity and branch circuit power will not be lost to other receptacles in the same circuit.

3.2 INSTALLATION OF WALL PLATES

- A. General - Plates shall match the style of the device and shall be plumb within 1/16-inch of the vertical or horizontal.
- B. Interior Locations, Finished Walls: Install non-metallic plates so that all four edges are in continuous contact with the finished wall surfaces. Plaster filling will not be permitted. Do not use oversized plates or sectional plates.
- C. Interior (not wet) Locations, Unfinished Walls: Install stainless steel or cast metal cover plates.
- D. Wet Locations: Install cast metal plates with gaskets on wiring devices in such a manner as to provide a rain tight weatherproof installation. Cover shall be [lockable] outdoor "in use" type.
- E. Future Locations: Install blanking cover plates on all unused outlets.

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3.3 TESTS

A. Receptacles:

1. After installation of receptacles, energize circuits and test each receptacle to detect lack of ground continuity, reversed polarity, and open neutral condition.

END OF SECTION

